

1921

Sealing.
No. 369/21

NAT/SEA/1 # 25

C.S.

Governor	SUBJECT.
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1921

2nd May.

Previous Paper.

Hair Seal.

Experimental killing of.

112-1. G.O. 374/20

MINUTES.

Minutes from Governor of 2nd May 1921.  
Extract from Mr. Hamilton's Report C.S. 19/20 Seal C  
Mr. Hamilton, End C

For your information and for the favour of your report please.

A. C. S. 2/5/21.

To  
H C S.

From conversation with Mr. Hansen I concluded that oil alone from immature specimens would be the object of his sea-lion killing. Animals of small size are very fat and easily handled.

A permit should be for the season when the animals are at their best - namely late summer and autumn.

In the latter part of winter the fat store is certainly to be depleted and killing then would be wasteful and consequently undesirable.

Mr. Hansen asked for a license to kill 1000 animals which he would please where killed then bring the blubber in his 10 ton schooner to Carcass to try out in his press boiler.

It would naturally take him some time to make necessary arrangements so I doubt if he could begin this winter.

I beg to suggest that Mr. Hansen may be granted a free license for 1000 sea-lions and their seals.

Subsequent Paper.

local name for the immature stages) to be taken  
between January 1 and June 30 inclusive,  
that he is not to take any adult fe-  
males (chaps matches)

that he is to keep records of localities  
visited, number and sexes of animals taken,  
approximate proportion of those killed to the  
total herd at each place.

that <sup>all</sup> carcasses are to be thrown into  
the sea

that a full return of quantity of oil  
cost of production and transport and  
net profit to be made on completion of the  
business.

I have no doubt that Messrs Messrs  
King Robinson & Co. of Liverpool would handle  
the oil if necessary.

Each locality should be visited during  
the following breeding season to observe the  
after effects of the killing.

May I suggest that an interview with  
Mr. Hansen with reference to this licence  
might be of use before a final decision  
is arrived at.

2/. A trial consignment of sea-lion  
skins could easily be secured from  
Kidney Island next spring if it is  
desired to investigate their commercial value.

J. R. Hamilton  
Govt. Naturalist

3-5-21.

H.E. the Governor,

Submitted.

A. C. S. 3/5/21.

3/5/21

H.E.S.

Mr. Hamilton can take full responsibility  
 of arranging an interview with  
 Mr. Hansen at which experimental killing  
 can be discussed.

*W. Thompson*

3 May 1921.

Mr. Hamilton,

For your information & guidance. Please  
 note & return.

*W. Thompson*

A. C. S. 4/5/21.

H. E. S.

Noted and returned, please.

*J. E. Hamilton*  
 Govt. Nat.

4/5/21

Application from Mr. Hansen  
 to kill sea lions on Low Island. Encl (3)  
 21st June.

Minute from Mr. J. E. Hamilton. Encl (4)

H.E. the Governor,

Submitted.

*W. Thompson*  
 A. C. S. 22/6/21.

H.E.S.

Promptly may be placed on  
 condition embodied in Mr. Hamilton's  
 minute of 22nd June 1921

*W. Thompson*  
 24 June 1921

con,

I note that you have made marginal notes on your Lr: (Encl:4) dated 24/6/21, since my minute to of 22/6/21 to His Excellency. I do not understand.

2. Should you desire to record such remarks in this paper, will you be so good as to do so below, in the shape of a minute addressed to the A.C.S.

*Bathompson*

A. C. S. 25/6/21.

Hon. Col. Sec.

I regret the impropriety of the marginal note on my minute of on 22<sup>nd</sup> June 1921. and herewith transfer it -

After the Governor had seen this paper he asked me to see Mr. Hansen who told me that he proposed to kill pups under one year old but expressed his willingness to salt skins of other ages for the Government.

III I therefore suggest that two skins of each age might be salted <sup>as</sup> by Mr. Hansen has opportunity of taking them while killing the pups. Both sexes should be represented.

I One gallon of each grade of oil would be sufficient.

I consider it reasonable that Government should defray cost of salt, receptacles for samples and transport and beg to suggest that this may be done.

J. S. Hamilton

Stipendiary Magistrate  
West Falkland  
24-6-21.

2. I was instructed to place this note in the margin of the paper by N.S.

J. S. Hamilton

Stipendiary Magistrate  
West Falkland  
27-6-21.

Letter to Mr. J. Hansen, 29<sup>th</sup> June 1921  
Encl (5)

Government Naturalist,

I understand from you that the correct term for a female hair seal is "female seal lion". The local term, so far as I know it, is "Clap-match".

*W. H. Thompson*

A. C. S. 29/5/21.

Hon. Col. Sec.

Yes, the correct term for the female of Orca (Sealion) is "female seal lion". The use of the term "female hair seal" might be read to include females of all species of eared and true seals except the fur seal.

Clap-match is very widely used here for female seal lion, but could I believe, be used for female fur seal, I shall verify this if you desire it.

*J. R. Hamilton*  
Government Naturalist.

29/6/21

Mr. Hamilton,

Do you desire to submit a further report on this subject?

*W. H. Thompson*

A. C. S. 12/8/21.

Hon. Col. Sec.

no more, nothing further can be done until Mr. Hamilton makes his report  
Please.

*J. R. Hamilton*

Government Naturalist

10/8/21.

H.E. the Governor

Submitted for information

*W. H. Thompson*

A. C. S. 17/8/21

Letter from Mr. Jason Hansen  
Oct 1921 Eudora

Letter from Govt Naturalist  
3rd Dec 1921 Eudora

Y.S. Submitted

TTTT 5/12/21

To await report from Govt Naturalist  
on the oil & skins.

6 Dec 21

Govt Naturalist

Its report is due course  
Please

TTTT 7/12/21

Hon. Col. Sec.

Noted please. My report  
will follow when the speci-  
mens become available for  
examination.

J.H. Hamilton  
Govt. Naturalist

1/12/21

Hon. Col. Sec.

I asked for this paper today  
in order to report on the specimens.

2/ Mr. Hansen sent in per Afterglow  
11 bottles of oil (the cork had come out  
of the twelfth in the case) and skins of  
one adult male, one adult female  
and "a pup"

3/ The oil is of two grades  
that which has been boiled once  
and that which has been boiled  
twice

PC

The oil which has had a single boiling is slightly darker than the sample of no 2. whale oil in the Museum, and has a smell a flavour closely resembling whale blubber oil.

The oil which has been boiled twice is slightly darker than the other having also a rather stronger odour and flavour.

I consider that both samples are greatly superior to the lowest grade of whale oil, possibly equivalent to no 2.

The price of seal oil is I understand as high as that of the better grades of whale oil, but I have no definite information.

There is a slight proportion of the so called "stearine" in both samples.

4. The skins have been well prepared and thoroughly salted.

That of the male is not one of the very greatest size but is nevertheless large and weighs at least 45 lbs. It is over five feet in length and fairly thick. The hair is coarse.

The skin of the female is about 4 feet long and very much thinner than the male's. The hair is finer.

The pup's skin is not more than 30 inches in length and presents much the same character as the female's having yet finer and also thicker hair. The hide is thinner.

5. I have packed the skin and 8 of the eleven oil samples for transmission to the Crown Agents with a view to obtaining expert opinion as to their value. I may I hand them over to the Auckland Islands Company to await the first opportunity home?

J. H. Hamilton.

Government Naturalist

19<sup>th</sup> Jan. 1922

I am not able to see the necessity of boiling the oil more than once.

J. H. Hamilton



Yr.  
submitted.

2. The oil may go but in view of  
the report in Luf. 686 re the sale of  
sealskins the skins should not be  
sent?

TTTTT 20/1/22

The oil may be sent for Examination.

In view of price of skins it is unwise to  
sell for the expenditure on sending them  
to England.

23 January 1922

Govt. Naturalist

Accordingly

TTTTT 23/1/22

Hon. Col. Sec.

Noted. I shall see that  
the oil is despatched by  
the first opportunity.

J. R. Hamilton.  
Govt. Naturalist  
14 Feb. 1922.

Let  
Memorandum from Govt. Naturalist

d 30<sup>th</sup> March 1922 - Encl (8)

Crown Agents Letter of 16<sup>th</sup> June 1922 Encl (9)

P. 4



Govt. Naturalist

I regret that no letter  
was sent to the C.A. a receipt  
of ⑧. I accept the blame  
but it would be very much  
better if on such occasions you  
state specifically what action you  
require and give full information as  
to the samples for transmission.

H.H.H. 11/8/22

Hon. Col. Sec.

Notes please.

many thanks,

J.B. Hamilton.

Govt. Naturalist

25/10/22

Colonial Engineer.

I think this paper should  
be attached to that on Sea  
Lion Bidding at present with  
you.

J.B. Hamilton

Govt. Naturalist.

25/10/22.

Crown Agent's letter of 11<sup>th</sup> Dec 1922 — Encl (10)

Why was this letter not  
brought up in receipt (26/10/22). It  
was too much that E. N. kept it for  
her months.

Letter to C.A. from  
tutu 12/2/23

C.A. G.K.F. 13 Feb 1923

Letter to Crown Agents of 13<sup>th</sup> February 1923 — Encl (11)

S of S. despatch of 80 of 10<sup>th</sup> Oct 1923 — (12)  
Report on S. al. Oil fr. 2 to (12a)

V. Submitted.

G.K.F. 13

Dickson

21 Nov 1923

Report to be published in Gazette  
please. Jan. Gazette will do

tutu 21 Nov 23

Report printed — — — — — Encl (13)

Letter from Imperial Institute of  
Petroleum 1920 — — — — — (14)

DATE... 2<sup>nd</sup> May 1921...

From Governor to Colonial Secretary.

In para 5 of S.S.D. 61/20 Sqs incline to view the experimental killing of seals ~~this~~ should be conducted by Gov under Mr Hamilton's personal supervision although it would be advantageous to invite Mr Hudson to act as paid agent of the Gov for this purpose. Sqs are further of opinion the products should be sent to England on a trial consignment on Gov account. Sir Sidney Hauser in his memorandum which is enclosed in S.S.D. 85/20 (40.315/20) comes in view of Sqs.

2. The issue of licences to take fur seals has been suspended & measures are under consideration for their production and management.
3. The seal skin presents a somewhat difficult problem and although supervision can be exercised over experimental killing the conduct of the experiments by the Gov itself is not free from difficulty.
4. Reports as to damage done by sea lions are frequent but further information is required before any definite line of action can be decided upon in this connection please see 116/21.

(over)

5. The was included in correspondence sent to  
(which accompanied his letter of 7. January 1820)  
P.O. a note by W. Hamilton on the sea lion  
In the note W. Hamilton refers to prohibition  
of granting to W. Haysen permission to carry on  
experiments with sea lion. I understand that  
W. Haysen has the plans necessary to enable him  
to carry out experiments & can sign at once.

6. I should be glad if W. Hamilton could put  
forward definite proposals as to manner in which  
experiments should be carried out. It is now  
intended that any payments should be made for  
in respect of licence a royalty for the experiments  
should be conducted under the personal supervision  
of W. Hamilton & it should be a condition  
that all information which W. Hamilton considers  
the Govt should have, should be furnished.

W. H.

2 May 1821.

367/2

21

Extract from Report by Mr. J. E. Hamilton, dated the 7th of  
January, 1920. (C.S. 19/20).

During my recent stay at Carcass Island, Mr. J. Hansen enquired of me whether there was any likelihood of the Governor granting him an experimental licence for one year in order that he might find out whether the working of these animals was profitable. He was of opinion that the royalty payable on the skins of these sea lions was so great compared with their market value that it might easily abolish the profits on such an undertaking. If the one year's experiment were successful he saw clearly that the subject of royalty either on the skin or on the oil would have to come up for consideration.

Mr. Hansen wished to kill one thousand sea lions and to work from June to October inclusive.

In a previous experiment he lost 250 or 300 sea lions, but considers that the experience acquired then might enable him to work at a profit, <sup>now</sup> but not being certain of this in the absence of definite experience he did not wish to pay any royalty until he saw the results of his experimental killing, that is, he wished to have this licence free of all royalty for one year alone.

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(3)

CS. 11117  
564/21

Stanley.

21st. June 1921

Sir,

I have the honour to request that I may be permitted to kill sea lions on Low Island in Byron Sound for the purpose of preparing oil from the animals.

2. I have all the necessary plant for the work and in the event of permission being granted intend to begin the work as soon as I return to Carcass in July.

3. I shall be very pleased to supply any samples of the oil prepared if the Government is desirous of obtaining such specimens

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant

*Jasen Hansen*

The Honourable Colonial Secretary.

Stanley.

Hon.Col.Sec.

I beg to make the following observations on Mr.Hansen's application to kill sea lions on Low Island.

I.I consider it very desirable that definite data be acquired as to the value of sea lion oil and skins.

II.I understand that Mr.Hansen desires to prepare about 80 gallons for his own use and a small further quantity for experiment by other stations,which he estimates at one gallon for each. He wishes to fill his digester once and is of the opinion that six barrels of blubber would do this but he does not know how much oil would be produced from such a quantity.

III.I suggest that permission be granted to Mr. Hansen on condition that all oil in excess of 85 gallons should be the property of the Government and should be sent in to Stanley along with <sup>at least</sup> two salted skins of each age of seal killed. If the amount of blubber specified should prove to be insufficient to provide samples for Government it would be necessary for Mr. Hansen to kill more seal for that purpose.

IV.The killing should be limited to Low Island.

V.The minimum size of the samples of oil should be stated on the permit and it should be made clear who is to defray cost of salt for skins,receptacles for the oil and of transit to Stanley.

VI.It might be found if the experiments by other stations were satisfactory,that although it might not be remunerative to send oil to Europe a local demand would arise.

I understand that the price of paint oil is very high in the Colony.

J.L. Hamilton

Stipendiary Magistrate.  
West Falkland.

22 June 1921.

After the Government had received his report the action was to be taken Mr. Hansen who told me that he proposed to kill seals under one year old but expressed his willingness to add to the number of seals for the Government.  
III I therefore suggest that two skins of each age might be salted as Mr. Hansen has obtained a quantity of blubber from which he is making no press. Both seals should be represented.  
V One gallon of each grade of oil produced would be sufficient. I consider it reasonable that the Government should defray cost of salt, receptacles for samples and to transport and try to suggest this may be done.  
J.L. Hamilton  
Stipendiary Magistrate  
West Falkland  
24-6-21



369/21.

20th June,

21.

Sir,

With reference to your letter of the 21st of June, I am directed by the Governor to inform you that His Excellency has granted permission for you to kill sea lions for the purpose of producing oil, on the following conditions:

- (1) That the killing of sea lions shall be limited to Low Island in Byron Sound.
- (2) That you will provide the Government with salted specimen skins of each age of sea lion which may be found on the Island. The specimens supplied must number not less than one skin of a male sea lion and one skin of a female sea lion of each of the different ages represented.
- (3) That you will also provide the Government with one gallon sample of each grade of oil produced.
- (4) That all oil produced in excess of 25 gallons shall be the property of the Government.

2. I am to say that the Government is prepared to bear the cost of the salt for the salting of the skins and the receptacles for the oil samples, and to defray the expenses in connection with the transit of the skins and oil samples to Stanley.

I am,

Jason Hansen, Esq.,  
 Carcass Island,  
 Port Phillip

Sir,  
 Your obedient servant,  
 W. A. EICHENSON,  
 Acting Colonial Secretary.

6  
384/2  
Paras Island  
October 1921

J. A. Hamilton Esq.  
Superintending Magistrate  
Sir,

I have the honour to  
inform you that I killed 41 hair seal on the  
11th day of October

These seal made 71 gal oil of one grade only.  
I took of 4 gal oil & re-boiled the  
remainder.

I have 6 bats oil, 1 barrel in the bottom of a box  
and 6 bats 2 barrel in the top ready to be shipped  
first opportunity.

Shins killed ready for you. 1 Lion. 1 Clapnetch  
1 Pup.

Weather conditions & a shortage of fuel made  
it late in the season before I could start hair  
sealing. Had the seal been  
taken early in September I think there would  
have been a larger proportion of oil per seal.  
Very few seal were on the  
island and those close to the water.

I was not possible to pick out the fat ones.  
Hair pups shot in the water mostly  
sink. I am sir  
your obedient servant  
Jasen Hansen.



Sir,

I have the honour to transmit herewith a report by Mr. Jason Hansen on an experimental killing of hair seal (sea lions) by him.

It was Mr. Hansen's intention to kill only the young seal under a year old, and I gather that he has done this, except in the case of the adult

male and female which  
were killed <sup>for</sup> government  
in accordance  
with the terms of Mr. Hansen's  
permit.

2. The 41 seals yielded 75  
gallons of oil, an average  
of 1.83 gallons per seal.  
pups alone would have  
yielded rather less.

The 12 bottles of oil to which  
reference is made in the  
report are samples for the  
government.

I have the honour to be  
Sir,

Your obedient

servant,

J. H. Hamilton.

Government

Naturalist

The Honourable  
Colonial  
Secretary.

MEMORANDUM.



G.S.O. 369/21

To Hon. Colonial Secretary.  
From Government Naturalist.

30th. March.

I beg to state that the case of samples of oil for examination will be forwarded to the Crown Agents per Orcoma.

It is now in the hands of the agents of the Pacific Steam Navigation Company.

*J. L. Hamilton.*

(J. L. Hamilton)

Government Naturalist.

75 0

sc.330



1175

(9)

ALL COMMUNICATIONS  
TO BE ADDRESSED TO THE  
CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES  
THE ABOVE REFERENCE AND THE  
DATE OF THIS LETTER BEING QUOTED.

TELEGRAMS, "CROWN, LONDON."  
TELEPHONE, 7730 VICTORIA.

4, MILLBANK,  
WESTMINSTER,  
LONDON, S.W. 1.

16th June, 1922.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that we have received a case containing 8 bottles of oil samples, four labelled "single boiling" and four labelled "double boiling", from the Government Naturalists Department, Stanley.

No instructions as to the disposal of these samples have been received, and we shall be glad if you will inform us what you wish done with them.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

for Crown Agents.

The Colonial Secretary,  
Falkland Islands,





10

ALL COMMUNICATIONS  
TO BE ADDRESSED TO THE  
CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES,  
THE DATE OF THIS LETTER BEING QUOTED  
AND THE FOLLOWING REFERENCE ISI O/Misc. 330  
TELEGRAMS, "CROWN, LONDON."  
TELEPHONE, 7730 VICTORIA.

4, MILLBANK,  
WESTMINSTER,  
LONDON, S.W. 1.



11th December, 1922.

Sir,

Referring to our letter of the 16th June,  
I have the honour to enquire when we may expect to  
receive instructions regarding the disposal of the case  
containing 8 bottles of oil samples, four labelled  
"single boiling" and four labelled "double boiling",  
which we have received from the Government Naturalists  
Department, Stanley.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

*W. H. Whitchart*

for Crown Agents.

The Colonial Secretary,  
FALKLAND ISLANDS.

560/21.

15th February,

25.

Gentlemen,

With reference to your letter No.152  
O/Misc. 330 of the 11th of December, 1922, I am  
directed by the Governor to express regret that no  
instructions were sent regarding the disposal of the  
oil samples sent to you by the s.s. "Greene" on the  
1st of April, 1922.

2. The oil is Falkland Islands Seal Oil which  
is intended for examination and analysis and I am to  
request that you will be so good as to forward the  
samples to the Director of the Imperial Institute for  
this purpose.

3. A copy of a report on the Oil by the  
Government Naturalist is enclosed herewith.

In duplicate.

I am,

Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

H. Henniker-Heaton,

Colonial Secretary.

The Crown Agents for the Colonies,

4. Millbank, Westminster,

London, S.W. 2.

IMPERIAL INSTITUTE  
of the  
United Kingdom, the Colonies and India.

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South Kensington, London, S.W. 7.

5th October, 1923.

Sir,

I have the honour to enclose a report on samples of seal oil from the Falkland Islands, which were received at the Imperial Institute in March last from the Crown Agents for the Colonies.

The oils are referred to in a report by the Government Naturalist to the Colonial Secretary dated the 19th January 1922.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

(Sgd.) Wyndham R. Dunstan.

His Excellency  
The Governor,  
FALKLAND ISLANDS.



1606

12

Reference to previous correspondence:-

 $\frac{A}{1}$ Secretary of State's Despatch No..... of the  
Governor's-----  
.....19.....

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

80  
No.....

DOWNING STREET,

10th October 19..... 23

Sir,

I have the honour to transmit to you the papers noted below on the subject of a Report by the Imperial Institute on Seal Oil from the Falkland Islands.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient, humble servant,

THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE FALKLANDS ISLANDS.

DEVONSHIRE.

Date.	Description.
1923 5th Oct.	From the Imperial Institute (with enclosure)

IMPERIAL INSTITUTE  
OF THE  
UNITED KINGDOM, THE COLONIES AND INDIA.

Report on Seal Oil from the Falkland Islands.

The samples of Seal Oil which are the subject of this report were received at the Imperial Institute from the Crown Agents for the Colonies in March, 1923, and are referred to in a report by the Government Naturalist to the Colonial Secretary, dated the 19th January, 1922.

It was stated that the samples represented two grades of seal oil, one of which had been boiled once and the other twice.

Description :

The samples consisted of eight pint bottles of oil. On inspection it was found that the two grades could be readily distinguished by their colour.

The "single boiling" oil was slightly cloudy, pale yellow, and had a fairly strong fishy odour.

The "two boilings" oil was cloudy, golden yellow, and contained a considerable amount of stearin ; it had a stronger odour than the "single boiling" oil.

Results of Examination :

After hot filtration, the oils were examined with the following results, which are shown in comparison with corresponding figures recorded for commercial seal oil and whale oil :

PRESENT SAMPLES.	" SINGLE BOILING."	" TWO BOILINGS."	COMMERCIAL SEAL OIL.	COMMERCIAL WHALE OIL.
Specific gravity at 15°/15° C. ...	0.9274	0.8717*	0.9244 <sup>to</sup> 0.9261	0.917 to 0.927
Refractive index at 40° C. ...	1.471	1.469	1.4685 <sup>to</sup> 1.4691	1.4633 <sup>to</sup> 1.4653
Solidifying point of fatty acids...	25.0° C.	29.3° C.	14° to 16° C.	23.0° C.
Acid value ... ..	1.2	1.4	0.4 to 40.0	1.0 to 200.0
Saponification value ... ..	189.7	190.3	189 to 193	187 to 189
Iodine value (Hubl, 17 hours), per cent ... ..	156.0	148.9	130 to 147	110 to 125
Unsaponifiable matter, per cent...	0.2	0.2	0.4 to 1.0	0.5 to 2.0

\* At 100/15° C.

These results show that, with the exception of the iodine value and the solidification point of the fatty acids, the analytical constants of the present oils are very similar to those recorded for commercial seal and whale oils.

Commercial Valuation.

Both the oils were regarded in the trade as of good quality, and very similar in appearance. If filtered cold they would be particularly suitable for the manufacture of leather oils. One of the firms consulted by the Imperial Institute stated that they would be prepared to purchase a trial shipment of 100 to 200 barrels of the oils at about £30 per ton, barrels included, ex quay, Liverpool, provided that the consignment proved to be of equal quality to the present samples.

Remarks.

These seal oils are of suitable quality for the United Kingdom market, and consignments would be readily saleable.

If it is possible to forward a trial shipment of the oils of the quality of the present samples, the Imperial Institute will be glad to arrange for their sale. Information should be furnished as to the quantities which could be regularly supplied, and the price at which the oils could be delivered, ex qu.

5th October, 1923.

14

No. 1814  
Correspondence to be addressed—  
"THE DIRECTOR,  
IMPERIAL INSTITUTE,  
SOUTH KENSINGTON,  
LONDON, S.W. 7."  
and the above number quoted.  
Each letter should be confined  
to one subject.

IMPERIAL INSTITUTE  
OF THE  
UNITED KINGDOM, THE COLONIES AND INDIA.  
SOUTH KENSINGTON, LONDON, S.W. 7.

/ May, 1924.

Sir,

With reference to Imperial Institute  
report of October last on samples of seal oil  
forwarded through the Crown Agents for the Colonies,  
I shall be glad to learn whether it is now possible  
to furnish the information asked for in the last  
paragraph of the report, and whether it is hoped to  
forward a trial consignment of 100 to 200 barrels  
as suggested.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

*Ernest Goulding*  
for the Director.

His Excellency  
The Governor,  
FALKLAND ISLANDS.