

C.S.

SEALING

(Seal Fishery
Protection)

1922

No. 144/22

SHI/VES/1 # 9

Governor.

SUBJECT.

1922

10th February

Previous Paper.

Instructions to armed guard and master of H.M.C.S.
"Afterglow" regarding duties.

MINUTES.

Minute from Governor of 10/2/22

Encl (1)

Copy of Instructions

Encl (2)

*6 copies of instructions to be typed for
Governor's signature They sh. be marked confidential*

W.H.H.

W.H.H. 17/2/22

Government has a list

*Will you please advise as to
what places should be declared at night to
be seal reserves*

W.H.H.

17/2/22

Hon. Col. Sec

*I would suggest that the following
places be declared Seal Reserves and also
the territorial waters adjacent to each.*

*2/. I have included all the areas where
seal occurs, in the light of present knowledge
any reasonable chance of seal occurring,
except as single strays, and ~~that~~ ^{not} many
appear*

Subsequent Paper.

appear at almost any part of the coast

3. List of localities

(a) East Falkland, Volunteer Rocks and

the coast of section 51 and 52 with
any adjacent rocks,
Beauchamp Island.

(b) West Falkland. Coast of section

11 (one) and Pebble Island: ledge and
wreck islands: Flat, Elephant and

South Jason, North and South Jay, the

island between flat Jason and Grand

Jason, the small island to the east of

flat Jason, Jason Cay, Gibraltar Reef,

Split Island, Bird and Fourth (two outer)

Passage Islands, North and Saddle

Islands, the West, South-West and

South coasts of New, Beaver and

Weddell Islands, Stuart and Tea

Islands: Sea Dog Island, the coast

of West Falkland from Cape Corvo

to Port Edgar entrance: Arch Island

and Helemarle Rocks and all

small islands and rocks lying

off any of the places named above.

Y.H. Cunningham
Govt. Naturalist.

18/2/22

H.C.S.

In the presence

I think it will be sufficient to declare as

State Reserves the ~~the~~ material waters of the

Colony and those places ^{or} which Govt. Naturalist

has already reported here to be viz: Elephant

Island, Bird Island, Beauchamp Island and

Volunteer Rocks.

2. T.O.E. Co. See & 9 da 8/1921. Sh. 20 Nov 1922

Yl.
Submitted

2. Will Yl. be pleased to sign the instructions for the armed guard and the master of the afterguard.

A copy of each set of instructions should be given to the Wm. and the Nationalist. Is each member of the guard to have a copy?

ttttt 20/2/22

20 Feb 1922

Minute to Harbour Master d 21/2/22 Encl (3)

Extract from minutes of meeting of the Executive Council held on the 22nd February, 1922.

Under Section 7 of the Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921, the Council approved the issue of a Notice declaring the territorial waters of the Colony, Elephant Jason Island, Bird Island, Volunteer Rocks and Beauchene Island to be Seal Reserves.

W. H. Brown.
Clerk of the Executive Council.
22nd February, 1922.

Despatch No 31 to Secy. 22nd Feb 1922 Encl (2)

Yl. Despatch submitted

ttttt 22/2/22

It will be sufficient that
Mund-in-chay should
have a copy.

C.L.
Desb. to Secy
with copy of Instructions.
ttttt 21/2

Despatch no. 6.

Y.B.
Despatch

Apr 1922 Ordinance
P.P. 9/22/22 in
front of ③ sent
to Capt. Cairns
9.8.52.

the
R
10.

ACB
see note above. The P.P. were
old instructions to armed forces.
2 months. Ag. B.O. for return
2/18.

Y.B.
Submission

Would Y.B. be pleased to sign
two copies of the Order enclosed

will 11/5/52
Dr.
11 May 1952

3rd Personal Note to Registrar 15 May 1952 — Incl. ⑥
forwarding Notice of Seal Rescues.

Laid on the Table at Meeting of Legislative Council
held on the 11th of August, 1922.

W. Baileys
Ag. Clerk, Legislative Council

Off.

There is now a letter from
Capt. Cairns for this file - re P.O.

8
17.9.

BU 20/8/52
17/9/52
Mr. S. 17/9/52
see notes to you

Letter from C.O. HMS. St. Austell Bay of 11/9/52.

AGB
In view of events subsequent to ② the documents
should be returned to us 2nd

20/x.

11.
BU. 20/x/52

Memo. to C.O. H.M.S. St. Austell Bay of
21/10/52.

12

B.U. 21/10
24/10

13 Letter from C.O. H.M.S. St. Austell Bay

of 22.X.52

JCS

(13) The documents were not however returned
to Secretary, etc

8
27/10

A.C.S. Presumably with other matter left to be handed
to Snips. HAN

27/10

19

①

DATE.....

From Governor to Colonial Secretary.

After discussion with Mr. Herbert Hodge I have
prepared in connection with Seal Fishery Ordinance
1921 Rough Draft of instructions to Masters of
Patrol Boats & armed guards at St. John's Island
and I shall be glad if you will make any
amendment or addition which you may consider
necessary.

J.H.

10 Feb 1922

P.S. I got the original of the instructions
with the proposed rules from Mr. Hodge.

3

No. 144/22
(It is requested that, in any reference to this minute, the above number and the date may be quoted).

MINUTE.

21st February, 1922

To... The Harbour Master

Stanley

From

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,
Stanley, Falkland Islands.

I am directed by the Governor to transmit to you two copies of Instructions to the Armed Guard at Jason Island and to the Master of the "Afterglow". Will you please hand one copy to the Master and one to Mr. Austin, the Guard-in-charge of the Armed Guard, and retain a copy of each set of instructions for your own use.

Colonial Secretary.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE MASTER OF H.M.C.S. "AFTERGLOW"

1. H.M.C.S. "Afterglow" is a vessel duly employed within the meaning of Section 13 of the Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921, for enforcing the provisions of that Ordinance.
2. The Master has been appointed, by Government Notice, No. 127 of the 31st of December, 1921, to be a Seal Fishery Officer under Section 3 of the Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921.

He shall make himself thoroughly acquainted with the provisions of that Ordinance and especially with Sections 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16 and 17, the actual wording of which he shall note carefully.

Suspected Vessels.

3. The powers of a Seal Fishery Officer in respect of a vessel within the territorial waters of the Colony (i.e. within the 3 mile limit) engaged or believed to be engaged or concerned in seal fishing are clearly defined by Section 10 of the Ordinance.
4. If any vessel is found in the waters of the Colony and is suspected to be engaged or concerned in seal fishing, the Master will make a signal by the international ^{45 mds} code for the vessel to bring to. At the time when the signal is made the "Afterglow" shall fly the British Blue Ensign (with the badge of the Colony emblazoned on it) and a pendant.

5. If the vessel does not bring to on signal made, chase shall be given and, if necessary, continued outside territorial waters, provided that the vessel was in territorial waters when the chase began and that the chase was continuous: there is otherwise no power to overhaul or to arrest vessels outside territorial waters.
6. The signal to bring to should be kept flying, and if on chase being given the vessel does not bring to, the 3 pdr. Hotchkiss gun should be fired across the bows of the vessel as a warning signal.
7. The Master has power, under Section 13 of the Ordinance, to fire at or into the vessel, but this power should only be exercised as an extreme measure in case all other warnings are disregarded.
8. In carrying out these instructions, it should not be overlooked that a vessel engaged in illicit sealing may have a crew of foreign nationality and may not have the international code of signals, and due allowance should be made for such a contingency.
9. When giving chase to or arresting a suspected vessel, the Lewis gun, rifles and revolvers are only to be used in self defence.
10. Firing must be controlled, and there shall be no firing except on the word of command of the Master.
11. When approaching a suspected vessel the crew will carry rifles or revolvers.

Protection of Seal Reserves.

12. The following have been declared Seal Reserves under Section 7 of the Ordinance, namely,
- The Southern Water of the Colony
Seymour Island
Bird Island
Vancouver Rocks
Beauchamp Island*
13. A person commits an offence against the Ordinance who,
- (a) Kills, takes or hunts, or attempts to kill or take, any seal in the Colony or the Colonial waters thereof, without a licence.
 - (b) Has in his possession any seal or seal skin for the lawful possession of which he cannot account satisfactorily.
 - (c) Refuses or neglects to comply with any requisition or direction lawfully made or given by, or to answer any question lawfully asked by a Seal Fishery Officer.
14. A Seal Fishery Officer has power under Section 16 of the Ordinance
- (a) To arrest, detain and bring before a competent court any person committing or appearing to be about to commit an offence against the provisions of the Ordinance.
 - (b) To use force for the prevention of any such offence or for the purpose of effecting an arrest.
15. Fire must be controlled and there must be no firing, on any account whatsoever, except on the word of command of the Master, who if it becomes necessary to order the crew to fire, will exercise a humane discretion in deciding both the number of rounds and the object to be aimed at.
16. The Master shall not order the crew to fire unless the use of firearms is plainly necessary and until after distinct warning has been given that the crew is about to fire and that firing will be effectual; and generally he should bear in mind that it is his duty to use no more force than

necessary and to discontinue its use altogether the moment he can safely do so.

4

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 31.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

STANLEY,

22nd February, 1922.

Sir,

In duplicate

With reference to paragraph 3 of my despatch of the 25th November, 1921, I have the honour to transmit copies of instructions which have been issued to those employed in preventive duties in connection with the protection of the fur seal rookeries in the Colony.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,

humble servant,

J. Middleton.

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

W. L. S. CHURCHILL, M.P.,

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

ORDER BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR PRESCRIBING,
UNDER SECTION 14 OF THE SEAL FISHERY (CONSOLIDATION)
ORDINANCE, 1921, THE MANNER IN WHICH THE ARMED GUARD
STATIONED AT ELEPHANT JASON ISLAND SHALL PERFORM
THEIR DUTIES.

1. The armed guard shall make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the provisions of the Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921, and especially with Sections 9, 14 and 16, the exact wording of which should be carefully noted.
2. Elephant Jason Island has been declared a Seal Reserve under Section 7 of the Ordinance.
3. A person commits an offence against the Ordinance who:-
 - (a) Kills, takes or hunts, or attempts to kill or take any seal in the Colony or the Colonial waters thereof, without a licence.
 - (b) Has in his possession an seal or seal skin for the lawful possession of which he cannot account satisfactorily
 - (c) Refuses or neglects to comply with any requisition or direction lawfully made or given by, or to answer any question lawfully asked by an armed guard.
4. An armed guard has power under Section 16 of the Ordinance
 - (a) To arrest, detain and bring before a competent court any person committing, or appearing to be about to commit, an offence against the provisions of the Ordinance.
 - (b) To use force for the prevention of any such offence or for the purpose of effecting an arrest
5. If any vessel seen in the vicinity of Elephant Jason Island, is suspected to be engaged or concerned in seal fishing, or to be about to commit an offence under the Ordinance, the Guard-in-charge shall make the signal by the international code of signals:

"Seal Reserve, Landing Prohibited"

6. If a/

6. If a boat is launched from the vessel the Guard-in-charge shall make the signal by the international code of signals:

"If you persist you will be fired on"

7. The Guard-in-charge shall bear in mind that a vessel engaged or suspected to be engaged in seal fishing may have a crew of foreign nationality and may not have the international code of signals, and due allowance shall be made for such a contingency.
8. If the attempt to land is continued the Guard-in-charge shall fire a warning shot from the 12 pdr Hotchkiss gun. If the attempt is further persisted in the Guard-in-charge may fire to disable the vessel or boat, but this will be done as an extreme measure only.
9. The Seal Rock is separated from Elephant Jason Island by deep water, and it is not practicable for the Armed Guard to effect the arrest of persons on the Seal Rock committing or appearing to be about to commit an offence against the Ordinance.
10. It is the duty, however, of the Armed Guard to prevent and, if necessary, to use force for the prevention of an offence against the provisions of the Ordinance.
11. Firing is never to be resorted to except for self defence or when in the opinion of the Guard-in-charge no other sufficient means are available to prevent an offence being committed against the provisions of the Ordinance and then only after full and distinct warning has been given to those concerned that the Guard is about to fire and that firing will be effectual.

12. Fire must be controlled and there must be no firing on any account, whatsoever, except on the word of command of the Guard-in-charge who, if it becomes necessary to order the Guard to fire, will exercise a humane discretion in deciding both the number of rounds and the object to be fired at.
13. The Guard-in-charge shall not fire and shall not order the Guard to fire unless the use of firearms is plainly necessary: and generally he shall bear in mind that it is his duty to use no more force than is necessary and to discontinue its use altogether the moment he can safely do so.
14. The Lewis gun is on no account, whatsoever, to be used except when in the opinion of the Guard-in-charge it is necessary for the defence of the Guard: this order does not prohibit the use and firing of the Lewis gun for training and practice.

W. H. M. M. M.

Governor.

Date... *20th February 1923*

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 8 of 1921.

I ASSENT,
J. MIDDLETON,
Governor.
23rd December, 1921.

An Ordinance To Consolidate and Amend the Laws relating to Seal Fishery in the Colony and its Dependencies.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as “The Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921”. Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance:—

Definitions.

“Seal” means the fur seal, the hair seal, the sea otter, the sea elephant, the sea leopard, the sea bear, the sea lion, the sea dog and any animal of the seal kind.

“Skin” means the skin of any seal.

“Seal reserve” means any portion of land or water within the limits of the Colony set apart by the Governor in Council for the breeding of seals.

3. (1) The provisions of this Ordinance shall be enforced by Seal Fishery Officers.

Appointment of Seal
Fishery Officers.

(2) The following persons shall be seal fishery officers that is to say, every commissioned officer of any of His Majesty's ships on full pay, and every officer in the employ of the Government of the Colony authorised in that behalf by the Governor.

4. It shall not be lawful for any person to kill, take or hunt, or attempt to kill or take any seal in the Colony or the Colonial waters thereof, unless he shall first have been duly licenced.

Unlawful to take seal
in the Colony with-
out a licence.

5. (1) Such officer as the Governor may appoint for the purpose may grant licences to take seals in the Colony and the Colonial waters thereof, to such persons as may apply for them, for such periods and on such terms and conditions as may be approved by the Governor.

Granting of Sealing
Licences.

(2) In the case of the breach by the holder of a licence of any of the provisions of this Ordinance, or of the regulations made thereunder or of any of the conditions under which such licence may have been granted, the Governor may, by notice in writing, summarily revoke such licence, and thereupon all rights conferred thereby or enjoyed thereunder shall cease as from a date mentioned in such notice.

Power to revoke
licences.



Regulations.

6. (1) The Governor in Council may from time to time make regulations for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance and the intent and object thereof.

(2) Any person guilty of an offence against any provision of the regulations made under this section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Twenty-five Pounds.

Seal Reserve.

7. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council from time to time to declare, by notification in the Gazette, any Crown land or Colonial waters, or with the consent of the owner or lessee, any private land, to be a seal reserve, and, by notification in the Gazette, to revoke and declare to be no longer in force any such notification as aforesaid.

Liability of an owner or master of a vessel.

8. Any owner or master or other person in charge of any vessel who shall permit such vessel, or any boat or canoe belonging to such vessel, to be employed in killing or taking seals in the Colony or the Colonial waters thereof without a licence under this Ordinance or contrary to the terms of or beyond the limits specified in any licence granted to him under this Ordinance, shall forfeit any seals so killed or taken, and any seals, seal-oil or skins found in his possession, and in addition thereto shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Three Hundred Pounds and to imprisonment with hard labour for a period not exceeding twelve months for each offence.

Offences and penalties and forfeitures consequent thereon.

9. Any person who does any of the following acts shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance, and shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding One Hundred Pounds and to imprisonment with hard labour for a period not exceeding six months for each such offence, and to forfeit any seals, seal-oil, or skins found in his possession:-

(a) Kills, takes or hunts, or attempts to kill or take, any seal in the Colony or the Colonial waters thereof without a licence under this Ordinance, or contrary to the terms of, or beyond the limits specified in, any licence granted to him under this Ordinance.

(b) Has in his possession, or in any vessel under his command, any seal, seal-oil, skins, for the lawful possession of which he cannot account satisfactorily.

Powers of Seal Fishery Officers.

10. For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Ordinance and of any regulation made by the Governor in Council under this Ordinance a seal fishery officer may, with respect to any vessel found within the limits of the territorial waters of the Colony engaged or believed to be engaged or concerned in seal fishing, exercise the following powers:-

(1) He may go on board at any time.

(2) He may require the owner, master, or crew, or any of them to produce any certificates of registry, licences, official log books, official papers, articles of agreement, muster rolls, and other documents relating to the vessel, which are in their respective possession or control on board the vessel and may take copies thereof or of any part thereof.

(3) He may muster the crew of the vessel.

(4) He may require the master to appear and to give any explanation concerning his vessel and the said certificates of registry, official log books, official papers, articles of agreement, muster rolls and other documents or any of them.

(5) He may make any examination or enquiry which he deems necessary to ascertain whether any contravention of the provisions of this Ordinance or of any regulation as aforesaid has been committed.

(6) In the case of any person who appears to him to have committed any such contravention he may, without summons, warrant or other process, both take the offender and the vessel to which he belongs and the crew thereof to a port of entry in the

Colony or its Dependencies, as defined by the Customs Ordinance, 1903, and bring him or them before a competent court and detain him, it and them in the port until the alleged contravention has been adjudicated upon, or until the master of the said vessel has given security to be approved by the Chief Justice or a Magistrate of the Colony to abide the event of any action, suit, or other legal proceeding that may be instituted in respect of such vessel or of any person belonging thereto, and to pay all penalties, costs and damages that may be awarded them. In any legal proceeding under this subsection the person giving security may be deemed to be the owner of the detained vessel.

11. No seal fishery officer shall be liable for any costs or damages in respect of any vessel detained under this Ordinance unless the detention is proved to have been made without reasonable grounds.

Protection of Seal Fishery Officers.

12. If any vessel found in the waters of the Colony and suspected by a seal fishery officer to be engaged or concerned in seal fishing, shall not bring to upon signal made by any ship or boat in His Majesty's service or in the service of the Colonial Government, by hoisting the proper pendant or ensign, whereupon chase shall be given, and any person on board such vessel shall, during chase or before such vessel shall bring to, throw overboard any part of her lading, such vessel shall be forfeited.

Vessel not bringing to when summoned or throwing overboard goods during chase to be forfeited.

13. If any vessel liable to seizure or examination under this Ordinance shall not bring to when required to do so, the master of such vessel shall forfeit the sum of Fifty Pounds: and on such vessel being chased by any vessel in His Majesty's Navy, or duly employed for enforcing the provisions of this Ordinance, having a proper pendant or ensign hoisted, it shall be lawful for the captain, master or other person having the charge or command of such vessel in His Majesty's Navy, or employed as aforesaid (first causing a gun to be fired as a signal), to fire at or into such vessel, and such captain, master, or other person acting in his aid or by his direction shall be and is hereby indemnified and discharged from any indictment penalty, action, or other proceeding for so doing.

Vessel not bringing to when required to. penalty £50.

14. The Governor may cause an armed guard to be stationed at or in the vicinity of any Seal Reserve for the purpose of the further enforcement of the provisions of this Ordinance and may prescribe by order under his hand the manner in which such guard shall perform their duties.

Armed Guard may be stationed at a Seal Reserve.

15. If any person refuses or neglects to comply with any requisition or direction lawfully made or given by, or to answer any question lawfully asked by any seal fishery officer or armed guard such person shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding One hundred Pounds and to imprisonment with hard labour for a period not exceeding six months.

Penalty for not complying with directions of Seal Fishery Officer.

16. (1) It shall be lawful for a seal fishery officer or an armed guard to arrest, detain, and bring before a competent court, any person committing or appearing to be about to commit, an offence against the provisions of this Ordinance, or any regulation made thereunder.

Power to arrest for breaches of Ordinance.

(2) A seal fishery officer or armed guard may use force for the prevention of any such offence, or for the purpose of effecting an arrest.

(3) If any person is killed maimed or hurt by reason of his resisting a seal fishery officer or an armed guard in the execution of the duties of this Ordinance committed to such seal fishery officer or armed guard, neither the seal fishery officer nor the armed guard shall be liable to any punishment or to pay any damages by reason of the person being so killed, maimed or hurt.

17. If any person shall maliciously shoot at any vessel or boat belonging to His Majesty's Navy, or in the service of the Colonial Government, or shall maliciously shoot at, maim, or wound any officer of the Navy or Colonial Government being duly employed

Persons shooting at vessels or officers enforcing Ordinance. guilty of felony.

in the prevention of offences against this Ordinance, or any person acting in his aid or assistance, in the execution of his office or duty, every person so offending, and every person aiding, abetting or assisting therein, shall, upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of felony and shall be liable to be imprisoned with hard labour for any period not exceeding three years.

Prosecution of
Offences.

18. Offences under this Ordinance, or under any regulation made thereunder, may be prosecuted, and penalties and forfeitures under this Ordinance, or any regulations thereunder, may be recovered before a Stipendiary Magistrate or any two Justices of the Peace in a summary manner, or by action in the Supreme Court of the Colony, together with full costs of suit ;

Provided that any penalty imposed by a Stipendiary Magistrate or two Justices of the Peace shall not exceed One Hundred Pounds, exclusive of costs, and imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.

Venue.

19. For all purposes of and incidental to the trial and punishment of any person, accused of any offence under this Ordinance and the proceedings, and matters preliminary, and incidental to, and consequential on his trial and punishment, and for all purposes of and incidental to the jurisdiction of any Court, or any constable, or officer with reference to such offence, the offence shall be deemed to have been committed either in the place in which it was actually committed, or in any place in which the offender may for the time being be found.

Recovery of penalties.

20. Any penalty adjudged under this Ordinance to be paid by the owner or master, or other person in charge of a vessel may be recovered in the ordinary way, or, if the Court think fit so to order, by distress or arrest and sale of the vessel to which the offender belongs, and her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and any property on board thereof or belonging thereto, or any part thereof.

Service of summons.

21. Service of any summons or other matter in any legal proceedings under this Ordinance shall be good service if made personally on the person to be served, or at his last place of abode, or if made by leaving such summons, or other matter for him on board any vessel, to which he may belong, with the person being, or appearing to be, in command, or charge of such vessel.

Special exemption.

22. The Governor may authorize in writing any person to kill or take, for a scientific or any other special purpose, any seal in the Colony or Colonial waters thereof, and in so doing the person so authorized shall be exempt from any penalties and forfeitures under this Ordinance.

Application of
Ordinance to
Dependencies.

23. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Ordinances 1 of 1899
and 6 of 1909
Repealed.

24. The Seal Fishery Ordinance, 1899, and the Seal Fishery Dependencies Ordinance, 1909, are hereby repealed.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 17th day of December, 1921.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 23rd day of December, 1921.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

5

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 54.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

STANLEY,

8th May, 1922.

FALKLAND ISLANDS

Sir,

I have the honour to transmit six copies of a Notice issued under Section 7 of the Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921, declaring the territorial waters of the Colony, Elephant Jason Island, Bird Island, Volunteer Rocks and Beauchene Island to be Seal Reserves.

Elephant Jason Island
Bird Island
Volunteer Rocks
Beauchene Island

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,

humble servant,

J. Middleton.

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

W. L. S. CHURCHILL, M.P.,

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

N O T I C E .

The following are declared to be Seal Reserves under the provisions of Section 7 of the Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921.

The territorial waters of the Colony.
Elephant Jason Island.
Bird Island.
Volunteer Rocks.
Beauchene Island.

Approved in the Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of February, 1922.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

CONFIDENTIAL



H.M.S. St. Austell Bay,
at Port Stanley.

11th September, 1952.

No. H1/5.
The Colonial Secretary,
Port Stanley.

Fur Seal Poaching.

Receipt is acknowledged of the following documents,
which were handed by His Excellency The Acting Governor to
the Commanding Officer :-

- (a) Falkland Islands Ordinance No. 8 of 1921.
- (b) Instructions to the Master of H.M.C.S. "Afterglow" -
dated 20th February, 1922.

2. It is intended to retain these documents until
H.M.S. ST. AUSTELL BAY is relieved, when they will be handed
to the relieving frigate.

file
A.C.S.
x K.I.V. and other
information then are
handed over
23/9

(CAIRNS)
CAPTAIN.

See 12.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

144/22

12.

22nd October,

52.

To: Commanding Officer,

From: The Colonial Secretary,

H.M.S. St. Austell Bay,

STANLEY.

11.

Fur Seal Poaching - Your Memorandum No. H1/5 of
11th September, 1952.

May it please be confirmed that the arrangement
per paragraph 2 of the above Memorandum still holds
good.

(Sgd) J.E. Briscoe
Acting Colonial Secretary.

CONFIDENTIAL



H.M.S. St. Austell Bay,
at Port Stanley.

22nd October, 1952.

No. H1/44.
The Colonial Secretary,
Port Stanley.

FUR SEAL POACHING.

With reference to your letter No. 144/22 of 22nd October, it is now intended to leave these documents ashore in safe custody until the arrival of the relieving ship.

Laird

(CAIRNS)
CAPTAIN.

CONFIDENTIAL

PA