

Malvina House

No. 9. VOL. XIV. JANUARY. 1903. PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.
SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Duncan Watson, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Joseph Aldridge and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidemen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

BIRTHS.

- KEAY.** 45 Kenilworth Park, October 23rd. the wife of Dr. Keay, Assistant Colonial Surgeon, F. I. South [America, of a son.
- KELWAY.** Stanley, Dec. 1st. wife of George Kelway, of a daughter.
- DIXON.** Stanley, Dec. 7th, the wife of W. B. Dixon, of a daughter.
- HEWITT.** Lion Creek, North Arm, July 8th, the wife of David Hewitt of a daughter.
- HARDY.** Myles Creek, Walker Creek, July 17th, the wife of George Hardy, of a son.
- JOHNSON.** Darwin, Sept. 8th, the wife of John Johnson, of a son.

DEATHS.

- JOHNSON.** Darwin, Sept. 15th, James Johnson, aged 7 days.
- HOCKING.** Leeds, Yorkshire, Nov. 7th, Emily Hocking. (late of Stanley).

TOWER FUND.

The following is a statement of the amounts lately received for this Fund:—

<i>Already published</i>	£461	19	7
<i>Capt. Hugh Dagwall</i>	10	6	
<i>Charles Earle</i>	2	0	
<i>William Earle</i>	2	0	
<i>Arthur Earle</i>	2	0	
<i>Mrs. Perry</i>	5	0	
<i>Sale of Comets</i>	8	0	
<i>Box in Porch</i>	17	3	
<i>Miss F. Blake (per Miss A. Felton)</i>	2	10	0
<i>Interest</i>	6	19	5
	£473	15	9

W.C. GIRLING,
HON. TREAS.

THE BAZAAR will be held, as already announced, early in **MARCH**. If those friends who are willing to contribute articles for sale will kindly send them in by the middle of February they will greatly oblige.

An effort will be made to create a "record" in the way of Bazaars, and we want to see how nearly we can come to a nett profit of £100. Who will help?

We are very pleased to say that Mr. Breen is progressing very well. He can now walk about a little with the aid of crutches, and has even ventured out of doors, walking down the front road. Many friends have been to see him, and one day he had no less than eleven callers!! We all wish him a as speedy a recovery as possible.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6: single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each. 4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 10s. per half page per annum; £3 whole page per annum; **Charge for inclosing Circulars:—**5/- per month for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies can always be obtained at that time.

CHURCH SERVICES.

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 11 a.m.
 " Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at 8. 45.
 Evening Prayer (Wednesday) at [7 p.m.]

The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd
 Sundays of the month at 12 noon: and on the
 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month
 at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on
 any Sunday or week day.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening
 Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry
 on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30
 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10.
 a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of
 every month in the Vestry at 8. P.M. All Letters
 should be addressed to Mr. D. R. Watson, Hon.
 Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in the
 Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday
 at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior
 Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the
 Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

"Undaunted of the Falklands" Lodge

Meetings held in the

TEMPLAR'S HALL, VILLIERS STREET

Every Thursday at 7.30. P.M.

All who desire to become members are cordially
 invited to attend at that hour.

BRO. W. HUMBLE. Sec.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, NOVEMBER, 1902.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION	... Morning	... 142
"	... Evening	... 125
NUMBER OF COINS	... Morning	... 52
"	... Evening	... 42
Number at S. School	... Morning	... 79½
" " " "	... Afternoon	... 69½
Number of coins in the Offertories:—		
0 sovereign, 1 half-sovereign, 1 crown, 9 half-		
crowns, 11 florins, 49 shillings, 107 sixpences, 82		
threepenny pieces, 292 pence, 26 halfpence, 2 farthings		
and 1 other coin. Total, 491.		

CHRIST CHURCH FALKLAND ISLANDS.

NOVEMBER, 1902.

RECEIPTS.			EXPENDITURE.		
	£	s. d.		£	s. d.
Brght. forward	1	9	To Wages		
2 By Offer.	2	9 3½	" Sexton	3	2 0
9 " "	1	12 9½	" Blower	10	0
16 " "	1	10 2	" Bell Ringer	10	0
23 " "	1	8 3½	" E. Binnie	5	0
30 " "	2	11 11	" F.I.Co.coal	3	0 0
Thank Offering	10	0	" Offer. for		
			Forgn Missns.	2	11 11
			Cash Balance	3	3½
	£10	2 2½		£10	2 2½

Accounts. Due:—

For Coal	£8	2	0
" Paraffin	3	13	0
" Sundries	1	1	4
	£12	16	4

THOMAS BINNIE,
 HON. TREASURER.

ITINERARIES.

DEAN BRANDON.

Left Stanley. Nov. 19th, Port Louis, S., Horseshoe
 Bay and Rincon Grande.

Nov. 20th. San Salvador.

" 21st. Rincon Grande, Horseshoe Bay and Port
 Louis, S.

" 22nd. Long Island and Stanley.

WORK DONE:—

One Service. Two Baptisms. Two Churchings.
 Two Bible Readings.

Left Stanley for Darwin and Lafonia Nov. 27th.

DEATH OF MR. H. W. LEE.

Universal sympathy will be extended over the West
 to Mr. and Mrs. Lee at Manny Branch in their bereave-
 ment through the loss of their oldest son, Henry
 William Lee, who died on Oct. 27th, aged 44, after a
 long and painful illness of nearly six years.

For years before he took to his bed his sufferings
 were great, but his pluck and determination kept him
 going. He was buried at the little Cemetery to the
 N.E. of Port Howard on Oct. 30th in the presence of
 a numerous gathering of relatives and friends, in spite
 of the inclemency of the weather. Many beautiful
 flowers were buried with the poor fellow. The Ser-
 vice, which was followed with much reverence, was
 conducted by Mr. Waldron.

EDUCATION.

We have lately completed an examination of the children in Stanley who attend the Sunday School, and of the children on the West Falklands who are receiving any education at all, both secular and religious. In both cases we are glad to see many signs of improvement and progress. From what we see of the Falklands themselves and the state of its staple industry, we think that the young people now growing up will have to seek the assistance of all the brains they possess in order to make a living for themselves, and therefore it is necessary that both boys and girls should be able not just to "read and count" but also to think for themselves and to work out new methods.

On the West Falklands we examined the children in "the three R's," spelling, and religion. Steady and regular work is being done by most of the children. But with regard to religious knowledge we think more might be given. Church of England parents might devote more attention to the Church Catechism. Scotch people to either the "shorter" catechism or such portions of it as the Ten Commandments, and all might take familiar chapters of the Bible, as the Twenty third Psalm, the Sermon on the Mount (S. Matthew V.) and the Fifteenth chapter of S. Luke, for the children to commit to memory. Hymns are good for the very little ones, Scripture is decidedly more profitable for the elder children. Prizes will be sent to all children who have shown progress, but in future no prizes will be given unless there is real substantial progress. (We regret that the prize cupboard is empty just now, but they shall be sent as soon as they are received from England.)

We made a fairly thorough examination of the children attending Sunday school in Stanley. There were 117 children examined, of whom about 30 got prizes in the Infants division, and 40 in Divisions I to III. That there is decided improvement in the Sunday school will be seen from the fact that only 12 got prizes in these divisions (I to III) last year. It is a pity that the older boys and girls do not come up for examination—it *should* be a pleasure to them, and it *would* be a great pleasure to us who teach them. The Catechism was better known by all classes this year. First prizes were awarded to those who answered four-fifths of the questions given, second prizes for three fourths, and third prizes for two thirds. This is a somewhat higher standard than what we were accustomed to at home, but the questions given were perhaps a little easier. Our Sunday school teachers deserve great credit for the success of their classes, and we are grateful for the deep interest they have taken in their children. It is no child's play to be a successful Sunday school teacher, but it requires much perseverance and study and brightness of manner. One is afraid sometimes that Sunday schools diminish the sense of responsibility that belongs to parents. It should not be so of course. On the contrary, the lessons given to children at Sunday school should really *help* the parents because they mark out a line of teaching, and parents will find that the interest they take in these

lessons will make the children take more interest in them and make what they learn more enduring.

The following obtained prizes in the different divisions:—

Division III Teacher:—Miss Binnie.

Dolly Cletheroe; Alice Bender; Maud Aldridge.

DIVISION II

TEACHERS:—Miss Wilmer; Mrs. Blount; Mr. T. Binnie. Ellen Carey, Olive Watt, Lily Biggs, Flora Allan, Emily Anderson, Nellie Pitaluga, Flossie Hardy, Rupert Durose, Ella Biggs, Vivienne Carey.

DIVISION I

TEACHERS:—Misses Mannan, Campbell, Rowlands; Mr. F. Mannan.

Barry Girling, Lizzie Reive, Lena Aldridge, Nellie Aldridge, Norman Watt, Gertie Aldridge, Tom Myles, Fred Hardy, Charlie Allen, Henry Aldridge, Phoebe Biggs, Percy Allen, Aubrey Hardy, Darwin Watson, Pearl Hardy, Sarah Harries, Elsie Kelway.

INFANTS UPPER DIVISION.

TEACHERS:—Miss A. Wilmer, Miss B. Watson, Mr. W. Mannan.

Markham Lewis, Isabel Rutter, Peter Reive, Jim Binnie, Frank Gleadell, Vincent Summers, Alfred Elmer, John Harries, Titia Carey, James Goss.

INFANTS LOWER DIVISION.

TEACHERS:—Misses Lily Carey, N. Poppy, H. Wilkins, B. Steele.

(A) Eirene Blount, Marion Binnie, Maggie Harries, Horace Aldridge, Gertrude Davis, Leonora Blount, Lily King, Ernest Aldridge, Fred Allen, Victor Clasen, Maxwell Biggs, Owen Carey, Vincent Carey, Mary Henrikson, Phillip Williams.

(B) Madeline Davis, Claude Hardy, Sydney Summers, May Lynch, Sydney Gleadell, Dorothy Aldridge, Val Hardy, Gladys Davis, Lily Rowlands, Flora Porter, Christopher Girling, Mary Harries.

For attendance:—Alice Bender and Walter Summers 1st Prize, Ivy Mannan 2nd Prize. Nellie Pitaluga, Maud Aldridge, Flossie Hardy & Ella Biggs 3rd Prize.

For answering at Catechism Class:—Alice Bender & Ivy Mannan (equal) 53 marks, Walter Summers 45.

THE SCOTIA.

The "*Scotia*", the Scottish antarctic exploration vessel left Kingstown on the 8th of November and may be looked for here shortly before Christmas.

Mr. William G. Bruce F.R.S.G.S. the leader of the expedition is an enthusiast, for only the untiring energy and devotion of an enthusiast could have overcome the enormous difficulties surrounding the organisation by a private individual of such an undertaking, and the raising of adequate funds from purely personal and wholly Scotch sources.

We feel sure that the "*Scotia*" will receive a very warm welcome in this Colony.

Her elaborate fishing and hydrographical equipment will render her an object of the greatest interest.

SERMON PREACHED ON THE OCCASION OF THE
PUBLIC THANKSGIVING IN ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL.

The following sermon was preached by the Bishop of London on October 25th, the occasion of the Thanksgiving Service for the recovery of the King.

"God spake once, and twice I have also heard the same: that power belongeth unto God; and that Thou, Lord, art merciful." (Ps. lxii., 11, 12.) He said,—It is a trial to the nerves of the bravest to be even once face to face with death.

"Fear Death? [cries the poet] to feel the fog in my throat,

The mist in my face,

When the snows begin and the blasts denote

I am nearing the place:

The power of the night, the press of the storm,

The post of the foe;

Where he stands, the Arch Fear in a visible form.

Yet the strong man must go."

And it is all the greater trial when it means for a man leaving behind many whom he loves on earth; never again on earth to see the wife, the son, the daughters that he loves; to give the last grasp of the hand to the friend who has been his friend for years, never to breathe again "the sweet air gladdened by the sun," but, worse still, to see the light in the eyes of those that love him powerless to warm his fainting spirit or bring it back to life—this it is to be face to face with death; and once to have been like this, and then to have had the power of the night lighten, the press of the storm slacken, the Arch Fear in a visible form gradually retreat, and the life flow again through the veins, and the sunlight play again about the room, and the faces of friends brighten and shine down on him again, and the old familiar sounds permitted again around him instead of the forced whisper—this is an experience which, if it only happened once, should leave a mark upon a man all the days of his life. But to have had it happen twice; twice to have been face to face with death; twice to have seen the light almost disappear and then return, twice to walk up this great Cathedral to give solemn thanks for a life a second time given back—that is an experience granted to very few even in life's varied story. And yet such, as we all know, has been the experience of him whom we call in the stately language of the Prayer-book, "Our Sovereign Lord the King." Some of us were boys in 1871; the long tension of that lingering illness is remembered only as a depression which settled down upon the nation when it seemed almost certain that the Heir to the Throne would be snatched away by death, but to some here, and not least to the chief actors in it, the whole of that anxious time, and the thanksgiving service which followed must be very clearly present to their minds to-day, and, to all of us, the succession of sudden anxiety, acute fear, reviving hope, and, finally, inexpressible relief during the last few months will remain one of the most vivid experiences of our lives. Who, if they were present in Westminster Abbey at the time, will ever forget the sudden litany chanted as we knelt just where we were, when the news first came,

three minutes after the notes of the Coronation anthem, which was being practised, had died away? Who will forget the long-drawn cadence of the litany which we sang in procession in this Cathedral on what was to have been the Coronation Day? Who will forget the relief when the Coronation became possible and was safely carried out? Did we not say over again in this very place—the day after, the words of the Psalmist—"Thou has turned my heaviness into joy: Thou has put off my sackcloth, and girded me with gladness. Therefore shall every good man sing of Thy praise without ceasing: O my God, I will give thanks unto Thee for ever." But we are assembled here to-day for our deliberate, our measured thanksgiving, according to the custom of the Church, with the presence of him for whose sake we give thanks, and our thoughts could scarcely frame themselves into more appropriate words than the words of the writer of the 62nd Psalm, "God spake once," when His word of power was spoken 30 years ago in answer to a nation's prayer, "and twice I have also heard the same; that power belongeth unto God; and that Thou, Lord, art merciful." We are met, then, first to thank, to look beyond secondary causes to the First Cause; we do not ignore the instruments God used. We honour, if possible, with an even fresh honour, the noble lady who was constantly by the patient's side; we thank again the surgeons and physicians whose untiring skill and care were of so great avail, and the nurses who were so faithful in their service, but we should not come here to do that. We came here to honour God; we came here to look into the face of the All Sovereign Lord of the Universe, King of Kings, and Lord of Lords, whose word is power, and we thank Him that not only 30 years ago did he speak once, but that now in our own day and generation twice has he spoken the word, without which all skill and nursing is unavailing; and for two exhibitions of it in one life we acknowledge that power belongeth unto God and that Thou, Lord, art merciful. What, then, are we to say of this twice-saved life? What should we say of an ordinary life which was twice saved from death? We should say it was saved for a purpose—for a purpose of God, that God had some plan for that life of special service and usefulness and strength. And is there any difference in what we are to say because it is the life of a King? Surely not; the argument is all the stronger; the life of a King must have been saved twice for kingly service, for a more perfect fulfilling of the famous motto, "Ich Dien" ("I serve") for the stability of a nation's life, for the greater happiness and prosperity of his subjects. We know full well that such thoughts as these are in the mind and heart of our Sovereign himself; we have not forgotten the words of the Royal message of August 8—"The prayers of my people for my recovery were heard, and I now offer up my deepest gratitude to Divine Providence for having preserved my life and given me strength to fulfil the important duties which devolve on me as the Sovereign of this great Empire." It is not for us to enlarge upon and spoil by amplification that simple and manly ascription of power unto God; we can almost hear underlying it the very words of the Psalmist, "God spake once, and

twice I have also heard the same; that power belongeth unto God." But, for ourselves, we must do more; we the Clergy, the Peers, the Commons of this realm must cherish the life twice saved, twice healed, twice restored; we must be a people whom it uplifts a King to lead; we must uphold him, as he leads us, with our prayers; the so-called "State prayers" must be uttered with new earnestness and fresh meaning; the God who has spoken so plainly twice and shown this power must be a greater factor in our own lives, and the belief in Him handed down to generations yet unborn; then, and then only, will our thanksgiving to-day be worthy of a Christian nation; then, and then only, shall the gratitude we offer bear some proportion to the mercy He has shown.

THE OFFICIAL YEAR BOOK OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

To those concerned in the welfare of the National Church of England the annual production of this book must be a matter of considerable interest. It is published early in each year, and contains records of Church work and activity for the previous twelve months. Some 700 pages of closely printed matter is found to be necessary in presenting to its readers even a cursory glance at the many agencies which are at work on the Church's behalf in England and her dependencies. The circulation which this Year Book has is some evidence of its value, and it is not too much to say that during the many controversies which, of late years, have raged over such vexed questions as Disestablishment, Education, Clerical poverty, and the like, those who needed facts and figures as a basis for their arguments have turned, with one accord, to the Year Book. It is edited in no bigoted spirit; failures as well as successes are recorded, and to the struggling hard worked cleric in need of sympathy and encouragement it is as valuable as it is to those who in their endeavour to belittle the work of the Church, seek from its pages evidences of opportunities foregone, efforts unmade, and fields untouched. The Editor rightly disclaims the desire or design to regard the test of figures and records as any adequate indication of the position and growth of the Church in her manifold ministries, but he contends that an annual review of work attempted will not fail to shew abundant proof that the Church of England has patiently laboured in humility, faith and hope, and that notwithstanding many imperfections the results achieved are such as to encourage her sons to fresh efforts. A country Clergyman labouring year after year in an out of the way Parish, possibly with few sympathisers and fewer helpers, may well be excused if at times his enthusiasm dies down and he feels that it matters little whether he does his very best or not, the results appear so terribly small. Who can measure the good it does such a man to read of the efforts the Church is making all over the world, striving for exactly the same results as he is striving for, and to feel that he is not an isolated being, working on his own lines, but one of many thousands engaged in the selfsame work, owing allegiance to the same Master,

and carrying forward the same good work. If such an one feels no longer that he is overlooked and forgotten, but rather is given charge of an outpost within sight of the enemy, and that upon the faithfulness of himself and his comrades so much depends, who shall say what good is done.

If any of our readers will look into this book for themselves they will find that its contents deal with such points as Home and Foreign Mission work, Education, Clerical Conferences, Church Defence, Reviews of Church Literature &c. &c., and besides recording the work and organization of the Church in Ireland, Scotland and America, it gives a concise account of the formation, work and needs of all, or nearly all, of the Dioceses in the Colonies and India. To this may be added a summarised statistical statement of the various parochial organizations of some 14,000 Incumbents.

The compilation of this wonderful book is purely a labour of love, much time and no inconsiderable expense is willingly devoted to its annual production. All the return that the Editor seeks or desires is the encouragements he obtains from those who in the words of the late Mr. Gladstone regard it "both as a valuable record, and as an instrument capable of aiding the progress which it commemorates."

It only remains for us to add that the Year Book is published by the Christian Knowledge Society, London, price 2/-

THE CATHEDRAL TOWER.

The preliminary steps are being taken towards the completion of the Tower, and it is confidently hoped that as soon as the Christmas holidays are over the work will be begun. A small working committee has been chosen from the members of the Building Committee, and these gentlemen met on the 12th inst at the Church House to make the necessary arrangements. Tenders have been received both locally and from Sandy Point, but it was decided that it would be better to employ day-labour; the Committee are anxious to avail themselves of local workmen as far as possible, believing that as the necessary funds have been collected mainly in the Islands the bulk should be paid away there.

The stones, bricks and cement are practically on the ground, and the first work will be to remove the present roof to the Tower, pull down any defective masonry, and see that everything is in readiness for the masons to commence operations at the new year. We have every confidence that before these lines meet the eye of many subscribers the long delayed work, the work which some may have thought would never be undertaken, will be in hand; and we are fain to believe that we shall have the approval and good wishes of all who have seen the present unfinished condition of the Cathedral. The names of those who form the working committee will, we believe, amply guarantee that the money entrusted to them will be spent judiciously, and that good work will be insisted upon; they are:—Rev. C. K. Blount, Messrs. J. J. Felton, W. C. Girling, W. Hart-Bennett, W. A. Harding and T. Watson.

NEWS LETTER.

By the time these pages appear we shall have welcomed H. M. S. "*Cambrian*" and H. M. S. "*Basilisk*" upon their arrival here. Christmas will be more of a season of festivity with so many old friends with us once more, and officers and men may be quite sure that their presence in our midst is gladly welcomed. We understand that the "*Nymphe*" will be here in January.

THE PANTOMIME.

We hear that owing to some recent changes in the personnel of the "*Cambrian*" the pantomime "*Jack and the Beanstalk*," which was in active preparation, has had to be abandoned. With ever fresh recollections of the success achieved with "*Cinderella*" we all regret this very much, and can only hope that with so much talent available we shall not be left without some theatrical performances.

THE CONTRACT SHEARERS.

The contract shearers for North Arm arrived by R. M. S. "*Oravia*" on the 26th November, and were sent to their destination at once in the "*Hornet*." Shearing was commenced without delay.

LAMB-MARKING.

From all the accounts that have reached us the severity of the past long winter has told a sad tale in the number of lambs marked. Fifty per cent, and even less, is about the average we fear, though Mr. Vere Packe's figures are considerably higher—in fact a good bit better than most of his neighbours. In the North Camp especially the cold winds, sweeping over the hills, have dealt out destruction without spare.

RAMS.

Some fine rams have recently been imported by Mr. Cameron and by Messrs. Holmested and Blake. The latter have twelve fine merino rams which have been much admired. They are all at present in the government quarantine paddock. We hear that the Falkland Islands Co. are importing a considerable number direct from New Zealand.

BARQUE ARCADIA.

This vessel, after making good the very extensive damages incurred on her voyage from New Caledonia, is now about ready to proceed to Glasgow with her cargo of Nickel Ore.

THE BILLIARD TABLE.

The Billiard table at the Assembly Rooms is extensively patronised, and we expect that its attraction will be felt by many of the ship's men. The charge is 1/6 per hour, and the table is available from 10 o'clock in the morning.

THE MAIL STEAMERS.

The mail steamers have been so punctual of late that many people are beginning to retract some of the hard things which have been said against the P. S. N. Co. Both homeward and outward the boats have lately arrived on their due date.

GRASS SEED.

Grass seed has, we understand, been somewhat extensively sown in the Camp this spring. It is be-

lieved that in certain places this will do very well, and in a measure improve the carrying capacity of the ground. It is to be feared, though, that the experiment will at the outset be too costly to allow of many farmers incurring this expense at a time when the price of wool is so low.

SEALING CRUISERS.

We are looking for the speedy return of the two Novia Scotian sealing schooners. They are not, however, looked upon as universal benefactors to the Islands.

SOUTH POLE VOYAGERS.

We are expecting visits from two further expeditions. The "*Scotia*"—the Scottish expedition—will be here when this appears; the "*Gauss*"—the German expedition—will arrive later, and the "*Antarctic*" returns in February. Falkland Islanders will have ample opportunity of seeing how people set out on these voyages, and these visits cannot but be interesting to all.

Mr. Biggs Sr. has been much annoyed at receiving letters from the Camp informing him that his house has been sold and mortgaged.

He wishes to emphatically deny that there is truth in either of these statements.

Following the disastrous season on the Jason Islands we hear that practically no seal are to be seen on the Beauchesnes. Mr. A. Nilsson and a companion were there for two months, and were only rewarded by taking less than a dozen skins.

Some excellent fish were recently sold in Stanley. On all hands we hear it said that if some enterprising man would regularly supply people he would have no difficulty in making a good thing of it, especially when the ships are down. Surely someone in our midst might undertake this.

As will be seen by an advertisement in another page, our watches and clocks can be put in order again. Mr. D. Jacobs arrived by the last mail, and is prepared to accept work.

Another advertisement announces a return visit of Dr. R. Newberry from Buenos Aires. His services will shortly be at the disposal of those who suffer from bad teeth.

We understand that with the new year the prohibition against importing live stock from Argentina will be removed. Unfortunately there seems no immediate prospect of its being possible to import alfalfa. It is so easy to bring such scourges as foot and mouth disease, anthrax and the like into a place, that one cannot but feel it is better to go without alfalfa than to run any risks.

The Editor regrets that owing to lack of space he has been compelled to hold over some matter that was sent in for publication. He trusts that those who do not see their contributions this month will understand the reason.

A Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year to all our readers! May 1903 prove to be a year full of blessings to us and ours!!

NOTES ON CHURCH NEWS AT HOME.

The aged Dr. Bradley who has resigned the Deanery of Westminster, has been succeeded by Dr. Arncliffe Robinson who was appointed Canon of Westminster some two years ago. Dean Robinson bears a striking personal likeness to the late Earl Beaconsfield, and is a monument of learning, having been for some years Norrisian Professor of Divinity at Cambridge.

Professor Beeching, upon whom has been conferred the Canonry of Westminster vacated by Canon Robinson has held the tiny living of Yattendon, Berkshire, for the last 17 years. Here he has had ample leisure to devote to work outside the Diocese. He has been Select Preacher at Oxford, Professor of Theology at King's College London, and Chaplain of Lincoln's Inn. He is also the author of several volumes of poems, lectures on poetry, sermons, and a series of biographies of leaders of religion.

The death of Mr. John Kensit will be deplored by all, and the fact that he has answered with his life to the disapproval of his methods which is held by many is regretted by all those who, while disagreeing with the tendency to extreme ritualistic practices so noticeable in many directions, find it impossible to endorse Mr. Kensit's methods of drawing attention to them and protesting against them. It is to be feared that many who have held aloof from these methods hitherto may be inclined to lend support when they see the leader of the movement stricken down by the hand of the assassin.

The Bishop of Peterborough who is slowly recovering from his bicycle accident is still too unwell to undertake any work. He is a young and vigorous man, and this long illness is a severe trial to him.

A working man in the East End of London one Sunday recently went to Church, and was disgusted to find that his Vicar was not preaching. "The parson" said he "asked me to come to Church, and when I got there he had given another cove the job, and I didn't like it." This is at variance with the usual practice at home, where people will flock to Church to hear a new preacher, while they neglect the man whom they may listen to any Sunday.

An unusual sight was witnessed at a Harvest Festival Service in Devonshire a short time ago. At Escot Parish Church the lessons were read by Sir John Ken-naway, M.P. and his son.

An interesting point was noted by the Bishop of Bristol the other day. He said that Bishop Butler, Author of "The Analogy of Religion" was the son of a Dissenting tradesman, and was educated by a Dissenting Schoolmaster, who only took 16 pupils. Out of the 16 boys who were pupils in Bishop Butler's time, no less than seven subsequently held Bishoprics of the Church of England.

One of the special preachers at Northampton on the occasion of the recent Church Congress found his pulpit enthusiasm rather costly. He was making free play with his arms, when, in a moment of excitement, he accidentally swept his valuable gold watch from the ledge of the pulpit into the aisle, where it was smashed to pieces.

Sir Squire Bancroft recently addressed the Ripon Diocesan Conference. He asked why so many of the sermons he had listened to had been entirely forgotten? His own opinion was they were badly delivered, and he urged that the study of oratory should be more insisted upon by the Bishops.

The new Cathedral at Liverpool will be a building of noble and stately appearance. No pains are being spared to obtain the best designs and plans. Under the advice of two eminent Royal Academicians, the Committee responsible have selected five Architects, from the great number who sent in competitive plans, who have been asked to furnish complete designs; and from these five the ultimate choice will be made. As this will be the first Cathedral erected in England in the 20th Century it is hoped that the finished work will shew some characteristics which will prove to posterity that the art of building beautiful edifices is not lost. A splendid site has been procured, and as there are plenty of generous Churchmen in Liverpool everything points to the Cathedral being a magnificent one.

TO THE EDITOR, FALKLAND ISLANDS MAGAZINE.

Sir,

As we are now on the eve of beginning the work on the Church Tower I venture to ask you to allow me space to make an appeal for donations. And in doing so perhaps I may be permitted to say that I hope my words will reach those who are now in other lands, but who have recollections, more or less kindly, of the Falkland Islands.

It is a well known fact that there are a great number of calls upon the purse of the generous in this Colony, and especially in Stanley, yet I make bold to say that we have done really very well to have brought the Tower Fund up to its present proportions; and I think we shall not be thought too confiding if we look beyond our own little place and ask for a measure of help from those of our friends who, knowing our surroundings, have the power to help us in some degree.

When, a little over two years ago, I was appointed Treasurer of the Tower Fund we had less than £240 in hand, at the present time we have practically double this amount, viz £470. The estimated cost of the work is from £850 to £900; which after the Bazaar to be held next March will, we hope, be increased by nearly £70. We hope to raise the difference from donations and loans.

May I ask your readers to send me donations towards the amount still wanted? I do not look for any large sums, but if people would remember that every shilling is a help I fancy they would be ready to assist. I will gladly acknowledge publicly any sums received, or if subscribers prefer it I will refrain from doing so, as I know many like to give without letting everybody know the amount. To those in Stanley and its neighbourhood who may be glad of an opportunity of helping somewhat, I would remind them that the box in the Porch offers a convenient way.

My firm conviction is that people have got the idea into their heads that the Tower never would be built, and therefore that it was useless giving anything towards it. Now, however, that the work is starting,

and as it progresses, I hope and believe that they will come forward willingly and do what they can.

At least let us have a "bumper" bazaar.

I am Sir,

Your obedient servant

W. C. GIRLING.

CHURCHWARDEN & HON. TREAS. TOWER FUND.

Stanley.

December 15th 1902.

MEMENTO TO MR. AND MRS. G. K. BROOME.

Below is a statement of account shewing the disposal of the amount subscribed towards procuring for Mr. & Mrs. Broome a memento of their many years residence in the Falklands. The list of contributors was published in the Magazine of May last:—

Subscriptions.	£8	9	0	Marble Clock	£5	19	6
				Six bottle cruet	2	2	0
				Postal Order to			
				Mr. Broome, to			
				bal. account	7	6	
£8	9	0		£8	9	0	

THE CHOIR PICNIC.

After having been postponed twice on account of the weather, this annual event was held on Tuesday, the 16th of December, and was favoured with a lovely day. Not a drop of rain fell to mar the pleasure, and for some hours the sun shone in a manner to which we are not often treated on picnic days.

The plan of campaign this year was to go in the "Sissie" round to the other side of Navy Peninsular and from there branch out in many directions as the fancy lead each individual. Punctually at 10 o'clock we started off from the Stone Jetty, and as the sun was shining on a perfectly calm sea everybody was delighted with the little sea trip, and many of the younger members of the party felt that they would be prepared to outdo the "Antarctic" and all the other antarctic Expeditions, and sail away for the South Pole at once. However, so far as we know, everyone has returned safely to his or her home.

The Choir itself was augmented, for this occasion, by others who are being trained with a view to joining it later, as well as by a few "grown ups", who went partly to enjoy themselves and partly to help. Each member of the party took luncheon for him or herself, and this was discussed with much avidity when the time arrived. Later, we all strolled about and enjoyed ourselves in such manner as appealed to us, some sketched, some stalked clams, others gathered ferns and flowers, whilst others were content to just run about and climb from rock to rock, but everybody was taking in huge mouthfuls of lovely fresh air, and golden sunshine

A sumptuous tea had been provided, as in other years, by Mrs. Brandon and this was partaken of at five o'clock by the whole party, supplemented by a few guests who had come over during the afternoon. These included His Excellency the Governor.

At seven o'clock a move for home was made, and everybody returned feeling and saying that a most enjoyable day had been spent, and that they were all the better for their brief outing.

STANLEY ASSEMBLY ROOMS CO. LD.

We understand that several shareholders in the above Company have not yet paid the last two calls upon their shares. They should not forget that having failed to do so their shares are likely to be forfeited, and we would counsel all such to communicate with the Secretary without delay. The billiard table is being used very freely, and we are pleased to see not a few of our young men becoming quite adepts at this game of skill. Would it not be a good thing to get up a tournament when the ships come down? Such things are very popular at home, and would be out here probably.

Dances and skating parties have not been quite so frequent this winter, but for the next few months we may anticipate that those who care for the terpsichorean art will have many opportunities of putting it into practice. Would—oh! would the floor were better. Some say it would be better if it were better wood!!

FOREIGN MISSIONS.

In England the Sunday nearest St. Andrew's day has, for some years been appointed as a day of intercession for Foreign Missions. This fell on the 7th December this year, and with the approval of the Select Vestry the Rev. C. K. Blount preached sermons bearing on some branches of this great work, and the offertories were given to the Dublin University Mission at Hazaribagh. This is in the Diocese of Chhota Nagpur, in India. Mr. Blount dealt chiefly with the difficulties which missionaries meet with in the way of caste prejudices, and told his hearers how the members of the mission for which he was pleading lived and worked in a terrible country out of pure love for the cause. One cannot but feel that such men are doing a great work, and anything we can do to encourage them, and shew they are not forgotten, must be greatly appreciated. The offertories for the day amounted to £2 11 11 which sum has been forwarded by Mr. Blount.

It may be of interest to some to read a few facts with reference to missionary work in India from a general point of view, and the following figures give some idea of what still remains to be done.

DIocese.	POPULATION.	CHRISTIANS.
Bombay.	27,000,000	167,000
Chhota-Nagpur.	5,500,000	80,000
Lucknow.	47,697,576	23,463
Madras.	35,630,440	158,912
Rangoon	8,000,000	121,000
Thus out of a population of nearly 125 millions only		

about one in 250 are Christians. And this though the work has been going on for nearly a hundred years. Surely there is need of many more men to go out and preach. Of the Diocese of Chhota Nagpur the following particulars are available:—

THE Diocese of Chhota-Nagpur comprises the whole of the political division known by that name. The population of 5,500,000 is made up of Hindus, Mussulmans, and aboriginal tribes; there are only about 500 Europeans.

The native Christians are said to exceed 80,000, but many of these, counted as Roman Catholics, are but loosely connected with Christianity. The members of the Church of England number 15,152.

CHURCH WORK.—The Clergy number 29, of whom 12 are Europeans. Missionaries of S. P. G. are located at Ranchi and Chaibasa, members of the Dublin University Mission at Hazaribagh. The Missionary at Chaibasa ministers to the English-speaking residents of Chakradharpur, a large station on the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, where he has succeeded in erecting a permanent Church. The Railway Company will give no assistance in any Church work. A Missionary of the Dublin University Mission visits Giridih, where a considerable number of Europeans work in the coal mines. There are other coal mines, for visiting which no arrangement has been possible. A clergyman to work among scattered Europeans is much needed. The S. P. C. K. have granted money to support a Medical Missionary in this Diocese, but no suitable man has been found at present.

EDUCATION.—There are boarding schools at Ranchi and Chaibasa for Christian boys and girls, and one for boys at Murhu, and a large number of elementary schools scattered over the Diocese. The Dublin University Mission have opened a high school for boys at Hazaribagh, and also a college class.

FINANCE.—The S. P. G. give a block grant of 2,580*l.* to the Diocese, which is administered by a Board of Finance; besides this they give large assistance to the Dublin University Mission. Owing to the very small number of Europeans in the Diocese, there is great difficulty in getting funds for Church purposes.

The native Clergy are supported by local funds.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

- Nov. 21 *Fortuna* from Darwin. Passengers:— *Miss Hustie, Mrs. Greig, and Miss Gleadell.*
 „ 24 *Hornet* from Hill Cove.
 „ 26 R.M.S. *Oravia* from Liverpool.
 Dec. 7 *Fair Rosamond* from Fox Bay &c. &c.
 „ 9 R.M.S. *Oropesa* from Valparaiso. Pass:— *R. Sprout Esq.*
 „ 10 *Hornet* from San Carlos. Passengers:— *Messrs. E. Berntsen and T. Mills.*
 „ 16 *Richard Williams* from Pebble Island.
 „ 19 *Hornet* from North Arm.
 „ 19 *Fair Rosamond* from North Arm.

DEPARTURES.

- Nov. 18 *Fair Rosamond* for Spring Point, Dunnose

Head &c. Passengers:— *Mr. & Mrs. W. Stickney.*

- „ 27 R.M.S. *Oravia* for Valparaiso. Passengers:— *Miss Hustie, H. Brueneck Esq. Mr. Joseph Wood.*

- „ 29 *Hornet* for North Arm and San Carlos. Passengers:— *Mr. & Mrs. D. Smith, Miss Mary Pergolis, Messrs. T. Binnie, J. Mannan, C. Pedersen & Contract Shearers.*

- Dec. 1 *Chance* for Walker Creek and Port Howard. Passenger:— *Mr. E. Phillips.*

- „ 10 R.M.S. *Oropesa* for Liverpool. Passengers:— *Mrs. Booten & children.*

- „ 14 *Fair Rosamond* for North Arm. Passenger:— *L. V. Oswald Esq.*

- „ 14 *Hornet* for North Arm.

- „ 18 *Fortuna* for Port Howard and Darwin.

- „ 18 *Richard Williams* for Pebble Island.

WEST FALKLANDS SCHOOL INSPECTION.

STANDARD IV TO VII

Roderick McRae, Weddell Island; William Markland, Port Stephens; Angus McLennan, Shallow Bay; Kate McAskill, Pebble Island; Fred Scott, Hill Cove; Ella Betts, Pebble Island.

STANDARD II AND III

Willie Goodwin, Dunbar; Fred J. Summers, Crooked Inlet; George Peck, Pebble Island; Mary McLeod, Port Howard; Arthur Hall, The Warrah; Edward Lee The Plains; Frank Markland, Port Stephens; Sybella McAskill, Pebble Island; Annie Lee, The Plains; Willie Lee, The Plains.

STANDARD I

G. William Cann, Elizabeth S. Cann, and Alfred B. Cann, Beaver Island; George A. Markland, Port Stephens; Edwin J. Smith, Carew Harbour; Jane MacKay, Leicester Creek; Albert G. Summers and William A. Summers, Crooked Inlet; William J. and George A. Chamosa, Hill Cove; Sybella Hall, The Warrah; Ellen M.G. Lee, Port Purvis; Bella Stewart, Teal River. David MacKay Leicester Creek.

CLASS II.

Annabella McRae, Ellen K McRae Weddell Island; Barbara MacKay Leicester Creek; Bernard Summers Crooked Inlet; Donald, Elsie and Harriet McAskill, Willie Peck, George Betts Pebble Island; Thomas Braxton, John & Harriet Skilling Port Howard; Alfred Lee Port Purvis; Louisa Hall, Thomas Lee The Plains; John McLeod, Frances McLeod The Ponds; Maggie Stewart Teal River.

PREPARATORY.

Duncan McRae, Donald McRae, Rachel McRae, Clara E. Cull, Alfred D. Summers, Mary Summers, Harriet Goodwin, Mary, Bella & Lily Peck; Alfred E. Smith; Rose E. Chamosa, Frederick May, Horace May, Annie Morrison, Margaret Morrison and Gordon Stewart.

The above should give parents an idea of how the education of their children is progressing. They are not placed in order of merit but as examined and according to standards in Government schools.

"Doctor R. Newbury, dentist, will shortly pay a professional visit to Stanley, and will remain about two months."

FOR SALE.

1 ROOD of LAND. Being a portion of No. 7 PENSIONERS ALLOTMENT.
Apply to the EDITOR.

A DESIRABLE PLOT of building ground. Apply to THE EDITOR.

ONE SAFE DINGHEY, 14ft. 6in. long 5ft. Beam, complete with Oars, Rulocks, Rudder and Yoke.

ONE FIFTY FATHOM small mesh SEINE NET, complete with Bag in centre, especially made for secure fishing. Heavy grade of Hemp Twine. The whole of the above lot practically as new. For Price and Particulars apply to the EDITOR.

ONE PERFECT GRAMOPHONE. Brass horn. 24 Records £6. 50 extra records 1/- each. Apply to M. A. SMITH, JOHNSONS HARBOUR.

FOR SALE:—A Child's Chair Saddle, complete with girths &c. Price 35/
Apply to Mrs. Packe, Sullivan House.

1 Side-saddle. (second hand) In perfect order, having been newly repaired and thoroughly done up.
price 7 0 0
Apply to the Editor.

A beautiful little cabinet shaped ORGANETTE, standing from 2½ to 3 feet, in perfect order, £2.2. 13 different tunes which can be easily fixed and removed at will 6d. each.
Apply to the EDITOR.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home, Chatterbox, Little Folk, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—in monthly numbers of year 1900 at 4/-.
Apply to THE LIBRARIAN.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

From Nov. 19th. to Dec. 16th. inclusive.

TEMPERATURE	Day max. 73. deg. on 21st. Nov. min. 44. deg. on Nov. 25th. (Temperature in shade)
"	Night max. 50. deg. on 16th Dec. min. 34. deg. on 28th Nov.
"	Mean reading Day 53. deg. Night 38.6 deg.
BAROMETER	Max. 29.968 on 29th. Nov. Min. 29.080 on 23rd. Nov.
"	Mean for 28 days 29.589. (taken twice daily)
WINDAGE	Day max. 23.2 mls. per hr S.W. on 28th Nov. Min. .4 mls per hr. N. to E. Nov. 24th.
"	Night max. 18.8 mls. pr. hr S.W. on 27th. Dec. Min. .21 mls. pr. hr. N. E. on Dec. 1st.
	F. W. STREET, 19th. Dec. '02.

"TIME AND TIDE IS IMPORTANT TO ALL"

Once more from London . . .

D. J. JACOBS,

Practical Watchmaker & Jeweller,

Has arrived in this Colony and wishes to thank the public of Stanley and the surrounding Camps for their favour and support, and begs to state he has come for a limited time, and hopes to further solicit all kinds of Repairs,

**Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, Phonographs,
Chronometers, and Musical Instruments
and all kinds of Automatical Machines,
&c., &c., &c.,**

All Work entrusted to D. J. J. will receive his best and most careful attention. The old Address :

November 30th, 1902.

**W. HARDY'S Kelper Store,
Stanley.**

For Sale the following Freeholds,

1 PIECE OF LAND $1/5$ th of an Acre fronting on James Street 22 yds. bounded on West 44 yds. by land of Mr. W. Biggs, North 22 yds. Mrs. M. Dean, East by No. 2 with a Stone House in thorough repair. On ground floor Large glass porch or conservatory, 1 room fitted with Register Grate, 1 large room fitted with good store dresser and cupboard. Leanto 22 ft. by 9 ft. inside with partition for stove room or small bedroom, a wide staircase and 2 large bedrooms on first floor. Let to a good Tenant. Price £315.

2 A piece of Land the same size as above and adjoining bounded on the East by Mr. Jas. Smith, with new wood residence roofed with iron, containing on ground floor dining room with Tile register grate and cupboard, a small room 8 ft. by 10 ft. fitted with nice parsons grate. The staircase is taken off this room with entrance from leanto, glass porch at front door, the leanto the whole length of building with good stove, dresser and cupboard. First floor 3 nice bedrooms. Let to good Tenant. Price £475.

3 A piece of land with a frontage to Ross Road 22 yds. on the East by land Mr. Jas. Smith, 88 yds. on the West by land Capt. Rowlands on the South James Street 22 yds. $2/5$ th of an acre with a double house, newly erected East side ground floor with passage, living room fitted with good store dresser and cupboard. Large leanto 1st floor 2 bedrooms. West side similar but fitted with range. This site let to a good Tenant. Price £675 for this double residence.

Tanks to each house and all necessities.

Terms Cash or approved bill on Immediate Transfer. Apply MR. JAMES TURNER.

No. 10. VOL. XIV. FEBRUARY. 1903. PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.

SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.

Mr. Duncan Watson, Honorary Secretary.

Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.

Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Treasurer.

Mr. Joseph Aldridge and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidemen.

Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

WANTED. A WIFE:—Able to cook, wash, mend, keep a house clean, milk cows, attend the garden, draw teeth and keep husband straight. Age and appearance betwixt and between. Offered in return:—Nicely furnished house, food and clothing. no pocket money. Love, no doubt, will follow. All bona fide offers to be addressed
BACHELOR c/o THE EDITOR.

FOR SALE.

ONE SAFE DINGHEY, 14ft. 6in. long 5ft. Beam, complete with Oars, Rulocks, Rudder and Yoke.

ONE FIFTY FATHOM small mesh SEINE NET, complete with Bag in centre, especially made for secure fishing. Heavy grade of Hemp Twine. The whole of the above lot practically as new. For Price and Particulars apply to the EDITOR.

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Apply to THE LIBRARIAN.

RESISO HORSE, 5 years old, in good condition. Can be seen in Stanley.
Price £15. Apply to EDITOR.

LOST on Darwin Race Course, on New Year's day a GOLD SEAL and WATCH KEY. Any Person finding the same and returning them to ALLEN D. BIGGS will be [suitably rewarded].

1 ROOD of LAND. Being a portion of No. 7 PENSIONERS ALLOTMENT.
Apply to the EDITOR.

TO LET OR FOR SALE:-- HOTEL IMPERIAL.

Apply to F.F. LELLMAN.

“Doctor R. Newl ury, dentist, will shortly pay a professional visit to Stanley, and will remain about two months.”

NOTICE.

There will be no issue of the Magazine in February, and its place will be taken by the fourth number of

"THE STANLEY COMET"

which will be published in time for the forth coming Bazaar, and will be on sale there.

Friends are requested to take notice of this and to remember that the price is only one shilling.

What men say ("about the Comet")

'Cheap at Half the Price.'

"Good old Comet."

"What! another?"

"Give us a rest."

"Welcome as the Rise in Wool."

"A Going Concern."

"Don't miss it."

"Sure to please."

THE CHURCH HOUSE.

The accounts have now been made up, and it is therefore possible to give an accurate statement of the Church House. It must be remembered that an excellent peat shed has been erected, although this was not in the original estimate, and a fence has also been put up round the kitchen garden. The house is in every way satisfactory, six months rent has already been paid, and it is hoped that the debt upon it will be rapidly reduced. The following are the details of the cost:—

Expenditure.		Receipts.	
Materials	£563 19 6	Subscriptions &c.	£205 16 2
Labour	258 0 1	Loans	485 0 0
Fire Places &c.	25 15 0	Balance	191 4 10
Sundries	31 6 5		
	£882 1 0		£882 1 0

A donation of £25. was promised, if £200. was collected by Dec. 31st. 1902. The donation has been earned. January 16th, 1903.

W. C. GIRLING, HON. TREASURER.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6: single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each. 4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 10s. per half page per annum; £3 whole page per annum; **Charge for inclosing Circulars:**—5/- per month for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies can always be obtained at that time.

BIRTHS.

O'NEILL.	May 24th, Cattle Point, North Arm, the wife of William O'Neill of a son.
McKENZIE.	Oct. 18th Walker Creek, the wife of Alexander McKenzie of a son.
REIVE.	Dec. 8th Cantera, Darwin, the wife of Robert Reive of a daughter.
STIBLING.	Sept. Teal Creek, Darwin, the wife of James Stirling of a son.
McLEOD.	Dec. 5th Hillhead, Darwin, the wife of Norman McLeod of a son.
LINNEY.	Jan. 10th Stanley, the wife of Albert Linney of a son.
ETHERIDGE.	Jan. 10th Stanley, the wife of William Etheridge of a son.
McCARTHY.	Jan. 4th Danson Harbour, the wife of Michael McCarthy of a son.

MARRIAGE.

SPROAT & SEWELL.	Dec. 26th Stanley, Robert Cunningham Sprout, Linares, Chile to Marjorie Charlotte, Dalrymple Sewell, niece of H. E. Governor Grey-Wilson C. M. G
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DEATHS.

FELL.	Jan. 1st North Arm Station, Patagonia, James Fell second son of the late James Fell. Aged [21. Accidental drowning.
Goss.	Dec. 30th, Stanley. Lilian Goss, aged 8½ years.
AHERN.	Jan. 15th Stanley, Richard Ahern of H. M. S. Basilisk. Aged 39.

Richard Ahern was born on 1st of Nov. 1863. He entered the Naval Service as a boy on 20th Oct 1879, joining H. M. S. Implacable training ship at Devonport. During the early part of his career he saw considerable service and has since served in various parts of the world.

Whilst serving in H. M. S. Penelope in the Mediterranean he was present at the bombardment of the forts at Alexandria 11th July '82. He served as crew of a 40 pr. gun belonging to above mentioned ship which was loaded and mounted on an armoured train. He was present at the battle of Kassassin and the storming and taking of Tel-el-Kebir and subsequent operations. For these services he received the Egyptian medal with the Tel-el-Kebir and Alexandria clasps and the Khedives Bronze Star.

IN MEMORIAM.

IN LOVING MEMORY of *Duncan Fraser Fell the dearly beloved son of James and Agnes Fell who died at North Arm January 31st. 1900, Aged 4 years and 6 months. Deeply Mourned.*

Tender Shepherd, Thou hast still'd	In its narrow bed it's sleeping
Now thy little lamb's brief weeping.	And no sigh of anguish sore
Oh! how peaceful pale and mild,	Heaves that little bosom more.

IN EVER LOVING MEMORY of *my dearest Brother Thomas George Bond, who died at Old Basing Jan. 17th, '98.*
 No one knows how much we miss him,
 None but aching hearts can tell.

We have lost him Heaven has gained him;
Jesus hath done all things well.

IN EVER LOVING MEMORY of *my dearest Sister Ann Smuin who died January 4th. 1901.*
 Rest on, dear sister, thy labour's o'er,
 Thy willing hands will toil no more.

A faithful sister true and kind,
No friend on earth like thee we find.

MISS HOCKING.

It was with real concern and sympathy that Miss Hocking's many friends in Stanley and the Camps heard by telegram in November of her death at a hospital in Leeds on the 7th of that month. A later mail brought the sad particulars.

It is scarcely a year ago, since the disease that caused her death, first shewed itself and, as we all remember she went to England last April for further advice and treatment. She entered Guy's Hospital, London, and was operated on, on June 20th. The operation appeared successful, and the rest of the summer she spent with her sister and friends near Leeds and cheerfully wrote of her return to Stanley. But on October 20th she was obliged to undergo a second operation in the Leeds hospital, and then a minor one for skin grafting on the wound. These were most successfully gone through, but the disease had penetrated to the lung, a clot of blood formed, and was the cause of her death. At 7 o'clock on the morning of the 7th Nov. she felt faint and asked to see her friends, but before they could arrive she had passed peacefully away in less than 2 hours.

CHURCH SERVICES.

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 11 a.m.
 " Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.
 WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at 8. 45.
 Evening Prayer (Wednesday) at [7 p.m.
 The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd
 Sundays of the month at 12 noon; and on the
 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month
 at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on
 any Sunday or week day.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening
 Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry
 on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30
 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10.
 a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of
 every month in the Vestry at 8. p.m. All Letters
 should be addressed to Mr. D. R. Watson, Hon.
 Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in the
 Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday
 at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior
 Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the
 Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

"Undaunted of the Falklands" Lodge

Meetings held in the

TEMPLAR'S HALL, VILLIERS STREET

Every Thursday at 7.30., p.m.

All who desire to become members are cordially
 invited to attend at that hour.

BRO. W. HUMBLE. Sec.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, DECEMBER, 1902.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION	... Morning	... 149
" "	... Evening	... 122½
NUMBER OF COINS	... Morning	... 46
" "	... Evening	... 43
Number at S. School	... Morning	... 77½
" " " "	... Afternoon	... 109½
Number of coins in the Offertories:—		
0 sovereign, 0 half-sovereign, 0 crown, 11 half-		
crowns, 8 florins, 46 shillings, 115 sixpences, 92		
threepenny pieces, 235 pence, 27 halfpence, 1 farthing		
and 7 other coins. Total, 542.		

CHRIST CHURCH FALKLAND ISLANDS.

DECEMBER, 1902.

RECEIPTS.			EXPENDITURE.		
	£	s. d.		£	s. d.
Bright. forward	3	3½	To Wages		
7 By Offer.	1	7 3½	„ Sexton	3	2 0
14 „ „	1	4 2	„ Blower	10	0
21 „ „	1	8 4	„ Bell Ringer	10	0
25 „ Xs. „	4	0 4½	„ E. Binnie	4	0
28 „ „	1	8 0¾	„ Xs. Offer. }		
Thank Offering	2	6	„ for Choir }	4	0 4½
			„ Extra blwg.	1	10
			„ Printing	6	0
			„ T. Watson	10	10
			„ H. Mannan a/c	4	6
			Cash Balance	10	5¾
	£9	14 0¼		£9	14 0¼

Accounts. Due:—

For Coal	£8	2	0
„ Paraffin	3	13	0
„ Sundries	1	1	4
	£12	16	4

THOMAS BINNIE,
 HON. TREASURER.

CHOIR FUND.

Acknowledged in December Magazine	£10	3	0¾
Mrs. Hart-Bennett		10	0
Christmas Offertory (£4. 0 4½) less expenses	3	10	0
Festival Offertory	3	5	8½
Miss N. Felton		5	0
Anonymous		10	0
Total	£18	3	9
Expenses	£13	17	0
Balance in hand	£4	6	0

Mrs. Brandon acknowledges the above with very
 many thanks. Friends interested will be pleased to
 see the amount of balance, but about £1. more will be
 needed to meet expenses to the close of the financial
 year—Easter 1903.

THE TOWER.

The work on the Tower has, at last, been begun, on
 Wednesday 14th inst. The temporary roof has been
 removed and preparations are being made for the masons.

We have been obliged to hold over till next issue a
 letter from Mr. Breen in which he thanks all friends
 for their kindness to him during his recovery.

"ONLY ONCE A YEAR."

"Christmas comes, but once a year:
And so does Boxing Day!"

WITH what a swing the poem starts! Yet what a lame and tame conclusion! "And so does Boxing Day!" The practical English instinct peeps out. It is frank commercialism. Our eyes and heart are not on the Manger at Bethlehem: but on the "Boxes" that are to follow.

And what, then, is the inwardness of the Poem? Is it the groan of the man, who boxes? Or is it the sigh of the man who is boxed? Is it our irritated and pillaged householder, who, after tipping the postman, and the sweep, and the coachman, and the butcher's boy, and the sending off that goose to the pet bank clerk, murmurs to himself in dull relief, "Thank goodness! *That* business comes but once a year. If it didn't, where should I be?" Or is it the happy man, with the five shillings in his pocket, who is sorrowfully thinking how much could be made of life, if only there was a Boxing Day every month? Alas! It comes but once!

Something of the British growl seems certainly to linger in the phrase. "Christmas comes but once a year!" It is the growl of the man who has just made a fool of himself. He has burnt his fingers with that stupid snapdragon. He has romped with the children, until his waistcoat gave way behind. He has done all sorts of silly things in the fever of Dumb Crambo. He has flown down the middle, in Sir Roger de Coverley, holding by her plump hand the stout and heated housekeeper. He has sat four blessed hours at the pantomime because the boys would not hear of going home until the uttermost curtain fell on the worn-out Tom-foolery. He has stood on a chair and swung himself painfully to and fro, with his arms crossed, shouting "Auld Lynne Syne" until he was hoarse. All this sweeps across him. He has made his gallant effort to sustain the gaiety of nations. But at what a cost of tissue! Anyhow, he growls, it is over now. It can't come again for a year! And, to that surly growl, we gaily retort. Why not? Why not every day? Why should the earth not be always happy and the children always gay; and homes always filled with music and laughter; and hands always clasping hands; and hearts always warming to hearts; and the poor always fed; and the needy never be forgotten? Why only once a year? The whole year should be as Christmas. There should never come a day, which should not be filled with the Promise of Peace and Goodwill. The Angels might never cease to sing "Glory to God." Simple folk might be for ever running to find light and joy in some stable of the Inn; and wise men might be for ever on the move under the inspiration of a star of hope, towards a Mother and Child. There is never a day, when, to us, a child has not been born; and to us a Son been given. Christ knows no hour or minute at which he will not come to us. It is for us to broaden

out the fulness of Good News until all the year is one Christmas, and all night long men shall hear nothing else but the sound of "Glory to God in the Highest." Why not once? Why not always?

Ah! The wild dream! We look round the poor blind world, tossing in cloud and darkness, loud with bitter cries, trembling under the menace of the evil things that are coming upon the earth. Men's hearts are failing them for fear. Rumours shake. Trouble wearies. We fling ourselves to and fro, as in a night-mare. The winter threatens disaster. The State is in strife. The Church is distracted. It will be something, it will be all that we can manage to achieve, if we can secure our Christmas just for once in the year.

Just for once, then, let us forget the sharp things that we have said: the taunts: the insults: the sharp retorts: the slings and the arrows of party warfare. Just for once, let us think of the children only and of how they are to be brought into the Fellowship of Joy in Christ our Lord. Just for once, let us believe in each other's sincerity, and trust each other's honour, whatever our difference. Just for once, let our hearts draw out towards all that suffer, and toil, and are sad, and cold, and hungry, and naked. Just for once, let us shake ourselves free of Economic Jealousies, and Suspicions; of Class Prejudice: of social narrowness: of selfish fears.

Just for once, let us forget ourselves: and our own petty interests: and our own "show": and our own pile: and our own snug comfort: while we suffer the generous currents, set moving by the genial hour, to carry us beyond ourselves, so that we give ourselves away, out of the very folly of love for the brethren. Just for once, let the stiff shell of pride be broken, and the crust of reserve; and let the imprisoned spirit, which the hard world strives to choke and stifle, break out in free gladness, and clap its wings, and sing. Just for once let England be "merrie": and let there be a noise abroad, as of the King. Just for once, let us all become aware of what it might mean if Christ were indeed born in those who believe in Him: and if Peace had come down to all men of Goodwill! Just for once! It is well worth while, even if it be only once. We shall be all the better for it. We shall not be so cold and hard, after it, as we were before.

Try it for once! Let it have its full way with us! It can only come "but once a year." Let it not fail, at least, to do that!

THE EMPEROR-MOTH.

"Perfect through suffering."

"I kept for nearly a year the flask-shaped cocoon of an Emperor-moth. It is very peculiar in its construction. A narrow opening is left in the neck of the flask, through which the perfect insect forces its way, so that a forsaken cocoon is as entire as one still tenanted, no rupture of the interlacing fibres having taken place. The great disproportion between the means of egress and the size of the imprisoned insect makes one wonder

how the exit is ever accomplished at all, and it never is without great difficulty and labour. It is supposed that the pressure to which the moth's body is subjected in passing through such a narrow opening is a provision of nature for forcing the juices into the vessels of the wings, these being less developed at the period of emergency from the chrysalis than they are on other insects. I happened to witness the first efforts of my imprisoned moth to escape from its long confinement. During a whole forenoon I watched it patiently striving and struggling to get out. It never seemed to be able to get beyond a certain point, and at last my patience was exhausted.

. . . . I thought I was wiser and more compassionate than its Maker, and I resolved to give it a helping hand. With the point of my scissors I snipped the confining threads to make the exit just a very little easier; and lo! immediately and with perfect ease, out crawled my moth, dragging a huge swollen body and little shrivelled wings. In vain I watched to see that marvellous process of expansion in which these silently and swiftly develop before one's eyes; and as I traced the exquisite spots and markings of divers colours which were all there in miniature, I longed to see them assume their due proportions, and the creature to appear in all its perfect beauty, as it is in truth one of the loveliest of its kind. But I looked in vain—false tenderness had proved its ruin—it never was anything but a stunted abortion, crawling painfully through that brief life, which it should have spent flying through the air on rainbow wings.

The lesson I got that day has often stood me in good stead. It has helped me to understand what the Germans mean when they speak of the *hardness* of God's love. I have thought of it often, when watching with pitiful eyes, those who were struggling with sorrow, suffering and distress; and it has seemed to me that I was more merciful than God, and would fain cut short the discipline, and give deliverance. Short-sighted fool! how know I that one of these pangs or groans could be spared! The far-sighted Perfect Love that seeks the perfection of its object, does not weakly shrink from present transient suffering—our Father's love is too true to be weak. Because He loves His children He chastens them, that they may be partakers of His holiness. With this glorious end in view He spares not for their crying. "Made perfect through suffering" as the Elder Brother was, the sons of God are trained up to obedience and brought to glory through much tribulation."

from Woman's Work.

"Whether any particular day shall bring to you more of happiness or of suffering, is largely beyond your power to determine. Whether each day of your life shall give happiness or suffering rests with yourself."

GEORGE MERRIAM.

GRASS GROWING IN THE FALKLANDS.

Dec. 6th, 1902.

Dear Sir,

I do not know who your correspondent is

who signs himself "One interested in Inspectors and New Brooms" (which is meant to be funny I suppose) but as one interested in grass-growing in the Falklands I can assure him he is quite wrong in saying that it cannot be done.

I have quite sufficient Cocksfoot growing and spreading to satisfy me that it will do well here, I do not say in wet peat land, such as I believe the Stanley Common is chiefly composed of, but in any ordinary, shallow soil or clay where a seed gets a hold, and I am ordering a ton of seed for next year's sowing. I do not know who the practical men are who have tried to grow pasture in these islands without success, but I have not heard of its being well tried and persevered with except by Mr. Arthur Felton who grows Sheep Fescue and cuts it for winter fodder, I am told.

I do not think the importation of a few new ideas from time to time will do any of us in the Falklands any harm, your correspondent included, who perhaps is one of those whose sole answer to any new idea is generally, "Oh! you can't do that in the Falklands."

I am, dear Sir,

Yours truly,

GEORGE A. COBB.

THE EDITOR

F. I. MAGAZINE.

Dec. 19th, 1902.

Dear Sir,

If you will kindly give me the space in your paper, I should like to answer, "One Interested in Inspectors and New Brooms."

Mark Twain in one of his books, speaking of the amount of knowledge possessed by the ancients—quaintly remarks—that the "information they *did not* possess was marvellous." The same remark may be applied to a great number of the moderns.

Your correspondent is dealing with a subject of which he has but little knowledge, when he says that imported grass seed will not grow or germinate, as I have some hundreds of acres of imported grass.

I don't call a man practical who attempts to grow cereals in a climate where the night temperature seldom reaches 50 deg. although barley and oats will ripen if sheltered from the southerly winds. I wonder if "One Interested in Inspectors and New Brooms" is a practical man if so he might try growing Pine-apples or Bananas—There's nothing like trying.

I remain Dear Sir

Yours very truly,

ONE INTERESTED IN THE WELFARE OF THE COLONY.

SHEEP-FARMING IN NEW SOUTH WALES.

"I fear New South Wales must be in a bad state from the accounts in the papers. The falling of butter sent from thence to the London market is very great. Two years ago the percentage of lambs was 69½, last year 20½. Many sheep farmers are killing their lambs to save the lives of the ewes."

A VISIT TO THE FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Falkland Islands possess a double interest for Britons located in the River Plate. It is our nearest British Possession, and is furthermore the most southerly of all, while it affords a ready access to anyone desirous of renewing their acquaintance with the surroundings of the English language and customs.

The Pacific Steam Navigation Company have done a real service to the Islands by the introduction of excursion tickets, and I hope to show that by a very slight exertion on the part of this Company, further benefits can accrue to the Islands and so, indirectly, to themselves. The Company advertise the existence of several very good hotels in Port Stanley, with an excellent kitchen, and prices as stated in their advertisements. Such hotels do not exist. At one hotel they informed me that "they had given up taking lodgers"; another was considering if he could arrange so that the rooms that were at his disposal, and which were then tenanted by three young ladies could accommodate me also: two others had no room and so forth. It was a matter of four hours before I could get rooms, and then only by the courtesy of a worthy family. Now this can easily be remedied. It would be quite sufficient to formulate a list of people who would be willing to receive lodgers, the accommodation they offer, the nature of what they consider "extras" and the remuneration required. Copies of this list could be kept at the Agencies of the Company in Buenos Aires and Montevideo, and would greatly simplify matters. I make a present of this suggestion to both the Company and the Island. The Company, perhaps, could be induced to further lower the price of the Excursion ticket, which at the present rate works out at £2 a day were they to consider that only in the character of excursionists would the majority of people visit the Islands.

The Falkland Islands are situated in the South Atlantic Ocean, about three hundred miles from the mainland of South America. They consist of two large islands, East and West Falklands, and a multitude of smaller ones. The former is the larger, and the total area is some four million acres. Port Stanley, in the East Falklands is the only settlement of importance, and is situated on a splendid harbour. At its entrance, on the east coast, stands the Lighthouse, with a fixed light produced by sixteen lamps, and visible at a distance of fifteen miles. From this point to the mouth of the harbour, are the "Narrows" there is a stretch of five miles, with a sharp curve at its conclusion. The "Narrows" are only three hundred metres wide.

The harbour is very fine and sheltered, and except at its extremities has an average depth of six fathoms. It is about four to five miles long and one wide. On entering the harbour, one is at once struck by the number of hulks which are lying there, chiefly of the condemned class. They all have an interesting history. Perhaps the most interesting is the "Great Britain." She was originally an iron paddle steamer propelled by means of an archimedean screw. She made her maiden voyage to the United States in 1845, in a little un-

der 15 days. On starting on her second voyage in the following year, she stranded, and so remained for a year. After being floated, she was sold to a Liverpool firm, and continued in the Australian trade for many years. Subsequently she was converted into a sailing ship, and was ultimately condemned in 1890. She was then purchased by the Falkland Islands Company, and at the present moment serves them as a cargo hulk. Another was a Chilian iron-built ship, which arrived in desperate condition, with a load of sulphuric acid in iron drums, packed in chalk. The acid had leaked from the drums and had then acted chemically upon the chalk, with the result that the hatches were blown off by the formation of carbonic acid gas, while the acid then commenced to act upon the framework of the ship. She managed to get into Harbour, and was there condemned. Another was a Norwegian iron-built ship on her maiden voyage, which arrived on fire, and was there scuttled. She has since been raised, and awaits a purchaser. There are a fair number of small craft, cutters &c always two or three large schooners and in the summer months, a cruiser and gun-boat of H.B.M.

The town is very prettily situated on the southern aspect of the harbour, and on the slopes of the hill. One's attention is at once struck by the Cathedral, built in stone and red brick, but which at present lacks its spire. And by several other buildings, amongst which may be observed the Falkland Islands Company's buildings, its Manager's house and the Governor's residence. The landing is effected at the side of an old hulk, which at the same time serves as a custom-house deposit, and from this to "terra firma" one has to pass over two more hulks, which sustain a wooden mole. One of these hulks was an American vessel which sought shelter from privateers in time of the Civil war.

Now comes the momentous question. Where to stay? Once settled this, one has time to observe among what manner of people one has fallen. The houses are chiefly built of wood, with bay windows, and all, I may say, without exception, possess a greenhouse. The show of flowers helps much to enliven the general aspect of the town, and the gardens, although small, are not devoid in summer of brilliant displays of the most remarkable kinds of pansies and stocks. Very few houses are built of stone, and yet the most excellent stone abounds. The Governor's house is situated at the west end of the town, and at the present moment is being enlarged.

It is a peculiar feature of Stanley that there are no poor people, and the authorities endeavour to secure their exclusion, exacting that all third class passengers shall deposit at the Agency of their port of embarkation the sum of £5, in case they may not find work on their arrival. As all the population is employed in fixed labour, it therefore follows that the familiar "changador" is there unknown, messenger boys do not exist, and their duties fall upon one self. A Mr. John Summers helped me to unload my luggage, but was proof against remuneration. Carriages there are none for the only road is the "Esplanade", euphemistically so termed, which leads from the slaughter house on the east side to Mr. Vere Packe's house on the extreme west.

(To be continued in next No.)

THE SCOTIA.

The Scotia, the Scottish Antarctic exploration vessel which left Kingstown on 8th November, arrived in Stanley Harbour on Jan. 6th. The following account, from The People's Friend of 29th Sept. of what the Expedition is going to do will be read with interest.

WHAT THE EXPEDITION IS GOING TO DO.

In as few words as possible let me endeavour to indicate the objects of the Expedition. First of all, the *Scotia* will steam, via the Cape de Verde Islands, coaling there, to Port Stanley, in the Falkland Islands, where she will again coal—it is to be hoped at the Admiralty's expense—and load certain supplies of fresh provisions. After a few days she will proceed to South Georgia and the Sandwich Islands, about a thousand miles eastward, round which deep-sea investigations will be prosecuted, and observations and collections of specimens effected. Then she will sail due south through the Weddel Sea, named after Captain James Weddel, who, with two sailing ships of 120 and 63 tons, set out from Leith in 1823, and penetrated farther south than any of his predecessors. Mr. Bruce does not intend to let the *Scotia* get ice-bound, so that the length of the southerly course will be decided by conditions yet unknown. His original intention was to erect a station on the edge of the icy continent of Antarctica, about 500 miles from the Pole, where he and his staff would winter, while the *Scotia* returned to the Falklands to lie there until the spring. But it is possible that this may be found impracticable. Any attempt to describe the scientific work to be done would be vain in the space at my disposal. Briefly.

THE SEA, THE LAND, AND THE ATMOSPHERE will be thoroughly studied. If you take a map and draw a triangle, having Enderby Land, Graham's Land and Bouvet Island at its angles, then the contained area is the part of the ocean over which the *Scotia* will move whilst making soundings, dredgings, and other deep-sea research. Specimens of the ocean floor, the ocean itself at different depths, its life, animal and vegetable, will be secured for chemical and physical examination and preservation. Even the whale, especially if he be the real "black" one, will not be exempt; and the ways of seals, and indeed of all the creatures of the frozen seas and inhospitable shores, will be studied as minutely as possible.

A box kite, 7 ft. square and 3 ft. in depth, carrying a barometer, a thermometer, and an hygrometer, all recording their variations on a clockwork drum, will be sent up to investigate the higher atmosphere. Its "string" consists of four miles of piano-wire, and it requires a 2 H.P. oil engine to wind it in. To the kite is also attached a camera for taking bird's-eye views of the land or sea beneath. The meteorologists will further keep full records of each day's weather.

There are already three national expeditions in the Antarctic Regions—British, German, and Swedish—while an American one, under a Norwegian leader, is being discussed. The British ship *Discovery* and the German ship *Gauss* have been frozen up during the summer, or rather the Antarctic winter: but, all going well, they should be released shortly. Their stations

are a thousand miles apart, and should the Scottish Expedition carry out its original plans, its station will be somewhat over that distance from either of them; so that the three stations would form the points of a triangle having the South Pole about its centre. In any case, the work of the different expeditions is not, and will not be, conducted in any spirit of jealousy, and the combined results of their separate discoveries and investigations must prove of great value to the scientific, and, possibly, to the whole world.

EQUIPMENT OF THE SCOTIA.

In conclusion I may give a few particulars regarding the accommodation and equipment of the *Scotia*. Beginning at the stern I mention the saloon, a bright and tastefully furnished apartment, from which eight single-berth staterooms, the captain's room, and a bathroom are accessible. Everything seems compact, yet nothing seems cramped. A stair leads from the saloon to the quarter-deck and poop; on the latter the kite-flying apparatus will be placed. Amidships stands the roomy galley, with its modern range and water supply. Adjoining it is a laboratory wherein five scientists may pursue their researches with ample elbow-room and in abundance of light. 'Tween decks and amidships there is a second laboratory, and also a photographer's dark room, wherein many interesting and extraordinary developments may shortly be expected. Next door is the second officers' messroom, and near by, beside the hatch of the coal hold, which can contain 250 tons, are a couple of big drums, each of them carrying 6000 fathoms of piano wire. The soundings and dredgings, it may be remarked, will be made from the bridge above. The crew's quarters are forward, and are well-lighted and well-ventilated. In the cabin are 16 bunks and off it there are berths for the petty officers. Books and games will be provided for the men, and all that is possible will be done to keep them comfortable, well, and cheery throughout their long spell of absence, which may include trying periods of enforced inactivity. Mr. Bruce has been careful to select men whose character and dispositions are no less healthy than their bodies. Included in the outfit are sledges of the improved Nansen pattern, snow-shoes, and Norwegian *ski*, a *kayah*, or canvas canoe, sleeping bags of fur to accommodate one, two, and three persons, all manner of fur garments, rain and windproof coats, and huge stockings made of goat and human hair for wearing while travelling on *ski*.

TO RESIST THE ICE.

Of the *Scotia's* immense strength it is difficult to convey an idea in mere words. Her hull is 25 inches thick amidships, and considerably thicker elsewhere, while her bows will present 9 ft. of solid timber to the attacks of floating ice. Internally she is empowered to resist a squeeze by great cross beams and sturdy wooden knees or angles; externally she is protected from the ravages of icy jaws by a sheathing of greenheart planking, which is capable of surviving much wear and tear, merely taking on a polish when another timber would become worn and frayed. But it must be remembered that her strength, splendid as it is, will be severely tried and tested ere the months of her voyaging in the Far South are over, and that the men who

sail in her will require to exert all the patience and endurance of which human nature is capable in the mission before them. May the good ship and all who depart on board of her return to Scotland safe and sound.

J.J.B.

NEWS FROM PATAGONIA.

"The Punta Arenas steamers have ceased carrying the mails, so we receive letters and papers frequently, but irregularly, some have been a long time in arriving. We hope your weather is now more satisfactory, but judging from our own it is not very summer-like. Our spring was cold and dry with high winds and the camp was very backward. Shearing was finished here a week to-day (Dec. 16th, 1902); during the five weeks it continued, there was little or no interruption, but since then there have been abundant and welcome rains. Some of these down pours were lovely and warm, others cold with sleet, hailstones and southerly winds. The garden is backward; no new potatoes for Christmas;

the weeds seem to thrive well in all weathers. Try works are being put up at the Port; they seem quite sanguine of success. R. W. is in the district buying as many sheepskins as he can get for a firm in Buenos Aires. The Farmers are already feeling the benefit of the German steamers, as wool is carried home now at little more than half what used to be charged by the other steamers or sailing vessels."

B. H. S.

TRAINED NURSE.

At a general meeting of Guarantors, held on 12th. Jan. under the presidency of H. E. the Governor the accounts of the Nurse Fund, of which a transcript appears below, were passed.

A vote of thanks was passed to the retiring Committee and a new Committee for the ensuing year was elected consisting of Mesdames Blount, Brandon, Harding, S. Kirwan and Watt with Mrs. Hart-Bennett as President.

NURSE FUND. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS TO DECEMBER 1902.

	£.	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Guarantee Money (a)	53	14	6	Nurse's salary, 22nd. March - 31st. Dec. '02	46	12	3
Donations " Colonial Government	25	0	0	Rent, 1st. May - 31st. July 1902	3	0	0
" H. E. the Governor £5.	7	10	0	Purchase of Appliances	19	3	
" Miss Blake £2 10 (b)							
Grant from Col. Nursing Association	25	0	0				
Proceeds of Waxworks Entertainment	14	11	10				
Sale of appliances	2	19	4				
Nurse's Fees (c)	17	0	0	Balance 31st. December 1902	95	4	2
Total	£145	15	8	Total	£145	15	8

(a) £8 outstanding

(b) Also £8 worth of Medical appliances from Mrs. Grey-Wilson.

(c) £5 5 0. outstanding.

1st January 1903.

Passed at General Meeting of Guarantors
on 12th. Jan. 1903.

W. HART-BENNETT.

HONORARY TREASURER.

DROWNING ACCIDENT IN PATAGONIA.

On New Year Day the three sons, of Mrs. James Fell, residing at North Arm Station, Portada, Patagonia, the morning being fine and warm, decided to go down to the river and have a bathe the distance only being about 500 yds from the house.

In the winter time the river runs very strong but in the summer it flows very deep and still and there are deep pools in it; into one of these they went, and the second son James, seems to have gone beyond his depth. Although he could swim, he went down like a stone and never came up again. The others went to his assistance, but they could give no aid, had t too

gone in, it is hard to say what the consequence would have been. With other assistance they recovered the body, after being about four hours in the water; they took the body into Punta Arenas by Steamer from Oaza Harbour and buried him in the Cemetery there, beside his Father and Grandfather, who also died there very suddenly about eighteen months ago, that being about the time since they left the Falklands and went to reside in Patagonia, the family being well known here and very much respected.

The deepest sympathy is felt for Mrs. James Fell and family and for all their relations in the Falklands as they have had many trials and troubles since ever they went there.

Communicated January 14th, 1903.

Monday, 29th December 1902.

J. VON HARTEN V. DEAN BRANDON.

ACTION FOR LIBEL, £1000 DAMAGES CLAIMED.

Mr. Smith for the Plaintiff,
The Defendant in person.

Defendant admitted publication of the article on the drink question in the March number of the Falkland Islands Magazine, but denied that the Plaintiff was libelled.

Mr. Smith, in opening the case, stated that he did not propose to call any evidence or to put the Plaintiff in the box. He argued that the article was obviously a libel on the Plaintiff who was accused of selling poisoned drink, that it was a cruel libel and that the Jury should return a verdict for the Plaintiff.

The Defendant called no evidence.

The Chief Justice in summing up, animadverted upon an action being brought, in which not even the Plaintiff was called to attempt to substantiate the libel and proceeded to address the Jury: Gentlemen, with hesitation I allow this case to go to you. "Lord Halsbury—in a case taken to the highest Court in England has pointed out that in order to justify the Judge in leaving the case to the Jury the words must be susceptible of a libellous meaning in this sense, that a reasonable man could construe them unfavourably in such a sense as to make some imputation upon the person complaining."

There is no doubt whatever that the question treated of in the article in the Falkland Islands Magazine of March last is one of the greatest possible public interest in this drink ravaged colony, and to make it libellous you must be satisfied that the Defendant went beyond fair comment.

But before you can find against the Defendant you must be satisfied that Von Harten individually is charged with a wrongful act with reference to the liquor sold by him, or, in other words, that he himself is charged with having done something wicked and corrupt.

The greater the truth the greater the libel is an old maxim very generally misapplied.

It has no reference whatever to a civil action, and refers only to criminal proceedings. In a civil action the truth of the words complained of is a complete defence.

The Defendant however enters no such defence. he does not plead that the Plaintiff sold vile stuff, but he pleads that the Plaintiff was not libelled.

It has been argued on behalf of the Plaintiff that although no personal reference was made to him, he has nevertheless been libelled because every publican in Stanley is charged with wicked and corrupt practices, and that he being one of them is consequently individually charged.

If every individual publican were so charged the plea would be a strong one but no evidence whatever has been offered in support of such a contention, and I do not think that any fair man can possibly say that the article is capable of any such construction.

The term "vile stuff" of which we have heard a

good deal requires some consideration. On behalf of the Plaintiff it has been alleged and argued that these words imply a clear and express charge of a wicked and corrupt practice. It is further argued on his behalf that the allegation in the article charges him with fraudulently adulterating liquor sold by him.

You may take it from me that a general statement that Publicans sell vile stuff is no more actionable than to call all men liars, or all lawyers thieves or all liquor poison: all these things are constantly said and very generally believed.

The first question Gentlemen I will ask you to decide is

Does the article in the Magazine without reasonable doubt clearly refer to the Plaintiff himself?

The Jury after an absence of a few minutes returned into Court and handed in the following answer:

The Jury are of the opinion that the article above does not refer to the Plaintiff personally.

Upon which the Chief Justice entered Judgment for the Plaintiff with costs.

Certified Copy.

Jury:—Messrs. Richard Aitkin (Foreman), Edward Wilkins, J. C. Whaley, John Watts, Frederic Ashley, T. Atherton and John Alazia.

NEWS LETTER.

CHRISTMAS.

Altho' Christmas Eve was wet and cold, the Day itself was bright and pleasant with the exception of a few showers in the afternoon. The decorating of the Cathedral brought many together so that the work was quickly and satisfactorily got through, but there was not the profusion of flowering plants as at other times, owing to the lateness of the spring. The Congregation on Christmas Day was considerably augmented by officers and men from H. M. S. Basilisk which had arrived a few days previously.

Mr. W. R. Hardy, The Kelper's Store, exhibited over his store window a veritable "Father Christmas." The venerable old gentleman was a great attraction to the youngsters, and it is to be hoped drew many of them into the store, to view and buy from the rich and varied assortment of Christmas goods which met the eye in such profusion.

The mail steamer did not arrive until Friday so Christmas Day was passed peacefully, undisturbed by this periodical contact with the outer world! Numerous were the bags of letters parcels &c. landed, and long and busily had those in charge of the post office to work before the sorting and distributing were completed. We were glad for their sakes that Christmas had been a real holiday. The mail steamer sailed on Saturday about 10 a. m. taking as passengers to Valparaiso Mr. and Mrs. Sprout, who had been married the previous afternoon in the Cathedral. The romantic circumstance supplied Stanley with a topic of conversation for some days, for so effectually had the secret been preserved that not more than three or four were aware of the fact until they had actually steamed away! We wish the young couple all happiness and prosperity.

The Festival Service took place in the Cathedral on

Wednesday evening 7th inst. the order being as follows:

ANTHEM—"There were Shepherds." by Chas. Vincent.

Evening Prayer.

CAROL (*instead of a Psalm*)—Come Ye Lofty.

LESSON—LUKE II 1-21.

CAROL (*instead of the Nunc Dimittis*) When the crimson
[sun had set.

After the Third Collect.

ANTHEM—"In the beginning was the Word" by E. H.
[Thorne.

SONG—The Holy City. (*Miss Felton.*)

CAROL—Watchman! What of the Night?

SONG—The Children's Dream. (*Mrs. Shires.*)

CAROL (*quartette*)—In the fields with their flocks
abiding.

CAROL—Good King Wenceslas.

SONG—The City of Light. (*Miss Felton.*)

CAROL—Christmas Bells.

The Offertory was given to the Choir Fund.

THE WEATHER.

"The weather for the last month has been perfect and will soon make up for the bad winter. The garden looks remarkably well, although the potatoes were cut down by the frost in the early part of November, the first time they have ever been cut down since I have been here."

Dec. 19th 1902. W. P.

From the above we may gather they have fared better as regards weather on the West Falklands than we in Stanley, for it continued as a rule cold enough until on in December when we had many fine days and since Christmas it was wonderfully fine and warm until Friday 9th when a gale lasting three days swept over us from the west and north west. It turned bitterly cold on Sunday and Monday and the gardens which were looking so well have suffered much, potatoes &c. blackened. The Cambrian, which anchored in Port William on Saturday evening, experienced the full force of the gale on Friday night. The Fortuna making for Walker Creek ran into Seal Cove for shelter where the remains of the ill-fated Estrella are still visible.

THE NEW YEAR.

The Falkland Islands Co. have presented their customers with a New Year's gift in the shape of a folding blotter, of a most useful size and shape, very nicely got up and furnished. It will be found a very convenient and acceptable present in many a household in the Colony.

THE DARWIN FESTIVITIES.

(communicated.)

"At New Year's time, Darwin forms a convenient rendezvous for people living in Lafonia, and also for many in other parts of the East Falklands, and it would be difficult to find a prettier or more suitable spot for the Races etc. which take place there every year.

This year there was very little fault to be found with the weather, except that it might be said to have been too hot. New Year's day opened beautifully fine, and at an early hour flags were flying on the various craft lying off Darwin which gave a festive appearance to the Harbour.

The great event of the day was, of course, the Races. By 10 o'clock Darwin was deserted, everyone having repaired to the Course, situated about a mile or so

from the settle ment.

There was early a large attendance on the Course, and the Race Officials had a busy time getting things in order. A start was made in good time, and owing to the excellent arrangements everything passed off without a hitch.

Needless to say, there were some very exciting races, most of them, in fact, ending in very close finishes, and consequently the winners are the more to be congratulated on their success.

The Races lasted till about four o'clock, and owing to the large number of entries each one was well contested.

The heat began to tell at midday, and everyone was glad of the interval at one o'clock for lunch—when, however, drinks seemed more in favour than eatables—in fact, this preference was shown during the rest of the day, the two chief causes probably being the exciting incidents of the races and the thirsty character of the weather.

In the evening, the usual dance was given in the Cook House, was very much appreciated by all present, and formed a pleasant termination to the day's sport, dancing being kept up till the early hours of the morning."

The following letter has been received on the same subject:

E. Falkland Islands,

13th January 1903.

Sir, Darwin races have once more been held and in the opinion of all present, were, in every way, superior to any of previous years.

One of the most important events this year was the Challenge Race between Mr. Cameron's grey horse and a P.P. horse belonging to Mr. Jas. McGill, Darwin. The latter animal, although, not in the best racing form possible, had an easy win. It is perhaps, worthy of note, that Mr. McGill's horse is one of those which ran for the first time last year and which carried off the chief prizes.

In a letter to your Magazine of February last "A Scotsman" while giving an account of the Races questioned whether those horses would, this year, be in the same good form and meet with equal success. The question was fully answered by Mr. McGill's horse on New Year's day.

Surely "A Scotsman" cannot expect that old favourites on the course will bear away the spoils for several years without at length meeting their conqueror? It is an old adage that says "Every dog has its day" and so it is also with racehorses.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant

DEMOCRAT.

There was, amongst other attractions, a new race, of a mile in length, inaugurated, which had many competitors and shewed that the despised F. I. horse is just as good at running that distance as the usual max. of 700 yards. Another departure was electing outside judges: Mr. Cobb, Lively Island represented Darwin; Mr. G. Bonner, Walker Creek; and Mr. Harris North Arin, and they efficiently carried out their duties to the satisfaction of everyone.

This is the wind up of the Races on the time honoured New Year's day; for the future they will be held after the Shearing is over.

Mr. JOHN ROYALL MINNS.

Mr. Minns is now chief steward on the S.S. "Nevadan" of the American-Hawaiian Steamship Co. He writes as follows: "My dear Sir, I would like very much to put this in your Magazine, to let my friends know I am still alive, and also my dear friend William Betts.

I am running between San Francisco and Honolulu now, and my wife and family are in New York. This is a good company to be in and my wages are £18. per month, that is 95 dollars in our American money and I am thankful I can hold a job like this. Honolulu is such a nice place I like it very much. Remember me to all my friends and also to Mr. Wilkinson and wife and also to my brother total abstainers, for I am a strong member of our New York Lodge."

DARWIN RACES.

1st JANUARY 1903

- (1) CHALLENGE RACE for £5. between J. Cameron's Grey Horse from San Carlos, and J. McGill's P.P.P. 650 yds.

1st Owner, James McGill's P. P. P. Darwin Harbour.	Jockey, A. Middleton.
2nd. " J. Cameron's Grey Horse, San Carlos.	" J. Miller
- (2) DARWIN SECTION RACE. 7 Entries. For any horse or mare, Co's, or P.P. Co's servants, that never ran before. 500 yds. 10st. 2/6 entry money added.

1st Owner, D. Finlayson W.C., P.P.P. mare. £1 17 6.	Jockey, Owner.
2nd " A. Middleton " " P.P. 1 7 0.	" "
3rd " N. Atkins D.H. P.P.P. 1 2 0.	" "
- (3) FROM W. A. HARDING Esq. TROTting RACE. About 2 miles. 6 entries.
 Open to any horse or mare, Co's, or P.P. Co's servants. Four times round the Course. Any animal breaking the trot must turn round immediately each time they do so, or be disqualified. All First Prize winners of this race in former years to start at Scratch, Second Prize winners to receive 10yds. & all others 20 yds. from Scratch. 2/6 entry money for a 3rd Prize, if more than £1. the balance to be divided.

1st Owner, A. McCall's Co's N.A. Queenie. £3 0 0	Jockey Owner.
2nd " J. Dougall's "Rosillo" Co's N.A. 2 0 0	" W. Watson.
3rd " A. McCall's Co's "Mossrose" N.A. 15 0	" F. Jennings.
- (4) DARWIN SECTION RACE. 8 Entries. For any horse or mare, Co's, or P. P. Co's servants, that never won a prize. Jockeys, any Labourer in the Co's employ. 500 yds. 1/- entry money added.

1st Owner, W. Redman's P.P.P. D.H. £1 7 0	Jockey Owner.
2nd " A. Smith's Co's " 1 2 0	" N. Atkins.
3rd " M. McCarthy's Co's N.A. 19 0	" M. McMullen.
4th " E. Bett's P.P.P. D.H. 14 6	" J. Johnstone.
- (5) WALKER CREEK SECTION RACE. 8 entries. For any horse or mare, Co's, or P. P. Co's servants. 700 yds, 10 st. 2/6 entry money added.

1st Owner, R. Finlayson W.C. P.P.P. £1 18 0	Jockey Owner.
2nd Owner, C. McCarthy D.H. P.P.P. 1 6 0	Jockey Owner.
3rd Owner, W. Cargill N.A. Co's Dr. 1 0 0	Jockey McMullen.
- (6) FROM NORTH ARM MEN. 5 entries. For any P.P. Co's servants. 500 yds. 10 st. 2/6 entry money [added].

1st Owner, D. Finlayson W.C. P.P.P. Mare. £2 4 6.	Jockey Owner.
2nd Owner, M. McCarthy N.A. P.P.P. Tanis. 2 2 0.	Jockey M. McMullen.
3rd Owner, M. McCarthy N.A. P.P.P. Saino. 1 1 0.	Jockey H. Campbell.
- (7) FROM MESSRS. ARMSTRONG AND COUTTS. 11 entries. For any horse or mare, Co's, that never won a prize. 500 yds. 10 st. 2/- entry money added.

1st Owner, A. Smith D.H. £1 8 0.	Jockey A. Middleton.
2nd Owner, W. Watson N.A. 1 0 0.	Jockey J. Buckley.
3rd Owner, H. Jennings N.A. 14 0.	Jockey H. Campbell.
- (8) FROM MESSRS. MOIR & MCKENZIE. 5 entries. For any horse or mare, Co's. In this race each shepherd to ride an animal from his own troop. 500 yds. 2/6 entry added.

1st Owner, L. Middleton, D.H. £1 14 6	Jockey, Owner.
2nd. Owner, Jas. Campbell, D.H. 1 4 0	Jockey, Owner.
3rd Owner, A. Middleton, W.C. 14 0	Jockey, Owner.

- (9) FROM A. L. ALLAN Esq. 13 entries. Open to any horse or mare in the Falklands. One mile. 10st. 2/6 entry for 3rd prize, if entry money is more than £1. the balance to be divided. Entries to A. McCall before 9 a.m. 1-1-03.
 1st. Owner, W. Watson, N.A. Co's Moro. £3 4 6. Jockey, Owner.
 2nd. Owner, N. Atkins. D.H. P.P.P. 2 4 0. Jockey, Owner.
 3rd. Owner, A. Williamson D.H. Co's Grey. 1 4 0. Jockey, A. Middleton.
- (10) FROM MESSRS. JOHNSTONE AND CARGILL, N. A. 6 entries. Open to all comers. 700 yds. 10 st. 2/6 entry money added.
 1st Owner, M. McCarthy, N.A. P.P.P. Tanis. £1 4 0. Jockey, M. McMullen.
 2nd Owner, C. McCarthy, D.H. P.P.P. Mate Grande. £1 0 0. Jockey, Owner.
 3rd Owner, A. Smith, D.H. "Co's" 11 0. Jockey, A. Middleton.
- (11) FROM MESSRS. FINLAYSON AND SIMPSON. 6 entries. 500 yds. For any horse or mare Co's or P.P. or Co's servants. 10st. 2/6 entry added.
 1st Owner R. Finlayson W.C. P.P.P. £1 5 0. Jockey, Owner.
 2nd Owner M. McCarthy N.A. P.P.P. 1 0 0. Jockey, M. McMullen.
 3rd Owner A. Smith D.H. "Co's" 15 0. Jockey, N. Atkins.
- (12) FROM DR. JAMESON. 4 entries. 700 yds. 10 st. 2/6 entry added. Entries to A. McCall before 9 a.m. 1-1-03. Open to all comers not over 14 hands high.
 1st Owner Jas. Campbell D.H. £1 5 0. Jockey, N. Atkins.
 2nd Owner A. Middleton W.C. 15 0. Jockey, Owner.
 3rd Owner W. Redman D.H. 10 0. Jockey, Jas. Middleton.
- (13) FROM MESSRS. MCCALL AND HYNAM. 6 entries. 500 yds. Open to all comers that never won a First Prize in any former year. 10 st. 2/6 entry added. Entries to A. McCall before 9 a.m. 1-1-03.
 1st Owner H. Jennings N.A. £1 10 0. Jockey, H. Campbell.
 2nd Owner D. Middleton D.H. 1 5 0. Jockey, N. Atkins.
 3rd Owner M. McCarthy N.A. 1 0 0. Jockey, M. McMullen.
- (14) SUBSCRIPTION. CONSOLATION RACE, for Beaten Horses. 300 yds. 12 entries.
 1st Owner C. McCarthy D.H. "Co's" £1 4 0. Jockey, N. Atkins.
 2nd Owner A. Phillips D.H. P.P.P. 1 0 0. Jockey, C. McCarthy.
 3rd Owner H. Phillips D.H. P.P.P. 15 0. Jockey, H. Campbell.
 A. MCCALL.

Dear Mr. Editor.

Once more the Darwin Harbour New Year races have been held on the usual course, and doubtless many old Falkland Islanders who read your valuable little Magazine will be glad to hear they were a success. So far as the weather was concerned the heat was extraordinary, it being the warmest day felt there for many years past.

A great want felt that day was the tent which Mr. George Jennings has had there for the last 18 years. The want of water was felt very much, and I heard some of the people were giving 6d. to the children for a bottle of water. The races were well patronized by visitors from Stanley and the North Camp, and some of the neighbouring Islands, and everyone seemed to be pleased with their day's outing. A good sprinkling of the fair sex were present, which always make things seem more homelike.

The races were very well contested

and some close finishes was the result, but so far as I heard, the decision of the Judges, "Messrs. Cobb, Bonner and Harris," gave every satisfaction.

The Challenge race was a very poor affair, the San Carlos Horse (The Challenger) a very fine animal, had it all his own way in the first 200 yds., after that, the whip had to be freely used on him, the other horse winning the race quite easily.

The trotting race was very exciting, the winning mare, through ill temper would not trot freely until more than one half of the distance was covered, and at one time she was more than 300 yds. behind the others, but at the finish she won quite easily.

The one mile open race was the favourite of the day and with 13 starters it was male very exciting, the race was seen from the start to the finish, and the first three horses came almost in together, and with no bellows to mend, which was more than

could be said of some of the others. The 13th Jockey I heard, had a 6d. given him on account of being last in the race.

The best animal on the ground in the opinion of the majority was the Black and White Private Patagonian Horse belonging to R. Finlayson, Walker Creek, who won both his races in fine style.

Take the animals all through, they were a fine lot, some of them were a little low in condition on account of the bad winter and spring.

Although these are the last races to be held in Darwin at the New Year, they will be continued a little later on in the summer when the shearing is finished, when it is to be hoped there will be more entries in many of the races. and with plenty of visitors from outside the Company's Camp I think the Sports should be fully as good as in former years.

ONE WHO WAS PRESENT.

—O—

SHIPPING NEWS.

—O—

ARRIVALS.

- Dec. 22. H. M. S. *Basilisk* from Monte [Video.
 „ 23. *Fair Rosamond* from Walker Creek. Passengers:—Dr. & Mrs. Jameson and two children, Mrs. W. Biggs, Jr. and child, and Miss Blyth.
 „ 23. *Fortuna* from Port Howard.
 „ 26. *Iberia* from Liverpool.
 „ 27. *Chance* from Port Howard. Passengers:—Mrs. Paice & family.
 Jan. 5. *Hornet* from Darwin. Pass.: Messrs. Shires & Vesey.
 „ 5. *Fair Rosamond* from Fox Bay. Pass.:—Mrs. D. Williams & two children, Messrs. F. Pike & T. Binnie.
 „ 6. *Scotia* from Scotland.
 „ 7. *Orellana* from Valparaiso. Pass. Mr. & Mrs. Atkins.
 „ 10. *Cambrian* from Monte Video.
 „ 13. *Fortuna* from Hill Cove &c. Pass.:—Mr. & Mrs. W. A. Thompson, Mrs. Benney & Miss Kirwan.

- „ 14. *Fair Rosamond* from North Arm.
 „ 14. *Hornet* from North Arm.

DEPARTURES.

- Dec. 20. *Fair Rosamond* for Walker Creek
 „ 23. Bk. *Arcadia* for Glasgow.
 „ 25. Bk. *Glenfarg* for Buenos Aires.
 „ 27. R.M.S. *Iberia* for Valparaiso. Pass:—Mr. & Mrs. Atkins. Senr.
 „ 29. *Fair Rosamond* for Fox Bay &c
 „ 29. *Hornet* for Darwin. Pass:—Messrs. H. Shires and Vesey.
 31. *Fortuna* for San Carlos, Hill Cove &c. Pass:—Mr. & Mrs. W. A. Thompson, Miss Kirwan.
 Jan. 7. *Hornet* for North Arm.
 „ 7. *Fair Rosamond* for North Arm.
 „ 7. R.M.S. *Orellana* for Liverpool. Pass:—Mrs. & Miss Rowlands and two children, Mr. & Mrs. T. Goodwin & family, Messrs. R. N. Wallis & D. Goodwin.

"TIME AND TIDE IS IMPORTANT TO ALL"

Once more from London . . .

D. J. JACOBS,

Practical Watchmaker & Jeweller,

Has arrived in this Colony and wishes to thank the public of Stanley and the surrounding Camps for their favour and support, and begs to state he has come for a limited time, and hopes to further solicit all kinds of Repairs,

Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, Phonographs,
Chronometers, and Musical Instruments
and all kinds of Automatical Machines,
&c., &c., &c.,

All Work entrusted to D. J. J. will receive his best and most careful attention. The old Address :

W, HARDY'S Kelper Store,
Stanley.

November 30th, 1902.

For Sale the following Freeholds,

1 PIECE OF LAND $\frac{1}{5}$ th of an Acre fronting on James Street 22 yds. bounded on West 44 yds. by land of Mr. W. Biggs, North 22 yds. Mrs. M. Dean, East by No. 2 with a Stone House in thorough repair. On ground floor Large glass porch or conservatory, 1 room fitted with Register Grate, 1 large room fitted with good stove dresser and cupboard. Leanto 22 ft. by 9 ft. inside with partition for store room or small bedroom, a wide staircase and 2 large bedrooms on first floor. Let to a good Tenant. Price £315.

2 A piece of Land the same size as above and adjoining bounded on the East by Mr. Jas. Smith, with new wood residence roofed with iron, containing on ground floor dining room with Tile register grate and cupboard, a small room 8 ft. by 10 ft. fitted with nice parsons grate. The staircase is taken off this room with entrance from leanto, glass porch at front door, the leanto the whole length of building with good stove, dresser and cupboard. First floor 3 nice bedrooms. Let to good Tenant. Price £475.

3 A piece of land with a frontage to Ross Road 22 yds. on the East by land Mr. Jas. Smith, 88 yds. on the West by land Capt. Rowlands on the South James Street 22 yds. $\frac{2}{5}$ th of an acre with a double house, newly erected East side ground floor with passage, living room fitted with good stove, dresser and cupboard. Large leanto 1st floor 2 bedrooms. West side similar but fitted with range. This site let to a good Tenant. Price £675 for this double residence.

Tanks to each house and all necessities.

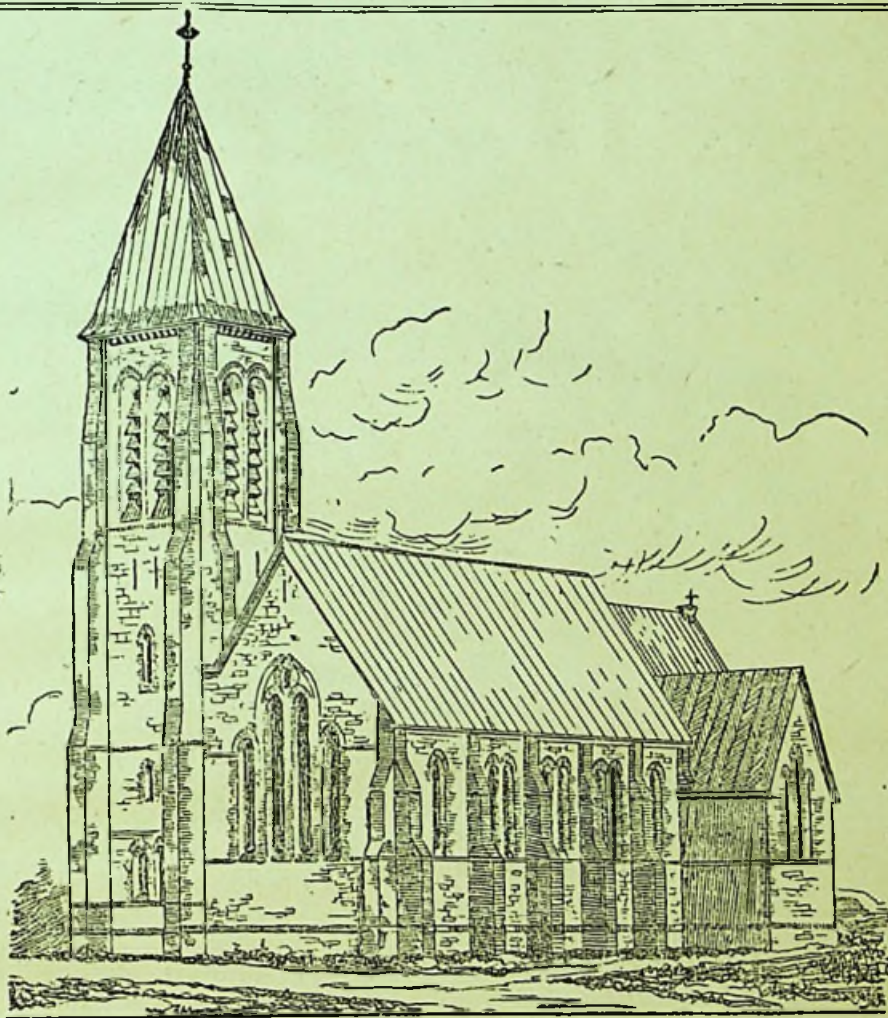
Terms Cash or approved bill on Immediate Transfer. Apply MR. JAMES TUR

J. J. Felton Esq

No. 11. VOL. XIV. MARCH. 1903. PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.

SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Duncan Watson, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Joseph Aldridge and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidemen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

Port Stanley, Falkland Islands: Printed by Miss. Wilks.

NOTICE.

There will be no issue of the Magazine in March, the March Number, having been already published, and its place will be taken by the fourth number of

"THE STANLEY COMET"

which will be published in time for the forth coming Bazaar, and will be on sale there.

Friends are requested to take notice of this and to remember that the price is only one shilling.

What men say ("about the Comet")

"Cheap at Half the Price."

"Good old Comet."

"What! another?"

"Give us a rest."

"Welcome as the Rise in Wool."

"A Going Concern."

"Don't miss it."

"Sure to please."

WANTED. A home in Stanley for a boy over 12 years. Apply to THE EDITOR.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6: single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each.
4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 10s. per half page per annum; £3 whole page per annum; Charge for inclosing Circulars:—5/- per month for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies can always be obtained at that time.

THE BAZAAR.

on 13th March.

The articles, for sale, ordered from England, are expected to arrive by the mail, due on 18th Feb., in which case, it will be possible to fix our **Annual Sale** for the above date.

Now that the work, at the Tower, is actually in progress, a greater interest will be felt, in putting forth a **SPECIAL EFFORT** to make this Bazaar more successful than any previous ones.

There is plenty of Needlework ready at Mrs. Dean's for willing hands, and after the mail, there will be a supply of dolls to dress. (*Only three weeks to do it all in!*)

Any suggestions, for little entertainments and amusements, on the evening itself, will be gladly received.

Any Contributions of Work, Plants, Flowers, Vegetables, Cakes, &c., as the day draws near will be most acceptable.

THE TOWER FUND.

—o—

All well-wishers will be glad to know that at last the work of completing the Tower has actually commenced. After a lapse of many years the good work which was left unfinished is taken in hand, and we have every hope that in the course of the present summer it will be completed. A meeting of the Building Committee was held on the 1st, inst. to consider a proposal by Mr. Hayes to reduce the height by some 20 feet. A plan was submitted showing the relative dimensions, and it was pointed out that by reducing the height we gained in stability, to say nothing of the saving of material and labour. It was unanimously decided that Mr. Hayes's suggestion should be adopted, making the Tower only 90 feet high instead of the 110 as originally intended. Those who have shaken their heads over the cracks in the walls will doubtless consider this decision a wise one. The fund continues to grow, and as people see the work progressing

they will, we hope, help us to pay expenses
Up to date the account stands as follows:—

Already published	£473	15	9
W. Barnett Esq. (Rosario)	1	0	0
A.C. Woolmer Esq. (B. Aires)	1	0	0
Capt. R. Balcom	1	0	0
Mrs. Luxton Senr.		10	0
Box in Porch		14	4
Balance of Interest	1	0	0
	£479	0	1

W. C. GIRLING.

HON. TREASURER. FEB. 11TH. 1903.

—o—

MARRIAGE ORDINANCE.

We call the attention of those contemplating matrimony and of Justices to the new marriage law. Every one who hopes to marry soon should write to the Colonial Secretary for one of the new forms of "notice of marriage." which are required, whether the marriage is to be by Banns, by Governor's Licence or by Registrar General's Licence.

BIRTHS.

LUXTON. Stanley, Feb. 1st. the wife of John Luxton of a son.

McATASNEY. „ Jan. 26th. the wife of John McAtasney of a daughter.

AN ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

The engagement is announced of Miss Carrie Louisa Foster, daughter of Walter J. Foster of Long Island City, formerly Corporation Counsel, to Richard James Nugent of Astoria, son of the late Capt. R. M. Nugent.

DEATH.

RYAN. Stanley, January 25th. James W. Ryan, aged 38 years.

IN MEMORIAM.

IN EVER LOVING MEMORY of my dearest mother, who passed away 31st, March, of Old Basing.

No one knows how much we miss her : But they little know the sorrow,
Many think the wound has healed ; Deep within my heart concealed.

IN LOVING MEMORY of Captain R. McD. Nugent, who entered into eternal life on Jan. 31st. 1901.
Aged 70 years. Till He come. 1. Cor. XI. 26.

"Till He come" Oh! let the words,
Linger on the trembling chords;
Let the little while between
In their golden light be seen;
Let us think how heaven and home,
Lie beyond that "Till He come."

When the weary ones we love
Enter on their rest above,
Seems the earth so poor and vast,
All our life's joy overcast?
Hush, be every murmur dumb:
It is only "Till He come."

Clouds and conflicts round us press.
Would we have our sorrow less?
All the sharpness of the cross,
All that tells the world is less,
Death and darkness and the tomb,
Only whisper, "Till He come."

See, the feast of love is spread;
Drink the wine and break the bread;
Sweet memorials,-- till the Lord,
Calls us round His heavenly board;
Some from earth, from glory some,
Severed only,--"till He come."

BAPTISMS.

PETERSON. Stanley, December 7th, Axel Richard August Petterson.

McKENZIE. Walker Creek, Dec, 7th, Alexander McKenzie.

HARDY. Myles Creek, „ 9th, Frederick Desmond Hardy.

MOIR. Darwin, Dec. 21st. Hamish Moir.

McLEOD. Hillhead, „ 22nd. Archibald McLeod.

FELTON. Stanley, „ 31st. Louis Rowen Felton.

HARDY. Stanley, January 18th. Charles Mansel Hardy.

KELWAY. Stanley. February 8th. Evelyne Blanche Kelway.

CHURCH SERVICES.

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 10.45 a.m.

„ Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at 8. 45.

Evening Prayer (Wednesday) at [7 p.m.]

The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon: and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on any Sunday or week day.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10. a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of every month in the Vestry at 8. p.m. All Letters should be addressed to Mr. D. R. Watson, Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

“Undaunted of the Falklands” Lodge

Meetings held in the

TEMPLAR'S HALL, VILLIERS STREET

Every Thursday at 7.30., p.m.

All who desire to become members are cordially invited to attend at that hour.

BRO. DAVIS. Sec.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, JANUARY, 1903.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION	... Morning ...	182
„	... Evening ...	151 ³ ₄
NUMBER OF COINS	... Morning ...	78 ³ ₄
„	... Evening ...	113
Number at S. School	... Morning ...	72
„	... Afternoon ...	98
Number of coins in the Offertories:—		
0 sovereign, 0 half-sovereign, 3 crowns, 4 half-crowns, 13 florins, 46 shillings, 117 sixpences, 90 threepenny pieces, 435 pence, 41 halfpence, 1 farthing and 18 other coins. Total, 766.		

CHRIST CHURCH FALKLAND ISLANDS.

JANUARY, 1903.

RECEIPTS.

	£	s.	d.
Bright. forward	10	5	³ ₄
4 By Offer.	1	0	9 ³ ₄
7 „ Fl.S.,	3	5	8 ¹ ₂
11 „	1	7	9 ¹ ₂
18 „	2	3	10
25 „	2	12	10
Thank Offerings	5	0	

£11 6 5¹₂

EXPENDITURE.

	£	s.	d.
To Wages			
„ Sexton	3	2	0
„ Blower	10	0	
„ Bell Ringer	10	0	
„ E. Binnie	4	0	
„ Fest. Offer. }			
„ for Choir }	3	5	8 ¹ ₂
„ Extra blwg.	4	4	
„ Printing			
„ C. Williams			
„ on a/c	3	1	6
Cash Balance	8	11	

£11 6 5¹₂

Accounts Due:—

Coal	£7 15 0
Paraffin	2 12 0
Lp. glasses & Sundries	1 16 9

£12 3 9

Cash in hand towards above 8/11

THOMAS BINNIE,
HON. TREASURER.

ITINERARY.

Dean Brandon, visit to Lafonia.

Nov. 27, Rode to Bluff Creek and Mount Pleasant.
 „ 28, Darwin, 29th Goose Green, Dec. 1st High Hill, 2nd, Orquita, 3rd. Tranquilidad, 4th. Dos Lomas and Hope Cottage. 5th. Orquita, Big Gate and Arrow Harbour. 6th. Walker Creek and Island Harbour. 7th. Seal Cove, Walker Creek, Upper and Walker Creek. 9th. Myles Creek, 10th. The Trap and Burnfoot, 11th. North Arm. 12th. Cattle Point and Horn Hill, 13th. Hawk Hill. 14th. Cattle Point and North Arm, 15th. North West Arm and Lion Creek. 16th. Danson Harbour and Moffit Harbour, 17th. Centre Camp and North Arm, 18th. Burnfoot, Orquita and Darwin. 20th. Goose Green, 22nd. High Hill, Lagoon Isla, Black Rock and Hill Head. 23rd. Hillside, Bluff Creek and Stanley.

Work Done:—3 Communion Services, 9 Services. 4 Baptisms, 31 Bible Readings. 47 Children catechised and examined, 16 Lantern Exhibitions.

January 13th. rode to Bluff Cove and Hillside, 14th. Fitzroy, N, Bluff Cove and Stanley.

Work done: Two Bible Readings.

REV. C. K. BLOUNT left Stanley on January 27th, for Fitzroy S, the Track, Darwin and the North Camp.

THRIFT versus DEBT.

"The children ought not to lay up for the parents, but the parents for the children." 2nd Corinthians 12.14

"If any provideth not for his own, and specially his own household, he hath denied the faith and is worse than an unbeliever." 1 Timothy 4. 8.

1. How often one hears the remark:—"So and so has died and not left a cent, is in debt all over the place, widow and so many children left entirely unprovided for." What did he earn? "Oh! so much a month, but the money slipped through his fingers, he never seemed able to make both ends meet."

2. "What will happen to the wife and children?" "Of course the employer will send them home." "But he paid the full wages of the Colony, why should he be expected to do so?" Answer:—A shrug of the shoulders.

1. Whose fault is this?

1. The man's own fault. We have the power given to us of looking forward to the future, we can therefore see the need of providing for the rainy day, which is bound to come to us or ours sooner or later. Any fool can spend money; it needs a wise and self-denying man to save. The very dogs will hide a bone for another day's consumption, while the human not only picks to-morrow's bone to-day, but often next month's and next year's also. "God has taken care of me up to the present, He will do so until the end." There is such a thing as tempting Providence.

In the "middle class," as it is called, few fathers will allow their daughters to marry until the future husband has insured his life and made some provision for his wife, in case of his death. Many a one in this class is hard put to when the time to pay the premium comes round, but they look upon it as but bare honesty to make this provision.

2 It is also the fault of the *public opinion* of the Colony.

A liar, or thief, or drunkard is looked down upon by the general public, the police consider that they have a very special reason for watching his movements, and now and again giving him lodgings for the night: pity they do not do so oftener; would willingly, if the neighbours were not so mortally afraid of each other and had courage to do their duty.

Why should not the debtor be put into the same category? What right has any such individual to associate with others, when he will not deny himself and pay his just debts, as well as provide for wife and children. Public opinion regarding this matter needs very much to be taught and lifted up into a higher sphere of honesty. The drunkard's grog is stopped, when he is proved to be wasting his time, substance, or neglecting wife and family through drink. Why should not the man in debt be put into the same boat? The law of the land can hardly be so grand-motherly, but *public opinion* should have that power.

II. Whose fault is this?

"The man in the street" says, and says most truly, that the real author of this fault is in a very great measure the *faulty and antiquated method of conducting the Stores.*

1. In Stanley:—"Keep a debt running in the store and you will be sure of work in the slack time." "Is this true?" It used to be; is it still? The monthly system of selling and paying is not a modern way of doing business. It tempts people to send for what is not really necessary; if the money had to be paid down, there would be the question, "Do we need it, can we pay for it?" Hence follow bad debts; an army of clerks or hours spent in making out the bills; and the cost of living in the Colony quite one hundred per cent higher than it is in England. Why, the very children tell new comers, "You need not pay for what you get in the stores, just say, 'Put it down in the book.'"

2. In the camps:—The same bad system; no money passes, or, very little; the children grow up not knowing the value of money or the danger of running up an account.

3. The stores lose heavily: capital lies idle; the honest have to pay these bad debts. Why, a little bird whispers, that the "dry Canteen" has to write three figures *as accounts due!* !!!!! *though it was established to teach the blessings of cash down.*

III. Remedy for this.

1. Let the stores sell for *cash* £25 per cent cheaper than they do for *bills*; thus in the cash store an article will only cost -/9, which in the bill store will cost 1/-.

2. Never allow an account to run beyond two months; if they cannot pay in the month they have consumed the goods, they will not likely pay three months afterwards.

3. How will this reduce the price of stores, quite £25 per cent, if not £50 per cent? The money will be turned over three or four times in the year, not lying in accounts due, doing no good. Instead of needing £100 to open a store, £25, under this system, would be quite enough, so long as nothing is ordered but what can be sold within a month or two's time for cash.

4. What about the parcels post and the dry canteen and those who order from home for themselves? Cash payments in Stanley, no bad debts and no accounts to keep will retain the cash to be spent in the Colony; it will then be hardly worth while to order for one's self. The general public would have a daily object lesson in the happiness of owing no man anything. Thrift would be encouraged, and public opinion educated up to a higher standard of honesty.

Will any store have the courage and enterprise to try the experiment?

Will each reader lay to heart the teachings of St. Paul on these questions. LOWTHER E. BRANDON.

MARRIAGE ORDINANCE, Dec. 31st 1902.

The following are a few of the more important points in this Ordinance:—

"Every Minister of Religion," before he can perform Marriages in the Colony, must hold "a Certificate of Registration under the Seal of the Colony." But every Minister officiating in the Colony at the time of the passing of this Ordinance is "deemed to

be a Minister registered for celebrating marriages."

"Christ Church Cathedral, the Roman Catholic Church and the Baptist Chapel, all situate in Stanley, shall be deemed to be places registered for celebrating marriages, and it shall be lawful for the Governor to grant under the Seal of the Colony a certificate of registration in relation to any other place hereafter commonly used for religious purposes.

"Marriages by banns shall be solemnized in a place registered for celebrating marriages."

Marriages by Registrar's licence in the above or in the house of a Justice.

Marriages by Governor's licence at any time and in any place therein stated.

Marriages may not be celebrated "in any building with closed doors or before 8 o'clock in the morning or after 6 in the evening," except by Governor's licence

"Form of words at marriage":—*I take thee to be my wedded (wife or husband).*

At every marriage three certificates must be signed by the minister: the parties married and the two witnesses. One certificate for the Registrar General, one for the husband and one to be kept in a book in the Church.

Fees:—Governor's Licence	£3. 0 0.
Minister	2. 0 0.
Clerk	10 0.
Banns or Registrar General's Licence	
Minister	10 0.
Clerk	5 0.
Publication of Banns	
Minister	2 6.
Registrar General	
Entry of Notice	2 6.
Licence	5 0.
Marriage by Registrar	10 0.

If the father or guardian refuse consent, either of the parties intending marriage may petition the Supreme Court to inquire into the grounds upon which consent was refused.

A Registrar may solemnize a marriage in his office on a licence issued by the Registrar General.

Banns are to be published on three successive Sundays. The Registrar General requires twenty one days notice before he can issue a licence for marriage. A Governor's special licence can be issued on application.

In all three cases:—Banns, Registrar General's and Governor's licence a declaration in accordance with the Ordinance must be made and signed.

This declaration can be witnessed by a Registrar or Justice of the Peace. It is not necessary for either party to appear *personally* in Stanley. Forms of declaration can be obtained at the Government Office, Stanley.

NEWS FROM PATAGONIA.

It may interest some of your numerous readers to hear how New Year's Day was kept in Patagonia. I landed in Port San Julian towards the end of the year and wended my way to the Estancia Darwin on

the 31st Dec. 1902. There I found that a company of friends had assembled to celebrate the New Year; the cookhouse had been decorated by many willing hands, thither the company adjourned at 8. p.m. Dancing was kept up until the small hours of the morning; supper was served in the house of the Estanciero at 12. a.m. On New Year's Day horse racing, foot racing and other amusements were engaged in; several prizes were given by friends present: the 1st prize for horse racing was a young colt given by the Estanciero; the 2nd prize, given by Messrs. Cameron and J. Kyle, tobacco; the 3rd. prize by Mr. Hope a mare.

Dancing was resumed at 9. p. m. and kept up with great spirit until 5. a.m.; throughout the evening songs were given by Miss Warne and Mr. S. Merrin and other gentlemen. During New Year's Day, Senores Levallois and Rodriguez arrived from Port San Julian and stayed the night. The following day was spent in resting and listening to the music of Mr. S. Cameron's gramophone. An adjournment was again made to the ball room in the evening and dancing engaged in until 12.30. a.m. After supper and the singing of Auld Lang Syne the company retired, all apparently highly pleased with the New Year's festivities. A great feature was the Photographing of various groups in various attitudes by Senor Fernandy de Calero, Buenos Aires. The weather was all that could be desired, warm and calm. Mr. C. White made a very efficient M.C. Great praise is due to all the other willing helpers on the Estancia, who contributed to the enjoyment of the company.

"WANDERER"

THE SEALING SCHOONERS.

We have lately had quite an inundation of Schooners, which arrive here with a large number of Sealskins and ship them home to England. Within a month we have had visits from no less than six of these schooners, of which half hail from Nova Scotia and the other three from British Columbia. Between them they have taken nearly 10,000 skins, and this fact alone will go far to disabuse people's mind of the idea that they had been caught close around here. It is the general impression, however, that the skins are procured between here and Monte Video and it remains to be seen whether the harvest now being reaped by these sealers will have a detrimental effect upon the catch here another year. Meanwhile here will be rejoicing in Nova Scotia and British Columbia!!

The schooners are very smart looking vessels, and as they carry lofty spars and a great spread of canvas, there is no reason to doubt that they can sail along at 13 or 14 knots an hour. It may be convenient, sometimes, that they should be able to do this. Looked at when under weigh they are all graceful and dainty looking, more especially the "*Ola M. Balcom*" which is a new vessel and painted white.

A VISIT TO THE FALKLANDS.

(continued.)

Although it was midsummer, yet the temperature was low, the air very bracing, and this was reflected on the faces of the children. There was not a pale face amongst them, all were ruddy and evidently full of health.

The most important establishment in these Islands is the Falkland Islands Company, who are at the same time the largest landowners. It was founded in 1851, and purchased from Mr. Lafone in that year nearly the sixth part of the total area of the Islands. Since that period, it has enormously extended its ramifications, and to-day possesses a vast tract of camp, 200,000 sheep, large shipping interests, and most completely equipped stores. Its present manager at Stanley, Mr. Harding, has left in the *Oravia* for a well-earned holiday. Another important business house is that of Mr. Charles Williams, and several others exist, but of less importance.

All the necessities of life have to be imported, as the Islands produce nothing but meat, and one form of combustible peat. Even bricks are included in this category, the trials that have been made to produce them there having given little satisfaction. Prices are therefore some 30 per. cent. above prices in England. Butcher's meat is sold at 2d. per pound, and is of excellent quality. Beef is scarce, and naturally some humour is extracted at the expense of the daily mutton. Thus, in the "Stanley Comet" of June 6, 1901. "Wanted, a wife. A wealthy widow of suitable age preferred. Must know 365 different ways of cooking mutton."

An undoubted source of richness to the Islands is the extensive formation of peat, that almost universally exists. The peat-bogs which supply the town, are situated on the eminence of the hill on which it is built, and are of great depth. They are the property of the community, and each one can mark out his own "claim": some years ago, during the rainy season, there occurred a peat-slip, with loss of life and destruction of much property. As coal at the present date is worth £3 a ton, it consequently meets with ready patronage.

The high rate of wages and the comparatively cheap cost of living enable the artisan class to lead a comfortable life, and to accumulate funds. The Savings Bank returns give an average of £22 deposited per head of the population, and of £126 10s. for the actual depositors: besides this sum, £6,742 was remitted to the United Kingdom in the same year, representing £3.5s. per head of the population.

Shipwrights, joiners and blacksmiths on ship-work gain 16s. 4d. per day. Shepherds £60 to £72 a year, with house, meat and horses. Shearers are paid 15s. per 100 sheep. The compilers of the Blue-book consider the labour market not to be overstocked, as the Admiralty have found it necessary to import Argentine labour for the construction of the Coaling Depot they have in hand.

Undoubtedly intemperance is on the increase, in spite of the advanced price of alcoholic liquors. It is not unusual to see a proclamation warning all publicans

and others interested not to supply some individual with alcoholic beverages for the space of a year, as the Authorities consider that he has had already sufficient drinks for that period.

There is no local newspaper to rustle the calm which generally pervades the population, the one before quoted, the "Stanley Comet," being a philanthropic effort, in aid of the still desired spire of the Cathedral.

The main industry of the place is its sheep farming.

There are nearly 800,000 sheep on the Islands, and it takes 2 hectares to feed each sheep. The chief breed is the Romney Marsh, with a few Lincoln and a slight strain of Merino. Disease is practically unknown, except ticks. No scab, for here there is a scab inspector, no foot-rot, flukes nor carbuncle. Of horned cattle there are only some 4000. The flocks and herds are raised purely for their wool and hides, for there is no outlet for the carcass. Canning and chilling have been tried, but without success, due to the uncertainty of the arrivals of the steamers. The excess must be eaten or boiled down.

The Islands were originally covered by a most valuable natural grass, "*Dactylis Coespitosa*," called the Tussock grass. It is reed like, grows to a height of five feet, and is inexpressibly sweet. This good quality has proved its ruin, for the sheep devoured it to the very root, and it has consequently disappeared on the mainland. It is still to be found on the Islands, where it is carefully preserved, and forms an excellent reserve of fodder for horses and cattle in the winter season. Those Islands near the town are the property of the Government, who permit the grass to be cut, on payment of a ten per cent tax. Recently an attempt has been made to sow patches of land with grass seed, apparently with a satisfactory result up to the present.

Yet large fortunes have been made in the Colony, and although landed property is in the hands of an Oligarchy, yet the general content augurs well, although it is plainly to be seen that until some other means be devised of utilizing the excess of produce, the Islands cannot achieve any further stage of development. Law and order are well maintained in the camp, they charge you £10 if you leave a gate open, while I believe in England they only charge you £5.

There is good shooting to be obtained, but not near the town. For this purpose it is necessary to hire a cutter, which costs £2 a day, and to proceed to the out-lying farms and coasts. Here are to be found plenty of geese, hares, duck and snipe. The geese, are a source of great trouble to the farmer, as they consume a vast quantity of the best grasses, therefore in many places they offer 15s. per 100 beaks.

There are few places of interest near the town worthy of a visit. Amongst these are the Lighthouse and the Penguin rookery. The Lighthouse must be visited in a boat to the nearest point of the promontory on which it stands, and then four miles of sand have to be negotiated. These sand plains were originally covered by Tussock. The Penguin rookery can be reached in a cutter to a point within the entrance to the harbour, followed by a three miles walk. Their

number is not very great, but they are of great interest to those who have never seen them in their natural state. If alarmed, they at once take to the sea, walking in columns of four or six, with a most comical solemnity. Approaching near to them, they will actively defend themselves; especially if their king should happen to be in their midst. The king is a taller bird than the rest, and is distinguished by a crest. It is never convenient to place oneself to the windward of them.

Opposite the Penguin rookery is situated Kidney Island, so called from its form, famous for its Tussock, and the abode of a large Sea lion, measuring over fourteen feet in length, which can generally be seen in the summer, basking in the sun. He is the terror of the Tussock cutters.

Bathing is impossible and even dangerous. The water is too cold, even in summer, and is moreover the abode of a very large specimen of kelp, which, aided by the movements of the swimmer, is attracted to his person, and entwines itself around his body. The tree kelp is plentiful, its size is indicated by its name. Cases of drowning are therefore common, and it is generally considered that any person falling into the water must be drowned.

No fishing industry exists, nor are fish apparently very plentiful. Yet the Smelt and Mullet, (Pejerey and Anchoa) possess a finer flavour than we are accustomed to in the River Plate.

As can be imagined, the inhabitants are very hospitable, and are right glad to see a stranger's face, there is plenty of social life for those who desire it, and the healthy atmosphere invites one to pass the day out of doors.

For those who desire a complete change, no better health-resort could be found, while those who suffer from "brain-fag" will soon experience a healthy reaction in the tranquil Colony of the Far South.

DELIVERED UP BY THE SEA.

Last year, when visiting the Falkland Islands, a Mr. Holt picked up a massive signet ring, which bore the inscription: "Patrick Carnegie, Esq., Lower, died 24th November, 1819, aged 62." On his return to London Mr. Holt inserted an advertisement in "The Times" describing the ring. It was claimed, and so a curious story was brought to light, which will be interesting to many people in Southland. Patrick Carnegie was the owner of the Lower estate in Forfarshire, Scotland. He died in 1819, and left to all the members of his family (with the exception of the youngest, a girl and a mere child) signet mortuary rings. One of the sons was John Carnegie, who of course, received a ring with the others. In 1821 John sailed from the Firth of Forth in a vessel whose name and destination cannot now well be ascertained. Nothing was ever afterwards heard of the ship nor any trace of her company found. But last year Mr. Holt picked up one of the Carnegie signet rings on the Falkland Islands, and on advertising it in London it was identified as the ring given to John Carnegie by his father more than eighty years before. It is curious

to notice into whose hands it now fell. Patrick Carnegie's little daughter, who at the time of her father's death was too young to receive a ring for herself, grew up and was married to Colonel Gardener, and one of the issue was Mr. James Gardener, of Birchwood, Southland. On seeing the advertisement in "The Times," a friend obtained the ring for Miss Margaret St. Clair Bower Gardener, of Sidmouth, who was the eldest child of Colonel Gardener and sister of Mr. James Gardener, Birchwood. Thus in the process of time the mystery enveloping the death of Mr. John Carnegie has been dissipated, and his ring has fallen to his niece, the grand-daughter of old Patrick Carnegie. *The Weekly Press, New Zealand. July 2nd 1902.*

TROUBLE YOUR HEADS WITH YOUR OWN AFFAIRS'

You all know the burden that hangs to my song,
Like the bell of St. Paul's, 'tis a common ding-dong;
I don't go to College for classical tools,
For Apollo has now set up National Schools,
Oh! mine is a theme you can chant when you may,
Fit for every age and for every day;
And if rich folks say, "Poor folks don't give yourselves
[airs,"
Bid them "Trouble their heads with their own affairs."

Our acquaintance stand up with reproving advice,
Where the friend of our soul would be sparingly nice;
But people will see their own farthing-dip shine,
Though they stick it right under a gunpowder mine.
Faults and errors choke up like a snow-storm, I ween,
But we each have a door of our own to sweep clean;
And 'twould save us a vast many squabbles and cares,
If we'd "Trouble our heads with our own affairs."

The "Browns" spend the bettermost part of the day
In watching the "Greens" who live over the way;
They know about this, and they know about that,
And can tell Mr. Green when he has a new hat,
Mrs. Brown finds that Mrs. Green's never at home,
Mrs. Brown doubts how Mrs. Green's money can come;
And Mrs. Brown's youngest child tumbles down stairs,
Through not "Troubling her head with her own affairs."

Let a symptom of wooing and wedding be found,
And full soon the impertinent whisper goes round
The fortune, the beauty, the means, and the ends;
Are all carefully weighed by our good-natured friends.
'Tis a chance if the lady is perfectly right;
She must be a flirt, if she is not a fright;
Oh! how pleasant 'twould be if the meddlesome bears
Would but "Trouble their heads with their own affairs."

We abuse without limit the heretic one
While he bends to the image, or kneels to the sun;
We must interfere with all other men's creeds, [beads;
From the Brahmin's white Bull to the (Roman) Catholic's
But Heaven, like Rome may have many a road
That leads us direct to the wished for abode;
And a wise exhortation, in Christian prayers,
Would be "Trouble your head with your own affairs."

FALKLAND ISLANDS VOLUNTEERS.

Accounts for year ended June 30th, 1902.

CR.	INCOME.	£.	s.	d.	DR.	EXPENDITURE	£.	s.	d.
Balance brought forward	234	0	2	Caretaker from May 1st, 1901 to June 30th 1902, 14 months ...	...	21	0	0
Clothing, boots and leggings	23	14	0	Printing ...	...	0	2	6
Capitation Grant, 1901	100	0	0	Government repayment for clothing	...	56	16	6
Interest on Deposits	6	7	7	Markers ...	...	8	10	0
Fines less Court charges	4	8	0	Paraffin Oil ...	...	2	8	0
Sundries	4	7	9	Oil Feeder ...	...	0	1	9
					Cleaning Guns ...	...	1	8	0
					Labour and Material, improvements at Naval Range ...	...	1	8	0
					Loans to Volunteer Club ...	...	128	19	6
					Piano Hire, F. I. Co., ...	...	1	0	0
					Slates, Mr. Hardy ...	...	0	1	2
					P.O.O. Army & Navy Stores for Accountments ...	...	7	15	0
					Rent ...	...	26	0	0
					Carrying Ammunition ...	...	0	5	0
					Whitening and Turpentine ...	...	0	2	3
					Balance in hands of O.C. 14 14 6				
					„ „ Bank 102 5 4				
							116	19	10
							£372	17	6

Audited and found correct,
W. HART-BENNETT, *Colonial Secretary.*
25th, November, 1902.

F. DUROSE, Lieutenant,
Officer Commanding.

The Presbytery, Stanley, Jan. 30th, 1903.

Dear Sir,

Will you kindly allow me, through the medium of your widely circulating magazine, to express my heartfelt thanks to my numerous friends, who, by letter, or personal enquiries have shown their sympathy for me in the dreadful misfortune that I met with on the 24th of last October.

The attending circumstances, as well as the trying position I was in at the time, rendered the shocking accident still more difficult to bear, but, the sincere sympathy felt and shown by the good people of Stanley contributed immensely to the alleviation of my distress.

I owe very special thanks to my great friend Dr. Hamilton. Having examined the injured limb some five hours after the accident, he saw that amputation was necessary, and at once performed the operation with complete success. He was most assiduous in his attention to me until the wound was healed, and it is chiefly to him that I owe the fact of my being alive today.

It was fortunate that I had the services of Miss Silversides also, for her special training as a nurse aided materially in hastening my recovery, and so I feel thankful to her and the following angels of charity, Mrs. Watt, Mrs. Shires, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Percich, and Mrs. Walsh. With a noble spirit of self-sacrifice

those kind ladies came in turn to remain up at night to minister to my wants and console me by their comforting words.

For the nourishing food and drink sent me whilst ill, and the books, papers &c. I received after I became convalescent, I am most grateful to the following ladies and gentlemen, His Excellency the Governor, Mr. and Mrs. Hart-Bennett, Mr and Mrs. Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. Packe, Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Dean and Mrs. Johnson. I feel deeply indebted also to the members of the police force, and to those who rendered such signal service on the day of my accident, especially, Sergt. Major Watt, who, not alone on that day, but, for the whole time that my leg needed dressing came daily to assist Dr. Hamilton.

The timely arrival of F. Diamond was a great relief to me, and I think it is no exaggeration to say that a brother could not be more attentive and kind than he has been: he has consequently earned my lasting gratitude.

To those gentlemen who showed such a christian spirit in asking the prayers of the people for me in the different Churches of Stanley, and to Dean Brandon for the many kind references to me in past issues of the Magazine I offer most cordial thanks,

I am, dear Sir, Yours faithfully,
HARRY BREEN.

STANLEY ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL CLUB.

At last Stanley has been able to raise a football team capable of holding its own with the men-of-war teams. Under the above title a club has been formed amongst the young men of Stanley with fair prospects of success. The team have supplied themselves with red shirts and football boots so as to be on an equal footing with their opponents.

The "*Basilisk*" has been met twice and defeated. The first match against them took place on Jan. 10th a very wet day, the ground being very bad, but it cleared up somewhat in the afternoon, only one squall marring the game. Stanley was by far the better team and in the second half was pressing most of the time and only faulty shooting saved the "*Basilisk*" a heavy defeat although they were very lucky in 3 shots just passing wide, one striking the bar. The game finished in favor of Stanley by one goal to nil. The second was more keenly contested, but Stanley was rather short handed; still a hard fight took place, a regular ding dong game all through. The same fault as in the previous game spoiled Stanley's score, the end being 1 to 0. The "*Basilisk*" tried hard to win but the defence was too stubborn, Fleuret in goal being especially good. Lieut. Trewby officiated in both games as referee and gave great satisfaction to both sides. On the 31st. Jan. the "*Cambrian*" tried conclusions with our men, but they proved too strong for us; their defence being very sound and reliable. Fleuret, unfortunately, was an absentee, or a different tale may have been told. The "*Cambrian*" scored twice in the early stages of the game before Stanley had fairly settled to their work. Again the same fault was noticeable, the forwards greatly lack scoring powers, and do not combine together as they should. A lesson was taught by our opponents on the 31st, and it remains to be seen whether our men will take advantage of it. The defence was rather weak and did not show the same stubbornness as in the previous matches. Unfortunately J. Walsh had to leave the field half through the second half, through receiving a nasty cut on the head, so Stanley had to finish with 10 men and either they improved or the "*Cambrian*" eased up and the concluding portion of the game Stanley was the best team and ought to have drawn level. The game concluded in the "*Cambrian*" being victors by 3 to 1.

Still Stanley must buck up, attend to the weak points pointed out and improve on them and there is still hope of their being able to take down the "*Cambrians*" and then let us hope the "*Nymphs*" also.

The team is under the captaincy of Mr. F. W. Street, and vice-capt. Mr. D. Dick. Committee Messrs. J. Walsh, D. Sullivan, A. Fleuret, W. Miller and F. Kiddle. The support of the Stanley people is earnestly requested, as this is the only sport we can boast of at present as showing any degree of proficiency; and also tends to keep the young men in good sound condition, improving them in many ways.

CRITIQUE.

FEBRUARY 11TH, 1903.

IMPORTED RAMS.

The New Zealand vessel, the "*Rangatira*," arrived here about the middle of January with 267 Rams. With the exception of 12 Merinos for Messrs. Packe Bros. & Co. the whole of these were for the Falkland Islands Company.

Arrangements had to be specially made for landing such a large lot and for placing them in Quarantine. It was finally decided that the lighter to which they had been transhipped from the "*Rangatira*" should be placed alongside the Dockyard jetty and the sheep run up from there to the official Quarantine station, close to Sullivan House. Here again special arrangements had to be made for providing fodder and water, seeing that such a number was out of proportion to the carrying capacity of the Quarantine enclosure.

After a lot of discussion, and acting upon the advice of the Inspector of Stock, it was finally agreed by the Governor in Council that those belonging to the Falkland Islands Company should be driven out to Darwin, and this was accordingly done. The merinos for Mr. Buckworth are still in Stanley but will probably go out in the first schooner that goes to Fox Bay.

Some competent authorities say that these imported rams are a good lot, whilst others are disappointed. All are agreed, however, that amongst them there are some splendid animals. Unfortunately two of them died whilst in Stanley.

CONCERT.

On Wednesday evening Feb. 4th, a very pleasant concert was given by H.M.S. *Cambrian* in the Assembly Room. It was got up for the benefit of Mrs. Ryan and her six children, left destitute by the sudden death of the father, so we were glad to hear the takings amounted to £30.

The programme was a very full one; it contained items to please all tastes and was thoroughly enjoyed by the large audience that literally filled all available space.

- | | | |
|--|------------------------------|---|
| 1. Overture | Esmerelda | Orchestra. |
| 2. Song | River of Years | Mr. J. T. Bush. |
| 3. Song with Violin obligato accompt. | Bid me to Love | Miss V. Felton. |
| 4. Recitation | The midnight Charge. | Mr. H. W. Smith. |
| 5. Song | Mary | Miss A. Kirwan. |
| 6. Song | Asthore | Mr. T. DeVillie. |
| 7. Banjo Solo | The Schaffer's Gig | Mr. S. Tozer. |
| 8. Recitation | Ballad of Splendid Silence | Mrs. Watt. |
| 9. Quartette from the Opera | "Yeoman of the Guard" | |
| | "Strange Adventure" | Misses V. Felton, M. Durose, Mr. J. T. Bush, Mr. E. W. Denison. |
| Interval. The Band played Grand Selection "Cinderella" | | |
| 10. Humorous Recitation | | E. W. Bennett. |
| 11. Plantation Song | Oh! Ma Babby | Miss M. Durose. |
| 12. Musical Display | | Mr. F. Smith. |
| 13. Comic Song | I'm the Plumber | Mr. E. W. Denison. |
| 14. Song | Killarney | Miss M. Pimm. [Smith. |
| 15. Comic Song | He's going there every night | Mr. F. |
| 16. Song | Tommy Atkins | Mr. Sedgwick. |
| 17. Recitation | | Mrs. Watt. |
| 18. Stump Speech | Apples | Mr. H. Wills |

JURY LIST FOR THE YEAR 1903.

Aitken, Richard	Collins,	Jones, R.	Morrison, D.
Alazia, J.	Cullen, S.	Jones, Thomas	Morrison, G.
Alazia, W.	Cusack, D.	Kelway, F. G.	Morrison, R.
Aldridge, Charles	Davis, B.	Kelway, John	Newing, H.
Aldridge John G.	Davis, John	Kelway, Charles	Newing, L.
Aldridge, Joseph	Davis, Richard	Kendal, Walter	Newman, F.
Allen, Robert	Dettleff, John	King, A.	Osborne, Geo.
Anderson, Louis	Dettleff, Michael	King, F. I.	Parrin, H.
Anderson, William	Dettleff, Thomas	King, Thomas	Parrin, M.
Armstrong, W.	Dettleff, Hansen	Kirwan, John	Perrin, G.
Ashley, F.	Dettleff, William	Kirwan, Sidney	Peck, W.
Atherton, T.	Dickson, John	Lang, F.	Peck, J., Jr.
Atherton, F.	Durose, F.	Langdon, F.	Phillips, G.
Badmin, D.	Earle, David	Lanning, T.	Pitaluga, Alex. M.
Bailey, John	Elmer, Wm.	Lee, Charles	Pitaluga, Henry
Barnes, Arthur	Etheridge, Wm.	Lee, J.	Pitaluga, James
Bell, H.	Evans, John	Lyse, John	Poppy, John
Bender, Charles	Felton, John	Lellman, Fritz	Ratcliffe, William
Bennett, H. E.	Finlayson, William	Lehen, J.	Ratcliffe, John
Benney, G. W.	Fleuret, Alfonse	Lehen, C.	Reeves, Robert
Benney, W. G.	Fleuret, Gaston	Lehen J. Jr.	Reeves, A.
Berntsen, L.	Fleuret, Octave	Lewis, James	Reeves, George
Berntsen, Abner	Gilchrist, A.	Lewis, J.	Reid, W.
Berntsen, W.	Girling, W. C.	Linney, Albert	Roberts, H.
Betts, J.	Gleadell, C.	Linney, Arthur	Robertson, J.
Biggs, Allan	Gleadell, E.	Luxton, John	Robson, Joseph
Biggs, Fred.	Gleadell, E. J.	Luxton, W. H.	Robson, E.
Biggs, George	Goodwin, T., Jr.	Mannan, F.	Robson, T.
Biggs, James	Goodwin, T.	Mannan, H.	Robson, John
Biggs, John	Goodwin, R.	McAskill, A.	Rowlands, George
Biggs, W. J.	Gorton, C. A.	McAskill D.	Rummell, H.
Biggs, Arthur V.	Goss, William	McAtasney, John	Rutter, Harry
Biggs, Alfred	Greenshields, G.	McCall, A.	Rutter, Edwin
Biggs, Albert	Griffin, Wm.	McCarthy, P.	Scott, C.
Binnie, T.	Halliday, John	Mackay, John	Sedgwick, H.
Binnie, J.	Halliday, W.	McLaren, J.	Sharpe, Robert
Berling, F.	Hansen, Charles	McDaid, Wm.	Short, Fred
Blyth, J.	Hardy, Albert	McDonald, A.	Short, C.
Bonner, George	Hardy, F. Jr.	McDonald, E.	Short, J.
Bonner, W.	Hardy, William	McDonald, M.	Short, Richard
Bonner, Sam	Hardy, Arthur	McGill, W.	Simpson, F.
Bonner, Alex	Hardy, Walter	McGill, James	Simpson, W.
Boyer, A.	Harries, Joseph	McKay, J.	Skilling, R.
Bradbury, R.	Harrison, Wilfred	McPhee, J.	Smith, D.
Browning, Benjamin	Herring, E.	McKenzie, D.	Smith, Alex
Browning, F.	Harten, John Von	McKenzie, M.	Smith, E. J.
Butler, Joseph	Hennah, H. H.	McPherson, D.	Smith, J.
Butler, Thomas	Hewitt, D.	Martin, Alex.	Smith, G. P.
Campbell, Walter	Holt, E.	Melin, Charles	Smith, W.
Carey, David	Humble, J.	Meldrum, David L.	Smith, John
Carey, J. R.	Hunter, A.	Mercer, A.	Smith, Thomas
Cartinell, R.	Hunter, R.	Middleton, D.	Smith, Ralph
Clement, H.	Hunter, Robert Jr.	Miller, M.	Smith, George J.
Clement, Donald	Hynam, C.	Miller, W.	Steel, James
Clethero, J.	Hynam, G.	Mitchell, D.	Steel, John
Clifton, H.	Jennings, G.	Mitchie, G.	Stewart, George
Clifton, H., Jr.	Johnson, M.	Morrison, A.	Street, F. W.
Clifton, Wm.	Johastone, Geo.	Moir, Alex	Summers, John
Clethero, William	Jones, H.	Morrison, Finlay	Summers, E.
	Jones, J.	Morrison, A.	Thomas, H., Capt.

Thomas, H.	Thompson, G.	Thompson, W.
Turner, G.	Turner, G. I.	Wallace, J.
Walsh, W.	Walsh, John.	Watson, D.
Watson, J.	Watson, T.	Watt, I.
Watts, J.	Whaley, C.	Whitman, Lee J.
Wilkins, E.	Williams, J. H.	Williams, Henry.
Williams, Louis.		

ERRATUM.

J. VON HARTEN V. DEAN BRANDON.

In the February issue of the Magazine for "upon which the Chief Justice entered Judgment for the Plaintiff with costs," read "upon which the Chief Justice entered Judgment for the Defendant with costs"

APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE FOR 1903.

Item.	Head of Service.	Amount.
1	Pensions ...	£ 247 16 8
2	Governor...	1481
3	Colonial Secretary ...	1289
4	Customs ...	70 15
5	Audit ...	25
6	Port and Marine ...	240
7	Legal ...	284
8	Police ...	574
9	Prisons ...	326
10	Medical ...	693
11	Education ...	779
12	Ecclesiastical ...	520
13	Transport ...	130
14	Miscellaneous ...	787
15	Post Office ...	3092
16	Colonial Engineer ...	856
17	Public Works ...	1450
18	Savings Bank ...	1175
19	Drawbacks and Refunds ...	100
		<hr/> £14119 11 8 <hr/>

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Jan. 17.	<i>Rangatira</i> from New Zealand.
" 23.	<i>Liguria</i> from Liverpool.
" 23.	<i>Sorata</i> from Valparaiso.
" 24.	<i>Edward Roy</i> from Halifax.
" 25.	<i>Beatrice L. Corkum</i> from Halifax.
" "	<i>Ola M. Balcom</i> " "
" "	<i>Fair Rosamond</i> from North Arm. Passenger: Mrs. Jones.
" 26.	<i>Chance</i> from Port Stephens.
" 29.	<i>Hornet</i> from North Arm and Lively.
" "	<i>Fortuna</i> from Fox Bay etc.
Feb. 1.	<i>Richard Williams</i> from Pebble.
" 4.	<i>Panama</i> from Valparaiso.
" 7.	<i>E. B. Marmin</i> from Victoria B. C.
" "	<i>H. M. S. Nympe</i> from Monte Video.
" 9.	<i>Florence M. Smith</i> from Victoria B. C.
" 10.	<i>Fair Rosamond</i> from Fox Bay & Teal Inlet.
" "	<i>Hornet</i> from San Carlos. Passengers: Mr. & Mrs. R. Short & family.
" "	<i>Florence M. Munsie</i> from Halifax.

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 17.	<i>Rangatira</i> for London.
" "	<i>Fair Rosamond</i> for North Arm.
" "	<i>Fortuna</i> for Darwin & Fox Bay. Passengers. Mrs. Jameson & two children, Mrs. W. Biggs Jr. & child, the Misses Watson, & Mr. G. Johnson.
" 19.	<i>Hornet</i> for North Arm.
" 24.	<i>H. M. S. Basilisk</i> for Monte Video.
" "	<i>Liguria</i> for Valparaiso.
" 26.	<i>Sorata</i> for Liverpool.
" "	<i>Scotia</i> for Antarctic. David Patrick shipped.
" 29.	<i>Fair Rosamond</i> for Fox Bay.
Feb. 3.	<i>Hornet</i> for San Carlos. Passengers. Mrs. Holt & child.
" 4.	<i>Chance</i> for Port Stephens.
" "	<i>Panama</i> for Liverpool. Passengers. Mrs. Hayes & child, Mr. & Mrs. Greig & child, Miss O'Connor, Miss Bogle, & Mr. Meldrum.
" 5.	<i>Edward Roy</i> for Sealing Cruise.
" "	<i>Beatrice L. Corkum</i> for Sealing Cruise.
" 6.	<i>Fortuna</i> for Shallow Bay & Saunders. Pass: Mrs. Benney & Miss Pitaluga.
" 9.	<i>H. M. S. Cambrian</i> for Lively & Arrow [Harbour.
" 10.	<i>Richard Williams</i> for Pebble Island.
" 11.	<i>Ola M. Balcolm</i> for Sealing Cruise.

THE MAIL SERVICE TO THE NORTH CAMPS ON THE EAST.

Dear Sir—For the last 10 years we have enjoyed a mail service to San Carlos, but now the service is stopped and we are asked to pay £24 a year for 6 mails to San Carlos. Asked to pay for what we look upon as our right! the Government cannot see its way to pay the £24, it cannot be because £24 is such a large sum, but, Sir, what I want to know is, why can't the Government see that we get our letters and papers in decent time. When the papers get to San Carlos they are always 2 months or sometimes 3 long in coming, its a shame things are so bad. If a Government cannot pay £24 to get a mail service to San Carlos, then its time something was done. I for one, Sir, would sooner go without papers than pay anything towards getting a mail service to San Carlos. For Sir. its the duty of the Government to see that we get a proper mail service and they should do their duty.

"Up Guards and at 'im.

A very reasonable offer has been made to land the mail at San Carlos. The masters have promised to pay a fair share of the cost, but in one Cook-house only TWO men were willing to subscribe? Our correspondent would do good if he tried to inculcate unity of purpose; the want of which is the curse of the Islands.

Ed.

ASSEMBLY ROOM.

Price list of Refreshments at Assembly Billiard Room.

Mason's Wine	-/1 per glass.
Coffee	-/2 „ cup.
Tea	-/2 „ „
Tarts	-/1 each.
Cakes	from -/1 - -/2 „

BILLIARDS 1/6 per hour.

BAGATELLE TABLE -/9 per hour.

No smoking while actually playing billiards.

As Man to Man is so unjust
I cannot tell what man to trust,
I have trusted so many to my sorrow,
Pay to day and trust to-morrow.

£2. REWARD.

For such evidence as will lead to the conviction of the person or persons:—
WHO STOLE PEAT from Mrs. Bell's stack on the night of Sunday, Feb. 8th, '03

WHO UPSET the Lecturn in Christ Church on Feb. 3rd. 1903.

MRS. PAICE

has opened

A RESTAURANT

Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Cake, Hot Meals, Dinners,

Temperance Refreshments,

Tea Cakes made to order.

FOR SALE.

ESTATE OF the late MARY ANN KENDALL (known as EMILY HOCKING)
for Auction early in March. Pensioners Cottage allotment, Nos. 27 & 28
will be sold together with the buildings thereon. 29 & 30 each separately.
Household furniture and effects &c. &c. All claims to be sent in before
28th February, and all debts paid on or before same date to

J. J. FELTON *Executor*

ONE PERFECT GRAMOPHONE. Brass horn. 24 Records £6. 50 extra
records 1/- each. Apply to M. A. SMITH, JOHNSON'S HARBOUR.

A MANGLE, price £3. 10 0. Apply to EDITOR.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home, Chatterbox,
Little Folk, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—in
monthly numbers of year 1900 at 4/-.
Apply to THE LIBRARIAN.

TO LET OR FOR SALE:-- HOTEL IMPERIAL.

Apply to F. F. LELLMAN

"TIME AND TIDE IS IMPORTANT TO ALL"

Once more from London . . .

D. J. JACOBS,

Practical Watchmaker & Jeweller,

Has arrived in this Colony and wishes to thank the public of Stanley and the surrounding Camps for their favour and support, and begs to state he has come for a limited time, and hopes to further solicit all kinds of Repairs,

Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, Phonographs,
Chronometers, and Musical Instruments
and all kinds of Automatical Machines,
&c., &c., &c.,

All Work entrusted to D. J. J. will receive his best and most careful attention. The old Address :

W, HARDY'S Kelper Store.
Stanley.

November 30th, 1902.

For Sale the following Freeholds,

1 PIECE OF LAND $1/5$ th of an Acre fronting on James Street 22 yds. bounded on West 44 yds. by land of Mr. W. Biggs, North 22 yds. Mrs. M. Dean, East by No. 2 with a Stone House in thorough repair. On ground floor Large glass porch or conservatory, 1 room fitted with Register Grate, 1 large room fitted with good stove dresser and cupboard. Leanto 22 ft. by 9 ft. inside with partition for store room or small bedroom, a wide staircase and 2 large bedrooms on first floor. Let to a good Tenant. Price £315.

2 A piece of Land the same size as above and adjoining bounded on the East by Mr. Jas. Smith, with new wood residence roofed with iron, containing on ground floor dining room with Tile register grate and cupboard, a small room 8 ft. by 10 ft. fitted with nice parsons grate. The staircase is taken off this room with entrance from leanto, glass porch at front door, the leanto the whole length of building with good stove, dresser and cupboard. First floor 3 nice bedrooms. Let to good Tenant. Price £475.

3 A piece of land with a frontage to Ross Road 22 yds. on the East by land Mr. Jas. Smith, 88 yds. on the West by land Capt. Rowlands on the South James Street 22 yds. $2/5$ th of an acre with a double house, newly erected East side ground floor with passage, living room fitted with good stove, dresser and cupboard. Large leanto 1st floor 2 bedrooms. West side similar but fitted with range. This site let to a good Tenant. Price £675 for this double residence.

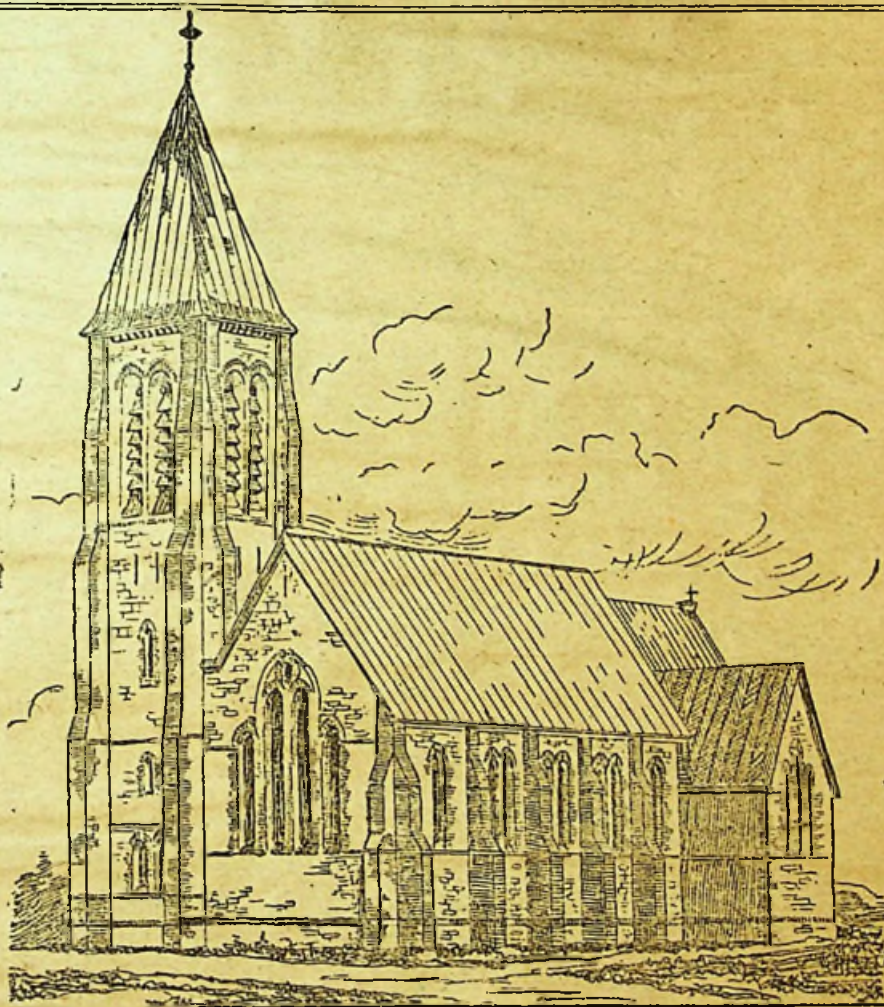
Tanks to each house and all necessities.

Terms Cash or approved bill on Immediate Transfer. Apply MR. JAMES TURNER.

No. 12. VOL. XIV. APRIL 1903. PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.
SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Duncan Watson, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Joseph Aldridge and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidemen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

CHRIST CHURCH OFFERTORY

Account for the Year ending Easter 1903.

CR.	£.	s.	d.	DR.	£.	s.	d.
By Balance from Easter 1902		5	8	To Wages Sexton	36	0	0
" Offertory April	8	18	3½	" " Organ Blowing	6	17	11
" " May	5	9	11	" " Bell Ringer	6	0	0
" " June	8	1	10¾	" Sunday School Miscellaneous	2	12	0
" " July	4	18	0¾	" Insurance Premium	17	12	6
" " August	5	8	10¾	" Special Offertories:—			
" " September	4	8	10¼	" Choir 2	7	6	1
" " October	4	11	10	" Tower	7	11	11½
" " November	10	2	2½	" Foreign Missions	2	11	11
" " December	9	10	8¾	" Wine, Sacrament		8	0
" " January '03	10	15	11¾	" Printing	1	17	0
" " February	10	13	7	" Messenger and Labour		16	0
" " March	17	5	3	" Washing, sweeping chimneys,			
" " To Easter	6	13	10¼	" & carting	1	13	0
" Exchange of Foreign Coins		15	1	" F.I.Co., Williams, & Watson			
" Deficit	13	7	2¼	" Coal, Oil, Lamp glasses &			
				" Sundries	28	0	11
				" Varnishing Doors &c.	2	0	0
	£121	7	3½		£121	7	3½
				Deficit	£13	7	2¼

THOMAS BINNIE
HON. TREASURER.

Audited and found correct
W. C. GIRLING.

CHOIR FUND.

The following Subscriptions are acknowledged with many thanks:—

Acknowledged in Feb, No.	£18	3	9¼
Mrs. Morrison (per Rev. Blount)	3	0	
Choir Box	13	8¾	
Mrs. Blount	10	0	

Please note, we start a fresh year with a balance of 3/0¾ only, and that the yearly expenses average about £20. Subscriptions will be gratefully received and acknowledged.

GENERAL STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING EASTER 1903.

Per Subscriptions	£11	1	10	Salary to Organist	£12.	0	0
Choir box	1	12	11½	Deposited in Savings Bank }			
Offertories (Xmas)	6	15	8½	to Choir boys account }	2	18	0
				Rupert Durose leaving Choir }			
				on account of voice breaking }	1	10	5¼
				Music for use of Choir		4	0
				Picnic in December			
				Hire of Launch	1	10	0
				Labour	10	0	
				Hire of crockery &c	5	0	
				Printing for Xmas Festival		7	6
				Messenger		2	6
					£19	7	5¼
				Balance in hand		3	0¾

J. BRANDON

THE TOWER FUND.

Every one will be pleased to hear that the building of the Tower has made good progress during the six weeks the masons have been engaged. If all goes well we hope that the masonry will be almost completed by the end of the present month. The expenses are very heavy just now, what with wages, material, carting &c., and now is the time for friends to shew their practical sympathy by sending us donations. We have every reason to be gratified with the way in which the fund has grown of late as will be seen from the following statement:—

Already announced	£479	0	1
The Lord Bishop	20	0	0
R. Blake Esq.	5	0	0
Miss Blake	5	0	0
T. Oldfield	1	0	0
Quarry	1	0	0
John Cheek	1	0	0
Mrs. Coulter	1	0	0
First Stone	2	6	
Half Bottle	10	0	
Solicitor	10	0	
Leslie Hardy	2	6	
Mabel Sarney	2	6	
Violet Sarney	2	6	
Fred Hollen Jun'or	5	0	
Ernest Phillips	5	0	
Anonymous	3	0	
Miss E. Watson	5	0	
Offertory in Cathedral	7	12	0
Box in Porch	17	1	
Proceeds of Ribbon work } (per Mrs. Girling) }	10	10	0
Comet No. 4. (part)	1	10	0
	£535	17	2

Stanley

April 13th, 1903.

W. C. GIRLING.

HON. TREAS.

THE CHURCH HOUSE.

Contributions are occasionally made to the Fund for paying for the above, and since our last report it has been augmented as follows:—

Already announced:—

Miss Hastie	£205	16	-
Sermon	8	0	
Frances Ewenson	1	0	0
Maggie McLeod	2	0	
Balance	2	0	
George Bonner Esq.	5	0	0
Puppies	15	0	
Offertory, San Carlos, S.	15	0	
J. Stirling	2	6	
Change		6	
Communicant	2	0	
	£221	15	8

W. C. GIRLING, HON. TREAS.

THE STANLEY COMET

The fourth number of this important work is now on sale at the modest price of one shilling only. There are interesting articles on various matters dealing with social life in our midst, and there are potential libel suits ahead of the Editor.

Buy THE STANLEY COMET

and see what is said about you.

Proceeds go to augment the Tower Fund.

Shillings have been paid to the following for mistakes pointed out in *The Comet*:—

Miss E. Watson	Five Shillings
Mr. T. McLeod	Two "
Mr. C. A. Gorton	One "
Dr. C. R. Nicholson	One "

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

"Undaunted of the Falklands" Lodge

Meetings held in the

TEMPLAR'S HALL, VILLIERS STREET

Every Thursday at 7.30, P.M.

All who desire to become members are cordially invited to attend at that hour.

BRO. DAVIS, Sec.

BIRTHS.

- EWENSON. Hope Cottage, N. A. Feb. 7th, the wife of W. Ewenson of a son.
 CANEPA. Stanley, Feb. 12th, the wife of Antonio Canepa of a daughter.
 GOSS. Stanley, Feb. 12th, the wife of W. Goss of a daughter.
 ROBSON. Fitzroy N. Feb. 6th, the wife of Joseph Robson of a daughter.
 LANGDON. Hill Cove, Jan. the wife of Frederick Langdon of a
 ASLACHSEN. Punta Arenas, Jan. 21st, the wife of Captain Aslachsen of a daughter.
 LANNING. Keppel Island, Jan. 13th, the wife of Thomas Lanning of a daughter.
 GLEADELL. Stanley, March 15th, the wife of J. Glendell of a daughter (stillborn.)
 BERNTSEN. Stanley, March 15th, the wife of Lars M. Berntsen of a daughter (stillborn.)
 HASTINGS. London, Dec. 13th, the wife of D. Hastings (late of Falkland Islands) of a daughter.
 BUSE. Stanley, Jan. 8th, the wife of F. Buse of a daughter.
 LARSEN. New Island, Jan. 27th, the wife of A. R. Larsen of a son.
 LAWSON. Malta, March 1st, the wife of Lieutenant Lawson R.N. of a daughter.
 LYSE. Pebble Island, Feb. 19th, the wife of John Lyse of a son.
 DIX. Stanley, March 25th, the wife of C. Dix of a daughter.
 ALDRIDGE. Stanley, March 31st, the wife of John Aldridge of a son.
 BROWNING. Stanley, Jan. 28th, the wife of F. Browning of a son.
 LEE. Port Howard, March 13th, the wife of Charles Lee of a daughter.
 BINNIE. Stanley, April 8th, the wife of James Binnie of a son.

MARRIAGES.

- SHARP & McMULLIAN. Glasgow, Jan. 9th, James Sharp and Marion McMullian.
 MCKAY & SMITH. Stanley, April 4th, John McKay and Mearon Smith.
 MIDDLETON & ATKINS. Darwin, Jan. 13th, Lindsay Middleton and Selina Mary Atkins.
 HARDY & LEHEN. Stanley, Feb. 24th, Walter Hardy & Annie Lehen.

DEATH.

- HASTINGS. Greenwich, London, David Hastings (late of the Falklands) of pneumonia.
 LEWIS. Stanley, March 29th, James Henry Compa (Lewis), Aged 56 years.

Received from Mrs. Durose the sum of Three Pounds ten shillings and six pence being the amount collected by the children of the Government Schools to raise a memorial over the grave of their late teacher Miss E. Hocking, and entrusted to me to carry out. £3. 10 6. F. W. STREET, DEC. 1902.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6: single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each.
 4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 10s. per half page per annum; £3 whole page per annum; **Charge for inclosing Circulars:**—5/- per month for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies can always be obtained at that time.

CHURCH SERVICES.

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 10.45 a.m.

" Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at 8. 45.

Evening Prayer (Wednesday) at 7 p.m.

The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon: and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on any Sunday or week day.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10. a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of every month in the Vestry at 8. P.M. All Letters should be addressed to Mr. D. R. Watson, Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, FEBRUARY, 1903.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION	... Morning	... 218½
"	... Evening	... 182½
NUMBER OF COINS	... Morning	... 78½
"	... Evening	... 76½
Number at S. School	... Morning	... 96½
" " " "	... Afternoon	... 100½
Number of coins in the Offertories:—		
0 sovereign, 0 half-sovereign, 0 crowns, 7 half-crowns, 19 florins, 34 shillings, 127 sixpences, 81 threepenny pieces, 374 pence, 42 halfpence, 0 farthings and 17 other coins. Total, 701.		

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of the Falkland Islands has appointed, as Hon. Canon of the Cathedral, the Rev. J. I. Stevenson, Rector of Quilmes and Principal of St. George's College, Buenos Aires.

CHRIST CHURCH FALKLAND ISLANDS.

FEBRUARY, 1903.

RECEIPTS.				EXPENDITURE.			
	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Brght. forward	10	8		To Wages:--			
1 By Offer.	2	4	6½	" Sexton	3	2	0
8 " "	2	2	8½	" Blower	10	0	
15 " "	1	16	8	" Bell Ringer	10	0	
22 " "	4	0	3	" E. Binnie	4	0	
Thank Offerings	9	6		" Bal. of a/c			
				" Coal	2	0	0
				" Labour on			
				" N. wall	3	0	
				" F.I.Co. a/c	4	14	3
				" Balance	1	1	
	£11	4	4		£11	4	4

Deficit up to date £20. 2. 1.
THOMAS BINNIE,
HON. TREASURER.

ITINERARY.

REV. C. K. BLOUNT left Stanley Tuesday 27th. Jan. 1903 and called that day at Bluff Cove and Hillside. 28th Fitzroy S; 29th Island Harbour and Mount Pleasant; 30th Hillhead, Bluff Creek, Teal Creek and Darwin; 31. visited settlement & Goose Green; 1st Feb Church Services Darwin and Goose Green; 2nd Canterbury, Camilla Creek; 3rd Black Rock, High Hill; 4th Teal Creek (Baptism) Bluff Creek; 7th Port Sussex. house at head of harbour (Baptism) San Carlos S; 8th Church Services San Carlos S; 10th San Carlos N; 13th Third Corral, Campo Verde; 14th returned to Darwin; 15th Church Services Darwin; 16th Black-rock, Mount Pleasant, Hillside; 17th returned to Stanley.

Summary of tour. Houses visited 33; Bible readings 25; Church Services 8; Celebrations of Holy Communion 2; Baptisms 3; Children examined in religious and secular knowledge 22.

DEAN BRANDON rode to Bluff Cove and Mount Pleasant March 9th; 10th, rode to Hill Head, Black Rock, High Hill and Darwin; 14th, rode to Hope Cottage, Egr Harbour & Darwin; 16th, rode to High Hill, Lagoon Isla, Hill Head, Mount Pleasant and Hillside. 17th, rode to Bluff Cove and Stanley.

Work done. 1 Baptism, 1 Marriage, 1 Holy Communion, 3 Services. 1 Sunday School, 5 Bibl. Readings, 23 houses visited.

BAPTISMS.

STIRLING	Feb. 4. Teal Creek, James Stirling.
ALLAN.	" 6. Darwin, Ernest Phillips Allan (John)
REIVE.	" 7. San Carlos S. Caroline Reive (Robt.)
LINNEY.	" 28. Stanley, Stanley Albert Linney.
DIXON.	March 8. " Winifred Beatrice Dixon.
EWENSON.	" 14. Hope Cottage, Thomas Charles [Stewart Ewenson.
GOSS.	" 18. Stanley, Emily Jane Goss. (Wm.)
LANG.	" 31. Douglas Station, Isabella Lang.

E A S T E R.

No detailed narrative of the successive appearances of Jesus to His disciples, after His resurrection, has been left us, each narrative giving only special cases, which had particularly impressed the mind of the writer. It is evident, indeed, that He showed Himself on many occasions of which no record is preserved, for Saint John expressly tells us, in his summary of the 40 days, that besides the sign in the case of Thomas, Jesus did many others before His disciples, which are not written in the Gospel bearing the Apostle's name, and He had promised that He would manifest Himself again, soon after His death, to those who continued faithful to him. Had we a full narrative of the mysterious interval between Calvary and the Ascension, it would doubtless illustrate more vividly than existing records permit, the fulness and variety of demonstration which alone accounts for the firm and triumphant proclamation of the resurrection by the Apostles and the early Church.

One characteristic is common to all the appearances recounted: they never pass outside the purely spiritual bounds we instinctively associate with the mysterious existence on which Jesus had entered. Even when most closely touching the material and earthly, He is always seen speaking and acting only as a spirit, coming suddenly, revealing Himself in an imperceptibly increasing completeness which culminates at last in some unmistakable sign, and presently vanishing, as suddenly as He appeared. He no longer acts or suffers as before His death, and even when condescending most to be seen and material, only does so to prove Himself, beyond question, the same Jesus as formerly, who in common human life, shared all the experiences and wants of His followers. To some He made Himself known, as to Mary and the women, by a single word or by brief sentences, the voice carrying instant conviction with it: to others, in a lengthened communion, as with the disciples going to Emmaus; kindling their soul by the higher sense He gave to the Scriptures, and by a repetition of the symbolic "breaking of bread," which on the last night, He had enjoined on the Eleven: to others again, as to Thomas, by an outward material proof from the wounds on His person; and to still others, by joining them in their simple repast, as with the disciples on the shore of the Lake of Galilee.

It would seem from a notice by Saint Paul, 1 Corinthians 15. 5, that the first appearance, after that granted to the women, was vouchsafed to Peter, perhaps while still in the garden. The completeness of the Apostle's repentance had secured as complete a forgiveness, and Jesus could not forget that Peter's home at Capernaum had been His, or how true-hearted he had been from the very days of the Baptism on the Jordan, though he had failed for a moment, when off his guard. The look of reproach, mingled with love and pity, had melted Peter's heart while the denials were yet on his lips, and now, the look and tender words of the risen Christ, bound him to Him for ever. He had been the foremost in zeal for the meek and lowly Master, while still rejected and despised, but

when that Master stood before him, the conqueror of death, and the glorified Son of God, his zeal rose to a passionate devotion that, henceforth, knew no abatement.

GEORGE.

N E W S L E T T E R .

It is now almost two months since the last issue of this Magazine, the *Comet* having taken the place of the usual number last month. We make a point of always having the fresh number ready before the arrival of each outward bound mail steamer, but as there are 13 such arrivals in the year, we drop one and thus give the Editor of the *Comet* an opportunity of introducing his paper to Falkland Island and other readers.

By the mail of 18th February, our new Bishop arrived, and remained a fortnight. During his stay, the Islands gave him samples, of the various kinds of weather, they can produce; There was, to begin with, snow and cold with the thermometer down very nearly to freezing point, which was remarkable, as we were still at the time of year corresponding to the middle of August in the northern hemisphere. But this did not last, and we soon returned to the normal state of weather;—much wind some days, cloudy and squally, and several of really bright genial sunshine, interspersed with a few unusually calm and sunny and even hot days. On the two Sundays he was with us, the Bishop preached at morning and evening services, as well as addressing the children in the afternoon. On the second occasion, he spoke to the latter on the subject of Missions and on that, to the Gran Chaco, in particular: (Mr. Grubb, its founder and superintendent, used to act as catechist at Keppel Island,) he would be glad to see an interest in this subject aroused in the Islands.

On the 23rd Feb., the Select Vestry organised a public Reception in the Assembly Room, to meet the Bishop. The invitations were issued to all in the Settlement, but the response was not as large as was expected, the attendance of Church people alone being only about half what it might have been. There were speeches of welcome to the Bishop from Messrs. Hart-Bennett, W. C. Girling, the Dean and Rev. C. K. Blount—the Governor was unfortunately unable to be present on account of illness. The Bishop replied in a few words, and hoped he would, in time to come number many of those present amongst his friends. In the course of the evening he was introduced to most of those in the room, while tea, coffee and cake were being handed round. The Commodore and Officers of the *Cambrian* kindly lent the Band, which played selections during the evening; Miss Felton, Mr. Denison and Mr. Bush also sang songs and Miss Durose played a piano solo. His Excellency the Governor and the following ladies, to whom our best thanks are due, kindly provided the cakes &c. Such a generous supply was offered and sent that we had to curtail the list of those whom we had intended to ask for contributions. Mrs. Girling, Mrs. G. Turner, Mrs. Kirwan, Mrs. Packe, Mrs. Joseph Aldridge, Mrs. Linney, Mrs.

Watt, Mrs. Brandon, Mrs. Kewney, Mrs. Blount, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. W. Hardy, Mrs. Grierson, Mrs. E. Bennett, Mrs. Durose, Mrs. Summers, Mrs. Lewis, Mrs. Dean, Mrs. Harding, Mrs. Mannan, Mrs. Felton.

On the following Sunday, March 1st, there was an impressive Confirmation Service, at which 20 candidates were presented, and on the next evening there was a Band of Hope Meeting. The room was well filled, and an excellent programme was carried out, with all the more credit, considering the short time there was to work it up. The Bishop addressed the meeting in an interesting and sympathetic manner and was much pleased at the children's performances.

PROGRAMME.

1. Violin & Piano. Misses A. Wilmer & I. Mannan.
2. Recitation A little Hero. Tom Hardy.
3. Song. "Tripping into Town" By Girls.
4. "Drummer" Darwin Watson.
5. Piano Duet V. Lellman & W. Durose.
6. Dialogue The Mischief Maker By Girls.
7. Song The Soldiers of the King Dolly Cletheroe.
8. Violin & Piano Misses A. Wilmer & I. Mannan.
9. A Nigger Troupe
10. God save the King By Performers.

On the following Wednesday, 4th March, his Lordship sailed for Monte Video, leaving behind him the impression, that his visit of a fortnight had been a very short one, and that we all shall look forward with much pleasure to his next.

On the 12th, prizes were distributed in the Senior Government School, by His Excellency the Governor, to the scholars who distinguished themselves, in the late examinations. Several visitors were present, and there probably would have been more, had not the afternoon unfortunately turned very wet.

On the 19th, the *Cambrian* gave a most delightful children's party; there were about 200 invitations, and all the usual attractions to meet all tastes—Merry-go-rounds,—Aunt Sally,—rides down the fire escape, shooting down an incline, in toboggan fashion, the Band &c. &c., and a great feast, when appetites had been sharpened by much exercise and shouting and laughter. The merry makings could be heard on shore. The day was fortunate; tho' rather windy, it was still gloriously fine and bright. The *Cambrian* left on the 30th for the Patagonian coast, and the *Nymph* has arrived for a 3 weeks' visit to finish her firing.

THE BAZAAR.

To the disappointment of many this has been put off until about August. The letter containing the order for goods from England miscarried; they have been again written for, but cannot arrive until July. We have now plenty of time before us, to help towards a successful Sale, by making things during the long winter evenings. This kind of work is all clear gain and Mrs. Dean will be glad to supply needlework to any willing to help in this way. We also want 6 soft

feather cushions in plain calico cases ready for material we have in hand. They must each be in size 25 in. by 25 inches. If some of our friends in the Camp would be kind enough to collect the feathers (down or small feathers only) in the winter when they are at their best, and send us the cushions we would be greatly obliged.

The building of the Tower is getting on well, the work being now visible above the roof of the Church. There are 6 masons at work on it, and fortunately the weather has been unusually fine for this time of year.

THE NEW LICENSING ACT.

WHEN the new Licensing Act was passing through Parliament last summer very few people outside the House of Commons took much notice of its contents, or troubled to understand what the measure proposed to do. No political feeling was created by the Bill, and consequently its importance was almost entirely overlooked. With the dawn of January 1 this attitude of indifference suddenly disappeared. The drunkard woke up to discover that there were more thorns in his path than he had imagined, and the sober part of the population were rejoiced to learn that at last drunkenness had become a penal offence. Hitherto the police have had no power to arrest a man who was rolling about the streets to the annoyance and possible danger of respectable citizens. Even if the man was disorderly, as well as drunk, they could only take him to the station till he recovered, and then proceed against him by summons. Under the new law the drunken man or drunken woman can be summarily arrested and locked up till the magistrate is ready to dispose of the case the next morning. It is said that this risk of being locked up is already beginning to exercise a deterrent effect on the late frequenters of public-houses. Another salutary provision of the new law enables the magistrate to place upon the black list the names of persons convicted of habitual drunkenness, and such persons are forbidden to buy alcoholic drinks for a period of three years, and any publican supplying them will render himself liable to a fine. Already the magistrates in London and other large towns are piling up a long black list of "habituals." The habitual drunkard comes under the new law in yet another aspect, for magistrates are empowered to grant a judicial separation between husband and wife if either is proved to be guilty of habitual drunkenness. Provision is also made for sending these victims of alcohol to retreats, where they may possibly be cured, and where, at any rate, they will be saved from the danger of doing further mischief. It may safely be said that the new Licensing Act is by far the most important temperance measure that has been passed for at least a generation, and it is all the more valuable because it avoids the mistake of punishing the innocent for the guilty. The Act in no way interferes with the reasonable liberties of sober people, but it sharply pulls up the drunkard.

(Graphic.)

MARRIAGE OF MISS ANNIE LEHEN AND MR. WALTER HARDY.

The most interesting social event of the present year, was that witnessed at the pretty chapel of St. Mary's, Stanley, on the 24th. Feb., when Miss Annie Lehen, third daughter of Mr. John Lehen was united in matrimony to Mr. Walter Hardy, sixth son of Mr. Frederick Hardy, Stanley.

The fickle weather-god of the Falklands was in his most agreeable mood, or, it may be that some potent charm was used to propitiate him, for, certainly, the day was delightful, and so the gaily dressed, good tempered crowd that assisted at the ceremony had an enjoyable hour.

The bridegroom and best man were in their places before the Altar at the appointed hour, 11 o'clock, and a few minutes later, the bride, leaning on the arm of her brother, Mr. Cornelius Lehen, who gave her away, entered the Chapel, robed in a cream merveillex silk dress and Leghorn hat. She looked most charming; in jewellery she was not extravagant, but she wore that most priceless gem, that can be worn by woman, modesty. Accompanying her were four bridesmaids, Miss Fannie Lehen (a sister) and Miss Alice Burnell handsomely attired in blue silk and Misses E. Dettleff and M. Hardy in dresses of immaculate white.

After the marriage service which was performed by the Rev. F. Diamond the newly married pair went to the Sacrist to sign the Registers and on their exit from the Chapel whilst the sweet strains of Mendelsohn's Wedding March were still ringing in their ears, they were greeted with showers of rice and salvos of joy-wishes.

There was a reception given at the house of the bride's parents, and from its sumptuous character it was clear that the well being of their guests was thought of. The large number of useful presents to the bride elicited much admiration from those who saw them. Refreshments of various kinds were served generously and as dancing was indulged in for some hours during the night there was a gay time "in the old house that night."

Thus pleasantly ended the happiest day in the lives of young Mr. and Mrs. W. Hardy, and with their numerous friends I heartily join in wishing that their lives may be long, happy and peaceful.

(Communicated.)

WEDDING BELLS.

I had the good fortune to be staying in the picturesque (for the Falkland Islands) Settlement of Darwin, towards the middle of March, 1903, and was there witness of a very pretty camp wedding—a few particulars may interest your readers.

It was celebrated by the Very Reverend Dean Brandon who rode out specially from the "Cathedral City" of Stanley for the auspicious event, which took place on the 13th.

Early in the morning it was easy to see by the number of people about, and their holiday appearance as well as by a Red Ensign floating proudly from the Church

Spire, in the usual Falkland Islands "Zephyr," that some thing out of the ordinary was to take place.

The Church was very prettily decorated; Christmas tree and tussack grass being used for festoons, relieved by knots of glowing pansies and other flowers, there being a larger selection of the latter than I expected to see in such a bleak climate.

Eleven o'clock was the hour fixed for the ceremony and shortly before that time the Church was crowded with neighbours and friends, some of them from so far as Hill Side and North-West Arm.

The Bridegroom, Mr. Lindesay Middleton, third son of Mr. Stuart Middleton, of Mount Pleasant, accompanied by his brother, Mr. Stuart Middleton, (Junior) took his place.

Mrs. Allan presided at the Harmonium, and played the "Grand March," and after a few moments expectation, the Bride, Miss Selina Mary Atkins, beautifully dressed in white silk lustre, trimmed with lace, a silk tulle veil with lovely orange blossom, and carrying a white spray bouquet appeared leaning on the arm of her foster Father, Mr. George Bowles, and attended by two Bridesmaids,—Miss Frances Bowles and Miss Evelyn Allan, very dainty looking in frocks of dark blue Russel cord, trimmed with white, and white hats.

Before the Ceremony, "The voice that breathed o'er Eden," was sung, and after, "How welcome was the call," every soul in the Church joining in.

After "amazement" and very much to mine, rice was thrown about the church while the Bride and Bridegroom were signing the register, and while the stirring strains of the "Wedding March" were peeling out.

A Marriage is a sacred ceremony of the Church, and the throwing of rice, although quite harmless in itself, did not look well while still in the Church.

The usual custom that obtains in the British Islands is for the Bridal procession to march down the Church from the vestry, after signing the register, to the strains of the Wedding March; but the rice throwing is always done outside the Church porch.

The breakfast was provided by Mrs. Allan, and owing to the small size of the rooms there were some four or five relays of guests. After the first the Dean rose and proposed the health of the happy couple in a little speech in which he gave some humorous experiences of a Marriage he had once celebrated in the West Islands.

The proceedings terminated with a dance in the Cookhouse, which only finished at daylight on the 14th.

(Communicated.)

FEBRUARY 24TH. 1903.

Sir,—Would you kindly allow me through the medium of your popular magazine to ask a question or two and make a few comments on our Local Mail Service? While writing this I have before me one of the much revised Local Mail Time Tables. What is the sense of putting these in circulation on the East Falkland when the so called Mail Service is a pure myth and really has no existence? As far as I can understand the Local Mail Service begins and ends

in the carrying of mails between Stanley and the West Falklands. We who are working in the camp have no claim on our employers as regards carrying our mails, and we are scarcely in a position to leave our work, and go to Stanley for mails even had we the facilities for doing so. I have always been under the impression that Post Offices were instituted for the purpose of receiving and forwarding mails to their destination or as near thereto as practicable, evidently I am mistaken as our Local Post Office seems to be intended simply as a warehouse for the receiving and storage of mails, there to remain till taken out and forwarded through the favor of some private individual. We are now met with a request as far as I am aware from the Falkland Islands Company for a sum of twenty-four pounds, between three Stations in the North Camp, in consideration of which they undertake to land the mails at San Carlos at least six times in the course of twelve months. That sum would mean a subscription of ten shillings from each working man, the employers to make good the balance. Allowing each man to receive on an average twenty four letters in the course of the year, that sum would mean an extra postage of 5d. on each letter received. This looks suspiciously like extortion, when we consider that one penny postage is sufficient to convey a letter from England to its destination in the Falklands always supposing our Local mail authorities carried out their part of the contract. I fail to see why the F.I.Co. should be under the necessity of soliciting funds to augment the mail subsidy, surely that is a matter which solely concerns the Government, as the post office is a Government institution with a staff paid out of the revenue of the Colony, to which we all contribute. Surely a small portion of that revenue could not be put to a better use than the increase of the mail subsidy (local) and so facilitate the despatch of mails to their destination, instead of their remaining stored up in the post office, until they are quite out of date and almost worthless. We read and hear a great deal about the wonderful progress made in the world during the last fifty years. It can scarcely have extended to this part of the world, when we frequently have to wait four weeks, and very often much longer for transmission of our mails from Stanley, a distance of a little over 100 miles. It is to be hoped that whoever is responsible for our present very primitive postal arrangements may see their way towards making a progressive stride of fifty years or so and getting a little in touch with the times so that we may look forward to receiving our mails within a reasonable time of their arrival in Stanley.

Trusting I am not trespassing too much on your valuable space and thanking you in anticipation,

I remain, Sir,

Yours obediently

PROGRESSIVE.

THE EDITOR F. I. MAGAZINE.

Stanley, March 2nd 1903.

Sir,—I notice that in your article entitled "Thrift versus Debt" in the Magazine for March, you use the following words—"Why, a little bird whispers that the

"Dry Canteen" has to write three figures as accounts due (followed by six exclamation points) though it was established to teach the blessings of cash down." With reference to this remark, I desire to say that the outstanding accounts of the Canteen rarely amount to three figures, and when they do, they are reduced to two within the month. Also that the Canteen was not established to teach the blessings of cash down. I entirely agree with you as to the blessings of cash payments but, as Honorary Secretary of the Canteen, I am bound to correct the mis-statement which appears in your article. The Canteen was established, (before my arrival in this Colony) to enable, as its Regulations show, persons in Government employment to obtain their stores as cheaply as possible. It is a co-operative society pure and simple: all members have to take out shares which bear interest, and no one is allowed credit exceeding the amount of his shares and that only for one month. But, however desirable you or I may personally consider cash payments to be, the Canteen was not really established on that system, and therefore I must ask you, by publishing this letter in your next number, to correct the misapprehension arising from the words I have quoted.

I am, yours faithfully

W. HART BENNETT.

Hon. Secretary, Government Officers' Canteen.

H. M. S. Cambrian.

Lively Island,

16th February 1903.

THE EDITOR OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS
MAGAZINE.

Will you kindly insert in your Magazine the following statement of account, re Benefit Concert held on 4th February, in aid of the widow and children of the late Private Ryan, F.I.V?

We take this opportunity of thanking all who took part in the Programme, also the Band of H.M.S. *Cambrian*, who gave their services gratis.

It was a matter of regret that the Assembly Rooms Committee could not see their way clear to have given use of the Hall free of charge, or at any rate to have made a reduction in favour of such a deserving case.

Receipts.		Expenditure.	
Tickets sold	£19 4 0	Hire of Hall	£4 0 0
Taken at door	13 11 0	To printing	
Sale of		Posters &c.	1 13 0
Programmes	16 5	Balance	27 18 5
	<u>£33 11 5</u>		<u>£33 11 5</u>

In addition to the above Balance the sum of £2 10, being the balances of the Promenade Concert held on 21st January, and Cinderella Dance held on 28th. January, making a total of £30 8 5, has been handed to the Rev. Father Diamond, for the benefit of Mrs. Ryan.
(Communicated.)

EXAMINATION FEBRUARY 1903, by REV. G. S. KEWNEY.

STANDARD VII

Ord. of Ex.	Age		Name.	School.	Arith.	Geog.	Gram.	Rep.	Read.	Dict.	His.	Comp.	Total.	
Merit.	No.	yrs.	Mths.								Maxima 750.			
1	3	13	9	Cletheroe Dolly	Govt.	63	56	45	50	99	91	48	85	537
2	2	14	7	Carey Maude	„	49	29	63	50	98	95	34	55	478
3	4	15	5	Durose Winnie	„	33	11	44	50	98	90	16	70	412
4	1	12	10	King Owen	R. C.	5	26	32	50	90	80	46	56	385
5	5	16	3	Kirwan Beatrice	Govt.	24	10	17	50	97	97	8	65	368

A satisfactory examination.

They do not shew much power in thinking for themselves.

A small proportion of the questions asked in some of the papers, were suggested with a view to bringing out the natural powers of reason, observation and common sense.

There was a rather singular failure to take advantage of such questions. So long as the questions could be answered from a text-book there appeared to be no difficulty. When however they were asked why growing nations require colonies, when those nations have limited territory, the majority shewed very little reasonableness or power of deduction.

As usual the reading, writing and dictation were excellent. The composition too was good. No. 3 is a notable example of this, doing well in book work, but absolutely failing in any question that required independent thought.

STANDARD VI

														Maxima 750.
1	8	13	11	Bender Alice	Govt.	45	21	39	50	90	76	41	80	412
2	"	13	3	Durose Rupert	"	18	24	41	50	97	86	37	65	418
3	10	13	11	Mannan Ivy	"	46	8	50	50	98	78	13	60	403
4	7	14	7	Aldridge Jas.	"	12	11	30	50	98	77	45	65	388
5	9	13	10	Lellman Violet	"	18	14	29	50	98	86	10	55	370

On the whole a satisfactory examination. Perhaps better attempts might have been made at some of the questions in Arithmetic. Reading, repetition and dictation are excellent.

No. 8 has done very well.

STANDARD V

1	21	12	6	Hurst Robert	Govt.	40	56	29	40	92	69	57	60	434
2	15	12	10	Watt Olive	"	28	25	52	50	96	92	17	55	415
3	14	12	2	Hardy May	"	12	20	61	50	90	96	18	60	407
4	18	12	5	Aldridge Maude	"	28	21	45	50	93	96	19	40	392
5	16	12	11	Alfa Flora	"	25	5	42	50	97	92	11	60	382
6	19	13	1	Aldridge Rebecca	"	28	7	41	45	92	80	5	65	363
7	26	12	7	Hutchinson Robert	"	33	3	44	50	90	76	6	60	362
8	12	13		Etheridge Lizzie	R.C.	18	4	46	50	92	79	15	55	359
9	17	12		Biggs Ella	Govt.	5	8	51	50	92	88	4	60	358
10	11	11	2	Dettleff Henry	R.C.	25	16	46	48	86	65	14	20	320

A satisfactory examination. The arithmetic on the whole was poor. The history was far from being successfully attempted; the same remark can be applied to geography. The grammar paper on the whole was well done. Nos. 21 and 15 did very creditable examinations.

STANDARD IV

1	26	11	6	Gleadell James	Govt.	88	17	56	50	90	78	12	30	421
2	22	11		Etheridge Walter	R.C.	55	20	53	50	94	82	22	25	401
3	29	11		Allan Percy	Govt.	67	14	31	50	91	75	19	50	397
4	28	11	1	Humble George	"	57	27	46	50	93	74	16	20	383
5	23	12	1	Hardy Flossie	"	50	3	48	50	91	70	0	60	377
6	25	13	1	Carey Win.	"	88	6	44	48	99	68	2	25	372
7	24	12	9	Aldridge Arthur	"	57	4	45	50	90	77	2	30	355
8	27	11	5	Davis Jas.	"	82	7	38	48	90	62	3	20	350
9	31	11	3	Summers Walter	"	46	21	25	50	96	83	3	20	344
10	30	12	3	Biggs Lily	"	12	6	42	50	93	89	11	50	343

A good examination. The arithmetic was well done. The geography and history poorly attempted. The grammar was respectably done. Reading, repetition and dictation were excellent.

STANDARD III

Reive Elizabeth G.	490	Aldridge Gertie G.	413
Hardy Fred	" 476	Biggs Mollie R.C.	412
Watson Darwin	" 472	Pitaluga Nellie G.	412
Hardy Aubrey	" 467	Aldridge Nellie	" 370
Biggs Phoebe	" 449	Felton Arthur R.C.	356
Carey Ellen	" 444	Fewkes John G.	355
Aldridge Lena	" 443	Dettleff Nellie R.C.	319
Pergolis Wm. R.C.	441	King Cecil	" 310
Newing Chas. G.	438	Carey Vivian G.	258
Davis Jack	" 426	Walsh Wm. R.C.	203
Watt Norman	" 420		

Maximum for each paper 100

A very satisfactory examination. There is a slight weakness in geography, and to a lesser extent in arithmetic. This last would be much improved by a thorough knowledge of the tables.

STANDARD II

		Maxima 500	
Aldridge Henry G.	440	Carey Ray G.	348
Girling Barry	" 432	Aldridge Harold	" 347
Durose Marion	" 414	Hubbard Tina	" 331
Myles Thos. R.C.	403	Pauline Florence	" 330
Dettleff Lizzie	" 375	Clifton Maude	" 318
Humble Richd. G.	374	" Richd.	" 315
Hardy Thos.	" 364	Etheridge Alice R.C.	302
Percich Eliza R.C.	364	Kelway Cissie	" 285
Allan Chas. G.	362	Enestrom Sigrid	" 278
Henricksen Eliz.	" 358	Henricksen Louisa	" 247
Kelway Elsie	" 353		

A very good examination. A weakness in grammar is apparent, also a very thorough knowledge of the tables might, with advantage, be instilled into this Standard. Numbers 65 and 76 have done an excellent examination. (Henry Aldridge & Barry Girling.)

STANDARD I

		Maxima 350	
Enestrom Percy R.C.	342	Sedgwick Aubrey G.	306
Dettleff Thos.	" 341	Summers Vincent	" 302
Henricksen Lily	" 336	Gleadeil Frank	" 302
Hansen Eva G.	335	Aldridge Richd.	" 301
Rutter Girlie	" 327	Lewis Markham	" 301
Davis Gertie	" 324	Bender Connie	" 300
Pallini Guytan R.C.	324	Harries John	" 296
Percich Laura	" 321	" Sarah	" 296
Clasen Cissie G.	319	Pitaluga Alex.	" 294
Rummel Nellie	" 318	Dettleff Wm. R.C.	290
Reive Peter	" 315	Williams Cyril G.	286
Hardy Pearl	" 311	Coleman John R.C.	263

Highly creditable throughout. In arithmetic an exact knowledge of the tables—so far as they are learned—is all I have to suggest. Numbers 81, 102, 79, 100 and 98 deserve special mention.

INFANTS.

		Maxima 95	
Binnie James G.	95	McPhee John G.	93
Allan Fred	" 95	Kelway Ernest	" 93
Linney Ernest	" 95	Reive Robert	" 93
Goss James	" 95	Aitken Tiny	" 93
Dixon Ernest	" 94	Humble Cissie	" 93
Aldridge Tottie	" 94	Aldridge Ernest	" 92

Hansen Geo.	" 92	Buckley Bernard R.C.	83
McAtasney Jas. R.C.	92	Cartmel Robert	" 82
Poole Beatrice	" 92	Clasen Victor	G. 80
Davis Gladys G.	91	Williams Philip	" 80
McPhee Maude	" 91	Porter Chas. R.C.	79
Newman Fred R.C.	89	McLaren Alex G.	75
Elmer Alf. G.	89	Aldridge Louis	" 75
Etheridge Gladys R.C.	87	Walsh Hugh R.C.	73
King Lily	" 85	Pitaluga Alice G.	68
Carey Letitia G.	85	Pearce Lily	" 66
Binnie Marion	" 85	Martin Thos.	" 45

This is so good that it requires no comment.

(Sd.) G. S. KEWNEY.

REPORT ON THE EXAMINATION OF GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS,

HELD AT STANLEY, FEB. 10TH-12TH, 1903.

The Infants did very well and are evidently well taught.

Standard I, however, failed in answering questions proposed in the tables: for example, very few of them were able to answer without hesitation or calculation "what are 6 times 7" etc. This is very important, as no child should find it necessary, if properly instructed, to commence at the bottom of the table in order to discover what are 4 times 9. A thorough, quick and accurate knowledge of the tables is absolutely essential in the early education of a child. In other respects Standard I is above criticism.

The same remarks apply in every respect to Standard II.

Standard III is, on the whole, very good and appears to be well taught.

With regard to Standard IV, in which Standard new subjects are opened up and in which the minds of children commence to develop and change quickly, the answers to the questions were of a varied and interesting character. Their arithmetic was very good: moreover there are not wanting signs that some of them will do well in the future.

The arithmetic attempted by Standard V was very poorly done. The question in proportion was successfully solved by one candidate only. History and Geography were weak: the remainder of the subjects very good.

With regard to Standard VI, the Arithmetic was not so good as it should have been: two questions requiring ordinary common sense being successfully attempted by no one. There was an evident failure to tackle the common sense questions in History, Geography and Grammar.

The Arithmetic of Standard VII was very similar to that of VI, though naturally better done. The two questions requiring common sense were not done rightly by any one.

To sum up. The Infants and lower Standards are very good. There should be more trouble taken, however, to teach the tables thoroughly and accurately.

Standards V-VII are good in their text-books, poor in Arithmetic.

I think it would be well in these Standards—if the teaching staff is sufficiently large—(personally I think the present staff should be increased by one teacher)—to endeavour to *draw out* rather than *push in*: in other words, an effort should be made to develop their natural powers of thinking and observation by adhering less rigidly to the matter of the text-books and by eliminating some of the mere mechanical instruction, and try introducing subjects and ideas requiring inductive and reasoning powers.

The writing, reading, repetition, dictation and spelling are excellent throughout the schools. The composition was well done.

The teaching is evidently good and painstaking.

Greater efforts should be made in Arithmetic to get the children to understand thoroughly what they are doing and what machinery they are manipulating, so that fractions, decimals, etc. have real meanings to them and so that they will not regard such things with superstition and work with them as though they were strange tools of clumsy make and doubtful origin. They should know what a thing is and what it means before they use it.

The copy and exercise books are without exception, clean, very neat and exceedingly well kept.

(Sd.) G. S. KEWNEY.
INSTRUCTOR R. N.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

STANDARDS IV. & V.

Time allowed one hour.

1. *Mere* words having settled nothing, the two sides *fought*. Analyse this sentence and parse the words in italics.
2. Give the plural of house, church, mouse, breaking, medium. Give the feminine of fox, him, bull, sea lion.
3. Correct, where necessary, these sentences:— (1) The ships are laying at anchor. (2) It is him who I saw. (3) Can I come and see you next week? (4) He talks like a book.
4. "Never use a preposition to end a sentence *with*." Parse the word in italic. What do you think of the above sentence?
5. What is an adverb? Mention some of the different kinds.

STANDARDS VI. & VII.

1. Distinguish between the two verbs "to lie" and "to lay." Give their chief parts and write two sentences containing some part of them. People are often using these verbs wrongly. Can you give an example of such wrong usage?
2. Is the phrase "Bad Grammar" grammatical or otherwise? Give your reason for your answer.
3. The verb "to be" takes the same case after it as before it. Give two other verbs which follow the same rule, adding sentences of your own for illustration.
4. (a) I am a man *who* am a Jew.
(b) *To excel* in virtue, without showing the possession of virtues, is true virtue.
(c) Give a dog a bad name and hang *him*. Parse

the words in italics.

5. "The race of yore,
Who danced our infancy upon their knee,
And told our wondering boyhood legend's store,
Of what great ventures happ'd by land and sea,
How they are blotted from the things that be."
Analyse the above.

GEOGRAPHY.

STANDARDS IV, V, VI, VII. &c.

1. Mention the British possessions in the Mediterranean and their uses.
2. The Midland railway main line runs from London to Carlisle. Name four large towns on this line and state for what each is known.
3. Give the names of the Great Powers of Europe and their Capitals.
4. What are the chief exports of (a) Odessa. (b) Hamburg. (c) Bilbao. (d) Norway?
5. What nation in Europe is the great commercial rival of the British Empire? Why is this so?
6. A growing nation having limited area must obtain Colonies. Why is this necessary? What great nations are now trying to obtain them? Are there any places in the world still uncolonised, useful for Europeans to form Colonies?

STANDARD III.

1. Explain.— (a) Hemisphere. (b) Plateau. (c) Cutting. (d) Fisheries.
2. For what manufactures are the following towns famous:— (a) Bradford. (b) Sheffield. (c) Barrow-in-Furness. (d) Newcastle-on-Tyne. (e) Manchester?
3. Name the towns in England and Wales noted for shipbuilding, and some of those known as pleasure resorts or watering places.
4. State accurately where the following places are and what rivers flow past them or through them:— (a) Cardiff. (b) Hull. (c) Preston. (d) York. (e) Nottingham. (f) Leicester.
5. What range of mountains divides the northern part of England into two parts, one east of the range and one west? Mention some of the highest peaks on this range. What is this range called?

STANDARD II.

1. What is the shape of the earth?
What are (i) The equator.
(ii) The poles.
(iii) A harbour.
2. What is a sea? Name the great seas of the world.
3. Why do you learn geography?
4. Why are many large towns built on the banks of deep rivers?
5. What is the chief thing that the Falkland Islands send to England.

ENGLISH HISTORY.

STANDARDS IV, V, VI, VII, &c.

Answers to questions in this paper should be expressed in as few words as possible.

1. What do you know of—(a) William Tyndale. (b) Drake. (c) Sir Walter Raleigh. (b) Brodrick?

2. What is the name of the last town England possessed in France? Do you think it would have been good for England to have retained her French possessions? Give a reason for your answer.

3. Mention two great writers or poets of the Tudor period, giving the names of some of their works. When was the "Golden Age" of English literature? Name any great writer of to-day, and the titles of two of his books.

4. Spain was once a most powerful and rich nation.

How was her down-fall accomplished, and by whom? What became of most of her colonial possessions?

What nations have been at war recently about an island which once belonged to Spain and what is the name of the island?

5. "He who fights and runs away will live to fight another day."

Write a very short account of any Boer General who carried this precept into practice. How do you account for his continued success?

10/- WILL BE PAID for the egg of the "Giant Petrel" sometimes known as the "Stink P.A. Apply to DR. NICHOLSON, H.M. S. "Cambrian"

ALIEN DEPOSITS.

Aliens who have made deposits should apply at the Treasury for refunds on or before 30th June next. 1st. April 1903.

WANTED. A home in Stanley for a boy over 12 years. Apply to THE EDITOR.

FOR SALE.

A desirable plot of Land (about $1\frac{1}{4}$ of acre) lying at back of R. Paulen's, suitable for building purposes. Exceptional low price £20. For further particulars apply to W. ATKINS, JUNR.

THE EXCELLENT GUN, No. 101 Back Action Locks, under lever with double Grip English Twist, Barrels, Recess Choke Spring fore-end fastener, Horn heel Plate Pistol Grip Stock. £5.

ONE MARE £7. ONE HORSE £10.

Apply to C. COULSON, Cape Pembroke, Stanley.

CART HORSE. Warranted a strong animal. Apply to GEORGE GRANT, DARWIN
Price £16.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home, Chatterbox, Little Folk, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—monthly numbers of year 1900 at 4/-.

Apply to THE LIBRARIAN.

Mrs. J.J. Halliday takes in plain sewing and dressmaking.

Mrs. Hansen Stanley, begs to inform the Public, that she goes out washing &c.

WEST FALKLAND RACES.

HELD ON THE SAND BEACH, HILL COVE, DECEMBER 22ND. 1902.

1. 600 Yards Race. Open to any horse or mare.

1st. J. Muise's	"Pingo"	Jockey,	Owner.
2nd. J. Goodwin's	"Colonel"	"	George Goodwin.
3rd. C. Paice's	"Twilight"	"	Owner.
2. 500 Yards Colt Race. Open to any horse or mare under 5 years.

1st. G. Alazia's	"Bantam"	Jockey T. Paice.
2nd. E. Summer's	"Nettle"	" G. Paice.
3rd. J. Goodwin's	Pecasso	" G. Goodwin.
3. 1000 Yards Derby Stakes. Open to any horse or mare.

1st. G. Goodwin's	"Traveller"	Jockey	Owner.
2nd. T. Paice's	"Boomalong"	"	"
3rd. C. Paice's	"Twilight"	"	"
4. 1200 Yards Trotting Race. Open to any horse or mare.

1st. Mr. S. Miller's	"Punch" H. C. S. P.	Jockey	E. Johnson.
2nd. " " "	"Blackbird" H.C.S.P.	"	Mr. Miller.
3rd. H. Scott's	"Sponduliks"	"	Owner.
5. 600 Yards Off Saddle Race. Open to any horse or mare.

1st. Mr. S. Miller's	"Bravo" H.C.S.P.	Jockey	T. Paice.
2nd. A. McDonald's	"Moonlight" H.C.S.P.	"	T. Goodwin.
3rd. C. Bett's	"Blossom"	"	H. Scott.
6. 500 Yards Ladies Race. Open to any horse or mare.

1st. Mrs. S. Miller's	"Jet"		Mrs. S. Miller.
2nd. " " "	"Bravo" H.C.S.P.		Miss E. Paice.
3rd. " " "	"Jesse" H.C.S.P.		" A. "
7. Victoria Cross Race over Hurdles. Open to any horse or mare.

1st. J. McCallum's	Rosillo	Jockey J. Goodwin.
2nd. J. Skilling's	"Black"	" Owner.
3rd. Mr. S. Miller's	"Sailor" H.C.S.P.	" G. Paice.
8. Threadneedle Race over Hurdles. Open to any horse or mare.

1st. A. McDonald's	"Moonlight" H.C.S.P.	Jockey T. Goodwin.
2nd. J. Skilling's	"Black"	" C. Lyse.
3rd. J. McCallum's	Rosillo	" J. Goodwin.
9. 600 Yards Consolation Race. Open to any horse or mare that has not previously taken a prize.

1st. G. Paice's	"Curley Locks" H.C.S.P.	Jockey G. Paice.
2nd. P. Llamosa's	"Selina"	" G. Goodwin.
3rd. C. Paice's	"Laughing Water"	" Owner.

The above was received too late for insertion in last issue. Ed.

Pressure on ourspace compells us to keep over for the next Magazine the following Articles:—Rifle Match, Billiard Tournament, Cricket Match at Darwin, Cambrian's Game bag, Hill Cove Sports, Shipping News.

THE STANLEY ASSEMBLY ROOM COMPANY LTD. 1902.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

To Sundry Wages:—			By Sundry Receipts:—	
Secretary's Salary	£10	0 0	Entertainmts., Dances &c.	£95 15 0
Caretaker's wages &c.	34	13 10	Badminton Club	10 12 6
Scrubbing floor	3	0 0	Rent &c. Volunteers	39 0 0
			Earnings of Billiard Table	16 15 9
			Hire of Crockery, & breakgs.	2 2 6
		£47 13 10		
„ General Expenses:				
F.I.Co., for Sundries	20	18 2		£164 5 9
C. Williams „	9	19 7	Sale of Lamp chimneys	2 2 0
Insurance & Tenement Tax	10	0 6	Interest on Deposits	2 16 3
Billiard Table Licence	1	17 6		
Printing and sundries	4	2 2		
		46 17 11		
		74 12 3		
„ Balance, being Profit				
		£169 4 0		£169 4 0

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

To Labour & Materials for completion of Extension		£215 0 0	By Calls on Shares paid	£172 10 0
Purchase of Billiard Table and Safe	72 10 0	287 10 0	„ Savings Bank Withdrawal	115 0 0
				287 10

BALANCE SHEET.

To payment of '01 Dividend		£ 42 10 0	By Balance from 1901	£139 14
„ Withdrawal from Bank for Capital		115 0 0	„ Profit as shewn above	74 12
„ Share Calls unpaid		10 5 0	„ Share Calls unpaid	10 5
„ Cash in Savings Bank	38 12 0			
„ „ Secretary's Hands	18 4 8	56 16 8		
		£224 11 8		£224 11

F. I. KING,
W. C. GIRLING, } *Auditors.*

JOHN F. SUMMERS,
Secretary and Treasurer.

ASSEMBLY ROOM.

Price list of Refreshments at Assembly Billiard Room.

Mason's Wine	-/1 per glass.
Coffee	-/2 „ cup.
Tea	-/2 „ „
Tarts	-/1 each.
Cakes	from -/1 - -/2 „

BILLIARDS 1/6 per hour.

BAGATELLE TABLE -/9 per hour.

No smoking while actually playing billiards.

As Man to Man is so unjust
I cannot tell what man to trust,
I have trusted so many to my sorrow,
Pay to day and trust to-morrow.

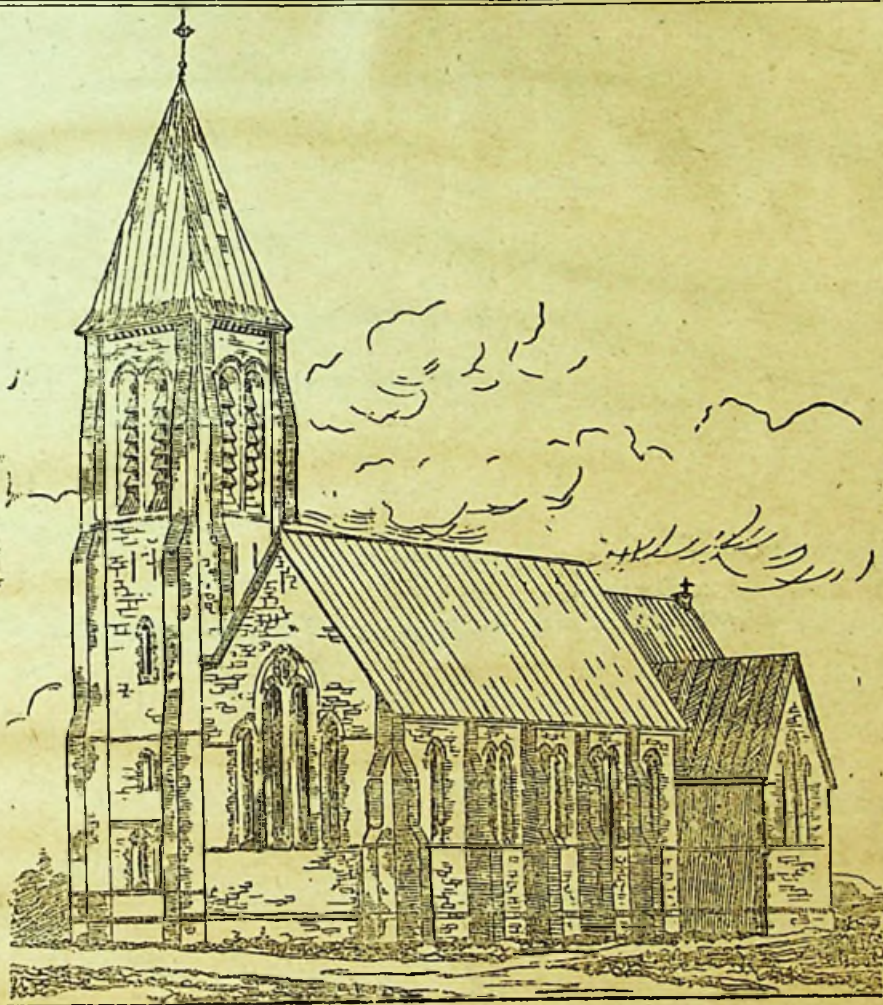
No. 1. VOL. XV.

MAY.

1903. PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE REV. C. K. BLOUNT. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.
SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. George Hurst, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. John Evans and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidemen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

Port Stanley, Falkland Islands: Printed by Miss. Willis.

BIRTH.

CAMERON. San Carlos, N. April 6th, the wife of J.G. Cameron, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

PEARSON & PORTER. March 17th, Stanley, William Alexander Pearson to Rose Porter.

McGILL & BIGGS. April 22nd, The Cathedral, Stanley, William McGill son of Wm. McGill Port Louis S. to Emily Rosina Biggs daughter of the late Edward Biggs.

HARRIS & PIMM. May 11th, St. Mary's Chapel, Stanley, Alfred Harris to Madge Pimm.

DEATH.

GREY. March 1903. Punta Arenas, H. Grey

Mrs. J. Lewis wishes to thank all friends for their kindness during her sad trouble, and to thank all those who sent the lovely wreaths and crosses and flowers.

THE TOWER FUND.

In response to our appeal for money to complete the work now in hand, about £15 has been received during the past month, and we have every confidence that we shall have reached the sixth century before the belated Bazaar is held!! Who will help in this laudable endeavour? Will friends kindly accept this intimation!! Please remember that every shilling pays for five bricks, and every pound for 100!! The fund, at present stands as follows:—

Already acknowledged	£535	17	2,	F. E. Cobb Esq.	£5	0	0
Mrs. Binnie		7	6,	Mr. T. Binnie	1	0	0
Mr. F. Durose		5	0,	Sale of Beef	18	6	
"Pigeons"		6	0,	"Change"			6
Sale of old barrels		10	0,	Balance of profit from }			
Profit from sale of }				sale of Needlework }			
"Comet No. 4 (part)"	3	10	0,	(per Mrs. Girling)	-	5	6
Sale of Cement barrels		7	8,	Miss Bournes	1	0	0
Rev. R.H. Brandon	1	0	0,	Box in Porch		15	1

Total £551 2 11.

W. C. GIRLING, HON. TREASURER.

Shipping News up to date will appear in next issue.

The Home Words which subscribers did not receive last month was not sent by Bookseller. Should they arrive they will be sent out separately. Ed.

THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

CHURCH SERVICES

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 11 a.m.

" Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at [8. 45.

Evening Prayer (Wednesday) [at 7 p.m.

The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon: and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on any Sunday or week day.

BIBLE CLASS:—On Tuesday at 8 p.m.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10. a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of every month in the Vestry at 8. p.m. All Letters should be addressed to Mr. T. Binnie Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30 p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

" *Undaunted of the Falklands*" Lodge

Meetings held in the

TEMPLAR'S HALL, VILLIERS STREET

Every Thursday at 7.30., p.m.

All who desire to become members are cordially invited to attend at that hour.

Sec. Bro. S. BONNER.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, MARCH, 1903.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION ... Morning ... 166½

" " " " " Evening ... 155½

NUMBER OF COINS ... Morning ... 62½

" " " " " Evening ... 91

Number at S. School ... Morning ... 81½

" " " " " Afternoon 108½

"Number" of coins in the Offertories:—

2 sovereign, 1 half-sovereign, 8 crowns, 4 half-crowns, 21 florins, 47 shillings, 177 six-pences, 158 threepenny pieces, 329 pence, 20 half-pence, 0 farthings & 3 other coins. Total, 769.

CHRIST CHURCH, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

MARCH, 1903.

RECEIPTS.

	£.	s.	d.
Brought Forward		1	1
1. By Offertory	7	11	11½
8. " "	1	12	10
15. " "	1	15	5
22. " "	2	16	9
29. " "	3	3	9½
Thank Offerings.		4	6
Deficit	20	2	1
	£37	8	0½

EXPENDITURE.

	£.	s.	d.
To Wages:—			
Sexton	3	2	0
Blower and Bell Ringer	1	0	0
Special offertory for Tower Fund	7	11	11½
E. Binnie keeping order		5	0
Printing		11	0
F. I. Co. on a/c	4	16	0
Insurance	17	12	6
Still due to the F. I. Co.	2	9	7
	£37	8	0

THOMAS BINNIE,

HON. TREASURER.

ITINERARY.

REV. C. K. BLOUNT left Stanley 27th March and called same day at The Two Sisters, The Estancia, Passa Manares, and reached Teal Inlet; 29th Matins, Evensong and two sermons Teal Inlet; 30th The Chatta, Hope Cottage, Douglas Station; 31st The Moro; 1st April returned to Teal Inlet; 2nd. Arroyo Malo; 3rd Passa Manares; 4th returned to Stanley.

Summary:—Houses visited 13; Bible readings 7; Services 4; Baptism 1; Children examined 16

DEAN BRANDON left Stanley in the "Hornet" on Sunday April 19th; called at Great Island Tuesday 21st; reached Fox Bay Wednesday 22nd.

BAPTISMS.

LUXTON. Stanley, April 12th. Stanley Charles [Luxton.
Dix. " " 19th. Grace Elizabeth [Dix.

CONVICTION AND CONVERSION.

"I send thee unto the Gentiles to open their eyes that they may turn from darkness to light."—Acts xxvi. 17.

Now I want you to notice that in this verse is contained, in brief summary, the duty of the preacher and the duty of the people: put in another way it contains the method of conviction, and the method of conversion; and it draws the right distinction between them: and both alike follow from the great commission of our Master—"I send thee."

Let us try and think this out. From the point of view of our Lord Jesus Christ, the world is blind. "I send thee to open their eyes." What does that mean? It means that you and I, and the myriads round us, the teeming population of both Christian and non-Christian countries, are or were wholly or partly blind to what I will call for a moment the things of the Spirit—the things of Eternity. Think of ourselves only. We are so interested and occupied with business, and labour, and domestic duties, and a thousand personal, family, political, or social matters, that it is quite possible for us never from day to day, or week to week, to have a thought of the great significance of life, of the tremendous fact of death, and of God and that eternal world which we see not, and yet is ineffaceable from our consciences. Here is all heaven above our heads, God all around us, the Holy Spirit in our own hearts, Christ appealing to us in many and many a fellow creature; and we are in a dream: our eyes turned on this world alone. We are asleep; or we are blind; or we are absorbed. This is so, or it may be so, and we know it.

You will remember perhaps a famous picture, taken from the Pilgrim's Progress, of "the man with the muck rake," with his eyes bent downwards, groping among the rubbish on the ground for any fancied treasure, and all unconscious of the angel and the crown above his head. It represents the life of each of us in some degree, at some time. We are not yet awakened. We have heard as in a dream the voice of the preacher, and he tells us of heaven and duty and holiness and God and of the judgment to come. We have heard that the Word became flesh, and consecrated all humanity, but the impression has passed away. The mind, the soul, the heart, has not been touched. Our eyes are not opened. We do not see the immense significance of our lives—that we—insignificant as we seem, are yet the fellow workers with God, the recipients of His Spirit, His children, trusted by Him with a few years, a few talents, a few opportunities, and that there is nothing else so well worth

doing, as to try to live so as to do His work in the best way possible; nothing that so satisfies what we feel is the best within us.

Then comes the opening of our eyes. Now this may be sudden. Few of us know enough of the experience of others to say whether it is so generally or not. What I incline to believe is that our eyes are suddenly, but by no means completely opened. I mean that something occurs, some event such as a domestic sorrow, or bereavement, or something that strikes us in what we read or hear, some new thought, some influence of a friend that we had never submitted to before—and the result is that we see some things as we never saw them before. Our eyes are opened to some new side of things. We see the significance of some *fraction* of life. We realise, it may be, that we shall die, and as we stand by some open grave, we realise the utter unimportance then of all except the character, the undying character, that outlives the grave: or the immense significance and obligation of family relationship dawns on us, or we perceive the meaning, or some of the meaning, of our worship; how immensely helpful it is to the spiritual life of a parish and a country that we should loyally and whole-heartedly work together in congregations, as a Church, for all that concerns religion; or we for the first time see the loveliness of Christ's character as a man, and see how far the noblest aim of life it is to be like Him. Or some duty becomes plain, some glimpses of the life of nearness to God. In a thousand ways, suddenly some revelation, great or small, flashes on us. This I believe is always happening to us. Our eyes are opened suddenly, but very incompletely. They suddenly see a little light; and then a little more and so on.

How to open the eyes of the blind, is, as we see from the text, the work of those whom Christ sends.

And this opening of the eyes is conviction. Not conviction of sin only, which is but a part of the whole; but conviction of the reality of the higher life, of life in the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, as the only worthy aim of our lives. Such conviction comes by flashes; it comes as a result, through God's blessing, sometimes, of the work of the teacher and preacher.

But then there is conversion. What is that; I believe that there has been, and perhaps still is, much false and dangerous teaching as to conversion.

Conversion means turning; it means change of life. To be converted means to turn and to change one's life. People sometimes speak of sudden conversions. Perhaps they really mean sudden convictions. A new light does sometimes suddenly burst on us. The world

is new to us; we face round, and we see what we never saw before. But the change in life and character—that does not follow at once. That is not in general a change suddenly wrought on us; it is a change slowly wrought out by us and in us, with God's help. Let no one mistake a sudden conviction of sin, a flash of insight into the meaning of religious life, for the true conversion or turning of the inner man,—for the change in heart and character. This is a dangerous illusion. Do you know that in our Revised Version, which truly represents the words and teaching of our Lord Jesus Christ, the phrase "turn again" always replaces the phrase "be converted" in the Authorised Version? The old familiar texts now run—"Except ye turn again and become as little children, ye can in no wise enter into the Kingdom of Heaven. Repent therefore and turn again—that your sins may be blotted out."

It is not in the power of the minister to convert anyone: he can but open the eyes: it is the duty of him who hears, him whose eyes are opened to "turn again." Do not think that this is a work wrought on you: it is wrought by you, in you, with the aid of the Holy Spirit indeed; but wrought by you, in you. It is you who "turn again"; not you who are converted. God gives you free will and enlightenment. It is yours to use that will. I have never spoken on a graver or more searching matter than this. I have spoken of the work of us clergy, to keep before you the reality of the eternal world—and know well that this cannot be done at second hand, or by hearsay. We can only "speak what we do know, and testify that we have seen." But when we have done this, or when from any source you get fresh ideas, fresh aspirations, a fresh standard for any portion of your life, then your duty begins. Turn to the light; accept the new light; do something: commit yourself to the new path. This spontaneous turning, this change, is the only conversion. Slowly it is wrought out. And remember that every such act of turning makes it possible for you to receive fresh light: and so conviction and conversion are always reinforcing one another.

It is hardening, it is dangerous, to listen, to approve, to have the eyes opened, to enjoy having your eyes opened, and then to be as you were before: to admit a new aspiration—to see a new duty—to acknowledge a call, but take no step to perform it.

Archdeacon Wilson, Commonwealth Aug. 1902.

NEWS LETTER.

THE TOWER.

Work has proceeded almost continuously on

the Tower, for the month past. The lower windows are now built in, and, when this is in print, the brickwork for the openings of the four clock faces will be completed. After that is finished, there will be but little more masonry to put on, and the timbers of the roof are now being sorted, preparatory to their being hoisted into position. We hope the weather will remain fine long enough, to enable our Tower to get a roof over its head, before the cold weather comes on. Unfortunately, the Austrian masons left the job and went away in the mail-boat "*Victoria*" and there has since been a still further reduction of the skilled labour. The Austrians were capital workmen. The work is being carefully supervised by Messrs. Hayes, Girling and Watson. We cannot be too grateful to Mr. Hayes for the attention that he has given to the building operations. He not only gives us the benefit of his professional skill but he takes a deep interest in the work being brought to a successful issue before the frost comes on. The Tower, although not yet completed, adds greatly to the appearance of the Cathedral and will be a notable landmark. We hope friends and wellwishers are doing what they can to get contributions, on the lists enclosed in a recent Magazine, from friends at home. Some collected in this way has already come in but we look for a great deal more.

THE BAND OF HOPE.

A meeting of the Band of Hope was held in the Assembly Room on Friday evening 1st May. After the distribution of papers, enrolment of new members and so forth the Rev. C. K. Blount gave a short address, illustrating from a reference to the history of the national flag (the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes) which were then hanging on the walls, what can be done by union. Our children brought up to avoid strong drink, are thus taught the danger of the misuse of all kinds of alcoholic liquor. After the address the children went through a nice selection of recitations and dialogues in which they had been well trained by Miss Kirwan. Two series of slides—the History of Coal and Gulliver's Travels—were then shown and the meeting closed in the usual way. It was a fine evening and we were glad to see a large audience.

THE "NYMPHE."

On Wednesday 6th May H. M. S. "*Nymphe*" left Stanley on, what will probably be during this commission her last voyage from the Falklands to Montevideo. Coming down here for the first time early in 1901, under the command of Commander Laxton, the officers and men soon made many friendships, the recollection of which will, we believe, be cherished on both sides for a long time to come, and on her subsequent visits, with Commander Jervoise in command, all received a hearty welcome. A large cou-

tingent from the ship came on shore to Church every Sunday that it was possible for them to land. During the last three weeks of her stay here, there have been a number of farewell parties on board and on shore. The harbour now looks quite deserted without the ship.

THE ASSEMBLY ROOM CO.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Stanley Assembly Room Co. was held on the 10th March. There was a very small attendance. It seems a pity that more of the shareholders do not attend, as, if so, the management might receive some valuable suggestions towards making the rooms more useful and more profitable. The billiard room is being well patronised by those who value a quiet game. The following two resolutions were the only motions of any importance brought before the meeting. "That at a general meeting of the Company to be held on the 7th July the following proposal shall be laid before the shareholders:—It shall be lawful for the Directors to purchase from shareholders such shares as may be offered for sale, and as the Directors think proper to buy, provided that no such share shall be purchased when the price asked is more than the original cost of such share." Those shareholders who are unable to appear in person at this meeting have been notified by circular to appoint proxies to act for them. The other resolution which was moved by Mr. Girling and seconded by Mr. Blount was to the effect that the meeting regretted the unavoidable absence through illness of Mr. James Felton who had always taken such an interest in all the affairs of the Company and the hope was expressed that we might soon see him back from England free from the distressing affection of his eyes with which he has been troubled for some time. A copy of the formal resolution was sent to Mrs. Felton. The two out-going directors were re-elected.

THE DEAN.

Dean Brandon left Stanley for the West Falklands on Sunday 19th April (N. B. after morning service.) He reached Fox Bay on Wednesday. He is accompanied by Mrs. Brandon. He was to start for the S. and S. W. Islands on or about 27th April. We hope they may have fine weather and get back before the most severe part of the winter comes on.

EASTER MEETING OF REGISTERED VESTRY.

The Easter meeting of the Registered Vestry was held in the Vestry on Tuesday evening April 14th 1903, The Very Rev. Dean Brandon in the chair, twenty members of the Vestry present.

The Minutes of meeting of October 20th

were read, and with a slight alteration were duly signed.

Upon request of the Chairman the Hon. Treasurer read a statement of the Church finances for the past year, which showed there was still a deficit of £13 7 2½.

Mr. Girling then made a short statement of the Tower and Church House building funds, remarking that the Tower fund now amounted to £537 of which £360 had been already expended on the Tower for stone, sand, labour etc.

Mrs. Brandon read a statement of the Choir Fund showing a balance to credit of about 3/-. A vote of thanks proposed by Mr. Girling seconded by Mr. Jos. Aldridge to Mrs. Brandon Miss Lewis, Miss Campbell and the members of the Choir for their valuable assistance in the carrying on of Church work, was carried unanimously. Mr. Girling then dealt generally with the Church work of the past year, remarking that he thought the principal event was the election of our new Bishop who made a short visit to Stanley in the past season. He reported that the work at the Church Tower was going on remarkably well and if the weather kept favourable they hoped to finish the stone work about the end of May. He signified his appreciation of the fact that offertories had been given for Foreign Missions and hoped we should be able to do so in the coming year. He also spoke very highly of the Sunday School Teachers for devoting so much of their time, and for taking such an interest in the teaching of the children, and proposed a vote of thanks to them. This proposition was seconded by Mr. Durose and highly appreciated by the members of the Vestry.

The Dean then thanked the retiring Vestry for their services during the past year, and asked for the election of a Select Vestry for the coming year, which was then proceeded with.

The following were elected:—Messrs. Girling, Watson, Evans, Binnie, Poppy, Hurst.

The Dean appointed Mr. Girling to be Minister's Churchwarden. On the proposition of Mr. Poppy seconded by Mr. Aldridge Mr. Watson was elected Peoples Churchwarden.

Mr. T. Binnie was elected Secretary on the proposition of Mr. Watson, seconded by Mr. Poppy.

On the proposition of Mr. Binnie seconded by Mr. Durose Mr. Hurst was elected Treasurer.

Rev. C. K. Blount mentioned that it was his intention to have a Bible Class during the winter, the idea being highly appreciated by Vestry.

The meeting then closed with prayer.

INSPECTION OF FAIKLAND ISLANDS VOLUNTEERS.

The inspection of the Corps this year, having been carried out in accordance with the instructions contained in the new drill book, was much more interesting than usual; it took the form of the defence of a position against a supposed attack from the harbour, Government House being the supposed point of attack.

The Corps assembled in front of the Post Office on 25th March at 2 p.m., the Commodore arrived a few minutes later and was received with the usual salute; he passed round the ranks carefully scrutinizing the men, their uniforms and equipment; here and there asking practical questions, then directed the Commanding Officer to march to Government paddock in order that he might see the Company go through some exercises: the Commodore then ordered the Sergeant Major to put the Company through the Rifle and Firing exercises, after which he expressed himself as being satisfied with what he had seen, but remarked that he was no lover of smart drill, that what he most desired was that every man should be able to use his own judgement in the attack and defence, be able to shoot straight and make best use of the cover; he then tested the Officers and N. C. Officers in judging distance practice after which he said he would not trouble about seeing any more of the ordinary drill but would send a telegram which was to be acted upon, with that he handed the telegram to the C.O. and walked away. The telegram read as follows:—

Officer Commanding Volunteers Stanley.

Information just received three enemy's boats coming up harbour and intend to land at Government House. Take up position to prevent landing.

The Company was then turned about and extended from its left, at the double, and in a very short space of time the whole were in a good position for defending the place.

The Commodore passed along the front road in order to see from the point of attack if the company was well under cover, he then went up, by way of the Government Gardener's cottage, to the position, and after carefully inspecting the position and the distribution of the men under cover, stated that he was very satisfied with the place selected, that it was a good natural position and that from behind such cover we could easily have kept the enemy at bay and that it would have been impossible for them to land; he pointed out, however, that a gorse bush, behind which one member had taken shelter, would be of very little protection against the enemy's bullets. He then directed the Company to be skirmished back in the direction of the Harbour, this was done, advancing by squad rushes, the advance of one squad being covered by the fire

of the others: at about 300 yds. from the enemy's position bayonets were fixed and after a few more short rushes the enemy's position was charged thus bringing the operations to a close. The Company was then marched to the Assembly room where the Commodore addressed the members, laying great stress on the necessity of being able to shoot straight, take advantage of cover and to be able to judge distance well.

The Commodore, in the course of his address, referred to the matches which had been fired between the Flag ship and the Volunteers and said there was no doubt about it the Volunteers *could* shoot and that with 100 good shots the town could be defended against 500, that a ship could get into the Harbour, but that it would be absolutely impossible for her to land her men.

The Corps, although in such a satisfactory state, has not yet got that 100 efficient members, let us hope that all available men in Stanley but will now come forward for enrollment; a military training is most beneficial to all those who go in for it, the man who has a training of that sort is in most ways a better and more useful man than the one who has not.

His Excellency the Governor, Mr. Hart-Bennett and several of the inhabitants turned out to witness the Inspection which we were pleased to see favoured with fine weather.

The following is the parade state:—

INSPECTION PARADE STATE 25TH. MARCH 1903.

Present on Parade

Captain Commandant	0
Lieutenants	1
Surgeon Major	1
Chaplains	1
Warrant Officers	1
Color Sergeants	1
Sergeants	1
Corporals	4
Privates	35
Total	44

Absent with leave

Captain Commandant	1
Lieutenants	1
Chaplains	1
Corporals	1
Privates	15
Total	19

Absent, without leave Privates (in Camp) 44

Captain Commandant	1
Lieutenants	2
Surgeon Major	1
Chaplains	2
Warrant Officers	1
Color Sergeants	1
Sergeants	1
Corporals	5
Privates	94
Total	108

(Sd) F. DUROSE Lieut. for Captain Comdnt.

THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

SCORES MADE AT RIFLE MATCH BETWEEN F. I. VOLUNTEERS AND H. M. S. CAMBRIAN ON THE NAVAL RANGE MARCH 7TH. 1903.

Volunteers.		H. M. S. Cambrian.	
Albert Biggs	75	James	73
Dick	75	Fitzherbert	69
Turner	70	Patton	68
Summers	69	Denison	67
Watt	69	Price	66
Coleman	68	Ward	64
Watson	68	Bush	59
Fleuret	66	Floyd	57
	<hr/> 560		<hr/> 523

A. Phillips b. Leonard	9
Byes	5
Leg byes	1
	<hr/> Total 42

"Cambrian" 1st Innings.	
H. F. Iliewicz b. Redmond	0
G. C. Bath b. Allan	5
P. W. S. King c. Allan, b. Redmond	10
R. C. S. White b. Hogarth	24
C. E. Lynes b. Redmond	1
E. Smyth-Osbourne b. Redmond	0
W. V. T. Leonard b. Allan	13
E. M. Groves run out	2
E. O. Broadley not out	8
E. P. Thompson c. Harris b. E. Phillips	1
Private Nippeard b. Allan	0
Byes	5
Leg Byes	4
	<hr/> Total 73

RESULT OF BILLIARD TOURNAMENT (ON ASSEMBLY ROOM BILLIARD TABLE) BETWEEN F. I. Vs. AND H. M. S. CAMBRIAN 5TH. 6TH. & 7TH MARCH 1903.

Lieutenant Durose	90
Mr. Shires (in place of Sgt. Major Watt.)	125
Private Ashley	102
„ Biggs	164
„ Clausen	105
„ Whaley	82
„ Jones	96
„ Bradbury	143
F. I. V. Total	<hr/> 907
T. Floyd, Chief Stoker	192
W. Price, Gr. R. N.	153
T. De Ville, C.E.R.A.	102
W. Pratt, Sergt.	101
G. England, S.C.	100
G. Bargewell, S. Std.	155
S. England, Y.Sig.	169
H. Wingett, 1st Petty Officer	146

"Cambrian" total 1118
"Cambrian" wins by 211 points.

CRICKET MATCH PLAYED AT DARWIN HARBOUR FEBRUARY 14TH, 1903.

Darwin 1st Innings.	
G. A. Cobb b. King	6
L. A. Jameson hw, b. Leonard	8
H. Sarney b. King	0
A.L. Allan b. Leonard	0
E. Phillips run out	3
W. Redmond c. and b, Leonard	3
A. Harris b. King	2
C. McCarthy c. Leonard, b. King	1
A. Moir not out	1
H. Hogarth b. King	2

CAMBRIAN'S GAME BAG

during Commission up to Feb. 23rd. 1903.

Duck 228; Teal 678; Swan 22; Geese 1000;
Partridges 3400; Hares 362; Rabbits 198;
Martinetta 101; Copitones 36; Snipe 893;
Widgeon 90; Various 323; Total 7331.

Total Bag at Stanley, 1903 :---

Duck 2; Teal 407; Swan 8; Geese 607;
Hares 36; Snipe 353; Widgeon 60; Various
208; Total 1681.

HILL COVE SPORTS.

1st. 220 yds. Flat Race.

1st. A. McDonald, 2nd. Geo. Paice, 3rd. T. Scott.

2nd. High Jump.

1st. A. McDonald, 2nd. T. Paice, 3rd. F. Langdon.

3rd. Ladies Egg and Spoon Race.

1st. Mrs. T. Goodwin, 2nd. Mrs. Clement, 3rd. Mrs. Dixon.

4th. 100 yds. Flat Race.

1st. A. McDonald, 2nd. T. Scott, 3rd. G. Paice.

5th. Long Jump.

1st. A. McDonald, 2nd. T. Paice, G. Paice.

6th. Egg and Spoon Race.

1st. T. Scott, 2nd. F. Cheek, 3rd. G. Goodwin.

7th. Wheelbarrow Race.

1st. A. McDonald, & T. Paice, 2nd. G. Paice
& G. Goodwin, 3rd. C. Paice & C. Lyse.

8th. Ladies Threadneedle Race.

1st. Mrs. T. Goodwin, 2nd. Mrs. Miller, 3rd.
Miss Alice Paice.

9th. Mile walking Race.

1st. F. Cheek, 2nd. A. McDonald, 3rd. T. Paice.

10th. 100 yds. Ladies Race.

1st. Mrs. Alazia, 2nd. Mrs. Clement, 3rd. Miss Emily Paice.

11th. Sack Race.

1st. Ed. Johnson, 2nd. T. Paice, 3rd. A. McDonald.

12th. Obstacle Race.

1st. Ed. Johnson, 2nd. T. Lee, 3rd. T. Goodwin.

13th. quarter mile Race.

1st. T. Scott, 2nd. A. McDonald, 3rd. T. Paice.

14th. Tug of war. 14 Entries.

Winning Team, A. McDonald's

15th. Three legged Race.

1st. A. McDonald & T. Paice, 2nd. T. Goodwin & J. Biggs, 3rd. E. Johnson & G. Alazia.

16th. Tug of war, Hill Cove & Roy Cove against outsiders.

Hill Cove & Roy Cove winning Team.

17th. Consolation Race.

1st. T. Simpson, 2nd. D. H. Clement, 3rd. C. Lyse.

Length of Long Jump 1st. A. McDonald 17 ft. 2in., 2nd. T. Paice 17ft., 3rd. G. Paice 16ft. 8in.

High Jump.

1st. A. McDonald 4ft. 9in., 2nd. T. Paice 4ft. 7in. 3rd. F. Laugdon 4ft. 4in.

75 yards Boy's Race.

1st. Albert Summers, 2nd. George Llamosa, 3rd. W. Llamosa.

75 yards Girl's Race.

1st. Daisy Miller, 2nd. Rosie Llamosa, 3rd. Violet Alazia.

Ladies Race.

A race was given by Mrs. A.E. Felton West Point Island. The prize was won by Miss E. Paice.
(Signed) EYEWITNESS.

FOOTBALL

H. M. S. "Nymphe" Team.

Goal, Green.

Backs, Watkins, Griffiths.

Half Backs, Selway, Bates, Eaves.

Forwards, Batchelor, Lowe, Peirey.

Linesman, Chitty and Osborne.

REFEREE, Cherry

Stanley Athletic Club Team.

GOAL, A. Fleuret.

BACKS, R. Carey, F. Kiddle.

HALF BACKS, J. Allan, J. Humble, H. Roberts.

FORWARDS, D. Sullivan, R. Felton, D. Dick,

J. Walsh, G. Fleuret.

LINESMAN, Oldham.

REFEREE, D. Pitaluga,

The above Teams met on Government Paddock in a friendly match, for the first time this season. The weather was all that could be desired.

Stanley won the toss and defended the west goal and the "Nymphe" kicked off. Give and

take play followed until Stanley Forwards got away but the back play of Watkins and Griffiths was sound. Fleuret had to save on from Osborne. R. Felton and Sullivan broke away and Dick scored with a good shot. Both Teams were evenly matched. Stanley Forwards were playing good combination and Dick scored another. Felton got away and scored but offside was given and whistle was blown half time.

On resuming the "Nymphe" Forwards broke away and Griffith missed a grand opening, but the back play of Stanley was good. Fleuret and Walsh got away on the left and Green saved at the expense of a corner which came to nothing and a pleasant game ended.

Stanley 2 Goals and "Nymphe" 0.

The Forward play of Stanley and Back defence of "Nymphe" is the best that has been on Government Paddock for a long time.

D.K.D.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS.

It is intended to send the transport "Lo. de Mayo" to Port Stanley with the view of promoting commerce between the Falkland Islands and this Republic and for that purpose we presume that the Government transports will make periodical voyages to Port Stanley.

This has excited the indignation of our contemporary the "Prensa" which declares that the Islands belong to the Argentine Republic, and that "the Argentine Government, although it has hitherto contented itself with periodically asserting its right, has the firm intention of making its claim effective at the first opportunity." Meanwhile, adds our contemporary, "the Argentine flag ought not to present itself, in any form in the ports of the Island, except to recover its rights.

"The Government, by sending the transport to Port Stanley, will be simply recognizing British sovereignty over Argentine lands, an act that cannot be tolerated without submitting to a violation of the territorial integrity of the Republic."

We think that the Argentine Government is shewing practical good sense in this matter, and is giving a further proof of its appreciation of the value of the friendly relations that exist between the two Nations.

Its friendship would, on the other hand, be of little worth if it really entertained, as asserted by our contemporary, the "arriere pensee" of taking possession of the Falkland Islands when England might be at war with strong Maritime Powers and so be unable to guard this insignificant possession.

If the Argentine Republic claims the Islands, the claim should be made without further delay, in a straightforward manner and be

settled, once for all, by diplomatic negotiation or by arbitration. The claim will become weaker every year, for now, more than ever, the doctrine prevails—especially in international arbitrations—that “possession is nine points of the law,” or, in the words of the maxim of the Roman law: “Vigilantibus non dormientibus leges subveniunt.”

The Argentine claim is, moreover, of the most shadowy nature

NOTE.—Since writing the above, we have learned, to our regret, that the Minister of Agriculture, allowing his better judgment to be swayed by regard for the susceptibilities of a part of the Argentine public, has desisted from his intention of sending the transport to Port Stanley.

B. A. Standard Mail Supplement March 14 '03.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

- Feb. 15 *Chance* from Port Stephens. Pass:—Messrs. Markham & Harold Dean.
 „ 17 *Hornet* from Port Louis.
 „ 18 *Oropesa* from Liverpool. Pass:—The Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of the Falkland Islands, Mr. and Mrs. Matthews and child, Mr. & Mrs. Attock, R. H. Buckworth Esq. Miss Leese, Miss Hill, Mrs. Fullbrook.
 „ 18 *Cambrian* from Lively Island.
 „ 19 *Fortuna* from Hill Cove. Pass:—Mrs. Clement & child, Mrs. Miller & 3 children, Mr. & Mrs. Jensen, the Misses Emily Paice, Benney & Pitaluga.
 „ 25 *Fair Rosamond* from North Arm.
 Mch. 2 *Hornet* from Port Howard.
 „ 4 *California* from Valparaiso. Pass:—Mr. Clovis Fleuret
 „ 8 *Fair Rosamond* from Fox Bay and Great Island.
 „ 12 *Hornet* from Lively Island.
 „ 13 *Fortuna* from Darwin.
 „ 14 *Fair Rosamond* from Teal Inlet.
 „ 17 *Fortuna* from Port Louis.
 „ 19 *Orellana* from Liverpool. Pass:—Miss Sewell, Mr. Roy Felton.
 „ 21 *Hornet* from Darwin.
 „ 27 *Corcovado* from Valparaiso.
 „ 30 *Hornet* from San Carlos & Kelp Harbour. Pass:—Mrs. A. Smith, Mr. & Mrs. Bethune, Mr. & Mrs. Ewenson & 7 children, Messrs. H. Grant & D. Williams
 April 1 *Oravia* from Valparaiso. Pass:—Mrs. Johnston, Messrs. J. Williams, Wickham & Roy Bertrand, Jason Hansen
 „ 1 *Richard Williams* from Pebble Island.
 „ 9 *Hornet* from Bleaker and Fitzroy.
 „ 11 *Fortuna* from Spring Point &c. Pass:—Mr. & Mrs. A. Mercer, Mr. J. Benney,

- Mr. & Mrs. G. Perring and child.
 April 12 H.M.S. *Nymphe* from Monte Video.
 „ 17 *Orcana* from Liverpool. Pass:—Dr. & Mrs. Born, & child, Mr. J. Wilson
 „ 17 Bk. *Emilie* from London.
 „ 20 *Fair Rosamond* from The Chartres. Pass:—C.G.A. Anson, Esq. Miss Anson, Mrs. Fullbrook, Mrs. D. Williams, Mr. & Mrs. D. J. Sullivan.
 „ 27 *Hornet* from Fox Bay. Pass:—Dr. Keay, Sidney Miller Esq.
 „ 30 *Victoria* from Valparaiso.
 May 1 *Fortuna* from Roy Cove &c. Pass:—W.W. Bertrand Esq. Mr. & Mrs. Llanos

DEPARTURES.

- Feb. 13 *Hornet* for Port Louis.
 „ 16 *Fair Rosamond* for North Arm. Pass:—Mrs. Jones.
 „ 19 *Oropesa* for Valparaiso. Pass:—Mrs. R. Aldridge & son, Mr. & Mrs. Guardilo Messrs. M. & H. Dean, & Hardy.
 „ 21 H.M.S. *Nymphe* from Monte Video.
 „ 22 *Hornet* for Fox Bay & Port Howard. Pass:—Mr. & Mrs. Matthews & child, Mr. & Mrs. Attock, Mr. & Mrs. George Johnson.
 „ 24 “Ola M. Balcon” for Sealing Cruise.
 „ „ “E. B. Marlin” for „ „
 „ 28 “Florence M. Smith” „ „
 „ „ “Florence M. Munsie” „ „
 „ 28 *Fortuna* for Darwin. Pass:—Miss Hill,
 „ 28 *Fair Rosamond* for Fox Bay.
 Mch. 2 Cutter *Flora* for Darwin.
 „ 4 *California* for Liverpool. Pass:—The Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of the Falkland Islds, The Hon. J. J. Felton, Mrs. Miller & 2 children, Mrs. Clement & 1 child, Mr. & Mrs. John Waldron, Mr. & Mrs. Perry (Port Howard), Messrs. Barron & three other Shepherds.
 „ 5 *Hornet* for Lively Island.
 „ 11 *Fair Rosamond* for Teal Inlet.
 „ 11 *Chance* for San Carlos.
 „ 14 *Fortuna* for Port Louis.
 „ 16 *Hornet* for Darwin.
 „ 20 *Orellana* for Valparaiso. Pass:—Mr. & Mrs. Jensen (Carcass Island).
 „ 23 *Fair Rosamond* for Kelp Harbour, Saunders, The Chartres &c.
 „ „ *Fortuna* for Spring Pt., Dunnose Head. Pass:—Mr. & Mrs. W. Pearson.
 „ „ *Hornet* for Speedwell & Fox Bay.
 „ 30 H. M. S. *Cambrian* for Bahia Blanca.
 „ 31 *Corcovado* for Liverpool.
 April 1 *Oravia* for Liverpool. Pass:—Hon. W. Hart-Bennett, Mrs. Hart-Bennett, Mrs. Felton Mrs. Kewney, Mr. & Mrs. G. Bonner & 3 children, Mr. & Mrs. Humble & 9 children, Mr. & Mrs. Bethune, Misses Bella Coutts, Woodroffe, Coulson, Messrs. F.W. Street, T. McLeod, Grant.

MRS. PAICE
has opened
A RESTAURANT

Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Cake, Hot Meals, Dinners,
Temperance Refreshments,
Tea Cakes made to order.

CURRENCY NOTES. The Treasurer is prepared to send five shilling notes to any person in the Camp requiring the same, on receipt of a cheque for the value. Apply to the Treasurer, Government Offices, Stanley.

FOR SALE.

A HORSE. At Fox Bay, named "Punch" Price £9. Apply to
G. HURST, STANLEY.

CART HORSE. Warranted a strong animal. Apply to GEORGE GRANT,
DARWIN. Price £16.

PATCHEL OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home,
Chatterbox, Little Folk, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St.
Nicholas, and Quiver—in monthly numbers of year 1900 at 4/-.
Apply to THE LIBRARIAN.

Mrs. J.J. Halliday takes in plain sewing and dressmaking.

Mrs. Hansen begs to inform the Public, that she goes out washing &c.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6 :
single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each.
4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 10s. per half page per annum;
£3 whole page per annum; Charge for inclosing Circulars:—5/-
per month for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

*The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies
can always be obtained at that time.*

ASSEMBLY ROOM.

Price list of Refreshments at Assembly Billiard Room.

Mason's Wine	-/1 per glass.
Coffee	-/2 „ cup.
Tea	-/2 „ „
Tarts	-/1 each.
Cakes	from -/1 - -/2 „

BILLIARDS 1/6 per hour.

BAGATELLE TABLE -/9 per hour.

No smoking while actually playing billiards.

As Man to Man is so unjust
I cannot tell what man to trust,
I have trusted so many to my sorrow,
Pay to day and trust to-morrow.

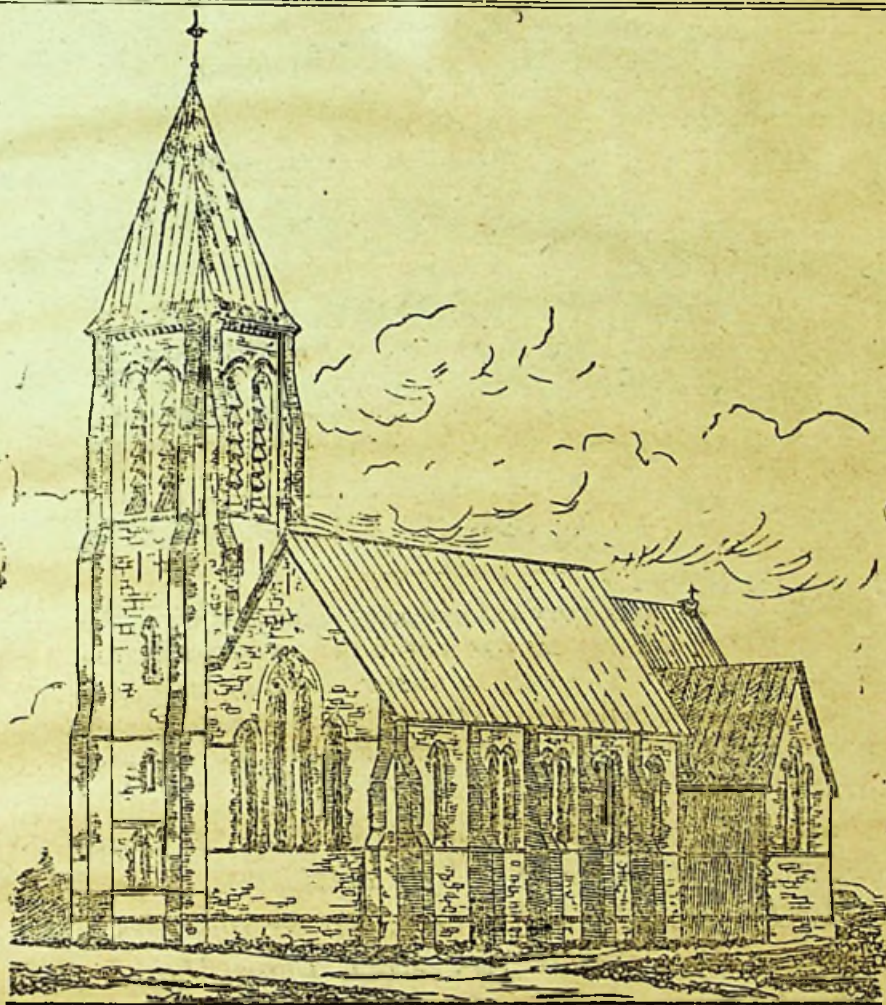
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JUNE

1903. PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE REV. C. K. BLOUNT. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.

SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. George Hurst, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. John Evans and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidemen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

BIRTHS.

- REIVE. Port Sussex, May 18th, the wife of Andrew Reive of a son.
SHORT. Stanley, May 21st, the wife of Richard Short of a daughter.
FLEURET. Long Island, May 22nd, wife of Octave Fleuret of a daughter.
ASHLEY. Stanley, May 22nd, the wife of Frederick Ashley of a son.
-

MARRIAGES.

- FLEURET-WATSON. May 28th, the Cathedral, Stanley, Alphonse Edward Fleuret to Mary Ann eldest daughter of Thomas Watson.
BELL-CLIFTON. May 31st. Stanley, Henry Bell to Jessie Clifton.
-

DEATHS.

- KELLY. Stanley, March 3rd. Capt. Kelly Aged 62.
PIKE. Liverpool, March 13th, Frank Pike, aged 50 years. (*He landed in Liverpool on Feb. 4th, was carried straight to the hospital, where he died. His relatives wished to move him, but the Doctors would not allow it, as he could not have stood it.*)
HEWITT. Lion Creek, May 16th, James, eldest son of David Hewitt, aged 17 years.
EWENSON. Stanley, May 18th, Marion Ewenson, aged 40 years.
PORTER. Stanley, June 9th, Joseph Porter. Aged 73 years.
-

IN MEMORIAM.

IN LOVING MEMORY of *Edward Falkland Biggs, who died May 30th, 1900. Sadly missed by his [wife and children.*

Three years are gone and friends around us
Seem to think the wound is healed,

But they little know the sorrow
Which is in our hearts concealed.

THE TOWER FUND.

This fund has grown in a very satisfactory manner during the past month, and it is evident that our appeal has not fallen upon indifferent ears. But still the cry is for more. The work is almost finished, and so is the money in hand, therefore those who will help us should do so at once. We want to bring up the total to £600 before the Bazaar, and at present we have only the following:—

Already acknowledged £551. 2. 11. *Mr. David Smith* 1£. *Capt. R. Balcom* £1. *Capt. Gilbert* £1. *Capt. Baker* £1. *Capt. Robbins* £1. *Capt. Le Blanc* £1. *Capt. Anderson* £1. *Capt. Ryan* 10/-. *Capt. Warrner* 10/-. *Mrs. F. I. King* 10/-. *Mr. J. Evans* 10/-. *Mr. John Fell* 10/-. *Mr. F. Durose* 15/-. *L. G. S.* £1. 5s. *H. Broad* 5/-. *Box in porch* 14/9. *Comet No. 4 balance* £2. 3. 0. (£7. 3. in all) Total £565 15 8.

June 8th. 1903. W. C. GIRLING, *Hon. Treas.*

THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

CHURCH SERVICES

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 11 a.m.

" Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at [8. 45.

Evening Prayer (Wednesday) [at 7 p.m.

The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon: and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on any Sunday or week day.

BIBLE CLASS:—On Tuesday at 8 p.m.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10. a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of every month in the Vestry at 8. P.M. All Letters should be addressed to Mr. T. Binnie Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30 p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

" *Undaunted of the Falklands*" Lodge

Meetings held in the

SPEEDWELL COFFEE ROOM,

Every Thursday at 7.30., P.M.

All who desire to become members are cordially invited to attend at that hour.

Sec. Bro. WILLIS.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, APRIL, 1903.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION ... Morning ... 183

" " ... Evening ... 144

NUMBER OF COINS ... Morning ... 74

" " ... Evening ... 63

Number at S. School ... Morning ... 72

" " " " ... Afternoon 102

Number of coins in the Offertories:—

0 sovereign, 1 half-sovereign, 2 crowns, 7 half-crowns, 30 florins, 47 shillings, 115 six-pences, 136 threepenny pieces, 234 pence, 20 half-pence, 1 farthings & 10 other coins. Total, 603.

CHRIST CHURCH, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

APRIL, 1903.

RECEIPTS.

	£.	s.	d.
5. By Offertory	1	17	10½
10. Good Friday		10	8½
12. Easter Day	4	5	3½
19. By Offertory	2	3	11½
26. " "	3	10	4½
Thank Offerings.		7	6
Exchange of Foreign Coins		5	3
Donation from J.E. Rowen Esq.	17	2½	
Deficit	10	15	4½
	£24	13	6

EXPENDITURE.

	£.	s.	d.
To Wages:—			
Sexton	3	2	0
Blower and Bell Ringer	1	0	0
E. Binnie keeping order		5	0
Labour		4	6
F. I. Co.	2	9	7
March Deficit	17	12	5
	£24	13	6

G. HURST,

HON. TREASURER.

BAPTISMS.

May 19th Stanley, Arthur James Llamosa.
" 22nd " Thomas Binnie.

MAIL NEWS.

The Income Tax has been reduced to eleven pence. The impost on corn has been retained.

A small revolution has taken place in Chili. At Valparaiso a whole train load of trucks containing cargo for southern ports and England was set on fire and destroyed.

The Deceased Wife's Sister Bill has again passed the House of Commons. There were 258 members present, which is but a poor show for a Bill which is said to be so popular and necessary. The majority in its favor was 70. The bill was opposed by Sir J. Kennaway, Mr. Guest, Lord E. Talbot and others.

A truly human life, whatever be its nature, requires leisure and quiet and reflection; and still day by day we seem to strive more eagerly to make them unattainable. "Late and soon, getting and spending we lay waste our powers."

Bishop Westcott.

BISHOP STIRLING ON EDUCATION.

At a distribution of prizes to pupil teachers at Taunton some time ago which was presided over by the ex Mayor the following references to the Education Act and education were made by the Chairman and Bishop Stirling. The ex-Mayor (Alderman A. E. Perkins) presided, and among those present were Bishop Stirling (representing the Bishop of Bath and Wells), the Rev. Preb. Askwith, and others.

The Rev. Preb. Askwith said prayers at the opening and close of the meeting.

The Chairman, in his opening address, said they were very glad that Bishop Stirling was there to represent Bishop Kennion—(applause)—and give away the prizes in that kindly and gracious manner for which he was well known in the diocese. The Education Bill had passed the House of Commons by a majority of two to one, and he saw in that morning's paper that it had passed the House of Lords by a tremendous majority. That to those who were interested in religious education was a matter of great congratulation. (Applause.) He congratulated them, particularly those to whom they looked to carry out the Education Act in the future, for whatever had been done the time would come when the Bill now before Parliament would be an Act of the Legislature and would have to be carried out, and the people who would have to carry it out would be the pupil teachers. Much had been said during the past year with regard to education, and he was afraid that what they all had at heart, the education of the young, had been lost sight of in the hurly-burly of religious and sectarian differences. The time had come when he hoped that not only those people who had objected to the provisions of the Act but the Church people who had gone in so very keenly for it would recognise that a religious education was absolutely essential and necessary quite as much as secular education. (Applause.) It had been proved that the time had come when all classes of the population might cordially unite in carrying out what had been a source of so much difference, so that that Act might provide what some people called a ladder from the elementary schools to the University, while they as Church people and those who had the carrying out of the education of the future thought that religious education was more than necessary, and they would teach "What doth it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?" (Applause.)

Bishop Stirling then addressed the meeting previous to presenting the prizes. He said he had been very gratified to hear the suggestions made in the excellent report, and to see that the pupil teachers deserved the prizes which

lay before him. When speaking of it the other day he had said how glad he was to come here and see what interest was excited in an enterprise of that kind bearing so deeply on the future of the young in their Church. When they had to do with Christian education they had to do with that which was of the deepest importance to society at large. Often they asked, "What will the future bring?" and they strained their eyes and they photographed in the future something of what they remembered in the past. They tried to reproduce their experiences and embody them in something they had to do. Everywhere where there were schools there was the secret of the future, and as they impressed the young so they would impress the future, and the future of the Empire and the future of England would depend on the moral and intellectual character they (the pupil teachers) impressed upon the hearts of the young. (Applause.) They might look at that in several ways, but to be able to stimulate the intellect of those who were teaching as well as learning was of the greatest importance. Anything which excited the intellectual powers of those who were growing up and in future had the teaching of the young in their care was most important. That did not affect the pupil teacher alone, it affected the whole school and raised the tone, and it was impossible for any teacher to take part in the education at a school if he did not interest himself in improving those among whom he moved and instructed. How much greater must it be to bring the moral character and the spiritual character of the work which that association desired to establish. Was it possible that those who were studying God's Word would be otherwise than a blessing to the whole school in which they moved and worked hourly and daily? He gave some interesting information as to the work of religious teaching in South America, and in conclusion he said that it was of the highest importance that they should encourage their young people to study God's Word and become acquainted with the discipline and doctrine of the Church. (Applause.)

(Somerset County Gazette.)

Bishop Stirling also held confirmation services for Bishop Kennion whilst he was busy with the Education Act in the House of Lords. At All Saints Wellington he confirmed 27 candidates and at another centre 112 candidates. Such a heavy day's work, as the latter must have been, speaks well for his health and strength. We reproduce part of his address. (The name of the paper in which it appeared has not been supplied to us.)

The Bishop reminded the candidates that in addition to being confirmed they had to confirm the vows and promises made for them in their

younger days and unless they had some power strengthening them they could not do that of themselves. Rather it depended upon their being loyal to the promises which they would make and seeking to walk in the path of God's law. In their confirmation they received the gift of the Holy Spirit and prayed that it might be so given to them that they might have victory over the world and the temptations of the evil one. He reminded them that they made their promise in the presence of God whose eye was always on them. He knew all their thoughts, and though they never saw Him they felt His presence. God had no wish to frighten them or impress them with great fear but rather He wished to comfort and strengthen them and make them bright and happy. God was calling on them to consecrate their life to Him, to abstain in the future from all that was evil, and to walk in His ways. He reminded them that this would be far from easy and there would be many trials and difficulties to contend with. God would strengthen them, however. The presence of the congregation should also be a great source of strength to them that evening for they were bound together in spiritual sympathy with them. Concluding the Bishop said if they wished to walk in God's path they must, as the Bible said, "Be not wise in thine own eyes, fear the Lord, and depart from evil. Then shalt thou walk in thy way safely and thy foot shall not stumble. When thou liest down thou shalt not be afraid, yea, thou shalt lie down and thy sleep shall be sweet."

The Bishop then put the question to the candidates, after which the congregation joined in silent prayer, the hymn "Come Holy Ghost our souls inspire," being sung kneeling. The Bishop then laid his hands on the candidates.

Addressing the newly-confirmed the Bishop said they must use the means of grace offered them. He impressed the need of private and public prayer, and the reading of a portion of God's Holy word every day. He trusted they would all partake of the Holy Sacrament, for in partaking of that means of grace they would be strengthened in leading a new life.

After the singing of the hymn, "O Jesus I have promised," the service was closed with the Blessing by the Bishop.

MARRIAGE OF MISS MADGE PIMM TO MR. ALFRED HARRIS.

(Communicated.)

A pretty romantic engagement contracted in the early part of last year between Miss Madge Pimm of Stanley and Mr. Alfred Harris Engineer to the Falkland Islands Co., terminated

most happily in their marriage on the 11th of last month in the Chapel of St. Mary's, Stanley.

The bride, who was given away by her uncle Mr. Edwin Rutter, the "Ship Hotel", wore on the occasion a dress of cream brocaded satin trimmed with tucked chiffon & orange blossoms; her hat, a large Leghorn (Gainsborough shape) was trimmed tucked chiffon and Ostrich plumes. She carried a shower bouquet, and an ivory bound prayer book the gift of her much esteemed friend and pastor the Rev. Father O'Grady.

The bridesmaids, Mrs. V. A. Biggs a sister and Mrs. Johnson aunt of the bride, wore most becoming dresses of glace silk with cream yellow yokes and narrow ribbon velvet. Their hats were of lavender silk trimmed with cream lace and feathers. Mr. V. A. Biggs acted as best-man.

The favourite hymns of the bride were sung before and after the ceremony which was performed by the Rev. Father Diamond who delivered an appropriate sermon on the occasion.

With the sweet sounds of the "Wedding March" still ringing in their ears, the newly married pair walked out of Chapel to be assailed by showers of rice from the assembled friends and a reception, worthy of the occasion and of the generous donors, was given at the Stanley Arms Hotel. Needless to add, they were the recipients of numerous and valuable presents.

FLEURET-WATSON.

A very pretty but quiet wedding took place in the Cathedral, Stanley, on Thursday 28th May, when Mr. Alphonse Fleuret was married to Miss Mary Ann Watson eldest daughter of Mr. T. Watson. The day was all that could be desired—a "pet" day in fact—for this time of the year. The bride wore a becoming dress of cream flowered Silk trimmed with pearls, with handsome wreath and veil. She was given away by her father and attended by her two sisters as bridesmaids whose dresses were pale blue Cashmere trimmed with white Silk and becoming hats to match. Mr. Duncan Watson was best man. During the service the two hymns "The Voice that breathed o'er Eden" and "How welcome was the call" were sung. A great number of friends assembled in the Church for the ceremony and to salute the newly married pair as they came away with the usual amount of rice and confetti. The parents of the bride gave a wedding breakfast to which a great many were invited and also issued invitations to many others for a reception in the afternoon. The presents were very numerous.

Constable Sullivan has been appointed Jailer in place of H. Millett who has resigned.

The four masted ship *Niobe* at present in the is undergoing repairs.

INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL MANIFESTO
ON ALCOHOL.

The council of the British Medical Temperance Association have issued a manifesto containing a statement of facts which are believed to be scientifically established and to form a solid basis for the practice of total abstinence. It was agreed on as a necessary qualification that only those medical men should sign who are themselves abstainers from alcoholic beverages. The manifesto has been signed by 724 medical men, 296 belonging to the United Kingdom and the rest to the United States of America and European countries. The manifesto sets forth various objections to the use of alcoholic liquors and concludes:—"Seeing, then, that the common use of alcoholic beverages is always and everywhere followed, sooner or later, by moral, physical, and social results of a most serious and threatening character, and that it is the cause, direct or indirect, of a very large proportion of the poverty, suffering, vice, crime, lunacy, disease, and death, not only in the case of those who take such beverages but in the case of others who are unavoidably associated with them, we feel warranted, nay, compelled to urge the general adoption of total abstinence from all intoxicating liquors as beverages, as the surest, simplest, and quickest method of removing the evils which necessarily result from their use. Such a course is not only universally safe, but is also natural. We believe that such an era of health, happiness and prosperity would be inaugurated thereby that many of the social problems of the present age would be solved." *The Times wkly. Edition Feb 27 '08.*

THE DROUGHT IN AUSTRALIA.

Writing in the *Scottish Geographical Magazine*, the Rev. J. Bryant, of N. S. W., says:—

In the Western District the drought has wrought fearful havoc. The Darling river is reduced to a narrow, stagnant pool.

The effect of the drought on the pastoral industry may be judged from some specific instances. Mount Murchison and Momba station, on the Darling and Paroo rivers, is one of the largest holdings in New South Wales. In 1890 and 1891, 300,000 sheep were shorn, besides nearly 100,000 sent away before shearing. Continual decrease has reduced the number this year to 40,000. An adjoining station, Monolon, formerly reckoned one of the best of the Far West holdings, has been abandoned. Farella, twelve miles from the White Cliffs opalfields, usually a well-watered holding, and carrying in ordinary seasons 90,000 sheep, has had its numbers reduced to 26,000. It is

estimated that the flock in the whole of New South Wales, which averages sixty millions of sheep, has been brought down already by the prolonged general drought to twenty millions.

A VISIT TO KANDY, CEYLON.

(From our own correspondent.)

The next excitement was a trip to Kandy. The Church is very fine, with a stately Chancel, no punkahs, but very large doors down both sides of the Church, which stand open and keep the interior beautifully cool. It was very wonderful at the early (Choral) Celebration to see all the different races present. English, Continental folk, Burghers, Tamils and Sinhalese. Some of the high-caste Tamil women were in their picturesque dress—gorgeous in colour and material, with wonderful silver ornaments in their hair, and with exquisite lace veils worn a la bride.

Kandy is a beautiful little town, very oriental, and of course much hotter than N'Elia, though only 30 miles away. Its great feature is the Lake, which is really an enormous tank, made in the far off ages by Kings of Kandy. It is bordered by cocoanut palms.

The famous Temple of the Tooth is very disappointing. We very much enjoyed an expedition to a Rock Temple, to which we were invited by Mrs. im Thurn, wife of the Lieut. Governor. The expedition was got up in her honour by a Kandyan chief, Dummwilli by name, and head of police, and was a regular royal progress, every available point in the journey being profusely decorated. After crossing the ferry in a regular Harvest Festival of a barge, we processed in various ways up a very steep road—Mrs. im Thurn, her sister and I in a bullock hackery, another lady behind in a rick shaw, C. ditto. Mr. Dummwilli walking, then four elephants, then a crowd of at least 200 natives.

The Temple is hewn out of solid rock, and is about 30 ft. x 12 x 8. As you enter you see facing you, his head to your left hand, a recumbent Buddha, 18 cubits long, and all in proportion. As you can imagine, it is impressive. The Buddha and his temple are all in a piece, also six other small figures of him, three at either end of the temple. It is lighted by wonderful hanging brass lamps, in which a lighted wick floats on cocoanut oil. The Temple is very hot.

Outside are the usual sacred Bo tree (of which no one must pluck flowers or leaf) and agoba, an enormous bell-shaped structure of masonry, erected over dedicated treasure.

Another day we went to see the elephants bathing in the Marawelli Ganga, a splendid river. C.C. was rather nervous at first, but

eventually had a ride on the elephants, and we could hardly tear him away after that.

NEWS LETTER.

Two gifts to the Church in memory of the late Mr. J. L. Waldron of Port Howard, arrived in the last mail. One is a large iron fire proof safe, which is given by Mrs. James Waldron and other friends, whose names are given on the inside of the safe. A small brass plate is fixed to the outside of its door with the inscription "In memory of the late J. L. Waldron from his widow and friends."

The other memorial is a brass plate to be fixed to the wall in the Cathedral when a suitable position has been decided upon. It is the gift of the employees on Port Howard Station—a tribute to the esteem in which they held their late master. Mr. Waldron was one of the pioneers of the West Falklands and his memory is warmly cherished by all who knew him.

THE SEALING SEASON.

The Nova Scotian and British Columbian sealing schooners, which have visited here for the last two years, have just concluded their season's hunting, and have come into Stanley for the winter. At present there are seven schooners here—and smart looking craft they are—more like racers than sealers. The seal they bring in, are caught in the open sea and to judge by the result it appears to be a most profitable method, though whether it will continue to be so in future years, remains to be seen. The eight schooners, which landed their skins here, caught 12,000 seals this season—the least catch of any schooner being about 500. This represents three to four months work. It was a great enterprise for which to leave home and travel several thousands of miles. We again ask could not Falkland Island men do something in this way for themselves? The distance they would have to go would only be about one eighth of the distance these strangers have come. One or two men from Stanley did join the sealers and have done very much to their satisfaction—made as much in the four months as they would have made in eight (or perhaps twelve) in the Falklands.

THE DEAN.

Dean Brandon writes from The Chartres on May 18th having visited all the southern camp and smaller islands. He speaks of rough weather "ashore and afloat." However, we have had wonderfully mild weather, for this time of the year, and (in Stanley) many days that will compare favourably with much of the summer weather. The Dean and Mrs. Brandon hope to be home early in July.

THE TOWER.

The outside walling of the Tower is at last complete, and the first wall-plates have been fixed in position. The inside wall will also be complete when this appears in print. Those who have not seen the Tower cannot possibly realise the great improvement its completion is. With fine calm weather it will not be long before its steeple—thirty feet in height—is built up.

THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The R. M. S. *Liguria*, due to arrive on May 27th, did not put in an appearance until late on Monday afternoon 1st June. The explanation of her late arrival was due to a dock strike in Valparaiso, and bad weather when near the Falklands. She was off the land on Saturday, but had to put to sea again. A large number from the Falklands (for this time of the year) went home in her, either for a "trip" or for good. Amongst the former are Mr. Gorton and Miss A. Felton. Mr. Bertrand is homeward bound, and Mr. Hayes has left us for good. We shall all miss the last named very much indeed. Always cheery and pleasant, he made many friends while we doubt if he made one enemy. We wish him every success and hope that promotion is only waiting for him to get home.

Mr. M. Craigie-Halkett returned from England after his long holiday, in the R. M. S. *California*. He is looking remarkably well and has taken up his duties in the Government office.

Mr. Herbert Coulson succeeds Mr. Charlie Coulson (who has gone home in the *Liguria*) as assistant light keeper.

A New Zealand steamer was seen off Bird Island, Port Stephens, some time ago. She is stated to have turned round several times and then proceeded on her voyage at full speed ahead.

We hear there are great changes being made with regard to the movements of H. M. Ships in these waters. It is stated that, in future, Gibraltar will be the head quarters of the ships coming here, that the number of the ships in the squadron will be increased, that the squadron will be under an Admiral, that they will have to take up the stations on the West Coast of Africa and other places, as well as the S. E. coast of S. America and the Falklands. Some say we shall see less of any particular ship, some say that we shall see more ships. We shall know more about it this time next year. The naval works at Klondyke still go on, and we are told that a naval range is to be made on the other side, leaving the old range for our Volunteers.

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.

The public holiday in honor of the above was held on the 3rd. June, and most of the men were off work for the day. The annual ball organised by the members of the Benefit Club was held on

THE WRECK OF THE RESOLUTE.

In the President's office at the White House stands the memento of the most famous of derelicts, the British ship *Resolute*. It is a desk, made of the vessel's timbers, presented to the President of the United States by Queen Victoria. It is a constant reminder of a very graceful international courtesy extended to Great Britain by the United States forty years ago. The *Resolute* was one of three vessels sent out by the British Government for the relief of Sir John Franklin and his Arctic expedition. In the winter of 1851 the *Resolute* was nipped in the ice in Melville Bay and was abandoned by her crew.

Directly after her abandonment a heavy snow-storm came up, the ice was broken, and when the storm cleared, two days after, the *Resolute* had disappeared. It was supposed that she had sunk, and she was reported to the Admiralty as lost and was stricken from the Admiralty lists. Four years later a New England whaling vessel, under command of Capt. James Buddington, George E. Tysen mate, saw a vessel fast in a floe just off Northumberland Gulf. Tyson took a party of men, and after thirty miles of dangerous travel over the ice pack came to the ice-locked vessel, and found that it was H.M.S. *Resolute*, very little injured by her four years of aimless knocking about in the Arctic.

Capt. Buddington abandoned his whaling voyage, put a crew on board the *Resolute* and brought her to New London. The vessel was the property of the owners of the whaler. As an act of international courtesy, Congress appropriated 200,000 dollars to buy the prize, put it in thorough condition, manned it with an American crew and sent it back to Great Britain. When the *Resolute* was broken up in 1877 the Queen had a desk made from its timbers and presented it to the President of the United States.

[The above Capt. Buddington was the Father of the Captain of the same name who was sailing in these waters some years ago. Ed]

"A WORD TO THE WISE."

Dear Mr. Editor,

Enclosed "cutting" speaks for itself. When I read it in one of the papers I could not refrain from passing it on to you. Will you please give it a corner in your Magazine.

A labourer has been fined 20s, and 7s. costs at West Ham for cruelty to a rat, which he tied to a stake and then permitted a dog to worry.

British Weekly.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

- May 6 "Richard Williams" from Pebble.
 " 10 "Ola M. Balcom" from Sealing Cruise.
 " 10 "Beatrice L. Corkhum " "
 " 14 "Fortuna" from Salvador.
 " 15 "California" from Liverpool. Pass :—
 M. Craigie Halkett Esq.
 " 16 "Hornet" from Darwin and Lively.
 " 17 "Florence M. Smith" from Slg. Cruise.
 " 17 "Fair Rosamond" from San Carlos.
 " 20 "Barque "Niobe" from Antwerp.
 " 21 "E.B. Marvin" from Sealing Cruise.
 " " "Leslie L." from Sealing Cruise.
 " 23 "Florence M. Munsie" " "
 " 24 "Edward Roy" " "
 " " "Fortuna" from Fox Bay &c. Pass :—
 Messrs. W.G. Benney, F. & T. Lee, J. Muse.
 " 25 "Hornet" from Fitzroy.
 " 27 "Fair Rosamond" from Darwin.
 " 28 "St. Clair" from Sealing Cruise.
 June 1 "Liguria" from Valparaiso. Pass :—
 Stanley Hansen Esq. Messrs. T. Dettleff,
 J. Blakley, H. Betts & Father Grosso.
 " 2 "Antisana" from Valparaiso.
 " 3 "Fair Rosamond" from Port Louis.

DEPARTURES.

- April 2 "Hornet" for Fitzroy and Bleaker.
 Pass :—Mr. A. Bernsten & T. Myles.
 " 6 "Richard Williams" from Pebble.
 " 16 "Fortuna" for Roy Cove. Pass :—
 Messrs. W. & R. Bertrand, Jason Hansen,
 Misses. Lewis, Benney & Felton.
 " 17 "Orcana" for Valparaiso. Pass :—
 Tom & Arthur Aldridge.
 " 19 "Hornet" for Fox Bay &c.
 " 28 "Fair Rosamond" for Darwin & San
 Carlos.
 " 30 "Victoria" for Liverpool. Pass :—
 Dr. Keay, S. Miller Esq. Mr. Mrs. & Miss
 Middleton, Messrs. James & S. Middleton.
 May 5 "Fortuna" for Salvador.
 " 6 "Hornet" for Lively Isd. & Darwin.
 " " H. M. S. "Nynphe" for Monte Video.
 " 15 "California" for Valparaiso.
 " 19 "Fortuna" for Fox Bay, &c.
 " 21 "Hornet" for Fitzroy.
 " 22 "Fair Rosamond" for Goose Green &
 Darwin. Pass :—Mr. & Mrs. Alfred Harris.
 " 25 "Richard Williams" for Pebble.
 " 29 "Florence M. Smith" for Halifax.
 " 30 "Fortuna" Port Stephens &c.
 " " "Fair Rosamond" for Port Louis.
 " " "Hornet" for North Arm &c.
 " " "Chance" for Roy Cove &c.
 June 2 "Liguria" for Liverpool. Pass :—W.
 W. Bertrand Esq. G. P. Hayes, Esq. Miss
 A. Felton, Messrs. C. A. Gorton, W. G.
 Benney, C. Coulson, Allen Biggs, Roger
 Smith, Master Barry Girling, Mr. & Mrs.
 H. Bell.

THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

the night of the 2nd. and was a very successful and well managed affair. Dancing was kept up from nine o'clock till four o'clock the next morning. The Childrens party was held in the Assembly Room on the 3rd, which from 3 o'clock till 9 o'clock was filled with energetic noisy youngsters who did their best to make as much noise as possible. There were 220 children sat down to tea. The room was tastefully decorated for both the ball and party with the usual profusion of flags.

We regret to have to report two unexpected deaths which took place within the last month. One was that of Mrs. Ewenson wife of a shepherd lately in the employment of the Company, but who had to leave on account of ill health. They came to Stanley and took the "Speedwell" after the Humbles went home. Mrs. Ewenson contracted tonsillitis shortly after coming in and never, we may say, left her bed again. Her throat got well but other symptoms showed

themselves and she passed away early on Monday morning the 18th May. Much sympathy is felt for her husband who is left with seven little children.

The other death was that of the eldest son of Mr. David Hewitt of Lion Creek Lafonia, who died at Goose Green of eningitis. We believe the funeral of the poor boy was very largely attended.

VITAL STATISTICS.

We publish the following statistics which appeared in the *Gazette* for April. It will be seen that the difference in the population from the 31st Dec. 1901 to the 31st Dec. 1902 only amounts to *two*. It is strange that there should be this very small increase, though the birth-rate was high, but it is accounted for by the fact that several families, long resident out here, went home in 1902. This year we venture to predict will not show any increase. Ed.

BIRTHS.			DEATHS.			MARRIAGES.		
	M.	F. Total.		M.	F. Total.		A.	R.C. Total.
Stanley	16...	22 38	Stanley	7 ..	6 13	Stanley	10...	3 13
Darwin	7...	3 10	Darwin	2...	0 2	Darwin	1...	0 1
West Falklands	4...	5 9	West Falklands	2...	2 2	W. Falklands	3...	0 3
Total Births, 1902		57	Total Deaths, 1902		19	Total Marriages, 1902		17

SUMMARY.

Estimated population, 31st December, 1901.	...	...	M.	F.	...	2076
Arrivals 1902, (excluding 74 temporary foreign employes on Naval Works)	...	...	1220	856	...	155
Births	...	...	121	34	...	57
	...	...	27	30	...	
			Totals	1368	920	2288
Deduct Departures, 1902, (excluding 103 temporary foreign employes on Naval Works)	...	...	137	54	...	191
			Remain	1231	866	2097
Deduct Deaths, 1902	..	...	11	8	...	19
Estimated population, 31st December, 1902	...	...	1220	858	...	2073
Birth rate per 1,000	...	26.56.				
Death " " "	...	8.85.				

M. Males F. Females A. Anglican R.C. Roman Catholics.

Stanley, F.I.
15th March, 1902.

W. HART BENNETT,
Registrar General

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Statement showing total Receipts and Expenditure during
Year ended 31st DECEMBER, 1902.

RECEIPTS.	RECEIVED IN COLONY.			RECEIVED BY CROWN AGENTS.			TOTAL.			PAYMENTS.			PAID IN COLONY.			PAID BY CROWN AGENTS.			TOTAL.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.				£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Balance on 1st January, 1902.	1462	9	10	...	...	...	1462	9	10	Pensions -	...	...	1237	11	...	222	16	...	222	16	...
Customs -	5724	0	2	...	...	...	5724	0	2	Governor -	...	...	1223	0	...	87	19	...	1487	11	...
Port, Harbour and Tonnage Dues	114	14	6	...	...	...	114	14	6	Colonial Secretary's Department	...	...	79	4	...	3	15	...	82	19	...
Internal Revenue	607	4	6	...	...	...	607	4	6	Customs	...	...	208	11	...	15	0	...	15	0	...
Fees	396	4	6	...	...	...	396	4	6	Audit	...	...	303	10	...	42	7	...	303	10	...
Post Office	1210	19	3	...	...	...	1210	19	3	Port and Marine	...	...	505	0	...	32	9	...	547	14	...
Rents	4751	16	7	...	...	...	4751	16	7	Legal	...	...	171	19	...	15	19	...	204	9	...
Miscellaneous	338	6	8	...	...	...	338	6	8	Police	...	...	606	15	...	69	4	...	622	14	...
Interest on Investments -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Medical	...	...	630	18	...	...	6	...	700	10	...
Land Sales -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Education	...	...	472	0	...	...	...	...	472	0	...
" Saving's Bank	16	1	3	...	...	...	16	1	3	Ecclesiastical	...	...	280	6	...	...	...	...	319	14	...
" Fire Brigade	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Transport	...	...	701	12	...	171	3	...	872	16	...
Total exclusive of Land Sales -	12154	8	9	...	...	...	12154	8	9	Miscellaneous	...	...	559	4	...	2532	16	...	3091	19	...
Land Sales	325	0	0	...	...	...	325	0	0	Public Works	...	...	989	3	...	108	16	...	1179	16	...
Investments realised	3479	8	9	...	...	...	3479	8	9	" (Extraordinary)	...	...	1071	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Advances repaid	5901	15	0	...	...	...	5901	15	0	Colonial Engineer	...	...	364	10	...	...	...	...	377	11	...
Deposits received	41812	3	9	...	...	...	41812	3	9	Drawbacks	...	...	86	14	...	...	...	...	86	14	...
Remittances received	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Savings Bank	...	...	1181	12	...	...	...	...	1181	12	...
Overpayments recovered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Total	...	...	10672	10	...	4117	4	...	14789	15	...
Received under Scab Ordinance	216	1	11	...	...	...	216	1	11	Investments made	...	...	40	0	...	611	6	...	6207	6	...
Total	61409	9	5	...	...	...	61409	9	5	Advances	...	...	15239	11	...	15662	3	...	15881	9	...
Total on 1st January, 01	1462	9	10	...	...	...	1462	9	10	Deposits repaid	...	...	21798	13	...	...	...	...	37461	9	...
Total	62871	18	3	...	...	...	62871	18	3	Remittances to Crown Agents	...	...	12800	0	...	...	...	...	12800	0	...
										Advances, under Scab Ord.,	...	...	388	6	...	...	...	...	388	6	...
										Total	...	...	60030	2	...	20649	5	...	87588	7	...
										Balance on 31st Dec, 1902.	...	...	1032	16	...	4024	10	...	5057	19	...
										Total	...	...	62871	18	...	62871	18	...	62871	18	...

FOR SALE.

SCHOONER to be sold to dissolve a partnership. The *Columbia Marie* built of oak, yellow metal fastened, carries 140 tons dead weight, good outfit perfectly tight. Apply H. L. REYNARD, PUNTA ARENAS.

A Double Dwelling House with necessaries producing four pounds per month, with frontage on James Street 22 yards by a depth 44 yards, or will sell in two lots 11 yards by 44 yards with $\frac{1}{2}$ building. Price for the East end £300. The West portion same size £290. Purchasers can have the option of buying the portion of Land adjoining facing the front or Ross Road by agreement. Apply JAMES TURNER, STANLEY. 6th June 1903.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home, Chatterbox, Little Folk, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—in monthly numbers of year 1900 at 4/-.

Apply to THE LIBRARIAN.

CURRENCY NOTES. The Treasurer is prepared to send five shilling note to any person in the Camp requiring the same, on receipt of a cheque for the value. Apply to the Treasurer, Government Offices, Stanley.

Mrs. J.J. Halliday takes in plain sewing and dressmaking.

Mrs. Hansen begs to inform the Public, that she goes out washing &c.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6: single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each. 4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 10s. per half page per annum; £3 whole page per annum; **Charge for inclosing Circulars:**—5/- per month for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies can always be obtained at that time.

ASSEMBLY ROOM.

Price list of Refreshments at Assembly Billiard Room.

Mason's Wine	-/1 per glass.
Coffee	-/2 „ cup.
Tea	-/2 „ „
Tarts	-/1 each.
Cakes	from -/1 - -/2 „

BILLIARDS 1/6 per hour.

BAGATELLE TABLE -/9 per hour.

No smoking while actually playing billiards.

As Man to Man is so unjust
I cannot tell what man to trust,
I have trusted so many to my sorrow,
Pay to day and trust to-morrow.

*Miss Felton
Malvina House*

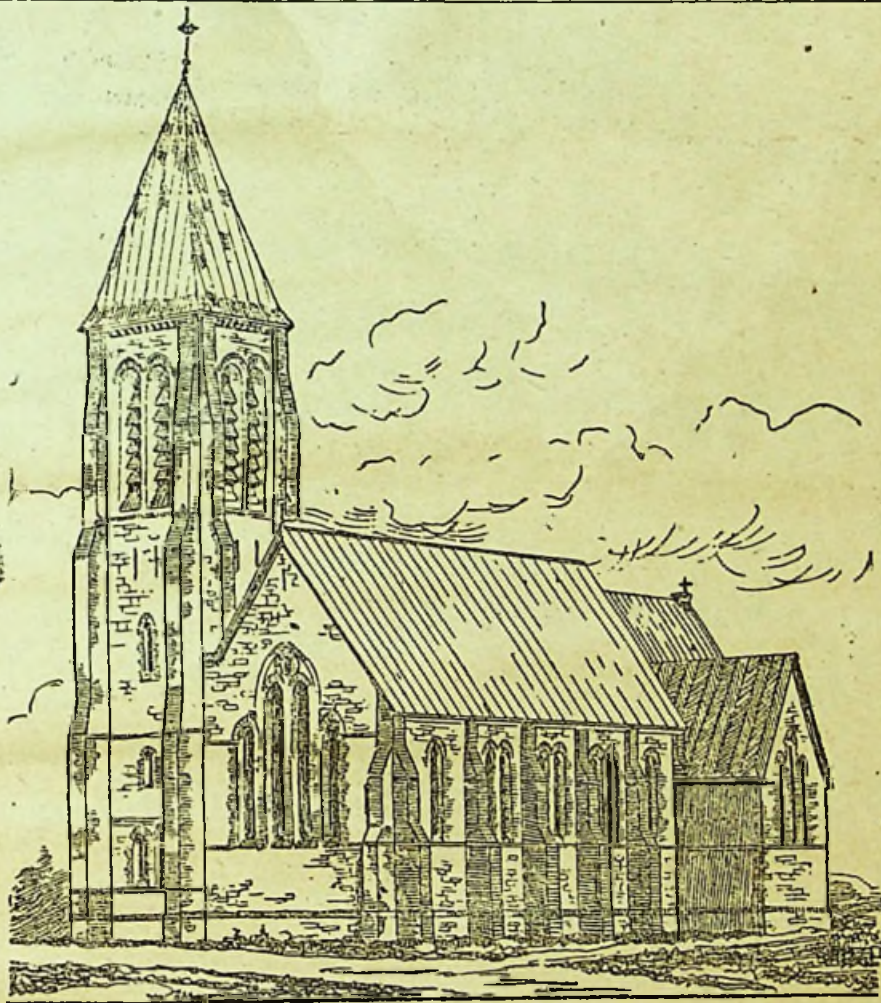
No. 3. VOL XV.

JULY 1903.

PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE REV. C. K. BLOUNT, M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.
SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. George Hurst, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. John Evans and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidemen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

Port Stanley, Falkland Islands: Printed by Miss. Willis.

BIRTHS.

LANGDON. The Point, Hill Cove, Jan. 11th, the wife of F. Langdon of a daughter.
 JOHNSON. Hill Cove, April 16th, the wife of Edward R. Johnson, of a son.
 DUNCAN. Ciaique, „ 30th, the wife of John Duncan, of a son.
 ANDERSON. South Harbour, Port Stephens, May 14th, the wife of L. Anderson, of a daughter.
 NETZEL. Punta Arenas, May 11th, the wife of Charles E. R. Netzel of a daughter.
 BETTS. Hill Cove, May 21st, the wife of Charles Betts, of a daughter.
 JAMESON. Darwin, June 2nd, the wife of Dr. Jameson of a son.
 COLEMAN. Stanley, June 9th, the wife of J. Coleman, of a daughter.
 DAVIS. Stanley, June 11th, the wife of B. Davis, of a daughter.
 SHORT. San Carlos, S. May 17th, the wife of J. Short, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ATKINS-ANDERSON. The Cathedral, Stanley, June 15th, Richard Atkins to Sarah Anderson
 STEWART-DUNCAN. Stanley, June 18th, George Stewart to Rachel Duncan.

DEATHS.

PITALUGA. Stanley, June 11th, Agnes Pitaluga, aged 48 years.
 FLEURET. Stanley, June 16th, Gaston Fleuret, aged 30 years.
 MARLIN. Stanley, „ „ Daniel Marlin, aged 47 years.
 MARLIN. Stanley, „ „ Fred Marlin, aged 17 years.

MR. PITALUGA AND FAMILY wish to thank all Friends for their kindness during their late trouble. Stanley, June 1903.

MRS. G. FLEURET desires to thank friends in Stanley. Captain Balcom and all belonging to the sealing schooners, for their sympathy and great kindness in her trouble and sorrow.

THE CAPTAINS AND CREWS of the sealing schooners desire to return their thanks for all sympathy shown to them in connection with the recent accident.

THE TOWER FUND.

As everyone in Stanley knows, the Tower is now completed, and all that remains to be done is to pay the piper!! Who will come forward and help raise the few odd pounds (!) that are still necessary. The fund certainly grows, but just lately it has suffered from the cold and has not expanded as it should. We have every hope however, of making the total up to a level £600 before the Bazaar is held next month, but this can only be done by personal efforts of those interested. At the present moment the Fund stands as follows:—

<i>Amount already published</i>	£565	15	8
<i>Mr. L. V. Oswald</i>	1	1	0
„ <i>A. Bonner</i>	1	0	0
„ <i>W. C. Girling</i>	1	0	0
„ <i>F. I. King</i>	10	0	
<i>A Friend</i>	1	0	0
<i>Savings Bank Interest</i>	2	16	9
<i>Box in Porch</i>		1	10
<i>Sale of Comet (making £5 8 0)</i>	5	0	

July 6th. 1903.

£573 10 3

W. C. GIRLING,
Hon. Treasurer.

THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

CHURCH SERVICES

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 11 a.m.

" Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at [8. 45.

Evening Prayer (Wednesday) [at 7 p.m.

The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon: and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on any Sunday or week day.

BIBLE CLASS:—On Tuesday at 8 p.m.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL in CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10. a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of every month in the Vestry at 8. p.m. All Letters should be addressed to Mr. T. Binnie Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30 p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

"Undaunted of the Falklands" Lodge

Meetings held in the

SPEEDWELL COFFEE ROOM,

Every Thursday at 7.30., p.m.

All who desire to become members are cordially invited to attend at that hour.

Sec. Bro. WILLIS.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, MAY, 1903.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION ... Morning ... 116
" " ... Evening ... 136
NUMBER OF COINS ... Morning ... 44
" " ... Evening ... 70
Number at S. School ... Morning ... 72
" " " " ... Afternoon 102
"Number" of coins in the Offertories:—

0 sovereign, 1 half-sovereign, 4 crowns, 12 half-crowns, 17 florins, 41 shillings, 131 six-pences, 125 threepenny pieces, 239 pence, 14 half-pence, 1 farthings & 4 other coins. Total, 588.

CHRIST CHURCH, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

MAY, 1903.

RECEIPTS.

	£.	s.	d.
3. By Offertory	3	2	11½
10. " "	2	8	3
17. " "	2	13	1½
21. " "		1	6
24. " "	2	2	6½
31. " "	1	13	1
Thank Offering.		1	0½

£12 2 6

EXPENDITURE.

	£.	s.	d.
To Wages:—			
„ Sexton	3	0	0
„ Blower and Bell Ringer	1	0	0
„ E. Binnie keeping order		4	0
„ on a/c Insurance	7	18	6
	£12	2	6

Deficit

„ Insurance	2	17	0
„ Oil and Lamp Glasses	1	15	3
	4	12	3

G. HURST,

HON. TREASURER.

BAPTISMS.

ASHLEY. June 14th, Stanley, John Richard [Ashley.
BONNER. „ 16th, „ Alexander Maurice [Bonner.
ALDRIDGE. „ 28th, „ Kenneth Aldridge.

THE BISHOP.

Word has reached us that the Bishop is at present on the West Coast. He hopes to return by a steamer calling at Stanley so we may have the pleasure of seeing him here in a few months time.

THE DEAN.

The Dean wrote from Port Howard under date of June 19th. He hoped to reach Pebble Island on July 1st. and from thence to return to the Chartres and come into Stanley in the Fair Rosamond.

SAINT ANDREW'S BROTHERHOOD.

By J. L. Houghteling, Founder.

THE Brotherhood of St. Andrew started in the parish of St. James, Chicago, and the way of it was curious enough.

There came to the Rector of that parish (it was not a frequent occurrence), a poor, miserable outcast, a dilapidated and ancient drunkard, who appealed to him for help. He was a strange drunkard; he came from outside of Chicago, or he never would have come to St. James's. He just drifted into town on a freight car; and the rector of St. James's, who was also a new man and a true man, cast about him to find what could be done with this strange charge. The Rector could not live with him, nor could he stay and watch with him against his temptations. The vestrymen would not have touched him with a window pole. The other young men of the parish, what few there were that were doing anything, were teaching classes of little girls in the Sunday School, and were not in practice for ancient drunkards. So the Rector turned, as a last resort, to a little class of half-grown boys who met in a dilapidated attic with a hole through the plaster ceiling, and discussed, in a very erroneous and heretical way, I fear, as I look back on it now, the Word of God.

We took him in. He slept, I remember, through several sessions of that Bible class. But on one of his wakeful days he told us that when he was a young man, in an Episcopal Church in a far distant city, he belonged to a Society of Andrew and Philip. And when we asked what that might be he explained: "You remember that Andrew was the man who first found his own brother, Simon, before he did anything else, and brought him to Jesus, and that Philip was the man that first found his particular friend, Nathaniel, before he did anything else, and brought him to Jesus." And with this last flicker the wasted life went out, for he died shortly afterward in jail, from the effects of a debauch. Yet through the word of this man God stirred up the wills of that little company, that dozen of insignificant folk, so that they started out to do something. The place for old men in that parish, if they wanted to do anything, was on the vestry. The place for young men in that parish, if they wanted to do anything, was in the Sunday school. And the vestry was full, and the Sunday school was full. There didn't seem to be any opportunity. But the Lord stirred them up to will that something must be done, and that, God helping them, they would each do the thing that he was best qualified to do. And as a boy of seventeen did not seem to be best qualified to teach little boys and girls in the Sunday school, or to serve on the vestry,

and did seem best qualified, by every instinct of common sense and common sympathy, to lend a hand to other boys of seventeen, it did seem to them that what they had to do was for each one to go out, after the manner of Andrew and Philip, and get hold of his brother or his friend and bring him within the hearing of the Gospel of Jesus Christ.

Now, the way they started out—and remember, this must all have been the stirring of God, because these things which came to them without experience and without knowledge were the things that have been tested all over this world and found good—was this: They felt that a man, in order to do God's work, must get near to God, and take his orders from God. Therefore, the first thing a man had to do, in order to be empowered to do anything much, was to pray to God for His blessing, for His Holy Spirit, that he might do that which was well-pleasing in God's sight, and that he might have the eternal power of God pushing on behind to make his work strong and effective. And so the first thing they said they would do, as a matter of ordinary common sense, was to pray to God every day of their lives that He would empower them.

The next item of the programme was that a man need not go journeying off into far countries to find a duty to do, but that there was a duty to do at home; that every man of them had near at hand tens and scores of men who were alien from God or heedless of Him—who were God-less, in the literal sense of the word. And so the next rule was that each man should make an earnest effort each week to bring at least one man within the hearing of the Gospel of Jesus Christ. And I think the moving power of God, stirring up the wills of these men both to plan and to do, is very manifest in this, that they did not undertake themselves to convert anybody, they did not indicate by the phraseology of the rule that they were going to convert anybody. Their prayer, God knows, was that they might themselves be converted. But they proposed to bring men within the hearing of the everlasting Gospel and to leave them there with God. And so, with these simple rules, they went to work. They started out to spread the Kingdom of Christ among young men. That seems like a very large programme, but after all it is the simplest programme in the world. They started out to so live and so work that men should receive into their hearts the seed of the Word of God, and that they should become members of the Kingdom of Christ.

That was the way the Brotherhood of St. Andrew started. It was on this basis that it began its work. It was the basis of the

responsibility of a man to God, not only for his own soul, but for his brother's soul; the expectation that God would bless him when he undertook to work in God's world as God wanted him to work, and the belief that God wanted him to do the work that he could best do; that the work that he could best do was to get hold of the next man, and the determination that, please God, he would get hold of the next man and would bring him to God, in order that ever and ever enlarging and expanding from man to man, the Kingdom of Christ might be spread.

The fruits justified the principle and the method.

If twenty men could bring forty men to enlist in the Kingdom of Christ in ten years (and that was nothing to brag of), each man was bringing a man a year. But if the Brotherhood of St. Andrew to-day in the United States, with 10,000 men, were living true, and getting the same proportion of fruit, three would be ten thousand men enlisted this year; and if those men stood in the ranks, with the men who had enlisted them, there would be twenty thousand men enlisted next year, and in ten years we would have the young men of the United States.

And it was nothing less than this that the Brotherhood of St. Andrew started out to do:
TO WIN THE YOUNG MEN OF THE UNITED STATES FOR GOD.

NEWS LETTER.

We were glad to see by the reports of sales that arrived by last mail, that wool is beginning to recover somewhat in price. We hope this may lead to better times for all those engaged in its production. It is, as we know, our one industry and the prosperity of the Islands, as a Colony of the Empire, depends altogether upon the success of sheep farming. The bad climate, the lateness of the spring in past years, the nature of the soil which has so far prevented the cultivation of artificial grasses, have seriously affected those who have to live by sheep-farming here, and had not the terribly low prices given way, there was a very gloomy prospect for all in the immediate future. The winter having kept so mild and open until after the solstice (21st June) makes us hope that we may also have a return to the old spring when, we are told, the camp dried up in September and the grass began to grow before the end of October.

THE TOWER.

Our readers would think the "News Letter" wanting in interest if it did not refer to the completion of the Tower. It is we may say, now complete. Messrs. J. Summers, J. White,

A. Biggs and A. Steel, have been very steadily engaged during the last four weeks hoisting the roof timbers into position, putting on the iron of roof, and when weather was not fit to allow them to work outside, preparing the floors of which there will be three altogether. The Tower is surmounted by a cross, and one fine afternoon J. Summers might have been seen on top of the roof boring a hole in the top of the post to which the rest of the roof timbers are fixed to allow a continuation of the iron bar forming the upright portion of the cross, to be fitted into this post, over which a "shoe" fits making all firm. We would remind our readers that though the Tower is finished it is not all paid for. Mr. Girling our energetic Treasurer is anxiously waiting for subscriptions to pay off debt and for some more of those lists to come back, which we sent out in the Magazine some time ago. To his energy we owe in a very great measure the completion of the Tower at the present time. When he became Treasurer of the Tower Fund it was at a standstill, but since then, by constant asking on his part and by the generosity his appeals evoked it has grown very much, and so we felt we could undertake a work, which but for him must have been postponed for much longer. We now have a Cathedral complete, so far as the exterior is concerned, and one that will still stand when other buildings here are forgotten. Elsewhere will be found a statement as to how the Tower Fund stands, and it will be seen from that how much help is still required. We would also draw the attention of our readers to the advertisement referring to the Bazaar.

THE SEAL OF THE COLONY.

On the representation of of His Excellency the Governor, that the official seal which bore the figure of an ox has ceased to truthfully refer to the fauna of the islands, as the wild cattle have been destroyed, a new seal has been given to the Colony. At his suggestion it represents a seal, a penguin, and wild geese. The seal is on a rock or iceberg at the left hand side and a penguin is standing up in his usual stately manner at the other side. The sea, fortunately, separates the two, as we are told a seal does not at all object to a penguin for dinner. They have been seen to catch and play with them as a cat does with a mouse, throwing them up into the air out of the water. The geese are flying overhead.

THE MARRIAGE ORDINANCE 1902.

There seems to be a misapprehension with regard to the notice to be given to the Registrar under the new Marriage Act.

If the Marriage is to be before the Registrar, 21 days notice must be given. If by Banns notice should be given at the same that the request is made that the Banns may be pub-

lished. But if by Governor's Licence, notice need only be given at the same time that a Licence is applied for, and the marriage may take place the same day.

Mr. Richard Atkins and Miss Sarah Anderson were married in the Cathedral on Monday 15th June, when the day was all a bride could desire. The bride who was given away by her father wore a pretty dress of white silk—her bridesmaids, her sisters and Miss D. Clethero, looking nice in their pale blue dresses. On leaving the Church not only had the party the usual salute with rice and confetti, but the sealers greeted them with a chorus of foghorns, the "music" of which quite drowned the ringing of the bell. The young couple received a great number of useful and pretty presents.

Mrs. Alex. Pitaluga, who had been in Stanley since last October undergoing medical treatment, passed away quietly after much suffering, on Thursday, 11th June. From the very first the Doctor gave little hope of her recovery. The funeral took place on the following Sunday, and a very large number of people were present, the Church being quite full. Much sympathy is felt for her husband and family at her comparatively early death.

W. Campbell, son of the late Capt. Campbell, was on the roof of his mother's house, about to do something to the chimney. A brick, of which he had hold, gave way and he fell to the ground. He managed to alight on his feet, but falling down, his arm struck some hard substance, with the result that his elbow was dislocated. He was taken at once to the doctor and is now progressing favorably. He is fortunate not to have received a worse injury.

Amongst the passengers who went home by the R. M. S. *Oropesa* (which by the way did not arrive until Sunday morning 28th June having experienced bad weather in the Strait) were two more F. I. families en route for Canada. The prospects in the Dominion are becoming more favourable yearly.

The extreme mildness of the winter is shown by the fact that a honeysuckle outside Government House in a corner facing N. E. is in full bud, some of the cluster's being partly open. "White" cabbages are still plentiful and root vegetables continue to make some growth.

THE CAPSIZING OF A BOAT.

LOSS OF THREE LIVES.

One of the saddest accidents that has happened in the Falklands for some years past, took place on Tuesday 16th June. A party consisting of G. Fleuret and three men belonging to the sealing schooner *Beatrice L. Corkum* and whose names are Daniel Marlin, Fred Marlin (son) and C. Duggan had arranged to take one

of the schooner's boats and go for a days shooting somewhere in the neighbourhood of the Murrell River, G. Fleuret, who was himself a keen sportsman, being guide to the party. They left Stanley about eight o'clock in the morning. It was a perfectly calm, bright day, and so, although the boat was very small the occupants thought they might get along safely and more quickly by sailing. When outside the Narrows and about opposite where the coal sheds are on the other side of the ridge, something went wrong with the sail and Duggan was directed by D. Marlin to go up the mast and make all right, so that they might travel a little faster. Before he was halfway up the boat capsized. Even then the party did not at once realize what was about to happen. Duggan to whom for his presence of mind and exertions a great deal of praise must be given, managed to get Fleuret and D. Marlin into the boat but being now half full of water in a few minutes it again capsized and D. Marlin was not seen again. Duggan got hold of Fleuret and brought him to the boat, but he fell off and sank for the last time. The poor fellow who could not swim a stroke showed great presence of mind, emptying his pockets of the cartridges and not giving in till the last moment. Duggan now managed to get on to the upturned boat, where he was seen by men from the naval works who were over the ridge looking for a horse. He had been in the water over an hour and was on the verge of exhaustion when the boat came round from the works to rescue him. The body of Gaston Fleuret was recovered during the afternoon of the same day, and the body of F. Marlin the next day, but his father's body has not yet been recovered, though a diver has been down where he sank and no exertions spared in the search for him. The affair cast a gloom over the whole settlement. Gaston Fleuret—a favourite with all who knew him—leaves a young wife and three children, and D. Marlin has a delicate wife and five other children in Halifax, Nova Scotia.

The funeral of the young sealer F. Marlin was held on the following Friday. There were a very great number at it including the Volunteers and Band, the deceased being a member of the Canadian Rifles. The procession started from the Stanley Arms for the R. C. Chapel. The funeral of Gaston Fleuret was held on Sunday 21st and was one of the largest funeral processions ever seen in Stanley. The Volunteers and Band headed the mournful procession, the Dead March in Saul being played. Chopins Funeral March was played on the organ before the service in Church.

It is almost needless to state the great sympathy the occurrence has evoked. For all the afflicted it is a time of great sorrow God has called them to pass through and our hearts bleed for them.

BRITISH SOUTH ATLANTIC SQUADRON.

The following, under the above heading appeared in the Supplement to the Buenos Aires Standard May 31st.

No official announcement has yet been made as to the strength of the new South Atlantic Squadron—which is to do duty on the South East Coast of America and the West African Coast—but it is understood that when fully organised it will comprise one protected second class cruiser (flagship) two third class cruisers, two large sloops and two fast boats, having a united force of about 700 officers, seamen and marines. The chief base will be Freetown, Sierra Leone, which has been fortified so as to be impregnable to seaward attack. At some time Port Stanley in the Falkland Islands which already possesses a coaling station will also be fortified. Naval experts considered that the new squadron will greatly improve Britain's strategical position in the South Atlantic which had been rather neglected for some years. The formation of a German Squadron made this step necessary.

THE SOUTH POLE EXPEDITION.

The interest, so long absorbed by the North, on account of the various expeditions which have gone thither to find the "North Pole", has been diverted lately to the other extremity of the earth. There are at present three independent expeditions engaged in exploring the little known south. There is first, that fitted out by Professor Nordenskjöld. He arrived here from Sweden early in 1902, in the ship *Antarctic* commanded by Capt. Larsen and after doing some surveying work, he left for South Georgia, returned here in June and left again for Tierra del Fuego, whence he started on his voyage south in November. He expected to be back at the Falklands early this year, and as he is so much behind time, the Swedish Government have decided to send a relief ship, in which worthy project Argentina has joined.† We hope to see them back here safe and well before many more months are passed, though it is highly improbable that they can now get away from the Antarctic regions, until after next midsummer.

The *Scotia* fitted out by private means and subscriptions is under the leadership of Mr. W. S. Bruce. She is splendidly equipped with the latest instruments for scientific research, and carries a good staff of men whose special object it will be to keep the records of their own department. In a letter Mr. Bruce stated that he hoped to cross the Arctic circle at about 30 deg. w. He does not expect to return to the Falklands for about fifteen months.

† This expedition is to leave Sweden about September 1st.

The *Discovery* is the ship which is engaged in what we might call a National expedition, and we print herewith the latest account of her doings and which constitute "a worlds record." "This account was brought by the *Morning*, the relief ship, which got back to Lyttelton (N.Z.) towards the end of March.

FARTHEST SOUTH.

THRILLING ADVENTURES OF THE DISCOVERY.
(PRESS ASSOCIATION FOREIGN SPECIAL.)

Lyttelton, March 28.

When Captain Scott, Dr. Wilson, and Lieutenant Shackleton left their most southerly depot on their dash to the South, they took with them only four weeks provisions. More over, as they proceeded the snow became softer, and the extra strain thus involved told quickly upon the dogs—all of them became very weak, and ultimately died. In these circumstances to push further southward than 82 degrees, 17 minutes would have been to court disaster. The return journey was still more trying. Thick fogs enveloped them, and for five days the party had to steer a course practically in the dark; then they had to go on short rations, and to add to their difficulties, Lieutenant Shackleton burst a blood vessel in one of his lungs. Only indomitable pluck pulled him through, and he will have to be careful of his health for some time. Such were the hardships of the sledge work on the various journeys made by the *Discovery's* men that they are described by the officers of the *Morning* as being palpably aged by hard living, though, nevertheless, well and cheerful. A party under Lieutenant Barnes, were returning from a sledge journey to Cape Crozier, and when about ten miles from home a blizzard struck them. Lieutenant Barnes abandoned his tents and sledges, and left the dogs to find their way to the vessel. Snow fell so heavily that the party could not see two yards ahead. While they were descending a slope the seaman Vince disappeared. His companions then discovered that they were within a few yards of the edge of a huge precipice. A seaman named Hare had a wonderful escape. He got separated from his party, lost the track, and fell from sheer weariness, and a search party sent after him gave him up as lost. Hare slept under a snow drift for thirty-six hours, and rejoined the ship unharmed. Lieutenant Armitage, second in command, on a sledge journey which he made to the westward, and which lasted 52 days, attained an altitude of 9,000 feet. At this height respiration was difficult. The party descended an ice-slide to a glacier 3,000 feet below. The descent was perilous in the extreme. At one point of the journey they slid a distance of 1,300 feet in one minute and ten seconds, hanging by straps to the backs of the sledges. On

the return journey Lieutenant Armitage fell into a crevasse, and hung 30 feet below the surface. If he had not been harnessed to the others, he would have fallen a depth of 2,000 feet. In some places the sledges had to be lowered 50 feet and then hauled up on the other side. At Cape Adair, the *Discovery* found Mr. Borchgrevink's huts in good preservation. Some symptoms of scurvy appeared among the men on the sledge journeys, but these disappeared on the parties returning to the ship. The frozen mutton contributed by the Canterbury farmers to the expedition was highly appreciated. It was served as a special treat on Sundays. Many complaints were made as to the character of the tinned provisions brought by the *Discovery* from England. The tinned fish, specially prepared for the dogs, caused disease and mortality among them. One member of the Morning's Company says that the opening of a tin of vegetables was a sure method of clearing the cabin. The names of the *Discovery's* crew who returned on board the Morning are Lieutenant Shackleton, Petty Officer Macfarlane, Seamen Hare, Hubert, Peters Page, Walker, Duncan, Buckbridge and Brett. Their places have not been filled as Captain Scott still has 41 on the *Discovery*.

Lyttleton (N.Z.), March 25.

The *Morning*, the relief vessel to the British Antarctic exploration ship, *Discovery*, has arrived here. She reports finding the *Discovery* on January 23 in Macmurdo Bay, Victoria. All was well on board. Only one casualty had occurred, the drowning of a seaman named Vance, who, while on a sledge expedition, fell down an ice slope into the sea during a blizzard. Commander Scott, of the *Discovery* supplies an official report of the voyage up to the meeting with the *Morning*. The *Discovery* entered the ice pack on January 23 in latitude 67, south. Cape Adare was reached on January 9, but from that on a heavy gale and ice delayed the expedition, which did not reach Wood Bay till January 18. A landing was effected on the 20th in an excellent harbour, situated in latitude 76°30' south. The expedition, after accomplishing a great deal of exploration work, sought winter quarters in Victoria Land. Commander Scott, Dr. Wilson, Assistant Surgeon, and Lieutenant Shackleton, travelled 94 miles to the south, reaching land in lat. 80°17' south, long. 163 west, and establishing a world's record for the farthest point south. The journey was accomplished in most trying conditions. The dogs all died, and the three men had to drag the sledges back to the ship. Lieutenant Shackleton almost died from exposure, but is now quite recovered. The party found that ranges of high mountains continue through Victoria Land.

OFFICIAL.

The Governor directs the publication of the following letter from the Board of Agriculture to the Colonial Office dated the 4th May 1903.

Sir,

I have laid before the Board of Agriculture Mr. Bertram Cox's letter of the 6th ultimo No. 12054 1603 and the accompanying copy of a despatch from the Governor of the Falkland Islands as to the question of the importation of live sheep from the Colony for slaughter at the port of landing in this country, and I am to say that the Board see no reason under existing circumstances to contemplate any necessity for the prohibition of such importation.

2 The Board suggest, however, that the desirability of bringing the laws of these Islands, as regards diseases of animals and the importation of animals into conformity with those of this country should be taken into consideration.

I am, &c.,

(Sd) T. H. ELLIOTT,

Secretary.

BAND OF HOPE.

A meeting of the members of the above and friends, was held on Friday evening, 3rd July. The usual preliminaries were gone through, after which the Rev. C. K. Blount gave a short address on temperance work generally and the advantage of that which is carried on amongst the young, drawing attention to the ways in which legislation is now helping the temperance reformer. A good and varied programme of music &c. was provided by Miss Kirwan and her young performers, their efforts being supplemented by some outside friends who kindly gave their help. The details of the programme were as follows:—

Duet, Piano and Violin, Misses Gleadall and Kiddle; Dialogue, *Runaway*, Gertie Aldridge and F. Hardy; Song, *A life on the ocean wave*, The Performers; Reading, Miss W. Durose; Duet, Piano and Violin, Messrs. Balcom and Coolen; Piece, *How Johnny stopped crying*, Five children; Reading, *How the Whale got his Throat*, (Rudyard Kipling) Rev. C. K. Blount; Duet, Piano and Violin, Misses Gleadall and Kiddle; Piece, *Deaf Grandma*, By several children; Dialogue, *Not quite a bargain*, Dolly Clethero and May Hardy; Duet, Piano and Violin, Messrs. Balcom and Coolen; Dialogue, *Little Mimics*, Ellen Carey and Flossie Hardy; Song, *Rule Britannia*, The children; Dialogue, *Wee Bobby Barefoot*, Norman Watt and Aubrey Hardy.

There was a very large attendance, in spite of the evening being anything but favorable, and many arrived covered with snow. The pieces which fell to the children's lot were well rendered. Some were shorter than usual. It

would be invidious to pick any out for special mention. A more thorough committal to memory of the words of the different parts would be a great improvement. The two songs the members gave were sung with much taste and it was a pleasure to listen to them. Those who kindly assisted as instrumentalists (piano and violin), received a hearty encore. The slides shown in the Lantern were Gulliver's Voyage to Lilliput and a number of comic slides.

PROSPEROUS CANADA.

The *Chilian Times* says, the splendid results achieved in every section of production in the Dominion during the past year, together with the highly-satisfactory prices obtained for all marketable commodities, confirm the widely-held opinion that Canada is now in the full tide of prosperity. Blessed with magnificent crops and favoured with exceptional activity in the industrial sphere, the Dominion has materially improved her position, and at the moment stands out foremost in wealth and progress amongst the Colonies of the Empire. An increase of over 12 per cent, in the volume of imports and of some 14 per cent in the total of exports shows the noteworthy expansion in foreign business which took place during 1902, and indicates the glow of profitable activity which pervaded every branch of trade and manufacture during this bumper year. In Eastern Canada, the centre of industrial enterprise, more work was obtainable than could be performed by the factories, although in order to cope with the rush of orders, overtime was resorted to in several of the leading concerns. Accordingly, it was found necessary to enlarge and improve existing plants at a pace unexampled in the history of the country. As a further result of the general prosperity, it is of importance to note that the surrounding favourable conditions have led to the establishment of new species of manufactures, which, by broadening the area of production, must add to the economic stability of the whole industrial fabric. Year by year the manufacturing interests are becoming more valuable, and finished commodities now form a considerable element in Canadian exports. Throughout the eastern provinces the trade in lumber continues to increase without any indication of slackening, and it appears that various kinds of woods regarded as valueless some years ago are now largely in use as standard supplies. In the great wheat growing and cattle-raising districts of Manitoba and the North-West Territories the prosperity attending the efforts of the settlers was truly remarkable. In addition to an increase in the total yield of almost 20 per cent, on the splendid return of 1901, the quality of the wheat in 1902

was somewhat better, and prices showed an improvement, with the result that the proceeds of the crop brought more money to the pockets of the agriculturists. Better prices were also obtained for cattle, and accordingly, the ranchers, graziers, and middlemen all did exceptionally well. While British Columbia had not the same meed of success as the other provinces, it is safe to assert that the end of the year found a substantial improvement in her economic position. The fishing industry in this province suffered an unexpected set-back, and the total catch showed a decline of 50 per cent. on the figures of 1901.

ALIENS.

Any alien who on landing in this Colony was required to make a deposit in terms of Ordinance No. 2 of 1870, can obtain a re-fund of the amount so deposited by applying to the Colonial Secretary.

PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to notify that the following days will be kept as Public Holidays in the Falklands:—

The Birth of the Sovereign, Christmas Day, Day after Christmas, New Year's Day, Good Friday and Victoria Day—The 24th May.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

- June 8. *Hornet* from North Arm &c.
- „ 10. *Oravia* from Liverpool.
- „ 18. *Fortuna* from Weddell & Pt. Stephens. Passengers. Mr. & Mrs. W. H. Luxton, Miss R. Duncan, G. Stewart, Albert Henricksen.
- „ 22. *Hornet* from Fox Bay. Pass: M. Buckworth Esq. M. Miller Esq. R. C. Riches.
- „ 27. *Richard Williams* from Pebble Island. Pass: Mr. & Mrs. C. Dickson. Messrs. W. Dettleff & T. Goodwin.

DEPARTURES.

- June 9. Bk. *Emilie* for Port Howard.
- „ 11. *Oravia* for Valparaiso.
- „ 12. *Fair Rosamond* for Chartres.
- „ 12. *Hornet* for Fox Bay &c. Passengers, S. Hansen Esq. J. Blakeley.
- „ 18. Bk. *Niobe* for Seattle.
- „ 26. *Fortuna* for Keppel &c.
- „ 26. *Hornet* for Salvador &c. Passengers, Mr. & Mrs. D. Lehen, The Misses Pitaluga.
- „ 28. *Oropesa* for Liverpool. Passengers, M. Buckworth Esq. M. Miller Esq. Mr. & Mrs. C. Dixon, Mr. & Mrs. W. Bonner & 7 children, Mrs. D. Williams, & 2 children, Mr. & Mrs. G. Stewart Mr. H. Thompson,

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Statement showing total Receipts and Expenditure during
Quarter ended 31st MARCH, 1903.

RECEIPTS.	RECEIVED IN COLONY.			RECEIVED BY CROWN AGENTS.			TOTAL.			PAYMENTS.			PAID IN COLONY.			PAID BY CROWN AGENTS.			TOTAL.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.				£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balances on 1st January, 1903.	1932	16	10	4024	19	2	5957	16	0												
Customs -	1790	15	6	...	...	...	1790	15	6	Pensions			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Port, Harbourn and Tonnage Dues	56	9	6	...	...	...	56	9	6	Governor			345	0	0	345	0	0	345	0	0
Internal Revenue	169	16	7	...	...	...	169	16	7	Colonial Secretary's Department			282	4	11	282	4	11	282	4	11
Fees	173	14	4	...	...	...	173	14	4	Audit			23	9	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
Post Office	225	1	8	...	...	...	225	1	8	Port and Marine			...	7	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rents	2143	16	7	...	...	...	2143	16	7	Legal			67	15	0	67	15	0	67	15	0
Miscellaneous	11	18	16	...	...	...	11	18	16	Police			61	9	5	61	9	5	61	9	5
Interest on Investments -	89	...	...	287	10	...	376	13	5	Prisons			143	15	0	143	15	0	143	15	0
Land Sales	...	...	...	518	5	...	518	5	...	Education			150	5	2	150	5	2	150	5	2
Saving's Bank	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ecclesiastical			115	0	0	115	0	0	115	0	0
Fire Brigade	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Transport			1	5	3	1	5	3	1	5	3
Total exclusive of Land Sales -	4660	2	11	805	16	3	5465	19	11	Miscellaneous			131	4	3	131	4	3	131	4	3
Land Sales	...	...	...	237	12	...	237	12	...	Post Office			105	4	11	105	4	11	105	4	11
Total	4660	2	11	1043	9	2	5703	12	1	Public Works			238	3	10	238	3	10	238	3	10
Investments realised	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(Extraordinary)-			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Advances repaid -	118	0	11	...	...	...	1182	13	0	Colonial Engineer			179	9	8	179	9	8	179	9	8
Deposits received	9230	12	7	1064	10	8	9284	13	2	Drawbacks			38	17	13	38	17	13	38	17	13
Remittances received	155	0	0	20	0	0	3155	0	0	Savings Bank			20	...	...	20	...	...	20	...	...
Overpayments recovered	28	8	4	3000	0	0	31	8	8	Investments made			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Received under Seab Ordinance	0	5	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	Total			2333	18	0	2333	18	0	2333	18	0
Total	14221	10	5	5140	0	5	10361	10	10	Advances repaid			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Balances brought down, ...	1932	16	10	4024	19	2	5957	16	0	Deposits received			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	16154	7	3	9164	19	7	25310	6	10	Remittances to Crown Agents			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
										Advances, under Seab Ord.,			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
										Total			12746	12	2	6713	12	6	19465	4	7
										Balances on 31st May, 1902.			...	...	...	2446	...	...	6854	...	3
										Total with balances ...			16154	7	3	9164	19	7	33319	6	10

THE BAZAAR.

THE BAZAAR which could not be held earlier in the year, will (D.V.) be held in August. We would remind our friends that we shall be glad to receive contributions for sale from town or country—settlement or camp. HORSE-GEAR, POLISHED HORNS, COLLECTIONS OF EGGS AND SHELLS, SKINS OF BIRDS &c. will be much appreciated. Our friends on the coast and in Patagonia might kindly note this. All parcels to be sent to The Parsonage.

FOR SALE.

ONE LARGE COOKING STOVE. Price £3 10. Apply to W. ATKINS, Jr.

SCHOONER to be sold to dissolve a partnership. The *Columbia Marie* built of oak, yellow metal fastened, carries 140 tons dead weight, good outfit perfectly tight. Apply H. L. REYNARD, PUNTA ARENAS.

A Double Dwelling House with necessaries producing four pounds per month, with frontage on James Street 22 yards by a depth 44 yards, or will sell in two lots 11 yards by 44 yards with $\frac{1}{2}$ building. Price for the East end £300. The West portion same size £290. Purchasers can have the option of buying the portion of Land adjoining facing the front on ROSS Road by agreement. Apply JAMES TURNER, STANLEY. 6th June 1903.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home, Chatterbox, Little Folk, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—in monthly numbers of year 1900 at 4/-.

Apply to THE LIBRARIAN.

CURRENCY NOTES. The Treasurer is prepared to send five shilling note to any person in the Camp requiring the same, on receipt of a cheque for the value. Apply to the Treasurer, Government Offices, Stanley.

Mrs. J.J. Halliday takes in plain sewing and dressmaking.

Additional passengers per R. N. S. *Oropesa* June 28th, Mrs. Atherton and son.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6: single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each. 4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 10s. per half page per annum; £3 whole page per annum; Charge for inclosing Circulars:—5/- per month for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies can always be obtained at that time.

ASSEMBLY ROOM.

Price list of Refreshments at Assembly Billiard Room.

Mason's Wine	-/1 per glass.
Coffee	-/2 „ cup.
Tea	-/2 „ „
Tarts	-/1 each.
Cakes	from -/1 - -/2 „

BILLIARDS 1/6 per hour.

BAGATELLE TABLE -/9 per hour.

No smoking while actually playing billiards.

As Man to Man is so unjust
I cannot tell what man to trust,
I have trusted so many to my sorrow,
Pay to day and trust to-morrow.

No. 4. VOL. XV.

AUGUST 1903.

PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.

SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. George Hurst, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. John Evans and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidemen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

Port Stanley, Falkland Islands: Printed by Miss. Willis.

BIRTHS.

SARNET. Goose Green, May 27th, the wife of H. Sarney of a daughter.
 DAVIS. Stanley, June 11th, the wife of Benjamin Davis of a son.
 RUTTER. " July 11th, the wife of Edwin Rutter of a daughter.
 THOMPSON. " " 16th, the wife of the Hon, W. A. Thompson of a son.
 CARVAJAL. " " 3rd, the wife of Lazro Carvajal of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

WALKER-ALLAN. Stanley, July 13th. Thomas Palmer Walker & May Allan.
 RICHES-NEWING. Stanley, July 22nd, Sidney Herbert Riches & Annie Maud Newing.

DEATH.

GATES. Stanley, July 25th, William Gates, Hunter of the sealing schooner " St. Clair " and of Halifax, Nova Scotia. Aged 40 years. (He was found on Sunday morning, July 26th, drowned a little to the west of the East Jetty. He leaves a wife and three children in Halifax.)

IN MEMORIAM.

IN LOVING MEMORY of my beloved sons, George and Robert Betts, who were lost at sea on or about the 3rd. of August, 1901.

No bells were tolled when my loved ones died, No marble stone shall mark their tomb,
 For them no funeral dirge was sung, No tear-dewed flowers are brought to them,
 But overhead the storm-birds cried, They lie not in the old church yard
 And in my heart a death knell rung. Under the yew trees tall and grim.

They sleep beneath the restless sea,
 Lulled by the music of the wave.
 And only the creeping cold seaweed
 Covers and guards their lonely grave.

THE TOWER FUND.

It is gratifying to be able to report that this Fund has grown by over thirty pounds during the past month. The amount of £600 has been reached and passed, and there is time enough still to obtain a considerable sum before the Bazaar is held. The accounts will be finally made up in the course of a few days, but at present it can only be said the total cost of the Tower will be about £950. We hope for a considerable addition to the fund from the Bazaar, but there remains at least another £250 to be raised before all is paid for. At present this is our position:—

Already acknowledged	£573 10 3
G. Greenshields Esq.	3 0 0
G.P. Smith Esq.	5 0 0

E.A. Holmsted Esq. (bal. of £5)	11 4
do. (collected by)	3 2 0
Rev. C. K. Blount	1 0 0
Mrs. Willans	5 0
M. W.	5 0
"An old growler"	5 0
Mrs. W. Atkins	10 0
Mr. E. Wilkins (balance)	13 2
Mrs. Duncan & family	7 0
Mrs. Cann & family	6 0
Proceeds of Entertainment	12 12 6
Sale of Comets	4 0
Sale of old barrels &c.	1 9 4
Bal. of share of 1/- sub.	1 5 0
Box in Porch	2 3
	£604 7 10

August 1903.

W. C. GIRLING.
 HON. TREAS.

CHURCH SERVICES

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 11 a.m.

„ Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at [8. 45.]

Evening Prayer (Wednesday) [at 7 p.m.]

The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon: and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on any Sunday or week day.

BIBLE CLASS:—On Tuesday at p.m.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10. a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of every month in the Vestry at 8. p.m. All Letters should be addressed to Mr. T. Binnie Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30 p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

“Undaunted of the Falklands” Lodge

Meetings held in the

SPEEDWELL COFFEE ROOM,

Every Thursday at 7.30., p.m.

All who desire to become members are cordially invited to attend at that hour.

Sec. BRO. WILLIS.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, JUNE, 1903.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION ...	Morning ...	106
„ „ „ „ „	Evening ...	153
NUMBER OF COINS ...	Morning ...	37½
„ „ „ „ „	Evening ...	78
Number at S. School ...	Morning ...	60
„ „ „ „ „	Afternoon ...	77
Number of coins in the Offertories:—		
0 sovereign, 0 half-sovereign, 0 crowns, 7 half-crowns, 10 florins, 27 shillings, 97 six-pences, 122 threepenny pieces, 198 pence, 14 half-pence, 0 farthings & 4 other coins. Total, 479.		

DEAN BRANDON'S ITINERARY.

WEST FALKLAND ISLANDS (9).

April 20-July 19 1903.

April 19th, sailed from Stanley in *Hornet*. 21st, Anchored at Great Island (no one at home). 22nd, Went ashore at Fox Bay West and East. 26th, Rode to Leicester Creek. 27th, Carew Harbour. 28th, Port Stephens, May 1st Sailed for Weddell Island—returned, “the draft of wind” being too strong. 2nd, Weddell Island, 4th, On the beach opposite Beaver Island, returned to Kelp Creek. 5th, Beaver Island. 7th, New Island. 8th, Beaver Island. 9th, Weddell Island—Kelp Creek. 10th, Attempted Port Stephens, wind ahead: Gull Harbour. 11th, Port Stephens. 12th, Hoste Inlet. 13th, Carew Harbour. 14th, Spring Point. 16th, Leicester Creek, Mount Sullivan, Goring House and The Chartres. 19th, Teal River. 20th, The Chartres and The Green Hill. 21st, The Chartres. 22nd, Teal River and Crooked Inlet. 23rd, Roy Cove. 26th, Port North and Dunbar Harbour. 27th, Letter-box Creek and Carcass Island. 29th, West Point Island. June 3rd, Dunbar Harbour. 4th, Hill Cove, West and The Point, Hill Cove. 5th, Hill Cove, Crooked Inlet, Hill Cove and The Point. 6th, Hill Cove, and The Point. 7th, Hill Cove and The Point. 8th, Byron Sound. 9th, Shallow Bay. 11th Letter-box Point and Keppel Island. 15th, Shallow Bay and Saunders Island. 17th, Shallow Bay and Main Point. 18th The Warrah House, New House and Port Howard. 22nd, Shag Cove. 23rd, Port Howard. 25th, New House. 26th, The Warrah House, New House and Many Branch. 27th, The Ponds and Many Branch. 28th, Port Howard. 29th, Many Branch and Port Purvis. 30th, Pebble Island. July 2nd, Port Purvis. New House and The Warrah House. 3rd, The Saddle, The Green Hill and The Chartres. 5th, Goring House and The Chartres. 6th, Goring House and The Chartres. 8th The Point and The Chartres. 9th, Goring House and The Chartres. 10th, The Saddle and The Green Hill. 11th, The Point. 12th, Goring House and The Chartres. 15th, Fox Bay W. 17th, Fox Bay, N. W. 18th, sailed in *Fair Rosamond*. 20th, Stanley.

WORK DONE:—Services 23. Churchings 8. Baptisms 11. Communion Services 6. Bible Readings 41. Children examined and—in most cases—catechized 81. Lantern Exhibitions 38. Houses visited 81. Absent from Stanley 93 days:—45 days riding and 23 days sailing or pulling.

SLIDES SHOWN:—Canadian life, 70. Jackdaw of Rheims and comic.

REV. C. K. BLOUNT.

REV. C. K. BLOUNT left Stanley on Thursday, July 23rd, for Darwin, Lafonia and the adjacent Islands (5).

LOVE-OF-THE-BRETHREN.

"Let love-of-the-brethren continue." Hebrews XIII. 1. Revised Version.

In last month's *Magazine*, we reprinted a portion of a paper which appeared in an American publication called *St. Andrew's Cross*, the official organ of the society known as St. Andrew's Brotherhood, the aim of which is to make the claims of God real to men. It is worked altogether by laymen, but it works for the Church. We give this month a few more extracts from the same paper, in the hopes that some may be led to "go and do likewise." Even if the few men who feel religion to be a real power and a real help to themselves would use their influence it would make a vast difference, and it would be a practical demonstration of obedience to the Apostolic admonition with which I have headed this address. Let love-of-the-brethren continue.

Their first method was to re-organize their Bible class and bring men there; because they argued that many of the men and boys who had been asked a thousand times, or ordered a thousand times, by their parents, guardians, spiritual pastors, and masters, to go to Church, and who did not go, would come to a class. They used the Bible class because it was a social method by which to get hold of men, and because the study of the Word of God is the way through which men usually come to the knowledge of God.

"With regard to the Services at the Church, they put cordons around the Church, that men passing by might be asked to come in. They put men at the doors of the Church that men coming in might receive a welcome. They put men in the pews of the Church that a man coming in might have a neighbor—a man who would be neighborly unto him, who would hand him a book and show him the place, one who would leave the Church with him, get up an acquaintanceship with him and thus establish a basis on which he could be dealt with and attracted toward the Kingdom of God. For all these men began to realize what they had never realized before, that they were citizens of no less a kingdom than the Kingdom of God; and there was a dignity in that citizenship that made it the thought of their minds and the topic of their conversation."

Notice this work was done by men for their fellow-men. This is what is wanted. The Church is the people's not the parson's. And this being the case the people should be even more interested in seeing it filled, in seeing that the services are bright and hearty, and that it is really the place of reverence and prayer. And public worship is valuable not only for what it is in itself, but also for what, if sincere, it leads to. Let us see what was the experience of these few loyal

Churchmen, who loved their Church and wanted to lead others to do the same.

"There was nothing new in Bible study. They had been taught in Sunday school, they had been taught at home. But the use of the Bible for personal usefulness and helpfulness to their fellow-men made Bible study a new thing to them; and the use of the public worship of God for the conversion of souls then and there, was a new thing to them. Public worship has come to be in a large measure a selfish thing, a respectable thing. It is a thing we want for ourselves and our friends. It is not the setting forth of the Gospel in order that souls may then and there be moved to cry out for salvation.

But when these young men at the back-door of the Church, unrecognized by the parish, tolerated, barely, by the parish, began to use the worship of God for the conversion of souls, and to expect that men would thereby be led into the Kingdom of God, worship became real to them. And I do not know of any way by which worship may become real to people unless they are brought to believe that they are addressing a God who hears their prayers, unless they believe that there is an Arm stretched down to help those who seek for help.

Now, this starting out was to be judged by its fruits. I have very little patience with those people who sigh, and look down, and wipe away a furtive tear and say that they "leave the results with God." I believe that God expects that a man who consecrates his life to Him shall expect blessings and fruits. What were the results? There were thirteen of these men when they started—an unlucky number. Perhaps in the first two years of their working the average number of workers was twenty. At the end of the second year they had brought to the Rector, to be presented to the Bishop for confirmation, forty men, who were willing to stand up in the face of the congregation and say that they were not ashamed to confess the faith of Christ Crucified. There were a hundred men sitting in the pews in the back of the Church every Sunday. There were connected with the Church in one way and another, in the process of bringing in, three or four hundred men, & it had become notorious that if any man in that great boarding house community that lay just outside the palaces which surrounded that House of God wanted to go to Church he could be sure of a welcome at St. James's."

LETTER FROM THE BISHOP.

Valparaiso, April 28th, 1903.

Reverend and Dear Sir,

May I ask you to do your utmost to win support from your congregation for THE DIOCESAN FUND, to which it is proposed

that an annual offertory should be given at Whitsuntide in each year?

The object of this Fund is to help the needs of the Diocese as a whole, and to give grants in aid of Church work, wherever such help is most needed, more especially for the purpose of developing or maintaining new work. Financially, this Fund is at present our one great opportunity of working together and helping each other. It has already proved its usefulness, and I anticipate for it a greatly enlarged field. In view of our growing needs I have no hesitation in saying that we must look for largely increased support both at home and here in South America. And whatever may be the needs of each individual Church, I cannot but believe that a blessing will rest upon such an attempt as this to realize our corporate life. The tendency of our churches, by their necessary circumstances, is towards isolation and congregationalism. This will tend to draw them together into the stream of a wider life, as integral parts of our English branch of Christ's world-wide Church. They will not be poorer, but the richer for contributing to so good a cause. I trust that members of our Church will support their Diocesan Fund liberally and heartily. If in your judgment it is advisable, subscriptions may also be invited.

Believe me to be

Yours sincerely in our Lord,

E. F. FALKLAND ISLES.

VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON.

THE TEMPERANCE QUESTION.

Last year Parliament in England enacted that anyone brought up frequently for drunkenness should have their "drink stopped" and to enable the Publicans to recognize them, photographs of the delinquents are posted up in all the neighboring public houses: this is called the black list. The following cuttings from the *Daily Telegraph* on the subject were kindly sent out from England by J. J. Felton, Esq.

BLACK-LIST EXHIBITION.

Among the applicants for advice at Marylebone was a woman who appeared to be in a very distressed state of mind. Sometime ago, she said she was placed on the black list, and since then her photograph had been hung up in a public-house close to where she lived, with the result that people were coming to her house day after day, tormenting her and making a laughing-stock of her.

Mr. Curtis Bennett: Very possibly. The way to stop it is to stop drinking, and then possibly your photograph will disappear.

Applicant (crying): I have been a teetotaler ever since I came out of prison, but still they come and torment me, and it is more

than I can stand. I don't want to be made an exhibition of.

Mr. Curtis Bennett: It is your own fault. You made an exhibition of yourself so many times that now you are exhibited without your consent. Give it up and you will not be annoyed.

A POPULAR HOLIDAY, GOOD TEMPER AND SOBRIETY.

Upon every hand it is agreed that the Easter holidays have been marked by two satisfactory features—the vast numbers of comfortably-dressed, well-to-do people who were enabled to enjoy with pleasure and profit the brief period, of leisure, and the singular orderliness and sobriety of these immense throngs. The weather was cold enough, in all conscience, to offer excuses for indulgence in intoxicants, esteemed as correctives equally of excessive heat and cold.

There may have been temptation; there was no failure—at least, not sufficient to modify the general description of the populace as temperate and well-conducted. Truly, recent legislation against immoderate drinking only expressed the public abhorrence of the sight of drunkenness. Our people are learning a wise self-restraint, and drinking what is good for them and when it is good for them. Such is the inference from a wide observation of the Easter holiday-makers in both town and country. But it is not only in this respect that improvement is noticed. Hooliganism, even in its awkwardly playful mood, was absent, and the silly exuberance of spirit which Mr. Chevalier has amusingly caricatured as "Maffeking," was so infrequent that the performers, in sheer shamefacedness, gave up their unavailing efforts to be funny. It is not for nothing that the County Council has provided bands in every park, and opened refreshment-rooms, where wholesome and inexpensive food can always be got.

FORAGE PLANT.

The irregular supply of tussac, the importation of alfalfa from South America being still forbidden by Government proclamation and the almost prohibitive cost of hay from England or Canada make the question of feeding horses or cattle in Stanley a very costly matter. Mr. James Turner has struck out a new line enabling those who have a little ground to spare to raise forage for their horses and cattle, which will stand cutting all the summer—PRICKLY COMFREY. "The sets" are planted thus:—Dibble holes two to three inches deep, one ft. six inches apart along the line; into each of these holes place a comfrey set, and cover up one inch under ground in much the same way as you would a seed potato: the rows should be one foot six inches apart. Mr. James Turner has a large number of "sets" for sale. See our advertisement pages.

NEWS LETTER.

CONCERT AND DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT.

A highly successful entertainment was held in the Assembly Room on Friday evening 17th July. The object to which the proceeds were devoted was the Tower Fund, and we are glad to state it benefitted to quite a large amount.

The concert part of the programme was given before each act. In part I Miss Durose opened the proceedings with the lively pianoforte solo "Qui Vive," which was followed by a song by Mr. H. Heffler who was accompanied by Mr. Balcom on the guitar. Miss V. C. Felton sang "The Miller's Daughter" and Mrs. Watt recited the well-known descriptive piece entitled "The Building of S. Sophia" and also contributed the song "Butterflies." Messrs. Balcom and Coolen gave a selection on the violin with piano accompaniment, and Mr. Duggan, a song. This portion of the entertainment closed after a brilliant Indian Club display by Mr. F. Mannan who won universal applause for the skill with which he used the clubs. A short Dramatic piece in one act entitled 'My Lady Cook' followed. Mrs. Francis (Mrs. Girling) sought the services of a lady cook, and after inserting an advertisement in the daily papers, is called upon by Lady Cooke (Miss V. C. Felton) whom she supposes to be her *lady cook*, but who is really the foundress of a home for unnecessary chaperons, who has already intimated her intention of calling upon Mrs. Francis. Almost immediately a young person is announced who on account of her 'duck of a hat' Mrs. Francis supposes is Lady Cooke but who proves to be Miss Ethel Larikin applying for the vacant situation. This leads to an amusing complication of affairs and we finally leave poor Mrs. Francis murmuring, "no party (at Lady Cooke's) no lady cook" being consoled by her husband Harry (Mr. Girling).

In the second part Mrs. Girling contributed a pianoforte solo, Miss Durose a song "Hush-eeen," Mrs. Watt a recitation "Domestic Asides," Miss V. C. Felton "The Dear Home Land" and "Molly the Marchioness," and Mr. Heffler a song with guitar accompaniment. The Dramatic piece in three acts entitled "Partnership" was then given. Mr. Girling appeared in the part of Uncle Joe, a disagreeable old uncle. He wanted to get a suitable person to "manage" his nephew Frederick (Mr. L. V. Oswald). To this end he advertises and in reply a strong-minded lady Mrs. Barker (Miss M. Sewell) calls, and interviews uncle and nephew and is engaged. Frederick however is in love with Molly (Mrs. Williams), 'a sweet tempered creature' different in many ways to Mrs. Barker. Needless to add 'the course of true love never did run smooth' but after a

certain amount of manœuvring Molly and Frederick settle things to their satisfaction and the uncle pairs off with Mrs. Barker. The piece though short was provocative of a great deal of talent and the performers in both pieces acquitted themselves most creditably. The pleasure of the evening was much marred by the illbred behaviour and rowdiness of some at the back of the hall. For a shilling per head we imagine those who couldn't sit quiet might engage the room when nothing else is going on and enjoy themselves after their own way to their hearts' content and without annoying anyone.

THE WEATHER.

On Sunday July 12th, we experienced the heaviest 'blow' we have had for a long time. Beginning at 6.30 p. m. it became almost a hurricane. The hulk 'Garland' got adrift and passed between two of the sealing schooners, but luckily without touching them.

THE KELPER'S SOCIAL CLUB.

By the enterprise of Mr. W. Hardy a new club has been started in Stanley, and for which he has provided very comfortable rooms and accommodation. These have been built on to the back of his store which he has also enlarged lately. The entrance is to the east of Montague House. On going in, we find his hair cutting saloon on our left hand, a comfortable little room very nicely fitted up. Next to it is a bath room with a very ingenious though simple appliance for giving a constant supply of hot water. At the end of the entrance hall is a billiard room, with a cosy reading room off it. There is also another to our right as we come in. Already the club has a large membership. It is established on temperance principles and we congratulate its promoter and hope it may be very successful. Many have been heard to say 'it is just what was wanted.'

THE F. I. V.

The annual ball given by the Volunteers was held on Friday evening 10th July. The proceedings commenced at 9 o'clock when His Excellency the Governor arrived in the Hall. The distribution of prizes for the past year was the first item of the evening's programme, after which His Excellency addressed the Corps, in that pleasant way with which we are all so well acquainted. Dancing was then commenced and kept up till four o'clock the next morning. The room was very tastefully decorated with flags and spacious as it now is was said to be almost too crowded for pleasurable dancing. Nevertheless all seemed to enjoy themselves and those who kindly played found their services were thoroughly appreciated.

THE BISHOP.

His Lordship writes under date, "May 28th,

THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

1903, S. S. "Santiago," en route to Lima. I hope I shall be able to return by a steamer calling at Stanley."

REV. E. C. ASPINALL.

The Rev. E. C. Aspinall has been appointed Anglican Chaplain in Punta Arenas, Straits of Magellan. He hopes to commence work there next October. Mrs. Aspinall will accompany him to his new home. All his old Falkland Island friends wish him every success and blessing in his new sphere of labour.

THE LATE JAMES L. WALDRON ESQ.

A very beautiful brass tablet, to the memory of the late Mr. James L. Waldron subscribed for by the Employees in Port Howard Station, West Falkland Islands, has arrived for erection in Christ Church Cathedral. The inscription is as follows:—Erected to the Memory of James L. Waldron, of Port Howard, Falkland Islands, and Marridge Hill, Ramsbury, Wilts, England. Died March 2nd 1901. Aged 72 years. He was one of the early Pioneers in the settlement of this Colony. This Tablet is erected by the Employees of Port Howard Station. In Memory of a good and kind employer. "He rests in peace."

A large fire-proof safe for Christ Church Cathedral with the following inscription was also received:—In Memory of J. L. Waldron from his Widow and Friends.

The hearty thanks of the Church people are due to E. A. Holmested, Esq. who most kindly interested himself in raising a subscription to present the Church with a much needed safe and, at the same time, to form a memorial of the late Mr. Waldron. The safe has been built into the wall of the Church, opposite the outside Vestry door. The following most kindly subscribed towards the purchase of the safe. Mrs. J. L. Waldron, Mr. F. E. Cobb, Mr. R. Blake, Mr. W. W. Bertrand, Mr. Ans-dell, Mr. George and Mr. E. A. Holmested.

THE DARWIN CHURCH.

His Excellency the Governor has granted "in terms of Section 9 of the Marriage Ordinance 1903, a certificate of registration in respect of the building as a place for the celebration of Marriages." This will allow of:—(1) "Banns of Marriage" being called in the Church. (2) Also of Marriages taking place in the Church by "Registrar General's Licence" the total cost of such licence being 7/6. Fee to the Minister 10/-.

THE LATE MISS HOCKING.

We received by the last outward bound mail a photograph of the monument erected in England on the grave of the late Miss Hocking. It is of marble, a simple cross, resting on a pedestal formed of four small marble slabs; the grave is also edged with marble. The inscription is as follows:—In

loving memory of Emily Hocking of Stanley, Falkland Islands. Born May 5th 1868, Died November 7th 1902.

On the grave rests a marble scroll on which is inscribed:—In loving memory of our dear Teacher. A token of respect from the Children of the Falkland Islands Schools.

THE WEATHER.

The weather has been exceptional fine for winter. Daffodils, rhubarb &c. are showing already: even the grass—on which the whole Colony depends—still grows. But our "oldest inhabitant" prophesies a "hard August like the old times." Let us hope that for once the prophecy may prove false.

MR. HUGH GRANT.

His many friends will be sorry to hear that while on the voyage home last April, he somehow fell into the hold of the steamer and broke his arm. Latest accounts said that it was progressing as well as could be expected. Though it must have been rather hard lines to re-visit the "old country" unable for a time to work.

MR. RICHARD MACKAY.

One of Mr. George MacKay's (Leicester Creek, Fox Bay, West.) sons was laid up with rheumatic fever last winter at Double Creek. The muscles of one leg contracted and dislocated his hip. He sailed in the steamer of July 22nd for Dublin; an aunt living there will try to get him into an hospital, where they may be able by an operation to give him a serviceable leg. We can but wish him every success; but how much he must have suffered!

GULLS.

Gulls are becoming a great nuisance, always flying about the houses, resting on the roofs (the latter must be objectionable and unwholesome where ruin water is used), more especially when the fowl are being fed. To abate the nuisance:—feed the fowl in an outhouse or under some sort of cover, bagging, or boards—with battens at the sides far enough apart to allow the hens in and out: the gulls will not venture in. A sure cure for the nuisance.

SEALING SCHOONERS.

Six sealing schooners (East and West Canada) are wintering in Stanley harbour. Two other sealing schooners went home to the East coast of Canada, expecting to be back again when the sealing season re-opens. Another sad fatality overtook a member of one of their crews, his body was seen in the sea near the East Jetty on Sunday, July 26th.

GARDENS.

The fine open weather allows of early work in the gardens. To ensure a good crop, three things are requisite:—deep digging, heavy manuring and constant weeding. To secure a good early supply of greens from October on-

THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

wards: during any spell of open weather in winter, dig up the cut cabbage stocks with as much earth as possible clinging to them, put them into a deep trench, each stock about three inches apart, leaving the top about two or three inches above ground; fill in with rich good manure; now and again buckets of suds, &c. from the house might be given as a top-dressing. The rows need not be further apart than twelve inches. If one or two specially strong shoots on each cabbage stock are allowed to mature, they will turn in as white-hearted cabbage about Christmas time.

JUNE NOS. OF THE F. I. MAGAZINE 1903.

The Editor will be much obliged to any-one who will send him two copies of the June No. 1903, of the Magazine.

Port Stanley,
July 28th, 1903.

Dear Sir,

To the readers of your magazine who knew Father O'Grady and still expect to see him coming back to resume charge of the R. C. mission here, it will be a disappointment to learn that, being placed by his superiors in one of their largest Colleges in Switzerland, he is not returning to the Falklands.

The life of a missionary in these Islands is arduous and trying in the extreme, and the experiences of F. O'Grady were no exception to the rule, still, for twelve long weary years he struggled on bravely, and so endeared himself to all with whom he came in contact, without distinction of class or creed, that he is said to have been the most popular priest that ever came to these Islands.

His appeal for aid to enable him to erect a chapel suitable for the increasing number of his flock was most generously responded to, and how neat and orderly he kept it, he himself sweeping floor and carpets, regulating lamps and candlesticks, arranging flowers and ornaments and even acting as sexton. Truly could he say with the Royal Psalmist "*Domine dilexi decorum domus tue et locum habitationis glorie tue*": (I have loved, O Lord, the beauty of Thy house; and the place where Thy glory dwelleth.) and what joy was his on being able to say before he left here that his chapel was at length free of debt.

In addition to all this he conducted a school of some 50 or 60 children and instead of enjoying a well earned rest on Saturdays and Sundays like, secular school-masters, these were his severest days; being taken up with the above mentioned duties, and visiting his people: so that he had little time for preparing his Sunday Sermons and yet his instructions, carefully interspersed with apposite quotations from S. Scripture and delivered with unction and earnestness, were most effective.

The labourers at the Naval works here carry with them grateful recollections of F. O'Grady's kindness, not alone in attending to their religious needs, but also in frequently acting as their letter-writer and interpreter, for which he was well qualified, knowing, as he did, five or six languages.

With the Officers and men of H. M. Warships, that came here periodically, none stood higher than Father Pat, as they affectionately called him.

It is not surprising that the departure from amongst us of one who possessed so many sterling qualities, who was the very soul of generosity and hospitality, should be deeply felt as it is. It must be gratifying to him to know that he is followed to the new scene of his labours by the hearty well-wishes of his numerous friends in the Falklands.

COMMUNICATED.

MARRIAGE.

MR. S. H. RICHES & MISS NEWING.

Another couple of our young people have embarked—under most favourable auspices—on the uncertain sea of matrimony. Mr. S. H. Riches and Miss Newing were married in Christ Church Cathedral on Wednesday afternoon 22nd July, at 2 o'clock by Dean Brandon, assisted by Rev. C. K. Blount. The bride was "given away" by her Father, Mr. Lawrence Newing; her sister Miss Mabel Newing and Miss Lizzie Brown acting as bridesmaids. The bridegroom was attended by Mr. W. Atkins junr as best man. The church was almost filled by the many relatives and friends of the happy pair. Eighteen sat down to breakfast at Mr. and Mrs. Newing's house after which a reception was held, which was attended by a constant stream of visitors all the afternoon; a most pleasant and merry time was kept up until the early morning hours. The bride's cake, made by Mr. Arthur Hardy, was much admired. Next day a children's party brought the festivities to a close.

The weather, though a rather strong gale blew, was fine with sunshine. All unite in wishing them a bright and happy life.

The dresses were very becoming:—The bride's dress was crepe-de-chine trimmed with lace and white satin ribbon with orange blossoms attached, and in hair, (orange blossom wreath). The bride also carried a pretty bouquet, consisting of white and pink camelias, and ferns.

Bridesmaids (2) pale green dresses, trimmed with white silk. White picture hats, trimmed with lace, white silk and ostrich feathers.

The presents consisted of, from bridegroom to bride—gold curb bracelet. From bridegroom to bridesmaids—gold anchor brooches and hair ornaments. Presents from friends amounted to nearly 70.

TOBACCO LICENSES, STANLEY.

127	E. Rutter,	"Ship Hotel" 2 Half-year.
125	E. Lellman,	"Hotel Imperial" 1 yearly.
128	H. Rummell,	"First & Last" "
124	M. Johnson,	"Stanley Arms" "
126	J. G. Aldridge,	"Rose Hotel" "
123	J. Von Harten,	"Globe Hotel" "
121	C. Williams,	"Globe Store" "
129	Lehen & Son	"Store" "
130	W. R. Hardy,	"Store" "
103	Falkland I. Co.,	" "

COUNTRY.

122	G. Greenshields	"Douglas Station" "
131	V. Packe	"Port Lewis" "
132	"	"Fitzroy" "
104	Falkland I. Co.,	"Darwin" "
105	"	"North Arm" "
106	J. J. Felton	"Teal Inlet" "
107	Bertrand & Felton	"Roy Cove" "
108	J. L. Waldron	"Port Howard" "
109	Dean J. H.	"Pebble Island" "
110	Mrs. Bonner	"San Carlos" "
111	Dean & Anson	"Chartres" "
112	Holmsted & Blake	"Hill Cove" "
113	Dean & Sons	"Port Stephens" "
114	Baillon & Stickney	"Fox Bay" "
115	Packe Bros.	" " "
116	H. E. Cobb	"Speedwell Island" "
117	Mrs. C. H. Williams	"Weddell" "
118	A. Pitaluga	"San Salvador" "
119	Mrs. W. D. Benney	"Saunders" "
120	Stickney, Bros.	"Spring Point" "

PUBLICANS' LICENCES, STANLEY.

17	R. Atkins	"Ship Hotel" Half-year.
15	E. Lellman	"Hotel Imperial" "
18	H. Rummell	"First & Last" "
16	J. G. Aldridge	"Rose Hotel" "
14	E. Rutter	"Stanley Arms" "
13	J. von Harten	"Globe Hotel" "

BILLIARD TABLE LICENCES, STANLEY.

18	19	E. Rutter	"Ship Hotel" Half-year.
16		E. Lellman	"Hotel Imperial" "
20		H. Rummell	"First & Last" "
17		J. G. Aldridge	"Rose Hotel" "
15		M. Johnson	"Stanley Arms" "
14		J. von Harten	"Globe Hotel" "
21		Assembly Room Company	" "

WHOLESALE.

8.	C. William	"Globe Store" 1 Year.
7	F. I. Company	"Store" "

AUCTIONEER.

F. I. King	1 Year.
Note.—Tobacco License cancelled: Cameron, 31st December, 1901.	
Auctioneer's License: G. I. Turner, 9th June, 1902.	

GAZETTE NOTICES.

Savings Bank. Depositors in the Savings Bank are requested to take note that the Colonial Treasurer now gives counterfoil receipts for all deposits.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint:—Dr. Edward Born to be assistant Colonial Surgeon. Dr. Edward Turner Born to be a Justice of the Peace. Dr. Edward Turner Born to be Deputy Collector of Customs for the West Falklands. Dr. Edward Turner Born to be Deputy Postmaster, West Falklands, from the 1st June.

Mr. James I. Wilson to be a Travelling Schoolmaster on the West Falklands. Mr. Wilson arrived in the Colony on the 17th April.

Louis Williams, Esq. & Thomas Watson, Esq. Justices of the Peace, to be Visiting Justices for the six months ending the 31st December, 1903.

Constable D. Sullivan to be Acting Gaoler from the 1st June, and Mrs. D. Sullivan to be Matron of the Gaol, from the 1st July.

Mr. Albert Hardy to be a Junior Constable on six months probation from the 1st July.

Money Orders from the West Falklands will be issued at Fox Bay on the United Kingdom and other Countries. Money Order requests must be addressed to Dr. Born, Assistant Colonial Surgeon, and the following Commission must also be sent with requests for Money Orders:

£2 and under	...	...	6d.
Over £2	"	£5	...
" £5	"	£7	...
" £7	"	£10	...
			2/-

No Order can be issued for more than £10.

Post Office Orders may be obtained, Letters registered, and Parcels posted up to 1 p.m. on Tuesday of the Mail week, instead of on Monday as formerly.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

July 8. *Fair Rosamond* from The Chartres. Passenger:—Thomas Mackay (Leicester Creek).

July 9. *Victoria* from Liverpool.

" 10. *Hornet* from San Carlos. Passengers:—Mr. & Mrs. John G. Cameron & family, Miss Williams, Miss Percich.

July 15. *Fortuna* from Weddell & Co.

" 20. *Fair Rosamond* from Fox Bay, & Co. Pass:—Dean & Mrs. Brandon, Miss Halliday, Messrs. John Blakely, Pedersen and Richard Mackay (Leicester Creek).

July 22. *Orellana* from Valparaiso.

" " *Hornet* from Salvador.

DEPARTURES.

July 9. *Victoria* for Valparaiso.

" 11. *Fair Rosamond* for Fox Bay. Pass:—Miss Paice, C. Paice.

July 16. *Hornet* for Salvador and Teal Inlet.

" 22. *Orellana* for Liverpool. Pass:—Lieut. A. Schmidt, Messrs. Wickham Bertrand and Richard Mackay.

CHRIST CHURCH, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

JUNE, 1903.

RECEIPTS.

	£.	s.	d.
7. By Offertory	2	2	2½
14. " "	2	1	6
21. " "	1	15	5
28. " "	1	9	11½
16. Thank Offering.		5	0
18. " "		2	6
28. " "		4	0
	£8	0	7

EXPENDITURE.

	£.	s.	d.
To Wages:—			
" Sexton	3	0	0
" Blower and Bell Ringer	1	0	0
" E. Binnie keeping order		4	0
" Balance Insurance	2	17	0
" C. Williams		1	6
" Bal. in hand		18	1
	£8	0	7

Deficit

" Bills unpaid F. I. Co.	4	10	1
--------------------------	---	----	---

G. HURST,
HON. TREASURER.

BAPTISMS.

DAVIS. Stanley, July 12th, Benjamin Charles	[Davis.
DICKSON. Port Stephens, April 30th, Philip	[Henry Dickson.
LARSEN. New Island, May 7th, Richard Bert-	[ram Larsen.
LANGDON. The Point, Hill Cove. June 7th,	[Leah Beatrice Langdon.
JOHNSON. Hill Cove, June 7th, Leslie John	[Johnson.
BETTS. Hill Cove, June 7th, Elizabeth Mar-	[garet May Betts.
PAICE. Byron Sound, June 8th, Ann Sarah	[Cheek Paice.
LANNING. Keppel Island, June 14th, Agnes	[Reive Lanning.
BRAXTON. The Second Creek, Port Howard,	[June 21st, Flora Braxton.
LEE. New House, Port Howard, June 25th,	[Violet, Lilian, Mabel, Pearl Lee.
LEE. Port Purvis, June 29th, Henry John Lee.	
LYSE. Pebble Island, July 1st, Ernest Lewis	[Lyse.

The Bishop has appointed the Rev. J. S. Stevenson, Rector of Quilmes and Principal of St. George's College, Hon. Canon of Christ Church Cathedral.

THE BAZAAR.

:O:

On Tuesday 25th inst, in
the Assembly Room at 8 P.M.
Admission 6d,

:O:

In making an announcement, early in the year, similar to this, regarding the Bazaar, we were disappointed, owing to the non-arrival of the expected goods from England; but on this occasion we are more sure of our ground, for we have been advised of the despatch of the goods to reach by this coming mail, and it will not take long to have all in readiness by the 25th. We have already in hand many attractive articles, contributions from friends. Mrs. Anson of the Chartres sent in a few months ago, a large number of dolls, pincushions, cushions &c. &c. enough to completely furnish one Stall. Other friends in England as well as in the Camps of the Islands have sent in several things,—articles of clothing and ornament, loggerhead skins, bull's horns, shells, pebbles and eggs. We shall be very glad indeed of further contributions and of help in making up children's things, covering cushions, dressing dolls &c. (Mrs. Dean, Stanley Cottage, is able to supply willing hands with plenty of work on application to her). We would also be very much obliged for any suggestions, and for help, in organizing any amusements on the evening of the Sale. Here are a few hints called from "up to date" doings at home. A millinery competition for men, (entrance fee 6d.) with spectators at 6d. a head, lasting half an hour. Each man is given a needle, thimble, reel of black and white cotton, an untrimmed straw hat, a few artificial flowers and some lengths of ribbon. The time is half an hour, and then each man delivers up his specimen, and the judging takes place. A small committee is chosen for this, both sexes being included, and then the successful competitors' names are read out, and the prizes presented, generally amidst a great deal of merriment.

"Musical flowers" is another diversion. An amateur vocalist stands behind a cleverly constructed flower or bunch of flowers, or sheaf of corn (or tussac) and sings. The face is put through a hole in the centre of the flower. A trio with three flowers, a quartette with four or a duet with two, rising from a bank of foliage could be arranged.

"The Mermaid's Cave" is conducted on much the same principle as a "Fish Pond," only the anglers use little fishing nets, and push them into the Cave, where they are held by an invisible hand for a moment and then liberated

with a packet in each.

A "post office" where 2d. to 6d. is paid in and a letter or parcel containing some article handed out.

A "parcel office" where purchasers can have parcels tied up and kept till called for, for 1d. and 2d.

REFRESHMENT STALL.

We fear, at this time of year, this may be a difficulty, because of the scarcity of eggs; but, after all, many nice things can be made without eggs, and if friends will just do their best to make this stall as attractive and successful as it has always been we shall be greatly obliged.

Contributions for this stall should be sent to Mrs. Dean's, Stanley Cottage not later than Monday the 24th while all other contributions should be sent by Thursday the 20th. Kind attention to the above will greatly facilitate the organizing of the arrangements.

Feathers for cushions in calico &c. covers would be most acceptable and useful, if not for this Sale, for the next one. This is the best time of year for getting them. Down and small feathers are the best, but *no large feathers*. Covers 25 x 25 inches are a good useful size. It takes 22 geese to fill one such.

20,000 SHILLING FUND.

The following amounts have already been received in response to the recent appeal. A further list will be published later.

	Shillings.
<i>Col. J. J. Tuck</i>	3
<i>C. P. Oswald</i>	20
<i>A. W. McKenzie</i>	10
<i>W. J. Kendall</i>	8
<i>Mrs. F. E. Stickney</i>	4
<i>E. Noetzel</i>	7
<i>George Bowles</i>	12
<i>V. A. H. Lawford Esq. R. N.</i>	6
<i>Rev. A. G. Stewart</i>	20
<i>Rev. R. H. Brandon</i>	20
<i>Miss Bourne</i>	20
	130

Half the proceeds of this Fund will be devoted to the Tower Fund, and half to the Church House Fund. The two last amounts having already been credited to the Tower Fund, the further sum of 25/- is now added.

W. C. GIRLING.

CHOIR FUND.

Four months have now elapsed since the annual statement of accounts was published in this magazine.

I am sorry to say I am *in debt* having only £2 13 7 to meet current expenses, which at present amount to about £5 10 0.

I would be greatly obliged if all friends connected with the Church would kindly help the Fund with small subscriptions, either sent direct to me or placed in the "Choir box" hanging under the West window in the Cathedral.

The following subscriptions are acknowledged with many thanks:

<i>Mr. Summers</i>	5 0
<i>Mrs. Durose</i>	5 0
<i>Thank Offering</i>	5 0
<i>Miss Felton</i>	5 0
<i>Maggie & Nannie Morrison</i>	10 0
<i>A Friend (Chartres)</i>	10 0
<i>Consul Rowen</i>	5 0
<i>Choir box</i>	3 0
	£2 8 0

J. BRANDON.
HON. SEC. & TREAS.

FOR SALE.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home, Chatterbox, Little Folk, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—in monthly numbers of year 1900 & 1901 (just withdrawn from Library.) at 4/.

Apply to THE LIBRARIAN.

W. C. MCDAID

Butcher

Wishes to inform the public of Stanley that he has taken over the business of Mr. William Bonner, and hopes by strict attention to solicit your kind patronage and support. All orders entrusted to him will receive his best attention.

All meat of **PRIME QUALITY**. Terms **MONTHLY**.
Orders received at the premises of the late W. Bonner,
or at his own residence.

FORAGE PLANTS.

For Sale: 1000 Plants of Prickley Comfrey.

Can be cut three times during summer.

Horses and cattle soon learn to leave all other forage
for Comfrey.

Grows well in the Falkland Islands.

Price, Ten shillings (10/-) per Hundred (100) plants.

Apply to MR. JAMES TURNER, STANLEY.

FOR SALE.

ONE LARGE COOKING STOVE. Price £3 10. Apply to W. ATKINS. Jr.

SCHOONER to be sold to dissolve a partnership. The *Columbia Marie* built of oak, yellow metal fastened, carries 140 tons dead weight, good outfit perfectly tight. Apply H. L. REYNARD, PUNTA ARENAS.

June Nos. of the **FALKLAND ISLANDS MAGAZINE.**

THE EDITOR will be much obliged to any-one who will send him two copies of the June No. 1903, of the Magazine.

LE

REST HOUSE—FOX BAY, EAST.

LEE. We understand that the Government are anxious to promote the es-
LYSE. tablishment of a Rest House at Fox Bay, and would be prepared to give
The the Government Houses rent free to a suitable tenant.

Steve
St.
Chui

No. 5. VOL XV. SEPTEMBER 1903. PRICE FOURPENCE

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.
SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. George Hurst, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. John Evans and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidemen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

Port Stanley, Falkland Islands: Printed by Miss. Willis.

THE BAZAAR

In aid of the Tower held Aug. 25th, in the Assembly Room.

To the following, who kindly sent contributions, and to others, who helped us in various ways, we tender our best thanks, also we wish mutually to congratulate one another on the splendid success of Tuesday evening. When the accounts have been fully made up, the takings will amount to over £162. £50 to £60 will however be needed to meet expenses, Mrs. Rowlands, Mrs. Greenshields Senr. Mrs. Grey-Wilson, Mrs. Hallett, Mrs. E. Bennett, Mrs. Wilmer, Mrs. J. Hocking, Mrs. Watt, Mrs. Mannan, Mrs. F. King, Mrs. Lehen, Mrs. W. Hardy, Mrs. J. Luxton, Mrs. Harry Rutter, Mrs. Arthur Hardy, Mrs. John Betts, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. Joseph Aldridge, Mrs. Newing, Mrs. Burnell, Mrs. Summers, Mrs. Atkins, Mrs. Packe, A Friend. Mrs. Luxton, Mrs. S. Kirwan, Mrs. H. Dettleff, Mrs. G. Bonner, Mrs. James Turner, Mrs. Harding, Mrs. (Ann (Beaver Island.) Misses Sewell, M. Pitaluga, Poppy, Burnell, Johnson, Bournes, Durose, Alice Bender, Kate McAskill (Pebble Island), Master H. Harding. Messrs. T. Binnie, Arthur Hardy, E. Binnie, John Luxton, A. Martin. From an unknown donor 4 bull's horns.

We were very fortunate in the weather on Tuesday evening, dry roads, a starry sky, even a young moon, and very little wind. The Governor opened the Sale at 8 o'clock; he referred to the several occasions on which he had performed the same task, when the object had been to get together sufficient funds to start the Tower. It gave him great pleasure to be able to congratulate the community on its completion. He then paid a well-merited tribute to the energy and zeal with which Mr. Girling had thrown himself into the work; that, no doubt, *some day* we would have seen the Tower finished, but, that it was an accomplished fact to-day, was entirely due to his untiring efforts, not only in collecting funds, but in rousing interest and enthusiasm.

The room presented the usual gay appearance and was particularly well lit up. Mr. Poppy and two Canadians from the sealing schooners decorated it, and the stalls, with flags, which were kindly lent, not only by local friends, but by the Captains of the sealing schooners and of the ship *Thirlmere* just lately come into the harbour. Messrs. H and F. Mannan put up the stalls, and Miss Willis printed the circulars.

Detailed accounts will appear in our next issue; at present we can only say roughly what was made at each stall.

The Art Stall in charge of Miss Aldridge. Mrs. C. Aldridge, Miss Burnell and Miss Gleadell made £19. 2. 4; next came Mrs. Anson's Stall (Mrs. Hurst, Misses Kirwan and Mannan) £22. 3. 6; the Liberty Stall (Misses Sewell, Lellman and Rowland) £11. 16. 1; the Gipsy Tent (Mrs. Rummel) £2. 1. 9; the Toy Stall (Mrs. Mannan, Mrs. A. Fleuret and Miss A. Aldridge) £16. 12. 3; the Toilet Requisites Stall (Mrs. Blount, Misses Silversides, N. Poppy

and Maud Carey) £15. 3. 7½; the Stationery Stall (Mrs. Harding, Mrs. Girling and Miss Binnie) £21. 2. 4; the Plant and Sweet Stall (Mrs. Williams, Misses V. and M. Felton and Miss Durose) £17. 7. 11½; the Household Stall (Mrs. Evans) had in connection with it a Parcel's (Miss Campbell) and a Post Office (Mrs. Watt and Miss Lily Carey) £8. 1. 3; the Refreshment Stall (Mrs. Luxton, Mrs. Burnell, Mrs. Clethero, Mrs. W. Hardy, Messrs. J. F. Summers F. Ashley and Walter Summers) £10. 6. 4; the Fishpond and Mermaid's Cave (Messrs. Oswald, F. Hardy, Frank and W. Mannan) £5. 1. 6; the door was in charge of Messrs. J. Aldridge and D. Watson and realized £7. 14. 0, which speaks for itself as to the large attendance.

A sheep kindly given by Mr. A. Martin brought 10/- and a three tier cake by Mr. A. Hardy, was raffled and added £2 to the Refreshment Stall.

The Mermaid's Cave was a novelty; a "cave" was formed with flags and tussac, in which were stored over 200 parcels of toys &c; the holders of a 6d. ticket from the Fishpond thrust in a small net at the opening, into which Father Neptune placed a parcel.

The Plant Stall needed much ingenuity to make it pretty, at this time of year, and we must say the efforts of the holders were crowned with success. There was quite a number of small plants, grown for the occasion, by Mr. Hallett, and ferns, sent by Mrs. Packe, some gay artificial flowers, and infinitely more attractive, tho' fewer, some real flowers, for buttonholes, a Marechal Neil rose, two beautiful white camellias and pelargoniums &c. Sweets were set forth in most tempting style in little baskets of coloured paper &c.

A Hat trimming competition for men was conducted by Mrs. James Turner with great success. There were several entries, and the contest was witnessed with great amusement by many onlookers. A first prize, a pair of candlesticks, was won by Mr. W. Lewis and a second, a tobacco pouch, by Mr. G. Kelway.

The Post Office carried on an amusing business, but was more patronised by the male than the female sex.

Four facsimiles of the Coronation Spoon used at the King's Coronation, sent by Mrs. Grey-Wilson, were raffied for £1.

A propos of "Mrs. Anson's Stall" we might mention, that the greater part of last summer was devoted by her and her household to work for it. Misses Anson and Elsie Hannaford and Bella Stewart dressed a large number of the dolls, the variety of whose costumes attracted so much attention and admiration. The stall was one of the largest in the room, and was fully stocked with all kinds of pretty and useful things that hands could make. For such a work, time

had to be taken by the forelock, and contributions and assistance from many quarters solicited. More than a year ago plans were laid, and the arrival of materials was subject to the difficulties and delays, incident to living on the outskirts of civilization;—some things were submerged with the mails when the *Estrella* was wrecked last July twelvemonths!

Mrs. Anson writes, how much she has been indebted to Messrs. Midgley of Manchester and Liberty of London and Mesdames Addley Bourne of London and Loweth of Bognor, for the great help they gave, in sending lovely materials of all sorts. "It would have been an impossibility for me to have done what I have, had they not so generously helped."

We return hearty thanks to friends and well-wishers, far and near, for generous help and kindly interest; last, but not least, we wish to express our grateful acknowledgments to Mr. C. A. Brown of London, who year after year, has purchased for us our main supply of goods for the Bazaar without charging any commission.

FOR SALE.

BROOM plants and a few IVY plants &c. remain at the Parsonage for sale, also some FLOWER seeds and parcels of CARROTS.

BIRTHS.

SKILLING. July 15th. San. Carlos, S. the wife of Robert Skilling of a son.
 CARTNELL. August 12th. Stanley, the wife of Robert Cartmel, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

STREET-WADSWORTH. St, Nicholas Church, Nottingham, June 22nd. F. W. Street, late of Stanley to Alice Wadsworth, of Nottingham.
 FELL-SIMPSON. Horn Hill, North Arm, July 30th, John Fell to Fanny Simpson.
 EDDY-THOMPSON. The Cathedral, Stanley, Aug. 12th, James Stewart Eddy (Canadian Sealing Schooner *Edward Roy*,) to Mary Thompson.

DEATHS.

GRIERSON. Stanley, August 23rd. William Grierson, Aged 63 years.
 TESTEMALE. " " " Louis Testemale, " 19 " (ship *Thirlmere*).
 BELL. " " 27th, Mina Bell, Aged 13 years & 4 months.

IN MEMORIAM.

IN LOVING MEMORY of our dear Mother, Jane Sharp, who died September 7th 1898.
 Never forgotten.

Dear Mother rests in death's long sleep,
 Earth's sorrows past, her toil is o'er;
 Our hearts bereft, we mourn and weep,
 Her presence cheers our home no more.

What happy hours we once enjoyed,
 How sweet their memory still;
 But they have left an aching void,
 The world can never fill.

IN FOND AND UNFADING MEMORY of Beatrice Mary, dearly loved wife of William J. Lewis,
 who was called home September 19th, 1895. Aged 23 years. So loving and so loved.

"Peace, perfect peace, with loved ones far away?
 In Jesus' keeping we are safe and they."
 "One gentle soul the less on earth,
 One angel more in Heaven."
 "God be with us till we meet again."

MRS. GRIERSON thanks much the many kind friends who sent flowers, wreaths and crosses for the funeral of her late husband.

MRS. BELL wishes most gratefully to acknowledge the kindness of the many friends who aided her under the sad and sudden loss of her daughter.

MRS. GASTON FLEURET returns her very grateful thanks to the following Volunteers, who so generously gave to her their money prizes won at the shooting. Pte. H. H. Sedgwick suggested the gift. Her late husband had won the second prize of £3. Sergt. Major Watt, Pte. H. H. Sedgwick, Pte. J. F. Summers, Lieut. Durose, Pte. H. Jones, Pte. J. McAtasney, Cpt. W. Mannan, Pte. J. Everstein, Pte. J. Coleman, Pte. W. C. McDaid, Pte. E. Binnie, Pte. J. C. Whaley, Cpl. R. Aitken, Pte. D. Dick, Sgt. Lynch, Pte. H. Newing.

TOWER FUND.

During the last month this Fund has grown out of all knowledge, and we are well within sight of the end. The liberality of the Shareholders of the Falkland Islands Company, and the splendid results of the Bazaar have brought us up to within a little over £200 of what we want, viz:—

Amount already acknowledged	£604 7 10
H. Veasey Esq.	1 0 0
Capt. H. Balcom	1 0 0
J. C. Betts Esq.	1 0 0
The Falkland Islands Co. Ltd.	52 10 0
L. G. S.	6 0 0

Mr. & Mrs. Simpson (Horn Hill)	2 0
Mr. & Mrs. O'Neill (Cattle Point)	2 0
Mr., Mrs. & Miss Campbell (Camilla Ck.)	4 0
Balance of Fund for Brass Plate to F. Craigie-Halkett Esq. (per H. E. the Governor)	2 6
Proceeds of Bazaar (say)	100 0 0
Sale of "Comet"	1 0
Box in Porch	16 8
	£761 12 0

W. C. GIRLING, HON. TREASURER.
 STANLEY, AUGUST 29th, 1903.

THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

CHURCH SERVICES

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 11 a.m.
 " Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.
 WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at [8. 45.
 Evening Prayer (Wednesday) [at 7 p.m.
 The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon: and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.
 THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on any Sunday or week day.
 BIBLE CLASS:—On Tuesday at 7.30 p.m.
 CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening Service, at 7.45 p.m.,
 CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.
 SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.
 CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10. a.m.
 THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of every month in the Vestry at 8. P.M. All Letters should be addressed to Mr. T. Binnie Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.
 THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30 p.m.
 PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

"Undaunted of the Falklands" Lodge

Meetings held in the
 SPEEDWELL COFFEE ROOM,
 Every Thursday at 7.30., P.M.

All who desire to become members are cordially invited to attend at that hour.

Sec. BRO. WILLIS.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, JUNE, 1903.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION ... Morning ... 108½
 " " ... Evening ... 123
 NUMBER OF COINS ... Morning ... 38¾
 " " ... Evening ... 60½
 Number at S. School ... Morning ... 58½
 " " " " ... Afternoon ... 94
 Number of coins in the Offertories:—
 0 sovereign, 0 half-sovereign, 2 crowns, 3 half-crowns, 3 florins, 28 shillings, 79 six-pences, 95 threepenny pieces, 163 pence, 28 half-pence, 1 farthings & 4 other coins. Total, 406.

CHRIST CHURCH, FALKLAND ISLANDS

JULY, 1903.

RECEIPTS.

	£.	s.	d.
By Balance		18	1
5. By Offertory	1	12	10½
12. " "		17	3
19. " "	1	15	7
26. " "	1	5	6½
Thank Offering.		7	0
Sundries		11	8
	£7	8	0

EXPENDITURE.

	£.	s.	d.
To Wages:—			
" Sexton	3	0	0
" Blower and Bell Ringer	1	0	0
" E. Binnie keeping order		4	0
" By cash F. I. Co.	3	3	0
" Washing		1	0
	£7	8	0
Deficit a/c unpaid F. I. Co.	£1	10	1

G. HURST,
 HON. TREASURER.

BAPTISMS.

LUXTON. August 16th, Stanley, Beatrice
 Orissa Maud Luxton. (William)
 RUTTER. August 23rd, Stanley, Catherine Olga
 [Rutter. (Edwin).]

THE RIGHT REV. THE BISHOP OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS.

His Lordship writes, under date, July 29th, 1903, s.s. *Victoria*; evidently coming down the West Coast of South America:—

"Through the disorganisation of the Coast Steamship Service owing to strikes, storms and bubonic pest I have been almost out of reach of letters. . . . I must take the first chance I can of getting on from Sandy Point, whether the boat goes through to the Falklands or not—I shall probably go on by a cargo boat to Monte Video."

We hear (August 20th,) by a passenger on board the homeward bound s.s. *Panama*, that the Bishop was ill when the steamer called at Sandy Point, His Lordship did not land, but went on to Buenos Ayres direct.

REV. C. K. BLOUNT. is expected in Stanley from Lafonia this week. Aug. 26th 1903.

THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

Sir,

In presenting to your readers the accounts of the Tower Building Committee, I have to express my regret that the work has cost more than was anticipated, and this in spite of the reduction of height.

In framing his estimate Mr. G.P. Hayes, C.E. was led to believe that nothing but masonry had to be done, whereas it was found later that the Louvres with their frames were not on hand, and had to be made locally at a cost of at least £100. Then again, there was no iron for the roof, and this had to be bought in Stanley. In addition to this, a certain amount of the wood work had to be replaced, as owing to the long period it had been on hand it had become defective. Again, it was decided to increase the strength of the cement used, the proportion being half cement and half sand instead of one to two as in the original work.

Things, from the first, have been against us. It was found that a considerable amount of the original work had to be taken down before a fair surface could be discovered. Even then extra precautions were taken to secure stability and provide against possible extension of the cracks, by placing steel rails across both ways, so that had any giving way been noticed they could have been screwed to plates on to each wall; and iron tie-bars were imbedded in cement at the commencement of the new work and just above the windows. These steps were taken merely as precautions, and I am happy to say that there is not the slightest sign of any crack or subsidence, indeed I feel confident that the work is as strong as possible, and will be in its present position many years after all of us have ceased to take any interest in the affairs of the Church Militant here on earth.

Next came the question of masons, and although certain local men were willing to work at 12/- a day, the Austrians refused less than 15/-. Under these circumstances we felt it was only right that the Stanley men should be put on the same footing, and the consequence was that this part of the programme cost us something like £30 more than was anticipated.

It may be of interest to state that in building the Tower we have used about 300 tons of stone, 60 tons of bricks, 33 tons of cement, and 120 tons of sand, or a total of over 500 tons dead-weight.

Some disappointment has been expressed that the pitch of the roof is not greater, and it would be idle to deny that the Committee share that feeling. According to the plans of Sir A. Blomfield the roof of the Tower should be 30 feet high, but when it came to putting together the framed pieces (which, of course, were sent from England years ago) it was dis-

covered that an alteration had been made whereby the roof only shows about 20 feet high. No one is able to account for this, but it is surmised that it was done on account of the high winds that prevail.

Had the Tower been built to the full height as originally intended, the cost would have been but little short of £1200; and if anyone is disposed to regret that the extra 15 feet was taken off, I would remind such that this decision was only arrived at after considerable discussion, and the weighing of pros and cons. There is such a thing as cutting your coat according to your cloth.

Before concluding, I should like to say that we have every reason to be satisfied with the work done by our local men:—Messrs. J. Steel, A. Biggs, and J. White as Masons and Messrs. J. F. Summers, F. Ashley, A. Steel and others in their departments. A word of special praise is due to Messrs. J. F. Summers and J. White for their plucky and successful job of putting the roof on; this was an undertaking of considerable difficulty, and was carried through without a hitch. One matter for special congratulation is that nothing approaching a serious accident occurred.

In conclusion, I wish to acknowledge the assistance rendered to us by His Excellency and Mr. W. A. Harding, from both of whom we were permitted to borrow several articles, thus considerably reducing the total cost.

In thus accounting for the expenditure of the money entrusted to them, the Building Committee is confident that everyone whose help entitles them to an expression of opinion will agree that the completion of this work is one of which there is reason to be proud. It would be against the conscience of all Church people to be content with an unfinished building, and we feel sure that there is ground for considerable satisfaction in knowing that the present generation of Church people has built a Cathedral, leaving only a debt of some £250 to be wiped off. The Church in the Islands is but an infant at present, as compared with that at home, and there remain many ways in which future generations can embellish and beautify the building which will be handed down to them. We have done our share, and there is little doubt that those who come after us will carry on the good work.

Your obedient servant

W. C. GIRLING,

Hon. Treasurer.

Stanley,

August 1903.

STATEMENT SHEWING COST OF TOWER,

Wages	£389	2	3
Bricks	153	5	9
Cement	123	15	0
Stones	107	8	0
Sand	44	10	6
Wood (for Louvres &c.)	52	15	9
Iron (for Tie-bars &c.)	9	4	3
Carpenters & Blacksmiths Labour	57	7	6
Carting	58	6	0
Sundries, (Paint, Nails &c.)	4	17	5
Corrugated Iron	16	8	0

Total £1017 0 5

From which has to be deducted
estimated value of Stones on
hand, at cost price

40 0 0

£977 0 5

W. C. GIRLING,

Hon. Treasurer.

Stanley,
August 1903.

GRAND MARRIAGE IN THE LAFONIA CAMP,
EAST FALKLANDS, OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS
COMPANY.

Mr. John Fell was married to Miss Fanny Simpson, niece of Mr. William Simpson, at Horn Hill, July 30th.

We left Darwin on Tuesday, 28th, for North Arm, accompanied by the Rev. C. K. Blount, who was to perform the marriage ceremony. As we proceeded on our journey away towards the south, we could see heavy squalls rolling along ahead of us: the air getting very cold; just as we approached Adventure Sound, a little more than half way to North Arm, the storm broke in all its fury. There we received the kind hospitality of Mr. & Mrs. Jaffery; having been all served with a refreshing lunch, smoked our pipes and cigarettes, we then made a fresh start. After going on about one mile from the house, again the blinding snow storm came down and raged with double fury full in our faces, the horses began to wheel round, fingers to get cold. Nothing daunted, we still proceeded and reached North Arm about 5 p.m. Even there the storm seemed worse and worse, but Mr. McCall made his appearance with his usual hearty welcome:-- Bundle in your gear, let go horses and into the house in quicker time than it takes to tell. We had one lady in our company and I must say through it all she was one of a hardy nature and very plucky. After sitting around the big fire Mrs. McCall had kindly prepared for us, the jovial

chat and the warm glow of a good fire, we soon forgot our nip in the blast, the storm outside might roar and rustle, we did not mind the storm a whistle.

Next day, Wednesday, we rested and enjoyed the proffered kindness and hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. McCall; there being a number of guests in their house, all bound for the wedding, the most of them leaving for Horn Hill on the Thursday morning, the marriage ceremony being no novelty to me, Mr. McCall and I did not leave until 3 o'clock p. m. for the festivities, the weather being still stormy.

As we neared the house we could hear the sounds of mirth and music, dancing had commenced. The bridegroom came out and a number of the guests and gave us a hearty reception. After entering the house and the usual congratulations on such an occasion over: and having time to look around, you could see and notice the gay colours and decorations in every corner of the room. Naturally I thought to myself to what nationality do all these people belong, then your eye fell on the old emblem—under the *Union Jack*. Dancing was kept up with great spirit throughout the evening till daylight did appear; but to give the ladies a rest, at intervals some good songs were sung by the ladies and gentlemen of the company.

Tables groaned under the load of nearly all kinds of eatables and viands of the best description, nothing wanting to feed the inward man. After all had been well served with hot coffee and breakfast the company began to break up. Catching horses was now the order for the return journey, this being done and all ready for the start, the good byes and good wishes over, the whole company giving three ringing cheers for the bride and bridegroom and the host and hostess of the party, Mr. and Mrs. Simpson, all being heartily pleased with their kind reception and enjoyment at a jolly Scotch wedding.

ONE WAO WAS THERE.

MARRIAGE OF MR. F. W. STREET AND
MISS ALICE WADSWORTH.

It may interest many of our readers to learn that the marriage of Mr. F. W. Street, late of Stanley, to Miss Alice Wadsworth of Nottingham, was solemnized at St. Nicholas Church, Nottingham, on Monday, June 22nd. The bride who was given away by her brother-in-law, Mr. H. Taylor, was prettily attired in white silk, trimmed with Paris lace, and wore a wreath and veil and carried a shower bouquet, the gift of the bridegroom. She was attended by three bridesmaids, Miss Wadsworth and the Misses Street. They were dressed in pearl grey, with black picture hats and carried sprays of pink roses and wore pretty brooches the gifts of the

bridegroom. Mr. E. S. Street, brother of the bridegroom, officiated as best man. Among the numerous guests were Miss Coulson and Master T. McLeod, late of Stanley. Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Street, who were the recipients of many handsome presents, afterwards left for London and Brighton where the honeymoon will be spent.

COMMUNICATED.

RUSH TO THE CANADIAN NORTH-WEST.

The Canadians are confident that their country can support a population equal to that of the United States. The least amount of capital is necessary for a settler to take up and homestead an unbroken quarter section—160 acres (the Canadian Government give, on certain conditions, to each adult male a free grant of 160 acres, that he selects for himself in the open prairie). It appears that £100 is the *minimum* required on arrival at the quarter section. This includes £3 for registration, and purchase money for a team of horses, a wagon and plough, timber and a stove for shanty, and food for a year. Great care is necessary in securing a good piece of land where timber and water are available and within a reasonable distance from the railway. A settler must live like Robinson Crusoe, and work like a horse. He has to build his shanty, erect a shelter for his horses, dig his well, and break his ground, and all must be done sufficiently well to withstand a winter blizzard, or 50 deg. to 60 deg. of frost.

He will also have to work for his neighbours so as to secure money to buy drills and harness and a binder, and to pay the thresher. At first there will be much expense and little income. A few young pigs and a calf and a few fowls will be picked up cheap. The struggle is, indeed, severe to the farmer with little capital. It is better to wait a year or so and to learn the ways of farming and the methods and prices of the country. Let the settler put his money in the bank at £3 per cent, and earn a good wage as a labourer. There will be plenty of free land ten or fifteen years hence. There are vast areas waiting to be opened up by the railways.

A young man should first work as a farm labourer and earn his keep and £4 or £5 a month as well. It is a hard school, but it is the road to success. Let him save his money until he has the experience necessary to start a farm of his own.

A rancher receiving an advertisement of wall paper from Eastern Canada replied to the firm that wall paper was not in demand, and that a cart load of girls for settler's wives would go off better. It is the poorer working man, who begins with a few cows and horses, who can make his way into advancement and comparative

wealth. In England the cold of the Canadian winter is dreaded, in Canada it is enjoyed. Here it is the black flies and mosquitoes which destroy the pleasure of the best summer months. Those who have lived for a few years in the West are devoted to the life, and nothing would induce them to return to the confined and restricted life of Eastern Canada or of England.

The best time to arrive in Canada is April and May, after the winter frost has broken up. The thought arises, Will there be employment for all in winter?—but the prudent will save enough in the summer to provide for themselves throughout the winter.

The Times Weekly Edition, June 5th, 1903.

DANCE.

A very pleasant dance took place on Tuesday, the 4th of August, at the Stanley Assembly Rooms, the hosts of the evening were:—Messrs. J. G. Cameron of San Carlos, W. Lewis, L. Williams, H. Vesey, R. Felton, and L. V. Oswald.

The Hall was charmingly decorated with a great number of flags, many of which were kindly lent by the Captains of the Sealing schooners now in Port Stanley. The lower end of the room was divided from the rest of the hall by an arch way of flags, and supper was arranged at a number of small tables. The room presented a very bright appearance and among the Company, which numbered over a hundred, were:—The Governor and Miss Sewell, the Dean and Mrs. Brandon, Dr. Hamilton, Consul Rowen, Mrs. Blount, Mr. and Mrs. Girling, Mrs. Williams and Miss V. Felton, Mrs. Cameron and Miss Williams, Mrs. and Miss Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Shires, Mr. and Mrs. Watt, Mr. and Mrs. Durose and the Misses Durose, Mrs. and Misses Lellman, Messrs. A., F. and V. Lellman, Mrs. Miss and Messrs. Mannan, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. and Miss M. Carey, Mr. and Mrs. S. Kirwan, Mr. Arthur Biggs, Mr. G. Turner, Misses and Messrs. Binnie, Miss N. Poppy, Miss A. Aldridge, Misses Kirwan, Misses and Mr. D. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Hardy, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Summers, Mr. and Mrs. E. Bennett, Misses Wilmer, Captains Balcom, Baker and Robbins, Captain Thomas, Messrs. and Miss Lehen, Mrs. and Miss Burnell, Mr. H. Roberts, Mr. W. Brown, Mr. W. Pauline, Mr., Mrs. and Master Hurst, Miss Middleton, Mrs. W. H. Luxton, Mrs. W. Hardy.

Dancing commenced at 8.30. and was kept up with great spirit until early the next morning.

The music was provided by several of the lady guests—amongst those who gave their services were Mrs. Girling, Mrs. Williams, Misses V. Felton, D. and A. Wilmer, M. and W. Durose, B. Kirwan, B. Watson, I. Mannan and M. Carey.

A return ball was given by a number of the guests at the above hall, on Thursday the 20th of August. Mr. Duncan Clement, who had just arrived in Stanley from Roy Cove, undertook most of the arrangements, assisted by Mrs. Williams, Miss Felton and others. The room was again prettily decorated with flags and bunting and the Company included most of the guests at the previous dance. COMMUNICATED.

MR. ERNEST PHILLIPS.
 FROM THE BOER WAR.

An unusual event in the history of Stanley took place in the Assembly Room on Wednesday evening, the 19th of August, when His Excellency the Governor presented Mr Ernest Phillips of Darwin, with the South African Medal. A full dress parade of the Volunteers was called for the purpose. Pte. E. Phillips attended in the uniform of his late corps—the Prince of Wales Light Horse—and looked very business like.

Previous to the arrival of His Excellency, the company was exercised in company movements and gun drill. His Excellency arrived at about 8. 20. and was received by the Volunteers with the customary salute. His Excellency after receiving the salute at once proceeded to address the Volunteers and a large number of Civilian friends (161) who had assembled to witness the presentation; the address was a pithy and very patriotic one. Mr Phillips was then called to the front and His Excellency having pinned on the medal congratulated Mr. Phillips on his reward. Mr. Phillips in a few suitable words thanked His Excellency for the honour he had done him.

The company which mustered fairly strong, although the notice was short, brought the ceremony to a close with a short exhibition of Field gun drill which was smartly executed.

I might mention in connection with the gun drill that on Saturday last, August 15th, some excellent shooting was made by the Volunteers with the Field guns from Packe's Point, at a target painted on the rocks on the opposite (North) side of the harbour a little to the Westward of the new hut (New Naval range) which is being erected, 7 direct hits having been made out of 17 shells fired.

Mr. Ernest Phillips arrived in South Africa, Dec. 1900 from Falkland Islands, via England and served:—

1. His full time of enlistment—six months—in the Prince of Wales Light Horse.
2. In Colonel Scott's Railway guard, six months.
3. Special Police Contingent, which was disbanded when peace was proclaimed.

He returned to the Falkland Islands, via Buenos Aires, in Nov. 1902, work in South

Africa—through want of material—being very slack and living exceedingly high.

The medal has on one side:—“Victoria Regina et Imperatrix” and the late Queen's head; on the other side:—“South Africa” and a figure of Victory holding a wreath over khaki clad soldiers on the march: a large four funnell-ed steamer in the distance.

On the rim:—“25759 Trp. E. Phillips. Prince of Wales Light Horse.”

On one bar “Orange Free State,” and on the other bar “Cape Colony.”

NEWS LETTER.

ASSEMBLY ROOM.

A meeting of the Directors was held in the Assembly Room on August 7th, at 8. p.m.; present, Messrs. Packe (Chairman), Girling, Darose, Mannan, and Dean Brandon.

Proposed and carried unanimously:—that the “Articles of Association” be altered with the following objects;

First. To change each £5 share into five £1 shares, but as only £4 5 0 has been paid up on each share, the holders of this stock can either pay up the balance of 15/- per share, or the Assembly Room Company Ltd. will refund the 5/-; in the former case five £1 shares will be issued instead of the £5, in the latter four £1 shares will be assigned.

Second. That the Directors may, after providing for a dividend of £5 0/0, purchase shares offered for sale at their nominal value: thus reducing the Capital on which dividend has to be paid.

Copies of the proposed alterations in the “Articles of Agreement,” together with two special resolutions, and proxy forms are being forwarded to the Shareholders. The general meeting will be held on Tuesday, December 15th, 1903.

It is earnestly requested that each Shareholder will record his vote or votes, either in person or by proxy.

So far the takings of the Room this year, (1903) have been above the average: after paying all outgoings, more than a £5 0/0 dividend for 1903 was banked during the first seven months of the year.

THANKS.

The Editor thanks much the three subscribers, who each most kindly sent him a copy of the June number of the Magazine, in the place of two missing numbers.

MR. H. VESSEY

Mr. Vesey left for England by the mail of August 20th. The many friends he made in Stanley much regret his going. The Church Choir will miss his constant and regular presence.

THE NAVAL RANGE.

A new Naval Range is being erected to the north east of Fairy Cove, on the north side of Stanley Harbour, opposite Sullivan House. The shelter house is plainly visible from Stanley. A gun vessel is expected about October 1st, when all Naval works will, it is reported, be brought to an end.

LADY DENTIST.

A Lady Dentist---Miss Middleton, has been in residence for some time at Mrs. Lellman's, Stanley. Her skill is highly spoken of and the charges are moderate.

MRS. WILMER.

Mrs. Wilmer's many friends will be very pleased to know that she is rapidly recovering from her recent accident and is able to leave her bed.

When rising from her chair, she tripped and fell, breaking the small bone near the ankle.

MR. JAMES GREIG.

Mr. James Greig writes from London that he is working in an Electric factory. He and Mrs. Greig speak of emigrating to Canada after a time.

THE LATE DANIEL MARLIN.

On Sunday August 16th, it was reported from the Naval works that the body of the late Daniel Marlin, of the sealing schooner *Beatrice L. Corkum*, had come ashore. The body was brought across to Stanley. The funeral took place on Tuesday, August 18th, and was attended by most of the crews of the six Canadian sealing schooners.

CANADIAN SEALING SCHOONERS.

The latter intend to sail during the month of September for their cruising ground. Their return again to Stanley is doubtful, as they object to a proposed export tax on the seal skins they ship to England. Their stay in Stanley has been much appreciated; their sociability and readiness to enter into all the amusements of the winter season, and the almost uniform good conduct of the combined crews of over 100 men will make their departure a cause of regret. The stay of so many visitors in Stanley has caused a circulation of money during a very dull winter---as far as local trade is concerned.

GIRLS.

Can nothing be done to stop the constant patrolling of the streets at night by girls, some of them so young that they are still in short frocks. What do the Fathers and Mothers expect these girls to become when they grow up? The parents are now sowing the wind and most assuredly shall reap the whirlwind. Why cannot the Police "run in" girls found wandering about after dark without suitable protectors. A week's bread and water would work off their extra animal spirits and a charge of 1/6 a day for their keep would appeal to the *second* softest spot in their careless parents---the pocket.

CHURCH HOUSE FUND.

Since last a statement was published, the following amounts have been received, and the Fund stands as follows:—

Subsripts. already acknowledged	£221	15	8
Messrs. Dean and Anson	15	0	0
J. M. Dean Esq.	25	0	0
Half share of Shilling Lists	3	5	0
Dean Brandon's List (details)	13	9	10
	£278	10	6

EXPENDITURE.

To Cost of House	£882	1	0
„ Insurance (2 years)	20	0	0
„ Tenement Tax	1	11	6
„ Wall Papers	6	14	5
„ Interest on loans	4	0	0
„ Balance in hand	29	3	7
	£943	10	6

RECEIPTS.

By Subscriptions	£278	10	6
„ One year's Rent	30	0	0
„ Loans received	635	0	0
	£943	10	6

W. C. GIRLING, HON. TREASURER.
Stanley, August 3rd. 1903.

DEAN BRANDON'S LIST.

Hugh Grant 2/-, Misses H. & A. Smith 3/2, Charles Charbonnier 5/-, Anton R. Larsen 10/-, Mrs. Cull 5/-, Mrs. Cann 7/-, Frank Markland 1/-, Philip Henry Dickson 2/6, Mrs. Henry H. Hennah £1. Edirrie, James & Wil. Anderson 1/6, Carew Harbour:--Offertory 10/-, Whip 7/6, Spring Point:--Offertory 15/3, Mrs. William Stickney £1 1. The Chartres:--Offertory 14/9, Margaret, Gordon & Alex. Stewart 6/6, The Chartres:--Offertory 12/6, Washing 2/-, West Point Island:--Offertory £1 3. Mrs. Langdon:--Offering 10/-, Mrs. N. T. Paice:--Offering 2/6, Keppel Island:-- Offertory 10/-, Elizabeth, Alice, Joseph & Agnes Lanning 10/-, Angus McLennan, Junr. 5/-, The Chartres:--Offertory 13/6, Fred May 10/-, Miss Stewart (Bella) 5/-, The Chartres:--Offertory £1 3 6, Balance in bag -/8, Mrs. Lee 5/-, Thomas & Flossie Braxton 5/-. Total £13 9 16.

Received since:--Howard Clement Esq. £1. Mr. Gardiner (New York) Passgr. s.s. *Panama* £1. Anonymous 10/-, Mr. Ernest Phillips 5/-, Spectacles 2/-, Mr. J. Skilling 15/-

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

- Aug. 5th, *Hornet*, from Salvador.
 „ „ *Orrisa* from Liverpool.
 Passengers:—*Mrs.*, *Miss* and
Lily Rowlands & *baby*, *Bertie*
Aldridge, *H. Curtze Esq. N.*
McLennan & *R. McKenzie*.
 „ 8th, *Fortuna* from Darwin.
 Pass:—*Dr. Jameson*, *Miss*
Blyth, *Miss Hill*.
 „ 14th, *Fair Rosamond* from The
 Chartres. Pass:—*Messrs.*
Jason Hunsen, *Roy Bertrand*,
Duncan Clement & *Wil. Hansen*
 „ 14th, *Richard Williams* from
 Pebble. Pass:—*Mr. & Mrs.*
John Betts & *family* (4). *Mr.*
Walter Claxton.
 „ 14th, Ship *Thirlmere* from Ant-
 werp.
 „ 17th, *Hornet* from Fox Bay.
 „ 17th, *Chance* from Speedwell.
 Pass:—*Mr. Gilbert*.

- „ 20th, *Panama* from Valparaiso.
 Pass:—*J. G. Cameron Esq.*

DEPARTURES.

- July 27th, *Hornet* for Salvador.
 „ 29th, *Fair Rosamond* for The
 Chartres.
 Aug. 1st, *Fortuna* for Darwin &c.
 Pass:—*Mrs. Goss* & *family*.
 „ 6th, *Orrisa* for Valparaiso.
 Pass:—*J. G. Cameron Esq.*
Messrs. H. Kelway, *J. Blakeley*.
 „ 8th, *Hornet* for Fox Bay.
 Pass:—*Messrs. A. Bell*, *Jas.*
Biggs, *Charles Anderson N.*
McLennan & *R. McKenzie*.
 „ 20th, *Panama* for Liverpool.
 Pass:—*Mr. Vesey*, *Miss Hill*,
Mrs. Clarke.
 „ 22th, *Fair Rosamond* for Port
 Stephens. Passengers:—
Mr. & Mrs. W. H. Luxton
 & *child*.
 „ 22nd, *Hornet* for Salvador.
 „ 23rd, *Fortuna* for Monte Video.

Mrs. J. J. Halliday takes in plain sewing and dressmaking.

CURRENCY NOTES. The Treasurer is prepared to send five shilling note to any person in the Camp requiring the same, on receipt of a cheque for the value. Apply to the Treasurer, Government Offices, Stanley.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6: single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each. 4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 1Cs. per half page per annum; £3 whole page per annum; Charge for inclosing Circulars:—5/- per month for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies can always be obtained at that time.

FOR SALE.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home, Chatterbox, Little Folk, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—in monthly numbers of year 1900 & 1901 (just withdrawn from Library.) at 4j.

Apply to THE LIBRARIAN.

The Stanley Assembly Room Company Ltd.

Stanley, F. I.

August 18th, 1903.

Sir,

I am instructed by the Directors to forward to you copies of the proposed alterations in the Articles of Agreement of the Stanley Assembly Room Company, Ltd., together with two special resolutions, all of which they propose to put before a general meeting to be held on Tuesday 15th December 1903.

It is earnestly requested that you will record your vote or votes, either in person or by proxy.

Proxy forms are enclosed herewith.

The Directors recommend that all the shares shall be brought into line on equal terms, and of one denomination.

The Capital of the Company at present stands thus:—

Nominal Capital	£2500
240 shares @ £5.	£1200
1300 „ „ £1.	£1300
Issued Capital	£1970
200 shares @ £5.	£1000
970 „ „ £1.	£970
Paid up Capital	£1820
200 shares @ £4 5 0.	£850
970 „ „ £1	£970

The proposed alteration is as under:—

Nominal Capital	£2500
2500 shares of £1.	
Issued Capital	£1800
1800 shares of £1, fully paid up.	

I have the honour to be

Sir,

your obedient servant,

Secretary.

To

Memorandum of Association,

1. The name of the Company is "The Stanley Assembly Rooms Company, Limited."
2. The Registered Office of the Company shall be situate in Stanley.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are the carrying on of a Public Hall, and the erection and equipment of any description of building suitable for purposes of general recreation, Public Meetings, etc. to take place therein, and generally for the doing of all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above object.
4. The Liability of the Members is limited.
5. The Capital of the Company is Two thousand five hundred pounds, divided into Two hundred and forty shares of Five pounds each, and Thirteen hundred shares of One pound each.
6. The Memorandum of Association, and Regulations passed by special resolution dated August 2nd. 1898 shall be, and are hereby, revoked.

Articles of Association.

1. The Directors of the Company shall be nine in number, and no person shall be capable of being a Director unless he be possessed of shares of the nominal value of Ten Pounds.
2. Five of the Directors shall form a quorum.
3. All monies due to the Company shall be paid to the Secretary, who shall give receipts for the same in the name of the Company, and shall deposit the same in the Government Savings Bank, in the name of the Company, at the end of each month, and no money shall be withdrawn from the Bank unless by a written notice of withdrawal signed by two of the Directors, of whom the Chairman or Vice Chairman shall be one, and the money so withdrawn shall be applied by the Secretary in such manner as the Directors, at a meeting, shall direct.
4. The Bank Pass Book shall be in the custody of the Secretary, and may be inspected by any shareholder at such time as shall be appointed by the Directors.
5. It shall not be lawful for any person, directly or indirectly, to hold shares in the Capital of the Company of more than the nominal value of two hundred pounds.

6. At all General Meetings of the Company each shareholder shall be entitled to have one vote for every share held.
7. The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders shall be held in the month of February in each year. Ten members shall form a quorum.
8. The Directors may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company given in General Meeting, reduce its Capital by such amounts and in such manner, as the Company in General Meeting directs
9. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, where the shares are of a larger amount than £1, subdivide such shares into shares of not less than £1.
10. Except as herein laid down, the Rules and Regulations contained in Table A, the first schedule to the Companies Act 1892, shall govern the Company.

We hereby declare that by Special Resolution at a General Meeting, duly convened, on the day of
the foregoing Articles of Association and Regulations were duly passed by more than three fourths of the Members of the Company for the time being entitled to vote, present in person or by proxy, and we further declare that at a General Meeting duly convened and held on the day of the foregoing Resolutions were duly confirmed.

Directors.

Proposed Resolutions.

RESOLVED that each of the 200 (Two hundred) Five Pound Shares whereon £4: 5: 0 (four pounds and five shillings) is paid up be subdivided into shares of One Pound each—that is to say, for each Five Pound share there shall be issued four fully paid up One Pound share, and Five shillings in cash, provided always that any holder of Five Pound shares may, on payment of the uncalled balance of 15/- (Fifteen shillings) obtain for each Five Pound share five fully paid up One Pound shares.

RESOLVED that the Directors may, after having provided for the payment of a dividend of not less than 5o/o, purchase from shareholders such shares as may be offered for sale, provided that the price paid for such shares shall in no case exceed their nominal values



CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.



THE BAZAAR

IN AID OF THE

Stanley Clock and Bell Tower Fund

WILL BE HELD IN THE ASSEMBLY ROOM

On Tuesday next, 23th August

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor.

DOORS OPEN AT 7.30 P.M. ADMISSION 6d.

SALE TO COMMENCE AT 8 P.M.

The **Articles** for sale are in great variety, combining the useful with the ornamental, including local curios, skins, eggs, shells, &c. &c.

The **Toy Stall** will be unusually attractive.

A **Vegetable and Plant Stall** combined with other *Attractions* will not be so uninteresting as the time of year might suppose. Carrots, turnips and parsnips are in good condition (contributions are solicited). Broom plants will be on sale, also **seed potatoes** (Rosebery & Sutton) **flower and vegetable seeds** for spring sowing. Honeysuckle and ivy cuttings &c.

A **Mat Trimming Competition** for men will be open to Competitors. Entrance fee 6d.

Other **Amusements** will be arranged to attract.

Cakes &c. &c. for the Refreshment Stall please send to Mrs. Dean by Monday afternoon 24th. inst.

Contributions will be gratefully received and acknowledged.

No. 6. VOL. XV. OCTOBER 1903. PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE REV. C. K. BLOUNT. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.
SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. George Hurst, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. John Evans and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidesmen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Sumners, Sexton.

Port Stanley, Falkland Islands: Printed by Miss. Wilks.

LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS TO THE LATE
CAPTAIN HALKETT'S MEMORIAL
TABLET.

RECEIPTS.

Subscriptions as per list	£9	18	6
Savings Bank Interest		6	0
	£10	4	6

EXPENDITURE.

By Tablet A. N. Stores	£9	7	0
Packing Case tin lined		7	6
Freight, charges, landing		3	0
Fixing in position		4	6
Balance paid to Tower Fund		2	6
	£10	4	6

LIST.

H. E. The Governor	£1	1	0
Lieut. C. W. Hill	1	0	0
Rev. E. C. Aspinall		10	0
Lieut. F. Durose		15	0
Pte. Atkins (Sr.)		10	0
Sergt. Major Watt		5	0
Sergt. G. Rowlands		5	0

Pte. M. Doherr	5	0
" W. Scott	5	0
" G. Robson	5	0
" J. Everstein	5	0
" H. Newing	5	0
" F. Lellman	5	0
" M. Robson	5	0
" J. Coleman	5	0
" W. Atkins (Jr.)	5	0
" E. Holt	5	0
" B. Wilmer	2	6
" G. Turner	5	0
" J. Davis	5	0
" A. Clulee	5	0
" W. Ryan	5	0
" H. P. Millett	5	0
" D. Watson	2	6
" L. Newing	2	6
" J. F. Summers	2	6
" W. W. Adams	5	0
" R. Aitkens (Senr.)	5	0
" C. Poole	5	0
" L. Yates	2	6
" J. Luxton	5	0
" Rd. Aitkens (Jr.)	2	6
" J. McAtasney	2	6
	£9	18 6

DEATH.

WILLIAMS. Sept. 4th. Suddenly at his home in Gallegos Joseph E. Williams, aged 30 years.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6: single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12^l words each. 4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 10s. per half page per annum; £3 whole page per annum; Charge for inclosing Circulars:—5/- per month for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies can always be obtained at that time.

THE BAZAAR.

The following is a statement of receipts and expenditure in connection with the recent Bazaar:—

RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURE.	
<i>Door</i>	£7 14 0	<i>Purchase of goods</i>	£60 15 8
<i>Fishpond</i>	5 1 6	<i>Rent of Room & Crockery</i>	3 1 0
<i>Refreshment</i>	10 6 4	<i>Labour</i>	15 0
<i>Parcel Office</i>	3 6	<i>Printing</i>	7 6
<i>Kitchen</i>	7 12 9	<i>Cartage, Police &</i>	
<i>Flowers</i>	17 12 5½	<i>Landing charges &c.</i>	2 3 8
<i>Stationery</i>	21 1 4		
<i>Toilet Requisites</i>	15 3 7½		
<i>Toys</i>	16 12 3		
<i>Gipsy Tent</i>	3 12 3		
<i>Liberty</i>	12 15 1		
<i>Mrs. Anson</i>	22 3 6		
<i>Art</i>	19 2 4		
<i>Sheep</i>	10 0		
<i>Sold by Mrs. Dean</i>	10 9 0	<i>Balance</i>	103 2 1
	<hr/> £170 4 11 <hr/>		<hr/> £170 4 11 <hr/>

W. C. GIRLING.

TOWER FUND.

Our friends have not been content with the splendid efforts put forth at the late Bazaar, and during the past month, have considerably augmented the total as will be seen by the following statement:—

<i>Amount already acknldg.</i>	£751 12 0
<i>Bal. of proceeds Bazaar</i>	3 2 1
<i>R. Whaits Esq.</i>	2 0 0
<i>A. E. Felton Esq.</i>	1 0 0
<i>J. G. Cameron</i>	1 0 0
<i>Mrs. Watson (Peat Banks)</i>	2 0
<i>Mrs. Murphy.</i>	1 6
<i>Vida. Murphy.</i>	1 0
<i>Mrs Luxton. Senr</i>	5 0
<i>" " (collected by)</i>	10 0
<i>Mrs. Clapperton.</i>	2 0
<i>Sale of "Comet"</i>	4 0
<i>Box in Porch.</i>	1 2
	<hr/> £770 0 9 <hr/>

CHOIR FUND.

<i>Already acknowledged</i>	£2 13 7
<i>Mrs. Dean</i>	2 0 0
<i>A Friend (West Falklands)</i>	10 0
<i>Mrs. Whaits</i>	5 0
<i>A Friend (Stanley)</i>	2 6
	<hr/> £5 11 1 <hr/>

Mrs. Brandon thanks the above friends very much for their kind subscriptions, and hopes others will follow their example. Expenses already amount to £6 8 3.

Band of Hope Meeting.

STANLEY.

W. C. GIRLING,

SEPT. 24TH. 1903. HON. TREAS.

On Tuesday next 6th, October
in the Assembly Room at 6.30.

BIRTHS.

HARDY. Stanley, August 30th. wife of Albert Hardy of a son.
 SORNSSEN. " Sept. 13th, wife of Edward Sornsen, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

REEVES-HANSEN. July 21st. St. Michaels Church, Boldmere, Ernest Reeves to Frederica K. Hansen (daughter of Mrs. Hansen, Carcass Island.)

DEATHS.

BETTS. Stanley, Sept. 11th, Margaret Betts. Aged 64 years.
 CLASEN. " " " Ann Maria Clasen. Aged 50 years.
 BUCKLEY. " " 14th, Marcellina Buckley. Aged 64 years.
 WHITE. " " 18th, William White. Aged 34 years.

IN MEMORIAM.

SPRING 1890.

Is it well with the child? And she answered, it is well. 2 Kings iv. 26.

"So long Thy power hath blest me, sure it still
 Will lead me on,
 O'er moor and fen, o'er crag and torrent, till
 The night is gone.
 And with the morn those Angel faces smile,
 Which I have loved long since, and lost awhile."

IN LOVING MEMORY of my dear Mother Mary Jurgins, who died at Gallegos Chico, October 26th, 1899. *Not forgotten.*

Her hope was bright, her faith was strong,
 A little talk with Jesus how it smooths the rugged road,
 How it seems to help me onward,
 When my heart is crushed with sorrow,
 And mine eyes with tears are dim,
 There is nought can yield me comfort,
 Like a little talk with him.
 Lord I hear Thy gentle call,
 Follies, sins, I leave them all,
 I tell Him I am weary and I fain would be at rest,
 And He answers me so sweetly I am coming soon to take thee
 What happiness can equal mine,
 I have found the object of my love,
 He comes to me from heaven above.

M.W.

BAPTISMS.

JAMESON. July 27th, Darwin, Charles Lowther Jameson.
 JAFFRAY. " 31st, Adventure Sound, Margaret Milne Jaffray.
 JAFFRAY. " " " Alexander Jaffray.
 MCPHERSON. Aug. 18th, Arrow Harbour, William Thomas McPherson.
 SARNEY. " 23rd, Goose Green. Ellen May Sarney.
 MIDDLETON. " 25th, Bluff Creek, Violet Margaret Middleton.
 THOMPSON. Sept. 13th, Stanley. Francis Eric Austen Thompson.
 COLEMAN. " 13th, " Sybil Muriel Coleman.

THE F. I. MAGAZINE.

CHURCH SERVICES

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 11 a.m.
 " Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.
 WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at [8. 45.
 Evening Prayer (Wednesday) [at 7 p.m.
 The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon: and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.
 THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on any Sunday or week day.

BIBLE CLASS:—On Tuesday at 7.30 p.m.
 CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening Service, at 7.45 p.m.,
 CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.
 SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.
 CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10. a.m.
 THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of every month in the Vestry at 8. p.m.
 All Letters should be addressed to Mr. T. Binnie Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.
 THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30 p.m.
 PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.
 "Undaunted of the Falklands" Lodge
 Meetings held in the
 SPEEDWELL COFFEE ROOM,
 Every Thursday at 7.30. p.m.
 All who desire to become members are cordially invited to attend at that hour.
 Sec. Bro. WILLIS.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, AUGUST, 1903.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION ... Morning ... 109
 " " ... Evening ... 157
 NUMBER OF COINS ... Morning ... 35
 " " ... Evening ... 75
 Number at S. School ... Morning ... 63
 " " " " ... Afternoon ... 94
 "Number" of "coins in the Offertories:—
 0 sovereign, 1 half-sovereign, 0 crowns, 12 half-crowns, 6 florins, 25 shillings, 142, sixpences, 115 threepenny piers, 239 pence, 11 half-pence, 0 farthings & 8 other coins. Total, 559.

CHRIST CHURCH, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

AUGUST, 1903.

RECEIPTS.

	£.	s.	d.
2. By Offertory	1	10	9½
9. " "	1	12	6
16. " "	1	19	0½
23. " "	2	2	6
30. " "	1	14	9½
Thank Offerings.	17	6	
	£9	17	1½

EXPENDITURE.

	£.	s.	d.
To Wages:—			
" Sexton	3	0	0
" Blower and Bell Ringer	1	0	0
" E. Binnie keeping order		5	0
" Repairs lamps	1	1	0
" Printing		10	0
" F. I. Co. a/c	1	19	1
" Extra Blowing		1	4
" Balance	2	0	8½
	£9	17	1½

G. HURST,
 HON. TREASURER.

REV. C. K. BLOUNT'S ITINERARY.

LAFONIA 23RD JULY-28TH AUGUST 1603.

July 23rd Hillside; 24th Mount Pleasant, Hillhead, Black Rock, High Hill and Darwin; 28th Adventure Sound and North Arm; 30th Horn Hill (wedding) and Mappa; 31st Adventure Sound; August 1st North Arm; 3rd Cattle Point and Hawk Hill; 4th The Peat Banks; 5th N.W. Arm and Lion Creek; 6th Danson Harbour and Moffatt Harbor; 7th The wreck Rowanna and Egg Harbour; 8th Hope Cottage, Orqueta and Darwin; 10th Lively Island in cutter *Flora*; 11th Walker Creek 12th Upper Walker Creek; 13th Island Creek; 14th Seal Cove; 17th Miles Creek; 18th Low Bay, The Trap, Arrow Harbor; 19th Bodie Creek, Orqueta, Paragon, Tranquilidad; 20th Orqueta and Darwin; 21st High Hill; 25th Teal Creek, Bluff Creek, Laguna Isla; 26th Hill Head and Mount Pleasant; 27th Hillside; 28th Fitzroy N and Stanley.

Absent 5 weeks. Work done: Services 15. Baptisms 6. Celebrations (Holy Communion) 1 Bible Readings 39. Children examined and catechized 40. Houses visited 59. Marriage 1.

DEAN BRANDON left Stanley on Wednesday, Sept. 9th, for the North Camps and Darwin.

A SERMON

PREACHED BY THE RIGHT REV.

THE BISHOP OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS
In St. John's Church Buenos Aires
ON "SUNDAY OBSERVANCE"

AUGUST 16TH, 1903.

*"Upon the first day of the week..... the disciples
came together to break the bread."*

ACTS XX 7, (PT.)

My subject to-day as you know, is "Sunday Observance." Let me clear the way for it by noting two points.

(1) That it is a question of Sunday, not Sabbath observance. Historically, the two are distinct. In the early days of the Church and for a considerable time afterwards, Christians, who were mostly Jews, observed both the Sabbath and the Lord's Day. In the course of time it was perceived by the general consciousness of Christendom—the same force, remember, which gradually separated the books of the New Testament from all other books, surely no mean arbiter—that the eternal principles which were involved in the Law of the Sabbath were really embodied in the Institution of the Christian Sunday. Thus the Christian Sunday, the weekly commemoration of our Lord's Resurrection, that glad central fact of all life and history, gradually came to gather round itself and inherit the sacred sanctions and traditions which were formerly attached to the Sabbath. That is but a cursory and incomplete statement of the position (there is no time for more) but the point to be observed (and in justice it must be stated) is that there are limits to the identification of the Jewish Sabbath with the Christian Sunday.

(2) And next this question of Sunday observance is not a question of mere utility, no; nor yet a local question, pressing only upon members of our Church who live in Argentina and other Latin American lands. The problem exists at home also, in Scotland as well as in England. Everywhere there is the same tendency, the same disintegrating movement. Wherever our Church and race exist, the old restraints and restrictions seem to be breaking down. The only difference (and I grant you it is a serious one) is that here there is no Saturday half-holiday; hence we have to face the problem in an accentuated form. But I submit to you, we cannot, as Christians, treat the matter as one of mere utility. If the observance of Sunday is a Law of God, we must keep it, however inconvenient. What would you have said of the first ages, if they had argued 'we really must offer sacrifice to the Emperor; we cannot live otherwise?' You know that as a fact they preferred the stake and that those who surrendered to the custom of the day (the sacrifice meant little more than that) were reckoned

apostates. So we are apostates, if we deliberately put our own convenience before the Law of God. You see then that it is impossible for me to treat this question as one of mere utility.

And here I think it may be well to state the reasons, or at least some of them, why the question exists. The statement will at all events serve to show that the Church is not in a panic; we are not clinging desperately to an old order which is passing away, we know not how; on the contrary, we understand our difficulty in some measure, and are preparing ourselves to face it. Let me give you, briefly, three reasons.

(1) reaction (2) knowledge (3) opportunity.

1. **Reaction.**—Undoubtedly in some ways our fathers laid upon our shoulders a burden too heavy for us to bear. They made Sunday a negation, a burden, as the Pharisees of old made the Sabbath a burden. Too many were brought up to find Sunday a gloomy distasteful thing. Too many might say in earnest what Calverly said in jest "All the religion that we knew was, that we might 'nt play on Sunday"—and now we are suffering from the reaction.

2. **Knowledge.**—A flood of new knowledge has of late years been poured upon all departments of human life, religion not excepted. Do not think we dread this, we court it. But the temporary effect of this fierce light beating upon old faiths and institutions is embarrassing, and to many distressing. For they have not learned to distinguish between divine truths and human interpretations of those truths. The one is always eternal and imperishable, the other is often faulty and imperfect and has to shape itself afresh in order to meet new needs. But those of whom I speak do not understand this; to them it appears that the truth itself has fled, and the loss causes them infinite pain. Applied to the matter of Sunday observance then the position is this. Wise and good men have no doubt at all as to the need and obligation of Sunday as of divine institution, but in the light of new knowledge, the old grounds upon which this observance rested have proved unsatisfactory, and it is not yet clear upon what it should be based. Thus the doctrine of Sunday observance is as true as ever it was but it needs just now re-statement or re-adjustment in the light of new knowledge.

3. **Opportunity.**—The former reason which I gave you applied chiefly to the thoughtful, perhaps this applies chiefly to the thoughtless. The opportunities for pleasure are now vastly greater than they used to be. Many sports and occupations, which were once the privilege of the few, are now the property of the many. And the many are apt to drink deep of the pleasure which they have only so recently discovered. Here it is true, lack of opportunity is as fruitful a cause of Sunday desecration, as

opportunity. But let no one suppose that the institution of a Saturday half-holiday, glad as we should be to have it and willingly as we would work for it, would solve the problem. The fact would remain that the resources of modern civilization have hugely multiplied the means of pleasure, together with the opportunities for indulging in it, on Sundays as on other days.

Now let us have a clear idea of (a) what we want and (b) how we are to obtain it—and then I must ask you to come to a decision.

(a) We want a day consecrated, kept holy, set apart for God and the things of God—and this with a view to the consecration of the whole week to Him likewise, just as you pray in the morning and evening in order that God may bless your whole life, not just those few moments only in which you are praying, but your whole life, your thoughts, your words, your ways. So we want to devote to God one day in each week that all days may be His. How I detest that view of Sunday which represents it as a bargain with God, that if we give Him one day, He will give us six! No, the Sunday must consecrate the week with all its toil and pleasure. There is reason. Humanly speaking, a Christian Sunday is necessary for the preservation of the Christian faith. It was so in the beginning when "the disciples came together on the first day of the week to break the bread." It will be so always. For Christ's sake, for Christians' sake, for the world's sake which we are striving to make Christian, we desire a Christian Sunday.

(b) And how are we to obtain it? What are the means at our disposal? I answer 'worship and rest.' The meaning of public worship is little understood. In a materialistic age, when men weigh most things by gain, the advantages of meeting together as a Society to lift up our hearts to God in prayer and praise, seem shadowy and unreal. But, rightly understood and used, worship is a power. It has a marked influence on those who take part in it, and it is an object lesson to the outside world. The Christian Sunday should be used for worship.

But it should also be used for rest. Not that we solve the difficulty in saving this! For rest is precisely what people find so difficult. They find it difficult to worship, but almost impossible to rest! For by rest I do not mean idleness (I do not think that we shall be idle in heaven) but I do mean quiet. Now, after the strain or weary routine of the week's work, whichever it may be, most people have a horror of being quiet. Quiet to them spells dullness. But the idea of being dull in God's world, which is so full of wonder and beauty, rich in its inheritance from the past, bright with its future promise! Do you ever remember to be ashamed of yourself when you feel dull? But the fact remains: people find it hard to pass their leisure time in quiet; they need, or think they need, excitement.

And so the question of amusement comes up. Are all amusements wrong on Sundays? I dare not say that they are, but certainly those which destroy the character of the day are wrong, and many I think find it to be the case with Sunday games, as some find it with alcoholic drink, harder to use in moderation than to leave severely alone. But however that may be, athletics and field sports in these days need no benediction of the Church. I know as well as any, and that by experience, the benefit of such sports, the healthy mind, the spirit of self control and fair play which they tend to bring out, but Englishmen, and Englishwomen too, have of late unduly exalted the benefits of games; they have allowed them to bulk far too big in our national horizon, and we needed, I fear, those sharp lessons which we have received of late both in war and commerce, that we want something more than mere proficiency in athletics, if we are to keep our place at the head of the nations. Undoubtedly games and sports have their place and that an important place, though I cannot believe that that place ought to be the Christian Sunday, but, if only you would believe it, rest, quiet, recreation in the true sense, that is, the re-making of soul and body, are more important still. Is it not true that our nation is what it is by virtue of this same Sunday rest? What a catalogue of great names might be quoted in support of this statement! Let me give you the witness of just a few. Macaulay wrote "the two Sabbath keeping nations are the most prosperous in the world" speaking of Great Britain and the United States of America.

And I cannot forbear quoting Dr. Johnson's last request, if I mistake not, to Sir Joshua Reynolds "to forgive him a certain debt of £30, read his Bible, and not paint on Sundays" and Bishop Westcott speaking of "A quiet life, its joy and power" says "at the very time when we are beginning to think lightly of our tranquil Sunday, continental writers are discovering its value. A French Roman Catholic traveller lately expressed his admiration of our Australasian Colonies, 'what is the cause' he asks 'which renders the population so rational and practical?' and he attributed it to the repose of Sunday and the study of the Bible. The Bishop might have added the yet more striking testimony of Voltaire 'whether Englishmen know it or not, it is the English Sunday which makes England what it is.' But he concludes with this noble charge. 'Keep your Sundays holy and God will make them blessed.' Now if in old days, this Sunday rest was needed, surely in the stress and strain of modern competition, it is needed more. Moreover, if work is of God, does he not desire that His children should 'enter into His rest.'?"

And now I must ask you to come to a decision: Christ-like, your Church lays no com-

pulsion upon you; as He does, we claim your free allegiance; with Him, we prefer the honest conviction of one free man or woman to the blind submission of a crowd; you must decide for yourself—but upon these grounds.

You must not merely ask yourself 'What is right for me personally, with my special circumstances, needs, strength, or the reverse?'—though it is quite right that you should ask that. But you must do more. For this is not merely an individual question, it is also a social question, and a social question I think more than an individual question, though we English, with our individual tendencies, are apt to forget it. But you are a member of a Church, and it is the function of that Church to witness against the world. Do you not believe that though torn and divided and disfigured by many a fault and failing, in spite of all appearance, there still is a Church. One, Holy and Catholic, whose business it is to fight the world and that you are a member of this Church? Hence you must ask yourself 'On which side shall I be? on the Church's side or on the world's side?'

One of the saddest books recently published is perhaps that of Mr. Charles Booth on the religious life of London. The result of his monumental inquiry is that on the whole Christianity there stands sadly self-confessed as a failure. Yet there are cheering exceptions, and notably this, that wherever, even among the poorest and worst, real demands have been made upon the people's conscience and powers of self sacrifice, there has been a response. Pauperising and patronising and advertisement have failed as they deserved to fail, but the appeal to a genuine self sacrifice and practical following of the Crucified has not failed. On the contrary wherever there has been the sustained faith and courage to make it, there has been marked success, the Church has been made alive and real. Will it not be so always? On this question of Sunday observance we might make concession after concession, we might widen wonderfully Christ's 'narrow way,' we might lighten surprisingly His burden of the Cross, but at the end of it all I am persuaded that our Churches would remain as ill-attended as ever and our quiet English Sunday would be as far off as ever from realisation; whereas, if we appeal to that in you which can respond to the touch of the Christ, if we call upon the power of self-sacrifice in you, if we invite you to suffer and dare and do for Christ and His cause, I do not think that we shall appeal in vain, I believe there will be a few men and women who will respond to that call. You know what the response involves—perhaps the loss of your friends, perhaps an unpleasantness in the family circle, surprise, remarks, ridicule in the office or at home—a real burden and hard to bear, but you will think of the Christ toiling up the hill of Calvary bearing

His Cross and you will be glad to be on His side, sharing however remotely the burden of His sorrows, experiencing however faintly, the joy of His love. All other facts will become insignificant beside this, the supreme importance to all time and eternity of being manifestly on Christ's side, in His battle with the world.

NEWS LETTER.

The month of September commenced with a pleasant dance given by the Captains of the sailing schooners. The Assembly Room was very nicely decorated, the East end devoted to the refreshment tables and little tables at which three or four could sit. The dancing commenced about nine o'clock and was kept up until near daylight the next morning. These entertainments have been so much the order of the day (?) for the past four months that we would imagine many will be glad to give their shoes a rest.

MR. AND MRS. ASPINALL.

Mr. and Mrs. Aspinall expect to leave England on the 1st of October and will call here en route for Sandy Point. Since Mr. Aspinall left the Colony he was for a while assisting in a Parish in London but for over two years he has been the assistant of the Rev. H. Mahony in Ireland, in carrying on the deputation work of the S.A.M.S. His whole time was spent in going from place to place, preaching in different Churches on Sundays, and holding meetings during the week, at which he advocated the claims of the South American Missionary Society. We hope that a happy and successful time is before him and his family in Sandy Point.

THE WEATHER.

Early in September the long spell of mild dry weather was suddenly succeeded by a week of heavy snow. There were deep drifts on the Stanley roads for several days. It very quickly disappeared however under the influence of two days incessant rain. The gardens, which were ready for sowing, have been put back somewhat. Now that there is a promise of fine weather we would advocate the immediate sowing of small seeds such as salads, carrots, parsnips and parsley. Leeks will do best if sown early—they stand frost well—but want rigorous thinning out. Beetroot should not be sown until the beginning of November as, if frosted it runs to seed. All cabbage seeds should be sown at once.

DARWIN CRICKET CLUB.

On Saturday August 22nd, a meeting of those interested in Cricket, was held in Darwin School-house. A. L. Allan Esq. in the chair.

The Chairman said he thought it would be a good thing to have a club in Darwin, and if one was formed he would do all he could to help on. It was therefore resolved to form a club,

and of 31 present 28 gave in their names as members. In the meantime, the prospects of the club are looking rosy, and everybody is taking a keen interest in the club. Mr. A. Moir was appointed Honorary Secretary and Treasurer, and the following, members of Committee:—A. L. Allan, Dr. Jameson, Ch. McCarthy, A. Harris, W. Redmond, H. Sarney.

BRITISH SHIP "THIRLMERE."

This Liverpool owned vessel put in to Stanley on the 14th August. She is bound from Antwerp to Seattle with a cargo of iron, cement etc, and on the 11th of July she met with excessively heavy weather a little to the westward of Cape Horn. The mainmast broke off some four feet below the deck, bringing down on deck with it most of the rigging. Most providentially no accident to life or limb occurred, but had the accident taken place during the night instead of in the middle of the day it is only too probable that this would not have been the case.

As soon as possible the Captain got his vessel into smooth water and ran into Good Success Bay, opposite Staten Island, and lay there for 24 days during which he was clearing away the damages and repairing the hole in the maindeck caused by the tearing away of the mast. It was then decided to run for the Falklands, and it reflects great credit on Captain Radcliffe that under such crippled conditions he was able to make the port and get right up Port William.

It is understood that the Captain went up to Monte Video by mail boat in order to be able to communicate more freely with his owners, and receive their instructions as to repairs.

After the accident occurred, and before they were in Good Success Bay, when the ship was in a very crippled condition, with ship leaking, the pumps broken, and boats lost and smashed, they were spoken by another vessel who asked if assistance was needed. The Captain replied that he was in urgent need of help, whereupon the stranger hauled down his flags and squared right away!!! Unfortunately her name was not seen, but it is to be hoped that no British shipmaster would treat in such a heartless manner the appeal for help from a brother in distress.

THE SHIP "AUSTRASIA."

This four-masted vessel, bound from Antwerp to Puget Sound with a cargo of cement, put back here leaky on September 1st. She appears to have encountered very bad weather in the neighbourhood of Cape Horn, and the labouring of such a heavily laden vessel in big seas caused damage to several of her frames, and at least two rivets became started and loose. This was quite sufficient to let in enough water to keep the pumps going all the time, and had anything happened to them it is more than likely that this good ship would have gone to the bottom, and so become one more of the mysteries of the

deep. The friendly Falkland Islands, however, were within reach and there is every reason to believe that she will leave the harbour tight and staunch once more.

The services of a diver from the *Thirlmere* were made use of and one leak was stopped by inserting a bolt from the outside. After having done so much, however, he found some difficulty in arranging for doing a similar thing to the second leak, and another diver being ready and willing to oblige arrangements were made with one of the crew of the sealing schooner *Leslie I.* to go down and stop up the rivet hole. This he did most successfully, and thus added another obligation to those already incurred.

The *Austrasia* will shortly be ready for sea, and probably by the time these lines are read she will have started upon her voyage.

It is a somewhat curious coincidence that the *Thirlmere* and the *Austrasia* both loaded at Antwerp, (being alongside in the docks) were bound to the same place and both had to put in to the Falklands for help. Probably when loading in Antwerp each thought it extremely unlikely that they would meet in Stanley Harbour! But they are not the first men who have lived to bless the Falklands.

OBITUARY.

We have to record several deaths this month, some of which were very sudden. Mrs. Betts and Mrs. Clasen died on the same day. The former had been ill for eleven months and though a short time since she made a wonderful rally, it was seen for some days before her death that she had become worse than ever she had been. Mrs. Clasen was only ill for two days. She died of acute pneumonia. She had moved into Stanley a twelvemonth ago for the sake of her health and had been much stronger than when in the camp. Mrs. Buckley died a few days later. She had been a sufferer from bad health for a very long time. William White was found dead on Friday morning on board the crane lighter alongside the East jetty, and on which he was night watchman. It is presumed he died of suffocation from a fire he had for warmth. The ventilation of the place where he was lying was almost closed. The mail steamer *California* brought the sad news of the very sudden death of Mr. Jos. Williams, at his estancia. His death is assigned to heart disease. He was brought down to Punta Arenas by steamer and buried on Sunday 6th Sept. His father Mr. C. Williams arrived by mail just a few hours too late for his sons funeral, nor was he even aware of his death. We sympathise with all those who are thus in sorrow.

Just look about you in the place you find yourself in, and try and make things a little better and honest there.
T. Hughes.

entered (with of course the names of children being taught) and which has to be shown to the Inspector of schools at his visits. The Government is now spending a fairly large sum upon the education of the camp children, considering the smallness of their number, and we hope all will co-operate in getting the greatest advantage from the money thus spent.

Prizes or rewards will be given once a year to those children who, in the opinion of the Inspector of schools, have made good progress in the year. In the case of all children, except Roman Catholics, a certain amount of religious knowledge is also expected. We have drawn attention to this before, and we would impress upon parents the fact that childhood is the time for making such things as these—everything connected with religion—real to the children, and that once childhood is past, the precious opportunity for learning about God, the Bible, the Church, the Catechism, the help of prayer and other means of grace, is never so great again.

THROUGH A WORSTED MILL.

BY PRISCILLA E. MOULDER.

(FROM "GOOD WORDS.")

The use of wool as an article of clothing dates from the earliest times, and no doubt it was woven long before flax or cotton. Among the ancient Jews, wool was the staple material for clothing, and it may be that the coat of many colours was made of wool. The Romans seem to have introduced it into England, though for some years it was only made of coarse materials. In the early days of Great Britain, clothing must have been worn in the form of sheepskins with the wool retained. An old Irish ballad sings of a certain gallant Brian O'Lynn, who wished to court a lady of high degree, but having no necessary nether garments in which to array himself, he obliged to "get him a sheepskin to make him a pair." In this primitive attire the noted O'Lynn went on his errand, and the ballad goes on to say that he found his hastily-made trousers both cool and pleasant. It was in the beginning of the eighteenth century that Yorkshire began to take an important position in woollen manufactures, and to-day the fabrics woven in Yorkshire looms are noted throughout the civilised world. In spite of this fact, however, most people outside of factory circles possess very hazy ideas as to the manner in which wool is converted into cloth. Travelling is generally considered a means of culture, and perhaps a journey to "fresh fields and pastures new" will prove interesting if not instructive. It will be best to begin, as the showmen say, at the very beginning.

The first process which wool undergoes after it has been shorn from the sheep's back, is that

of sorting. In most worsted mills a number of men are engaged as wool-sorters, and when trade is brisk good wages can be earned by competent men. It will serve our purpose to say that the wool used in worsted mills may be roughly divided into two classes, English and Botany.

The term English of course explains itself, but while Botany wool came originally from Botany Bay, the name is now given to any wool which is sent from foreign countries.

Upon entering a wool-sorting room, a lot of men are seen standing in front of boards with a fleece stretched out before each. These men are generally enveloped in long blue-and-white check pinafores, called in Yorkshire dialect "sorters'-brats."

By the way, speaking of brats reminds me of an amusing incident which is said to have happened a few years ago. A gentleman from London had come into Yorkshire to learn the worsted trade, and had brought with him a favorite large dog. One day, to the great alarm of the gentleman, a little boy came rushing into his presence to inform him that his dog had run off with a brat and was pulling it to pieces. Never having heard the word "brat" applied to anything but children, the effect of this startling information on the Londoner may be better imagined than described. He caught up his hat and dashed wildly out of the house in pursuit of his dog, only to find his favourite quietly playing with the pieces of a long pinafore, which the boy afterwards explained was the "brat" he had meant. But to get back to wool-sorting. Every fleece of wool contains six or eight different qualities, all of which must be separated from each other, to make different classes of goods. Fleeces vary as to the precise number of qualities each possess, and it may be mentioned that a wool-sorter accustomed to strong, coarse, English fleeces, would be at a loss how to proceed if placed before a pile of Botany wool. And for this reason. The latter wool being so much finer, either has a larger range of qualities or is much more difficult to separate. When the wool comes into the sorter's hands, each fleece is rolled up into a ball by itself. The sorter is furnished with a number of skips or baskets, equal to the number of qualities he has to make. A perfect knowledge of these various qualities can only be gained by years of experience, and if a boy can get apprenticed at a mill where both English and Botany wools are required, he is much more likely to get employment elsewhere than is one whose master only uses one kind of wool. From the sorting-room the wool is taken to the washing room, and there put through three courses of hot water with which is mixed a strong lye, composed of potash, oil and tallow.

(To be continued.)

MARRIAGE OF

Mr. E. Reeves and Miss F. K. Hansen.

An interesting event took place at St. Michael's Church, Boldmeir, on Tuesday morning, when Mr. Ernest Reeves, the popular Organist of the Church, was united in marriage to Miss Hansen, daughter of Mrs. Hansen, of the Falkland Islands, and lately residing at Dartmouth Villas, Chester Road. The service was conducted by the Rev. A. E. R. Bedford, M.A. (Vicar). The bride was given away by her Mother, and the best man was Mr. Percy Reeves. The bride wore a pretty costume of pale grey cashmere with white crepe de Chine blouse, this also serving for her travelling dress. She had a large picture hat, and carried a shower bouquet of roses and lilies. She also wore a gold brooch, the gift of the bridegroom. Miss Hansen was attended as bridesmaid by Miss B. Reeves, sister of the bridegroom. Her dress was of pale blue trimmed with white de chine. She wore a dark picture hat and carried a beautiful shower bouquet. Music appropriate to the occasion was supplied by Mr. G. Reeves. The bride and bridegroom subsequently left for Llandudno in order to spend the honeymoon. The wedding was of a quiet character owing to the departure of the bride's Mother a few days subsequently for the Falkland Islands. There were numerous presents, these included a barometer and thermometer presented to the bridegroom by the Vicar and choir of St. Michael's. On their return Mr. and Mrs. E. Reeves will take up their residence at Dartmouth Villas, Chester Road. *The News, Saturday, July 25th, 1903.*

ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION TO
MR. HAYES,

On the completion of the Tower it was felt that some recognition should be made of the kindness of Mr. Hayes who had given us such valuable help in bringing the work to a successful issue. It is doubtful in fact, whether without his assistance the work could have been undertaken involving as it did changes from the original plan. Those who have followed the monthly report of the building must have noticed how frequently his name was connected with it. The presentation is to take the form of a kit-shaped travelling bag. The address, and the names of the subscribers are given herewith.

"The undersigned Members of the Church Community in Stanley tender you their grateful appreciation of the invaluable assistance given by you in the completion of the Cathedral Tower.

"Your professional skill, which was indispensable for the planning of the building, was sup-

plemented by a deep interest in the details of the work, involving much time and the frequent climbing of the Tower to advise the artisans engaged on the building."

"We beg you to accept a Travelling Dressing Case in token of our gratitude, and as a Memorial to your stay amongst us in the Falkland Islands."

Stanley September 1903.

His Excellency the Governor, Mr. C. E. Aldridge, Miss Aldridge, Mr. Jos. Aldridge, Senr. Constable Atkins, Rev. C. K. Blaunt, Rev. Dean Brandon, Mr. Thos. Binnie, Mrs. Dean, Mr. Durose, J. J. Felton Esq. Mrs. Fell, W. C. Girling Esq. Mrs. E. Gleadell, W. A. Harding Esq. Dr. Hamilton, Miss Flossie Hardy, Mrs. F. I. King, Mr. & Mrs. McDaid, Malvinero, Mr. D. Mitchell, Mr. L. V. Oswald, Vere Packe Esq. Mrs. Rummell, Hon. Consul Rowen, Mr. J. F. Summers, Mr. G. I. Turner, Mr. G. Turner, Serg. Major Watt, Mr. D. R. Watson, Mrs. Williams.

THE GOVERNMENT CAMP
TEACHERS.

We would draw the attention of those parents whose children are receiving instruction from the Government Teachers on the West Falklands and in the North Camp of the East Falklands to the following rules which have been issued lately. (1) In settlements all children are to be taught at one house provided that the houses are within easy walking distances.

The object of the Camp Teacher is to forward the education of the children as much as possible, and there is no doubt that a little competition (which must in some degree be aroused where several children of different families are doing the same lessons) is useful in exciting their interest. (2) Where there is only one pupil of school age at the last house on a beat, only a fortnight's teaching is to be given there.

This rule has become imperative owing to the long time that it takes the Teacher to get round. It should be quite possible for the parents of any child to whom this rule applies to send him or her to some of the neighbouring houses if they think the extra education desirable. (3) Each child is required to show the Teacher a certain amount of work done during his absence at other places. Children who are writing are expected to show at least 100 copies per annum, that is to do about two pages in a week. They are also expected to do a certain number of sums, about 100 or less if the Teacher thinks fit.

Most parents take an interest in forwarding the teaching of their children and this rule will, we think, strengthen their hands, and give them definite lines to work upon. (4) A book is to be kept at each house in which the dates of arrival and departure of the Teachers are to be

GAZETTE NOTICES.

The Seal Skin Ordinance. From the coming into operation of this Ordinance there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the use of this Colony, upon every Seal Skin imported into this Colony, for the purpose of transhipment or exportation, such duty as shall be determined from time to time by the Governor in Council, provided that the rate of duty so determined shall not exceed ten shillings for each skin.

Customs. His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to approve of the following order made by the Collector of Customs:—

Every boat, vessel, or launch not carrying mails, shall upon leaving any steamer, lying in Stanley Harbour, stop and report to the Custom's Officer placed in charge of the stone jetty. Written permission to land or call at any jetty other than the above mentioned stone jetty must be obtained from the Collector of Customs.

Appointments. His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint:—

Dr. Edward Turner Born, to be the Registrar of Marriages for the West Falklands.

Dr. Edward Turner Born to be Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths for the West Falklands.

Mr. Albert Hardy to be an Inspector of Nuisances for the Town of Stanley.

John Burnell to be Assistant Gardener, Government House, from 14th April.

Savings Bank. Savings Bank depositors are reminded of Rule No. 9, of the principal Rules of Government Savings Bank—that they are to send in their books by the 30th September

in order that their books may be audited and the interest due to depositors entered.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

- Aug. 20. R. M. S. *Panama* from Valparaiso. Passenger omitted, Mr. *Reginald White*.
 Sept. 1. Ship *Austrasia* from Antwerp.
 „ 3. S. S. *Saint Hubert* from Penarth.
 „ 3. R. M. S. *Oropesa* from Liverpool. Passengers:—Mrs. *Hansen* (*Carcass Island*) Miss *Fleuret*, Capt. *Willis*.
 „ 5. *Hornet* from Salvador.
 „ 14. *Hornet* from Fox Bay.
 „ 15. R. M. S. *California* from Valparaiso Pass:—G. *Green-shields Esq.*
 „ 15. *Fair Rosamond* from The Chartres.

DEPARTURES.

- Sept. 5. R. M. S. *Oropesa* for Valparaiso. Passengers:—Messrs. *Wil. Lewis, Duncan Clement, Roy Bertrand, W. Berntsen & H. Bostock*.
 „ 7. *Hornet* for Fox Bay. Pass:—*Harry Bailey*.
 „ 14. *Edward Roy* for Sealing Cruise.
 „ 14. *Beatrice L. Corkum* for Sealing Cruise.
 „ 16. R. M. S. *California* for Liverpool. Passengers:—Messrs. *J. Everstein & J. Humble*.
 „ 21. *Ola M. Balcom* for Sealing Cruise.
 „ 24. *Hornet* for Darwin.
 „ 2. *Fair Rosamond* for San Carlos S. & Carcass Island. Pass:—Mrs. *Hansen, Mrs. J. G. Cameron & 3 children, Mary & E. Persich, Messrs. J. G. Cameron, J. Hansen, C. Petersen, T. McLaren & S. Paice*.

Falkland Islands Lending Library.

Supplementary Catalogue No. 1 (1903).

RULES.

I. A Yearly Subscription of 5/-, or Half-yearly of 2/6, to be paid in advance, entitles the Subscriber to one book every week, or to two periodicals. A Yearly Subscription of 8/-, to be paid in advance, entitles to two books every week, or to four periodicals.

II. Books can be obtained from the Library at 2d. each per week by non-subscribers.

III. A Yearly Subscription of 10/-, to be paid in advance, entitles a subscriber in the Camp or on a local schooner to a parcel of books and periodicals from time to time.

Subscribers please keep.

1007	Rosanne	...	...	...	Nellie Syrett
928	Sheepstealers, The	...	...	...	V. Jacobs
940	Scud	...	...	...	Ernest G. Henham
1009	Sons of the Sword	...	...	...	Mary L. Woods
995	Servants of Sin	...	...	...	J. Blouard Burton
1035	Spectre Gold, A Romance of Klondyke	...	...	...	Headon Hill
978	To Welcome the King	...	...	...	Willoughby Matchett
981	Virginian, The	...	...	...	Owen Wister
945	Voice of the People, The	...	...	...	Ellen Glasgow

MISCELLANEOUS.

1018	Africa, Story of the War in South	...	...	...	Captain Mahan
1016	Bee, Life of the	...	...	...	Maurice Maeterlinck
931	China, A Year in	...	...	...	Clive Bingham
1019-20	China and the Allies	...	...	...	Henry Savage Landor
925	Donovan Pasha	...	...	...	Gilbert Parker
926	Donat O'Brien's Adventures during the War (1804-14)	...	...	...	G. A. Smith
1017	Drummond, Life of Hen.	...	...	...	Andrew Carnegie
992	Empire of Business, The	...	...	...	Sir Morell-Mackenzie
1029	Frederick the Noble	...	...	...	W. G. Burn-Murdoch
1015	From Edinburgh to the Antarctic	...	...	...	Mathilde Blind
1030	George Eliot	...	...	...	Max O'Rell
983	Her Royal Highness Woman	...	...	...	Chas. Swinburne
1031	Lochner, A Tragedy	...	...	...	Algernon George Paston
933	Little Memoirs of 19th Century	...	...	...	The Intelligence Officer
1022-3	Lennox, Life and Letters of Lady Sarah	...	...	...	The Bishop of London
1032	On the Heels of De Wet	...	...	...	T. P. O'Connor
1024	Papers for Working Men	...	...	...	Hector H. Munro
1025	Phantom Millions, The (the Humbert family)	...	...	...	Sir Ed. Malet
947	Rhodes, Last Will and Testament of Cecil	...	...	...	His Son
1021	Russian Empire, Rise of the	...	...	...	Sarat Chandras Das
934	Shifting Scenes	...	...	...	...
1033-4	Tennyson, Life of	...	...	...	Fitchett
930	Thibet, Journey to Lhasa and Central	...	...	...	...
1010	Tale of the Great Mutiny	...	...	...	...

Falkland Islands Lending Library.

NOVELS.

Anthony Hope.	Crockett, S. R.
972 Intrusions of Peggy	994 Cinderella
Atherton, Mrs.	1008 Firebrand, The
1011 Senator North	Eden Philpotts
Baring Gould	937 River, The
950 Winifred	979 Good Red Earth, The
985 Nebo the Nailor	984 Fancy Free
Barrie, J. M.	913 Children of the Mist
966 Tommy and Grizel	Frankfort Moore
Barr, Robert	962 Conscience of Coralie
989 Strong Arm, The	1004 Nest of Linnets, A
990 A Woman Intervenes	Gerard, Dor:
Besant, W.	975 Holy Matrimony
943 Fourth Generation, The	1013 Sawdust
Bret Harle	Hall Caine
997 On the Old Trail	973 Eternal City, The
Castle, Egerton	Hobbes, J. O.
941 Secret Orchard, The	969 Love and the Soul Hunters
Coleridge, M. E.	Johnston, Mary
963 Fiery Dawn, The	936 Old Dominion, The
971 King with Two Faces, The	977 Audrey
Corelli, Marie	982 By Order of the Company
958 Temporal Power	Marion Crawford
	987 Marietta

Max Pemberton	Silberrad, U. L.
988 Giant's Gate, The	993 Success of Mary W ynghate
Oppenheim, Philip	976 Princess Puck
938 Great Awakening, A	Stanley Weyman
949 Master of Men, The	924 Castle Inn, The
Parker, Gilbert	929 In King's Byways
1026 Right of Way, The	Tynan, Katherine
Rider Haggard	935 Love of Sisters
970 Black Heart and White Heart &c.	942 Girl of Galway, A
Rudyard Kipling	Wilkie Collins
980 Kim	920 Moonstone, The
Seton Merriman	Wiggin, Kate Douglas
986 Road to Frontenac, The	998 Penelope's Irish Experiences
1002 Vultures, The	1012 Diary of a Goose Girl
	Whitby, Beatrice
	968 Bequeathed

946 Belle of Toorak, The	...	...	...	F. W. Hornung
964 Benefactress, The	...	...	...	Author of <i>Elitz: and her German Garden</i>
1027 Ben Hur ...	...	...	...	Levin Wallace
967 Crisis, The	...	...	...	Winston Churchill
1027 Crucifixion of Philip Strong	...	...	...	Chas. M. Sheldon
996 Christopher Deane	...	...	...	E. H. Lucas Watson
939 David Harum	...	...	...	Noyes Westcott
991 Doom Castle	...	...	...	Neil Munro
965 Rather Confessor, The	...	...	...	Dora Sigerson Shorter
1001 Four Feathers, The	...	...	...	A. E. Mason
1003 Frederick Uvedale	...	...	...	Ed. Hutton
1000 From Thatched Cottage	...	...	...	F. G. Hadden
948 Heart's Highway, The	...	...	...	M. E. Writins
1006 Heritage of Unrest, The	...	...	...	Gwendolen Overton
974 Hole in the Wall, The	...	...	...	Ar. Morrison
944 Jem Carruthers ...	...	...	...	Earl of Ellesmere
1014 Luck of the Vails, The	...	...	...	E. F. Benson
1005 Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch	...	...	...	Alice Hegan Rice
999 Oldfield ...	...	...	...	Mrs. Banks
932 Roundmenders, The	...	...	...	M. Fairless

J. D. JACOBS

Wishes again to thank his numerous patrons for their past and present support, and wishes to inform them that he is about to leave Stanley for the Coast and kindly requests all those wishing to get their watches, clocks, Jewellery, etc. repaired will bring the same at their earliest opportunity, which will receive prompt attention.

J. D. J. also requests those who have accounts due to him will settle at an early date. Sept. 30th, 1903.

WANTED. A Cook, wages £2 per month. Malvina House, Stanley.

FOR SALE.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home, Chatterbox, Little Folks, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—in monthly numbers of year 1900 & 1901 (*just withdrawn from Library.*) at 4s.

Apply to THE LIBRARIAN.

CORRECTION. Fair Rosamond, windbound for north coast, left 29th inst. for Fitzroy S. No passengers.

ASSEMBLY ROOM.

Price list of Refreshments at Assembly Billiard Room.

Mason's Wine	-/1 per glass.
Coffee	-/2 „ cup.
Tea	-/2 „ „
Tarts	-/1 each.
Cakes	from -/1 - -/2 „

BILLIARDS 1/6 per hour.

BAGATELLE TABLE -/9 per hour.

No smoking while actually playing billiards.

As Man to Man is so unjust
I cannot tell what man to trust,
I have trusted so many to my sorrow,
Pay to day and trust to-morrow.

6
No. 7. VOL. XV. NOVEMBER 1903. PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.
SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. George Hurst, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. John Evans and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidesmen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

Port Stanley, Falkland Islands: Printed by Miss Willis.

ADVERTISE

IN THE

FALKLAND ISLANDS

MAGAZINE.

Sixpence per line.

THE TOWER FUND.

This has remained somewhat in abeyance of late, and it must not be forgotten by our friends that another £200 is required to pay off the debt. Will those who kindly promised contributions to be paid when the work was completed, redeem their promises now and so help to wipe off this deficit? The account now stands as follows:—

<i>Already acknowledged</i>	£770	0	9
<i>Mrs Perry</i>		5	0
<i>Mr., Mrs., Walter, Bella</i>			
<i>& Markie Campbell</i>			
<i>(Teal Inlet)</i>	1	0	0
<i>Miss Victoria Holt</i>		5	0
<i>Mrs. Adam Smith.</i>		2	0
<i>Box in Porch.</i>			9
	£771	13	3

W. C. GIRLING,
HON. TREASURER.

CHOIR FUND.

<i>Already acknowledged</i>	£5	11	1
<i>Edith & Violet Sarney</i>		5	0
<i>Mrs. Miller</i>		10	0
<i>Mr. F. Simpson</i>		6	0
	£6	12	1

Many thanks for above additions to the Fund.

About £20 will be needed to meet all expenses before next Easter.

J BRANDON,
Hon. Sec. & Treas.

THE CHURCH HOUSE.

During the last month the new wall papers have been put up, and some internal painting done. Also the outside has had a good coat of white

paint, and we may say that it is now complete, and a pride to those who have been instrumental in having it put up, and to those who found the money to do it.

Funds keep coming in slowly, and it must not be forgotten that every penny subscribed goes towards paying for the house, the rent received from Mr. Blount being more than sufficient to pay the interest on loans, insurance and tenement tax. Those, therefore, who make a donation may be sure that their money is devoted to a good purpose. The following are acknowledged with many thanks:—

<i>Mrs. Robson</i>	£1	0	0
<i>3rd. Corral</i>		1	6
<i>Violet, Lilian, John G.A.,</i>			
<i>Elsie, Elizabeth Ada Short</i>		4	7
<i>Mrs. Short</i>		4	6
<i>Offertory (Darwin)</i>		5	0

W. C. GIRLING,
HON. TREASURER.

BAND OF HOPE.

A Band of Hope Meeting was held on the 6th, inst. After the usual business of the meeting had been transacted a programme of music was carried through by friends who kindly came specially to entertain the children Mrs. Watt. Miss Felton, Miss Lewis, Miss Durose sang songs; Percy Brown accompanied by Miss Gleadell played a violin solo as did also Norman Watt accompanied by his sister. The Choir boys sang a temperance song, the words of which were thrown on the sheet. The song 'Daddy' sung by Miss Durose had illustrative magic lantern slides which shewed up well. Some Scripture slides were shewn and also a number of very interesting and instructive ones on agricultural life in a part of Canada.

BIRTHS.

HALL. August 16th, The Warrah House, Port Howard, the wife of Louis J. Hall of a
JOHNSEN. „ 19th, Darwin. the wife of John Oscar Johnsen of a daughter. [daughter.
DAVIS. October 6th, Stanley, the wife of Richard Davis (Felton Lodge, Teal Inlet), of a
SHORT. „ 11th, Stanley, the wife of Charles Short of a son. [daughter.

MARRIAGES.

KINGSFORD-DEAN. On the 30th. July, at the Parish Church, Chipping Barnet, by the Rev. J. Bond Lee, assisted by the Rector the Rev. D. W. Barrett, Henry Edmund, second son of the late Henry Baldock Kingsford, of Chelsea, to Florence Emily, eldest daughter of the late C. Montague Dean, of Arkley House, Barnet, and of the Falkland Islands.
The Times, August 1st. 1903.

DEATHS.

WILLIAMS. Sept. 4th, Suddenly at his home in Gallegos, Joseph E. Williams, Esq. Aged 30 years.
BUCKLEY. „ 14th, Stanley, Mrs. Buckley. Aged 46 years.
PITALUGA. October 2nd, „ James Pitaluga. Aged 58 years.
ETHERIDGE. „ 16th, „ Ernest Edgar Etheridge. Aged 9 months.
SHORT. „ 23rd, „ Mrs. Charles Short. Aged 24 years.

IN MEMORIAM.

IN EVER LOVING MEMORY of our dearly loved daughter Mary Harriet Johnson. who departed this life, Nov. 7th, 1896.

How sweet is friendship's lovely tie,
That binds us heart to heart,
That drops a tear, or heaves a sigh
When friends are called to part.

We part, and part to meet again:
But where! Oh who can say?
On earth, in heaven, the search is vain,
Unknown the spot, the day.

Adieu! then let us hope to meet
On Canaan's peaceful shore,
Where hearts with pure affection beat
And friends depart no more.

IN EVER LOVING MEMORY of our dear mother, Rose Emily Marguerita Biggs, who died at Roy Cove, November 14th, 1896, aged 30 years.

Rest on dear mother thy labour's o'er.

Thy willing hands will toil no more.

Seven years have gone and friends around us
But they little know the sorrow

Seem to think the wound is healed.
Which is in our hearts concealed.

Lily & Phoebe Biggs.

MR. JOSEPH WILLIAMS was at his farm Kilikaiki Sur, Gallegos; about 8.30. a.m. he said to his cook, "I do not feel very well, I would like a cup of coffee." When the cook returned with the coffee Mr. Williams was dead. The remains were carried to the Club in Gallegos; the walls of the room where they lay was almost covered with the floral wreaths sent in by his many friends. All Gallegos and the surrounding camp attended the remains as they were being conveyed to the steamer for Sandy Point. A bright, young, vigorous life, full of good nature and kindness has thus been cut short. Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Williams and the whole family in their deep affliction.

MRS. JAMES PITALUGA thanks all friends for their kindness during and after her husband's illness.

MR. BREEN, Roman Catholic Schoolmaster, went by last outward mail to Sandy Point. While in Stanley he became a general favorite from his genial, bright and pleasant character and his marvellous spirit under the severe gun shot accident which cost him a foot and part of the lower leg. Before he left Stanley he had become very expert in the use of an artificial leg and foot which had been supplied from home. We wish him every happiness in his new sphere of labour.

CHURCH SERVICES

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 10 45 a.m.

" Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at
[8. 45.

Evening Prayer (Wednesday)
[at 7.p.m.

The Holy Communion on the 1st and
3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon:
and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any)
Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS
on any Sunday or week day.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Even-
ing Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the
Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from
2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church
at 10. a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Mon-
day of every month in the Vestry at 8. p.m.
All Letters should be addressed to Mr. T.
Binnie Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in
the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on
Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30 p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the
Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m.,
and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.
"Undaunted of the Falklands" Lodge

Meetings held in the
SPEEDWELL COFFEE ROOM,
Every Thursday at 7.30., p.m.

All who desire to become members are cordially
invited to attend at that hour.

Sec. BRO. WILLIS.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, SEPTEMBER, 1903.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION ... Morning ... 104½

" " ... Evening ... 142½

NUMBER OF COINS ... Morning ... 29½

" " ... Evening ... 65½

Number at S. School ... Morning ... 63½

" " " " ... Afternoon ... 87½

Number of coins in the Offertories:—

0 sovereign, 0 half-sovereign, 0 crowns, 1
four shilling piece, 5 half-crowns, 1 florin,
28 shillings, 68 sixpences, 85 threepenny
pieces, 179 pence, 11 half-pence, 1 farthing,
& 1 other coin. Total 330.

CHRIST CHURCH, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

SEPTEMBER 1903.

RECEIPTS.

1. By Balance	2 0 8½
6. " Offertory	1 16 8
13. " "	1 9 11½
20. " "	1 5 5½
27. " "	1 5 8½
	<hr/>
	£7 18 6½

EXPENDITURE.

To Wages:—	
" Sexton	3 0 0
" Blower and Bell Ringer	1 0 0
" E. Binnie keeping order	4 0
" Washing	2 0
" Balance	3 12 6½
	<hr/>
	£7 18 6½

G. HURST,

HON. TREASURER

Dean Brandon's Itinerary.

Sept. 9th, Port Louis, North. 10th, Johnson's
Harbour and Port Louis, South. 11th, Horseshoe
Bay and Rincon Grande. 12th, San Salvador.
13th, Rincon Grande and Horseshoe Bay. 15th,
Port Louis, South & North. 16th, The Estancia
& Passa Manears. 17th, Teal Inlet. 19th, Phoenix
Lodge, Sierra Chatta & Douglas Station. 20th,
The Moro. 21st, Bombilla & Third Corral.
22nd, New House & Moss Side. 23rd, San Car-
los, North. 24th, Cumbre Verde. 25th, San Car-
los, South East & South. 26th, San Carlos, South
East, Port Sussex, Camilla Creek. & Darwin.
28th, Cantera, Camilla Creek & Darwin. 30th,
High Hill, Black Rock, Hill Head, Mount Pleas-
ant & Island Harbour. October 1st, Fitzroy, S.
2nd, Fitzroy, North, Bluff Creek & Stanley.

WORK DONE. Services 11. Communion 1.
Baptisms 5. Bible Readings 20. Children ex-
amined and catechized 57. Houses visited 61.

Rev. C. K. Blount sailed in *Fair Rosmond*
for Fox Bay on October 2nd. He intended to
visit first Port Howard, Pebble Island, Shallow
Bay, &c. performing two marriages at Danbar
Harbour toward the end of October.

The Bishop sailed in R. M. S. *Thames* from
Buenos Aires on Sept. 10th, on a tour to the
Mission and other Stations in the Brazils. His
Lordship will then visit England for a couple of
months, and expects to visit Punta Arenas, Te-
kenika and the Falkland Islands about March '04.

CHRISTIAN FAITHFULNESS TO DUTY.

"When the time had come that He should be received up, He stedfastly set His face to go to Jerusalem." Luke 9. 51.

The Lord Jesus Christ is spoken of in the above words as being on His last journey to Jerusalem. His time to die was drawing near. Nothing could turn Him from it. It was the Father's will. How did the Christ meet it? I. "He set His face stedfastly to go to Jerusalem." Or, "He set fast His face." As one making a supreme effort gathers up all the powers of mind and body to meet the crisis, and shows this in his features. In the 13th chapter and 22nd verse we read of Him, "journeying towards Jerusalem." Already in purpose He had "overcome the sharpness of death."

In the words of prophecy in Isaiah 50. 7, "For the Lord God will help me, therefore shall I not be confounded; therefore have I set my face as flint: and I know that I shall not be ashamed."

The Christ's course was clear, He came to die as well as to teach; He came to finish His work; that work should be completed to the very last. High principles guided Him; He lived for duty, not for pleasure; for work, not for amusement: to fulfil the Father's will, not to please Himself.

Many a man has done this inspired by the teaching, example and Spirit of Jesus.

II. Can we as individual Christians "set fast the face" to do our duty—towards God and towards our neighbour—in that state of life into which it has pleased God to call us?

1. The fashion just now, certainly in religion, if not in week day work also is, what has been called, of a "linsey woolsey" texture or pattern. The Jews in the law of Moses were commanded (Deuteronomy 22. 9-11) not to mingle seeds of different kinds when sowing; to bring home to them that they were not to mix with the heathen, lest they should learn their sinful ways. They were not to work together two animals which did not step alike, to show that they should not be unequally yoked with those of another faith. That they should not mingle linen and wool in the same cloth, thus illustrating that the life of the true Jew should be consistent and none worshipped except God alone. No linsey-woolsey sort of life, so like the streams of the Colony, never for twenty yards running in a straight course, but in and out, turning this way and that, and sometimes facing right round from the creek into which they finally empty themselves.

2. Do we allow self-indulgence to keep us from our religious as well as our daily duties? Take as an example the past winter—a constant round of dances and parties, public and private: did

these hinder many from attending to their religious duties—private prayer and reading of God's Word, attending the public Services of their Church; from performing any good works they were in the habit of doing for Christ's sake, the good of souls, and shewing sympathy with the sick and sorrowful? Did it hinder them on the next day from the faithful discharge of daily duty? Life cannot be all pleasure, fun and amusement. Life is a serious thing. When Napoleon was in Moscow the city was on fire in many places; dances were the order of the day and night; cries of "Fire, Fire," warned the dancers to fly for their lives; their answer was "let us dance defiance to the fire;" but in a few short minutes how different was their cry, when they found the way of escape cut off. Sooner or later thus it must be with all Christians who live a butterfly life.

3. Can we from day to day, firmly, perseveringly, as Christians face—for Christ's sake, for the good of souls and for the temporal well-being of our fellow men, trouble, weariness, and unpleasant duties?

4. Our summer weather approaches, how shall the Sundays be spent? In work at home, as so many do? In lying in bed, loafing round the house? In amusements, riding, boating, walking excursions? Or shall they be spent, as they were intended to be, in private and public prayer, in thought of God, in freedom from every day cares, in rest and quiet; as well as in occupations as will not take from it its sacred character: but make it a day of real rest, real devotion and real refreshment?

I would call attention to a sermon our Bishop has preached and published on "Sunday observance;" it was reprinted in the October Magazine. Should any one not have a Magazine, copies of the sermon can be obtained free of cost at the Parsonage. The Bishop places the whole subject on its true ground.

III. Is the sense of duty weak among us?

Only the other day a mother complained "that so much is done now-a-days for children that they find it hard to lose what they have been accustomed to." Life to many children is made to consist far too much of amusement; duty is pushed into a corner. Amusements are right and natural, but are not the chief object of life; they are to refresh, to re-create, to prepare us for the next day's duties and businesses. Our Lord Himself took part in the simple enjoyments of the Jewish village and family life, but they never stood in the way of His work as Teacher, Example and Redeemer.

2. Can it be true that the military training in other countries, by which the manhood of the nation learns habits of self-control, obedience, submission to rightful authority, working together for one object from motives of patriotism, is the ground cause why these nations are

apparently leaving us behind in the race for the markets of the world. In a small way we can see this in Stanley; in some families the children are so badly trained that they hardly know that lying and stealing are wrong; but the boys going to the camp and living with men, most of whom are truthful and honest, grow up truthful and honest; while their sisters not having this training remain untruthful and dishonest.

3. Look at the question from the Christian and Church point of view. We pray, "Grant Thy people grace to withstand the world, the flesh and the devil," to "withstand," really to fly from; "the world," evil men, "pomp and vanity," all empty show at the very best; "the flesh," evil self, pleasure, self-indulgence; "the devil," evil angels, the special temptations which come from the devil, love of money or property, ambition for position and power, pride of intellect, questioning God's wisdom, like Frederick the Great of Germany, who said, "If God had only consulted me, He would have made a much better world." Have you ever felt the need of the above prayer? Evil men, evil self and evil angels are more than we can meet in our strength.

How many live literally according to the heathen saying, "Let us eat and drink for tomorrow we die." Quoted only the other day in Stanley in the belief that they were the words of Christ and what He taught us to do.

Conclusion. We learn:—1. Life is a most serious thing. It will soon pass. What shall the harvest be?

2. "In worldly things" think twice; but in duty 'first thoughts' are best. They are more fresh, more pure, have more of God in them."

3. Be most regular in your religious duties—private prayer and Bible reading; public worship; but, in the case of the confirmed, more especially the Holy Communion. They are the means of grace, God works by means, they are His appointed means.

4. The week well begun in company with God; and the will and the presence of God ever going with us, will lift up the whole life into the spirit of heaven itself, bringing with it a double blessing—to yourselves and to all with whom you are brought into contact.

A REMARKABLE RECORD.

The late Rev. F. W. Farrar, Dean of Canterbury, left behind him descendants who can claim what must be something approaching a unique record.

His eldest son can say—I am the son of a clergyman, my grandfather was a clergyman; I have three brothers, they are all clergymen; I have five sisters, they are all married to clergymen; my wife is the daughter of a clergyman, and she has two sisters, and they are both married to clergymen.

COMMUNICATED.

ON THE TEACHING OF RELIGIOUS PRINCIPLES TO CHILDREN.

In these days one comes across many persons who would bring up children without any religious instruction at all, on the ground that they ought to be left free to form their own ideas and sentiments concerning religion in after-life. It is told of Coleridge that he was one day talking with a man who had the idea of not prejudicing a child in favour of anything, but leaving the mind quite free. "Con;," said Coleridge, "and see my garden." Taking him to a piece of ground all overgrown with weeds, he said, "That is my garden; I did not plant anything in it, for I would not prejudice it in favour of strawberries and roses, and somehow it has taken a fancy to growing weeds."

That is really how this theory of education, or rather no education, works. To abstain from implanting simple religious principles in the minds of children is not really to secure free choice to them in after-life, but to leave them almost hopeless victims to the first strong influence that gets hold of them; to the influence of ideals or methods that may be either superstitious or irreligious. What children want is not the formulated belief of adults, but a very simple working faith and when they begin to ask for and to require something more definite, then the true safeguard of individual freedom is to be found in teaching them those principles of faith and conduct about which all Christians agree, and teaching them as something on which they are to think for themselves and without fear.

THE C. S. S. MAGAZINE.

CHILIAN TRAINING SHIP "GENERAL BAGUEDANO."

This vessel arrived in Stanley Harbour after sun-down on the 8th inst, on a voyage from Coquimbo to the Cape, and from thence to Gibraltar, Malta and other places in the Mediterranean, and afterwards to Tunis, the United States and home to Chile by way of Argentina. At eight o'clock on the following morning she saluted the British flag with 21 guns, a compliment that was immediately returned by the shore battery. More powder was burnt when visits were received from the Governor, the Chilean Consul and the Consul for the United States of America. Captain Gomez was well known to some of the officers of H. M. S. *Nymphe*, and his cheery manner won him fresh friends in Stanley. A number of midshipmen (some thirty or more) are receiving a practical training in seamanship and a valuable geography lesson during the course of the voyage, which is expected to last something like 14 months in all, and as they sailed round Cape Horn, and met with a severe

gale whilst rounding it there can be no manner of doubt that such a training must be very thorough. The vessel left here on Sunday evening, and though she steamed out of the Harbour it was understood that she was under orders to set sail at once, and only after three days calm is she entitled to use her engines. Captain Gomez said he should have liked to stay here a few days longer, but the voyage he has to make does not leave him much time for attending to anything in the social way.

One of the midshipmen—Senor Merino—was left behind here, having qualified for examination, and heretofore to Valparaiso by mail steamer.

Quite a cloud was cast over the settlement, and the memory of the visit, by the suicide of the chief engineer, whose health had given way. He was left here for the purpose of returning to Chile by the mail boat, but only a few hours after the *General Baguedano* had left he committed suicide by cutting his throat. As a token of respect to a brother officer he was accorded a funeral with full Naval honours, all the officers of the *Nymphe* and a strong detachment of men being landed for the purpose.

THE NEW SOUTH ATLANTIC SQUADRON.

To-day the new South Atlantic Squadron, which is to do duty in the future on the West African coasts as well as on the eastern coast line of South America, comes formally into existence. It is a compact little squadron under the command of commodore Frank Finnis, and made up of the second class cruiser "Cambrian," flying the Commodore's broad pennant; third-class cruiser "Blanche," Commander H. J. L. Clarke; the sloop "Beagle" (Commander H. V. W. Elliott) and "Nymphe" (Commander E. P. E. Jervoise); and the gunboats "Thistle" (Commander E. S. Houseman) and "Dwarf" (Commander W. N. England). The squadron, which will have its bases at Freetown, Sierra Leone, which was lately strongly fortified, and the "Rock," will cruise in two divisions, one under the Commodore and the other under the next senior officer.

Daily Graphic.

SCHOONER "FORTUNA."

The *Fortuna*, with Captains Rowland and Thomas on board left Stanley for Monte Video on the 23rd, of August, for docking and repairs. She appears to have met with very severe weather on her passage, in the course of which some of her sails were blown away, but she made the passage in nine days, whereas the sealing schooners that left Stanley for Monte Video all took ten days. From Monte Video a telegram was sent to England asking for a new lot of sails, and it is understood that they were coming out by the

mail boat due to arrive there about the 11th inst. after which the *Fortuna* will be ready to begin her return trip; she may therefore be expected back here before these lines are in print. Both Captain Thomas and Captain Rowland were seen in Monte Video by the officers of the *Nymphe*, who reported *all well*, and the former sat with one of the lieutenants as a member of a Court of Enquiry in that port. It is some years since one of our local vessels has made a trip up to the River Plate, but the older residents of the Islands will remember the days when it used to be an ordinary event; now-a-days the Colony is so well served by steam that it is an almost unheard of thing to take a passage by sailing vessel, but there are many ways of taking a holiday that are more unpleasant, and certainly no one would wish for a more comfortable ship than the *Fortuna*.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

- Sept. 29. *Fair Rosamond* from Fitzroy. Passenger:—Mr. T. Hunter.
Oct. 1. P. S. *Orita* from Liverpool. Pass:—Mr. & Mrs. S. Miller, 3 children, & Miss Tullett, Mrs., The Misses (2) & Master Cobb, Messrs. W. G. & Percy Benney, Mrs. Hastings & infant, Rev. J. Jones.
" 8. *General Baguedano* from Coquimbo.
" 10. H. M. S. *Nymphe* from Monte Video.
" 10. *Fair Rosamond* from Fox Bay &c.
" 10. *Hornet* from North Arm.
" 13. P. S. *Oravia* from Valparaiso.

DEPARTURES.

- Sept. 24. *Saint Hubert* for Coronel.
" " *Hornet* for Fitzroy, Darwin & North Arm.
" 29. *Austrasia* for Seattle.
" 29. *Fair Rosamond* for Fitzroy.
Oct. 1. P. S. *Orita* for Valparaiso. Miss Middleton, Messrs. T. Watson, & H. Breen.
" 2. *Florence M. Munsie* for Sealing Cruise.
" " *St. Clair* " " "
" " *Leslie L.* " " "
" 2. *Fair Rosamond* for Fox Bay, Port Howard, San Carlos. Passengers:—Rev. C. K. Blount, Mr. & Mrs. J. G. Cameron & 3 children, Miss Ethel Paice, S. Miller Esq. Messrs. Palmer Paice, Thos. & Geo. McLaren.
" 11. *General Baguedano* for Capetown.
" 14. *Oravia* for Liverpool.
" 16. *Fair Rosamond* for Hill Cove, Carcass, &c. Pass:—Mrs. Hansen, Mrs. Miller & 3 children, Miss Tullett. Messrs. J. Hansen, W. G. & Percy Benney, J. Nelson, C. Harrison, — Maguire.
" 18. *Hornet* for Lively & Darwin. Pass:—Mrs., The Misses (2) & Master Cobb.

CRICKET.

DARWIN v. GOOSE GREEN.

Played on Darwin Clipshed Park, Sept. 12th, a very enjoyable game in which Darwin got severely beaten.

DARWIN. FIRST INNINGS.			SECOND INNINGS.	
A. L. Allan	Bowled Sarney	0	Bowled Sarney	13
J. M. Hogarth	" Redmond	5	" "	8
R. McCarthy	" Sarney	0	" Redmond	0
Dr. Jameson (Captain)	" "	0	Run out	0
A. Moir	c & b " "	0	c & b Sarney	9
C. McCarthy	run out	2	Bowled "	2
E. Phillips	bowled Sarney	0	" "	7
J. Muise	" "	3	Run out	3
D. Short	not out	1	Not out	2
J. Spamer	bowled Redmond	0	Bowled Redmond	0
N. Aitken	" Sarney	0	" Sarney	0
Byes 2 wides 1		3	Byes	3
Total			14	47

GOOSE GREEN FIRST INNINGS.			SECOND INNINGS.	
W. Wilson	Bowled Allan	0	Bowled E. Phillips	4
H. Ogilvie	" Jameson	6	" Hogarth	0
W. Redmond (Captain)	" Hogarth	26	not out	9
J. Bisset	" Jameson	1	did not bat	
R. Bailey	" Allan	0	" " "	
G. Thompson	" "	2	" " "	
E. Gleadell	" Hogarth	3	Bowled Hogarth	0
A. Bell	not out	3	not out	1
F. Gleadell L.B.W. B.	Hogarth	0	did not bat	
A. Harris	Bowled "	3	Bowled Hogarth	0
H. Sarney	c & b "	0	" "	0
Byes 3		3	Byes 1	1
Total			47	
			Total for 5 wickets	15

Darwin lost by 5 wickets.

A return match was played between Darwin and Goose Green on September 26th. On this occasion Darwin amply avenged their defeat of a fortnight before, winning by an innings, with runs to spare.

GOOSE GREEN FIRST INNINGS.			SECOND INNINGS.	
H. Ogilvie	Bowled Hogarth	5	St B Allan	4
W. Wilson	L.B.W. "	2	not out	7
W. Redmond	" "	3	b Jameson	2
A. Harris	" Allan	0	c Moir b Hogarth	8
H. Sarney (Capt)	st " Hogarth	8	run out	4
E. Gleadell	" Allan	1	b Hogarth	5
F. Gleadell	c H. Phillips " Hogarth	8	st b Allan	1
G. Thompson	not out	0	L.B.W. b Hogarth	1
R. Bailey	L.B.W. B Hogarth	4	c & b "	2
A. Bell	" "	0	st " "	0
J. Bissett	" "	0	b E. Phillips	1
Byes 1		1	Byes	3
Total			32	38

DARWIN FIRST INNINGS.				
Dr. Jameson	B. Redmond	1	C. McCarthy	c Sarney b Redmond 8
J. M. Hogarth (Capt.)	L.B.W. "	6	J. Muise	run out 12
A. L. Allan	" "	8	E. Phillips	bowled Redmond 31
A. Moir	c Sarney "	0	R. McCarthy	not out 0
N. Aitken	st Wilson " Sarney	3	Byes 1 No Balls 7	8
H. Phillips	" "	2		
J. Johnsen	st Wilson "	0		
			Total	79

THE HALIFAX SEALING SCHOONER,
"BEATRICE L. CORKUM,"
BOATING ACCIDENT.

"Extracts from the *Arcadian Recorder*, Halifax, Canada. Kindly communicated by Mr. Joseph Aldridge."

"The crews of the different schooners are loud in their praises of the kindness shown them, and especially of the *Beatrice L. Corkum*, to which the unfortunate men belonged. They wish especially to thank the military for the prompt action they took in assisting them in any way they could. Also to the kind people who contributed a great many wreaths and crosses and to Mr. Ebb Rutter for his very great kindness toward them."

A FEW WORDS OF GRATITUDE.

"Mrs. Merlin desires through the columns of the *Recorder* to convey her most sincere gratitude to the kind friends of her husband and son at Port Stanley, Falkland Islands for the many acts of kindness towards her in the recent drowning accident by which both men lost their lives, together with one of the prominent citizens of the place, a Mr. Fleuret, particulars of which appeared in this paper on Tuesday evening.

She wishes especially to convey her sincere thanks to Mrs. Turner for the kind and sympathetic letter from her, which none but a heart-broken wife and mother can appreciate. To Captain Baker for his very kind letter of sympathy and other kindnesses. To Mr. Binnie for the photograph he kindly sent to her. To the military authorities for according to her son full military honours at the funeral.

The floral offerings which were very numerous and handsome were sent by many sympathetic friends, of which the following is only a partial list.

Mrs. J. H. Williams, Port Stanley, Mrs. Mary Ann Enestrom, Port Stanley, Mr. and Mrs. Gleadell, Port Stanley, Mrs. James Turner, Port Stanley, Mrs. G. M. Dean, Port Stanley, Mr. and Mrs. Aldridge, Port Stanley, Mrs. Edwd. Biggs, Port Stanley.

And others who very kindly contributed, but who never attached any cards.

Also, to Rev. Father Diamond, who was so very kind to them in many ways, and to all the kind people of the Islands for their sincere sympathy in her sad affliction. Though many miles separate them, she will always hold the kindest regards for the good people of this far-off land.

To Mrs. Fleuret, who also lost her husband in the same accident, she extends her most heartfelt sympathy in her sad affliction."

† "Military" evidently means the Volunteer Corps. One of the deceased having been a member of a Canadian Rifle Corps.

OCT. 12TH. 1903.

THE CATERPILLAR MAIL.

Dear Sir,

What is the matter? Has our wonderful Local Mail Service collapsed or have the staff shut up shop and gone on a holiday? Evidently something has gone wrong with the machinery, as the mail which arrived in Stanley on the 6th. of August only reached the North Camp on Sept. 21st., forty-six days after arrival and then only through the kindness of a good Samaritan. Also the mail due in Stanley on Sept. 2nd. reached San Carlos on Oct. 5th, thirty-nine days after arrival, a little better than the former mail, still scarcely a record for quick delivery. It seems almost incredible that such a primitive and disgraceful state of Postal arrangements can exist in a British Colony in this go-ahead twentieth century. Why not increase the Local Mail subsidy and offer sufficient inducement to the schooners to carry the mails instead of spending the whole revenue on unnecessary improvements and chimerical experiments in Stanley? Surely the revenue of the Colony if judiciously expended is sufficient for all necessary purposes and one would imagine that the forwarding of mails would be one of the first considerations. Formerly when the revenue of the Colony was much smaller than it is now, for quite a number of years the mails were regularly landed and taken up at San Carlos by schooners. Therefore, if precedent counts for anything, and it ought to, it is clearly the duty of the Government to forward the East Falkland Mails to a central port for distribution instead of dumping them into the mail warehouse in Stanley there to remain for an indefinite period.

The Government ought to bear in mind that the camp residents have an axe to grind as well as themselves, and begin to study the interests of the community at large instead of expending their energy and the public money in grinding their own axe.

In conclusion I would beg to state that in my opinion and that of many others, our so-called Local Mail Service, as at present managed, or more correctly mis-managed is a disgrace to a British Colony.

I remain

Yours respectfully

FAIR-PLAY.

THE EDITOR F. I. MAGAZINE.

Mr. THOMAS HUNTER went to work at Fitzroy, North. About a fortnight after his arrival, he became very ill. Dr. Jameson arrived on Sept. 16th, and pronounced the case to be a very serious attack of erysipelas in one of his legs. Vere Packe, Esq. sent out the *Fair Rosamond* for him on the 29th. The patient was taken to Mrs. Berling's and is doing well.

VOLUNTEERS.

Commodore's Report.

"CAMBRIAN" at Port Stanley, F.I.

26th March, 1903.

Sir,

In accordance with Art. XII, cl. of my Standing Orders I have the honour to report that I inspected the Falkland Islands Volunteers on 25th March, 1903.

2. The total strength of the Force remains about the same, viz: 108, as against 106 last year.

3. The numbers on parade were 45, as against 56 last year. These small numbers as compared with the total strength are due to the fact that during the summer months the men employed on the sheep farms, who form the great majority of the absentees, are unable to spare the time to come into Stanley.

4. The uniform of the Company was in good condition and the arms very clean and in good order.

5. The drills were well executed. I gave the Company a practical inspection, handing the Commanding Officer a telegram from the Light-house stating that enemy's boats were entering the harbour. An excellent position was immediately taken up by the Commanding Officer to repel the same.

6. The field guns had not been out for drill during the year, with the exception of firing from the 2.5 in. R.M.L. guns on one occasion.

7. In the remarks by the Colonial Defence Committee on last year's inspection (C.O. No. 21874. Admiralty No. M.0455 of July, 1902) it was suggested that the parade should take the form of a field day; I was however assured that this would produce no beneficial results as regards the numbers attending, and, as "Cambrian" was carrying out rifle practice and also coaling, and moreover as the general weather experienced in March was such as to show that an average field day would as likely as not be spoiled by adverse weather conditions, I decided not to carry out the suggestion this year.

8. I enclose report by the Officer Commanding the Volunteer Force as asked for by the Colonial Defence Committee, and in conclusion beg to state that I concur in the general opinions expressed by my predecessors in their inspection reports of the past.

I have &c.

(Signed) FRANK FINNIS,
Commodore.

INQUEST on the body of Eliodoro Suarez, late Chief Engineer of the Chilean Man-of-war *General Bagedano*.

Acting Coroner:—George Hurst, Esq. Jury:—

J. Blyth, Foreman, H. E. Bennett, J. R. Carey, R. Allan, Alfred Biggs, B. Browning and J. Binnie.

The body was viewed at the "Ship Hotel," where the act of suicide was committed: the throat being cut from ear to ear.

Julio Marino, Midshipman of the Chilean man-of-war, deposed that he was left behind with deceased, who was 35 years of age: he was sick and left in Stanley to return to Chili: appeared a little insane on board: was a quiet man: a great student.

The deceased had an idea on board that the other officers were working against him: the Captain determined to leave him ashore to return to Chili.

Verdict, Suicide while insane.

PROBATE NOTICES.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Margaret Betts, deceased.

Marcelina Buckley, deceased.

William Grierson, deceased.

Matilda Evans, Mary Francis Buckley, and Hellen Grierson have applied for Letters of Administration of the Estates of the above named deceased.

M. CRAIGIE-HALKETT,

Registrar Supreme Court.

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE
JURY ORDINANCE, 1901.

Repeal.

1. The words "in alphabetical order" in line 3 of section 4 of an Ordinance relating to Jurors and trials by Jury (No. 5 of 1901) are hereby repealed.

Assented to by the Governor, and given under the Public Seal of the Colony, this 9th day of September, 1903.

(Signed) M. CRAIGIE-HALKETT,
Clerk of the Council.

Gardens and Peat. The fine weather has brought with it an unusually early growth in the gardens. The Stanley peat cutting is gradually getting into full swing. A good thing for the many men who have been hardly able to make both ends meet during the slack winter season. Contract peat cutting and contract shearing at North Arm is to be done by Falkland Islanders.

LIVE STOCK.

ANNUAL RETURN FOR 1903.

C. Bender	Moody Valley Farm	1,330
Mrs. J. Bonner	San Carlos, South	25,030
F. Browning	Mullet Creek Farm	1,550
W.K. Cameron	San Carlos	21,646
H. & G. Cobb	Lively Island	7,527
H. V. Cobb	Speedwell, George & Barren Islands	8,806
F. I. Company	Darwin, Walker Creek & North Arm	184,738
W. Fell	Bleaker Island	3,075
J. J. Felton	Evelyn Station	30,978
Mrs. Greenshields	Douglas Station	27,049
J. B. Luchtenburg	Middle & Sea Lion Islands	456
J. McKay	Bluff Cove	2,500
V. Packe	Fitzroy & Port Louis	23,054
A. Pitaluga	Salvador & Rincon Grande	23,216
Mrs. T. Robson	Port Louis, North	12,640
J. Robson	Fitzroy, North	2,307
Smith & Sharp	Berkeley Sound Station	13,000
D. Smith	Great, Ruggles & Swan Islands	5,086
J. Smith	Peninsula	370
Baillon & Stickney	Fox Bay West	17,802
Mrs. Benney	Saunders Island	8,420
Bertrand & Felton	Westbourne Station	15,755
Mrs. Cull	New Island	2,256
J. H. Dean	Pebble Island	29,015
Dean & Anson	Chartres Station	27,851
Dean & Co.	Port Stephens & Port Edgar	43,913
A. E. Felton	Clifton Station	2,038
J. Goodwin	Hummock Island	304
Mrs. Hansen	Carcass & Jason Islands	3,358
Holmsted & Blake	Adelaide	31,020
Mrs. E. J. Matthews	West Swan Island	270
Packe, Bros., & Co.	{Dunnose Head	9,305
	{Fox Bay East	13,608
South American Mission	Keppel Island	3,186
Stickney Brothers	Spring Point	11,300
J. L. Waldron	Port Howard	45,916
H. Waldron	Beaver Island	3,862
C. Wesel	Passage Islands	906
Mrs. Williams	Weddell Island	16,266
		<hr/> 681,203 <hr/>

THE LATE CAPTAIN A. DODGSON.

Our readers will doubtless remember that Captain A. Dodgson, while in command of the *Basilisk*, was promoted to be Captain, December 31st. 1901. In May last he was appointed to the *Warrior*, the depot ship for destroyers and torpedo-boats at Portsmouth, and from this port was selected to command the Kingstown (near Dublin, Ireland) flotilla in the torpedo manœuvres.

We regret much to report that he committed suicide between 2 and 3 in the afternoon on board the *Calliope* in Kingstown Harbour. His head had been hurt severely in a bicycle accident some time before. He had complained that morning of pain from the old wound in the head. The strain of such a responsible post was evidently more than his state of health could stand, hence the sad and fatal act.

TO MOTHERS.

I am only a weeny baby, but I should like my say.
Dear mother, will you treat me in a proper sort of way.
Please learn of the good nurses, who will tell you what to do,
And all they say, dear mother, I assure you, is quite true.

Please give me nice warm fresh sweet milk, not gin, or pap, or tea,
Then you will see, dear mother, how happy I shall be.
I often cry, dear mother, when my inside is in pain,
Please rub me very gently, don't stuff in pap again.

I don't wish to vex you, mother, but you really should begin
To understand it hurts me to have pins stuck in my skin.
Please use safeties, mother darling, or needles and good thread,
And you will then no longer hear the yelling that you dread.

If you must use bottles, mother, please buy one like a boat,
Not those awful things with tubes, mother, on which you seem to dote;
For oh they are so dirty, mother, and oh they smell so bad,
They make me sick, then I am cross, and you, dear, get so mad.

And then that horrid rubber thing that you always make me suck;
And you say I like it, now I do call that hard luck.
For it makes me feel so sick, mother, but still you always say:
Here, take and suck your comforter and do keep quiet, I pray.

And one more thing, dear mother, please give me a woollen vest,
With nothing on but cotton, mother, I only feel half-dressed.
And then I cannot sleep, mother if I am cold and wet,
Now do, dear mother, read these lines from your ill-used little pet.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6 :
single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each.
4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 10s. per half page per annum;
£3 whole page per annum; **Charge for inclosing Circulars:**—5/-
per month; for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

*The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies
can always be obtained at that time.*

Sunday Observance.

THE BISHOP'S SERMON on the above subject can be obtained at the Parsonage.

FINAL NOTICE!

To all whom it may concern

All persons having watches, clocks, jewellery, etc. at D. Jacobs for repairs are earnestly requested to call for the same at their earliest opportunity as he intends leaving by the mail for the Coast. Stanley, October 28. 1903.

D. JACOBS, WATCHMAKER.

Kelper Store.

FOR SALE.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home, Chatterbox, Little Folks, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—in monthly numbers of year 1900 & 1901 (*just withdrawn from Library.*) at 4s.

Apply to the LIBRARIAN.

LAND FOR SALE IN STANLEY.

The piece of land between the property of Mr. WALTER KENDAL and the site of the late "Shamrock." Apply to the EDITOR.

HOUSE FOR SALE IN STANLEY.

ROSE COTTAGE

Apply to the EDITOR.

Enlarged Photographs.

Mr. F. Simeone, artist, enlarges photographs in the best possible style. Address MR. F. SIMEONE

c/o MR. RALPH PAULINE, STANLEY.



A Hint!

to all those wishing to
obtain cheap Stationery
& Printing of every des-
cription, can do so by
calling at the Parsonage
Printing Office.

Miss M. Willis,
Stanley,

ASSEMBLY ROOM.

Price list of Refreshments at Assembly Billiard Room.

Mason's Wine	-/1 per glass.
Coffee	-/2 „ cup.
Tea	-/2 „ „
Tarts	-/1 each.
Cakes	from -/1 - -/2 „

BILLIARDS 1/6 per hour.

BAGATELLE TABLE -/9 per hour.

No smoking while actually playing billiards.

As Man to Man is so unjust
I cannot tell what man to trust,
I have trusted so many to my sorrow,
Pay to day and trust to-morrow.

Mrs. Felton.

No. 8. VOL XV. DECEMBER 1903. PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.
Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.
SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.
Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.
Mr. George Hurst, Honorary Treasurer.
Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. John Evans and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidesmen.
Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

Port Stanley, Falkland Islands: Printed by Miss Willis.

TOWER FUND.

There is not much to report as to the growth of this fund during the past month, but so long as it shews a steady increase there is no occasion for complaint. The box in the porch has not attracted so much notice of late, perhaps people have forgotten it is there! At present the fund stands as follows:—

<i>Already acknowledged</i>	£771	13	3
<i>Mrs. Lawrence (Toronto)</i>	1	7	9
<i>Lux</i>		10	0
<i>Gideon McKay</i>		10	0
<i>Donald McKay</i>		12	6
<i>Sale of Broom Plants</i>	2	10	0
<i>Box in Porch</i>		2	3
<i>Sale of "Comet"</i>		2	0
	£777	7	9

Nov. 21. 1903, W.C. GIRLING,
HON. TREASURER.

20,000 SHILLINGS FUND.

To complete the Tower and to pay off the remainder of debt on Church House. Received per Mrs. H. Mannan. Collector's name and address:—
Mrs. Laurent, 840 Manining Ave. Toronto, Canada.

<i>Mrs. Laurent</i>	50	cents.
<i>Mr. Morton</i>	50	"
<i>Mrs. "</i>	50	"
<i>Mr. Cook.</i>	25	"
<i>Mr. Walters.</i>	50	"
<i>Mrs. Walters.</i>	25	"
<i>Mrs. Hancock.</i>	25	"
<i>Mr. Coops.</i>	25	"
<i>Mrs. Granner.</i>	25	"
<i>Mrs. Caintey.</i>	25	"
<i>Mrs. Keith,</i>	25	"
<i>Mr. G. Jackson.</i>	25	"
<i>Mrs. G. Jackson.</i>	25	"
<i>Mrs. England</i>	25	"

<i>Mrs. Read</i>	25	"
<i>Miss. Hedge</i>	25	"
<i>Mrs. Wilson</i>	25	"
<i>Mr. Wilson</i>	25	"
<i>Mrs. Smith</i>	25	"
<i>Mr. E. Cook</i>	25	"
<i>A. Friend</i>	25	"
<i>Mrs. Tomson</i>	25	"
Total	27/9	

CHURCH NEWS.

THE BISHOP OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS. hoped to reach Southampton by Royal Mail S.S. on 30th October, and intends to leave England again at the end of January.

The South American Missionary Magazine.

BISHOP STIRLING, Assistant Bishop of Bath and Wells, preached in the Wellington Parish Church in September last at the service of thanks-giving for the harvest and a service of dedication of the new organ.

Wellington Weekly News.

REV. C. K. BLOUNT, having visited the north of the West Falklands, went south to Port Stephens for Fox Bay, West, on Thursday. Nov. 5th.

The South American Mission have had for the fourth time to seek a new home in London: their present office having been sold and the rent more than doubled. The Committee has purchased a Freehold Site and House, No. 20 and 20A John Street, Bedford Row, W.C., near Holborn Town Hall. The total sum required for purchase, alterations and removing will be not less than £3,500. Of this the sum £2,435 has already been paid or promised. Dean Brandon will be glad to receive and forward any subscription sent in from the Falkland Islands.

CHURCH SERVICES

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 10 45 a.m.

" Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at 8. 45

Evening Prayer (Wednesday) [at 7 p.m.]

The Holy Communion on the 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon: and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any) Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS on any Sunday or week day.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Evening Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church at 10. a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Monday of every month in the Vestry at 8. p.m. All Letters should be addressed to Mr. T. Binnie Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS LENDING LIBRARY in the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30 p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m., and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

" *Undaunted of the Falklands* " Lodge

Meetings held in the

SPEEDWELL COFFEE ROOM,

Every Thursday at 7.30. p.m.

All who desire to become members are cordially invited to attend at that hour.

Sec. Bro. WILLIS.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, OCTOBER, 1903.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION ... Morning ... 161½

" " ... Evening ... 135½

NUMBER OF COINS ... Morning ... 64½

" " ... Evening ... 56½

Number at S. School ... Morning ... 65½

" " " " ... Afternoon ... 82

Number of coins in the Offertories:—

0 sovereign, 0 half-sovereign, 1 crown, 0 four shilling piece, 6 half-crowns, 7 florins, 21 shillings, 84 sixpences, 101 threepenny pieces, 236 pence, 11 half-pence, 1 farthing, & 16 other coin. Total 484.

CHRIST CHURCH, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

OCTOBER 1903.

RECEIPTS.

By Balance	3 12 6½
4. " Offertory	1 10 2
11. " " "	1 16 11
18. " " "	1 15 8½
25. " " "	1 15 1½
Plank Offering	4 6
	£10 14 11

EXPENDITURE.

To Wages:—	
" Sexton	3 0 0
" Blower and Bell Ringer	1 0 0
" E. Binnie keeping order	4 0
" Dean Brandon to Hymn Books	7 6
" F. Mannan, repairs Vestry door &c.	5 6
" F. I. Co. paraffin	2 13 4
" Printing Hymns	8 0
" Washing	2 0
" Balance	2 14 7
	£10 14 11

G. HERST,

HON. TREASURER.

BAPTISMS.

SKILLING.	3rd. Corral, Sept. 21st. Frederick Skilling.
SHORT.	San Carlos, S. " 25th. Elizabeth [Ada Short.
REIVE.	Port Sussex. Sept. 26th. Andrew [Reive.
JOHN EN.	Darwin, Sept. 27th. Jane Christina Johnson.
DAVIS.	Stanley, Oct. 25th. Sissie May Davis. [Felton Lodge, To 1 Inlet.
SORNSSEN.	" Nov. 5th. Christian Edward Sornsen.

CHOIR FUND.

Already Acknowledged	£6 12 7
B. P.	6
Choir Box (3 half-crowns, 1 sixpence 1 penny)	8 1
	£7 0 8

The above is acknowledged with many thanks.

Expenses already amount to £11 13 6, a sum considerably in excess of the receipts.

J. BRANDON,

HON. SEC. & TREAS.

BIRTHS.

HARDY. Stanley, Aug. 30th, wife of Albert Hardy of a daughter, (not a son.)
 FLEURET. " Oct. 26th, the wife of the late Gaston Fleuret of a daughter.
 STICKNEY. Spring Point, Oct. 26th, the wife of Lawrence Stickney of a son.
 SPROAT. Valparaiso, Oct. 28th, the wife of Robert Cunningham Sproat, Esq. of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

GOODWIN-MCLEOD. Dunbar Harbour, Roy Cove, Oct. 23rd, John Goodwin Jr. to Sybella McLeod.
 HALLIDAY-GOODWIN. " " " " " George Halliday to Janet Goodwin.
 SMITH-MCGILL. Stanley, Nov. 10th, George Smith to Isabella McGill.
 ROWLANDS-DAVIS. " " 11th, George Rowlands to Alice Maud Davis.

DEATHS.

SKILLING. 3rd Corral, October 18th, Frederick Skilling, aged 3 months.
 REIVE. Stanley, Nov. 22nd, Peter Reive, aged 9 years and 7 months.

IN MEMORIAM.

IN LOVING REMEMBRANCE of our dearly beloved brother, *Henry William Courtney Lee*, who died at *Many Branch, Port Howard, West Falkland Islands*, October 27th, 1902.

"Thy Will be done."

How sadly we miss his cheery voice	We loved him in life
We loved so well to hear.	And he is dear to us still.
He is gone from suffering to rejoice,	But in grief we must bend
We'll keep his memory dear.	To God's holy will.
Our sorrow was great	But angels, dear Brother,
And our loss heavy to bear,	Will tend thee with care.

Fondly remembered by his loving brothers and sisters.

IN LOVING MEMORY of our dearly beloved uncle, *William Henry Courtney Lee*.

"The Will of God be done."

A face once loved now sadly missed,	A friend on earth, he was sincere,
A smile that was so bright.	His heart was truly kind.
From weary care, from earthly pain,	His memory will be ever dear
His soul has winged its flight.	To those he left behind.

Fondly remembered by his nephews and nieces.

IN LOVING MEMORY of our dear mother, *Marcelline Buckley*.

But oh we miss her, and how sadly,	Still again we hope to meet her,
Bleeding hearts alone can tell,	When the day of life is fled.
Earth has lost her, heaven has found her,	There in heaven with joy to greet her,
Jesus has done all things well.	Where no farewell tears are shed.
All is dark within our dwelling,	For the one who smiled to cheer us
Lonely is our home to day,	Has for ever passed away.

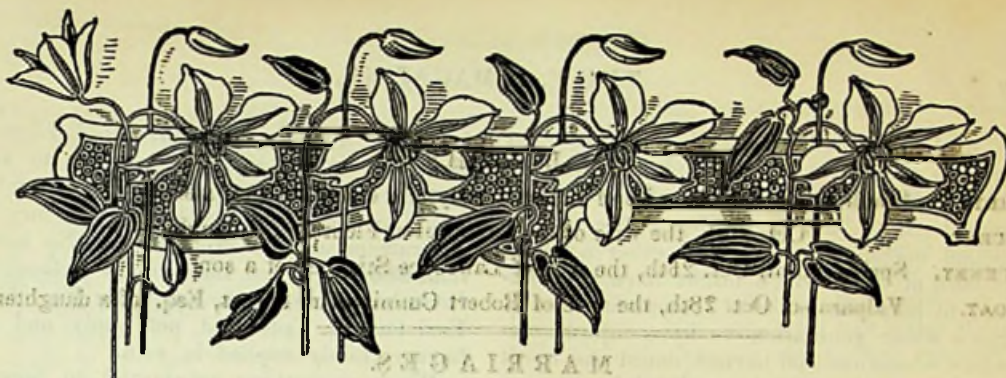
HER LOVING CHILDREN.

IN EVER LOVING MEMORY of *George Thomas William*, dearly loved elder son of *John and Mary Luxton*, who fell asleep November 5th, 1902, aged 6 years and 7 months.

Dearly loved, sadly missed.

Jesus said suffer little children to come unto Me.

Safe in the Arms of Jesus.	There by His love o'ershadow'd,
Safe on His gentle Breast,	Sweetly my soul shall rest.



The FALKLAND I. MAGAZINE.

Vol. XV No. 8.

DECEMBER 1903.

PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE PRESENT POSITION OF TEMPERANCE REFORM.

By EDWARD THOMAS.

THE control of the whole movement on behalf of Temperance is steadily and irrevocably passing into the hands of the great Moderate Party to whom it properly belongs.

Temperance is in future to be promoted by the Temperance Party, by the Party who, regarding the matter from a national standpoint (not in fact being a party at all in the ordinary sense of the term) are as much opposed to the United Kingdom Alliance as they are to "the Trade"—who are resolved to do justice to all classes of the community and to make no class bear the cost of retrieving the errors of all—who attach no value to a so-called sobriety which is to be carefully guarded from all risk of temptation and would rather see their country free than sober—who put no faith in merely destructive reforms and shrink from sweeping away even mischievous institutions until they have provided something better in their place. The cause of Temperance, in short, is rapidly tending to identification with the carrying out of the Reforms which have been for some years past advocated by Messrs. Rowntree and Sherwell in their well-known publications.

It is not too much to say that for the first time in the long history of the futile attempts to deal effectively with the Drink disease, we have in these publications a really scientific remedy suggested.

THE POSITION FULL OF HOPE.

The position therefore is for the first time full of hope. Yet disturbing elements are not altogether absent. And they are almost entirely connected with the vexed question of compensation. It is one of the merits of Rowntree and Sherwell's works that they have brought out so clearly the crucial character of this factor in the problem.

EVERYTHING SETTLED EXCEPT THE PRICE.

Everything is settled, or in the way of settlement, except the price. To it, roughly, is the position to-day. Let us consider the matter a little more in detail.

THE FOUR REMEDIES.

The remedies for the evils caused by the excessive consumption of alcohol fall naturally under four heads.

1. Abolition either by compulsory or voluntary abstinence.
2. Regulation or restriction.
3. Private control in the interests of the public.
4. Public control.

PROHIBITION AND TOTAL ABSTINENCE TO-DAY.

What is our present position in regard to prohibition on the one hand and total abstinence on the other?

The United Kingdom Alliance is about to celebrate its jubilee. For 50 long years it has persistently and consistently advocated the Prohibition by law of the sale of intoxicating liquor.

In some religious bodies Total Abstinence has been elevated into a kind of Minor Gospel. To "Dost thou believe?" has been in effect added "Wilt thou abstain?" Among religious bodies who take a saner view, Total Abstinence has been allowed to become a synonym for Temper-

ance, so that a "moderate drinker" is regarded as (to say the least) an incomplete Christian, and a parish without a flourishing Band of Hope is considered to lack an indispensable part of parochial machinery. Moreover other agencies have been at work which might have been expected to help the cause of Temperance.

For a whole generation we have enjoyed elementary education and beyond doubt the result has been the lifting of the national intelligence to a higher plane.

To this must be added the extension of the Franchise—the spread of sanitation—and the general progress of civilization. Yet what has either Prohibition or Total Abstinence, or both together, to show in regard to the national evil under consideration?

FAILURE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM ALLIANCE.

Let us take Prohibition. Can the United Kingdom affirm that they have gained ground in England during the 50 years of their strenuous life? They are bound to confess their failure—and the reason is not far to seek. The experiment which they wish England to try has been tried in America, and we have now ascertained results before us. They shew conclusively that Prohibition must inevitably fail in England. For England is a country of cities and great towns and must (it seems) become so more and more; and whatever success Prohibition has secured in America has been (like that of the Refreshment Association in England) exclusively in rural and semi-rural districts. In cities and great towns it has not only failed, but it has failed disastrously.

ABOLITION AND TOTAL ABSTINENCE NOT A NATIONAL REMEDY.

In spite of them the Tide of Inebriety remains high and constant. It even threatens to rise.

Politically, socially, morally, spiritually, the victory remains with Inebriety and with the Trade which ministers to it and thrives upon it.

REGULATION AND RESTRICTION.

If Abolition and Prohibition have failed to stem the tide of Inebriety—regulation and restriction have equally failed.

THE ACT OF 1902.

The Act of last year became law simply because it was so modest and (compared with the work to be done) so despicable an attempt to modify the existing condition of things. Some slight improvements it has no doubt effected. But the main conditions remain untouched and beyond the reach of any such timid and partial measures.

PRIVATE CONTROL. EARL GREY'S TRUST.

Nor is anything substantial to be expected from Private Control in the interests of the Public, such as is the motive of Earl Grey's Trust Scheme.

In the "Commonwealth" for June 1901 I drew attention to the widespread custom of

Licensing Justices to require old Licenses in exchange for new—and I ventured to suggest that the Trust lacking the medium of exchange, would probably find itself a manufactory without raw material to work upon. No later ago than Monday a new License was granted by the Bristol Justices in exchange for five old ones. Earl Grey's Trust did not apply and would have certainly applied in vain.

We have nothing substantial to hope from Earl Grey's scheme or from any Scheme of Private Control.

THE DILEMMA OF THE LICENSING JUSTICES.

This reference to the policy of the Justices leads me to interpose a few words in regard to the difficulty of their present position to-day. They retain their almost immemorial office as the Licensing Authority.

SHARP V. WAKEFIELD.

The illuminating case of Sharp v. Wakefield. The actual point decided was that the Justices had the same discretion in regard to the renewal of a license that they had in regard to its original grant. It was no longer doubtful that both in grant and renewal of all licenses except pre-1899 beerhouses the Justices were bound to take into consideration the reasonable and proper wants of the neighborhood.

It was forgotten or disregarded that for the Justices to exercise their discretion fully would inevitably lead to numerous cases of hardship, since they had no fund at their disposal from which to compensate private license holders deprived of both property and means of livelihood.

"The Trade," with its usual astuteness, used the ruined private holders as a weapon in its own defence, and the man in the street who saw hardship inflicted interfered. The Justices have, it would appear, an almost limitless discretion, but since it cannot be exercised without causing hardship to innocent people, public opinion forbids its exercise.

THE BIRMINGHAM SURRENDER SCHEME.

"The Trade" were quite willing to consent to a considerable reduction if (1) they had a voice in selecting the licenses to be dropped, (2) some arrangements was made for the compensation of the dispossessed publican.

"The Trade" meant in Birmingham, as in Bristol, and all other large cities, virtually the big Breweries, and it was obvious that it was to their advantage to retail their goods in as convenient and inexpensive a manner as possible.

The famous Birmingham surrender scheme came to an untimely end. Public opinion demanded a large and speedy reduction in the number of licensed houses. It was the duty of the Justices to express this opinion and to carry into effect this demand. Yet it appeared that the only way in which they could perform it would inflict serious hardship on numerous innocent and unsuspecting persons, and would at the

same time confer quite undeserved benefit upon the great Brewery Companies.

NO COMPENSATION—NO REDUCTION.

The country decided in effect—no compensation, no reduction.

THE TWO TRADE BILLS OF 1903.

"The Trade" was not slow to take advantage of this national feeling. Two Bills were introduced into Parliament which showed quite clearly the attitude of "the Trade" towards the nation. The first was that associated with the name of Mr. Butler. Shortly, he proposed to form a Compensation Fund, and by means thereof to restrict the discretion of Justices. They were only to reduce as far as the fund allowed them also to compensate. The absurd inadequacy of the fund calls in question the bona fides of Mr. Butler and his friends. It has been calculated that a century at least must elapse before it would enable a reduction of any importance to be made. In all probability the real objects of the Bill are (1) to vest a statutory interest in Licenses; (2) to create an impatience on the part of Temperance reformers which shall lead them in sheer despair to agree to the terms of "the Trade."

The other Bill is simpler, but even more dangerous. It merely enacts that all refusal of Licenses from any cause but wrong doing shall be suspended pending the introduction of a Compensation Measure. It virtually confers upon all Licenses the privileges enjoyed by the pre-1869 Beer Houses.

"THE TRADE" PREPARED TO SELL—AT A PRICE.

"The Trade" are quite willing to sell—at its own price. The policy of "the Trade" is having its natural effect. There are signs that even the United Kingdom Alliance are beginning to see that by maintaining their uncompromising attitude they are defeating their own object.

COMPENSATION THE QUESTION OF THE DAY.

The only immediate urgent question is as to Compensation. Provide this—and you solve the problem. Compensation bars the way.—But what is the goal?

Public Control the Proper Remedy.

If Prohibition, Total Abstinence, Regulation, Restriction, Private Control, have all been tried and all found wanting, we seem driven to Public Control as the proper remedy. But we are not left to inference in the matter. If we turn our eyes to Scandinavia we see that a case even more desperate than ours has in that country yielded to this treatment. The Company System in Norway and Sweden has effected an enormous and to all appearances a permanent reduction in the consumption of spirits in those countries—and has produced national results of a highly beneficial character—and if (as is admittedly the case) the cure is still incomplete, it is beyond

reasonable doubt, simply because the system does not comprehend the whole of the traffic in intoxicating liquor.

AN IMPROVED GOTHENBURG SYSTEM IS WHAT WE WANT.

The Gothenburg System, with such modification as may render it more complete and better suited to English conditions, is plainly indicated as our goal. But before we can enter the way to it we must remove the barrier opposed by "Compensation."

THE SETTLEMENT OF COMPENSATION THE NEXT STEP.

The immediate and pressing duty, therefore, of all Temperance reformers is to address themselves to the earnest and unprejudiced consideration and discussion of "Compensation," and, as far as I can see, they cannot do better than to make the "Minority" recommendations the basis and starting point of their discussion.

Note—Lord Peel presiding recently at the annual meeting of the Central Temperance Legislation Board, at Westminster, urged the need for bringing the number of licensed houses into something like rational proportion to public needs. Magistrates, he said, were waking up to this need. No Temperance Bill would be passed by Parliament that did not recognise compensation. Compensation, in this matter, was coincident with right. He would like some big city to make the experiment of taking over all the public-houses within its boundary, and dealing with them as it pleased. He would prefer to see public-houses under municipal rather than private company management.

THE KEEPER'S SOCIAL CLUB.

A very enjoyable evening was spent in the rooms of the above on Tuesday, 3rd of Nov.

It was what is usually termed by the members "Ladies' Evening," that is—each member has the privilege of bringing a lady friend or sister, which of course makes the evening brighter for them and is such a nice change, that it is generally looked forward to each week. There were all sorts of amusements:—Ping Pong, Billiards, Cards etc. The Ping Pong Room seems to be the centre of attraction, the table occupied all the evening, right up to going home, one could hear the sound of "Ping Pong" issuing from the direction of that room. The billiard room is a feature of attraction, brilliantly lighted up and having altogether a very comfortable aspect. It seems to be a very fascinating game and causes great excitement to the players.

Music and singing intervened during the evening, adding to the brightness and enjoyment of everyone.

After the usual dispensing of coffee and cake all dispersed to their different homes, having, I am sure, thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

A LADY WHO WAS PRESENT.

A DOUBLE WEDDING.

An interesting event took place at Dunbar Harbour, Roy Cove, on Friday 23rd October.

Mr John Goodwin, one of the oldest residents on the West Falklands and who has been in the Colony for over thirty-seven years, had two weddings in his prettily situated house, which lies just at the head of the above named harbour and two hours ride from Roy Cove. The happy pairs were:— Mr. John Goodwin (junr.) and Miss Sybella McLeod, and Mr. George Halliday, son of the late Andrew Halliday, and Miss Janet Goodwin, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin. The hospitality of Dunbar is proverbial on the West Falklands and it is therefore needless to say anything about the preparations made for the eventful day.

Very early that morning two "friends of the bridegrooms" mounted their horses and went off to fetch the parson from Roy Cove and at ten o'clock had him safely within reach. There should be two happy brides, if the weather of the day has any thing to do with their future.

It was gloriously bright and warm and from sunrise to sunset hardly a cloud was seen.

Dunbar looked its best, the grass all green and fresh round the house, the hills clear of mist and fog and the still waters of the little harbour reflecting the blue of the speckless sky. A few flags were hoisted in honour of the occasion and the assembled guests gave us a pleasant welcome as we rode up to the door. After the ceremony and the signing of the certificates those present were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin. Mr Goodwin gave away his daughter who was attired in a pretty blue dress, and Mr. J. Skilling, junr. and uncle of Miss. McLeod, gave her away. Her dress was pink, prettily trimmed with deep white lace. There was a dance the same evening and the festivities were continued the next evening until midnight. Mr. and Mrs. G. Halliday went to their home at West Point the following week. Mr. and Mrs. J. Goodwin are remaining on Roy Cove Station.

COMMUNICATED.

THE "SCOTIA."

"I went to the *Cathedral* this forenoon. It is rather an imposing edifice, being quite the largest building in the place. The ladies here go in for gorgeous raiment. I was especially struck by the size of their hats, which were of the picture fashion. A number of naval officers were present, also a large company of marines and seamen; they marched away from the church with a piper at their head. Bruce, the Captain, and Price and Brown had dinner on the Commodore's boat *The Cambrian* the other evening. I have had tea on two occasions with the Governor, Mr. Grey-Wilson."

H. M. S. "DWARF."

The *Dwarf*, gunboat, Lieut. and Com. W. N. England, left Forcados River, West Africa, for Saint Helena on the 4th of October to recruit the health of the crew. The *Dwarf* had been up the Niger, and was to have taken part in a punitive expedition against a Benin chief who has been causing serious trouble up the Niger. But she was compelled to return owing to 42 of her crew being stricken with coast fever. A doctor was lent to her from a trading steamer, the latter also supplied her with a quantity of fresh provisions before she sailed for St. Helena. No deaths were reported, and the men were then for the most part recovering. The *Dwarf* is on this station.

NEWS LETTER.

INCUBATOR AND FOSTER MOTHER.

We have all heard and read of these, but few residents in the Falkland Islands have seen them at work.

This can now be done at the residence of Mr. James Binnie, Stanley, South East—the house generally known as "Bill Martin's house."

The Incubator holds 40 eggs, burns about a gallon of oil in a week, and thus heats water which lies in a tank over the eggs; though it is self-regulating, yet it needs very careful watching; the eggs are turned by hand twice a day for the first fortnight, then once a day.

After the chicks are hatched, they are turned over to the foster mother, which is also heated by a paraffin lamp and water tank. The chicks certainly seem to be stronger and to grow more quickly than with a real live hen mother. They are allowed to run in a wire enclosure, are well supplied with food, sand and water. Not being always on the move with a wandering hen they seem to grow very quickly. It only takes them a day or two to find out the warmth of the foster mother and to make for it when tired or full. They were most unwilling to come out from under the heat when the writer was there one evening after 6 o'clock. Finer and earlier chickens cannot be seen elsewhere in the Islands. We wish the enterprising speculator every success.

WEATHER.

The weather is always an interesting topic, if for nothing else, than the chance it presents of the unexpected. However for the last month it has been almost monotonously fine and dry. Day after day bright and sunny with more or less wind, sometimes amounting to a gale, as was the case for two consecutive days last week. There has been so little rain that many are most inconveniently short of water and if there is not soon a good fall of rain, the gardens will

suffer from excessive dryness; as it is, the high winds have done much damage amongst young cabbage plants, vegetable and flower seedlings; in some cases they have been blown right out of the ground

HEALTH.

As is often the case at this time of year there has been much sickness, chiefly colds and bad throats, also quite an epidemic of erysipelas. There have been several cases one of which has proved fatal, and to infection contracted, has been attributed the death of another, with whose young husband and widowed sister the greatest sympathy has been felt. The day her sister was buried Mrs. Gaston Fleuret gave birth to a daughter and for twelve days was dangerously ill, her life almost despaired of but now we are glad to say she is steadily recovering and those who have assisted and had at heart the scheme of establishing a trained nurse in Stanley, have now the satisfaction and joy of feeling that owing to the patience and knowledge and ready resource of such together with skilled medical attendance another life, under God, has been saved.

THE MAIL.

It was a glorious day when the mail steamer of 29th October arrived. Canon and Mrs. Aspinall with three of their children were on board on their way to Sandy-point and were pleased to be able to spend some hours in Stanley and see several of their old friends. Mr. and Mrs. Felton were among the passengers returning to Stanley. Mr. and Mrs. Dickson, three daughters and their son-in-law also returned from Canada, where their experiences had been very disappointing. They say there are so many going into the country that it is almost impossible to find work, that for the nine months of the winter there is absolutely no work to be had.

THE "FORTUNA."

The *Fortuna* returned to Stanley on the 6th inst. and very smart and clean and trim she looked sailing up the harbour. She accomplished the voyage from Monte Video, calms and head winds notwithstanding, in ten days. She had however half, if not a whole gale to blow her into the harbour, on nearing the Islands!

THE KING'S BIRTHDAY.

Monday, 9th November being the anniversary of the King's Birthday a review of the Blue Jackets, Marines and Volunteers was held by His Excellency in Government paddock. The weather was favourable and Stanley people mustered in force. The detachments were drawn up in line facing North under the command of Capt. Jervoise, *R.N.*, the Blue Jackets on the right, the Marines in the centre and the Volunteers on the left. At a few minutes to 12 His Excellency arrived on the left front of the line and was received with a general salute. Punc-

tually at 12 noon the Royal Salute was commenced by the firing of Guns, *feu-de-joie* &c. His Excellency addressed the troops on the subject of loyalty to the idea of Imperial unity; he also congratulated the men of H. M. S. *Nymphe* on the good conduct reputation they had established for themselves in Stanley. He then called for three cheers for the King which were lustily given, the spectators joining in most heartily. This part of the programme being over, His Excellency and suite moved round to the saluting point and the usual march past was gone through.

The following is the Field state of H.M.S. *Nymphe*:—

In Command 1 Commander.

Field Gun Battery 1 Gunner, 3 Petty Officers, 16 Seamen.

Small Arm men 2 Lieutenants, 6 Petty Officers, 48 Seamen.

R.M.L.I. 2 N. C. Os, 15 Privates.

Bugler 1 Seaman.

Medical Staff 1 Surgeon, 1 Seaman, Total 97.

F. I. Volunteers.

1 Surgeon Major, 1 Acting Chaplain, 1 Lieutenant, 1 Sergt. Major, 1 Color Sergt. 1 Lance Sergeant, 3 Corporals, 19 Privates. Total 28.

In the evening there was a very pleasant dance at Government House, the late additions to which proving a great advantage on such an occasion. Over fifty invitations were issued and the Governor and his niece Miss Sewell spared no pains in arrangements for the enjoyment of their guests. These were received in the drawing room, the new dining room making an excellent ballroom, with a floor which left nothing to be desired; a small room opening off served as a refreshment room. The Governor's office (the old dining room) was turned into the supper room. The hall, the conservatory, and another small room made pleasant sitting-out places. Supper was at midnight and dancing was kept up until about 3 a.m.

The following is a list of those honoured with invitations to celebrate His Majesty's Birthday The Honourable J. J. and Mrs. Felton

" " W. A. and Mrs. Thompson

" " S. Hamilton

" " W. A. and Mrs. Harding

Mr. and Mrs. Packe, The Very Reverend and Mrs. Brandon, Captain Jervoise, Lieutenant N. C. A. Moore, Lieut. W. B. Wilkinson, Lieut. H. C. Watson, Surgeon R. Waterfield, Lieut. B. H. Piercy, Mr. F. Mitchell, Eng: sub-Lieut T. G. Coomber, Consul Rowen, Mr. and Mrs. Girling, The Reverend and Mrs. Blount, Rev. P. J. Diamond, Miss Silversides, Mr. and Mrs. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. Bonner, Mr. and Mrs. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. Hurst, Mr. and Mrs. Shires, Mr., Mrs. and the Misses Wilmer, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Felton, Mr. and Mrs. Watt, Mr.,

Mrs. & Misses Durose, Mrs. George Dean, Mrs. Williams, The Misses Williams, Felton, M. Felton, Blyth, Kirwan, Messrs. L. V. Oswald, L. Williams, Roy Felton.

There was a display of fireworks in the evening in front of Government paddock.

FOOTBALL.

A match was played on the 9th of November between H. M. S. *Nymphe* and Stanley A. F.C.; the two met about 4 p. m., the weather being very fine, but rather a strong wind, both teams tossed Stanley winning and defended the west goal. Play commenced Stanley keeping the ball about the opponent's goal, for a long time, till at last D. Dick shoots a good goal, the whistle blew half-time. The play in the second half was similar to the first, "*Nymphe*" keeping the ball at Stanley's goal, and by a good pass scored a goal, the Stanley team made a few good entries in the second half, but did not manage to get the ball through. The game throughout was a very fair one, the Stanley backs played a very good game, in fact both teams played very well, having had very little practice.

ONE INTERESTED.

CAMP CORRESPONDENTS.

The following extracts from letters from Correspondents in the camps will be of interest to some of our readers. "I always get laid up as a rule, when I am in Stanley, and always blame the water and want of drains for all troubles of the throat, etc. We never have a cold here, unless it is brought by some schooner. It is now twelve months since Captain — left us one."

Another writing on September 5th says, "The sheep are all as fat as they were in the autumn. We have had nine years of bad weather and it's time we had a change." Again on October 1st, "We are having most lovely weather, cabbage &c. are all up; the grass is more forward than I have seen it for nine years. I hope it is not going to set in too dry; at present it is perfect. The heavy gales seem to have finished."

From the north of the West Falklands comes the following: "There is a report of a large schooner having been cruising off the Jasons; seen at different times by several people. Said to be — by the whiteness of her sails."

CATS.

Can anyone suggest a method of getting rid of armies of strange cats of the inroads of which many complain? They are apparently free-lances, owned by no one. One "ginger" coloured monster has a special liking for young chickens, has carried off several and was caught in the act a few days ago. As he was making off with the poor chick between his jaws a well-aimed stone made him drop it; at least it was a satisfaction to deprive him of that dainty morsel,

but the chicken disappeared into the bushes and was not seen again; it probably perished of fright and hunger.

PING PONG.

On Saturday evening, Nov. 7th, at the Kelpers' Social Club, a very interesting Ping Pong tournament was held, which we believe to be the first of its kind in the Falklands.

Among the competitors were some of the *Nymphe's* crew, who have found the Club just the sort of thing required by the men of the fleet when on shore. The table is of full size with plenty of room to play. Mr. H. E. Biddle R.N. kindly undertook the arrangements, which were carried out in a manner leaving nothing to be desired.

The entrance fee of 1/- went towards purchasing a prize for the winner, which was a stag horn silver mounted walking stick. The result we give below:—

FIRST BOUT.

Mr. H. E. Biddle	30	v.	Mr. S. Harvey	20
„ F. Mannan	30	v.	„ W. Hardy	17
„ H. Roberts	30	v.	„ Walter Hardy	20
„ E. Binnie	30	v.	„ W. Haines	12

SECOND BOUT.

Mr. H. E. Biddle	30	v.	Mr. E. Binnie	27
„ F. Mannan	30	v.	„ H. Roberts	11

The final then followed between Mr. F. Mannan and Mr. Biddle. This was watched with much interest as it was to decide if the stick should remain in the Falklands or be taken away in the *Nymphe*; after a hard fought contest Mr. Biddle won by 11 points.

The Prize was then presented to Mr. Biddle with many hearty wishes for the future of himself and stick from the members of the K. S. C.

In reply Mr. Biddle in a few well chosen words spoke of the great benefit such a club was to young men, also to men of the fleet, and thanked the members for their good wishes and for the manner in which they had received him and others of the *Nymphe* by making them members of their club, he wished it a happy future and hoped to find, if they were ever again appointed to this station, the club flourishing and the members as they found them this time only in greater numbers.

MR. GEORGE PERRING, who has had a most severe attack of erysipelas on the face and head, is now we are glad to say making a rapid recovery. He has been three weeks in bed, much of the time in an unconscious state, and for a few days his life was even despaired of. Messrs W. Ratcliffe, jun. and John Coleman, sat up and assisted with him on several nights while he was delirious.

MR. FRANK SHORT arrived in from Douglas Station on the 8th inst. suffering also from erysipelas in the face. Fortunately it has only proved a slight attack.

THROUGH A WORSTED MILL.

Continued from the October No.

Some years ago wool used to be stirred about in the large iron bowls by men armed with huge steel forks, but nowadays this process is performed by machinery, and by these means the wool is thoroughly cleansed from all impurities. The next process is that of carding the wool. A "card" is a machine which to a stranger seems composed of nothing but rapidly-revolving rollers and innumerable small wheels. The wool is placed by the girl in charge on a board at the back of the machine and is slowly but surely drawn through the rollers. All the burrs and pieces of straw are taken out of the wool as it comes in contact with the needle-like points projecting from every roller. Naturally, in its passage through the machine, the wool is torn into small pieces, and then, as Mr. Rider Haggard would say, something strange happens. Instead of emerging in fragments the wool comes out in the form of a long "sliver" or ribbon, which, through an arrangement for the purpose, is then wound into a large ball called in factory circles a "top." In the carding department girls are employed to "feed," that is, to keep the back of the card regularly supplied with wool, and also to see that the "sliver" comes out evenly in front. Owing, however, to the dangerous nature of the machinery used to card the wool, men are employed to clean and oil it. After the wool is thus made into large balls it is taken into the combing-room, and there several balls are put into one comb and all run together to make one thick "sliver." The process of combing the human hair is almost the same as combing wool. The object aimed at is to draw the wool out and make it as even as possible, and also to take out all the short hairs. These short hairs which are left after the combing process go by the name of "noil," and this noil is sold as waste to be afterwards worked up into blankets and other thick woollen materials. Women are largely employed as comb-minders during the day, and men on the night turn. The combing process cannot be called particularly heavy nor particularly unhealthy work, although the amount of heat needed to work the wool does not make combing a very pleasant task in the summer season. After the wool has been combed and again made up into large balls, it is taken to the drawing room. Now, a factory drawing-room is not the apartment a lady would naturally picture to herself, full of choice furniture and beautiful works of art, but it is a large whitewashed room containing a lot of different-sized "boxes," as the drawing machinery is called.

It is nothing unusual to hear visitors complain of being rendered temporarily deaf, and some people have said that they can hear the noise for hours after leaving the premises. It is a very busy and animated scene on which the eye rests. The weavers moving about in their white holland skirts, fetching their weft on boards from the weft-room, threading their shuttles, going round to the back of the loom to see that the warp is all right, the overlookers busy repairing looms or putting new warps in, the continual whir and clatter of the machinery, all combine to make "the perfection of mechanism, human and metallic." Quite a variety of goods are woven in a large worsted mill. Cashmeres, all kinds of linings, crepons, twills, heavy coatings for suits and overcoats, mixture cloth of every conceivable shade for dresses and costumes, and all the new-fashioned lustre fabrics. When the weaver has finished her share of the work, the pieces are taken into the piece-room and carefully looked over by a man called in factory language a "taker-in." This man's sole duty is to look at every piece delivered to him as it comes from the loom, and to pick out any flaws, such as thick ends woven in, or broken ends, not before seen by the weaver. As may be imagined, the "taker-in" does not hold an altogether enviable position in factory life, particularly if he is a man who desires to stand well with the fair sex. Somehow, very few people like to be found fault with, and weavers are no exception to the rule. When the pieces have undergone this rigid examination, they are passed on to "menders" and "burlers," who remove all knots and straws and sew in the broken ends. This last operation is the final one as far as the factory is concerned, as the pieces are then sent away to be dyed and finished, which process completes them for the market. All these various processes are necessary to convert wool in its natural state into ladies' dresses and gentlemen's suits, and thus ends the journey through a worsted mill. Perhaps a few words about the factory workers themselves will not be out of place. They are composed of all sorts and conditions of men, women, and children. The routine of factory life to-day is very different from what it was when Robert Owen, Richard Oastler, and Lord Shaftesbury spent the best part of their lives in agitating for factory reform. Our large factories of Yorkshire and Lancashire are not the Infernos they were when Mrs. Browning shocked the feelings of the middle and upper classes by publishing her well-known poem, *The Cry of the Children*. The hours of work are now strictly limited to 56½ hours per week for women and young persons, while the children only work half that amount.

GAZETTE NOTICES.

Coal.—£500 Reward.

The reward will only be payable after 1,000 tons of merchantable coal have been raised and disposed of, and if the Government is satisfied that the extent of coal rendered available by the discovery is such as to justify the payment or part of it.

Scab Rate. His Excellency the Governor in Council has determined that the Scab Rate, payable to the Colonial Treasurer on or before the 31st day of December, 1903, shall be at the rate of $\frac{1}{48}$ of a penny per acre.

Cancer Re-search. Copies of the First Annual Report of the Cancer Re-search Fund and copies of the speeches delivered by the Prime Minister and others at a meeting of the General Committee on the 30th July, when the Report was adopted, can be seen in the office of the Colonial Secretary, Stanley.

Savings Bank Notice. The following is a list of the books which have not been received for audit.

Depositors are reminded that the only effectual check that the Auditor has to verify that deposits received have been correctly entered is by comparing Deposit Books with the Ledger. By books not being sent in the Auditor is deprived of one of the most essential checks.

23rd October, 1903.

Nos.—714, 752, 767, 773, 774, 795, 803, 806, 807, 818, 823, 825, 840, 847, 900, 935, 941, 853, 956, 968, 979, 1001, 1042, 1060, 1064, 1068, 1070, 1074, 1075, 1076, 1084, 1086, 1114, 1119, 1123, 1147, 1152, 1155, 1171, 1172, 1173, 1175, 1180, 1181, 1184, 1188, 1190, 1191.

Making a total of 48 books.

Intestates. The Supreme Court has granted an order empowering the official Administrator to administer the estate of

William Cunningham Kelly, who was drowned on the 2nd March last, and it is believed died intestate.

Probate Notice. In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

James Pitaluga, Deceased.

Mary Ann Pitaluga has applied for letters of Administration of the Estate of the above named deceased.

The deceased died leaving a will, dated the 26th day of October, 1896.

When the feet are weary, they sometimes burn as if they were on fire. To remedy this a mixture consisting of one spoonful of tannic acid to about 8 ounces of spirits should be applied as often as possible during the day and at night, after they have been bathed in warm water. Inflamed and enlarged joints may be relieved by painting with iodine.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 25. *Hornet* from Darwin.

" 29. S. S. *Panama* from Liverpool. Pass:—
The Hon. J. J. & Mrs. Felton, Mr. & Mrs.
C. A. Gorton, Mr. & Mrs. J. Dickson &
family.

" 29. S. S. *Waiwera* from Wellington.

Nov. 5. *Fair Rosamond* from Roy Cove, &c.

" 6. *Fortuna* from Monte Video.

" 8. *Hornet* from Fox Bay.

" 10. S. S. *Victoria* from Valparaiso.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 29. S. S. *Panama* for Valparaiso.

" 30. S. S. *Waiwera* for London.

" 31. *Hornet* for Fox Bay, &c.

Nov. 10. S. S. *Victoria* for Liverpool.

S. S. "WAIWERA."

This steamer, direct from Wellington, New Zealand, arrived in Stanley on October 29th, the same day as the outward mail boat, *Panama*, and the unusual sight was witnessed of two huge steamers being in the harbour at the same time.

On board were some 60 ewes for the Falkland Islands Company, and over 100 rams of various breeds for different stations both on the East and West Islands. These were Romseys, Lincolns, Border Leicesters and Merinos, and the general opinion of those qualified to judge is that, taken all through, they are a very good lot of sheep. The importation of such valuable stock, coming so soon after the shipment in the early part of this year by the *Rangatera* shews that the farmers are alive to the necessity for keeping up their flocks and we hope that their energy and foresight will be rewarded by the obtaining of better prices for their wool in years to come.

The Captain of the *Waiwera* reported having experienced an exceptionally rough passage, and to the fact that many of the sheep were removed from their pens and placed in the hold must be ascribed the happy result that only one sheep died on the voyage.

An indirect benefit derived from the call of this steamer was the placing on the market some excellent fresh butter and potatoes, and those who purchased know what that means.

MR. TOM HUNTER is making satisfactory progress towards recovery; he can get out a little, tho' the wound is not yet healed.

RICHARD MCKAY, (Leicester Creek, Fox Bay) was to enter the Richmond Hospital Dublin, after the summer vacation, in October and to be operated on by Sir Thos. Stoker whose fame as a surgeon is world wide.

NOTICE

The property offered for sale in previous advertisements in this magazine will be put up at **Public Auction on Monday 21st Dec, 1903.** in two or four lots, unless disposed of by Private Contract. **J. TURNER.**

LAND FOR SALE IN STANLEY.

The piece of land between the property of MR. WALTER KENDAL and the site of the late "Shamrock." Apply to the EDITOR.

HOUSE FOR SALE IN STANLEY.

ROSE COTTAGE (the late residence of the late Mr. Richard Aldridge). Apply to the EDITOR.

FOR SALE.

DWELLING HOUSE. Washing House—containing Two Copper Boilers; Two Peat Sheds: Three 400 gallon Tanks: One Stable: Two other Sheds.

Situated in the centre of Stanley: standing on a large plot of land; the unoccupied portion of which has been all under cultivation.

Might be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Apply to James Sharp, Stanley.

PIANO for Sale. In good order. Will be sold at a reasonable price. Apply to the EDITOR.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home, Chatterbox, Little Folks, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—in monthly numbers of year 1900 & 1901 (*just withdrawn from Library.*) at 4/-.

Apply to the LIBRARIAN.

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6: single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each. 4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 10s. per half page per annum; £3 whole page per annum; Charge for inclosing Circulars:—5/- per month; for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies can always be obtained at that time.

H. M. S. "NYMPHE."

On Wednesday morning Nov. 18th, H. M. S. "Nymphe" had disappeared from the harbour, but it soon transpired that news of poaching on the West, and the "Nymphe" had been hurriedly despatched to look for her.

She proceeded first along the north side of the Island keeping as close to the shore as she could with safety, reaching the Jason Islands at day light on Thursday and steaming close round all of them. She then went on to visit Westpoint and Carcass Islands, but as the weather was very thick, and it was blowing hard it was thought best not to attempt to pass through Westpoint passage, and she accordingly went in to Ship Harbour, New Island, for the night.

Here the Captain landed to try and obtain information and was told that a strange schooner had been seen standing to the north about a month before. The only little bit of excitement occurred here, as, soon after they anchored, the mist cleared off somewhat and two schooners were descried in the distance and signals were made to recall the Captain, which were fortunately unseen as they soon proved to be two rocks off Weddell Island which certainly did look very like sails.

The "Nymphe" left Ship Harbour at 4.45 a.m. on Friday, steamed round Lucas Bay and right up into Albermarle Harbour, and coming round the South of the East Falkland reached Port Stanley at 11 a.m. on Saturday.

The ship steamed at the rate of 8 knots the whole time, and the wind being generally fair sail was able to be used most of the way.

£5 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid for information that will lead to the conviction of the person or persons who on or about the 27th instant did cruelly abuse and illtreat a Seagull by tying its beak and legs together causing it unnecessary suffering.

By Command,

STANLEY,

W. ATKINS.

27th OCTOBER, 1903.

SENIOR CONSTABLE.

£2 REWARD.

For such information as will lead to the conviction of the person or persons who broke two panes of glass in Christ Church Cathedral on Friday night or early on Saturday morning, Nov. 20th, and 21st 1903.

Xmas!

Xmas!!

Presents. Presents.

The Kelper's Store,
Stanley, Falkland Islands.

Rule:—First come, first served.

A Rich and varied Stock of Artistic,
Ornamental, Useful and Attractive Articles
on sale.

Call and judge for yourself.

**Charity begins at Home. Encourage
Native Falkland Island Efforts. Visit the
Kelper's Club. Open every Evening
except Sunday.**

LUBRICATING OIL

Is invaluable to farmers at shearing time for sharpening shears etc. etc.

In barrels containing about 40 Galls. Price 40/- per barrel, or retailed at 1/6 per gall. in quantities of not less than 5 gallons.

William's Store.

Just Arrived.

Ladies' Jackets, Hats, Dress skirts, Dress lengths, Velveteen blouses, Vyella blouses—The Best and Cheapest in Town. Black jersey jackets, Umbrellas, Corsets of the best makes such as "Prima Donna," "Madame Jean" etc. Walking out shoes, Dancing shoes with two or three straps. A large consignment of Xmas goods expected by next mail.

Wedding Rings. Presents in great variety.

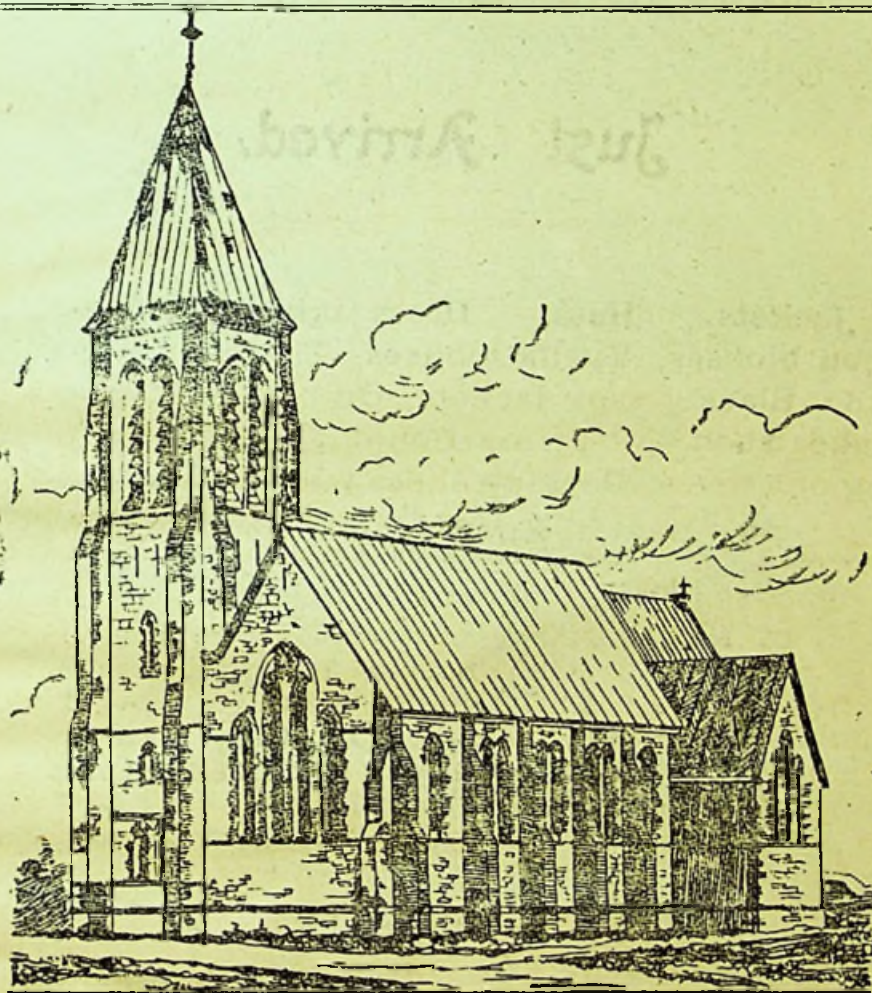
Gentlemen's black diagonal suits, best Scotch tweed suits, best Scotch tweed trousers, White shirts, Collars and neckties. Gold plated studs. Singlets and drawers in great variety. Tweed caps, Hats. Celebrated "Westminster" boots. Dancing shoes with straps over the instep.

William's Store.

No. 9. VOL. XV. CHRISTMAS NUMBER 1903. PRICE FOURPENCE.

THE
Falkland Islands Magazine.

EDITOR THE VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON. M. A.



CLERGY.—Very Rev. Lowther E. Brandon M. A. Dean and Colonial Chaplain.

Rev. C. K. Blount, M. A. Assistant Chaplain.

SELECT VESTRY.—Mr. W. C. Girling, Minister's Church-warden.

Mr. Thomas Watson, People's Church-warden.

Mr. George Hurst, Honorary Treasurer.

Mr. Thomas Binnie, Honorary Secretary.

Mr. John Evans and Mr J. G. Poppy, Sidesmen.

Miss Lewis, Organist. Mr. J. F. Summers, Sexton.

A. DEJON'S ITINERARY.

WEST FALKLANDS OCT. 2ND TO DEC. 8TH.

Left Stanley in F. I. Co's schooner *Fair Rosamond*, Friday, Oct 2nd. Reached Fox Bay (E), Sunday 4th: Fox Bay W. 6th: The Chartres, 8th: The Green Hill, The Saddle, 9th: The Warrah House, 11th: The Plains, 11th: Port Purvis, 12th; sailed same evening in yawl *Richard Williams* for Pebble Island. Returned to Port Purvis, Thursday 15th: The Ponds 16th Mount Rosalie, Many Branch House and Port Howard, 17th: The Warrah House, 19th: Main Point, 20th: Hill Cove, 21st: Roy Cove, 22nd: Dunbar (for weddings) 23rd: Port North, 24th and 25th: Dunbar (for Carcass and West Point Islds.), 26th: West Point Is., 29th: Roy Cove, 31st: Crooked Inlet and back to Roy Cove, Nov. 2nd; Fox Bay en route for south, Nov. 4th: Carew Harbor, 5th: Port Stephens, 6th: Hoste Inlet, 9th: Port Stephens, 10th: South Harbor, 11th: Port Stephens (in cutter belonging to Weddell Island) 12th: Carew Harbor, 16th: Spring Point, 18th: Leicester Creek 19th: The Little Chartres, Goring House and The Chartres, 20th: The Point, Chartres River, 21st: Teal River and Hill Cove, 23rd: Shallow Bay, 25th: Saunders Island, 26th: Keppel Island, 28th; back to Shallow Bay, thence to Byron Sound and Hill Cove, 1st December: Fox Bay East (via Teal River and The Chartres), 2nd; sailed in F.I.Co's schooner *Hornet*, Saturday, 5th, reached Great Island, thence to Port Howard same day. Schooner unable to enter harbor, anchored outside for night. Left Port Howard, 7th and reached Stanley Tuesday morning, December 8th.

SUMMARY OF TOUR:—

Houses visited)	65	Services	23
Baptisms	2	Bible Readings	28
Holy Communion	3	Marriages	2
Children examined (in religious and secular knowledge	65		

Note:—The Port Stephens cutter being away it was not possible to get to Weddell, Beaver or New Islands.

THE TOWER FUND.

Will friends kindly remember that there is still a debt of nearly £200 on the Tower, and help with their donations?

During the past month there has been a noticeable lack of assistance from amongst ourselves, and the only help has come from outside friends, viz:—

Amount already acknowledged	£777	7	9
Captain Jervoise, R. N.	2	0	0
Capt. Jas. Dougall	1	0	0
Capt. T. Radcliffe	1	0	0
Box in Porch	7	3	
Broom plants (Mrs. G. P. Smith)	10	0	
Mrs. Grey-Wilson (Collected by)	2	0	0
Mr. Thos. Simpson	10	0	
Miss Helen	10	0	
Mr. John Lehen, Junr.	10	0	
Louis Williams, Esq.	1	0	0
J. B. Fraser, Esq. (per Mr. T. Watson)	2	0	0

£788 15 0

W. C. GIRLING,

DEC. 17. 1903.

HON. TREASURER

ASSEMBLY ROOM CO. The adjourned meeting of the Shareholders will be held in the Assembly Room on Tuesday next, December 29th, at 8 o'clock in the evening:—

Price of Magazine:—Unstamped 4/- per annum: stamped 4/6: single copies, 4d. each. Copies can be obtained at the Parsonage, Stanley.

Charges for Advertisements:—6d. per line of 12 words each. 4/- per half page; 8/- for a whole page; £1 1Cs. per half page per annum; £3 whole page per annum; Charge for inclosing Circulars:—5/- per month; for staple-fastening Circulars, 7/6.

The Magazine is always published just before the arrival of each outward mail so that copies can always be obtained at that time.

FOR SALE.

PARCELS OF PERIODICALS—Boys Own, Girls Own, Sunday at Home (Clatterlox, Little Folks, Herald, Cassells, Chums, Leisure Hour, St. Nicholas, and Quiver—in monthly numbers of year 1900 & 1901 (just withdrawn from Library.) at 4/-.

Apply to the LIBRARIAN.

CHURCH SERVICES

SUNDAY:—Morning Prayer at 10 45 a.m.

" Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

WEEK-DAYS:—Morning Prayer (daily) at
[8. 45.

Evening Prayer (Wednesday)
[at 7.p.m.

The Holy Communion on the 1st and
3rd Sundays of the month at 12 noon:
and on the 2nd, 4th and 5th (if any)
Sundays of the month at 8. a.m.

THE SACRAMENT OF BAPTISM, and CHURCHINGS
on any Sunday or week day.

CHOIR PRACTICES:—On Wednesday, after Even-
ing Service, at 7.45 p.m.,

CHOIR PRACTICES FOR THE CHILDREN in the
Vestry on Wednesday at 4.10 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN CHRIST CHURCH from
2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.

CATECHISING:—On Sunday in Christ Church
at 10. a.m.

THE SELECT VESTRY meets on the 3rd Mon-
day of every month in the Vestry at 8. p.m.
All Letters should be addressed to Mr. T.
Binnie Hon. Secretary, Stanley.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS' LENDING LIBRARY in
the Vestry on Friday at 3.30. p.m.

THE CHILDREN'S LIBRARY in the Vestry on
Sunday at 4 p.m., and on Friday at 3.30.p.m.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK:—On Monday in the
Senior Government School at 9.30 a.m.,
and in the Infant School at 10.30 a.m.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

" *Undaunted of the Falklands*" Lodge

Meetings held in the
SPEEDWELL COFFEE ROOM,
Every Thursday at 7.30., p.m.

All who desire to become members are cordially
invited to attend at that hour.

Sec. BRO. WILLIS.

CHURCH NEWS.

AVERAGES, NOVEMBER, 1903

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION ... Morning ... 161½

" " ... Evening ... 129½

NUMBER OF COINS ... Morning ... 68

" " ... Evening ... 56½

Number at S. School ... Morning ... 63½

" " " ... Afternoon ... 84½

Number of coins in the Offertories:—

0 sovereign, 1 half-sovereign, 1 crown, 0
four shilling piece, 2 half-crowns, 15 florins.
31 shillings, 106 sixpences, 118 threepenny
pieces, 325 pence, 17 half-pence, 0 farthing,
& 7 other coin. Total 623

CHRIST CHURCH, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

NOVEMBER 1903.

RECEIPTS.

1. By Balance	2	14	7
1. " Offertory	2	4	2
8. " "	2	3	0
15. " "	1	17	10½
22. " "	1	4	2
29. " "	2	2	1
	£12	5	10½

EXPENDITURE.

To Wages:—	3	0	0
" Sexton	1	2	3
" Blower and Bell Ringer	5	0	
" E. Binnie keeping order	4	0	
" Washing	7	14	7½
" Balance	£12	5	10½

G. HURST,

HON. TREASURER.

THE CHURCH HOUSE.

The fund for paying off the debt on the above
grows slowly, but surely, and we now have as
under:—

Already acknowledged	£286	17	7
" Will"		7	6
Captain Jervoise R.N.	1	0	0
J.B. Fraser Esq. (Patagonia)	2	0	0
Maggie Morrison The Green Hill	5	0	
Annie " " "	5	0	
A. McLeod The Ponds " "	4	0	
Cigarette	2	6	
Offertory Roy Cove Nov 1st	16	6	
Alfred Peter Anderson	2	6	
Mrs. Perry	2	6	
Lizzie Heiders	2	0	
Henry James Anderson	2	0	
Ludovic Riley "	1	0	
Sonny Smith	3	0	
Bunny "		6	
Mr. & Mrs. J. Smith	4	9	
Mrs. W. Stickney, Spring Point	1	1	0
Offertory Spring Point, 18th Nov.	15	0	
Mrs. Mackay, Leicester Creek	10	0	
Offertory The Chartres 22nd Nov	1	9	0
	£296	11	4

W. C. GIRLING,

HON. TREAS.

BIRTHS.

SHARP. October 18th, Glasgow, the wife of James Sharp of a daughter.
 CLEMENT. " 22nd, Clevedon, Somersetshire, the wife of Howard Clement, of twins, son.
 BRIDGES. " 28th, Ushunna, the wife of W. S. Bridges, of a son. [& daughter]
 WATSON. November 14th, Moffat Harbour, the wife of William Watson of a son.
 CLIFTON. " 27th, Stanley, the wife of Henry Clifton, Junr. of a daughter.
 HARDY. " 29th, " the wife of Arthur Hardy, of a son.
 PEARCE. December 13th, Cape Pembroke Lighthouse, the wife of John Pearce, of a daughter.
 PETERSSON. " 15th, Stanley, the wife of Frans Axel Pettersson of a son—stillborn.
 MERCER. " 16th. " the wife of Alex Mercer, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

REYNOLDS-BRIDGES. August 16th, The Chaco, Paraguayan Mission, P. A. Reynolds, son of Professor Reynolds, of Buenos Aires to B. M. Bridges, daughter of the late Rev. Thos. Bridges of Downeast, Beagle Channel, Tierra del Fuego.
 RICHARDS-BONNER. Sept.—South Queen's Ferry, Nr. Edinburgh, Rev. David Richards, R. N. to Catherine Jane Bonner, daughter of the late John Bonner, San Carlos, South.
 THORNHILL-PAICE. December 9th, Stanley, Richard Waldron Thornhill to Amy Paice.

DEATHS.

DEAN. Oct. 17th, London, J. M. Dean, Esq. Aged 89 years. [Falkland Islands.
 ANDERSON. Oct.—Banff, Mrs. Anderson, widow of the late Dr. Anderson, of Fox Bay E. West
 BETTS. Nov. 24th, Pebble Island, George Henry Betts. Aged 11 years.
 CAREY. " 26th, Stanley, Catherine Claudina Charissa Carey, (David). Aged 2 years.
 COBB. Dec. 5th, Lively Island, Christopher Cobb, Aged 13 years and 11 months.

IN MEMORIAM.

IN LOVING MEMORY of *Duncan Fraser Fell who died at North Arm, F. I. January 31st. 1900*
 "Peace, Perfect Peace, with loved ones far away" In Jesus' keeping we are safe, and they.
 IN LOVING MEMORY of *James Fell, Junr. who was accidentally drowned at North Arm Station, Patagonia, January 1st 1903.*

Never will he be forgotten. Never will his memory fade.
 Sweetest thoughts will ever linger Round the grave where he is laid.

OBITUARY NOTICES.

The death of Mr. J.M. Dean came on us all as a great surprise; though in his 89 year, he had always enjoyed such good health that it seemed as though he might be spared for years to come.

He was one of the earliest founders of the prosperity of the Colony, having come from England to Port Louis in 1840. He settled in Stanley when the seat of Government was removed thither. He returned to England in 1864 and never visited the Islands again, though he took a very keen interest in all that concerned them up to the very last.

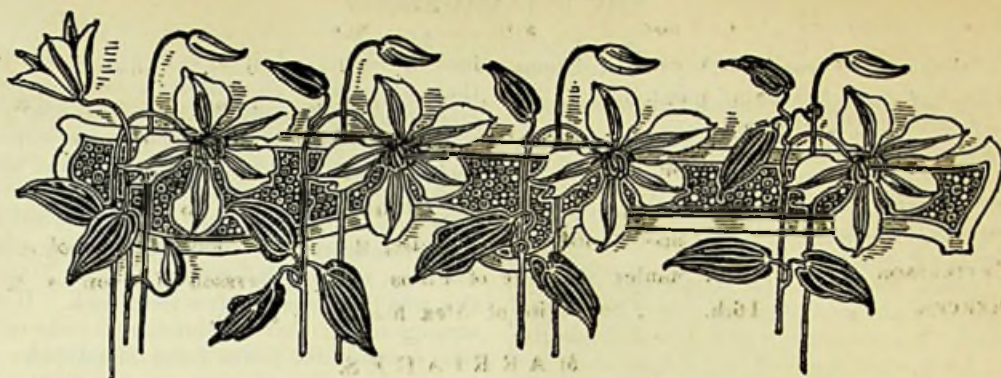
We regret to report the death of Mrs. Anderson, widow of the late Dr. Anderson, of Fox Bay, West Falkland Islands. She has been in delicate health for some time, and had felt very much the death of her second son, James, which occurred at Kimberley, South Africa, in May last year. She is survived by two daughters and three sons. Of the sons the eldest, Mr. John Forbes Anderson, is assistant to Dr. Davidson, Professor of Logic in Aberdeen University, while the next son, Frank, is in the Commercial Bank, Banff, and the third, Robert, is at school. The eldest daughter is wife of Mr. Walker, manager, Fettermuir Distillery, while the younger daughter is at present residing at home.

Mrs. Anderson was buried in the cemetery, Banff, on the 30th of October.

We deeply regret to chronicle the death of Mr. George Cobb's son at Lively Island. He had lately suffered much from ill health; the change to his native air it was hoped, might do him good; but it was to be otherwise, he passed away somewhat suddenly after being but one day in bed.

Mr. and Mrs. John Betts have the sympathy of the whole Colony in the loss of their youngest son George, at Pebble Island. He died of heart disease; much as did his little sister, Emily, a few years ago.

Mrs. David Carey wishes to thank the many kind friends who sent wreaths and flowers to the funeral of her late baby.



The FALKLAND I. MAGAZINE.

VOL. XV, No. 9.

CHRISTMAS NUMBER 1903.

PRICE FOURPENCE.

CHRISTMAS JOY AND CHRISTMAS DUTY.

IN this our Christmas Number, we wish all our readers a happy, contented and hopeful time during the great Church Festival of Christmas, when we dwell with humble, thankful hearts on the great honour conferred on human nature at this season over 19 centuries ago—God *became man and lived in a tent among us.* John I. 14.

How strange that some people are not ashamed to say "I hate Christmas time, and I wish that it was over." It is not children that say this, but when you have grown up, and no longer take the same pleasure in Christmas gifts, still never allow yourselves to say or think anything of that kind.

Christmas for children has many joys—for some the joy of going home after being away at school; for most of them the joy of the gifts which they receive.

All these joys are joys which the Heavenly Father sends and which he is well pleased should be enjoyed.

I Christmas Joy. But why did the angel say to the shepherds "*I bring you good tidings of great joy.*" Why did Christ our Lord come into the world? Why did God become man and pitch His tent among us?

(1) He saw men unhappy through sin, wandering very far from God, like sheep who had strayed and could not find their way back again, and who were certain to perish. How true this still is of the human race in this twentieth century of the christian era! He came to seek and to save every sinner. What is His best Name?

The Name the angel said was to be given to Him? *Jesus (Jehovah our Saviour), for He shall save His people from their sins. Emmanuel, God be with us.* Matthew I. 21. 23. That all men, under the power of God the Holy Spirit, might open their eyes, turn from darkness to light, from the power of Satan unto God, that they might receive forgiveness of sins and an inheritance among those who are sanctified by faith in Christ.

(2) He saw that men had very strange ideas about God, they thought Him, (a) hard and cruel; some of them thought (b) He never remembered the world at all, and others that (c) He was always wanting to do something terrible to the world or to man; and He came to teach that God is "*our Father in heaven,*" Who is Love itself, Who sends us all our joys and gives us all our blessings.

(3) He saw that men did not know the right way to live, that they did to themselves very strange and sometimes very painful things under the idea that they were right—abstaining from food, work, pleasure or putting themselves to pain and even death, thinking thus to please God: He came to show a perfectly Right Life; the life which the Father wants us to live; the life that makes us not only pleasing to Him, but the life that gives the truest and best happiness.

(4) He saw that there was an enemy which man was desperately afraid of, but which he had sometime to meet, namely, death: and He came to take the sting away from this enemy, and to make death to be only a gate through which those who trust Him pass to a better and brighter world.

Think of these four blessings He has brought

us, and then see how true it is that the Christmas message is "*good tidings of great joy*"

II Christmas Duty.—

If Christmas brings with it "*good tidings of great joy*," what is our duty?

(1) *Thankfulness.* See the shepherds as they go back to their flocks. What are they doing? "*Glorifying and praising God.*"

Why do we make the Christmas services specially bright and decorate our Church and houses? It is because it is a day of thanksgiving. Look what was said to the Jews about one of their feasts. "*Thou shalt rejoice in thy feast, thou, thy son, thy daughter, thy manservant, thy maidservant, the Levite (Religious Minister), the traveller, the fatherless and the widow, who are within thy gates.*" Deut. 16. 14. A thankful heart is a happy heart: they have a happy Christmas who have learned to give thanks to God for His great Christmas gift.

(2) *Thoughtfulness.* There are some who have not much in this world to make them happy, who are poor, or sick, or in pain, or in sorrow; think of them at Christmas time; see if you cannot do something to make Christmas brighter and happier for them. This is one lesson our Lord by His example, has specially taught us; it is one way in which we can be in some measure like Him.

(3) *Trust.* If some one told you that he had brought you a Christmas present, you would never think of saying, "I don't believe it is for me." Our Lord has brought us most priceless gifts; He offers them to us. Do not distrust Him by saying, "they are not for me;" but trust Him that all He came into the world to do and to win for man, He gives and will give to you, both in this life and in the life to come.

CORRESPONDENCE.

STANLEY, FALKLAND ISLES.
16TH NOVEMBER, 1903.

Dear Sir,

In reading your editorial address in the November No. of the Magazine one cannot but agree with you, and at the same time, any observer of the times must acknowledge that a change for the worse, is coming over the morals of the people of the Falklands.

Allow me to point out the difference that is at present existing in Stanley in contrast with the proud boast of honesty and virtue, that used to be in years gone by.

At one time, a person could leave a coat in the road and it would be returned to the owner, or if the owner was unknown it would be handed to the police, but now all that is changed. It is well known how residents in Stanley who have not been too idle to cut plenty of peat, often find that their stacks suffer a serious shrinking

in one night and it is evidently a fact, that there are many who consider a neighbour's peat stack a rightful source of prey, and who prefer to roam around at night time with capacious sacks, rather than lose one drop of sweat by cutting their own peat.

It is not only the peat stacks that suffer by the action of these thieves, but also the gardens and even the fowl houses are robbed; I am sure this was not the case a few years back. It seems strange to me, that the intelligent body of men, who compose the police force do not make a few arrests, but evidently they are very short sighted in the dark.

But, Sir, there is a still more dangerous form of crime obtaining a strong foothold in Stanley.

This is a subject that in such a paper as your Magazine is, it is impossible for obvious reasons to enter into fully, but it is time that the only Falkland Island paper should protest against this crime.

Be it far from me to assert that all who are out walking on the roads at night are bad. Thank goodness, there are many good and pure who do so, but this fact cannot gloss over the faults of others.

Surely it is time some step was taken to arrest this evil and to stay its progress before it is too late. Cannot our law makers pass a special act to forbid young people being out after a reasonable hour without respectable protection, for it seems that religious instruction is utterly lost on some and therefore what cannot be done by persuasion should be done by force.

Should not all parents and guardians take more care than they do to see and become more acquainted with the characters of the strangers who lately have been made so much of, without first getting to really know them.

Hospitality has long been a virtue of Falkland Islanders, but some of this hospitality which has been so generously given, may and probably will bring in bitter returns for many.

"DELTA."

[We are glad that the attention of the Community should be drawn to subjects of such vital importance, and we commend the remarks made above to the careful consideration of parents and others. ED.]

COLLEGE OF ST. JOSEPH,
PUNTA ARENAS, CHILI,
DEC. 5TH 1903.

Dear Sir,

Before I left Stanley, the children of St. Mary's school gave me a most practical proof of their appreciation of my humble services for the two years I was their teacher; with the money so generously given to make me a suitable present I have got a handsome "writing desk," with the names of my little friends inscribed therein. This eloquent reminder of their

kindness and generosity will always be treasured most carefully, and through the columns of your magazine I offer them my warmest thanks and wish them all a happy, happy Christmas and many returns.

I am, dear Sir,
Yours respectfully
H. BREX.

BISHOPS AS FOOTBALLERS.

The visit to England of the Bishop of the Falkland Isles recalls that he is one of three Bishops of the Anglican Church who were once prominent as footballers in the north.

The Bishop "Bob" Avery, as he was then called, was a student under Dr. Lightfoot, Bishop of Durham, at Auckland Castle, when George Rodney Eden and G. H. Armour were also students. The three students all earned the reputation of being clever footballers in connection with the Bishop Auckland Church Institute Club, then the best Football eleven in the three northern counties.

"Bob" Avery became Bishop of the Falkland Islands, George Eden the Bishop of Wakefield, and G. H. Armour the Bishop of Adelaide (Australia).
COMMUNICATED.

DANGEROUS TOTAL ABSTINENCE.

It is not often that the perils of Temperance are pointed out, but the following note from a new book "With Macdonald in Uganda," (by Major H. Austin) will amuse our readers:—"When returning from a dinner party, a lion seized and knocked down an official, but realizing the mistake it had made, as quickly dropped him and seized the black man. I have been informed on very reliable authority that the fumes of the whiskey had proved too much for the olfactory nerves of the man-eater, who preferred his meat untainted!" Yet ladies are compelled to endure these "fumes" on the breath of so-called gentlemen in after dinner conversation. They have no alternative "black man" to turn to from the offensive Briton!"

Church of Ireland Gazette.

A WIFE'S DETERMINATION.

We think the following incident worth noticing, though it would not be useful as an example in many cases:—A well meaning man of the middle classes was tempted, and fell under the influence of alcohol. In consequence of his wife's efforts he signed the pledge, and kept it for some time faithfully. Then the drink crave came upon him, and he bought a bottle of whiskey. "You must not taste it," said Mrs. C., "I must, and I will," he answered, with many like words. She replied only, "very well," and produced two

glasses, which were placed between them, as she sat down opposite him at the table. "Why do you leave two glasses?" asked Mr. C. doubtfully. "Because I am going to drink exactly as much as you are, so begin if you like," the strong-minded woman said, with quiet resolution. His face changed. With a cry of "Never!" he flung away the bottle, and kept his pledge. To drink himself was one thing—to see the woman he loved under the influence of spirits was quite another. Her plan had succeeded in bringing him to his senses. We can vouch for the truth of the above story. *Church of Ireland Gazette.*

WRECK OF THE "ESTRELLA."

Many of our readers have been much amused by an advertisement of John Noble's, headed thus:—"Recovered from the wreck of the s. s. *Estrella*, on its voyage to the West Falkland Islands in July 1902." Then follows a sketch of a costume which is said to have been recovered after SEVEN WEEKS' immersion. If they had said seven hours, they would have been very near the truth.

The schooner *Estrella* was wrecked about 6 p.m. The mails were taken ashore next morning: when they were brought into Stanley, every effort was made at the Post Office to dry the letters, papers and parcels.

No doubt some of the parcels did not reach their owners until seven weeks after the wreck.

THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION.

The Annual Examination of all Schools in Stanley receiving Government aid was held on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, December 7, 8, and 9th. Alexander Moir, M. A. of Darwin, was the Examiner. The result of the examinations has not yet been sent in, Mr. Moir having started on his return journey to Darwin, on Thursday, Dec. 10th, taking the examination papers with him. On the whole the Teachers seem to be hopeful regarding the forth coming report. The children vary much in their opinions, some saying the questions were "very hard," others, "very easy." Mr. Moir quite gained their confidence by his kindly, gentle manner when examining them. It seemed a pity that the questions were not printed, children of 8 and 9 years of age found the typewritten carbon copies almost undecipherable.

GAZETTE NOTICES.

Appointment. His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Alan Leslie Allan, Esq., a Justice of the Peace.

Local Rates. The Annual Court prescribed by Ordinance of No. 5 of 1897 for the assessment of the annual value of house and other property in Stanley, will sit at the Court House at 11 a.m., on Monday, 11th January 1904.

Choir Fund.

A few weeks ago a special Appeal for £13 was made to Church people, through means of Subscription Lists, taken round the Settlement by four Choir boys. It resulted in a sum of £8 5¹/₆, which with two further Subscriptions of 11¹/₄ made the amount £8 16 10 towards the £13 needed. Had those who failed given from 1/- to 1¹/₆ each, their contributions would have almost made up the required amount.

Some may wonder how the money is spent, tho' detailed accounts appear each Easter. There is the Organist's salary, £12 per an.; the deposit in the Savings Bank to the Choir boys account of about £1 10 to £1 15 per quarter, and books and music for the use of the Choir. In this way £12 have been already expended since last Easter, and we have still the expenses of the next four months to meet, to say nothing of an Annual Picnic which costs a little over £2, between hire of steam launch, labour &c.

To those who so kindly responded to the appeal made we offer hearty thanks, and hereby acknowledge the sums received.

NORMAN WATT'S LIST:

<i>Ernest Linney</i>	1 0	<i>Mrs. Lewis</i>	2 0
<i>Mrs. Packe</i>	5 0	<i>Mr. John White</i>	2 6
" <i>Watt</i>	2 6	<i>Mrs. Fell</i>	2 0
" <i>Mannan</i>	2 6	<i>Mr. G. I. Turner</i>	2 0
" <i>Felton</i>	10 0	" <i>L. V. Oswald</i>	5 0
" <i>Riches</i>	2 0	<i>Mrs. F. I. King</i>	2 6
" <i>Bennett</i>	2 0	<i>A Scotchman "Oruba"</i>	1 0
" <i>Wilmer</i>	2 6	<i>Mrs. Rummel</i>	2 0
" <i>Jos. Aldridge</i>	1 0	" <i>F. Rowlands</i>	2 0
<i>H. E. The Governor</i>	1 0 0	" <i>Watson</i>	2 0
		<i>Darwin "</i>	2 0
		<i>A Friend</i>	1 0 0

WALTER SUMMERS' LIST:

<i>Mrs. Harding</i>	5 0	FRED HARDY'S LIST:	
" <i>Dean</i>	5 0	<i>Mrs. J. Kelway</i>	2 0
" <i>Luzton</i>	1 0	" <i>D. Smith</i>	5 0
" <i>Ar. Hardy</i>	2 6	" <i>T. King</i>	2 0
<i>Percy Brown</i>	1 0	" <i>W. R. Hardy</i>	4 0
<i>A. E. A.</i>	2 6	" <i>Paice</i>	2 6
<i>Dolly Cletheroe</i>	1 6	<i>C O. H.</i>	2 0
<i>L. A. B.</i>	2 0	<i>Nellie Aldridge</i>	1 0
<i>Mrs. Atkins Sr.</i>	2 0	<i>Gertie "</i>	1 0
" <i>R. Atkins</i>	2 0	<i>Mr. Gorton</i>	2 6
<i>Jack G. Turner</i>	5 0	<i>A Friend on the "Nympe"</i>	5 0
<i>Fred Allon</i>	1 0	<i>Mr. George Simpson</i>	6 4
<i>Charlie "</i>	1 6	<i>Already acknowledged</i>	7 0 8
<i>Mr. A. Pitaluga</i>	2 0		

DARWIN WATSON'S LIST:

<i>Mrs. Girling</i>	5 0	<i>Total amount received</i>	£15 17 6
<i>Miss Annie Armstrong</i>	1 0	<i>Christmas 1903.</i>	
" <i>Binnie</i>	5 0		
<i>Mrs. G. Turner</i>	2 6		
<i>Miss Gleadell</i>	2 0		

J. BRANDON
HON. TREAS.

The Choir Box hangs on the wall under the West window in the Cathedral.



NEWS LETTER.

DANCE.

A very pleasant dance was given in the Assembly Room on Wednesday, 25th November, by Messrs. H. Biddle, E. Binnie and suite. The room was very tastefully decorated with flags by Messrs. Woods and Barret, signalmen of H.M.S. *Nymphæ*. Dancing commenced at 8.30 p.m. and was kept up until 1 a.m. The duty of M.C. was taken in turn by Messrs. H. Biddle and E. Binnie, they kept the dances going very comfortably.

It was most unfortunate so many being ill in the settlement and unable to attend. However those who were present thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

COMMUNICATED.

WEST INDIAN HURRICANE. A FALKLANDER'S EXPERIENCE.

"The weather all the week had been very stormy with a good deal of wind; on Wednesday night it blew a gale and a great deal of rain fell; on Thursday morning it got worse, so H. went off to town about 8 a.m. and returned in an hour and a half with the news that a hurricane was on us. He brought a man with him, some boards and big nails and nailed up all the shutters. We were in darkness and had to light lamps. Then the storm burst with a vengeance, rain came down in torrents and the old house shook with the wind, the shutters in the upstairs windows blew away, the window panes blew in and the rain poured through them and through the ceiling into the rooms below; every thing had to be piled up in one corner to keep them dry; the children's was the only dry room. We could see the branches of the trees falling, in some cases the trees themselves, the fences, gates, &c. all went before the wind and rain; the downstairs floor were soon covered with over an inch deep of water, although we were mopping it up all the time with every cloth we could lay our hands on. About 9 p.m. the children's room began to leak, we had to take the children out of their beds and put them to sleep on our spring mattress to keep them off the wet floor. At 11 p.m. the wind went to the South east, we really thought the roof would be carried away, we had to shout at the top of our voices to hear each other. About 2 a.m. the wind began to go down. It will cost over £30 to repair all the damage done to the house and fences. The fruit trees are ruined, the oranges and other fruit lying on the ground, a loss of more than £100."

A.J.

Mr. and Mrs. "Paddy" Sullivan write under date, 14th July, 1908:—"We have had a lot of roaming about; after we landed at Quebec, we went to Montreal by train and from there to Toronto, from Toronto to Kingstown. We could not see our way clearly towards doing anything there, so we came to Port Arthur. We are now

41 miles from Port Arthur, in the Thunder Bay district. Paddy located a farm of 160 acres; we came here on Friday and are living in a tent until Paddy knocks up a log hut, he is working at it now. It is very hot weather and the mosquitoes are awful, they are nearly eating me at the present moment. This is a lovely country, any amount of wild fruit, fish and game; the speckled trout are lovely, we caught a feed on Sunday, we are going fishing to-day again. Our piece of land is nearly all forest, but by selling the wood, as we clear, we can make 4/- a day. We can live so cheaply here to what we can in the Falklands, you can do more with £20 here than you can with £100 out there.

We stayed at good places and lived well and went to amusements, yet we still have — in the bank, enough to keep us all the winter and a little over until we get some returns from our lot. If we are lucky enough to get any wolves in the winter, we'll get £3 a head for them. The fox skins fetch from £8 to £10 each. We have any amount of neighbours within walking distance of us, so I won't be lonely. We ought to make a good thing out of our potatoes, it is too late to plant anything now. We'll be able to get plenty of deer and moose in the winter and bears by all accounts. There are any amount of partridges round where we are, they look something like ordinary fowl and the chickens chirp just the same."

July 21st. "Jack is busy putting a log hut up. He has almost finished the sides and he has not been working a week at it, but it is heavy work for one man to cut and haul logs without help. I help him a little, I can use the saw all right, but the axe is beyond me. Well, I suppose, you would like to hear how I fared travelling round; I must say I enjoyed the ocean trip, both to Liverpool and Quebec, but the trains have horrible arrangements. We are 40 miles from Port Arthur and I am going to town tomorrow by train to get our baggage up. I don't enjoy the prospects of the trip, but Jack can't go, as he has to make a track to get our things carted in.

You'd like living here, there are any amount of wild strawberries growing all round us. I made about two pounds of strawberry jam yesterday; they are like English strawberries only smaller and sweeter. There are plenty of raspberries coming on, but they are not quite ripe yet.

You ought to see the frogs and toads, I've seen so many that I'm not afraid of them now and I catch them, they look so funny hopping about. There are heaps of wasps, I got a terrible sting the other day, it swelled my chin up. We are going to try and get some sheep, cattle and pigs for market, as people don't seem to think it is much for grain farming here. I wish you were all here with us, I am sure you would do well."

MR. BREEN writes from Sandy Point that he has been very well since he left the Colony, teaching in the Colegio San Jose and private pupils completely occupies his time. He will ever gratefully remember the kind things said by the number of friends who met at the Presbytery, Stanley, to bid him God-speed, shortly before he left.

Mr. . . . writes under date, Oct. 13, 1903, "We are getting on first rate in our new land, we arrived at Quebec on Monday, Sept. 31st, took train at 10 o'clock that night and arrived at Montreal at 6 o'clock the following morning. Changed there into the Transcontinental train and left at 9.40 a.m., arrived at Winnipeg at 11 o'clock on Thursday night, after about 70 hours train riding. It is wonderful train travelling across this country. It is surprising how they made this railway, the places they pass through; the scenery is wild, but grand, especially round the edge of Lake Superior. The scenes there cannot be described, and want seeing to be believed. The second day we were in Winnipeg I engaged with the Pacific Railway Co. as cook on one of the dining cars at 50 dollars a month with board, 50 dollars are equal to £10 8s. 4; don't you think that is a good start for a fresh arrival in a new country? We travel up and down the line; I have a mate to help me, whom they call a "cookey" out here. He does all the washing up, cleaning potatoes, &c., I do all the cooking. The "cookey" gets 30 dollars a month and board. Mrs. . . . is working also with the people we stay with; she gets 4 dollars a week and board, with board for the boy included. She wished to work to give us a good start. I think we have done very well so far. This is a grand country and I would advise any young people to come out here. We are having beautiful weather, they call it the "Indian Summer," it will continue like this until about the 9th or 15th November, then it starts to freeze up.

RICHARD MACKAY (Leicester Creek, Fox Bay) went to Dublin last winter to enter a hospital;—we heard last mail that "Dr. Haughton took his photograph with the X rays, the Surgeon of the Richmond hospital wished it taken again in another position, he went the second time on Oct. 6th. The Dr. thought that no operation might be necessary, only splints; said he knew Mrs. Brandon in the Falklands; he took great interest in the case, said he never saw anything like it before, and was most kind. On Oct. 7th, Richard complained of a sore throat, and on the 8th a Dr. was called in who said he was suffering from Diphtheria and had him removed at once to the Fever hospital, where the disease having been taken in time, he is going on very well. While in a tram car he was conscious of a very unpleasant odour, it is supposed that he must have contracted the disease there, as the house,

drains, and water supply were all carefully inspected and found to be perfect. Every thing was removed from the room and taken away to be disinfected; but most of them came back totally ruined.

MR. WILLIAM NEWING writes from a couple of hours outside Pretoria:—He likes the country very well: the Falkland gales are zephyrs compared to the winds in South Africa. He is with a Surveying party, acts as their cook at £25 per month with board and lodging (a tent) free. Gets a day off now and again for a run into Pretoria.

MR. ARTHUR WOOD is in Rhodesia.

H. M. S. "NYMPHE" ran up to the mast-head her "paying off" pennant on Nov. 29th, a white streamer about 40 yards long, ending in a golden ball. On Tuesday, December 1st, the day on which she was to sail for the old country, via The Plate, &c., a large party of friends were entertained at lunch on board by the Captain and Officers. When the time for sailing—3 o'clock p.m. arrived—the guests were transferred to the "Beagle," round which the "Nymphe" steamed and was greeted with hearty cheers, and signals of farewell which she returned.

Stanley saw the last of the "Nymphe" with much regret. They had all made many friends and were general favourites with the community at large. As a rule the crew was noted for steady, good behaviour when on leave. Many a hearty wish for a good voyage and safe return home accompanied them as they steamed away.

H. M. S. "Beagle" was stationed on the East coast of Africa, for about two years; during the time she was cruising between Zanzibar and the Cape and saw something of the war operations in the latter place. She expects her relief early in 1904. It is the fourth time that the "Beagle" herself has been on this station. Mary seeing her steaming up the harbour to her old station, remarked, that "she could now find her own way there."

THE "SCOTIA."

All Stanley was very pleased to see the "Scotia" return in safety from her perilous voyage to the Antarctic regions.

We hope to give a more extended account of her trip in our next issue.

She was eight months in the ice; a north east gale setting her free at last. She was in five days' time anchored in Stanley.

A small detachment of scientific men and others remained in South Orkney to make observations, &c.

The dogs they took with them from the Falklands pulled well in the sledges, but their feet could not stand the cold of the ice.

The only regrettable circumstance connected with their stay in the Antarctic regions was the death of the Chief Engineer from heart disease;

he was ill for about 12 or 13 weeks before his death.

Dr. Bruce sailed for Monte Video in the mail s. s. "Orissa" to telegraph home the news of their safe return. The "Scotia" sailed next day, Dec. 9th, for Monte Video to be docked and refitted, she will then return here for her stores and go down to the south again.

THE NORWEGIAN ANTARCTIC.

The Argentine Search Vessel found the officers and crew of the Antarctic encamped on the ice; the vessel had been "squeezed" by the ice last January and became a wreck: but they were able to get all their provisions &c. ashore, or rather on to the ice, where they remained all winter: the provisions were eked out by all the penguins and seals they could find. The Antarctic had not got far South when the disaster happened.

THE FALKLAND ISLANDS HARVEST.

Shearing is now general all over the Colony. "Sheep are shearing very well—both in quantity and quality—hope prices will keep up for wool?" so report says.

The lamb crop was very good, 115 per cent being reported from one farm.

A frost, which seems to have been almost universal on the East and West Falklands, did the potatoes much damage during the week commencing Nov. 29th; but Stanley fortunately escaped.

"WALKING CONTEST IN STANLEY.

The great Walking Contest which was unavoidably postponed has now been definitely arranged to take place on Saturday next, Nov. 28th, at 3 p.m. sharp.

Walking in Fancy Dress is cordially invited.

The Start will be made from the Notice Board. Competitors to be at the starting point by 2.45 p.m. Walk to the Peninsula Fence and back, finishing at the Dockyard Gate.

(Course went towards the big rookery, s. e. then to peninsula fence and straight back to Stanley.

Rules of Race.

1. Go-as-you-please walk. All competitors to start at scratch.
2. Each competitor to fasten his number to the right breast.
3. Loss of number will disqualify a competitor.
4. Running in any manner " " "

The walk will be headed by a Guide. All competitors to follow his course. Pacers will accompany the walkers and will hold the right to disqualify any competitor infringing the above rules.

1st Prize, Kelper, £2 10s. 1st Prize, Naval £2 10.
2nd £2. 3rd £1.

Starter: Lieut. N. C. A. Moore, R.N.

Judges: W.A. Harding, Esq.; & G. Trodd, C.C.M.

Committee: J. Woods, G.H. Impett, J. McIntosh.

Hon. Treas. H. Biddle, Gnr., R. N.

Guide: C. Kelway. Pacers: J. Woods,
F. Atherton, F. Buse, J. McIntosh."

THE WALKING CONTEST took place as appointed. A fearful squall of wind and rain came from the North West between 2 and 3 o'clock, but cleared off at 3 p.m. in time for the Contest.

The course was zigzag, in a South East direction towards the "Big Rookery," thence to the Peninsula fence (Mr. James Smith's) and back to Stanley.

Many started:—

First:—Fritz Lellman; who came in three and a half minutes ahead of

Second:—Richard Dettleff.

Third:—Osborne, Stoker, H.M.S. "Nymphie."

Fourth:—William Maunan.

The prizes were distributed by His Excellency W. Grey-Wilson, C. M. G.

N. B. A detailed account will appear in the next number.

GARDENING:—The slackest time for vegetables is in early spring from Sept. to November. Now this need not be unless we have another winter like that of 1902.

Sow Enfield market cabbage seed in December, plant out in a sheltered well manured spot as soon as the potatoes are lifted, the drills should be eighteen (18) inches apart, the plants but nine (9) inches one from the other; thus all losses through frost and wind will be guarded against: there will be plenty of spare plants to sell in the early spring at five shillings (5/-) per hundred (100): and white cabbage in November. The stumps will bear, during summer, autumn and winter clusters of shoots for greens and one or two white heads apiece.

In autumn plant against the fences or at each side of the pathways in the garden all the cabbage stumps which have been cut during the summer: place them six (6) inches apart and bury them deeply, leaving the tops about two (2) inches above ground; large quantities of greens and eventually one or two hearts will be the crop in early spring and all through summer. Never throw away a living cabbage stump, it will repay your charity a hundred fold.

BARQUE WILLSCOTT. This American vessel, bound from Philadelphia to San Diego with a cargo of coal arrived off the lighthouse on the afternoon of the 26th of November, in a disabled condition. The "Samson" went out to her and towed her into Stanley Harbour the same night. The Captain reports that he was 67 days trying to get round Cape Horn, and that about 10 days before he arrived here he lost his fore and main topmast heads, besides incurring a lot of damage to his steering gear and other parts. Since coming here it has been discovered that the coal is on fire, and a quantity has been discharged into the hulk "J.P. Smith," and the Captain has

issued a notice calling for tenders to purchase of this. Mrs. Macloon, the Captain's wife, is on board, and according to all accounts is a lady who has seen much of the world, and will make the best of a bad job like the present,—which, after all, might have been so much worse.

BARQUE LURLEY. This vessel, from Liverpool to Iquique with a general cargo, put back here on the 28th of November having been no less than 152 days on her voyage. She had been battling with contrary winds and gales for 80 odd days in her endeavour to get to the westward of Cape Horn, and the supply of water had given out. As soon as the vessel arrived in this port the crew refused duty and expressed their determination not to proceed in her; consequently they were sent to goal, and upon their release were put on board, when they once more refused to turn to, and at the present time they are undergoing a second spell of imprisonment. A few repairs are being effected, but it seems that the Captain will have more trouble with his men than with the ship.

GERMAN SHIP EMILIE. This vessel, with general cargo from Antwerp to Los Angeles, ran back here on December 12th, having sustained serious damage to her rigging and yards off Cape Horn. She sailed up Port William and was towed into the Harbour by the "Samson." The Captain also reports that he experienced dreadful weather, and this may account for the influx of ships during the last month.

SHIP THIRLMERE. This vessel after thorough repairs here, including the stepping of a new mainmast, which was sent out from home, left on the 14th December for the completion of her voyage to Seattle. Towed out by the "Samson," she picked up a strong Northerly breeze, which lasted two whole days, and should take her well on her way to Cape Horn, and it is possible that good luck may attend her, and that she may make a quick passage to her destination.

COMMUNICATED.

LIEUTENANT SINGLETON BONNER (San Carlos S.) after serving in the Transvaal—both during the war and since—returned to England on leave in November. He just missed meeting at St. Vincent, his brother—George Bonner Esq.—as the latter was returning to the Falkland Islands.

MISS MIDDLETON, Lady Dentist, has come back to the Colony from Punta Arenas. She intends to go to Darwin for a month. Afterwards her stay in Stanley will depend on the amount of work there may be for her. Her work is highly spoken of & her charges are said to be reasonable.

PENNY SAVINGS BANK. All depositors are reminded that the books are balanced each year on Dec. 31st. They are requested to send in their bank books to Mr. & Mrs. Durso, Government Schools, or to Dean Brandon, The Parsonage, Stanley.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

- Nov. 23. *Hornet* from Darwin.
 „ 26. *Oruba* from Liverpool.
 Pass:—Dr. and Mrs. Keay and 3 children, Mr. and Mrs. G. Bonner, 3 children and Governess, Miss Bella Coutts, Messrs. Allen Biggs, W. McCall & Fraser (2.)
 „ „ H.M.S. *Beagle* from M. Video.
 „ „ Bk. *Willscott* from Philadelphia.
 „ 27. Sch. *Rippling Wave* from Sandy Point.
 „ 28. Bk. *Lurley* from Liverpool.
 „ 29. *Fortuna* from Darwin &c.
 Dec. 2. *Scotia* from Antarctic.
 „ 8. *Hornet* from Speedwell, Fox Bay &c. Pass:—Rev. C. K. Blount & Jason Hansen Esq.
 „ 8 s.s. *Orissa* from Valparaiso.
 Pass:—Mrs. Mann, 3 children and Maid, Miss Middleton (Dentist), Mr. T. Watson.
 „ 12. *Emilie* from Antwerp.

DEPARTURES.

- Nov. 18. *Hornet* for Darwin & Walker Creek.
 „ 20. *Fortuna* for Darwin. Pass:—Mrs. Blount and 2 children, Mrs. Allan.
 „ 23. *Fair Rosamond* for Teal Inlet & West Falklands. Pass:—Mr. T. Binnie.
 „ 26. *Oruba* for Valparaiso.
 „ 28. *Hornet* for Fox Bay, Speedwell, &c. Pass—Mr. and Mrs. D. Smith, Miss D. Dickson.
 „ 30. *Rippling Wave* for Gallegos.
 Dec. 1. H. M. S. *Nympe* for Monte Video.
 „ 3. *Fortuna* for North Arm, Fox Bay & San Carlos.
 Contract Shearers. Messrs. J. McLaren, Fraser (2).
 „ 8 s.s. *Orissa* for Liverpool.
 Pass:—Miss Silversides, Dr. Bruce (Scotia), Capt. Dougall (Agent re Thirlmere.)
 „ 12. *Hornet* for North Arm.
 „ 14. *Thirlmere* for Seattle.

MISS MIDDLETON, Dentist,

is going to Darwin for one month. During her absence she requests that those who may require her professional services, will kindly send in their names to Mrs. Lellman, that on her return from Darwin, Miss Middleton may be able to decide if she will remain for some time in Stanley.

Forms on Sale at Government Offices.

The following Forms may be purchased at the Government Offices:—

Power of Attorney in English or Spanish	...	...	6d. each.
Conveying Deed	...	...	2/6 "
Forms of Will	...	...	1/- "
Customs Bills of Entry	...	...	½d. "

FOR SALE.

- 1 Iron bedstead. Black & brass. 6' 6" x 4' 6"
- 1 double wove wire spring mattress
- 1 pair portable pillars with swing wings for curtains
- 1 Horse hair mattress, newly covered with linen ticking,
- Complete as above £7 0 0
- 1 Enamelled Iron full size reclining bath £6 0 0
- 1 Ewart's patent Geyser with pipe to connect with
cold water tank outside, and vent pipe. Hot bath in half an hour £9 0 0

The above goods will be delivered on board any schooner at Xmas Harbour, but no further freights will be paid.

Application may be made either to C. G. A. ANSON of "The Chartres," or to the VERY REV. DEAN BRANDON, Stanley.

DWELLING HOUSE, Washing House—containing Two Copper Boilers; Two Peat Sheds: Three 400 gallon Tanks: One Stable: Two other Sheds.

Situated in the centre of Stanley: standing on a large plot of land; the unoccupied portion of which has been all under cultivation.

Might be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Apply to James Sharp, Stanley.

THAT PORTION of LAND (fenced in) directly to the southward of the STANLEY BAPTIST CHAPEL, belonging to the estate of the late Mr. John Langdon. Apply to Mr. F. I. King.

MRS. ROBERT YATES takes in washing, or if required, goes out washing and charing by the day.

GOERZ TRIEDER

BINOCULAR and

MONOCULAR GLASSES.

The Best Glass extant for general purposes, a large field of view, brilliant definition, ease of manipulation and extreme portability being a few of the good points embraced.

Advertised Price. Binocular.			Post free in Strong Leather Sling Case at following price.		
No.	Magnification	Price.			
A 10	3 Diameters	£5 15 0		£5	0 0
B 20	6 „	6 10 0		5 15	0
C 30	9 „	7 5 0		6 5	0
D 40	12 „	9 10 0		8 10	0

MONOCULAR.					
No.	Magnification	Price.			
E 10	3 Diameters.	£2 5 0		£1 18	0
F 20	6 „	2 15 0		2 5	6
G 30	9 „	3 0 0		2 12	0
H 40	12 „	4 0 0		3 6	0

Orders to be written carefully, giving the Name and Address and the distinguishing letter of the Glass wished for and enclosing a Cheque or Draft for the amount.

All orders and remittances to be addressed to,

MISS WILLIS,

PORT STANLEY.

W. R. Hardy,

KELPER STORE,

Invites the General Public of Stanley to call and see his grand Selection of Xmas Presents and New Year Gifts:—
Comprising Ladies Silk ties, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Aprons, Skirts, Under skirts, Stockings, Gloves, Jackets. Beautiful sun shades.

Splendid range of Ladies' blouses, cheapest in Town.

Boys' jerseys, Velvet suits, and various other goods suitable for Xmas Presents.

WE ALSO HOLD A LARGE AND VARIOUS SELECTION OF
Pipes, Pouches, Match boxes, Cigar holders, Knives, Razor strops, Scents, Walking sticks, etc. etc.

Also Largest and best variety of Toys in Stanley now on view.

Picture frames and photo frames in great variety.

Views of Christ Church with Clock and Tower complete can be bought at the above address from Locket size upwards, also mounted on Xmas and New Year cards and Post cards.

Pictorial post cards of the Falklands sold here.

Kelper's Social Club.

The Members hope for a grand time during the Xmas Holidays.

Any one wanting a HOT BATH can get one at the above address at shortest possible notice, Towels, soap and plenty of HOT WATER for 1/6.
LOOK SMART FOR CHRISTMAS and get your hair cut shorter at W. R. HARDY'S any time during the week.

CLOSED ON SUNDAYS.

LUBRICATING OIL

Is invaluable to farmers at shearing time for sharpening shears etc. etc.

In barrels containing about 40 Galls. Price 40/- per barrel, or retailed at 1/6 per gall. in quantities of not less than 5 gallons.

William's Store.

Just Arrived.

Ladies' Jackets, Hats, Dress skirts, Dress lengths, Velveteen blouses, Vyella blouses—The Best and Cheapest in Town. Black jersey jackets, Umbrellas, Corsets of the best makes such as "Prima Donna," "Madame Jean" etc. Walking out shoes, Dancing shoes with two or three straps. A large consignment of Xmas goods expected by next mail.

Wedding Rings. Presents in great variety.

Gentlemen's black diagonal suits, best Scotch tweed suits, best Scotch tweed trousers, White shirts, Collars and neckties. Gold plated studs.

Singlets and drawers in great variety. Tweed caps, Hats.

Celebrated "Westminster" boots. Dancing shoes with straps over the instep.

William's Store.