



ORDINANCES
OF THE
COLONY
OF THE
FALKLAND ISLANDS
ENACTED DURING THE
YEAR 1920.



[L.S.]

I ASSENT,

W. P. MARTIN,

Administrator.

25th August, 1920.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

(25th August, 1920)

An Ordinance to provide for an increase in the
rate of Pensions granted to Public Officers,

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Pensions Increase Ordinance, 1919, and shall be read and construed with the Pensions Ordinance, 1906, as amended by the Pensions Amendment Ordinance, 1914.

Short Title

2. The pay and emoluments on which public officers have been pensioned or granted retiring gratuities or on which they would be normally pensioned or granted retiring gratuities, may from such date as the Governor in Council shall determine be increased by 25 per cent. if such pay and emoluments do not exceed £300 per annum, and by 20 per cent. if such pay and emoluments exceed £300 per annum, subject to the following provisions:—

Increase of Pensions,
date to be determined by
Governor-in-Council.

(a) That the minimum additional amount on which the supplementary pension or gratuity is calculated shall be £26 per annum.

(b) That no officer with salary and emoluments exceeding £300 per annum shall receive a smaller supplementary pension or gratuity than he would have received if his salary and emoluments had been exactly £300 per annum.

3. Nothing in this Ordinance shall entitle a person whose salary is increased subsequent to the date on which the Ordinance comes into force to a pension or a retiring gratuity in excess of that which he would have received if his salary had not been increased or if this Ordinance had not been brought into force whichever is greater.

Pensions on Salaries
increased after the
coming into force of
this Ordinance.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 14th day of August, 1920.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 25th day of August, 1920.

G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

No. 3.



1920.

[L.S.]

I ASSENT,

W. P. MARTIN,
Administrator.

25th August. 1920.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

(August 25th, 1920.)

An Ordinance to amend the War Expenses
Contribution Ordinance, No. 1 of 1917.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "War Expenses Contribution Amendment Ordinance, 1920." Short Title.

2. The War Expenses Contribution Ordinance 1917 is hereby amended as follows:— Amendment of principal Ordinance.

By the deletion in Clause 2 thereof of the words "a sum equal to one-tenth part of the Customs revenue of the year" and the substitution therefor of the words "a sum of £1,440 (one thousand four hundred and forty)"

Passed the Legislative Council this 14th day of August, 1920.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 25th day of August, 1920.

G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by H. A. Finch.



[L.S.]

I ASSENT,
 W. P. MARTIN,
Administrator.
 25th August, 1920.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

(25th August, 1920)

An Ordinance to regulate the Sea Fisheries.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Sea Fisheries Ordinance, 1920." Short Title.

2. It shall not be lawful for any person either
 - (a) to catch for the purpose of export any fish in the territorial waters of the Colony, or Restrictions on catching and exporting fish.
 - (b) to export from the Colony any fish wherever the said fish may have been caught which has been landed, transhipped, cured preserved or manufactured within the Colony or its territorial waters, or to export any oil or other product manufactured from such fish unless he be duly licensed under this Ordinance.

3. The Collector of Customs or his Deputy, may on the application of any person or persons approved by the Governor, grant licences to such person or persons to catch fish for the purposes of export or to export fish or fish products from the Colony, for such periods and on such terms and conditions as may be therein specified, and subject at all times to such regulations as may be in force, and to the payment of such licence fees and royalties as may be fixed by the Governor in Council. Granting of Licences.

4. (1) The Governor in Council may make and from time to time vary regulations:— Powers of Governor-in-Council to make or vary Regulations.
 - (a) For fixing the terms and conditions on which licences to catch fish for the purposes of export or to export fish or fish products may be granted;
 - (b) For fixing the close season for any kind of fish, and for prohibiting the taking of fish during any such season;
 - (c) For defining the limits within which any holder of a licence shall be allowed to take fish;

- (d) For curing and preparing the fish caught and for the utilization of any refuse or part of the fish;
- (e) For disposing by sale or otherwise of any fish and any fishing gear forfeited under the provisions of this Ordinance;
- (f) To prohibit the use of specified kinds of fishing gear or the prosecution of a fishing method considered to be undesirable in the interests of the fishery;
- (g) For fixing the amount of the fees to be paid for a licence to catch fish, and of the royalties payable on the fish caught, and,
- (h) Generally for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance and the intent and object thereof.

(2) All Regulations made in pursuance of this Ordinance shall be published in the Gazette.

Regulations to be published in Gazette.

5. Any person who shall on summary conviction be found guilty of an offence against this Ordinance, or any regulation made thereunder, shall for each offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds (£100) and to the forfeiture of the fish caught together with the fishing gear, and on a repetition of an offence under this Ordinance to the immediate cancellation of the licence held by him,

Penalty.

6. The Sea Fisheries Ordinance 1918, Ordinance No. 9 of 1918, is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

7. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Passed the Legislative Council, this 14th day of August, 1920.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Clerk of the Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 25th day of August 1920.

G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

No. 5.



1920.

[L.S.]

I ASSENT,
W. P. MARTIN,
Administrator.
25th August 1920.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

(25th August, 1920.)

An Ordinance to repeal the third Schedule (Export Duties) of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, and to replace the same by an amended Schedule.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tariff (Export Duty) Amendment Ordinance, 1920 and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900. Short Title.

2. The Third Schedule. export duties, to the Tariff, Ordinance, 1900, as repealed and replaced by the Tariff (Export Duty) Amendment Ordinance, 1919, is hereby repealed and in place and instead thereof the following shall form part of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, and shall be read as the Third Schedule thereof:— Repeal.

EXPORT DUTIES.

ARTICLE.	QUANTITY.	RATE OF DUTY.
Whale Oil	per barrel of 40 gallons	Five shillings (5/-)
Seal Oil	per barrel of 40 gallons	Five shillings (5/-)
Guano (of all kinds)	for every 100 pounds (lbs) or part thereof	One penny half-penny (1½d).

3. The Tariff (Export Duty) Amendment Ordinance 1919 is hereby repealed.

4. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of October, 1920.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 14th day of August, 1920.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 25th day of August, 1920.

G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

No. 7.



1920.

Reg. of 1.3.16
R.S. 1916 p. 44

[L.S.]

I ASSENT,
W. P. MARTIN,
Administrator.

13th December, 1920.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

(13th December, 1920.)

An Ordinance to provide for the establishment of a Defence Force.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Preliminary.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920. Short Title

2. In this Ordinance and in any Regulations or Rules made thereunder unless the context otherwise requires:—

“Appointments” includes accoutrements and equipments of every kind other than clothing. Interpretation.

“Commanding Officer” or “Commandant” means the Officer in command of the Defence Force.

“Company” means company forming part of the Force.

“Defence Force” or the “Force” means the Defence Force established by this Ordinance.

“Efficiency” or “efficient” means the standard of efficiency fixed by the Governor in Council by Regulations under this Ordinance.

“Member” means a member of the Force.

“Officer” means a person holding the Governor’s commission as an Officer in the Force.

“Regulations” and “Standing Orders” and “Rules” mean respectively regulations and standing orders and rules made under the provisions of this Ordinance.

“The Army Act” means the Army Act, 1881 (Act of the Imperial Parliament 44 and 45 Vic. C 58) and includes all Acts amending or substituted for the same and also all Articles of War in force thereunder.

Organization of Defence Force.

Formation of Force.

3. (1) It shall be lawful for the Governor on behalf of His Majesty to accept the services of any male British subject desiring to join the Defence Force and offering his services to His Majesty.

(2) Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to render it obligatory upon the Governor to accept the services of any person.

Composition of Force.

4. The Defence Force shall consist of such Companies of Garrison Artillery, Mounted Infantry and Infantry as the Governor may from time to time determine, and each such Company or Companies shall be designated by such style as the Governor shall direct.

Disband Company, etc.,

5. The Governor may disband or discontinue the services of any Company or part thereof whenever it seems to him expedient to do so.

Entry on Muster Roll.

6. (1) The name of every person whose services have been accepted by the Governor as a member of the Defence Force shall be entered by the Commanding Officer on the Muster Roll of the Force which shall be kept by him.

Oath.

(2) Every person whose services have been accepted as above shall upon admission to the Defence Force take the oath or make the declaration set forth in Schedule A to this Ordinance, to be administered by a Magistrate or Justice of the Peace or by a Commissioned Officer of the Force.

Schedule A.

Officers.

7. (1) The Governor shall appoint the Officers of the Defence Force, with such rank as he may from time to time think necessary; such Officers shall have such rank and authority in the Defence Force as are held by Officers of corresponding rank in His Majesty's Regular Forces, and their duties shall be the same as are from time to time prescribed for Officers of the Army in the “King's Regulations” so far as the same can be made applicable.

Commandant.

(2) The Governor may appoint a Commanding Officer or Commandant of the Force, who shall have such local rank as the Governor may confer on him, and he shall be responsible to the Governor for the instruction, training, discipline and conduct of the Force.

Rank of Officers.

(3) Officers of the Force shall rank with Officers of His Majesty's Regular Forces but as junior of their respective ranks.

Validity of appointment.

(4) No appointment made under this section shall be deemed to be vacated by the death or retirement from office of the Governor who made the same.

8. The Commanding Officer may appoint such non-commissioned Officers of the Defence Force as he may deem expedient.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

9. (1) The members of the Force, other than Commissioned Officers, shall wear such uniforms as the Governor shall direct, and such uniforms shall be supplied to them upon their enrolment, and renewed from time to time, at the public expense, as may be decided by the Commandant.

Uniform.

(2) The Officers of the Force shall provide themselves at their own expense with such uniform as the Governor shall direct.

Officers uniforms.

10. (1) For every member of the Force a rifle and such appointments as the Governor may direct shall be issued to the Commandant on loan for the use of such member, and the Commandant shall be responsible to the Governor for such arms and appointments.

Arms etc.

(2) There may be issued for every member annually two hundred rounds of rifle ammunition and such further supply on such terms as to payment and otherwise as the Governor may direct.

Ammunition supply per member.

(3) Every member shall pay to the Commandant the cost of repairing or replacing any rifle or appointments damaged destroyed or lost by such member, and shall also pay for any ammunition expended by him to the full issue of which he was not entitled.

Cost of repairs etc. and extra ammunition.

(4) All arms, ammunition, musical instruments, clothing, appointments and necessaries issued on loan to any member of the Defence Force shall be and remain the property of the Government and shall be produced, exhibited and delivered to the Officer commanding or to any person authorized by him to inspect or receive the same.

Arms and equipment etc. remain property of Government.

11. Subject as hereinafter mentioned any member may, except when on active service, and except when the sections relating to compulsory service under this Ordinance are in force, quit the Force on complying with the following conditions:—

Right of member to quit Force.

- i. giving the Commanding Officer three months notice in writing of his intention to quit the Force;
- ii. delivering up in good order (fair wear and tear only excepted) all arms clothing and appointments being public property or property of the Force issued to him; and
- iii. paying all money due or becoming due by him under the rules of the Force either before or at the time or by reason of his quitting the Force,

and thereupon he shall be struck out of the muster roll of the Force by the Commanding Officer.

The Governor shall have full power at all times to permit any member of the Defence Force to quit the Force upon such member complying with the conditions laid down in Sub Section (i) and (iii) hereof.

The Reserve.

12. (1) There shall be a Reserve Section to the Force and any Member who has served in the Force, or in any of His Majesty's Regular or Auxiliary Forces, with efficiency for at least two years, may on application to the Commanding Officer be transferred to the Reserve.

Reserve.

Liable to be called out.

(2) Every member so transferred to the Reserve shall be deemed to be on the strength of the Force and shall be liable to be called upon to serve with the Force at such times as the Force may be called out for active service under section 15 of this Ordinance, should the Governor deem it expedient by proclamation to require the services of the Reserve or any part thereof.

May attend drills, etc., wear uniform.

(3) Every member in the Reserve may with the permission of the Commanding Officer attend all drills and inspections or parades of the Force, and may wear the uniform of the Force at any military functions and on all occasions on which uniform is worn.

Badge.

(4) Every member in the Reserve shall wear the letter R below the badge of the Force worn on the shoulder straps.

Resignation.

(5) Any member in the Reserve may, except when the Force is on active service, resign from the Force on giving two weeks notice in writing to the Commanding Officer and complying with conditions as in paragraphs ii and iii in the preceding section.

The Retired List.

Retired Members.

13. (1) There shall be a retired list to which any member who has been returned with efficiency for at least five years, who by reason of physical disability, not being the result of his own misconduct, certified to by a medical officer, is debarred from further service with the Force, or who has attained the age of forty-one years, may be posted by the Commanding Officer on his being satisfied thereof, and the Commanding Officer shall strike the name of the member off the Muster Roll accordingly.

Age for posting to from Reserve.

(2) Any member of the Reserve who has attained the age of forty-one years may on application to the Commanding Officer be struck off the Muster Roll and be posted to the Retired List.

Wear uniform.

(3) Every member whose name is placed on the Retired List as herein provided may, at any military function and on all occasions on which uniform is worn, be permitted by the Commanding Officer to wear the uniform last worn by him whilst a member of the Force. He shall wear the letters R. L. below the badge of the Force worn on the shoulder straps.

Enjoy privileges of Club.

(4) He may enjoy the privileges of any Club established by or for the use of the Force in like manner as though he were still an active member of the Force.

Transitional.

Transitional

14. All members of the Volunteer Corps or Force established by the Volunteer Ordinance, 1892, as amended by the Volunteer Active Service Ordinance, 1915, at the time of coming into force of this Ordinance, shall be deemed as from the date of their joining the Volunteer Corps or Force to be members of the Defence Force established under this Ordinance and to have complied with requirements of section 6 of this Ordinance, and all Officers and non-commissioned officers of the said Volunteer Corps or Force established by the Volunteer Ordinance, 1892, shall be deemed to have been appointed to be of corresponding rank, and to have had their appointments confirmed in the Defence Force established by this Ordinance.

Active Service.

15. (1) The Governor may by proclamation call out the Defence Force, or any Company or part thereof, for active service, whenever it appears to him advisable to do so by reason of invasion, or war, or danger, or any of them, or by reason of any internal emergency threatening the security of life or property, to quell which the available civil force is deemed by him inadequate.

Governor may call out Force.

(2) Every member so called out shall attend in obedience to the call and shall assemble at such place and perform such service as may be directed by the Governor.

Attend call.

(3) Every member so called out shall for the purposes of this Ordinance be deemed to be on active service. If any such member, not incapacitated by infirmity for service, refuses or neglects so to assemble, as required by the Governor, he shall be deemed to be a deserter.

Called out, deemed on Active Service.

(4) The period of such service shall continue so long as the Governor shall consider necessary, and shall end only by order of the Governor.

Period of Active Service.

(5) Nothing in this Ordinance shall render any member liable to serve or proceed on duty without his consent beyond the limits of the Colony.

Liable to serve in Colony only.

16. Whenever the Force or any part thereof is on active service, or is undergoing drill exercise or inspection, or is doing any duty together with His Majesty's Regular Forces, the Force shall, subject to any regulation under this Ordinance, be under the command of the Officers of His Majesty's Regular Forces so nevertheless that the Force or any part thereof shall when the circumstances of the service admit be led by its own Officers under such command.

Under command on active service.

17. The Commanding Officer of the Force or of any company, detachment or party thereof may, when the Force or any part thereof is called out for active service, impress horses, carts, riding and driving gear and boats and their accessories, or any article as the service may require.

Impressment of horses, etc.

Compulsory Service.

18. (1) Every male person resident in the Colony between the ages of eighteen and forty-one years, shall within four months of his becoming liable under this Ordinance furnish his full name the date of his birth and nationality to the Officer Commanding who shall enter the same in an alphabetical Register to be kept by him.

Persons liable to serve furnish name and age.

(2) Every person so registered and liable to serve in the Defence Force shall on each occasion of his leaving or returning to the Colony notify the Officer Commanding.

To report movements to or from Colony.

(3) Upon any person ceasing to be liable to serve under this Ordinance the Commanding Officer shall strike his name out of the Register.

19. Every male British subject over the age of eighteen and under the age of forty-one years resident in the Colony, not being exempt under section 22 of this Ordinance, shall be liable to serve in the Defence Force.

Persons liable to serve.

20. In the event of the Defence Force being called out for active service as herein before provided, and the Governor considering it expedient that the numerical strength of the Force

Application of compulsory service.

should be increased, the Governor may by proclamation call upon and require any or all such person or persons as are mentioned in the preceding section, not being members of the Force or exempt under the next succeeding section to join and serve with the Force so called out, and every such person shall be required to assemble at such place and perform such service as may be directed by the Governor and shall be subject to the provisions of this Ordinance and shall serve as a member of the Force accordingly.

Ballot.

21. If the number of persons called up under the preceding sections is greater than the number required by the Governor, the Officer Commanding shall draw by ballot from all the names on the register until the names of a sufficient number of persons have been drawn, and the persons whose names are so drawn shall serve as members of the Force for such time as the Force may continue called out on active service.

Exemption from service
Schedule B.

22. (1) The persons specified in Schedule B to this Ordinance shall be exempt from service in the Defence Force:

Provided that they may so serve, if they desire to do so, and the Governor sanctions their doing so.

Special exemption by
Governor.

(2) Any person liable to serve in the Defence Force may, at the discretion of the Governor, be discharged annually from such liability upon paying into the Colonial Treasury the sum of twenty-five pounds for each and every year or portion of a year that he is liable to serve. All moneys paid under this subsection shall be applied to the purposes of the Force.

Immunities.

Immunities of
Members.

23. (1) No action shall lie against any member of the Defence Force, nor shall he be subject to any penalty or punishment, for any act or thing done by him, while paraded under arms:

Provided that the act or thing was done in pursuance of a lawful command given to him by the Governor or a Magistrate or his Commanding Officer, or in defence of his post or person or otherwise in the lawful performance of his duty.

(2) No action shall be brought against any person for anything done by him under this Ordinance, unless the same shall be commenced within three months after the act complained of was committed, nor unless notice in writing of such action shall have been given at least one month before such action was commenced.

(3) In every action brought against any person for anything done by him under this Ordinance, the plaintiff shall expressly allege in his statement of claim that such act was done either maliciously or without reasonable and probable cause or through gross negligence, and if at the trial of such action he fails to prove such allegation, he shall be nonsuited, or a verdict shall be given for the defendant.

(4) Any person who is sued for anything done by him in pursuance of this Ordinance may plead the general issue and give this Ordinance in evidence for his defence, and in case the plaintiff in such action shall be nonsuited or shall discontinue his suit or shall have judgment given against him, he shall pay to the defendant double costs.

(5) Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall exempt any person from being prosecuted, tried and convicted before the ordinary tribunals of the Colony for any felony, misdemeanour or offence against any law for the time being in force in this Colony.

Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

(6) Every member of the Defence Force shall be allowed a reasonable time for going to and returning from any drill, parade or other service, and, if in uniform, he shall not be liable during such time, or when on duty at drill, parade or other service, to have his person, horse, harness or conveyance arrested or taken in execution by any civil process issued out of any Court whatever.

Discipline.

24. (1) Every member of the Defence Force who shall be guilty of any of the offences specified in the first column of Schedule C to this Ordinance shall be liable to pay a fine not exceeding the amount set opposite such offence in the second column of that Schedule.

Offences Schedule C.

(2) Fines in respect of the said offences for which the limit of the fine is one pound and under may be imposed by the Commanding Officer.

Fines of £1 and under

Offences in respect of which the limit of fine exceeds one pound shall only be imposed by the Commanding Officer after an investigation by a Court of Inquiry.

Fines over £1.

(3) All fines inflicted for any of the said offences shall go to the funds of the Force, and, if not paid within ten days, shall be recoverable summarily as a civil debt, under the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902, or any Ordinance amending the same, by the Commanding Officer or any Officer of the Force authorized by him.

Fines to go to funds Force.

25. (1) If any member of the Force, while on duty with the Force or any part thereof, or while wearing the uniform or accoutrements of such Force disobeys any lawful order of any Officer under whose command he then is, or is guilty of misconduct, the officer then in command of the Force or any superior officer under whose command the Force or part thereof then is may order the offender, if an Officer, into arrest and, if not an Officer, into the custody of any member of the Force.

Arrest for breach of Discipline.

Provided that the offender shall not be kept in such arrest or custody longer than during the time the Force or such portion thereof as aforesaid then shall remain on duty. For the purposes of this provision any such member, while going or returning to or from any place of exercise, drill or assembly of the Force, or any part thereof, shall be deemed to be on duty so long as he continues to wear the clothing or accoutrements of the Force.

(2) Every such arrest as aforesaid shall be forthwith reported to the Commanding Officer or such other Officer as may be prescribed in that behalf by the regulations.

Arrest to be forthwith reported.

Expulsion from Force.

26. (1) The Commanding Officer may, subject to such appeal to the Governor as is hereinafter mentioned, discharge from the Force any member thereof and strike him off the strength, either for disobedience of orders by him, while on duty with the Force, or for neglect of duty or misconduct by him as a member of the Force, or for other sufficient cause, the existence and sufficiency of the cause to be judged by the Commanding Officer or, in a case of appeal, by the Governor.

Liability after discharge.

(2) The member so discharged shall nevertheless be liable to deliver up in good order, fair wear and tear only excepted, all arms, ammunition, clothing and appointments, being public property or property of the Force, issued to him and to pay all moneys due or becoming due by him under this Ordinance under the rules or regulations, either before or at the time or by reason of his discharge.

Appeal to Governor.

(3) Any member who feels aggrieved by such discharge may appeal to the Governor at any time within fourteen days after such discharge, and the Governor may cancel or confirm such discharge or give such other directions with reference thereto as to him may seem just and proper, and his determination shall be binding on all persons.

Discipline on Active Service.

27. (1) The provisions of the Army Act shall as far as applicable apply to the discipline of the Force or any part thereof when on active service, or undergoing drill, exercise, training or inspection, together with His Majesty's Regular Forces or any part thereof, subject nevertheless to the following modifications:—

- (a) That no member of the Defence Force shall for any offence against the Army Act be subject to the penalty of death, or to any longer term of imprisonment than five years.
- (b) That no sentence of a Court Martial for the trial of a member of the Force shall be carried into execution unless confirmed by the Governor.

(2) Nothing in this section contained shall be deemed to limit or derogate from the power given by section one hundred and seventy-seven of the Army Act to the General Officer Commanding His Majesty's Forces with which the Force is serving of making such exceptions or modifications as in the same section are referred to.

Financial.

When travelling expenses are payable to Members.

28. Whenever any Member shall be called out under this Ordinance on active service away from his place of residence he shall be entitled to receive if willing to do so his travelling expenses from and to such residence, and it shall be lawful for the Governor to fix the rate and amount of such expenses.

Pay and Allowances on active service.

29. Every member called out under this Ordinance on active service shall receive from the Government such pay and allowances, quartering and billeting, as the Governor shall from time to time direct, and while in receipt of such will not be entitled to claim pay from his employer, except at such times and under such conditions as are hereinafter specified.

30. Every member who when called out under this Ordinance on active service shall leave a wife or a wife and family unable to support herself or themselves shall during the period of absence on such active service be entitled to relief for his wife and family and it shall be lawful for the Governor to fix the amount of such relief, consideration being given to the amount of the pay and allowances granted under the preceding section to the member himself.

Relief to families of Members called out on Active Service.

31. Every member of the Force who shall have received wounds or injuries when called out under this Ordinance on active service and the widows and families of all such members who may have been killed or have died within twelve months after having been wounded or have died within twelve months from illness directly traceable to fatigue or exposure incident to such active service shall be entitled to such pensions or gratuities as shall be fixed by the Governor provided that no pension or gratuity under this section shall exceed the sum of two hundred pounds (£200).

Pensions to members disabled on service and to widows and families of those killed on service.

32. (1) When on the written request of an employer a member is permitted or instructed by the Commanding Officer temporarily to resume his civil employment no payment shall be made by the Government in respect of the period during which such Member shall be released from military duty, and the employer shall pay full wages to the Member in respect of such time as he shall work for his employer during the period of such release.

Payment of members by employer on release from military duties.

(2) Should any employer apply for the temporary services of any Member other than his own employee, he shall be responsible for the full payment, at the current rate of wages, of such members as may by the Commanding Officer with the approval of the Governor be selected to perform such work in respect of such time as they or any of them are thus employed.

33. It shall be lawful for the Colonial Treasurer subject to the Regulations and on the warrant of the Governor to pay annually out of the Revenue of the Colony to the Officer Commanding for the purposes of the Force, capitation grants, not exceeding the following rates:—

Capitation grant.

For every Member of the Force qualifying in any year as efficient:—

- (a) in drilling or musketry the sum of thirty shillings (30/-).
- (b) in both drilling and musketry the sum of two pounds (£2).

34. All moneys subscribed by or to or for the use of the Force or any company or Club of the Force and all effects and other property belonging to the Force or any company or Club of the Force and the exclusive right to sue for and recover current subscriptions, arrears of subscriptions and other moneys due to the Force or to any Company or Club of the Force shall vest in the Commanding Officer for the time being and his successors in office, with power for him and them to bring actions, to make

Force funds and property vested in Commanding Officer.

contracts and conveyances and to do all other lawful things in respect of or relating to the same; and any civil or criminal proceedings taken by virtue of this section by the Officer Commanding shall not be discontinued or abated by his death, resignation or removal from office, but may be carried on by and in the name of his successors.

Recovery.

35. Any money or fine recoverable under this Ordinance may be recovered in a summary way in the Magistrate's Court notwithstanding the amount may be in excess of the ordinary jurisdiction of that Court.

Inspections.

Inspections by Officers
Regular Forces,

36. An inspection of the Force may from time to time be held by an Officer of His Majesty's Regular Forces, nominated by the Governor for the purpose, at such times as the Governor may direct, and such Inspecting Officer shall report in writing to the Governor as to the efficiency or otherwise of the Force.

Regulations.

Governor to make
Regulations.

37. (1) The Governor in Council may from time to time make, amend and revoke regulations consistent with the provisions of this Ordinance as he shall deem proper for:—

- (a) regulating muster, instruction and rifle practice;
- (b) fixing standards of efficiency and extra efficiency;
- (c) the storing and issuing of arms and ammunition;
- (d) targets, butts and shooting ranges;
- (e) the composition and proceedings of Courts of Inquiry;
- (f) the general government and good discipline of the Defence Force; and
- (g) giving further and better effect to the provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) Any such regulations may provide for the punishment or penalty of any infraction thereof.

(3) Every regulation made under this section shall be published in the Gazette.

Committee of Force.

Committee of Force.

38. There shall be a Committee of the Force composed of the Officer Commanding and six members to be elected at a General Meeting of the Members of the Force to be held annually. Two of the elected members shall retire in rotation each year, but shall be eligible for re-election. Any casual vacancy on the Committee during the course of a year may be filled by the Committee until the next annual General Meeting.

Committee may make
Rules.

39. The Committee may from time to time make amend and revoke Rules for the management and maintenance by annual subscription or otherwise of the Social Club of the Force, to be called "The Defence Force Club", and for the property finances and civil affairs of the Force;

Provided that such rules shall not have effect unless and until the Commanding Officer thinks fit to transmit the same to the Governor for his approval and such approval has been notified by the Governor to the Commanding Officer to be by him forthwith communicated to the Force, whereupon the rules so approved shall be binding on all members and shall be published in the Gazette.

40. The Rules may provide for the payment by Member of fines not exceeding ten shillings for any infringement thereof as may be imposed by the Committee, and for the payment of the amount of any damage done to the property of the Club.

Fines under rules.

Courts of Inquiry.

41. (1) The Governor may at any time convene a Court of Inquiry, composed of officers or other persons, or of both, to inquire into any matter relative to the Force or to any Company or any part thereof or to any Officer or other member of the Force and to record the facts and circumstances ascertained in such inquiry and, if required, to report upon the same for his information.

Governor may convene Court of Inquiry.

(2) The Commanding Officer of the Force may at any time convene a Court of Inquiry composed of Officers to inquire into any matter relative to any Company or to any non-commissioned officer or private thereof and to record the facts and circumstances ascertained on such inquiry and, if required, to report on the same for his information and assistance.

Commanding Officer may convene Court of Inquiry.

(3) Every Court of Inquiry shall have power to bring any member of the Force before it, either by summons or, if necessary, by warrant of apprehension directed to any Police officer or constable.

Power of Court.

(4) If any person summoned or ordered to attend as a witness before a Court of Inquiry, after payment or tender of reasonable expenses of his attendance:—

Non-attendance.

- (a) makes default in attending or in being in attendance; or
- (b) refuses to take an oath or affirmation which the Court of Inquiry requires him to take; or
- (c) refuses to produce any document in his power or control which the Court of Inquiry lawfully requires him to produce; or
- (d) refuses to answer any question which the Court of Inquiry lawfully requires him to answer; or
- (e) is guilty of any contempt of the Court of Inquiry by causing any interruption or disturbance in its proceedings or otherwise;

the President of the Court of Inquiry may certify the default, refusal or contempt under his hand to a Judge or Magistrate having power to deal with or punish persons guilty of like acts or omissions in his Court, and such Judge or Magistrate may thereupon inquire into the same, and if the person is found guilty, deal with or punish him in like manner as if such default, refusal or contempt had been made or committed before him or in relation to his Court.

Presidents powers.

Penalties.

42. If any person assaults or resists, or aids or abets any person in assaulting, or resisting, any member of the Defence Force in the discharge of his duty, he shall be punishable on summary conviction, with a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or with imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months.

Assaulting or resisting members.

Obstructing or molesting member.

43. If any person wilfully obstructs or molests any company or any Officer or member of any Company while on duty, he shall on the prosecution of the Officer Commanding be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding five pounds, and may be arrested or given into custody by the Senior Officer present and conveyed and handed over to the custody of the Police.

Wilful injury to guns, butts, etc.

44. If any person wilfully commits any damage to any gun, cannon, butt or target, hut, shed, emplacement, magazine or other property lawfully used by His Majesty's Regular Forces or the Defence Force, or without the leave of the Officer Commanding searches for bullets in or otherwise disturbs the soil of or near any such gun, cannon, butt or target, hut, shed, emplacement or magazine, he shall on the prosecution of the Officer Commanding, be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for every such offence.

Wrongful detention or disposal of arms etc.

45. (1) If any person designedly makes away with, sells, pawns, wrongfully destroys or damages or negligently loses anything issued to a member of the Force, or refuses or neglects, when lawfully required, to produce, exhibit or deliver, on demand anything which he is liable under this Ordinance or the Rules or Regulations made thereunder to produce exhibit or deliver the value thereof shall be recoverable from him summarily, under the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902, by the Commanding Officer or any Officer authorized by him, and he shall also for every such offence, be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

(2) Whoever knowingly buys or takes in exchange or in pawn from any member of the Force or person acting on his behalf or solicits or entices any member of the Force to sell or pawn or knowingly assists or acts for any member of the Force in selling or pawning or has in his possession or keeping, without satisfactorily accounting for the same, any arms, ammunition, clothing, appointments, musical instruments or necessaries, being public property or the property of the Force, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a sum not exceeding five pounds for every such offence.

Failure to furnish name etc.

46. If any person fails to furnish his full name the date of his birth and nationality to the Officer Commanding as required under the provisions of this Ordinance he shall on summary conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds

Prevention of persons from becoming members of Force.

47. If any employer or person, by threats or otherwise, wilfully prevents or endeavours to prevent any one from becoming a member of the Defence Force or at any time serving as a member of the Force, the Commanding Officer may institute proceedings against such employer or person, and such employer or person shall be liable on summary conviction, if the offence be committed in peace time, to a fine not exceeding twenty five pounds, and if committed at any time during which the Force or any part thereof is on active service, to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, for each such offence or repeated offence.

Appearance of Commanding Officer.

48. In all proceedings under this Ordinance before a Magistrate the Commanding Officer may appear by any Officer of the Force authorized by him in that behalf by writing under his hand.

Application of penalties

49. Every pecuniary penalty recovered summarily on the prosecution of the Commanding Officer shall be paid to the Commanding Officer and be applied as part of the Funds of the Force.

Repeal.

Repeal Schedule D.

50. The Ordinances set out in Schedule D hereto are hereby repealed.

Provided that all Rules Regulations and Standing Order made under the repealed Ordinances and existing and in force prior to the coming into operation of this Ordinance shall remain in force until altered amended or rescinded by any Rules Regulations or Standing Orders made in pursuance of the powers given by this Ordinance.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 6th day of December, 1920.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 13th day of December, 1920.

G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULES.

Sec: 6 (2)

Schedule A.

*as the case may be.

*omit in case of declaration.

I do sincerely promise and swear (*or "solemnly, sincerely, and truly declare") that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George V His Heirs and Successors according to Law, and that I will faithfully serve His Majesty in the Defence Force of the Colony of the Falkland Islands for the defence of the same against His Majesty's enemies and for the security of life or property, and in accordance with the Law under which I serve -
*So help me God.

Sec : 22.

Schedule B.

Persons exempt from serving in the Defence Force.

The only son of a widow being her only support.

Members and Clerk of the Executive and Legislative Councils

Judge of the Supreme Court.

Postmaster, and Registrar Supreme Court.

Magistrates.

Duly qualified Medical Practitioners.

Members of the Police Force.

Ministers of Religion.

Teachers in Schools under Government inspection.

Licensed Pilots.

All persons medically certified to the satisfaction of the Governor to be physically unfit for service, and

Any person exempted by order of the Governor in Council.

Schedule C.

Sec : 24.

	Limits of Fine.		
	£	s.	d.
Disobedience of any regulation, standing order or general order where no other punishment is provided	1	0	0
Disobedience of the order of, or insubordination to his superior officer, while on duty	1	0	0
Violence to any other member of the force while on parade ...	3	0	0
Being improperly dressed when in uniform on or off parade			
For the first offence	1	0	
For every subsequent offence	2	6	
Appearing on duty with uniform, arms or appointments not properly cleaned or cared for,			
For the first offence	1	0	
For every subsequent offence	2	6	
Appearing on duty not properly clothed, armed or accoutred			
For the first offence	1	0	
For every subsequent offence	2	6	
Talking in the ranks			
For the first offence	1	0	
For every subsequent offence	2	6	
Loading a rifle contrary to orders	1	0	
Improperly pointing a rifle, loaded or unloaded at any person ...	5	0	0
Discharging a rifle without orders in a public place	1	0	0
Infringing or disobeying any of the rules of target practice	1	0	0
Failing to appear on parade or rendezvous appointed by the Commanding Officer, or going from thence without leave, or without urgent necessity quits the ranks	1	0	0
Absenting himself from any inspection, drill, or class of instruction when ordered to attend	1	0	0
Committing any act to the prejudice of good order or military discipline	1	0	0

Schedule D.

Sec : 50.

ORDINANCES REPEALED.

No. 5 of 1893	An Ordinance to provide for the establishment of a Volunteer Force.
No. 4 of 1915	An Ordinance to amend the Volunteer Ordinance, 1893.



ORDINANCES
OF THE
COLONY
OF THE
FALKLAND ISLANDS
ENACTED DURING THE
YEAR 1921.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1921.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

(27th September, 1921.)

An Ordinance

To facilitate the enforcement in the Colony of Maintenance Orders made by courts in England and Ireland and vice versâ.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the “Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921.” Short title.

2. For the purposes of this Ordinance, the expression “maintenance order” means an order, other than an order of affiliation, for the periodical payment of sums of money towards the maintenance of the wife or other dependants of the person against whom the order is made, and the expression “dependants” means such persons as that person is liable to maintain; the expression “certified copy” in relation to an order of a court means a copy of the order certified by the proper officer of the court to be a true copy, and the expression “prescribed” means prescribed by rules of court. Definitions.

3.—(1) Where a maintenance order has, whether before or after the passing of this Ordinance, been made against any person by any court in England or Ireland, and a certified copy of the order has been transmitted by the Secretary of State to the Governor, the Governor shall send a copy of the order to the prescribed officer of a court in the Colony for registration; and on receipt thereof the order shall be registered in the prescribed manner, and shall, from the date of such registration, be of the same force and effect, and, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, all proceedings may be taken on such order as if it had been an order originally obtained in the court in which it is so registered, and that court shall have power to enforce the order accordingly. Enforcement in the Colony of maintenance orders made in England and Ireland.

(2) The court in which an order is to be so registered as aforesaid shall, if the court by which the order was made was a court of superior jurisdiction, be the Supreme Court, and, if the court was not a court of superior jurisdiction, be a court of summary jurisdiction.

Transmission of maintenance orders made in the Colony.

4. Where a court in the Colony has, whether before or after the passing of this Ordinance, made a maintenance order against any person, and it is proved to that court that the person against whom the order was made is resident in England or Ireland, the court shall send to the Governor for transmission to the Secretary of State a certified copy of the order.

Power to make provisional orders of maintenance against persons resident in England or Ireland.

5.—(1). Where an application is made to a court of summary jurisdiction in the Colony for a maintenance order against any person, and it is proved that that person is resident in England or Ireland the court may, in the absence of that person, if after hearing the evidence it is satisfied of the justice of the application, make any such order as it might have made if a summons had been duly served on that person and he had failed to appear at the hearing, but in such case the order shall be provisional only, and shall have no effect unless and until confirmed by a competent court in England or Ireland.

(2) The evidence of any witness who is examined on any such application shall be put into writing, and such deposition shall be read over to and signed by him.

(3) Where such an order is made, the court shall send to the Governor for transmission to the Secretary of State, the depositions so taken and a certified copy of the order, together with a statement of the grounds on which the making of the order might have been opposed if the person against whom the order is made had been duly served with a summons and had appeared at the hearing, and such information as the court possesses for facilitating the identification of that person, and ascertaining his whereabouts.

(4) Where any such provisional order has come before a court in England or Ireland for confirmation, and the order has by that court been remitted to the court of summary jurisdiction which made the order for the purpose of taking further evidence, that court or any other court of summary jurisdiction sitting and acting for the same place shall, after giving the prescribed notice, proceed to take the evidence in like manner and subject to the like conditions as the evidence in support of the original application.

If upon the hearing of such evidence it appears to the court that the order ought not to have been made, the court may rescind the order, but in any other case the depositions shall be sent to the Secretary of State and dealt with in like manner as the original depositions.

(5) The confirmation of an order made under this section shall not affect any power of a court of summary jurisdiction to vary or rescind that order: Provided that on the making of a varying or rescinding order the court shall send a certified copy thereof to the Governor for transmission to the Secretary of State, and that in the case of an order varying the original order the order shall not have any effect unless and until confirmed in like manner as the original order.

(6) The applicant shall have the same right of appeal, if any, against a refusal to make a provisional order as he would have had against a refusal to make the order had a summons been duly served on the person against whom the order is sought to be made.

Power of court of summary jurisdiction to confirm maintenance order made by courts in England and Ireland.

6.—(1) Where a maintenance order has been made by a court in England or Ireland, and the order is provisional only and has no effect unless and until confirmed by a court of summary jurisdiction in the Colony, and a certified copy of the order, together with the depositions of witnesses and a statement of the grounds on which the order might have been opposed has been transmitted to the Governor, and it appears to the Governor that

the person against whom the order was made is resident in the Colony, the Governor may send the said documents to the prescribed officer of a court of summary jurisdiction, with a requisition that a summons be issued calling upon the person to show cause why that order should not be confirmed, and upon receipt of such documents and requisition the court shall issue such a summons and cause it to be served upon such person.

(2) A summons so issued may be served in the Colony in the same manner as if it had been originally issued or subsequently endorsed by a court of summary jurisdiction having jurisdiction in the place where the person happens to be.

(3) At the hearing it shall be open to the person on whom the summons was served to raise any defence which he might have raised in the original proceedings had he been a party thereto, but no other defence, and the certificate from the court which made the provisional order stating the grounds on which the making of the order might have been opposed if the person against whom the order was made had been a party to the proceedings shall be conclusive evidence that those grounds are grounds on which objection may be taken.

(4) If at the hearing the person served with the summons does not appear or, on appearing, fails to satisfy the court that the order ought not to be confirmed, the court may confirm the order either without modification or with such modifications as to the court after hearing the evidence may seem just.

(5) If the person against whom the summons was issued appears at the hearing and satisfies the court that for the purpose of any defence it is necessary to remit the case to the court which made the provisional order for the taking of any further evidence, the court may so remit the case and adjourn the proceedings for the purpose.

(6) Where a provisional order has been confirmed under this section, it may be varied or rescinded in like manner as if it had originally been made by the confirming court, and where on an application for rescission or variation the court is satisfied that it is necessary to remit the case to the court which made the order for the purpose of taking any further evidence, the court may so remit the case and adjourn the proceedings for the purpose.

(7) Where an order has been so confirmed, the person bound thereby shall have the same right of appeal, if any, against the confirmation of the order as he would have had against the making of the order had the order been an order made by the court confirming the order.

7. The Secretary of State may make regulations as to the manner in which a case can be remitted by a court authorised to confirm a provisional order to the court which made the provisional order, and generally for facilitating communications between such courts.

Power of Secretary of State to make regulations for facilitating communications between courts.

8.—(1) A court of summary jurisdiction in which an order has been registered under this Ordinance or by which an order has been confirmed under this Ordinance, and the officers of such court, shall take all such steps for enforcing the order as may be prescribed.

Mode of enforcing orders.

(2) Every such order shall be enforceable in like manner as if the order were for the payment of a civil debt recoverable summarily:

Provided that if the order is of such a nature that if made by the court in which it is so registered, or by which it is so confirmed, it would be enforceable in like manner as an order of affiliation, the order shall be so enforceable.

(3) A warrant of distress or commitment issued by a court of summary jurisdiction for the purpose of enforcing any order so registered or confirmed may be executed in any part of the Colony in the same manner as if the warrant had been originally issued or subsequently endorsed by a court of summary jurisdiction having jurisdiction in the place where the warrant is executed.

Application of Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902.

9. The Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902 shall apply to proceedings before courts of summary jurisdiction under this Ordinance in like manner as it applies to proceedings under that Ordinance, and the power of the Chief Justice to make rules under section seventy of the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902, shall include power to make rules regulating the procedure of courts of summary jurisdiction under this Ordinance.

Proof of documents signed by officers of court.

10. Any document purporting to be signed by a judge or officer of a court in England or Ireland shall, until the contrary is proved, be deemed to have been so signed without proof of the signature or judicial or official character of the person appearing to have signed it, and the officer of a court by whom a document is signed shall until the contrary is proved, be deemed to have been the proper officer of the court to sign the document.

Depositions to be evidence.

11. Depositions taken in a court in England or Ireland for the purpose of this Ordinance may be received in evidence in proceedings before courts of summary jurisdiction under this Ordinance.

Passed in the Legislative Council this 23rd day of September, 1921.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 27th day of September, 1921.

H. HENNIKER HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1921.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,
Governor.

(27th September, 1921.)

An Ordinance to provide for the Imposition of Fees in respect of the grant of Certificates and other matters under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance shall be cited as the British Nationality and Status of Aliens (Fees) Ordinance, 1921. Title.
2. The fees mentioned in the Schedule shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Colony. Fees imposed.

Passed in the Legislative Council this 23rd day of September, 1921.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 27th day of September, 1921.

H. HENNIKER HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

The matter in which the Fee may be taken under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914.	The amount of the Fee.
The grant of a certificate of naturalization to a woman who was a British Subject previously to her marriage to an alien, and the registration of the certificate and the oath of allegiance in respect thereof.	£ s. d. 5 0
The grant of a certificate of naturalization in other cases, and the registration of the certificate and the oath of allegiance in respect thereof ...	10 0 0
Taking a declaration of alienage or of retention or resumption of British nationality	2 6
Administering the oath of allegiance ...	2 6
The registration of a declaration of alienage or of retention or resumption of British nationality ...	10 0
Certified copy of any declaration or certificate with or without oath	10 0

Of the fee of £10 payable in respect of the grant of a certificate of naturalization, £1 shall be payable on the submission of the application for a certificate, and shall in no circumstances be returned; and the remaining £9 shall be payable on the receipt of the decision to grant a certificate.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1921.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

(27th September, 1921.)

An Ordinance to provide for the refund of one half of the duties of Customs levied and collected, on Whale and Seal Oil, between the 1st of October, 1920 and the 30th September, 1921, under Section 7 of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duty) Amendment Ordinance, 1920.

WHEREAS it is expedient that one half of the duties of customs levied and collected upon Whale Oil and Seal Oil between the first day of October in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty and the thirtieth day of September in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one shall be refunded.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance, 1921. Short Title.
2. One half of the duties of Customs which were levied, collected and paid upon Whale Oil and Seal Oil, between the first day of October in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty and the thirtieth day of September in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one, under Section 7 of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duty) Amendment Ordinance, 1920 shall be refunded. Refund of duties of Customs.

Passed in the Legislative Council this 23rd day of September, 1921.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 27th day of September, 1921.

H. HENNIKER HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1921.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

23rd December, 1921.

An Ordinance To Amend the Licensing Ordinance, 1882.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as “The Licensing Ordinance, (Amendment), 1921”. Short Title.
2. “Still” means any apparatus susceptible of being used for the manufacture or rectifying of spirits and includes any portion of such apparatus. Definition.
3. It shall not be lawful for any person to import or to have in his possession a still without having first received a permit in writing under the hand of the Colonial Secretary. Importation of Still without permit forbidden.
4. For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Ordinance, it shall be lawful for any Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, Officer of Customs or Constable to enter into and search without warrant any buildings, premises, vessel or boat where there is reasonable cause to suspect that an illicit still may be found and to make such examination or enquiry as may be proper to ascertain whether any offence against this Ordinance has been committed. Enforcement of provisions of Ordinance
5. Any person unlawfully importing a still into the Colony or Colonial Waters thereof shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance. Persons unlawfully importing a Still guilty of an offence.
6. Any person found unlawfully in possession of, making, erecting, concealing, or using a still shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance. Making, erecting, or concealing, or using a Still an offence.
7. Any person guilty of an offence against this Ordinance and any person aiding or abetting in the commission of such offence shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds, or in default of payment to imprisonment with hard labour for a term not exceeding six months. Penalty for offences against this Ordinance.

Application to
Dependencies.

8. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies as well
as to the Colony.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 17th day of
December, 1921.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public
Seal of the Colony this 23rd day of December, 1921.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1921.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

23rd December, 1921.

An Ordinance

To Prohibit Persons not being in the
Possession of Valid Passports from landing
in the Colony.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the
Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Passports Ordinance,
1921". Short Title.
2. A person coming from any place out of the Colony shall
not, without the special permission of the Governor or of some person
deputed in writing by him, land at any place in the Colony unless he
has in his possession a valid passport issued to him, not more than two
years previously, by or on behalf of the Government of which he is
a subject or citizen, or some other document satisfactorily establishing
his nationality or identity. Landing in Colony
without passports
forbidden.
3. Any person guilty of an offence against this Ordinance shall
be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding One
Hundred Pounds and in addition to, or instead of such penalty to
imprisonment not exceeding six months. Penalty for offences
against this Ordinance.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 17th day of
December, 1921.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public
Seal of the Colony this 23rd day of December, 1921.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 8 of 1921.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

23rd December, 1921.

An Ordinance

To Consolidate and Amend the Laws relating to Seal Fishery in the Colony and its Dependencies.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as “The Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921”. Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance:— Definitions.

“Seal” means the fur seal, the hair seal, the sea otter, the sea elephant, the sea leopard, the sea bear, the sea lion, the sea dog and any animal of the seal kind.

“Skin” means the skin of any seal.

“Seal reserve” means any portion of land or water within the limits of the Colony set apart by the Governor in Council for the breeding of seals.

3. (1) The provisions of this Ordinance shall be enforced by Seal Fishery Officers. Appointment of Seal Fishery Officers.

(2) The following persons shall be seal fishery officers that is to say, every commissioned officer of any of His Majesty's ships on full pay, and every officer in the employ of the Government of the Colony authorised in that behalf by the Governor.

4. It shall not be lawful for any person to kill, take or hunt, or attempt to kill or take any seal in the Colony or the Colonial waters thereof, unless he shall first have been duly licenced. Unlawful to take seal in the Colony without a licence.

5. (1) Such officer as the Governor may appoint for the purpose may grant licences to take seals in the Colony and the Colonial waters thereof, to such persons as may apply for them, for such periods and on such terms and conditions as may be approved by the Governor. Granting of Sealing Licences.

(2) In the case of the breach by the holder of a licence of any of the provisions of this Ordinance, or of the regulations made thereunder or of any of the conditions under which such licence may have been granted, the Governor may, by notice in writing, summarily revoke such licence, and thereupon all rights conferred thereby or enjoyed thereunder shall cease as from a date mentioned in such notice. Power to revoke licences.

Regulations.

6. (1) The Governor in Council may from time to time make regulations for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance and the intent and object thereof.

(2) Any person guilty of an offence against any provision of the regulations made under this section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Twenty-five Pounds.

Seal Reserve.

7. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council from time to time to declare, by notification in the Gazette, any Crown land or Colonial waters, or with the consent of the owner or lessee, any private land, to be a seal reserve, and, by notification in the Gazette, to revoke and declare to be no longer in force any such notification as aforesaid.

Liability of an owner or master of a vessel.

8. Any owner or master or other person in charge of any vessel who shall permit such vessel, or any boat or canoe belonging to such vessel, to be employed in killing or taking seals in the Colony or the Colonial waters thereof without a licence under this Ordinance or contrary to the terms of or beyond the limits specified in any licence granted to him under this Ordinance, shall forfeit any seals so killed or taken, and any seals, seal-oil or skins found in his possession, and in addition thereto shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Three Hundred Pounds and to imprisonment with hard labour for a period not exceeding twelve months for each offence.

Offences and penalties and forfeitures consequent thereon.

9. Any person who does any of the following acts shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance, and shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding One Hundred Pounds and to imprisonment with hard labour for a period not exceeding six months for each such offence, and to forfeit any seals, seal-oil, or skins found in his possession:-

(a) Kills, takes or hunts, or attempts to kill or take, any seal in the Colony or the Colonial waters thereof without a licence under this Ordinance, or contrary to the terms of, or beyond the limits specified in, any licence granted to him under this Ordinance.

(b) Has in his possession, or in any vessel under his command, any seal, seal-oil, skins, for the lawful possession of which he cannot account satisfactorily.

Powers of Seal Fishery Officers.

10. For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Ordinance and of any regulation made by the Governor in Council under this Ordinance a seal fishery officer may, with respect to any vessel found within the limits of the territorial waters of the Colony engaged or believed to be engaged or concerned in seal fishing, exercise the following powers:-

(1) He may go on board at any time.

(2) He may require the owner, master, or crew, or any of them to produce any certificates of registry, licences, official log books, official papers, articles of agreement, muster rolls, and other documents relating to the vessel, which are in their respective possession or control on board the vessel and may take copies thereof or of any part thereof.

(3) He may muster the crew of the vessel.

(4) He may require the master to appear and to give any explanation concerning his vessel and the said certificates of registry, official log books, official papers, articles of agreement, muster rolls and other documents or any of them.

(5) He may make any examination or enquiry which he deems necessary to ascertain whether any contravention of the provisions of this Ordinance or of any regulation as aforesaid has been committed.

(6) In the case of any person who appears to him to have committed any such contravention he may, without summons, warrant or other process, both take the offender and the vessel to which he belongs and the crew thereof to a port of entry in the

Colony or its Dependencies, as defined by the Customs Ordinance, 1903, and bring him or them before a competent court and detain him, it and them in the port until the alleged contravention has been adjudicated upon, or until the master of the said vessel has given security to be approved by the Chief Justice or a Magistrate of the Colony to abide the event of any action, suit, or other legal proceeding that may be instituted in respect of such vessel or of any person belonging thereto, and to pay all penalties, costs and damages that may be awarded them. In any legal proceeding under this subsection the person giving security may be deemed to be the owner of the detained vessel.

11. No seal fishery officer shall be liable for any costs or damages in respect of any vessel detained under this Ordinance unless the detention is proved to have been made without reasonable grounds.

12. If any vessel found in the waters of the Colony and suspected by a seal fishery officer to be engaged or concerned in seal fishing, shall not bring to upon signal made by any ship or boat in His Majesty's service or in the service of the Colonial Government, by hoisting the proper pendant or ensign, whereupon chase shall be given, and any person on board such vessel shall, during chase or before such vessel shall bring to, throw overboard any part of her lading, such vessel shall be forfeited.

13. If any vessel liable to seizure or examination under this Ordinance shall not bring to when required to do so, the master of such vessel shall forfeit the sum of Fifty Pounds; and on such vessel being chased by any vessel in His Majesty's Navy, or duly employed for enforcing the provisions of this Ordinance, having a proper pendant or ensign hoisted, it shall be lawful for the captain, master or other person having the charge or command of such vessel in His Majesty's Navy, or employed as aforesaid (first causing a gun to be fired as a signal), to fire at or into such vessel, and such captain, master, or other person acting in his aid or by his direction shall be and is hereby indemnified and discharged from any indictment penalty, action, or other proceeding for so doing.

14. The Governor may cause an armed guard to be stationed at or in the vicinity of any Seal Reserve for the purpose of the further enforcement of the provisions of this Ordinance and may prescribe by order under his hand the manner in which such guard shall perform their duties.

15. If any person refuses or neglects to comply with any requisition or direction lawfully made or given by, or to answer any question lawfully asked by any seal fishery officer or armed guard such person shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding One hundred Pounds and to imprisonment with hard labour for a period not exceeding six months.

16. (1) It shall be lawful for a seal fishery officer or an armed guard to arrest, detain, and bring before a competent court, any person committing or appearing to be about to commit, an offence against the provisions of this Ordinance, or any regulation made thereunder.

(2) A seal fishery officer or armed guard may use force for the prevention of any such offence, or for the purpose of effecting an arrest.

(3) If any person is killed maimed or hurt by reason of his resisting a seal fishery officer or an armed guard in the execution of the duties of this Ordinance committed to such seal fishery officer or armed guard, neither the seal fishery officer nor the armed guard shall be liable to any punishment or to pay any damages by reason of the person being so killed, maimed or hurt.

17. If any person shall maliciously shoot at any vessel or boat belonging to His Majesty's Navy, or in the service of the Colonial Government, or shall maliciously shoot at, maim, or wound any officer of the Navy or Colonial Government being duly employed

Protection of Seal Fishery Officers.

Vessel not bringing to when summoned or throwing overboard goods during chase to be forfeited.

Vessel not bringing to when required to, penalty £50.

Armed Guard may be stationed at a Seal Reserve.

Penalty for not complying with directions of Seal Fishery Officer.

Power to arrest for breaches of Ordinance.

Persons shooting at vessels or officers enforcing Ordinance, guilty of felony.

in the prevention of offences against this Ordinance, or any person acting in his aid or assistance, in the execution of his office or duty, every person so offending, and every person aiding, abetting or assisting therein, shall, upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of felony and shall be liable to be imprisoned with hard labour for any period not exceeding three years.

Prosecution of
Offences.

18. Offences under this Ordinance, or under any regulation made thereunder, may be prosecuted, and penalties and forfeitures under this Ordinance, or any regulations thereunder, may be recovered before a Stipendiary Magistrate or any two Justices of the Peace in a summary manner, or by action in the Supreme Court of the Colony, together with full costs of suit ;

Provided that any penalty imposed by a Stipendiary Magistrate or two Justices of the Peace shall not exceed One Hundred Pounds, exclusive of costs, and imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.

Venue.

19. For all purposes of and incidental to the trial and punishment of any person, accused of any offence under this Ordinance and the proceedings, and matters preliminary, and incidental to, and consequential on his trial and punishment, and for all purposes of and incidental to the jurisdiction of any Court, or any constable, or officer with reference to such offence, the offence shall be deemed to have been committed either in the place in which it was actually committed, or in any place in which the offender may for the time being be found.

Recovery of penalties.

20. Any penalty adjudged under this Ordinance to be paid by the owner or master, or other person in charge of a vessel may be recovered in the ordinary way, or, if the Court think fit so to order, by distress or arrest and sale of the vessel to which the offender belongs, and her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and any property on board thereof or belonging thereto, or any part thereof.

Service of summons.

21. Service of any summons or other matter in any legal proceedings under this Ordinance shall be good service if made personally on the person to be served, or at his last place of abode, or if made by leaving such summons, or other matter for him on board any vessel, to which he may belong, with the person being, or appearing to be, in command, or charge of such vessel.

Special exemption.

22. The Governor may authorize in writing any person to kill or take, for a scientific or any other special purpose, any seal in the Colony or Colonial waters thereof, and in so doing the person so authorized shall be exempt from any penalties and forfeitures under this Ordinance.

Application of
Ordinance to
Dependencies.

23. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Ordinances 1 of 1899
and 6 of 1909
Repealed.

24. The Seal Fishery Ordinance, 1899, and the Seal Fishery Dependencies Ordinance, 1909, are hereby repealed.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 17th day of December, 1921.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 23rd day of December, 1921.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.



ORDINANCES
of the
COLONY
of the
FALKLAND ISLANDS
enacted during the
Year, 1922.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1922.

I ASSENT.

J. MIDDLETON.

Governor.

25th August, 1922.

An Ordinance To amend the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1922", and shall be read and construed as one with the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921.

Short Title.

2. For the purpose of the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921, the expression "maintenance order" means an order, other than an order of affiliation for the periodical payment of sums of money towards the maintenance of the wife or other dependents of the person against whom the order is made; the expression "dependents" means such persons as that person is liable to maintain according to the law in force in that part of His Majesty's dominions in which the maintenance order was made, the expression "certified copy" in relation to an order of a court means a copy of the order certified by the proper officer of the court to be a true copy; and the expression "prescribed" means prescribed by rules of court.

Definitions.

3. The Governor may make regulations as to the manner in which a case can be remitted by a court authorized to confirm a provisional order to the court which made the provisional order, and generally for facilitating communications between such courts.

Power of Governor to make regulations for facilitating communications between courts.

4. Where the Governor is satisfied that reciprocal provisions have been made by the legislature of any British possession or any territory under His Majesty's protection for the enforcement within such possession or territory of maintenance orders made by Courts in the Falkland Islands, the Governor may by Proclamation extend the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921 to maintenance orders made by Courts within such possessions or territory, and thereupon the said Ordinance shall apply to such maintenance orders as if they had been made in England or Ireland.

Extension of the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921, to other British Possessions.

Repeal of Sections 2 and 7 of the principal Ordinance.

5. Sections 2 and 7 of the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921, are hereby repealed.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 11th day of August, 1922.

W. BARLAS,
Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 25th day of August, 1922.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1922.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,
Governor.

25th August, 1922.

An Ordinance

To secure the Reciprocal Enforcement of judgments obtained in superior courts in this Colony, the United Kingdom and other parts of His Majesty's Dominions or territories under His Majesty's protection.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments Ordinance, 1922." Short Title.

2. (1) Where a judgment has been obtained in a superior court in the United Kingdom, the judgment creditor may apply to the Supreme Court of the Colony at any time within twelve months after the date of the judgment, or such longer period as may be allowed by the court, to have the judgment registered in the court, and on any such application the court may, if in all the circumstances of the case they think it is just and convenient that the judgment should be enforced in the Colony, and subject to the provisions of this section, order the judgment to be registered accordingly. Enforcement in Colony of Judgments obtained in the United Kingdom.

(2) No judgment shall be ordered to be registered under this section if—

- (a) the original court acted without jurisdiction, or
- (b) the judgment debtor, being a person who was neither carrying on business nor ordinarily resident within the jurisdiction of the original court, did not voluntarily appear or otherwise submit or agree to submit to the jurisdiction of that court; or

- (c) the judgment debtor, being the defendant in the proceedings, was not duly served with the process of the original court and did not appear, notwithstanding that he was ordinarily resident or was carrying on business within the jurisdiction of that court or agreed to submit to the jurisdiction of that court; or
- (d) the judgment was obtained by fraud; or
- (e) the judgment debtor satisfies the registering court either that an appeal is pending, or that he is entitled and intends to appeal, against the judgment; or
- (f) the judgment was in respect of a cause of action which for reasons of public policy or for some other similar reason could not have been entertained by the registering court.

(3) Where a judgment is registered under this section:—

- (a) the judgment shall, as from the date of registration be of the same force and effect, and proceedings may be taken thereon, as if it had been a judgment originally obtained or entered up on the date of registration in the registering court;
 - (b) the registering court shall have the same control and jurisdiction over the judgment as it has over similar judgments given by itself, but in so far only as relates to execution under this section;
 - (c) the reasonable costs of and incidental to the registration of the judgment (including the costs of obtaining a certified copy thereof from the original court and of the application for registration) shall be recoverable in like manner as if they were sums payable under the judgment.
- (4) Rules of court shall provide:—
- (a) for service on the judgment debtor of notice of the registration of a judgment under this section; and
 - (b) for enabling the registering court on an application by the judgment debtor to set aside the registration of a judgment under this section on such terms as the court thinks fit; and
 - (c) for suspending the execution of a judgment registered under this section until the expiration of the period during which the judgment debtor may apply to have the registration set aside.

(5) In any action brought in any court in the Colony on any judgment which might be ordered to be registered under this section, the plaintiff shall not be entitled to recover any costs of the action unless an application to register the judgment under this section has previously been refused, or unless the court otherwise orders.

3. Where a judgment has been obtained in the Supreme Court of the Colony against any person, the court shall, on an application made by the judgment creditor and on proof that the judgment debtor is resident in the United Kingdom, issue to the judgment creditor a certified copy of the judgment.

4. Provision may be made by rules of court for regulating the practice and procedure, (including scales of fees and evidence), in respect of proceedings of any kind under this Ordinance.

5. (1) In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires:—

The expression "judgment" means any judgment or order given or made by a court in any civil proceedings, whether before or after the passing of this Ordinance, whereby any sum of money is made payable, and includes an award in proceedings on an arbitration if the award has, in pursuance of the law in force in the place where it was made, become enforceable in the same manner as a judgment given by a court in that place.

The expression "original court" in relation to any judgment means the court by which the judgment was given.

The expression "registering court" in relation to any judgment means the court by which the judgment was registered.

The expression "judgment creditor" means the person by whom the judgment was obtained, and includes the successors and assigns of that person.

The expression "judgment debtor" means the person against whom the judgment was given, and includes any person against whom the judgment is enforceable in the place where it was given.

(2) Subject to rules of court, any of the powers conferred by this Ordinance on any court may be exercised by a judge of the court.

6. (1) Where the Governor is satisfied that reciprocal provisions have been made by the legislature of any part of His Majesty's dominions outside the United Kingdom for the enforcement within that part of His dominions of judgments obtained in the Supreme Court of this Colony, the Governor may by Proclamation under his hand declare that this Ordinance shall extend to judgments obtained in a superior court in that part of His Majesty's dominions in like manner as it extends to judgments obtained in a superior court in the United Kingdom and on any such Proclamation being made this Ordinance shall extend accordingly.

(2) For the purposes of this section the expression "part of His Majesty's Dominions outside the United Kingdom" shall be deemed to include any territory which is under His Majesty's protection or in respect of which a mandate is being exercised by the Government of any part of His Majesty's dominions.

(3) A Proclamation made by the Governor under this section may be varied or revoked by a subsequent Proclamation.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 11th day of August, 1922.

W. BARLAS,
Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 25th day of August, 1922.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

Issue of certificates of judgments obtained in the Colony.

Power to make rules.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1922.

I ASSENT.

J. MIDDLETON.

Governor.

25th August, 1922.

An Ordinance

To provide for the refund of a portion of the duties of Customs levied and collected on Whale and Seal Oil, between the 1st of October, 1921, and the 30th of September, 1922, under Section 7 of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duty) Amendment Ordinance, 1920, if the market price of the Oil per ton does not exceed £50.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Export Duty) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1922." Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance the term "average market price for the season" means the average market price per ton of whale and seal oil for the period from the 1st day of October, 1921, to the 30th day of September, 1922. Definition.

3. A refund of a part of the duties of Customs levied, collected and paid upon whale and seal oil, between the first day of October, 1921, and the thirtieth day of September, 1922, shall be made in accordance with the following scale :— Refund of part of duty if price of oil does not exceed £50 per ton.

If the average market price for the season of first grade oil,

Exceeds £45 but does not exceed £50 per ton	6d.
" £40 " " " " £45 " "	1/-.
Does not exceed £40 " "	1/6.

Governor in Council
to decide.

4. In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the average market price for the season the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 11th day of August, 1922.

W. BARLAS,
Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 25th day of August, 1922.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1922.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

20th November, 1922.

An Ordinance

To amend "The Live Stock Ordinance, 1901."

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:-

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Live Stock (Amendment) Ordinance, 1922," and shall be read and construed as one with "the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901," hereinafter referred to as the principal ordinance.

Short Title.
To form part of the principal ordinance.

2. The definition of "infected sheep" in Section 1 of the principal ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following:-

Interpretation of term "infected sheep."

"Infected sheep" means any sheep infected with scab or other infectious or contagious disease or affected with any parasitic disease or which within six months have been exposed to disease as aforesaid.

3. Section 13 of the principal ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following:-

Annual Return.

Every farmer shall, on or before the 30th day of June in each year, make and transmit to the Chief Inspector a return in Form 5 of First Schedule hereto.

4. Section 30 of the principal ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following:-

Every person who by himself, his agent or servant, drives, without the permission of an Inspector, or depastures or suffers to stray, any sheep from a station declared by such Inspector to be affected with lice, shall be liable on conviction for every day during which such sheep shall be so driven, depastured or suffered to stray, to a penalty not exceeding five pounds and not less than one pound.

Sheep not to be driven from station affected with lice.

Form of Annual Return.

5. Form 5 of the First Schedule to the principal ordinance is repealed and replaced by the form shewn in the schedule hereto.

Passed in the Legislative Council this 10th day of November, 1922.

W. BARLAS,
Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 20th day of November, 1922.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE. ANNUAL RETURN.

(Rendered under Section 13 of the Live Stock Ordinance 1901.)
First Schedule Form 5.

Name of Station..... Ear Mark for Sheep.....
Brand for Horses and Cattle.....

S H E E P .

Number of Sheep on 31st May, 19.....

Rams.	Wethers.	Breeding Ewes.	Other Ewes.	Total.

Number of Lambs on 31st May, 19.....

Rams.	Wethers.	Ewes.	Total.

Total Sheep.....

Sheep disposed of between 1st June, 19..... and 31st May, 19.....

	Rams.	Wethers.	Breeding Ewes.	Other Ewes.	Total.
Sold locally for breeding ...					
Exported ...					
Canned or sold for canning					
Boiled down or sold for boiling down					
Sold for Slaughter ...					
Sold for Consumption ...					
Killed for Skins ...					
Total ...					

Sheep acquired between 1st June, 19..... and 31st May, 19.....

	Breed.	Country of origin or Station on which bred.	Rams.	Ewes.	Total.
Imported ...					
Purchased locally					
Total ...					

Number of Horses, Cattle, & Swine, on 31st May, 19.....

Stallions. Geldings. Horses & Mares. Brood Mares. Other Mares. Foals. Cattle. Swine.

I solemnly and sincerely declare that the foregoing is to the best of my knowledge and belief a correct and accurate statement of all Stock on this Station.

.....
Farmer, or Manager.

NOTE—This return must be made and transmitted to the Chief Inspector on or before 30th June in each year.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1922.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

20th November, 1922.

An Ordinance To provide for Trading Companies and other Associations.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance 1922". Short Title.

I. COMPANIES.

2. Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance the following Acts of the Imperial Parliament are declared to be in force in the Colony in so far as they are applicable:— Imperial Companies Acts extended to the Colony.

The Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908 (8 Edw. VII, ch. 69), and

The Companies Act, 1913 (3 and 4, Geo. V., ch. 25).

3. The Registrar-General shall be the Registrar of Companies and the memorandum of associations and the articles of association (if any) of any trading company formed in the Colony under the provisions of this Ordinance shall be registered in a deed book kept for that purpose. Registrar.

4. (1) The Governor in Executive Council may make rules for the more effectual working of the said Imperial Acts in the Colony. Such rules shall be published in the Gazette and shall come into operation as from the date of publication. Rules and Fees.

(2) There shall be paid to the Registrar in respect of the several matters mentioned in Schedule A to this Ordinance the several fees therein specified or such smaller fees as the Governor may from time to time direct.

Requirements as to Companies established outside the Colony.

(3) All fees paid to the Registrar in pursuance of this Ordinance shall be paid into the Treasury.

5. (1) A company incorporated outside the Colony may carry on business in the Colony or its Dependencies by filing with the Registrar General:—

- (a) a certified copy of the charter, statutes, or memorandum and articles of the company, or other instrument constituting or defining the constitution of the Company and, if the instrument is not written in the English language a certified translation in the English language thereof;
- (b) list of the directors of the company;
- (c) the name of some one or more persons resident or stationed for the time being in the Colony or its Dependencies authorised to accept on behalf of the company service of process and any notices required to be served on the company;

and in the event of any alteration being made in any such instrument, or in the directors, or in the names of any such person as aforesaid, the company shall file with the Registrar General within six months a notice of the alteration.

(2) Any process or notice required to be served on the company shall be sufficiently served if addressed to any person whose name has been so filed as aforesaid and left at or sent to the address which has been so filed.

(3) If any company to which this section applies fails to comply with any of the requirements of this section the company, and every officer or agent of the company, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds, or in the case of a continuing offence five pounds for every day during which the failure continues.

(4) There shall be paid to the Registrar for registering any document required by this section to be filed with him a fee of five shillings or such smaller fee as may be prescribed by the Governor.

Provided always that paragraphs (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of this section shall not apply to any company incorporated outside the Colony which shall carry on business within the Colony solely through the medium of a *bona fide* agent.

Power of Companies incorporated outside the Colony.

6. A company incorporated outside the Colony and duly registered in accordance with the provisions of the last foregoing section may sue and be sued in its incorporated name and enjoy all the privileges of a company projected formed and incorporated in the Colony.

II. GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF PARTNERSHIP.

Nature of Partnership.

7. (1) Partnership is the relation which subsists between persons carrying on a business in common with a view of profit.

(2) But the relation between members of any company or association which is;

- (a) Registered as a Company under this Ordinance or any other Ordinance for the time being in force relating to the registration of joint stock companies; or
- (b) Formed or incorporated by or in pursuance of any other Ordinance of the Colony or letters patent, or Royal Charter;

is not a partnership within the meaning of this Ordinance.

8. A new partner cannot be introduced to the partnership without the consent of all the partners. The consent of the majority will not suffice. New partners.

9. One partner may take a sub-partner to participate in his share of the partnership but such sub-partner is not a partner in the partnership. Sub-partners.

10. The contract is essentially one of good faith among the partners both in its beginning and its progress and it can be set aside at any time on fraud being established. In case of fraud.

11. The number of partners in a private partnership shall not exceed twenty. Maximum number of partners.

12. An infant may be a partner but under the law with regard to infants he is not responsible for the debts of the partnership if he repudiates his liability on coming of age. Infant may become partner

13. (1) If a partner was a lunatic at the time of entering into the contract and the fact was concealed from any of the partners the fraud will be a sufficient ground for setting aside the contract. In case of lunacy.

(2) If the lunacy was known to the other partners they cannot afterwards set aside the contract on that ground but it may at any time be set aside by those acting for the lunatic.

(3) If the contract has been entered into by the lunatic in a lucid moment and is a transaction in good faith as regards the other partners any supervening lunacy will not invalidate the right of the lunatic to his share of the profits and his property will be subject to the debts of the partnership.

(4) If a partner sane at the time of entering into the contract shall become insane during the partnership it shall be at the option of the remaining partners to continue the partnership according to the terms of the contract or to dissolve the partnership.

14. A married woman may with the consent of her husband enter into a contract of partnership and when such consent has been given by the husband signing the articles of partnership the wife shall be entitled to act as a *feme sole* with regard to the partnership. Married woman may become partner.

15. The undertaking into which the partners enter must be a lawful one but need not be any particular business as a valid partnership may be constituted for purposes of a general nature to speculate in any way which may appear to offer profit. Undertaking must be lawful but may be of a general nature.

16. The partnership must be for the purpose of making profit in which each of the partners shall have a share. Partner to share in profits.

17. It is not necessary that each partner actually participate in the profits whatever amount of profit may be made because a partner may validly stipulate on account of the greater share of the fund which he advances that one or more of the partners shall not receive anything unless a certain amount of profit has been made. It is enough that each partner shall have a fair chance of making profit and that the conditions of the contract are not manifestly unjust. Participation in profits.

18. The partners in the contract of partnership bear the loss mutually if they fail to make profit and incur loss but it shall not be unlawful for a partner to stipulate as between himself and the other partners that he shall not be liable to contribute to the loss. Losses to be borne mutually.

Shares in profit and loss.	19. The shares in the profit and the proportion of responsibility for loss may be equal or unequal according to the agreement of the partners or <i>pro rata</i> according to the amount each has contributed to the common fund but where no stipulation has been made and there is no guide to the intention of parties the shares in the profit and loss shall be taken to be equal.	28. A person who enters into a partnership without notification and continues in it for the purpose of sharing in the profit as a dormant partner shall be liable to creditors during the time he remained a partner in the same manner as an ordinary partner.	Liability of dormant partners.
Share in profits without being a partner.	20. While partners share in profit and are liable for loss a mere participation in profits does not necessarily make the participator a partner. A manager or servant of a partnership may have a share in the profits as his wages and yet not be a partner.	III.—PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP WHERE THE LIABILITY OF	
		THE MEMBERS IS UNLIMITED.	
		(i) <i>The partnership property.</i>	
Proof of partnership.	21. The mere fact that the participator in the profits is the manager or servant of the partnership does not necessarily exclude him from a being a partner. The fact whether he is a partner or not depends upon the intention of parties when he was admitted to share profits and must be judged of according to the facts and circumstances of each case.	29. The whole property real and personal original and acquired of the partners as a whole in connection with the partnership shall be held as belonging to the partnership under the firm name style title or designation and the partnership to that effect shall be regarded as a juridical person and it shall be capable of sustaining the relation of creditor and have the right to sue and of sustaining the relation of debtor and the liability to be sued each partner having a contingent right to his share of the property when the debts shall be paid and the property divided but having no right while the partnership lasts to dispose of the property except for partnership purposes and on the other hand each partner remaining liable for the debts of the partnership.	Partnership property.
Persons may participate in profits without being liable as partners.	22. The advance of money by way of loan upon a contract in writing to receive a rate of interest varying with the profits or even a share of the profits will not of itself make the lender a partner. A widow or child of a partner may receive a portion of profits by way of annuity without incurring liability for the debts of the partnership. The vendor of the goodwill of a business may receive a portion of the profits in consideration of the sale without being subject to the liabilities of a partner.	30. The partnership itself may be lawfully sued by entering as the name of the defendant the firm name style title or designation under which the partnership conducts its ordinary business and a writ left at the ordinary place of business of such partnership or with a manager clerk shopman operative or servant therein or delivered personally to any one partner shall be a sufficient service upon the said partnership and upon the individual partners thereof and judgment may be given thereon which shall be a good judgment against the partnership as in the case of any ordinary defendant to an action.	Partnership may be sued in name of firm.
What may constitute capital.	23. The fund which the partners contribute or as it is commonly called the capital of the partnership need not necessarily consist of money. One may contribute his skill or his labour or goods or real estate or the goodwill of a business and generally it may be said that anything which the partners themselves consider to have value may be contributed to the common fund.	31. The partnership may sue under the firm name style title or designation by which it conducts its ordinary business without requiring to insert as a plaintiff the name of any individual partner and a judgment obtained in any action in which the writ shall be so sued out shall be a good judgment and may be enforced by all the remedies competent to an ordinary plaintiff.	Partnership may sue in name of firm.
Where labour or skill is contributed.	24. Where the contribution of the partner is labour or skill or something which bears no ratable proportion to the money supplied by others it is the more necessary that the share of the profits to which each partner is entitled should be fixed at the time of making the contract. If no proportion is fixed the contributor of the skill or labour shall be entitled to receive profits in proportion to the smallest sum of money advanced by the other partners.	32. Real estate may form part of the capital of a partnership.	Real estate may form capital.
Where capital exceeds one hundred pounds or duration of contract exceeds twelve months.	25. No partnership in which the common fund or capital exceeds the value of one hundred pounds sterling and the duration of the contract exceeds or by the nature of the engagement must exceed twelve months can be pleaded or proved in actions between the partners themselves unless the contract has been embodied in articles of partnership. If a partner has been admitted subsequent to the articles his admission may be proved by letters writings or facts and circumstances.	33. The real property may form part of the partnership property although the title may be in name of one or more of the partners and be liable for the debts of the partnership or be treated as personalty on the death of a partner.	Liabilities thereof.
As to existing partnerships.	26. Existing partnerships shall until their termination be subject to the rules of the law anterior to this Ordinance as regards the necessity of articles but all future contracts of partnerships shall with the exception aforesaid be embodied in articles of partnership.	34. On the other hand land may be contributed to the partnership fund not as a portion of the capital but simply for the purpose of cultivation or pasturage the property remaining in the individual partner and the use solely belonging to the partnership.	Real property not necessarily partnership property.
Limited partners may be responsible as Ordinary partners in certain cases.	27. If those who are not partners at all or who may be limited partners only hold themselves out to others as ordinary partners and in this manner cause them to enter into contracts or make advances or sell goods on credit or in any other way to become creditors the individuals who so represent themselves shall be held bound by their representations.	35. Titles to land may be taken in the name of the partnership under its ordinary name style title or designation and a transfer of the same may be validly made under the firm name style title or designation when subscribed to the transfer by one of the partners. Mortgages and encumbrances may be granted and created in the same manner and the transfers mortgages or encumbrances shall when so subscribed be held to have been done with consent of all the partners.	Titles to land may be taken and transferred in name of partnership.

Property to be applied to the payment of debts.	36. The partnership property must first be applied to the payment of partnership debts and each partner has a right to have the same so applied before any individual partner or his creditors or representatives can claim any right therein.	46. The same rules will apply to the application of the securities or property real or personal of the firm in payment of the private debt of a partner.	Application of partnership securities.
Where partners may claim individually &c.	37. Each partner has a claim on the partnership property for all funds advanced by him and the partnership has also a claim for the repayment to the partnership of whatever has been taken by one partner beyond his share.	47. Where money has been advanced to a partner upon his individual credit and responsibility although the money be paid into the firm account and employed for partnership purposes the person making the advance must go against the individual partner who obtained it upon his own credit.	Where money has been advanced to individual partner.
Claims against individual partners.	38. No creditor of an individual partner can acquire any right title or interest in the partnership property even as the consequence of a judgment except for so much as belongs to the partner after all claims on the partnership as a whole are deducted and satisfied and the mode of putting any such judgment in force shall be by attachment of the partner's share of profit and property and not by seizure and sale.	48. A new partner by joining an old firm shall make himself liable like the other partners for the debts of the firm.	Responsibilities of new partner.
Partner may bind partnership in relation to its ordinary business.	(ii) Powers and authorities of partners.	49. Where a partnership has been originally liable for a debt and the creditor by arrangement accepts one of the partners as his debtor in place of the partnership such acceptance will extinguish the debt against the firm.	Where a partner is accepted as debtor in place of firm.
Ordinary trading transactions may be entered into by any partner.	39. Each partner is <i>præpositus negotiis societatis</i> and while the stipulations in the articles of partnership bind the partners <i>inter sese</i> in regard to the extent of their powers as regard the public each partner can bind the partnership by his acts in relation to the partnership business. This however is subject to the limitation that it must be in relation to the partnership business as ordinarily conducted because one partner has no authority to bind his co-partners to obligations which both he and the persons with whom he dealt must have known to be beyond the ordinary scope of the business and of the powers ordinarily exercised by partners.	50. If a creditor in like manner continues to accept of the partnership as the debtor after the retirement of a partner has been duly notified to him the responsibility of the retiring partner ceases.	Where retiring partner ceases to be responsible.
With regard to the granting of warranties &c.	40. In ordinary trading partnerships the buying and selling of goods the drawing accepting and indorsing of bills the granting of cheques upon the partnership bank account the borrowing of money within ordinary limits for trade purposes the granting of receipts the ordering of insurances the payment of debts the granting of Custom House bonds and the pledging of partnership property for partnership purposes are all within the scope of the agency entrusted to each partner.	51. But as the principal of the discharge which is here assumed is that the creditor had notice of the partnership in its altered condition and accepted it as his debtor there must be no doubt of the notice which ought to be both personal and public in the manner set forth in a subsequent section the latter form being sufficient intimation to those who have subsequent dealings with the firm that the partner has retired and the former being necessary in the case of the actual creditors of the firm at the date of retirement.	Notice of discharge of partner from responsibility to be given to creditor.
Reference of dispute.	41. In partnerships where it is part of the ordinary business to grant warranties or guarantees the guarantee of one partner shall bind the whole but where that is not the ordinary course of the business of the partnership the holder of the guarantee will require to prove that it was done with the consent of the firm.	52. (1) The partnership is liable for torts committed by the partners or the servants of the partnership in the course of carrying on partnership business.	Liability for torts.
Contracts not binding in certain cases.	42. One partner has no authority to refer a matter in dispute to arbitration in name of the partnership without their consent.	52. (2) The partnership is liable if one of the partners fraudulently disposes of property consigned to the custody and care of the partnership.	For frauds.
Acceptance of the firm given for a private debt.	43. Contracts will not bind the partnership which have been made by one partner with a party who has knowledge or notice that the partner is acting beyond his powers or in fraud of the firm.	52. (3) The partnership is liable for injuries to persons or goods caused by the want of care or want of skill of the partners or servants of the firm in the carrying on of the ordinary business of the firm.	For injuries to persons or goods.
Application of partnership money to private use.	44. Where a partner gives a bill or acceptance or indorsement of the firm in payment of his private debt the firm will not be bound to the person accepting such a payment unless he can prove that the partner was authorised or otherwise establishes the <i>bona fides</i> of the transaction. If the bill is in the hands of third holders the partnership shall be liable unless the circumstances show that the holder was aware of the nature of the transaction.	52. (4) A partnership of publishers shall be liable for the printing and publishing of a slander by the firm on the authority of one of the partners in the course of the business of the firm.	For slander.
	45. Where money has been raised by one partner upon the faith of the partnership signature and such partner applies the money to his own private debt the firm will be bound when the party advancing the money had no knowledge of the object to which it was to be applied.	52. (5) The partnership will be liable for frauds committed on the revenue by one of the partners in conducting the business of the firm.	For frauds on the revenue.
		52. (6) The tort to render the firm liable must be committed in carrying out the business of the firm within the ordinary scope thereof or the act must be endorsed and accepted by the firm.	Liability in certain cases only.
	(iii) Rights and duties of partners.	53. If any loss be sustained to the partnership from the gross negligence unskillfulness fraud or misconduct of a partner the partner is responsible to the partnership.	Responsibility for loss.
		54. A partner is responsible to the partnership for intentional breaches of the articles of partnership.	For breach of articles.

For false representations.

55. If a partner makes any false representations to his partners or conceals from them facts in connection with the business and thereby makes profit to himself he must make good to the partnership the profit so obtained.

Rule as to bonuses etc.

56. If a partner makes any private stipulations with third persons for bonuses or premiums for himself in connection with the business of the partnership he must account therefor to the partnership.

Inability of partner in certain cases.

57. (1) A partner cannot enter into any other business or engagement which will interfere with the proper performance of his partnership duties.

(2) Nor can he make purchase or sales on his private account which would interfere with the bargains of the firm or lessen their profit.

(3) A partner cannot enter upon any other undertaking which would give him a direct interest contrary to that of the partnership but the position must be one not merely of temptation to act in such a manner but an obvious antagonistic interest.

Books must be kept.

58. As one of the chief duties of the partners is to account faithfully to the partnership for all transactions it is absolutely necessary to keep business books in which everything done by each shall appear and be accounted for.

Withholding of accounts presumption of fraud.

59. The withholding of accounts by one partner from the firm shall be of itself a presumption that fraud has been perpetrated or was intended.

Access to books.

60. All the partners are entitled to know the full extent of the partnership affairs and to have free access to the books on all occasions unless they have intentionally limited their powers by the articles.

Salaries and private expenditure of partners.

61. The articles shall state what sum each partner will be entitled to draw for his private expenditure and there may also be a stipulation that one or more shall receive a sum by way of salary before profits are estimated but unless this stipulation be clearly set forth the presumption will be against any salary being payable.

(iv) *Articles of partnership.*

Articles of partnership.

62. In this Ordinance (section twenty-five) it has been made necessary for all partnerships where the capital exceeds one hundred pounds sterling and the duration exceeds twelve months to be constituted by articles of partnership.

Stipulations to be inserted.

63. It is not necessary to insert in articles of partnership the general principles applicable to all contracts of partnership but only such stipulations as without being stipulated would not be implied by law.

Agreements to form partnership.

64. Agreements may be entered into to form a partnership which are not the partnership articles and should any of the partners fail to carry out the agreement it is hereby enacted that such preliminary agreements cannot be enforced so as to compel persons who are unwilling to enter into partnership but an action will lie for damages for breach of agreement wherever any of the parties had proceeded in fulfilment of it to contract engagements to realise funds or do any other act which involved pecuniary obligations or loss in virtue of the agreement.

65. The articles of partnership are construed like other contracts according to the intention of parties and they shall always be construed so as to defeat fraud and the taking by any partner of an unfair advantage over his co-partners.

Construction of articles.

66. If partners do not faithfully observe the articles of partnership among themselves and a practice spring up on any points at variance with the articles it will not be competent for one partner thereafter suddenly to attempt to enforce the articles but the practice will be taken as a virtual alteration or repeal of the articles by consent of all. The articles may be varied during the partnership with consent of all the partners.

Variation of articles.

67. When the partnership is entered into for the carrying on of a specific business the Supreme Court in the event of dispute shall construe strictly the description of the business set forth in the articles so that the partnership be not turned from its legitimate ends.

Where a specific business is carried on.

68. The time for commencement of the partnership shall be carefully set forth. If no date is specified it will be held to commence from the date of the articles.

Date of commencement.

69. The name or style by which the firm is to be known shall be defined by the articles as it is under the common name that the partnership will not only carry on its transactions but also that under which it will sue or be sued. The name need not include any of the existing partners.

Name of firm to be defined.

70. The articles shall set forth the duration of the partnership but whatever time be stated the death of a partner brings the partnership to an end unless there are stipulations to the contrary.

Duration of partnership.

71. If the articles stipulate that the death of a partner shall not necessarily put an end to the partnership a clause may empower the representative of the deceased partner to carry on the business with the survivors for the benefit of the widow and children of the deceased partner and for the admission of one or more of the children as partners on their arrival at majority.

Death of partner need not terminate partnership.

72. If the interest in the partnership be given to the widow during her life and to the children after her death it is only the children who survive the mother who are entitled to a share.

Where interest is given to the widow.

73. The articles may empower the partners to provide by will or otherwise for the disposal of their share in the event of death. If the will leaves the executors the freedom of declining should they not consider it wise or expedient to continue the partnership the death of the party then puts an end to the partnership.

Disposition of share by will or otherwise.

74. The articles shall contain provisions for the manner in which the share of a deceased partner shall be estimated and paid should there be no intention to admit the representatives into business.

Share of deceased partner.

75. It may be stipulated that one or more of the partners shall have the direction of the business of the company and these provisions will be enforced by a competent Court.

One or more partners may conduct business.

76. There may be special cases where a partnership is formed for working some manufacture which is a secret and in such cases it will be competent for the partner who is in possession of the secret to make such stipulations as shall protect him in the working thereof.

As to secret manufactures.

Computation of capital. 77. The clauses in connection with the contribution of the capital shall bring to a money valuation such items as lands buildings book debts and other property which may be contributed in order that the capital account may be clearly set forth.

Profits. 78. Provision shall be made for balances and division of profits.

Accounts when agreed to be conclusive. 79. It may be provided to prevent future disputes that the accounts as agreed to at any particular time shall be conclusive but no such provision will bar an enquiry into fraud.

Employees. 80. The mode of hiring and dismissing employees of the firm shall be provided for.

Retirement of partner. 81. The mode of permitting a partner to retire from the firm either with or without liberty to carry on the same trade and the purchase of his share by the firm or otherwise may be stipulated.

Dissolution and winding up. 82. The steps necessary to be taken upon dissolution the mode of winding-up and the settlement of controversies shall be provided for and it shall be competent for the partners to provide that any of their number may be expelled from the partnership should his conduct or pecuniary entanglements be such as to compromise the credit of the firm.

(v) Remedies against partners and third parties.

Firms may sue and be sued. 83. (1) A partner may sue the partnership under the firm style name title or designation and the partnership may in like manner sue a partner for any matter or thing in relation to which a cause of action has arisen. Two firms may sue each other although some of the partners may be partners in both or any member of either firm may sue either or both.

(2) Third parties may sue the partnership and the partnership may sue third parties in the same way as ordinary plaintiffs may sue but when judgment has been given against the partnership the execution will not lie against the separate partners unless the firm has no effects. Where the judgment has to be enforced by imprisonment it will be competent to proceed against one or other of the partners at the choice of the holder of the judgment.

Private debts of partner. 84. Where judgment has been given against a partner for a private debt the share of profit and share of partnership property belonging to such partner may be attached in the hands of the firm but it shall not be competent to proceed to seizure and sale of the property of the firm for the separate debt of a partner.

Existence of firm. 85. The juridical person of the firm will be taken to be in existence after the active operations of the partnership have ceased or after the partners have entered into a new contract for all purposes connected with the receiving and paying the debts of the firm and generally for the purpose of winding up but for that only.

One partner may sue another. 86. One partner may sue another for all matters or things unconnected with the partnership and even for matters arising out of the partnership if the interests of the firm are not necessarily involved.

Denial of access to books. 87. Any partner who has been denied access to the books or papers of the firm or who has reason to believe that one or more of the partners have made profit from the partnership without disclosing it may sue the firm for an account and this right extends to the

executor administrators or representatives of a deceased partner. Such action may be sued without its being necessary to ask for a dissolution of the partnership but the Supreme Court may decree the dissolution should circumstances emerge during the enquiry which induce the belief that mutual concert and agreement between the parties is thenceforth impossible.

(vi) Dissolution of partnership.

88. A partnership may be dissolved by the act or consent of the partners or of some of them or by the judgment of a competent court or by the mere operation of law or by the extinction or completion of the thing in regard to which the partnership was formed or by the lapse of time for which it was originally contracted or by the death or bankruptcy of a partner. Partnership may be dissolved.

89. All partnerships whether a period has been fixed for the termination of the contract or the duration is merely dependent on the will of the partners can be brought to an end by mutual consent the whole existence of the contract depending upon the consent of the parties who made it. A partnership which has no fixed term may be dissolved at the desire of either of the partners and even by acts which are inconsistent with the continuance of the partnership. Dissolution by consent.

90. Although the original contract has been made by deed under seal it is not necessary that the dissolution be effected in the same way. The resolution to dissolve publicly announced as afterwards provided for will be sufficient. Must be publicly announced.

91. A partnership which is to endure for a stated period cannot be brought to an end by the mere will of one of the partners but any partner may apply to the Supreme Court for a dissolution on sufficient cause shown. Or decreed by the Court.

92. When the term for which the partnership was originally formed has elapsed and no notice of dissolution has been given and no new articles of partnership entered into but the partners have continued the business without any change the association between them will be treated as a partnership at will under the same terms and conditions so far as applicable which are set forth in the original articles these for the purposes required by section twenty-five hereof being taken to be the articles of the continued partnership. Partnerships at will.

93. (1) The causes for which a partnership may be brought to an end by the Court on the application of a partner although the fixed term has not elapsed are generally those which arise subsequently to the formation of the contract from the misconduct fraud or violation of duty of one or more of the partners. Court may end partnership on cause being shown.

(2) The misconduct or violation of duty must not be trivial or in regard to other relations of life unless they have a tendency to injure the credit or interfere with the business of the partnership.

(3) The Supreme Court may be applied to for a dissolution because of the impracticability of carrying out the partnership from a change of circumstances or a failure of expectations.

94. It has already been provided in section thirteen sub-section four that supervening insanity of any partner may be a cause for dissolution at the choice of the partners. The insanity must be such as is likely to continue and not a merely temporary malady. Insanity a cause.

95. The prolonged absence of a partner his residence out of the colony his change of domicile or engaging in pursuits incompatible with his duty to the partnership may all be good grounds for the dissolution of the partnership by a Court of law even where the term has not expired. Also absence of partner.

Question of dissolution may be referred.

96. The partners may refer to arbitration the question of dissolution before the agreed on term and an award decreeing dissolution shall be a competent award and even where the question of dissolution has not been expressly referred if the differences between the partners have been referred and the arbitrators have awarded a dissolution that shall be a competent award.

Effect of outlawry &c.

97. The outlawry of a partner or his attainder for treason or felony operates as a dissolution of the partnership.

Effect of female partner marrying.

98. A female partner marrying may continue as a partner but the husband shall have no right arising from his *jus mariti* or otherwise to interfere with the affairs of the firm but she shall act in the affairs of the partnership as a *feme sole*; but the marriage of a female partner during the tenure of the partnership may be a good ground for applying to the Supreme Court to decree a dissolution under the particular circumstances of the case.

Voluntary assignment.

99. The voluntary assignment by one or more of the partners of all their right title and interest in the partnership property dissolves the partnership.

Attachment of profit and share of partner by creditor.

100. The attachment of the profit and share of the property in the firm of one partner by a creditor may be a ground for a dissolution of the partnership but only by appealing to the Supreme Court to decree the dissolution.

Bankruptcy of partner.

101. The bankruptcy of one or more of the partners acts as a dissolution of the contract as the whole property of the partner passes to the trustee in the bankruptcy and the bankrupt ceases to have the power of free action necessary to the discharge of his duties as partner.

Death of partner.

102. The death of a partner dissolves the partnership among all the survivors from the date of the death unless the contrary has been provided in the articles of partnership.

Winding-up.

103. In all such cases of dissolution as the affairs of the firm must be wound up the partnership subsists for that purpose and that alone and the debts may be collected and paid in the name of the firm by the whole or some or one of the partners nominated for that purpose and the accounts adjusted.

Rights of third parties in regard to liabilities.

104. The dissolution of the partnership does not change the rights of third parties in regard to liabilities due by the firm and they are entitled to be paid out of the partnership assets and where these are insufficient by the partners or the estate of a deceased partner. Where the partnership assets are insufficient it is not necessary for the creditors to sue each partner but the action will continue to lie against the firm under its ordinary name style title or designation until the winding-up is finished and judgment having been obtained and the partnership having no assets the judgment may be put in force against the individual partners.

Partnership in liquidation.

105. In order that there may be no confusion between a partnership which is subsisting solely for the purpose of winding-up and one which is in actual operation the words "in liquidation" shall be added to the name of the firm in course of winding-up on its ordinary place of business and as the heading of all bills and demands made upon debtors and in all documents relating to the winding-up and in any legal proceedings instituted by or against the firm the like words shall be added to the ordinary name style title or designation according as the firm are plaintiffs or defendants.

106. On the dissolution of a partnership it is necessary to give public notice to prevent partners being held liable as such for the acts of their co-partners after dissolution and it is hereby enacted that in addition to the words "in liquidation" being added to the name of the firm an advertisement in the Gazette and a notice of the dissolution published in the newspapers of the Colony shall be sufficient public notice within the Colony but creditors of the partnership are entitled to separate private notice by writing.

Notice in cases of liquidation.

(vii) *Special provisions relating to dissolution by bankruptcy.*

107. The partnership as a trader may apply to be adjudicated bankrupt on the same grounds as a sole trader or the partnership may be made bankrupt compulsorily by creditors in the same manner as a sole trader.

Bankruptcy.

108. The firm may apply to be adjudicated bankrupt without an adjudication being asked for against the individual partners and the creditors may apply for adjudication against the firm alone without seeking an adjudication against the individual partners.

Firm adjudicated bankrupt.

109. Where the firm applies to be adjudicated bankrupt without an adjudication against the individual partners any creditors of the requisite amount may apply for adjudication against the individual partners.

Effect as against individual partners.

110. Where creditors have applied for adjudication of bankruptcy against the firm and not against the individual partners it will be competent for the partners to make an application to have themselves adjudicated bankrupt.

Partners may apply for adjudication.

111. The creditors applying for adjudication of bankruptcy against the firm may apply for adjudication against one or more of the individual partners without applying for adjudication against the whole and one or more of the partners may apply for adjudication against themselves when that is competent without the whole having so applied.

Special adjudication against partners.

112. When adjudication of bankruptcy has been granted against the firm only either on the voluntary application of the firm or compulsorily at the instance of creditors without the individual partners being adjudged bankrupt and the trustee shall find either in the course of his investigations or at the conclusion thereof that the contributions required from any of the individual partners to pay the debts of the firm are greater than they can pay or provide for or if he has reason to believe that any individual partner is disposing of his separate property without awaiting the result of the investigation or is preparing to leave the Colony or in any way acting so as to prejudice the right of the creditors under the bankruptcy it shall be competent for the trustee to apply for an adjudication of bankruptcy against such partner or partners.

Power of trustee in certain cases.

113. Creditors cannot apply for an adjudication of bankruptcy against the firm for debts due by an individual partner but they may apply for the bankruptcy of the separate partner and if granted his bankruptcy operates as a dissolution of the partnership which may then be wound up either by the firm in liquidation or by an adjudication of bankruptcy against the firm should that be applied for in a competent manner.

Bankruptcy of partner,—effect of.

114. Where adjudication of bankruptcy against the firm is accompanied or followed by adjudication against the individual partners the Court may appoint the same trustee to wind up the different estates where such a course shall appear best for all concerned.

Court may appoint same trustee.

Concurrent winding-up: duty of trustee.

115. Where there is a concurrent winding-up of the estate of the partnership and the separate estates of the partners it is not necessary for the trustee to await the completion of the winding-up of the partnership estate before he declares any dividend on the estate of the individual partners or *vice versa* should he be satisfied that there are sufficient funds in either estate to pay the deficiency on the other or should he make sufficient allowance for the probable claims against either before striking the amount of the dividend. The share of the surplus of the individual partner from the partnership estate will become an asset of his individual estate and where there is no surplus but a deficiency the deficiency in whole or in part according to the solvency of the other partners will rank as a debt upon the separate estate.

Partners may prove against partnership.

116. Partners subject to their liability for any deficiency in the partnership assets may prove against the partnership estate for any debts due to themselves personally and especially where the claim of the partner proving is founded upon a fraudulent appropriation of his separate property to the purposes of the partnership.

Where partners are members of another firm.

117. If one or more of the partners should be members of another partnership or carrying on another trade such partnership or partner as trader may prove for such partnership or trade debts in the same manner as ordinary creditors against the partnership or the estates of individual partners.

Partnership may prove against bankrupt partner.

118. The partnership may prove as a creditor against the estate of a bankrupt partner for any sums owing by him and especially the partnership may also prove for sums fraudulently abstracted by the individual partner to swell his own estate.

IV.—PARTNERSHIP WITH LIMITED LIABILITY OF CERTAIN PARTNERS.

Form of partnership with limited liability of certain partners.

119. A partnership may consist of two classes of partners one class consisting of one or more partners being responsible for the debts of the partnership as ordinary partners and another class which may also consist of one or more partners who are contributors to the capital solely and not active members of the partnership and whose liability for the debts of the concern shall be limited to the amount of capital contributed by them.

Designation.

120. The name of the partnership shall include one or more of the partners whose liability is unlimited together with the addition "and company" to cover the partners not named and it shall not be necessary to add anything to such a designation to show that any of the partners are mere contributors to the capital and not active members of the partnership but the insertion of the name of any contributory in the name style title or designation of the firm shall of itself make him an ordinary partner.

Terms and conditions to be stated in articles.

121. The terms and conditions of such partnerships must be set forth in articles of partnership whatever the amount of the capital or period of duration of the partnership and these articles must disclose the partners whose liability is unlimited and the names and the amount of contribution to the capital of those partners who are not to interfere in the active management of the partnership and not to be responsible beyond the amount contributed and their respective rights and interests in the partnership.

Abstract of articles.

122. It shall not be necessary to register such articles (except under any general provisions for the registration of deeds and documents now in force or to be hereafter enacted) but an abstract of the

same shall be registered in the office of the Registrar-General in a book properly indexed to be kept by him for the purpose in which an abstract or vidimus prepared by the parties thereto and certified as correct by one of the partners whose liability is unlimited or by an attorney of the Supreme Court shall be recorded and preserved.

123. Such abstract shall set forth as nearly as may be in the form contained in Schedule B hereto annexed the date when the articles of partnership were entered into the name of the company the nature of the business the date of the commencement of the partnership and its duration the names of the partners whose liability is unlimited the amount of capital of the company and the sums contributed by partners whose liability is limited. It shall not be necessary to disclose in such abstract the names of the partners who merely contribute to the capital.

124. There shall be charged for the registration of such abstract and the inspection thereof or for a certified copy of the same the sums set forth in Schedule C hereto annexed.

125. The exhibition of the articles of partnership and the disclosure of the names of the partners whose liability is unlimited can at any time be ordered by the Supreme Court in the course of proceedings against the partnership.

126. Any partner or attorney who certifies to the correctness of an abstract which shall not truly disclose the facts required to be disclosed as the same are contained in such articles of partnership or which shall falsely set forth any of such facts shall be deemed guilty of an offence which shall be punishable on conviction thereof according to law by imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years.

127. If the partners who are set forth in the articles as contributing to the capital and not to be liable beyond the amounts of their contribution afterwards take an active part in the administration of the partnership they shall be liable as ordinary partners.

128. The visiting occasionally of the place of business for the purpose of inspecting the books and advising with the other partners upon business matters shall not be regarded as taking part in the administration in the sense of the preceding article but any buying and selling or dealing with the cash or presence in the place of business during business hours which would lead the public to believe that the partner so acting was an active partner in the concern shall make him subject to the liabilities of the firm as an ordinary partner and the consideration of the weight to be attached to any particular facts must be left to the appreciation of the legal tribunals.

129. The same consequences will follow although the partner contributing to the capital may allege that he acted in the business of the partnership per procurator of the firm or as mandatory of the other partners.

130. In the event of any question arising as to the true position of a partner the burden of proof will lie upon the partner who claims to be relieved from the ordinary obligations to show that he was only a contributor to the capital and not an ordinary partner.

131. If any partner shall receive a portion of the profit of a partnership and is unable to prove that he has paid the sum stipulated in the articles of partnership to be payable by him as a partner contributing to the capital he will be taken to be an ordinary partner and liable for the debts of the partnership as such.

Abstract of articles must be registered.

Fees.

Court may order exhibition of articles &c.

Certificate to false abstract: penalty.

Liability of dormant partner.

Proof of active partnership defined.

As to true position of partner.

Where partner shall be deemed an ordinary partner.

Restriction as to capital.

132. It shall not be lawful to divide or constitute the capital of a partnership of this description by shares.

All partners may inspect accounts.

133. The partners who do not take part in the administration of the business may at any time demand an inspection of the accounts of the partnership and it shall be the duty of the partners who administer to keep the books of the partnership with correctness and up to date.

Effect of refusal.

134. If accounts should not be delivered or shown on demand the partner may apply to the Court for an account with or without praying for a dissolution of the partnership and under such an application the Court may not only order an account but decree a dissolution.

Penalty on partner exhibiting false accounts.

135. If the partners who administer the affairs of the partnership or any of them knowingly give or exhibit to the partner or partners whose liability is limited a false account representing the administration as having resulted in profit whereas there had in reality been a loss he or they shall be held to have committed a fraud upon such partners which shall be an offence punishable on conviction according to law by imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years.

Liability of partner accepting dividend when no profit was made.

136. If any partner whose liability is limited shall knowingly accept of any sum purporting to be a dividend upon the amount of capital contributed by him or in name of profit made by the partnership when no such profit was made he shall be held liable for the debts of the partnership as an ordinary partner.

What business may be conducted in partnership.

137. Any business which may be conducted under an ordinary partnership may be conducted under a partnership having partners whose liability is limited as hereinbefore defined including the holding of real property and the working of farms.

Where partner contributing capital is a creditor.

138. The partner contributing to the capital solely shall not rank as a creditor on the bankrupt estate of the partnership until all other creditors are satisfied and paid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Benefit and Provident Societies.

139. The associations which are known by the names of benefit industrial or provident societies are not to be regarded as coming within the operations of this Ordinance but are subject to the special laws or conditions by which they are authorized or regulated.

Date of operation and application.

140. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the first day of June 1923 and shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Repeal.

141. Ordinance No. 8 of 1898 is hereby repealed.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 10th day of November, 1922.

W. BARLAS,
Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 20th day of November, 1922.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE A.

Table of Fees.

	£	s.	d.
For registration of a Company	5	0	0
For registering any document by the first part of this Ordinance dealing with Companies or under the provisions of the Imperial Acts mentioned in the first part of this Ordinance required or authorised to be registered	0	5	0
For Certified copies of any documents where, by this Ordinance, no specific fee is provided, per folio	0	1	0
For certificate of registration of a company	1	0	0

SCHEDULE B.

Form of Abstract of Articles of Partnership to be registered.—(Sections 25 and 123).

TAKE notice that certain articles of partnership were entered into on the _____ day of _____

That the name under which the partnership will carry on business is John Smith & Co. (*or as the case may be*).

That the business to be carried on is that of _____

That the partnership commenced [*or commences*] on the _____ day of _____ and that its duration is for _____ years,

That the following partners will administer the business of the partnership and be responsible as ordinary partners for the debts of the concern viz.: (*here insert names*).

That the amount of the capital of the partnership is £ _____

That the following sums have been [*or are to be*] contributed by partners whose liability is limited to the amount of their contribution viz.: £2,000 £500 and £500 [*or whatever the sums may be*].

All which I the undersigned partner [*or attorney as the case may be*] solemnly declare to be a correct representation of the facts above set forth as the same are contained in the articles of partnership.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____

(*Signature*).

SCHEDULE C.

Fees to be charged under Section 124.

	£	s.	d.
Recording abstract of partnership	5	0	0
Inspection of register	1	0	0
Certified copy of an abstract	2	10	0



ORDINANCES
of the
COLONY
of the
FALKLAND ISLANDS,
enacted during the
Year, 1923.

PART I

ORDINANCES

Printed at the Press of P. G. O. C.,

S. 4, F. 1-5.

Price - To be purchased of the Col. S. 7,
Shady, at the low rate of the Col. 4 (Full Value)
Lombard S. W. C.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1923.

I ASSENT,

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,

Acting Governor.

31st July, 1923

An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-two in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 5 of 1921.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the Service of the Colony for the year 1922. Preamble.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Supplementary Appropriation (1922) Ordinance, 1923." Short Title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the Service therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those Services by the Ordinance providing for the Service of the year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-two, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the Service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those Services in the said Ordinance. Appropriation of Excess of Expenditure for the year, 1922.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 28th day of July, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of July, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Officer-in-charge of the Secretariat.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
	FALKLAND ISLANDS.			
VI.	Port and Marine. (Patrol Boat)	602	14	9
IX.	Medical.	609	0	9
XII.	Scientific. (Naturalist)	103	14	8
XIII.	Military.	197	1	2
XIV.	Stock Department.	187	10	4
XV.	Miscellaneous.	1489	10	4
XIX.	Extraordinary. (War Contribution to Imperial Funds)	8945	15	4
	(Purchase of "Afterglow")	4335	2	10
		16470	10	2
	DEPENDENCIES.			
	(General)	7796	19	8
	Research Fund. (Purchase of "Discovery")	1025	14	2
	(Refunds)	7671	18	8
		£ 32965	2	8

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1923.

I ASSENT,
H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Acting Governor.

31st July, 1923.

An Ordinance

To provide for the refund of a portion of the duties of Customs levied and collected in respect of Whale and Seal Oil, between the 1st of October, 1922, and the 30th of September, 1923, under Section 7 of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duty) Amendment Ordinance, 1920, if the market price of the Oil per ton does not exceed £50.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Export Duty) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1923." Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance the term "average market price for the season" means the average market price per ton of whale and seal oil for the period from the 1st day of October, 1922, to the 30th day of September, 1923. Definition.

3. A refund of a part of the duties of Customs levied, collected and paid or due to be paid in respect of whale and seal oil, between the first day of October, 1922, and the thirtieth day of September, 1923, shall be made in accordance with the following scale:— Refund of part of duty if price of oil does not exceed £50 per ton.

If the average market price for the season of first grade oil,

Exceeds £45 but does not exceed £50 per ton	6d. per barrel.
" £40 " " " £45 " "	1/- " "
Does not exceed " " £40 " "	1/6 " "

Governor in Council
to decide.

4. In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the average market price for the season, the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 28th day of July, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of July, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Officer-in-charge of the Secretariat.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1923.

I ASSENT,
H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Acting Governor.

31st July, 1923.

An Ordinance

To validate the Liquidation of the contribution of the Colony towards the expenses of the late War.

WHEREAS it was enacted by the War Expenses Contribution Ordinance, 1917, as amended by the War Expenses Contribution Amendment Ordinance, 1920, that for a period of ten years commencing on the 1st day of January, 1917, there should be paid annually out of the public revenue and other funds of the Colony a sum of £1,440 (one thousand four hundred and forty pounds),

Preamble.

AND WHEREAS it has been deemed expedient that the foresaid annual payment should be liquidated in respect of the years 1922 to 1926 inclusive,

AND WHEREAS the said annual payment due in respect of the said years has been so liquidated,

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "War Contribution Liquidation Validity Ordinance, 1923." Short Title.

Expenditure of
£6,065 : 15 : 4, in
liquidation of war
contribution
approved.

2. The sum of six thousand and sixty-five pounds, fifteen shillings and four pence having been expended for the purpose of liquidating the contribution of £1,440 (one thousand four hundred and forty pounds) payable under the provisions of the War Expenses Contribution Ordinance, 1917, as amended by the War Expenses Contribution Amendment Ordinance, 1920, to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for and in respect of the years 1922 to 1926 inclusive, the same is hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony and is hereby approved, allowed and granted.

Repeal.

3. The War Expenses Contribution Ordinance, 1917, as amended by the War Expenses Contribution Amendment Ordinance, 1920, is hereby repealed.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 28th day of July, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of July, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Officer-in-charge of the Secretariat

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles Goss Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1923.

I ASSENT,

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,

Acting Governor.

23rd November, 1923.

An Ordinance

To amend the Whale Fishery Ordinance, 1908.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Whale Fishery (Amendment) Ordinance, 1923," and it shall be read and construed as one with the Whale Fishery Ordinance, 1908, hereinafter called the principal Ordinance. Short Title.

2. The terms and conditions under which a licence to take whales may be issued under the provisions of Section 2 of the principal Ordinance shall include the power to lay down in such licence restrictions on the taking of any species of whale. Taking of any species of whale may be restricted under terms of licence.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 20th day of November, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 23rd day of November, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Officer-in-charge of the Secretariat.

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles Goss Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1923.

I ASSENT,

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,

Acting Governor.

23rd November, 1923.

An Ordinance

To repeal the Third Schedule (Export Duties) of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duty) Amendment Ordinance, 1920, and to replace the same by an Amended Schedule.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1923" and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900.

Short Title.

2. The Third Schedule (Export Duties) to the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as repealed and replaced by the Tariff (Export Duty) Amendment Ordinance, 1920, is hereby repealed and in place and instead thereof the following shall form part of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, and shall be read as the Third Schedule thereof :

Third Schedule
Ordinance No. 1 of
1900 repealed and
new schedule inserted.

ARTICLE.	QUANTITY.	RATE OF DUTIES.
Wool	For every 25 lbs or part thereof.	One Shilling (1/-)
Whale Oil	Per barrel of 40 gallons	Five Shillings (5/-)
Seal Oil	Per barrel of 40 gallons	Five Shillings (5/-)
Guano	For every 100 lbs or part thereof.	One penny half-penny (1½d.)

Ordinances No. 5 of
1918 and No. 5 of
1920 repealed.

Date of coming into
force.

3. The Land Tax Ordinance, 1918, and The Tariff (Export
Duty) Amendment Ordinance, 1920, are hereby repealed.

4. This Ordinance shall come into force on the first day of
January, 1924.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 20th day of
November, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal
of the Colony this 23rd day of November, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Officer-in-charge of the Secretariat.



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1923.

I ASSENT,

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,

Acting Governor.

23rd November, 1923.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Service of the Year 1924.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the
Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof, as follows :-

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Short Title.
Appropriation (1924) Ordinance, 1923."

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Appropriation
Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of £53,946 for service of
the year ending on the 31st December, 1924, a sum not exceeding year 1924.
Fifty-three Thousand Nine Hundred and Forty-six pounds, which
sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to
defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly
mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of pay-
ment during the year 1924.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 20th day of
November, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public
Seal of the Colony this 23rd day of November, 1923.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Officer-in-charge of the Secretariat

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	1300	0	0
II.	The Governor	2400	0	0
III.	Colonial Secretary	2382	0	0
IV.	Treasury and Customs	1789	0	0
V.	Post Office	2993	0	0
VI.	Port and Marine	5947	0	0
VII.	Legal	310	0	0
VIII.	Police and Prisons	1045	0	0
IX.	Medical	3179	0	0
X.	Education	2667	0	0
XI.	Ecclesiastical	289	0	0
XII.	Scientific Department	1001	0	0
XIII.	Military	522	0	0
XIV.	Stock Department	1250	0	0
XV.	Miscellaneous	2535	0	0
XVI.	Public Works Department	3277	0	0
XVII.	Public Works Recurrent	3490	0	0
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	36376	0	0
XVIII.	Extraordinary Expenditure	6040	0	0
	Total Colony	42416	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	8480	0	0
II.	Extraordinary Expenditure	3050	0	0
		£53946	0	0



ORDINANCES
OF THE
COLONY
OF THE
FALKLAND ISLANDS
ENACTED DURING THE
YEAR 1924.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1924.

I ASSENT,
H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Acting Governor.

5th May, 1924.

An Ordinance

To legalize certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-three in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 6 of 1922.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1923, Preamble.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Supplementary Appropriation (1923) Ordinance, 1924." Short Title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the Service therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those Services by the Ordinance providing for the Service of the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-three, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the Service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those Services in the said Ordinance. Appropriation of Excess of Expenditure for the year 1923.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 3rd day of May, 1924.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 5th day of May, 1924.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Officer-in-charge of the Secretariat.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	7	7	7
IX.	Medical	373	10	6
XII.	Scientific (Geologist)... ..	4	17	10
XIII.	Military	10	19	1
XVIII.	Extraordinary			
	(a) Public Works	4713	17	9
	(b) Miscellaneous	1800	0	5
DEPENDENCIES.				
Research Fund:-				
	Refund of Duty	33933	14	9
	Purchase of "Discovery"	15569	12	7
	Sundry Charges	423	14	3
		£56837	14	9

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1924.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

26th July, 1924.

An Ordinance

To Provide for the Refund of a portion of the Duties of Customs levied and collected in respect of Whale and Seal Oil, between the 1st of October, 1923, and the 30th of September, 1924, under Section 7 of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1923, if the market price of the Oil per ton does not exceed £50.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :-

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Refund of Export Duty on Oil) Ordinance, 1924." Short title.
2. In this Ordinance the term "average market price for the season" means the average market price per ton of whale and seal oil for the period from the 1st day of October, 1923 to the 30th day of September, 1924. Definition.
3. A refund of a part of the duties of Customs levied, collected and paid or due to be paid, in respect of whale and seal oil, between the first day of October, 1923 and the thirtieth day of September, 1924, shall be made in accordance with the following scale:- Refund of part of duty if price of oil does not exceed £50 per ton.

If the average market price for the season of first grade oil,

Exceeds £45 but does not exceed £50 per ton, 6d per barrel.

" £40 " " " " £45 " " 1/- " "

Does not exceed ... " ... £40 " " 1/6 " "
4. In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the average market price for the season, the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final. Governor in Council to decide.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 23rd day of July, 1924.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of July, 1924.

M.P. D/49/24. H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles Goss Allan.

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1924.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

26th July, 1924.

An Ordinance

To amend the Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance, 1889.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance, 1924." Short title.
2. It shall be no defence to a charge or indictment for an indecent assault on a child or young person under the age of sixteen to prove that he or she consented to the act of indecency. Consent of young person to be no defence.
3. Reasonable cause to believe that a girl was of or above the age of sixteen years shall not be a defence to a charge under Section five or six of the Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance, 1889, (in this Ordinance referred to as the Principal Ordinance.) The limit of time mentioned in the second proviso to Section five of the Principal Ordinance shall be nine months after the commission of the offence. Amendment to sections 5 and 6 of Ordinance 3 of 1889 as to defence of reasonable belief.
4. The first and second provisos to Section five and the proviso to Section six of the Principal Ordinance are hereby repealed. Repeal.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 23rd day of July, 1924.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of July, 1924.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,

Colonial Secretary.

No Ordinance distinguished by the number 4 was enacted during the year 1924.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

31st December, 1924.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1924.

I ASSENT,
J. MIDDLETON,
Governor.
24th December, 1924.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Service of the Year 1925.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as “The Appropriation (1925) Ordinance, 1924.” Short Title.
2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending on the 31st December, 1925, a sum not exceeding One hundred and eighteen thousand, five hundred pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1925. Appropriation
£118,500 for service
of year 1925.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 22nd day of December, 1924.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 24th day of December, 1924.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	1250	0	0
II.	The Governor	2400	0	0
III.	Colonial Secretary	2423	0	0
IV.	Treasury and Customs	1919	0	0
V.	Post Office	2993	0	0
VI.	Port and Marine	5494	0	0
VII.	Legal	260	0	0
VIII.	Police and Prisons	1095	0	0
IX.	Medical	3492	0	0
X.	Education... ..	2815	0	0
XI.	Ecclesiastical	289	0	0
XII.	Scientific Department	1006	0	0
XIII.	Military	537	0	0
XIV.	Stock Department	1290	0	0
XV.	Miscellaneous	3070	0	0
XVI.	Public Works Department	3321	0	0
XVII.	Public Works Recurrent	3540	0	0
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	£37194	0	0
XVIII.	Public Works Extraordinary	1340	0	0
XIX.	Public Works Extraordinary (To be met from surplus balances)	20392	0	0
XX.	Stock Investigation and Research (To be met from Land Sales Fund)	800	0	0
	Total Colony	£59726	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	54974	0	0
II.	Extraordinary Expenditure	3800	0	0
		£118500	0	0

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1924.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

24th December, 1924.

An Ordinance

To provide for the establishment and administration of a Research and Development Fund for the Dependencies.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the "Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance, 1924." Short title.

2. A Dependencies Research and Development Fund (herein-after referred to as the Fund) shall be established for the following purposes: Establishment and purposes of the Fund.

- (a) research in connection with the whaling industry and any purposes incidental thereto;
- (b) the development of the resources of the Dependencies and research in connection therewith and any purposes incidental thereto; and
- (c) such other purposes as the Governor may with the consent of the Legislative Council and the sanction of the Secretary of State from time to time direct.

3. The Treasurer shall pay into the Fund— Sources of the Fund.

- (a) the amount standing in the Treasurer's accounts at the commencement of this Ordinance to the credit of the Dependencies Research Fund;
- (b) the amount standing in the Treasurer's accounts on 1st January, 1924, to the credit of Dependencies General Account;
- (c) the excess of the revenue over the expenditure of the Dependencies at the end of each financial year;

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

- (d) any sums received by way of interest on investments held by the Crown Agents on behalf of the Fund ;
- (e) such other sums (if any) as the Governor may with the approval of the Legislative Council direct.

Payments out of the Fund and accounts.

4. Payments out of the Fund shall be made in such manner as the Secretary of State may direct, and an account of all receipts and payments in connection with the Fund shall be laid before the Legislative Council as soon as possible after the end of each financial year.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 22nd day of December, 1924.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 24th day of December, 1924.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,
Colonial Secretary.

M.P. D/62/24.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

RESOLUTION.

Whereas it is provided in Section 2 of the Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance, 1924, that the Fund shall be established for certain specified purposes and also for such other purposes as the Governor may "with the consent of the Legislative Council and the sanction of the Secretary of State, from time to time, direct."

Be it now resolved that the purposes for which the Research and Development Fund is established, be held to include all the researches whether immediately recommended or not, referred to in the Report of the Interdepartmental Committee on Research and Development in the Dependencies of the Falkland Islands which was presented to Parliament by Command of His Majesty in April, 1920. (Cmd 657)

Adopted at a meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 22nd of December, 1924.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS :

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1924.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,
Governor.

24th December, 1924.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Refund of a portion of the Duties of Customs levied and collected in respect of Whale Oil and Seal Oil, under Section 7 of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1923, if the market price of the Oil per ton does not exceed £50.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1924." Short title.

2. In this Ordinance the term "average market price for the season" means the average market price per ton of whale oil and seal oil for the period from the 1st of October in any year to the 30th of September next following. Definition.

3. A refund of part of the duties of Customs levied, collected and paid or due to be paid, in respect of whale oil and seal oil, shall be made in accordance with the following scale:— Refund of part of duty if price of oil does not exceed £50 per ton.

If the average market price of first grade oil for the season in which the oil was exported,

Exceeds £45 but does not exceed £50 per ton,	6d per barrel.
" £40 " " " " " £45 " " 1/- " "	
" £35 " " " " " £40 " " 1/6 " "	
Does not exceed £35 " " 2/- " "	

Governor in Council
to decide.

4. In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the average market price for the season, the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final.

Date from which
Ordinance shall have
effect.

5. This Ordinance shall have effect from the 1st October, 1924.

Passed the Legislative Council this 22nd day of December, 1924.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 24th day of December, 1924.

H. HENNIKER-HEATON,

Colonial Secretary.



ORDINANCES
OF THE
COLONY
OF THE
FALKLAND ISLANDS
ENACTED DURING THE
YEAR 1925.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1925.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

1st August, 1925.

An Ordinance

To legalize certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-four in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 6 of 1923.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1924. Preamble.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Supplementary Appropriation (1924) Ordinance, 1925." Short Title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the Service therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those Services by the Ordinance providing for the Service of the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-four, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the Service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those Services in the said Ordinance. Appropriation of Excess of Expenditure for the year 1924.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 29th day of July, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 1st day of August, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,

for Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
II.	The Governor	169	12	1
VI.	Port and Marine	2012	7	8
XIV.	Stock Department	263	2	2
XV.	Miscellaneous	218	10	4
XVII.	Public Works Recurrent	26	14	7
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	2690	6	10
	Land Sales Fund	1272	0	3
	Total Falkland Islands	3962	7	1
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	3490	12	11
II.	Extraordinary Expenditure	12690	0	4
		20143	0	4
RESEARCH FUND.				
	Refund of Duty	58573	18	5
	Remittance Charges	3983	9	11
	Imperial War Charge	4472	17	8
		£87173	6	4



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1925.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

1st August, 1925.

An Ordinance
To amend the Passports Ordinance, 1921.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Passports (Amendment) Ordinance, 1925.

Short title.

2. A person coming from any place out of the Colony shall not, without the special permission of the Governor or of some person deputed in writing by him, land at any place in the Colony unless he has in his possession a valid passport, issued to him by or on behalf of the Government of which he is a subject or citizen, or some other document satisfactorily establishing his nationality or identity.

Landing in Colony without passports forbidden.

3. Section 2 of the Passports Ordinance, 1921 is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 29th day of July, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 1st day of August, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1925.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

1st August, 1925.

An Ordinance

To regulate the holding of land by Aliens and Companies under Alien control.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Aliens (Landholding regulation) Ordinance, 1925." Short title.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires— Definitions.

The expression "alien" means a person who is not a British subject, and includes a company registered in the Colony or in any other part of His Majesty's dominions, if it is under alien control, and also every corporation incorporated in a foreign country, but shall not include any of the subjects or citizens of a foreign state upon whom there has been conferred by treaty the right to hold land within the Colony;

The expression "land" includes tenements and hereditaments, both corporeal and incorporeal and every interest therein, but does not include money charged on land;

The expression "company" includes partnership or any association of persons joined together for the purposes of trade or mutual profit;

The expression "mortgage" includes every instrument creating a mortgage or charge on land;

The expression "unlicensed alien" means an alien who does not hold a licence granted under this Ordinance.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance neither land in the Colony nor a mortgage on land in the Colony shall, after the commencement of this Ordinance, be held by an unlicensed alien, and any land or mortgage so held shall be forfeited to the Crown. Forfeiture of land and mortgages held by unlicensed aliens.

(2) Provided that—

- (a) Land may be acquired and held by an unlicensed alien on an annual tenancy or for any less interest, for the purposes of his residence, trade or business, but an unlicensed alien shall not hold more than five acres of land in all.
- (b) Land acquired by an unlicensed alien under a will or on an intestacy shall not be forfeited if, within one year from the death of the testator or intestate, or within such extended time (if any) as the Governor may decide to be reasonable, the land is sold or the alien obtains a licence to hold the land.
- (c) A mortgage acquired by an unlicensed alien under a will or on an intestacy shall not be forfeited; but the alien shall not, unless he obtains a licence to hold the mortgage, be entitled to foreclose or enter into possession of the mortgaged land.
- (d) Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect the interest of a judgment creditor in the land of his judgment debtor, but the debtor's land shall not be acquired by an unlicensed alien.
- (e) Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect the estate or interest of an alien in any land or mortgage held by him at the commencement of this Ordinance.

Licences for aliens to hold land or mortgages.

4. (1) The Governor may, if he thinks fit, from time to time, grant to any alien a licence to hold land as owner or tenant or mortgagee for any estate or interest either subject to any conditions or not.

Provided that a licence shall be operative only as to the land described and as to the estate or interest specified therein, and shall be of no force or effect until registered in the office of the Registrar-General.

(2) On breach of any condition in a licence to hold land as owner or tenant or mortgagee, the estate and interest of the alien in the land or mortgage held under the authority thereof and also the estate and interest of the said alien in any other land in the Colony or mortgage thereon shall be forfeited to the Crown.

Effect of Forfeiture.

5. (1) Land or a mortgage, forfeited under this Ordinance, shall not vest in the Crown unless and until a judgment is obtained declaring the forfeiture; but on such judgment being obtained the title of the Crown shall relate back to and commence at the time when the forfeiture took place.

(2) A judgment declaring a forfeiture of land shall operate to vest in the Crown all the estate and interest of the alien in the forfeited land.

(3) A judgment declaring a forfeiture of a mortgage shall operate to vest in the Crown all the estate and interest of the alien in the mortgaged land, subject to any right of redemption subsisting therein, and also to vest in the Crown the right to recover and receive and to enforce all securities for the mortgage money.

6. A company, which is under alien control, shall for the purposes of this Ordinance, be deemed to be an alien.

Company under alien control an alien.

7. For the purposes of this Ordinance a company shall be deemed to be under alien control if shewn to be under alien control to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council and so declared by order.

Proof of alien control.

Provided that no such order shall be issued unless due notice has been given to such company of the intention of taking its status into consideration for the purpose of this Ordinance, and it shall be competent for the said company to make representations to the Governor in Council in person or by attorney as may be allowed by the Governor.

8. (1) This section applies to the following property only, namely, land situate in the Colony or any interest, title or estate in such land.

Restrictions on trusts in favour of an alien.

(2) With a view to preventing evasion of the foregoing provisions of this Ordinance, no person, partnership or company shall, without the licence of the Governor, hold any property to which this section applies in trust for an alien, and any such property so held shall be forfeited to the Crown.

(3) In this section the expression "trust" includes any arrangement whether written or oral, express or implied, and whether legally enforceable or not, whereby any property or any interest therein or any rights attached thereto is or are held for the benefit of or to the order or at the disposal of an alien; but does not include :

- (a) The duties incident to a mortgage ;
- (b) The duties of a satisfied mortgagee to the mortgager, if within three months after satisfaction of the mortgage the mortgaged property is re-vested in the mortgager or his interest therein is extinguished;
- (c) The duties of a vendor to the purchaser pending payment of the purchase money, or after payment of the purchase money, if within three months after such payment the property sold is vested in the purchaser or his interest therein is extinguished ;
- (d) The duties of a trustee in bankruptcy to the bankrupt or his creditors; or
- (e) The duties of a trustee for the purposes of any composition or scheme of arrangement for the payment of debts to the debtor or his creditors.

(4) Nothing in this section shall apply to a trust subsisting at the commencement of this Ordinance.

9. (1) The Colonial Secretary shall send a copy of every licence, issued to an alien, to such alien and to the Registrar-General.

Transmission of licence.

Licences to be recorded on deeds.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, it shall be the duty of the Registrar-General to record on the deeds registered or submitted for registration, in respect of land or any interest in land held by an alien, the licence by virtue of which such alien holds, under the provisions of this Ordinance, his interest in the said land.

Procedure.

10. For the purpose of establishing a forfeiture under this Ordinance, the Colonial Secretary may apply to the Supreme Court for a declaration that any right, title or interest sought to be effected is forfeited to the Crown.

Discovery.

11. (1) Without prejudice to any other right to discovery, the Colonial Secretary may, in proceedings for establishing a forfeiture under this Ordinance, administer interrogatories to and obtain discovery of documents from a defendant, as to any matter or document tending to prove his alienage or the alienage of any other person, or to discover any land, mortgage, share or debentures held by him or in trust for him or as to any relevant matter or document.

(2) It shall not be a valid ground for refusing to answer any such interrogatory, or to disclose or produce any document that the answer or document might or would expose the defendant or any other person to the risk of a prosecution under this Ordinance.

(3) Provided that in the prosecution of a defendant under this Ordinance the fact that he has disclosed any matter in answer to an interrogatory administered under this section and disclosed or produced any document in compliance with an order for discovery obtained under this section, shall not be admissible in evidence.

Fee.

12. The fee of 10/- shall be payable by any licensed alien for the registration of his licence.

Repeal.

13. Section 11 of the Alien Ordinance, 1900, is hereby repealed.

Date of operation and extension to Dependencies.

14. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1926, and shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 29th day of July, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 1st day of August, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1925.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

1st August, 1925.

An Ordinance

To amend The Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance, 1924.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance (Amendment) 1925." Short Title.

2. No prosecution shall be commenced for an offence under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance, 1889, more than nine months after the commission of the offence. Limit of time for commencement of prosecution.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 29th day of July, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 1st day of August, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS :

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1925.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

30th November, 1925.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Service of the Year 1926.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Appropriation (1926) Ordinance, 1925."

Short Title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending on the 31st December, 1926, a sum not exceeding One hundred and twenty-one thousand, one hundred and twenty pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1926.

Appropriation
£121,120 for service
of year 1926.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 25th day of November, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 30th day of November, 1925.

A. E. BEATTIE,

Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.	Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
			£	s.	d.
		FALKLAND ISLANDS.			
	I.	Pensions	1250	0	0
	II.	The Governor	2399	0	0
	III.	Colonial Secretary	2355	0	0
	IV.	Treasury and Customs	1936	0	0
	V.	Post Office	2983	0	0
	VI.	Port and Marine	5937	0	0
	VII.	Legal	280	0	0
	VIII.	Police and Prisons	1065	0	0
	IX.	Medical	3386	0	0
	X.	Education	2832	0	0
	XI.	Ecclesiastical	289	0	0
	XII.	Scientific Department	608	0	0
	XIII.	Military	497	0	0
	XIV.	Stock Department	1302	0	0
	XV.	Miscellaneous	3065	0	0
	XVI.	Public Works Department	3374	0	0
	XVII.	Public Works Recurrent	3120	0	0
		Total Ordinary Expenditure	£ 36678	0	0
XVIII.		Public Works Extraordinary	4530	0	0
XIX.		Stanley Improvement Works (To be met from surplus balances)	11792	0	0
XX.		Government Experimental Farm (To be met from Land Sales Fund)	10485	0	0
			£ 63485	0	0
		DEPENDENCIES.			
	I.	Ordinary Expenditure	56185	0	0
	II.	Extraordinary Expenditure	1450	0	0
		Total	£121120	0	0



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1925.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

30th November, 1925.

An Ordinance
To amend the law relating to the
Administration of Justice.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance, 1925." Short Title.

2. Sections One, Two and Three of the Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1901 (No. 4 of 1901) are repealed and replaced by the following sections:— Sections 1, 2 and 3 of Ordinance No. 4 of 1901 amended.

1. In this Ordinance
 - "The Court" shall mean the Court or the Judge sitting in the Court Room or in Chambers.
 - "A Court" shall mean a sitting of the Supreme Court for the trial of any civil or criminal case.
 - "Judgment" shall include decree, order, sentence or rule.
2. The Supreme Court shall consist of the Judge, and if any assessors be summoned then of the Judge and such assessors.
3. The Judge shall be a Member of the Bar of England, Scotland or Ireland or some British possession, and of not less than seven years' standing, or shall have filled the office of Judge of some Court in the British Dominions and be nominated by the Secretary of State and appointed by the Governor under the Public Seal of the Colony and shall hold office during good behaviour:

Provided that whenever the office of Judge is vacant or if the Judge become incapable or be suspended or be absent from the Colony, then the Governor may do and execute or may appoint some other officer to do and execute all things that belong to the office of Judge.

Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7 of Ordinance No. 4 of 1901 repealed.

Sections 16, 19, 20, 22, 25, 29 and 32 of Ordinance No. 4 of 1901 amended.

Section 3 of Ordinance No. 5 of 1909 repealed.

Amendment of Ordinances mentioned in Schedule.

Application.

3. Sections Four, Five, Six and Seven of the Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1901 (No. 4 of 1901) are repealed.

4. In Section sixteen, line one, Section nineteen, line four, Section twenty, line two, Section twenty-two, line one, Section twenty-five, line six, Section twenty-nine, lines two and eight, and Section thirty-two, line eight of the Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1901 (No. 4 of 1901) in lieu of the words "Chief Justice" there shall be read the word "Judge."

5. Section three of the Privy Council Appeals Ordinance (No. 5 of 1909) is repealed.

6. The jurisdiction powers and authorities vested in the "Chief Justice" by the Ordinances mentioned in the second column of the Schedule to this Ordinance are hereby vested in the "Judge," and in the sections of the aforesaid Ordinances which are mentioned in the third column of the Schedule to this Ordinance in lieu of the words "Chief Justice" there shall be read the word "Judge."

7. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 25th day of November, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 30th day of November, 1925.

A. E. BEATTIE,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Ordinances Amended.

Column I Number and Year of Ordinance.	Column II Short Title of Ordinance.	Column III Sections amended.
No. 3 of 1899	The Wrecks Ordinance, 1899.	Three (line twenty-nine).
No. 5 of 1901	The Jury Ordinance, 1901.	One (line twelve); Seven (lines three and seven); Eight (line one); Nine (line one); Fifteen (line nine).
No. 9 of 1901	The Probate and Unrepresented Estates Ordinance, 1901.	Three (lines six and ten); Five (line three); Six (lines four & eleven); Nine (line six); Ten (lines four and nine); Eleven (lines five, eight, ten and twelve); Twenty-three (line four); Thirty-nine (line seven); Forty-six (lines six and fifteen). Schedule (line one).
No. 5 of 1902	The Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902.	Seventy (line one).
No. 8 of 1902	The Marriage Ordinance, 1902.	Eight (line fourteen); Fifteen (line four); Sixteen (line eleven); Seventeen (line four); Eighteen (line two).
No. 9 of 1903	The Land Ordinance, 1903.	Twelve (line sixteen).
No. 6 of 1904	The Titles to Land Ordinance, 1904.	Four (lines two and eight); Eight (line six); Nine (line seven); Twelve (line four); Schedule Form 5 (lines three and ten).
No. 1 of 1918	The Mining Ordinance, 1918.	Six (line two of Subsection three).
No. 1 of 1921	The Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921.	Nine (line four).
No. 8 of 1921	The Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921.	Ten (line nine of Subsection six).

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1925.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

30th November, 1925.

An Ordinance To regulate Wireless Telegraphy and similar methods of communication.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925."

Short Title.

2. The expression "Wireless telegraphy" means any system of communication by means of any apparatus for transmitting messages or other communications by means of electric signals without the aid of any wire connecting the points from and at which the messages or other communications are sent or received and shall include wireless telephony.

Definition.

3. (1) A person shall not establish or maintain any wireless telegraph station, or install or work or maintain any apparatus for wireless telegraphy in any place in the Colony or on board any ship or aircraft registered in the Colony, except under and in accordance with a licence granted in that behalf by the Governor in Council.

Wireless installations to be licensed.

(2) Every such licence shall be in such form and for such period as the Governor in Council may determine, and shall contain the terms, conditions and restrictions on and subject to which the licence is granted.

Conditions of licences to be fixed by Governor in Council.

(3) Where an applicant for a licence proves to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council that the sole object of obtaining the licence is to enable him to conduct experiments in wireless telegraphy, a licence for that purpose may be granted, subject to such special terms, conditions and restrictions, as the Governor in Council may think proper.

Experimental licences.

Penalties for installing wireless apparatus without a licence.

(4) If any person establishes a wireless telegraph station without a licence, or installs or works any apparatus for wireless telegraphy without a licence, he shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding six months and in either case be liable to forfeit any apparatus for wireless telegraphy installed or worked without a licence.

Power to issue search warrant.

(5) If a Magistrate or Justice of the Peace is satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting that a wireless telegraph station has been established or maintained without a licence in that behalf, or that any apparatus for wireless telegraphy has been installed or worked or maintained in any place or in any ship or aircraft within his jurisdiction without a licence, or contrary to the provisions of any regulations made under this Ordinance, he may grant a search warrant, and a warrant so granted shall authorize the police officer or person named therein to enter and inspect the station, place or ship or aircraft, and to seize any apparatus which appears to him to be used or intended to be used for wireless telegraphy therein.

Power of Governor in Council to make Regulations and prescribe fees.

4. (1) The Governor in Council may make regulations

- (a) prescribing the form and manner in which applications for licences under this Ordinance are to be made and the fees payable on the grant or renewal of any such licence :
- (b) requiring any operators or other persons engaged in the working of wireless telegraphy to be provided with certificates and making provision as to the manner and the conditions of the issue and renewal of such certificate, including examination and tests to be undergone.
- (c) as to the working of any apparatus for wireless telegraphy installed in ships and aircraft not registered in the Colony while such ships are in any harbour or the territorial waters of the Colony, and such aircraft are upon or over the territory or territorial waters of the Colony.
- (d) for giving effect to the provisions of any international convention to which the Government of the Colony has acceded and any regulation made thereunder so far as the same relate to wireless telegraphy.
- (e) generally for more effectually carrying into effect any of the purposes or provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) Any person acting in contravention of, or failing to comply with a regulation made under this Section, shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or both penalties, and in the case of a continued offence, a further fine not exceeding five pounds for each day during which the offence continued. He shall further be liable to forfeit any apparatus for wireless telegraphy in respect of which the offence is committed.

Penalties for improper use of wireless signalling and disclosure of messages.

5. (1) Any person who:—

- (a) sends or attempts to send by wireless telegraphy a signal of distress or a false or misleading message as to a vessel in distress ; or

- (b) improperly divulges the purport of any message sent or proposed to be sent by wireless telegraphy ; shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both penalties.

(2) Any person convicted of an offence under this Section shall further be liable to forfeit any licence granted under this Ordinance and any apparatus by means of which the offence was committed.

6. If at any time in the opinion of the Governor an emergency has arisen in which it is expedient for the public service that His Majesty's Government should have control over the transmission of messages by wireless telegraphy it shall be lawful for the Colonial Postmaster with the approval of the Governor or any other person authorized in that behalf by the Governor to take possession forthwith of any apparatus for any such purposes, and, during the continuance of the emergency, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to make such further rules as appear necessary with respect to the possession, sale, purchase, construction and use of apparatus for any such purpose or component parts of such apparatus.

Emergency Control.

Any person acting in contravention of any such regulation shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or both penalties.

7. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Application of Ordinance.

8. Ordinance No. 3 of 1912, "An Ordinance relating to Wireless Telegraphy," is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 25th day of November, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 30th day of November, 1925.

A. E. BEATTIE,
Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS :

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 8 of 1925.

I ASSENT,

J. MIDDLETON,

Governor.

30th November, 1925.

An Ordinance

To regulate the Importation, Exportation, Manufacture, Sale and use of Opium and other dangerous Drugs.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1925."

Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires the expression—

Definitions.

"Raw opium" means the spontaneously coagulated juice obtained from the capsules of the *Papaver somniferum L.*, which has only been submitted to the necessary manipulations for packing and transport, whatever its content of morphine.

"Prepared opium" means opium prepared for smoking and includes dross and any other residues remaining after opium has been smoked.

"Medicinal opium" means raw opium which has undergone the processes necessary to adapt it for medicinal use in accordance with the requirements of the British pharmacopœia, whether in powder form or granulated or otherwise, or mixed with neutral materials.

"Morphine" means the principal alkaloid of opium having the chemical formula $C_{17}H_{19}NO_3$.

"Diacetylmorphine" means diacetylmorphine (diamorphine, heroin) having the formula $C_{21}H_{23}NO_5$

"Coca leaf" means the leaf of the *Erythroxylon Coca Lamarck* and the *Erythroxylon novo-granatense* (Morris) Hieronymus and their varieties, belonging to the family of Erythroxylaceæ and the leaf of other species of this genus from which it may be found possible to extract cocaine either directly or by chemical transformation.

"Crude cocaine" means any extract of the coca leaf which can be used directly or indirectly for the manufacture of cocaine.

"Cocaine" means methyl-benzoyl lævo-ecgonine ($[\alpha]_{D20} = -16.4$) in 20 per cent solution of chloroform, of which the formula is $C_{17}H_{21}NO_4$.

"Ecgonine" means lævo-ecgonine ($[\alpha]_{D20} = -45.6$ in 5 per cent solution of water) of which the formula is $C_8H_{15}NO_3 \cdot H_2O$, and all other derivatives of lævo-ecgonine which might serve industrially for its recovery.

"Indian Hemp" means the dried flowering or fruiting tops of the pistillate plant *Cannabis sativa* L., from which the resin has not been extracted, under whatever name they may be designated.

"Corresponding law" means any law stated in a certificate purporting to be issued by or on behalf of the government of any country outside the Colony to be a law providing for the control and regulation in that country of the manufacture, sale, use, export and import of drugs in accordance with the provisions of the Dangerous Drugs Convention Protocol and Final Act signed at Geneva on the nineteenth day of February, nineteen hundred and twenty-five, and any statement in any such certificate as to the effect of the law mentioned in the certificate, or any statement in any such certificate that any facts constitute an offence against that law, shall be conclusive.

PART I.

RAW OPIUM, PREPARED OPIUM, INDIAN HEMP.

Prohibition of cultivation of opium poppy and *Cannabis sativa*.

Prohibition of importation of opium and resin of *Cannabis sativa*.

Penalties for dealing in opium and resin of *Cannabis sativa*.

3. It shall not be lawful for any person to cultivate the the opium poppy *Papaver somniferum* or the plant *Cannabis sativa* in the Colony.

4. It shall not be lawful for any person to import or to bring into the Colony or to export from the Colony any raw opium or resin of the plant *Cannabis sativa*.

5. If any person

- (a) sells or otherwise deals in raw opium, or resin of the plant *Cannabis sativa*; or
- (b) manufactures, sells, or otherwise deals in prepared opium; or
- (c) has in his possession any raw opium or prepared opium or resin of the plant *Cannabis sativa* or the whole or any portion of the said plant (excluding its medical preparations)

he shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

PART II.

COCAINE, MORPHINE, ETC.

6. (1) The drugs to which this part of this Ordinance applies are Drugs to which Part II. applies.

- (a) Medicinal opium.
- (b) Crude cocaine and ecgonine.
- (c) Morphine, diacetylmorphine, cocaine and their respective salts.
- (d) All preparations, official or non-official (including the so called anti-opium remedies) containing more than 0.2 per cent of morphine, or more than 0.1 per cent of cocaine.
- (e) All preparations containing diacetylmorphine.
- (f) Galenical preparations (extract and tincture) of Indian Hemp.

(2) If it appears to the Governor in Council that any new derivative of morphine or cocaine, or of any salts of morphine or cocaine, or any other alkaloid of opium, or any other drug of whatever kind is or is likely to be productive, if improperly used, of ill effects substantially of the same character or nature as or analagous to those produced by morphine or cocaine, the Governor in Council may by Proclamation declare that this Part of this Ordinance shall apply to that new derivative or alkaloid or other drug in the same manner as it applies to the drugs mentioned in subsection (1) of this section.

(3) In the event of the Health Committee of the League of Nations finding that any preparations containing any of the narcotic drugs to which the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance applies, cannot give rise to the drug habit on account of the medicaments with which the said drugs are compounded, the Governor in Council may by Proclamation declare that such preparations shall be excluded from the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance.

7. It shall not be lawful for any person to import or bring into or to export from the Colony any drugs to which this Part of this Ordinance applies except under licence. Restriction on import and export of cocaine, &c.

8. It shall not be lawful for any person to carry on any process in the manufacture of any drug to which this Part of this Ordinance applies. Prohibition of manufacture of cocaine, &c.

9. It shall not be lawful to supply or procure or offer to supply or procure any drug to which this part of this Ordinance applies to or for any person in this Colony or elsewhere. Restriction on sale and distribution of cocaine, &c.

Provided that administration of the drugs by or under the direct personal supervision of a Medical Practitioner, registered under the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914, or by or under the direct personal supervision of a Dentist, registered under the aforesaid Ordinance, in dental treatment or by or under the direct personal supervision of a duly qualified Veterinary Surgeon in the treatment of any animal, shall not be deemed to be supplying the drug within the meaning of this section.

GENERAL.

10. It shall not be lawful to tranship or to convey from any vessel, ship, boat or lighter to another vessel, ship, boat or lighter in any harbour of the Colony or in the territorial waters thereof any drug to which this Ordinance applies. Prohibition of transhipment.

Provided that this section shall not apply to any drugs imported into the Colony under a licence granted in accordance with this Ordinance or any regulations made thereunder.

Powers of search.

11. If a Magistrate or a Justice of the Peace is satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting that any drugs to which this Ordinance applies are, in contravention of the provisions of this Ordinance or any regulations made thereunder, in the possession or under the control of any person in any premises, or that any document directly or indirectly relating to or connected with any transaction or dealing which was, or any intended transaction or dealing which would if carried out be, an offence against this Ordinance, or in the case of a transaction or dealing carried out or intended to be carried out in any place outside the Colony, an offence against the provisions of any corresponding law in force in that place, is in the possession, or under the control of any person in any premises, he may grant a search warrant authorising any constable named in the warrant, to enter, if need be by force, the premises named in the warrant, and to search the premises and any persons found therein, and, if there is reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence against this Ordinance has been committed in relation to any such drugs which may be found in the premises or in the possession of any such persons, or that any document which may be so found is such a document as aforesaid, to seize and detain those drugs or that document, as the case may be.

Offences and penalties.

12. (1) Any person
- (a) who acts in contravention of, or fails to comply with any regulation made under this Ordinance ; or
 - (b) who acts in contravention of, or fails to comply with, the conditions of any licence issued or authority granted under or in pursuance of this Ordinance ; or
 - (c) who for the purpose of obtaining, whether for himself or for any other person, the issue, grant or renewal, of any such licence or authority as aforesaid, makes any declaration or statement which is false in any particular, or knowingly utters, produces or makes use of any such declaration or statement or any document containing the same ; or
 - (d) who in the Colony, aids, abets, counsels or procures the commission in any place outside the Colony of any offence punishable under the provisions of any corresponding law in force in that place, or does any act preparatory to, or in furtherance of, any act which if committed in the Colony would constitute an offence against this Ordinance ;

shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

(2) Every person guilty of an offence against this Ordinance shall, in respect of each offence, be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand pounds, or to penal servitude for a period not exceeding ten years, or to both such fine and penal servitude and shall, in every case on conviction for the offence forfeit to His Majesty all articles in respect of which the offence was committed, and the court before which the offender was convicted may order any forfeited articles to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of as the court thinks fit.

(3) If any person attempts to commit an offence against this Ordinance, or solicits or incites another person to commit such an offence, he shall, without prejudice to any other liability, be liable on conviction to the same punishment and forfeiture as if he had committed an offence under this Ordinance.

(4) Where a person convicted of an offence under this Ordinance is a company, the chairman and every director and every officer concerned in the management of the company shall be guilty of the like offence unless he proves that the act constituting the offence took place without his knowledge or consent.

13. Offences under this Ordinance or under any regulations made thereunder may be prosecuted and penalties and forfeitures under this Ordinance, or any regulations made thereunder, may be recovered before a Stipendiary Magistrate or any two Justices of the Peace in a summary manner or by action in the Supreme Court of the Colony together with full costs of suit ;

Prosecution of offences.

Provided that any penalty imposed by a Stipendiary Magistrate or two Justices of the Peace shall not exceed One Hundred Pounds, exclusive of costs, and imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.

14. In any proceedings against any person for an offence against this Ordinance it is not necessary to negative by evidence any licence, authority or other matter of exception or defence, and the burden of proving any such matter lies on the person seeking to avail himself thereof.

Onus of proof.

15. Any constable may arrest without warrant any person who has committed, or attempted to commit, or is reasonably suspected by the constable of having committed or attempted to commit, an offence against this Ordinance, if he has reasonable ground for believing that that person will abscond unless arrested, or if the name and address of that person are unknown to and cannot be ascertained by him.

Power of arrest.

16. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Executive Council to make regulations

Regulations.

- (a) For carrying into effect the purposes of this Ordinance.
- (b) For the supply and distribution of drugs outside the limits of the Town of Stanley under the supervision of a Medical Practitioner registered under the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914.

17. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Application of Ordinance.

18. The Opium Ordinance, 1913, is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 25th day of November, 1925.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 30th day of November, 1925.

A. E. BEATTIE,
Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS :

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.



ORDINANCES
of the
COLONY
of the
FALKLAND ISLANDS,
enacted during the year
1926
together with the
Rules, Regulations etc., etc.,
made during that year.

PART I.

ORDINANCES.

Printed at the Government Printing Office, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

PRICE 2/-. To be purchased from the Colonial Secretary, Stanley, and from the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4 Millbank, London, S.W. 1.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1926.	The Supplementary Appropriation (1925) Ordinance. 1926.
.. .. 2	The Registration of United Kingdom Patents, Designs and Trade Marks Ordinance, 1926.
.. .. 3	The Appropriation (1927) Ordinance. 1926.
.. .. 4	The Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1926.
.. .. 5	The Retiring Allowance to Nurses, Ordinance, 1926.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1926.

I ASSENT,

A. E. BEATTIE,

Acting Governor.

11th September, 1926.

An Ordinance

To legalize certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-five in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No 5 of 1924.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1925. Preamble.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Supplementary Appropriation (1925) Ordinance, 1926." Short Title

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the Service therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those Services by the Ordinance providing for the Service of the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-five, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the Service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those Services in the said Ordinance. Appropriation of Excess of Expenditure for the year 1925.

Passed by the Legislative Council this eighth day of September, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this eleventh day of September, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,

for Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
IV.	Treasury & Customs	101	12	10
IX.	Medical	103	16	1
XV.	Miscellaneous	1501	15	11
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	1707	4	10
XX.	Land Sales Fund	2530	2	1
	Total Falkland Islands	4237	6	11
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure ...	10642	8	6
II.	Extraordinary Expenditure ...	8511	19	3
		23391	14	8



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1926.

I ASSENT,

A. E. BEATTIE,

Acting Governor.

11th September, 1926.

An Ordinance

To repeal and replace Ordinance No. 2 of 1903 as amended by Ordinance No. 7 of 1913 relating to Patents for Inventions, registration of Designs, and of Trade Marks.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Registration of United Kingdom Patents, Designs and Trade Marks Ordinance, 1926." Short Title.

2. Any person being the grantee of a patent or of a certificate of registration of any design or of any trade mark in the United Kingdom or any person deriving his right from such grantee by assignment, transmission or other operation of law may apply within three years from the date of issue of the patent or certificate of registration to have such patent or certificate of registration registered in the Colony. Where any partial assignment or transmission has been made, all proper parties shall be joined in the application for registration. To whom certificates of registration may be granted.

3. Every application for the grant of letters patent or for the registration of a design or trade mark under this Ordinance shall be addressed to the Registrar-General, and there shall be transmitted with such application Procedure.

(1) A certificate of the Comptroller General of the United Kingdom Patent Office giving full particulars of the issue of the patent of the registration of the design or trade mark.

(2) Two certified copies of the complete specification (including the drawings if any) in relation to any patent.

(3) Two certified representations of the design or trade mark.

(4) An affidavit that the applicant is the assignee in respect of this Colony of the registered proprietor of the patent, design or trade mark in the United Kingdom.

(5) A fee of One Pound.

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

Issue of certificates of registration.

4. Upon such application being received, together with the documents mentioned in Section 3 of this Ordinance, the Registrar-General shall issue a certificate of registration.

Privileges and rights conferred.

5. Such certificate of registration shall confer on the applicant privileges and rights subject to all conditions established by the law of this Colony as though the patent or certificate of registration had been issued in the United Kingdom with an extension to the Colony.

Certificates of registration in Colony to remain in force concurrently with certificates of registration in United Kingdom.

6. Privileges and rights so granted shall date from the date of the patent or certificate of registration in the United Kingdom and shall continue in force only so long as the patent or certificate of registration remains in force in the United Kingdom.

Provided that no action for infringement shall be entertained in respect of any manufacture, use or sale of the invention, design or trade mark prior to the date of issue of the certificate of registration in the Colony.

Supreme Court to afford all relief.

7. The Supreme Court shall have power, subject to the Patents, Designs and Trade Marks Acts, for the time being in force in the United Kingdom, to grant, either absolutely or on such terms and conditions as shall seem just, all such remedies as either party may appear to be entitled to in respect of either claim to or defence of any right, title or interest in relation to any registration in force in this Colony under a certificate granted under this Ordinance.

Amendment of specification or drawings.

8. Whenever the specification or drawings of a United Kingdom patent registered in this Colony has been amended by way of disclaimer, correction or explanation, according to the law of the United Kingdom, a request, accompanied by a copy of the specification and drawings (if any) as amended, duly certified by the Comptroller General of the United Kingdom Patent Office, may be made to the Registrar to substitute a copy of the specification and drawings as amended, for the specification and drawings originally filed.

Registration of assignment.

9. Where a person becomes entitled by assignment, transmission, or other operation of law to the privileges and rights conferred by a certificate of registration or to any interest therein, he may make application in the prescribed manner to the Registrar-General for the entry on the Register of such assignment, transmission, or other instrument affecting the title, or giving an interest therein.

Registrar to make rules regulating procedure.

10. The Registrar may make such general rules and do such things as he may think expedient, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, for regulating procedure under this Ordinance.

Saving Clause.

11. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to affect rights of action against any person for passing off goods as those of another person or the remedies in respect thereof.

Application to Dependencies and date of commencement

12. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony and shall come into operation on the first day of January, 1927.

Repeal.

13. The Patents Ordinance, 1903, and the Patents Amendment Ordinance, 1913, are hereby repealed.

Passed by the Legislative Council this eighth day of September, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this eleventh day of September, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1926.

I ASSENT,

A. E. BEATTIE,

Acting Governor.

10th November, 1926.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Service of the Year, 1927.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the "Appropriation (1927) Ordinance, 1926."

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending on the 31st December, 1927, a sum not exceeding One hundred and twenty-eight thousand, nine hundred and thirty-one pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1927.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 9th day of November, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of Colony this 10th day of November, 1926.

J. M. ELLIS,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	1650	0	0
II.	The Governor	2399	0	0
III.	Colonial Secretary	2553	0	0
IV.	Treasury and Customs	1849	0	0
V.	Post Office	1175	0	0
VI.	Telegraphs and Telephones	2189	0	0
VII.	Port and Marine	7169	0	0
VIII.	Legal	255	0	0
IX.	Police and Prisons	1065	0	0
X.	Medical	3556	0	0
XI.	Education	2906	0	0
XII.	Ecclesiastical	289	0	0
XIII.	Scientific Department	365	0	0
XIV.	Military	507	0	0
XV.	Stock Department	1382	0	0
XVI.	Miscellaneous	3865	0	0
XVII.	Public Works Department	3389	0	0
XVIII.	Public Works Recurrent	3200	0	0
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	£ 39763	0	0
XIX.	Public Works Extraordinary	3800	0	0
APPENDIX I.	Expenditure to be met from Surplus Balances	7700	0	0
APPENDIX II	Government Experimental Farm (To be met from Land Sales Fund)	5308	0	0
		£ 56571	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	72360	0	0
	Total	£ 128931	0	0

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1926.

I ASSENT,

A. E. BEATTIE,

Acting Governor.

10th November, 1926.

An Ordinance

To amend the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1925.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1926," and shall be read and construed as one with the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1925, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Short Title.

2. Where any drug to which the Principal Ordinance applies is consigned by sea under a through bill of lading from a place elsewhere than within the Colony to a place elsewhere than within the Colony and is conveyed in transit into the territorial waters of the Colony it shall not be lawful to convey such drug out of the territorial waters of the Colony except under license and in compliance with the following conditions:—

Drugs in transit not to be conveyed out of territorial waters of the Colony except under license.

(1) The drug shall be conveyed into and out of the territorial waters of the Colony in one and the same ship.

(2) The drug shall not be removed from the said ship while the ship is within the territorial waters of the Colony.

FALKLAND ISLANDS :

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

- (3) The chest, box, case or package containing the drug shall while in the territorial waters of the Colony be maintained unopened and unbroken unless it be opened or broken during and for the purposes of some search authorized by the Principal Ordinance.
- (4) The presence of the drug on board the said ship shall be declared by the master of the said ship immediately upon arrival in any of the harbours of the Colony.

Grant and revocation of License under Section 2 discretionary.

3. The granting of any license under the preceding section and the revocation of any license shall lie in the absolute discretion of the Governor who may impose any conditions which he may think fit upon the granting of such license.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 9th day of November, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 10th day of November, 1926.

J. M. ELLIS,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1926.

I ASSENT,

A. E. BEATTIE,

Acting Governor.

10th November, 1926.

An Ordinance

To provide for the grant of a Retiring Allowance to Nurses.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Retiring Allowance to Nurses Ordinance, 1926". Short title.

2. In this Ordinance— Interpretation.
"Nurse" means any matron, nurse-matron, nurse, or nursing sister appointed to the public service in the Colony through the Overseas Nursing Association.

3. This Ordinance shall apply only in the case of a nurse who is not otherwise entitled to a pension under the Ordinances of the Colony, and who was in the public service in the Colony on the 1st day of January, 1926, or who has entered or shall enter the public service in the Colony after the 1st day of January, 1926. Retiring allowance to whom payable.

4. There shall be charged on and paid out of the revenues of the Colony all such sums of money as may from time to time be granted by way of retiring allowance in accordance with this Ordinance to nurses who have been in the public service in the Colony. Retiring allowance to be charged on the revenues of the Colony.

5. No retiring allowance shall be granted under this Ordinance to any nurse who has not attained the age of fifty years. Age at which retiring allowance may be granted.

Provided that in the case of retirement on account of ill-health or infirmity such retiring allowance may be granted to a nurse who has not attained the age of fifty years.

Retiring allowance at what rate to be granted, and after what service.
Certificates required as to conduct, etc.

6. It shall be lawful for the Governor, with the sanction of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and subject to the provisions of the other sections of this Ordinance, to grant a retiring allowance to any nurse on her ultimate retirement from the public service at the rate of eight shillings and fourpence per annum for each month of her service in the Colony:

Provided that she has served not less than three years in the Colony, and except in the case of retirement on account of ill-health or infirmity, fifteen years in all in the public service or in a public hospital to which she received an appointment through the Overseas Nursing Association, and in the case of retirement on account of ill-health or infirmity ten years in all ;

Provided further that the grant of a retiring allowance shall be dependant on the receipt of an application from the nurse for such grant and on the production to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State for the Colonies of certificates that "the applicant has discharged her duties with diligence and fidelity, to the satisfaction of the head officer of her department" in respect of each period of total qualifying service (except that in the case of any period of service prior to the 1st day of January, 1926, it shall be lawful not to require such certificate), and that the total retiring allowance granted to the nurse shall not exceed the amount of pension which would have been granted to her if her whole service had been on the pensionable establishment of the Colony.

Continuity of Service.

7. For the purposes of this Ordinance it shall not be required that the total service of fifteen years, or alternatively of ten years, specified in the preceding section shall have been continuous.

General application of Ordinance No. 5 of 1906, as amended.

8. The provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1906, and of amendments thereto, shall apply generally to the cases to which this Ordinance applies in every such respect as is not explicitly or implicitly precluded by the provisions of this Ordinance.

Application to Dependencies.

9. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 9th day of November, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 10th day of November, 1926.

J. M. ELLIS,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

PART II.

RULES, REGULATIONS, ETC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Proclamation under the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901.

Order by the Governor in Council under the Post Office Ordinance, 1898.

The Savings Bank (Amendment) Regulations, 1926.

The King Edward Hospital (Amendment) Regulations, 1926.

The Quarantine (Amendment) Regulations, 1926.

The Wireless Telegraphy Regulations, 1926.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 1.

Proclamation

1926.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, &c., &c., &c.

J. MIDDLETON.—*By His Excellency SIR JOHN MIDDLETON, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by Section 44 of the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901, it is provided that "the Governor in Executive Council may from time to time by Proclamation prohibit the importation or introduction into the Colony or into any particular port thereof, of any sheep, cattle, horses or other animals, or of any hay, straw, fodder or other article either generally or from any places that may be named in such Proclamation, for such periods as he may deem necessary for the purpose of preventing the introduction of any infectious and contagious disorder among the sheep, cattle, horses or other animals in this Colony."

AND WHEREAS it has been reported that an outbreak of an infectious and contagious disease has occurred among animals imported into South Georgia from South America, and it is expedient to take measures to prevent the introduction of this disease into the Dependency.

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in me vested by the above-recited section of the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901, I do hereby with the advice of Executive Council order and proclaim as follows:

The importation of all animals into the Dependency of South Georgia from South America is prohibited.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this seventh day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-six.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. E. BEATTIE,

Colonial Secretary.

PARCEL POST.

For a parcel not exceeding 2 lbs in weight	...	...	...	9d.
Exceeding 2 lbs but not exceeding 5 lbs ...	...	...	...	1/-
" 5 lbs " " 8 lbs ...	...	...	...	1/3.
" 8 lbs " " 11 lbs ...	...	...	...	1/6.
" 11 lbs " " 22 lbs ...	...	...	...	3/-.

REGISTRATION.

Any letter, parcel or other postal packet may be registered. The fee for registration is 3d.

2. The Order made by the Governor in Council on the 16th day of December, 1925, is hereby cancelled.

Made and approved by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of December, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 1 of the Savings Bank Ordinance (No. 1 of 1888).

A. E. BEATTIE,
Acting Governor.

1. These Regulations may be cited as "The Savings Bank (Amendment) Regulations, 1926." Short title.

2. Any Depositor wishing to withdraw the whole or part of the sum standing to his credit in the Savings Bank, shall make application to the Treasurer, on the form hereby prescribed, as follows :— Form of withdrawal.

P.V. No.....

Falkland Islands Government Savings Bank.

S.B. No.....

FORM OF WITHDRAWAL.

Depositor's Book. (Date).....day of.....19.....
No.....

To the Treasurer, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

I hereby give notice that I wish to withdraw the amount of
Insert at (a) the amount to be withdrawn, except when closing account; then insert the words "the balance, including interest." (a)
from my Deposit Account bearing the above number in the Books of the Savings Bank, and I request that payment of the said amount be made

_____ * to me in person

*Words not applicable to be struck out. *to.....who is authorized to receive the same on my behalf and that the said amount be debited to my deposit account.

.....
(Signature.)
.....
(Address.)

N.B. If payment is to be made to any person other than the Depositor himself this form of withdrawal must be signed by the depositor in the presence of a witness under Regulation 11 (see back hereof.)

I certify that I am personally acquainted with.....
who is the possessor of Savings Bank Deposit Book No..... now produced to me and that he has affixed his signature to this form of withdrawal in my presence.
she her mark

Witness.....
Qualification.....

AUTHORITY FOR PAYMENT.

Depositor's Book No.....

Payment of the sum of.....
is authorized to be made as requested, entry of the sum being duly made in the Depositor's Pass Book and receipts being given for the same.

Balance £.....s.....d.....

Interest £.....s.....d.....

Total £.....s.....d..... Date.....19.....

Treasurer.

DEPOSITOR'S RECEIPT.

I hereby acknowledge the receipt of the above-named sum of.....

£.....s.....d.....

*Signature of Depositor or of
person authorised by him.*

Printed copies of this Form may be obtained at the Savings Bank for transactions with the Bank.

Repeal. 3. Regulation No. 10 of the Regulations made by the Governor in Council on the 1st day of March, 1916, is hereby repealed.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 7th day of July, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

REGULATIONS.

The King Edward Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

A. E. BEATTIE,
Acting Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by the King Edward Hospital Ordinance, 1916, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to make the following regulations:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the "King Edward Hospital (Amendment) Regulations, 1926." Short title.

2. Section 28 of the King Edward Hospital Regulations, 1916, as amended by Section 4 of the Regulations, dated the 1st of February, 1923, and published in the Gazette of the 1st of March, 1923, is repealed and replaced by the following:— Repeal and Replacement of Section 28 of the King Edward Hospital Regulations, 1916, as amended.

28. The following shall be the hospital fees to be charged to hospital patients:—

1. For residents in the Colony.

A. In the general wards, including medical attendance, care and treatment:—

(i) Subject nevertheless to a remission, either in whole or in part by the Governor, in indigent cases, 4/- per day or £1 : 1 : 0 per week.

(ii) For every midwifery case, including stay in the hospital an inclusive fee of £2 : 2 : 0 per week.

B. In a private ward:—

For Private Patients, 6/- per day, or £2 : 0 : 0 per week.

2. For non-residents in the Colony.

A. In the general wards:—

(i) Subject nevertheless to any special considerations and recommendations for a less charge as may be approved by the Governor, 7/- per day.

B. In a private ward:—

For Private Patients, 10/- per day.

In the case of non-residents in the Colony whether in a General or in a Private Ward, the fee to be charged by the Colonial Surgeon for operations shall be according to agreement.

3. For Government Officials and employees and their families (entirely dependent upon them for maintenance) and servants, the fees shall in each case be one half of the rates for Residents in the Colony.

Half rates only shall also be charged for all children under 14 years of age.

4. In any case, including that of a Government Official or employee, in which any wine, spirit, or extras be permitted by the Medical Officer, but not ordered by him and forming part of the medical treatment, the cost of the same shall, in addition to the Hospital fees, be paid for by the patient.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 5th day of November, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

REGULATIONS.

The Quarantine Ordinance, 1908.

A. E. BEATTIE,
Acting Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by Section 7 of The Quarantine Ordinance, 1908, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to make the following regulations :—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the "Quarantine (Amendment) Regulations, 1926." Short title.
2. The Quarantine Regulations, 1922, are hereby repealed. Repeal.
3. Regulation 2 of the Quarantine Regulations, 1908, is hereby amended by the addition of the words "or influenza" after "dengue" in the list of the diseases not included under "Infectious or contagious diseases." Amendment of Regulation 2 of the Quarantine Regulations, 1908.
4. Regulation 33 of the Quarantine Regulations, 1908, is hereby amended by the addition in sub-section (1) thereof of the word "influenza" after "dengue." Amendment of Regulation 33 of the Quarantine Regulations, 1908.
5. The Form 2 to be used under Regulation 37 of the Quarantine Regulations, 1908, is hereby amended by the addition of the word "influenza" after "dengue" in paragraph (c) thereof. Amendment of Regulation 37 of the Quarantine Regulations, 1908.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of December, 1926.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

REGULATIONS.

The Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925.

A. E. BEATTIE,

Acting Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925, and otherwise His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to make the following regulations.

- Short Title. 1. These regulations may be cited as the "Wireless Telegraphy Regulations, 1926."
- Repeal. 2. All regulations made in pursuance of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1912, are hereby repealed.
- Colonial Secretary may depute persons. 3. In these regulations the term "Colonial Secretary" shall include any person duly authorised by the Colonial Secretary to act in his behalf for the purpose of these regulations.
- Wireless telegraphy includes wireless telephony. 4. In these regulations where the context so admits or requires the term "Wireless Telegraphy" shall include Wireless Telephony.
- Apparatus on merchant ships not to interfere with naval signalling or other established station. 5. All apparatus for Wireless Telegraphy on board a merchant ship in the territorial waters of the Colony shall be worked in such a way as not to interfere with (a) naval signalling; or (b) the working of any wireless telegraphy station lawfully established, installed, or worked in the Colony or the territorial waters thereof, and in particular the said apparatus shall be so worked as not to interrupt or interfere with the transmission of any messages between wireless telegraphy stations established on land and wireless telegraphy stations established on ships at sea.
- Apparatus on merchant ships not to be worked in harbours of Colony without permission. 6. No apparatus for wireless telegraphy on board a merchant ship shall be worked or used whilst such ship is in any of the harbours of the Colony without a permit in writing from the Colonial Secretary.
- Governor may make further regulations in emergency. 7. If at any time in the opinion of the Governor an emergency has arisen in which it is expedient for the public service that His Majesty's Government should have control over the transmission of messages by wireless telegraphy, the use of wireless telegraphy on board merchant ships whilst in the territorial waters of the Colony shall be subject to such further rules as may be made by the Governor from time to time, and such rules may prohibit or regulate such use in all cases or in such cases as may be deemed desirable.
- Regulations not to apply in case of signals of distress. 8. These regulations shall not apply to the use of wireless telegraphy for the purpose of making or answering signals of distress.
- Cancellation of Licence or Permit granted under Regulations. 9. Any Licence or Permit granted under these regulations shall be liable to modification, suspension or cancellation at any time by notice in writing from the Colonial Secretary.
- Foreign warships in harbour of Colony to conform with special regulations. 10. Foreign men-of-war and service aircraft accompanying them lying in any harbour in the Colony shall conform with the following regulations:—
- (i) Transmission on 600 metres is forbidden except for the purpose of making or answering signals of distress.

- (ii) Interference with naval, army or air force signalling or with any fixed shore station must be avoided.
- (iii) Transmission must be discontinued on request from (a) any naval authority; (b) the port authority; or (c) any fixed shore station.
- (iv) Protracted signalling, using apparatus transmitting other than from continuous waves must be avoided.
- (v) If there is a British or Dominion fleet or warship lying in the harbour the Senior Naval Officer should be consulted.

Application for Licence etc. to be addressed to Colonial Secretary.

11. Any person desirous of obtaining a Licence or Permit under the Wireless Telegraph Ordinance, 1925, or these regulations, shall apply in writing to the Colonial Secretary, stating full particulars :

- (i) of the nature and purpose of the Licence sought ;
- (ii) of the place or ship in respect of which a Licence is desired; and
- (iii) of the apparatus which it is proposed to instal or work.

Form of Licence or Permit.

12. A Licence or Permit granted under these regulations shall be :

- (i) for a land station in the form of Schedule 1 hereto;
- (ii) for a ship station in the form of Schedule 2 hereto;
- (iii) for a broadcast receiving station in the form of Schedule 3 hereto; and
- (iv) under Section 6 of these regulations in the form of Schedule 4 hereto.

Conditions. Validity. and Fees payable.

13. A Licence or Permit granted under these regulations shall be subject in all respects to the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925, and of the Regulations made thereunder, and to the conditions specified in the Licence or Permit, which shall be valid for a period of one year, unless otherwise stated, on payment of a fee of :—

- (i) One Pound for a land station;
- (ii) One Pound for a ship station;
- (iii) Five Shillings for an experimental station;
- (iv) Ten Shillings for a broadcast receiving station; and
- (v) Ten Shillings under Section 6 of these regulations.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of December, 1926

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FORM W.T. 1.

No.....

SCHEDULE 1.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY ORDINANCE, 1925.

LICENCE to establish a Wireless Telegraphy Station in the Colony.

..... of

is hereby granted a Licence, subject in all respects to the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925, and of the Regulations made thereunder, and to the conditions herein specified, to establish, maintain and work a Wireless Telegraphy station at

for the purpose of

In this Licence where the context so admits or requires the term "wireless telegraphy" includes wireless telephony.

This Licence is valid for the period one year ending on the of , 19 .. , and is liable to modification, suspension, or cancellation at any time by notice in writing from the Colonial Secretary.

The Licensee shall pay to the Colonial Treasurer the sum of One Pound on the grant of this Licence.

Given at Stanley the of 19 ..

Colonial Secretary.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1. The apparatus to be used shall be as specified in the Schedule hereto and shall not be altered without the permission in writing the Colonial Secretary.
2. The station shall not be worked for any purpose other than that specified herein.
3. The station shall be worked in such a way as not to interfere with naval signalling or with the working of any other station lawfully established in the Colony or in the territorial waters thereof.
4. The station shall be open at all reasonable times to inspection by the Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephones or by any person duly authorised by him.
5. The Licensee shall not divulge or allow to be divulged to any person other than a duly authorised officer of the Government of the Colony, or to a competent legal tribunal, or make any use whatsoever of any messages received by means of the station other than in pursuance of the purpose for which the Licence is granted.
6. The Licensee shall give all possible assistance to the Government of the Colony when required in any matter of public business.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

Schedule to Form W.T. 1.

Description of Land Station and apparatus in respect of which Licence is granted.

Name of Station.	Character of Apparatus.		
	Maximum range of signalling.	Power (Current and Voltage).	Source of Power.

FORM W.T. 2.

No.....

SCHEDULE 2.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY ORDINANCE, 1925.

LICENCE to establish apparatus for Wireless Telegraphy on board a Merchant Ship registered in the Colony.

of is hereby granted

a Licence, subject in all respects to the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925, and of the Regulations made thereunder, and to the conditions specified herein, to

- (i) Establish, instal and work for the purpose hereinafter mentioned at the ship station or stations specified in the Schedule hereto apparatus for Wireless Telegraphy of the kind specified in the Schedule hereto (which apparatus is hereinafter referred to as the licensed apparatus).

Provided that—

(a) Each ship station shall comply in all respects with the provisions of any Rules from time to time made by the Board of Trade under the Merchant Shipping (Wireless Telegraphy) Act, 1919.

(b) The apparatus installed at each ship station shall be of the character specified in the Schedule opposite to the name of each station.

(c) The sending apparatus used at each ship station shall be of such a character that the waves emitted are as pure and as little damped as possible and the receiving apparatus used at the said station or stations shall be of such a character as to afford the greatest possible protection from disturbance during the reception of signals.

(d) The licensed apparatus shall be so constructed as to be capable of using wave-lengths of 600 and 300 metres in length. The licensed apparatus may be so constructed as to use any of the wave-lengths specified in columns 5 and 6 of the Schedule hereto or any wave-lengths prescribed by any administration for communication with Direction Finding Stations and such other wave-lengths as may be authorised in writing by the Colonial Secretary. Provided always that the wave-length of 600 metres shall normally be used for communication and further that the wave-length of 1800 metres may be used for transmission in an exceptional case contemplated by Article XXXV (2) (a) of the Service Regulations annexed to the Radio-telegraph Convention 1912.

- (ii) Send and receive messages by means of the licensed apparatus between the said ship stations and also between the said ship stations and coast and other ship stations. Provided that the Licensee shall not, except with the permission in writing of the Colonial Secretary, at any time send spoken messages from the said ship stations or send or receive messages from and at the said ship stations when in any of the harbours of the Colony.

This Licence is valid during the period of one year terminating on the

..... day of 19..... and thereafter unless and until this Licence shall be determined by notice in writing from the Colonial Secretary to the Licensee.

In this Licence the term Apparatus for Wireless Telegraphy includes apparatus for Wireless Telephony where the context so admits or requires.

The fee payable to the Colonial Treasurer on the grant of this Licence is One Pound.

Given at Stanley this _____ day of _____, 19 _____

Colonial Secretary.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

I. The licensed apparatus shall not be used by the Licensee or by any other person either on behalf or by permission of the Licensee for the despatch or receipt of messages except messages authorised by this licence.

II. (1) The licensed apparatus shall not without the permission in writing of the Colonial Secretary be altered in respect to any of the particulars mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

(2) The Licensee shall at all times indemnify the Government against all actions, claims or demands which may be brought or made by any corporation, company or person in respect of any injury arising from any act, licensed or permitted by these presents.

III. (1) The Licensee shall not (either by himself or by any person acting on his behalf or by his permission) by the transmission of any message by means of the licensed apparatus or otherwise by the use of the licensed apparatus interfere with naval signalling.

(2) Whenever the operators at any of the said ship stations of the Licensee perceive through the medium of the instruments used by them that Naval signalling is proceeding, they shall refrain from using the licensed apparatus until all indication that naval signalling is proceeding shall have ceased.

(3) The Licensee and any person acting on his behalf or by his permission shall if so required in writing by the Colonial Secretary, cease to use the licensed apparatus for such period (not exceeding _____ hours in any one day) as may be specified by the Admiralty.

(4) If the Governor is of opinion that the working of the licensed apparatus at any station specified in the Schedule hereto is inconsistent with the free use of naval signalling the Licensee shall when required in writing by the Colonial Secretary close the said station.

(5) These provisions for the protection of naval signalling shall be construed to be without prejudice to the generality of any other provisions of this Licence.

IV. For the purpose of this Licence the Licensee shall observe the International Telegraph Convention and the International Telegraph Regulations so far as the said Convention and Regulations are capable of being applied to Wireless Telegraphy in common with ordinary land and submarine telegraphy.

V. The Licensee shall observe the provisions of the Radiotelegraphic Convention, 1912.

VI. The Licensee shall so far as possible receive from ships and light stations all requests for assistance and all signals of distress and shall answer such requests and signals and send them with the least possible delay to the proper authorities by means of the licensed apparatus or any other means in the power of the Licensee.

VII. The Licensee shall not divulge to any person (other than properly authorised officials of the Government or a competent legal tribunal) or make any use whatever of any messages coming to the knowledge of the Licensee and not intended for receipt by means of the licensed apparatus.

VIII. The Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephones or any person authorised by him in writing may from time to time and at all reasonable times, enter upon any of the stations in the possession or occupation of the Licensee, either solely or jointly with any other person or persons, for the purpose of inspecting and may inspect any apparatus fixed or being in such stations respectively for the purpose of sending or receiving messages by Wireless Telegraphy, and all other telegraphic instruments and apparatus fixed or being in such stations respectively, and the working and use of such apparatus and telegraphic instruments respectively, and the Licensee shall afford all requisite and proper facilities for such inspection and shall secure to the Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephones or any person authorised by him in writing the right for the purpose aforesaid of entry from time to time and on such of the stations as may be in the possession or occupation of any person or persons other than the Licensee.

IX. The Colonial Secretary may at any time in his absolute discretion give notice in writing to determine these presents and the Licence or permission hereby given at the end of one calendar month from the date of such notice, and at the expiration of that period the Licence or permission hereby granted shall cease and determine accordingly but without prejudice or remedy of the Colonial Secretary under covenant or provision herein contained on the part of the Licensee to be observed and performed.

X. In case of any breach, non-observance, or non-performance by or on the part of the Licensee of any of the covenants or conditions herein contained and on the part of the Licensee to be observed and performed, the Colonial Secretary may in writing revoke and determine these presents and the said licensed powers and authorities hereinbefore granted and each and every of them, and thereupon these presents and the said licences, powers and authorities and each and every of them shall absolutely cease determine and become void. Provided always that no such revocation or determination as aforesaid shall prejudice or affect any right of action or remedy which shall have accrued or shall thereafter accrue to either of the parties hereto under the covenants herein contained.

XI. Nothing in these presents shall prejudice or affect the right of the Governor from time to time to establish, extend, maintain and work any system or systems of telegraphic communication (whether of a like nature to that hereby licensed or otherwise) in such manner as he shall in his discretion think fit, neither shall anything herein contained prejudice or affect the right of the Governor from time to time to enter into agreement for or to grant licences relative to the working and use of telegraphs (whether of a like nature to those hereby, licensed or otherwise) or the transmission of messages in any part of the Colony by means of Wireless telegraphy or by any other means with or to any person or persons whomsoever upon such terms as he shall in his discretion think fit.

XII. Subject to the provisions of this Licence the licensee shall transmit messages by means of the licensed apparatus on equal terms without favour or preference whether as regards rates of charges order of transmission or otherwise. Provided always that signals of distress and messages in connection therewith shall receive priority over all other messages and that the order of transmission of such other messages shall be governed by the International Telegraph Regulations.

XIII. The Licensee shall charge rates not in excess of half of the rates charged to the ordinary public in respect of messages transmitted on behalf of His Majesty's Government or the Government of any British Possession or Protectorate.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1. The Licensee shall not use or allow the station to be used for any purpose other than the reception of broadcast wireless messages.

2. Any receiving set and any of the following parts, viz:- Amplifiers (valve or other) telephone head receivers, loud speakers, and valves, used under this Licence must be approved by the Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephones.

3. The station shall not be used in such a way as to cause interference with the working of other stations. In particular, valves must not be connected in such a manner as to be capable of causing the aerial to oscillate.

4. The combined height and length of the external aerial (where one is employed) shall not exceed 100 feet. An aerial which crosses above or is liable to fall upon or be blown on to any overhead power wire or telephone wire must be guarded to the reasonable satisfaction of the owner of the wire concerned.

5. The Licensee shall not divulge or allow to be divulged to any person other than a duly authorised officer of the Government or to a competent legal tribunal or make any use whatsoever of any message received by means of the station other than time signals, musical performances and messages transmitted for general reception.

6. The station shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephones or by an officer duly authorised by him in that behalf.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

FORM W.T. 4.

SCHEDULE 4.

No.....

THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY ORDINANCE, 1925.

PERMIT to Work and Use Apparatus for Wireless Telegraphy on board a Merchant ship in the Harbours of the Colony granted under Section 6 of the Wireless Telegraphy Regulations, 1926.

Permission is hereby granted for the working and using of apparatus for wireless telegraphy on board the ships of

specified in the Schedule hereto whilst such ships are in any of the harbours of the Colony subject nevertheless to the following conditions, namely :-

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1. This permit is subject in all respects to the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925 and of the Regulations made thereunder.

2. The term apparatus for wireless telegraphy in this permit includes apparatus for wireless telephony.

3. All such vessels shall obey promptly the "naval silence sign" (- . . . - . . . -) and thereupon shall not work their wireless telegraphy apparatus until after the "Message Complete sign" (. . . - . . . -) shall have been made.

4. The Grantee shall give all possible assistance to the Government of the Colony when required in any matter of public business.

5. This permit is liable to modification, suspension or cancellation at any time by notice in writing from the Colonial Secretary.

6. This permit is valid for the period of one year ending on the of 19, on the payment of the sum of TEN SHILLINGS to the Colonial Treasurer.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

Given at Stanley, the of 19

Colonial Secretary.



ORDINANCES
of the
COLONY
of the
FALKLAND ISLANDS,
enacted during the year
1927
together with the
Rules Regulations etc., etc.,
made during that year.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1927.

I ASSENT,

A. E. BEATTIE,

Acting Governor.

16th April, 1927.

An Ordinance

To amend the Customs Ordinance (No. 6 of 1903) and to provide for the Regulation of the Coasting Trade in the Falkland Islands.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Customs Amendment (Coasting Trade) Ordinance, 1927," and shall be read and construed as one with the Customs Ordinance, 1903.

Short Title.

2. All trade by sea from any one part of the Falkland Islands to any other part thereof shall be deemed to be a coasting trade and all vessels while employed therein shall be deemed to be coasting vessels and no part of the Falkland Islands however situated with regard to any other part shall be deemed in law with reference to each other to be parts beyond the seas.

All trade by sea from part of the Falkland Islands to another to be deemed coastwise and no part to be deemed beyond the seas.

3. All vessels shall, when employed in the coasting trade have a licence from the Collector; and if any such vessel be so employed without such licence the owner of the vessel shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £10.

Coasting vessels to be licensed.

4. Goods the produce of the Falkland Islands and goods upon which import duties have been paid in the Falkland Islands and goods duty free on importation into the Falkland Islands may be carried in any coasting vessel trading between any one part of the Falkland Islands to any other part thereof and the master of such coasting vessel shall answer all such questions concerning the vessel and the cargo and the voyage as shall be demanded of him by the Collector or Officer of Customs; and in case of failure or refusal to answer such questions or answer truly the master shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £20.

Description of goods which may be carried in coasting vessels.

Coasting ship confined to coasting voyage.

5. No goods to be carried coastwise shall be taken into or put out of any coasting vessel at sea or over the sea and if any such goods shall be taken into or put out of any coasting vessel at sea or over the sea or if any coasting vessel shall touch at any place over the sea, or deviate from her voyage, unless forced by unavoidable circumstances, or if the master of any coasting ship which shall have touched as aforesaid at any place over the sea shall not declare the same in writing under his hand to the Collector on the arrival of such ship at the Falkland Islands the master of such ship shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £100.

Proper Officer of Customs may go on board and examine any coasting vessel.

6. It shall be lawful in any case for the proper officer of Customs to go on board any coasting vessel in any port or place in the Falkland Islands or at any period of her voyage and strictly to search such vessel and to examine all goods on board and all goods being laden or unladen and to demand all documents which ought to be on board such vessel.

Provisions of Ordinance not to apply to vessels bringing cargo or passengers from abroad or taking cargo or passengers for abroad.

7. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall prevent any vessel from proceeding without a licence of the Collector as aforesaid from any one part of the Falkland Islands to any other part thereof for the purpose either of landing the whole or part of its cargo or passengers brought from a place outside the Colony or of taking on board the whole or part of its cargo or passengers for a place outside the Colony.

Amendment of sections 9 and 35 of Ordinance 6 of 1903.

8. Sections nine and thirty-five of the Customs Ordinance, 1903, are hereby amended by the addition thereto in either case of the following proviso -

Provided that the provisions of this section shall not apply to vessels employed in the coasting trade of the Falkland Islands under a licence from the Collector.

Repeal of section 10 of Ordinance 2 of 1902.

9. Section ten of the Harbour Ordinance, 1902, is hereby repealed.

Suspending Clause.

10. This Ordinance shall come into operation on a date to be notified in the Gazette and in no case before His Majesty's pleasure thereon has been publicly signified by notification in the Gazette.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 14th day of April, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 16th day of April, 1927.

J. M. ELLIS,
Acting Colonial Secretary.



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1927.

I ASSENT,

A. E. BEATTIE,

Acting Governor.

16th April, 1927.

An Ordinance

To amend the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1905.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. Section 2 of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1905, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following section:—

Repeal and replacement of section 2 of Ordinance No 4 of 1905.

“For all house property in the town of Stanley there shall be charged yearly in respect thereof for every twenty shillings of its annual value the sum of nine pence or such further sum not exceeding in the aggregate five shillings as may be sanctioned annually by the Legislative Council, such value to be assessed in open Court in the first fortnight in January in every year by the Justices of the Peace resident in Stanley whose decision shall be final. All rates shall be paid to the Colonial Treasurer before the 31st day of March in each year.”

2. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 1928.

Date of operation.

3. This Ordinance shall be cited as “The Stanley Rating (Amendment) Ordinance, 1927”, and shall be read and construed as one with The Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1905.

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 14th day of April, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 16th day of April, 1927.

J. M. ELLIS,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1927.

I ASSENT,

A. E. BEATTIE,

Acting Governor.

16th April, 1927.

An Ordinance To Regulate the Supply of Water to Stanley.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:-

Enacting Clause.

1. In this Ordinance

Definitions.

“Connections” means all pipes, valves, cisterns, cocks or other appliances of any kind by which water is conducted or is intended to be conducted and which are used or are intended to be used for supplying any land, premises or tenement with water from the Water Works and which are private property.

“Gathering Ground” means all that area of land from which water is gathered and flows into the Water Works and which is duly reserved for such purpose.

“Tenement” means any land with or without buildings which is held or occupied as a distinct and separate holding or tenancy.

“Water Authority” includes any duly authorised person acting for and on behalf of or on the order of the Water Authority to be appointed by the Governor as hereinafter provided.

“Water Works” means the Stanley Water Works and includes any reservoir, dam, filter-bed or other appliance used or intended to be used for collecting, storing or purifying water, and any pipe or other appliance used or intended to be used for conveying water which is or may hereafter become the property of the Government.

Water Authority.

2. The Governor may from time to time appoint any person to be or to act as Water Authority and when made may revoke such appointment.

Duties of Water Authority.

3. The duties of the Water Authority shall include the management of the Water Works and the control of all matters appertaining thereto. The Water Authority shall be responsible to the Governor for the proper performance of these duties and for the carrying out of the provisions of this Ordinance and of the Regulations made thereunder.

Power of Water Authority to sue.

4. The Water Authority shall be competent with the approval of the Governor to bring an action in the Courts of the Colony in any matter affecting the management or control of the Water Works or in pursuance of any of the provisions of this Ordinance or of the Regulations made thereunder.

General Powers of Water Authority.

5. The Water Authority may

- (1) at any time enter on any land, premises or tenement where connections are laid and inspect and repair such connections.
- (2) after due notice to the owner or occupier thereof lay through any land mains or branch mains such as may be necessary.

Governor may make Regulations.

6. The Governor in Council may make regulations

- (1) As to the conditions on which and the manner in which connections may be laid from the Water Works to any private land, premises or tenement for the supply of water for domestic or for other than domestic purposes.
- (2) As to the price to be paid by private persons to the Water Authority for connections or for repairs thereto where such connections are laid or such repairs are effected by the Water Authority.
- (3) As to the price to be paid by private persons to the Water Authority for materials supplied by the Water Authority for connections or for repairs thereto where such connections are not laid and such repairs are not effected by the Water Authority.
- (4) As to the conditions including quantity and time of supply on which water may be supplied from the Water Works to any private land, premises or tenement for domestic or for other than domestic purposes.
- (5) As to the price at which water may be supplied from the Water Works to any private land, premises or tenement for domestic or for other than domestic purposes.
- (6) For the prevention of waste or abuse of water supplied from the Water Works and for the protection of the Water Works and of the water therein.
- (7) Generally for carrying into effect any of the purposes or provisions of this Ordinance.

Water Authority not liable for interruption or insufficiency of supply.

7. Where any connection from the Water Works to any private land, premises or tenement shall have been laid by order of the Water Authority and any interruption or insufficiency of the supply of water from the Water Works to such connections shall be caused by drought or by any other unavoidable circumstance the Water Authority shall not be liable to any claim for compensation on account of such interruption or insufficiency.

8. It shall not be lawful for any person to

Offences.

- (1) put or cause or allow to be put in any main or branch main forming a part of the Water Works any cock, valve or other contrivance for drawing water therefrom except on the order of the Water Authority.
- (2) put or cause or allow to be put into any source in the gathering ground or into any reservoir, dam or filter bed forming a part of the Water Works any foul or injurious matter liable to pollute or render the water therein unfit for use or to impede the flow of water therein.
- (3) allow any animal to graze or to stray within the area of the gathering ground except on the order of the Water Authority.
- (4) wilfully to damage or to cause or allow to be damaged any part of the Water Works.
- (5) open or close or in any way to interfere with or cause or allow to be opened or closed or in any way to be interfered with any cock, valve or sluice forming a part of the Water Works except on the order of the Water Authority.
- (6) alter or change or cause or allow to be altered or changed any cock, valve or other appliance forming a part of the Water Works with the intent to obtain more water thereby except on the order of the Water Authority.

9. Any person who shall be convicted of any of the offences set out in the preceding section or of any breach or violation of the provisions of this Ordinance or of the Regulations made thereunder shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year or to both such penalties.

Penalties.

10. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Stanley Water Supply Ordinance, 1927."

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 14th day of April, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 16th day of April, 1927.

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1927.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

21st November, 1927.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900.

Title.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

Enacting Clause.

1. The First Schedule to the Tariff Ordinance, 1900 is hereby repealed and replaced by the following :—

Repeal and replacement of First Schedule of Tariff Ordinance, 1900.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

TARIFF OF IMPORT DUTIES.

	£	s.	d.
Spirits, not exceeding the strength of proof, as ascertained by Sikes' hydrometer and in proportion for any greater strength than strength of proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits, per gallon ...	1	0	0
Wine in casks, per gallon	0	3	0
Wine in reputed quarts, per dozen	0	6	9
Wine in reputed pints, per dozen	0	3	6
British wines and all other unenumerated and unexempted beverages not liable to spirit duty, in reputed quarts, per dozen	0	4	6
Malt liquor, mum, spruce, cider and perry,			
in casks, per gallon	0	0	6
in reputed quarts, per dozen	0	1	0
in reputed pints, per dozen	0	0	6
Cigars, per lb.	0	6	9
Cigarettes, cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff, per lb.	0	4	0
All other unexempted tobacco, per lb.	0	3	0

Date of operation.

2. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the first day of January, 1928.

Short Title.

3. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1927," and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 16th day of November, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of November, 1927.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1927.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

21st November, 1927.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1923, and by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1924.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of Legislative Council thereof as follows :—

1. Section 3 of the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1924, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following section :—

A refund of part of the duties of Customs levied, collected and paid or due to be paid, in respect of whale oil and seal oil, shall be made in accordance with the following scale :—

If the average market price of first grade oil for the season in which the oil was exported,

Exceeds £45 but does not exceed £50 per ton,
6d. per barrel.

Exceeds £40 but does not exceed £45 per ton,
1/- per barrel.

Exceeds £35 but does not exceed £40 per ton,
1/6 per barrel.

Exceeds £30 but does not exceed £35 per ton,
2/- per barrel.

Does not exceed £30 per ton,
2/6 per barrel.

2. This Ordinance shall have effect from the first day of October, 1926.

FALKLAND ISLANDS :

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

Title.

Enacting Clause.

Repeal and replacement of Section 3 of Ordinance 7 of 1924.

Refund of part of duty if price of oil does not exceed £50 per ton.

Commencement of Ordinance.

Short Title.

3. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1927," and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1923, and by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1924.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 16th day of November, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of November, 1927.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1927.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

21st November, 1927.

An Ordinance

Relating to the Carriage of Goods by Sea.

Title.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :-

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Carriage of Goods by Sea Ordinance, 1927."

Short title.

2. Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, the Rules contained in the Schedule to this Ordinance, (hereinafter referred to as "the Rules") shall have effect in relation to and in connection with the carriage of goods by sea in ships carrying goods from any port in the Colony to any other port whether in or outside the Colony.

Application of Rules in Schedule.

3. There shall not be implied in any contract for the carriage of goods by sea to which the Rules apply any absolute undertaking by the carrier of the goods to provide a seaworthy ship.

Absolute warranty of seaworthiness not to be implied in contracts to which Rules apply.

4. Every bill of lading or similar document of title, issued in the Colony which contains or is evidence of any contract to which the Rules apply shall contain an express statement that it is to have effect subject to the provisions of the said Rules as applied by this Ordinance.

Statement as to application of Rules to be included in bills of lading.

5. Article VI of the Rules shall, in relation to the carriage of goods by sea in ships carrying goods from any port in the Colony to any other port in the Colony, have effect as though the said Article referred to goods of any class instead of to particular goods and as though the proviso to the second paragraph of the said Article were omitted.

Modification of Article VI of Rules in relation to coasting trade.

FALKLAND ISLANDS :

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

Modification of Rules 4 and 5 of Article III in relation to bulk cargoes.

6. Where under the custom of any trade the weight of any bulk cargo inserted in the bill of lading is a weight ascertained or accepted by a third party other than the carrier or the shipper and the fact that the weight is so ascertained or accepted is stated in the bill of lading, then, notwithstanding anything in the Rules, the bill of lading shall not be deemed to be *prima facie* evidence against the carrier of the receipt of goods of the weight so inserted in the bill of lading, and the accuracy thereof at the time of shipment shall not be deemed to have been guaranteed by the shipper.

Saving Clause.

7. Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect the liability of the owners of seagoing vessels as limited under the provisions of sections four hundred and forty-six to four hundred and fifty, both inclusive, five hundred and two, and five hundred and three of the Imperial Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, as amended by any subsequent enactment, or the liability of the owners of seagoing vessels as limited by any other Imperial enactment in force for the time being.

Operation.

8. The Rules shall not by virtue of this Ordinance apply to any contract for the carriage of goods by sea made before such day, not being earlier than the thirty-first day of December, 1927, as the Governor in Council may direct by notification in the Gazette, nor to any bill of lading or similar document of title issued, whether before or after such day as aforesaid, in pursuance of any such contract as aforesaid.

Application to Dependencies.

9. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 16th day of November, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of November, 1927.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

RULES RELATING TO BILLS OF LADING.

ARTICLE I.

DEFINITIONS.

In these Rules the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them respectively, that is to say —

- (a) "Carrier" includes the owner or the charterer who enters into a contract of carriage with a shipper :
- (b) "Contract of carriage" applies only to contracts of carriage covered by a bill of lading or any similar document of title, in so far as such document relates to the carriage of goods by sea, including any bill of lading or any similar document as aforesaid issued under or pursuant to a charterparty from the moment at which such bill of lading or similar document of title regulates the relations between a carrier and a holder of the same :
- (c) "Goods" includes goods, wares, merchandises, and articles of every kind whatsoever, except live animals and cargo which by the contract of carriage is stated as being carried on deck and is so carried :

(d) "Ship" means any vessel used for the carriage of goods by sea :

(e) "Carriage of goods" covers the period from the time when the goods are loaded on to the time when they are discharged from the ship.

ARTICLE II.

RISKS.

Subject to the provisions of Article VI., under every contract of carriage of goods by sea the carrier, in relation to the loading, handling, stowage, carriage, custody, care, and discharge of such goods, shall be subject to the responsibilities and liabilities, and entitled to the rights and immunities hereinafter set forth.

ARTICLE III.

RESPONSIBILITIES AND LIABILITIES.

1. The carrier shall be bound, before and at the beginning of the voyage, to exercise due diligence to —

- (a) Make the ship seaworthy :
- (b) Properly man, equip, and supply the ship :
- (c) Make the holds, refrigerating and cool chambers, and all other parts of the ship in which goods are carried, fit and safe for their reception, carriage and preservation.

2. Subject to the provisions of Article IV., the carrier shall properly and carefully load, handle, stow, carry, keep, care for and discharge the goods carried.

3. After receiving the goods into his charge, the carrier, or the master or agent of the carrier, shall, on demand of the shipper, issue to the shipper a bill of lading showing among other things —

- (a) The leading marks necessary for identification of the goods as the same are furnished in writing by the shipper before the loading of such goods starts, provided such marks are stamped or otherwise shown clearly upon the goods if uncovered, or on the cases or coverings in which such goods are contained, in such a manner as should ordinarily remain legible until the end of the voyage ;
- (b) Either the number of packages or pieces, or the quantity, or weight, as the case may be, as furnished in writing by the shipper :
- (c) The apparent order and condition of the goods :

Provided that no carrier, master or agent of the carrier, shall be bound to state or show in the bill of lading any marks, number, quantity, or weight which he has reasonable ground for suspecting not accurately to represent the goods actually received, or which he has had no reasonable means of checking.

4. Such a bill of lading shall be *prima facie* evidence of the receipt by the carrier of the goods as therein described in accordance with paragraph 3 (a), (b), and (c).

5. The shipper shall be deemed to have guaranteed to the carrier the accuracy at the time of shipment of the marks, number, quantity, and weight, as furnished by him, and the shipper shall indemnify the carrier against all loss, damages, and expenses arising or resulting from inaccuracies in such particulars. The right of the carrier to such indemnity shall in no way limit his responsibility and liability under the contract of carriage to any person other than the shipper.

6. Unless notice of loss or damage and the general nature of such loss or damage be given in writing to the carrier or his agent at the port of discharge before or at the time of the removal of the goods into the custody of the person entitled to delivery thereof under the contract of carriage, or, if the loss or damage be not apparent, within three days such removal shall be *prima facie* evidence of the delivery by the carrier of the goods as described in the bill of lading.

The notice in writing need not be given if the state of the goods has at the time of their receipt been the subject of joint survey or inspection.

In any event the carrier and the ship shall be discharged from all liability in respect of loss or damage unless suit is brought within one year after delivery of the goods or the date when the goods should have been delivered.

In the case of any actual or apprehended loss or damage the carrier and the receiver shall give all reasonable facilities to each other for inspecting and tallying the goods.

7. After the goods are loaded the bill of lading to be issued by the carrier, master or agent of the carrier, to the shipper shall, if the shipper so demands, be a "shipped" bill of lading, provided that if the shipper shall have previously taken up any document of title to such goods, he shall surrender the same as against the issue of the "shipped" bill of lading, but at the option of the carrier such document of title may be noted at the port of shipment by the carrier, master, or agent with the name or names of the ship or ships upon which the goods have been shipped and the date or dates of shipment, and when so noted the same shall for the purpose of this Article be deemed to constitute a "shipped" bill of lading.

8. Any clause, covenant or agreement in a contract of carriage relieving the carrier or the ship from liability for loss or damage to or in connection with goods arising from negligence, fault or failure in the duties and obligations provided in this Article or lessening such liability otherwise than as provided in these Rules, shall be null and void and of no effect.

A benefit of insurance or similar clause shall be deemed to be a clause relieving the carrier from liability.

ARTICLE IV.

RIGHTS AND IMMUNITIES.

1. Neither the carrier nor the ship shall be liable for loss or damage arising or resulting from unseaworthiness unless caused by want of due diligence on the part of the carrier to make the ship seaworthy, and to secure that the ship is properly manned, equipped and supplied, and to make the holds, refrigerating and cool chambers and all other parts of the ship in which goods are carried fit and safe for their reception, carriage and preservation in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 of Article III.

Whenever loss or damage has resulted from unseaworthiness, the burden of proving the exercise of due diligence shall be on the carrier or other person claiming exemption under this section.

2. Neither the carrier nor the ship shall be responsible for loss or damage arising or resulting from —

- (a) Act, neglect, or default of the master, mariner, pilot, or the servants of the carrier in the navigation or in the management of the ship;
- (b) Fire, unless caused by the actual fault or privity of the carrier;
- (c) Perils, dangers and accidents of the sea or other navigable waters;
- (d) Act of God;
- (e) Act of war;
- (f) Act of public enemies;
- (g) Arrest or restraint of princes, rulers or people, or seizure under legal process;
- (h) Quarantine restrictions;
- (i) Act or omission of the shipper or owner of the goods, his agent or representative;
- (j) Strikes or lock-outs or stoppage or restraint of labour from whatever cause, whether partial or general;
- (k) Riots and civil commotions;
- (l) Saving or attempting to save life or property at sea;

- (m) Wastage in bulk or weight or any other loss or damage arising from inherent defect, quality or vice of the goods;
- (n) Insufficiency of packing;
- (o) Insufficiency or inadequacy of marks;
- (p) Latent defects not discoverable by due diligence;
- (q) Any other cause arising without the actual fault or privity of the carrier, or without the fault or neglect of the agents or servants of the carrier, but the burden of proof shall be on the person claiming the benefit of this exception to show that neither the actual fault or privity of the carrier nor the fault or neglect of the agents or servants of the carrier contributed to the loss or damage.

3. The shipper shall not be responsible for loss or damage sustained by the carrier or the ship arising or resulting from any cause without the act, fault or neglect of the shipper, his agents or his servants.

4. Any deviation in saving or attempting to save life or property at sea, or any reasonable deviation shall not be deemed to be an infringement or breach of these Rules or of the contract of carriage, and the carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting therefrom.

5. Neither the carrier nor the ship shall in any event be or become liable for any loss or damage to or in connection with goods in an amount exceeding 100% per package or unit, or the equivalent of that sum in other currency, unless the nature and value of such goods have been declared by the shipper before shipment and inserted in the bill of lading.

This declaration if embodied in the bill of lading shall be *prima facie* evidence, but shall not be binding or conclusive on the carrier.

By agreement between the carrier, master or agent of the carrier and the shipper another maximum amount than that mentioned in this paragraph may be fixed, provided that such maximum shall not be less than the figure above named.

Neither the carrier nor the ship shall be responsible in any event for loss or damage to or in connection with goods if the nature or value thereof has been knowingly misstated by the shipper in the bill of lading.

6. Goods of an inflammable, explosive or dangerous nature to the shipment whereof the carrier, master or agent of the carrier, has not consented, with knowledge of their nature and character, may at any time before discharge be landed at any place or destroyed or rendered innocuous by the carrier without compensation, and the shipper of such goods shall be liable for all damages and expenses directly or indirectly arising out of or resulting from such shipment.

If any such goods shipped with such knowledge and consent shall become a danger to the ship or cargo, they may in like manner be landed at any place or destroyed or rendered innocuous by the carrier without liability on the part of the carrier except to general average, if any.

ARTICLE V.

SURRENDER OF RIGHTS AND IMMUNITIES, AND INCREASE OF RESPONSIBILITIES AND LIABILITIES.

A carrier shall be at liberty to surrender in whole or in part all or any of his rights and immunities or to increase any of his responsibilities and liabilities under the Rules contained in any of these Articles, provided such surrender or increase shall be embodied in the bill of lading issued to the shipper.

The provisions of these Rules shall not be applicable to charterparties, but if the bills of lading are issued in the case of a ship under a charterparty they shall comply with the terms of these Rules. Nothing in these Rules shall be held to prevent the insertion in a bill of lading of any lawful provision regarding general average.

ARTICLE VI.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding Articles, a carrier, master or agent of the carrier, and a shipper shall in regard to any particular goods be at liberty to enter into any agreement in any terms as to the responsibility and liability of the carrier for such goods, and as to the rights and immunities of the carrier in respect of such goods, or his obligation as to seaworthiness, so far as this stipulation is not contrary to public policy, or the care or diligence of his servants or agents in regard to the loading, handling, stowage, carriage, custody, care, and discharge of the goods carried by sea, provided that in this case no bill of lading has been or shall be issued and that the terms agreed shall be embodied in a receipt which shall be a non-negotiable document and shall be marked as such.

Any agreement so entered into shall have full legal effect :

Provided that this Article shall not apply to ordinary commercial shipments made in the ordinary course of trade, but only to other shipments where the character or condition of the property to be carried or the circumstances, terms and conditions under which the carriage is to be performed, are such as reasonably to justify a special agreement.

ARTICLE VII.

LIMITATIONS ON THE APPLICATION OF THE RULES.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent a carrier or a shipper from entering into any agreement, stipulation, condition, reservation or exemption as to the responsibility and liability of the carrier or the ship for the loss or damage to or in connection with the custody and care and handling of goods prior to the loading on and subsequent to the discharge from the ship on which the goods are carried by sea.

ARTICLE VIII.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY.

The provisions of these Rules shall not affect the rights and obligations of the carrier under any statute for the time being in force relating to the limitation of the liability of owners of sea-going vessels.

ARTICLE IX.

The monetary units mentioned in these Rules are to be taken to be gold value.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 8 of 1927.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

21st November, 1927.

An Ordinance

To provide for the grant of Pensions Title.
Gratuities and other Allowances to persons
who have been in the public service of the
Colony.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Enacting Clause.
Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Pensions Ordinance, Short Title.
1927."

2. The Pensions Ordinance, 1906, and all Ordinances Repeal.
enacted in amendment thereof, and the Pensions Increase Ordinance,
1920, are hereby repealed.

3. In this Ordinance and in the Regulations made here- Definitions.
under,

"PENSIONABLE OFFICE" means an office which has been
declared to be pensionable under section 7 of this
Ordinance.

"PUBLIC SERVICE" means service in a civil capacity under
the Government of the Colony or the Imperial Govern-
ment or the Government of India or of a British
Colony or Protectorate or a territory under a British
mandate, and any such other service as the Secretary
of State may determine to be "public service" for the
purpose of any provision of this Ordinance or of the
Regulations made hereunder.

Service as a Governor or High Commissioner of a British Dominion, Colony or Protectorate or of a territory under a British mandate, or as a Governor in India shall be deemed to be public service for the purpose of computation of pension or gratuity and of Section 11 of this Ordinance.

"OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE" means public service not under the Government of the Colony.

"SALARY" includes personal allowance, house allowance or the estimated value of free quarters and fuel allowance or the estimated value of free fuel :

Provided that the amount to be allowed for house rent or the estimated value of free quarters together with the amount to be allowed for fuel or the estimated value of free fuel shall not exceed one-sixth of the actual salary of the office.

Extent.

4. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall either diminish the rights acquired by any persons before the enactment of this Ordinance or affect pensions already granted. Otherwise the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to all public officers now or hereafter serving in the Colony and to those who having so served have been transferred to public service elsewhere.

Pensions to be charged on the revenues of the Colony.

5. There shall be charged on and paid out of the revenues of the Colony all such sums of money as may, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, from time to time be granted by way of pension, gratuity, or other allowance in accordance with this Ordinance and with the Regulations made hereunder to persons who have been in the service of the Colony.

Governor in Council may make Regulations.

6. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, from time to time to make, and, when made, to vary and revoke, regulations for the granting of pensions, gratuities, and other allowances under this Ordinance.

Offices when pensionable.

7. The Governor may, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, by notification in the Gazette declare any office in the public service of the Colony to be pensionable :

Provided that any office so declared to be pensionable may be declared at any time by the Governor, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, by notification in manner aforesaid to be no longer pensionable, due regard being had to existing rights.

Age from which pension may be earned.

8. No public officer shall be eligible for the grant of any pension, gratuity, or other allowance in respect of service while under the age of twenty years.

Age at which pension may be granted. Certificates required as to conduct, etc., etc.

9. Except in the case of abolition or re-organization of office no pension, gratuity, or other allowance shall be granted to any public officer who has not attained the age of sixty years unless on medical evidence to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council or the Secretary of State that he is incapable, by reason of some infirmity of mind or body, of discharging the duties of his office, and that such infirmity is likely to be permanent ; nor in any case without a certificate from the Governor that he has discharged the duties of his office with such diligence and fidelity as to justify the grant to him of a pension :

Provided that, if a public officer, though not suffering from any particular illness or infirmity of mind or body likely to be permanent, becomes unfit in the opinion of the Governor in Council for the discharge of the duties of the office for which he has been appointed, and such unfitness is not attributable to misconduct or

gross negligence, and when the Governor in Council considers that the special circumstances of the case justify the grant to him of a pension he may be pensioned at the rate not exceeding that for which he would be qualified if he were suffering from an illness or infirmity likely to be permanent ;

Provided further that if an officer is transferred to other public service and ultimately retires at an age less than sixty years at which he is permitted by the laws or regulations of that service to retire with a pension, the pension which may be granted to him from the revenues of the Colony under this Ordinance and the Regulations made hereunder shall be payable from the date of retirement of such officer notwithstanding that he shall not be sixty years of age.

10. Where an officer is removed from his office on the ground of his inability to discharge efficiently the duties thereof, and a pension, gratuity, or other allowance cannot otherwise be granted to him under the provisions of this Ordinance and of the Regulations made hereunder the Governor in Council with the approval of the Secretary of State may if he considers it justifiable, having regard to all circumstances of the case, grant such a pension, gratuity, or other allowance as he thinks just and proper but in no case exceeding in amount that for which the officer would be qualified if he were suffering from some infirmity of mind or body likely to be permanent.

Pension payable when officer is retired on grounds of inefficiency.

11. (1) A pension granted to an officer under this Ordinance shall not exceed two-thirds of the highest pensionable emoluments drawn by him at any time in the course of his service in the Colony.

Maximum pension from all public sources.

(2) Where the officer has been or is granted a pension or pensions in respect of other public service, he may be granted the full pension for which he is eligible in respect of his service in the Colony, but no person may at any time draw from the funds of the Colony an amount of pension which, when added to the amount of any pension or pensions drawn in respect of other public service, exceeds two-thirds of the highest pensionable emoluments drawn by such person at any time in the course of his service in the Colony or in other public service :

Provided that where such a person receives, in respect of some period of public service, both a gratuity and a pension, the amount of such pension shall be deemed, for the purpose of this sub-section, to be four-thirds of its actual amount.

(3) In a case falling under the limitation laid down by sub-section (2) the amount of pension to be drawn from the funds of the Colony shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, in order that it may be determined with due regard to the amount of any pension or pensions similarly to be drawn in respect of other public service.

(4) For the purpose of the preceding sub-sections an annual allowance granted in respect of injury shall not be taken into account ; but, where the officer is granted such an annual allowance the amount of such annual allowance which he may draw shall not exceed one-sixth of his highest pensionable emoluments at any time in the course

of his service by more than the sum by which the amount of his pension or pensions, apart from such annual allowance, falls short of two-thirds of such highest pensionable emoluments.

Age for compulsory retirement.

12. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, to require any public officer to retire from the public service of the Colony at any time after he attains the age of sixty years, and retirement shall be compulsory for every officer on attaining the age of sixty-five years except that, in special cases where the Secretary of State is satisfied that the retirement of an officer at sixty-five would be detrimental to the public service, his employment may be extended for a further specified period.

Increase of Pension in certain cases.

13. The pay and emoluments on which public officers have been pensioned or granted retiring gratuities or on which they would normally be pensioned or granted retiring gratuities may be increased by 25 per cent if such pay and emoluments do not exceed £300 per annum, and by 20 per cent if such pay and emoluments exceed £300 per annum subject to the following conditions :-

- (1) that the minimum additional amount on which the supplementary pension or gratuity is calculated shall be £26 per annum
- (2) that no officer with salary and emoluments exceeding £300 per annum shall receive a smaller supplementary pension or gratuity than he would have received if his salary and emoluments had been exactly £300 per annum.

Provided that nothing in this section contained shall entitle a person whose salary has been or is increased subsequent to the 1st day of January, 1920, to a pension or a retiring gratuity in excess of that which he would have received if his salary had not been increased or if this section were not in force whichever is greater.

Pensions not of right.

14. No officer shall have an absolute right to compensation for past service or to any pension, gratuity, or other allowance under this Ordinance or the Regulations made hereunder: nor shall anything in this Ordinance or such Regulations contained limit the right of the Crown to dismiss any officer without compensation.

Persons affected by re-employment.

15. If any officer to whom a pension has been granted under the provisions of this Ordinance, and of the regulations made hereunder, is appointed to another office in the service of the Colony, or in any other public service, then during his tenure of such office so much only (if any) of his pension from the funds of the Colony shall be paid to him per annum as together with

- (a) the annual emoluments of such office;
- (b) any annual amounts received on account of pension in respect of other public service; and
- (c) where the officer receives, in respect of some period of public service, both a gratuity and a pension, an annual amount equal to one-third of such pension;

make up an annual amount not greater than the highest pensionable emoluments drawn by such officer at any time in the course of his public service:

Provided that

- (1) Where the officer retired or was transferred from the service of the Colony prior to the 1st January, 1920, the highest pensionable emoluments drawn by such officer in the course of his service in the Colony, shall for the purposes of this section be deemed to be the highest pensionable emoluments actually so drawn by him plus fifty per cent. thereof;
- (2) Where an officer in whose case an abatement of pension falls to be made under this section, has been granted a pension or pensions in respect of other public service, the amount of pension to be drawn from the funds of the Colony shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of State in order that it may be determined with due regard to the amount of any pension or pensions similarly to be drawn in respect of other public service;
- (3) Any bonus or temporary increase, whether on pension or on the salary of the new office, granted in view of the high cost of living, shall be added to such pension or salary, as the case may be, for the purpose of this section; and
- (4) Where the new office is that of Governor or High Commissioner of a British Dominion, Colony or Protectorate, or of a territory under a British mandate, or that of a Governor in India, the amount to be taken as the annual emoluments of such office for the purpose of this section shall be determined by the Secretary of State.

16. When an officer holding a pensionable office who has completed five years' service and who is not serving on probation or agreement for a definite term, dies while in the service of the Colony it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to grant to his legal personal representative a gratuity not exceeding one year's pensionable emoluments.

Gratuity to estate where officer dies in the service of the Colony.

17. No pension granted under this Ordinance or under the Regulations made hereunder shall be assignable or transferable, or liable to be attached, sequestered, or levied upon, for or in respect of any debt or claims whatsoever.

Pensions not to be assignable.

18. If any person to whom a pension has been granted under this Ordinance, or under the Regulations made hereunder, is convicted before any Court in His Majesty's Dominions of any crime or offence for which he is sentenced to death or penal servitude or transportation, or any term of imprisonment with hard labour or exceeding twelve months, and does not within two months after such conviction receive His Majesty's free pardon, then in every such case such pension shall forthwith cease:

Pensions to cease on conviction.

Provided always, that the Governor in Council, with the consent of the Secretary of State, may, if he thinks fit, restore the pension in the case of a person who, after conviction as above described, receives His Majesty's free pardon at any time.

19. If any person to whom a pension has been granted under this Ordinance, or under the Regulations made hereunder, becomes a bankrupt, then such pension shall forthwith cease:

Pensions to cease on bankruptcy.

Provided always, that in any case where a pension ceases by reason of the bankruptcy of the pensioner it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State, or, if such pensioner is resident in the Colony, then for the Governor in Council, from time to time during the remainder of such pensioner's life, or during such shorter period or periods, either continuous or discontinuous, as the Secretary of State or the Governor in Council shall think fit, to pay all or any part of the moneys to which such pensioner would have been entitled by way of pension had he not become a bankrupt to, or apply the same for the maintenance and personal support or benefit of, all or any, exclusive of the other or others, of the following persons, namely, such pensioner and any wife, child or children of his, in such proportions and manner as the Secretary of State or the Governor in Council thinks proper.

Conditions on which a retired officer may accept the directorship, etc., of a Company operating in the Colony.

20. If any person to whom a pension has been granted under this Ordinance or under the Regulations made hereunder, becomes, on his final retirement from the service of the Colony, either a Director of any Company the principal part of whose business is in any way directly concerned with the Colony, or an officer or a servant employed in the Colony by any such Company, without in every such case the permission of the Governor in writing first had and obtained, then in every case it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the approval of the Secretary of State, to direct that such pension shall forthwith cease :

Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State, on being satisfied that the person in respect of whose pension any such direction shall have been given has ceased to be a Director of such Company or to be employed as an officer or servant of such Company in the Colony, as the case may be, to give directions for the restoration of such pension, with retrospective effect, if he shall see fit, to such a date as he shall specify.

Application to Dependencies.

21. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Date of Operation.

22. This Ordinance shall come into operation on a date to be signified by notification in the Gazette.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 16th day of November, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of November, 1927.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

—:0:—

- Stanley Water Supply Regulations, 1927.
- Seal Fishery (Dependencies) Amendment Regulations, 1927.
- Stanley Water Supply (Amendment) Regulations, 1927.
- Wireless Telegraphy Regulations, 1927.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under
The Stanley Water Supply Ordinance, 1927.

J. M. ELLIS,
Acting Governor.

In virtue of the powers vested in him by section 6 of the Stanley Water Supply Ordinance, 1927 and otherwise, His Excellency is hereby pleased, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, to make the following Regulations:—

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1. Connections for the supply of water from the Water Works to any private property for domestic purposes shall not be made except on the order of the Water Authority.</p> | <p>Preamble.</p> <p>Connections to private property for domestic purposes.</p> |
| <p>2. Any owner of private property who is desirous of laying connections for the supply of water from the Water Works to his property for domestic purposes shall make an application in writing to the Water Authority and shall state full particulars of the property concerned and of the nature of the supply desired.</p> | <p>Application for connections how to be made.</p> |
| <p>3. The Water Authority may grant or refuse any application for the supply of water from the Water Works to any private property for domestic purposes, subject to the approval of the Governor, and shall not be called upon to assign any reason for the grant or refusal of any such application.</p> | <p>Grant of application subject to the approval of the Governor.</p> |
| <p>4. The annual rate to be paid by the owner of any private property in respect of connections for the supply of water from the Water Works to such private property for domestic purposes shall be the one-half of the annual rate paid by such owner in respect of such private property under section 2 of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1905, as amended by the Stanley Rating (Amendment) Ordinance, 1927, and shall be additional thereto.</p> | <p>Annual rate payable for connections to private property.</p> |
| <p>5. Connections for the supply of water from the Water Works to any private property for domestic purposes shall be laid at the expense of the owner thereof and no expense whatsoever shall fall thereby on the Water Authority.</p> | <p>Connections to be at owner's expense.</p> |
| <p>6. The Water Authority shall convey water in the Water Works to the boundary of the private property and the owner of the private property shall lay the connections from the boundary, provided that the Water Authority shall make the junction between the Water Works and the connections and that the Water Authority may at his discretion and for his convenience lay on the private property any pipe, cock, valve or other appliance as may be required for the connections, that such pipe, cock, valve or other appliance shall remain the property of the Water Authority, and that the Water Authority shall at any reasonable time have ready access thereto.</p> | <p>Connections where to be made.</p> |
| <p>7. Connections for the supply of water from the Water Works to private property for domestic purposes shall conform in all respects with the requirements of the Water Authority and shall not be laid or put into use except on the order of the Water Authority.</p> | <p>Connections not to be laid or put into use except on order of Water Authority.</p> |
| <p>8. Only pipes and fittings of a type approved by the Water Authority shall be permitted to be laid as part of any connections to private property from the Water Works.</p> | <p>Pipes and fittings to be of approved type.</p> |
| <p>9. All pipes and fittings being a part of any connections to private property from the Water Works shall be adequately protected against frost. Where any pipes or fittings are laid in the ground they shall be not less than one foot and six inches below the surface</p> | <p>Pipes and fittings to be protected.</p> |

of the ground and where any pipes or fittings are exposed they shall be lagged or boxed in with packing to the satisfaction of the Water Authority.

Tapping of mains prohibited.

10. No person shall tap any main being a part of the Water Works or shall interfere in any way with any valve on any main being a part of the Water Works except on the order of the Water Authority.

Tap or pipe found leaky.

11. If any tap or any pipe being a part of any connections to private property from the Water Works shall be found to be leaky or defective the owner thereof shall be held responsible and shall cause such tap or pipe to be replaced or repaired within a reasonable period after the receipt of a written notice to such effect from the Water Authority.

Water not to be used for other purposes.

12. No person who shall have laid connections to his private property for the supply thereto of water from the Water Works for domestic purposes shall make use of the water thereby supplied for irrigation or gardening or for any purpose other than domestic.

Payment for work performed for private persons by Water Authority.

13. If the Water Authority shall perform any work on behalf of any person in respect of the installation, maintenance, replacement or repair of any connections for the supply of water from the Water Works to the private property of such person for domestic purposes the Water Authority shall receive in payment from such person for such work the actual cost thereof and in addition an amount not exceeding ten per cent of such actual cost.

Water not be taken from public fountains for other than domestic use.

14. No person shall take water from the public fountains being part of the Water Works for irrigation or gardening or for any purpose other than domestic.

Interference with fire hydrants, valves, etc., prohibited.

15. No person shall tamper or in any way interfere with any fire hydrant, cock, valve or other appliance forming part of the Water Works except on the order of the Water Authority or for some lawful and necessary purpose as on the outbreak of fire.

Water Authority may cut off supply.

16. The Water Authority may at any time and for any period cut off the supply of water from the Water Works to any connections to private property

- (1) if he is satisfied that any nuisance liable to pollute the water in the Water Works or to cause damage to the Water Works exists on any private property or in any connections thereto until such time as the nuisance shall have been removed or remedied by the owner of such private property.
- (2) whenever any connections to private property are out of repair or are not in conformity with the provisions of these regulations and are liable to cause waste of the water from the Water Works or to pollute the water in the Water Works and the necessary repairs or alterations thereto have not been effected within a reasonable period after the receipt by the owner of such private property of a written notice to such effect from the Water Authority until such time as the necessary repairs or alterations shall have been effected by the owner of such private property.
- (3) whenever the available supply is insufficient by reason of drought or any other unavoidable circumstance.
- (4) whenever it shall be necessary or expedient for the purpose of repairing, cleaning or altering the Water Works or of carrying out any work on the Water Works or on any connections therefrom.

- (5) in any case of the continued breach or violation of any of the provisions of the Stanley Water Supply Ordinance, 1927, and of any regulations made thereunder.

17. These Regulations may be cited as the "Stanley Water Supply Regulations, 1927." Short title.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 5th day of May, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 31/27.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921.

In virtue of the powers vested in him by the provisions of section 6 of the Seal Fishery (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1921, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is hereby pleased to make the following regulations :—

1. The Sealing Season or period during which seals may be taken in the Dependency of South Georgia shall be during the year nineteen hundred and twenty-seven only, from the first day of March to the fourteenth day of November, inclusive.

Amendment of section 2 of the Seal Fishery (Dependencies) Regulations, 1921.

2. The Close Season or period during which seals may not be taken in the Dependency of South Georgia shall be during the year nineteen hundred and twenty-seven only, from the fifteenth day of November to the last day of February next ensuing.

Amendment of section 3 of the Seal Fishery (Dependencies) Regulations, 1921.

3. These Regulations may be cited as the "Seal Fishery (Dependencies) Amendment Regulations, 1927."

Short Title.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 25th of October, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWS,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Stanley Water Supply Ordinance, 1927.

In virtue of the powers vested in him by section 6 of the Stanley Water Supply Ordinance, 1927, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, to make the following regulations :—

1. Section 4 of the Stanley Water Supply Regulations, 1927, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following section :—

Repeal and replacement of section 4 of the Stanley Water Supply Regulations, 1927.

The annual rate to be paid by the owner of any private property in respect of connections for the supply of water from the Water Works to such private property for domestic purposes shall be one shilling for every twenty shillings of the annual value of such private property as assessed in accordance with the provisions of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1905, as amended by the Stanley Rating (Amendment) Ordinance, 1927, and shall be additional to any rate paid under that Ordinance.

2. These regulations may be cited as the "Stanley Water Supply (Amendment) Regulations, 1927."

Short Title.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 25th day of October, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

REGULATIONS.

The Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925.

A. E. BEATTIE,

Acting Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925, and otherwise His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to make the following regulations.

- Short Title. 1. These regulations may be cited as the "Wireless Telegraphy Regulations, 1926."
- Repeal. 2. All regulations made in pursuance of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1912, are hereby repealed.
- Colonial Secretary may depute persons. 3. In these regulations the term "Colonial Secretary" shall include any person duly authorised by the Colonial Secretary to act in his behalf for the purpose of these regulations.
- Wireless telegraphy includes wireless telephony. 4. In these regulations where the context so admits or requires the term "Wireless Telegraphy" shall include Wireless Telephony.
- Apparatus on merchant ships not to interfere with naval signalling or other established station. 5. All apparatus for Wireless Telegraphy on board a merchant ship in the territorial waters of the Colony shall be worked in such a way as not to interfere with (a) naval signalling; or (b) the working of any wireless telegraphy station lawfully established, installed, or worked in the Colony or the territorial waters thereof, and in particular the said apparatus shall be so worked as not to interrupt or interfere with the transmission of any messages between wireless telegraphy stations established on land and wireless telegraphy stations established on ships at sea.
- Apparatus on merchant ships not to be worked in harbours of Colony without permission. 6. No apparatus for wireless telegraphy on board a merchant ship shall be worked or used whilst such ship is in any of the harbours of the Colony without a permit in writing from the Colonial Secretary.
- Governor may make further regulations in emergency. 7. If at any time in the opinion of the Governor an emergency has arisen in which it is expedient for the public service that His Majesty's Government should have control over the transmission of messages by wireless telegraphy, the use of wireless telegraphy on board merchant ships whilst in the territorial waters of the Colony shall be subject to such further rules as may be made by the Governor from time to time, and such rules may prohibit or regulate such use in all cases or in such cases as may be deemed desirable.
- Regulations not to apply in case of signals of distress. 8. These regulations shall not apply to the use of wireless telegraphy for the purpose of making or answering signals of distress.
- Cancellation of Licence or Permit granted under Regulations. 9. Any Licence or Permit granted under these regulations shall be liable to modification, suspension or cancellation at any time by notice in writing from the Colonial Secretary.
- Foreign warships in harbour of Colony to conform with special regulations. 10. Foreign men-of-war and service aircraft accompanying them lying in any harbour in the Colony shall conform with the following regulations :—
- (i) Transmission on 600 metres is forbidden except for the purpose of making or answering signals of distress.

- (ii) Interference with naval, army or air force signalling or with any fixed shore station must be avoided.
- (iii) Transmission must be discontinued on request from (a) any naval authority; (b) the port authority; or (c) any fixed shore station.
- (iv) Protracted signalling, using apparatus transmitting other than from continuous waves must be avoided.
- (v) If there is a British or Dominion fleet or warship lying in the harbour the Senior Naval Officer should be consulted.

Application for Licence etc. to be addressed to Colonial Secretary.

11. Any person desirous of obtaining a Licence or Permit under the Wireless Telegraph Ordinance, 1925, or these regulations, shall apply in writing to the Colonial Secretary, stating full particulars :

- (i) of the nature and purpose of the Licence sought ;
- (ii) of the place or ship in respect of which a Licence is desired; and
- (iii) of the apparatus which it is proposed to instal or work.

Form of Licence or Permit.

12. A Licence or Permit granted under these regulations shall be :

- (i) for a land station in the form of Schedule 1 hereto;
- (ii) for a ship station in the form of Schedule 2 hereto;
- (iii) for a broadcast receiving station in the form of Schedule 3 hereto; and
- (iv) under Section 6 of these regulations in the form of Schedule 4 hereto.

Conditions. Validity. and Fees payable.

13. A Licence or Permit granted under these regulations shall be subject in all respects to the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925, and of the Regulations made thereunder, and to the conditions specified in the Licence or Permit, which shall be valid for a period of one year, unless otherwise stated, on payment of a fee of :—

- (i) One Pound for a land station;
- (ii) One Pound for a ship station;
- (iii) Five Shillings for an experimental station;
- (iv) Ten Shillings for a broadcast receiving station; and
- (v) Ten Shillings under Section 6 of these regulations.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of December, 1926

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FORM W.T. 1.

No.....

SCHEDULE 1.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY ORDINANCE, 1925.

LICENCE to establish a Wireless Telegraphy Station in the Colony.

..... of

is hereby granted a Licence, subject in all respects to the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925, and of the Regulations made thereunder, and to the conditions herein specified, to establish, maintain and work a Wireless Telegraphy station at

for the purpose of

In this Licence where the context so admits or requires the term "wireless telegraphy" includes wireless telephony.

This Licence is valid for the period one year ending on the of, 19 .., and is liable to modification, suspension, or cancellation at any time by notice in writing from the Colonial Secretary.

The Licensee shall pay to the Colonial Treasurer the sum of One Pound on the grant of this Licence.

Given at Stanley the of 19

Colonial Secretary.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1. The apparatus to be used shall be as specified in the Schedule hereto and shall not be altered without the permission in writing the Colonial Secretary.
2. The station shall not be worked for any purpose other than that specified herein.
3. The station shall be worked in such a way as not to interfere with naval signalling or with the working of any other station lawfully established in the Colony or in the territorial waters thereof.
4. The station shall be open at all reasonable times to inspection by the Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephones or by any person duly authorised by him.
5. The Licensee shall not divulge or allow to be divulged to any person other than a duly authorised officer of the Government of the Colony, or to a competent legal tribunal, or make any use whatsoever of any messages received by means of the station other than in pursuance of the purpose for which the Licence is granted.
6. The Licensee shall give all possible assistance to the Government of the Colony when required in any matter of public business.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

Schedule to Form W.T. 1.

Description of Land Station and apparatus in respect of which Licence is granted.

Name of Station.	Character of Apparatus.		
	Maximum range of signalling.	Power (Current and Voltage).	Source of Power.

SCHEDULE 2.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY ORDINANCE, 1925.

LICENCE to establish apparatus for Wireless Telegraphy on board a Merchant Ship registered in the Colony.

of _____ is hereby granted

a Licence, subject in all respects to the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925, and of the Regulations made thereunder, and to the conditions specified herein, to

- (i) Establish, instal and work for the purpose hereinafter mentioned at the ship station or stations specified in the Schedule hereto apparatus for Wireless Telegraphy of the kind specified in the Schedule hereto (which apparatus is hereinafter referred to as the licensed apparatus).

Provided that—

(a) Each ship station shall comply in all respects with the provisions of any Rules from time to time made by the Board of Trade under the Merchant Shipping (Wireless Telegraphy) Act, 1919.

(b) The apparatus installed at each ship station shall be of the character specified in the Schedule opposite to the name of each station.

(c) The sending apparatus used at each ship station shall be of such a character that the waves emitted are as pure and as little damped as possible and the receiving apparatus used at the said station or stations shall be of such a character as to afford the greatest possible protection from disturbance during the reception of signals.

(d) The licensed apparatus shall be so constructed as to be capable of using wave-lengths of 600 and 300 metres in length. The licensed apparatus may be so constructed as to use any of the wave-lengths specified in columns 5 and 6 of the Schedule hereto or any wave-lengths prescribed by any administration for communication with Direction Finding Stations and such other wave-lengths as may be authorised in writing by the Colonial Secretary. Provided always that the wave-length of 600 metres shall normally be used for communication and further that the wave-length of 1800 metres may be used for transmission in an exceptional case contemplated by Article XXXV (2) (a) of the Service Regulations annexed to the Radio-telegraph Convention 1912.

- (ii) Send and receive messages by means of the licensed apparatus between the said ship stations and also between the said ship stations and coast and other ship stations. Provided that the Licensee shall not, except with the permission in writing of the Colonial Secretary, at any time send spoken messages from the said ship stations or send or receive messages from and at the said ship stations when in any of the harbours of the Colony.

This Licence is valid during the period of one year terminating on the

_____ day of _____ 19_____ and thereafter unless and

until this Licence shall be determined by notice in writing from the Colonial Secretary to the Licensee.

In this Licence the term Apparatus for Wireless Telegraphy includes apparatus for Wireless Telephony where the context so admits or requires.

The fee payable to the Colonial Treasurer on the grant of this Licence is One Pound.

Given at Stanley this _____ day of _____, 19 _____

Colonial Secretary.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

I. The licensed apparatus shall not be used by the Licensee or by any other person either on behalf or by permission of the Licensee for the despatch or receipt of messages except messages authorised by this licence.

II. (1) The licensed apparatus shall not without the permission in writing of the Colonial Secretary be altered in respect to any of the particulars mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

(2) The Licensee shall at all times indemnify the Government against all actions, claims or demands which may be brought or made by any corporation, company or person in respect of any injury arising from any act, licensed or permitted by these presents.

III. (1) The Licensee shall not (either by himself or by any person acting on his behalf or by his permission) by the transmission of any message by means of the licensed apparatus or otherwise by the use of the licensed apparatus interfere with naval signalling.

(2) Whenever the operators at any of the said ship stations of the Licensee perceive through the medium of the instruments used by them that Naval signalling is proceeding, they shall refrain from using the licensed apparatus until all indication that naval signalling is proceeding shall have ceased.

(3) The Licensee and any person acting on his behalf or by his permission shall if so required in writing by the Colonial Secretary, cease to use the licensed apparatus for such period (not exceeding _____ hours in any one day) as may be specified by the Admiralty.

(4) If the Governor is of opinion that the working of the licensed apparatus at any station specified in the Schedule hereto is inconsistent with the free use of naval signalling the Licensee shall when required in writing by the Colonial Secretary close the said station.

(5) These provisions for the protection of naval signalling shall be construed to be without prejudice to the generality of any other provisions of this Licence.

IV. For the purpose of this Licence the Licensee shall observe the International Telegraph Convention and the International Telegraph Regulations so far as the said Convention and Regulations are capable of being applied to Wireless Telegraphy in common with ordinary land and submarine telegraphy.

V. The Licensee shall observe the provisions of the Radiotelegraphic Convention, 1912.

VI. The Licensee shall so far as possible receive from ships and light stations all requests for assistance and all signals of distress and shall answer such requests and signals and send them with the least possible delay to the proper authorities by means of the licensed apparatus or any other means in the power of the Licensee.

VII. The Licensee shall not divulge to any person (other than properly authorised officials of the Government or a competent legal tribunal) or make any use whatever of any messages coming to the knowledge of the Licensee and not intended for receipt by means of the licensed apparatus.

VIII. The Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephones or any person authorised by him in writing may from time to time and at all reasonable times, enter upon any of the stations in the possession or occupation of the Licensee, either solely or jointly with any other person or persons, for the purpose of inspecting and may inspect any apparatus fixed or being in such stations respectively for the purpose of sending or receiving messages by Wireless Telegraphy, and all other telegraphic instruments and apparatus fixed or being in such stations respectively, and the working and use of such apparatus and telegraphic instruments respectively, and the Licensee shall afford all requisite and proper facilities for such inspection and shall secure to the Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephones or any person authorised by him in writing the right for the purpose aforesaid of entry from time to time and on such of the stations as may be in the possession or occupation of any person or persons other than the Licensee.

IX. The Colonial Secretary may at any time in his absolute discretion give notice in writing to determine these presents and the Licence or permission hereby given at the end of one calendar month from the date of such notice, and at the expiration of that period the Licence or permission hereby granted shall cease and determine accordingly but without prejudice or remedy of the Colonial Secretary under covenant or provision herein contained on the part of the Licensee to be observed and performed.

X. In case of any breach, non-observance, or non-performance by or on the part of the Licensee of any of the covenants or conditions herein contained and on the part of the Licensee to be observed and performed, the Colonial Secretary may in writing revoke and determine these presents and the said licensed powers and authorities hereinbefore granted and each and every of them, and thereupon these presents and the said licences, powers and authorities and each and every of them shall absolutely cease determine and become void. Provided always that no such revocation or determination as aforesaid shall prejudice or affect any right of action or remedy which shall have accrued or shall thereafter accrue to either of the parties hereto under the covenants herein contained.

XI. Nothing in these presents shall prejudice or affect the right of the Governor from time to time to establish, extend, maintain and work any system or systems of telegraphic communication (whether of a like nature to that hereby licensed or otherwise) in such manner as he shall in his discretion think fit, neither shall anything herein contained prejudice or affect the right of the Governor from time to time to enter into agreement for or to grant licences relative to the working and use of telegraphs (whether of a like nature to those hereby, licensed or otherwise) or the transmission of messages in any part of the Colony by means of Wireless telegraphy or by any other means with or to any person or persons whomsoever upon such terms as he shall in his discretion think fit.

XII. Subject to the provisions of this Licence the licensee shall transmit messages by means of the licensed apparatus on equal terms without favour or preference whether as regards rates of charges order of transmission or otherwise. Provided always that signals of distress and messages in connection therewith shall receive priority over all other messages and that the order of transmission of such other messages shall be governed by the International Telegraph Regulations.

XIII. The Licensee shall charge rates not in excess of half of the rates charged to the ordinary public in respect of messages transmitted on behalf of His Majesty's Government or the Government of any British Possession or Protectorate.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1. The Licensee shall not use or allow the station to be used for any purpose other than the reception of broadcast wireless messages.

2. Any receiving set and any of the following parts, viz :- Amplifiers (valve or other) telephone head receivers, loud speakers, and valves, used under this Licence must be approved by the Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephones.

3. The station shall not be used in such a way as to cause interference with the working of other stations. In particular, valves must not be connected in such a manner as to be capable of causing the aerial to oscillate.

4. The combined height and length of the external aerial (where one is employed) shall not exceed 100 feet. An aerial which crosses above or is liable to fall upon or be blown on to any overhead power wire or telephone wire must be guarded to the reasonable satisfaction of the owner of the wire concerned.

5. The Licensee shall not divulge or allow to be divulged to any person other than a duly authorised officer of the Government or to a competent legal tribunal or make any use whatsoever of any message received by means of the station other than time signals, musical performances and messages transmitted for general reception.

6. The station shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephones or by an officer duly authorised by him in that behalf.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

FORM W.T. 4.

SCHEDULE 4.

No.....

THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY ORDINANCE, 1925.

PERMIT to Work and Use Apparatus for Wireless Telegraphy on board a Merchant ship in the Harbours of the Colony granted under Section 6 of the Wireless Telegraphy Regulations, 1926.

Permission is hereby granted for the working and using of apparatus for wireless telegraphy on board the ships of

specified in the Schedule hereto whilst such ships are in any of the harbours of the Colony subject nevertheless to the following conditions, namely :—

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1. This permit is subject in all respects to the provisions of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925 and of the Regulations made thereunder.

2. The term apparatus for wireless telegraphy in this permit includes apparatus for wireless telephony.

3. All such vessels shall obey promptly the "naval silence sign" (- . . . - . . . -) and thereupon shall not work their wireless telegraphy apparatus until after the "Message Complete sign" (. . . - . . .) shall have been made.

4. The Grantee shall give all possible assistance to the Government of the Colony when required in any matter of public business.

5. This permit is liable to modification, suspension or cancellation at any time by notice in writing from the Colonial Secretary.

6. This permit is valid for the period of one year ending on the of 19, on the payment of the sum of TEN SHILLINGS to the Colonial Treasurer.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

Given at Stanley, the of, 19

Colonial Secretary.



ORDINANCES
of the
COLONY
of the
FALKLAND ISLANDS,
enacted during the year
1928
together with the
Rules, Regulations etc., etc.,
made during that year.

PART I.

ORDINANCES.

Printed at the Government Printing Office, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

PRICE 2/-. To be purchased from the Colonial Secretary, Stanley, and from the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4 Millbank, London, S.W. 1.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1928.	The Appropriation (1928) Ordinance, 1927.
.. .. 2	The Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Ordinance, 1927.
.. .. 3	The Stanley Fire Brigade (Amendment) Ordinance, 1928.
.. .. 4	The Baseley Pension Addition Ordinance, 1928.
.. .. 5	The Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1928.
.. .. 6	The Alien (Amendment) Ordinance, 1928.
.. .. 7	The Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928.
.. .. 8	The Supplementary Appropriation (1927) Ordinance, 1928.
.. .. 9	The Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1928.
.. .. 10	The Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1928.
.. .. 11	The United Kingdom Designs (Protection) Ordinance, 1928.
.. .. 12	The Registration of United Kingdom Trade Marks Ordinance, 1928.
.. .. 13	The Appropriation (1929) Ordinance, 1928.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

19th January, 1928.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Service of the Year, 1928. Title.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the "Appropriation (1928) Ordinance, 1927." Short Title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending on the 31st of December, 1928, a sum not exceeding One hundred and forty-three thousand, two hundred and ninety-four pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1928. Appropriation £143,294 for service of year 1928.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 16th day of November, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 19th day of January, 1928.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	1450	0	0
II.	The Governor	2411	0	0
III.	Colonial Secretary	3022	0	0
IV.	Treasury and Customs	2023	0	0
V.	Post Office	3246	0	0
VI.	Telegraphs and Telephones	2779	0	0
VII.	Port and Marine	1599	0	0
VIII.	Legal	161	0	0
IX.	Police and Prisons	1140	0	0
X.	Medical	4304	0	0
XI.	Education	3054	0	0
XII.	Ecclesiastical	324	0	0
XIII.	Scientific Department	90	0	0
XIV.	Military	1241	0	0
XV.	Stock Department	1057	0	0
XVI.	Miscellaneous	3970	0	0
XVII.	Public Works Department	3582	0	0
XVIII.	Public Works Recurrent	5035	0	0
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	£ 40488	0	0
XIX.	Public Works Extraordinary	7850	0	0
APPENDIX I.	Expenditure to be met from Surplus Balances	9010	0	0
APPENDIX II.	Expenditure to be met from Land Sales Fund	4661	0	0
		£ 62009	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	79335	0	0
II.	Public Works Extraordinary	1950	0	0
	Total ...	£ 143294	0	0



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1928.

I ASSENT,
 ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.
 10th April, 1928.

**An Ordinance
 To amend the Merchant Shipping Ordinance, 1909.**

WHEREAS by Ordinance No. 9 of 1909 (An Ordinance to extend to the Colony certain provisions of the Merchant Shipping Acts of the Imperial Parliament) Part II of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, as amended by the Merchant Shipping Act, 1906, was applied to the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to define the expression "Home-trade ship" so far as the same shall be applicable to British ships registered in the Colony.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. The expression "Home-trade ship" shall mean and include every ship registered in the Colony employed in trading or going within the following limits; that is to say, the Falkland Islands, the Dependencies of the Falkland Islands, and the continent of South America between the Rio Santa Cruz, Argentine, and the Western limits of the Straits of Magellan.

2. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Ordinance, 1927."

Passed by the Legislative Council this 16th day of November, 1927.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 10th day of April, 1928.

G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

26th May, 1928.

An Ordinance

To amend the Stanley Fire Brigade Ordinance, 1898.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :—

1. The Governor in Council may from time to time make regulations to ensure that adequate measures are taken for the prevention of and for the control of any outbreak of fire in any building or place commonly open to or used by the public for the purpose of work, business, education, recreation or amusement and when made may revoke such regulations.

Governor in Council
may make Regula-
tions.

2. Any person who shall commit any breach of any regulations made under the preceding section shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment with hard labour for a term not exceeding six months or to both such penalties.

Penalties.

3. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Stanley Fire Brigade (Amendment) Ordinance, 1928", and shall be read and construed as one with the Stanley Fire Brigade Ordinance, 1898.

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 22nd day of May, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of May, 1928.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

26th May, 1928.

An Ordinance

To Provide for an Addition to the Pension granted on retirement to Reginald Bruce Baseley.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

1. There shall be charged on and paid out of the revenues of the Colony to Reginald Bruce Baseley on retirement in respect of his services as Colonial Engineer in addition to the annual sum granted to him by way of pension under the provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and of the Regulations made thereunder an annual sum equivalent to five-sixtieths of the amount on which the aforesaid pension has been computed.

Addition of five-sixtieths to be made to pension as computed under Ordinance 8 of 1927.

2. The sum so payable shall be paid for such time and in such manner as the aforesaid pension with which it shall be deemed to make one total amount.

Addition how payable.

3. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Baseley Pension Addition Ordinance, 1928."

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 22nd day of May, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of May, 1928.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

26th May, 1928.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923, 1924, and 1927.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. The Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1927, is hereby repealed.

Repeal of Ordinance No. 6 of 1927.

2. Section 3 of the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1924, relating to the scale on which a refund of part of the duties of Customs levied, collected and paid, or due to be paid, in respect of whale oil and seal oil, shall be made, shall stand in every way as though it had not been repealed by section 1 of the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1927.

Refund of part of duty if price of oil does not exceed £50 per ton.

3. A refund of 2s. 6d. per barrel of the duties of Customs levied, collected and paid, or due to be paid, in respect of whale oil and seal oil shall be made on all whale oil and seal oil exported during the 1926–1927 and 1927–1928 seasons.

Special refund of part of duty in respect of 1926–1927 and 1927–1928 seasons.

4. This Ordinance may be cited as the “Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1928, and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923, and 1924.

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 22nd day of May, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of May, 1928.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

26th May, 1928.

An Ordinance

To Amend the Alien Ordinance, 1900.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Alien (Amendment) Ordinance, 1928," and shall be read and construed as one with the Alien Ordinance, 1900.

Short Title.

2. (1) Where the Governor in Council is satisfied that a certificate of naturalisation granted by him has been obtained by false representation or fraud, or by concealment of material circumstances, or that the person to whom the certificate is granted has shown himself by act or speech to be disaffected or disloyal to His Majesty the King, the Governor shall by order revoke the certificate.

Revocation of Certificate of Naturalisation.

(2) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions the Governor in Council shall by order revoke a certificate of naturalisation granted by him in any case in which he is satisfied that the person to whom the certificate was granted either—

(a) has during any war in which His Majesty is engaged unlawfully traded or communicated with the enemy or with the subject of an enemy state, or been engaged in or associated with any business which is to his knowledge carried on in such manner as to assist the enemy in such war; or

(b) has within five years of the date of the grant of the certificate been sentenced by any court in His Majesty's Dominions to imprisonment for a term of not less than twelve months, or to a term of penal servitude, or to a fine of not less than one hundred pounds; or

(c) was not of good character at the date of the grant of the certificate; or

(d) has since the date of the grant of the certificate been for a period of not less than seven years ordinarily resident out of His Majesty's Dominions otherwise than as a representative of a British subject, firm, or company carrying

on business, or an institution established, in His Majesty's Dominions, or in the service of the Crown and has not maintained substantial connection with His Majesty's Dominions; or

(e) remains according to the law of a state at war with His Majesty a subject of that state; and that (in any case) the continuance of the certificate is not conducive to the public good.

(3) The Governor in Council may, if he thinks fit, before making an order under this section refer the case for such inquiry as is hereinafter specified, and in any case to which subsection (1) or paragraph (a), (c), or (e) of subsection (2) of this section applies, the Governor in Council shall, by notice given to or sent to the last-known address of the holder of the certificate, cause an opportunity to be given him of claiming that the case be referred for such inquiry, and if the holder so claims in accordance with the notice the Governor in Council shall refer the case for inquiry accordingly.

(4) An inquiry under this section shall be held by a committee constituted for the purpose by the Governor in Council and shall be conducted in such manner as the Secretary of State may direct :

Provided that any such inquiry may if the Governor in Council thinks fit, instead of being held as aforesaid be held by the Supreme Court, and the practice and procedure on any inquiry so held shall be regulated by rules of court.

A committee appointed under this section shall have all such powers, rights, and privileges as are vested in the Supreme Court or in any judge thereof on the occasion of any action, in respect of the following matters :—

- (a) the enforcing the attendance of witnesses and examining them on oath, affirmation, or otherwise, and the issue of a commission or a request to examine witnesses abroad ; and
- (b) the compelling the production of documents ; and
- (c) the punishing persons guilty of contempt ;

and a summons signed by one or more members of the committee may be substituted for and shall be equivalent to any formal process capable of being issued in any action for enforcing the attendance of witnesses and compelling the production of documents.

(5) Where a person to whom a certificate of naturalisation has been granted in this Colony is resident in the United Kingdom, the certificate may be revoked in accordance with this section by a Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Governor in Council.

(6) Where the Governor in Council revokes a certificate of Naturalisation, the revocation shall have effect from such date as the Governor in Council may direct, and thereupon the certificate shall be given up and cancelled, and any person refusing or neglecting to give up his certificate shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds.

3. (1) Where a certificate of naturalisation is revoked the Governor in Council may by order direct that the wife and minor children (or any of them) of the person whose certificate is revoked shall cease to be British subjects, and any such person shall thereupon become an alien ; but except where the Governor in Council directs as aforesaid, the nationality of the wife and minor children of the person whose certificate is revoked shall not be affected by the revocation and they shall remain British subjects :

Provided that—

- (a) it shall be lawful for the wife of any such person within six months after the date of the order of revocation to make a declaration of alienage, and thereupon she and any minor children of her husband and herself shall cease to be British subjects and shall become aliens ; and

(b) The Governor in Council shall not make any such order as aforesaid in the case of a wife who was at birth a British subject, unless he is satisfied that if she had held a certificate of naturalisation in her own right the certificate could properly have been revoked under this Ordinance, and the provisions of this Ordinance as to referring cases for inquiry shall apply to the making of any such order as they apply to the revocation of a certificate.

(2) The provisions of this section shall, as respects persons affected thereby, have effect in substitution for any other provisions of this Ordinance as to the effect upon the wife and children of any person where the person ceases to be a British subject and such other provisions shall accordingly not apply in any such case.

(3) Where a certificate of naturalisation is revoked the former holder thereof shall be regarded as an alien and as a subject of the state to which he belonged at the time the certificate was granted.

4. A British subject who, when in any foreign state and not under disability, by obtaining a certificate of naturalisation or by any other voluntary and formal act, becomes naturalised therein, shall thenceforth be deemed to have ceased to be a British subject.

Loss of British nationality by foreign naturalisation.

5. (1) The Governor, with the previous approval of the Secretary of State, may if he deems it to be conducive to the public good make an order (hereinafter referred to as a deportation order) requiring an alien to leave and remain out of the Colony.

Deportation Order.

(2) An order made under this section may be made subject to any condition which the Governor may think proper.

(3) An alien with respect to whom a deportation order is made shall leave the Colony in accordance with the order and shall thereafter so long as the order is in force remain out of the Colony.

(4) An alien with respect to whom a deportation order is made may be detained in such manner as may be directed by the Governor and may be placed on a ship about to leave the Colony and shall be deemed to be in legal custody whilst so detained and until the ship finally leaves the Colony.

(5) The master of a ship about to call at any port outside the Colony shall, if so required by the Governor, receive any alien with respect to whom a deportation order has been made and his dependents, if any, on board the ship and afford him and them a passage to that port and proper accommodation and maintenance during the passage.

6. (1) If any person acts in contravention of or fails to comply with the provisions of this Ordinance or of the Aliens Ordinance, 1900, or of any order made thereunder he shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance or against the Aliens Ordinance, 1900.

Offences and Penalties.

(2) If any person aids or abets any person in any contravention of this Ordinance or of the Aliens Ordinance, 1900, or knowingly harbours any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to have acted in contravention of this Ordinance or of the Aliens Ordinance, 1900, he shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance or against the Aliens Ordinance, 1900.

(3) Where a person lands in the Colony in contravention of this Ordinance the master of the ship or the pilot or commander of the aircraft from which he lands shall unless he proves to the contrary be deemed to have aided and abetted the offence.

Effect of revocation of certificate of naturalisation.

(4) A person who is guilty of an offence against this Ordinance or against the Aliens Ordinance, 1900, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding six months, or on a second or subsequent conviction, twelve months, or in either case to both such fine and imprisonment.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 22nd day of May, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of May, 1928.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

26th May, 1928.

An Ordinance

To amend the law relating to the Levying of Rates on house property in the town of Stanley.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:-

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928."

Short Title.

2. The Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1905, and the Stanley Rating (Amendment) Ordinance, 1927, are hereby repealed.

Repeal of Ordinances No. 4 of 1905, and No. 3 of 1927.

3. In this Ordinance

Definitions.

"BOARD OF ASSESSORS" means five persons resident in the Colony of whom two shall in the normal course be the Colonial Treasurer and the Colonial Engineer to be appointed annually for the purposes of this Ordinance by the Governor in Council.

"HOUSE" means and includes every erection or structure of whatever nature capable of being utilised for habitation, shelter, trade, work, storage, or for housing horses, cattle, stock, poultry, or any live bird or animal.

4. For all house property in the town of Stanley there shall be charged yearly in respect thereof for every twenty shillings of its annual value the sum of one shilling or such further sum not exceeding in the aggregate five shillings as may be sanctioned annually by the Legislative Council.

Rates to be levied.

Rates how and by whom to be paid.

5. All rates shall be paid to the Colonial Treasurer before the 1st day of July in each year and should any rates be unpaid on the 1st day of July in any year the same shall be recoverable by civil process in the Magistrate's Court. The owners of house property shall be responsible for the due payment of the rates.

Rateable value how to be assessed.

6. The value of house property for the purposes of this Ordinance shall be assessed annually by the Board of Assessors. Such assessment shall be completed and shall be made public in manner sufficient for the information of the owners of house property on or before the 15th day of January in each year and the owners of house property shall have the right to make an appeal to the Board of Assessors in respect of the whole or the part of the assessment not later than the 31st day of January in each year.

Assessment to be approved by the Governor in Council.

7. The Board of Assessors after due consideration of any appeals which may be made in pursuance of the preceding section shall cause the assessment to be submitted for approval to the Governor in Council not earlier than the 1st day of February and not later than the 15th day of February in each year and the Board of Assessors shall simultaneously with the submission of the assessment to the Governor in Council make public in manner aforesaid any alterations which may have been made in the assessment as first made public.

Order of the Governor in Council to be final.

8. The assessment shall be brought before the Governor in Council not earlier than the last day of February in each year and any owner of house property may make an appeal in writing to the Governor in Council in respect of the whole or the part of the assessment before that day. The Governor in Council is empowered to approve, disallow, or alter the assessment in the whole or in the part and any order whatever of the Governor in Council in respect of the whole or the part of the assessment shall be final.

Exemptions.

9. No rate whatever shall be levied upon any of the following descriptions of house property :

House property belonging to the Government;

Any church or place of public worship; and

Any hospital, asylum or building used exclusively for charitable purposes or any public school, museum or mechanics' institute.

And the Governor in Council is empowered to make provision from time to time for the exemption from the payment of any rate whatever of any other description of house property which the Governor in Council may think proper so to be exempted.

Assessment made under Ordinance No. 4 of 1905 as amended by Ordinance No. 3. of 1927 in respect of the year 1928 to be null and void.

10. The assessment made on the 4th day of January, 1928, under the provisions of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1905 as amended by the Stanley Rating (Amendment) Ordinance, 1927 shall be null and void and no rate whatever shall be levied on any house property in virtue of such assessment.

New assessment to be made in respect of the year 1928.

11. The Board of Assessors shall make a new assessment of the value of house property in respect of the year 1928. The procedure to be observed in the making of such assessment and in the payment of the rates due in virtue thereof shall be that prescribed in the preceding sections of this Ordinance except that in place of the dates the 15th day of January, the 31st day of January, the 1st day of February, the 15th day of February, the last day of February, and the 1st day of July in each year there shall be read respectively the 15th day of July, the 31st day of July, the 1st day of August, the 15th day of August, the 31st day of August, and the 31st day of October, 1928.

12. The Governor in Council may make regulations from time to time for the better prescription of the procedure to be followed in carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance and generally for giving effect to the provisions of this Ordinance. Governor in Council may make regulations.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 22nd day of May, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of May, 1928.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 8 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

26th May, 1928.

An Ordinance

To legalize certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-seven in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 3 of 1926.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1927. Preamble.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Supplementary Appropriation (1927) Ordinance, 1928." Short Title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the Service therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those Services by the Ordinance providing for the Service of the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-seven, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the Service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those Services in the said Ordinance. Appropriation of excess of Expenditure for the year 1927.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 22nd day of May, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of May, 1928.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
II.	The Governor	91	5	9
III.	Colonial Secretary	4	9	3
IV.	Treasury and Customs	38	9	10
VIII.	Legal	255	2	1
X.	Medical	93	3	5
XII.	Ecclesiastical	132	10	0
XIV.	Military	121	6	3
XVI.	Miscellaneous	1172	0	10
XVII.	Public Works Recurrent	840	16	3
		2749	3	8
APPENDIX I.	Expenditure to be met from Surplus Balances	1299	19	11
APPENDIX II.	Expenditure to be met from Land Sales Fund	3494	7	9
		7543	11	4
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	38817	5	10
II.	Extraordinary Expenditure	128	15	0
	Total	46489	12	2

FALKLAND ISLANDS :

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 9 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

13th November, 1928.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900,
as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties)
Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the
Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof, as follows :—

1. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained
in the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export
Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924, the duty of Cus-
toms to be raised, levied, collected, and paid upon whale oil which
shall have been raised in the Colony or in the Dependencies thereof
and shall be shipped for places beyond the limits of the Colony or of
the Dependencies thereof during the 1928-1929 whaling season
shall be fixed at the rate of 2/- for each barrel of forty gallons.

Special rate of duty
on export of whale
oil during the 1928-
1929 season.

2. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Export
Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1928", and shall be read and con-
strued as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the
Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924.

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 13th day of
November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public
Seal of the Colony this 13th day of November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS :

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 10 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

13th November, 1928.

An Ordinance

To amend the Customs Ordinance, 1903.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. The Governor may, by proclamation, from time to time prohibit except on such terms and subject to such conditions as may be therein prescribed the exportation to any country or place therein named of gold coin or bullion. | Power to prohibit exportation of gold to any country. |
| 2. Proceedings against any person who may be charged with any breach of the provisions of a proclamation made by the Governor under the preceding section of this Ordinance shall be taken and heard before a Magistrate. | Proceedings how to be taken. |
| 3. Any person who may be charged with and convicted of any breach of the provisions of a proclamation made as aforesaid shall be liable to forfeit the amount of the gold coin or bullion in respect of which proceedings have been taken and heard before a Magistrate and in addition to pay a fine not exceeding £500. | Penalty. |
| 4. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1928" and shall be read and construed as one with the Customs Ordinance, 1903. | Short Title. |

Passed by the Legislative Council this 13th day of November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 13th day of November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 11 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

13th November, 1928.

An Ordinance

To provide for the protection in the Colony of Designs registered in the United Kingdom.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the United Kingdom Designs (Protection) Ordinance, 1928.

Short Title.

2. Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance the registered proprietor of any design registered in the United Kingdom under the Patents and Designs Acts 1907 and 1919 or any Act amending or substituted for those Acts shall enjoy in the Colony the like privileges and rights as though the Certificate of Registration in the United Kingdom had been issued with an extension to the Colony.

Extension to Colony of Registration in United Kingdom.

3. The registered proprietor of a design shall not be entitled to recover any damages in respect of any infringement of copyright in a design from any defendant who proves that at the date of the infringement he was not aware nor had any reasonable means of making himself aware of the existence of the registration of the design :

Damages not recoverable from innocent infringer.

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect any proceedings for an injunction.

4. The Supreme Court shall have power upon the application of any person who alleges that his interests have been prejudicially affected to declare that exclusive privileges and rights in a design have not been acquired in the Colony under the provisions of this Ordinance upon any of the grounds upon which the United Kingdom registration might be cancelled under the law for the time being in force in the United Kingdom.

Supreme Court may declare registration not to be valid in Colony.

Date of Operation.

5. This Ordinance shall come into operation on a date to be declared by notification in the Gazette.

Application to Dependencies.

6. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Repeal of Ordinance No. 2 of 1926.

7. The Registration of United Kingdom Patents, Designs and Trade Marks Ordinance, 1926, is hereby repealed.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 13th day of November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 13th day of November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 12 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

13th November, 1928.

An Ordinance

To provide for the registration in the Colony of Trade Marks registered in the United Kingdom.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :-

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Registration of United Kingdom Trade Marks Ordinance, 1928. Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance - Definitions.

The "COURT" means the Supreme Court of the Colony.

The "REGISTRAR" means the person from time to time performing the duties of Registrar-General.

The "REGISTER" means the register kept by the Registrar-General in pursuance of section 13 of this Ordinance.

3. Any person being the registered proprietor of a trade-mark registered in the United Kingdom under the Trade Marks Acts 1905 to 1919 or any Act amending or substituted for those Acts, or any person deriving his right from such registered proprietor by assignment, transmission, or other operation of law, may apply at any time during the existence of the registration in the United Kingdom to have such trade-mark registered in the Colony. Registration in Colony of trade-mark registered in United Kingdom.

4. An application for registration of a trade-mark under this Ordinance shall be made to the Registrar and accompanied by a certified representation of the trade-mark and a certificate of the Comptroller-General of the United Kingdom Patent Office giving full particulars of the registration of the trade-mark in the United Kingdom. Application for registration how to be made.

Issue of certificate of registration.	5. Upon such application being lodged, together with the documents mentioned in section 4 of this Ordinance, the Registrar shall issue a Certificate of Registration.
Privileges and rights conferred by certificate of registration.	6. Such certificate of Registration shall confer on the applicant privileges and rights subject to all conditions established by the law of the Colony as though the Certificate of Registration in the United Kingdom had been issued with an extension to the Colony.
Privileges and rights continuance of.	7. Privileges and rights so granted shall date from the date of registration in the United Kingdom and shall continue in force only so long as the registration in the United Kingdom remains in force: Provided that no action for infringement of the trade-mark shall be entertained prior to the date of issue of the Certificate of Registration in the Colony.
Rights of action against person passing off goods as those of another person not affected. Court may declare privileges and rights not to have been acquired.	8. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to affect rights of action against any person for passing off goods as those of another person or the remedies in respect thereof. 9. The Court shall have power upon the application of any person who alleges that his interests have been prejudicially affected by the issue of a Certificate of Registration to declare that the exclusive privileges and rights conferred by such Certificate have not been acquired upon any of the grounds upon which the United Kingdom registration might be cancelled under the law for the time being in force in the United Kingdom.
Assignment or transmission of registered trade-mark.	10. A trade-mark when registered under this Ordinance shall be assigned and transmitted only in connexion with the goodwill of the business concerned in the goods for which it has been registered and shall be determinable with that goodwill.
Entry in register of assignment or transmission of registered trade-mark.	11. Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, where a person becomes entitled by assignment, transmission, or other operation of law to the privileges and rights conferred by a Certificate of Registration issued under this Ordinance, the Registrar shall, on application being made in the prescribed manner, and on proof of title to his satisfaction, cause the name and address of such person to be entered on the Register as proprietor of the trade-mark.
Registrar may make rules regulating procedure, and prescribing fees.	12. The Registrar may make such general rules and do such things as he may think expedient, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, for regulating procedure under this Ordinance and prescribing the fees to be paid in respect of proceedings under this Ordinance.
Register how to be kept.	13. The Registrar shall keep a Register of all applications lodged and Certificates of Registration issued under this Ordinance and of all additions or alterations thereto and such Register shall be open at any reasonable time for public inspection in the Office of the Registrar.
Notification of registration in United Kingdom to be made to the Registrar.	14. All renewals of the registration in the United Kingdom of a trade-mark registered under this Ordinance shall be notified to the Registrar, who shall, on sufficient evidence thereof and on payment of the prescribed fee, enter the same in the Register in the prescribed manner.
Cancellation, correction, or alteration of registration.	15. The Registrar may, on request in writing made by the registered proprietor and on payment of the prescribed fee, (1) cancel the registration of a trade-mark either wholly or in respect of any particular goods in connection with which the trade-mark is registered;

- (2) correct any clerical error in or in connection with any application under this Ordinance or in any matter which is entered in the Register; and
- (3) enter in the Register any change in the name or address of the person who is registered as proprietor of a trade-mark.

16. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony. Application to Dependencies.

17. This Ordinance shall come into operation on a date to be declared by notification in the Gazette. Date of Operation.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 13th day of November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 13th day of November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,
for Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 13 of 1928.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

13th November, 1928.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Service of the Year, 1929.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the "Appropriation (1929) Ordinance, 1928."

Short Title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending on the 31st of December, 1929, a sum not exceeding Eighty-one thousand, two hundred and eighteen pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1929.

Appropriation
£81,218 for service
of year 1929.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 13th day of November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 13th day of November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	1650	0	0
II.	The Governor	2756	0	0
III.	Colonial Secretary	2932	0	0
IV.	Treasury and Customs	2026	0	0
V.	Post Office	3796	0	0
VI.	Telegraphs and Telephones	3619	0	0
VII.	Harbour	1399	0	0
VIII.	Legal	161	0	0
IX.	Police and Prisons	1136	0	0
X.	Medical	4353	0	0
XI.	Education	3318	0	0
XII.	Ecclesiastical	324	0	0
XIII.	Naturalist	90	0	0
XIV.	Military	1571	0	0
XV.	Stock	1070	0	0
XVI.	Miscellaneous	5000	0	0
XVII.	Public Works	4668	0	0
XVIII.	Public Works Recurrent	7635	0	0
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	£ 47504	0	0
XIX.	Public Works Extraordinary	2550	0	0
APPENDIX I.	Expenditure to be met from Surplus Balances	6550	0	0
		£ 56604	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	24214	0	0
II.	Public Works Extraordinary	400	0	0
	Total	£ 81218	0	0

PART II.

RULES, REGULATIONS, ETC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Proclamation under the Dogs Ordinance, 1892.

Proclamation appointing the Honourable J. M. Ellis to act as Governor.

Proclamation under the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901.

Proclamation prohibiting the exportation of Gold Coin or bullion from the Colony or from the Dependencies.

Order by the Governor in Council under the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913.

The Pensions Regulations, 1928.

The Harbour (Amendment) Regulations, 1928.

Town Hall, Stanley, Fire Precaution Regulations, 1928.

Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1928.

Pensions (Amendment No. 2) Regulations, 1928.

Vacation Leave and Passage Regulations, 1928.

The Extermination of Rats and Mice Bye-laws, 1928.

The Board of Health for the East Falkland Island (Slaughter-house and Inspection of Stock) Regulations, 1928.

The Board of Health (East Falkland Island) Inspection of buildings Bye-laws, 1928.

Stanley Milk Supply Protection Bye-laws, 1928.

No. 1.

Proclamation

1928.

ARNOLD HODSON.
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in me by the Dogs Ordinance, 1892, and otherwise, I, ARNOLD HODSON, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby proclaim and notify that, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council thereof, I have made this day the Order below set out for preventing the spread of Distemper among dogs within the Colony.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Stanley this 23rd day of January, 1928.

By His Excellency's Command,
J. M. ELLIS
Colonial Secretary.

Order.

1. No dog shall be taken or caused or allowed to be taken from any place or station to any place or station within the Colony except on the authority of the Colonial Secretary under his hand or of the Chief Inspector of Stock under his hand acting for and on behalf of the Colonial Secretary.

2. Unless and until a case of distemper is notified as having occurred on the main West Falkland Island the provisions of the preceding section shall not apply to the main West Falkland Island, but immediately upon such notification the provisions of the preceding section shall so apply.

3. Every owner of a dog in the town of Stanley shall keep his or her dog securely tied or shut up at his or her place of residence or other suitable place and shall on no account allow his or her dog to be in a public place or at large within or around the limits of the town of Stanley whether or not the dog is on a lead or otherwise under control and whether or not the dog is infected with distemper except on the authority of the Colonial Secretary as aforesaid or of the Chief Inspector of Stock acting for and on behalf of the Colonial Secretary as aforesaid.

4. No dog shall be taken or caused or allowed to be taken on board of any vessel engaged on service or in trade between the several ports of the Colony except on the authority of the Colonial Secretary as aforesaid or of the Chief Inspector of Stock acting for and on behalf of the Colonial Secretary as aforesaid.

5. Any dog which is taken from any place or station to any place or station within the Colony or is allowed to be in a public place or at large or is taken on board of any vessel in contravention of the provisions of the preceding sections of this Order may forthwith be destroyed whether or not such dog is infected with distemper without compensation of any kind being paid or redress of any kind being made to the owner of such dog.

6. In accordance with the provisions of Section 2 of the Dogs Ordinance, 1892, the penalty for contravening any of the provisions of the preceding sections of this Order shall be a fine not exceeding the sum of FIVE POUNDS for each offence.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS. — *By His Excellency JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS, Esquire, Acting Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies. &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by the fourteenth clause of the Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, dated the 25th February, 1892, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, it is provided that “whenever the office of Governor is vacant, or if the Governor “become incapable or be absent from the Colony, Our Lieutenant Governor of the Colony, or “if there be no such Officer therein, then such person or persons as We may appoint under “Our Sign Manual and Signet, and in default of any such appointment the Senior Member “for the time being of the Executive Council of the Colony, shall, during Our pleasure, “administer the Government of the Colony, first taking the Oaths hereinbefore directed to be “taken by the Governor and in the manner herein prescribed; which being done, We do hereby “authorize, empower, and command Our Lieutenant Governor or any other such Administrator “as aforesaid to do and execute during Our pleasure all things that belong to the office of “Governor and Commander-in-Chief, according to the tenour of these Our Letters Patent, “and according to Our Instructions as aforesaid, and the laws of the Colony”;

AND WHEREAS His Excellency ARNOLD WIENHOLT HODSON, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, has this day left the Colony for the United Kingdom on leave of absence;

AND WHEREAS there is no such officer as Lieutenant Governor in this Colony and no person has been appointed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet to administer the Government of this Colony in the absence of the Governor;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS, Colonial Secretary of the Falkland Islands, the Senior Member of the Executive Council aforesaid, do hereby proclaim and make known that, in pursuance of the said clause of the said Royal Letters Patent and having taken the oaths prescribed by law, I have this day assumed the Administration of the Government of this Colony and its Dependencies.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 9th day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-eight.

By His Excellency's Command,
G. R. L. BROWN,
for Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in me by the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901, and otherwise, I, JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS, Acting Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby proclaim and notify that, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council thereof, I have made this day the Regulations below set out for prescribing the conditions under which Dogs shall be hereafter imported into the Colony.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Stanley this 2nd day of August, 1928.

By His Excellency's Command,

W. BARLAS,

for Colonial Secretary.

Regulations.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Dogs (Importation) Regulations, 1928. Short Title.
 2. Any person intending to import a dog into the Colony from any country abroad shall give at the least three weeks' notice in writing of such intended importation to the Chief Inspector of Stock or to the Colonial Secretary stating the description, the origin, and the destination of the dog intended to be imported and the proposed mode, place, and date of arrival in the Colony. Three weeks' notice to be given of intended importation.
 3. No dog shall be permitted to be landed in the Colony from any country abroad unless such dog shall have been consigned from the port of embarkation to some person in the Colony. No dog to be landed unless consigned from port of embarkation to some person in the Colony.
 4. No dog shall be imported into the Colony from any country abroad except that such dog shall first have been kept for the period of six weeks at the least or for any longer period which the Chief Inspector of Stock may consider necessary in isolation in the Colony either at the Quarantine Station in Stanley or at any other place which the Chief Inspector of Stock may consider suitable: No dog to be imported except after quarantine for six weeks.
- Provided that where any person intending to import a dog into the Colony from any country abroad shall have omitted to give the three weeks' notice of such intended importation prescribed by section 2 of these Regulations and where permission shall have been granted nevertheless to import a dog, subject to the satisfaction of the other requirements of these Regulations, the period of isolation as aforesaid shall be at the least two months.
5. The Chief Inspector of Stock shall have power : Powers of Chief Inspector of Stock.
 - (i) to prohibit the landing of any dog which, in his opinion, would be a source or possible source of danger to other dogs or animals in the Colony :

- (ii) to order any such dog to be destroyed either before or after being landed provided that the order shall be sanctioned in every case by the Colonial Secretary prior to being carried into effect :
- (iii) to prohibit the landing of fittings, kennels, utensils, bedding, straw, materials or other articles which have been used or about any dog :
- (iv) to prohibit the landing of any article which, in his opinion, may carry canine disease and to order its destruction.

Expenses payable by importer.

6. All expenses incurred in the destruction, prohibition from landing or keeping in isolation or in attendance on or feeding of any dog or in the destruction or prohibition from landing of any fittings, kennels, bedding, straw, materials, or other articles under these Regulations, shall be payable by the importer or intending importer and the Government shall not be liable to pay to any importer or intending importer any sum by way of compensation for any loss sustained thereby.

Offences and penalties.

7. Any person who shall land or import or shall attempt to land or to import any dog contrary to the provisions of these Regulations shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds for each offence.

Amendment of the Live Stock Regulations (Consolidation) 1923.

8. The Live Stock Regulations (Consolidation) 1923 are hereby amended by the deletion from Schedule A thereto of the word "Dogs".

Repeal of the Live Stock (Amendment) Regulations, 1928.

9. The Live Stock (Amendment) Regulations, 1928, are hereby repealed.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 4

Proclamation

1928.

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

In virtue of the powers in me vested by the Customs Ordinance, 1903, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1928, and otherwise, I, JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS, Acting Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do proclaim and order and it is hereby proclaimed and ordered as follows :-

1. The exportation of gold coin or bullion from the Colony or from the Dependencies thereof to any country or destination is prohibited.

2. The provisions of the preceding section shall not apply to any amount of gold coin or bullion which may be exported by the Government of the Colony and its Dependencies nor to any amount of gold coin not exceeding in the total value £10 (Ten pounds sterling) which may be taken by any person leaving the Colony or the Dependencies thereof with him for his own use.

Made this 13th day of November, 1928.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

STANLEY, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Order of the Governor in Council.

The Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers in him vested by section 7 of Ordinance No. 1 of 1913, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to declare that the Order of His Excellency the Administrator in Council made under the aforesaid section of the aforesaid Ordinance on the 13th day of September, 1920, and relating to the grant of authority on application by the Colonial Secretary or the Stipendiary Magistrate, West Falkland, to kill or take the Red Breasted Starling (*Trupialis falklandicus*) during the months of April, May, and June, is hereby cancelled.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 16th day of March, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 653/20.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Pensions Ordinance, 1927.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by section 6 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, the Governor is pleased, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, and with the sanction of the Secretary of State, to make the following regulations :—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the "Pensions Regulations, 1928." Short Title.

2. The Schedule to the Pensions Ordinance, 1906, and all regulations made in amendment thereof under section 4 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1906, are hereby repealed. Repeal of Schedule to Law 5 of 1906, and of Amending Regulations thereto.

PART 1.

General Regulations.

3. Subject to the provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and of these regulations, every public officer holding a pensionable office in the Colony, who has been in the service of the Colony for ten years or upwards, may be granted on his retirement a pension at the rate of ten-sixtieths of his salary, with an addition of one-sixtieth in respect of each complete year of such service in excess of ten until forty years' service is reached, when a pension of two-thirds of such salary may be granted. Pensions to whom and at what rates to be granted.

4. Every officer, otherwise qualified for a pension, who has not completed the minimum period of service qualifying for a pension may be granted a gratuity, which will be at the rate of half a month's salary for each complete six months of service. Gratuities.

5. (i) An officer to whom a pension is granted under the provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and of these regulations may, at his option exercisable as hereinafter provided, be paid, in lieu of such pension, a pension at the rate of three-fourths of such pension together with a gratuity equal to ten times the annual value of the reduction so made in the pension. Gratuity and Reduced Pension.

(ii) The option referred to in sub-section (i) shall be exercisable :—

(a) In the case of an officer who, if he had been retired on grounds of ill-health at the date of the publication of these regulations in the Gazette, might have been granted a pension under the provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and of these regulations, not later than six months after the said date of publication.

(b) In the case of any other officer ; within one month after the earliest date on which, if retired on the grounds of ill-health, he might be awarded a pension under the

provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and of these regulations or not later than six months after the publication of these regulations in the Gazette, whichever shall be the later date for exercising the option.

Provided always -

- (1) That an officer who has previously had the opportunity of exercising the option but has not done so, and who is still in the service of the Colony or in any other public service, may apply within one month of his subsequent marriage for permission to exercise the option, which permission may be granted at the discretion of the Governor after examination of the officer by a Government Medical Board ;
- (2) That the date of the exercise of the option shall be deemed to be the date of the receipt of his written notification addressed either to the Colonial Secretary in the Colony or to the Crown Agents for the Colonies ; or, in any case falling under the preceding proviso, the date on which the Governor grants permission to exercise the option ; and
- (3) That, if an officer has exercised the option, his decision shall be irrevocable so far as concerns any pension ultimately to be granted to him under the provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and of these regulations.

Abolition of Office.

6. If any person holding a pensionable office retire or be removed from the public service in consequence of the abolition of his office, or for the purpose of facilitating improvements in the organization of the department to which he belongs, by which greater efficiency and economy can be effected, he may be granted a temporary pension, subject to the condition that he shall hold himself ready to be recalled to service :

Provided that if such person is not qualified for other employment, or if there is no reason, in the opinion of the Governor, to expect that he can be shortly re-employed, a pension may be granted to him free from the above-mentioned condition.

Rates of pension when offices are abolished.

7. In the case of an officer whose office is abolished, his pension may be increased by the addition of a certain number of sixtieths of his salary, that is to say :-

- | | |
|---|---|
| (a) In the case of an officer who has served twenty years | 7 |
| (b) In the case of an officer who has served less than twenty years, but not less than fifteen years | 5 |
| (c) In the case of an officer who has served less than fifteen years, but not less than ten years | 3 |

No addition shall be made under this section so as to render an officer eligible for a higher pension than the maximum of two-thirds, or for a higher pension than that for which he would have been eligible by reason of length of service on reaching the age of sixty years.

8. In the case of an officer whose office is abolished and whose length of service is not such as to render him eligible for a pension, a special gratuity not exceeding one and a half month's salary for every year of service may be granted. Rate of gratuity on abolition when service less than 10 years.

9. Where a public officer, whether holding a pensionable or a non-pensionable office, has been permanently injured - Officers retiring on account of injuries.

- (a) In the actual discharge of his duty, and
- (b) Without his own default, and
- (c) By some injury specifically attributable to the nature of his duty,

and his retirement is thereby necessitated or materially accelerated, he may receive, in addition to the pension, if any, granted to him under these regulations, an annual allowance in proportion to the extent of his injury, as follows :-

When his capacity to contribute to his support is -

Slightly impaired	Five-sixtieths.
Impaired	Ten-sixtieths.
Materially impaired	Fifteen-sixtieths.
Totally destroyed	Twenty-sixtieths.

Provided that in the case of a pensionable officer no such allowance shall, together with the pension, exceed fifty-sixtieths of his salary at the date of the injury. The allowance shall be less than the above-mentioned maximum by such amount as the Governor in Council shall think reasonable in the following cases :-

- (a) Where the injured man has continued to serve for not less than one year after the injury in respect of which he retires ;
- (b) Where the injured man is fifty years of age and upwards at the date of the injury ;
- (c) Where the injury is not the sole cause of retirement, *i.e.*, the retirement is caused partly by age and infirmity.

10. When the public officer so injured is a pensionable officer, but has less than ten years' service and he is not eligible for an ordinary pension, he may receive in lieu of a gratuity an annual allowance of so many sixtieths as the years he has actually served, in addition to the number of sixtieths that may be awarded to him under Section 9.

When pensionable officer retiring on account of injuries has less than 10 years' service.

11. For the purpose of computing pensions and gratuities, the salary of the permanent office held by the officer at the date of retirement will be taken if he has held such office, or an office with the same salary, for a period of three years immediately preceding such date ; otherwise the average amount of the salary of the permanent offices held by the officer during the three years immediately preceding his retirement will be taken.

How salary to be computed for pension purposes.

12. The service in respect of which pensions or gratuities will be granted must be unbroken, except in cases where the service has been interrupted by abolition of office or other temporary suspension of employment not arising from misconduct or voluntary resignation.

Service to be unbroken.

13. No service other than service in a pensionable office, on full or half salary, will be taken into account in computing pensions or gratuities, except that where the service in a pensionable office has been immediately preceded by an unbroken period of service in an appointment other than a pensionable office, or of service paid for out

Non-pensionable service followed by pensionable service.

of an open vote, or of both such services, such period or any part of such period may be taken into account :

Provided always that of the period of service paid for out of an open vote, only two-thirds shall be counted for the purposes of these regulations.

Leave of absence with half salary.

14. The periods during which an officer shall hereafter be absent on leave with half salary shall, for the purpose of computing the amount of his pension, be counted at the rate of one month for every two months of such absence, but the period during which an officer has been absent on leave with full salary shall, under all circumstances, be counted at the full rate.

Leave of absence without salary.

15. Any periods during which an officer has been absent on leave without salary shall not be counted as service, unless such leave has been granted on grounds of public policy, in which case a period not exceeding one year may be counted, for the purpose of these regulations, as service on full salary.

Commencement of pensionable service.

16. Subject to the provisions of Section 8 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, service will be deemed to commence, for pension purposes, at the date on which an officer commences to draw salary or half salary.

Acting service.

17. Acting service in a pensionable office will, when continuous with permanent employment, be allowed to reckon as service for pension, provided that the period of such acting service has not been taken into account as part of the service of the previous holder of the office or as part of the officer's other public service.

Service on probation.

18. Every officer who has been appointed provisionally and subject to probation to a pensionable office, and whose appointment shall be afterwards confirmed, shall be eligible to have counted as service for the purpose of computing his pension the period during which he served provisionally and subject to probation.

Professional officers who are allowed private practice not eligible.

19. Except in cases where a claim to pension is sanctioned by the Secretary of State, officers whose whole time is not given to the public service, and professional officers who are allowed the private practice of their profession, shall not be eligible for pensions under these regulations.

Grant of pension to re-employed pensioner.

20. If any officer to whom a pension has been granted under the provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and of these regulations, is appointed to another office in the service of the Colony, and subsequently retires in circumstances in which he may be granted a pension, he may be granted, in lieu of his previous pension a pension computed as if the periods of his service had been continuous, and such pension may be based on his pensionable emoluments on his previous or final retirement from the service of the Colony, whichever are the greater :

Provided that if, on his previous retirement, he was paid a gratuity and reduced pension, the gratuity to be paid to him on final retirement shall be reduced by the amount of the gratuity already paid.

Good conduct required.

21. (i) Pensions, gratuities and allowances, computed at the rates before mentioned, shall only be granted in cases of decidedly faithful and meritorious service.
- (ii) Where the fidelity and diligence of the officer fall short of the first degree of merit, the computation may be made at lower rates.

- (iii) Where the officer has been guilty of gross negligence, irregularity or misconduct, the grant of pension, gratuity or other allowance may be altogether withheld.

22. Every pension granted under these regulations on the ground of ill-health shall be subject to the condition that, should the officer's health be re-established, he will be bound to accept, in lieu of his pension, any office, not inferior in value to that from which he retired, which the Secretary of State may think proper to confer on him, due regard being had to circumstances of climate, and if a pensioner so called upon declines to accept the office for which he may have been selected, the payment of his pension may be suspended until he has attained the age of sixty years.

Regulations as to ill-health.

PART 2.

Special Regulations for Officers with other Public Service.

23. For the purpose of these Regulations -

Definitions.

"Scheduled Government" means any Government included in the Schedule to these Regulations.

"Service in the Group" means public service under the Government of the Colony and under a Scheduled Government or Governments.

24. Subject to the succeeding sections, the provisions of sections 5, 13 and 20, of these regulations shall apply to the case of an officer who has been transferred to or from the service of the Colony from or to other public service, and the provisions of sections 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, shall apply to the case of an officer so transferred as if his whole service had been in the Colony.

Application of Regulations in Part 1.

Provided that in the application of section 5 to cases falling under the limitation of section 11 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, the words "such pension" in that section shall be taken to mean the amount of pension which he might have drawn from the funds of the Colony if he had not elected for a gratuity and reduced pension.

25. (1) Where the other public service of an officer has been wholly under one or more of the scheduled Governments, and he has held a pensionable office in the Colony for a period of at least twelve months, and his aggregate service would have rendered him eligible, had it been wholly in the Colony, for a pension under the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, he may, on his ultimate retirement from the public service in circumstances in which he is permitted by the Law or Regulations of the service in which he is last employed to retire on pension or gratuity, be granted a pension from the funds of the Colony of such amount as shall bear the same proportion to the amount of pension for which he would have been eligible had his service been wholly in the Colony, as the aggregate amount of his pensionable emoluments during his service in the Colony shall bear to the total amount made up of such aggregate amount together with the aggregate amount of his pensionable emoluments from any of the Scheduled Governments :

Pension for Service wholly within the group.

Provided that in determining the pension for which he would have been eligible if his service had been wholly in the Colony :-

- (a) The final pensionable emoluments shall be taken to be those of his last period of service in the group ;
- (b) No regard shall be had to sections 7 and 9 ;
- (c) Regard shall be had to the condition that pension may not exceed two-thirds of the highest pensionable emoluments.

Provided further that any period of other public service in respect of which pension is not granted by the Scheduled Government concerned shall not be taken into account either in determining the amount of the pension for which he would have been eligible if his service had been entirely in the Colony or in calculating the aggregate amount of his pensionable emoluments.

(2) The aggregate amount of his pensionable emoluments shall be taken as the total amount of salary which the officer would have drawn, and the total amount of the other pensionable emoluments which he would have enjoyed, had he been on duty on full pay in his substantive post throughout his period of service.

Pension where other Service not within the group.

26. Where the other public service of an officer has not included service under any of the Scheduled Governments, and he has held a pensionable office in the Colony for a period of at least twelve months, and his aggregate service would have rendered him eligible, had it been wholly in the Colony, for a pension under these Regulations, he may, on his ultimate retirement from the public service in circumstances in which he is permitted by the Law or Regulations of the service in which he is last employed to retire on a pension or gratuity be granted, in respect of his service in the Colony :-

- (a) If such retirement is from other public service, a pension at the rate of one seven-hundred-and-twentieth of the amount of his pensionable emoluments at the date of his transfer from the service of the Colony for each calendar month of his pensionable service in the Colony ;
- (b) If such retirement is from the service of the Colony, a pension at the rate of one seven-hundred-and-twentieth of the amount of his pensionable emoluments at the date of such retirement for each month of his pensionable service in the Colony ; and in every such case there may be added, at the discretion of the Governor in Council, in computing the period of the retiring officer's pensionable service in the Colony, a number of months not exceeding :-
 - (i) One-third of the number of months of his pensionable service in other public service; nor
 - (ii) Two-thirds of the number of months of his pensionable service in the Colony ; nor
 - (iii) In any case sixty months.

Pension where other service both within and not within the group.

27. Where a part only of the other public service of an officer has been under one or more of the Scheduled Governments the provisions of section 25 shall apply ; but in calculating the amount of pension regard shall be had only to service in the group.

Additional pension in respect of abolition or re-organisation of office.

28. Where an officer who has been transferred from other public service and whose aggregate service would have rendered him eligible, had it been wholly in the Colony for a pension under these Regulations, is compulsorily retired from the public service in circumstances mentioned in section 6 he may, if at the time he is in the service of the Colony, be granted from the funds of the Colony, in addition to the pension granted to him under section 25, 26, or 27, as the case may be, an additional pension equal to the additional pension which might have been granted to him if his total pensionable service had been in the Colony.

Annual allowance to officers retiring on account of injury.

29. Where an officer who has been transferred from other public service and whose aggregate service would have rendered him eligible, had it been wholly in the Colony, for a pension under these

Regulations, is compulsorily retired from the public service in circumstances mentioned in section 9, he may, if at the time he is in the service of the Colony, be granted from the funds of the Colony the annual allowance allowed by that section, as well as the pension granted under section 25, 26, or 27, as the case may be.

30. Where, by reason of the fact that an officer whose case falls under sections 28 and 29 has held a pensionable office in the Colony for less than twelve months, he is not eligible for a pension under section 25, 26 or 27, as the case may be, he may, nevertheless, if at the time of his retirement he is in the service of the Colony, be granted from the funds of the Colony a pension of the same amount as the additional pension or annual allowance allowed by section 28 or 29, as the case may be.

Pension in respect of abolition of office, and annual allowance in respect of injury after less than twelve months' service in Colony.

31. (1) Where an officer who has been transferred to or from the service of the Colony from or to other public service retires from the public service in circumstances in which he is permitted by the Law or Regulations of the service in which he is last employed to retire on pension or gratuity, but has not completed in the aggregate the minimum period of service qualifying him for a pension, he may be granted from the funds of the Colony a gratuity not exceeding five times the annual amount of the pension which, if there had been no qualifying period, might have been granted to him if his case had fallen under section 26.

Gratuities where length of service does not qualify for pension.

(2) Where such officer is compulsorily retired from the public service in circumstances mentioned in section 6 he may, if at the time he is in the service of the Colony, be granted a special gratuity equal to one-half of the gratuity which might have been granted to him if his total pensionable service had been in the Colony together with the gratuity, if any, which may be granted to him under sub-section (1) of this section.

Abolition or re-organisation of office.

(3) Where such an officer is compulsorily retired from the public service in circumstances mentioned in section 9, he may, if at the time he is in the service of the Colony, be treated as if he had no other public service, but he shall not be granted the gratuity for which he is eligible under sub-section (1) of this section.

Injury.

32. Where an officer who is transferred to other public service is not granted a pension or gratuity in respect of his employment in the service in which he is last employed, solely by reason of the fact that he has not completed twelve months' service therein, he shall not, on that account, be disqualified from receiving a pension or gratuity from the funds of the Colony, if otherwise eligible therefor.

Officers transferred to other public service and retiring after less than 12 months' employment in last service.

SCHEDULE.

British Honduras.	Mauritius.
Ceylon.	St. Lucia.
Fiji.	St Vincent.
Grenada.	Seychelles.
Jamaica.	Trinidad.
Leeward Islands.	Turks and Caicos Islands.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 14th of January, 1928.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901.

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

1. These Regulations may be cited as "The Live Stock (Amendment) Regulations, 1928" and shall be read and construed as one with the Live Stock Regulations (Consolidation) 1923.

2. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Live Stock Regulations (Consolidation) 1923 no dog shall be imported into the Colony from any country abroad except that such dog shall first have been kept for the period of six weeks at the least or for any longer period which the Chief Inspector of Stock may consider necessary in isolation in the Colony either at the Quarantine Station in Stanley or at any other place which the Chief Inspector of Stock may consider suitable.

Made in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 1st of May, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Harbour Ordinance, 1902.

J. M. ELLIS,
Acting Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by Section 2 of the Harbour Ordinance, 1902, and otherwise. His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Harbour (Amendment) Regulations, 1928, and shall be read and construed as one with the Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Harbour Ordinance 1902, on the 9th of September, 1921 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Regulations), and the Harbour Regulations, 1922. Short Title.
2. Notwithstanding any provisions in the principal Regulations contained no ship, vessel, boat, or hulk, shall be moored or shall remain at anchor in that part of the Harbour bounded : Prohibited area.
 - On the East by a line extending to the North to the middle of the Inner Harbour from the West side of Hebe Street.
 - On the West by a line extending to the North to the middle of the Inner Harbour from a point 100 yards distant to the West of the Town Jetty.
 - On the North by a line extending between the aforesaid limits along the middle of the Inner Harbour.
3. Notwithstanding any provisions in the principal Regulations contained a light or lights shall be maintained from sunset to sunrise on the hulk "Great Britain" by the owners thereof to the satisfaction of the Harbour Master for such period as the said hulk is moored or remains at anchor in the Inner Harbour. Light to be placed on the hulk "Great Britain."

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of June, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Stanley Fire Brigade Ordinance, 1898, as amended by the Stanley Fire Brigade (Amendment) Ordinance, 1928.

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

1. These Regulations shall be cited as the Town Hall, Stanley, Fire Precaution Regulations, 1928. Short Title.

2. No person shall smoke in the main hall or in the passages of the Town Hall, Stanley, or in any room in the Town Hall, Stanley, which may from time to time be declared by proper notices clearly displayed as prohibited for such purpose.

Smoking prohibited in the main hall and passages and in other rooms of the Town Hall, Stanley.

3. No person shall use or permit to be used streamers or other inflammable material at any dance or public assembly or entertainment held in the Town Hall, Stanley, or in any part thereof, except with the permission in writing of the Colonial Engineer, provided that this section shall not apply to the use of any streamers or other inflammable material on the stage of the main hall in the Town Hall, Stanley, for the sole purpose of a theatrical performance or representation.

Use of streamers and other inflammable material prohibited in the Town Hall, Stanley.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of June, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET

Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Pensions Ordinance, 1927.

J. M. ELLIS,
Acting Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by section 6 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, the Governor is pleased, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, and with the sanction of the Secretary of State, to make the following regulations :-

1. These Regulations may be cited as the "Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1928." Short Title.

2. Sub-section (ii) of section 5 of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following new sub-section (ii) :- Repeal and replacement of sub-section (ii) of section 5 of the Pensions Regulations, 1928.

(ii) The option referred to in sub-section (i) shall be exercisable :-

(a) In the case of an officer who, if he had been retired on grounds of ill-health at the date of the publication of these regulations in the Gazette, might have been granted a pension under the provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and of these regulations, not later than the 31st of December, 1928.

(b) In the case of any other officer, within one month after the earliest date on which, if retired on the grounds of ill-health, he might be granted a pension under the provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and of these regulations or not later than the 31st of December, 1928, whichever shall be the later date for exercising the option.

Provided always -

(1) That an officer who has previously had the opportunity of exercising the option but has not done so and who is still in the service of the Colony or in any other public service, may apply within one month of his subsequent marriage for permission to exercise the option, which permission may be granted at the discretion of the Governor after examination of the officer by a Government Medical Board ;

(2) That the date of the exercise of the option shall be deemed to be the date of the receipt of his written notification addressed either to the Colonial Secretary in the Colony or to the Crown Agents for the Colonies ; or in any case falling under the preceding proviso, the date on which the Governor grants permission to exercise the option ; and

(3) That, if an officer has exercised the option, his decision shall be irrevocable so far as concerns any pension ultimately to be granted to him under the provisions of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and of these regulations.

3. Section 14 of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, is hereby amended by the substitution of the words "has been" for the words "shall hereafter be" in line 1 of the said section.

Amendment of section
14 of the Pensions
Regulations, 1928.

Repeal and replacement of sections 26 and 27 of the Pensions Regulations, 1928.

4. Sections 26 and 27 of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, are hereby repealed and replaced by the following :-

Pension where other service not within the group.

26. Where the other public service of an officer has not included service under any of the scheduled Governments, and he has held a pensionable office in the Colony for a period of at least twelve months, and his aggregate service would have rendered him eligible, had it been wholly in the Colony, for a pension under these Regulations, he may, on his ultimate retirement from the public service in circumstances in which he is permitted by the Law or Regulations of the service in which he is last employed to retire on pension or gratuity, be granted a pension from the funds of the Colony at the rate of one seven-hundred-and-twentieth of the amount of his pensionable emoluments at the date of his transfer or retirement from the service of the Colony for each calendar month of his pensionable service in the Colony.

Pension where other service both within and not within the group.

27. Where a part only of the other public service of an officer has been under one or more of the scheduled Governments, the provisions of section 25 shall apply; but in calculating the amount of pension regard shall be had only to service in the group.

27. (a) Where the other public service of an officer has not been wholly under one or more of the scheduled Governments but has been in whole or in part under one or more of the following Governments, namely, the Government of

Great Britain
Straits Settlements
Federated Malay States
Hong Kong
Weihaiwei
Nigeria
Gold Coast
Sierra Leone
Gambia
Kenya
Uganda
Tanganyika Territory
Nyasaland
Zanzibar
Somaliland
and Northern Rhodesia

and the officer has held a pensionable office in the Colony for a period of at least twelve months and his aggregate service would have rendered him eligible, had it been wholly in the Colony, for a pension under these Regulations, he may, on his ultimate retirement from the public service in circumstances in which he is permitted by the Law or Regulations of the service in which he is last employed to retire on pension or gratuity, be granted, in lieu of the pension which might be granted to him under section 26 or 27 as the case may be, a pension from the funds of the Colony of an amount equal to the arithmetic

mean between the pension which he would have been granted from the funds of the Colony if his service had been wholly under one or more of the scheduled Governments and the pension which he would receive from the funds of the Colony in the absence of this section.

Provided that the pension which may be granted under this section shall not exceed the pension which the officer would receive from the funds of the Colony in the absence of this section by more than one-third of the latter.

5. The schedule to the Pensions Regulations, 1928, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following :-

Repeal and replacement of the schedule to the Pensions Regulations, 1928.

Ceylon	Malta
Mauritius	Seychelles
Trinidad	St. Helena
Cyprus	Leeward Islands
Gibraltar	Windward Islands
Palestine	British Honduras
Jamaica	Bermuda
British Guiana	Barbados
Fiji	Bahamas
Western Pacific	Turks and Caicos Islands.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd of June, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under
the Pensions Ordinance, 1927.

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by section 6 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, the Governor is pleased with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, and with the sanction of the Secretary of State, to make the following regulations :-

1. These regulations may be cited as the "Pensions (Amendment No. 2) Regulations, 1928" and shall be read and construed as one with the "Pensions Regulations, 1928". and the "Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1928." Short Title.

2. Section 27A of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, as amended by the Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1928, is hereby amended by the addition of the words "in the Colonial "Audit Department (Home Establishment), or in the Office of the "Crown Agents for the Colonies, or in the administration of the "Kenya and Uganda Railway, or" between the words "but has been in whole or in part" and the words "under one or more of the following Governments". Amendment of section 27A of the Pensions Regulations, 1928.

Made by the Governor in the Executive Council at a meeting held on the ninth day of November, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Vacation Leave and Passage Regulations.

(For Officers on the Permanent Establishment).

LEAVE.

1. No officer shall be allowed to take full pay vacation leave before he has completed two consecutive years of resident service, except on the grounds of urgent private affairs or serious indisposition. Subject to this condition and to the necessities of the Service, officers on the Permanent Establishment may be granted four months' full pay vacation leave for each period of two and a half years' resident service. Such leave may not be accumulated and will in the ordinary course be granted at the end of each period of two and a half years' resident service. It may, at the discretion of the Governor, be granted after two years' resident service but in that case the officer concerned will not become entitled to a further period of vacation leave until he has completed a further period of three years' resident service.

2. In the case of officers who have completed two or more years' consecutive resident service spending their leave in some place other than the Colony or South America, the time necessarily taken on the journey to and from such place (not exceeding four weeks) shall not be reckoned as leave.

Provided that the time necessarily taken on a journey to or from the United Kingdom including any break of journey in South America or any other place shall be deemed to be four weeks.

3. Short periods of absence from duty owing to sickness or for purposes of relaxation will be allowed on full pay, in accordance with any special rules on the subject, without affecting full pay vacation leave.

4. An officer will be required to embark for the Falkland Islands by the first steamer leaving the place where he is spending his leave after the date on which his leave of absence expires, and will be allowed pay at the rate which he is then drawing for any days which may elapse between the expiration of his leave and the departure of the steamer, provided that if there is a later steamer which is timed to arrive at his destination before the first one, he will be required to proceed by the later one. Extension of leave will date from the expiration of the original leave, and not from the day on which the officer would have had to embark if his leave had not been extended.

5. Any circumstances not covered by these regulations will be governed by the Colonial Regulations.

PASSAGE.

6. Free passages to the United Kingdom for himself and for his wife and children up to a maximum of three full return passages will be allowed to an officer who has been granted leave under the above regulations and whose initial rate of salary is not less than £200 a year. Officers whose initial salary is less than £200 a year will be eligible to receive half the cost of such return passages, or, if they prefer it, to receive free passages on their return journey. Alternatively officers whose initial salary is less than £200 a year, if appointed from the United Kingdom, will be allowed by accumulation return passages after five years' resident service.

7. An officer spending his leave outside the Colony, but not in the United Kingdom, will be given free passages from and to the Colony for himself, his wife and his children, up to a maximum of three full return passages, and provided that the cost shall not exceed the amount that would have been payable under these regulations if the officer and his wife had proceeded to the United Kingdom.

8. The cost of passages for the members of an officer's family granted in accordance with the provisions of the preceding sections shall be payable only if they travel with him or shortly in advance of him, unless the Secretary of State or the Governor sees fit to make an exception to this rule for special reasons of health or otherwise.

9. In the case of officers with an initial rate of salary of not less than £300 the class of passage shall be first class and of other officers second class.

10. These regulations take effect on and from the 1st of May, 1928.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

Bye-laws made by the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island, under sections 18 and 19 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

To provide for the Extermination of Rats and Mice.

1. These Bye-Laws may be cited as the "Extermination of Rats and Mice Bye-laws, 1928."
2. The owner or occupier of any premises shall keep such premises free from rats and mice to the satisfaction of the Board.

Made by the Board of Health at a Meeting held on the 13th day of March, 1928.

F. O'SULLIVAN,

Clerk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Council at a meeting held on the 18th day of April, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 389/25.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

Bye-laws made by the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island, relating to the slaughtering and inspection of stock intended for human consumption, under sections 18 and 19 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

1. In these Regulations

"Slaughterhouse" shall mean any licensed slaughterhouse or slaughtering-place including buildings and appurtenances used for the purpose of slaughtering stock.

"Stock" means cattle, sheep, or swine.

"Carcass of stock" includes the whole or any part of slaughtered stock.

"Meat" means the flesh or viscera of any slaughtered stock.

"Disease" means any disease or any defect or inferiority in the condition of any stock or meat which in the opinion of an Inspector renders it unfit for human consumption.

"Inspector" means any duly qualified person appointed by the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island, with the sanction of the Governor, to carry out the provisions of these Regulations.

"Farmer" means the owner of any stock outside the Town of Stanley and also includes the manager, overseer, or person in charge of stock outside the Town of Stanley.

"Implements" means any instruments used in or about a slaughterhouse for the purpose of slaughtering or dealing with slaughtered stock or carcasses.

2. Under these Regulations all slaughterhouses wherein stock are slaughtered or dressed for human consumption in the Town of Stanley shall be licensed.

3. An application for a license in respect of a slaughterhouse shall be made in the form of the Schedule hereto.

4. For every slaughterhouse for which a license has been granted there shall be payable to the Colonial Treasurer on or before the first day of January in each year the sum of One Pound.

5. Under these Regulations it shall be lawful for any farmer to slaughter stock for human consumption outside the Town of Stanley providing such stock is free from disease.

6. It shall not be lawful knowingly to slaughter and allow to be used for human consumption, or to sell or offer for sale for human consumption any stock affected with any disease which in the opinion of an Inspector renders the carcass or meat unfit for human consumption.

7. No calf weighing less than sixty pounds dressed weight (including the skin) shall be slaughtered and sold for human consumption.

8. It shall not be lawful for any person to slaughter in Stanley any stock for sale for human consumption excepting in a licensed slaughterhouse, or unless permission is given in writing by an Inspector for such stock to be slaughtered on other premises.

9. An Inspector may at any time enter and inspect any slaughterhouse for the purpose of:-

(1) Preventing cruelty to any stock whether such cruelty is caused by overcrowding, insufficient shelter, insanitary conditions, want of food or drink or otherwise howsoever;

(2) Inspecting any stock intended for slaughter or any meat or carcass of stock;

(3) Inspecting any implement or implements used in any slaughterhouse; or

(4) Examining any books relating to stock either slaughtered or intended for slaughter.

APPLICATION FOR LICENCE IN RESPECT OF SLAUGHTERHOUSE.

—:0:—

To The Clerk of the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island.

I.....of.....hereby apply for a licence under "The Board of Health for the East Falkland Island (Slaughterhouse and Inspection of Stock) Regulations, 1928" in respect of the undermentioned Slaughterhouse.

The particulars of the premises are as follows:-

Situation:

Dimensions of building or buildings:

Materials of walls:

Materials of floors:

Water Supply:
(How obtained)

Drainage:

- a. How constructed
b. Where discharged.

Offal, how disposed of:

State whether digester or destructor on premises.

Dated this.....day of.....192.....

Signature of applicant.

10. It shall not be lawful to remove, allow to be removed, or assist in removing from any slaughterhouse without the permission of an Inspector, any meat or the whole or any part of any carcass of stock which has been declared by an Inspector as unfit for human consumption.

11. An Inspector may order the destruction by fire or in any other efficient manner any meat or the whole or any part of any carcass of stock which is in the opinion of such Inspector unfit for human consumption.

12. A correct record of all diseased meat or carcasses of stock condemned as unfit for human consumption shall be kept by the Inspector by whom such diseased meat or carcasses of stock have been condemned.

13. In every slaughtering place the killing, dressing, and hanging places shall be floored with concrete or other material approved by an Inspector and thoroughly ventilated.

14. The floor and lower portions of the walls, partitions, and posts of the killing and dressing places shall be thoroughly cleaned after slaughtering for the day is finished.

15. Every part of the interior of the killing, dressing, or hanging places shall be lime-washed at intervals of not less than four months.

16. Where any part is constructed of such materials as would in the opinion of an Inspector render lime-washing unnecessary he may by writing under his hand waive the fulfilment of the requirements of this clause as to such part.

17. All implements used in or about a slaughterhouse including any carts, baskets, or other equipment used for the transportation of meat shall be kept thoroughly clean.

18. The road leading to the slaughterhouse shall be paved, metalled, or boarded to the satisfaction of an Inspector.

19. No hide, skins, fat or other portion of any carcass likely to become a nuisance shall be stored in any killing, dressing, or hanging place.

20. Proper and sufficient urinal and closet accommodation shall be provided to the satisfaction of the Inspector, such accommodation to be contained in a separate structure apart from the main building.

21. Any person who commits or who is concerned in committing any breach of these regulations shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two pounds for each offence and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine not exceeding five shillings for each day after written notice of the said offence from an Inspector.

22. These Regulations may be cited as the "Board of Health for the East Falkland Island (Slaughterhouse and Inspection of Stock) Regulations 1928".

Made by the Board of Health at a Meeting held on the 13th day of March, 1928.

F. O'SULLIVAN,
Clerk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Council at a meeting held on the 18th day of April, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

—:0:—

Bye-laws made by the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island, under Section 19 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1894, and approved by the Governor in Council.

Short Title.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as "The Board of Health (East Falkland Island) Inspection of Buildings Bye-laws, 1928".

Appointment of sub-committee, and duties of same.

2. A sub-committee of the Board of Health may be appointed by the Board, subject to the approval of the Governor, for the following purposes with a view to the care and preservation of the public health :—

- (a) Consideration of plans and applications for new buildings.
- (b) Supervision of such buildings during the course of construction.
- (c) Inspection of completed buildings prior to occupation.
- (d) Inspection of houses and premises with a view to making recommendations as to their structural and sanitary condition.
- (e) Such other duties of a similar description as the Board of Health may think fit and proper for the care and preservation of the public health.

Constitution.
Power of Entry.

3. This sub-committee shall normally consist of the President of the Board of Health, the Colonial Engineer, and one other member, and the sub-committee shall be empowered to enter buildings or premises for the purposes specified at reasonable times between the hours of sunrise and sunset, due notice being given beforehand to the occupier.

Penalty for obstruction.

4. Any person wilfully obstructing the sub-committee in their discharge of these duties shall be guilty of an offence against these bye-laws, and shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings as provided in the Ordinance.

Made by the Board of Health at a Meeting held on the 19th day of November, 1928.

F. O'SULLIVAN,

Clerk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 14th day of December, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 269/28.

Owner of infected cow to notify the Board of Health or Inspector.

10. It shall be the duty of every owner of a cow the milk or cream from which is intended to be sold or exposed for sale for human consumption in Stanley to notify the Board of Health or the Inspector appointed by the Board of Health under these Bye-laws if such cow appears to be suffering from tuberculosis or from any disease or disorder of any nature tending to contaminate or injuriously affect the milk or cream.

Regular Inspection and cancellation of Licence if conditions not found satisfactory.

11. The Inspector appointed by the Board of Health under these Bye-laws shall inspect the cows, premises, and utensils of any description whatsoever kept or used for the purpose of supplying milk or cream to Stanley at regular intervals and shall submit a report to the Board of Health at the end of every quarter. If the conditions on inspection are not found satisfactory the Board of Health may withdraw or cancel the licence granted to the owner of such cows, premises or utensils, provided that the licence may be renewed at some later date when the conditions at fault are rectified.

Penalties.

12. Any person failing to comply with or committing a breach of any of the provisions of these Bye-laws shall be liable, on conviction, to a penalty not exceeding Two POUNDS for each offence and in the case of a continuing offence to a further penalty of five shillings for each day on which the offence continues after written notice of the said offence from the Board of Health.

Infected cow may be destroyed.

13. Any cow found by the Inspector to be infected with tuberculosis may be destroyed by order of the Board of Health, provided that a compensation not exceeding £5 shall, with the sanction of the Governor, be paid to the owner of such cow.

Board of Health may appoint Inspector.

14. The Board of Health, may with the sanction of the Governor appoint any duly qualified person or persons from time to time to be an inspector or inspectors for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of these Bye-laws. The term "Inspector appointed by the Board of Health under these Bye-laws" used in the preceding sections of these Bye-laws shall be taken to mean any person so appointed.

Power of Entry.

15. The Inspector so appointed shall be empowered to enter places where cows are kept for the purposes, as specified above, of inspecting cows, premises and utensils and of taking samples of milk for examination at reasonable hours between sunrise and sunset. Such samples of milk shall be paid for.

Obstruction of Inspector an offence.

16. Any person obstructing a duly appointed Inspector in the discharge of his duties as aforesaid shall be guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws and shall be liable to a penalty as provided in section 12 of these Bye-laws.

Repeal of sections 24 to 32 of the consolidated Bye-laws, 1921, (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1927.

17. Sections 24 to 32, inclusive, of the "Board of Health (East Falkland Island) Consolidated Bye-laws, 1921" and the "Board of Health (East Falkland Island) Consolidated (Amendment) Bye-laws 1927" are hereby repealed.

Made by the Board of Health at a meeting held on the 19th day of November, 1928.

F. O'SULLIVAN,

Clerk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 14th day of December, 1928.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

—:0:—

Bye-laws made by the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island, under sections 18 and 19 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1894, and approved by the Governor in Council.

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the "Stanley Milk Supply Protection Bye-laws, 1928."

Short Title.
2. In these Bye-laws the term "Milk or cream" shall mean cow's milk or cream and shall not include tinned or condensed milk or cream.

Definition.
3. No person shall sell or expose for sale milk or cream or keep cows for the purpose of selling milk or cream in Stanley without being duly registered in the register kept by the Board of Health and without first having obtained a licence from the Board of Health to sell milk or cream.

No person to sell milk or cream without registration by and a licence from the Board of Health.
4. Any person desirous of selling milk or cream in Stanley shall apply in writing to the Clerk to the Board of Health who will submit the application to the Board of Health and if approved, will insert without charge the applicant's name and such particulars as may be necessary in the register. The Board of Health may grant a licence to sell milk or cream in Stanley upon such terms and subject to such conditions as may be considered desirable, but no fee shall be charged for a licence.

Application for registration and licence.
5. Any person who sells (a) Fresh milk containing less than 3 per centum of milk fat or less than 8.5 per centum of natural solids not fat: (b) Milk or cream which is dirty, adulterated, or diluted with water or other liquid: (c) Skimmed, separated, impoverished, or boiled milk for fresh milk: (d) Milk or cream from any cow which is or is suspected to be suffering from any form of tuberculosis or from any contagious or infectious disease: or (e) Milk or cream from any cow which is or is suspected to be in an unhealthy condition or from any cow which has calved less than three days previously, shall be guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws.

Requirements for sale of milk and cream.
6. No person affected with tuberculosis or with any contagious, infectious, or cutaneous disease shall attend to or milk cows or carry or handle vessels or utensils used in the supply of milk or cream to Stanley or in any way take part in the handling or preparation of milk for sale.

Persons infected not to handle milk or cream.
7. All vessels and utensils used in the supply of milk and cream to Stanley shall be thoroughly cleansed within four hours of having been used for any purpose whatsoever by first being well washed in cold water and then scalded with boiling water and thereafter hung in some suitable place to air.

All utensils to be kept properly clean.
8. No person shall take milk from any cow of which the milk or cream is intended to be sold or exposed for sale for human consumption in Stanley unless the udder and teats of such cow have been thoroughly washed with water.

Udder and teats of cow to be cleansed before milking.
9. All milk or cream intended to be sold or exposed for sale for human consumption in Stanley shall be removed immediately after milking from the milking shed or yard and shall at least once be strained carefully through some apparatus sufficient for the purpose.

Milk and cream to be removed and strained immediately after milking.



ORDINANCES

of the

COLONY

of the

FALKLAND ISLANDS

enacted during the year

1929

together with the

Rules, Regulations etc., etc.,

made during that year.

PART I.

ORDINANCES.

Printed at the Government Printing Office, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

PRICE 2/-. To be purchased from the Colonial Secretary, Stanley, and from the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4 Millbank, London, S.W. 1.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1929.	The Supplementary Appropriation (1928) Ordinance, 1929.
.. .. 2	The Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929.
.. .. 3	The Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929.
.. .. 4	The Local Naturalization Ordinance, 1929.
.. .. 5	The Alien Ordinance, 1929.
.. .. 6	The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance, 1929.
.. .. 7	The Appropriation (1930) Ordinance, 1929.
.. .. 8	The Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1929.
.. .. 9	The Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929.
.. .. 10	The Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1929.
.. .. 11	The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1929.

I ASSENT,
ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.
3rd May, 1929.

An Ordinance

To legalize certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-eight in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 1 of 1928.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1928. Preamble.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Supplementary Appropriation (1928) Ordinance, 1929." Short Title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the Services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those Services by the Ordinance providing for the Service of the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-eight, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the Service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those Services in the said Ordinance. Appropriation of excess of Expenditure for the year 1928.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 26th day of April, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 3rd day of May, 1929.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	253	10	0
II.	The Governor	159	17	9
V.	Post Office	2186	13	6
VI.	Telegraphs and Telephones ...	960	13	8
VII.	Port and Marine	4981	16	3
X.	Medical	878	18	7
XV.	Stock Department	76	11	2
XVI.	Miscellaneous	3806	14	7
XVII.	Public Works Department ...	345	12	11
XVIII.	Public Works Recurrent ...	2098	2	3
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	15748	10	8
XIX.	Public Works Extraordinary	365	3	6
		16113	14	2
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure ...	42423	9	4
	Total ...	58537	3	6

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1929.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

3rd May, 1929.

An Ordinance

To amend the law relating to the grant of Pensions, Gratuities and other Allowances to persons who have been in the Public Service of the Colony.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929, and shall be read and construed as one with the Pensions Ordinance, 1927.

Short Title.

2. A public officer who has served in the Colony and who becomes subsequently a Governor or High Commissioner of a British Dominion, Colony or Protectorate, or of a territory under a British mandate, or in India, shall be eligible to receive a pension in respect of his service in the Colony on his retirement in any circumstances rendering him eligible for a pension under the Imperial Pensions (Governors of Dominions, &c.) Acts, or any Act replacing or amending the same.

Officer who becomes a Governor may receive pension in circumstances rendering him eligible under the Imperial Pensions Acts.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 26th day of April, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 3rd day of May, 1929.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1929.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

3rd May, 1929.

An Ordinance

To amend the Licensing Ordinance, 1882.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929, and shall be read and construed as one with the Licensing Ordinance, 1882.

Short Title.

2. Clause 8 of the Licensing Ordinance, 1882, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following clause.

Repeal and replacement of Clause 8 of Ordinance No. 11 of 1882.

8. A wholesale license shall authorise the licensee to sell any liquor in any quantity on the premises specified in the licence, which, if more than one, must be contiguous to each other provided that no liquor so sold shall be consumed on the said premises.

3. Form No. 4 - Wholesale Licence - in the Schedule to the Licensing Ordinance, 1882, shall be amended by the omission of the words "not less than two gallons" after the words "to sell liquor in any quantity" and by the addition of the words "provided that no liquor sold under this license is consumed on the aforesaid premises" after the words (in brackets) "here describe the locality".

Amendment of Schedule to Ordinance No. 11 of 1882.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 26th day of April, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 3rd day of May, 1929.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1929.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

3rd May, 1929

An Ordinance

To declare the Law relating to the Naturalization of Foreign Subjects.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Local Naturalization Ordinance, 1929". Short Title.
2. An alien who has resided in the Colony or in any Dependency thereof or who has been in the service of the Crown for a term in either case of not less than three years and who when locally naturalized intends to reside in the Colony or in any Dependency thereof or to serve under the Crown may apply to the Governor in Council for a certificate of local naturalization. Qualifications for naturalization.
3. The applicant shall make his application in the form of the first schedule to this Ordinance and shall support his application by such evidence as the Governor in Council may require, and the Governor in Council, if satisfied with the evidence adduced, shall take the case of the applicant into consideration, and may grant or withhold a certificate of local naturalization as he may think most conducive to the public good. The said certificate shall be in the form of the second schedule to this Ordinance and shall not be issued until it has been registered. Form of application, evidence required, and grant of certificate.
4. Before a certificate of local naturalization is granted the applicant shall take the oath of allegiance before the Governor and shall subscribe his name thereto in the oath book, and when such certificate is granted to him he shall to all intents and purposes whatsoever be entitled, within the limits of the Colony and of the Dependencies thereof, to all the privileges and shall be subject to all the obligations of a British-born subject of His Majesty. Oath of allegiance to be taken.

Fees to be paid.

5. There shall be paid to the Treasurer in respect of a certificate of local naturalization the sum of Three Pounds and for every certified copy of the same the sum of One Pound.

Revocation of certificate of local naturalization.

6. (1) Where the Governor in Council is satisfied that a certificate of local naturalization granted under this Ordinance has been obtained by false representations or fraud, or by concealment of material circumstances or that the person to whom the certificate is granted has shown himself by act or speech to be disaffected or disloyal to His Majesty, the Governor in Council shall by order revoke the certificate.

(2) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions the Governor in Council shall by order revoke a certificate of local naturalization granted under this Ordinance in any case in which he is satisfied that the person to whom the certificate was granted either -

(a) has during any war in which His Majesty is engaged unlawfully traded or communicated with the enemy or with the subject of an enemy state, or been engaged in or associated with any business which is to his knowledge carried on in such manner as to assist the enemy in such war; or

(b) has within five years of the date of the grant of the certificate been sentenced by any court in His Majesty's dominions to imprisonment for a term of not less than twelve months, or to a term of penal servitude, or to a fine of not less than one hundred pounds; or

(c) was not of good character at the date of the grant of the certificate; or

(d) has since the date of the grant of the certificate been for a period of not less than seven years ordinarily resident out of the Colony and of the Dependencies thereof otherwise than as a representative of a British subject, firm, or company carrying on business, or an institution established in His Majesty's dominions or in the service of the Crown, and has not maintained substantial connection with the Colony or with the Dependencies thereof; or

(e) remains according to the law of a state at war with His Majesty a subject of that state: and that (in any case) the continuance of the certificate is not conducive to the public good.

(3) The Governor in Council may, if he thinks fit, before making an order under this section refer the case for such inquiry as is hereinafter specified and in any case to which subsection (1) or paragraph (a), (c), or (e) of subsection (2) of this section applies the Governor in Council shall, by notice given to or sent to the last-known address of the holder of the certificate give him an opportunity of claiming that the case be referred for such inquiry, and if the holder so claims in accordance with the notice the Governor in Council shall refer the case for inquiry accordingly.

(4) An inquiry under this section shall be held by a committee constituted for the purpose by the

Governor in Council and shall be conducted in such manner as the Governor in Council may direct :

Provided that any such inquiry may, if the Governor in Council thinks fit, instead of being held as aforesaid be held by a Judge of the Supreme Court and the practice and procedure on any inquiry so held shall be regulated by rules of court. A committee appointed under this section shall have all such powers, rights, and privileges as are vested in the Supreme Court or in any Judge thereof on the occasion of any action, in respect of the following matters :—

(a) The enforcing the attendance of witnesses and examining them on oath, affirmation, or otherwise, and the issue of a commission or a request to examine witnesses abroad ; and

(b) the compelling the production of documents ; and

(c) The punishing persons guilty of contempt ; and a summons signed by one or more members of the committee may be substituted for and shall be equivalent to any formal process capable of being issued in any action for enforcing the attendance of witnesses and compelling the production of documents.

(5) Where the Governor in Council revokes a certificate of local naturalization, the revocation shall have effect from such date as the Governor in Council may direct, and thereupon the certificate shall be given up and cancelled and any person refusing or neglecting to give up his certificate shall be liable on summary conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding One hundred pounds.

7. (1) Where a certificate of local naturalization is revoked the Governor in Council may by order direct that the wife and minor children (or any of them) of the person whose certificate is revoked shall cease to possess the local status of British Subject in the Colony and in the Dependencies thereof, and the wife or child, as the case may be, shall thereupon be regarded as an alien within the limits of the Colony and of the Dependencies thereof, but, except where the Governor in Council directs as aforesaid, the local status of British Subject in the Colony and in the Dependencies thereof possessed by the wife and minor children of the person whose certificate is revoked shall not be affected by the revocation and they shall continue to possess the local status of British Subject in the Colony and in the Dependencies thereof :

Provided that -

(a) It shall be lawful for the wife of any such person within six months after the date of the order of revocation to make a declaration of alienage and thereupon she and any minor children of her husband and herself shall cease to possess the local status of British Subject in the Colony and in the Dependencies thereof ;

Effect of revocation of a certificate of local naturalization.

(b) The Governor in Council shall not make any such order as aforesaid in the case of a wife who was at birth a British Subject unless he is satisfied that if she had held a certificate of local naturalization in her own right the certificate could properly have been revoked under this Ordinance, and the provisions of this Ordinance as to referring cases for enquiry shall apply to the making of any such order as they apply to the revocation of a certificate.

(2) The provisions of this section shall, as respects persons affected thereby, have effect in substitution for the provisions of section 8 of this Ordinance as to the effect upon the wife and minor children of any person who ceases to possess the local status of British subject in the Colony and in the Dependencies thereof in accordance with that section and the provisions of that section shall accordingly not apply in any such case.

(3) Where a certificate of local naturalization is revoked, the former holder thereof shall be regarded within the limits of the Colony and of the Dependencies thereof as an alien and as a subject of the state to which he belonged at the time the certificate was granted.

Loss of nationality by foreign naturalization.

8. A person locally naturalized under this Ordinance who when in any foreign state and not under disability, by obtaining a certificate of naturalization or by any other voluntary and formal act becomes naturalized therein, shall thenceforth be deemed to have ceased to possess the local status of British Subject in the Colony and in the Dependencies thereof, and the wife and every minor child of that person shall thereupon also cease to possess that status.

Repeal of Ordinance No. 5 of 1900, and No. 6 of 1928.

9. The Alien Ordinance, 1900, and the Alien (Amendment) Ordinance, 1928, are hereby repealed:

Provided that no rights or privileges as respects the local status of British Subject in the Colony and in the Dependencies thereof acquired by any person under the Aliens Ordinance, 1900, shall be regarded as cancelled by this Ordinance except in the manner therein prescribed.

Application to Dependencies.

10. This Ordinance shall apply alike to the Colony and to the Dependencies thereof.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 26th day of April, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 3rd day of May, 1929.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

FALKLAND ISLANDS AND DEPENDENCIES.

THE LOCAL NATURALIZATION ORDINANCE, 1929.

APPLICATION FOR LOCAL NATURALIZATION.

I,
a native of
.....

being desirous of obtaining the privileges of a British-born subject of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, hereby make Application to His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council for the grant of a Certificate of Local Naturalization and submit the following particulars in support of such Application.

Age

Occupation

Length of Residence in
Colony or Dependencies

Reason for Application

Place of Application

Date of Application

Signature of Applicant

We support this Application and recommend it for the favourable consideration of the Governor in Council.

.....
.....
.....

*Members of the Executive or Legislative
Councils, or Justices of the Peace.*

SECOND SCHEDULE.

FALKLAND ISLANDS AND DEPENDENCIES.

THE LOCAL NATURALIZATION ORDINANCE.

APPLICATION FOR LOCAL NATURALIZATION.

[L.S.]

.....
Governor.

Know all men by these presents that by virtue of the powers in him vested by the Local Naturalization Ordinance, 1929, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, has this day been pleased to grant this Certificate of Local Naturalization to

.....
of

who has duly taken and subscribed before the Governor the Oath of Allegiance.

Given under the Public Seal of the Colony this day of 19 .

.....
Clerk to the Executive Council.

Registered No. this day of , 19 .

.....
Registrar General.

Three Pounds Fee paid

.....
Treasurer.

NOTE. — This Certificate shall not be registered until the fee of Three Pounds has been paid and shall not be issued until it has been registered.

The Fee payable for a Certified Copy of this Certificate is One Pound.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1929.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

3rd May, 1929.

An Ordinance

To declare the Law relating to Aliens
and Destitute Immigrants.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:-

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Alien Ordinance, 1929. Short Title.
2. An alien coming from outside the Colony shall not land in the Colony unless he complies with the following conditions, that is to say:- Admission of aliens.
 - (1) He is in a position to support himself and his dependents;
 - (2) He is not a lunatic, idiot, or mentally deficient;
 - (3) He is not the subject of a certificate given by a medical officer in the service of the Government of the Colony that for medical reasons it is undesirable that he should be permitted to land in the Colony ;
 - (4) He has not been sentenced in a foreign country for any crime which would be a ground for extradition from the Colony; or
 - (5) He has not been prohibited from landing in the Colony by order of the Governor.
3. Every alien shall within a week after his landing in the Colony register his name, occupation, country and last residence at the office of the Police Magistrate. Registration of aliens.
4. When any person arrives in the Colony under an engagement to serve any person, firm, company, association or body of persons in any capacity and within a period of twelve months from the date of his arrival becomes chargeable to the Colony the person, firm, company, association or body of persons with whom the engagement as aforesaid was made shall be liable to repay to the Government of the Colony all costs and charges incurred on behalf Liability of employers for bringing persons.

of such person including hospital costs and charges and the cost of his removal from the Colony.

Liabilities of ship-masters for discharged or abandoned seamen.

5. When any seaman is discharged from a ship in the Colony without the sanction of the Shipping Master and without reasonable provision having been made as to his subsistence or not being a deserter is wrongfully left behind in the Colony and within a period of six months from the date of being so discharged or wrongfully left behind becomes chargeable to the Colony the master of the ship from which such seaman has been so discharged or wrongfully left behind shall be liable to repay to the Government of the Colony all costs and charges incurred on behalf of such seaman including hospital costs and charges and the cost of his removal from the Colony.

Liability of ship-masters bringing destitute persons.

6. The master of any ship, British or foreign, which brings into the Colony any person, not having been shipwrecked, who at the time of his landing is destitute of means of subsistence shall be liable to repay to the Government of the Colony all costs and charges incurred on behalf of such person unless the master of any ship aforesaid satisfies the Police Magistrate that he had made due enquiry and had sufficient reason to believe that such person was possessed of means of subsistence when he arrived in the Colony:

Provided that where the person so brought into the Colony came as a stowaway the master of any ship as aforesaid shall not be liable to repay the said costs and charges if such person is promptly handed over to the Chief Constable on the arrival of the ship and no money or compensation in respect of the passage of such person is paid or received.

Liability of owner in absence of shipmaster.

7. In the absence of the master of any ship or if the master of any ship departs from the Colony before he repays the costs and charges as aforesaid in the two preceding sections of this Ordinance the owner, agent and consignee of the ship at the time of the discharging, wrongfully leaving behind or landing of the seaman or person as aforesaid shall be liable jointly and severally to repay the costs and charges as aforesaid to the Government of the Colony.

Recovery of costs.

8. The costs and charges as aforesaid in the four preceding sections of this Ordinance shall be recoverable by suit as if an express agreement to repay them had been entered into with the Colonial Secretary by the person, firm, company, association, body, master, owner, agent or consignee chargeable.

Penalty.

9. Any person who acts in contravention of or fails to comply with the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 26th day of April, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 3rd day of May, 1929.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1929.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

3rd May, 1929.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance, 1929. Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance the term "Animal" shall mean any domestic or captured animal or bird. Definition.

3. Any person who cruelly beats, ill-treats, over-drives, over-rides, starves, grossly neglects, abuses or tortures any animal, or who works any animal when it is unfit for work or who causes or permits any animal being the owner thereof to be cruelly beaten, ill-treated, over-driven, over-ridden, starved, grossly neglected, abused or tortured, or to be worked when it is unfit for work shall be liable on conviction for the first offence to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding three months and for the second and every subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding twelve months or to both such fine and imprisonment. Penalty for ill-treatment.

Provided that where a person continues to use an animal as aforesaid for the purpose of completing a journey and has no reasonable opportunity of obtaining another animal for the purpose he shall not be deemed to have committed an offence under this Ordinance.

4. Any person who unlawfully and maliciously kills, maims, wounds or mutilates any animal shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding twelve months or to both such fine and imprisonment. Penalty for malicious killing and wounding.

Penalty for brutal slaughtering.

5. Any person who slaughters or who causes or permits to be slaughtered any animal in such a way as to cause unnecessary suffering to the animal slaughtered shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding twelve months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Compensation for damage done.

6. If any person by committing an offence under this Ordinance causes any damage or injury to be done to any animal and is not the owner thereof he shall be liable on conviction under section 3 or 4 of this Ordinance to pay the owner of the animal such sum of money by way of compensation as the Court may adjudge in addition to any fine or imprisonment which the Court may inflict in respect of the offence.

Reward to informer.

7. In any proceeding under this Ordinance the Court, if it so thinks fit, may order that a portion of the fine inflicted upon any person convicted of an offence under this Ordinance, not exceeding the one-half thereof, shall be paid to the person not being a police officer who has given the information leading to the conviction.

Power of Court to dispose of injured animal.

8. Where it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Court on a certificate signed by a qualified Veterinary Officer or in any proceeding under this Ordinance that any animal is mortally injured or so diseased or in such a physical condition that it is cruel to keep it alive the Court may order that the animal shall be destroyed in the manner which the Court directs and no compensation whatever shall be payable for or in respect of any animal so destroyed to the owner thereof or to any other person.

Power of Governor to dispose of stray or abandoned animal.

9. Where it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Governor that any animal is stray or abandoned such animal may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of as the Governor may direct.

Governor in Council may make regulations.

10. The Governor in Council may from time to time make regulations for the following purposes and when made may repeal or amend such regulations:-

(1) For ensuring for animals carried by sea a proper supply of food and water and proper ventilation during the passage and on landing ;

(2) For securing for any animals a proper supply of food and water during any period of detention prior to or consequent on embarkation or disembarkation ;

(3) For protecting any animals from unnecessary suffering during embarkation or disembarkation ; and

(4) For the prevention of export of any diseased or wounded animals or of any animals suffering with broken or dislocated limbs.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 26th day of April, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 3rd day of May, 1929.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1929.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

14th October, 1929.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Service of the Year, 1930.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the "Appropriation (1930) Ordinance, 1929." Short Title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending on the 31st of December, 1930, a sum not exceeding Sixty-nine thousand, one hundred and twelve pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1930. Appropriation £69,112 for service of year 1930.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 11th day of October, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 14th day of October, 1929.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	1800	0	0
II.	The Governor	2336	0	0
III.	Colonial Secretary	2779	0	0
IV.	Treasury and Customs	1846	0	0
V.	Post Office	3736	0	0
VI.	Telegraphs and Telephones	2872	0	0
VII.	Harbour	910	0	0
VIII.	Legal	161	0	0
IX.	Police and Prisons	914	0	0
X.	Medical	4431	0	0
XI.	Education	2619	0	0
XII.	Ecclesiastical	324	0	0
XIII.	Naturalist	70	0	0
XIV.	Military	1091	0	0
XV.	Stock	896	0	0
XVI.	Miscellaneous	3925	0	0
XVII.	Public Works	4720	0	0
XVIII.	Public Works Recurrent	5655	0	0
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	£ 41085	0	0
XIX.	Public Works Extraordinary	1230	0	0
APPENDIX I.	Expenditure to be met from Surplus Balances	2600	0	0
		£ 44915	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	24095	0	0
II.	Public Works Extraordinary	102	0	0
	Total	£ 69112	0	0

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by C. G. Allan.



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 8 of 1929.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

14th October, 1929.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900,
as amended by the Tariff (Import Duties)
Amendment Ordinance, 1927.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the
Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Import
Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1929", and shall be read and
construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900.

Short Title.

2. The First Schedule to the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as
amended by the Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinance,
1927, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following:—

Repeal and replace-
ment of First Sched-
ule of Tariff Ordin-
ance, 1900, as amend-
ed by the Tariff (Im-
port Duties) Amend-
ment Ordinance, 1927.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

TARIFF OF IMPORT DUTIES. £ s. d.

Spirits, not exceeding the strength of proof, as ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer and in proportion for any greater strength than strength of proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits, per gallon ...	1	10	0.
Wine in casks, per gallon		3	0.
Wine in reputed quarts, per dozen		6	9.
Wine in reputed pints, per dozen		3	6.
British Wines and all other unenumerated and unexempted beverages not liable to spirit duty, in reputed quarts, per dozen ...		4	6.

	£	s.	d.
Malt liquor, mum, spruce, cider and perry, in casks, per gallon			6.
in reputed quarts, per dozen	1		0.
in reputed pints, per dozen			6.
Cigars, per lb.	6		9.
Cigarettes, cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff, per lb.	4		0.
All other unexempted tobacco, per lb.	3		0.
Matches, for every gross of boxes, not ex- ceeding 10,000 matches	4		0.
for every gross of boxes, exceeding 10,000 matches, per 10,000 matches	4		0.
and so in proportion.			

Passed by the Legislative Council this 11th day of October, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 14th day of October, 1929.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 9 of 1929.

I ASSENT,
ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

14th October, 1929.

An Ordinance

To amend the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921, as amended by the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1922.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, by an with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :-

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929", and shall be read and construed as one with the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921, as amended by the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1922.

Short Title.

2. Section 4 of the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1922, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following Section :-

Repeal and replacement of Section 4 of the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1922.

"4. Where the Governor is satisfied that reciprocal provisions have been made by the Legislature of any British possession or any territory under His Majesty's protection for the enforcement within such possession or territory of Maintenance Orders made by Courts in the Falkland Islands, the Governor may by Proclamation extend this Ordinance to such possession or territory, and this Ordinance shall thereupon

"apply in respect of such possession or territory as though the references to England or Ireland were references to such possession or territory and the references to the Secretary of State for the Colonies were references to the Governor of such possession or territory."

Passed by the Legislative Council this 11th day of October, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 14th day of October, 1929.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 10 of 1929.

I ASSENT,
ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

14th October, 1929.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924, the duty of Customs to be raised, levied, collected, and paid upon whale oil which shall have been raised in the Colony or in the Dependencies thereof and shall be shipped for places beyond the limits of the Colony or of the Dependencies thereof during the 1929-1930 whaling season shall be fixed at the rate of 2/- for each barrel of forty gallons. Special rate of duty on export of whale oil during the 1929-1930 season.

2. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1929", and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924. Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 11th day of October, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 14th day of October, 1929.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 11 of 1929.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

14th October, 1929.

An Ordinance

To amend the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance, 1929.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, thereof as follows:-

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929", and shall be read and construed as one with the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance, 1929.

Short Title.

2. Any person convicted of a contravention of any regulation made by the Governor in Council under Section 10 of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance, No. 6 of 1929, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds, or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding twelve months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Penalty for breach of Regulations.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 11th day of October, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 14th day of October, 1929.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

PART II.

RULES, REGULATIONS, ETC.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, &c., &c., &c.

[L.S.]

By His Excellency ARNOLD HODSON, ESQUIRE,
Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by Section 4 of the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1922, it is provided that "where the Governor is satisfied that reciprocal provisions have been made by the Legislature of any British possession or any territory under His Majesty's protection for the enforcement within such possession or territory of maintenance orders made by Courts in the Falkland Islands, the Governor may by Proclamation extend the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921, to maintenance orders made by Courts within such possession or territory, and thereupon the said Ordinance shall apply to such maintenance orders as if they had been made in England or Ireland."

AND WHEREAS the Governor is satisfied that the Governor-General of the Commonwealth of Australia is prepared to make reciprocal provisions for the enforcement within the territory for the Seat of Government of the Commonwealth of Australia of maintenance orders made by Courts in the Falkland Islands.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Governor by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in him by the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1922, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows:

The Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance, 1921, as amended by the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1922, shall extend to maintenance orders made by Courts within the Territory for the Seat of Government of the Commonwealth of Australia in like manner as it applies to maintenance orders made in England or Ireland.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 12th day of March, in the Year of Our Lord, One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-nine.

By Command of His Excellency the Governor,

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 3.

Proclamation

1929.

[L.S.]

ARNOLD HODSON.

Governor.

In virtue of the powers in me vested by the Falkland Islands Currency Note Order, 1899, as amended by the Falkland Islands Currency Note (Amendment) Order, 1920, and otherwise, I ARNOLD HODSON, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby proclaim and order, and it is hereby proclaimed and ordered as follows:—

The fixed proportion of the Coin portion of the Note Guarantee Fund to be kept in the custody of the Board of Commissioners of Currency shall be in value equal to one-third of the currency notes for the time being in circulation.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. M. ELLIS.

Colonial Secretary.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 15th day of March, 1929.

No. 4.

Proclamation

1929.

[L.S.]

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in me by Section 3 of the Dogs Ordinance, No. 5 of 1892, and otherwise, I, ARNOLD HODSON, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby proclaim and notify that, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council thereof, I have this day made the Order below set out.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 24th day of April, 1929.

By His Excellency's Command,

G. R. L. BROWN,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

Order.

The Order made by Proclamation No. 1 of 1928 dated the 23rd day of January, 1928, for the prevention of the Spread of Distemper among dogs within the Colony is hereby revoked.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Harbour Ordinance, 1902.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

In virtue of the powers in him vested by section 2 of the Harbour Ordinance, 1902, and otherwise, the Governor with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased hereby to make the following Regulations.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Harbour Regulations, 1929. | Short Title. |
| 2. For every vessel, lighter, barge, or hulk anchored or moored in the harbour of Stanley for a period exceeding one month there shall be paid to the Harbour Master by the owner of such vessel, lighter, barge or hulk in respect of each year or part of a year during which such vessel, lighter, barge, or hulk is so anchored or moored a fee of £10. | Fee to be paid for storage vessels and hulks. |
| 3. No floating dock shall be anchored or moored in the harbour of Stanley without the permission in writing of the Harbour Master and for every floating dock so anchored or moored there shall be paid to the Harbour Master by the owner of such floating dock in respect of each year or part of a year during which such floating dock is so anchored or moored a fee of £20. | Floating docks not to be moored without permission and fee payable. |
| 4. For every ton of sand, stone or gravel taken or removed by permission of the Harbour Master from the harbour of Stanley or from the beach thereof, there shall be paid to the Harbour Master the sum of One Shilling. | Fee payable for sand, etc. removed from the harbour. |

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 24th day of April, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

Bye-laws made by the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island, under sections 18 and 19 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the "Extermination of Rats and Mice (Amendment) Bye-laws 1929", and shall be read and construed as one with the Extermination of Rats and Mice Bye-Laws, 1929. Short Title.

2. The following clause shall be added to the Extermination of Rats and Mice Bye-laws, 1929:- Penalty.

Any person failing to comply with the provisions of these Bye-laws shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding £2 for each offence and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine not exceeding 5/s- for each day on which the the offence continues after written notice of the said offence has been duly served upon him by the Board.

Made by the Board of Health at a meeting held on the 25th day of March, 1929.

F. O'SULLIVAN,

Clerk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 24th day of April, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

Bye-Laws made by the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island under sections 18 and 19 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the "Board of Health (East Falkland Island) Consolidated (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1929," and shall be read and construed as one with the Board of Health (East Falkland Island) Consolidated Bye-laws, 1894. Short Title.
2. No horse, cow, sheep, pig, fowl, duck, goose or other similar domesticated animal or bird shall be kept within a distance of thirty feet from any dwelling house or in any place where in the opinion of the Board it is or is likely to become a nuisance or injurious to the public health. Animals.
3. The Back premises of any house or building in the Town of Stanley and the passage or passages leading to the same shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition and shall be properly drained to the satisfaction of the Board. If in the opinion of the Board the back premises or passage are or is in a dirty or insanitary condition or improperly drained or of such construction as to render a dirty or insanitary condition likely to exist the Board may serve upon the owner or the occupier of the premises or the passage a notice in writing requiring him to remedy the said condition or defect in drainage or construction within a time to be specified in the notice and if the owner or occupier as aforesaid fails to comply with the notice or with any part thereof he shall be guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws. Yards.
4. The occupier of any premises in or on which there is any escape of night soil, urine or filth of similar description from any latrine, closet or urinal shall be guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws. Escape of night soil prohibited.
5. Any person who deposits any night soil, urine or filth of similar description in any ashpit or in any hole or place or digs or constructs any hole or place for the reception of any night soil, urine or filth of similar description except with the permission of the Board in writing or throws any night soil, urine or filth of similar description or allows any night soil, urine or filth of similar description to be deposited or to flow on any yard, plot, street, footpath or public place or into any drain not constructed for the reception of night soil, urine, or filth of similar description shall be guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws. Disposal of night soil prohibited.
6. Any persons who throws or deposits or causes to be thrown or deposited any accumulation of dust, refuse, garbage or decaying animal, vegetable or other noxious matter in or upon any street, footpath, or other public place shall be guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws. The presence of any such accumulation in the immediate vicinity of any home, building or premises shall be evidence *prima facie* that it has been there thrown or deposited by the occupier of such home, building or premises. Disposal of refuse prohibited.
7. Any person who makes any quarry, excavation, or hole in the ground of such description as is likely to be injurious or dangerous to the public health or safety without the permission of the Board in writing shall be guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws. Where the permission of the Board is given as aforesaid Quarries and Excavations.

such quarry, excavation, or hole in the ground shall be made subject to any condition with regard to the fencing, lighting, filling up, or otherwise making secure thereof which the Board may consider necessary in the interest of the public health and safety.

Damage to Streets and Watermains.

8. Any person who wilfully or negligently damages or otherwise interferes with any public street, footpath, watermain, drain or sewer in such a manner as to cause injury or danger to the public health shall be guilty of an offence against these Bye-laws.

Amendment to Clause 41.

9. Section 41 of the Board of Health (East Falkland Island) Consolidated Bye-laws, 1894, is hereby amended by the substitution of the words "Two Pounds" for the words "Five Pounds."

Repeal.

10. Sections 10, 12, and 34 of the Board of Health (East Falkland Island) Consolidated Bye-laws, 1894, are hereby repealed.

Made by the Board of Health at a meeting held on the 25th day of March, 1929.

F. O'SULLIVAN,

Clerk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the Twenty-fourth day of April, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

Bye-laws made by the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island, under sections 18 and 19 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the "Board of Health (East Falkland Island) Building Bye-laws, 1929".

Short Title.

2. In these Bye-laws the term "The Board" means the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island; and the term "public water-main, drain, or sewer" means any watermain, drain, or sewer maintained in Stanley for the public service by the Government of the Colony.

Definitions.

3. No person shall erect or begin to erect any building in the town of Stanley until he has:—

No building to be erected in Stanley without permission.

- (a) Made an application to the Board;
- (b) Furnished the Board with the drawings and other documents specified in the following Bye-laws; and
- (c) Obtained from the Board a written permit to be called a "Building Permit" and to be signed by the President of the Board on behalf of the Board, to erect the building.

4. Any person who intends to erect a building in the Town of Stanley shall, except where otherwise provided, furnish the Board with:—

Descriptions of drawings and documents required.

- (a) drawings showing elevations, sections and plans of every floor of the intended building drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to every eight feet;
- (b) a block plan showing the position of the intended building and of the buildings already existing if any on the proposed site, the boundaries of the proposed site, and the position of any buildings immediately adjoining the proposed site as well as the name of the owner of such building. The block plan shall also show the proposed lines of the water supply and the drainage of the intended building and the lines of any public water-main or sewer with which it is proposed to connect the water supply and the drainage of the intended building; and
- (c) a description in writing of the materials with which it is proposed to erect the intended building and to construct the water supply and drainage of the intended building.

5. Every document or drawing specified in the foregoing Bye-law shall be forwarded to the Board in duplicate and one copy of every such drawing or document shall be retained by the Board and shall become the property of the Board. Every such drawing or document or duplicate copy thereof shall be signed by the person who furnishes the same or by his duly appointed agent.

Drawings to be in duplicate and to be signed.

6. The Board shall have power to inspect any building in respect of which a Building Permit has been granted under these Bye-laws in the course of erection and on completion and if any portion or detail thereof is in contravention of the provisions of any of these Bye-laws the Board may by written notice require the

Power of Entry.

person erecting the building to make within a time to be specified in the notice such alterations as may be necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of these Bye-laws.

Erection without or contrary to permit.

7. If any person erects or begins to erect any building in the town of Stanley and has not first obtained a Building Permit under these Bye-laws or if any person in the erection of any building in respect of which a Building Permit has been granted under these Bye-laws contravenes any of the provisions of these Bye-laws or fails to comply with any written notice duly served upon him, the Board may by written notice require him to demolish and remove the building or any portion thereof or to make any such alterations in the building as the Board may prescribe, within a time to be specified in the notice, and in the same or another notice the Board may notify him that if the requirements of the notice are not satisfied within the time specified the Board will enter upon the building and carry out the said demolition, removal, or alteration and will recover from him all costs and expenses rightly incurred by the Board on that behalf.

Building to be erected within reasonable time.

8. If any building in respect of which a Building Permit has been granted under these Bye-laws is not completed within a reasonable time in the opinion of the Board the Board may give notice in writing to the person to whom the said Building Permit has been granted that unless he completes the building on or before a date to be specified in the notice the said Building Permit shall be deemed to have lapsed; provided that nothing in this Bye-law shall prevent any person thereunder from making a fresh application for a Building Permit in the manner prescribed in these Bye-laws.

Occupation of new buildings.

9. No person shall occupy or shall allow to be occupied any new building until the building has been certified by the Board to be in the opinion of the Board in every respect fit for occupation and in the case of a domestic building fit for human habitation.

No building to be altered.

10. Where any building has been erected either precedent to or under these Bye-laws no person shall alter the building in such a way that the same as altered would, as at first so erected, have been in contravention of any of the provisions of these Bye-laws and no person shall, except with the permission in writing and upon such terms as the Board may prescribe, use the building or allow the building, being the owner thereof, to be used otherwise than for the purposes specified or indicated in the original application and plans in respect thereof as made and furnished to the Board.

No alteration in plans.

11. No alteration shall be made in the plans or details of any building to be erected in the town of Stanley as approved by the Board except with the permission in writing of the Board.

Preparation of site.

12. The site of a building in respect of which a Building Permit has been granted under these Bye-laws shall be prepared by removing all animal or vegetable matter and shall be dug out to such depth as may be considered necessary in the opinion of the Board.

Footings.

13. Any person who erects a building under these Bye-laws shall construct every wall thereof so as to rest upon proper footings.

Concrete.

14. All concrete used in the erection of a building under these Bye-laws shall be composed of clean gravel, broken hard brick, broken stone, or other hard material approved by the Board and shall be well mixed with freshly burned lime or good cement in the proportion of at least one to six.

Air space under floors.

15. The underside of any floor joist or plate of a building erected under these Bye-laws shall be at the least 6 inches above the

surface of the underlying gravel and shall be efficiently ventilated by the insertion of air bricks, gratings or two inch slots left in the concrete foundations of outer and sleeper walls.

16. When a timber framed building is erected under these Bye-laws the several timbers and materials used shall be of such size and strength as may be necessary in the opinion of the Board to secure due stability.

Stability of materials.

17. Any stone or brick building erected under these Bye-laws for use as a dwelling house shall be constructed with a damp proof course of durable material impervious to moisture. The damp proof course may consist of sheet lead, asphalt three quarters of an inch in thickness, neat cement three quarters of an inch in thickness, slabs embedded in the cement or such other materials as the Board may approve.

Damp Courses.

18. A person who erects a building under these Bye-laws shall not fix in the building any pipe for the purpose of conveying smoke or other products of combustion unless the pipe is fixed at a distance of at least eight inches from any combustible substance and such combustible substance furthermore is protected with asbestos sheeting or steel plate so as to leave an air space at the least of half an inch between such combustible substance and the said asbestos sheeting or steel plate.

Stove Piping.

19. Where a chimney is built against a wooden building (erected under these Bye-laws) the back of the chimney shall be built of brickwork not less than nine inches in thickness from the floor level to the height of one foot above the arch bar and the remaining portion of the back and the other sides of the chimney shall be built of brickwork not less than four and a half inches in thickness.

Chimneys.

20. The inside of every brick smoke flue in any building erected under these Bye-laws shall throughout the whole extent thereof be rendered, pargetted or lined with lime mortar.

Flues to be rendered pargetted or lined.

21. Where any brick smoke flue in any building erected under these Bye-laws passes through any floor or roof or behind or against any woodwork the outside of such brick flue shall be similarly rendered, pargetted, or lined with lime mortar or cement.

Flue against woodwork similarly to be treated.

22. In any building erected under these Bye-laws the floor under every oven, copper, steam boiler or stove for the combustion of solid fuel and the floor around the same shall for a space of one foot and three inches be formed of materials of an incombustible and non-heat conducting nature.

Floors under ovens, stoves, etc. etc.

23. In any building erected under these Bye-laws there shall be laid level with the floor before the opening of every chimney a slab of stone, tiles, bricks, or other incombustible substance for half the width at the least of the chimney breast jamb on either side of such opening and one foot four inches at the least wide at the breast thereof.

Hearths.

24. In any building erected under these Bye-laws for domestic use the backyard thereof shall be provided with a pathway extending along and adjacent to the back of the premises and such pathway shall be constructed of concrete flat bricks or rubble bedded in cement and sand or other approved materials and the width of such pathway shall not be less than four feet and shall slope half an inch to the foot from the building and shall be drained so as to discharge into the nearest public drain.

Backyard pavings.

Gutters and down pipes.

25. Any building erected under these Bye-laws shall be provided with gutters, and down pipes which may be of cast iron, steel, zinc or wood and in every case shall be efficiently jointed with red lead or other suitable composition and shall be laid with a true and even fall of at least one inch in ten feet towards the outlet at the head of the down pipe. The gutters shall be supported at intervals of not more than four feet on strong brackets which shall be securely fixed. Every outlet for waste water shall be connected to the nearest public drain in such manner as may be directed by the Board.

Closets.

26. In any building erected under these Bye-laws the floor of every water-closet and of every earth-closet shall be smooth and made of non-absorbent materials, shall be in every part under or forming the bottom of the receptacle for filth at least three inches above the surface of the adjoining ground and shall have a fall of at least half an inch to the foot.

Water-Closets.

27. In any building erected under these Bye-laws every water-closet shall be so constructed so as to comply with the following requirements where applicable :-

(1) If the water-closet is within the building, one of its sides at least shall be an external wall.

(2) If the water-closet cannot be entered from the external air, it shall be provided with a window of an area not less than one and a half square feet exclusive of the frames set in a wall opening directly into the external air.

(3) If the water-closet can be entered from the external air it shall be provided with a sufficient opening for light and ventilation as near to the top as practicable and communicating directly with the external air.

(4) It shall be provided with a separate cistern or flushing box of adequate capacity.

(5) No part of the water-closet apparatus other than the cistern or flushing box shall be directly connected with any pipe leading from a public watermain.

(6) It shall be provided with a pan, basin or other suitable receptacle of non-absorbent material so constructed as to receive and retain a sufficient quantity of water adequately to seal or to trap such pan, basin or other receptacle and to allow any filth to fall free from the sides directly into the water.

(7) It shall be provided with suitable apparatus for the effectual application of the water in the cistern or flushing box to the pan, basin or other receptacle and for the prompt and effectual flushing and cleansing of the pan.

(8) No container or similar fitting shall be fitted under the pan, basin or other receptacle.

Earth-Closets.

28. In any building erected under these Bye-laws every closet for pails shall not be less than six feet distant from any dwelling house or public building or any building in which any person is employed in any trade or business, shall be provided with a window of an area not less than one and a half square feet, exclusive of the frame, set in a wall opening directly into the external air, shall be provided with a moveable metal pail for the deposit of filth of a capacity sufficient in the opinion of the Board to meet the requirements of the occupier of the building, and shall have facilities for the removal of filth without being carried through any dwelling house, public building or any building in which any person is employed in any trade or business.

Ashpits.

29. Any building erected under these Bye-laws shall be provided with an ashpit or receptacle for ashes and other non liquid

refuse to the satisfaction of the Board. Such ashpit shall be maintained by the owner of the building in good order to the satisfaction of the Board and shall meet with the following requirements.

(1) It shall be constructed at the least ten feet from any dwelling house, public building, or any building in which any person is employed in any trade or business.

(2) It shall be so constructed as to afford ready means for cleansing and removing its contents without being carried through any dwelling house, public building, or any building in which any person is employed in any trade or business.

(3) It shall be of such cubic capacity not less than twelve feet as is sufficient to contain all dust, ashes and dry refuse which may accumulate therein during the period of one month.

(4) It shall be constructed with walls made of metal, stones or brick bound together with mortar or cement or otherwise made of non-absorbent materials.

(5) It shall be constructed with doors so made, fitted as to admit of being securely closed and fastened and to prevent the escape of the contents.

(6) It shall be properly roofed over with non-inflammable materials.

30. In any building erected under these Bye-laws any room intended to be used as a living room shall not be less than seven feet from floor to ceiling and shall have a clear superficial floor area of not less than one hundred square feet and any room intended to be used as a sleeping room shall have a clear superficial floor area of not less than sixty square feet for every person sleeping therein subject to a total floor area of not less than one hundred square feet. For the purpose of this Bye-law two children under twelve years of age shall be reckoned as one person.

Height and area of rooms.

31. In any building erected under these Bye-laws any room intended to be used as a living or sleeping room shall be ventilated and lighted to the satisfaction of the Board, by means of a window or windows opening directly into the external air. The area of such window or windows clear of the frame or frames shall equal at the least one tenth of the superficial floor area. One half of every such window shall open and the opening shall extend to the top. Any room without a fireplace and flue which is intended to be used as a living or sleeping room shall have a special ventilation opening in size at the least one hundred square inches.

Light and ventilation.

32. Any drain constructed after the passing of these Bye-laws for the drainage of any building in the Town of Stanley, whether erected under these Bye-laws or already existing, shall be constructed of good sound pipes formed of glazed stoneware, heavy cast iron or other suitable material to the satisfaction of the Board. Such drain shall be of adequate size in the opinion of the Board and if constructed or adapted for the purpose of the conveyance of sewage shall have an internal diameter of not less than four inches and shall be laid with a sufficient fall in the opinion of the Board and with socketted or otherwise watertight joints. No such drain shall be so constructed as to pass under any building or part of a building except in a case where no other mode of construction is practicable, and if any such drain shall be so constructed as to pass under any building or part of a building such drain shall be so laid in the ground that there shall be a distance at the least to the full diameter thereof between the top of such drain and the surface of the ground under the building or part of the building aforesaid. No such drain shall be constructed in a manner so as to allow any inlet to be made to such drain within the building except any inlet which may be

Drains.

necessary from the apparatus of any water-closet or slop sink constructed to be used within the building for the reception of liquid or solid filth.

Drains to be approved by Colonial Engineer on behalf of the Board.

33. No drain constructed after the passing of these Bye-laws for the drainage of any building in the Town of Stanley, whether erected under these Bye-laws or already existing, shall be covered up unless it has been inspected, tested and approved by the Colonial Engineer on behalf of the Board to whom three days' notice at the least beforehand shall be given of the intention so to cover up.

Waste and overflow Pipes.

34. Any waste pipe from any bath or lavatory basin or any other pipe for the conveyance of foul or wash water constructed after the passing of these Bye-laws in any building in the Town of Stanley, whether erected under these Bye-laws or already existing, shall be trapped and taken through an external wall and shall discharge in the open air over a trapped gully with proper grating to the satisfaction of the Board, and any overflow pipe from any cistern or water-closet in the manner constructed shall be taken through an external wall and shall discharge in the open air.

Connections to Public Drain.

35. All connections made after the passing of these Bye-laws from any building in the Town of Stanley to any watermain drain or sewer shall be made by the Colonial Engineer or his duly authorised agent or agents on behalf of the Board and the cost of every such connection shall be payable to the Colonial Engineer by the owner of the building to which such connection is made and no unauthorised person shall interfere in any way with any public water-main, drain or sewer.

Stables.

36. No stable, cowshed, fowl house, fowl coup, pig sty or any building in which any animal or bird is intended to be kept shall be erected within a distance of thirty feet from any dwelling house or in any position where in the opinion of the Board it is or is likely to become a nuisance or injurious to the public health.

Tanks.

37. Any barrel, cistern or tank intended to hold water for drinking or domestic purposes shall be provided with a good and sufficient cover to the satisfaction of the Board and where any barrel, cistern or tank is constructed or adapted for the storage of water for drinking purposes it shall not be connected directly with any water closet.

Demolition of ruinous buildings.

38. Where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Board that any house, building or other structure of any kind is so ruinous as to be dangerous to the public safety the Board may serve upon the owner of such house, building or other structure a notice in writing requiring him to begin to shore up, secure or otherwise make safe such house, building or structure to the satisfaction of the Board or to begin to demolish and remove such house, building or structure within seven days of the receipt of the said notice, and to continue so to shore up, secure or otherwise make safe or to demolish and remove without intermission until the requirements of the Board is finally completed, and to complete finally the requirements of the Board within a time to be specified in the notice and, if after the lapse of seven days from the receipt of the said notice or of the time specified the owner of such house, building or structure fails in due manner to comply with the requirements of the Board, the Board may thereupon carry out the work of demolition and removal prescribed and may recover from the owner of such home, building or structure the cost properly incurred in connection with the work or demolition and removal.

Vacation of dangerous building.

39. Where any house, building or structure in the opinion of the Board is in a dangerous condition or is endangered by the

condition of any other building the Board may require the occupier of such house, building or structure to vacate it and if a requirement of the Board to vacate any house, building or structure under this Bye-law is not forthwith complied with the Board may bring the matter before a court of Summary Jurisdiction and upon sufficient cause being shown may obtain from the Court an order for the ejection from the house, building or structure of the occupier thereof.

40. Any person failing to comply with or committing an offence against the provisions of these Bye-laws shall be liable, where no other penalty is herein prescribed to a fine not exceeding Two POUNDS for each offence, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine not exceeding FIVE SHILLINGS for each day on which the breach or offence continues after written notice of the said breach or offence or order of the Board has been duly served upon him. Penalty.

41. Sections 5 to 9 of the Board of Health (East Falkland Island) Consolidated Bye-laws, 1921 are hereby repealed. Repeal.

Made by the Board of Health at a meeting held on the twenty-fifth day of March, 1929.

F. O'SULLIVAN,

Clerk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the twenty-fourth day of April, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Vacation Leave and Passage Regulations.

(For Officers on the Permanent Establishment).

(Consolidating and amending the Vacation Leave and Passage Regulations dated the 1st of May, 1928, 15th of March, 1929 and 11th of September, 1929).

—:0:—

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

23rd September, 1929.

Leave.

1. No officer shall be allowed to take full pay vacation leave before he has completed two consecutive years of resident service, except on the grounds of urgent private affairs or serious indisposition. Subject to this condition and to the necessities of the Service, officers on the Permanent Establishment may be granted four months' full pay vacation leave for each period of two and a half years' resident service. Such leave may not be accumulated and will in the ordinary course be granted at the end of each period of two and a half years' resident service. It may, at the discretion of the Governor, be granted after two years' resident service but in that case the officer concerned will not become entitled to a further period of vacation leave until he has completed a further period of three years' resident service.

2. In the case of officers who have completed two or more years' consecutive resident service spending their leave in some place other than the Colony or South America, the time necessarily taken on the journey to and from such place (not exceeding four weeks) shall not be reckoned as leave.

Provided that the time necessarily taken on a journey to or from the United Kingdom including any break of journey in South America or any other place shall be deemed to be four weeks.

3. Short periods of absence from duty owing to sickness or for purposes of relaxation will be allowed on full pay, in accordance with any special rules on the subject, without affecting full pay vacation leave.

4. An officer will be required to embark for the Falkland Islands by the first steamer leaving the place where he is spending his leave after the date on which his leave of absence expires, and will be allowed pay at the rate which he is then drawing for any days which may elapse between the expiration of his leave and the departure of the steamer, provided that if there is a later steamer which is timed to arrive at his destination before the first one, he will be required to proceed by the later one. Extension of leave will date from the expiration of the original leave, and not from the day on which the officer would have had to embark if his leave had not been extended.

5. Any circumstances not covered by these regulations will be governed by the Colonial Regulations.

Passage.

6. Free passages to the United Kingdom for himself and for his wife and children up to a maximum of three full return passages will be allowed to an officer who has been granted leave under the above regulations and whose initial rate of salary is not less than £200 a year. Officers whose initial salary is less than £200 a year will be eligible to receive

half the cost of such return passages, or if they prefer it, to receive free passages on their return journey. Alternatively officers whose initial salary is less than £200 a year, if appointed from the United Kingdom, will be allowed by accumulation return passages after five years' resident service.

7. Passages to and from the United Kingdom will be provided in the normal course by the direct route and will not be provided except in special circumstances to be determined by the Governor by the longer route via the west coast of South America. When the officer desires in the absence of such special circumstances to proceed by the longer route he will be granted towards the cost of his passage the equivalent amount only of the cost of a passage by the direct route.

8. Where the officer does not proceed to the United Kingdom by the direct route or by the longer route in the special circumstances above mentioned he will be granted towards the cost of his passage an amount not exceeding the equivalent amount of the cost of a passage by the direct route on the production of duly receipted vouchers in respect of the expenditure actually incurred. On no account will the officer be granted an amount in excess of the expenditure actually incurred on his passage by whatever route he may proceed.

9. Where the officer proceeds to or from the United Kingdom and breaks his journey at Montevideo in transshipment he will be allowed passages from or to Montevideo at the ordinary first class rate by the "D" service of the Royal Mail Steam Packet or by a line not more expensive than such service, irrespective of the cost of his passages to or from Montevideo from or to the Colony.

10. An officer spending his leave outside the Colony, but not in the United Kingdom, will be given free passages from and to the Colony for himself, his wife and his children, up to a maximum of three full return passages, and provided that the cost shall not exceed the amount that would have been payable under these regulations if the officer and his wife had proceeded to the United Kingdom.

11. The cost of passages for the members of an officer's family granted in accordance with the provisions of the preceding sections shall be payable only if they travel with him or shortly in advance of him, unless the Secretary of State or the Governor sees fit to make an exception to this rule for special reasons of health or otherwise.

12. In the case of officers with an initial rate of salary of not less than £400 the class of passage shall be first class and of other officers second class.

General.

13. The Vacation Leave and Passage Regulations do not apply to officers engaged on agreement with the Crown Agents for the Colonies even though they hold offices on the permanent establishment.

14. In the case of an officer who holds an office on the permanent establishment either on probation or for a stated period the Vacation Leave and Passage Regulations do not apply unless and until the officer is confirmed in the office or is retained for a further period.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

Bye-Laws made by the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island, amending the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island (Slaughterhouse and Inspection of Stock) Regulations, 1928.

1. These regulations may be cited as the "Board of Health for the East Falkland Island (Slaughterhouse and Inspection of Stock) (Amendment) Regulations, 1929". Short Title.

2. Sections 13, 18, 19, and 20 of the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island (Slaughterhouse and Inspection of Stock) Regulations, 1928, are hereby repealed and replaced by the following : Repeal and replacement of Sections 13, 18, 19, and 20, of the Board of Health for East Falkland Island (Slaughterhouse and Inspection of Stock) Regulations, 1928.

"13. In every slaughtering place the killing, dressing and hanging places shall be floored with concrete and the walls constructed of impervious materials."

"18. The road leading to the slaughterhouse shall be paved, metalled or boarded to the satisfaction of the Board".

"19. No hide, skins, or other portion of any carcass likely to become a nuisance shall be stored in any killing, dressing or hanging place. An incinerator or refuse destructor shall be provided for the destruction of condemned carcasses or hide trimmings and other waste or noxious matter."

"20. Proper and sufficient urinal and closet accommodation shall be provided to the satisfaction of the Board, such accommodation to be contained in a separate structure apart from the main building."

Made by the Board of Health at a meeting held on the 28th day of October, 1929.

F. O'SULLIVAN,

Clerk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of November, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

Bye-laws made by the Board of Health for the East Falkland Island, amending the Stanley Milk Supply Protection Bye-laws, 1928.

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the "Stanley Milk Supply Protection (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1929." Short Title.

2. Sections 5 and 15 of the Stanley Milk Supply Protection Bye-laws, 1928, are hereby repealed and replaced by the following : Repeal and replacement of Sections 5 and 15 of Stanley Milk Supply Protection Bye-laws 1928.
 - "5. Any person who sells (a) Fresh Milk containing "less than 3 per centum of milk fat or less than 8.5 per centum of natural solids not fat : (b) Milk or cream, which "is dirty, adulterated or diluted with water or other liquid : "(c) Skimmed, separated, impoverished, or boiled milk for "fresh milk : (d) Milk or cream from any cow which is or is "suspected to be suffering from any form of Tuberculosis or "from any contagious or infectious disease : (e) Milk which "contains more than 200,000 organisms per c.c. or b.c.c. in "1/100 of c.c. or which has been heated : or (f) Milk or cream "from any cow which is or is suspected to be in an unhealthy "condition or from any cow which has calved less than three "days previously shall be guilty of an offence against these "Bye-laws."

 - "15. The Inspector so appointed shall be empowered "to enter places where cows are kept for the purpose, as "specified above, of inspecting cows, premises and utensils "and of taking samples of milk for examination at any time "before delivery to customers at reasonable hours between "sunrise and sunset. Such samples of milk shall be paid for."

Made by the Board of Health at a meeting held on the 28th day of October, 1929.

F. O'SULLIVAN,
Clerk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of November, 1929.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.



ORDINANCES

of the

COLONY

of the

FALKLAND ISLANDS

enacted during the year

1930

together with the

Rules, Regulations etc., etc.,

made during that year.

PART I.

ORDINANCES.

Printed at the Government Printing Office, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

PRICE 2/-. To be purchased from the Colonial Secretary, Stanley, and from the Crown Agents
for the Colonies, 4 Millbank, London, S.W. 1.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

—:0:—

Ordinance No. 1 of 1930.	The Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 2	The Registration of United Kingdom Patents Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 3	The Motor Car (Speed Limit) Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 4	The Supplementary Appropriation (1929) Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 5	The Firearms Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 6	The Dogs Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 7	The Post Office (Amendment) Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 8	The Appropriation (1931) Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 9	The Tariff Amendment Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 10	The Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 11	The Falkland Islands Currency Notes Ordinance, 1930.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1930.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

29th April, 1930.

An Ordinance

To apply the rate of Export Duty fixed by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1928, and the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1929, on Whale Oil to Seal Oil.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

1. The duty of Customs fixed by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1928, and the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1929, to be raised, levied, collected and paid upon whale oil shipped or which shall be shipped during the whaling season 1928-1929 and the whaling season 1929-1930, that is to say 2/- for each barrel of forty gallons, shall be raised, levied, collected and paid on Seal Oil raised or which shall be raised in the Colony or in the Dependencies thereof and shipped or which shall be shipped for places beyond the limits of the Colony or the Dependencies thereof during the sealing season 1929 and the sealing season 1930.

Special rate of duty on export of Seal Oil during seasons 1929 and 1930.

Short title.

2. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1930", and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, and with the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1928, and the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1929.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 29th day of April, 1930.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 29th day of April, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1930.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

29th April, 1930.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Registration in the Colony of Letters Patent granted in the United Kingdom. Title.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :— Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Registration of United Kingdom Patents Ordinance, 1930." Short title.

2. Any person being the grantee of a patent in the United Kingdom or any person deriving his right from such grantee by assignment, transmission or other operation of law may apply within three years from the date of issue of the patent to have such patent registered in the Colony. Where any partial assignment or transmission has been made, all proper parties shall be joined in the application for registration. To whom certificates of registration may be granted.

3. Every application under this Ordinance shall be addressed to the Registrar-General, and there shall be transmitted with such application : Procedure.

- (1) A certificate of the Comptroller General of the United Kingdom Patent Office giving full particulars of the issue of the patent.
- (2) Two certified copies of the complete specification (including the drawings if any) in relation to any patent.
- (3) In the case of an assignment, an affidavit that the applicant is the assignee in respect of this Colony of the registered proprietor of the patent.
- (4) A fee of One Pound.

4. Upon such application being received, together with the documents mentioned in Section 3 of this Ordinance, the Registrar-General shall issue a certificate of registration. Issue of certificates of registration.

Privileges and rights conferred.

5. Such certificate of registration shall confer on the applicant privileges and rights subject to all conditions established by the law of this Colony as though the patent had been issued in the United Kingdom with an extension to the Colony.

Certificate of registration in Colony to remain in force concurrently with certificate of registration in United Kingdom.

6. Privileges and rights so granted shall date from the date of the patent in the United Kingdom and shall continue in force only so long as the patent remains in force in the United Kingdom.

Provided that no action for infringement shall be entertained in respect of any manufacture, use or sale of the invention prior to the date of issue of the certificate of registration in the Colony.

Notification of renewals of letters patent in the United Kingdom.

7. All renewals of letters patent in the United Kingdom of a Patent registered under this Ordinance shall be notified to the Registrar General, who shall, on sufficient evidence thereof and on payment of a fee of one pound, enter the same in the Register in the prescribed manner.

Supreme Court to afford all relief.

8. The Supreme Court shall have power upon the application of any person who alleges that his interests have been prejudicially affected by the issue of a certificate of registration, to declare that the exclusive privileges and rights conferred by such certificate of registration have not been acquired on any of the grounds upon which the United Kingdom patent might be revoked under the law for the time being in force in the United Kingdom.

Amendment of specification or drawings.

9. Whenever the specification or drawings of a United Kingdom patent registered in the Colony has been amended by way of disclaimer, correction or explanation, according to the law of the United Kingdom, a request, accompanied by a copy of the specification and drawings (if any) as amended, duly certified by the Comptroller General of the United Kingdom Patent Office, may be made to the Registrar General to substitute a copy of the specification and drawings as amended, for the specification and drawings originally filed.

Registration of assignment.

10. Where a person becomes entitled by assignment, transmission, or other operation of law to privileges and rights conferred by a certificate of registration or to any interest therein, he may make application in the prescribed manner to the Registrar General for the entry on the Register of such assignment, transmission, or other instrument affecting the title, or giving an interest therein.

Registrar may make rules regulating procedure.

11. The Registrar General may make such general rules and do such things as he may think expedient, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, for regulating procedure under this Ordinance.

Application to Dependencies and date of coming into operation.

12. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony and shall come into operation on the first day of June, 1930.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 29th day of April, 1930.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 29th day of April, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1930.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

29th April, 1930.

An Ordinance

To regulate the Speed of Motor Traffic in the Colony.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, thereof as follows:-

1. In this Ordinance

Definition.

'MOTOR CAR' includes motor cycle and every description of vehicle propelled by means of mechanism contained within itself, other than any vehicle constructed for use on specially prepared ways such as railways or tramways.

2. No person shall drive or cause or permit to be driven any motor car at such a speed or in such a manner as to be a danger to the public health or safety.

Speed Limit.

3. Any person who contravenes any provision of this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding six months or to both such penalties: provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to render any person convicted of any offence under this section free from liability in respect of any hurt or damage he may have caused.

Offences and Penalties.

Short Title.

4. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Motor Car (Speed Limit) Ordinance, 1930".

Passed by the Legislative Council this 29th day of April, 1930.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 29th day of April, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1930.

I ASSENT,
ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

2nd June, 1930.

An Ordinance

To legalize certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-nine in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 13 of 1928.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1929. Preamble.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Supplementary Appropriation (1929) Ordinance 1930." Short Title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the Services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those Services by the Ordinance providing for the Service of the year One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-nine, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the Service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those Services in the said Ordinance. Appropriation of excess of expenditure for the year 1929.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 30th day of May, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 2nd day of June, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
	FALKLAND ISLANDS.			
IV.	Treasury & Customs ...	1	9	7
X.	Medical	173	12	9
XVI.	Miscellaneous	1275	0	1
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	1450	2	5
APPENDIX.				
I.	Expenditure from Surplus Balances	4192	17	9
	DEPENDENCIES.	5643	0	2
I.	Ordinary Expenditure ...	15096	11	4
	Total ...	20739	11	6

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1930.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

2nd June, 1930.

An Ordinance

To Regulate the Registration of Firearms.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Firearms Ordinance, 1930." Enacting Clause.
2. In this Ordinance the term "Firearm" means every gun, rifle, revolver or pistol of every description and every part thereof but does not mean any air gun or air rifle or any toy gun or toy pistol from which any shot, bullet or missile is discharged by force of a spring alone or any firearm which is preserved for antiquarian interest and not for use. Short Title.
3. Every person who has in his custody or possession any firearm shall register such firearm by application in writing made to the Colonial Treasurer. In the case of firearms already in the Colony such registration shall be effected not later than the last day of December, 1930, and in the case of firearms subsequently imported into the Colony at the time of importation. Definition.
4. Upon the receipt of an application for registration made in the form A or B in the Schedule hereto the Colonial Treasurer shall register the firearm in respect of which the application is made and shall grant a certificate of registration in the form C in the Schedule hereto. Registration to be effected.
5. On and after the first day of January, 1931, it shall not be lawful for any person to have in his custody or possession any firearm which has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance. Certificate of Registration.
6. On and after the first day of January, 1931, every person who has in his custody or possession any gun or rifle shall pay to the Colonial Treasurer in respect of every such gun or rifle the sum of five shillings for every calendar year or part thereof. Possession illegal without registration.
7. On and after the first day of January, 1931, every person who has in his custody or possession any gun or rifle shall pay to the Colonial Treasurer in respect of every such gun or rifle the sum of five shillings for every calendar year or part thereof. Fee payable.

Transfer.

7. Any person who has in his custody or possession any firearm may transfer by sale or otherwise such firearm to any other person provided that such other person shall make without delay an application for the fresh registration of such firearm in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of this Ordinance and shall become liable to pay the fee prescribed in the preceding section of this Ordinance whether or not such fee has been paid by the person making the transfer.

Certificate of Registration to be produced on demand.

8. A certificate of registration granted in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of this Ordinance shall be evidence of the registration of any firearm and shall be produced on the demand of any Justice, Police Constable or Customs Officer or any other person duly authorised in writing by the Colonial Treasurer.

Proof of ownership.

9. For the purposes of this Ordinance and in the absence of proof to the contrary the occupier of any house or premises in which any firearm is found shall be deemed and taken to be the possessor of such firearm.

Penalty.

10. Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds and to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Saving.

11. Nothing in this Ordinance shall apply to or affect any person serving as a member of His Majesty's Regular or Volunteer forces or in the police force in respect of any firearm entrusted to or used by such person in such capacity, or shall apply to or affect any firearm which is the property of the Government, or is the property of any member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force Rifle Association and is certified by the Officer Commanding the Falkland Islands Defence Force as being used by such member for the sole purpose of target shooting, or which is exposed for sale or is kept or imported for the purpose of sale by any person who is in the opinion of the Colonial Treasurer a *bona fide* dealer in firearms, provided that every firearm imported for sale shall be declared on importation.

Repeal of Ordinance No. 2 of 1908.

12. The Gun Licence Ordinance, 1908, is hereby repealed.

Application to Dependencies.

13. This Ordinance shall apply also to the Dependencies provided that throughout this Ordinance wheresoever such application to the Dependencies is intended the words "Magistrate, South Georgia, or Magistrate, South Shetlands," shall be substituted for the words "Colonial Treasurer."

Passed by the Legislative Council this 30th day of May, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 2nd day of June, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

FALKLANDS ISLANDS.

The Firearms Ordinance, 1930.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION (SECTION 4).

I of
make application hereby for the registration of the undermentioned firearm (s)
which is (are) in my custody or possession :-

(Give full description of firearm, stating make, number and any distinguishing marks).

Signed.....

..... 19.....

To The
Honourable Colonial Treasurer,
Stanley.

FORM B.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Firearms Ordinance, 1930.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION ON IMPORTATION (SECTION 4).

I of
declare that I have imported this day the undermentioned firearm (s) and I
make application hereby for the registration of the same :-

(Give full description of firearm, stating make, number and any distinguishing marks).

Signed.....

....., 19.....

To The
Honourable Colonial Treasurer,
Stanley.

FORM C.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Firearms Ordinance, 1930.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION (SECTION 4).

No.....

..... of.....

is registered hereby as having in his custody or possession the
undermentioned firearms:-

(Give full description of firearms stating make, number and
any distinguishing marks.)

Stanley,

.....19.....

.....
Colonial Treasurer.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1930.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

2nd June, 1930.

An Ordinance

To provide for the better control of
Dogs in the Colony.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the
Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof, as follows :-

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Dogs Ordinance,
1930."

Short Title.

2. No person shall take any dog between the first day of
August and the last day of November of each year upon or across any
station without the permission of the owner of such station previously
obtained.

Dogs not to be taken
through stations dur-
ing breeding season.

3. Any person who acts in contravention of the preceding
section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction
to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment, with or
without hard labour, for a period not exceeding six months or to both
such fine and imprisonment.

Penalty.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 30th day of
May, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public
Seal of the Colony this 2nd day of June, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1930.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

2nd June, 1930.

An Ordinance

To amend the Post Office Ordinance, 1898.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Post Office (Amendment) Ordinance, 1930, and shall be read and construed as one with the Post Office Ordinance, 1898.

Short Title.

2. No person shall

(a) make, knowingly utter, deal in, sell or offer for sale any fictitious or counterfeit stamp, international reply coupon or postal identity card; or

(b) knowingly use for any postal purpose any fictitious or counterfeit stamps, international reply coupon or postal identity card; or

(c) have in his possession, unless he shows a lawful excuse, any fictitious or counterfeit stamp, international reply coupon or postal identity card; or

(d) make, unless he shows a lawful excuse, have in his possession, any die, plate, instrument, or materials for making any fictitious or counterfeit stamp, international reply coupon or postal identity card.

Manufacture, sale use etc., of counterfeit stamps reply coupons etc. prohibited.

3. No person shall insert in any postal packet any opium, morphine, cocaine or any substance or drug whatever which the Principal Medical Officer of the Colony certifies to be purely a narcotic: provided that the Governor may authorize the insertion in a postal packet of any such substance or narcotic according to any convention or agreement of the Universal Postal Union.

Insertion of dangerous drugs in postal packets prohibited.

Penalties.

4. Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of the preceding sections shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Application to Dependencies.

5. This Ordinance shall apply also to the Dependencies.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 30th day of May, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 2nd day of June, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 8 of 1930.

I ASSENT,
ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

10th October, 1930.

An Ordinance
To provide for the Service of the
Year, 1931.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the "Appropriation (1931) Ordinance 1930." Short Title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st of December, 1931, a sum not exceeding Seventy-four thousand and Ten pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1931. Appropriation
£74,010 for service of
year 1931.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 7th day of October, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 10th day of October, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	1800	0	0
II.	The Governor	2360	0	0
III.	Colonial Secretary	2857	0	0
IV.	Treasury and Customs	1721	0	0
V.	Audit	140	0	0
VI.	Post Office	1863	0	0
VII.	Wireless Telegraph	1370	0	0
VIII.	Electrical	1671	0	0
IX.	Harbour	775	0	0
X.	Legal	161	0	0
XI.	Police and Prisons	887	0	0
XII.	Medical	4312	0	0
XIII.	Education	2761	0	0
XIV.	Ecclesiastical	289	0	0
XV.	Naturalist	55	0	0
XVI.	Military	1158	0	0
XVII.	Stock	861	0	0
XVIII.	Miscellaneous	3448	0	0
XIX.	Public Works	4097	0	0
XX.	Public Works Recurrent	5365	0	0
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	£ 37951	0	0
XXI.	Public Works Extraordinary	11320	0	0
		£ 49271	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	23539	0	0
II.	Public Works Extraordinary	1200	0	0
	Total	£ 74010	0	0

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 9 of 1930.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

10th October, 1930.

An Ordinance
To Amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900,
as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties)
Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924, the duty of Customs to be raised, levied, collected and paid upon whale oil which shall have been raised in the Colony or in the Dependencies thereof and shall be shipped for places beyond the limits of the Colony or of the Dependencies thereof during the 1930-1931 whaling season and upon seal oil which shall have been in like manner raised and shall be in like manner shipped during the 1931 sealing season shall be fixed at the rate of 2s/- for each barrel of forty gallons.

Special rate of duty on export of whale and seal oil during the 1930-1931 and 1931 seasons.

2. Section 4 of and the Second Schedule to the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, are hereby amended by the omission therefrom of the words "the Governor of the Colony" and "the Governor" wherever they occur.

Amendment of section 4 of and of the Second Schedule to Ordinance No. 1 of 1900.

3. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff Amendment Ordinance, 1930" and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924.

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 7th day of October, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 10th day of October, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 10 of 1930.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

10th October, 1930.

An Ordinance

To Amend the Merchant Shipping Ordinance, 1909, as amended by the Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Ordinance, 1927.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :-

Enacting Clause.

1. Clause 1 of the Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Ordinance, 1927, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following :-

Repeal and replacement of Clause 1 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1928.

Definition of home-trade ship.

1. The expression "home-trade ship" shall mean and include every ship registered in the Colony employed in trading or going within the following limits; that is to say, the Falkland Islands, the Dependencies of the Falkland Islands, and the continent of South America between the River Plate and the Western limits of the Straits of Magellan.

2. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Ordinance, 1930."

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 7th day of October, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 10th day of October, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS :

Printed at the Government Printing Office by Charles G. Allan.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 11 of 1930.

I ASSENT,

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

10th October, 1930.

An Ordinance

To make provision with respect to the Currency Notes of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, and to place the issue of such Currency Notes upon a permanent basis.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Falkland Islands Currency Notes Ordinance, 1930."

Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance:—

Definitions.

"Colony" means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

"Secretary of State" means His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies or the person for the time being acting as Secretary of State for the Colonies.

"Crown Agents" means the person or persons for the time being acting as Crown Agents for the Colonies in England.

3. The person for the time being lawfully discharging the duties of Treasurer to the Government of the Colony shall for the purposes of this Ordinance be the Commissioner of Currency, hereinafter referred to as "the Commissioner."

Commissioner of Currency.

Issue and Form of
Currency Notes.

4. (1) It shall be lawful for the Commissioner, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, to provide and issue and re-issue currency notes of the Government of the Colony (hereinafter referred to as "Currency Notes").

(2) Currency Notes issued under this Ordinance shall be of such denominations and of such form and design and printed from such plates and on such paper and be authenticated in such manner as may from time to time be approved by the Secretary of State.

(3) The plates shall be prepared and kept and the notes printed, issued and cancelled under such regulations as the Secretary of State may approve for the purpose of preventing fraud and improper use.

Legal Tender.

5. Currency Notes issued under this Ordinance shall be legal tender in the Colony for the payment of any amount.

Provided always that Currency Notes of the "C" series bearing dates the 1st of February, 1921 and the 10th of January, 1927, issued under the Falkland Islands Currency Note Order, 1899 shall be deemed for the purposes of this Ordinance to have been issued under this Ordinance.

Conversion of Currency
Notes into Sterling
& vice versa.

6. The Commissioner shall issue on demand to any person desiring to receive currency notes in the Colony, currency notes to the equivalent value (at the rate of one pound for one pound sterling) of sums in sterling lodged with the Crown Agents in London by the said person, and shall pay on demand through the Crown Agents to any person desiring to receive sterling in London the equivalent value calculated as aforesaid of currency notes lodged with him in the Colony by the said person :

Provided that :

(1) No person shall be entitled to lodge with the Crown Agents or Commissioner as the case may be less than such minimum sum as may be fixed from time to time by the Secretary of State for the purpose of obtaining currency notes or sterling as the case may be, and

(2) the Commissioner shall be entitled to charge and levy from any person obtaining currency notes or sterling a commission at such rate or rates not exceeding 1 per cent as may from time to time be fixed by the Governor of the Colony with the approval of the Secretary of State, and in addition the cost of any telegram sent by the Commissioner or by the Crown Agents in connection with any transfer as above described.

Note Security Fund.

7. (1) There shall be established a fund to be called "The Note Security Fund" and there shall be paid into the said fund :-

- (a) all monies and investments standing to the credit of the Note Guarantee Fund now in existence,
- (b) the equivalent value in sterling of all currency notes issued otherwise than in exchange for currency notes already issued, and
- (c) the commissions paid to the Commissioner as provided in section 6 of this Ordinance.

(2) There shall be charged upon the said Fund :-

- (a) all the expenses incurred by the Commissioner and the Crown Agents in the preparation, transport and issue of the currency notes and the transaction of business relating thereto, and
- (b) the sterling payments made by the Commissioner in respect of notes lodged with him under the provisions of section 6 of this Ordinance.

(3) The Note Security Fund shall be held by the Crown Agents and may be invested in securities of, or guaranteed by, any Government of the British Empire (except the Government of the Colony) or such other securities as the said Crown Agents, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, may in their discretion select :

Provided that the Governor of the Colony may issue directions to the Crown Agents as to the amount of the Fund to be held in liquid forms.

(4) All dividends, interest or other revenue derived from such investments or from the employment in any other manner of the monies of the said Fund shall be paid to the said Crown Agents, and the said dividends interest or revenue shall form part of the ordinary revenues of the Colony :

Provided that if on the last day in any year the liquid monies of the Fund together with the estimated market value of the investments in the Fund is less than 110 per centum of the face value of the currency notes in circulation there shall be paid into the Fund the whole or such less part of the said dividends, interest and revenue as shall make up the total monies of the Fund as aforesaid to an amount equal to 110 per centum of the face value of currency notes in circulation; and

Provided always that if on the last day in any year the liquid monies of the Fund together with the estimated market value of the investments in the Fund exceeds 110 per centum of the face value of the currency notes in circulation the Governor of the Colony may, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, direct that the surplus shall be transferred from the Fund to the ordinary revenues of the Colony.

(5) The liquid portion of the Fund may be held in cash or on deposit at the Bank of England or in Treasury Bills or may be lent out at call, or for short terms in such ways or invested in such readily realisable securities as may be approved by the Secretary of State.

8. (1) In any proceedings in which the genuineness of any currency note purporting to have been issued by the Government of the Colony shall be in question a certificate under the hand of the Commissioner to the effect that such note is spurious, shall be received in all Courts of Law as conclusive evidence of the spuriousness of such note.

Evidence.

(2) The Commissioner shall not be examined or cross-examined with respect to any such certificate.

(3) The Certificate shall be in the form following :

"This is to certify that I have personally examined the document shown to me, and marked..... purporting to be a currency note of the following denomination, number and date, namely :-

"Denomination

"Number

"Date

"and that the said note is spurious.

".....

"Commissioner of Currency."

9. Whosoever shall forge or counterfeit or alter any currency note or any word, figure, mark, sign, signature or facsimile upon or attached to any such note, or shall offer, utter, dispose of, or put off any currency note, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited or altered, shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding fifteen years.

Forgery.

Imitation of Currency Notes.

10. (1) If any person makes or causes to be made or uses for any purpose whatsoever, or utters any document purporting to be or in any way resembling or so nearly resembling as to be calculated to deceive, any currency note or any part thereof, he shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds in respect of each such document, and it shall be lawful for the Court to order the document in respect of which the offence was committed and any copies of that document and any plates, blocks, dies, or other instruments used for or capable of being used for printing or reproducing any such document, which are in the possession of such offender, to be destroyed.

(2) If any person whose name appears on any document, the making of which is an offence under this section refuses to disclose to a police officer the name and address of the person by whom it was printed or made, he shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

(3) Where the name of any person appears on any document in respect of which any person is charged with an offence under this section, or on any other document used or distributed in connection with that document, it shall be *prima facie* evidence that that person caused the document to be made.

(4) The expression "Currency note" in this section means a note issued under this Ordinance and includes also any note of a similar character by whatever name called, issued by, and on behalf of any Government of the British Empire (except the Government of the Colony), or the Government of any foreign state.

Possession of Counterfeit or Incomplete Notes.

11. Whosoever, without lawful authority or excuse (the proof whereof shall lie on the person accused), shall have in his possession, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered, any forged, counterfeited or altered note or any unfinished or incomplete note purporting to be issued by the Commissioner, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding five years.

Possession of Paper for Notes.

12. (1) Whosoever, without lawful authority or excuse, (the proof whereof shall lie on the person accused) shall make use of or knowingly have in his possession any paper with any word, figure, device or distinction peculiar to and appearing in the substance of the paper used for currency notes or any material upon which the whole or any part of any note purporting to resemble a currency note shall have been engraved or made or any facsimile of the signature of the Commissioner, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding five years.

Penalty for Mutilating or Defacing Currency Notes.

(2) Whosoever, without lawful authority or excuse (the proof whereof shall lie on the person accused), mutilates or in any way defaces a currency note whether by writing, printing, drawing or stamping thereon or by attaching or affixing thereto anything in the nature or form of an advertisement, shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £20.

Publication of Statements.

13. (1) The Commissioner shall cause to be published half-yearly in the Official Gazette of the Colony an abstract showing (a) the whole amount of currency notes in circulation on the last day of the half-year, (b) the total amount of the Note Security Fund on the said day, the value of the invested portion of the Fund being calculated on the latest known market price of the Securities held by the Fund, and (c) a list of the Securities held by the Fund showing in each case the nominal value and the latest known market price; and shall submit annually to the Governor of the Colony and the Secretary of State a statement of his transactions during the preceding year.

Audit.

(2) The accounts of all transactions of the Commissioner shall be audited by the Colonial Audit Department.

14. (1) The Governor of the Colony may, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, make rules for fixing the rates of commission to be charged under Section 6 of this Ordinance and generally for the better carrying into effect the provisions of this Ordinance. Rules.

(2) All such rules shall be published in the official Gazette of the Colony and shall thereupon take effect as if enacted in this Ordinance, and the power to make rules shall be deemed to include the power to vary or revoke any rules so made and published.

15. This Ordinance shall come into force on a date to be notified by a proclamation of the Governor of the Colony. Date of Operation.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 7th day of October, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 10th day of October, 1930.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

PART II.

RULES, REGULATIONS, ETC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

—:O:—

The Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1930.

The Maternity Fees Regulations, 1930.

Vacation Leave and Passage Regulations.

The Hospital and Medical Fees Regulations, 1930.

The Rifles Regulations, 1930.

Trade Marks Fees.

The Pensions (Amendment No. 2) Regulations, 1930.

Order in Council - Rates of Postage and Fees.

The Cinematograph (Amendment) Regulations, 1930.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Pensions Ordinance, 1927.

The Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1930.

ARNOLD HODSON.
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by Section 6 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and otherwise the Governor is pleased, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, to make the following Regulations :

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1930. | Short Title. |
| 2. Section 25 sub-section (1) of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, is amended by the addition at the end thereof of the following further proviso :— | Amendment of Section 25 of the Pensions Regulations 1928. |

Provided further that where an officer entered the public service prior to the 1st of January, 1930, his pension in respect of his service in the Colony may be calculated as though any scheduled Government under which he has served had not been included in the schedule to these Regulations if this should be to his advantage.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 21st day of February, 1930.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The King Edward Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

The Maternity Fees Regulations, 1930.

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

His Excellency the Governor in virtue of the powers in him vested by the King Edward Hospital Ordinance, 1916, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is hereby pleased to make the following regulations :

1. These regulations may be cited as the "Maternity Fees Regulations, 1930". Short Title.

2. The following fees shall be charged for Maternity cases or the services of Government Medical Officers or Nurses in Maternity cases :— Fees to be charged.

For treatment of full case in the hospital.	From £2. 2s. 0d. to £5. 5s. 0d. inclusive, up to fourteen days, and thereafter <i>pro rata</i> .
For attendance and visits of nurse in private house in Stanley.	From £1. 1s. 0d. to £3. 3s. 0d. for the case and from 3/- to 10/- for each visit.
For full time services of Nurse in private house in Stanley.	From £3. 3s. 0d. to £5. 5s. 0d. a week with suitable board and lodging free of charge.
For full time services of Nurse in private house outside Stanley.	From £1. 1s. 0d. to £5. 5s. 0d. a week with suitable board and lodging and means of conveyance from and to Stanley free of charge.
For services of Medical Officer for full case outside the Hospital.	From £2. 2s. 0d. to £20.

3. The King Edward Hospital Regulations, 1916, and all regulations in amendment thereof are repealed in so far as they relate to the fees to be charged in Maternity cases or for the services of Government Medical Officers or Nurses in Maternity cases. Repeal.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 21st day of February, 1930.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Vacation Leave and Passage Regulations.

(For Officers on the Permanent Establishment).

(Amending Sections 7 and 11 of the Consolidated Regulations approved by the Governor on the 23rd of September, 1929).

—————:0:—————

ARNOLD HODSON,

Governor.

14th April, 1930.

Sections 7 and 11 of the Consolidated Vacation Leave and Passage Regulations approved by the Governor on the 23rd of September, 1929, are hereby repealed and replaced by the following :—

Section 7. Passages to and from the United Kingdom will be provided in the normal course by the direct route which, when it is considered necessary by the Governor will include travelling by the s.s. "Fleurus," the s.s. "Falkland" or any other suitable vessel between Monte Video and Stanley, and will not be provided except in special circumstances to be determined by the Governor, by the longer route via the west coast of South America. When the officer desires in the absence of such special circumstances to proceed by the longer route he will be granted towards the cost of his passage the equivalent amount only of the cost of a passage by the direct route.

Section 11. The cost of passages for the members of an officer's family granted in accordance with the provisions of the preceding sections shall be payable only if they travel with him or shortly in advance of him, unless the Secretary of State or the Governor sees fit to make an exception to this rule for special reasons of health or otherwise. In no case shall the cost of passages be payable in respect of sons or daughters over the age of sixteen years on the date of the officer's departure on leave or who attaining their sixteenth birthday while absent from the Colony do not return to the Colony within the period of that leave.

—————:0:—————

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The King Edward Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

The Hospital and Medical Fees Regulations, 1930.

ARNOLD HODSON.
Governor.

His Excellency the Governor in virtue of the powers in him vested by the King Edward Hospital Ordinance, 1916, and otherwise, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is hereby pleased to make the following regulations :—

1. These regulations may be cited as the "Hospital and Medical Fees Regulations, 1930." Short Title.

2. The following fees shall be charged for Fees to be charged.

A. ADMISSIONS TO THE HOSPITAL.

(Other than midwifery cases.)

- (I) In a General Ward no charges for Medical or Surgical treatment beyond maintenance charges, as follows :—
- (a) For residents in the Colony, subject nevertheless to a remission either in whole or in part by the Governor in indigent cases, 4/- a day, or £1. 1s. a week.
 - (b) For non-residents, subject to such special consideration for a less charge as may be approved by the Governor, 7/- a day.
- (II) In a Private Ward. Maintenance charges :— (a) For residents in the Colony, 6/- a day, or £2 a week. (b) For non-residents, 10/- a day.
- (III) For Government Officials and their families and servants who are entitled to free medical attendance the fees in each case to be one half of the fees for residents in the Colony.
- (IV) Half fees shall be paid for all children under 14 years of age.
- (V) Medical comforts such as Champagne, Port, Brandy or proprietary foods shall be paid for by patients subject to remission in necessitous cases with the approval of the Governor.

B. MEDICINES, DRESSINGS, AND MEDICAL COMFORTS.

	£.	s.	d.
All mixtures dispensed per bottle of			
10 ozs. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. doses	2.	6.	
Ointments, per oz.	2.	6.	
Lotions and Linaments, per 4 oz.	1.	6.	
Tabloids, per doz.	1.	6.	
Pills, per doz.			9.
Bandages. lint, cotton wool, etc., per dressing according to quantity	6d.	—	9d.
Plaster of Paris Bandages, each	1.	0.	

Cod Liver Oil and Malt, per bottle (1 lb.) ...	1.	6.
Virol, per bottle (1 lb.) ...	2.	6.
Other articles according to cost and quantity.		

Ordinary medicines and dressings, but not medical comforts or special appliances, are issued free to Government Officials and their families, and to Government employees in receipt of free medical treatment.

C. MEDICAL OFFICERS.

(Other than midwifery cases).

	£.	s.	d.
Ordinary visit where householder's income does not exceed £200 p.a. ...	2.	6.	
Ordinary visit where householder's income is between £200 and £500 p.a. ...	5.	0.	
Ordinary visit where householder's income is above £500 p.a. (first visit) ...	10.	0.	
Subsequent visits ...	5.	0.	
Night visits (from 7 p.m. to 7 a.m.) ...	5s.	to	10s.
Advice at M. O's consulting room ...	2s.	6d.	to 5s.
Mileage from Stanley (one way) ...	3.	0.	
Visits to ships in Stanley Harbour (for first patient) ...	1.	1.	0.
Extra for each other patient seen ...	5.	0.	
Visits to ships in Port William (first patient seen) ...	2.	2.	0.
Additional patients seen, each ...	5.	0.	
Detention at patient's house, per day ...	1.	1.	0.
Examinations for benefit securities ...	5.	0.	
Examinations Life Assurance ...	1.	1.	0.
Vaccinations ...	2.	6.	
Minor operations and simple fractures (exclusive of further attendance). ...	1.	1.	0.
Appliances, dressings, etc., extra.			
Major operations and compound fractures ...	£5.	to	£20.
Anæsthetist's fees ...	10s.	to	£2. 2s.

The above charges for medical and surgical attendance refer to treatment in private hospital wards or at the patient's home.

Cases admitted to the general hospital wards, as well as Government officials who are entitled to free attendance, receive free Medical and Surgical treatment, being chargeable for maintenance fees only.

3. The King Edward Hospital Regulations, 1916, and all regulations in amendment thereof are hereby repealed in so far as they relate to the fees to be charged for the aforesaid hospital and medical services.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 27th day of May, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 488/28.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Defence Force Ordinance, 1920.

The Rifles Regulations, 1930.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

His Excellency the Governor in accordance with the powers in him vested by the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920, and otherwise, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is hereby pleased to make the following regulations:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the "Rifles Regulations, 1930." Short Title.
2. In these regulations Definitions.
 - "Defence Force" means the Falkland Islands Defence Force.
 - "Commanding Officer" means the officer from time to time commanding the Falkland Islands Defence Force.
 - "Member" means a member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force.
3. Every member shall be responsible personally for any rifle issued to him for any purpose whatsoever. Responsibility of members.
4. Every member shall clean in such manner as is required by the Commanding Officer any rifle issued to him immediately on each occasion after firing practice and daily while the rifle remains in his possession. Rifles to be cleaned.
5. All rifles shall be returned to the armoury at the headquarters of the Defence Force as soon as possible after firing practice at a time to be appointed by the Commanding Officer. Rifles to be returned to armoury.
6. The armourer in charge of the armoury at the headquarters of the Defence Force shall keep a register of rifles and shall check the issue and return of rifles. The register shall be open to inspection by any officer of the Defence Force at any time. Armourer to keep register.
7. No member shall dismantle the locking bolt, backsight or any other component part of any rifle issued to him. In every case aperture sights shall be fitted at the armoury at the headquarters of the Defence Force. Rifles not to be dismantled.
8. Any member who contravenes any of these regulations shall be liable to a penalty as prescribed in Schedule C to the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920, and any such penalty shall be in addition to any payment which he may be required to make to the Commanding Officer in respect of the cost of repairing or replacing any rifle in accordance with the provisions of section 10 of the aforesaid Ordinance. Penalty.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 27th day of May, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 230/30.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Registration of United Kingdom Trade Marks
Ordinance, No. 12 of 1928.

—————:0:—————

Scale of fees prescribed under section 12.

—————:0:—————

	£	s.	d.
For Registration of a Trade Mark and Issue of a Certificate ...	1	0	0.
For Entry in the Register of an Assignment or a Transmission of a Trade Mark ...	1	0	0.
For Renewal of a Trade Mark ...	1	0	0.
For Cancellation of the Registration of a Trade Mark ...		5	0.
For a Correction in connection with a Registration of a Trade Mark, or for an Entry in the Register of a change in the name or address of a person registered as the proprietor of a Trade Mark ...		5	0.

J. M. ELLIS,
Registrar General.

Stanley, Falkland Islands.
22nd August, 1930.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Pensions Ordinance, 1927.

The Pensions (Amendment No. 2) Regulations, 1930.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers in him vested by section 6 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and otherwise, the Governor is pleased, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, to make the following regulations :-

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Pensions (Amendment No. 2) Regulations, 1930. Short Title.

2. Section 5 (ii) (b) of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, is hereby amended by the substitution of the words "not later than" for the word "within" in the first line thereof. Amendment of section 5 (ii) (b) of the Pensions Regulations, 1928.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 3rd day of October, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 78/30.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Post Office Ordinance, 1898, and with the advice of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that :—

1. On and after the 1st of January, 1931, the following rates of postage and fees shall be in force :—

LETTERS.

Sent from the Colony to the United Kingdom and other parts of the British Empire and Egypt, 1d. per ounce or part of an ounce.

To all other parts of the world 2½d. for the first ounce and 1½d. for each additional ounce or fraction of an ounce.

POST CARDS AND LETTER CARDS.

To the United Kingdom and other parts of the British Empire and Egypt, 1d. Reply Post Cards, 2d.

To all other parts of the world, 1½d. Reply Post Cards, 3d.

BOOKS AND NEWSPAPERS.

Newspapers, books, private papers, commercial papers, patterns and samples, ½d. per 2 ounces with a minimum of 2½d. for commercial papers and 1d. for patterns or samples. Blind Literature ½d. per lb.

SMALL PACKETS.

1½d. per two ounces, with a minimum charge of 6d.

Clearance of small packets containing dutiable goods, 6d.

(The limit of weight is 2 lbs. The maximum dimensions are 18 inches by 8 inches by 4 inches or if in roll form 18 inches in length by 6 inches in diameter.)

INSURED BOXES.

2d. per 2 ounces with a minimum charge of 10d.

(An insured box must not exceed 2 lbs in weight and must not measure more than 12 inches in length, 8 inches in breadth, and 4 inches in height.)

PARCEL POST.

(To the United Kingdom.)

Weighing not over 3 lbs.	1s. 9d.
Over 3 lbs. but not over 7 lbs.	3s. 3d.
" 7 " " " " 11 "	4s. 6d.
" 11 " " " " 22 "	8s. 0d.

(From the United Kingdom via Monte Video.)

Weighing not over 3 lbs.	3s. 6d.
Over 3 lbs. but not over 7 lbs.	5s. 6d.
" 7 " " " " 11 "	7s. 6d.
" 11 " " " " 22 "	12s. 6d.

Compensation for loss or damage of uninsured parcels :—

For a parcel not exceeding 11 lbs., not to exceed	£1.
For a parcel exceeding 11 lbs., not to exceed	£1. 12s.

CASH ON DELIVERY SERVICE.

For parcels delivered in Stanley, for each parcel ... 4d.
 For parcels delivered in the United Kingdom, for each parcel ... 4d.

Special Cash on Delivery fees for parcels to the United Kingdom :—

Trade charge not exceeding.		Fee.	Trade charge not exceeding.		Fee.
£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
1		21	4.	6½	
2		22	4.	9	
3		23	4	11½	
4	1	24	5	2	
5	1	25	5	4½	
6	1	26	5	7	
7	1	27	5	9½	
8	1	28	6	0	
9	2	29	6	2½	
10	2	30	6	5	
11	2	31	6	7½	
12	2	32	6	10	
13	2	33	7	0½	
14	3	34	7	3	
15	3	35	7	5½	
16	3	36	7	8	
17	3	37	7	10½	
18	3	38	8	1	
19	4	39	8	3½	
20	4	40	8	6	

The foregoing Special Cash on Delivery fees are also charged in the United Kingdom on parcels for delivery at Stanley.

INSURANCE ON LETTERS, PARCELS AND BOXES.

The maximum amount of insurance is £50.

To secure compensation up to £12 a fee of ...	5d.
" " " " £24 " ...	7d.
" " " " £36 " ...	9d.
" " " " £48 " ...	11d.
" " " " £50 " ...	1s. 1d.

REGISTRATION.

To all parts of the world ...	3d.
Advice for delivery of registered or insured articles applied for at the time of posting ...	3d.
Advice for delivery in respect of registered or insured articles applied for after time of posting ...	3d.
Request for information as to disposal of registered or insured articles ...	3d.
Compensation for loss of registered article ...	£2.

(Note.— In cases where the contents of a registered article are lost, compensation shall be paid, as an act of grace, up to a maximum of £2.)

IMPERIAL REPLY COUPONS.

Imperial Reply Coupons valid for exchange within the British Empire may be obtained at the Post Office, Stanley, at a price of 2½d. for each Coupon. These Coupons may be exchanged in any part of the British Empire for a postage stamp or stamps representing the postage on a single rate letter to a destination within the Empire. Coupons are valid for six months exclusive of the month of issue.

INTERNATIONAL AND FOREIGN MONEY ORDERS.

The maximum amount allowed for a single Money Order is £40.

Rates of Poundage will be charged as follows :—

For sums not exceeding.	Poundage.	For sums not exceeding.	Poundage.
£	s. d.	£	s. d.
1		21	6 0
2	1	22	6 3
3	1	23	6 6
4	1	24	6 9
5	2	25	7 0
6	2	26	7 3
7	2	27	7 6
8	2	28	7 9
9	3	29	8 0
10	3	30	8 3
11	3	31	8 6
12	3	32	8 9
13	4	33	9 0
14	4	34	9 3
15	4	35	9 6
16	4	36	9 9
17	5	37	10 0
18	5	38	10 3
19	5	39	10 6
20	5	40	10 9

The Remitter of a Money Order may, if he so desires, obtain an Advice of Payment. The fee payable for this service is 3d.

BRITISH POSTAL ORDERS.

The following are the amounts for which British Postal Orders are issued, together with the poundage fees payable in respect of each order :—

Amount of Order.	Poundage.	Amount of Order.	Poundage.
s. d.	d.	s. d.	d.
6	2	7 6	3
1 0	2	9 0	3
1 6	2	10 0	3
2 0	2	10 6	3
2 6	2	12 0	3
3 0	3	15 0	3
4 0	3	17 6	4
5 0	3	20 0	4
6 0	3	21 0	4

The value of a Postal Order may be increased by an amount not exceeding 5d. (excluding fractions of a penny) by affixing Falkland Islands postage stamps, not exceeding two or three in number, according to the number of spaces on the face of the order. Stamps perforated with initials or marks, or imbossed or impressed stamps cut out of envelopes, postcards &c., will not be accepted for this purpose.

INLAND POSTAGE.

Letters 1d. per ounce or part of an ounce. Post Cards 1d. Reply Post Cards 2d.

Newspapers, books &c. :—

Not exceeding 4 ounces in weight ...	1d.
Exceeding 4 ounces but not exceeding 6 ounces ...	1½d.
Exceeding 6 ounces but not exceeding 8 ounces ...	2d.

and so on at the rate of ½d. for every subsequent 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces up to 2 lbs.

PARCEL POST.

For a parcel not exceeding 2 lbs. in weight	...	...	9d.
Exceeding 2 lbs. but not exceeding 5 lbs.	...	...	1s. 0d.
" 5 " " " " 8 "	...	...	1s. 3d.
" 8 " " " " 11 "	...	...	1s. 6d.
" 11 " " " " 22 "	...	...	3s. 0d.

REGISTRATION.

Any letter, parcel or other postal packet may be registered. The fee for registration is 3d.

2. The Order made by the Governor in Council on the 22nd day of December, 1926 is hereby cancelled.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 3rd of October, 1930.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Acting Clerk, Executive Council.

M.P. 98/29.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Cinematograph Ordinance, 1912.

The Cinematograph (Amendment) Regulations, 1930.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers in him vested by the Cinematograph Ordinance, 1912, His Excellency the Governor by and with the advice of the Executive Council, is pleased to make the following Regulations :-

1. These Regulations may be cited as "The Cinematograph (Amendment) Regulations, 1930," and shall be read and construed as one with the Cinematograph Regulations, 1915.

Short Title.

2. Section 1 of the Cinematograph Regulations, 1915, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following :-

Repeal and Replacement of section 1 of the Cinematograph Regulations, 1915.

1. No child under the age of fourteen years, unless accompanied by parent or guardian, shall be permitted to enter any Cinematograph Entertainment or Exhibition held after the hour of 7.30 p.m.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the twenty-eighth day of October, 1930.

A. I. FLEÜRET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 420/30.



ORDINANCES
of the
COLONY
of the
FALKLAND ISLANDS
enacted during the year
1931
together with the
Rules, Regulations etc., etc.,
made during that year.

PART I.

ORDINANCES.

Printed at the Government Printing Office, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

PRICE 2/-. To be purchased from the Colonial Secretary, Stanley, and from the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4 Millbank, London, S.W. 1.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

—:0:—

Ordinance No. 1 of 1931.	The Supplementary Appropriation (1930) Ordinance, 1931.
" " 2 " "	The Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931.
" " 3 " "	The Tariff Amendment Ordinance, 1931.
" " 4 " "	The Summary Jurisdiction (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931.
" " 5 " "	The Dog Licences (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931.
" " 6 " "	The Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931.
" " 7 " "	The Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1931.
" " 8 " "	The Arbitration (Foreign Awards) Ordinance, 1931.
" " 9 " "	The Appropriation (1932) Ordinance, 1931.
" " 10 " "	The Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1931.
" " 11 " "	The Prevention of Venereal Disease Ordinance, 1931.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

21st April, 1931.

An Ordinance

To legalize certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Thirty in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 7 of 1929.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1930. Preamble.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :- Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1930) Ordinance, 1931. Short Title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the Services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those Services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the Year One thousand Nine hundred and Thirty, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the Service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance. Appropriation of excess of expenditure for the year 1930.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	669	8	5
III.	Colonial Secretary	33	10	0
VI.	Telegraphs & Telephones ...	51	14	4
XVI.	Miscellaneous	796	8	3
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	1551	1	0
XIX.	Public Works Extraordinary	1944	12	2
APPENDIX I.	Miscellaneous Extraordinary	11085	15	1
APPENDIX III.	Reserve Fund	13990	12	0
	Total ...	28572	0	3



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

21st April, 1931.

An Ordinance

To amend the Law relating to the grant of Pensions, Gratuities and other Allowances to Persons who have been in the Public Service of the Colony.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, thereof as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931, and shall be read and construed as one with the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929.

Short Title

2. Section 15 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following:—

Repeal and replacement of section 15 of Ordinance No. 8 of 1927.

Re-employed pensioners; computation of pensions.

15. If any officer to whom a pension has been granted under this Ordinance is appointed to another office in the service of the Colony, and subsequently retires in circumstances in which he may be granted a pension, he may be granted, in lieu of his previous pension, a pension computed as if the periods of his service in the Colony had been continuous, and such pension may be based on his pensionable emoluments on his previous or final retirement from the service of the Colony, whichever are the greater: provided that if, on his previous retirement, he was paid a gratuity and reduced pension, the gratuity to be paid to him on final retirement shall be reduced by the amount of the gratuity already paid.

Repeal and replacement of section 16 of Ordinance No. 8 of 1927.

3. Section 16 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following :-

Gratuity to estate where an officer dies in the service.

16. Where an officer holding a pensionable office who is not on probation or agreement dies while in the service of the Colony, and during the five years preceding his death has continuously held pensionable office in the Colony or offices in other public service which were, when he held them, pensionable under the pensions regulations applicable to such service, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to grant to his legal personal representative a gratuity of an amount not exceeding one year's pensionable emoluments.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

21st April, 1931.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924, and by the Tariff Amendment Ordinance, 1930.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:-

Enacting Clause.

1. Section 4 of the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, is hereby amended by the omission therefrom of the word "or" in the second line thereof.

Amendment of section 4 of Ordinance No. 1 of 1900.

2. The Second Schedule to the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, is hereby amended by the omission therefrom of the words "and for the use of" and of the word "or" in the ninth and twelfth lines respectively thereof.

Amendment of the Second Schedule to Ordinance No. 1 of 1900.

3. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff Amendment Ordinance, 1931" and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924, and the Tariff Amendment Ordinance, 1930.

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

21st April, 1931.

An Ordinance

To amend the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, thereof as follows:-

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Summary Jurisdiction (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931, and shall be read and construed as one with the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902.

Short Title.

2. Section 49 of the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902, is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following offences punishable by a fine not exceeding forty shillings, that is to say:

Amendment of Section 49 of Ordinance No. 5 of 1902.

(n) Who, being in charge of any cart, carriage, motor car, motor cycle, bicycle or other vehicle, or driving or riding or leading any animal, shall fail to keep such vehicle or animal to the left or near side of the road when he meets traffic proceeding in the contrary direction or shall fail to keep such vehicle or animal to the right or off side of the road when he passes traffic proceeding in the same direction.

(o) Who, being in charge of any motor car, motor cycle or bicycle, shall fail to have attached thereto or to sound a horn, bell or other instrument capable of giving audible and sufficient warning of the position or approach of such motor car, motor cycle or bicycle.

(p) Who, being in charge of any motor car, motor cycle or bicycle during the period between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise, shall fail to have attached thereto a lamp or lamps lighted and so constructed and placed as to exhibit a white light visible within a reasonable distance in the direction towards which he is proceeding or intends to proceed : provided that this sub-section shall not apply to a person leading a bicycle.

(q) Who shall drive, ride or lead any horse or shall ride or lead any motor cycle or bicycle on any pavement or footway of any road.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
for Colonial Secretary.



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

21st April, 1931.

An Ordinance To Amend the Dog Licences Ordinance, 1853.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dog Licences (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931, and shall be read and construed as one with the Dog Licences Ordinance, 1853. Short Title.

2. The owner of any dog which is kept for use solely in connection with the work or business of the said owner may be granted in the discretion of the Stipendiary Magistrate and with the approval of the Colonial Secretary, a licence for such dog without payment. Free licences for working dogs.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
for Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

21st April, 1931.

An Ordinance

To amend the Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. If it is proved to the satisfaction of a Court of Summary Jurisdiction that any building or house used or intended to be used for human habitation or any part thereof is unfit for human habitation as being injurious or likely to be injurious to the health of any person inhabiting the same the Court may issue an order prohibiting the use for human habitation of such building or house or part thereof;

Buildings unfit for human habitation may be prohibited from use.

Provided that if it is proved at any subsequent time that such building or house or part thereof has been rendered fit for human habitation the Court may revoke or modify the aforesaid order.

2. The Principal Medical Officer or any Medical Officer duly authorised by him shall be empowered to enter any building, house or premises at any time for the purpose of the enforcement of the provisions of the Public Health Ordinance, 1894, and of any bye-laws made thereunder and of this Ordinance.

Principal Medical Officer and Medical Officers to have power of entry.

3. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931, and shall be read and construed as one with the Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of April, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,

Governor.

26th October, 1931.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900,
as amended by the Tariff (Import Duties)
Amendment Ordinance, 1929.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1931", and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1929.

Short Title.

2. The First Schedule to the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1929, is hereby amended by the substitution of the rate of £1. 0s. 0d. for the rate of £1. 10s. 0d., payable as import duty per gallon of Spirits, not exceeding the strength of proof, as ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer and in proportion for any greater strength than strength of proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits.

Amendment to First Schedule of Tariff Ordinance, 1900. as amended by Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1929.

3. The amendment to the tariff of import duties contained in the preceding section of this Ordinance shall come into force on the first day of January, 1932.

Date of commencement.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 20th day of October, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of October, 1931.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 8 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,

Governor.

26th October, 1931.

An Ordinance

To give effect to a certain Convention on the execution of Arbitral Awards and to a certain Protocol on Arbitration Clauses.

WHEREAS a Convention, set out in the First Schedule to this Ordinance, on the Execution of Arbitral Awards was on the twenty-sixth day of September, nineteen hundred and twenty-seven signed at Geneva on behalf of His Majesty : and WHEREAS a Protocol on Arbitration Clauses, set out in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance, was on the twenty-fourth day of September, nineteen hundred and twenty-three signed at a meeting of the Assembly of the League of Nations on behalf of His Majesty.

AND WHEREAS it is expedient that such provisions should be enacted as will enable the said Convention and Protocol to become operative in the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, thereof as follows.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Arbitration (Foreign Awards) Ordinance, 1931". Short Title.
2. The provisions of this Ordinance apply to any award made after the twenty-eighth day of July, nineteen hundred and twenty-four - Application.
 - (a) In pursuance of an agreement for arbitration to which the protocol set out in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance applies; and

- (b) between persons of whom one is subject to the jurisdiction of some one of such Powers as His Majesty, being satisfied that reciprocal provisions have been made, may by Order in Council declare to be parties to the Convention set out in the first Schedule to this Ordinance and of whom the other is subject to the jurisdiction of some other of the Powers aforesaid; and
- (c) in one of such territories as His Majesty, being satisfied that reciprocal provisions have been made, may by Order in Council declare to be territories to which the said Convention applies,

and an award to which the provisions of this Ordinance apply is in this Ordinance referred to as a "foreign award".

Effect of foreign award.

3. (1) A foreign award shall, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, be enforceable either by action or under the provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) Any foreign award which would be enforceable under this Ordinance shall be treated as binding for all purposes on the persons as between whom it was made, and may accordingly be relied on by any of those persons by way of defence, set off or otherwise in any legal proceedings, and any references in this Ordinance to enforcing a foreign award shall be construed as including references to relying on an award.

Conditions for enforcement of foreign awards.

4. (1) In order that a foreign award may be enforceable under this Ordinance, it must have -

- (a) been made in pursuance of an agreement for arbitration which was valid under the law by which it was governed;
- (b) been made by the tribunal provided for in the agreement or constituted in manner agreed upon by the parties;
- (c) been made in conformity with the law governing the arbitration procedure;
- (d) become final in the country in which it was made;
- (e) been in respect of a matter which may lawfully be referred to arbitration under the law of the Colony.

and the enforcement thereof must not be contrary to the public policy or the law of the Colony.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this sub-section, a foreign award shall not be enforceable under this Ordinance if the Supreme Court is satisfied that -

- (a) the award has been annulled in the country in which it was made; or
- (b) the party against whom it is sought to enforce the award was not given notice of the arbitration proceedings in sufficient time to enable him to present his case, or was under some legal incapacity, and was not properly represented; or
- (c) the award does not deal with all the questions referred or contains decisions on matters beyond the scope of the agreement for arbitration :

Provided that, if the award does not deal with all the questions referred, the court may if it thinks fit, either postpone the enforcement of the award or order its enforcement subject to the giving of such security by the person seeking to enforce it as the Court may think fit.

(3) If a party seeking to resist the enforcement of a foreign award proves that there is any ground other than the non-existence of the conditions specified in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of sub-section (1) of this section, or the existence of the conditions specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) of sub-section (2) of this section, entitling him to contest the validity of the award the court may, if it thinks fit, either refuse to enforce the award or adjourn the hearing until after the expiration of such period as appears to the court to be reasonably sufficient to enable that party to take the necessary steps to have the award annulled by the competent tribunal.

5. (1) The party seeking to enforce a foreign award must produce - Evidence.

- (a) the original award or a copy thereof duly authenticated in manner required by the law of the country in which it was made; and
- (b) evidence proving that the award has become final; and
- (c) such evidence as may be necessary to prove that the award is a foreign award, and that the conditions mentioned in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of the last foregoing section are satisfied.

(2) In any case where any document required to be produced under sub-section (1) of this section is in a foreign language, it shall be the duty of the party seeking to enforce the award to produce a translation certified as correct by a diplomatic or consular agent of the country to which that party belongs, or certified as correct in such other manner as may be sufficient according to the law of the Colony.

(3) Subject to the provisions of this section, rules of court may be made under section 33 of the Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1901, with respect to the evidence which must be furnished by a party seeking to enforce an award under this Ordinance.

6. For the purposes of this Ordinance, an award shall not be deemed final if any proceedings for the purpose of contesting the validity of the award are pending in the country in which it was made. Meaning of "final award".

7. Nothing in this Ordinance shall - Saving.

- (a) prejudice any rights which any person would have had of enforcing in the Colony any award, or of availing himself in the Colony of any award if this Ordinance had not been enacted; or
- (b) apply to any award made on an arbitration agreement governed by the law of the Colony.

8. If any party to a submission made in pursuance of an agreement to which the Protocol set out in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance applies, or any person claiming through or under him, commences any legal proceedings in any court against any other party to the submission, or any person claiming through or under him, in respect of any matter agreed to be referred, any party to such legal proceedings may at any time after appearance, and before delivering any pleadings or taking other steps in the proceedings, apply to that court to stay the proceedings, and that court or a judge thereof, unless satisfied that the agreement or arbitration has become Staying of Court Proceedings in respect of matters to be referred to arbitration under commercial agreements.

inoperative or cannot proceed or that there is not in fact any dispute between the parties with regard to the matter agreed to be referred, shall make an order staying the proceedings.

Application to the Dependencies.

9. This Ordinance shall apply also to the Dependencies.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 20th day of October, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of October, 1931.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

CONVENTION ON THE EXECUTION OF FOREIGN ARBITRAL AWARDS.

ARTICLE 1.

In the territories of any High Contracting Party to which the present Convention applies, an arbitral award made in pursuance of an agreement, whether relating to existing or future differences (hereinafter called "a submission to arbitration") covered by the Protocol on Arbitration Clauses, opened at Geneva on September 24th, 1923, shall be recognised as binding and shall be enforced in accordance with the rules of the procedure of the territory where the award is relied upon, provided that the said award has been made in a territory of one of the High Contracting Parties to which the present Convention applies and between persons who are subject to the jurisdiction of one of the High Contracting Parties.

To obtain such recognition or enforcement, it shall, further, be necessary:-

- (a) That the award has been made in pursuance of a submission to arbitration which is valid under the law applicable thereto;
- (b) That the subject-matter of the award is capable of settlement by arbitration under the law of the country in which the award is sought to be relied upon;
- (c) That the award has been made by the Arbitral Tribunal provided for in the submission to arbitration or constituted in the manner agreed upon by the parties and in conformity with the law governing the arbitration procedure;
- (d) That the award has become final in the country in which it has been made, in the sense that it will not be considered as such if it is open to *opposition*, *appel* or *pourvoi en cassation* (in the countries where such forms of procedure exist) or if it is proved that any proceedings for the purpose of contesting the validity of the award are pending;
- (e) That the recognition or enforcement of the award is not contrary to the public policy or to the principles of the law of the country in which it is sought to be relied upon.

ARTICLE 2.

Even if the conditions laid down in Article 1 hereof are fulfilled, recognition and enforcement of the award shall be refused if the Court is satisfied:-

- (a) That the award has been annulled in the country in which it was made;

- (b) That the party against whom it is sought to use the award was not given notice of the arbitration proceedings in sufficient time to enable him to present his case; or that, being under a legal incapacity, he was not properly represented;
- (c) That the award does not deal with the differences contemplated by or falling within the terms of the submission to arbitration or that it contains decisions on matters beyond the scope of the submission to arbitration.

If the award has not covered all the questions submitted to the arbitral tribunal, the competent authority of the country where recognition or enforcement of the award is sought can, if it think fit, postpone such recognition or enforcement or grant it subject to such guarantee as that authority may decide.

ARTICLE 3.

If the party against whom the award has been made proves that, under the law governing the arbitration procedure, there is a ground, other than the grounds referred to in Article 1 (a) and (c), and Article 2 (b) and (c), entitling him to contest the validity of the award in a Court of Law, the Court may, if it thinks fit, either refuse recognition or enforcement of the award or adjourn the consideration thereof, giving such party a reasonable time within which to have the award annulled by the competent tribunal.

ARTICLE 4.

The party relying upon an award or claiming its enforcement must supply, in particular:-

- (1) The original award or a copy thereof duly authenticated, according to the requirements of the law of the country in which it was made;
- (2) Documentary or other evidence to prove that the award has become final, in the sense defined in Article 1 (d), in the country in which it was made;
- (3) When necessary, documentary or other evidence to prove that the conditions laid down in Article 1, paragraph 1 and paragraph 2 (a) and (c), have been fulfilled.

A translation of the award and of the other documents mentioned in this Article into the official language of the country where the award is sought to be relied upon may be demanded. Such translation must be certified correct by a diplomatic or consular agent of the country to which the party who seeks to rely upon the award belongs or by a sworn translator of the country where the award is sought to be relied upon.

ARTICLE 5.

The provisions of the above Articles shall not deprive any interested party of the right of availing himself of an arbitral award in the manner and to the extent allowed by the law or the treaties of the country where such award is sought to be relied upon.

ARTICLE 6.

The present Convention applies only to arbitral awards made after the coming-into-force of the Protocol on Arbitration Clauses, opened at Geneva on September 24th, 1923.

ARTICLE 7.

The present Convention, which will remain open to the signature of all the signatories of the Protocol of 1923 on Arbitration Clauses, shall be ratified.

It may be ratified only on behalf of those Members of the League of Nations and non-Member States on whose behalf the Protocol of 1923 shall have been ratified.

Ratifications shall be deposited as soon as possible with the Secretary-General of the League of Nations, who will notify such deposit to all the signatories.

ARTICLE 8.

The present Convention shall come into force three months after it shall have been ratified on behalf of two High Contracting Parties. Thereafter, it shall take effect, in the case of each High Contracting Party, three months after the deposit of the ratification on its behalf with the Secretary-General of the League of Nations.

ARTICLE 9.

The present Convention may be denounced on behalf of any Member of the League or non-Member State. Denunciation shall be notified in writing to the Secretary-General of the League of Nations, who will immediately send a copy thereof, certified to be in conformity with the notification, to all the other Contracting Parties, at the same time informing them of the date on which he received it.

The denunciation shall come into force only in respect of the High Contracting Party which shall have notified it and one year after such notification shall have reached the Secretary-General of the League of Nations.

The denunciation of the Protocol on Arbitration Clauses shall entail, ipso facto, the denunciation of the present Convention.

ARTICLE 10.

The present Convention does not apply to the Colonies, Protectorates or territories under suzerainty or mandate of any High Contracting Party unless they are specially mentioned.

The application of this Convention to one or more of such Colonies, Protectorates or territories to which the Protocol on Arbitration Clauses, opened at Geneva on September 24th, 1923, applies, can be effected at any time by means of a declaration addressed to the Secretary-General of the League of Nations by one of the High Contracting Parties.

Such declaration shall take effect three months after the deposit thereof.

The High Contracting Parties can at any time denounce the Convention for all or any of the Colonies, Protectorates or territories referred to above. Article 9 hereof applies to such denunciation.

ARTICLE 11.

A certified copy of the present Convention shall be transmitted by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations to every Member of the League of Nations to every non-Member State which signs the same.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

PROTOCOL ON ARBITRATION CLAUSES.

The undersigned, being duly authorised, declare that they accept, on behalf of the countries which they represent, the following provisions:—

1. Each of the Contracting States recognises the validity of an agreement whether relating to existing or future differences between parties, subject respectively to the jurisdiction of different Contracting States by which the parties to a contract agree to submit to arbitration all or any differences that may arise in connection with such contract relating to commercial matters or to any other matter capable of settlement by arbitration, whether or not the arbitration is to take place in a country to whose jurisdiction none of the parties is subject.

Each contracting State reserves the right to limit the obligation mentioned above to contracts which are considered as commercial under its national law. Any Contracting State which avails itself of this right will notify the Secretary-General of the League of Nations, in order that the other Contracting States may be so informed.

2. The arbitral procedure, including the constitution of the arbitral tribunal, shall be governed by the will of the parties and by the law of the country in whose territory the arbitration takes place.

The Contracting States agree to facilitate all steps in the procedure which require to be taken in their own territories, in accordance with the provisions of their law governing arbitral procedure applicable to existing differences.

3. Each Contracting State undertakes to ensure the execution by its authorities and in accordance with the provisions of its national laws of arbitral awards made in its own territory under the preceding articles.

4. The tribunals of the Contracting Parties, on being seized of a dispute regarding a contract made between persons to whom Article 1 applies and including an arbitration agreement whether referring to present or future differences which is valid in virtue of the said article and capable of being carried into effect, shall refer the parties on the application of either of them to the decision of the arbitrators.

Such reference shall not prejudice the competence of the judicial tribunals in case the agreement or the arbitration cannot proceed or become inoperative.

5. The present Protocol, which shall remain open for signature by all States, shall be ratified. The ratifications shall be deposited as soon as possible with the Secretary-General of the League of Nations, who shall notify such deposit to all the signatory States.

6. The present Protocol shall come into force as soon as two ratifications have been deposited. Thereafter it will take effect, in the case of each Contracting State, one month after the notification by the Secretary-General of the deposit of its ratification.

7. The present Protocol may be denounced by any Contracting State on giving one year's notice. Denunciation shall be effected by a notification addressed to the Secretary-General of the League, who will immediately transmit copies of such notification to all the other signatory States and inform them of the date of which it was received. The denunciation shall take effect one year after the date on which it was notified to the Secretary-General, and shall operate only in respect of the notifying State.

8. The Contracting States may declare that their acceptance of the present Protocol does not include any or all of the undermentioned territories: that is to say, their colonies, overseas possessions or territories, protectorates or the territories over which they exercise a mandate.

The said States may subsequently adhere separately on behalf of any territory thus excluded. The Secretary-General of the League of Nations shall be informed as soon as possible of such adhesions. He shall notify such adhesions to all signatory States. They will take effect one month after the notification by the Secretary-General to all signatory States.

The Contracting States may also denounce the Protocol separately on behalf of any of the territories referred to above. Article 7 applies to such denunciation.

—————:0:—————

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 9 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,

Governor.

26th October, 1931.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Service of the Year, 1932.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the "Appropriation (1932) Ordinance 1931."

Short Title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st of December, 1932, a sum not exceeding Seventy-one thousand, Six hundred and Sixty-two pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1932.

Appropriation
£71,662 for service of
year 1932.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 20th day of October, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of October, 1931.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	1880	0	0
II.	The Governor	2355	0	0
III.	Colonial Secretary	2421	0	0
IV.	Treasury and Customs	1694	0	0
V.	Audit	130	0	0
VI.	Post Office	1830	0	0
VII.	Wireless Telegraph	1400	0	0
VIII.	Electrical	2056	0	0
IX.	Harbour	735	0	0
X.	Legal	570	0	0
XI.	Police and Prisons	942	0	0
XII.	Medical	4378	0	0
XIII.	Education	2752	0	0
XIV.	Ecclesiastical	289	0	0
XV.	Naturalist	55	0	0
XVI.	Military	1193	0	0
XVII.	Stock	856	0	0
XVIII.	Miscellaneous	4530	0	0
XIX.	Public Works	3716	0	0
XX.	Public Works Recurrent	4875	0	0
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	£ 38657	0	0
XXI.	Public Works Extraordinary	13107	0	0
		£ 51764	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	19898	0	0
	Total	£ 71662	0	0

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 10 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,

Governor.

26th October, 1931.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900,
as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties)
Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the
Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof, as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained
in the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export
Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924, the duty of
Customs to be raised, levied, collected and paid upon whale oil which
shall have been raised in the Colony or in the Dependencies thereof
and shall be shipped for places beyond the limits of the Colony or of
the Dependencies thereof during the 1931-1932 whaling season and
upon seal oil which shall have been in like manner raised and shall
be in like manner shipped during the 1932 sealing season shall be
fixed at the rate of 2s/- for each barrel of forty gallons.

Special rate of duty
on export of whale
and seal oil during
the 1931-1932 and
1932 seasons.

2. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Export
Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1931," and shall be read and
construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by
the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924.

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 20th day of
October, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public
Seal of the Colony this 26th day of October, 1931.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 11 of 1931.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,

Governor.

26th October, 1931.

An Ordinance

To prevent the introduction of Venereal Disease into the Colony.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :—

Enacting Clause.

1. It shall not be lawful for any person suffering from venereal disease, to wit, syphilis, gonorrhœa or soft sores, to disembark in the Colony from any vessel arriving from overseas, or from the Dependencies except with the permission of the Governor, which permission shall be subject to such terms, conditions and restrictions as to isolation and treatment as the Governor may prescribe on the advice of the Principal Medical Officer.

No person suffering from venereal disease to land in the Colony except with permission of the Governor.

2. Any person who has disembarked in the Colony from a vessel arriving from overseas or from the Dependencies and who is found not later than one month from the date of having so disembarked to be suffering from venereal disease as aforesaid shall be granted permission to remain in the Colony subject to such terms, conditions and restrictions as to isolation and treatment as the Governor may prescribe on the advice of the Principal Medical Officer provided that the terms, conditions and restrictions so

Any person found to be suffering from venereal disease within a month of landing in the Colony to be subject to restriction.

prescribed are of a nature similiar to that of those which might have been prescribed under the provisions of the preceding section of this Ordinance.

Penalty.

3. Any person who wilfully contravenes or evades or attempts to contravene or to evade any of the provisions of this Ordinance or who aids or abets any such contravention or evasion or attempted contravention or evasion shall be liable on conviction by a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to a fine not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Short Title.

4. This Ordinance may be cited as the Prevention of Venereal Disease Ordinance, 1931.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 20th day of October, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of October, 1931.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

PART II.

RULES, REGULATIONS, ETC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Proclamation No. 1 of 1931.	Close season established by Section 3 of the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913.
.. .. 2	Assumption of administration of Government by Honourable J. M. Ellis.
.. .. 3	Dangerous Drugs.
.. .. 4	Bringing into force of Falkland Islands Currency Notes Ordinance, 1930.
.. .. 5	Revoking and cancelling Proclamation No. 4. of 1928, prohibiting the exportation of gold coin or bullion from the Colony.
.. .. 6	Assumption of administration of Government by His Excellency Sir James O'Grady.

Order-in-Council. Wild Animals and Birds.

The Penguins (Amendment) Regulations, 1931.

The Live Stock (Amendment) Regulations, 1931.

The Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1931.

The Stanley Milk Supply Protection (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1931.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 1.

Proclamation

1931.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

In virtue of the powers vested in him by section 8 of the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to Proclaim and it is hereby proclaimed as follows :—

The close season established by section 3 of the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913, shall be, until further order, the period between the first day of September in any year and the last day of February in the following year, both days included.

(Given at Government House, Stanley, this 15th day of January, 1931.

By His Excellency's Command,
J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 439/30.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 2.

Proclamation

1931.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, &c., &c., &c.

JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS. — *By His Excellency JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS, ESQUIRE, Acting Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c.,*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by the fourteenth clause of the Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, dated the 25th February, 1892, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, it is provided that "whenever the office of Governor is vacant, or if the Governor "become incapable or be absent from the Colony, Our Lieutenant Governor of the Colony, or "if there be no such Officer therein, then such person or persons as We may appoint under "Our Sign Manual and Signet, and in default of any such appointment the Senior Member "for the time being of the Executive Council of the Colony, shall, during Our pleasure, "administer the Government of the Colony, first taking the Oaths hereinbefore directed to be "taken by the Governor and in the manner herein prescribed; which being done, We do hereby "authorize, empower, and command Our Lieutenant Governor or any other such Administrator "as aforesaid to do and execute during Our pleasure all things that belong to the office of "Governor and Commander-in-Chief, according to the tenour of these Our Letters Patent, "and according to Our Instructions as aforesaid, and the laws of the Colony";

AND WHEREAS His Excellency ARNOLD WIENHOLT HODSON, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, has this day left the Colony for the United Kingdom on leave of absence;

AND WHEREAS there is no such officer as Lieutenant Governor in this Colony and no person has been appointed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet to administer the Government of this Colony in the absence of the Governor;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS, Colonial Secretary of the Falkland Islands, the Senior Member of the Executive Council aforesaid, do hereby proclaim and make known that, in pursuance of the said clause of the said Royal Letters Patent and having taken the oaths prescribed by law, I have this day assumed the Administration of the Government of this Colony and its Dependencies.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 3rd day of February, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirty-one.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1925.

No. 3.

Proclamation

1931.

J. M. ELLIS,
Acting Governor.

In virtue of the powers vested in me by section (6) sub-section (2) of the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1925, and otherwise, I, JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS, Acting Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, do hereby proclaim and declare and it is hereby proclaimed and declared as follows :

Part II of the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1925, shall apply to the drugs hereinafter mentioned in the same manner as it applies to the drugs mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 6 of the aforesaid Ordinance :

- (i) The Esters of Morphine and their respective salts and any preparation, admixture and extract containing any of the said Esters.
- (ii) Di-hydro-Morphinone and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of Di-hydro-Morphinone.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 26th day of February, 1931.

By His Excellency's Command,
A. I. FLEURET,
for Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 4.

Proclamation

1931.

[L.S.]

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

In virtue of the powers in me vested by clause 15 of the Falkland Islands Currency Notes Ordinance, 1930, and otherwise, I, JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS, Acting Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do proclaim and order and it is hereby proclaimed and ordered as follows :

The Falkland Islands Currency Notes Ordinance, 1930, shall come into force as from the 19th day of May, 1931.

Made this 12th day of May, 1931.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

STANLEY, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 5.

Proclamation

1931.

[L.S.]

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

In virtue of the powers in me vested by the Customs Ordinance, 1903, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1928, and otherwise, I, JOHN MEDLICOTT ELLIS, Acting Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do proclaim and order and it is hereby proclaimed and ordered as follows :

Proclamation No. 4 of 1928, made by me on the 13th day of November, 1928, prohibiting the exportation of gold coin or bullion from the Colony or from the Dependencies thereof, is hereby revoked and cancelled.

Made this 12th day of May, 1931.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. I. FLEURET,

for Colonial Secretary.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

STANLEY, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 6.

Proclamation.

1931.

Assumption of the Administration of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies by His Excellency SIR JAMES O'GRADY, K.C.M.G.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

JAMES O'GRADY. — *By His Excellency SIR JAMES O'GRADY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

[L.S.]

His Excellency SIR JAMES O'GRADY, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, hereby gives notice that he has in pursuance of His Most Gracious Majesty's Commission this day taken the oaths prescribed by law as Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and assumed the Administration of the Government.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this twentieth day of June, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-one.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

His Excellency the Governor, in virtue of the powers in him vested by section 7 of the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913, and otherwise, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is hereby pleased to Declare and it is hereby declared that the undermentioned wild animal and wild birds shall be added to the list of animals and birds contained in Schedules I and II to the aforesaid Ordinance :-

SCHEDULE I.

Cocoi Heron (*Ardea cocoi*)
Flamingo (*Phoenicopterus chilensis*)

SCHEDULE II.

Hare.
Pampa Teal (*Querquedula versicolor*)
Cinnamon Teal (*Querquedula cyanoptera*)

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 28th day of January, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Penguins (Amendment) Regulations, 1931.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by section 4 of the Penguins Preservation Ordinance, 1914, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased hereby to make the following Regulations :—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Penguins (Amendment) Regulations, 1931, and shall be read and construed as one with the Penguin Regulations, 1914. Short Title.

2. Section 1 of the Penguin Regulations, 1914, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following :— Repeal and Replacement of section 1 of the Penguin Regulations, 1914.

1. The period for which Licences to take Penguins' eggs may be issued shall be

(i) in the case of Gentoo Penguins from the 1st day of October to the 31st day of October in every year ;

(ii) in the case of other Penguins from the 1st day of October to the 31st day of December in every year.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 6th day of January, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Live Stock Ordinance, 1901.

The Live Stock (Amendment) Regulations, 1931.

ARNOLD HODSON,
Governor.

In virtue of the powers vested in him by section 45 of the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is hereby pleased to make the following Regulations :

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Live Stock (Amendment) Regulations, 1931, and shall be read and construed as one with the Live Stock Regulations (Consolidation), 1923. Short Title.

2. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary expressed or implied in the Live Stock Regulations (Consolidation) 1923, all sheep which are transhipped at any port in South America in the course of importation into the Colony shall be treated in the same manner as sheep which are imported into the Colony from South America and shall be subject to the additional provisions of section 11 of the Live Stock Regulations (Consolidation) 1923, provided that the Chief Inspector of Stock, if satisfied as to the method of transhipment in the said port, may in his discretion dispense with or modify all or any of such additional provisions, and provided also that in sub-section (2) of the aforesaid section 11 the term exporter of the sheep shall be deemed to include, where necessary, the agent for the exporter or importer at the port of transhipment. Sheep transhipped in South America during importation.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 6th day of January, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Pensions Ordinance, 1927.

The Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1931.

J. M. ELLIS,

Acting Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by section 6 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and otherwise, the Governor is pleased, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, and with the sanction of the Secretary of State, to make the following Regulations:-

1. These Regulations may be cited as the "Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1931," and shall be read and construed as one with the Pensions Regulations, 1928. Short Title.

2. Section 27 (a) of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, as amended by the Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1928, and the Pensions (Amendment No. 2) Regulations, 1928, is hereby amended by the substitution therein for the previous list of the following list of Governments and Administrations, namely, Amendment of section 27 (a) of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, as amended.

Great Britain and Northern Ireland
The Office of the Crown Agents for the Colonies
The Colonial Audit Department (Home Establishment)
Federated Malay States
Gambia
Gold Coast
Hong Kong
Kenya
Kenya and Uganda Railways and Harbours
Nigeria
Northern Rhodesia
Nyassaland Protectorate
Sierra Leone
Somaliland Protectorate
Straits Settlements
Tanganyika Territory
Uganda Protectorate
and Zanzibar Protectorate.

3. The schedule to the Pensions Regulations, 1928, and all replacements thereof and amendments thereto, are hereby repealed and replaced by the following:- Repeal and replacement of the schedule to the Pensions Regulations, 1928.

Bahamas
Barbados
Bermuda
British Guiana
British Honduras
Ceylon
Cyprus
Fiji
Gibraltar
Jamaica
Leeward Islands
Malta
Mauritius
Palestine

Basutoland
Bechuanaland Protectorate
Swaziland
St. Helena
Seychelles
Trinidad
Turks and Caicos Islands
Gilbert and Ellice Islands
British Solomon Islands Protectorate
Tonga
Windward Islands.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 13th day of June, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Public Health Ordinance, 1894.

The Stanley Milk Supply Protection (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1931.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Stanley Milk Supply Protection (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1931, and shall be read and construed as one with the Stanley Milk Supply Protection Bye-laws, 1928. Short Title.

2. Section 3 of the Stanley Milk Supply Protection Bye-laws, 1928, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following:— Repeal and replacement of Section 3 of the Stanley Milk Supply Protection Bye-laws, 1928.

No person to sell milk or cream without a licence from the Board of Health. 3. No person shall sell or expose for sale milk or cream in Stanley without having first obtained a licence from the Board of Health to sell milk or cream.

3. Section 4 of the Stanley Milk Supply Protection Bye-laws, 1928, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following:— Repeal and Replacement of Section 4 of the Stanley Milk Supply Protection Bye-laws, 1928.

Licences to be issued annually. 4. The Board of Health may grant a licence to sell milk or cream in Stanley upon such terms and subject to such conditions as may be considered desirable. A licence shall be valid for one calendar year and shall be granted without charge. Any person desirous of obtaining a licence shall apply in writing to the Board of Health not later than the 31st day of January in each year provided that in exceptional circumstances the Board of Health may permit a person so desirous to apply for a licence subsequent to the aforesaid date. The Board of Health may cancel or suspend a licence granted under this section at any time and without cause assigned.

Made by the Board of Health at a meeting held on the 23rd day of March, 1931.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 27th day of March, 1931.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 389/25.



ORDINANCES

of the

COLONY

of the

FALKLAND ISLANDS

enacted during the year

1932

together with the

Rules, Regulations etc., etc.,

made during that year.

PART I.

ORDINANCES.

Printed at the Government Printing Office, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

PRICE 2/-. To be purchased from the Colonial Secretary, Stanley, and from the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4 Millbank, London, S.W. 1.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1932.	The Supplementary Appropriation (1931) Ordinance, 1932.
" " 2 " "	The Summary Jurisdiction (Amendment) Ordinance, 1932.
" " 3 " "	The Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1932.
" " 4 " "	The Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1932.
" " 5 " "	The Appropriation (1933) Ordinance, 1932.
" " 6 " "	The Minimum Wage Fixing Machinery Ordinance, 1932.
" " 7 " "	The United Kingdom Designs (Protection) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1932.
" " 8 " "	The Registration of United Kingdom Patents (Amendment) Ordinance, 1932.
" " 9 " "	The Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1932.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1932.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,

Governor.

26th April, 1932.

An Ordinance

To legalize certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Thirty-one in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 8 of 1930.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1931. Preamble.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the "Supplementary Appropriation (1931) Ordinance, 1932." Short Title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the Services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those Services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One Thousand Nine hundred and Thirty-one, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the Service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those Services in the said Ordinance. Appropriation of excess of expenditure for the year 1931.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 26th day of April, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of April, 1932.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.	Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
			£	s.	d.
		FALKLAND ISLANDS.			
	I.	Pensions	106	8	2
	VII.	Wireless Telegraphs	722	12	6
	VIII.	Electrical	232	0	7
	IX.	Harbour	9	16	10
	X.	Legal	210	15	6
	XI.	Police & Prisons	7	16	8
	XIII.	Education	36	18	8
	XVI.	Military	124	7	8
	XVIII.	Miscellaneous	1427	5	1
		Total Ordinary Expenditure	2878	1	8
	XXI.	Public Works Extraordinary ...	2370	3	11
	APPENDIX III.	Reserve Fund	20009	8	0
		Total Falklands	25257	13	7
		DEPENDENCIES.			
	I.	Ordinary Expenditure	6614	1	8
		Total	31871	15	3

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1932.

I ASSENT,
JAMES O'GRADY,
Governor.
26th April, 1932.

An Ordinance

To amend the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, thereof as follows : Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Summary Jurisdiction (Amendment) Ordinance, 1932, and shall be read and construed as one with the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902. Short Title.

2. Section five, sub-section three, of the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following : Amendment of Section 5 of Ordinance No. 5 of 1902.

“(3) In all suits where the claim, debt or damage or balance sought to be recovered shall not exceed the sum of one hundred pounds, and in all suits for the recovery of the possession of a tenement where the annual rent or value thereof shall not exceed the said amount, and every such suit shall be originally instituted in the Summary Court; and ”

3. This Ordinance shall come into operation on a date to be notified by publication in the Official Gazette. Date of Operation.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 26th day of April, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 26th day of April, 1932.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1932.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,

Governor.

31st October, 1932.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924, the duty of Customs to be raised, levied, collected and paid upon whale oil and upon seal oil which shall be raised in the Colony or in the Dependencies thereof and shall be shipped from the Colony or from the Dependencies thereof for places beyond the limits of the Colony or of the Dependencies thereof during the 1932-1933 whaling season and during the 1933 sealing season shall be fixed at the rate of one shilling and six pence for each barrel of forty gallons.

Rate of duty on export of whale and seal oil during the 1932-1933 whaling season and during the 1933 sealing season.

2. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1932" and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff (Export Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1923 and 1924.

Short Title.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 28th day of October, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of October, 1932.

J. M. ELLIS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1932.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,

Governor.

31st October, 1932.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1900,
as amended by the Tariff (Import Duties)
Amendment Ordinances, 1929 and 1931.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinance, 1932" and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1929 and 1931.

Short Title.

2. The First Schedule to the Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1929 and 1931, is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following words:—

Proviso to First Schedule of Tariff Ordinance, 1900, as amended by the Tariff (Import Duties) Amendment Ordinances, 1929 and 1931.

Provided that the aforesaid tariff of import duties shall not apply to matches which are manufactured in and consigned from the United Kingdom or any part of the British Empire, including the Dominions, Colonies and Protectorates and Mandated Territories : and

Provided also that the tariff of import duties on cigars and on cigarettes, cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff shall be at nine-tenths of the aforesaid tariff where such cigars, cigarettes, cut and

manufactured tobacco and snuff are manufactured in any part of the British Empire including the Dominions, Colonies and Protectorates and Mandated Territories from tobacco which is the produce of any part of the British Empire, including the Dominions, Colonies and Protectorates and Mandated Territories.

Date of Operation.

3. This Ordinance shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by notification in the Gazette.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 28th day of October, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of October, 1932.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.



[L.S.]

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1932.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,
Governor.

31st October, 1932.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Service of the Year 1933.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the "Appropriation (1933) Ordinance, 1932". Short Title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st of December, 1933, a sum not exceeding Seventy-five thousand, Three hundred and Four pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1933. Appropriation of £75,304 for service of year 1933.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 28th day of October, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of October, 1932.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	1950	0	0
II.	The Governor	2371	0	0
III.	Colonial Secretary	2440	0	0
IV.	Treasury and Customs	1637	0	0
V.	Audit	128	0	0
VI.	Post Office	1846	0	0
VII.	Wireless Telegraph	1342	0	0
VIII.	Electrical	2032	0	0
IX.	Harbour	730	0	0
X.	Legal	570	0	0
XI.	Police and Prisons	929	0	0
XII.	Medical	4541	0	0
XIII.	Education	2796	0	0
XIV.	Ecclesiastical	289	0	0
XV.	Naturalist	55	0	0
XVI.	Military	1201	0	0
XVII.	Stock	851	0	0
XVIII.	Miscellaneous	3678	0	0
XIX.	Public Works	3675	0	0
XX.	Public Works Recurrent	5255	0	0
	Total Ordinary Expenditure	£ 38316	0	0
XXI.	Public Works Extraordinary	15555	0	0
APPENDIX I.	Centenary Celebrations	2000	0	0
		£ 55871	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	19433	0	0
	Total	£ 75304	0	0

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1932.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,

Governor.

31st October, 1932.

An Ordinance

To give effect to the International
Labour Convention concerning the creation
of Minimum Wage Fixing Machinery.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Minimum Wage Fixing Machinery Ordinance, 1932. Enacting Clause.
2. Where the Governor in Executive Council is satisfied that the wages for any occupation in any district are unreasonably low the Governor in Executive Council may fix a minimum wage for such occupation in such district. Short Title.
3. The Governor in Executive Council may make rules for the appointment of Advisory Boards where the Governor in Executive Council considers that such Advisory Boards are desirable in connection with the fixing of a minimum wage in the manner set out in the preceding section of this Ordinance. The Governor in Council may fix minimum wage.
- The Governor in Council may make rules for the appointment of Advisory Boards.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 28th day of October, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of October, 1932.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1932.

I ASSENT,
JAMES O'GRADY,
Governor.
31st October, 1932.

An Ordinance

To amend the law relating to the protection in the Colony of Designs registered in the United Kingdom.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The United Kingdom Designs (Protection) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1932" and shall be read and construed as one with the United Kingdom Designs (Protection) Ordinance, 1928.

Short Title.

2. Section 4 of the United Kingdom Designs (Protection) Ordinance, 1928, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following:—

Repeal and replacement of Section 4 of Ordinance, No. 11 of 1928.

Supreme Court may declare registration not to be valid in the Colony.

4. The Supreme Court shall have power upon the application of any person who alleges that his interests have been prejudicially affected to declare that exclusive privileges and rights in a design have not been acquired in the Colony under the provisions of this Ordinance upon any of the grounds upon which the United Kingdom registration might be cancelled under the law for the time being in force in the United Kingdom. Such grounds shall be deemed to include the publication of the design in the Colony prior to the date of registration of the design in the United Kingdom.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 28th day of October, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of October, 1932.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

53

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 8 of 1932.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,

Governor.

31st October, 1932.

An Ordinance

To amend the law relating to the registration in the Colony of Letters Patent granted in the United Kingdom.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Registration of United Kingdom Patents (Amendment) Ordinance, 1932" and shall be read and construed as one with the Registration of United Kingdom Patents Ordinance, 1930.

Short Title.

2. Section 8 of the Registration of United Kingdom Patents Ordinance, 1930, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following:—

Repeal and replacement of Section 8 of Ordinance, No. 2 of 1930.

Supreme Court may declare privileges and rights not to have been acquired.

8. The Supreme Court shall have power upon the application of any person who alleges that his interests have been prejudicially affected by the issue of a certificate of registration, to declare that the exclusive privileges and rights conferred by such certificate of registration have not been acquired on any of the grounds upon which the United Kingdom patent might be revoked under the law for the time being in force in the United Kingdom. Such grounds shall be deemed to include the manufacture use or sale of the invention in the Colony prior to the date of the patent in the United Kingdom, but not to include the manufacture use or sale of the invention in the Colony by some person or persons after the date of the patent in the United Kingdom and prior to the date of the issue of the certificate of registration under section 4 of this Ordinance.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 28th day of October, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of October, 1932.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 9 of 1932.

I ASSENT,

JAMES O'GRADY,
Governor.

31st October, 1932.

An Ordinance

To amend the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1925, as amended by the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1926.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:— Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1932, and shall be read and construed as one with the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1925, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance, and with the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1926. Short Title.

2. The definition of the expression "Corresponding law" contained in section 2 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed and replaced by the following:— Amendment of Section 2 of Ordinance No. 8 of 1925.

"Corresponding law" means any law stated in a certificate purporting to be issued by or on behalf of the Government of any country outside the Colony to be a law providing for the control and regulation in that country of the manufacture, sale, use, export and import of drugs in accordance with the provisions of the International Convention relating to Dangerous Drugs signed at Geneva on the nineteenth day of February, nineteen hundred and twenty-five, hereinafter referred to as "the Geneva Convention (No. 1)", and of the International Convention for limiting the manufacture and regulating the distribution of Narcotic Drugs, signed at Geneva on the thirteenth day of

FALKLAND ISLANDS:

Printed at the Government Printing Office by C. G. Allan

July, nineteen hundred and thirty-one, hereinafter referred to as the "Geneva Convention (No. 2)", and any statement in any such certificate as to the effect of the law mentioned in the certificate, or any statement in any such certificate that any facts constitute an offence against that law, shall be conclusive.

3. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed and replaced by the following:—

Drugs to which
Part II applies.

(1) The drugs to which this Part of this Ordinance applies are

- (a) medicinal opium;
- (b) any extract or tincture of Indian hemp;
- (c) morphine and its salts, and diacetylmorphine (commonly known as diamorphine or heroin) and the other esters of morphine and their respective salts;
- (d) cocaine (including synthetic cocaine) and ecgonine and their respective salts, and the esters of ecgonine and their respective salts;
- (e) any solution or dilution of morphine or cocaine or their salts in an inert substance whether liquid or solid, containing any proportion of morphine or cocaine, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance (not being such a solution or dilution as aforesaid) containing not less than one-fifth per cent. of morphine or one-tenth per cent. of cocaine or of ecgonine;
- (f) any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of diacetylmorphine;
- (g) dihydrohydroxycodone, dihydrocodeinone, dihydromorphinone, acetyldihydrocodeinone, dihydromorphine, their esters and the salts of any of these substances and of their esters, morphine-N-oxide (commonly known as genomorphine), the morphine-N-oxide derivatives, and any other pentavalent nitrogen morphine derivatives;
- (h) thebaine and its salts, and (with the exception of methylnorphine, commonly known as codeine, and ethylnorphine, commonly known as dionin, and their respective salts) benzylmorphine and the other ethers of morphine and their respective salts;
- (i) any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of any of the substances mentioned in paragraph (g) or in paragraph (h) of this subsection.

For the purpose of the foregoing provision the expression "ecgonine" means laevo-ecgonine and includes any derivatives of ecgonine from

which it may be recovered industrially, and the percentage in the case of morphine shall be calculated as in respect of anhydrous morphine.

(2) If it appears to the Governor in Council that any new derivative of morphine or cocaine, or of any salts of morphine or cocaine, or any other alkaloid of opium, or any other drug of whatever kind is or is likely to be productive, if improperly used, or is capable of being converted into a substance which is or is likely to be productive, if improperly used, of ill effects substantially of the same character or nature as or analogous to those produced by morphine or cocaine, the Governor in Council may by Proclamation declare that this Part of this Ordinance shall apply to that new derivative or alkaloid or other drug in the same manner as it applies to the drugs mentioned in subsection (1) of this section, and the Governor in Council may by Proclamation make such verbal alterations in the list of the drugs to which this Part of this Ordinance applies as are incidental to the addition thereto of any new derivative or alkaloid or other drug as aforesaid.

(3) If the Governor in Council thinks fit to declare by Proclamation that a finding with respect to any preparation containing any of the drugs to which this Part of this Ordinance applies has in pursuance of Article 8 of the Geneva Convention (No. 1) been communicated by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations to the parties to the said Convention the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance shall cease to apply to the preparation specified in the Proclamation as from such date as may be specified in the Proclamation.

4. (1) It shall not be lawful for any person in the Colony to trade in or manufacture for the purpose of trade any products obtained from any of the phenanthrene alkaloids of opium or from the ecgonine alkaloids of the coca leaf, not being a product which was on the thirteenth day of July, nineteen hundred and thirty-one, being used for medical or scientific purposes:

Provided that if the Governor in Council is at any time satisfied as respects any such product that it is of medical or scientific value, he may by Proclamation direct that this subsection shall cease to apply to that product.

If any person acts in contravention of this subsection, he shall be guilty of an offence against the Principal Ordinance.

(2) If it is made to appear to the Governor in Council that a decision with respect to any such product as is mentioned in subsection (1) of this section has in pursuance of Article 11 of the Geneva Convention (No. 2) been communicated by the Secretary-General of the League of Nations to the parties to the said Convention, the Governor in Council may by Proclamation, as the case requires, either declare that the provisions of Part II of the Principal Ordinance shall apply to that product in the same manner as they apply to the drugs mentioned in subsection (1) of section 6 of the Principal Ordinance as amended by section 3 of this Ordinance or apply the said Part II to that product with such modifications as may be specified in the Proclamation.

Prohibition of trade, etc., in new drugs and power to apply Part II of Principal Ordinance with or without modifications to certain drugs.

(3) The Governor in Council may by Proclamation apply Part II of the Principal Ordinance, with such modifications as may be specified in the Proclamation, to any of the following drugs, that is to say, methylmorphine (commonly known as codeine), ethylmorphine (commonly known as diopin) and their respective salts.

Power to alter or
revoke Proclamations.

5. A Proclamation made by the Governor in Council under the Principal Ordinance or under the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1926, or under this Ordinance may be varied or revoked by a subsequent Proclamation made in the like manner and subject to the like provisions.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 28th day of October, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of October, 1932.

J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

PART II.

RULES, REGULATIONS, ETC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

-----:0:-----

Proclamation No. 1 of 1932.	Close season established by Section 3 of the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913.
Order-in-Council.	The Post Office (Rates of Postage and Fees) Amendment Order, 1932.
The Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1932.	
The Pensions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 1932.	
Notification of pensionable offices.	
Scale of Fees to be taken by the Dental Surgeon.	
Rules relative to the granting of Patents for inventions made by Civil Servants in the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies.	
Scale of charges and rules for the use of the Government Slipway in the Dockyard, Stanley.	

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 1. **Proclamation.** 1932.

[L.S.]

JAMES O'GRADY,
Governor.

In virtue of the powers vested in him by section 8 of the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to proclaim and it is hereby proclaimed as follows :

The close season established by section 3 of the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913, shall be, until further order, the period between the first day of August in any year and the last day of February in the following year, both days included.

Proclamation No. 1 of 1931, dated the 15th of January, 1931, is hereby cancelled.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 30th day of January, 1932.

By His Excellency's Command,
J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 439/30.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

JAMES O'GRADY,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Post Office Ordinance, 1898, and with the advice of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as "The Post Office (Rates of Postage and Fees) Amendment Order, 1932" and shall be read and construed as one with the Order made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 3rd day of October, 1930.

2. The Heading "Books and Newspapers" and the Heading "Registration" (relating to Imperial and Foreign postage) of Section 1 of the Order made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 3rd day of October, 1930, are hereby repealed and replaced by the following:—

BOOKS AND NEWSPAPERS.

TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Newspapers, private papers, and books	... per 2 ozs.	½d.
Commercial Papers	... ..	½d.
(with minimum of 2½d.)	... ..
Patterns and Samples	... ..	½d.
(with minimum of 1d.)	... ..
Blind Literature	... .. 2 lbs.	½d.

REGISTRATION.

To all parts of the world	... ..	3d.
Advice of delivery of registered or insured articles, applied for either at time of posting or subsequently	... ..	3d.
Enquiry as to disposal of registered or insured articles		3d.

PAYMENT FOR LOSS.

The maximum limit of compensation for the loss of a registered article is £2. Registration in the international service does not give any title to compensation for the loss or damage of the contents of any registered letter or packet as distinct from the loss of the entire packet. Under an exceptional arrangement, however, with the General Post Office, London, compensation may, as an act of grace, be paid up to a maximum of £2 in cases where the contents of a registered letter or packet, posted to an address in the United Kingdom, are lost.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 28th day of June, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Pensions Ordinance, 1927.

The Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1932.

JAMES O'GRADY,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by section 6 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and otherwise, the Governor is pleased, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, and with the sanction of the Secretary of State, to make the following Regulations :—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the "Pensions Short Title.
(Amendment) Regulations, 1932".

3. Section 20 of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, is hereby Repeal of section 20
repealed. of the Pensions Reg-
ulations. 1928.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 4th day of February, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

The Pensions Ordinance, 1927.

The Pensions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 1932.

JAMES O'GRADY,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by section 6 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and otherwise, the Governor is pleased with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, to make the following regulations :—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the "Pensions (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 1932".

Short Title.

2. The second proviso to subsection (1) of section 25 of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following :—

Repeal and replacement of the second proviso to section 25 subsection (1) of the Pensions Regulations, 1928.

Provided further that any period of other public service under any scheduled Government by which no gratuity or pension is granted to an officer shall not be taken into account either in determining the amount of pension for which he would have been eligible if his service had been entirely in the Colony, or in calculating the the aggregate amount of his pensionable emoluments.

3. Subsection (2) of section 25 of the Pensions Regulations, 1928, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following :—

Repeal and replacement of section 25 subsection (2) of the Pensions Regulations, 1928.

The aggregate amount of his pensionable emoluments shall be taken as the total amount of salary which the officer would have drawn and the total amount of the other pensionable emoluments which he would have enjoyed had he been on duty on full pay in his substantive office or offices throughout the period of his service in the Colony or under any scheduled Government by which gratuity or pension is granted to him.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 25th day of October, 1932.

A. I. FLEURET,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 78/30.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

NOTIFICATION.

JAMES O'GRADY,
Governor.

In virtue of the powers vested in him by Section 7 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1927, and otherwise, the Governor, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, is pleased hereby to declare to be pensionable the undermentioned offices in the public service of the Colony :—

A. OFFICES PENSIONABLE IRRESPECTIVE OF HOLDERS.

COLONY.

COLONIAL SECRETARY	...	...	...	...	Colonial Secretary. Chief Clerk and Clerk of Councils. Two Clerks. Head Printer. Assistant Printer.
TREASURY AND CUSTOMS	...	...	...	...	Treasurer and Collector. Chief Clerk. Second Clerk. Customs Officer. Assistant Customs Officer.
POST OFFICE	...	...	...	...	First Clerk.
WIRELESS TELEGRAPH	...	...	...	...	Senior Operator. Operator, First Class.
ELECTRICAL	...	...	...	...	Electrician-in-Charge.
HARBOUR	...	...	...	...	Tugmaster and Government Pilot. Deckhand.
LEGAL	...	...	...	...	Registrar, Supreme Court and Magistrate.
POLICE AND PRISONS	...	...	...	...	Chief Constable and Gaoler. Gaol Matron. Four Constables.
MEDICAL	...	...	...	...	Principal Medical Officer. Medical Officer. Dental Surgeon.
EDUCATION	...	...	...	...	Superintendent of Education, and Head- master, Government School, Stanley.
STOCK	...	...	...	...	Veterinary Officer.
PUBLIC WORKS	...	...	...	...	Director of Public Works. Chief Clerk. General Foreman of Works. Caretaker, Town Hall, Furnace Attendant.

DEPENDENCIES.

SOUTH GEORGIA	Magistrate. Clerk to Magistrate. Customs Officer. Two Assistant Customs Officers. Constable. Operator, First Class.
---------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	--

B. OFFICES PENSIONABLE TO INDIVIDUAL HOLDERS ONLY.

COLONY.

LEGAL	Magistrate, West Falkland. (J. E. Hamilton.)
-------	-----	-----	-----	-----	---

ECCLESIASTICAL	Sexton. (J. F. Summers.)
NATURALIST	Naturalist. (J. E. Hamilton.) Assistant to Naturalist. (A. G. Bennett) †
PUBLIC WORKS	Executive Engineer. Stanley Improvement Scheme. (G. Roberts.) Clerk, Stanley Improvement Scheme. (L. B. White.) Foreman Carpenter. (D. Lees.)

DEPENDENCIES.

SOUTH SHETLANDS	Magistrate. (J. E. Hamilton.)
GENERAL	Naturalist. (J. E. Hamilton.) Assistant to Naturalist. (A. G. Bennett.) †

† In total amount of £100 *per annum*.

The previous list published under date of the 20th of August, 1930, is hereby cancelled.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
STANLEY, FALKLAND ISLANDS.
21st March, 1932.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 8.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Stanley, Falkland Islands.
15th January, 1932.

SCALE OF FEES TO BE TAKEN BY THE DENTAL SURGEON.

The following scale of fees to be taken by the Dental Surgeon is published for general information :

Scaling and Gum Treatment from 10s. : 0d. to £1 : 0s. : 0d.

Fillings (various) according to value
of material and work done per tooth from 7s. : 6d. to 15s. : 0d.

Root treatment per tooth from 10s. : 0d. to 15s. : 0d.

Crowning per tooth £2 : 0s. : 0d.

Extractions

(a) with local anæsthetic per tooth from 5s. : 0d. to 10s. : 0d.

(b) with general anæsthetic per tooth from 5s. : 0d. to 10s. : 0d.

(ward fee 4/- a day and general anæsthetic fee from £1 : 1s. : 0d. to
£2 : 2s. : 0d. extra).

Dentures according to quality of
material etc. from £8 : 0s. : 0d. to £14 : 0s. : 0d.

Part dentures Minimum £1 : 1s. : 0d. and pro rata.

Extras. General anæsthetic from £1 : 1s. : 0d. to £2 : 2s. : 0d.

Other extras in accordance with nature, quantity and quality of work done.

Children of the age of fifteen years and under receive free treatment.

Government servants on the personal emoluments list receive free simple treatment, including simple fillings and extractions under local anæsthetic, for themselves and their households.

Other Government servants receive free simple treatment, including simple fillings and extractions under local anæsthetic, for themselves but not for their households.

Government servants are required to pay for extractions under general anæsthetic and the ward and anæsthetic fees, and also for the actual cost of materials used in fillings other than simple fillings and in root treatment, crowning, dentures, part-dentures and repairs and for all extras.

By Command,
J. M. ELLIS,
Colonial Secretary.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Rules relative to the granting of Patents for inventions made by Civil Servants in the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies.

—:o:—

1. Any Government officer who has made an invention
 - (a) may, at his own expense, and
 - (b) shall, at the expense of the Government if so required by the Governor, lodge an application for provisional protection with the Registrar of Patents, and shall at the same time send a copy of the application to the Governor through the Head of his Department. The Governor shall decide as expeditiously as possible whether the invention shall be regarded as secret, and his decision shall be forthwith communicated to the Head of the officer's Department for the information of the officer.
2. (1) As soon as practicable, the Governor shall decide whether the officer shall or shall not be allowed controlling rights in the patent, and his decision shall be communicated to the Head of the officer's Department for the information of the officer.
 - (2) Pending the decision of the Governor as to such controlling rights, all rights in the invention shall be deemed to belong to and to be held in trust for the Government.
3. If the Governor decides that the officer shall be allowed controlling rights in the patent, the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (a) The officer shall, subject to the provisions of Rule 1 of these Rules, be responsible for all expenditure in taking out the patent.
 - (b) The Governor may attach to his decision such conditions as he may think fit and, in particular, may reserve to the Government a right of user of the invention free of royalty, or a right to a share of any commercial proceeds, or both such rights.
 - (c) The officer may, whether any rights are reserved under paragraph (b) of this Rule or not, apply to the Awards Committee as constituted under paragraph 7 of these Rules (hereinafter referred to as "the Committee") through the Head of his Department for an award in respect of his invention.
 - (d) The question whether an award shall be made, the amount thereof, and, if a share of commercial proceeds is reserved to the Government, the amount of such share shall be determined by the Governor after investigation by the Committee.
4. If the Governor decides that the officer shall not be allowed controlling rights in the patent, the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (a) The officer shall assign all his rights in the invention to the Government.
 - (b) The Government shall be responsible for all expenditure in taking out the patent.
 - (c) The Governor shall decide whether the officer shall or shall not be allowed a share of any commercial proceeds.
 - (d) The officer may, whether he is allowed a share in the commercial proceeds or not, apply to the Committee through the Head of his Department for an award in respect of his invention.

(e) The question whether an award shall be made, the amount thereof, and, if the Governor decides that the officer shall be allowed a share in the commercial proceeds, the amount of such share shall be determined by the Governor after investigation by the Committee.

5. In the event of a material change taking place in the circumstances which existed at the time when an award or allocation of commercial proceeds was made, the original decision may be modified by the Governor after further investigation by the Committee: provided that, in any such modification of the original decision, the amount of an award which has been paid shall not be reduced.

6. Where an invention is in all respects alien to the employment of the officer he shall normally be granted the full rights in such an invention.

7. There shall be constituted for the purposes of these Rules an Awards Committee which shall consist of such persons as the Governor may from time to time by notice in the Gazette appoint.

8. An officer shall be entitled at his own expense to appear personally before the Committee or to be represented in such manner as the Committee may approve.

9. All conclusions of the Committee shall be embodied in recommendations which shall be forwarded to the Governor.

10. The Committee may make rules for regulating their proceedings, but no such Rules shall come into force until they shall have been approved by the Governor.

11. In fixing the amount of any award or of the share of any commercial proceeds reserved to the Government under Rule 3 (d) or allowed to the officer under Rule 4 (e) (as the case may be), any reasonable expenses to which an officer may have been put in connexion with his inventions shall be taken into account.

12. Nothing in these Rules shall affect the duties and liabilities of any Government officer under the provisions of the Official Secrets Acts.

Made at Government House, Stanley, on the 31st day of August, 1932.

JAMES O'GRADY,
Governor.

M.P. 63/31.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

NOTICE.

The following scale of charges and rules for the use of the Government Slipway in the Dockyard, Stanley, have been approved by His Excellency the Governor :

SCALE OF CHARGES :

For boats under 10 tons.

Per day	...	...	...	5/-.
Per week	...	...	...	£1.
Per month	...	...	...	£2.

For other craft.

Per day	...	...	...	£1.
Per week	...	...	...	£3.
Per month	...	...	...	£5.

(The days on which the slipway is occupied and vacated shall be reckoned as full days.)

Rules.

1. Applications for the use of the slipway shall be made to the Harbour Master.
2. The slipway shall be allotted at and for such times as are convenient to the Harbour Department and, as far as possible, according to the order in which applications are received.
3. Work on craft, including slipping and launching, shall be carried out between the hours of 7.30 a.m. and 4.30 p.m. on weekdays and between the hours of 7.30 a.m. and noon on Saturdays. Work beyond these hours may be allowed at the discretion of the Harbour Master. An additional charge of 5/- an hour or part of an hour will be made for slipping or launching outside the usual working hours.
4. Three clear hours notice must be given of intended launching.
5. The Government will not hold itself responsible for loss or damage to craft or for injury to persons using the slipway.

The Scale of Charges for use of the Slipway published on page 76 of the Official Gazette of the 1st of May, 1929, is hereby cancelled.

G. R. L. BROWN,
Harbour Master.

22nd November, 1932.