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The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII. JANUARY 1, 1949. No. 1. NEW APPOINTMENTS. Name Department Office Date Remarks Public Works Bertrand, Miss N. Clerk, Grade IV., 11.12.48. On probation for 6 months. Police & Prisons On probation. Jones, W. J. Police Constable 1.1.49. Secretariat & Treasury McLeod, Miss H. Temporary Clerk 1.1.49. Shackel, A. P. Police & Prisons Police Constable 1.1.49. On probation. CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT. Date Office Remarks Denartment 1.1.48. Lellman, E. F. Treasury Commissioner of Income Tax PROMOTION. Date Clerk, Grade V., Educ. Dept. to Clerk, Grade IV., Educ. Dept. 1.1.49. Peck, Miss V. T. M. NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

R. WINTER,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 67.

3rd December, 1948.

His Excellency has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to constitute a Committee to enquire into and report upon all outstanding W/T requirements and to recommend the best means of meeting them:

Colonial Secretary

Chairman.

F. Kift, Esq.

Deputy

D. McNaughton, Esq.

Hon. Secretary.

Major K. S. P. Butler, Secretary, F.I.D.S.

K. A. Cunnington, Esq., Information Officer

D. Hallett, Esq.

G. A. Howkins, Esq., Meteorological Officer

A. Mercer, Esq., Supt. E. & T. Dept.

V. H. Spencer, Esq.

M.P. 0438/II.

No. 68.

3rd December, 1948.

His Excellency has been pleased to appoint THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL

to be Registrar of Aircraft with effect from the 1st of December, 1948.

M.P. 0270

No. 69.

9th December, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 81 of the 31st of December, 1947, the following Practitioner has been added to the List of Medical Practitioners, registered to practise in the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

Wallis, Roy Walter

M.R.C.S. (Eng.)

L.R.C.P. (Lond.)

M.P. 21/28.

No. 70.

15th December, 1948.

COST OF LIVING COMMITTEE.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint a Committee to consider and report in the light of all relevant circumstances including dren's Allowances, upon the figures on which calculations of increased cost of living have been based by the Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., J.P., and Mr. S. Luxton, respectively, and upon the conclusions drawn therefrom.

The Committee is constituted as follows:

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, J.P., Legal Secretary. Chairman.

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer.

Mrs. A. Newing

M. J. Luxton, Esq.

M.P. 0743.

No. 71.

16th December, 1948.

The following list of Ministers of Religion who have been registered as Ministers for celebrating marriages, is published in accordance

with the provisions of Section 6 of the Marriage Ordinance, 1902 :-

The Right Reverend Daniel Ivor Evans

The Reverend Roger George Robert Calvert

Forrest McWhan

The Reverend John Kelly Pastor Walter

Lord Bishop of the Falkland Islands. Senior Chaplain of Christ Church Cathedral. Priest in Charge of St. Mary's Church. Minister of the

M.P. 20/28.

No. 72.

17th December, 1948.

Non-Conformist Church.

On the following dates in 1949 the Public Offices will be closed :-

New Year's Day Good Friday Easter Monday Empire Day King's Birthday August Bank Holiday Anniversary of Falk

land Islands Battle Christmas Holidays ...

Saturday, 1st January. Friday, 15th April. Monday. 18th April. Tuesday, 24th May, Thursday, 9th June. Monday, 1st August.

Thursday, 8th December. Monday, 26th December, Tuesday, 27th December,

M.P. 291/33.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

The Radio Active Minerals Ordinance 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 10 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by section 13 of the Radio Active Minerals Ordinance 1948 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that the Schedule to the said Ordinance shall be amended to read as follows:

- (1) Any mineral containing uranium or thorium and, in particular and without prejudice to the generality of this paragraph, the substances hereinafter set out in this schedule.
- Minerals of the pitchblende group, including pitchblende, uraninite, ulrichite, broeggerite, cleveite and related mineral species.
- Secondary uranium minerals including tobernite, autunite, uranite, rutherfordine, uranophane, gummite, thorogummite, uranocircite, kasolite, becquerelite, and other silicates, hydrates, carbonates, phosphates or arsenates of uranium.
- (4) Carnotite, tyuyamunite, and related uranium-bearing vanadate ores.
- Uranium-bearing niobate-titanate-tantalate ores, including enxenite, polycrase, blomstrandine, priorite, samarskite, fergusonite, betafite and related minerals.
- Monazite: thorite, and thorianite.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 20th day of December, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Supreme Court.

Rules of Court.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 1 of 1948.

Governor.

- 1. These Rules may be cited as the Consolidation (Amendment) Rules 1948 and shall be read as one with the Consolidation Rules 1922.
- 2. Rule 31 of the Consolidation Rules 1922 is hereby rescinded and the following rule substituted therefor:
 - "Proceedings shall be commenced by delivering to the Registrar a Petition in the Form A set out in the Schedule hereto together with an affidavit by the Petitioner verifying the facts of which he has personal knowledge and deposing as to his belief in the truth of the other facts alleged therein. The Registrar shall thereupon issue the notices to appear in the Form B set out in the Schedule hereto".

THE SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

DIVORCE AND MATRIMONIAL CAUSES.

To His Honour the Judge.

The

day of

19

The Petition of A.B. of

, sheweth, -

1. That your petitioner was on the day of 19 , lawfully married to C.B., then C.D., (Spinster or Widow) at the Parish Church of, &c.

(Here state where the marriage took place)

2. That after his said marriage your petitioner lived and cohabited with his said wife at and at , and that your petitioner and his said wife have had issue of their said marriage children to wit:

(Here state the name and ages of the children of the marriage)

- 3. That on the day of that day and that day and the committed adultery with R.S. 19 the said C.B., at the said C.B., at
- 4. (Here set out in detail in separate paragraphs the alleged matrimonial offences or other ground upon which relief is sought).

Your petitioner therefore humbly prays, -

That your Honour will be pleased to decree:

(Here set out the relief sought)

And that your Petitioner may have such further and other relief in the premises as may seem fit.

(Petitioner's signature).

FORM B.

In the Supreme Court Falkland Islands.

To

of

Take Notice that you are required within 8 days (30 days if residing outside Stanley) after service hereof upon you, inclusive of the day of service to make answer to this petition (answer) and that in default of your so doing the Court will proceed to hear the petition (answer) and pronounce judgment, your absence notwithstanding.

Dated at Stanley, Falkland Islands the day of 19

Registrar.

Made by the Governor in Council at a meeting held on the 20th day of December 1948.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 64/23.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 30TH DECEMBER, 1948.

- 1. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 20th of October, 1948, were confirmed.
 - 2. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address:-

Honourable Members.

The Secretary of State has advised me that the Order-in-Council providing for popularly elected representation in the Legislative Council of this Colony was approved by His Majesty on November 26th and was presented to the House of Commons on the same day. You will therefore be invited to consider this morning a Bill to give practical effect to that Order-in-Council in laying down the manner in which elections to the representative seats shall be conducted. There are to be, you will recall, two members representing the East and West Falklands respectively and two representing Stanley and if, in any particular case, no member should present himself for election then authority is vested in the Governor to nominate a member for that constituency – an authority which I, personally, would be most reluctant to employ. I hope, therefore, that electors will exercise with energy and enthusiasm the privilege which they have so long sought. I shall ask for nominations in February: thus voters will have ample time in which to make up their minds as to the person – man or woman – who is most acceptable to them and best capable, in their view, of representing their interests. They should note that the life of the Council is four years; that is to say that once a member is elected he is in for four years so that the electors will be well advised to give very close attention to this matter.

Second in order of importance today will be the consideration of a Bill to which I referred in my Budget address, designed to confer powers on the Town Council; powers which I am confident that they will exercise wisely and to the increasing benefit of the Stanley community. Here, I venture to hope that future elections to this body will occasion more interest than hitherto and, in particular. I would like to see some of the younger generation coming forward to accept responsibility for it is, you will agree, desirable that all shades of opinion should be represented on it if the Council is to serve the community to the best advantage. There is the further and very important consideration that service on the Town Council cannot fail to provide most useful experience for later service to the Colony as a whole in the Legislative Council.

You will be asked also to consider a Bill to amend the Defence Force Ordinance. The object of this Bill is to abolish the Reserve and to provide that a member be posted direct to the Retired List from the Active List. In the main, its effect will be that members may remain on the Active List until they attain the age of 41 years and have been returned efficient for 12 years. And they may so remain after that age if the Commanding Officer considers that they are performing efficient service. Regulation 1 of 1946 unfortunately compelled a member to retire on attaining the age of 41, and this I understand caused a good deal of dissatisfaction among

members who were keen to carry on, whilst also seriously depleting the strength of the Force. The offending Regulation is now rescinded. The amendment springs from a recommendation, unanimously adopted, at a recent meeting of the Officers and non-commissioned officers of the Defence Force and as such it has my full support.

My final duty is to inform you that the present Chamber will cease to exist tomorrow. December 31st, by virtue of a Proclamation which will be made by me on 1st January under the new Letters Patent.

In conclusion it will be your wish. I am sure, that we should convey to the Honourable Mr. Vincent Biggs the sympathy of the House in his long illness, our hopes for his early restoration to health and our appreciation of his long services to the Colony.

- 3. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following papers:-
 - (i) Financial Secretary's Report for the year ended the 31st of December, 1947.
 - (ii) Departmental Review for 1948.
- 4. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To provide for the Nomination and Election of Members to the Legislative Council".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 52 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

5. On the motion of the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts, the Bill "To amend the Stanley Town Council Ordinance" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 29 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

6. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To provide for the exercise of powers of local government by the Stanley Town Council".

The Honourable Dr. J. E. Hamilton seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 39 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

7. On the motion of the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the Bill "To amend the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920" was read a first time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

8. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To provide for the Regulation and Control of Road Traffic".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to.

On motion made consideration of Clause 4 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule.

Clauses 5 to 19 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 4 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 31st day of December, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 16



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Nomination and Election of Members to the Legislative Council.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

PART L

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948.

Definitions.

- 2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits:
 - "Member" means a member of the Legislative Council.
 - "Register" means a register of electors compiled in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance.
 - "Council" means the Legislative Council.
 - "Order-in-Council" means The Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order-in-Council, 1948.
 - "Qualifying period" means
 - (a) in respect of the first register, twelve months ending on the 31st day of December 1948, and
 - (b) in respect of any subsequent register, twelve months ending on the 31st day of October in any year or twelve months ending on the last day of the month preceding dissolution of the Council.

"Elector" means any person whose name is on the register.

- "Corrupt practice" means treating, bribery, undue influence and personation committed by or with the consent of a candidate or by a person acting under the authority of a candidate.
- "Election officer" includes every returning officer, presiding officer, clerk or other person having any duty to perform pursuant to this Ordinance.
- "Electoral area" means an electoral area as constituted by the Order-in-Council.
- 3. Four members shall be elected to the Legislative Council in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance to represent the following electoral areas:

Representation of Electorates.

- (1) Two members shall be elected for the area of Stanley as defined in the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.
- (2) One member for the remaining part of that area known as the East Falklands.
- (3) One member for that area known as the West Falklands.
- 4. In the event of no member or an insufficient number of members being elected for an electoral area the Governor shall nominate an elector in the area in which no member or an insufficient number of members has been elected to be a member.

Governor to nominate on failure to elect.

PART II.

REGISTRATION AND QUALIFICATION OF ELECTORS.

5. (1) The Colonial Secretary shall forthwith on the promulgation of this Ordinance and on the 1st day of November in each fourth year thereafter or when the Governor in Council shall so decide publish a notice in the Gazette and by such other means as the Governor shall decide requiring all persons who are desirous of having their names entered on the register for the electoral area in which they reside to forward their claims within 28 days from the date of publication of the notice to the registration officer appointed for such electoral area.

Claims for registration as electors.

Qualification of

electors.

- (2) A claim under sub-section (1) of this section shall be in the Form A in the Schedule hereto and shall not be admitted unless it is signed by the claimant.
 - 6. Any person who
 - (a) is a British subject who has attained the age of 21 years, and
 - (b) is not subject to any legal incapacity, and
 - (c) has resided in the electoral area during the qualifying period

shall be qualified to be registered as an elector.

Provided that temporary absence from an electoral area for a period not exceeding four months shall not disqualify a person from being registered.

Provided also that no person shall be entitled to be registered in more than one electoral area at the same time.

7. The Governor shall appoint one or more registration officers and a returning officer for each electoral area.

8. (1) The registration officer shall upon the expiration of the period of 28 days provided for in Section 5 (1) prepare a register for the electoral area in respect of which he is appointed.

Appointment of Registration Officers.

Preparation of registers.

(2) The names of all voters on the register shall be classified alphabetically in accordance with the initial letter of the surname of each voter and a serial number shall be allotted to each name.

Inspection of register.

9. The registration officer shall immediately on completion forward the register to the Colonial Secretary who shall cause it to be published in the Gazette, together with a notice as to the place and times when the register may be inspected.

Claims on omission from the register. Form A.

- 10. (1) Any person who is qualified to be registered as an elector and whose name is omitted from the register for his electoral district may apply in writing in the Form A in the Schedule to the registration officer thereof within 14 days from the date of publication of the register in the Gazette to have his name so inserted.
- (2) The registration officer shall upon receipt of such application forthwith enquire into such application and if necessary hear the applicant within seven days of the receipt of the application and decide thereon.
- (3) The registration officer shall forthwith forward a list of names together with serial numbers to be inserted in the register to the Colonial Secretary who shall cause them to be published in the Gazette.

Appeal from decision of registration officer.

- 11. (1) An applicant who resides within 20 miles of Stanley and who is dissatisfied with the decision of a registration officer may within seven days from the date thereof appeal to the Magistrate, Stanley, in writing stating the grounds thereof.
- (2) An applicant who resides more than 20 miles from Stanley and who is dissatisfied with the decision of a registration officer may within seven days from the date thereof appeal to not less than two Justices (of whom the registration officer shall not be one) sitting in a court of summary jurisdiction stating the grounds thereof.
- (3) The Magistrate or Justices shall hear the applicant and determine the appeal within ten days from the date of receipt thereof.
- (4) On determination of all appeals the Magistrate or Justices shall forthwith forward to the Colonial Secretary and to the registration officer concerned a statement of the names and serial numbers he has or they have decided shall be inserted in the register and the Colonial Secretary shall cause such statement to be published in the Gazette.

Register conclusive.

12. The register for the time being in force as published in the Gazette shall be conclusive evidence as to the eligibility or otherwise of a person to vote in an electoral area for the election of a member.

PART III.

ELECTIONS.

Writs of election.

- 13. (1) The Governor shall for the purpose of every general election of members and of the election of members to fill vacancies caused by death resignation or otherwise, issue writs of election under the Public Seal directed to the returning officers of the respective electoral areas for which members are to be returned.
 - (2) A writ of election shall specify
 - (a) the day and place at which the returning officer is to receive the nomination of any duly qualified candidate
 - (b) the day or days and the place or places at which a poll shall be taken
 - (c) the day on which the writ shall be returnable to the Governor.

- (3) The returning officer shall upon receipt of a writ of election proceed to hold the election thereby directed and in manner hereinafter provided.
- 14. The Colonial Secretary shall, on the Governor issuing a writ of election cause a copy thereof to be published in the Gazette next following the date thereof and notices thereof to be published in such manner as he shall deem expedient.

Notice of election.

15. (1) Any person who is registered as an elector in the electoral area for which he is nominated as a candidate except as hereinafter provided shall be qualified to be elected as a member.

Disqualification for candidates.

- (2) No person shall be qualified to be elected as a member who at the time of election:
 - (a) is by virtue of his own act under any acknowledgment of allegiance, obedience or adherence to a foreign Power or State; or
 - (b) is an undischarged bankrupt under any law in force in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection or in any territory in which His Majesty has from time to time jurisdiction; or
 - (c) has in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection or in any territory in which His Majesty has from time to time jurisdiction been sentenced to death or to imprisonment for a term exceeding six months and has not either suffered the punishment to which he was sentenced or such other punishment as may by competent authority have been substituted therefor or receive a free pardon; or
 - (d) has been declared to be of unsound mind under any law in force in the Colony; or
 - (e) is a party or a partner in a firm or a director or manager of a company which is a party to any subsisting contract with the Government of the Colony for or on account of the public service and has not published within one month before the day of election in the Gazette and in a newspaper circulating in the electoral district for which he is a candidate a notice setting out the nature of such contract and of his interest or of the interest of such firm or company therein; or
 - (f) holds any office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony; or
 - is not qualified to be registered as an elector under the provisions of this Ordinance, or being so qualified, is not so registered; or
 - (h) is disqualified for election under this Ordinance by reason of his holding or acting in any office the functions of which involve any responsibility for the compilation of the electoral register, or for, or in connection with the conduct of the election; or
 - (j) has not ordinarily resided in the Colony for a period of not less than 12 months; or
 - (k) is disqualified under this Ordinance for offences connected with the election of members or for election under the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.
- 16. (1) A candidate shall be nominated in writing in the Form B in the Schedule by a proposer and seconder who shall be electors in the electoral area for which the candidate seeks election and whose signatures shall be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace.

Nomination of candidates. Form B.

- (2) The nomination paper shall also be signed by seven other electors in the electoral area in which the candidate seeks election whose signatures shall be witnessed.
- (3) Every nomination paper accompanied by a deposit of Twenty-five Pounds shall be delivered to the returning officer by the candidate or his proposer or seconder between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 noon on the day and at the place appointed for the nomination of the candidates.
- (4) Nomination papers which are not subscribed to and attested as required by sub-sections (1) and (2) of this section or in respect of which a deposit has not been made as required under subsection (3) of this section or are delivered after the hour of 12 noon shall be rejected and the nomination deemed void.
- (5) No person other than the candidate and his proposer, seconder and one other person selected by the candidate shall except for the purpose of assisting the returning officer be permitted to attend the proceedings during the time appointed for nomination.
- (6) The returning officer shall permit the candidates, their proposers, seconders and the persons selected by the candidates as aforesaid to examine the nomination papers of candidates which have been received for the electoral area concerned.
- (7) Any objection to a nomination paper shall be made within one hour of the same being delivered to the returning officer whose decision thereon if disallowing the objection shall be final and if allowing the objection shall be subject to reversal on a petition questioning the election or return.

Withdrawal of candidate.

17. A candidate may before 12 noon on the nomination day, but not afterwards, withdraw from his candidature by giving notice to that effect, signed by him, to the returning officer.

Where candidates unopposed.

18. Where no more candidates than the members required for election under section 3 hereof are nominated as hereinbefore provided the returning officer shall declare such candidate or candidates to be elected and shall forthwith endorse such election on the writ of election and return the writ to the Governor who shall cause a notification of such election to be published in the Gazette.

Where candidates are opposed.

- 19. (1) When more candidates than the members required for election under section 3 hereof are nominated the returning officer shall declare the date of the poll in accordance with the writ of election and shall forthwith report to the Governor the names of the candidates as described in their respective nomination papers.
- (2) The Colonial Secretary shall cause a notice to be published in the Gazette and in such other manner as he may deem expedient specifying
 - (a) the electoral area for which a poll will be taken
 - (b) the day or days and the place or places on and at which a poll shall be taken
 - (c) the names of the candidates as described in their respective nomination papers and the names of their proposers, seconders and supporters.

Death of candidate before poll is taken.

20. If a duly nominated candidate dies before the poll has commenced the returning officer shall upon being satisfied as to the death countermand notice of the poll and report the same to the Governor who shall thereupon issue a fresh writ of election.

Provided that no further nomination shall be required in respect of a candidate who had been duly nominated at the time of the countermand of the poll.

21. (1) The Governor shall appoint a presiding officer to preside at each polling station and may appoint a deputy presiding officer or clerk to preside in the unavoidable absence of, or to assist, the presiding officer.

Officers at polling station.

- (2) The presiding officer shall keep order at his station, shall regulate the number of electors to be admitted and shall exclude all other persons except the candidate, the agents of candidates and police officers on duty.
- 22. The poll shall open at 9 a.m. and shall close at 5 p.m. on the same day unless the Governor by notice in the Gazette appoints any other hour.

Hours of poll.

23. (1) Every ballot box shall be so constructed that the ballot papers can be inserted therein but cannot be withdrawn therefrom unless the box be unlocked.

Ballot boxes.

- (2) The presiding officer shall immediately before commencement of the poll, show the empty unlocked ballot box to such persons as may be present at the polling station so that they may see that it is empty and shall then lock the box and place his seal upon it in such manner as to prevent it being opened without breaking the seal and shall keep it locked and sealed. He shall place it for the receipt of ballot papers so that it is always in his view.
- 24. (1) Ballot papers shall be in the Form C in the Schedule hereto, shall be capable of being folded and shall

Ballot papers. Form C.

- (a) contain a list of candidates as described in their respective nomination papers with a square adjacent to each name in which the elector can record his vote
- (b) have a number printed on the back thereof and a corresponding number printed on the counterfoil attached to the ballot paper.
- 25. (1) Immediately before a ballot paper is delivered to an elector it shall be marked on both sides with an official mark.

Deliverance of ballot paper to elector.

(2) The serial number in the register shall be marked on the counterfoil and a mark made in the register against the name of the elector denoting that he has received a ballot paper.

26. (1) The elector shall take the ballot paper to the place specially provided for voting and there mark the paper by placing the mark X and no other mark, writing or signature opposite the name of the candidate (or in the case of an election in the electoral area of Stanley, two candidates) whom he selects.

Manner of voting.

- (2) An elector shall not be entitled to give more than one vote in respect of each candidate.
- (3) The elector shall fold the ballot paper so as to conceal his vote and shall place it so folded into the ballot box.
- (4) He shall vote without undue delay and leave the polling station as soon as he has inserted his ballot paper into the ballot box.
- 27. An elector who has inadvertently dealt with his ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be used as a ballot paper may, on satisfying the presiding officer as to his inadvertence and delivering the ballot paper to him, obtain another ballot paper. The presiding officer shall cancel the ballot paper so spoilt and return it in a separate packet.

Spoilt ballot papers.

- 28. If any elector is unable for any good and valid reason to mark his ballot paper the presiding officer shall
 - (a) mark the ballot paper as the elector directs and insert the paper in the ballot box.

Inability to mark ballot paper.

(h) write in the register opposite the name of such elector a statement that the ballot paper was marked by him at the request of the elector and the reason therefor.

Application for ballot paper in name of person who has already voted. Form D.

- 29. (1) If a person representing himself to be an elector named in the register applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such elector the applicant shall after making the declaration provided in Form D in the Schedule, be entitled to mark a ballot paper (hereinafter called "a tendered ballot paper") in the same manner as any other elector.
- (2) A tendered ballot paper shall be different in colour from other ballot papers and shall be delivered to the presiding officer who shall endorse it with the name and serial number of the elector and return it in a separate packet.

No communication with elector at polling station.

30. No person other than the returning officer, presiding officer or clerk shall communicate with an elector at a polling station. The presiding officer may order any other persons so communicating to leave the polling station forthwith.

Delivery of ballot boxes etc., to returning officer. 31. The presiding officer shall as soon as practicable after the close of the poll deliver to the returning officer the ballot box locked and sealed, the marked copy of the register and counterfoils of ballot papers, and the unused, spoilt and tendered ballot papers, together with a list of tendered ballot papers.

Counting votes.

32. The returning officer shall cause the votes to be counted as soon as practicable after he has received all ballot boxes relating to his electoral area and shall give notice thereof to each candidate and his agent who shall be entitled to be present at such counting.

Rejection of ballot papers.

- 33. (1) The returning officer shall not count any ballot paper which does not have an official mark on both sides or on which votes are given for more than the number of candidates required for election or on which anything except the number is written or marked by which the vote can be identified.
- (2) The returning officer shall endorse every ballot paper which he may reject as invalid with the word "rejected".

Decision of returning officer final.

34. The decision of the returning officer on any question arising in respect of any ballot paper shall be final.

Tendered ballot papers.

35. The returning officer shall not open the sealed packet of tendered ballot papers but shall forward the same to the Colonial Secretary.

Declaration of poll.

36. (1) The returning officer shall immediately upon completion of the counting of the votes declare the candidate who has received the greatest number of votes or in the case of an election in the Stanley electoral area the two candidates who have received the greatest number of votes, to be elected.

Provided that a candidate or his agent may apply to have one recount as of right and as many recounts as the returning officer may deem reasonable before the returning officer makes the declaration.

(2) The returning officer shall endorse the name of the successful candidate or candidates on the writ of election and forthwith return the writ to the Governor.

Equality of votes.

37. When there is an equality of votes the returning officer shall endorse the writ of election accordingly and forthwith return the writ to the Governor who will inform the Council at the first meeting thereof after the election and the council shall before proceeding with any other business elect one of such candidates to serve on the Council.

38. (1) The returning officer shall after he has declared the result of the poll seal up all ballot papers and all other documents relating to the election and forward them to the Colonial Secretary in such manner as the Governor may direct.

Disposal of ballot papers.

- The Colonial Secretary shall retain all papers and (2)documents so forwarded to him for a period of six months and then unless otherwise directed by the Governor, cause them to be destroyed.
- 39. (1) A candidate who has obtained one eighth or more of the total number of the votes polled for the electoral area for which he was a candidate for election shall be entitled, upon his obtaining a certificate to that effect from the returning officer, to a refund of the deposit made under the provisions of sub-section 3 of section 16.

Refund or forfeiture of deposit.

Presentation of election petition.

- (2) The deposit of a candidate who has failed to obtain one eighth of the total number of votes as aforesaid shall be forfeited to His Majesty.
- 40. (1) An election petition complaining of an undue return or undue election of a member for an electoral area may be presented to the Judge in Chambers by one or more of the following persons:
 - some person who voted or had the right to vote at the election to which the petition relates, or
 - (b) some person claiming to have had a right to be returned or elected at such election, or
 - some person alleging himself to have been a candidate at such election.
 - (2) An election petition shall
 - (a) be signed by all the petitioners, and
 - be presented within 14 days after the date of the return made by the returning officer to the Governor of the member to the election of whom the petition relates unless it challenges the election on an allegation of corrupt or illegal practices and specifically a payment of money or some other act to have been made or done since the date of such return by the member, or on his account, or with his privity it shall be presented within 21 days of such payment or other
- At the time of presentation of an election petition, or within 3 days thereof, the petitioners shall deposit the sum of £50 with the Registrar of the Supreme Court or give security for such sum by recognisance to be entered into before the said Registrar for the payment of all costs charges and expenses that may become payable by the petitioners to anyone summoned as a witness on his behalf or to the respondent.
- (4) The rules made under the Administration of Justice Ordinance shall as to practice and procedure apply to the hearing of an election petition.

PART IV.

OFFENCES.

- (1)Any person who
 - registers himself in an electoral area when he is registered in another electoral area, or
 - forges or fraudulently defaces or destroys any nomination paper, or delivers a nomination paper to a returning officer knowing the same to be wholly or partly forged, or

tion with registration

Offences in connecand elections.

- (c) votes, or induces or procures any person to vote knowing that he or such other person is prohibited from voting at such election, or
- (d) before or during an election knowingly publishes a false statement of the withdrawal of a candidate at such election for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of another candidate, or
- (e) forges or counterfeits or fraudulently defaces or destroys any ballot paper or the official mark on any ballot paper, or
- (f) without due authority supplies a ballot paper to any person, or
- (g) not being authorised so to do under the provisions of this Ordinance makes any mark on any ballot paper issued to any person other than himself, or
- (h) fraudulently takes any ballot paper out of a polling station, or
- (j) without due authority destroys, takes, opens or otherwise interferes with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purpose of the election,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

- (2) Any attempt to commit any of the offences specified in subsection (1) of this section shall be punishable in the same manner in which the offence itself is punishable.
- (3) In any prosecution for an offence in relation to ballot boxes, nomination and ballot papers and other things in use at an election the property in such ballot boxes, nomination and ballot papers and things shall be deemed to be in the returning officer for the electoral area of such election.

Duty of secrecy.

- 42. (1) Every election officer and agent in attendance at a polling station shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting in such station, and shall not communicate, except for some purpose authorised by law, before the poll is closed, to any person any information as to the name or number on the register of electors of any elector who has or has not applied for a ballot paper or voted at that station or as to the official mark; and no person whosoever shall interfere with or attempt to interfere with an elector when marking his vote, or otherwise attempt to obtain in the polling station information as to the candidate for whom any elector in such station is about to vote or has voted, or communicate at any time to any person any information obtained in a polling station as to the candidate for whom any elector in such station is about to vote or has voted, or as to the number on the back of the ballot paper given to any elector at such station.
- (2) Every election officer and agent in attendance at the counting of the votes shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting, and shall not attempt to ascertain at such counting the number on the back of any ballot paper, or communicate any information obtained at such counting as to the candidate for whom any vote is given in any particular ballot paper.
- (3) No person shall, directly or indirectly, induce any elector to display his ballot paper after he has marked it so as to make known to any person the name of the candidate for or against whom he has so marked his vote.
- (4) Every person who acts in contravention of any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months.
 - 43. (1) Any person who
 - (a) applies for a ballot paper in the name of any other

- person whether that name be of a person living dead or fictitious, or
- (b) having voted once at any election, applies at the same election for a ballot paper in his own name shall be guilty of personation.
- (2) Any person aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the offence of personation shall be punishable in the manner in which the offence itself is punishable.

44. Every election officer who

- (a) makes in any record, return, or other document which he is required to keep or make under this Ordinance, any entry which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, to be false, or does not believe to be true, or
- (b) permits any person whom he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, not to be a blind person, or an incapacitated person, or an illiterate person, to vote in the manner, provided for blind persons, or, incapacitated persons, or illiterate persons, as the case may be, or
- (c) refuses to permit any person whom he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, to be a blind person, or an incapacitated person, or an illiterate person to vote in the manner provided for blind persons, or incapacitated persons, or illiterate persons, as the case may be, or
- (d) wilfully prevents any person from voting at the polling station at which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, such person is entitled to vote, or
- (e) wilfully rejects or refuses to count any ballot paper which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, is validly east for any candidate in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, or
- (f) wilfully counts any ballot paper as being cast for any candidate, which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, was not validly cast for such candidate,

shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years.

45. (1) Every person who

- (a) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf gives, lends, or agrees to give or lend, or offers, promises, or promises to procure or to endeavour to procure, any money or valuable consideration to or for any elector, or to or for any person on behalf of any elector, or to or for any other person, in order to induce any elector to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act as aforesaid on account of such elector having voted or refrained from voting at any election,
- (b) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, gives or procures, or agrees to give or procure, or offers, promises, or promises to procure or to endeavour to procure any office, place, or employment, to or for any elector, or to or for any person on behalf of any elector, or to or for any other person, in order to induce such elector to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act as aforesaid on account of any elector having voted or refrained from voting at any election,
- (c) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other

Offences by election officers.

Bribery and treating.

person on his behalf, makes any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement as aforesaid to or for any person, in order to induce such person to procure, or endeavour to procure, the return of any person as an elected member or the vote of any elector at any election,

- (d) upon or in consequence of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement, procures or engages, promises or endeavours to procure, the return of any person as an elected member, or the vote of any elector at any election.
- (e) advances or pays, or causes to be paid, any money to or to the use of any other person, with the intent that such money, or any part thereof, shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who knowingly pays, or causes to be paid, any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any election,
- (f) before or during any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person in his behalf, receives, agrees, or contracts for any money, gift, loan, or valuable consideration, office, place, or employment, for himself or for any person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting, at any election,
- (g) after any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receives any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or refrain from voting, at any election,

shall be guilty of bribery.

- (2) (a) Every person who corruptly by himself or by any other person, either before, during, or after an election, directly or indirectly gives or provides, or pays wholly or in part the expenses of giving or providing, any food, drink, entertainment, or provision to or for any person for the purpose of corruptly influencing that person, or any other person, to vote or refrain from voting at such election, or on account of such person or any other person having voted or refrained from voting at such election, and
 - (b) every elector who corruptly accepts or takes any such food, drink, entertainment, or provision

shall be guilty of treating.

Undue influence.

46. Every person who directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, makes use of, or threatens to make use of, any force, violence, or restraint, or inflicts, or threatens to inflict, by himself or by any other person, any injury, damage, harm, or loss, upon or against any person, in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting, or on account of such person having voted or refrained from voting, at any election or who by abduction, duress or any fraudulent contrivance, impedes or prevents the free exercise of the franchise of any elector, or thereby compels, induces, or prevails upon, any elector, either to give or refrain from giving his vote at any election, shall be guilty of undue influence.

Penalties for corrupt practices.

47. Any person convicted of an offence under sections 43, 44, 45 and 46 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £200 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment and shall during a period of seven years from the date

of his conviction be incapable of being registered as an elector, or of voting at an election of a member, or of being elected a member, or if elected before his conviction of retaining his seat as such member.

PART V.

GENERAL.

48. No election of a member shall be valid if any corrupt practice is committed in connection therewith by the candidate elected.

Corrupt practices invalidate election.

49. No elector shall in any legal proceedings be required to state for whom he has voted.

Elector not bound to disclose for whom he voted.

Governor in Council may make Regula-

tions.

50. All expenses properly incurred by a registration officer or a returning officer at an election under this Ordinance shall be defrayed from the general revenue of the Colony.

Election expenses.

- 51. (1) The Governor in Council may make regulations:
 - (a) prescribing fees to be paid in connection with anything done under this Ordinance,
 - (b) prescribing the period during which every employer shall permit his employees to be absent from work for the purpose of registering their votes,
 - (c) as to the appointment and duties of election agents and sub agents and the penalties for illegal practices,
 - (d) as to expenses which may be incurred by a candidate and the penalties for illegal practices,
 - (e) carrying into effect the provisions of this Ordinance,
- (2) Such regulations shall be laid on the table of the Council.
- 52. The Governor may by order published in the Gazette vary all or any dates mentioned in this Ordinance or any writ of election or order issued thereunder and may substitute other dates in lieu thereof.

Powers to vary dates.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

FORM OF CLAIM.

To the Registration Officer,

* Electoral Area.

I claim to have my name included in the register of electors for the * Electoral Area.

Surname (in capitals)

Other names

Address

I certify that I am a British subject, that I have attained the age of 21 years and that I have resided in the Electoral Area for the twelve months ending the 31st October, 19

Applicant.

FORM B.

NOMINATION FORM.

Nomination Paper for

- * Electoral area.
- 1. Name of candidate (in full)
- 2. Address
- 3. Name of proposer (in full)
- 4. Name of seconder (in full)
- 5. Names of supporters (in full)

Signed by the above named (proposer)

in my presence the

day of

19 -

Justice of the Peace.

Signed by the above named (seconder)

in my presence the

day of

19

Justice of the Peace.

Signed by the above named (supporters)

in my presence the

day of

19

Handed in at a.m. on the

day of

19

FORM C.	BALLOT	PAPER.		
No				
FALKLAND ISLANDS. Legislative Council Elections.		FALKLAND ISLANDS. Legislative Council Elec		
Ballot Paper - Counterfoll. Elector's Serial Number.		BALLOT PAPER.	*Electoral area.	
		1. 2.		
		3.		
		Official Mark.		
	Rev	ERSE.		
No (corresponding with				
, ,		Paper.		
Electoral area of*	.,			
Date				
FORM D.	DECLA	RATION.		
1,	of	s	solemnly and sincerely	
declare that I am the same person	n whose nam	e appears as		
No. in the register	of elections i	n force for the*		
Electoral area.				
Declaration made in the presence	of			
		(Signed)		
14		*Stanley.		
Presiding Office	r.	East Falkland.		

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, ('lerk of the Legislative Council. Assented to in His Majesty's name this 31st day of December, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 17



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, c.m.g., o.b.e., e.d., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Conucil thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Council (Amendment) Ordinance and shall be read and construed as one with the Stanley Town Council Ordinance (hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments Section 5.

- 2. (1) The words "is on the first day of December of the year immediately preceding the year in which the elections lists are" in section 6 (b) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "is resident in Stanley on the 31st day of August in the year in which the register of electors is" shall be substituted therefor.
- (2) The following clauses shall be added after section 6 (b) of the Principal Ordinance
 - "(c) he is a British subject and
 - (d) he is not subject to any legal incapacity".
- (3) The words "in Stanley" shall be substituted for the words "without municipal limits" in line 2 of the first proviso to Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 8.

3. (1) The following subsections shall be added after section 8 (2) of the Principal Ordinance:

Notice of poll.

"8. (3) In the case of a contested election the Chairman of the Council shall on or before the fifth day before the day of election give notice of the poll specifying (a) the day and hours

fixed for the poll (b) the number of councillors to be elected (c) the full name, place of residence and description of each candidate remaining validly nominated, (d) the names of the two electors of the ward who signed the nomination paper of each candidate (e) the situation of the polling station.

(4) If, after the latest time for delivery of notification as required by section 12 and before the commencement of the poll a candidate who remained validly nominated dies, the Returning Officer shall countermand the poll in respect of the ward for which the deceased candidate was nominated and fix a day not less than 28 days nor more than 42 days after the date of death of the said candidate on which an election shall be held for in respect of the said ward."

Death of candidate.

- (2) The words "at the first meeting of the Council after the vacancy has arisen" after the word "gazette" in the last line of section 8 (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.
- 4. The words "shall perform the duties of returning officer and" after the word "officer" in line 1 of section 9 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "Registration" substituted for "returning" in the marginal note of that section.

Section 9.

5. The following subsection shall be added after section 11 (2) of the Principal Ordinance:

Section 11.

"(3) Where the elected councillor (1) ceases to reside in Stanley, or (2) becomes disqualified therefor under section 11 or by reason of a breach of the provisions of Part III of this Ordinance or (3) ceased to hold office by reason of failure to attend meetings the Council may forthwith declare his office to be vacant and signify the vacancy by notice signed by the Secretary to the Council affixed to the Council offices.

Declaration of

In such case the provisions of section 8 (2) shall apply."

6. The figures "£10" shall be substituted for the figures "£25" in section 13 (1) of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 13.

7. The word "Returning" shall be substituted for the word "Registration" in line 1 of section 15 of the Principal Ordinance and in the marginal note to that section.

Section 15.

8. The word "Returning" shall be substituted for the word "Registration" in line 3 of section 18 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 18.

9. The words "Town Clerk" shall be substituted for the words "Secretary of the Council" in line 6 of section 21 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 21.

10. (1) The following definition shall be substituted for the definition of "presiding officer" given in section 23 (1) of the Principal Ordinance

Section 23.

"Presiding Officer" means the officer appointed by the Returning Officer to preside at a polling station".

(2) The following definition shall be inserted after the definition of "Register" given in section 23 (1) of the Principal Ordinance

"Returning Officer" means the officer appointed by the Town Council, subject to the approval of the Governor, to conduct an election."

11. (1) The word "Returning" shall be substituted for the word "presiding" in line 1 of section 26 (1) of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 26.

(2) The words "in each ward and each polling place" after the word "station" in line 1 of section 26 (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "which" substituted in lieu thereof.

Section 36.

12. The following marginal note shall be added to section 36 of the Principal Ordinance –

"Mistake in use of ballot paper not to invalidate election".

Section 37.

13. The words "person presiding at the polling place" after the word "the" in line 2 of section 37 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "presiding officer" substituted therefor.

Sections 38, 39, 40 & 41.

14. The words "Returning Officer" shall be substituted for the words "presiding officer" wherever they appear throughout sections 38, 39, 40 and 41 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 60.

15. The words "Supreme Court" in section 60 subsections (1) and (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "Magistrate" substituted in lieu thereof.

Section 70.

16. The words "at the next succeeding meeting" shall be added after the word "Chairman" in the last line of section 70 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 72.

17. The proviso to section 72 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted in lieu thereof:

"Provided that no action shall except as provided in section 74, be taken on any recommendation of any committee until it shall have been confirmed by the Council."

Section 73.

18. The words "every question as to which the voices are equal shall be deemed to be passed in the negative" after the word "that" in line 3 of section 73 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "where the voting is equal the motion shall be deemed not passed" shall be substituted therefor.

Sections 76 & 128.

19. The words "Town Clerk" shall be substituted for the word "Secretary" in sections 76 and 128 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 77.

20. The words "Town Clerk" shall be substituted for the words "Secretary to the Council" in line 4 of section 77 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 79.

21. The words "motor vehicles" shall be inserted after the word "possess" in line 1 of section 79 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 82.

- 22. Section 82 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following shall be substituted:
 - "82. (1) Any councillor who has any pecuniary interest, direct or indirect, in any contract or proposed contract or other matter at any meeting of the Council or any committee he shall at the commencement of the consideration thereof immediately declare his interest and he shall be excluded from the meeting during such consideration.
 - (2) For this purpose a councillor shall be treated as having an indirect pecuniary interest if:
 - (a) he or his nomince is a member of any company or other body with which the contract is made or proposed to be made, or which has a direct pecuniary interest in the matter under consideration, or
 - (b) he is a partner, or in the employment of a person with whom the contract is made or proposed to be made or who has a direct pecuniary interest in the other matter under discussion, or
 - (c) he or she is the husband or wife of and living with such interested person with knowledge of the interest of such person.

Provided that this section shall not apply to an interest in a contract as a ratepayer, inhabitant or ordinary consumer of electricity or water or to an interest in any matter relating to the terms on which the right to participate in any service is offered to the public."

The marginal note to this section shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"Councillor to declare interest in contract with the Council."

23. Section 83 shall be deleted and the following section Section 83. substituted therefor:

"83. If any councillor shall fail to declare his pecuniary interest in any contract, proposed contract or any other matter as provided in section 82 (1) he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 and such contract or other matter shall be cancelled forthwith unless the Council, with the consent of the Governor, otherwise decides, and no person shall have any claim for damages in respect of such breach or cancellation."

The marginal note to this section shall be deleted and the following substituted:

"Penalty for failure to declare interest in contract."

24. Section 84 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted Section 84. and the following substituted in lieu thereof:

"84. The Council shall have powers to make by-laws but no by-law shall take effect unless it is confirmed by the Governor within six weeks of the date thereof. Every by-law shall be under the Common Seal of the Council and hand of the Chairman, and shall when confirmed be published in the Gazette."

25. Section 89 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted Section 89. and the following substituted in lieu thereof:

"89. Copies of all by-laws shall be available for inspection without payment at the offices of the Council during the normal office hours. Copies shall on application be furnished to any person on payment of such sum as the Council may determine."

26. Section 94 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted Section 94. and the following substituted therefor:

"94. The Council may with the approval of the Governor appoint a Town Clerk at such remuneration as the Governor may determine."

27. The word "complete" shall be substituted for the word Section 102. "perfect" in line 3 of section 102 (1) of the Principal Ordinance.

28. The word "Magistrate" shall be substituted for the words "Clerk of the Court" in line 2 of sub-paragraph (2) and in line 3 of sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 9 of the Second Schedule to the Principal Ordinance.

Second Schedule paragraph 9.

29. The following clause shall be substituted for clause (b) Third of the Third Schedule to the Principal Ordinance –

Third Schedule.

"I have been resident in Stanley during the past twelve months".

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 31st day of December, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 18



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the exercise of powers of local government by the Stanley Town Council.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Council (Powers) Ordinance, 1948.

Definitions.

- 2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits:
 - "Council" means the Stanley Town Council as constituted under the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.
 - "Brigade" means the Stanley Fire Brigade.
 - "Fire appliances" means engines for extinguishing fires, fire escapes, fire hydrants, pumps, pipes, water buckets and other implements for use in case of fire, or any of them.
 - "Firemen" means members of the Stanley Fire Brigade.
 - "Cemetery" means the Stanley Cemetery and any additions thereto and all buildings used in connection therewith.
 - "Fittings" means pipes, meters, valves, ferrules, cisterns, baths, cocks, soil-pans, water-closets and other appliances of any kind used or intended to be used in connection with the supply and use of water.

- "Mains" means mains carrying water from the reservoir and water supply tanks for use in Stanley.
- "Electrical fittings" means lamps, bulbs, standards, mains cables, pipes, lines and other appliances of any kind used or intended to be used in connection with the supply and use of electricity.
- "Executive Engineer" means the officer-in-charge of the Public Works Department of the Government.

PART I.

FIRE BRIGADE

3. All fire appliances in Stanley shall vest in the Council which shall

Council to control and maintain the Brigade.

- (1) maintain such appliances and any replacements thereof or additions thereto in a good and serviceable condition,
- (2) purchase such appliances as and when the same are required,
- (3) purchase, maintain, or hire, motor vehicles and horses for drawing fire appliances,
- (4) build, provide, or lease, buildings or premises for keeping motor-vehicles, horses and fire appliances.
 - (5) control and maintain an efficient Brigade,
 - (6) appoint and may pay men to act as firemen,
- (7) give to firemen and other persons reward for exertion in the case of fire and compensation for loss suffered by them in so doing.
- 4. The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters in connection with the Brigade.

Fire Brigade Committee.

5. The Council shall appoint a Superintendent and such other officers as it may deem necessary.

Appointment of Officers.

6. The owner of or agent for any ship in respect of which the services of the Brigade have been required shall pay to the Council the actual expenses incurred by the Brigade on the occasion and a reasonable sum for the use of fire appliances and attendance of firemen. In the event of dispute between the Council and such owner or agent as to the sum to be paid the amount shall be finally settled by two Justices sitting in a Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

Charge to Shipowners for use of Brigade.

7. All fire insurance companies carrying on business in Stanley shall contribute an annual payment equal to one eighth per centum of the capital insured towards the maintenance of the Brigade.

Contribution by Insurance Companies

8. Any Police Constable acting under the orders of his superior officer and any fireman and any officer of the Council may enter and if necessary break into any building being or reasonably supposed to be on fire, or any building or land adjoining or near thereto, without the consent of the owner or occupier thereof, and may do all acts and things they may deem necessary for extinguishing fire in any such building or for protecting the same or rescuing any person or property therein from fire.

Measures to prevent spread of fire.

9. The Governor may at any time appoint an Inspector who shall have full power to test the Brigade as to its efficiency and to inspect and test all fire appliances. The Inspector so appointed shall submit a report thereon to the Governor and the Council shall forthwith take such steps to remedy all such inefficiency and defects as the Governor shall require.

Governor may appoint Inspector.

Offences.

- 10. Any person who:
- (1) assaults, resists, impedes or obstructs a fireman in the discharge of his duty,
 - (2) wilfully damages any fire appliances,
- (3) gives or causes to be given any false alarm of fire to the Brigade,
- (4) contravenes any by-law (other than a by-law relating to the storage or sale of petrol),

shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three mouths and in addition shall pay the cost of any damage occasioned by such offence,

(5) contravenes any by-law or condition of any licence granted thereunder relating to the storage or sale of petrol shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

PART II.

CEMETERY.

Vesting of Cemetery.

11. The Cemetery shall vest in the Council which shall be responsible for the maintenance and control thereof and be subject to any liabilities in respect thereof.

Cemetery Committee.

12. The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters connected with the Cemetery.

Prohibition of dwelling houses near Cemetery. 13. The Council shall not build or permit to be built any dwelling house other than the Caretaker's house within 100 feet of the outer walk or boundary of the Cemetery.

Chapel.

14. The Council may permit a chapel to be built in the Cemetery for the performance of the burial service.

Consecrated ground.

15. The Council shall permit part of the Cemetery to be consecrated and shall maintain part of the Cemetery exclusively for the burial of Roman Catholics.

Exclusive rights of burial.

16. The Council may:

- (1) define such parts of the Cemetery as it shall deem fit for the purpose of granting exclusive rights of burial therein,
- (2) grant or sell the exclusive right of one or more burials in any such parts either in perpetuity or for a limited time,
- (3) grant or sell the right of placing a monument, gravestone or enclosure in any such part or a tablet or other inscription on the walls of any Chapel or other building in the Cemetery.

Grant of exclusive right of burial.

17. (1) The grant of exclusive right of burial or right of placing a monument, gravestone, enclosure, tablet or other inscription as provided in Section 16 shall be in the Form A in the Schedule hereto.

Assignment.

(2) Every assignment of an exclusive right of burial shall be in the Form B in the Schedule hereto and shall when executed within the Colony be registered with the Council within two months of execution or when executed outside the Colony be registered with the Council within six months of the date of execution otherwise it shall be void and of no effect.

Burial place to be kept exclusively for grantee. (3) No body shall be buried in any place in respect of which an exclusive right of burial has been granted without the consent of the grantee thereof.

(4) No grant of the exclusive right of burial shall give the right to bury within the consecrated part of the Cemetery the body of any person not entitled to be buried in consecrated ground according to the rights and usage of the Church of England or to place any monument gravestone tablet or other inscription respecting any such body within the consecrated part of the Cemetery.

Grant does not give the right of burial of certain persons in consecrated ground.

18. (1) The Council shall keep and maintain a plan of the Cemetery on a scale sufficiently large to show the site of every place reserved for exclusive right of burial and the numbers thereof and shall enter in a Register to be kept exclusively for that purpose the names and descriptions of the persons to whom exclusive right of burial has been granted.

Plan and Register.

- (2) The Council shall be entitled to demand the sum of 2/6 for the registration of the assignment of the exclusive right of burial in such register.
- 19. The Council may take down and remove any gravestone, monument, tablet or other inscription and any enclosure placed within the Cemetery without its authority.

Power to remove monuments etc. improperly erected.

20. Any person who shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall or fence belonging to the Cemetery or destroy or injure any plant therein or who shall disfigure any wall thereof or put up any bill therein, or on any wall thereof or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tablet, inscription, or gravestone or other enclosure within the Cemetery or do any wilful damage therein shall commit an offence and shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 in addition to the cost of replacement or repair of the damage caused by him.

Penalty for damaging Cemetery.

21. Any person who shall play at any game or sport or discharge firearms, save at a military funeral in the Cemetery or shall wilfully and unlawfully disturb any persons assembled in the Cemetery for the purpose of burying any body therein or who shall commit any nuisance within the Cemetery shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

Penalty for committing nuisance in the Cemetery.

PART III.

WATER SUPPLY.

22. Mains and public fittings in Stanley shall vest in the Council and the Council shall maintain such mains and public fittings in good and serviceable condition and shall supply, lay, fix and efficiently maintain such further mains and public fittings as from time to time may be required.

Water mains vested in Council: Council to maintain.

- 23. The Council shall appoint a Water Committee to supervise all matters relating to the supply of water in Stanley.
- Appointment of Water Committee.
- 24. The Council may by its officials, workmen or agents:

Powers of Council.

- (1) at all reasonable hours enter in and upon any land and premises in Stanley for the purpose of inspecting and repairing any fittings,
- (2) after 21 days' notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any land in Stanley enter upon such land for the purpose of laying mains in or upon such land.
- (3) The Council may at any time cut off the supply of water to private property in Stanley
 - (a) whenever any nuisance liable to pollute the water supply or cause damage to the water works exists on that property or in any fittings therein or thereon until such nuisance has been remedied to the satisfaction of the Council, or

- (b) whenever any fittings are out of repair or have not been approved by the Council or are liable to pollute the water supply and the necessary repairs or alterations have not been effected to the satisfaction of the Council within the period prescribed in the written notice by the Council to the owner or occupier of such property, or
- (c) whenever the available supply is insufficient by reason of drought or any other unavoidable circumstance, or
- (d) whenever it shall be necessary to repair, clean, or alter the water works or any fittings, or
- (e) whenever water is used for a purpose other than the purpose for which it is supplied, or
- (f) in the case of the continued breach or violation of any requirement of this part of this Ordinance or of any by-law in respect thereof.

New connections.

- 25. (1) Any owner of private property in Stanley who is desirous of laying or installing fittings shall apply to the Council for approval thereof and shall lodge with the Council such plans, specifications and other information as it may require.
- (2) The laying or installation of fittings on private property shall be at the expense of the owner thereof.
- (3) The Council shall convey water to the boundary of private property in Stanley and shall connect the fittings of the owner thereof with the water mains provided that no fittings shall be connected or installed until the same have been approved by the Council.
- (4) Any person who shall in Stanley connect or instal or cause to be connected or installed any fittings without the approval of the Council first obtained shall commit an offence.

Repair of defective fittings.

26. The Council shall give notice to the owner of private property on which any defective fittings are situate requiring such owner to repair such defective fittings to the satisfaction of the Council and in case of non-compliance with such notice the Council may execute such repairs and charge the said owner with the cost thereof and in addition an amount equal to twenty per centum of such cost.

Council may perform work on behalf of private persons.

27. The Council may perform any work on behalf of a private person in connection with the laying, installation, maintenance, replacement or repair of any fittings in Stanley and shall receive in payment from such person the actual cost of such work and in addition an amount not exceeding ten per centum of such actual cost.

Public fountains.

28. No person shall take water from the public fountains for any other than a domestic purpose.

Offences.

- 29. Any person who shall in Stanley:
- (1) put or allow or cause to be put in any main or fitting any cock, valve or other contrivance for drawing water therefrom, or
- (2) wilfully damage or cause or allow to be damaged any main or public fitting, or
- (3) open, close, or in any way interfere with or cause or allow to be opened or closed or in any way to be interfered with any main or public fitting, or
- (4) alter or change or cause or allow to be altered or changed any public fitting with the intent to obtain more water thereby, or

(5) commit a breach or violation of the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance or any by-law relating thereto shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment: Provided that no person shall be convicted for any of the foregoing offences if he proves that the action taken by him was necessitated by fire.

30. The Council shall pay to the Government annually such sum as the Government shall deem necessary for the maintenance and operation of the Water Works.

Payment by Council for water.

Responsibility of Council in public

health matters.

PART IV.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

- 31. The Council shall be responsible in Stanley for
- (1) the maintenance of measures to prevent the spread of any contagious and infectious diseases including the cleansing and disinfecting of houses and buildings,
- (2) the removal of house refuse and the cleansing of earth closets, privies, ashpits and cesspools,
- (3) the cleansing of watercourses, ditches, drains, roads, streets and lanes and the removal of noxious matter therefrom,
 - (4) the abatement or removal of nuisances,
- (5) the construction of new buildings and reconstruction of other buildings and the sanitary conveniences to be used in connection therewith and the materials to be used.
- (6) the removal or demolition of buildings or structures the erection of which has not been approved by the Council and of buildings or structures in such a condition as to constitute a danger to persons living in them or to passengers,
- (7) the inspection, drainage, accommodation and cleansing of common lodging houses.
- 32. The sewers in Stanley shall vest in the Council which shall maintain the same in an efficient condition and lay and efficiently maintain any other sewers which may from time to time be required.

Sewers vesting in and maintenance by Council.

33. The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters relating to public health.

Public Health Committee.

34. (1) All electrical fittings used in connection with the supply of electricity for the lighting of streets in Stanley shall vest in the Council.

Street lighting.

- (2) The Council shall
- (a) maintain all such electrical fittings and any replacements thereof and additions thereto in a good and serviceable condition and shall supply, lay, and fix and efficiently maintain all electrical fittings as may from time to time be required for the lighting of streets in Stanley,
- (b) have power subject to the approval of the Executive Engineer to open roads for the purpose of laying and repairing electrical fittings and shall be responsible for re-instating any road so opened at its own cost and the satisfaction of the Executive Engineer,
- (c) pay the Government the charges for all electric current used for the lighting of streets in Stanley.

Public Baths and swimming-pool.

35. The Council shall be responsible for the efficient maintenance and control of the swimming-pool (when constructed) and public bath houses and shall have power to make such charges for the use thereof as it may decide.

PART V.

TOWN HALL, PUBLIC LIBRARY AND MUSEUM.

Council to maintain Town Hall Public Library and Museum.

- 36. (1) All books, papers, manuscripts and documents now forming the Public Library and all objects, trophies and specimens now forming the Public Museum shall vest in the Council which shall efficiently maintain and control a Public Library and Museum.
- (2) The Council shall purchase and be empowered to receive gifts of papers, documents, objects, trophies and specimens as may from time to time be required or offered.
- (3) The Council may make such charges for admission to the Public Museum and for the use or hire of books, papers and documents, in the Public Library and the imposition of fines in connection therewith as it may decide.
- (4) The Council shall be responsible for the efficient maintenance and control of the Town Hall (when constructed).
- (5) The Council shall appoint a Committee to superviseall matters concerning the Town Hall, Public Library and Museum.

PART VI.

GENERAL.

Delegation of powers by Governor in Council.

Repeals No. 3 of 1898. No. 4 of 1914. No. 7 of 1914. No. 3 of 1928. No. 10 of 1938. No. 5 of 1944.

Commencement.

- 37. The Council shall exercise all such rights and powers as may from time to time be delegated to it by the Governor in Council.
- 38. The Stanley Fire Brigade Ordinance 1898. The Stanley Cemetery Ordinance 1914, The Stanley Cemetery Incorporation Ordinance 1914, The Stanley Fire Brigade (Amendment) Ordinance 1928, The Petroleum Spirit Ordinance 1938, The Library and Museum Ordinance 1944 are hereby repealed.

39. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 1949.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

By virtue of the Stanley Town Council (Powers) Ordinance, 1948, the Stanley Town Council in consideration of the sum of £ now paid by

of (the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged) hereby GRANTS unto the said (the exclusive right of burial in the Stanley Cemetery) (the right of placing a monument, gravestone, enclosure, tablet or other inscription in the Stanley Cemetery).

To HOLD the same unto the said in perpetuity (for years).

Given under the Seal of the Stanley Town Council this

day of

Chairman.

Town Clerk.

FORM B.

, of now paid to me by In consideration of the sum of £ (the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged), as Executor Administrator of the estate of deceased hereby assign of (the exclusive unto (the said) right of burial in the plot of land numbered) (the right of placing a monument. gravestone, enclosure, tablet or other inscription in the Stanley Cemetery) granted to (one)) by a grant dated the (to and all my estate right title and day of 19 interest therein.

To HOLD the same unto the said (in perpetuity) (for years) subject to the conditions now existing in respect of the said Grant.

In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this day of 19

Witness to the signature of the said

Justice of the Peace.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Legislative Council. Assented to in His Majesty's name this 31st day of December, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 19



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Defence Force (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Defence Force Ordinance 1920.

Repeals Sections 12 and 13.

- 2. Sections 12 and 13 of the Defence Force Ordinance 1920 are hereby repealed and the following is substituted for Section 13 thereof:
 - "13 (1) Any member who has been returned with efficiency for at least twelve years and has attained the age of forty one years
 - (a) may at any time thereafter apply in writing to the Commanding Officer to be posted to the Retired List
 - (b) may at any time thereafter for any reason for which the Commanding Officer may deem fit, subject to the approval of the Governor, be posted to the Retired List and his name shall thereupon be removed from the Active List.

- (2) Any member who
- (a) has been returned with efficiency for at least five years and has been certified by a medical officer to be debarred from further service with the Force by reason of physical disability, not being the result of his own misconduct, or
- (b) while on service with the Force, suffers a disability, not being the result of his own misconduct, and has been certified by a medical officer to be debarred from further service with the Force shall be posted to the Retired List and his name removed from the Active List."
- (3) Every member on the Retired List may wear uniform and the badges of the substantive rank held by him at the time he was posted to the Retired List, with the approval of the Commanding Officer, at any military function or on any occasion when uniform is permitted to be worn. He shall wear the letters "R.L." below the badge of the Force worn on the shoulder straps.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

No. 11 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by section 37 of the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations:

- 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Defence Force Regulations, 1948.
- 2. Regulation 3 of the Defence Force Regulations, 1946, is hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 20th day of December, 1948.

L. W. Aldridge,
('lerk of the Executive ('ouncil.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 31st day of December, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 20



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Regulation and Control of Road Traffic.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Road Traffic Ordinance 1948.

Definitions.

- 2. In the Ordinance and in any regulations made hereunder unless the context otherwise admits:
 - "Cart" or "carriage" means any vehicle drawn by a horse.
 - "Chief Constable" means the senior police officer for the time being at Stanley.
 - "Commercial vehicle" means a motor vehicle which is constructed or adapted for use for the conveyance of goods or burden of any description.
 - "Invalid Carriage" means a mechanically propelled vehicle the weight of which unladen does not exceed 5 cwt. and which is especially designed and constructed and not merely adapted for the use of a person suffering from some physical defect or disability and is used solely by such person.
 - "Motor Vehicle" means any vehicle propelled by any form of mechanical power and intended or adapted for use on roads.
 - "Registered" means registered with the Chief Constable.

- "Road" includes any street, thoroughfare, highway, lane, court, alley, passage, or open place used or frequented by the public, or to which the public have or are permitted to have access in Stanley or within a radius of four miles of the boundary thereof.
- "Trailer" means any vehicle having no independent motive power drawn by a motor vehicle but not including a side car attached to a motor cycle.
- "Driver's Licence" means a Licence issued by the Chief Constable enabling the holder to drive a motor vehicle.
- 3. (1) Every motor vehicle in the Colony (except that owned or used by the Governor) not already registered shall be registered within 14 days of the date of commencement of the Ordinance.

Registration.

- (2) Every motor vehicle (except that owned or used by the Governor) brought into the Colony after the commencement of this Ordinance shall be registered within seven days of it being so brought in.
- (3) Any person, being the owner of a motor vehicle referred to in subsections (1) and (2) hereof who shall not comply with the provisions thereof shall commit an offence and shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £5.
- (4) Every motor vehicle and trailer shall, when on a road, carry prescribed identification marks in such positions as may be prescribed. No other figures and no design or ornamentation shall be placed near to any identification mark in such a manner as to be liable to render it more difficult to read or distinguish such identification mark when the vehicle is in motion.
- (5) Any person who shall drive a motor vehicle without its identification mark so fixed or if it is so fixed it is in any way obscured or rendered or allowed to become not easily distinguishable shall commit an offence.

Provided that a person shall not be convicted of an offence under this subsection should be satisfy the Court be has taken all steps practicable to prevent the identification mark being obscured or rendered not easily distinguishable.

- (6) Any person to whom any motor vehicle is sold or disposed of shall apply for registration of such motor vehicle within seven days of such sale or disposition. Any person failing to do so shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.
- (7) Any person who forges or fraudulently alters or uses or fraudulently lends or allows to be used by any other person any identification mark shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.
- 4. (1) On and after the 1st day of January, 1949, there shall be charged, levied and paid in respect of motor vehicles and trailers used on roads, duties at the rates shewn in the Schedule hereto.
- (2) The duties charged under this section shall be paid annually upon licences to be taken out by the person keeping the vehicle: Provided that a licence may be taken out for periods of less than a year, but not less than three months, on payment of a proportionate part of the appropriate duty.
- (3) No duty shall be payable under this section in respect of motor vehicles owned by the Government or the Stanley Town Council.
- (4) Any person who, for the purpose of obtaining the grant of a motor vehicle or trailer licence to himself or any other person, knowingly makes any false statement shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

Motor Vehicle and Trailer Licences. (5) Any person who shall drive, and the owner of any motor vehicle who shall permit any person to drive on a road any motor vehicle, or who shall draw or permit a trailer to be drawn by any motor vehicle, in respect of which a licence under this section shall not be in force, shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £50.

Driver's licences.

- 5. (1) Any person, not being the holder of a driver's licence in force, who shall drive a motor vehicle on a road and any person who causes or permits any person who is not the holder of a driver's licence in force to drive a motor vehicle on a road shall be guilty of an offence.
- (2) Any person who being the holder of a driver's licence in respect of one class of motor vehicle shall drive a motor vehicle of another class on a road shall be guilty of an offence.
- (3) A driver's licence shall not be granted until the applicant has passed a test as to his fitness and ability to drive a motor vehicle, and shall not be granted to:
 - (a) a person under the age of 16 years in respect of a motor cycle or a person under the age of 18 years in respect of any other class of motor vehicle, or
 - (b) a person suffering from such disease or physical disability as would be likely to cause the driving by him of a motor vehicle to be a source of danger to the public.
- (4) For the purpose of enabling an applicant for the grant of a driver's licence to learn to drive a motor vehicle with a view to passing a test under this section the Chief Constable may on payment of a fee of 5/- grant him a provisional licence to be in force for three months subject to the conditions prescribed in Regulation 4 (4) of the Road Traffic Regulations, 1948. Any person having a provisional licence who fails to comply with any of such conditions shall be guilty of an offence.
- (5) Where there is reason to believe that the holder of a driver's licence is suffering from a disease or physical disability likely to cause the driving by him of a motor vehicle to be a source of danger to the public the Chief Constable may revoke the licence.
- (6) Any person aggrieved by the refusal to grant, or the revocation of a driver's licence under this section may appeal to the Magistrate who may make such order as he thinks fit.
- (7) Any person who for the purpose of obtaining the grant of a driver's licence to himself or any other person knowingly makes any false statement shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.
- (8) Any Court before which a person is convicted of an offence in connection with the driving of a motor vehicle:
 - (a) may order him to be disqualified for holding or obtaining a driver's licence for such period as the Court thinks fit;
 - (b) shall on a conviction for an offence against sections 6
 (1) or 8 hereof (unless the Court for special reasons thinks fit to order otherwise and without prejudice to the power of the Court to order a longer period of disqualification) order him to be disqualified for holding or obtaining a licence for a period of twelve months from the date of conviction.
- (9) The Court may order that the particulars of any conviction and of any disqualification to which a convicted person has become subject shall be endorsed on the driver's licence held by the offender.
- (10) Any person in respect of whom the Court has ordered his driver's licence to be endorsed who shall fail to produce

such licence to the Court within seven days of the date of conviction shall be guilty of an offence.

- (11) If any person who is disqualified for holding a licence applies for and obtains a licence while so disqualified or being a person whose licence has been endorsed applies for and obtains a licence without giving particulars of the endorsement shall be guilty of an offence and any licence so obtained shall be of no effect.
- (12) Any person driving a motor vehicle on a road who shall fail to produce his driver's licence when so required by a police constable shall be guilty of an offence provided that if he shall within three days after being so required to produce his licence produce the same to the Chief Constable he shall not be convicted of an offence under this sub-section.
- (13) When an order has been made in respect of a person under subsection (9) of this section requiring the endorsement of a driver's licence held by him he shall be entitled subject to the payment of the fee of five shillings and subject to the surrender of his licence to have issued to him a new licence free from endorsement if he has during a continuous period of three years or upwards since the order was made had no such order made against him. Provided that in reckoning the said continuous period of three years any period during which the person was by virtue of the order disqualified for holding or obtaining a licence shall be excluded.
- 6. (1) Any person who shall drive or cause or permit any other person to drive a motor vehicle on a road unless there is in force in relation to the user of the vehicle by that person or that other person as the case may be a policy of insurance in respect of third party risks shall be guilty of an offence and shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment to a term not exceeding three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Third Party Insurance.

(2) Any person driving a motor vehicle on a road who shall fail to produce his certificate of insurance when so required by a police constable shall be guilty of an offence provided that if he shall within three days after being so required to produce his certificate produce the same to the Chief Constable he shall not be convicted of an offence under this subsection.

7. Any person who shall drive a motor vehicle on a road unless it is fitted with lights, warning instrument, safety glass, windscreen wipers, a reflecting mirror, a silencer, tyres and adequate brakes as prescribed by the Regulations hereunder shall commit an offence.

Safety precautions.

8. Any person who:

(1) drives a motor vehicle on a road recklessly, or at a speed or in a manner which is dangerous to the public, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, including the nature, condition, and use of the road, and the amount of traffic which is actually at the time, or which might reasonably be expected to be on the road, or

- (2) when driving or attempting to drive, or when in charge of a motor vehicle on a road is under the influence of drink or a drug to such an extent as to be incapable of having proper control of the vehicle shall be liable
 - (a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding four months, and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction either to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to such imprisonment as aforesaid or to both such fine and imprisonment;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine, or to both such fine and imprisonment;

Dangerous driving.

Excessive speed.

(3) drives a motor vehicle in Stanley at a speed greater than twenty miles per hour shall commit an offence,

Careless driving.

- (4) drives a motor vehicle on a road without due care and attention or without reasonable consideration for other persons using the road shall commit an offence, or
- (5) contravenes any of the regulations relating to the use of motor vehicles made hereunder shall commit an offence,

Driving on footway or public jetty.

(6) drives a motor vehicle on the pavement or footway of a road or without lawful authority on a public jetty shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable in the case of a first conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £10. Provided that a person shall not be convicted of an offence under this sub-section if he satisfies the court that the motor vehicle was driven for the purpose of saving life or extinguishing fire or any like emergency.

Taking vehicle without owner's consent.

- 9. (1) Any person who takes and drives away any motor vehicle without having either the consent of the owner thereof or other lawful authority shall be liable (a) on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £50: (b) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to a fine not exceeding £100 or both such fine and imprisonment. Provided that if the Court is satisfied that the accused acted in the belief that he had lawful authority, or in the reasonable belief that the owner would in the circumstances of the case have given his consent if he had been asked therefor, the accused shall not be liable to be convicted of the offence.
- (2) Any police constable may arrest without warrant any person reasonably suspected by him of having committed or attempting to commit an offence under this section.

Tampering with vehicles.

10. Any person who without lawful authority or reasonable cause gets on to a motor vehicle standing on a road or tampers with the brake or any part of the mechanism of the vehicle shall be guilty of an offence.

Leaving vehicles in dangerous positions. I1. Any person in charge of a motor vehicle or trailer who causes or permits the vehicle or trailer to remain at rest on a road in such a position or in such condition or in such circumstances as to be likely to cause danger to other persons using the road shall be guilty of an offence.

Restriction on number of passengers on motor cycle.

- 12. Any driver of a motor cycle (other than one with a side car attached) who shall:
 - (a) carry more than one passenger, or
 - (b) carry such passenger otherwise than sitting astride the cycle and on a proper seat securely fixed to the cycle behind the driver's seat shall commit an offence and be liable in the case of the first conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

Pedal Cycles.

- 13. Any person in charge of a pedal cycle on a road who shall:
 - (a) fail to keep to the left or near side of the road when he meets traffic proceeding in the opposite direction or fail to keep to the right or offside of the road when he passes traffic proceeding in the same direction, or
 - (b) fails to have attached thereto an instrument capable of giving audible and sufficient warning of approach of the bicycle, or
 - (c) during the period between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise who shall fail to have

attached thereto (1) a lamp showing to the front a white light visible for a reasonable distance and (2) an unobscured and efficient red light or red reflector shewing to the rear: Provided the subsection shall not apply to a bicycle being wheeled by a person on foot as near as possible to the left or near side of the carriage way, or

(d) ride on the pavement or footway of a road or on a public jetty

shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

- 14. Any person in charge of a cart or carriage on a road who Carts or carriages, shall:
 - (a) fail to keep such vehicle to the left or near side of the road when he meets traffic proceeding in the opposite direction or shall fail to keep such vehicle to the right or offside of the road when he passes traffic proceeding in the same direction, or
 - (b) during the period between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise who shall fail to have attached thereto (1) a lamp on the offside of the vehicle showing to the front a white light visible for a reasonable distance and (2) an unobscured and efficient red reflector or red light attached to the offside of the vehicle and shewing to the rear, or
- (c) drive such vehicle on a pavement or footway of a road shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £2.
 - 15. Any person in charge of an animal on a road who shall: Animals.
 - (a) fail to keep the animal as close as possible to the edge of the carriage way, or
 - (b) without reasonable cause lead, or ride, the animal on a pavement or footway of a road.

shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

16. (1) The Executive Engineer may, if in his opinion any road or part of a road is unfit for traffic or any class of traffic, by order under his hand close such road or part thereof to all or any traffic as he shall specify for any period not exceeding one month.

Closing of roads.

- (2) The Executive Engineer shall cause (a) copies of such order to be affixed to the public notice board in Stanley and at both ends of the road or part thereof so closed as aforesaid (b) a copy to be inserted in any newspaper circulating in the Colony and (c) notice thereof to be broadcast.
- (3) Any person contravening any terms of such order shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.
- 17. Any person guilty of an offence under this Ordinance or any Regulation thereunder for which a penalty is not prescribed shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

Penalties.

Regulations.

18. The Governor in Council may make regulations for the more effective administration of this Ordinance.

Repeals No. 4 of 1931, No. 2 of 1936.

19. The Summary Jurisdiction (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931, and the Motor Car Ordinance, 1936, are hereby repealed.

SCHEDULE.

ANNUAL LICENCE DUTIES FOR MOTOR VEHICLES AND TRAILERS.

PART I - PRIVATE VEHICLES.

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PART II. - COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

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PART III. - TRAILERS.

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This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Regulations under the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 12 of 1948.

Governor.

His Excellency the Governor in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 18 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1948, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations.

- 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Road Traffic Short title. Regulations, 1948.
- 2. (1) Application for registration shall be made in the applicant's handwriting to the Chief Constable on the form A set out in the Schedule.

Registration of Motor Vehicles.

- (2) The prescribed identification mark shall be a plate of a size, shape and material approved by the Chief Constable bearing in white on a black background the number assigned to the particular motor vehicle by the Chief Constable.
 - (3) The prescribed positions shall be:
 - (a) on the front and on the back of the vehicle except in the case of a trailer when the identification mark shall be on the back of the vehicle only and except as provided in sub-paragraph (b) hereof be exhibited so that in normal daylight the figures of the front and the rear identification mark shall be easily distinguishable by an observer in front of or behind the vehicle as the case may be at a distance of 60 feet in the case of a motor cycle or invalid carriage and 75 feet in every other case:
 - (b) in the case of a motor cycle or an invalid carriage the front identification mark shall be so fixed that from whichever side the vehicle is viewed the figures on one or other face of the plate are easily distinguishable although they may not be distinguishable from the front of the vehicle.
- (4) A motor vehicle shall not be registered or used on a road if:
 - (a) its nett weight exceeds 8 cwts, and it is incapable of travelling backwards and forwards under its own power,
 - (b) its chassis weight exceeds 30 cwts, unless it has been registered prior to the date of these Regulations.
- 3. (1) Application for a motor vehicle or trailer licence shall be made to the Chief Constable in the form B set out in the Schedule.

Motor vehicle or trailer licence.

- (2) No trailer which together with its load exceeds 30 cwts, shall be used on a road.
- 4. (1) Application for a driver's licence shall be made to the Chief Constable in the applicant's handwriting in the form C set out in the Schedule and a fee of 5/- shall be paid with each application.

Driver's licence.

(2) Every applicant for a driver's licence shall unless he held a driver's licence on the 1st day of January, 1948, or a licence to drive issued in the United Kingdom be tested by the Chief Constable at the time of application.

- (3) Driver's licences shall be renewed and the licence fee of 5/- paid annually on the 1st day of January in every year.
- (4) A provisional driver's licence shall be subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) in the case of a motor cycle to which a sidecar is not attached the holder shall not carry a passenger other than the holder of a driver's licence for at least two years immediately preceding such carrying or one who has passed the test provided for in section 5 (3) of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1948;
 - (b) in the case of every other motor vehicle the holder shall drive only when under the supervision of the holder of a driver's licence for at least two years immediately preceding such driving or has passed the test provided for in section 5 (3) of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1948, who shall be present in the vehicle with him.

Third party insurance.

- 5. (1) A policy of insurance shall be one issued by an Insurance Company registered in the United Kingdom and shall insure such persons or classes of persons as may be specified in the policy in respect of any liability which may be incurred by them in respect of the death or of the bodily injury to any person caused by or arising out of the use of the vehicle on a road: Provided that such a policy shall not be required to cover
 - (a) liability in respect of the death or of the personal injury to a person in the employment of the person insured arising out of and in the course of his employment; or
 - (b) except in the case of a vehicle in which passengers are carried for hire or by reason of or in pursuance of a contract of employment, liability in respect of the death or of the bodily injury to persons being carried in or upon or getting on to or alighting from the vehicle at the time of the occurrence of the event out of which the claim arises; or
 - (c) any contractual liability.
- (2) The policy of insurance shall provide for the payment to the hospital for treatment of any person who has died or received bodily injury arising out of the use of a motor vehicle on a road the hospital scale of charges in respect thereof.
- (3) The policy of insurance shall be produced to the Chief Constable on application for a motor vehicle licence under Regulation 3.

Warning instrument.

6. Every vehicle shall be fitted with an instrument capable of giving audible and sufficient warning of its approach or position provided that the Chief Constable may prohibit the use of any instrument which in his opinion might cause annoyance to the public.

Lights.

- 7. (1) Whenever a motor vehicle is on a road between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise it shall carry
 - (a) a lamp so contrived as to illuminate every figure of the identification mark exhibited on the back of the vehicle or trailer attached thereto and to render them easily distinguishable in the absence of fog by an observer behind the vehicle 50 feet in the case of a motor cycle or invalid carriage and 60 feet in every other case; and
 - (b) two lamps fixed on opposite sides of the vehicle each

showing to the front a white light visible from a reasonable distance provided that a motor cycle shall show one such light as aforesaid and that if a sidecar is attached to a motor cycle the sidecar shall carry one lamp on the nearside showing to the front a white light visible from a reasonable distance and

(c) one lamp showing to the rear a red light visible from a reasonable distance

and every such lamp shall be kept lighted and in an efficient state and shall be attached to the vehicle in the positions required by the Chief Constable.

- No vehicle shall carry a lamp showing a red light to the front.
- (3)No vehicle shall carry any light other than a red light to the rear.
- (4) No light shewn by a vehicle other than a dipping head light shall be moved by swivelling, deflecting or otherwise while the vehicle is in motion.
- (5) No lamp showing a light to the front shall be used on any vehicle unless such lamp is so constructed, fitted and maintained that the beam of light therefrom:
 - is permanently deflected downwards to such an extent that it is at all times incapable of dazzling any person standing on the same horizontal plane as the vehicle at a greater distance than 25 feet from the lamp whose eyelevel is not less than 3ft. 6ins, above that plane, or
 - can be deflected downwards or both downwards and to the left at the will of the driver in such a manner as to render it incapable of dazzling any such person in the circumstances aforesaid, or
 - can be extinguished by the operation of a device which at the same time causes beams of light to be emitted from the lamp which complies with sub-paragraph (a) of this Regulation, or
 - can be extinguished by the operation of a device which (d)at the same time either deflects the beam of light from another lamp downwards or both downwards and to the left in such manner as to render it incapable of dazzling any such person in the circumstances aforesaid.
- (6) Whenever a trailer is on a road between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise it shall carry the lamps prescribed in paragraph (1) (a) and (c) of this Regulation and every such lamp shall be kept lighted and in an efficient state and attached to the vehicle in the positions required by the Chief Constable.

Paragraph 5 of this Regulation shall not apply to any lamp fitted with an electric bulb if the power of the bulb does not exceed 7 watts and the lamp is fitted with frosted glass or other material which has the effect of diffusing the light.

Every motor vehicle other than a motor cycle, shall be equipped with a reflecting mirror which is to be fitted in such manner that the driver may observe any overtaking traffic.

Mirrors.

9. The glass of wind screens and windows facing to the front of any vehicle shall be safety glass.

Safety glass.

An efficient automatic windscreen wiper shall be fitted to Windscreen wipers.

every motor vehicle which is so constructed that the driver cannot by opening the windscreen or otherwise obtain an adequate view to the front of the vehicle without looking through the windscreen.

Silencers.

Tyres.

Brakes.

- 11. All motor vehicles shall have efficient silencers fitted for reducing the noise made by the escape of exhaust gases.
- 12. No motor vehicle or trailer shall be driven on any road unless it is fitted with pneumatic tyres. Provided that in case of particular vehicles, or particular classes of motor vehicles, the Governor may authorise the issue of special permits allowing the use of solid tyres of soft or elastic material. Such tyres shall conform in all respects to such conditions as may be prescribed.
- 13. (1) Every motor vehicle shall be equipped with two entirely independent braking systems, or with one efficient braking system having two independent means of operation, in each case so designed and constructed that the failure of any single portion of any braking system shall not prevent the brakes on two wheels, or, in the case of a vehicle having less than four wheels, on one wheel, from operating effectively so as to bring the vehicle to rest within a reasonable distance; provided that in the case of a single braking system, the two means of operation shall not be deemed to be otherwise than independent solely by reason of the fact that they are connected either directly or indirectly to the same cross shaft.
- (2) In the case of a motor vehicle having more than three wheels and equipped with two independent braking systems, each such system shall be so designed and constructed, that if the brakes thereof act either directly or indirectly on two wheels, they shall act on two wheels on the same axle.
- (3) Where, in the case of a single braking system, the means of operation are connected directly or indirectly to the same cross shaft, the brakes applied by one of such means shall act on all of the wheels of the motor vehicle directly and not through the transmission gear.
- (4) In all cases the brakes operated by one of the means of operation shall be applied by direct mechanical action without the intervention of any hydraulic, electric, or pneumatic device.
- (5) In all cases the brakes operated by one of the means of operation shall act directly upon the wheels and not through the transmission gear.
- (6) Every trailer having four or more wheels shall have an efficient braking system the brakes of which act upon
 - (a) at least two wheels in the case of a trailer having not more than four wheels, and -
 - (b) at least four wheels in the case of a trailer having more than four wheels, so constructed that the brakes are capable of being set so as effectually to prevent two at least of the wheels from revolving when the trailer is not being drawn.
- (7) In all cases where the braking system on a trailer having four or more wheels cannot be operated from the tractor vehicle, a person shall be carried on the trailer for the purpose of operating the braking system on the trailer.
- (8) Except in the case of motor cycles with or without sidecars attached, every motor vehicle shall be equipped with a braking system so designed and constructed that it can be set so as effectually to prevent two at least, or in the case of a vehicle with only three wheels, one of the wheels from revolving when the vehicle is not being driven or is left unattended.

14. (1) The Chief Constable may direct that an inspection and test of any motor vehicle be carried out prior to issuing a licence or during the period when a licence is in force. Such inspection or test shall be carried out at the expense of the owner of the vehicle and if the vehicle is considered by the Inspecting Officer to be dangerous or unfit for use no licence shall issue or a licence if in force shall be suspended until the Inspecting Officer certifies (form E in Schedule) that the vehicle is fit for use.

Inspection and tests.

- (2) The Executive Engineer or his representative shall be the Inspector for the purpose of the foregoing section and shall be empowered to carry out such inspections or tests of motor vehicles as may be considered necessary for the purpose of these regulations.
- (3) The fee to be charged for each inspection or test shall be such sum not exceeding one pound as the Governor may direct.
- (4) A motor vehicle licence shall not be issued in respect of any motor vehicle so tested until it has been certified as fit to be licensed and any licence issued in respect thereof shall be suspended until all defects in the vehicle are remedied or such licences may be revoked: Provided that any person aggrieved by any refusal to grant, suspension of or revocation of a licence may appeal to the Magistrate who may make such order as he thinks fit.
 - 15. (1) No person in charge of a motor vehicle shall

Duties of Driver.

- (a) cause or permit the vehicle or trailer to stand on a road so as to cause an unnecessary obstruction there-of.
- (b) leave the vehicle without having stopped the engine and set the brake so as effectually to prevent the vehicle from being moved.
- (2) A person while actually driving a motor vehicle shall
 - (a) when any accident occurs whereby damage or injury is caused to any person, vehicle, bicycle, horse, cattle, ass, mule, sheep, pig, goat or dog, stop and give his name and address, and the name and address of the owner and the identification marks of the vehicle to any person having reasonable grounds for requiring him so to do.
 - (b) in the case of an accident as aforesaid if he does not for any reason give his name and address to any person as aforesaid, report the accident to the police station as soon as practicable and in any case within 24 hours of the occurrence thereof,
 - (c) comply with every road sign erected by the Government or Stanley Town Council and with any signal by a police officer in uniform,
 - (d) not carry a load the weight, position or condition of which would in the opinion of the Chief Constable constitute a danger to other users of a road.

16. The Motor Car Regulations, 1936, the Motor Car (Amendment) Regulations, 1946, the Motor Car (Speed and Weight) Regulations, 1947, and the Motor Car Regulations, 1948, are hereby rescinded.

Rescissions.

SCHEDULE.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

FORM A.

	API	PLICATION	FOR REGIS	STRATION	OF A MOTOI	R VEHICLE.	4
I pply to	hereby dec	lare that I ared as the own	n entitled to er thereof :-	the possessi	ion of the motor	vehicle described	helow, and
I.	Full name	of owner					
2.	Address of	owner					
3.	Name of m	anufacturer					
4.	Description	n of vehicle (1)				
5.	Manufactu	rer's number	of chassis				
6.	Manufactu	rer's number	of engine				
7.	Horse-pov	ver er					
8.	Type of b	ody (2) :-					
	Desc	ription					
	Color	ır					
	Num	ber of seats					
9.	Description	n of side-car	(3)				
10.	Nett weig	ht cwts		qrs.		lbs.	
11.	Gross wei	ght (4) cwts		qrs.		lbs.	
12.	Number o	of passengers	which it is p	roposed to ca	rry		
13.	Description	on of Tyres					
14.	Place wh	ere vehicle w	ill usually be	kept			
15.	Purpose i	for which veh	icle will be u	ised :-			
	(a)	Private use.					
	(b)	Conveyance	of goods. (L	oad area		sq. ft.).	
		Conveyance			5)		
Falkla	And I her and Islands,	eby declare the	nat the descri above particu	bed motor v lars are true	wehicle has not p and accurate in	reviously been regi every respect.	istered in the
	Dated			19			
					(Sig	nature of applicant)

NOTES. (1) Sta

- (1) State whether the vehicle is a motor cycle, etc.
- (2) In the case of motor cycles, particulars under this head need not be given.
- (3) Particulars only required in case of motor cycles.
- (4) "Gross Weight" means the unladen weight plus the weight which the vehicle is carrying when fully laden.
- (5) Refers to motor vehicles primarily designed for the purpose of carrying goods, but on which it is also desired to carry passengers.

FORM B.

APPLICATION FOR A MOTOR VEHICLE / TRAILER LICENCE.

I hereby declare that I are		or vehicle/trailer described below, and apply for
or empression	19	
Full name of owner		
Address of owner		
Description of vehicle/	trailer	
Identification mark		5. Horse-power
(For commercial vehicle	es) Load area	sq. ft.
Number of wheels.	8. Des	scription of tyres
Amount payable		
teıl	19	
		(Signature of applicant.)
	Form	C.
APPL	ICATION FOR A DRI	VER'S LICENCE. (1)
Chief Constable at		
I, (2)		of
apply for a driver's licen	ce to drive (3)	
I was born at (4)		on the (5)
I am not suffering from proper manner.	any physical or mental	disability which prevents me from driving in a
I have never before appl or	ied for or been granted	or refused or disqualified for obtaining a driver's
I was first granted a d	river's licence on	at
Particulars of any endor	rsement of any driver's	slicence held or previously held by me
And I hereby declare th	at the above particulars	are true and accurate in every respect.
ed	19	
		(Signature of applicant.)
	Full name of owner Address of owner Description of vehicle of Identification mark (For commercial vehicle of Number of wheels. Amount payable ted APPLI (thief Constable at I, (2) apply for a driver's licence I was born at (4) I am not suffering from proper manner. I have never before applied I was first granted a description of the proper manner of the proper manner. I have never before applied or which such the period for which such and I hereby declare the	Full name of owner Address of owner Description of vehicle/trailer Identification mark (For commercial vehicles) Load area Number of wheels. Amount payable ted 19 FORM APPLICATION FOR A DRI Chief Constable at I, (2) apply for a driver's licence to drive (3) I was born at (4) I am not suffering from any physical or mental proper manner. I have never before applied for or been granted or I was first granted a driver's licence on Particulars of any endorsement of any driver's Particulars of any disqualification for obtaining and period for which such disqualification was in And I hereby declare that the above particulars

- (1) Application form to be completed in applicant's own hand-writing.
- (2) Full name and address.
- (3) State class of vehicle, i.e, "motor cycle" or any class of "motor vehicle".
- (4) Place of birth.
- (5) Date of birth.

-			n	
H	าห	3.4	D	

No	

(Signature)

		DRIVING LICENCE.
(Na	ıme)	
(Ad	ldress)	
is h	ereby licensed to drive	a motor vehicle/cycle subject to the conditions stated overleaf.
Thi	s licence expires on	19
Fee	5/- Paid.	*
	Dated	19
		Chief Constable.
		FORM E.
		CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS.
		Description of Vehicle.
1.	Name of owner	
2.	Address of owner	
3.	Identification mark	
4.	Purpose for which to	be used
ovisi ense	I hereby certify that ions of the Road Traffic ed as a	I have examined the above vehicle, and find that it complies with the Ordinance, 1948, and the Regulations made thereunder, and is fit to be
	(Insert any	special conditions necessary in the interests of safety).
		or
а	I hereby certify that	I have examined the above vehicle, and find that it is unfit to be licensed by reasons of the following irremediable defects, viz:-
		or
н	I hereby certify that	I have examined the above vehicle, and find that it is unfit to be licensed by reasons of the following remediable defects, viz:-
	Dated	19
		(Signature)
	The above-mentioned	defects have now been remedied to my satisfaction.
	Dated	19

64. Skilling, Thos.

65. Lang, William A.

66. Jacobsen, James S.

Jury List for the year 1949.

The following list of the persons liable under the provisions of the Jury Ordinance, 1901 to serve as Jurors for the year 1949 is published in accordance with the fourth section of the Ordinance.

Any objection thereto will be heard and determined in the Magistrate's Court on the 28th day January, 1949.

> R. W. S. WINTER, Magistrate.

> > 263. King, Cecil F.

264. Biggs, Malcolm W.

1. McAskill, John 67. Anderson, Wm. J. S. 133. Larsen, Richard 199. Harvey, C. James 68. Jacobsen, A. F. W. C. 69. McAskill, Donald W. Anderson, Edward B. 134. Middleton, James (1) 200. Bundes, R. J. C. 3. Stewart, Gordon 201. King, Vernon T. 202. Halliday, Stanley S. 135. McPhee, Owen H. Thompson, Geo. H. 70. Llamosa, Arthur Jas. 136. Anderson, John 5. Rutter, Arthur Tasker, J. 137. Hollen, Henry D. 138. Biggs, T. M. V. 203. Burridge, Walter 6. Henricksen, Albert J. 72. Lee, Edwin T. 204. Smith, Ludwick C. 7. Goodwin, Bert S. 73. Johnson, Fred. W. 139. Betts, Keith C. 205. Binnie, Albert F. 206. Smith, Alfred C. E. 8. Porter, Charles (Sr.) 74. Smith, John C. (Sr.) 140. Clifton, Jas. Henry 9. Pearson, Robert 75. Lee, Alfred F. 141. Skilling, Chas. J. 207. Lellman, Karl V. 10. Stewart, D. W. II. 76. Peck, Aubrey F. 208. Draycott, D. J. 142. Duncan, David John 11. Hardy, Fred J. 77. Simpson, Alex. S. 143. Jaffray, Alexander 209. McLeod. Murdo A. 12. McPhee, Patrick 78. Skilling, Albert G. 144. Roberts, Wm. Edgar 210. Burns, William 13. Betts, Allan Sturdee 79. Jones, H. 145. Biggs, Terence I. 211. Summers, Wm. Alex. 80. Hall, George F. 14. Whitney, Frederick E. 146. McDermid, M. 212. Duncan, William 213. Newman, Silas 15. Binnie James G. 81. Kiddle, William E. 147. Robson, George J. 214. Delaney, C. 16. Cletheroe, William 11. 82. Hooley, T. V. 148. Luxton, Markham J. 17. Blyth, Henry 83. Conner, G.C. 149. Wielding, J. F. 215. Duncan, Peter R. 18. Turner, Leonard Mcl. 84. McGill, Maurice W. 150. Lyse, Sidney R. 216. Watson, James 151. Dickson, Ed. T. C. 217. McLaren, Alex. R. 19. Goss, Darwin J. 85. Llamosa, George A. 218. McPhee, K. J. (Sr.) 20. Dickson, Chas. J. E. C. 86. Johnson, Peter S. 152. Coutts, John 21. Kivell, William 219. Paulini, H. Wm. 87. Morrison, D. Ewen 153. Goss, Roderick J. 22. Butler, George J. C 88. Clifton, Hugh E. 154. McMillan, Ian A. 220. Short, J. G. Arch. 221. Holland, G. E. 23. Summers, Stanley F. 89. Lehen, Maurice 155. Hollen, James J. 222. Morrison, Douglas R. 24. Binnie, William N. 156. Sornsen, Ellis L. 90. Etheridge, Arthur G. 223. Flowers, W. H. R. 91. Rowlands, Wm. J. 25. Hawkins, C. 157. Anderson, S. Allan 224. Pearson, William E. 26. Goodwin, John K. 92. Lee, Wm. H. G. N. J. 158. Butler, Jos. T. J. 159. Browning, Frederick 160. McGill, G. Stanford 225. McLeod, Donald 27. Summers, Victor 93. Davis, Arthur H. 226. Clausen, Fredk J. 28. Berntsen, F. G. 94. Llamosa, Wm. J. 227. Whitney, G. Mark. 228. Cartmell, William J. 161. Jacobsen, Karl M. 95. Bonner, William 29. Carey, Raymond F. 30. Perry, Thomas G. 162. McRae. Donald A. 96. Goodwin, Ernest G. 229. Smith, Eric H. S. 163. Pitaluga, Jas. A. 31. Ross, D. J. 97. Watson, T. Darwin 230. McPherson, John 98. Carey, Anthony M. 164. Buse, Franz J. 32. Browning, David L. 231. Jaffray, William 165. Short, George H. 33. McRae, F. W. Duncan 99, Blackely, Adam K. 166, Berntsen, Syd. L. 232. Summers, Wm. Ed. 34. Lang. John S. 100. Alazia, Albert F. 233. Clement, Wickham 167. Kiddle, Peter 101. Browning, John B. 35. Goodwin, Rupert V. 234. Curran, Joseph 168. Yates, Manuel 36. Sornsen, Andrew A. 37. White, W. Martell 102. Earle, Arthur 235. Curran, Henry 103. Hooley, Jack C. 169. Anderson, Thos. Robson, James T. 236. Bound, H. John L. 104. Bennett, Stanley 38. McKay, Donald 237. Bertrand, C. W. 105. Larsen. Harold 106. Oliver, Charles 171. Craigie-Halkett, C. M. 39. Jones, Albert H. 238. Hills, Richard W. 172. Davis, Benjamin C. 40. Pettersson, A. R. A. 173. Rowlands, Jas. G. 239. McCarthy, Charles 107. Skillington, H. 41. Blyth, Jas. 240. Kiddle, A. Stanley 174. Kendal, George N. 42. Enestrom, Edgar W. R. 108. Sarney, Harry 241. McLeod. Donald 242. Gleadell. Sidney M. 175. McAtasney, W. Brian 43. Halliday, Andrew J. 109. Middleton, Jas. S. 176. Smith, Osmond R. 44. Berntsen, Lars M. 110. Lyse, George W. 243. Bender, William J. 177. Morrison, Doug. D. 111. Anderson, Alfred 45. Harrison, Clement 244. Hubbard, J. 178. Hall, Albert H. 46. McMillan, William 112. Biggs, Horace H. 179. Blyth, Fredk I. K 245. Morrison, Finlay 113. Halliday, J. Henry 114. Parrin, William R. B. 47. Middleton, Stewart (1) 180. Perry, James J. (Jr.) 246. Brown. George J. 48. Hannaford, Robert F. 247. Ford, James E. 248. Field, P. J. 181. Hewitt, Robert J. D. 115. Jones, Richard 49. Gilruth, Thomas A. 182. Hardy, Jack A. 50. Rumbolds, Robert II. 116. Craig, Peter 183, Watson, Wm. H. 249. Lee. Sidney S. 117. Thompson, Wm. J. 51. Summers, Philip G.52. Malcolm, W. 184. Biggs, Edward John 185. Peck, Percy P. 250. Finlayson, Rod. (Sr.) 118. Steen, Robert B. 251. Fraser, D. H. 119. Anderson, Richard C. 53. Reive, Basil 186. Anderson, Hector C 252. Biggs, John F. 120. Aldridge, Stephen C. 54. Goodwin, Vincent S. 187. Finlayson. Darwin 253. Summers, Keith M. 121. Newman, L. Wilf. A 55. Halliday, John Jas. 254. Britton, William F. 188. Newman, G. R. Hen. 122. Ford, Chas. W. 56. Curran, John 189. Hall, Donald John 255. Middleton, Arthur 123. Browning, Benjamin 57. Sprules, Gilbert E. 256. Berntsen, Jas. L. 190. King, James A. 124. Jones, William J. 58. Jennings, Clifford W. 257. McMullen, D. J. E. H. 191. Hewitt, James 125. Cletheroe, Cyril J. 59. Lee, Henry J. 192. Biggs, Basil W. 258. McKay, James R. 126. Morrison, Stewart 60. Newing, John C. 193. Lanning, George T. 194. Halliday. William J. 259. Alazia, George J. 260. Howatt, Frank D. 127. McGill, Gordon A. 61. Paice, William N. 128. Grant, Lennard J. 62. Perry, Christopher 261. Smith, D. Roger 195. McAtasney, E. J. 129. Sarney, James A. 63. Stewart, Alex. 196. Hills, Albert H. 197. Robson, Robert L. 262. Kiddle, Donald J. 130. McLeod, George H.

131. Cheek, Frederick J.

132. McKenzie, William

198. Reive, Leonard L.

Jury List continued :-

265, Cartmell, Robert D.	342.	White, Joh
266. Berntsen, William	343.	
267. McCarthy, Wm. G.	344.	
268. Gleadell, Marklin L.		Middleton
269. McLeod, Rod. J. D. 270. Morrison, Donald F.	347.	Alazia, Art Perry, Wil
271. Barnes, Ernest	348.	
272. Jaffray, John	349.	Reive, Joh
273. Williams, Ralph M.	350.	
274. Stewart, James H.	351. 352.	
275. Lee. A. Leslie 276. Hirtle, Wallace C. L.	353.	
277. Alazia, John	354.	Ashley, do
278. Berntsen, Stanley G.	355.	Butler, Fre
279. Aldridge, Francis W.	356.	
280. McLaren. Reuben 281. Harvey, William	357. 358	Reive, Geo Bender, Cl
282. McKay, Richard		Osborne, C
283. Phillips. Jesse	360.	Reive, Cha
284. McLeod. Archibald	361.	
285. Middleton, James (2) 286. Smith, John F.	362. 363.	
287. Morrison, Murdo	364.	
288. Goss, Jacob N.	365.	Berntsen A
289. Clarke, R. J.	366.	Kelway, J.
290. Paulini. Ralph 291. Stacey. David C.	367.	
291. Stacey, David C. 292. Nicholson, Leslie H.	$\begin{bmatrix} 368. \\ 369. \end{bmatrix}$	
293. Parker, C. F.	370.	
294. Lellman. Edward F.	371.	Summers,
295. Short, George C. (Jr.)		
296. Hirtle, E. R. C. 297. Bonner, A. M.,	373.	
297. Bonner, A. M., 298. Shorey, William	374. 375.	
299. Hardy, W. S. Bartle	376.	Henrickse
300. Shackel, Alex.	377.	Biggs, Eric
301. McLeod, John T. A.	378.	
302. Sedgwick, H. H. (Sr.) 303. Smith, William J.	379. 380.	
304. Peck, J. Bert H.	381.	Morrison.
305. Hannaford, R. H.	382.	Miller, Sid
306. Betts, Frederick C.	383.	Watson, Lo
307. Evans, Maurice E. 308. Smith, J. T.	384.	Luxion, H
209. Smith. John C. (Jr.)	386	Felton, Wa Turner, W
310. Cartmell, Henry G.	387.	Ferguson.
311. Halliday, J. A. Leslie	388.	Burns, Rol
312. Sornsen, George A.	389.	Parrin, No
313. Goodwin James 314. Sollis, Denis J.	390. 391.	Middleton.
315. McKenzie, Alex. (Jr)	392.	Smith, Joh Blyth, Alf.
316. Duncan, Howard E.	393.	Clifton, Ch
317. Milne. A.	394.	Finlayson,
218. Harvey, Alfred Sid.	395.	Buckley, I
319. McKay, James J. 320. Finlayson, Hugh	396. 397.	Andreason Kalman F
321. Skilling, Basil R.	398.	Kelway, E Ford, Will
322. Bigge, Hubert A.		Robson, E
323. Carey, C. William	400.	Smith, Per
324. Short, George C. (Sr.)	401.	Mackenzie.
325. Morrison, Wm. A. 326. Anderson, A. Peter		Goodwin.
327. Siewart, H. W. A.		Reive. Free Berntsen,
328. Johnson, E. Victor		Murphy, D
329. Finlayson, Wm. A.	406.	Gallagher,
330. Hookings, Affred		Gleadell, L
331. Minto, L. 332. Morrison, Roderick J.	408.	McMullen,
332. Morrison, Roderick J. 333. Reive, Peter	410.	Bundes, Je Lees, Davi
334. Goodwin, William		Pearson, G
335. Short, Richard F.	412.	Harvey, De
336. Whitney, H. Leslie	413.	Luxton, Er
337. Smith. James Hogan	414.	Evans, Eva
338. Kiddle, Stephen N. 339. Robson, W. Conrad	410.	Summers, .
346. Martin. George A.		Burns, Wm Kiggins, J.
341. King. Ronald I.	418.	Watts, Jas.

	Jury List co	n
342.	White, John W.	4
343.	Anderson, Ludwic R.	4
344. 345.	Stewart, David G. Middleton, J. Darwin	4
346.	Alazia, Arthur J.	4
347.	Perry, William J.	4
348.	Barnes, Arthur J.	4
349.	Reive, John	4
350.	Pitaluga, Alex	4
351. 352.	Lyse, Ernest Louis Fleuret Clovis	4
353.	Biggs, Clarence G.	4
353. 354.	Ashley, John R.	
355.	Butler, Fred. L. E. O.	4 4
356.	May. Fredk. A. C.	4
357. 358.	Reive, George Bender, Chris. P. W.	7
359.	Osborne, George H.	
360.		2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
361.	Ashley, Alfred G.	
362.	Peck, Victor H.	-
363.	Cantlie, William J.	7
364.	Lewis, F. R. M.	1
365. 366.	Berntsen Alex. J. Kelway, J. George	1
367.	Porter, Charles (Jr.)	
368.	Poole, J. B. Charles	
369.	Perry, George	
370.		
371.	Summers, Walter F.	-
372.	Morrison, John M.	4
373. 374.	Creece, Martin G. Hardy, Herbert H.	-
375.	Dearling, Leo. A.	-
376.	Henricksen, Martin	
377.	Biggs, Eric G. J.	7
378.	Roberts, Wm. Henry	4
379.		4
380. 381.		4
382.	Morrison, Stewart M. Miller, Sidney	
383.		4
384.		4
385.	Felton, Walter A.	4
386.	Turner, W. John G.	4
387.		-
388. 389.	Burns, Robert James	7
390.	Parrin, Norman G. Middleton, Dave (Jr.).	4
391.	Smith, John W.	1
392.	Blyth, Alfred John	4
393.	Clifton, Chas	4
394.	Finlayson, Alex. Jas.	4
395.	Buckley, P. Edward	+
396.	Andreason, S. V. Y.	4
397. 398.	Kelway, Edward G. Ford, William J.	4
399.	Robson, Edward A.	4
100.	Smith, Percy S.	4
	Mackenzie, D. M.	4
102.	Goodwin, Thos. J. W.	4
103.	Reive. Frederick J.	4
104.	Berntsen, Ed. F. Murphy, David John	4
65.	Murphy, David John	4
106. 107.	Gallagher, J.	4
08.	Gleadell, Leslie C. McMullen, Mathew J.	4
	Bundes, Jeff.	4
10.	Lees, David	4
11.	Pearson, George	4
12.	Harvey, Donald	4
13.	Luxton, Ernest F.	4
14.	Evans, Evan H.	4
10.	Summers, Ernest V.	4
	Burns, Wm. P. T.	4

419. Finlayson, Chas. J. 20. Middleton, Stewart 2 421. Biggs, Carl P. F. 422. Halliday, John J. G. 423. Goss. Richard V. 424. Bonner, Bruce 425, Morrison, Roderick 426. Stewart, William II. 427. Cletheroe, Stanley W. 428. Summers, Walter J. 429. Ashley, Fred. Albert 430. Jennings, F. G. J. 431. Peck, Jas P. 432. Summers, Leslie F. 433. Johnson, William G. 434. Lee, Thomas F. G. 435. Allan, Percival 436. Lee, L. R. 437. Porter, Arthur 438. Betts, William D. N. 439. McMillan, D. Hugh 440. Thompson, George 441. Fraia, Harry 442. Braxton, T. N. J. 443. Smith, Francis David 444. Hutchinson, Robt. T. 445. Mercer, John 446. Wilson, Edward 447. McRae, Alex B. 448. Gleadell, Jas R. 449. Anderson, Louis 450. Campbell, J. Mark. 451. Finlayson, T. Dennis 452. Myles, William B. 453. Middleton, David J. 454. Dettleff, Hansen C. 455. Kenny, Norman D. 456. Pole-Evans, A. R. 457. Gleadell, Frank E. 458. Summers, Sidney R. 459. Barnes, S. John 460. Aldridge, Ernest J. 461. Clifton, Allen Louis 462. Conray, J. 463. Hills, William P. 464. Slade, Harry 465. Stewart, James Alex. 466. Buse, F. K. E. 467. McKay, David 468. McCarthy, Philip 469. Hutchinson, W. J. 470. Peck, James W. 471. Stewart, Keith G. 472. Hutchinson, Keith R. 473. Campbell, Ray 474. Lee, Jas. W. T. 475. Kiddle, Alb. S. 476. Middleton, George S. 477. Davis, Frederick S. 478. Coleman, Fred. A. 179. Ratcliffe, Jas. 480. Lyse, Reginald S. 481. Gleadell, William. C. 482. McRae, Farquhar J.D. 183. Aldridge, Thomas G. 484. Browning, Wm. C. 185. Parrin, George E. 186. Blyth, John Jnr. 87. Alazia, G. R. (Jr.) 88. Harmon, M. T. 89. Smith, David J. 90. Stewart, Geo. A. 91. Rowlands, Jas. H. 192. Oliver, J. 193. May, W. A.

494. Luxton, Stan. C.

495. Sedgwick, F. Aubrey

496. Perry, A. W. 497. Newing, George L. 498. Berntsen, F. E. N. L. 499. Allan, Hector 500. Summers, Herbert V. 501. Cletheroe, Alb. R. 502. Felton, Anthony T. 503. Peck, Andrew R. 504. Sedgwick, Bertrand 505. Cartmell, W. J. H. 506. Atkins, Stanley P. 507. Carey, Chas. L. 508. Cletheroe, Leslie J. 509. McCarthy, Archi. H. 510. Atkins, Richard 511. Phillips. Charles W. 512. Clifton, Albert 515. Biggs, James K. 514. Smith, F. G. Peter 515. McGill, Keith W. 516. Lindenberg, J. E. T. 517. Kift, F. 518. Johnson, Alfred G. R. 519, McLeod, Donald J. 520. Kiddle, Robert 521. Hardy, C. Mansell 522. Sedgwick, H. H. (Jr.) 523. Barnes, W. F. John 524. Lee, Frederick F. J. 525. Betts, Alexander J. 526. Aldridge, Sidney G. 527. McPhee, K. J. (Jr.) 528. Reive, Ernest 529. Davis, William J. 530, McKay, Donald Geo. 531. Simpson, Geo H. 532. Watson, J. H. 533. Short, Joseph L. 534. Spencer, W. E. 535. Goodwin, W. A. Nutt 536. Cletheroe, John R. 537. Fleuret, T. C. 538. Carey, Terence J. 539. Binnie, Horace Jas. 540. Hennah, T. H. H. 541. Goss, William H. 542. Osborne, John C. 543. Morrison, M. John E. 544. Peck, Desmond D. B. 545. Grieve, G. W. 546. Hollen, Thomas 547. Buse, Ralph 548. Paice, Charles J. B. 549. Davis, John 550. Bound, H. Leslie 551. Coutts, W. J. 552. Henricksen, Norman 553. Middleton, James (3) 554. Browning, Jos. 555. Bonner, H. J. (Sr.) 556. May, Alfred M. W. 557. Clarke, J. H. A. 558. Gleadell, Ernest C. S. 559. Goss, James 560. Browning, Jas S. 561. Finlayson, Rod. (Jr.) 562. Sornsen, C. Edward 563. Henricksen, C. W. 564. Smith, William 565. Biggs, Herbert P. 566. Middleton, Stewart 3 567. Felton, A. A. 568. Dixon, Ernest V. 569. Porter, George 570. White, Frank 571. Biggs, Arthur L. S.

572. Johnson, Eric Thos.

Jury List continued :-

	4		
573. Bowles, W. John 574. McGill, Donald 575. McKay, Stephen J. 576. Goodwin, David 577. Coutts, James 578. Blyth. John 579. McRae, Roderick D. 580. Halliday, James A. 581. McCullum, John D. 582. Jones, A. Charles 583. Donglas, G. 584. Smith, G. Donglas 585. Blackley, C, D. 586. Duncan, David II. 587. Ford, Charles David 588. Kirk, W. E. 589. Barnes, Ronald 590. Reive, William J. 591. Sollis, Leslie H. 592. Lyse, Markham O. 593. Berntsen, Robert A. 594. Wallin, W. Richard 595. Napier, Herbert M. 596. Harries, John J. 597. Reive, Bert 598. McCarthy, M. (Jr.) 599. Watts, Walter 600. Aiken, John 601. Clasen, Rupert H. 602. McKay, Thomas 603. Sedgwick, L. A. 604. McMullen, William 605. Johnson, Henry 606. Miller, J. 607. Bonner, R. Leslie 608. Fuhlendorff, V. E. 609. Watson, Duncan R. 610. Betts, Cyril S. 611. Etheridge, Alex S. 612. Goodwin, Aubrey W. 613. Biggs, A. Maxwell 614. Wood, G. 615. Paulini, George L.	616. Skilling, C. R. 617. Barnes, Fred W. 618. Blackley, William 619. Bonner, Andrez P. 620. Clifton, James 621. Evans, E. D. 622. Dart, R. M. 623. Barnes, Sylvester 624. Kelway, Fred A. 625. Smith, Francis H. H. 625. McRae, Murdo 627. Ryan, John S. 628. Rowlands, T. Conrad 629. Pedersen, Leonard C. 630. Peck, Wm. G. E. 631. Dettleff, Thomas O. 632. Coutts, Alex 633. Biggs, Martin W. H. 634. Meierhoffer, J. Geo. 635. Mercer, Alex. 636. Bowles, George E. 637. Robson, J. F. Roy 638. Watson, Wm. H. C. 639. Smith, Jas A. 640. Faria, Joseph F. 641. Bender, Sidney C. 642. Atkins, Victor H. M. 643. Reive, Robert 644. McLeod, George A. 645. Smith, J. Stanley 646. Lellman, F. T. 647. Clement, J. 648. Cartmell, Robert 649. Jones, John F. C. 650. Womack, H. 651. Petterssen, John S. P. 652. Betts, Arthur J. 653. Challoner, D. 654. Sedgwick, Wm. H. 655. Evans, Griffith O. 656. King, Fred H. 657. Summers, Aubrey V. 658. Hennah, Samuel H.	669. McKay, William R. 670. Hansen, George D. 671. Binnie, Terence W. 672. Blyth, Alex. L. 673. Morrison, Norman 674. Short, F. George 675. Porter. Howard 676. Clifton, Jos. E. 677. Murphy, Michael J. 678. Coutts, Peter T. 679. Morrison, Don. W. J. 680. May, James John 681. Burns. Frederick J. 682. Allan, Frederick J. 683. Goodwin, Douglas C. 684. Johnson, Stanley H. 685. Newman, Silas A. F. 686. Desborough, D. L. 687. McLeod, R. J. 688. Barnes, Richard 689. Young, W. H. 690. Jones, Ivor 691. Biggs, Patrick E. 692. White, Fred 693. Dixon, E. S.	702. Bonner, Albert 703. McKenzie, J. T. 704. Clausen, F. S. 705. Johnston, J. A. 706. Cunnington, K. A. 707. Ross, R. W. 708. Clifton, T. S. 709. Forbes, J. 710. Boumphrey, R. S. 711. Gray, P. C. 712. Craig, R. P. 713. Livermore, A. E. 714. Southerland, J. 715. Bunting, E. F. 716. Middleton, M. R. 717. Roach, G. J. 718. Marshall, T. 719. Potter, J. S. 720. Bradbury, C. H. 721. Wilkinson, R. E. 722. Tait, M. F. 723. Campbell, A. 724. Smith, T. C. S. 725. Davis, P. E. 726. Roberts, G. H. 727. Ursell, W. J. 728. Blake, J. L. 729. Swaine, J. 730. Malcolm, G. 731. Murdoch, W. 732. Lloyd, M. 733. Headford, E. 734. McIntrue, H. 735. Walmsley, R. J.





The Falkland Islands Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.

FEBRUARY 1, 1949.

No. 2.

Legislative Council Elections Register of Electors

Stanley Electoral Area

1	Alazia,	Agnes
		_

- Alazia, Jane
- Alazia, John Albert Alazia, William Charles
- Aldridge, Adeline Ladora
- Aldridge, Lawrence Walter Aldridge, Stephen Charles
- Aldridge, Sydney George
- Aldridge, Winifred Irene
- 10 Allan, Hector
- Allan, William John 11
- 12 Anderson, Alfred
- Anderson, Alfred Peter 13
- Anderson, Ann 14
- Anderson, Gertrude Maud 15
- Andreasen, Emily 16
- Atkins, Iris Beatrice 17
- Atkins, Stanley Percival 18
- Bain, Alexander 19
- Bain, Christina 20
- 21 Barnes, Ernest
- 22 Barnes, Ethel
- 23 Barnes, Enphemia
- Barnes, Francis Edward 24 Barnes, Frederick William 25
- 26 Barnes, John Samuel
- 27 Barnes, Molly Stella
- 28 Bartram, Jessie

- Bender, Christina
- Bender, Cristophf Peter William
- Bender, Sidney Christopher
- Bennett, Ruth Margaret 32
- Bennett, Stanley 33
- 34 Berntsen, Flora
- Berntsen, Frederick George 35
- Betts, Eva 36
- Biggs, Alice Edith 37
- Biggs, Arthur Louis Stanley 38
- Biggs, Bernard Claud 39
- Biggs, Bernard Noel 40
- Biggs, Carl Patrick Biggs, Edith Ann -11
- 42
- Biggs, Grace Elizabeth Biggs, Horace Harold Biggs, Irene Mary 43
- 44
- 45
- Biggs, John Falkland 46
- Biggs, Kathleen Frances 47
- Biggs, Kathleen Mary 48
- 49 Biggs, Madge Bridget Frances
- 50
- Biggs, Mary Ann Biggs, Miriam Isabella 51
- 52
- 53
- Biggs, Moira Leonore Biggs, Terence Ivor Biggs, Terence Michael Vincent Biggs, Vincent Arthur Henry 54
- 55
- Binnie, Mary

57	Binnie, Muriel Denora	124	Davis, Lena
58	Binnie, Nisbet	125	Davis, Lucy Emma
59	Binnie, Terence William	126	Daykin, Kathleen Ruth Elma
60	Blyth, Alexander Latto	127 128	Dearling, Alfred Edward Dearling, Harriet Christina
61	Blyth, James	129	Dearling, Leo Alexander
62 63	Blyth, Mary Greenhill Bonner, Alice Marion	130	Detileff, Ruth Stella
64	Bonner, Christina Catherine	131	Dettleff, Thomas Oscar
65	Bonner, Henry John	132	Dixon, Ellen
66	Bonner, Richard Leslie	133	Duffin, Harry
67	Bonner, William	134	Duffin, Jane
68	Bonner, William Bruce	135	Evans, Alice Dale Evans, Matilda Letitia
69 70	Boumphrey, Naomi Emelita	$\frac{136}{137}$	Evans, Matrica Lerria Evans, Morris Ellis
71	Boumphrey, Robert Staveley Bound, Henry John Lennard	138	Finlayson, Alexander James
72	Bound, Horace Leslie	139	Finlayson, Margaret Emma
73	Bound, Mary Ann	140	Finlayson, William Alexander
74	Bowles, Isabella	1-11	Fleuret, Bert
75	Bowles, William John	142	Fleuret, Edna Ruby
76	Braxton, Flora Sarah	143	Fleuret, Rose Helen Fleuret, Theodore Clovis
77	Browning, John Benjamin	144 145	Flowers, William Roy
78 79	Browning, Sarah Buckley, Eveline Lily	146	Ford, Arthur Henry
80	Bundes, Enrily Flora	147	Ford, Doris Mary
81	Bundes, Jeff Andrearsen	148	Fuhlendorff, Elizabeth Alice
82	Bundes, Muriel Gladys	149	Fuhlendorff, Valdemar Ernest
83	Burns, Fred John	T50	Gleadell, Agnes Lillian
84	Burns, Martha	151	Gleadell, Afice Annie
85	Burns, Robert James	152	Gleadell, Charles
86 87	Butler, Isabella Sarah Madline	$\frac{153}{154}$	Gleadell, Frank Gleadell, James Reginald
88	Calvert, Margaret Dora Calvert, Roger George Robert	155	Gleadell, Leslie Charles
89	Campbell, Ethel	156	Gleadell, Marklin Lawrence
90	Campbell, John Markham	157	Gleadell, Mildred Nessie
91	Campbell, Ray	158	Gleadell, Nellie
92	Campbell, Sylvia	159	Gleadell, William George
93	Carey, Anthony Michael	160	Goodwin, Dorothy
94	Carey, Charles William	161	Goodwin, John
95 96	Carey, Louisa Ann Carey, Mary Anne	162 163	Goodwin, Mary Ann Goodwin, Sybella
97	Carey, Raymond Falkland	164	Goodwin, Thomas James
98	Carey, Terence James	165	Goodwin, William
99	Cartmell, Robert	166	Goodwin, William Andrew Nutt
100	Cartmell, Sarah Craig	167	Goss, Alice Dale
101	Cheek, Dorothy Mary Gladys	168	Goss, James William
102	Cheek, Frederick John	169	Goss, Richard Victor
103	Clark, Donald John	170	Grant, Millie
$\frac{104}{105}$	Clarke, Jane Cletheroe, Leslie John	171 172	Hall, Albert Henry
166	Cletheroe, Lily Catherine	173	Hallett, Dennis Hallett, Julie
107	Clifton, Allen Louise	174	Halliday, Andrew John
108	Clifton, Charles	175	Halliday, Ann Miller Blyth
169	Clifton, Henry	176	Halliday, Beatrice Mary
110	Clifton, James	177	Halliday, George
111	Clifton, Jessie Emily Jane	178	Halliday, Jane Christina
112	Clifton, Orissa	179	Halliday, Janet
113	Coleman, Frederick Albert	180	Halliday, Jessie Jane
114 115	Coutts, Evelyn May Coutts, John	181	Halliday, John Arthur Leslie
116	Coutts, William John	182 183	Halliday, John James Halliday, Lilian
117	Craigie-Halkett, Ethel	184	Hamilton, James Erik
118	Creece, Martin George	185	Hamilton, Rose
119	Creece, Mary Frances	186	Hannaford, Alice Madeline
120	Curren, Henry	187	Hannaford, Robert Frederick
121	Curran, Margaret	188	Hannaford, Robert Henry
122	Davis, Agnes Janet Mary	189	Hansen, George Dedrick
123	Davis, Elizabeth Ann	190	Hansen, Rachel

191	Hardy, Albert Percy	258	Lellman, Francis Frederick
192	Hardy, Arthur Leslie	259	Lellman, Francis Theodore
193	Hardy, Edith Isabella	260	Lellman, Karl Vernon
194	Hardy, Elsie Winifred	261	Lellman, Mary Malvina
195	Hardy, Frederick John	262	Lellman, Mildred Gladys
196	Hardy, Jack Arthur	263	Lellman, Winifred Mary
197	Hardy, Maggie Briget	264	Lindsay, Dorothy
198	Harries, Alice Agnes	265	Luxton, Dorothy Winifred
199	Harries, John James	266	Luxton, Ernest Falkland
200	Harrison, Clement	267	Luxton, Henry Thomas
201	Harvey, Edgar Arthur John	268	Luxton, Markham James
202	Harvey, Mary Edith	269	Luxton, Mary
203	Hennah, Joan Theresa	270	Luxton, Orissa
204	Hennah, Samuel Harrison	271	Luxton, Stanley Charles
205	Hennah, Thomas Henry Harrison	272	Luxton, Sybil Grace
206	Hennah, Violet Maude	273	Marshall, Trevor
207	Henricksen, Agnes	274	Martin, George Alexander
208	Henricksen, Albert James	275	Mercer, Alexander
209	Henricksen, Cyril William	276	Mercer, Winifred Beatrice
210	Henricksen, Winnifred Mary Elizabeth	277	Middleton, Arthur_
211	Hills, Albert Henry	278	Middleton, David Dawson
212	Hills. Heather Margaret	279	Middleton, James Darwin
213	Hills, Mary Elizabeth	280	Middleton, Jessie
214	Hills, William Phorsen	281	Middleton, Mary Gladys Susan
215	Hirtle, Caroline Ellen	282	Middleton, Violet Margaret
216	Hirtle, Mary Ann	283	Miller, Ethel Mary
217	Hirtle, Wallace	284	Mills. Florence
218	Hollen, Ann Fraser	285	Monk, Adrian Bertrand
219	Hooley, Gladys Winifred	286	Monk, Margaret
220	Hooley, Trevor Vernon	287	Morrison, Catherine Elizabeth
221	Howkins, Gordon Arthur	288	Morrison, Donald Finlay
222	Howkins, Olga Annie	289	Morrison, Douglas Donald
223	Hutchinson, Keith Ronald	290	Morrison, Douglas Roy
224	Hutchinson, Rica	291	Morrison, Mary
225	Hutchinson, Sybella Mary	292	Morrison, Stewart Middleton
226	Hutchinson, William John	293	McAskill, Donald William
227	Jennings, Ada Catherine	294	McAskill, Susan Blanche
228	Jennings, Louisa	295	McCarthy, Charles
229		296	McCarthy, Daisy Edna
230	Johnson, Mary Mearon Malvina	297	McCarthy, Michael
231	Jones, Richard	298	McCarthy, Philip
232	Kelly, John	299	McCarthy, Rosina Mary
233	Kelway, Edward George	$\frac{300}{301}$	McCarthy, William George McGill, Hilary Maud
234	Kelway, Elsie	302	
235	King, Ella Malvina	303	
236	King, Frederick Henry	304	
237	King, Gladys Evelyn	305	
238	King, James Arnold	306	
239	King, Mabel Annie	307	
240	King, Minnie Isabella	308	
241	King, Ronald Isbell	309	
242	King, Vernon Thomas	310	
243	Lang, Dorothy Maud	311	
244	Lanning, George Thomas	312	
245	Lanning, Margaret	313	
246	Lee, Alfred Leslie	314	0 11 17 1
247	Lee, Christina	315	7 151 111
248	Lee, Gladys Rose	316	
249	Lee, Leontina	517	
250	Lees, David	318	
251	Lees, Harriet Elizabeth Sarah Ann	319	and the second s
252	Lehen, Annie Elizabeth	320	
253	Lehen, Dennis	321	
254	Lehen, Maurice	322	
255	Lehen, Rosa Florence Mabel	323	
256	Lellman, Albert Ferdinand	324	
257	Lellman, Edward Francis	721	

325	McRae, Donald Alick	392	Rowlands, Theodore Conrad
326	McRae, Lillian May	393	Rumbolds, Gertrude Maude
327	McWhan, Nellie	394	Rumbolds, Iris Malvina Rumbolds, Robert Henry
328	McWhan, Walter Forrest	395	Patter Arthur
329	Neilson, Walter Axel	396	Rutter, Arthur Rutter, Esther Elizabeth
330	Newing, Albert	397	Ryan, Anne
331	Newing, Dorothy	398 399	Ryan, John Stanley
332	Newing, John Charles	400	Scott, James Mackintosh
333	Newman, Margaret Milne Summers	400	Sedgwick, Bertrand Arthur
334	Newman, Silas	402	Sedgwick, Caroline
335	Newman, Theresa Mary	403	Sedgwick, Dorothy Margaret
336	Nicholson, Isabella Alice Theresa	404	Sedgwick, Elliott
337	Nicholson, Leslie Holliday	405	Sedgwick, Hazel Joyce
338 339	Norris, James Nunn, Elizabeth Margaret	406	Sedgwick, Henry Horace (Snr.)
340	Nunn, Henry	407	Sedgwick, Henry Horace (Jnr.)
341	Osborne, Dorothy Mabel	408	Sedgwick, Irene Isabella
342	Osborne, George Henry	409	Sedgwick, Lawrence Adrian
343	Osborne, John Charles	410	Sedgwick, Malvina Frances
344	Osborne, Mary Ann	411	Sedgwick, Mary Jane
345	O'Sullivan, Dominic William	412	Sedgwick, Sheila Ellen
346	O'Sullivan, Isabella	413	Sedgwick, William Henry
347	Paice. Charles John Bond	414	Shackel, Alexander Percival
348	Paice. Faith Ann	415	Shackel, Dorothy Ena
349	Paice, Nathaniel Thomas	416	Shorey, Beatrice Mary Malvina Laura
350	Paice, Victorena Enecy	417	Shorey, William Percy
351	Pallini, Frances	418	Short, Emily Mary Ellen
352	Pallini, George Louis	419	Short, George Henry
353	Pallini. Harry	420	Short, Mary Ann
354	Pallini, Isabella	421 422	Skilling, Charles John Skilling, Jessie Jane
355 356	Pallini, Minnie Parrin, Janet	423	Slade, Harry Edward
357	Parrin, Norman	424	Smith, Edivie Lena
358	Pauloni, Helen Braid	125	
359	Pauloni. Robert	426	
360	Pearson, Rose	427	
361	Peck. John Bertram Hogan	428	
362	Peck. Mary Louisa Margaret	429	
363	Peck, May	430	
364	Peck, Percy Philip	431	
365	Peck. Viola Theodora May	432	4
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374	- deter dediti mail	440	Stewart, Audrey Orissa
375	Traterite: Onlines it mixili	441	Stewart, Elizabeth Agnes
376	reactific, 90iiii	442	2 Stewart, Elizabeth Jane
377		448	
378	The state of the s	444	4 Stewart, Henry William Alfred
379	Zieriei Zieniei Maini 1000	443	5 Stewart, Muriel Olive
380		440	
381	record treme frost	441	
385	rene, Isanella	1.48	
383	Reive, Leonard Lawrence Relve, William John	449	
384	Robson John Passa	450	
38:	Robson Louis Luci	45	
386	Robson Michael	45	2 Summers, Elizabeth Margaret
387	Robon Robon I : 1	45	5
388	Pelesen Will M. I.	45	
389		45	310 2201011 22
390	J. Ozakama ISA :	45	
39	Rothery, Phyllis Doreen	4.5	3 3 71103 101010
	C, Arms MARK	4.5	8 Thompson, George

459 460 461 462 463 464 465	Thompson, Hannah Frances Thompson, William John Walker, May Walker, Thomas Palmer Wallin, William Richard Wardle, Catherine Mary Watson, Duncan Russel	473 474 475 476 477 478	White, Frederica May Wilkinson, Raymond Ewart Williams, Annie Margaret Williams, Charlotte Agnes Williams, John Dolan Williams, Ralph Michael
466 467 468 469	Watson, James Watson, Katherine Wilhelmina Jessie Watson, Louis James Watson, Mary Eleanor	479 480	Yates, Jessie Hannah Addenda. Raina Donathu
470 471	Watson, Rica Watts, Ada Mabel Watts, James	481 482	Reive, Dorothy Aldridge, Ernest John Aldridge, Gwendoline Elizabeth

East Falkland Electoral Area

1	A.L., A. al. 1.1	1.0	(1) 10 1 35
1	Alazia, Arthur John	49	Clement, Doreathy Masie
2	Alazia, George James	50	Clement, James Turner
3	Alazia, George Robert	51	Clifton, Hugh Ernest
-1	Alazia, Joseph William	52	Clifton, Winnie
ă	Allan, Percy	53	Coutts, Alexander
6	Anderson, Allen	54	Craig, Alice
ĩ	Auderson, Celestina Elizabeth	55	Craig, Peter
8	Anderson, Louisa Kathleen	56	Delaney, Christopher
9	Anderson, Ludivick Riley	57	Dettleff, Hausen Christopher
10	Anderson, Richard Charles	58	Duncan, William
1]	Andreason, Iris	59	Finlayson, Charles John
12	Andreason, Sturdee	60	Finlayson, Elizabeth
13	Ashley, Alfred George	61	Finlayson, Hugh
14	Ashley, Nora Phyllis	62	Finlayson, Lily Margaret
15	Atkins, Victor Hubert Maxwell	63	Finlayson, Roderick (Jnr.)
16	Barnes, Arthur James	64	Finlayson, Roderick (Snr.)
17	Barton, Arthur Grenfell	65	Finlayson, Thomas Dennis
18	Barton, Dorothy Iowa	66	Finlayson, William Darwin
19	Berntsen, Alexander John	67	Fleuret, Clovis
20	Berntsen, Frederick George	68	Gilroth, Ella
21	Berntsen, Frederick Nathaniel	69	Gilruth, Thomas Andrew
22	Berntsen, Lars Marentius	70	Gleadell, Sydney Markham
23	Berntsen, Lavina Maud	7.1	Goodwin, Ada Margaret
24	Berntsen, Mary Clarissa Elizabeth	72	Goss, Roderick Jacob
25	Berntsen, Violet Catherine	73	Hall, Donald John
26	Betts, Frederick Charles	74	Hall, Ella
$\frac{1}{27}$	Betts, Isabella	75	Hardy, Charles Mansell
$\frac{1}{28}$	Biggs, Alexander Maxwell	76	Hewitt, Dorothy Ellen
29	Biggs, Herbert Percival	77	Hewitt, James
$\frac{-30}{30}$	Biggs, Hubert Arthur	78	Hollen, Henry David
31	Biggs, Isabella	79	Hollen, James
32	Blackley, Charles David	80	Hollen, Thomas
33 33		81	Hubbard, John
	Blyth, Fredrick Isbell King	82	Jaffray, John
34	Blyth, Winifred	83	Jaffray, Rebecca
35	Bonner, Alexander Maurice	84	Jaffray, William
36	Bonner, Edith Victoria Catherine	85	Johnson, Annie Elizabeth Jane
37	Bonner, John Francis	86	Johnson, Edward Victor
38	Bonner, Violet	87	Johnson, Henry
39	Britton, William Frederick	88	Kenny, Norman David
40	Butler, Joseph Thomas	89	Kirk, William Edward
41	Cameron, Norman Ewen Keith	90	Lang, Frank
42	Cameron, Rose Anne	91	Larsen, Harold
43	Cartmell, Ada Annie Elizabeth	92	Larsen, Margaret Ann
44	Cartmell, Henry George	93	Lee, Edward John
45	Cartmell, Maggie	94	Lewis, Frank Ronald Maurice
46	Cartmell, Sarah Matilda	95	Lewis, Helena Joan
47	Cartmell, William James Henry	96	Lyse, Francis Mary
48	Cartinell, William John		22.20, 2.1111211 1.21113

97	Lyse, Reginald Sturdee	146	Perry, Stella Margeory
98	May, Frederick Albert Charles	147	Perry, William John
99	McCallum, James	148	Phillips, Jesse
100	McCallum, John Dickson	149	Phillips, Jessie Catherine
101	McCarthy, Archibald Henry	150	Pitaluga, Edith Mary
102	McDermid, Murdo	151	Pole-Evans, Anthony Reginald
103	McGill, Adeline Jane	152	Pole-Evans, Jessie
104	McGill, Gordon Edward	153	Porter, Howard
105	McGill, Keith William	154	Potter, John Shields
106	McGill, Roma Eudora Mary	Lõõ	Poulien, Ralph
107	McKay, Clara Mary	156	Redmond, William
108	McKay, William Robert	157	Reive, John
109	McKenzie, Alexander	158	Reive, Peter
110	McLaren, Alexander Rodger	159	Robson, Walter Conrad
111	McLeod, Archie	160	Rowlands, Agnes Mary
112	McMillan, lan Alexander	161	Rowlands, James George
113	McMillan, Sarah Maggie Rosie	162	Rowlands, James Harold
114	McMullen, David James Edward Henry	163	Rowlands, Rose
115	McMullen, Maggie Ann	164	Shedden, James Alexander
116	McPhee, Owen Horace	165	Shedden, Mary Ellen
117	McRae, Robert George Hector	166	Short, Florence Mary
118	Middleton, James	167	Short, Richard Francis
119	Middleton, Lora	168	Smith, Agnes Daisy
120	Middleton, Mabel	169	Smith, Alfred Charles
121	Middleton, Stewart	170	Smith, Alice Mary Teresa
122	Milne. Andrew	171	Smith, Andrew Ludwig Clifford
123	Milne, Elizabeth Catherine	172	Smith, Catherine
124	Morrison, Donald Ewen	173	Smith, David Roger
125	Morrison, Elizabeth Margaret Mary	174	Smith, Edith Winifred
126	Morrison, John Murdo	175	Smith, James Hogan
127	Morrison, Mabel Regina Maggy	176	Smith, James Stanley
128	Morrison, Marjorie Beatrice	177	Smith, John Frederick
129	Morrison, Mary Anne	178	Smith, Thora Verginia
130	Morrison, Mary Ellen	179	Smith, William
131	Morrison, Murdo	180	Sornsen, Andrew Alexander
132	Morrison, Roderick	181	Stewart, David Gordon
133	Morrison, William Alfred	182	Stewart, David William Harold (Jnr.)
134	Morrison, William Dickson	183	Stewart, James Alexander
135	Murphy, David John	184	Stewart, Margaret Hannah Isabella
136	Newman, Dorothy Elizabeth	185	Stewart, Mary Anne
137	Newman, George Henry Richard	186	Summers, Stanley Fredrick
138	Newman, Jessie Brown	187	Summers, Walter Falkland
139	Newman, Wilfred Lawrence	188	Turner, Grace
140	Oliver, Charles	189	Turner, Leonard McIntosh
141	Parrin, William Richard	190	Vinson, Richard George
142	Peck. Mary	191	Watson, Thomas Darwin
143	Peck. William George Edmond	192	Watt, James
144	Perry, Agustave Walter	193	Whitney, George Markham
145	Perry, James Julien	10.7	
1 4,,			

West Falkland Electoral Area

			4
1	Alazia, Albert Faulkner	64	Harding, Beatrice
2	Alazia, Thora Lillian	65	Harding, Hugh Cullen
3	Aldridge, Thomas George	66	Hardy, William Stafford Bartle
-1	Anderson, Alice Mand	67	Harvey, Claud James
ā	Anderson, William John Stephen	68	Harvey, Donald
6	Ashley, Frederick Albert	69	Harvey, William
7	Ashley, John Richard	70	Hawkins, Beatrice Mabel Edith
8	Barnes, William Frederick John	71	Hewitt, Rachel Catherine Orissa
9	Beaty, Adalaide Rankine	72	Hewitt, Robert John David
10	Beaty, Thomas	73	Hutchinson, Robert Thomas
11	Berntsen, Edward Francis	74	Johnson, Alfred George Reginald
12	Berntsen, James Lars	75 70	Johnson, Eric Thomas
13	Berntsen, Kathleen Edith Mary	$\frac{76}{77}$	Johnson, Esther Emily
1.1	Lucy Crawford	78	Johnson, Frederick William
$\frac{15}{15}$	Berntsen, Sidney Laurence Bertrand, Catherine Gladys	79	Johnson, Regina Maud Johnson, Stanley Peter
16	Betts, Alan Sturdee	80	Johnson, Violet Alberta
17	Betts, Alexander John	81	Jones, Albert Charles
18	Betts, Arthur John	82	Jones, Albert Hugh
19	Betts, Daisy Harriet	83	Jones, Kathleen Annie
20	Betts, Hyacinth Emily	84	Kiddle, Ethel Adele
21	Betts, Keith Clifford	85	Kiddle, Peter
22	Betts, William David Noah	86	Kivell, Harriet Janet
23	Binnie, Albert Frederick	87	Kivell, William
24	Binnie, Eileen Malvina	88	Lang, Dorothy Mary Eleanor
25	Binnie, James George	89	Lang, William Andrew
26	Binnie, Horace James	90	Lee, Frederick Francis Jacob
27	Blake, Dulcie Doreen	91	Lee, James William Thomas
28	Blake, William Wedderburn	92	Lee, Joy Sarah Lucy
29	Butler, Elsie Maud	93	Lee, Sidney Simpson
30	Butler, Frederick Lower Edward Oli	94	Llamosa, George Alexander
31	Butler, George James Coppin	95	Luxton, Betty
32	Butler, Isabella	96	Luxton, Keith William
33	Clement, Viola Mary	97	Lyse, Ernest Lewis
34	Clement, Wickham Howard	98 99-	Mackay, George Mackenzie, John Thomas
35	Curran, John	100	McAskill, Jane Eliza
36	Dart, Roderick Morcombe	101	McAskill, John
37	Davis, Ellen Clara Dickson, Edward Thomas Crawford	102	McKay, David
$\frac{38}{39}$		103	McKay, David
3υ 40	Dickson, Helen	104	McKay, Rosie Louisa
41	Dickson, John	105	McRae, Farquhar
42	Duncan Agnes Duncan, Avis Marion	106	May, Alfred Wilfred Manfred
43	Duncan, David Henry	107	May, Theodora Emily
44	Duncan, Georgina	108	May, William Albert
45	Duncan, Howard Eric	109	Middleton, Mathew Robert
46	Duncan, James Alexander	110	Miller, Betty Lois
47	Etheridge, Arthur George	111	Miller, Sidney
48	Felton, Anthony Terence	112	Morrison, Norman
49	Felton, Isabella Violet	113	Morrison, Muriel
50	Felton, Walter Arthur	114	
51	Forbes, James	115	Murphy, Mitchael
52	Goodwin, Bert Samuel	116	Napier, Herbert Milne
53	Goodwin, Ernest Gilbert	117	Napier, Lillian Gladys
54	Goodwin. James	118	Paice, Annie
55	Goodwin, John Keneth	119	
56	Goodwin, Kathleen Edith Marguerite	120	
57	Goodwin Kathleen Margaret	121	Pearson, Ellen Elizabeth
58	Goodwin, Mary Alice Agnes Crawford	122	***************************************
5 9	Goodwin, Rupert Valentine	$\begin{array}{c} 123 \\ 124 \end{array}$	
60	Goodwin, Vincent Stanley	$\frac{124}{125}$	
61	Gray, Peter Cormack	125 126	
62	Halkett, Cecil	127	*
63	Hall, George Francis	, 21	

128	Perring, Beatrice Maud	1.4-4	Skilling, Thomas
129	Perry, Christopher	145	Smith, Francis David
130	Pole-Evans, Douglas Markham	146	Smith, Georgina Ellen
131	Pole-Evans, Yvonne Mary	147	Smith, James Archibald
132	Poole, Charlie	148	Sprules, Gilbert Edwin
133	Porter, Charles (Snr.)	149	Sutherland, James
134	Porter, Charles (Jnr.)	150	Steen, Ellen Hannah
135	Porter, George	151	Steen, Ivar Bjarne
136	Robertson, Anne	152	Stewart, Gordon
137	Robertson, Charles Honeyman	153	Stewart, Keith Gordon
138	Short, Daisy Beatrice	154	Summers, Victor Leonard
139	Short, Evelyn Mary Edna		Tough, Bruce
140	Short, Fredrick George	156	White, John Wright
141	Short, George Charles	157	White, Kathleen Elizabeth
142	Short, Joe Leslie		Whitney Catherine Margaret Rebecca
143	Simpson, George Henry	159	
140	empson, George Hemy	, . ,	Tribute pri krouden tamp



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.		FEBRUARY 1	1949.		No. 3.
		NEW APPOINT	MENTS.		
Name	Department	Office		Date	Remarks
Campbell, Ian	Electrical & Telegraphs	Messenger		1.12.48.	On probation for 6 months.
Honeyman, D. M.	Education	Senior Asst. Ma	ster	9.1.49.	-
Pitaluga, R.	Meteorological	Junior Met. Ass	t.	1.2.49.	
Roberts, R. M.	Public Works	Carpenter (Development P	rogramme)	9.1.49.	_
Tomlinson, R. R.	Education	Camp Teacher		9.1.49.	-
Winter, R. W. S.	Secretariat	Acting Colonial	Secretary	24.12.48.	-
11 11 11	Supreme Court	Acting Registrar	-General	1.1.49.	-
	CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENTS.				
	Department	Office		Date	Remarks
Short, Miss R.	Medical	Staff Nurse		21.12.48.	
Spencer, Miss 1.	"	Staff Nurse		1.12.48.	-
opener, when		TRANSFE	R.		Date
Allan, J.	Clerk, Grade V	., Post Office to		Met. Assistant, orological Offic	1.1.49. ee.
	TERM	INATION OF AF	POINTME	NTS.	
	Department	Office		Date	Reason
Adding Miles Cl	Medical	Staff Nurse		31.12.48.	Appt. terminated
Atkins, Miss G. McLaren, R.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Wireless Operat	or	15.1.49.	Resigned.
		LEAVE.			
	Department	Office	Date	Period	Remarks
Hamilton, Dr. J. E.	Naturalist	Govt. Naturalist	1.1.49.	312 days	On retirement from Public Service.
Mathews, A. B.	Secretariat	Colonial Secretary	24.12.48.	155 days	On expiration of secondment.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

R. WINTER,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 1.

3rd January, 1949.

Ex-officio

members

Under the provisions of the Public Health Ordinance, No. 5 of 1894, as amended by the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1937, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, President

The Medical Officers

The Executive Engineer

The Agricultural Officer

Mrs. M. Robson

Captain H. C. Harding, J.P.

J. Clement, Esq.

A. H. Hills, Esq.

to be members of the Board of Health for the Colony of the Falkland Islands for the year 1949.

M.P. 0573.

No. 2.

3rd January, 1949.

His Excellency the Governor hereby declares the paddock in which the W/T remote control station is situated is constituted a Public Pound under section 13 of the Trespass Ordinance No. 5 of 1904.

Major A. I. Fleuret. M.B.E., E.D., J.P., Magistrate

M.P. 0797/H

No. 3.

4th January, 1949.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Falkland Islands Defence Force, with effect from the 1st of January, 1949:—

MAJOR K. S. P. BUTLER

to be Officer in Command, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

CAPTAIN 1. W. ALDRIDGE, M.B.E., E.D., J.P., to be 2nd in Command with the rank of Major.

and

CAPTAIN D. W. WILLIS

to be Adjutant.

M.P. 0206.

No. 4.

13th January, 1949.

Under Section 7 of the King Edward Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following to be the Visiting Committee for the Hospital for the year 1949:

Mrs. M. Robson (Chairman).

Mrs. A. Newing

Mrs. L. A. Sedgwick

M.P. 596/29.

No. 5.

14th January, 1949.

26th September, 1940.

The following revised list of Magistrates and Justices of the Peace of the Colony and its Dependencies is published for information:—

Name.	Place of Residence.	Date of Appointment
EAS	r falkland.	
Major L. W. Aldridge, M.B.E., E.D., J.P.	Stanley	22nd July, 1946.
H. Bennett. Esq., J.P.	**	22nd July, 1946.
V. A. H. Biggs, Esq., J.P.		12th May, 1937.
Dr. J. E. Hamilton, I.S.O., D.Sc., J.P.	.,	14th November, 1919.
A. L. Hardy, Esq., B.E.M., J.P.	**	22nd July, 1946.
W. H. Luxton, Esq., J.P.		1st January, 1913.
A. Newing, Esq., J.P.		6th May, 1935.
Hon. Mr. D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., J.P.		24th May, 1939.
J. R. Robson, Esq., J.P.		14th November, 1934.
M. Robson, Esq., J.P.		12th August, 1920.
Hon. Mr. R. W. S. Winter, J.P., Magistrate	,,	1st March, 1948.
Hon. Mr. A. G. Barton, J.P.	Teal Inlet	15th July, 1931.
J. F. Bonner, Esq., J.P.	San Carlos	12th May, 1937.
N. K. Cameron, Esq., J.P.	Port San Carlos	6th May, 1935.
WES	T FALKLAND.	
Dr. T. J. Gilmore, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., J.P.	Fox Bay East	1st March, 1948.
J. Hansen, Esq., J.P.	Carcass Island	7th November, 1938.
H. C. Harding, Esq., J.P.	Hill Cove	27th November, 1939.
K. W. Luxton, Esq., J.P.	Chartres	24th September, 1940.
D. M. Pole-Evans, Esq., J.P.	Port Howard	25th April, 1946.
C. H. Robertson, Esq., J.P.	Fox Bay West	27th November, 1936.
DEI	PENDENCIES.	
F. K. Elliott, Esq., Magistrate	Grahamland	31st December, 1946.

South Georgia

G. P. J. Barry, Esq., Magistrate

D. Borland, Esq., Magistrate

V. E. Fuchs, Esq., Magistrate

W. J. Grierson, Esq., J.P.

J. S. R. Huckle, Esq., D.S.C., Magistrate

Cmdr. H. Kirkwood, D.S.C., R.N., Magistrate

R. M. Laws, Esq., Magistrate

T. M. Nicholl, Esq., Magistrate

G. F. H. Smith, Esq., Magistrate

Grahamland
South Shetlands
Grahamland
South Georgia
Grahamland
M.S.S. "John Biscoe"
South Orkneys
Argentine Islands
Grahamland

30th January, 1948.
25th November, 1948.
30th January, 1948.
5th April, 1948.
9th April, 1947.
25th November, 1948.
30th January, 1948.
30th January, 1948.

M.P. 0457.

No. 6.

17th January, 1949.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 67 of 1948, His Excellency has been pleased to appoint LIEUTENANT-COLONEL K. S. PIERCE BUTLER to be Chairman (vice the Colonial Secretary) of the W/T Committee.

M.P. 0438/II.

No. 7.

22nd January, 1949.

Under the provisions of Ordinance No. 5 of 1898, His Excellency has been pleased to appoint The Hon. Mr. R. W. S. Winter, J.P. *Chairman* The Hon. Mr. D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., J.P., and M. Robson, Esq., J.P.

to be Visiting Justices for the year 1949.

M.P. 0049.

No. 8.

24th January, 1949.

The following list containing the names and qualifications of Medical Practitioners. Midwives and Dentists, registered to practise in the Colony and the Dependencies is published in accordance with Section 3 of the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914. M.P. 21/28.

A. REGISTERED TO PRACTISE IN THE COLONY AND DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
Medical Practitioners	*	
Slessor, Robert Stewart	M.B., Ch.B. (Aberdeen).	1935.
	ьм. (Dublin).	1936.
Stafford, John Ingham	M.B., B.Ch., B.A., B.A.O. (Dub. Uv.)	i 940.
Gilmore, Terence James	M.R.C.S., IR.C.P. (Eng.)	1943.
Kotowski, Jaroslaw	M.B., Ch.B., (Edin.)	1944.
Dalgliesh, David Geoffrey	M.R.C.S., (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1946.
Sladen, William Joseph Lambart	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.),	1946.
Midwives.	:	
Strong, Rose	S.R.N. S.C.M.	19 3 3. 1934.
Lellman, Winifred May	S.R.N. S.C.M. (1)	1944. 194 5 .
Henricksen, Agnes	S.C.M.	1929.
Dental Surgeon.		
Roberts,	B.Ch.D., L.D.S.	1946.
Gerald Holgate	(Leeds), D.D.S. (Toronto)	1947.

B. REGISTERED TO PRACTISE IN THE DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
Medical Practitioners		
Kendall, John Wilson	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1926.
Brande, Erling	м.D. (Oslo).	1933.
Johansen, Paul	M.D. (Oslo).	
Ingred		1940.
Wallis, Roy Walter	M.B., Ch.B.	
	(Edin.)	1944.

No. 9.

24th January, 1949.

H. BENNETT, ESQ., J.P.,

Clerk. Legal Department, was absent on vacation leave from the 28th of April, 1948, to the 8th of January, 1949, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/150.

J. TURNER, ESQ.,

Dental Mechanic, Medical Department, was absent on vacation leave from the 16th of March, 1948, to the 8th of January, 1949, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/24.

MRS. I. WALLACE,

Assistant Teacher, Education Department, was absent on vacation leave from the 6th of June, 1948, to the 8th of January, 1949, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/240.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Albert Edward Biggs, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Edward John McAtasney, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

R. WINTER.

Ag. Registrar, Supreme Court.

16th January, 1949.

L. 33/48.

ANNUAL STOCK RETURN FOR 1947-1948.

Prepared from information furnished in accordance with Section 13 of the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901.

		-		+	Отне	EWES.	1		Total	
OWNER.	NAME OF STATION.	RAMS	, WETHERS.	BREEDING EWES.	CAST.	MAIDEN.	HOGGETS	TOTAL.	wool clip in 1000 lbs.	EAR MARK
		E	AST	FALK	LAND	٠.				
C. Bender. Estate G. Bonner. Pitaluga Bros. Falkland Islands Co., Ltd. Smith Bros. J. W. McGill. Mrs. N. S. Browning	Moody Valley. San Carlos. Gibralta. Darwin & Lafonia Fitzroy. Berkeley Sound. Peninsula.	17 284 160 1,973 380 166 3	387 7,440 5,284 53,062 12,165 4,696	590 9,176 7,112 57,950 12,090 7,016 117	30 320 393 633	70 2,568 15,141 3,164	219 5.368 3.015 36,728 8,655 3,612	1,313 25,156 15,571 165,247 37,087 15,490 120	7 179 95 1209 256 90	Fork & Back B Front Square. Fore Bayonet. Double Swallov Triangle. Back Bayonet.
and J. W. McGill Mrs. F. O. Yonge. Estate T. Robson. The Douglas Stn. Co., Ltd. Port San Carlos Co., Ltd. Estate J. J. Felton. Estate H. J. Pitaluga.	Mullet Creek. Bluff Cove. Port Louis. Douglas. Port San Carlos. Evelyn. Rincon Grande.	18 57 167 474 418 291 98	225 648 3,387 6,092 10,057 7,272 2,173	900 2.096 4.418 13.839 10.070 9.357 3.150	411 129 601 953	210 197 1,285 1,557 898	300 660 2,642 6,192 6,450 6,101 2,494	1,443 3,782 10,940 26,597 28,280 25,179 9,766	5 22 80 165 220 155 61	Back Bayonet. Double Slit. Front Halfpenr Fork. Slit. Back Square. Slit.
		4.506	112.888	137,881	3,170	25,090	82,436	365,971	2544	
		w	EST I	ALKL	AND.					7
. L. Waldron, Ltd. Ioimstead & Blake. alkland Islands Co., Ltd. alkland Islands Co., Ltd. acke Bros. & Co. Ltd. axton & Anson. fertrand & Felton Ltd.	Port Howard. Hill Cove. Port Stephens. Fox Bay West &	388 316 363	11.145 10,459 9,902	13,640 10,252 11,398	200 257 1,300	2.785 2,238 2.516	7,756 6,261 6,046	35.914 29.783 31.525	286 208 189	Fork. Front Bayonet. Fork.
	Spring Point. Fox Bay East Chartres. Roy Cove.	345 242 248 177	8.374 8,821 6,818 4,798	11,014 9,500 9,745 5,539	175	2,487 2,666 2,043 1,404	6,065 6,544 5,458 3,477	28,285 27,948 24,312 15,395	189 213 187 132	Fore Bayonet. Fore Bit. Double Swallov Front Square.
		2.079	60,317	71.088	1,932	1.6139	41.607	193, Iti2	1404	
			1 S	LANDS						
. Hamilton, Ltd. Davis. Dean Bros. Hansen. Soott. J. Hutchinson. Irs. Napier. alkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Weddell. Beaver. Passage. Saunders. Hummock. Jasons. Pebble & Keppel. Carcass. New. Sea Lion. West Point. Speedwell Group.	62 29 3 101 6 11 341 44 17 12 10	2,889 52 156 3,214 90 760 8,916 616 771 957 4,039	766 948 150 2,590 130 520 5,350 673 670 604 778	119 484 60 533	587 498 220 1,557 200 176 164 292 817	1,357 1,683 44 600 4,264 646 587 506 673 2,735	5,661 1,029 309 8,081 270 2,230 20,912 2,179 2,221 1,723 2,710 42,169	51 8 5 65 9 20 183 23 20 15 24 175	Fork. Hole. Fork. Back Bayonet. Fore Bayonet. Fork. Slit. Back Square. Double Swallow
		777	22.837	17.083	1,196	4.506	13,095	59,494	598	
East I	FALKLAND	4.506	112,888	137.881	3,170	25.090	82,436	365.971	2,544	-
WEST	FALKLAND	2.079	60.317	71.088	1,932	16.139	41.607	193,162	1,404	
Islani		777	22.×37	17.083	1.196	4,506	13.095	59.494	598	
ISLANDS TOTALS										

From United Kingdom.		New Zealand.		ARGEN-		Urug	UAY.		Cu	ILE.	
Rama.	Dog.	Poultry.	Bull.	Rains.	Bull.	Bull.	Stallion.	Dogs.	Poultry.	Horses.	Stallions.
S	3	14	1	14	1	1	1	4	3	116	3

SUMMARY OF STOCK RETURNS 1943=1948.

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YEAR.	RAMS.	Weffers.	BREEDING EWES.	Огнви Еwes.	Hoge ETS.	Torai	SHEEF	LAMES MARKED.	% LAMBS MARKED OF PREVIOUS YEARS' EWES.	% HOGGETS DIPPED OF PREVIOUS YEARS' EWES.	% Hoggets Shorn Following Year.
									Per 100 l	Per 100 Ewes put to the Ram	THE RAM.
1943-1944.	7,818	200,131	220,926	63,807	135,097	627,779	575,298	151,965	67.79	53.20	60.27
1944-1945.	7,829	199,558	221.496	63,360	127.206	619,449	561,663	139,764	63.26	50.30	57.57
1945-1946.	7,919	196,887	222,001	58,027	126.880	611,723	553, 167	147,003	99.99	50.38	57.19
1946-1947.	7,416	189,791	221.377	56,457	119,095	901 109	548,446	133,978	60.35	19.57	53.64
1947-1948.	7,362	196,042	226,052	52,033	147,138	618,627	526,808	149,665	67.58	-	61.93

SHEEP DISPOSED OF.

_	DEATH RATE %	8.85 10.71 10.48 8.73 9.78
UNACCOUNTED	EXCLUDING LAMBS.	55,995 67,224 58,313 53,813 54,338
	Totat.	87 011 69 831 78 650 77 789 68 843
	SK1NS.	38.008 28.959 30.347 31.744 25.287
SLAUGHTERED.	TALLOW.	18,926 16,734 15,534 17,135 18,240
	Murros.	26,841 22,501 23,046 23,940 11,331
	Exported.	1118
SOLD LOCALLY	OR FURTHER USE.	3,236 1,519 2,900 5,342 1,593
	YEAR.	1948-1944 1944-1945. 1945-1946. 1946-1947. 1947-1948.

OTHER STOCK.

SWINE	55.57 = 1.01
CATTLE.	11,226 10,873 11,205 11,197 10,725
Horses.	3.22.1 3.22.7 3.087 2.734 2.810
YEAR	1943-1944 1944-1945 1945-1946 1946-1947 1947-1948

Vital Statistics for the year ended 31st December, 1948

COLONY

Births

					Male	Female	Total
Stanley	***		1444		15	15	30
East Falkland		***	***	***	1		l
West Falkland		***	***		_	_	_
			Total		16	15	31

Віктня 1947 — 35

Deaths

					Male	Female	Total
Stanley		444	111		14	10	24
East Falkland					_		-
West Falkland	***				1	_	1
			Total	***	15	10	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$

Maternal Mortality —
Infantile ,, —
Still Births 2

DEATHS 1947 - 31

Marriages

			Anglican	Roman Catholic	Non- conformist	Registrar	Total
Stanley			4	_	4	4	12
East Falkland		***	_	_	_	3	3
West Falkland			-	-	-	4	4
	Total	***	4	_	4	11	19

Marriages 1947 — 22

Arrivals

1948	males 103	females 62	Total 165
1947	,, 128	,, 71	,, 199

Departures

1948	males 104	females 72	Total 176
1947	,, 107	,, 57	,, 164

Population

Estimated population of the Falkland Islands 1st January 1948 - 2273

Estimated population 31st December 1948 - 2268, decrease 5, as shown below -

Estimated population 31st December 1947			Males 1239		Females	Total 2 27 3
Add births 1948			16		15	31
Add arrivals 1948	***		1255 103		1049 62	2304 165
Deduct deaths 1948	+++		1358 15		1111	2469 25
Deduct departures 1948	***	***	1343		1101 72	2444 176
		Totals	1239		1029	2268
Birth 1	Birth rate per 1,000					
Illegiti	mate bir	ths, actual			1	
Death	rate per	1,000			11.02	
Popula	ition per	sq. mile			0.49	

DEPENDENCIES

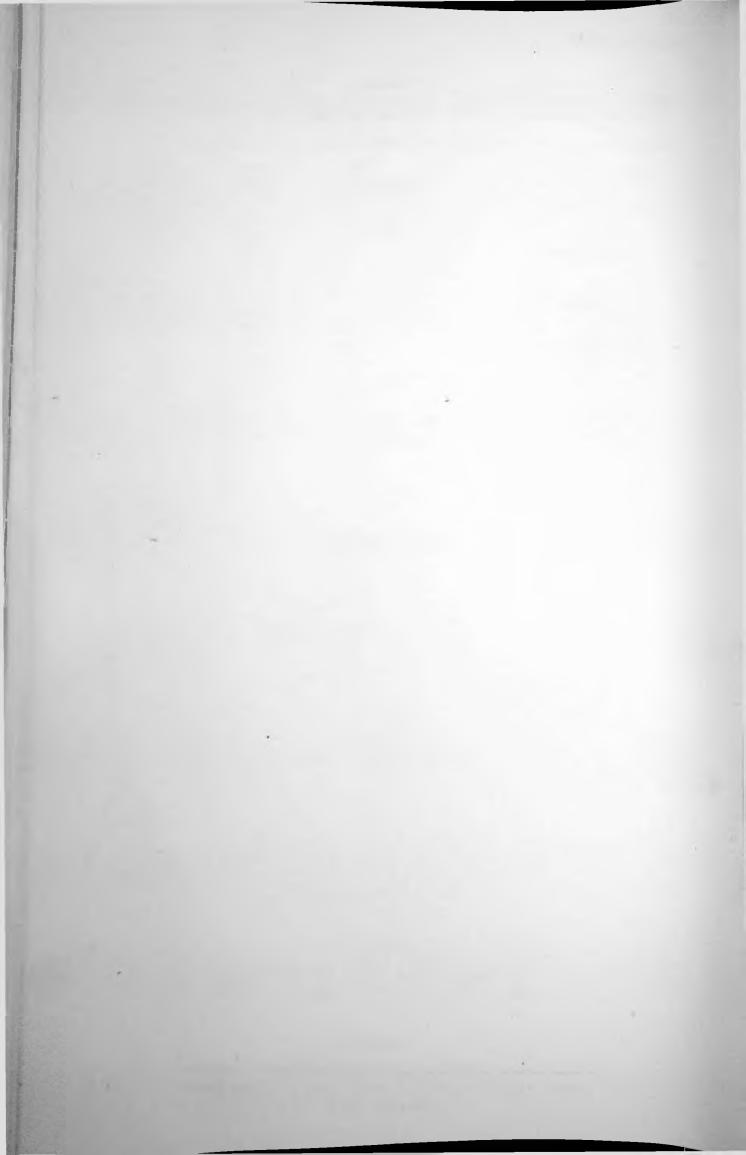
Marriages Nil Births Nil Deaths 4
Estimated resident population at South Georgia 1346.

", other Dependencies 27.

R. WINTER,

Acting Registrar General.

Stanley, Falkland Islands, January, 1949.





The Falkland Islands Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.

FEBRUARY 25, 1949.

No. 4.

No. 3.

Proclamation

1948.

To appoint a date on which the Falkland Islands Letters Patent 1948 shall come into operation.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

[L.S.]

MILES CLIFFORD - By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD. ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in- Thief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and Vice Admiral thereof.

Under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by Article 2 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent 1948 I hereby proclaim that the Falkland Islands Letters Patent 1948 shall come into operation on the 1st day of January 1949.

GOD SAVE THE

Given at Government House, this 31st day of December, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command, R. WINTER.

Acting Colonial Secretary.

1948

To appoint a date on which the Instructions and Additional Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet issued to the Governor on the 28th day of February, 1920, and the 1st day of February, 1941, respectively are to be revoked.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

MILES CLIFFORD — By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD,
ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order
of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most
Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has
been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and
Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkiand Islands and its Dependencies and Vice Admiral
thereof.

Under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Instructions passed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet to the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies thereof dated the 13th day of December 1948 I hereby proclaim the 31st day of December 1948 as the appointed day for the revocation of the Instructions and Additional Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet and issued to the Governor on the following dates: that is to say the 28th day of February, 1920, and the 1st day of February, 1941.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, this 31st day of December, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,
R. Winter,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0068/A.

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1948 No. 2573

BRITISH SETTLEMENTS

The Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1948

Made - 26th November, 1948 Laid before Parliament - 26th November, 1948

Coming into operation :-

Sections 29 and 31 - 27th November, 1948

Remainder - - On a day to be proclaimed in the Falkland Islands Government Gazette in accordance with Article 2.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 26th day of November, 1948.

Present.

The King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas by Letters Patent under the Great Seal dated the 25th day of February, 1892 (hereinafter called "the Letters Patent of 1892"), provision is made for the constitution and powers of the Legislative Council of the Colony of the Falkland Islands:

And Whereas it is expedient to make other provision for the constitution and powers of the said Legislative Council:

Now, therefore, His Majesty by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in Him by the British Settlements Acts, 1887 and 1945, and of all other powers enabling Him in that behalf, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

50 & 51 Vict. c. 54. 9 & 10 Geo. 6. c. 7.

PART I.

Preliminary.

1.—(1) In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:

"the appointed day" means the day appointed under section 2 of this Order:

"the Colony" means the Colony of the Falkland Islands;

"the Council" means the Legislative Council of the Colony of the Falkland Islands constituted by this Order;

"the Dependencies" means the Dependencies of the Falkland Islands as defined in Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal dated the 28th day of March, 1917:

"the Executive Council" means the Executive Council for the time being of the Colony;

"the Gazette" means the Falkland Islands Government Gazette;

"the Governor" means the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony and the Dependencies, and includes any Officer for the time being administering the Government and, to the extent to which a Deputy for the Governor is authorised to act, that Deputy;

"the Governor in Council" means the Governor acting with the advice of the Executive Council, but not necessarily in accordance with that advice nor necessarily in such Council assembled;

Interpretation.

"meeting" means any sitting or sittings of the Council commencing when the Council first meets after being summoned at any time and terminating when the Council is adjourned sine die or at the conclusion of a session;

"the Public Seal" means the Public Seal of the Colony;

"Secretary of State" means one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State;

"session" means the meetings of the Council commencing when the Council first meets after being constituted under this Order. or after its prorogation or dissolution at any time, and terminating when the Council is prorogued or is dissolved without having been prorogued:

"sitting" means a period during which the Council is sitting continuously without adjournment, and includes any period during which the Council is in Committee.

- (2) The rules set out in the Schedule to this Order shall apply for the interpretation of the expression "ordinarily resided" in paragraph (q) of section 11 of this Order.
- (3) For the purposes of this Order, any reference to any public officer by the term designating his office means the person for the time being lawfully discharging the functions of that office.
- (4) For the purposes of this Order, a person shall not be deemed to hold an office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony by reason only that he is in receipt of a pension or other like allowance in respect of service under the Crown; and if it shall be declared by any law for the time being in force in the Colony that an office shall not be an office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony for all or any of the purposes of this Order, this Order shall have effect accordingly as if such law were enacted therein.

52 & 53 Viet. c. 63.

The Interpretation Act, 1889, shall apply for the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

Short title and commencement.

This Order may be cited as the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1948. It shall be published in the Gazette and, save as otherwise expressly provided in this Order, shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by Proclamation in the Gazette, which day shall not be earlier than the day after the day on which this Order shall have been laid before both Houses of Parliament.

PART H.

The Legislative Conneil.

Establishment of Legislative Council.

There shall be a Legislative Council in and for the Colony constituted in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

Composition of Legislative Council.

- 4. The Council shall consist of
 - (a) the Governor, as President:
 - (b) three Ex-officio Members;
 - (c) three Nominated Official Members;
 - (d) two Nominated Unofficial Members; and
 - (e) four Elected Members.

Ex-office Members.

The Ex-officio Members shall be the Colonial Secretary, the Senior Medical Officer and the Agricultural Officer.

6.—(1) The Nominated Official Members shall be persons holding office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony and shall be Unofficial Members. appointed by the Governor by Instrument under the Public Seal in pursuance of His Majesty's instructions through a Secretary of State.

Nominated Official and Nominated

- (2) The Nominated Unofficial Members shall be persons not holding any office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony and shall be appointed by the Governor by Instrument under the Public Seal in pursuance of His Majesty's instructions through a Secretary of State.
- 7. The Elected Members shall be persons qualified in accordance with the provisions of this Order and elected in the manner provided by any law for the time being in force in the Colony.

Elected Members.

8. The Governor may summon any person to any meeting of the Council, notwithstanding that such person may not be a member of the Council when, in the opinion of the Governor, the business before the Council renders the presence of such person desirable. Any person so summoned shall be entitled to take part in the proceedings of the Council relating to the business in respect of which he is summoned as if he were a Member of the Council, except that he shall not have the right to vote in the Council.

Extraordinary Members.

9.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Order, every Nominated Member of the Council shall hold his seat in the Council during His Majesty's pleasure.

Tenure of Nominated and Elected Members,

- (2) Every Nominated or Elected Member shall in any case cease to be a Member at the next dissolution of the Council after his appointment or election, or previously thereto if his seat shall become vacant under the provisions of this Order, but, if qualified, shall be eligible for reappointment or reelection from time to time.
- (3) The Governor may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, declare any Nominated Member to be incapable of discharging his functions as a Member, and thereupon such Member shall not sit or vote in the Council until he is declared, in manner aforesaid, again to be capable of discharging his said functions.
- (4) The Governor may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, suspend any Nominated Member from the exercise of his functions as a Member. Every such suspension shall forthwith be reported by the Governor to His Majesty through a Secretary of State, and shall remain in force until it shall be removed by the Governor by Instrument under the Public Seal or by His Majesty through a Secretary of State, or the person suspended ceases to be a Member.
- 10. Subject to the provisions of section 11 of this Order, any person who is a British subject of the age of twenty-one years or upwards shall be qualified to be a Nominated Member or an Elected Member of the Council, and no other persons shall be qualified to be appointed or elected thereto or, having been so appointed or elected, shall sit or vote in the Council or in any Committee thereof.

Qualifications for Nominated and Elected Membership.

11. No person shall be qualified to be appointed as a Nominated Member or elected as an Elected Member or, having been so appointed or elected, shall sit or vote in the Council, who at the time of appointment or election —

Disqualifications for Nominated and Elected Membership.

- (a) is, by virtue of his own act, under any acknowledgment of allegiance, obedience or adherence to a foreign Power or State;
- (b) is an undischarged bankrupt, having been declared a bankrupt under any law in force in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection or in any territory in which His Majesty has from time to time jurisdiction; or
- (c) has, in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection or in any territory in which His Majesty has from time to time jurisdiction, been sentenced to death or to imprisonment (by whatever name called) for a term exceeding six months, and has not either suffered the punishment to which he was sentenced or such other punish-

- ment as may by competent authority have been substituted therefor or received a free pardon; or
- (d) has been declared to be of unsound mind under any law in force in the Colony; or
- (e) (i) in the case of a Nominated Unofficial Member, is a party to, or a partner in a firm, or a director or a manager of a company, which is a party to, any subsisting contract with the Government of the Colony for or on account of the public service and has not disclosed to the Governor the nature of such contract and his interest, or the interest of such firm or company, therein; or
 - (ii) in the case of an Elected Member, is a party to, or a partner in a firm, or a director or manager of a company, which is a party to, any subsisting contract with the Government of the Colony for or on account of the public service and has not published within one month before the day of election in the Gazette and in a newspaper circulating in the electoral district for which he is a candidate a notice setting out the nature of such contract and of his interest, or of the interest of such firm or company, therein; or
- (f) holds any office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony; or
- (y) in the case of an Elected Member
 - (i) is not qualified to be registered as an elector under the provisions of any law for the time being in force in the Colony or, being so qualified, is not so registered; or
 - (ii) is disqualified for election by any law for the time being in force in the Colony by reason of his holding, or acting in, any office the functions of which involve—
 - (a) any responsibility for, or in connection with, the conduct of any election, or
 - (h) any responsibility for the compilation or revision of any electoral register, or
 - (iii) has not ordinarily resided in the Colony for a period of not less than twelve months; or
- (h) is disqualified for membership of the Council by any law for the time being in force in the Colony relating to offences connected with the election of Elected Members.

Vacation of seats.

- 12.—(1) The seat of a Nominated Member or of an Elected Member of the Council shall become vacant
 - (a) upon his death; or
 - (b) if he shall be absent from two consecutive meetings of the Council without having obtained from the Governor, before the termination of either of such meetings, permission to be or to remain absent therefrom; or
 - (r) if he shall do, concur in or adopt any act done with the intention that he shall become a subject or citizen of any foreign Power or State; or
 - (d) if he shall, by writing under his hand directed to the Governor, resign his seat in the Council and, in the case of a Nominated Official Member, his resignation shall be accepted by the Governor; or
 - (e) if, being an Elected Member, he shall be appointed to any office of emolument under the Crown; or
 - (f) if, being a Nominated Unofficial Member, he shall be appointed permanently to any office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony; or
 - (g) if, being a Nominated Unofficial Member, he shall become an Elected Member; or
 - (h) if he shall become disqualified from being registered as an elector under the provisions of any law of the Colony in that

- behalf, or, not being so disqualified, shall cease to be registered as such; or
- (i) if he shall otherwise cease to be qualified for election or appointment under the provisions of this Order.
- (2) If any Nominated Unofficial Member shall be appointed temporarily to, or to act in, any office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony, he shall not sit or vote in the Council by virtue of his appointment as a Nominated Unofficial Member so long as he continues to hold, or to act in, that office.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of this Order, all questions which may arise as to the right of any person to be or remain an Elected Member shall be determined by the Supreme Court of the Colony in accordance with the provisions of any law for the time being in force in the Colony.
- (4) All questions which may arise as to the right of any person to be or remain a Nominated Member shall be referred to and decided by the Governor in Council.
- 13.—(1) Whenever there shall be a vacancy in the number of persons sitting as Ex-officio or Nominated Members of the Council by reason of the fact that—
 - (a) an Ex-Officio or Nominated Official Member is administering the Government of the Colony; or
 - (b) one person is lawfully discharging the functions of more than one of the offices referred to in section 5 of this Order; or
 - (c) no person is lawfully discharging the functions of one of those offices; or
 - (d) any such office has ceased to exist; or
 - (e) a Nominated Member is unable to sit or vote in the Council in consequence of a declaration by the Governor, as provided in this Order, that he is incapable of discharging his functions as a Member; or
 - (f) a Nominated Member is suspended, as provided in this Order, from the exercise of his functions as a Member; or
 - (g) a Member is absent from the Colony; or
 - (h) a Nominated Unofficial Member is temporarily appointed to, or to act in, an office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony; or
 - (i) the seat of a Nominated Unofficial Member is vacant for any cause other than the dissolution of the Council,

the Governor may by Instrument under the Public Seal appoint a person to be a temporary Member for the period of such vacancy.

- (2) If the vacancy is in the number of persons sitting in the Council as Ex-officio or Nominated Official Members, the person appointed shall be a person holding office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony; and if the vacancy is in the number of persons sitting in the Council as Nominated Unofficial Members, the person appointed shall be a person qualified for appointment as a Nominated Unofficial Member.
- (3) If a person is appointed under the provisions of this section to be a temporary Member to fill a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Council as Ex-officio or Nominated Official Members, then, so long as his appointment shall subsist, the provisions of this Order shall, subject to the provisions of this section, apply to him as if he were a Nominated Official Member.
- (4) If a person is appointed under the provisions of this section to be a temporary Member to fill a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Council as Nominated Unofficial Members, then, so long as his appointment shall subsist, he shall be to all intents and purposes a Nominated Unofficial Member and, subject to the provisions of this section, the provisions of sections 9 and 12 of this Order shall have effect accordingly.

Temporary Members.

- (5) The Governor shall forthwith report every temporary appointment made under this section to His Majesty through a Secretary of State and such appointment may (without prejudice to anything done by virtue thereof) be revoked by the Governor by Instrument under the Public Seal.
- (6) A temporary appointment made under this section shall cease to have effect on notification by the Governor to the person appointed of revocation by the Governor, or on supersession of the appointment by the definitive appointment of a person to fill the vacancy, or when the vacancy shall otherwise cease to exist.

Presiding in Legislative Council.

14. The Governor, if present, shall preside at meetings of the Council, and in his absence such Member as the Governor may from time to time appoint in writing, or in the absence of the Member so appointed or if no Member be so appointed, the Member present who stands first in order of precedence shall preside.

Precedence of Members.

- 15.—(1) After the Governor, the Members of the Council shall take precedence among themselves as His Majesty may specially assign, and in default thereof as follows:—
 - First, the Ex-officio Members in the order in which their offices are referred to in section 5 of this Order:
 - Secondly, the Nominated Official Members in such order as the Governor may direct:
 - Thirdly, the Nominated Unofficial Members and the Elected Members, according to the length of time during which they have been continuously Members of the Council, Members appointed or elected at the same time taking precedence amongst themselves in such order as the Governor may direct.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section
 - (a) Members appointed and Members elected to the Council as first constituted under this Order shall be deemed to have been appointed or elected on the date on which the report of the return of the first successful candidate for election is made to the Governor; and
 - (b) in ascertaining the period during which a person has continuously been a Member of the Council
 - (i) no account shall be taken of any interval between the vacation by that person of his seat in the Council in consequence of the expiration of his tenure of office or a dissolution of the Council and the date of his reappointment or reelection to fill a vacancy in the Council caused by that expiration of tenure or that dissolution; and
 - (ii) if any person having been, for any period immediately before the appointed day, a Member of the Legislative Council constituted by the Letters Patent of 1892, is appointed or elected as a Member by virtue of the first appointments or elections to the Council after the appointed day, he shall be deemed to have been a Member of the Council so constituted for that period; and no account shall be taken of any interval between the day preceding the appointed day and the date upon which he is first appointed or elected to the Council, or of any interval in his membership of the Legislative Council constituted by the Letters Patent of 1892 between the expiration of his tenure of office and his appointment or election to fill the vacancy thereby caused.

Filling of Vacancies.

- 16.—(1) Whenever the seat of an Elected Member becomes vacant, a fresh election shall be held to fill the vacancy in accordance with the provisions of this Order.
 - (2) Whenever the seat of a Nominated Member becomes vacant,

the vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the Governor in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

PART III.

Legislation and Procedure of Legislature.

17. Subject to the provisions of this Order, it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, to make laws for the peace, order and good government of the Colony.

Power to make laws.

18. Subject to the provisions of this Order and of the Standing Rules and Orders of the Council, any Member may introduce any Bill or propose any motion for debate in, or may present any petition to, the Council, and the same shall be debated and disposed of according to the Standing Rules and Orders:

Introduction of Bills,

Provided that, except with the recommendation or consent of the Governor signified thereto, the Council shall not proceed upon any Bill, amendment, motion or petition which, in the opinion of the Governor or other Presiding Member, would—

- (a) dispose of or charge any public revenue or public funds of the Colony or revoke or alter any disposition thereof or charge thereon, or impose, alter or repeal any rate, tax or duty;
- (b) suspend the Standing Rules and Orders of the Council or any of them.
- 19.—(1) All questions proposed for decision in the Council shall be determined by a majority of the votes of the Members present and voting.

Voting.

- (2) The Governor shall not have an original vote, but if upon any question the votes shall be equally divided, he shall have a casting vote.
- (3) In the absence of the Governor, the Presiding Member shall have an original vote and, if upon any question the votes shall be equally divided, shall also have a casting vote.
- 20.—(1) The Council shall not be disqualified for the transaction of business by reason of any vacancy among the Members; and any proceedings therein shall be valid notwithstanding that some person who was not entitled to do so sat or voted in the Council or otherwise took part in the proceedings.

Vacancies and Quorum.

- (2) No business except that of adjournment shall be transacted if objection is taken by any Member present that there are less than six Members present besides the Governor or other Presiding Member.
- 21. Subject to the provisions of this Order the Governor and the Council shall, in the transaction of business and the making of laws, conform as nearly as may be to the directions contained in any Instructions under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet which may from time to time be addressed to the Governor in that behalf.

Royal Instructions.

22.—(1) No Bill shall become a law until either the Governor shall have assented thereto in His Majesty's name and on His Majesty's behalf and shall have signed the same in token of such assent, or His Majesty shall have given His assent thereto through a Secretary of State.

Assent to Bills.

- (2) When a Bill is presented to the Governor for his assent, he shall, according to his discretion, but subject to the provisions of this Order and of any Instructions addressed to him under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet or through a Secretary of State, declare that he assents, or refuses his assent, thereto, or that he reserves the Bill for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure.
- (3) A law assented to by the Governor shall come into operation on the date on which such assent shall be given or, if it shall be

enacted, either in the law or in some other enactment (including any enactment in force on the appointed day), that it shall come into operation on some other date, on that date.

(4) A Bill reserved for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure shall become a law so soon as His Majesty shall have given His assent thereto, through a Secretary of State, and the Governor shall have signified such assent by Proclamation in the Gazette. Every such law shall come into operation on the date of such Proclamation or, if it shall be enacted, either in the law or in some other enactment (including any enactment in force on the appointed day), that it shall come into operation on some other date, on that date.

Disallowance of laws.

- 23.—(1) Any law to which the Governor shall have given his assent may be disallowed by His Majesty through a Secretary of State.
- (2) Whenever any law has been disallowed by His Majesty, the Governor shall cause notice of such disallowance to be published in the Gazette.
- (3) Every law so disallowed shall cease to have effect as soon as notice of such disallowance shall be published as aforesaid; and thereupon any enactment repealed or amended by, or in pursuance of, the law disallowed shall have effect as if such law had not been made. Subject as aforesaid, the provisions of subsection (2) of section 38 of the Interpretation Act, 1889, shall apply to such disallowance as they apply to the repeal of an Act of Parliament.

52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

Sittings and Sessions.

- **24.**—(!) The sittings of the Council shall be held at such times and places as the Governor shall from time to time appoint by Proclamation published in the Gazette.
- (2) There shall be a Session of the Council once at least in every year, so that a period of twelve months shall not intervene between the last sitting in one Session and the first sitting in the next Session.

Standing Rules and Orders.

- 25.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Order and of any Instructions under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet, the Council may from time to time make, amend and revoke Standing Rules and Orders for the regulation and orderly conduct of their proceedings and the despatch of business, to provide for the giving of notice of the provisions of Bills and for the presentation thereof to the Governor for assent; but no such Rules or Orders shall have effect until they shall have been approved by the Governor.
- (2) Until other provision is made under this Section, the Standing Rules and Orders of the Legislative Council constituted under the Letters Patent of 1892, as in force immediately before the appointed day, shall, with the necessary modifications and adaptations, be the Standing Rules and Orders of the Council; and the said Standing Rules and Orders may be amended or revoked by Standing Rules and Orders made under the preceding subsection.

Prorogation and dissolution.

- 26.—(1) The Governor may at any time by Proclamation published in the Gazette, prorogue or dissolve the Council.
- (2) On dissolution, all Members shall vacate their seats, and the Council shall be reconstituted by election and appointment in accordance with the provisions of this Order at such time, within three months of every dissolution, as the Governor shall by Proclamation published in the Gazette appoint.
- (3) The Governor shall dissolve the Council at the expiration of four years from the date of the report to him of the return of the first successful candidate at the last preceding General Election, if it shall not have been sooner dissolved.

Oath of Allegiance.

27. Except for the purpose of enabling this section to be complied with, no Member of the Council shall sit or vote therein or in any Committee thereof until he shall have taken and subscribed before

the Governor, or some person authorised by the Governor in that behalf, the following oath:—

"I, A.B., do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George the Sixth, His Heirs and Successors according to law. So help me God."

Provided that every person authorised by law to make an affirmation instead of taking an oath in legal proceedings may make such affirmation in like terms instead of the said oath.

PART IV.

Miscellaneous.

28. Provision may be made, by or in pursuance of any law enacted under this Order, for the election of Elected Members of the Council, including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power but subject to the provisions of this Order) the following matters, that is to say:—

Laws as to Elections.

- (a) the delimitation of electoral areas;
- (b) the qualifications and disqualifications of voters:
- (c) the ascertainment of the qualifications of voters;
- (d) the registration of voters;
- (e) the holding of elections;
- (f) the determination of all questions which may arise as to the right of any person to be or remain an Elected Member;
- (y) the definition and trial of offences in relation to elections and the imposition of penalties therefor, including disqualification for Membership of the Council, or for registration as a voter, or for voting of any persons concerned in any such offence;
- (h) the filling by appointment by the Governor or otherwise of any vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Council as Elected Members by reason of the fact that no person has been nominated for election to fill the vacancy.
- 29.—(1) Provision may be made at any time before the appointed day by laws made under the Letters Patent of 1892, and at any time after the appointed day and before the first sitting of the Council under this Order by Proclamation by the Governor published in the Gazette, in respect of all or any of the matters specified in section 28 of this Order.

Transitional Provisions as to Elections.

- (2) The expression "any law for the time being in force in the Colony", wherever it occurs in this Order, shall include any law or Proclamation made under this section.
- (3) It shall not be necessary for any law enacted in accordance with the provisions of this section to be reserved for the signification of his Majesty's pleasure.
- (4) Every Proclamation made under subsection (1) of this section shall have the force of law and may be amended, added to or revoked by further Proclamations within the period specified in that subsection.
- (5) This section shall come into operation on the day after the day upon which this Order shall have been laid before both Houses of Parliament.

30.—(1) Any person who—

- (a) having been elected or appointed a Member of the Council, but not having been at the time of such election or appointment qualified to be so elected or appointed, shall sit or vote in the Council; or
- (b) shall sit or vote in the Council after his seat thereon has become vacant or he has become disqualified from sitting or voting therein,

Penalty for unqualified person sitting or voting.

knowing or having reasonable grounds for knowing, that he was so disqualified or that his seat has become vacant, as the case may be, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for every day upon which he so sits or votes.

(2) The said penalty shall be recoverable by action in the Supreme Court of the Colony at the suit of the Colonial Secretary.

Removal of difficulties. 31.—(1) If any difficulty shall arise in bringing into operation any of the provisions of this Order or in giving effect to the purposes thereof, a Secretary of State may, by Order, make such provision as seems to him necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty and may by such Order amend or add to any provision of this Order:

Provided that no Order shall be made under this section later than the first day of January, 1950.

- (2) Any Order made under this section may be amended, added to, or revoked by a further Order, and may be given retrospective effect to a day not earlier than the date of this Order.
- (3) This section shall come into operation on the day after the day upon which this Order shall have been laid before both Houses of Parliament.

Powers reserved to His Majesty.

- **32.**—(1) His Majesty hereby reserves to Himself, His Heirs and Successors, power, with the advice of His or Their Privy Council, to revoke, add to or amend this Order, as to Him or Them shall seem fit.
- (2) Nothing in this Order shall affect the powers of His Majesty in Council to make laws from time to time for the peace, order and good government of the Colony.

E. C. E. LEADBITTER.

THE SCHEDULE.

- 1. Subject to the provisions of rules 2, 3, 4 and 5 of this Schedule, the question of whether a person is or was ordinarily resident at any material time or during any material period shall be determined by reference to all the facts of the case.
- 2. The place of ordinary residence of a person is, generally, that place which is the place of his habitation or home, whereto, when away therefrom, he intends to return. In particular when a person usually sleeps in one place and has his meals or is employed in another place, the place of his ordinary residence is where he sleeps,
- 3. Generally, a person's place of ordinary residence is where his family is, if he is living apart from his family, with the intent to remain so apart from it in another place, the place of ordinary residence of such person is such other place. Temporary absence from a place of ordinary residence does not cause a loss or change of place of ordinary residence.
- 4. Any person who has more than one place of ordinary residence may elect in respect of which place he desires to be registered.
- 5. Any person, who at any time is serving in the armed forces of the Crown, shall be deemed to be ordinarily resident during the period of such service in the place in which he so resided immediately before he entered on such service, unless he has thereafter established some other ordinary residence elsewhere.

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

(This Note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This Order in Council provides for the establishment of a reformed Legislative Council which will legislate for the Colony of the Falkland Islands. It will be presided over by the Governor, and will consist of six official Members and six unofficial Members of whom four will be elected by popular vote.

FALKLAND ISLANDS

Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the Realm constituting the Office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, and making provision for the Government thereof.

Dated 13th December, 1948.

GEORGE THE SIXTH, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting!

Whereas by Letters Patent under the Great Seal dated the 25th day of February, 1892 (as amended by like Letters Patent dated the 19th day of September, 1914) (hereinafter together called "The Letters Patent of 1892 and 1914") the Office of Governor and Commanderin-Chief in and over Our Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies is constituted, and provision is made for the Government thereof:

And Whereas by further Letters Patent under the Great Seal dated the 21st day of July, 1908, it was declared that the groups of islands known as South Georgia, the South Orkneys, the South Shetlands and the Sandwich Islands and the Territory known as Graham's Land (as therein defined) should become Dependencies of Our said Colony, and that the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Our said Colony, should be the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of such Dependencies, with all such powers of government and legislation in respect thereof as are from time to time vested in him in respect of Our said Colony:

And Whereas by like Letters Patent dated the 28th day of March, 1917 (hereinafter called "The Letters Patent of 1917") it was declared that the Dependencies of Our said Colony should be deemed to include all such islands and territories as were therein defined:

And Whereas We are minded to make other provision for the matters aforesaid:

Now know Ye that We, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in that behalf by the British Settlements Acts, 1887 and 1945, and otherwise in Us vested, do declare Our will and pleasure as follows:-

1.—(1) In these Letters Patent, unless the context otherwise requires:—

Interpretation.

"the appointed day" means the day appointed under Article 2 of these Letters Patent;

"the Colony" means Our Colony of the Falkland Islands;

"the Dependencies" mean the Dependencies of Our Colony of the Falkland Islands as defined in the Letters Patent of 1917;

"the Executive Council" means the Executive Council constituted by these Letters Patent;

"the Gazette" means the Falkland Islands Government Gazette;

"the Governor" means the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony and the Dependencies, and includes the Officer for the time being administering the Government and, to the extent to which a Deputy for the Governor is authorised to act, that Deputy:

"the Public Seal" means the Public Seal of the Colony;

"Secretary of State" means one of Our Principal Secretaries of State.

52 & 53 Viet, c. 63.

Short title and commencement.

Revocation of Letters Patent of 1892 and 1914.

Office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief constituted.

Governor's Authority.

Publication of Governor's Commission and taking of oaths.

Succession to Government.

- (2) Save as is in these Letters Patent otherwise provided or required by the context, the Interpretation Act. 1889, shall apply for the interpretation of these Letters Patent as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.
- 2. These Letters Patent may be cited as the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948, and shall come into operation on a date to be appointed by the Governor by Proclamation published in the Gazette.
- 3. The Letters Patent of 1892 and 1914 are hereby revoked, but without prejudice to any appointment lawfully made, or to any other thing lawfully done thereunder.
- 4. There shall be a Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony and the Dependencies, and appointments to the said Office shall be made by Commission under Our Sign Manual and Signet.
- 5. We do hereby authorise, empower and command the Governor to do all things belonging to his Office in accordance with these Letters Patent, such Commission as aforesaid, such Instructions as may from time to time be given to him by Us under Our Sign Manual and Signet or through a Secretary of State, and such Orders in Our Privy Council and other laws as may from time to time be in force.
- 6. Every person appointed to fill the Office of Governor shall, with all due solemnity, before entering on any of the duties of his Office, cause the Commission appointing him to be Governor to be read and published in the presence of such members of the Executive Council as shall be in attendance, which being done, he shall then and there take before them the Oath of Allegiance and the Oath for the due execution of the Office of Governor in the forms set out in the Schedule to these Letters Patent, which Oaths the senior Member of the Executive Council there present is hereby required to administer.
- 7.—(1) Whenever the Office of Governor is vacant, or the Governor is absent from the Colony or is from any cause prevented from, or incapable of, acting in the duties of his Office, then such other person as We may appoint under Our Sign Manual and Signet, or if there is no such person in the Colony so appointed and capable of discharging the duties of the administration, the Senior Member of the Executive Council then in the Colony and so capable, shall, during Our pleasure, administer the Government of the Colony.
- (2) Before assuming the administration of the Government any such person shall in the form and manner prescribed in Article 6 of these Letters Patent, take the Oaths therein directed to be taken by the Governor; which being done, We do hereby authorise, empower and command such person, subject if he is appointed as aforesaid under Our Sign Manual and Signet, to the terms of his appointment, during Our pleasure, to do all things that belong to the Office of Governor as provided in these Letters Patent.
- (3) Any such person as aforesaid shall not continue to administer the Government after the Governor or some other person having a prior right to administer the same has notified that he is about to assume the administration.
- (4) The Governor or any other person as aforesaid shall not be regarded as absent from the Colony or prevented from, or incapable of, acting in the duties of his Office for the purposes of this Article during his passage either from one part of the Colony to another, or from the Colony to the Dependencies, or when there is a subsisting appointment of a Deputy under the next succeeding Article of these Letters Patent.

Appointment of Deputy to Governor.

8.—(1) Whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be

of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument.

- (2) By the appointment of a Deputy as aforesaid the power and authority of the Governor shall not be in any way affected otherwise than as We may at any time hereafter think proper to direct; and every such Deputy shall conform to and observe all such instructions as the Governor shall from time to time address to him for his guidance.
- (3) Any appointment under this Article may at any time be revoked by the Governor or by a Secretary of State, and, in the case of absence as aforesaid, shall cease and determine upon the return of the Governor to the seat of Government or to the Colony, as the case may be.
- 9.—(1) There shall be an Executive Council in and for the Colony and for the Dependencies, and the said Council shall consist of such persons, appointed in such manner, as We shall direct by Instructions under Our Sign Manual and Signet.

(2) The Members of the Executive Council shall hold their places in the Council during Our pleasure and, subject thereto, for such period and upon such conditions as may be specified in such Instructions as aforesaid.

(3) The Executive Council shall not be disqualified for the transaction of business by reason of any vacancy among the Members thereof; and any proceedings therein shall be valid notwithstanding that some person attended the Council or took part in the proceedings thereof who was not entitled to do so.

10.—(1) Subject to the provisions of these Letters Patent, it shall be lawful for the Governor to make laws for the peace, order and good government of the Dependencies.

(2) Every such law shall come into operation on the date on which it is enacted, or, if it shall be provided, either in the law or in some other enactment, that it shall come into operation on some other date, on that date.

11. Subject to the provisions of these Letters Patent the Governor shall, in the making of laws for the Dependencies, conform as nearly as may be to the directions contained in any Instructions under Our Sign Manual and Signet which may from time to time be addressed to the Governor in that behalf.

12.—(1) Any law made by the Governor under the provisions of Article 11 of these Letters Patent may be disallowed by Us through a Secretary of State.

(2) Whenever any law has been disallowed by Us, the Governor shall cause notice of disallowance to be published in the Gazette.

(3) Every law so disallowed shall cease to have effect as soon as notice of such disallowance shall be published as aforesaid; and thereupon any enactment repealed or amended by, or in pursuance of, the law so disallowed shall have effect as if such law had not been made. Subject as aforesaid, the provisions of subsection (2) of section 38 of the Interpretation Act, 1889, shall apply to such disallowance as they apply to the repeal of an Act of Parliament.

13. The Governor may constitute and appoint in Our name and on Our behalf all such Judges and other Officers as may lawfully be constituted or appointed by Us, all of whom, unless otherwise provided by law, shall hold their offices during Our pleasure.

Executive Council.

Governor's power to make laws for the Dependencies.

Royal Instructions.

Disallowance of Laws.

52 & 53 Vict. c. 63.

Appointment of Officers.

Discipline.

14. Subject to the provisions of any law for the time being in force and to such Instructions as may from time to time be given to him by Us through a Secretary of State, the Governor may, for cause shown to his satisfaction, dismiss or suspend from the exercise of his office any person holding any public office in the Colony or the Dependencies or take such other disciplinary action as may seem to him desirable.

Grant of Pardon.

15. When any offence has been committed for which the offender may be tried in the Colony or the Dependencies, the Governor may, as he shall see fit, in Our name and on Our behalf, grant a pardon to any accomplice in such offence who shall give such information as shall lead to the conviction of the principal offender, or of any one of such principal offenders if more than one; and may grant to any offender convicted of any such offence in any Court within the Colony or the Dependencies, a pardon, either free or subject to lawful conditions, or any respite, either indefinite or for such period as the Governor may think fit, of the execution of any sentence passed on such offender and may remit the whole or any part of such sentence or of any penalties or forfeitures otherwise due to Us.

Disposal of Lands.

16. Subject to any law for the time being in force and to any Instructions given to him by Us under Our Sign Manual and Signet or through a Secretary of State, the Governor may, in Our name and on Our behalf, make and execute, under the Public Seal, grants and dispositions of any lands or other immovable property within the Colony or the Dependencies which may be lawfully granted or disposed of by Us.

Public Seal.

17. The Governor shall keep and use the Public Scal for sealing all things whatsoever that shall pass the said Seal.

Officers and others to obey the Governor.

18. We do hereby require and command all Our Officers, Civil and Military, and all the other inhabitants of the Colony and the Dependencies to be obedient, aiding and assisting unto the Governor.

Reservation of power to amend or revoke Letters Patent. 19. We do hereby reserve to Ourself, Our Heirs and Successors full power and authority to revoke, add to or amend these Letters Patent as to Us or Them shall seem fit.

In Witness whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent. Witness Ourself at Westminster this Thirteenth day of December, in the 13th year of Our reign,

By Warrant under the King's Sign Manual.

NAPIER.

THE SCHEDULE

Articles 6 & 7.

OATH, OF ALLEGIANCE

1,	do swear that I will be faithful
and bear true allegiance to His Majesty	King George V1. His Heirs and
Successors, according to law. So help n	re God.

OATH FOR THE DUE EXECUTION OF THE OFFICE OF GOVERNOR

1. _______, do swear that I will well and truly serve His Majesty King George VI, His Heirs and Successors, in the Office of Governor. So help me God.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend and consolidate the law relating to the Administration of Justice.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

PART 1.

PRELIMINARY.

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Administration of Short title Justice Ordinance 1949.
 - 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits:

Definitions.

- "Appeal" means an appeal to His Majesty in Council.
- "Civil case" means process for the recovery of individual right or redress of individual wrong and includes an action by the Government for the recovery of fines or penalties.
- "Complaint" includes an information.
- "Court" means a magistrate sitting either alone or with other justices or one or more justices sitting to hear any cause which they may be empowered to hear.
- "Criminal case" means a case which might result in the infliction of a fine or imprisonment or one in which money claimed to be due is recoverable on information as well as on complaint.
- "Judge" means the person nominated or acting as Judge under section 8 hereof.

- "Judgment" includes a decree, order, rule or sentence.
- "Record" means all pleadings proceedings notes of evidence and judgments relating to an appeal to be laid before His Majesty in Council on the hearing of an appeal.
- "Supreme Court" means the Judge sitting either alone or with jury or assessors or in Chambers.

PART II.

COURT OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

Appointment and Powers etc., of Magistrate and Justices.

- 3. (1) The Governor may appoint such magistrates and justices as he may deem necessary and every such magistrate or justice shall have jurisdiction in civil and criminal cases as hereinafter provided within the district specified in his warrant of appointment and if no limits be so specified he shall have jurisdiction throughout the Colony.
- (2) A Justice shall have all the powers and perform all the duties of a Justice of the Peace in the United Kingdom subject to any limitation thereof contained in this or any other Ordinance.

Powers of Magistrate.

- 4. A Magistrate shall unless the contrary be expressed in this or any other Ordinance, have power
- (1) to hear, try, determine and adjudge criminal matters which may be summarily dealt with: but he shall not have power to impose a term of imprisonment greater than one year and
- (2) to enquire into all charges of indictable offences and make such order in respect thereof as the evidence shall justify
- (3) to hear and determine civil cases where the amount claimed does not exceed £100 or in the case of a claim for the recovery of possession of land the annual rent or value thereof does not exceed £100.

Jurisdiction of Court when Magistrate not present.

- 5. The Jurisdiction of the Court when no Magistrate is present shall be
- (1) when one Justice is sitting alone, to hear and determine any information relating to an offence against any law not containing any provision to the contrary but he may not impose a fine greater than £5;
- (2) when two or more Justices who must be present during the whole hearing and determination are sitting, to hear and determine any information relating to
 - (a) any contravention of any law not containing any provision to the contrary
 - (b) any offence for which the offender is liable under any law, not containing any provision to the contrary, upon summary conviction to be imprisoned or fined or otherwise punished:

Provided they shall not have power to impose any term of imprisonment greater than one year.

Assessors to Magistrate.

6. A Magistrate may summon two or more Justices to sit with him as assessors at any trial.

Assessors.

- 7. (1) Any assessor who shall, without reasonable cause fail to attend Court or refuse to act as an assessor shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £10 which the Magistrate may impose summarily.
- (2) An assessor shall have no voice in the decision of any case but should he dissent from the judgment of the Court, his name together with a note of the grounds of such dissent shall be recorded on the proceedings and signed by him.

PART III.

SUPREME COURT.

8. (1) The Judge shall be nominated by the Secretary of State and appointed by the Governor under the Public Seal.

Appointment of Judge.

- (2) No person shall be appointed to be a Judge unless:
- (a) he is qualified to practise in a Court in the United Kingdom or some part of the British Commonwealth having unlimited jurisdiction either in civil or criminal matters, and
- (b) he has been qualified for not less than five years to practise as an advocate or solicitor in such court:

Provided that whenever the office of Judge is vacant or if the Judge become incapable or be suspended or be absent from the Colony then the Governor may act as Judge or may appoint some fit and proper person to act as Judge until the vacancy be filled by a new appointment or the Judge return to the Colony.

9. The Supreme Court shall have within the Colony:

Jurisdiction.

- (1) all the power, jurisdiction and authority expressly or implicitly vested in it by any law
- (2) all the power, jurisdiction and authority vested in the High Court of Justice, the Courts of Oyer and Terminer general gaol delivery and Quarter Sessions in the United Kingdom.
- 10. The Judge may cause any member of Council or Justice to be summoned to sit with him as an assessor at any trial and any assessor so summoned shall be subject to the liability and condition contained in section 7.

Assessors.

11. The Judge may cause jurors to be summoned to attend at any sitting of the Supreme Court and may give such directions as to time and place to which they shall be summoned and as to the numbers to be summoned as he may deem fit.

Juries.

12. (1) The Supreme Court shall sit in Stanley as and when the Governor shall so order.

Sittings.

(2) The Governor may direct the Supreme Court to sit at any time and place for trial of any civil or criminal case.

PART IV.

JURIES.

13. Every person except as hereinafter mentioned, between the ages of 21 and 60 years being the owner or occupier of real estate of the value of not less than £10 per annum shall be qualified and liable to serve on juries in all civil and criminal proceedings:

Qualifications for Jury.

Provided that no person whose normal place of residence is beyond a radius of six miles of Stanley shall without the order of the Judge be summoned to serve on a Jury other than a Coroner's jury or at a sitting of the Supreme Court ordered under section 12 (2).

14. The following are disqualified from serving on juries:

Persons disqualified.

- (1) aliens
- (2) persons who have been convicted of treason felony or perjury or of an infamous crime unless they have received a free pardon.

Exemptions.

Jurors Book.

- 15. The following persons are exempt from serving on juries:
 Members of and Clerks to the Legislative and Executive Councils,
 members of H. M. Armed Forces, Officers of the Supreme Court,
 Barristers, Solicitors and Attorneys, Ministers of Religion, Justices,
 Registered Medical Practitioners, Police Officers, and licenced pilots
 and Customs Officers when not on actual duty.
- 16. (1) It shall be the duty of the registration officer under the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948 in preparing the register of electors for any year to mark in the prescribed manner the names of such persons included in the lists as are qualified and liable to serve as jurors.
- (2) Any person who is marked as a juror in the register of electors who claims that by reason of some disqualification or exemption he should not be so marked may within 7 days of the publication of the electors' list apply to the registration officer to have the mark placed against his name removed and the registration officer shall within seven days of the receipt of the application notify the applicant his decision thereon.
- (3) If the registration officer refuses to comply with the application made under the last preceding subsection or fails to notify the applicant thereon as prescribed the applicant may within seven days of the notification of refusal to comply, on expiration of the prescribed time, apply to a Court for a declaration that he ought not to be marked as a juror.
- (4) The registration officer shall within 14 days of the completion of compilation of the electors list or as soon as all claims under subsection (2) of this section have been disposed of forward a list marked in the prescribed manner to the Registrar who shall therefrom compile a Jurors' Book.
- (5) If a registration officer refuses neglects or fails without reasonable cause to perform any of his duties under this section or wilfully marks as a juror any person who ought not to be so marked or fails to mark as a juror any person who ought to be so marked shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.

Persons in Jurors' Book. 17. Every person whose name is included in the Jurors' Book shall be liable to serve as a juror, notwithstanding that he may have been entitled by reason of some disqualification or exemption to claim that he ought not to be marked in the electors' list as a juror:

Provided that any such person shall be excused from attendance on a jury on the grounds of illness or, if a woman, for medical reasons.

Provided also that nothing in this Section shall affect the power of the Judge to excuse any person from attending on a Jury.

Number.

- 18. (1) Every case in which the prisoner is arraigned on a capital charge shall be tried by a jury of 12 persons and unless otherwise ordered by the Judge 24 persons shall be summoned.
- (2) Every other criminal case and every civil case if tried by a jury shall be tried by a jury of seven persons and unless ordered by the Judge fourteen persons shall be summoned.
- (3) On the application of the parties in a civil case or of the prosecution or accused in a criminal case or the Judge may in his discretion order that the jury shall be composed of men only or of women only.
- 19. A summons to serve on a jury shall be sent by post or served personally upon the juror or upon some responsible person at the normal place of abode of the juror at least three days before the day appointed for the sitting of the Court.

Summons.

20. If any person duly summoned shall fail to attend as a juror or after appearance shall withdraw himself without the permission of the Judge the Judge may summarily impose a fine not exceeding £10.

Failure to attend.

21. The persons whose names are first drawn from a box in open court shall, subject to a challenge mentioned in section 22 not being upheld, be sworn and form the jury:

Ballot.

Provided that in case of the number of the jurors summoned being exhausted by reason of challenge or otherwise the Supreme Court may complete the number from among the bystanders and any bystander refusing to act may summarily be fined a sum not exceeding £10.

22. The prosecution, prisoner and the parties to civil action, shall have the right to challenge members of the jury before they are sworn as follows:

Challenges.

- (1) a peremptory challenge without cause shall only be exercised by a prisoner charged with treason or felony, and shall be limited to 6 challenges.
- (2) The prosecution or prisoner and a party to a civil action may challenge for cause without limitation.
- 23. If during the trial a juror dies or becomes incapable of acting or is absent the jury shall subject to consent being given in writing by or on behalf of the prosecutor and the accused, or by or on behalf of both parties in a civil case, be deemed properly constituted.

Absence of Juror.

Provided that should the prosecutor or accused not assent or the jury be reduced below ten on a trial for a capital offence or six on any other offence a fresh jury shall be sworn.

Provided also that should both parties in a civil case not assent or the Jury be reduced below five a fresh jury shall be sworn.

24. The Judge may when he shall deem it expedient make an order for the jury to view together with two persons named by him, one being appointed by each party.

Viewing.

25. The Judge may permit jurors to separate after being sworn except upon trials for murder treason and treason felony.

Separation.

26. (1) The verdict of the jury shall be unanimous except in that in civil cases the verdict of the majority may be taken by consent of both parties.

Verdict.

- (2) The verdict shall be given in the Court in the presence of them all and in the cases of treason and felony in the presence of the defendant.
- 27. (1) A party in a civil case who has applied for, and been granted, a jury shall pay to the Registrar not less than 3 days before the date of hearing the sum of three shillings for each juror summoned and a further sum of five shillings for each juror sworn to serve and the Registrar shall pay such sum or sums to each juror accordingly.

Civil cases: fee.

(2) In the event of the trial not being concluded in one day any such party shall pay daily in advance to the Registrar a further sum of five shillings for each juror so serving.

28. (1) Any person who attempts to corrupt or influence a juror by any means other than evidence and argument in open court at the trial, or

Offences.

- (2) gives money to a juror after the verdict, or
- (3) by improper means procures himself or others to be sworn upon a jury for the purpose of giving a verdict favourable to

one of the parties, or

(4) induces a juror not to appear and any juror consenting to any offence contained in this section

shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and shall be liable on indictment to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment.

PART V.

CORONERS.

Magistrate to be Coroner. 29. Every Magistrate shall be the Coroner within the district specified in his warrant of appointment and shall have and exercise all the powers and shall subject to the provisions hereof perform the duties of a coroner according to English law and practice.

Information of death.

30. Any person who shall have knowledge of death, other than from natural causes, who wilfully fails to inform the coroner or the nearest Justice or Police Officer thereof shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding $\mathfrak{E}10$.

Inquest by Justice of the Peace.

31. Whenever a Justice shall receive information of any such death he shall if he cannot inform the Coroner in time, or if in his opinion the Coroner would be unable to act by reason of his being at too great a distance from where the body is lying, or if the Coroner shall so request, hold such inquest and shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of a Coroner in respect thereof.

Inquest by Coroner.

32. Whenever a Coroner shall receive information of such death he shall, if the circumstances so require, proceed to the spot where the body may be lying and there hold an inquest.

Procedure.

33. The Coroner shall take all evidence in the form of depositions which shall be signed by the witnesses and shall in cases of murder, manslaughter or infanticide forthwith transmit such depositions with the verdict of the jury to the Registrar.

Jury: when required.

- 34. If it appears to the Coroner either before he proceeds to hold an inquest or in the course of an inquest begun without a Jury that there is reason to suspect
 - (a) that the deceased came to his death by murder, manslaughter, or infanticide:
 - (b) that the death occurred in prison;
 - (c) that the death was caused by an accident arising out of the use of a vehicle in a street or public highway;
 - (d) that the death occurred in circumstances the continuance or possible recurrence of which is prejudicial to the health or safety of the public or any section of the public

he shall proceed to summon a jury in the manner required under this Ordinance, and in any other case, if it appears to him either before he proceeds to hold an inquest or in the course of an inquest begun without a jury that there is any reason for summoning a jury he may proceed to summon a jury in the manner aforesaid.

Summons to Jury.

35. The Coroner shall summon not less than seven nor more than eleven jurors and such summons shall be served in the manner provided for in section 18 except that the summons may be made returnable immediately or at such time and place as the Coroner may order.

Failure to attend.

36. If any person duly summoned shall fail to attend as a juror or after appearance shall withdraw himself without the permission of the Coroner the Coroner may summarily impose a fine not exceeding £5.

37. The jury shall be composed of seven persons whose names are first drawn from a box in open court who shall be sworn to serve.

Number on Jury.

38. The Coroner may if the jury fails to agree on a verdict accept the verdict of the majority provided the minority consists of not more than two or he may cause another jury to be summoned.

Verdict.

39. Any person who buries or otherwise disposes or assists in the burial or disposition of the body of a person who has apparently not died a natural death, without an order from the Coroner, or Justice performing the duties of a Coroner under section 31, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.

No burial without order.

40. The Governor may by order under his hand and the Public Seal authorise the disinterment of any body.

Exhumation.

41. When any qualified medical practitioner not holding any appointment under the Government gives evidence at any inquest by direction of a Coroner he shall receive a fee of one pound, and when he holds a post-morten examination by direction of a Coroner he shall receive a fee of two pounds.

Medical fees.

PART VI.

OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

42. The Judge shall, with the approval of the Governor, appoint a Registrar and such other officers as shall from time to time be necessary for the administration of justice whose duties shall correspond to those officers appointed to similar posts by the High Court of Justice in England.

Appointment of Registrar etc.

43. The Governor may from time to time appoint any person to be a notary public who shall have all the powers and authorities of a notary public appointed under the law in England and shall use a seal inscribed "Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands, Notarial Seal".

Notary Public.

PART VII.

PROCEDURE.

44. Unless otherwise provided by this or any other Ordinance the practice and procedure in the High Court of Justice in England shall as far as possible be adopted in the Supreme Court, the practice and procedure in a Court of summary jurisdiction in England shall as far as possible be adopted in a Court and the practice and procedure in a county court in England shall as far possible be adopted in a Court sitting to hear and determine civil cases.

English procedure to be followed.

45. (1) Textual or technical errors in any process or proceeding shall not invalidate such process or proceeding provided that the opposite party is not deceived or misled.

Errors in proceedings.

- (2) The Court trying the case shall decide whether any such textual or technical error is calculated to deceive or mislead and shall amend such errors or make such order in respect thereof as it may deem fit.
- 46. The conviction of an offender shall not be quashed or set aside on the ground of want of form in the order, judgment, warrant or other proceeding made in connection therewith.

Want of form not to invalidate.

47. All complaints in respect of any offence, shall unless any limitation of time is especially provided for, be laid within six calendar months after the offence is alleged to have been committed.

Complaints.

48. (1) When a civil claim within the limits prescribed by section 4 (3) is laid before a Justice he shall issue a summons under his hand and seal.

Summons in civil cases.

(2) When a party in such civil action desires a person to be summoned as a witness to give oral evidence in Court or produce at the hearing in Court a document in the control or possession of such person a Justice shall issue a summons under his hand and seal accordingly.

Absconding defen-

- 49. Where the plaintiff in any action shall prove to the satisfaction of the Judge that the plaintiff has good cause of action against the defendant and that there is probable cause for believing that the defendant is about to leave the Colony, and that the absence of the defendant will materially prejudice the plaintiff in the prosecution of his action the Judge may order such defendant to be arrested and imprisoned for a period not exceeding six months, unless and until he give security, not exceeding the amount claimed in the action, that he will not leave the Colony without the leave of the Court.
- (2) Where the action is for a penalty, or sum in the nature of a penalty in respect of a contract it shall not be necessary to prove that the absence from the Colony will materially prejudice the plaintiff in the prosecution of his action and the security given shall be to the effect that any sum recovered against the defendant in the action shall be paid or that the defendant shall be committed to prison.
- (3) The expenses incurred for the subsistence in prison of any person arrested under this section shall be paid by the plaintiff at the rate of five shillings a day or such other sum as the Court may from time to time direct and shall be paid monthly in advance and the costs thereof shall be recoverable as costs in the action unless the Court shall otherwise order. The Court may, on failure of the plaintiff to pay the subsistence, order that the defendant be released.

Reasons for Judgment to be given. 50. A Justice, Magistrate or Judge sitting without a jury in any civil or criminal case shall record his judgment in writing and every such judgment shall contain the point or points for determination, the decision thereon and the reason therefor and shall be dated by the Justice. Magistrate or Judge at the time of pronouncement.

Sentences.

- 51. (1) Any person sentenced to penal servitude shall be deemed to have been sentenced to imprisonment with hard labour.
- (2) The Governor may by Order commute the sentence of any prisoner to a lesser sentence and such Order shall have the force and effect of a warrant of commitment.

PART VIII.

APPEALS TO PRIVY COUNCIL.

When an appeal lies.

- 52. Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance an appeal shall lie
 - (a) as of right, from any final judgment of the Supreme Court, where the matter in dispute on the appeal amounts to or is of the value of five hundred pounds sterling or upwards, or where the appeal involves, directly or indirectly, some claim or question to or respecting property or some civil right amounting to or of the value of five hundred pounds sterling or upwards; and
 - (b) at the discretion of the Supreme Court, from any other judgment of the Supreme Court, whether final or interlocutory, if, in the opinion of the Supreme Court, the question involved in the appeal is one which, by reason of its great general or public importance or otherwise, ought to be submitted to His Majesty in Council for decision.

Procedure on application for leave to appeal. 53. An application for leave to appeal shall be made by motion or petition to the Supreme Court within 21 days from the date of the

judgment to be appealed from. The applicant shall forthwith give notice of his application to all other parties in the action.

54. Leave to appeal shall be granted in the first instance:

(1) upon condition of the appellant, within a period to be fixed by the Supreme Court, but not exceeding three months from the date of the hearing of the application for leave to appeal, entering into good and sufficient security, to the satisfaction of the Supreme Court, in a sum not exceeding five hundred pounds, for the due prosecution of the appeal, and the payment of all such costs as may become payable to the respondent in the event of the appellant not obtaining an order granting him final leave to appeal, or of the appeal being dismissed for non-prosecution, or of His Majesty in Council ordering the appellant to pay the respondent's costs of the appeal (as the case may be)

Conditional leave to appeal.

- (2) upon such conditions (if any) as to the time or times within which the appellant shall prepare and despatch the record to the Registrar of the Privy Council as the Supreme Court may deem fit; and
- (3) upon such conditions as to payment of the sum awarded under the judgment of the Supreme Court, and costs, on the giving of security in respect thereof, or as to compliance with an order of the Supreme Court as that Court may deem fit.
- 55. An appellant who has obtained an order granting him conditional leave to appeal may at any time prior to the making of an order granting him final leave to appeal withdraw his appeal on such terms as to costs and otherwise as the Supreme Court may direct.

Withdrawal of appeal prior to order for final leave to appeal.

56. When an appellant, having complied with the conditions imposed on him by an order granting him conditional leave to appeal, fails to apply with due diligence to the Supreme Court for an order granting him final leave to appeal the Supreme Court may, on the application of a respondent, rescind the order granting conditional leave to appeal and may give such directions as to the costs of the appeal and the security entered into by the appellant or make such further or other order as it may deem fit.

When order for conditional leave may be rescinded.

57. On an application for final leave to appeal the Supreme Court may defer the granting thereof until it is satisfied that sufficient notice has been given to all respondents or may give such other directions as it may deem fit.

When order for final leave may be deferred.

58. When an appellant, prior to the despatch of the record to the Registrar of the Privy Council, applies to withdraw his appeal the Supreme Court may grant him a certificate to the effect that the appeal has been withdrawn and thereupon the appeal shall be deemed dismissed, without express order from His Majesty in Council, and the Supreme Court may make such order as to costs of the appeal and the security entered into by the appellant as it may deem fit.

Withdrawal of appeal before despatch of record to England.

59. An appellant who has obtained final leave to appeal shall prosecute his appeal in accordance with the rules for the time being regulating the practice and procedure in appeals to His Majesty in Council.

Prosecution of appeal.

60. When an appellant fails to show due diligence in procuring the despatch of the record to the Registrar of the Privy Council any respondent may, after giving the appellant due notice, apply to the Supreme Court for a certificate that the appeal has not been effectively prosecuted and if the Supreme Court shall grant such certificate, the appeal shall be deemed dismissed without express order from His Majesty in Council and the Supreme Court may make such order as to costs of the appeal and the security entered into by the appellant as it may deem fit.

When an appeal shall be dismissed for nonprosecution. Consolidation of appeals.

61. Where there are two or more applications for leave to appeal arising out of the same course of action the Supreme Court may direct that the appeals be consolidated and grant leave to appeal by a single order.

Substitution etc. of parties.

- 62. When the record becomes defective by reason of the death or change of status of a party to the appeal:
- (1) before the despatch of the record to the Registrar of the Privy Council the Supreme Court shall on an application made by any person interested, grant a certificate showing the proper person to be substituted or entered on the record in the place of or in addition to the party who has died or suffered a change of status and the name of such person shall be deemed to be substituted or entered on the record without express order of His Majesty in Council:
- (2) after the despatch of the record as aforesaid the Supreme Court shall on an application made by any person interested cause a certificate to be transmitted to the Registrar of the Privy Council showing the proper person to be substituted or entered on the record in the place of, or in addition to the party who has died or suffered a change of status.

Preparation of the record.

63. The preparation of the record shall be in accordance with rules made under this Ordinance and shall be subject to the supervision of the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court shall give such directions on any disputed question arising in connection therewith as it may deem fit.

Execution of order of His Majesty in Council.

64. The Supreme Court shall conform with and execute any order which His Majesty in Council may make on an appeal in like manner as any original judgment of the Supreme Court should be executed.

Taxation of Costs.

65. Where His Majesty in Council directs a party to bear the costs of an appeal such costs shall be taxed by an officer appointed by the Supreme Court so to do. Such officer shall inquire into any unnecessary prolixity in a case and shall disallow the costs occasioned thereby.

Right of His Majesty in Council to admit appeal from any judgment. 66. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall be deemed to interfere with the right of His Majesty upon the humble petition of any person aggrieved by any judgment of the Supreme Court to admit his appeal therefrom upon such conditions as His Majesty in Council shall think fit to impose.

PART IX. GENERAL.

Rules.

67. The Governor in Council may make rules for regulating the practice and procedure, the pleadings, fees and costs, and the conduct of all civil and criminal matters in the Supreme Court and Courts of Summary Jurisdiction, the duties and powers of officers of the Supreme Court and the preparation of the record in appeals to His Majesty in Council.

Repeals.
6 of 1898.
3 of 1900 (part).
4 of 1901.
5 of 1901.
5 of 1902.
5 of 1909.
2 of 1932.
6 of 1935.

68. The Coroners Ordinance 1898, the sections in the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance 1900 not already repealed, the Administration of Justice Act 1901, the Jury Ordinance 1901, the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902, the Privy Council Appeals Ordinance 1909, the Summary Jurisdiction (Amendment) Ordinance 1932, the Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance 1935, the Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance 1938, are hereby repealed.

17 of 1938. Operation and commencement.

69. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies and shall come into force on the 1st day of July 1949.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.		MARCH 1, 1949.		
		NEW APPOINTMENTS.		
Name	Department	Office	Date	Remarks
Bennett, H.	Judicial	Registrar	1.1.49.	On probation for 1 year.
Sadler-Smith, P.	Govt. House	Orderly & Caretaker	1.1.49.	-
Kotowski, J. M.B., Ch.B., P.S.	Medical	Medical Officer	9.1.49.	-
Browning, F.	Harbour	Leading Hand, m.v. "Philomel"	1.2.49.	On probation for 6 months.
Sarney, J.	Harbour	Engineer, m.v. "Philomel"	1,2,49.	On probation for 6 months.
Reive, Miss D.	Elec. & Tel	s. Telephone Operator	1.2.49.	On probation for 6 months.
	TERM	INATION OF APPOINTME	ENTS.	
	Department	Office	Date	Reason
Peck, Dempsey	Messenger	Post Office	17.1.49.	Dismissed.
Gleadell, Mrs. M.		Telephone Operator	31.1.49.	Resigned.
Davis, Miss S.	Medical.	Staff Nurse, K.E.M.H.	20.2.49.	Resigned.
		LEAVE.		
	Department	Office Date	Period	Remarks
Fleuret, D. Gleadell, L. C.	Police & Prisons Andit	Police Constable 12.2.49 Clerk, Grade II. 12.2.49		— Training leave.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor,

R. WINTER,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 10.

8th February, 1949.

EXCHANGE CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS.

IMPORT AND EXPORT OF STERLING NOTES.

Imports :-

Travellers are permitted to bring into the Colony up to £10 in sterling notes: any amount in excess of £10 is liable to seizure and forfeiture.

Exports :-

Travellers to the United Kingdom via Montevideo are permitted to take up to £10 in sterling out of the Colony or Dependencies but, in so doing are warned as follows:—

- They should not take with them more sterling notes than they need within the permitted limit of £10.
- ii. Any such notes in excess of £5 per person taken to the United Kingdom are liable to seizure and forfeiture.
- iii. Sterling notes must not be bought from any source en route.
- iv. Sterling notes must not be spent on foreign vessels or exchanged anywhere outside the United Kingdom.
- 2. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Public Notice, Finance Control, Imports and Exports of Currency, are hereby cancelled.

M.P. 0078/A.

No. 11.

11th February, 1949.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment:—

D. M. HONEYMAN, ESQUIRE,

to be Officer-in-Charge, Education Department, with effect from the 9th of January, 1949.

M.P. P/434.

No. 12.

11th February, 1949.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 48 of the 25th of August, 1948, it is hereby notified that

H. SKILLINGTON, ESQUIRE,

acted as Officer-in-Charge, Education Department, from the 22nd of August, 1948, to the 8th of January, 1949.

M.P. P/418.

No. 13.

21st February, 1949.

On the recommendation of the Selection Committee, under the Chairmanship of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, His Excellency the Governor selected the following candidate for the scholarship to the British School in Montevideo in 1949

SALLY BERNTSEN of Stanley

but as she withdrew her name from the list of applicants for a scholarship, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the award to

COLLEEN ROWLANDS of Stanley

the next caudidate recommended by the Selection Committee.

Falkland Prizes are awarded to:-

- 1. SALLY BERNTSEN.
- 2. INGRID PETTERSSON.
- 3. RICHARD ANDERSON.

M.P. 0808.

No. 14.

25th February, 1949.

CONSTITUTION OF LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

His Excellency the Governor directs the publication of the Constitution of the Legislative Council under the provisions of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order-in-Council, 1948, as follows:-

President.

His Excellency the Governor.

Ex-Officio.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary.

" " Senior Medical Officer.

.. Agricultural Officer.

Elected Members.

FOR THE EAST FALKLAND
Arthur Grenfell Barton, Esquire, J.P.

FOR THE WEST FALKLAND

Keith William Luxton, Esquire, J.P.

FOR THE TOWN OF STANLEY

Stanley Charles Luxton, Esquire. Arthur Leslie Hardy, Esquire, B.E.M., J.P.

Nominated Unofficial Members.

David William Roberts, Esquire, O.B.E. J.P. William John Hutchinson, Esquire.

Nominated Official Members.

Eric Francis Bunting, Esquire, Bernard Noel Biggs, Esquire, David Masterton Honeyman, Esquire,

M.P. 0068/II.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Gerard Stanley Clifton of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Thomas Stanley Clifton, father of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

H. BENNETT,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

27th January, 1949.

L. 4/49.

STANLEY TOWN COUNCIL.

ABSTRACT OF CASH RECEIPTS & PAYMENTS 1948.

REC	EIPTS.		PAYMENTS.		
		£ s. d.	£	s.	— d.
Government Grant	***	3,000 : 0 : 0	Salary, Town Clerk 197 :	13	: 4
Miscellaneous sales	***	14 : 0	Office Rent 24 :	0	()
Interest, Savings Bank		2:19:1	Water, payment to Government 416:		
			Street lighting 500 :	\mathbf{G}	()
			Fire Brigade, payment to 208:	6	. 8
			Cemetery Board, payment to 41:	13 -	- 4
			Scavenging 697 :	19	. 11
			Charitable Relief 562 :	9	11
			Gymnasium & Baths 177 :	4	: ()
			Stationery, cleaning, etc 94 :	7	3
		3,003 : 13 : 1	9.090	7	
Candidates' deposits		30 : 0 : 0	Deposits volumeled 2,920 :		
			Deposits refunded 30 :	U	. 0
			2,950 :	7	. 9
	- (Balance in Bank £46 : 5 : 9 ,. ,. cash 36 : 19 : 7		
				5	: 4
		3,033 : 13 : 1	£3,033 : 1	13	. 1

Examined and found correct, (Sgd.) R. S. BOUMPHREY. Town Council Auditor, 10/2/49.

(Sgd.) KARL V. LELLMAN, Town Clerk, 7/2/49.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To consolidate the law relating to Dangerous Drugs.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dangerous Drugs Short title. Ordinance, 1949.
 - 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires -

"dangerous drugs" includes all those several substances mentioned in the First Schedule to this Ordinance.

"import authorisation" means a licence issued by the Senior Medical Officer, authorising the importation of a specified quantity of a dangerous drug and containing full particulars of the drug, together with the name and address of the person from whom the drug is to be obtained, the name and address of the person authorised to import the drug, and the period within which the importation must be effected.

"import certificate" means a certificate issued by the Senior Medical Officer in the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

Interpretation.

Governor in Council may add to the Schedule. 3. If it appears to the Governor in Council that any new drug or drugs not previously specified may be productive, if improperly used, of ill effects, then the Governor in Council may by Proclamation declare the said drugs to be "dangerous drugs" within the meaning of this Ordinance.

Restriction of imports or sale or distribution of dangerous drugs. 4. Any person who cultivates, imports, manufactures, exports, supplies, procures, sells, or gives away any dangerous drugs or their derivatives in the Colony, save under licence or authorisation of the Senior Medical Officer in the manner hereinafter set forth in this Ordinance, shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Provided that the administration by or under the direct supervision of a registered Medical Officer, registered Dentist, officer in charge of the Agricultural Department or Veterinary Surgeon, shall not be deemed to be supplying dangerous drugs within the meaning of this Ordinance.

Import of dangerous drugs.

- 5. (1) An import authorisation permitting the importation of any dangerous drug specified therein may be granted by the Senior Medical Officer of the Colony, subject to such conditions as he shall deem fit, to any person who in his discretion appears to be a proper person to import dangerous drugs.
- (2) Where an import authorisation is issued in pursuance of sub-section (1) of this section the Senior Medical Officer shall also issue, in relation to the dangerous drugs intended to be imported, an import certificate which shall be forwarded by the intending importer to the person from whom the drug is to be obtained.

Sale of dangerous drugs to be entered in a book.

- 6. (1) Every person who sells any dangerous drug shall, before delivery thereof to the purchaser, inquire his name, place of abode, and occupation, and the purpose for which the dangerous drug is required and shall make a true entry of the dangerous drug and the quantity thereof, and all the particulars given by the purchaser, together with the day of the month and year of the sale, in a book to be kept by the vendor for that purpose, in the form in the second schedule hereto.
- (2) The entry shall be signed by the person making the same and also by the purchaser, unless he declares himself unable to write, in which case the person making the entry shall add thereto the words "purchaser cannot write".
- (3) A witness to the sale shall sign the entry, and shall state his place of abode.
- (4) Every person licenced to sell dangerous drugs shall forthwith record in the book provided for in this section the particulars of all such drugs used by him.
- 7. (1) When sales and purchases of dangerous drugs are made by correspondence, the letter ordering the same shall be preserved by the vendor and a memorandum of the date of the said letter, by whom it was written, and the quantity and particulars of the dangerous drug therein ordered, shall be entered in the said book.
- (2) No person shall sell any dangerous drug so ordered to any person with whose signature he is not acquainted, unless the signature has been witnessed by a justice of the peace, clergyman, or public officer, or is authenticated by some person known to the vendor.

Restrictions as to sale of any dangerous drugs.

- 8. (1) No person shall sell any dangerous drug to any person who is under eighteen years of age, or who is unknown to the vendor, unless the sale is made in the presence of some witness who is known to the vendor and knows the purchaser.
- (2) The witness shall sign his name and add his place of abode to the required entry before the delivery of the dangerous drug to the purchaser.

- 9. Any person who-
 - (a) sells any dangerous drug, and delivers the same, without having made and signed the entries required by this Ordinance; or
 - (b) sells any dangerous drug without having obtained the signature to such entry as is required by this Ordinance; or
 - (c) purchases a dangerous drug and gives false information in answer to inquiries which the vendor is by this Ordinance authorised to inquire of such purchases; or
 - (d) signs his name as a witness to the sale of a dangerous drug to a person unknown to him; or
 - (e) omits to record any drugs used by him as required under section 6 (4) hereof;

shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

10. Any person who sells any dangerous drug either by wholesale or retail, unless the bottle, or other vessel, wrapper, or cover, box, or case immediately containing the same bears thereon the word "Poison" printed conspicuously, together with the name of the article and the name and address of the seller thereof, shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Rules to be observed in the sale of poisons.

11. The books required to be kept under this Ordinance shall at all times be open to inspection by a Government medical officer, the Chief Constable, or a police officer not below the rank of sergeant, and any person who wilfully delays or obstructs any person in the exercise of his powers under this section or fails to produce or conceals or attempts to conceal any book shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Inspection of books.

12. Whosoever, being the owner or other person in charge or possession of any dangerous drug, leaves it in any place (whether the same is ordinarily accessible to others or not) unless the bottle or package of whatever kind in which the dangerous drug is contained is marked "Poison" and is otherwise duly labelled shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Poisons to be labelled.

13. Any constable may arrest without warrant any person who has committed, or attempted to commit, or is reasonably suspected by the constable of having committed or attempted to commit, an offence against this Ordinance, if he has reasonable ground for believing that person will abscond unless arrested, or if the name and address of that person are known to and cannot be ascertained by him.

Power of arrest.

14. (1) A Magistrate or Justice of the Peace may, on being satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting any dangerous drugs are in contravention of this Ordinance in the possession or under the control of any person in any premises, grant a search warrant at any time or times within one month from the date of the warrant to enter, if necessary by force the premises named in the warrant and to search the premises and any person found therein and if there is reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence against this Ordinance has been committed to seize and retain any dangerous drugs.

Power to search for dangerous drugs.

- (2) Any person who wilfully delays or obstructs a constable in the exercise of his powers under this section, or fails to produce or conceals or attempts to conceal any drugs shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.
- 15. The Governor in Council may make regulations governing -
 - (a) the export of dangerous drugs from the Colony;

Governor in Council may make regulations.

- (b) dangerous drugs in transit;
- (c) supply and distribution within the Colony under the supervision of Medical Practitioners registered under the Medical Practitioners, Midwives, and Dentists Ordinance, 1914;
- (d) generally the effective administration of this Ordinance.

Exemptions to Ordinance.

- 16. Nothing in this Ordinance shall apply to the sale of
 - (a) any dangerous drug when made up or compounded as a medicine according to the prescription of a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist, veterinary surgeon or officer in charge of the Agricultural Department provided the medicine is labelled with the name and address of the vendor and the ingredients thereof are entered, with the name of the person to whom it is sold or delivered, in a book to be kept for that purpose;
 - (b) patent medicine;
 - (c) medicine dispensed by or on the instructions of the officer in charge of the Agricultural Department or a Veterinary surgeon, for animals under their treatment.
- 17. Licences and authorisations issued or granted by the Senior Medical Officer may be issued or granted on such terms and subject to such conditions (including in the case of a licence the payment of a fee) as the Senior Medical Officer thinks proper.

Offences.

- 18. Any person who:
 - (a) acts in contravention of or fails to comply with any regulations under this Ordinance; or
 - (b) acts in contravention of or fails to comply with the conditions of any licence issued or authorisation granted under this Ordinance; or
 - (c) for the purpose of obtaining whether for himself or for any other person the issue, grant, renewal of any such licence or authorisation makes any declaration or statement which is false in any particular or knowingly enters, produces, or makes use of such document or statement; or
 - (d) aids, abets, conceals, or procures the commission of an offence against this Ordinance;

shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Penalties.

- 19. Every person guilty of an offence against this Ordinance shall in respect of each offence be liable
 - (a) on conviction upon indictment to a fine not exceeding £1,000 or to penal servitude for a period not exceeding ten years or to both such fine and penal servitude; or
 - (b) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 or imprisonment not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment

and shall in every case on convicion for the offence forfeit to His Majesty all articles in respect of which the offence was committed and the court may order any forfeited articles to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of as the court thinks fit.

20. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Application of Ordinance.

21. The Poisons Ordinance, 1914; the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1925; the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1932; the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1934; the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1935, and the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1944 are hereby repealed.

Repeals:
6 of 1914.
8 of 1925.
9 of 1932.
10 of 1934.
2 of 1935.

3 of 1944.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

- 1. Medicinal opium.
- 2. Indian hemp including the whole or any portion of the plants Cannabis indica and Cannabis sativa, any resin obtained from such plants, all preparations of which such resins form the base and any extract or tincture of Indian hemp.
- 3. Morphine and its salts, and diacetylmorphine (commonly known as diamorphine or heroin) and the other esters of morphine and their respective salts.
- 4. Cocaine (including synthetic cocaine) and ecgonine and their respective salts, and the esters of ecgonine and their respective salts; "ecgonine" means laevo-ecgonine and includes any derivatives of ecgonine from which it may be recovered industrially.
- 5. Any solution or dilution of morphine or cocaine or their salts in an inert substance whether liquid or solid, containing any proportion of morphine or cocaine, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance (not being such a solution or dilution as aforesaid) containing not less than one-fifth per cent. of morphine or one-third per cent. of cocaine or of ecgonine.
- 6. Any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of diacetylmorphine.
- 7. Dihydrohydroxycodeinone, dihydrocodeinone, dihydromorphine, their esters and the salts of any of these substances and of their esters, morphine-N-oxide (commonly known as genomorphine), the morphine-N-oxide derivatives, and any other pentavalent nitrogen morphine derivatives.
- 8. Thebaine and its salts, benzylmorphine and the ethers of morphine (including methylmorphine commonly known as codeine and ethylmorphine, commonly known as dionin) and their respective salts.
- 9. Any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of any of the substances mentioned in 7 above and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of any of the substances mentioned in 8 above except Syrupus Codeinae Phosphatis B.P.C. 1934 and preparations, admixtures or other substances containing 2.5 per cent. or less of methylmorphine or ethylmorphine in association with other medicinal substances.
- 10. Actyldihydrocodeinone (acedicone) and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of acetyldihydrocodeinone.
- 11. Dagga, wild dagga, red dagga or klip dagga, including the whole or any portion of the plants *Leonotis ovata*, or any solution, extract or other preparation of any part of such plants.
- 12. Dihydrodesoxymorphine, commonly called desomorphine, its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of dihydrodesoxymorphine.

- 13. Pethidine (1 methyl -4 phenylpiperidine -4 carboxylic acid ethyl ester), its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of pethidine.
- 14. Any preparation, not being a preparation capable of external use only, made from extract or tincture of Indian hemp.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(Form of entry in book on sale of dangerous drugs).

Date.	Articles supplied.	Quantity.	To whom supplied.	For what purpose.	Signature.	Signature of Witness.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To provide for the maintenance of a Central Registry and the regulation of all matters to be registered therein.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Registration Ordinance 1949.

Definitions.

- 2. Where the context so admits in this Ordinance and any Regulations made thereunder
 - "Will" includes a codicil.
 - "Instrument" means any deed, contract, will or other matter required to be registered.
 - "Stillborn" applies to any child which has issued forth from its mother after the 28th week of pregnancy and which did not at any time after being completely expelled from its mother, breathe or show any other sign of life.

Central Registry.

3. A Central Registry shall be maintained in Stanley for the registration of all matters required by law, and of all matters which the Governor in Council may require, to be registered in the Central Registry.

4. (1) The Registrar General shall be responsible for the proper registration of all matters required to be registered under section 3 hereof.

Registrar General.

- (2) The Registrar General shall exercise all the powers perform all the duties and be subject to the liabilities of a registrar of births, deaths and marriages in the United Kingdom so far as the same are applicable.
- 5. All registers, records, books, papers, maps and other documents now in the custody of the Registrar General under the Registration Ordinance 1853 shall be retained by him as part of the records of the Central Registry.

Records etc. to form Central Registry.

6. (1) The father or mother of every child born alive in the Colony and its Dependencies, or in the case of the death, illness or absence or inability of the father or mother the occupier of the house in which to his knowledge the child is born, or one of the persons present at the birth or the person having charge of the child shall, if the child shall have been born in Stanley, give to the Registrar General within ten days of the birth such particulars as he may require to be registered, and if the child shall have been born elsewhere shall give to the Registrar General or a Registrar appointed under this Ordinance such particulars within 42 days of the date of birth, and in every such case shall sign the register.

Registration of particulars of births.

- (2) Any person responsible for giving such particulars to the best of his knowledge and belief who shall fail to do so or refuse to sign the register shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.
- 7. The provisions of section 6 shall apply to the birth of a stillborn child and every person required to give information shall either

Registration of birth of Stillborn child.

- (1) deliver to the Registrar General or nearest Registrar a written certificate that the child was not born alive signed by a registered medical practitioner or midwife who was in attendance at the birth or who has examined the body of such child; or
- (2) make a declaration to the effect that no registered medical practitioner or midwife was present at the birth, or has examined the body or that his or her certificate cannot be obtained and that the child was not born alive.
- 8. (1) The nearest relatives of the decased present at the death or in attendance during the last illness, or in default any relative who has knowledge of any of the particulars required to be registered, or in default of such relatives, any person present at the death or the occupier of the house in which to his knowledge the death took place, or any person finding or taking charge of the body, or each inmate of the house or the person causing the body to be buried shall inform the Registrar or nearest Registrar within five days next after the death or finding the body if such death or finding occurred in Stanley or within 14 days if it occurred elsewhere and shall sign the register.

Information as to death.

- (2) Any person whose duty it is to register a death who shall fail within twelve months of the date of death of finding the body and within seven days of the receipt of a notice from the Registrar General or nearest Registrar calling on him so to do shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.
- 9. A Minister of Religion shall keep registers of baptisms and burials and shall record in them the particulars required under the Parochial Registers Acts and sign the same within seven days of the baptism or burial unless prevented by sickness or other unavoidable cause, and shall on or before the 15th day of January in each year forward to the Governor or to the person appointed by him in

Ministers to keep registers of baptisms and burials. the form required by him an abstract of the number of baptisms and burials registered during the preceding year. Any minister who shall refuse, or without reasonable cause omit to send such abstract shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

Offences.

- 10. Any person who shall:
 - (a) wilfully make or cause to be made a false statement for the purpose of it being inserted in any register;
 - (b) knowingly or wilfully insert or cause or permit to be inserted any false statement in a register or abstract required under this Ordinance or any regulations made thereunder or shall knowingly or wilfully sign or verify any copy or abstract knowing the same to be false;
 - (c) wilfully destroy or injure or cause to be destroyed or injured any register or map being a record in the Central Registry

shall commit an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

Refusal by Registrar General etc. to hand over records.

- 11. (1) Any Registrar General or Registrar who refuses on ceasing to hold such office to deliver up to the Governor or the person appointed by him to receive all registers, records, books, papers, maps, safes keys and other documents and things in his possession relating to his office shall commit an offence and be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 and a further fine not exceeding £10 for each day he shall so refuse to deliver up such registers, records, books, papers, maps, safes keys and other documents and things after conviction in respect thereof.
- (2) If a Justice is satisfied by information on oath that an offence under this section has been committed he may grant a search warrant authorising any constable named therein to enter at any time any premises or place named in the warrant, if necessarily by force, and to search the premises or place and any person found therein and to seize any register, record, book, paper, map, document, safe key or anything which is evidence of an offence under this section.

Regulations.

12. The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the administration of this Ordinance and impose penalties for any breach thereof.

Repeals. 12 of 1853 7 of 1938. 13. The Registration Ordinance 1853 and the Registration (Amendment) Ordinance 1938 are hereby repealed.

Operation.

14. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To provide for the grant of Probate and the Administration of Estates.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

This Ordinance may be cited as the Administration of Estates Ordinance, 1949.

2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits:

"Court" means the Supreme Court in the Colony.

"Unrepresented estate" means the estate of a deceased person in respect of which there is no executor or administrator able or willing to act as such.

3. Applications for Probate and Letters of Administration shall be made by petition on oath to the Judge, and shall

(1) in the case of a will, state the date of death of the testator, that the document produced is believed to be his last will and testament, that the petitioner is the person named as the executor and that to the best of the petitioner's knowledge and belief there is no later will of the testator;

(2) in the ease of an intestacy state the date of death of the intestate and the grounds on which the petitioner applies for letters of administration;

in the case of a petition for letters of administration with the will annexed state that either no executors were appointed

Short title.

Definitions.

Applications for Probate and Letters of Administration.

or that they are dead or have renounced probate and the capacity in which the petitioner is entitled.

Letters of Administration advertisement.

- 4. (1) Notice of application for Letters of Administration shall be published once in the Gazette and once in any newspaper in the Colony.
- (2) Letters of Administration shall not be granted until the expiration of three weeks after the publication of the notice in the Gazette except on cases where the Judge is satisfied, by affidavit or otherwise that the grant should be made before the expiration of such three weeks and that notice of application has been given to all persons residing in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant when the Judge may grant to such applicant Letters of Administration limited or otherwise as the circumstances may require before the expiration of such three weeks.

Bonds.

- 5. (1) Probate or Letters of Administration shall not be granted until the applicant has entered into a bond approved by the Judge, with or without sureties, not exceeding two, as the Judge may decide. The penalty of the bond shall be double the amount or value of the estate.
- (2) The Court may, on application or petition in chambers, and on being satisfied that the conditions of any bond have been broken, order the assignment of the bond to the person named in the order and such person his executors and administrators shall thereupon be entitled as trustees for all persons interested to sue and recover the full amount due in respect of such breach of the bond as if the same had been entered into with him or them.

Caveats.

- 6. (1) Where a caveat has been entered before a grant of probate or Letters of Administration shall have been made all parties interested therein shall be summoned before the Judge to show cause why a grant should not issue and after hearing the said parties and such evidence as the Judge may think necessary the Judge shall make such order as he may deem just.
- (2) When any party fails to appear the Court may after proof of service, proceed as if the proceedings were *ex-parte* or adjourn on such terms as it may direct.

Proof of Will in Solemn Form. 7. Any person interested in a will including any executor may file a petition verified by affidavit in Court praying that such will be proved in solemn form and such petition shall be dealt with as other petitions to the Court.

Substitution of administrator for absentee personal representative.

- 8. (1) Any person interested in the estate of a deceased person may file in Court a petition, verified by affidavit on the ground that the interests of parties concerned in the estate have suffered, or will suffer, by reason of the executor or administrator having been, or will be, absent from the Colony for the period of one year, and the Court may appoint an administrator with the will annexed or an administrator de bonis non to act during the absence of such executor or administrator.
- (2) In case of dispute the Court may proceed as provided in section 6 (1).
- (3) An administrator appointed under this section shall enter into a bond with or without surities and be subject to the liabilities provided for in section 5.

Proceedings.

9. All contentious proceedings shall be heard in open Court: non-contentious proceedings shall be heard in chambers unless the Court otherwise directs.

Service of citations etc.

10. Citations, writs, summons and orders shall be served personally on the person to whom they are addressed unless the Court for sufficient cause shall otherwise direct.

11. The Registrar shall record all grants of probate and letters of administration and maintain proper files of all papers relating thereto.

Records.

12. (1) The Court may require the attendance of any person whom it may think fit to examine, and may order any person to be examined on interrogatives on oath, and may order any person to produce such deed, document paper or writing as it may require.

Witnesses.

(2) Any person refusing or neglecting to comply with any writ, summons or order of the Court shall be guilty of contempt of Court and shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £50.

Official Administrator.

13. An Official Administrator appointed by the Governor shall exercise the rights, powers and duties and be subject to the liabilities of the Public Trustee established under the Public Trustee Act 1906 in respect of the administration of estates where he is appointed an executor of the will of a deceased person or in the case of an intestacy where there is no person able or willing to administer the estate of the deceased.

When Official Administrator may act.

- 14. The Official Administrator shall on becoming aware of an unrepresented estate:
- (1) if he thinks fit so to do immediately enter upon the estate for the purpose of sealing up or making such other dispositions for the security of such estate as he may deem necessary;
- (2) as soon as possible present a petition to the Court stating the particulars of such estate and praying that he be appointed administrator of the said estate and the Court shall upon being satisfied that such estate is unrepresented grant such order.
- 15. The Official Administrator shall forthwith on an Order being made under section 14 cause a notice thereof to be published in the Gazette and in any paper published in the Colony and a copy thereof to be affixed to the public notice board in Stanley.

Notice of Order.

16. Any person legally entitled to the administration of an estate in respect of which an order under section 14 has been made may petition the Court that he be appointed administrator of the said estate and the Court shall, upon being satisfied thereon revoke the said order and appoint the petitioner to be administrator of the said estate provided that all matters and things bona fide now or performed prior to the revocation of such order shall be valid and effectual.

Order may be revoked.

17. All moneys received by the Official Administrator shall forthwith be paid into the Government Savings Bank to the account of the Official Administrator and he shall make a return monthly to the Judge showing the amounts standing to the credit of each estate being administered by him.

Moneys to be paid into Savings Bank.

18. The Official Administrator shall at the expiration of one year or such other period as the Court may direct, from the date of the Order made under section 14 dispose of the moneys arising from such estate as follows:

Distribution of estate.

- (1) Reimburse himself of all costs and charges incurred in administrating the estate as authorised by the Court.
- (2) Pay into the Treasury $7\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of the gross amount of the estate to defray the cost of administering the estate.
- (3) Pay the creditors of the estate in the order prescribed by law.
- (4) Pay the balance into the Treasury upon trust for the person legally entitled thereto.

Kindred to be advertised for.

19. The Official Administrator shall in every case in which the kindred of an intestate are unknown cause an advertisement to be inserted in the London Gazette and the London Times Newspaper once a quarter for a period of one year unless the Court shall otherwise direct, giving particulars of the name, nationality and date of death of the deceased and the value of the estate.

Claims for balances of unrepresented estates. 20. Any person other than a creditor, claiming to be legally entitled to the balance of an unrepresented estate as mentioned in section 18 (4) may petition the Court that such balance be delivered to him and the Court upon being satisfied as to the validity of such claim shall make such order as may be just. Where there are two or more such claimants the Court shall determine their claims and make such order as to costs or otherwise as it may deem fit.

Resealing probates etc. granted outside the Colony.

- 21. (1) When a Court of Probate in any part of the British Commonwealth of Nations has granted probate or letter of administration in respect of the estate of a deceased person the probate or letters may on being produced to, and a copy thereof deposited with the Court, be sealed with the seal of the Court, and shall therefrom be of like force and effect as if they had been granted by the Court.
- (2) The Court shall before re-sealing a probate or letters of administration be satisfied that estate duty has be paid or that sufficient security has been given in respect of the estate in the Colony.
- (3) The Court may before re-sealing on the application of any creditor require that adequate security be given for the payment of any debts due to creditors residing in the Colony.
- (4) A duplicate of any probate or letters of administration sealed with the Seal of the Court granting the same, or a copy thereof certified correct by or under the authority to the Court granting the same, shall have the same effect as the original.

Rules of Court.

22. The Governor in Council may make rules of Court regulating the practice and procedure including fees and costs, under this Ordinance.

Repeals.

9 of 1901
4 of 1936
6 of 1936
11 of 1944.

23. The Probate and Unrepresented Estates Ordinance 1901, the Probate and Unrepresented Estates (Amendment) Ordinance, 1936, the Administration of Intestate Estates Ordinance, 1936, and the Probate and Unrepresented Estates (Amendment) Ordinance, 1944 are hereby repealed.

Application.

24. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1900.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows -

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Interpretation and Short title. General Law Ordinance, 1949.

2. (1) In this Ordinance and in all Ordinances, Orders in Council, Proclamations, Regulations and Notices now in force or hereafter to be made, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them respectively unless such construction is inconsistent with the context or unless it is otherwise expressly provided therein:

"Act" means an Act of Parliament of the United Kingdom in force in the Colony.

"British Empire" means His Majesty's dominions, British protectorates and protected States and territories administered by the Government of any part of His Majesty's dominions in accordance with a Mandate from the League of Nations or under the Trusteeship system of the United Nations.

Interpretation.

- "the Colony" means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.
- "Colonial waters or territorial waters" means the sea surrounding the Colony over which His Majesty has or may have jurisdiction.
- "commencement" means, with reference to an Ordinance, the time at which the Ordinance comes into operation.
- "Common law" means the Common law of England.
- "contravention" means in relation to any requirement or condition prescribed in any Ordinance, Regulation or in relation to any permit licence or other authority granted under or in pursuance of any Ordinance or Regulation a failure to comply with that requirement or condition.
- "daily penalty" means a penalty for each day on which an offence is continued after conviction therefor.
- "dues" means rates taxes and duties.
- "estate" means any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon property.
- "folio" means 72 words.
- "the Gazette" means the Government Gazette of the Colony.
- "Gazetted" means published in the Gazette.
- "Government" means the Government of the Colony.
- "Government Notice" or "general Notice" means an announcement not of a legislative character made by or with the authority of the Governor in the Gazette.
- "Government printer" means any printer authorised by the Government to print the Gazette and other documents of the Government.
- "Governor" means the person for the time being lawfully administering the Government of the Colony.
- "Governor in Council" means the Governor acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council but not necessarily acting in such Council assembled nor necessarily in accordance with such advice.
- "Harbour" means any port declared a harbour by the Governor in Council.
- "Imperial Order-in-Council" means any prerogative Order of His Majesty in Council applicable to the Colony.
- "Justice" or "Justice of the Peace" means a person appointed by the Governor to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony.
- "land" means land and any messuages, houses, buildings or other constructions standing thereon.
- "Law" means the common law, rules of equity, and general statutes in England, so far as they may be applicable to the Colony, and any Ordinance, Proclamation, Order in Council, Regulation or bye-law in force for the time being.
- "Magistrate" means a person appointed by the Governor to be a Magistrate for the Colony.
- "Master" means, in relation to a ship, any person having charge, control or command thereof.
- "occupier" means any person who uses, inhabits, possesses, or enjoys the premises in respect of which that word is used other than as a servant or caretaker.
- "owner" means a person receiving the rent of property in respect of which that word is used either on his own account, or as

trustee, agent, or manager, or who would receive the same if such property were let to a tenant.

- "parliament" or "Imperial Parliament" means the Parliament of the United Kingdom.
- "person" means any corporation, club, society, or other body or one or more persons of any age and either of the male or female sex.
- "Proclamation" means a proclamation of the Governor under the Public Seal.
- "property" means any land or personal chattels in which a right of ownership exists or may exist.
- "Public Seal" means the Public Seal of the Colony.
- "Registrar" means the Registrar of the Supreme Court.
- "The Secretary of State" means His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies.
- "Stanley" means the area defined in Section 138 of the Stanley Town Council Ordinance and the Schedule thereto.
- "Suburban land" or "suburbs" means (1) land outside Stanley bounded on the north by the Murrel River and Port William on the south and east by Port Harriet and the sea and on the west by a line drawn from a point on the Murrel River commonly known as "Furze Bush" to the summit of Mount Harriet and thence along the eastern boundary of No. 1 Section to the west of Port Harriet and (2) land outside the limit or boundary of any place declared to be a town but not more than six miles from the centre of such town.
- "Town" means Stanley or land within the limits of any place declared to be a Town under section 16 of this Ordinance.
- "United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- "vessel" means every description of ship, boat, lighter, or floating water tank.
- "writing" and expressions referring to writing mean printing lithography, typewriting, photography and other modes of representing or producing words or figures in visible form.
- (2) Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine, words in the singular shall include the plural, and words in the plural shall include the singular.

(3) When forms are prescribed slight deviations therefrom not affecting the substance nor calculated to mislead shall not invalidate them.

(4) When any expression of time occurs the time referred to shall unless it is otherwise expressly provided be held to signify the standard time adopted for the Colony by order of the Governor.

(5) When no time is prescribed or allowed within which anything shall be done such thing shall be done with all convenient speed and as often as the prescribed occasion arises.

(6) The measurement of distance shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be in a straight line on a horizontal plane.

3. The printing by the Government printer of any duly enacted Ordinance, or of any official document countersigned by the Colonial Secretary, or by any person duly authorised by the Governor shall be a sufficient publication and promulgation thereof.

4. (1) The draft of every Ordinance shall be published in the Gazette and a copy thereof affixed to the public notice board in Stanley for one week before its introduction, unless the Governor in

Gender and number.

Forms.

Time.

When no time prescribed.

Distances.

Government publica-

Publication of draft Ordinances. Council decides that for reasons of urgency it is necessary to dispense with such publication and public notification.

Copies may be bought.

(2) Copies of every draft published as aforesaid may be purchased from the Government printer for such sum as the Governor may from time to time direct and the purchaser of such draft may on demand within six months of the date of such purchase be supplied with a copy of the Ordinance as passed without further payment.

Disallowance.

5. An intimation of the disallowance by His Majesty of any Ordinance shall be published in the Gazette.

When Ordinances etc. take effect.

6. Ordinances and subsidiary legislation shall be published in the Gazette and unless it is otherwise provided therein shall take effect and come into operation as law on the date of such publication.

Inspection of Ordinances.

7. A copy of any Ordinance shall be available for inspection during office hours at any place appointed by the Governor.

Admission of Ordinances etc. in evidence.

8. A copy of any Ordinance, Order-in-Council, Regulation or Notice printed by the Government Printer shall be admissible in evidence without further proof thereof.

Repeals do not revive.

9. Where any Ordinance repealing in whole or in part any former enactment is itself repealed, the enactment or part before repealed shall not be revived unless express words to that effect are contained in the last repealing enactment.

Rules. Regulations etc.

10. All orders, rules, regulations, by-laws made, and all scales of fees, charges or fines prescribed under or by virtue of any Ordinance shall come into force on publication thereof unless the contrary intention is expressed and shall be binding in the same manner and to the same extent as if they formed part of such Ordinance.

Appointments.

11. (1) The Governor may appoint such persons as may be required to carry out the duties imposed by any Ordinance and such appointment shall be during pleasure only.

Under Act.

(2) The powers and duties conferred and imposed by any Act upon the holder of any office which does not exist in the Colony shall be exercised and performed by any person duly authorised by the Governor in that behalf.

Officer acting.

(3) Any reference to a public officer shall include the person for the time being lawfully exercising the duties and functions of such officer.

Power to fill vacancies.

(4) Where powers and duties are conferred or imposed upon any person by an Ordinance and such elections or appointments have not been made as required, or the persons elected or appointed have declined to act, or a vacancy is caused by death, the Governor may appoint some person to exercise such powers and discharge such duties until some person who is willing to act has been duly elected or appointed.

Power to fill vacancies during temporary absence.

(5) When any powers or duties are conferred or imposed upon a public officer by any Ordinance, the Governor may direct that during any period of absence of such public officer, owing to illness or any other cause, such powers and duties shall be exercised and performed by a person nominated by the Governor, subject to such conditions, exceptions and qualifications as the Governor may direct.

Dismissal etc.

(6) Where a power of appointment is conferred by any Ordinance the power shall also be implied to remove, dismiss, suspend, re-appoint, or re-instate, any person appointed in exercise of the power unless the contrary intention is expressed in the Ordinance.

(7) When any change in the title of a public office occurs the Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, declare that such change in title shall take effect from the date specified in such notice, and any reference in any Ordinance to the former title of such office shall be read and construed as a reference to that office by the new title declared by the Governor in such notice.

Change of title of public office.

12. Subject to the express provisions of any Ordinance all dues, fees, fines, penalties or forfeitures or proceeds thereof upon sale, shall be paid into the general revenues of the Colony, but the Governor may direct payment to the Stanley Town Council, or to any aggrieved person of such proportion of the fine or penalty as he may think fit.

Disposal of fines etc.

13. (1) The precedence of members of any Commission or Board shall, unless specially determined, be by date of appointment, or when they are appointed on the same day by the order in which their names appear in the Gazette or instrument appointing them, and unless specially provided the senior member shall be the chairman.

Commissions, Boards etc.

- (2) When the quorum of any Commission or Board is not prescribed the majority thereof shall constitute a quorum.
- (3) The Chairman shall have only an equal vote with other members, except in case of an equality of votes when he shall have a second or casting vote.
- 14. The common law, rules of equity, and the general statutes in force in England on the 1st day of January, 1948 shall be in force in the Colony in so far as the circumstances of the Colony permit, and provided they are not inconsistent with, or repugnant to, any Ordinance or Order in Council, in which case the Ordinance or Order in Council shall prevail.

Law of England in force.

15. The Governor in Council may, when it is considered convenient for the more efficient operation of any Ordinance or any other purpose, divide, sub-divide, and re-divide the Colony into districts, or alter the boundaries of any such districts.

Division of Colony into districts.

16. The Governor in Council may, with the approval of the Secretary of State, declare any place to be a town, and define the extent, limits, and boundaries of such town and of its suburbs, and vary or alter such extent, limits and boundaries.

Declaration of town.

Provided that no part of the boundaries of the town shall be more than two miles, nor the suburbs more than six miles from the centre of the town.

17. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

Operation.

18. The following sections of the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance 1900 are hereby repealed:-

Repeal part of No. 3 of 1900.

Sections 1 to 12 (inclusive); 15 to 21 (inclusive); 26, 28, 29, 30 (a) and 31.





The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.	APRIL 1, 1949.							No. 6.		
		NEW APPOIN	rments.							
Name	Department	O.f.jice			Datr			Remarks		
Aiken, Miss M.	Secretariat	Clerk, "Weekly News"			1,4,49.			-		
Tough, B.	Electrical & Telegraph	W/T Operat	17.2.49.			On probation for 3 months.				
	TE	RMINATION OF A	POINTME	NTS.						
	Department	O.ffice		Date			Reason			
Barnes, Miss I.	Medical	Staff Nurse, K.E.M.H.			10.3.49.			Resigned.		
Browning, F.	Harbour	Leading Hand, m.v. "Philomel"			16.3.49.			-		
Sarney, J.	Harbour	Engineer, m.v. "Philomel"		16.3.49.			-			
		LEAVE.								
	Department	Office	Date	Period						
Bound, J.	Secretariat	Clerk, Grade II.	7.3.49.	180 days from date of departure						
Fleuret, B.	Agricultural	Common Ranger	7.3.49.	180	,,	,,	,,	"	**	
Hooley, T.	Elec. & Tels.	Wireless Operator	7.3.49.	180	,,	,,	,,	**	,,	
Mercer, A.	13100. 10 10.15.	Supervisor	7.3.49.	180	,,	,,	,,		**	
Skilling, C. J.	Medical	Sanitary Carter	7.3.49.	180	*1	,,	,,	.,	,,	
		NOTICES	5.							
			TT: 13	Manager than Characteristics						

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

R. WINTER.

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 15.

7th March, 1949.

Government clocks will be put back one hour at midnight, Saturday/Sunday, the 26th/27th of March, 1949, reverting to local mean time.

M.P. 0064.

No. 16.

9th March, 1949.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MR. C. W. HENRICKSEN, B.E.M.

to act as Quartermaster, Falkland Islands Defence Force, during the absence on leave of Lieutenant J. Bound, with effect from the 7th of March, 1949.

M.P. P/338.

No. 17.

9th March, 1949.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MR. CHARLES CLIFTON

to act as Common Ranger and Poundkeeper during the absence on leave of Mr. B. Fleuret. with effect from the 7th of March, 1949.

M.P. 0689.

No. 19.

9th March, 1949.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MR. H. E. SLADE

to be Officer-in-Charge, Electrical and Telegraphs Department, during the absence on leave of Mr. A. Mercer, with effect from the 7th of March. 1949. M.P. P/79.

9th March, 1949.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance No. 8 of 1948 entitled "An Ordinance to provide for an Ordinance to Control Lotteries".

Ordinance No. 10 of 1948 entitled "An Ordinance to amend and consolidate the law as to Firearms

M.P. 216/30

Ordinance No. 11 of 1948 entitled "An Ordinance to Legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-seven in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 6 of 1946"

Ordinance No. 14 of 1948 entitled "An Ordinance to regulate and control prospecting and mining for radio-active minerals and the export thereof and for purposes connected therewith".

M.P. 0204.

No. 21.

21st March, 1949.

THE HONOURABLE MR R. W. S. WINTER, J.P., acted as Registrar during the absence on leave of the Registrar from the 1st January to 8th January, 1949, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/392.

No. 22.

29th March, 1949.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:

Ordinance No. 6 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the Repeal of the Dependencies Re-search and Development Fund Ordinance, 1924, and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 1936".

MP 0537

REGISTRAR.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para 2.

Hugh Cullen Harding, Esq., J.P., is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of celebrating the marriage of Thomas George Aldridge, bachelor, and Olive Elizabeth Goodwin, spinster, at Hill Cove, West Falkland.

H. BENNETT.

Registrar General.

23rd March, 1949.

L. 1/49.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, ESQUIRE, to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

[L.S]

MILES CLIFFORD - By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and Vice Admiral thereof.

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1948, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 7th day of March, 1949, for the purpose of visiting the Dependencies;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, Acting Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 7th day of March, 1949.

By His Excellency's Command,
R. Winter,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 4TH MARCH, 1949.

1. The following Honourable Members, after taking the prescribed Oath, assumed their seats in Council:-

Mr. J. P. Oliver, Mr. E. F. Bunting, Mr. B. N. Biggs, Mr. D. M. Honeyman, Mr. W. J. Hutchinson, Mr. S. C. Luxton, Mr. A. L. Hardy, B.E.M., J.P.

- 2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 30th of December, 1948, were confirmed.
 - His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address:— Honourable Members,

We must, I suppose, all feel this morning that we are participating in an historic occasion, marked as it is by a special message of personal good wishes from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies which it is my honour and privilege to convey to you. The message reads as follows:-

"On the occasion of the inauguration of the new Legislative Council I send my "personal good wishes to the people of the Falkland Islands. It is right that you should now "be more closely associated with your own Government and share its responsibilities. It is "for this purpose that a representative Legislative Council has been instituted so that you "may play a greater part in all matters pertaining to the Administration and development of "the Colony. I shall follow the proceedings in your Council with keen interest, confident "that you will cherish and uphold those fine traditions of public service which British people "have carried with them to so many distant lands and that by their advice your representatives "will contribute greatly to the framing of wise laws and the promotion of welfare and "prosperity of the Islands."

Today, then, we are assembled to launch upon its way the Colony's new Constitution in which, for the first time in its history, unofficial members – four out of a total of six – are the direct representatives of the people, so chosen by their own free will. Let us pause for a moment to examine the composition of this new Council and to consider its functions. It comprises the three senior officials in the Administration, namely the Colonial Secretary, the Senior Medical Officer and the Agricultural Officer who hold their seats by virtue of office; four popularly elected members representing the Camp and Stanley, two nominated unofficial members selected by me in token of their knowledge of local affairs and the help they can bring to the Council's deliberations and, finally, three nominated official members, Heads of the more important Departments in the Government. We have, thus, an evenly balanced Chamber with the President exercising a casting vote – a step which I hope it will seldom be necessary for him to take; to this I would add that whenever I am satisfied that the public interest will not be thereby embarrassed I shall permit official members to vote on the merits of the measure before them.

On such another occasion some years ago, Honourable Members, one of the ablest and most distinguished of Colonial Governors — the late Sir Hugh Clifford — said this:

"There is a great difference between a Legislative Council and a House of Parliament. "In the latter you have a Government in contradistinction to an Opposition and if the "Opposition is strong enough it can turn the Government out and take its place. In a "Legislative Council, on the other hand, in no circumstances whatever can the unofficial members displace the official members and take over their duties from them. There is no "such thing in such an Assembly as a Government and an Opposition – instead" he continued "we have to realise that we form a single, corporate body all of whose members are working "equally for the attainment of a single end . . . " by which of course he meant the prosperity and wellbeing of the Colony and its people.

Now these words deserve to be carefully pondered for they are as pertinent here, today, as when they were spoken. The term "opposition" in our assembly is an utterly wrong concept although one to which colour has perhaps been lent in the past by the order of seating; unofficials on one side, officials on the other – the sheep and the goats. That practice, as you will have remarked, has today been abandoned. Let us look upon ourselves, rather, as members of one family gathered round the table and concerned only with the fortunes of this family; criticising as freely as we will the policies submitted for our consideration and giving, each to the best of his

ability, his own contribution to the family counsels so that in the end we may arrive at prudent and profitable decisions.

At this point 1 must urge the public to exercise patience and not to expect too much, too soon, of this new departure. Administration for which you, Honourable Members, are now jointly responsible with your colleagues in the Government is, as you will find, no easy task in these times and we have all of us much to learn. We are perhaps a little prone to look inwards – at what we lack and others have: it would do no harm – it would indeed be salutary – were we occasionally to look outwards, at what we have and others lack. So far as remediable defects and deficiencies are concerned the Administration is doing its best and needs no apologist in regard either to its intentions or its achievements during the past two years and I commend to your notice the draft Development Programme which will be laid on the Table. But it must be remembered, as I have frequently reminded Honourable Members, that our difficulties of material and man-power are formidable; and more especially so as concerning overseas staff on whom we must to some extent rely, since the face value of salaries which we can afford to offer compares so unfavourably with what can be obtained elsewhere. Nevertheless, given patience – I repeat patience – and good-will and a fair market for our produce we shall move slowly and steadily forward to better times; of that I am entirely convinced.

Two words now on procedure and I will have done. First as regards Questions. These are of two kinds: those requiring a written reply which must be submitted to the Clerk not less than two weeks before the advertised date of a meeting and those seeking an oral reply – when they must so be marked – which should be handed in not less than two days before. In the case of the former both Question and Answer will be printed and laid on the table and no supplementary question may be put during the Debate: in the case of the latter, a supplementary question may be asked arising out of the reply from the Government spokesman.

Second, as regards Finance. The Estimates for the year will be referred on the second reading of the Supply Bill, to a select Committee comprising the unofficial members of Council sitting with the Colonial Secretary as Chairman: Departmental Officers will attend in turn to answer any question or to give any information which may be desired and the debate on the Budget will not take place until the Committee has completed its task of scrutiny. There will be, in addition, a Standing Finance Committee to deal with the day to day requirements of the Administration and this will be convened as necessary.

In conclusion while I customarily refrain from quoting myself I make no apology for repeating today the advice which I offered in the course of my address last October; to the Electors, then, this message "You have chosen your representatives. Now make your wishes and criticisms known through them – they are your mouthpieces and cannot discharge their duty to you effectively unless you give them your full support." And to you, Honourable Members, chosen of the people, allow me to repeat "Do all in your power to make this House a real forum of public opinion responsibly expressed; let your criticisms be constructive and your only aim the public good."

4. On the motion of the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton, the Council unanimously agreed that the following telegram should be despatched to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies in reply to his message:—

"Members of the Legislative Council of the Falkland Islands assembled to inaugurate the new constitution much appreciate your kind message and welcoming this opportunity of closer participation in the affairs of Government are determined to spare no effort on their part in promoting the prosperity and well-being of the people of these Islands. They warmly reciprocate your good wishes."

5. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following papers:-

Development Programme for the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

6. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution:-

"WHEREAS supplementary provision is required for the service of the Colony and its "Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1947, for the period 1st January to "31st December."

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of "SEVENTY-ONE THOUSAND AND FIFTY-THREE POUNDS SEVENTEEN SHIL-"LINGS (£71,053:17:0) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying "Schedule."

The Resolution was adopted.

7. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend and consolidate the law relating to the Administration of Justice."

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 69 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

The Council adjourned sine die.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 5th day of March, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD.

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 1



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend and consolidate the law relating to the Administration of Justice.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Part 1.

PRELIMINARY.

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Administration of Short title. Justice Ordinance 1949.
 - 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits:

Definitions.

- "Appeal" means an appeal to His Majesty in Council.
- "Civil case" means process for the recovery of individual right or redress of individual wrong and includes an action by the Government for the recovery of fines or penalties.
- "Complaint" includes an information.
- "Court" means a magistrate sitting either alone or with other justices or one or more justices sitting to hear any cause which they may be empowered to hear.
- "Criminal case" means a case which might result in the infliction of a fine or imprisonment or one in which money claimed to be due is recoverable on information as well as on complaint.
- "Judge" means the person nominated or acting as Judge under section 8 hereof.

"Judgment" includes a decree, order, rule or sentence.

"Record" means all pleadings proceedings notes of evidence and judgments relating to an appeal to be laid before His Majesty in Council on the hearing of an appeal.

"Supreme Court" means the Judge sitting either alone or with jury or assessors or in Chambers.

PART II.

COURT OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

Appointment and Powers etc., of Magistrate and Justices.

- 3. (1) The Governor may appoint such magistrates and justices as he may deem necessary and every such magistrate or justice shall have jurisdiction in civil and criminal cases as hereinafter provided within the district specified in his warrant of appointment and if no limits be so specified he shall have jurisdiction throughout the Colony.
- (2) A Justice shall have all the powers and perform all the duties of a Justice of the Peace in the United Kingdom subject to any limitation thereof contained in this or any other Ordinance.

Powers of Magistrate.

- 4. A Magistrate shall unless the contrary be expressed in this or any other Ordinance, have power
- (1) to hear, try, determine and adjudge criminal matters which may be summarily dealt with: but he shall not have power to impose a term of imprisonment greater than one year and
- (2) to enquire into all charges of indictable offences and make such order in respect thereof as the evidence shall justify
- (3) to hear and determine civil cases where the amount claimed does not exceed £100 or in the case of a claim for the recovery of possession of land the annual rent or value thereof does not exceed £100.

Jurisdiction of Court when Magistrate not present.

- 5. The Jurisdiction of the Court when no Magistrate is present shall be
- (1) when one Justice is sitting alone, to hear and determine any information relating to an offence against any law not containing any provision to the contrary but he may not impose a fine greater than £5;
- (2) when two or more Justices who must be present during the whole hearing and determination are sitting, to hear and determine any information relating to
 - (a) any contravention of any law not containing any provision to the contrary
 - (b) any offence for which the offender is liable under any law, not containing any provision to the contrary, upon summary conviction to be imprisoned or fined or otherwise punished:

Provided they shall not have power to impose any term of imprisonment greater than one year.

Assessors to Magistrate.

6. A Magistrate may summon two or more Justices to sit with him as assessors at any trial.

Assessors.

- 7. (1) Any assessor who shall, without reasonable cause fail to attend Court or refuse to act as an assessor shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £10 which the Magistrate may impose summarily.
- (2) An assessor shall have no voice in the decision of any case but should he dissent from the judgment of the Court, his name together with a note of the grounds of such dissent shall be recorded on the proceedings and signed by him.

PART III

SUPREME COURT.

- 8. (1) The Judge shall be nominated by the Secretary of State and appointed by the Governor under the Public Seal.
- Appointment of Judge.
- (2) No person shall be appointed to be a Judge unless:
- (a) he is qualified to practise in a Court in the United Kingdom or some part of the British Commonwealth having unlimited jurisdiction either in civil or criminal matters, and
- (b) he has been qualified for not less than five years to practise as an advocate or solicitor in such court:

Provided that whenever the office of Judge is vacant or if the Judge become incapable or be suspended or be absent from the Colony then the Governor may act as Judge or may appoint some fit and proper person to act as Judge until the vacancy be filled by a new appointment or the Judge return to the Colony.

9. The Supreme Court shall have within the Colony:

Jurisdiction.

- (1) all the power, jurisdiction and authority expressly or implicitly vested in it by any law
- (2) all the power, jurisdiction and authority vested in the High Court of Justice, the Courts of Oyer and Terminer general gaol delivery and Quarter Sessions in the United Kingdom.
- 10. The Judge may cause any member of Council or Justice to be summoned to sit with him as an assessor at any trial and any assessor so summoned shall be subject to the liability and condition contained in section 7.

Assessors.

11. The Judge may cause jurors to be summoned to attend at any sitting of the Supreme Court and may give such directions as to time and place to which they shall be summoned and as to the numbers to be summoned as he may deem fit.

Juries.

12. (1) The Supreme Court shall sit in Stanley as and when the Governor shall so order.

Sittings.

(2) The Governor may direct the Supreme Court to sit at any time and place for trial of any civil or criminal case.

PART IV.

JURIES.

13. Every person except as hereinafter mentioned, between the ages of 21 and 60 years being the owner or occupier of real estate of the value of not less than £10 per annum shall be qualified and liable to serve on juries in all civil and criminal proceedings:

Qualifications for Jury.

Provided that no person whose normal place of residence is beyond a radius of six miles of Stanley shall without the order of the Judge be summoned to serve on a Jury other than a Coroner's jury or at a sitting of the Supreme Court ordered under section 12 (2).

14. The following are disqualified from serving on juries:

Persons disqualified.

- (1) aliens
- (2) persons who have been convicted of treason felony or perjury or of an infamous crime unless they have received a free pardon.

Exemptions.

Jurois Book.

- The following persons are exempt from serving on juries:-Members of and Clerks to the Legislative and Executive Councils, members of H. M. Armed Forces, Officers of the Supreme Court, Barristers, Solicitors and Attorneys, Ministers of Religion, Justices, Registered Medical Practitioners, Police Officers, and licenced pilots and Customs Officers when not on actual duty.
- 16. (1) It shall be the duty of the registration officer under the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948 in preparing the register of electors for any year to mark in the prescribed manner the names of such persons included in the lists as are qualified and liable to serve as jurors.
- Any person who is marked as a juror in the register of electors who claims that by reason of some disqualification or exemption he should not be so marked may within 7 days of the publication of the electors' list apply to the registration officer to have the mark placed against his name removed and the registration officer shall within seven days of the receipt of the application notify the applicant his decision thereon.
- (3) If the registration officer refuses to comply with the application made under the last preceding subsection or fails to notify the applicant thereon as prescribed the applicant may within seven days of the notification of refusal to comply, on expiration of the prescribed time, apply to a Court for a declaration that he ought not to be marked as a juror.
- (4) The registration officer shall within 14 days of the completion of compilation of the electors list or as soon as all claims under subsection (2) of this section have been disposed of forward a list marked in the prescribed manner to the Registrar who shall therefrom compile a Jurors' Book.
- If a registration officer refuses neglects or fails without reasonable cause to perform any of his duties under this section or wilfully marks as a juror any person who ought not to be so marked or fails to mark as a juror any person who ought to be so marked shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.

Persons in Jurors' Book.

Every person whose name is included in the Jurors' Book shall be liable to serve as a juror, notwithstanding that he may have been entitled by reason of some disqualification or exemption to claim that he ought not to be marked in the electors' list as a juror:

Provided that any such person shall be excused from attendance on a jury on the grounds of illness or, if a woman, for medical reasons.

Provided also that nothing in this Section shall affect the power of the Judge to excuse any person from attending on a Jury.

- Number.
- 18. (1) Every case in which the prisoner is arraigned on a capital charge shall be tried by a jury of 12 persons and unless otherwise ordered by the Judge 24 persons shall be summoned.
- (2) Every other criminal case and every civil case if tried by a jury shall be tried by a jury of seven persons and unless ordered by the Judge fourteen persons shall be summoned.
- On the application of the parties in a civil case or of the prosecution or accused in a criminal case or the Judge may in his discretion order that the jury shall be composed of men only or of women only.
- 19. A summons to serve on a jury shall be sent by post or

served personally upon the juror or upon some responsible person at the normal place of abode of the juror at least three days before the day appointed for the sitting of the Court.

Summons.

20. If any person duly summoned shall fail to attend as a juror or after appearance shall withdraw himself without the permission of the Judge the Judge may summarily impose a fine not exceeding £10.

Failure to attend.

21. The persons whose names are first drawn from a box in open court shall, subject to a challenge mentioned in section 22 not being upheld, be sworn and form the jury:

Ballot.

Provided that in case of the number of the jurors summoned being exhausted by reason of challenge or otherwise the Supreme Court may complete the number from among the bystanders and any bystander refusing to act may summarily be fined a sum not exceeding £10.

22. The prosecution, prisoner and the parties to civil action, shall have the right to challenge members of the jury before they are sworn as follows:

Challenges.

- (1) a peremptory challenge without cause shall only be exercised by a prisoner charged with treason or felony, and shall be limited to 6 challenges.
- (2) The prosecution or prisoner and a party to a civil action may challenge for cause without limitation.
- 23. If during the trial a juror dies or becomes incapable of acting or is absent the jury shall subject to consent being given in writing by or on behalf of the prosecutor and the accused, or by or on behalf of both parties in a civil case, be deemed properly constituted.

Absence of Juror.

Provided that should the prosecutor or accused not assent or the jury be reduced below ten on a trial for a capital offence or six on any other offence a fresh jury shall be sworn.

Provided also that should both parties in a civil case not assent or the Jury be reduced below five a fresh jury shall be sworn.

24. The Judge may when he shall deem it expedient make an order for the jury to view together with two persons named by him, one being appointed by each party.

Viewing.

25. The Judge may permit jurors to separate after being sworn except upon trials for murder treason and treason felony.

Separation.

26. (1) The verdict of the jury shall be unanimous except in that in civil cases the verdict of the majority may be taken by consent of both parties.

Verdict.

- (2) The verdict shall be given in the Court in the presence of them all and in the cases of treason and felony in the presence of the defendant.
- 27. (1) A party in a civil case who has applied for, and been granted, a jury shall pay to the Registrar not less than 3 days before the date of heaving the sum of three shillings for each juror summoned and a further sum of five shillings for each juror sworn to serve and the Registrar shall pay such sum or sums to each juror accordingly.

Civil cases: fee.

Offences.

- (2) In the event of the trial not being concluded in one day any such party shall pay daily in advance to the Registrar a further sum of five shillings for each juror so serving.
- 28. (1) Any person who attempts to corrupt or influence a juror by any means other than evidence and argument in open court at the trial, or

 - (2) gives money to a juror after the verdict, or
- (3) by improper means procures himself or others to be sworn upon a jury for the purpose of giving a verdict favourable to

one of the parties, or

(4) induces a juror not to appear and any juror consenting to any offence contained in this section

shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and shall be liable on indictment to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment.

PART V.

CORONERS.

Magistrate to be Coroner. 29. Every Magistrate shall be the Coroner within the district specified in his warrant of appointment and shall have and exercise all the powers and shall subject to the provisions hereof perform the duties of a coroner according to English law and practice.

Information of death.

30. Any person who shall have knowledge of death, other than from natural causes, who wilfully fails to inform the coroner or the nearest Justice or Police Officer thereof shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

Inquest by Justice of the Peace. 31. Whenever a Justice shall receive information of any such death he shall if he cannot inform the Coroner in time, or if in his opinion the Coroner would be unable to act by reason of his being at too great a distance from where the body is lying, or if the Coroner shall so request, hold such inquest and shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of a Coroner in respect thereof.

Inquest by Coroner.

32. Whenever a Coroner shall receive information of such death he shall, if the circumstances so require, proceed to the spot where the body may be lying and there hold an inquest.

Procedure.

33. The Coroner shall take all evidence in the form of depositions which shall be signed by the witnesses and shall in cases of murder, manslaughter or infanticide forthwith transmit such depositions with the verdict of the jury to the Registrar.

Jury: when required.

- 34. If it appears to the Coroner either before he proceeds to hold an inquest or in the course of an inquest begun without a Jury that there is reason to suspect
 - (a) that the deceased came to his death by murder, manslaughter, or infanticide;
 - (b) that the death occurred in prison:
 - (c) that the death was caused by an accident arising out of the use of a vehicle in a street or public highway;
 - (d) that the death occurred in circumstances the continuance or possible recurrence of which is prejudicial to the health or safety of the public or any section of the public

he shall proceed to summon a jury in the manner required under this Ordinance, and in any other case, if it appears to him either before he proceeds to hold an inquest or in the course of an inquest begun without a jury that there is any reason for summoning a jury he may proceed to summon a jury in the manner aforesaid.

Summons to Jury.

35. The Coroner shall summon not less than seven nor more than eleven jurors and such summons shall be served in the manner provided for in section 18 except that the summons may be made returnable immediately or at such time and place as the Coroner may order.

Failure to attend.

36. If any person duly summoned shall fail to attend as a juror or after appearance shall withdraw himself without the permission of the Coroner the Coroner may summarily impose a fine not exceeding £5.

37. The jury shall be composed of seven persons whose names are first drawn from a box in open court who shall be sworn to serve.

Number on Jury.

38. The Coroner may if the jury fails to agree on a verdict accept the verdict of the majority provided the minority consists of not more than two or he may cause another jury to be summoned.

Verdict.

39. Any person who buries or otherwise disposes or assists in the burial or disposition of the body of a person who has apparently not died a natural death, without an order from the Coroner, or Justice performing the duties of a Coroner under section 31, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.

No burial without order.

40. The Governor may by order under his hand and the Public Seal authorise the disinterment of any body.

Exhumation.

41. When any qualified medical practitioner not holding any appointment under the Government gives evidence at any inquest by direction of a Coroner he shall receive a fee of one pound, and when he holds a post-mortem examination by direction of a Coroner he shall receive a fee of two pounds.

Medical fees.

Part VI.

OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

42. The Judge shall, with the approval of the Governor, appoint a Registrar and such other officers as shall from time to time be necessary for the administration of justice whose duties shall correspond to those officers appointed to similar posts by the High Court of Justice in England.

Appointment of Registrar etc.

43. The Governor may from time to time appoint any person to be a notary public who shall have all the powers and authorities of a notary public appointed under the law in England and shall use a seal inscribed "Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands, Notarial Seal".

Notary Public.

PART VII.

PROCEDURE.

44. Unless otherwise provided by this or any other Ordinance the practice and procedure in the High Court of Justice in England shall as far as possible be adopted in the Supreme Court, the practice and procedure in a Court of summary jurisdiction in England shall as far as possible be adopted in a Court and the practice and procedure in a county court in England shall as far possible be adopted in a Court sitting to hear and determine civil cases.

English procedure to be followed.

45. (1) Textual or technical errors in any process or proceeding shall not invalidate such process or proceeding provided that the opposite party is not deceived or misled.

Errors in proceedings.

- (2) The Court trying the case shall decide whether any such textual or technical error is calculated to deceive or mislead and shall amend such errors or make such order in respect thereof as it may deem fit.
- 46. The conviction of an offender shall not be quashed or set aside on the ground of want of form in the order, judgment, warrant or other proceeding made in connection therewith.

Want of form not to invalidate.

- 47. All complaints in respect of any offence, shall unless any limitation of time is especially provided for, be laid within six calendar months after the offence is alleged to have been committed.
- Summons in civil cases.

Complaints.

48. (1) When a civil claim within the limits prescribed by section 4 (3) is laid before a Justice he shall issue a summons under his hand and seal.

(2) When a party in such civil action desires a person to be summoned as a witness to give oral evidence in Court or produce at the hearing in Court a document in the control or possession of such person a Justice shall issue a summons under his hand and seal accordingly.

Absconding defendants.

- 49. Where the plaintiff in any action shall prove to the satisfaction of the Judge that the plaintiff has good cause of action against the defendant and that there is probable cause for believing that the defendant is about to leave the Colony, and that the absence of the defendant will materially prejudice the plaintiff in the prosecution of his action the Judge may order such defendant to be arrested and imprisoned for a period not exceeding six months, unless and until he give security, not exceeding the amount claimed in the action, that he will not leave the Colony without the leave of the Court.
- (2) Where the action is for a penalty, or sum in the nature of a penalty in respect of a contract it shall not be necessary to prove that the absence from the Colony will materially prejudice the plaintiff in the prosecution of his action and the security given shall be to the effect that any sum recovered against the defendant in the action shall be paid or that the defendant shall be committed to prison.
- (3) The expenses incurred for the subsistence in prison of any person arrested under this section shall be paid by the plaintiff at the rate of five shillings a day or such other sum as the Court may from time to time direct and shall be paid monthly in advance and the costs thereof shall be recoverable as costs in the action unless the Court shall otherwise order. The Court may, on failure of the plaintiff to pay the subsistence, order that the defendant be released.

Reasons for Judgment to be given. 50. A Justice, Magistrate or Judge sitting without a jury in any civil or criminal case shall record his judgment in writing and every such judgment shall contain the point or points for determination, the decision thereon and the reason therefor and shall be dated by the Justice, Magistrate or Judge at the time of pronouncement.

Sentences.

- 51. (1) Any person sentenced to penal servitude shall be deemed to have been sentenced to imprisonment with hard labour.
- (2) The Governor may by Order commute the sentence of any prisoner to a lesser sentence and such Order shall have the force and effect of a warrant of commitment.

PART VIII.

APPEALS TO PRIVY COUNCIL.

When an appeal lies.

- 52. Subject to the provisions of this ()rdinance an appeal shall lie
 - (a) as of right, from any final judgment of the Supreme Court, where the matter in dispute on the appeal amounts to or is of the value of five hundred pounds sterling or upwards, or where the appeal involves, directly or indirectly, some claim or question to or respecting property or some civil right amounting to or of the value of five hundred pounds sterling or upwards; and
 - (b) at the discretion of the Supreme Court, from any other judgment of the Supreme Court, whether final or interlocutory, if, in the opinion of the Supreme Court, the question involved in the appeal is one which, by reason of its great general or public importance or otherwise, ought to be submitted to His Majesty in Council for decision.

Procedure on application for leave to appeal.

53. An application for leave to appeal shall be made by motion or petition to the Supreme Court within 21 days from the date of the

judgment to be appealed from. The applicant shall forthwith give notice of his application to all other parties in the action.

54. Leave to appeal shall be granted in the first instance:

Conditional leave to appeal.

- (1) upon condition of the appellant, within a period to be fixed by the Supreme Court, but not exceeding three months from the date of the hearing of the application for leave to appeal, entering into good and sufficient security, to the satisfaction of the Supreme Court, in a sum not exceeding five hundred pounds, for the due prosecution of the appeal, and the payment of all such costs as may become payable to the respondent in the event of the appellant not obtaining an order granting him final leave to appeal, or of the appeal being dismissed for non-prosecution, or of His Majesty in Council ordering the appellant to pay the respondent's costs of the appeal (as the case may be)
- (2) upon such conditions (if any) as to the time or times within which the appellant shall prepare and despatch the record to the Registrar of the Privy Council as the Supreme Court may deem fit; and
- (3) upon such conditions as to payment of the sum awarded under the judgment of the Supreme Court, and costs, on the giving of security in respect thereof, or as to compliance with an order of the Supreme Court as that Court may deem fit.
- 55. An appellant who has obtained an order granting him conditional leave to appeal may at any time prior to the making of an order granting him final leave to appeal withdraw his appeal on such terms as to costs and otherwise as the Supreme Court may direct.

Withdrawal of appeal prior to order for final leave to appeal.

56. When an appellant, having complied with the conditions imposed on him by an order granting him conditional leave to appeal, fails to apply with due diligence to the Supreme Court for an order granting him final leave to appeal the Supreme Court may, on the application of a respondent, rescind the order granting conditional leave to appeal and may give such directions as to the costs of the appeal and the security entered into by the appellant or make such further or other order as it may deem fit.

When order for conditional leave may be rescinded.

57. On an application for final leave to appeal the Supreme Court may defer the granting thereof until it is satisfied that sufficient notice has been given to all respondents or may give such other directions as it may deem fit.

When order for final leave may be deferred.

58. When an appellant, prior to the despatch of the record to the Registrar of the Privy Council, applies to withdraw his appeal the Supreme Court may grant him a certificate to the effect that the appeal has been withdrawn and thereupon the appeal shall be deemed dismissed, without express order from His Majesty in Council, and the Supreme Court may make such order as to costs of the appeal and the security entered into by the appellant as it may deem fit.

Withdrawal of appeal before despatch of record to England.

59. An appellant who has obtained final leave to appeal shall prosecute his appeal in accordance with the rules for the time being regulating the practice and procedure in appeals to His Majesty in Council.

Prosecution of appeal.

60. When an appellant fails to show due diligence in procuring the despatch of the record to the Registrar of the Privy Council any respondent may, after giving the appellant due notice, apply to the Supreme Court for a certificate that the appeal has not been effectively prosecuted and if the Supreme Court shall grant such certificate, the appeal shall be deemed dismissed without express order from His Majesty in Council and the Supreme Court may make such order as to costs of the appeal and the security entered into by the appellant as it may deem fit.

When an appeal shall be dismissed for nonprosecution. Consolidation of appeals.

61. Where there are two or more applications for leave to appeal arising out of the same course of action the Supreme Court may direct that the appeals be consolidated and grant leave to appeal by a single order.

Substitution etc. of parties.

- 62. When the record becomes defective by reason of the death or change of status of a party to the appeal:
- (1) before the despatch of the record to the Registrar of the Privy Council the Supreme Court shall on an application made by any person interested, grant a certificate showing the proper person to be substituted or entered on the record in the place of or in addition to the party who has died or suffered a change of status and the name of such person shall be deemed to be substituted or entered on the record without express order of His Majesty in Council;
- (2) after the despatch of the record as aforesaid the Supreme Court shall on an application made by any person interested cause a certificate to be transmitted to the Registrar of the Privy Council showing the proper person to be substituted or entered on the record in the place of, or in addition to the party who has died or suffered a change of status.

Preparation of the record.

63. The preparation of the record shall be in accordance with rules made under this Ordinance and shall be subject to the supervision of the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court shall give such directions on any disputed question arising in connection therewith as it may deem fit.

Execution of order of His Majesty in Council.

64. The Supreme Court shall conform with and execute any order which His Majesty in Council may make on an appeal in like manner as any original judgment of the Supreme Court should be executed.

Taxation of Costs.

65. Where His Majesty in Council directs a party to bear the costs of an appeal such costs shall be taxed by an officer appointed by the Supreme Court so to do. Such officer shall inquire into any unnecessary prolixity in a case and shall disallow the costs occasioned thereby.

Right of His Majesty in Council to admit appeal from any judgment. 66. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall be deemed to interfere with the right of His Majesty upon the humble petition of any person aggrieved by any judgment of the Supreme Court to admit his appeal therefrom upon such conditions as His Majesty in Council shall think fit to impose.

Part IX. General

Rules.

67. The Governor in Council may make rules for regulating the practice and procedure, the pleadings, fees and costs, and the conduct of all civil and criminal matters in the Supreme Court and Courts of Summary Jurisdiction, the duties and powers of officers of the Supreme Court and the preparation of the record in appeals to His Majesty in Council.

Repeals.
6 of 1898.
3 of 1900 (part).
4 of 1901.
5 of 1901.

- 5 of 1902. 5 of 1909.
- 2 of 1932. 6 of 1935.
- 17 of 1938.
- Operation and commencement.
- 68. The Coroners Ordinance 1898, the sections in the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance 1900 not already repealed, the Administration of Justice Act 1901, the Jury Ordinance 1901, the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902, the Privy Council Appeals Ordinance 1909, the Summary Jurisdiction (Amendment) Ordinance 1932, the Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance 1935, the Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance 1938, are hereby repealed.
- 69. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies and shall come into force on the 1st day of July 1949.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:-

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1949 and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance 1939 (hereinafter referred to as the Principal (Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the words "accruing in or derived from the Colony or elsewhere and whether received in the Colony or not" for the words "accruing in, derived from or received in the Colony in respect of" in lines 5 and 6 thereof and by the addition of the following proviso at the end of that section:

Amendments to Principal Ordinance.

Section 5.

- "Provided that in the case of income arising outside the Colony which is earned income, or which arises to a person who is not ordinarily resident in the Colony or not domiciled in the Colony, the tax shall be payable on the amount received in the Colony".
- 3. Section 22 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended Section 22. as follows -

in sub-section (1) thereof by substituting the words (a) "double taxation relief being let out of account" for the words "as reduced by any relief granted under sections 19, 46 and 47 of this Ordinance" in lines 3 and 4 thereof.

In subsection (2) by the addition of the following (b) words at the end thereof:

> "and also, where the tax paid or payable by the company is affected by double taxation relief, the rate (bereafter in this Ordinance referred to as "the net Colonial rate") of the tax paid or payable by the company after taking double taxation relief into account".

by the addition of the following subsection at the end thereof:

Double taxation relief : definition.

"(3) In this section the expression "double taxation relief" means any credit for foreign income tax which is allowable against income tax chargeable under this Ordinance by virtue of arrangements having effect under section 47A of this Ordinance, and any relief allowable under section 46 or section 47 of this Ordinance, including any credit or relief which has been taken into account in determining the net Colonial rate applicable to any dividends received by the company".

Section 24.

- 4. Section 24 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by deleting the words "and received therein" and by substituting the word "to" for "by" in line 2 thereof.
- The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following sections after section 47 thereof:
 - 47A. (1) If the Governor in Council by Order declares that arrangements specified in the Order have been made with the Government of any territory outside the Colony with a view to affording relief from double taxation in relation to income tax and any tax of a similar character imposed by the laws of that territory and that it is expedient that those arrangements should have effect, the arrangements shall have effect in relation to income tax notwithstanding anything in any enactment.
 - On the making of an Order under this section with respect to arrangements relating to the United Kingdom, section 46 of this Ordinance shall cease to have effect except in so far as the arrangements otherwise provide.
 - (3) On the making of an Order under this section with respect to arrangements relating to any territory forming part of His Majesty's dominions (other than the United Kingdom or the Colony), section 47 of this Ordinance shall cease to have effect as respects that territory except in so far as the arrangements otherwise provide.
 - (4) Any Order made under this section may be revoked by a subsequent Order.
 - (5) Where any arrangements have effect by virtue of this section, the obligation as to secrecy imposed by section 4 of this Ordinance shall not prevent the disclosure to any authorised officer of the government with which the arrangements are made or such information as is required to be disclosed under the arrangements.
 - (6) The Governor in Council may make rules for carrying out the provisions of any arrangements having effect under this section.
 - 47B. The provisons of this section shall have effect where, under arrangements having effect under section 47 A of this Ordinance, tax payable in respect of any income in the

Section 47A. Double taxation relief: Order in Council.

Section 47B. Amount of relief. territory with the Government of which the arrangements are made is to be allowed as a credit against tax payable in respect of that income in the Colony; and in this section the expression "foreign Tax" means any tax payable in that territory which under the arrangements is to be so allowed and the expression "income tax" means tax chargeable under this Ordinance.

(2) The amount of the income tax chargeable in respect of the income shall be reduced by the amount of the credit:

Provided that credit shall not be allowed against income tax for any year of assessment unless the person entitled to the income is resident in the Colony for that year.

- (3) The credit shall not exceed the amount which would be produced by computing the amount of the income in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and then charging the income tax at a rate ascertained by dividing the income tax chargeable (before allowance of credit under any arrangements having effect under section 47A of this Ordinance) on the total income of the person entitled to the income by the amount of his total income.
- (4) Without prejudice to the provisions of the preceding subsection, the total credit to be allowed to a person for any year of assessment for foreign tax under all arrangements having effect under section 47A of this Ordinance shall not exceed the total income tax payable by him for that year of assessment, less any tax payable by him under the provisions of section 32 of this Ordinance.
 - (5) In computing the amount of the income —
 - (a) no deduction shall be allowed in respect of foreign tax (whether in respect of the same or any other income);
 - (b) where the income tax chargeable depends on the amount received in the Colony, the said amount shall be increased by the appropriate amount of the foreign tax in respect of the income;
 - (c) where the income includes a dividend and under the arrangements foreign tax not chargeable directly or by deduction in respect of the dividend is to be taken into account in considering whether any, and if so what, credit is to be given against income tax in respect of the dividend the amount of the income shall be increased by the amount of the foreign tax not so chargeable which falls to be taken into account in computing the amount of credit;

but notwithstanding anything in the preceding provisions of this subsection a deduction shall be allowed of any amount by which the foreign tax in respect of the income exceeds the credit therefor.

- (6) Paragraphs (a) and (b) of the preceding subsection (but not the remainder thereof) shall apply to the computation of total income for the purposes of determining the rate mentioned in subsection (3) of this section, and shall apply thereto in relation to all income in the case of which credit falls to be given for foreign tax under arrangements for the time being in force under section 47A of this Ordinance.
 - (7) Where -
 - (a) the arrangements provide, in relation to dividends

of some classes, but not in relation to dividends of other classes, that foreign tax not chargeable directly or by deduction in respect of dividends is to be taken into account in considering whether any, and if so what, credit is to be given against income tax in respect of the dividends; and

(b) a dividend is paid which is not of a class in relation to which the arrangements so provide,

then, if the dividend is paid to a company which controls, directly or indirectly, not less than one-half of the voting power in the company paying the dividend, credit shall be allowed as if the dividend were a dividend of a class in relation to which the arrangements so provide.

- (8) Credit shall not be allowed under the arrangements against income tax chargeable in respect of the income of any person for any year of assessment if he elects that credit shall not be allowed in the case of his income for that year.
- (9) Any claim for an allowance by way of credit shall be made not later than two years after the end of the year of assessment, and in the event of any dispute as to the amount allowable the claim shall be subject to objection and appeal in like manner as an assessment.
- (10) Where the amount of any credit given under the arrangements is rendered excessive or insufficient by reason of any adjustment of the amount of any tax payable either in the Colony or elsewhere, nothing in this Ordinance limiting the time for the making of assessments or claims for relief shall apply to any assessment or claim made not later than two years from the time when all such assessments, adjustments and other determinations have been made, whether in the Colony or elsewhere, as are material in determining whether any and if so what credit falls to be given.

Section 47C. Relief for companies.

- 47c. (1) Where the tax paid or payable by a company is affected by double taxation relief the amount to be set off under section 23 of this Ordinance, or to be repaid under section 54 of this Ordinance, in respect of the tax deductible from any dividend paid by the company shall be reduced as follows:
 - (a) if no tax is chargeable on the recipient in respect of the dividend, the reduction shall be an amount equal to tax on the gross dividend at the rate of double taxation relief applicable thereto;
 - (b) if the rate of tax chargeable on the recipient in respect of the dividend is less than the rate of double taxation relief applicable to the dividend, the reduction shall be an amount equal to tax on the gross dividend at the difference between those two rates.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section —
 - (a) if the income of the person chargeable includes one dividend such as is mentioned in the preceding subsection, that dividend shall be deemed to be the highest part of his income:
 - (b) if his income includes more than one such dividend, a dividend shall be deemed to be a higher part of his income than another dividend if the net Colonial rate applicable to the former dividend is lower than that applicable to the latter dividend;

- (c) where tax is chargeable at different rates in respect of different parts of any such dividend, or where tax is chargeable in respect of some part of any such dividend and is not chargeable in respect of some other part thereof, each part shall be deemed to be a separate dividend;
- (d) the expression "double taxation relief" has the same meaning as in section 22 of this Ordinance, and the expression "the rate of double taxation relief" means the rate which represents the excess of the rate of tax deductible from the dividend over the net Colonial rate applicable thereto.
- 6. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of Operation. January, 1949.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To make provision as to the immunities, privileges and capacities of international organizations of which His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and foreign governments are members and for purposes connected therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance 1949.

Short title.

- 2. (1) This section shall apply to any organisation declared by an order of the Governor in Council to be an organisation of which His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and the government or governments of one or more foreign sovereign Powers are members.
- Privileges, immunities and capacities of certain international organisations and their staffs.
- (2) The Governor may by Order in Council:—
- (a) provide that any organisation to which this section applies (hereinafter referred to as "the organisation") shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, have the immunities and privileges set out in Part 1 of the Schedule to this Ordinance and shall also have the legal capacities of a body corporate;

Schedule Part I.

Schedule Part II.

Schedule Part III.

Schedule Part IV.

(b) confer upon such number of officers of the organisation as may be specified in the Order, being the holders of such high offices in the organisation as may be specified in the Order, and upon such persons employed on missions on behalf of the organisation as may be specified, and upon any person who is the representative of a member government on the governing body or any committee of the organisation, to such extent as may be so specified, the immunities and privileges set out in Part II of the Schedule to this Ordinance;

(c) confer upon such other classes of officers and servants of the organisation as may be specified in the Order, to such extent as may be so specified, the immunities and privileges set out in Part III of the Schedule to this Ordinance;

and Part IV of the Schedule to this Ordinance shall have effect for the purpose of extending to the staffs of representatives of member governments and to the families of officers of the organisation any immunities and privileges conferred on the representatives or officers under paragraph (b) of this sub-section, except in so far as the operation of the said Part IV is excluded by the Order conferring the immunities and privileges.

- (3) Where immunities and privileges are conferred on any persons by an Order in Council made under the last foregoing sub-section, the Governor
 - (a) shall compile a list of the persons entitled to immunities and privileges conferred under paragraph (b) of that sub-section, and may compile a list of the persons entitled to immunities and privileges conferred under paragraph (c) of that sub-section;
 - (b) shall cause any list compiled under this sub-section to be published in the Gazette; and
 - (c) whenever any person ceases or begins to be entitled to the immunities and privileges to which any such list relates, shall amend the list and cause a notice of the amendment, or, if he thinks fit, an amended list, to be published as aforesaid.
- (4) Every list or notice published under the last foregoing sub-section shall state the date from which the list or amendment takes or took effect; and the fact that any person is or was included or not included at any time among the persons entitled to the immunities and privileges in question may, if a list of those persons has been so published, be conclusively proved by producing the Gazette containing the list, or, as the case may be, the last list taking effect before that time, together with the Gazettes (if any) containing notices of the amendments taking effect before that time, and by showing that the name of that person is or was at that time included or not included in the said list.

Diplomatic immunities of representatives attending international conferences.

- 3. (1) Where a conference is held in the Colony and is attended by the representatives of His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and the government or governments of one or more foreign sovereign Powers, and it appears to the Governor that doubts may arise as to the extent to which the representatives of such foreign Powers and members of their official staffs are entitled to diplomatic immunities, he may
 - (a) compile a list of the persons aforesaid who are entitled to such immunities, and cause that list to be published in the Gazette; and
 - (b) whenever it appears to the Governor that any person ceases or begins to be entitled to such immunities, amend the list and cause a notice of amendment or,

if he thinks fit, an amended list, to be published as aforesaid;

and every representative of a foreign Power who is for the time being included in the list shall, for the purpose of any law and rule of law or custom relating to the immunities of an envoy of a foreign Power accredited to His Majesty, and of the retinue of such an envoy, be treated as if he were such an envoy, and such of the members of his official staff as are for the time being included in the list shall be treated for the purpose aforesaid as if they were his retinue.

- (2) Every list or notice published under the last foregoing sub-section in relation to any conference shall include a statement of the date from which the list or amendment takes or took effect; and the fact that any person is or was included or not included at any time among the persons entitled to diplomatic immunities as representatives attending the conference or as members of the official staff of any such representative may, if a list of those persons has been so published, be conclusively proved by producing the Gazette containing the list or, as the case may be, the last list taking effect before that time, together with the Gazettes (if any) containing notices of the amendments taking effect before that time, and by showing that the name of that person is or was at that time included or not included in the said list.
- 4. This Ordinance shall, in its application to the United Nations, have effect subject to the following modifications –

Application to United

- (a) any reference to the governing body or any committee of the organisation shall be construed as referring to the General Assembly or any council or other organ of the United Nations; and
- (b) the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 2 of this Ordinance shall include power by Order in Council to confer on the judges and registrars of the International Court and on suitors to that Court and their agents, counsel and advocates, such immunities, privileges and facilities as may be required to give effect to any resolution of, or convention approved by, the General Assembly of the United Nations.
- 5. Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this Ordinance shall be construed as precluding the Governor in Council from declining to accord immunities or privileges to, or from withdrawing immunities or privileges from, nationals or representatives of any Power on the ground that that Power is failing to accord corresponding immunities or privileges to British nationals or representatives.

Reciprocal treatment.

6. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

Application.

7. The United Nations Privileges Ordinance 1948 is hereby repealed.

Repeal No. 15 of 1948.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF THE ORGANISATION.

- 1. Immunity from suit and Legal process.
- 2. The like inviolability of official archives and premises occupied as offices as is accorded in respect of the official archives and premises of an envoy of a foreign sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
- 3. The like exemption or relief from taxes and rates, other than taxes on the importation of goods, as may be accorded to a foreign sovereign Power.

- 4. Exemption from taxes on the importation of goods directly imported by the organisation for its official use in the Colony or for exportation, or on the importation of any publications of the organisation directly imported by it, such exemption to be subject to compliance with such conditions as any law relating to Customs and Excise may prescribe for the protection of the Revenue.
- 5. Exemption from prohibitions and restrictions on importation or exportation in the case of goods directly imported or exported by the organisation for its official use and in the case of any publications of the organisation directly imported or exported by it.
- 6. The right to avail itself, for telegraphic communications sent by it and containing only matter intended for publication by the press or for broadcasting (including communications addressed to, or despatched from, places outside the Colony), of any reduced rates applicable for the corresponding service in the case of press telegrams.

PART II.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF HIGH OFFICERS, PERSONS ON MISSIONS AND GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES.

- 1. The like immunity from suit and legal process as is accorded to an envoy of a foreign sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
 - 2. The like inviolability of residence as is accorded to such an envoy.
 - 3. The like exemption or relief from taxes as is accorded to such an envoy.

PART III.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF OTHER OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

- 1. Immunity from suit and legal process in respect of things done or omitted to be done in the course of the performance of official duties.
- 2. Exemption from income tax in respect of emoluments received as an officer or servant of the organisation.

PART IV.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF REPRESENTATIVE'S STAFF AND OF HIGH OFFICER'S FAMILY.

- 1. Where any person is entitled to any such immunities and privileges as are mentioned in Part II. of this Schedule as the representative of a member government, his official staff accompanying him as such a representative shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the retinue of an envoy of a foreign sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty is entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy.
- 2. Where any person is entitled to any such immunities and privileges as are mentioned in Part II. of this Schedule as an officer of the organisation, that person's wife or husband, and children under the age of twenty-one shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the wife or husband and children of an envoy of a foreign sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty are entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Administration of Justice Ordinance 1949.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance 1949 and shall be read and construed as one with the Administration of Justice Ordinance 1949.
- 2. The Administration of Justice Ordinance 1949 shall be amended by the addition of the following section after section 51 thereof:
 - "51A. (1) The Judge shall in every case heard in the Supreme Court have the power to order a new trial to be had upon such terms as he thinks reasonable and in the meantime to stay the proceedings.
 - (2) A new trial may be ordered on any question without interfering with the finding or decision on any other question."

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To provide for the establishment of an Arbitration Board in connection with Trade Disputes, and to make provision for the settlement of such disputes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Trade Disputes Short title. (Arbitration) Ordinance 1949.

2. (1) In this Ordinance where the context so admits –

Definitions.

- "trade dispute" means any dispute or difference between employers and workmen, or between workmen and workmen, connected with the employment or non-employment, or the terms of the employment, or with the conditions of labour, of any workman.
- "workman" means any person who has entered into or works under a contract with an employer whether the contract be by way of manual labour, clerical work, or otherwise, be expressed or implied, oral or in writing, and whether it be a contract of service or of apprenticeship or a contract personally to execute any work or labour.

(2) This Ordinance shall not apply to persons in the Naval, Military, or Air services of the Crown, or to members of the Police Force, but otherwise shall apply to workmen employed by the Government in the same manner as if they were employed by a private person.

Application.

Trade disputes may be reported to the Governor.

Reference of disputes to arbitration board and constitution of the board.

- 3. (1) Any trade dispute, may be reported to the Governor by or on behalf of either of the parties to the dispute, and the Governor shall thereupon take such steps as seem to him expedient for promoting a settlement thereof.
- (2) Where a trade dispute exists, the Governor may, subject as hereinafter provided, if both parties consent, refer the matter for settlement to an Arbitration Board (hereinafter referred to as the "Board") constituted of either
 - (a) a sole arbitrator appointed by the Governor; or
 - (b) an arbitrator appointed by the Governor, assisted by not more than three assessors nominated by or on behalf of the employers concerned and an equal number of assessors nominated by or on behalf of the workmen concerned, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor: Provided that the award shall be made and issued by the arbitrator only; or
 - (c) not more than three arbitrators nominated by or on behalf of the employers concerned and an equal number of arbitrators nominated by or on behalf of the workmen concerned, and an independent chairman, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor:

 Provided that where all the members of the Board are unable to agree as to their award, the matter shall be decided by the chairman as sole arbitrator.
- (3) The Arbitration Act 1889 or any Act amending or substituted for it shall not apply to any proceedings of a Board under this Ordinance or to any award issued by it.
- 4. (1) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the number of assessors on a Board constituted under section 3 (2) (b) hereof the Board may in the discretion of the arbitrator either act notwithstanding such vacancy or consent to another assessor being appointed to fill such vacancy.
- (2) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the number of arbitrators on a Board constituted under section 3 (2) (c) hereof the Board may, with the consent of the parties, act notwithstanding such vacancy.
- (3) No act, proceeding or finding of the Board shall be invalidated by reason of any such vacancy provided that the consent required under sub-section (2) hereof was first obtained.

Award of Board not to conflict with any law. 5. Where a trade dispute referred to a Board involves questions as to wages, or as to hours of work, or otherwise as to the terms or conditions of or affecting employment which are regulated by any Ordinance other than this Ordinance, any award which is inconsistent with the provisions of that Ordinance shall be invalid.

Publication of the award.

6. The award of a Board shall be submitted to the Governor who shall as soon as possible thereafter cause the same to be published in such manner as he thinks fit.

Interpretation of the award.

7. Where a question arises as to the interpretation of an award of a Board the Governor may refer the question or any party to the award may apply to the Board for a decision, and the Board shall decide the matter after hearing the parties, or without such hearing provided the consent of the parties has been first obtained. The decision of the Board shall be notified to the Governor and to the parties and shall be deemed to form part of and shall have the same effect in all respects as the original award.

Evidence.

8. For the purpose of dealing with any matter referred to it, a Board shall have full power to order any person to furnish, in writing or otherwise, such particulars in relation to such matter

as the Board may require, and attend before the Board and give evidence on oath or otherwise, and to require the production of documents, so as to elicit all such information as the Board may consider necessary, without being bound by the rules of evidence in civil or criminal proceedings; Provided always that, if any witness objects to answer any question on the ground that it will tend to incriminate him or on any other lawful ground, he shall not be required to answer the question nor be liable to any penalities for refusing to answer.

9. It shall be in the discretion of a Board to permit any interested person to appear by counsel or solicitor on any proceedings before such Board.

Appearance of Counsel or Solicitor.

10. (1) It shall be in the discretion of a Board to admit or exclude the public or the press from any of its sittings.

Sitting may be public or private.

(2) Any person who shall, before an award of a Board has been published by order of the Governor, publish any comment on the Board, any proceeding or evidence, other than a fair and accurate report or summary of the proceedings including the evidence adduced at a sitting of the Board, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

11. The Governor in Council may make Rules regulating the procedure to be followed by a Board, and whenever any question shall arise in the course of an arbitration in respect of which Rules have not been made, the Board shall regulate its own procedure.

Rules of procedure.

12. (1) The Governor may appoint at such remuneration and on such terms and conditions as he may determine such officers and other servants as may be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Ordinance.

Expenses.

(2) Any expenses incurred in the operation of this Ordinance and approved of by the Governor shall be paid out of the general revenues of the Colony.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To provide for the maintenance of a Police Force and Prison.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Police and Prison Short title. Ordinance, 1949.
- 2. In this Ordinance and any Regulations made thereunder Definitions, where the context so admits

"constable" means the Chief Constable and any other police officer appointed under this Ordinance.

PART I - POLICE.

3. (1) The Governor may for any period he may think fit appoint any person to be a constable.

Appointment of Constables.

Oath.

(2) After taking the oath next hereinafter prescribed a constable shall be given a warrant of authority in the following form

"This is to certify that has been appointed to act as constable in the Falkland Islands and Dependencies.

Date

for Governor".

- (3) A constable shall on termination of his appointment return the warrant to the Colonial Secretary.
- 4. On appointment a constable shall take the following oath before a Justice –

"I, ..., do swear that I will well and truly serve our Sovereign Lord the King in the office of constable for the Falkland Islands and Dependencies, without favour or affection, malice, or ill-will, and that I will, to the best of my power, cause the peace to be kept and preserved, and prevent all offences against the persons and properties of His Majesty's subjects, and that while I continue to hold the said office, I will, to the best of my skill and knowledge, discharge the duties thereof according to law."

Powers and duties of a constable.

- 5. (1) A constable shall have and exercise all the powers, authorities and immunities and be liable to all the duties and responsibilities of any constable in England so far as they are applicable in the Colony and its Dependencies.
- (2) A constable may stop, search or detain any vessel, motor-vehicle, cart or bicycle which he has reason to suspect is being, or has been, used in the commission of an offence and may seize any property found therein or thereon in respect whereof any person on such vessel, motor-vehicle, cart or bicycle, is unable to give a satisfactory explanation and may arrest any such person.
- (3) A constable shall, when so required by the Chief Constable, perform the duties of prison officer or warder.

Offences by constable.

- 6. Any constable who shall
 - (a) be guilty of any neglect or violation of his duty, or
 - (b) not deliver up forthwith on his ceasing to hold office all his accontrements, clothing and other necessities of office supplied to him

shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month and a search warrant may be granted for articles not delivered up.

Personation of constable.

7. Any person who for any unlawful purpose or without the authority of the Governor puts on the dress, accourrements or takes the name, designation or character of a constable shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

PART II - PRISONS.

Governor may appoint any place to be a prison.

8. The Governor may appoint any building to be a prison for the confinement of any prisoner sentenced by a Court in the Colony or sent to the Colony on conviction under any Act.

Visiting Justices.

9. (1) The Governor may on the 1st day of January in each year appoint from the panel of Justices resident in Stanley three such Justices to constitute a Board of Visiting Justices of whom the Magistrate shall be a permanent and senior member for the ensuing year.

- (2) Visiting Justices shall enter and inspect any prison and see and receive complaints from prisoners when they may so decide but at least four times in any year and after each such inspection shall report thereon and as to any complaints received from prisoners and the manner in which they were dealt with to the Governor.
- 10. Any person may be permitted to visit any prisoner on the order in writing of a Visiting Justice.

Visitors.

11. (1) Any person who brings or attempts to introduce into any prison any spirituous or fermented liquor or tobacco and every officer of a prison who suffers any spirituous or fermented liquor or tobacco to be sold or used therein contrary to Prison Regulations shall commit an offence and shall be punishable on conviction by imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or to a fine not exceeding £20 or both such fine and imprisonment and if the offender be a prison officer he shall be dismissed the service.

Forbidden articles.

- (2) Any person conveying or attempting to convey any letter or notice not allowed by Prison Regulations in or out of any prison shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £10 and if the offender be a prison officer he shall be dismissed the service.
- 12. The period during which any prisoner has been unlawfully absent from prison shall be added to his sentence.

Unlawful absence.

13. A prisoner shall be removed from prison to the hospital on a certificate signed by the Senior Medical Officer stating the nature of the illness and that the removal is necessary for his restoration to health, countersigned by the Magistrate, and delivered to the Chief Constable.

Illness.

14. The Chief Constable shall give immediate notice of the death of any prisoner to the Coroner.

Coroner to be informed of death.

15. The body of every offender executed shall be buried in such place as the Governor may, by writing under his hand, appoint.

Burial of body of executed prisoner.

PART III - GENERAL.

16. The Governor in Council may make regulations as to-

Regulations.

- (1) the duties and discipline of constables and the imposition of any fines for any infringement in addition to any other punishment to which the constable may be liable;
- (2) the duties of Visiting Justices;
- (3) the duties and discipline of prison officers, the maintenance of good order in any prison and the discipline of prisoners therein and the imposition of punishment for any infringement thereof;
- (4) the execution of the death sentence.
- 17. The Gaols Ordinance 1898 and sections 10 to 15 (inclusive) of the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902 are hereby repealed.
- Repeals: 5 of 1898, 5 of 1902 (part)
- 18. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

Operation.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend and consolidate the law as to Estate Duty.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Estate Duty Ordinance, 1949.

Definitions.

- 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits:
- "deceased person" and "the deceased" mean a person dying after the commencement of this Ordinance;
- "Estate Duty" means Estate Duty under this Ordinance;
- "incumbrance" includes any claim lien or liability attaching to property;
- "personal representative" means the executor or administrator of a deceased person and includes as regards any obligations under this Ordinance any person who takes possession of or intermeddles with the estate of a deceased person;
- "property" includes all freehold and leasehold estates and personal property and the proceeds of sale thereof respectively and any monies or investment and any undivided share therein held jointly or in common with any other person but excluding that held by the deceased as a trustee;
- "Colony" means the Colony of the Falkland Islands including its Dependencies;
- "Treasurer" means the Treasurer for the time being of the Colony and any person appointed by the Governor under section 3 of this Ordinance.

3. This Ordinance shall be administered and estate duty shall be collected by the Treasurer on behalf of the Government: Provided that the Governor may from time to time by Order in Council appoint any person he may consider fit to assist in the collection of estate duty.

Administration.

4. (1) On and after the date of this Ordinance, estate duty at the graduated rates shewn in the Schedule to this Ordinance shall be levied and paid on the principal value of all property belonging to the deceased at the date of his death (in this Ordinance referred to as "the estate of the deceased").

Charge of estate duty.

- (2) The estate of the deceased shall include:
- (a) property of which the deceased was at his death competent to dispose;
- (b) property taken as a donatio mortis causa (gift made in contemplation of death) made by the deceased;
- (c) money payable to the deceased's estate under any policy of insurance;
- (d) property which belonged to the deceased or of which he was competent to dispose at any time within three years of his death and of which the deceased has disposed in any manner other than for full consideration in money or money's worth;
- (e) Any annuity or other interest purchased or provided by the deceased either by himself alone or in concert or by arrangement with any other person, to the extent of the beneficial interest accruing or arising by survivorship or otherwise on the death of the deceased

provided that this provision shall not apply to gifts made to the entire exclusion of the deceased, which are made in consideration of marriage, or which are proved to the satisfaction of the Treasurer to have been part of the normal expenditure of the deceased and to have been reasonable having regard to the amount of his income or which in the case of any donee, do not exceed in aggregate £100 in value or amount, or which are made for public or charitable purposes more than twelve months before the date of death of the deceased.

(3) Estate duty shall be paid whether or not the deceased died in the Colony and whether he was or was not domiciled in the Colony at the time of his death but shall only be paid in respect of property situate in the Colony.

Instructions as to estate duty.

Interest.

- (4) For the purposes of this section the situation of any property shall be determined in accordance with the law of England.
- 5. (1) Simple interest at the rate of five per centum per annum shall be paid on estate duty from the date of death of the deceased and shall be recoverable in the same manner as if it were part of the estate duty.
- (2) Where the estate duty is less than £2. 10s. 0d. interest will not be charged if the duty is paid within twelve months of the date of death.
- 6. Where the Treasurer is satisfied that estate duty has become payable on any property consisting of land or a business (not being a business carried on by a company) or any interest in land or such a business passing upon the death of the deceased and subsequently estate duty has become payable on the same property or any part thereof by reason of the death of the person to whom the property passed on the first death the estate duty payable on that property by reason of the second death shall be reduced as follows:—

Relief in respect of quick successions.

Where the second death occurs within one year of the first death by 50 per cent.

Where the second death occurs within two years of the first death by 40 per cent.

Where the second death occurs within three years of the first death by 30 per cent.

Where the second death occurs within four years of the first death by 20 per cent.

Where the second death occurs within five years of the first death by 10 per cent.

Provided that where the value, on which estate duty is payable, of the property on the second death exceeds the value, on which the duty was payable, of the property on the first death, the latter value shall be substituted for the former for the purpose of calculating the amount of duty on which the reduction under this section is to be calculated.

Principles for computing estate duty.

- 7. (1) For the purpose of determining the rate of estate duty the estate of the deceased shall be aggregated so as to form one estate and the estate duty shall be levied at the proper graduated scale on the principal value thereof as shewn in the Schedule to this Ordinance.
- (2) The principal value of any property shall be the price estimated by the Treasurer to be the price it would fetch if sold in the open market at the date of the death of the deceased. Provided that should it be shewn to the satisfaction of the Treasurer that the property has depreciated by reason of the death of the deceased the Treasurer in fixing the price shall take the depreciation into account.
- (3) An allowance shall be made for reasonable funeral expenses in respect of and any debts of the deceased and for any incumbrances on the estate of the deceased, but an allowance shall not be made
 - (a) for debts incurred by the deceased, or incumbrances created by a disposition made by the deceased, unless such debts or incumbrances were incurred or created bona fide for full consideration in money or money's worth wholly for the deceased's own use and benefit and take effect out of his interest, nor
 - (b) for any debt in respect whereof there is a right to reimbursement from any other estate or person, unless such reimbursement cannot be obtained, nor
 - (c) more than once for the same debt or incumbrance charged upon difference of portions of the estate

and any debt or incumbrance for which an allowance is made shall be deducted from the value of the land or other subjects of property liable thereto.

(4) No allowance shall be made for debts due from the deceased to persons resident outside the Colony unless contracted to be paid in the Colony or unless and to the extent to which it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Treasurer that the property of the deceased situate in the country in which the person to whom such debts are due resides is insufficient for their payment.

Value of estate:

- 8. (1) The personal representative of the deceased shall as soon as possible after the death of the deceased ascertain the particulars and principal value of the property of the deceased and make and deliver to the Treasurer an affidavit (hereinafter called the "estate duty affidavit") giving such particulars and value so far as is known to him and from time to time make and deliver to the Treasurer any further estate duty affidavit that may be necessary to supplement any omission from or mistake in any previous estate duty affidavit.
 - (2) Any personal representative who fails in any duty

imposed upon him by this section or who fails to make and deliver an estate duty affidavit within twenty-one days after service of a notice from the Treasurer requiring him so to do shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

9. (1) Estate duty shall in the first instance be calculated at the appropriate rate on the value of the estate of the deceased which may come into his hands as shewn in the original estate duty affidavit and shall be payable by the personal representative on delivery of that affidavit.

Payment of duty.

- (2) The personal representative shall on delivery of every subsequent estate duty affidavit pay any estate duty payable on any property which may come into his hands disclosed by that affidavit.
- 10. The personal representative shall be liable for all estate duty payable by him in respect of the estate of the deceased which may come into his hands but his liability shall not exceed the assets he has received or would but for his own neglect or default have received.

Liability of personal representative.

11. Every beneficiary to the amount of the estate of the deceased passing to him and every trustee, guardian, committee or other person to the extent of the property actually received or disposed of by him or them and every person who takes possession of or administers any part of the property and every person in whom the same is vested by alienation or other derivative title shall be liable for the estate duty on such estate of the deceased as is taken by him or them.

Liability of beneficiaries, trustees, purchasers etc.

Provided that a person who merely acts as agent or bailiff for another in the management of property is not accountable for any estate duty in respect of such property.

12. The whole estate duty shall except as hereinafter mentioned, become due and payable at the end of six months from the date of death of the deceased or on delivery of the original estate duty affidavit whichever first occurs and any estate duty not so paid shall be deemed to be in arrears and be recoverable accordingly.

When estate duty in arrears.

13. The Treasurer may if he is satisfied that estate duty cannot without excessive sacrifice be raised at once allow payment to be postponed for such period and to such extent and on payment of such interest and on such terms as he may deem fit.

Postponement of payment.

14. Any person liable for estate duty on any part of the estate of the deceased shall have power whether or not the estate is vested in him to raise the amount of such duty and expenses incurred by him in connection therewith by sale or mortgage of that part of the property.

Power to raise duty by sale of mortgage.

15. Estate duty shall subject to the will of the deceased be borne by the beneficiaries under the will in proportion to the value of their respective interests and the personal representative shall in distributing the property of the deceased make such payments, reductions and adjustments as may be necessary for that purpose.

Estate duty to be borne rateably.

16. (1) Every personal representative or other person liable for the payment of estate duty or having in his possession, power or control any documents relating to the estate of the deceased shall whenever required by the Treasurer –

Personal representative etc. to produce documents and attend examination.

- (a) make and deliver to the Treasurer an affidavit giving to the best of his knowledge and belief answers to any questions as to the estate of the deceased as may be put to him by the Treasurer;
- (b) disclose, produce to and allow the Treasurer to make copies of any such documents as aforesaid.

(2) Any personal representative or other person who fails to comply with the requirements of the Treasurer under this section within fourteen days after a notice stating such requirements shall be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance.

Valuation by Treasurer.

- 17. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance the Treasurer shall ascertain the principal value of the estate of the deceased in such manner and by such means as he shall deem fit and may accept the value estimated by the personal representative or the valuation of any person approved by the Treasurer as a valuer for the purpose of this Ordinance or as approved for the purpose of that valuation.
- (2) The Treasurer shall pay the reasonable cost of the valuation made by a person named by him.
- (3) Any person named by the Treasurer to value any property for the purpose of this Ordinance shall at all reasonable times have power to enter and inspect the property.

Assessment by Treasurer.

- 18. (1) The assessment of the Treasurer that any estate duty is payable in respect of any property shall subject to the right of appeal hereinafter provided for be conclusive evidence that that duty is payable in respect of that property.
- (2) The Treasurer may at any time revoke or reduce an assessment when it is shewn to his satisfaction to be erroneous or excessive and may make a further assessment in respect of the same property.

Refund of overpaid duty.

19. The Treasurer shall refund any excess estate duty when it is shewn to his satisfaction that too much duty has been paid.

Appeals against assessment etc.

- 20. (1) Any person aggrieved by the refusal of the Treasurer to refund any excess duty or by any assessment or other decision of the Treasurer may on payment of the estate duty or such part thereof then payable or on giving security for it to the satisfaction of the Supreme Court appeal to the Supreme Court of the Colony.
- (2) The appeal shall be lodged within one month of the date of notice of the decision of the Treasurer by which the appellant is aggrieved and shall specify the objections to the assessment, decision or refusal to refund.
 - (3) The Supreme Court may
 - (a) extend the time for appealing notwithstanding that it has elapsed if it considers the interests of Justice so require;
 - (b) reverse or vary an assessment, decision or refusal to refund;
 - (c) make such order as to costs of the appeal as it may deem fit.

Recovery of estate duty.

- 21. (1) Estate duty in arrears shall be recoverable by civil suit as a debt to the Government of the Colony from the person liable.
- (2) The Treasurer may apply to any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace in the Colony, in open court to recover estate duty in arrears as follows—
 - (a) on production of the assessment and on proof of service on the person liable and that duty is in arrear the Court shall make an order for the payment of the estate duty in arrear by the person liable and may direct the immediate execution of the order;
 - (b) a statement in writing by the Treasurer shall be sufficient evidence of the amount of estate duty in arrears;

- (c) the order shall be served as soon as possible on the person liable who may within fourteen days of such service apply to the Court for the order to be discharged which may be done on any ground disclosing a valid defence to proceedings for the recovery of the estate duty;
- (d) property liable to attachment and sale in execution of the order may be seized forthwith but shall not be sold until the time for applying for a discharge of the order has elapsed or the application for discharge disposed of;
- (e) when it appears to the Court that an appeal against the assessment is pending or the time for appealing has not elapsed the Court may grant a stay of execution for such period and on such terms as it may deem just.
- 22. (1) The whole estate duty shall be a first charge on the estate of the deceased.

Estate duty a charge on deceased's estate.

- (2) The Supreme Court may appoint a receiver of the property and of the rents, profits and income thereof and order a mortgage or sale of the property for enforcing such charge.
- 23. (1) The Treasurer may on being satisfied that the full estate duty has been or will be paid in respect of all the estate of the deceased give a certificate discharging the property specified in the certificate from any further claim for estate duty.

Certificate of discharge.

- (2) A person liable for estate duty, other than a personal representative may after two years of the death of the deceased apply to the Treasurer for a certificate discharging him and specified property from any further claim for estate duty and shall deliver to the Treasurer a full statement to the best of his knowledge and belief of all the estate of the deceased and the persons entitled thereto and the Treasurer may upon payment by the person liable of such estate duty as should be borne by him issue such certificate.
 - (3) A certificate given under this section shall not
 - (a) discharge any person or property from estate duty in case of fraud or failure to disclose material facts;
 - (b) affect the rate of duty payable in respect of any other part of the estate of the deceased and the duty in respect of such other part shall be at such rate as would be payable if the value thereof were added to the value of the property in respect of which a certificate of discharge has been given.
- (4) A certificate purporting to be a discharge of the whole estate duty payable in respect of any property in the certificate shall exonerate a *bona fide* purchaser for valuable consideration without notice from estate duty notwithstanding any such fraud or failure.
- 24. The Treasurer may where it is difficult to ascertain exactly the amount of estate duty payable in respect of any property or to ascertain the same without undue expense in proportion to the value of the property on the application of the person liable for estate duty thereon and upon his giving all information in his power affecting the liability of the property for estate duty assess such sum as he may consider proper as the estate duty and accept payment of that sum and composition for and in full discharge of all claims for estate duty in respect of that property and issue a certificate of discharge accordingly.

Provided that the certificate shall not discharge any person or property from any duty in case of fraud or failure to disclose material facts.

Power to accept composition.

No grant to probate without certificate of Treasurer.

25. Probate or Letters of Administration shall not be granted unless a certificate of the Treasurer is produced that a proper estate duty affidavit as to the estate of the deceased has been delivered to the Treasurer and that the estate duty has been paid or security for the payment thereof has been given to his satisfaction.

Penalty for administering or accepting assets while duty unpaid.

- 26. Any person who while any part of the estate duty payable on the estate of the deceased remains unpaid or in respect of which satisfactory security has not been given as provided in this Ordinance,
 - (a) distributes any part of the estate of the deceased to any beneficiary:
 - (b) takes possession of and administers or appropriates any part of the estate of the deceased;
- (c) being a beneficiary accepts any part of the property shall be guilty of an offence against the Ordinance.

Notices.

27. Any notice of any act, decision, requirement, valuation or assessment of or by the Treasurer under this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder required to be served on any person shall be sufficient if it records the substance of that act, decision, requirement, valuation or assessment and is signed by the Treasurer and shall be sufficiently served if left at the last known place of abode or business in the Colony of the person to be served on if sent by registered post to such place of abode or business.

Regulations.

- 28. The Governor of the Colony may make regulations for carrying this Ordinance into effect and in particular without prejudice to the general power prescribing
 - (a) the forms of estate duty and other affidavits;
 - (b) the accounts to be kept by the Treasurer and procedure to be observed by him in carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance.

Penalties.

- 29. (1) Any person who wilfully fails to perform any duty imposed upon him by this Ordinance or any regulation thereunder or contravenes the provisions of this Ordinance or any regulation thereunder or who attempts to commit or abets an offence against this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.
- (2) Any person guilty of an offence against this Ordinance shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Two hundred pounds or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment.

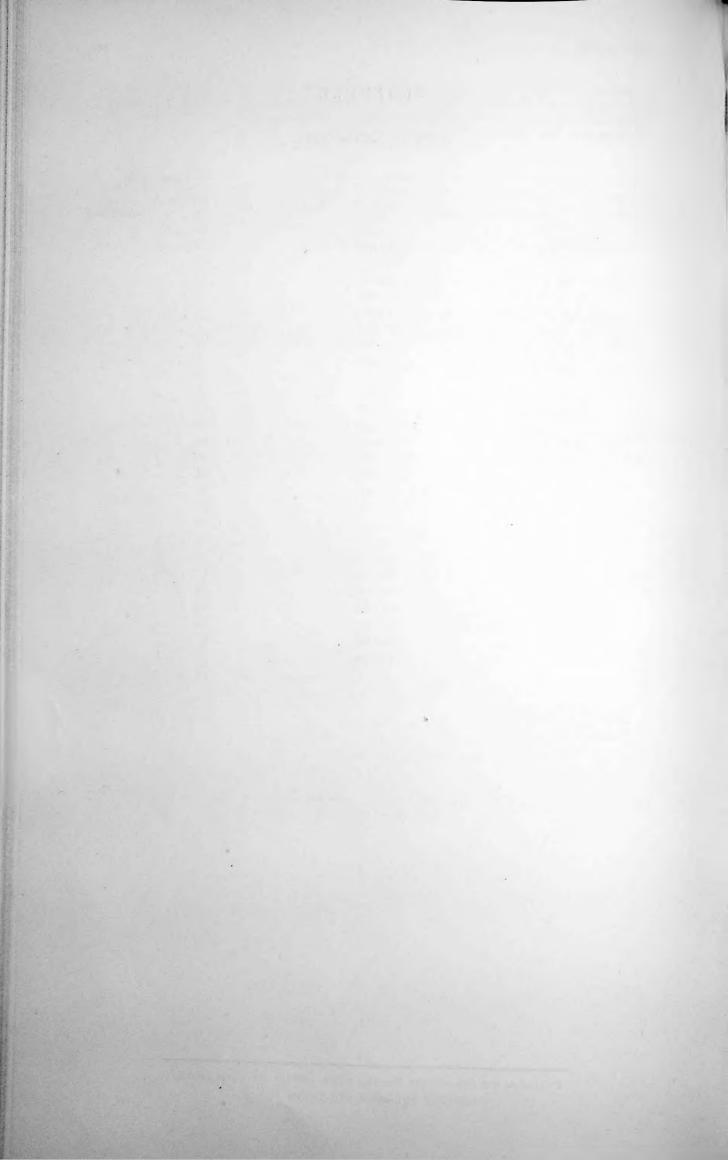
Repeal.

30. Section 22 of the Probate and Unrepresented Estates Ordinance 1901 is hereby repealed.

SCHEDULE

RATE OF ESTATE DUTY.

										Rat	e of	Duty.	
Not exceed							***	***	Nil.				
Exceeding		hut	not	${\it exceeding}$	£300		***		£1	: 1	0 :	O. (fixed)	
	£300	••	**	- 10	£500				£2	: 1	0 :	0	
**	£500	**			£1,000	,			1	per	cent.		
••	£1,000	**	••	**	£2,000	=			2	**	**		
••	£2,000	••	79	**	£3,000				3	,,	,,		
••	£3,000	٠,	••	,-	£5.000				4	••	**		
••	£5,000	**	••	111	£7,500				5	,,	,,		
••	£7,500	٠,	••	**	£10,000				G	11	**		
**	£10,000	٠,	"	- 44	£12,500				7	,,	.,		
**	£12,500	11	••	**	£15,000				8	٠,			
,,	£15,000	,,	,,	**	£20,000				10	**	,,		
	£20,000		,,		£25.000				12	,,	**		
	£25,000	••		,.	£30,000				14	,,	**		
	£30,000	77	.,	,,	£35,000		***		16	,,			
	£35,000	٠,	,,		£40,000				18	79	**		
	£40,000	**		,,	£45,000				20	,,	**		
	£45,000	**	,.		£50,000				22	,,	,,	4	
••	£50,000	,.	**	,.	£60.000				24	,,			
	£60,000		,,		£75,000				27	,,	,,		
	£75,000			**	£100,000				30	17			
	€100,000			**	£150,000				35	11			
••	£150,000		,.	,.	£200,000				40	,,			
**	£200,000	,,	.,		£250,000				45	11			
••	£250,000	,,	••	**	£300,000				50	,,	**		
••	£300,000	,.	٠,		£500,000		,		55	•,			
**	£500,000	,.	••	,,	£750,000				60	"			
	£750,000		,,	**	£1,000,000				65	"	**		
.,	£1,000,000	.,		,,	£2,000,000				70				
	£2,000,000	.,	,,						75		77		
											**		





The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.

MAY 1, 1949.

No. 7.

				1407. 1
	NE	W APPOINTMENTS.		*
Name	Department	Office	Date	Remarks
Coutts, F.	Post Office	Messenger	19.4.49.	On probation for 6 months.
Lee, Miss H.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Telephone Operator	16.4.49.	On probation for 6 months,
Maddocks, C.		W/T Operator	17.4.49.	
Mason, P.		W/T Operator, Grade II.	1.4.49.	_
Middleton, Miss M.	Medical	Nurse Probationer	15.2.49.	On probation for 6 months.
Peck. Miss N. W.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Messenger	20.4.49.	On probation for 6 months.
Roberts, Miss W. M.	Secretariat	Temporary Clerk	1.5.49.	_
Shackel, Miss S. M.	Secretariat & Treasury	Messenger	25.4.49.	On probation for 6 months.
	TERMINATI	ON OF APPOINTMENTS	S.	
	Department -	O.ffice	Date	Reason
Campbell, I. Ele	ectrical & Telegraphs	Messenger	11.4.49.	Resigned.
Smith, Mrs. J	" "	Telephone Operator	30.4.49.	

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

R. WINTER.

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 23.

1st May, 1949.

It is hereby notified for public information that

M. R. RAYMER, ESQUIRE,

has been selected by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to be Colonial Secretary, Falkland Islands.

M.P. Pl459.

No. 24.

1st May, 1949.

PURCHASE OF URANIUM AND THORIUM BY MINISTRY OF SUPPLY.

1. The United Kingdom Ministry of Supply offers to buy all uranium ores and concentrates produced in the Colonial Empire during the period of ten years from the date of this announcement at a minimum price of 13s. 9d. per

1b. of contained uranium oxide delivered f.o.b. ocean port.

- 2. This offer is subject only to the reservations that the Ministry does not guarantee to purchase ore or concentrate containing less than ten per cent uranium oxide, nor does it guarantee to purchase lots of less than ten tons ore or concentrate. Ore or concentrate containing less than ten per cent uranium oxide may, however, be purchased on terms to be agreed with the vendor in circumstances where the ore cannot readily be beneficiated overseas to a higher uranium content and where important tonnages are available.
- 3. The price quoted in paragraph 1 is a minimum price for small lots. Higher prices may be established by negotiation where costs of production, including any reward payable by operating company to prospector, are shown to be

greater. The Ministry will also take into account the presence of other valuable constituents (if any) of the ore having regard to the cost of recovery. The Ministry would be glad to discuss actual terms with any person operating or about to operate a deposit likely to yield substantially more than the minimum tonnage.

- Where the concentrates potentially available from a deposit being worked, or proposed to be worked, are adequate to justify the outlay, the Ministry would be willing to provide the capital required for the installation of concentrating plants.
- 5. As a further incentive to the discovery and exploitation of uranium deposits, the Ministry will consider paying a lump sum in aid of mine development to any person who produces and delivers on the above terms not less than 20 tons of ore or concentrate containing not less than 10 per cent uranium oxide from a concession or mining lease situated in the British Colonies and not previously worked for uranium.
- 6. No specific offer is made for thoriumcontaining minerals; but the Ministry will be very ready to discuss terms for purchase from any would-be vendor.
- 7. Persons having ores or concentrates for sale are invited to communicate with the Ministry of Supply. Division of Atomic Energy, Shell Mex House, London. W.C. 2, through the Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0204.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

James Coutts, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas John Coutts, brother of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

19th April, 1949.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Maggie Ann Coutts, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased,

Whereas John Coutts, husband of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

19th April, 1949.

L. 11/49.

H. BENNETT. Registrar, Supreme Court.

Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1949.

Rules made by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 1 of 1949. Short title

These Rules may be cited as the Court Fees (Civil Cases) Rules 1949.

Supreme Court.

The fees prescribed in the First Schedule to these Rules are payable in all civil actions and matters (other than Probate actions) commenced in the Supreme Court.

Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

3. The fees prescribed in the Second Schedule to these Rules are payable in all civil actions and matters commenced in a Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

Notarial.

The fees prescribed in the Third Schedule are payable on the specified notarial acts performed by a notary public.

When fees are payable.

5. All fees shall be paid before the pleading is entered or the process prepared or issued.

Calculation of fees

6. For the purpose of calculation of poundage for fees a part of a £ shall be considered to be £1.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 23rd day of April, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

					Ŧ.	s.	d,	
Fee 1	On sealing writ				~	15	0	
2	On filing a divorce petition					10	0	
3	" " an amended writ					2	6	
4	an amended divorce petition	n				2	6	
5	For Citation, first (divorce)					12	0	
6	For Citation, second and subsequent					8	0	
7	On entering reply (divorce)					8	0	
8	For certifying copy of divorce petitio	n				4	0	
Ð	On filing affidavit					2	On	
10	For each witness summons					4	0	
11	On entering defence in action					5	0	
12	On entering reply in action					5	0	
13	On setting down case for trial				1	0	0	
14	On entering or sealing a judgment de	cree or o			1	0	0	
	If the trial or hearing occupies mor				•	Ŭ		
	each additional complete hour a fur			***		5	0	-
	Note.—This fee is payable where or order is made by consent. When a decree his in a matrimon	iere this	fee is paid	l				
	payable on the decree absolute.	iai canse	: no ree is	•				
15	On filing a notice of appeal to the Su	preme C	ourt		1	0	0	
16	On application for leave to issue a thi	ird party	notice			5	0	
17	On application for leave to issue exec	ution	***			1	0	for every £ of the
								first £100 of the Judgment Order and 6d, for every additional £.
18	On the issue of a warrant of executio	n	•••	***		1		for every £ of the first £100 and 6d. for every additional £ for which the warrant issues.
19	On the issue of a warrant for possess	ion						
	(1) not for the recovery of a sum of	money	***			10	0	
	(2) for the recovery of a sum of mo		addition to)		10	Λ	in addition to 1/-
	possession		***	***		10	V	for every £ of the first £100 and 6d. for each additional £ for which the warrant issues.
						1	0	for every £ of the
20	On the issue of a warrant of delivery		•••					first £100 and 6d. for each additional £ of the value of the goods to be delivered and costs and damages.
21	For an office copy of the Judge's not	ie ,		***		1	0	for each folio of 72 words.
22	For leave to appeal to the Privy Courceognisance and sealing	ncil incl 	luding	***	20	0	0	
23	Taxing costs		***	•••		1	0	for every £4 or part thereof allowed.
0.1	D	277			1	0	0	
24	Reviewing costs				1	0	0	
25	Warrant for absconding debtors	Colony			1	0	0	
26	Power of attorney under Seal of the	Coronia	***					

SECOND SCHEDULE.

			£ s. d.
Fee 1 On entering a complaint:			
(1) for the recovery of a sum of money not exce	eding £	2	2 0
exceeding £ 2 not exceeding £ 5	***		3 0
5 ,, ,, 10			5 0
10 ,, ,, 15	•••	1.1	7 0
15 , 20			9 0
20 25		22.2	10 0
25 , 30			13 0
30 , 35			15 0
35 , 40			17 0
40 ,. 50			19 0
,, 50			1 1 0
(2) for recovery of land:			
(a) on expiration of term or notice to quit			5 0
(b) on forfeiture for non payment of rent	***	***	fee 1 (1) calculated on rent in arrear.
(3) for delivery of goods	***	***	fee 1 (1) calculated on value of goods.
(4) for any other remedy or relief	***	***	1 0 0
Fee 2 On filing a counterclaim	***	***	The difference between the fee which would have been payable had the counterclaim been an original claim and the fee paid by the plaintiff.
Fee 3 On application for leave to issue a third party Note.—The above fees include preparation service of summons etc.		***	2s. 6d.
Fee 4 (1) on the hearing of a trial or action	***		An amount equal to that paid under Fee 1.
(2) If the amount claimed and fees are paid into than 2 days before the hearing	***	more	One quarter of Fee 4 (1)
(3) if the defendant does not appear or consent judgment for the plaintiff, in Court	ts to		One half of Fee 4 (1).
Fee 5 On the trial or hearing of a counterclaim	***	***	The fee payable under Fee 2.
Fee 6 On application for an order for the attendance judgment debtor		***	2s. 6d.
Fee 7 On application for leave to issue execution	***		6d. for every £1 of the Judgment
Fee 8 On the issue of a warrant of execution	***		Order. Maximum 5/
Fee 9 On the issue of a warrant of possession	***	***	6d. for every £ for which the warrant issues. Maximum 10/6.
(1) not for the recovery of a sum of money			Fee 2 (a), (b) or (c) whichever is
(2) for the recovery of a sum of money in add			applicable. Maximum 10/6.
possession			Fee 9 (1) in addition to 6d. for every £ for which the warran issues. Maximum 15/-
Fee 10 On the issue of a warrant of delivery (1) not for the recovery of damages or costs	***	***	6d. for every £ of the value of the goods to be delivered. Max imum 10/
(2) for recovery of damages or costs in addition	n to deli	very	Fee 10 (1) in addition to 6d. in every £ for which the warran issues. Maximum $15/-$.
Fee 11 On issue of a judgment summons	***	244	6d, for every £2 or part thereo for which the summons issues.
Fee 12 On hearing of a judgment summons	***	***	Fee 11.

Fee 13	On issue of an order for commitmen	t made	on a		
	judgment summons	***	***	***	6d. for every £ for which the order issues. Maximum 10/6.
Fee 14	On entering garnishee proceedings	***			Fee 1 (1).
Fee 15	On hearing garnishee proceedings				Fee 4.
Fee 16	On the issue of a witness summons				
			***	144	1s. 0d.
Fee 17	For an office copy of a Magistrate's 1	note	***	***	6d, for each folio of 72 words.
			7.7		our for chair 10110 Of 12 WORDS

THIRD SCHEDULE.

						£	s.	d.	
1	Power of Attorney		***	***			10	0	
2	Noting a Protest		444		***	1	1	0	
3	Extending a Protest	***				2	2	0	
4	For each copy of Protest					1	1	0	
5	Protesting Bill of Exchange	Prom	issory Note			•	15	0	

Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1949.

Rules made by His Excellency the Governor in Council under Section 67 of the Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1949.

No. 2 of 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

APPEALS TO HIS MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

- 1. These Rules may be cited as the Privy Council Appeals—Short title, Rules, 1949.
- 2. The preparation of records and cases in appeals to His Majesty in Council shall be in accordance with these Rules.
- 3. The Registrar, as well as the parties and their legal agents, shall endeavour to exclude from the record all documents (more particularly such as are merely formal) that are not relevant to the subject-matter of the appeal, and, generally, to reduce the bulk of the record as far as practicable, taking special care to avoid the duplication of documents and the unnecessary repetition of headings and other merely formal parts of documents; but the documents omitted to be copied or printed shall be enumerated in a list to be placed after the index or at the end of the record.

Irrelevant documents to be excluded from the record.

4. Where in the course of the preparation of a record one party objects to the inclusion of a document on the ground that it is unnecessary or irrelevant, and the other party insists upon its being included, the record, as finally printed shall, with a view to the subsequent adjustments of the costs of and incidental to such document, indicate in the index of papers, or otherwise, the fact that, and the party by whom, the inclusion of the document was objected to.

Cases in which there is a conflict between parties as to the relevancy of a document.

5. The record shall be printed in accordance with the rules set forth in the Schedule hereto. It may be so printed either in the Falkland Islands or in England.

The record to be printed.

Duty of the Registrar when the record is to be printed in England. 6. Where the record is to be printed in England, the Registrar shall, at the expense of the appellant, transmit to the Registrar of the Privy Council one certified copy of such record, together with an index of all the papers and exhibits in the case. No other certified copies of the record shall be transmitted to the agents in England by or on behalf of the parties to the appeal.

Duty of Registrar when the record is not printed in England. 7. When the record is not printed in England the Registrar shall, at the expense of the appellant, transmit to the Registrar of the Privy Council forty copies of such record, one of which copies he shall certify to be correct by signing his name on, or initialling, every eighth page thereof and by affixing thereto the seal of the Supreme Court.

When part of the record is printed in England and part out of England.

8. When part of the record is printed outside England and part of the record is to be printed in England Rules 6 and 7 above shall, as far as practicable apply to such parts respectively.

Case of each party to be printed.

9. The case of each party to the appeal shall be printed in accordance with the rules set forth in the Schedule hereto, every tenth line thereof being numbered in the margin, and shall be signed by at least one of the counsel who attends at the hearing of the appeal, or by the party himself if he conducts his appeal in person.

Preparation of the case.

10. The case shall consist of paragraphs numbered consecutively and shall state, as concisely as possible, the circumstances out of which the appeal arises, the contentions to be urged by the party lodging the same, and the reasons of appeal. References by page and line to the relevant portions of the record as printed shall, as far as practicable, be printed in the margin, and care shall be taken to avoid, as far as possible, reprinting long extracts from the record.

SCHEDULE

- 1. Records and cases shall be printed in the form known as demy quarto (i.e. 54 ems in length and 42 in width).
- 2. The size of the paper used shall be such that the sheet, when folded and trimmed, will be 11 inches in height and $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches in width.
- 3. The type to be used in the text shall be Pica type, but Long Primer shall be used in printing accounts, tabular matter and notes.
- 4. The number of lines in each page of Pica type shall be 47 or thereabouts, and every tenth shall be numbered in the margin.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 23rd day of April, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0831.

Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1949.

Rules of the Supreme Court made by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

No. 3 of 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

1. These Rules may be cited as the Rules of the Supreme Short title.

PART I. CIVIL CASES (OTHER THAN MATRIMONIAL)

2. (1) Every matter, other than an action, shall be brought before the Supreme Court by Petition delivered to the Registrar and if approved by the Judge shall be heard on the appointed day by him.

Procedure on Petition.

- (2) Except where an injunction is sought a Petition shall not be heard less than seven days after a copy thereof has been served on every person in the Colony affected thereby.
- 3. The Judge may order that a Petition or any pleading be amended or struck out on the ground that it discloses no reasonable cause of action, that it is frivolous, vexatious or scandalous.

Judge may order amendment of Petition or any pleading or that it be struck out.

4. Any person directly affected by any matter before the Supreme Court may at any time before hearing apply on motion to the Supreme Court for the postponement of the hearing thereof and the Judge may make such order thereon and as to costs and security as he may deem fit.

Postponement of Hearing.

5. A writ shall be in the form A set out in the Schedule hereto and shall be served on the defendant by or on behalf of the Plaintiff.

Writ.

6. A defendant shall within eight days if resident in Stanley or sixty days if resident outside Stanley after service of the writ, inclusive of the day of the service, deliver to the Registrar and serve or cause to be served on the plaintiff his defence to the action.

Defence.

7. The plaintiff may within eight days if resident within Stanley or sixty days if resident outside Stanley after service of the defence, including the day of service deliver to the Registrar and serve or cause to be served on the defendant his reply to the defence.

Reply.

8. If no defence is delivered and served within the time specified in Rule 7 the Plaintiff shall be at liberty after filing an affidavit of Service, to apply to the Judge to sign final judgment and the Judge may make such order as to judgment as he may deem just.

Judgment on default of defence.

9. Either party may after delivery of the reply or after the time provided therefor under Rule 8 has elapsed apply to the Registrar for the case to be set down for hearing and the Registrar shall notify both parties of the date fixed by the Judge provided that either party may apply for a postponement thereof subject to such terms as the Judge may impose.

Setting down for trial.

10. (1) Where the plaintiff fails to attend the hearing the defendant shall be entitled to final judgment.

Non-attendance of parties.

Trial.

(2) Where the defendant fails to attend the plaintiff shall on proving his case be entitled to final judgment.

Retrial.

11. Where the plaintiff or defendant fails to appear at the hearing he shall be at liberty within six days of the date thereof to apply that the judgment be set aside and the Judge make an order for retrial or otherwise on such terms and conditions as he may deem fit.

Signing Judgment.

12. The successful party in an action shall be entitled to sign judgment and issue execution six days after the trial unless application shall have been made for a re-trial, or stay of execution.

Sale by Sheriff.

- 13. (1) The Sheriff shall, when he cannot effect a sale of any property seized by him without a sacrifice of the reasonable value thereof apply to the Judge for directions and for an order for delay and for enlarging the time for returning the writ.
- (2) The Sheriff shall cause a notice giving the time, place and particulars of sale of goods seized under execution to be fixed on the public notice board at Stanley and at such other places as he may decide.

PART II. MATRIMONIAL CASES.

Petition.

14. Proceedings shall be commenced by delivering to the Registrar a Petition in the Form B set out in the Schedule hereto together with an affidavit by the Petitioner verifying the facts of which he has personal knowledge and deposing as to his belief in the truth of the other facts alleged therein. The Registrar shall thereupon issue the notices to appear in the Form C set out in the Schedule hereto.

Service of Petition, etc.,

15. The Petitioner shall serve or cause to be served personally on the respondent and every co-respondent named in the petition, notice to appear, together with a copy of the petition certified by the Registrar and shall within seven days of service in Stanley or thirty days of such service in any other part of the Colony file with the Registrar an affidavit of service.

Answer.

16. A respondent, co-respondent or any person named in a petition may within fourteen days of the service of such petition if served in Stanley, or sixty days if served in any other part of the Colony file with the Registrar an answer to the petition and shall with every answer which contains matter other than a simple denial of the facts stated in the petition, file an affidavit verifying such other matter so far as he has personal knowledge and deposing to his belief in the truth of the rest of such other matters and shall serve on the petitioner forthwith a copy of such answer and affidavit and a notice to appear.

Reply.

- 17. (1) No reply shall be filed without leave of the Judge except where relief is claimed in the answer in which case a reply may be filed with the Registrar and the Petitioner shall within fourteen days of the delivery of the answer forthwith serve a copy of such reply on the respondent.
- (2) No subsequent pleading shall be filed without leave of the Judge.

Powers to allow intervention. 18. When a person is charged with adultery with any party to a case in which the Judge may consider, in the interest of any person not already a party to the suit, that that person should be made a party the Judge may allow that person to intervene upon such terms, if any, as he may deem just.

Setting down for trial.

19. Any party may after delivery of the reply or the expiration of the time provided therefor under Rule 17 (1) apply to the Registrar for the case to be set down for hearing and the Registrar shall notify all parties of the date fixed by the Judge provided that any party may apply for a postponement thereof subject to such terms as the Judge may impose.

20. An application for retrial shall be made by petition stating the grounds on which it is based, filed with the Registrar within three weeks after Judgment and served forthwith on the other parties to the suit.

Retrial

21. (1) Any person desiring to shew cause against making absolute a decree nisi shall file with the Registrar an affidavit setting forth the facts upon which he relies and forthwith serve a copy thereof on the party in whose favour the decree has been pronounced.

Intervention against making absolute a decree nisi.

- (2) The party in whose favour the decree has been pronounced may within fourteen days after delivery of the said affidavit file with the Registrar an affidavit in answer and forthwith serve a copy thereof on the person showing cause and the person showing cause may within fourteen days of such service file and serve as aforesaid an affidavit in reply.
- 22. An application to make absolute a decree nisi for dissolution of marriage shall be made in writing to the Registrar. The decree shall be pronounced in open Court.

Decree absolute.

PART III. ENFORCEMENT OF MAINTENANCE ORDERS.

23. The prescribed officer for the enforcement of maintenance orders shall be:—

Prescribed Officer.

- (a) if the order be made in the Supreme Court, the Registrar, or
- (b) if the order be made in a Court of Summary Jurisdiction, the Magistrate.
- 24. The copy of a provisional order made by a Court in any part of His Majesty's Dominions outside the United Kingdom to which the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Ordinance (in this Part called "the Ordinance") applies shall be sent to the Magistrate with the accompanying documents and a requisition for a summons.

Provisional orders.

25. The Magistrate shall notify the Governor and the Court issuing the order his decision on a provisional order made outside the Colony.

Notice of decision.

26. When an order has been registered in the Court of Summary Jurisdiction at Stanley or a provisional order has been confirmed by that Court under the Ordinance all payments under the order shall be made to the prescribed officer.

Payments into Court under Order.

27. All monies collected under an order as provided by Rule 25 shall be paid to the Treasury for transmission through the Crown Agents for the Colonies to the officer specified by the Court issuing the order.

Transmission of monies collected.

28. When a provisional order made in the Colony under the Ordinance has been remitted to the Court of Summary Jurisdiction making the order for the purpose of taking further evidence the Magistrate or Justice shall notify the person on whose behalf the order was made the particulars of the further evidence required and the time and place fixed for taking it.

When further evidence required.

PART IV. RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGMENTS.

29. In this Part the expression "the Ordinance" means the Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments Ordinance and the definitions contained in section 5 of the Ordinance shall apply to this Part of these Rules.

Definition.

Application.

30. An application under the Ordinance for leave to have a Judgment obtained in a superior Court in any part of His Majesty's Dominions outside the United Kingdom to which the Ordinance applies registered in the Supreme Court shall be made ex parte or by summons to the Judge. If the application is made ex parte the Judge may direct a summons to be issued.

The affidavit.

31. The application shall be supported by an affidavit of the facts exhibiting the judgment or a verified or certified or otherwise duly authenticated copy thereof and stating that to the best of the information and belief of the deponent the judgment creditor is entitled to enforce the judgment and the judgment does not fall within any of the cases in which under the Ordinance a judgment cannot properly be ordered to be registered. The affidavit must also, so far as the deponent can, give full name, title, trade or business and usual or last known place of abode or business of the judgment creditor and judgment debtor respectively.

Title of affidavit and summons.

Service of summons.

33. The Summons (if any) for leave to register shall be an originating summons and (unless otherwise ordered by the Judge) shall be served in the same manner as a writ of summons is required to be served. The judgment debtor shall not be required to enter any appearance thereto.

The Order.

34. Any Order giving leave to register shall be drawn up by or on behalf of the judgment creditor and when the order is made on a summons the order shall be served on the judgment debtor but where the order is made on an *ex parte* application no service of the order on the judgment debtor shall be required.

Form of Order.

35. The order giving leave to register the judgment shall state the time within which the judgment debtor is to be entitled to apply to set aside the registration. Such time where the judgment debtor is, or is ordinarily resident in the Colony shall ordinarily be sixty days and when the judgment debtor is or is ordinarily resident out of the Colony shall depend on the distance from the Colony of the place where the judgment debtor resides and the postal facilities between the Colony and that place and shall ordinarily be the same time as is limited for entering appearance after service out of the jurisdiction of a writ of summons or notice thereof.

The Register.

36. The register of judgments ordered to be registered under the Ordinance shall be kept by the Registrar. The judgment shall be registered therein in accordance with the order giving leave to register it.

Form of Register.

37. There shall be entered in the register the date of the order for registration and of the registration, the name, title, trade or business and usual or last known place of abode or business of the judgment debtor and judgment creditor and the amount for which the judgment is signed and any special directions in the order for registration as to such registration and/or execution thereon and the particulars of any execution issued thereon.

Notice of Registration.

38. Notice in writing of the registration of the judgment must be served on the judgment debtor within a reasonable time after such registration. Such notice shall (in the absence of an order by the Judge as to the mode of service thereof) be served on the judgment debtor by personal service (with power to order substituted service or service out of the jurisdiction or both) as in the case of a writ of summons, but the Judge may at any stage of the proceedings

authorise or direct some other mode of service and if he does so the service shall be effected in accordance with such authority or direction.

39. The notice of registration shall contain full particulars of the judgment registered and of the order for such registration and shall state the name and address of the judgment creditor on whom and at which service of any summons issued by the judgment debtor may be served. The notice shall state that the defendant is entitled, if he has grounds for doing so, to apply to set aside the registration and shall also state the number of days for applying to set aside the registration limited by the order giving leave to register.

Form of Notice.

40. The party serving the notice shall, within three days at most after such service, endorse on the notice or a copy or duplicate thereof the day of the month and week of the service thereof, otherwise the judgment creditor shall not be at liberty to issue execution on the judgment; and every affidavit of service of such notice shall mention the day on which such indorsement was made. This rule shall apply to substituted as well as other service. The three days limited by this rule may under special circumstances be extended by order of the Judge.

Indorsement of service.

41. The judgment debtor may at any time within the time limited by the order giving leave to register after service on him of the notice of the registration of the judgment apply by summons to the Judge to set aside the registration or to suspend execution on the judgment and the Judge on such application if satisfied that the case comes within one of the cases in which under section 2 (2) of the Ordinance no judgment can be ordered to be registered or that it is not just or convenient that the judgment should be enforced in the Colony or other sufficient reason may order that the registration be set aside or execution on the judgment suspended either unconditionally or on such terms as he thinks fit and either altogether or until such time as he shall direct: Provided that the Judge may allow the application to be made at any time after the expiration of the time herein mentioned.

Application to set aside registration.

42. The summons referred to in Rule 41 shall be an ordinary summons intituled in the same manner as the affidavit referred to in Rule 32.

Summons to set aside.

43. No execution shall issue on a judgment registered under the Ordinance until, after the expiration of the time limited by the order giving leave to register after service on the judgment debtor of notice of the registration thereof: Provided that the Judge may at any time order that execution shall be suspended for a longer time.

Execution.

44. Any party desirous of issuing execution on a judgment registered under the Ordinance must produce to the proper officer an affidavit of the service of the notice of registration.

Affidavit of service.

45. A writ of execution on a judgment registered under the Ordinance may be thus varied: instead of "which said sum of money and interest were lately before us in the Supreme Court" &c, insert "which said sum of money and interest were lately in . . . (describing the Court in which the judgment was obtained)" &c, "and which judgment has been duly registered in our Supreme Court pursuant to the Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments Ordinance, 1922".

Form of Writ of Execution.

46. Any application under section 3 of the Ordinance for a certified copy of a judgment obtained in the Supreme Court shall be made ex parte to the Registrar on an affidavit made by the judgment creditor giving the particulars of the judgment and shewing that the judgment debtor is resident in some (state what) part of His Majesty's Dominions outside the Colony to which the Ordinance extends and stating to the best of his information and belief the title, trade, business or occupation of the judgment creditor and judgment debtor respectively and their respective usual or last known places of abode or business.

Certified copy of Judgment.

47. The certified copy of the judgment shall be an office copy and shall be sealed with the seal of the Supreme Court and shall be certified by the Registrar as follows:

"I certify that the above copy of the judgment is a true copy of a judgment obtained in the Supreme Court in the Falkland Islands and this copy is issued in accordance with section 3 of the Reciprocal Enforcements of Judgments Ordinance 1922".

(Signed)....

Registrar of the Supreme Court in the Falkland Islands.

PART V. GENERAL.

Office Hours.

48. The offices of the Supreme Court shall be open daily (Sundays and public holidays excepted) from 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. except Saturdays when the hours shall be from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Action Book.

49. The Registrar shall enter in the Action Book all writs, petitions and other proceedings in all actions and other matters commenced or referred to the Supreme Court.

Substituted service.

50. Any plaintiff or petitioner who is unable to serve or cause to be served a writ or petition upon any defendant or corespondent personally may apply to the Judge for an order for substituted or other service and shall file in support of the application an affidavit setting forth the grounds on which it is made.

Extended time for service etc. when party resident outside the Colony.

51. The Judge shall, where the party to any proceedings is or is ordinarily resident out of the Colony, state the time within which such party shall be served and file proceedings, as the case may be, regard being had to the distance from the Colony of the place where the party is or resides and the postal facilities between the Colony and that place.

Procedure on trial.

52. The plaintiff shall state his case to the Court and call his witnesses who shall be subject to cross-examination and re-examination, then the defendant shall state his case and call his witnesses, who shall be subject as aforesaid. The plaintiff shall have the final address except when the defendant does not call any witnesses, other than give evidence himself when he shall have the final address after the plaintiff.

Evidence of persons leaving Colony.

53. When it is probable that a person who would be a witness in a case pending in the Supreme Court may leave the Colony before the case can be brought to trial the party requiring him may apply to the Registrar to have the evidence of that person taken before the Judge and shall forthwith give notice of such application to the opposite party, and the Registrar shall notify both parties of the day fixed by the Judge to hear such evidence. No such evidence shall be used unless the opposite party has had an opportunity of cross-examining the witness.

Evidence by affidavit.

54. Evidence may be given by affidavit in the case of witnesses absent from the Colony but the Judge may on the application of any party or at his own discretion direct that any such witness shall be examined by commission.

New Trial.

- 55. (1) An application for a new trial may be made on the day of the trial if both parties are present or within twelve days from the day of the trial.
- (2) Except where the application is made on the day of the trial the applicant shall, not less than six clear days before the

hearing of the application, file with the Registrar and give to the opposite party notice in writing of the application stating the grounds thereof.

- (3) The notice shall not operate as a stay of proceedings unless the Court otherwise orders.
- (4) On receipt of the notice the Registrar shall unless otherwise ordered, retain any money in court until the application has been heard.
- (5) An order for a new trial shall be in Form D in the Schedule.
- 56. The Registrar shall fix a date for the taxation of costs and shall tax the same but no costs shall be taxed unless the bill of costs has been delivered to the opposite party more than forty-eight hours before the date fixed for taxation.

Taxation of costs.

57. Any person may with the consent of the Judge sue or defend as a poor person (without paying fees): Provided he satisfies the Judge:

Suing or defending as a poor person.

- (a) he is not worth a sum exceeding £50 (excluding wearing apparel, tools of trade and the subject matter of such proceedings); and
- (b) his usual income from all sources does not exceed £2 a week; and
- (c) in matrimonial cases, where the wife is the poor person in addition to (a) and (b) that the poor person and her husband are not worth the amount specified in (a) and their joint income does not exceed the amount specified in (b); and
- (d) he has reasonable grounds for taking or defending or being a party to proceedings in the Supreme Court.
- 58. In all matters of practice and procedure not repugnant to, or provided for in these Rules, the practice and procedure of the High Court of Justice in England, shall, as far as possible, be adopted.

Other practice etc. of High Court of Justice to apply.

59. The Consolidated Rules 1922, the Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement) Rules 1922 and the Rules of the Supreme Court (Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments) Ordinance 1922 are hereby rescinded.

Rescissions.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 23rd day of April, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0831.

19

and

GEORGE VI. BY THE GRACE OF GOD OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN, AND IRELAND AND OF THE BRITISH DOMINIONS BEYOND THE SEAS KING, DEPENDER OF THE FAITH.

WE command you that within eight days (sixty days if residing outside Stanley) after the service of this writ on you, inclusive of the

day of such service you do enter or cause to be entered a defence to the complaint of

and take notice, that in default of your so doing the Plaintiff may proceed to Judgment and Execution

The complaint set forth is

shall be endorsed

£

Plaintiff claims £

but the defendant may apply to have the costs taxed and if more than one-sixth be disallowed the Plaintiff shall pay his own costs. If the Defendant pays into Court three days at least before trial a sum less than that claimed but equal to or greater than the amount for which judgment is thereafter given he shall be entitled to recover his costs from the Plaintiff as from the date of such payment.

On all writs for debt or damages the following

for costs.

If these amounts be paid into Court within

seven days further proceedings will be stayed.

Registrar.

Judge of the Falkland Islands, this.....day of. Witness His Honour.....

This writ must be served within twelve months from the date hereof.

FORM B.

DIVORCE AND MATRIMONIAL CAUSES.

To His Honour the Judge.

The	day of	19
The	day of	19

The Petition of A.B. of

, sheweth, -

- 1. That your petitioner was on the day of 19, lawfully married to C.B., then C.D., [Spinster or Widow] at the Parish Church of, &c. [Here state where the marriage took place]
- 2. That after his said marriage your petitioner lived and cohabited with his said wife at and at , and that your petitioner and his said wife have had issue of their said marriage children to wit:

[Here state the names and ages of the children of the marriage]

- 3. That on the day of that day and committed adultery with R.S. 19, and on other days between in
- 4. [Here set out in detail in separate paragraphs the alleged matrimonial offences or other ground upon which relief is sought].

Your petitioner therefore humbly prays, -

That your Honour will be pleased to decree:

[Here set out the relief sought].

And that your Petitioner may have such further and other relief in the premises as may seem fit.

[Petitioner's signature.]

FORM C.

111	the	Supreme Cour	l
		Falkland Isl	lands

То	of

TAKE NOTICE that you are required within eight days (thirty days if residing outside Stanley) after service hereof upon you, inclusive of the day of service to make answer to this petition (answer) and that in default of your so doing the Court will proceed to hear the petition (answer) and pronounce judgment, your absence notwithstanding.

Dated at Stanley,	Falkland Islands the	day of	19

Registrar.

FORM D.

ORDER FOR NEW TRIAL.

[Title]

On the application of the

IT IS ORDERED that upon

[Here set out the terms and conditions on which the order is made.]

the Judgment in this Action, and all subsequent proceedings thereon be set aside and a New Trial had between the parties on the day of 19 at the hour of in the noon.

Dated this day of 19

Registrar.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.	JUNE 1, 1949.				No. 8.		
PROMOTIONS.							
Name	From		7	r _o	Date		
Gleadell, L. C.	Clerk, Gr. III., Audit		Clerk, Gr. I	I., Audit	1.1.48.		
Bowles, G. W. J.	Assistant Customs Office Customs	er, Gr. IV.,	Assistant Cu Custom	nstoms Officer, Gr. III s	1.1.48.		
Slade, H. E.	Electrician, Gr. IL, Electrical & Telegra	aphs	Electrician, Electric	Gr. I., cal & Telegraphs	1.1.48.		
Blyth, A. J.	Engineman, Power Hou Electrical & Telegra			t. Power House, Gr. I cal & Telegraphs	I 1.1.48.		
Reive, C. T.	Electrician, Gr. III., Electrical & Telegra	aphs	Electrician, Electric	Gr. II., cal & Telegraphs	1.1.48.		
Norris, J.	Police Sergeant, Gr. II., Police & Prisons		Police Sergi Police	eant, Gr. I., & Prisons	1.1.48.		
O'Sullivan, D. W.	Police Constable, Gr. II Police & Prisons	I.,		table, Gr. II., & Prisons	1.1.48.		
Williams, J. D.	Police Constable, Gr. IV Police & Prisons	r.,		table, Gr. III & Prisons	1.1.48.		
Bound, J.	Clerk, Gr. III., Secretariat & Treas	ury	Clerk, Gr. I Secreta	., riat & Treasury	1.1.48.		
Bound, H. L.	Clerk, Gr. IV., Secretariat & Treas		Clerk, Gr. I Secreta	I., riat & Treasury	1.1.48.		
Hirtle, W.	Clerk, Gr. III., Secretariat & Treas	ury	Clerk, Gr. I Secreta	I., riat & Treasury	1.1.48.		
Morrison, D. R.	Clerk, Gr. 1V Secretariat & Treas	ury	Clerk, Gr. I Secreta	II., riat & Treasury	1.1.48.		
Sedgwick, Miss D.	Clerk, Gr. IV., Secretariat & Treas			riat & Treasury	1.1.48		
Halliday, L. J.	Clerk, Gr. V., Secretariat & Treas		Clerk, Gr. I Secreta	II., riat & Treasury	1.1.48		
Pettersson, Miss V.	Clerk, Gr. V., Secretariat & Treas		Clerk, Gr. I Secreta	V., riat & Treasury	1.1.48		
Biggs, Miss J.	Clerk, Gr. V., Secretariat & Treas		Clerk, Gr. 1 Secreta	V., riat & Treasury	1.1.48		
	TERMINATIO		OINTMENT				
Name	Department	Office		Date	Reason		
Newman, Miss F.	Education	Fravelling Tea	cher	31.5.49.	Resigned.		
		LEAVE.		4			
	Department	Office		Period	Date		
Mercer, J., B.E.M.		Wireless Opera 1st Class	tor,	96 days from date of sailing	18.4.49.		

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

R. WINTER.

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 25.

6th May, 1949.

CENTRAL LAND BOARD.

This announcement is intended for any person who on the 1st of July, 1948, owned or leased property in England, Wales or Scotland.

If he has land which could be made more valuable by being built on (for example an unbuilt-on housing plot) or a building which could be made more valuable by being extended or put to some different use, he ought to consider claiming on a fund of £300,000,000 which the Government has set aside under the Town and Country Planning Act. 1947, to compensate owners for loss of the development value in their land. This value now belongs to the State.

If he is affected he should tell his representative in Great Britain to consider putting in a claim at the local office of the Central Land Board. It is advisable to have professional advice.

This must be done at once. No claims can be accepted after the 30th of June, 1949.

No. 26.

3rd May, 1949.

THE STANLEY TOWN COUNCIL ORDINANCE No. 1 of 1947.

Consequent on the death of Mr. A. Pettersson a casual vacancy exists in the West Ward of the 'ev Electoral Area.

ordance with section 8 (2) of the Stanuncil Ordinance, His Excellency the directed that Friday, the 27th of 1 be the day of the election to fill s caused.

9th May, 1949,

has been received from the Right
Le Secretary of State for the Colonies
Chat His Majesty will not be advised
his power of disallowance in respect of
Lowing Ordinance of the Legislature of the
Lakland Islands:-

Ordinance No. 12 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the service of the year 1949".

M.P. 0284/II.

No. 28.

17th May, 1949.

Consequent on the report from the Cost of Living Committee and with the approval of the Secretary of State, the following increases will be paid:—

- (a) Cost of Living Bonus from 2d. to 3d. per hour or 3/9 per week with effect from the 1st of November, 1948. This is an aggregate of 6d. per hour or 22/6 per week.
- (b) BASIC WAGE from 1/2 to 1/4 per hour or from £2, 12s, 6d, to £3, 0s, 0d, per week with effect from the 1st of March, 1949. This increase will be deducted from the Cost of Living Bonus, thereby leaving 4d, per hour or 15/2 per week as Cost of Living Bonus.

M.Ps. 0704/A & 0768.

No. 29.

19th May, 1949,

On the occasion of the official celebration of His Majesty's Birthday on Thursday the 9th of June, 1949, a Royal Salute of 21 guns will be fired from the Saluting Gun on Victory Green at 11 o'clock.

M.P. 0191.

No. 30.

20th May, 1949.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL K. S. PIERCE-BUTLER to be Controller of Civil Aviation with effect from the 1st of June, 1949.

M.P. 0270.

No. 31.

25th May, 1949.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to grant to

THE HONOURABLE MR. N. K. CAMERON, J.P., leave of absence from his duties as a member of the Executive Council with effect from the 11th of May, 1949.

M.P. C/0001.

No. 32,

26th May, 1949.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following to constitute a Committee to deal with times and contents of broadcast programmes:—

Dr. J. I. Stafford, M.B., B.Ch., B.A., B.A.O. (Chairman).

The Hon, Mr. D. M. Honeyman

Mr. H. Bennett, J.P.

Miss J. Biggs

Mr. K. A. Cunnington

Mr. D. McNaughton

Mrs. D. W. Roberts

Mr. H. E. Slade Mrs. E. S. Smith

Mrs. F. White.

M.P. 0001.

STOCK.

28th April, 1949.

STOCK BRANDS & EARMARKS.

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of section 14 of the Live Stock Ordinance 1901, the undermentioned Stock Earmark and Brand has been approved and registered on behalf of Mr. J. W. Miller of Moody Valley Farm:—

- (a) Earmark Fork & Back bit
- (b) Brand .]

J. P. OLIVER,

Agricultural Officer.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Margaret Ann Kiddle, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, decrased.

Whereas Robert Kiddle, son of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

9th May, 1949.

17, 14/49,

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Mary Elizabeth Biggs, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Madge Bridget Frances Biggs, Executrix and Arthur Louis Stanley Biggs. Executor, of the above named deceased, have applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioners will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

9th May, 1949.

L. 15/49.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Mary Catherine Hardy, of Stanley, Falkland

Islands, deceased.

Whereas Robert Henry Hannaford, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner

will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

11th May, 1949.

L. 13/49.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands. Clifford Fitzroy Parker, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Alexander Stanley Etheridge, stepfather of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

26th May, 1949.

L. 17/49.

lu the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Henriette Josephine Ricketts, of Sea Lion Island, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Ernesto Guillermo Rowe, Attorney for Monsieur Jean Marie Orriere. Madame Clemence Victoire Dugas and Madame Jeanne Victorine Delcourt, who reside in France, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the creditors that Letters of Administration de bonis non, will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

27th May, 1949.

L. 8/49.

H. Bennett, Registrar, Supreme Court.

Stanley, Falkland Islands.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Norman Keith Cameron, Esquire, J.P., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

MILES CLIFFORD -

[L.S.]

By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and Vice Admiral thereof.

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 13th day of December, 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet.

AND WHEREAS by instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1948, it is declared that the Governor in pursuance of instructions from His Majesty the King through one of his Principal Secretaries of State, may, from time to time, appoint persons other than ex-afficia Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony,

NOW THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, having received such instructions from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, do hereby appoint

NORMAN KEITH CAMERON. ESQUIRE, J.P.,

to be a Member of my Executive Council.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 3rd day of May, in the Year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-nine.

By His Excellency's Command,
R. Winter,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 26th day of May, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 2



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To consolidate the law relating to Dangerous Drugs.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dangerous Drugs Short title. Ordinance, 1949.
 - 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires Interpretation.

"dangerous drugs" includes all those several substances mentioned in the First Schedule to this Ordinance.

"import authorisation" means a licence issued by the Senior Medical Officer, authorising the importation of a specified quantity of a dangerous drug and containing full particulars of the drug, together with the name and address of the person from whom the drug is to be obtained, the name and address of the person authorised to import the drug, and the period within which the importation must be effected.

"import certificate" means a certificate issued by the Senior Medical Officer in the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

Governor in Council may add to the Schedule. 3. If it appears to the Governor in Council that any new drug or drugs not previously specified may be productive, if improperly used, of ill effects, then the Governor in Council may by Proclamation declare the said drugs to be "dangerous drugs" within the meaning of this Ordinance.

Restriction of imports or sale or distribution of dangerous drugs. 4. Any person who cultivates, imports, manufactures, exports, supplies, procures, sells, or gives away any dangerous drugs or their derivatives in the Colony, save under licence or authorisation of the Senior Medical Officer in the manner hereinafter set forth in this Ordinance, shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Provided that the administration by or under the direct supervision of a registered Medical Officer, registered Dentist, officer in charge of the Agricultural Department or Veterinary Surgeon, shall not be deemed to be supplying dangerous drugs within the meaning of this Ordinance.

Import of dangerous drugs.

- 5. (1) An import authorisation permitting the importation of any dangerous drug specified therein may be granted by the Senior Medical Officer of the Colony, subject to such conditions as he shall deem fit, to any person who in his discretion appears to be a proper person to import dangerous drugs.
- (2) Where an import authorisation is issued in pursuance of sub-section (1) of this section the Senior Medical Officer shall also issue, in relation to the dangerous drugs intended to be imported, an import certificate which shall be forwarded by the intending importer to the person from whom the drug is to be obtained.

Sale of dangerous drugs to be entered in a book.

- 6. (1) Every person who sells any dangerous drug shall, before delivery thereof to the purchaser, inquire his name, place of abode, and occupation, and the purpose for which the dangerous drug is required and shall make a true entry of the dangerous drug and the quantity thereof, and all the particulars given by the purchaser, together with the day of the month and year of the sale, in a book to be kept by the vendor for that purpose, in the form in the second schedule hereto.
- (2) The entry shall be signed by the person making the same and also by the purchaser, unless he declares himself unable to write, in which case the person making the entry shall add thereto the words "purchaser cannot write".
- (3) A witness to the sale shall sign the entry, and shall state his place of abode.
- (4) Every person licenced to sell dangerous drugs shall forthwith record in the book provided for in this section the particulars of all such drugs used by him.
- 7. (1) When sales and purchases of dangerous drugs are made by correspondence, the letter ordering the same shall be preserved by the vendor and a memorandum of the date of the said letter, by whom it was written, and the quantity and particulars of the dangerous drug therein ordered, shall be entered in the said book.
- (2) No person shall sell any dangerous drug so ordered to any person with whose signature he is not acquainted, unless the signature has been witnessed by a justice of the peace, clergyman, or public officer, or is authenticated by some person known to the vendor.

Restrictions as to sale of any dangerous drugs.

- 8. (1) No person shall sell any dangerous drug to any person who is under eighteen years of age, or who is unknown to the vendor, unless the sale is made in the presence of some witness who is known to the vendor and knows the purchaser.
- (2) The witness shall sign his name and add his place of abode to the required entry before the delivery of the dangerous drug to the purchaser.

- 9. Any person who-
 - (a) sells any dangerous drug, and delivers the same, without having made and signed the entries required by this Ordinance; or
 - (b) sells any dangerous drug without having obtained the signature to such entry as is required by this Ordinance; or
 - (c) purchases a dangerous drug and gives false information in answer to inquiries which the vendor is by this Ordinance authorised to inquire of such purchases; or
 - (d) signs his name as a witness to the sale of a dangerous drug to a person unknown to him; or
 - (e) omits to record any drugs used by him as required under section 6 (4) hereof;

shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

10. Any person who sells any dangerous drug either by wholesale or retail, unless the bottle, or other vessel, wrapper, or cover, box, or case immediately containing the same bears thereon the word "Poison" printed conspicuously, together with the name of the article and the name and address of the seller thereof, shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Rules to be observed in the sale of poisons.

11. The books required to be kept under this Ordinance shall at all times be open to inspection by a Government medical officer, the Chief Constable, or a police officer not below the rank of sergeant, and any person who wilfully delays or obstructs any person in the exercise of his powers under this section or fails to produce or conceals or attempts to conceal any book shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Inspection of books.

12. Whosoever, being the owner or other person in charge or possession of any dangerous drug, leaves it in any place (whether the same is ordinarily accessible to others or not) unless the bottle or package of whatever kind in which the dangerous drug is contained is marked "Poison" and is otherwise duly labelled shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Poisons to be labelled.

13. Any constable may arrest without warrant any person who has committed, or attempted to commit, or is reasonably suspected by the constable of having committed or attempted to commit, an offence against this Ordinance, if he has reasonable ground for believing that person will abscond unless arrested, or if the name and address of that person are known to and cannot be ascertained by him.

Power of arrest.

14. (1) A Magistrate or Justice of the Peace may, on being satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting any dangerous drugs are in contravention of this Ordinance in the possession or under the control of any person in any premises, grant a search warrant at any time or times within one month from the date of the warrant to enter, if necessary by force the premises named in the warrant and to search the premises and any person found therein and if there is reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence against this Ordinance has been committed to seize and retain any dangerous drugs.

Power to search for dangerous drugs.

- (2) Any person who wilfully delays or obstructs a constable in the exercise of his powers under this section, or fails to produce or conceals or attempts to conceal any drugs shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.
- 15. The Governor in Council may make regulations governing
 - (a) the export of dangerous drugs from the Colony;

Governor in Council may make regulations.

- (b) dangerous drugs in transit;
- (c) supply and distribution within the Colony under the supervision of Medical Practitioners registered under the Medical Practitioners, Midwives, and Dentists Ordinance, 1914;
- (d) generally the effective administration of this Ordinance.

Exemptions to Ordinance.

- 16. Nothing in this Ordinance shall apply to the sale of
 - (a) any dangerous drug when made up or compounded as a medicine according to the prescription of a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist, veterinary surgeon or officer in charge of the Agricultural Department provided the medicine is labelled with the name and address of the vendor and the ingredients thereof are entered, with the name of the person to whom it is sold or delivered, in a book to be kept for that purpose;
 - (b) patent medicine;
 - (c) medicine dispensed by or on the instructions of the officer in charge of the Agricultural Department or a Veterinary surgeon, for animals under their treatment.
- 17. Licences and authorisations issued or granted by the Senior Medical Officer may be issued or granted on such terms and subject to such conditions (including in the case of a licence the payment of a fee) as the Senior Medical Officer thinks proper.

Offences.

- 18. Any person who:
 - (a) acts in contravention of or fails to comply with any regulations under this Ordinance; or
 - (b) acts in contravention of or fails to comply with the conditions of any licence issued or authorisation granted under this Ordinance; or
 - (c) for the purpose of obtaining whether for himself or for any other person the issue, grant, renewal of any such licence or authorisation makes any declaration or statement which is false in any particular or knowingly enters, produces, or makes use of such document or statement; or
 - (d) aids, abets, conceals, or procures the commission of an offence against this Ordinance;

shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Penalties.

- 19. Every person guilty of an offence against this Ordinance shall in respect of each offence be liable
 - (a) on conviction upon indictment to a fine not exceeding £1,000 or to penal servitude for a period not exceeding ten years or to both such fine and penal servitude;
 - (b) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 or imprisonment not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment

and shall in every case on convicion for the offence forfeit to His Majesty all articles in respect of which the offence was committed and the court may order any forfeited articles to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of as the court thinks fit.

20. This Ordinance shall be in force in the Dependencies as well as in the Colony.

Application of Ordinance.

21. The Poisons Ordinance, 1914; the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1925; the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1932; the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1934; the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1935, and the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 1944 are hereby repealed.

Repeals:
6 of 1914.
8 of 1925.
9 of 1932.
10 of 1934.

2 of 1935. 3 of 1944.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

- 1. Medicinal opium.
- 2. Indian hemp including the whole or any portion of the plants *Cannabis indica* and *Cannabis sativa*, any resin obtained from such plants, all preparations of which such resins form the base and any extract or tincture of Indian hemp.
- 3. Morphine and its salts, and diacetylmorphine (commonly known as diamorphine or heroin) and the other esters of morphine and their respective salts.
- 4. Cocaine (including synthetic cocaine) and ecgonine and their respective salts, and the esters of ecgonine and their respective salts; "ecgonine" means laevo-ecgonine and includes any derivatives of ecgonine from which it may be recovered industrially.
- 5. Any solution or dilution of morphine or cocaine or their salts in an inert substance whether liquid or solid, containing any proportion of morphine or cocaine, and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance (not being such a solution or dilution as aforesaid) containing not less than one-fifth per cent. of morphine or one-third per cent. of cocaine or of ecgonine.
- 6. Any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of diacetylmorphine.
- 7. Dihydrohydroxycodeinone, dihydrocodeinone, dihydromorphine, their esters and the salts of any of these substances and of their esters, morphine-N-oxide (commonly known as genomorphine), the morphine-N-oxide derivatives, and any other pentavalent nitrogen morphine derivatives.
- 8. Thebaine and its salts, benzylmorphine and the ethers of morphine (including methylmorphine commonly known as codeine and ethylmorphine, commonly known as dionin) and their respective salts.
- 9. Any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of any of the substances mentioned in 7 above and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of any of the substances mentioned in 8 above except Syrupus Codeinae Phosphatis B.P.C. 1934 and preparations, admixtures or other substances containing 2.5 per cent. or less of methylmorphine or ethylmorphine in association with other medicinal substances.
- 10. Actyldihydrocodeinone (acedicone) and its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of acetyldihydrocodeinone.
- 11. Dagga, wild dagga, red dagga or klip dagga, including the whole or any portion of the plants *Leonotis ovata*, or any solution, extract or other preparation of any part of such plants.
- 12. Dihydrodesoxymorphine, commonly called desomorphine, its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of dihydrodesoxymorphine.

- 13. Pethidine (I methyl -4 phenylpiperidine -4 carboxylic acid ethyl ester), its salts and any preparation, admixture, extract or other substance containing any proportion of pethidine.
- 14. Any preparation, not being a preparation capable of external use only, made from extract or tineture of Indian hemp.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(Form of entry in book on sale of dangerous drugs).

Date.	Articles supplied.	Quantity.	To whom supplied.	For what purpose.	Signature.	Signature of Witness.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 26th day of May, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 3



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the grant of Probate and the Administration of Estates.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Administration of States Ordinance, 1949.

Short title.

- 2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits:
- "Court" means the Supreme Court in the Colony.
- "Unrepresented estate" means the estate of a deceased person in respect of which there is no executor or administrator able or willing to act as such.
- 3. Applications for Probate and Letters of Administration shall be made by petition on oath to the Judge, and shall
- (1) in the case of a will, state the date of death of the testator, that the document produced is believed to be his last will and testament, that the petitioner is the person named as the executor and that to the best of the petitioner's knowledge and belief there is no later will of the testator;
- (2) in the case of an intestacy state the date of death of the intestate and the grounds on which the petitioner applies for letters of administration;
- (3) in the case of a petition for letters of administration with the will annexed state that either no executors were appointed

Definitions.

Applications for Probate and Letters of Administration. or that they are dead or have renounced probate and the capacity in which the petitioner is entitled.

Letters of Administration advertisement.

- 4. (1) Notice of application for Letters of Administration shall be published once in the Gazette and once in any newspaper in the Colony.
- (2) Letters of Administration shall not be granted until the expiration of three weeks after the publication of the notice in the Gazette except on cases where the Judge is satisfied, by affidavit or otherwise that the grant should be made before the expiration of such three weeks and that notice of application has been given to all persons residing in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant when the Judge may grant to such applicant Letters of Administration limited or otherwise as the circumstances may require before the expiration of such three weeks.

Bonds.

- 5. (1) Probate or Letters of Administration shall not be granted until the applicant has entered into a bond approved by the Judge, with or without sureties, not exceeding two, as the Judge may decide. The penalty of the bond shall be double the amount or value of the estate.
- (2) The Court may, on application or petition in chambers, and on being satisfied that the conditions of any bond have been broken, order the assignment of the bond to the person named in the order and such person his executors and administrators shall thereupon be entitled as trustees for all persons interested to sue and recover the full amount due in respect of such breach of the bond as if the same had been entered into with him or them.

Caveats.

- 6. (1) Where a caveat has been entered before a grant of probate or Letters of Administration shall have been made all parties interested therein shall be summoned before the Judge to shew cause why a grant should not issue and after hearing the said parties and such evidence as the Judge may think necessary the Judge shall make such order as he may deem just.
- (2) When any party fails to appear the Court may after proof of service, proceed as if the proceedings were *ex parte* or adjourn on such terms as it may direct.

Proof of Will in Solemn Form. 7. Any person interested in a will including any executor may file a petition verified by affidavit in Court praying that such will be proved in solemn form and such petition shall be dealt with as other petitions to the Court.

Substitution of administrator for absentee personal representative.

- 8. (1) Any person interested in the estate of a deceased person may file in Court a petition, verified by affidavit on the ground that the interests of parties concerned in the estate have suffered, or will suffer, by reason of the executor or administrator having been, or will be, absent from the Colony for the period of one year, and the Court may appoint an administrator with the will annexed or an administrator de bonis non to act during the absence of such executor or administrator.
- (2) In case of dispute the Court may proceed as provided in section 6 (1).
- (3) An administrator appointed under this section shall enter into a bond with or without surities and be subject to the liabilities provided for in section 5.

Proceedings.

9. All contentious proceedings shall be heard in open Court: non-contentious proceedings shall be heard in chambers unless the Court otherwise directs.

Service of citations etc.

10. Citations, writs, summons and orders shall be served personally on the person to whom they are addressed unless the Court for sufficient cause shall otherwise direct.

11. The Registrar shall record all grants of probate and letters of administration and maintain proper files of all papers relating thereto.

Records.

12. (1) The Court may require the attendance of any person whom it may think fit to examine, and may order any person to be examined on interrogatives on oath, and may order any person to produce such deed, document paper or writing as it may require.

Witnesses.

(2) Any person refusing or neglecting to comply with any writ, summons or order of the Court shall be guilty of contempt of Court and shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £50.

13. An Official Administrator appointed by the Governor shall exercise the rights, powers and duties and be subject to the liabilities of the Public Trustee established under the Public Trustee Act 1906 in respect of the administration of estates where he is appointed an executor of the will of a deceased person or in the case of an intestacy where there is no person able or willing to administer the estate of the deceased.

Official Administrator.

14. The Official Administrator shall on becoming aware of an unrepresented estate:

When Official Administrator may act.

- (1) if he thinks fit so to do immediately enter upon the estate for the purpose of sealing up or making such other dispositions for the security of such estate as he may deem necessary;
- (2) as soon as possible present a petition to the Court stating the particulars of such estate and praying that he be appointed administrator of the said estate and the Court shall upon being satisfied that such estate is unrepresented grant such order.
- 15. The Official Administrator shall forthwith on an Order being made under section 14 cause a notice thereof to be published in the Gazette and in any paper published in the Colony and a copy thereof to be affixed to the public notice board in Stanley.

Notice of Order.

16. Any person legally entitled to the administration of an estate in respect of which an order under section 14 has been made may petition the Court that he be appointed administrator of the said estate and the Court shall, upon being satisfied thereon revoke the said order and appoint the petitioner to be administrator of the said estate provided that all matters and things bona fide now or performed prior to the revocation of such order shall be valid and effectual.

Order may be revoked.

17. All moneys received by the Official Administrator shall forthwith be paid into the Government Savings Bank to the account of the Official Administrator and he shall make a return monthly to the Judge showing the amounts standing to the credit of each estate being administered by him.

Moneys to be paid into Savings Bank.

18. The Official Administrator shall at the expiration of one year or such other period as the Court may direct, from the date of the Order made under section 14 dispose of the moneys arising from such estate as follows:

Distribution of estate.

- (1) Reimburse himself of all costs and charges incurred in administrating the estate as authorised by the Court.
- (2) Pay into the Treasury $7\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of the gross amount of the estate to defray the cost of administering the estate.
- (3) Pay the creditors of the estate in the order prescribed by law.
- (4) Pay the balance into the Treasury upon trust for the person legally entitled thereto.

Kindred to be advertised for. 19. The Official Administrator shall in every case in which the kindred of an intestate are unknown cause an advertisement to be inserted in the London Gazette and the London Times Newspaper once a quarter for a period of one year unless the Court shall otherwise direct, giving particulars of the name, nationality and date of death of the deceased and the value of the estate.

Claims for balances of unrepresented estates.

20. Any person other than a creditor, claiming to be legally entitled to the balance of an unrepresented estate as mentioned in section 18 (4) may petition the Court that such balance be delivered to him and the Court upon being satisfied as to the validity of such claim shall make such order as may be just. Where there are two or more such claimants the Court shall determine their claims and make such order as to costs or otherwise as it may deem fit.

Resealing probates etc. granted outside the Colony.

- 21. (1) When a Court of Probate in any part of the British Empire has granted probate or letters of administration in respect of the estate of a deceased person the probate or letters may on being produced to, and a copy thereof deposited with the Court, be scaled with the seal of the Court, and shall therefrom be of like force and effect as if they had been granted by the Court.
- (2) The Court shall before re-sealing a probate or letters of administration be satisfied that estate duty has be paid or that sufficient security has been given in respect of the estate in the Colony.
- (3) The Court may before re-sealing on the application of any creditor require that adequate security be given for the payment of any debts due to creditors residing in the Colony.
- (4) A duplicate of any probate or letters of administration sealed with the Seal of the Court granting the same, or a copy thereof certified correct by or under the authority to the Court granting the same, shall have the same effect as the original.

Rules of Court.

22. The Governor in Council may make rules of Court regulating the practice and procedure including fees and costs, under this Ordinance.

Repeals.

9 of 1901
4 of 1936
6 of 1936
11 of 1944.

23. The Probate and Unrepresented Estates Ordinance 1901, the Probate and Unrepresented Estates (Amendment) Ordinance. 1936, the Administration of Intestate Estates Ordinance, 1936, and the Probate and Unrepresented Estates (Amendment) Ordinance, 1944 are hereby repealed.

Application.

24. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD.

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 4



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend and consolidate the law as to Estate Duty.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Estate Duty Ordin-Short title ance, 1949.
 - 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits: De

Definitions.

- "deceased person" and "the deceased" mean a person dying after the commencement of this Ordinance;
- "Estate Duty" means Estate Duty under this Ordinance;
- "incumbrance" includes any claim lien or liability attaching to property;
- "personal representative" means the executor or administrator of a deceased person and includes as regards any obligations under this Ordinance any person who takes possession of or intermeddles with the estate of a deceased person;
- "property" includes all freehold and leasehold estates and personal property and the proceeds of sale thereof respectively and any monies or investment and any undivided share therein held jointly or in common with any other person but excluding that held by the deceased as a trustee;
- "Colony" means the Colony of the Falkland Islands including its Dependencies;
- "Treasurer" means the Treasurer for the time being of the Colony and any person appointed by the Governor under section 3 of this Ordinance.

Administration.

3. This Ordinance shall be administered and estate duty shall be collected by the Treasurer on behalf of the Government: Provided that the Governor may from time to time by Order in Council appoint any person he may consider fit to assist in the collection of estate duty.

Charge of estate duty.

- 4. (1) On and after the date of this Ordinance, estate duty at the graduated rates shewn in the Schedule to this Ordinance shall be levied and paid on the principal value of all property belonging to the deceased at the date of his death (in this Ordinance referred to as "the estate of the deceased").
 - (2) The estate of the deceased shall include:
 - (a) property of which the deceased was at his death competent to dispose;
 - (b) property taken as a *donatio mortis causa* (gift made in contemplation of death) made by the deceased:
 - (c) money payable to the deceased's estate under any policy of insurance;
 - (d) property which belonged to the deceased or of which he was competent to dispose at any time within three years of his death and of which the deceased has disposed in any manner other than for full consideration in money or money's worth;
 - (e) Any annuity or other interest purchased or provided by the deceased either by himself alone or in concert or by arrangement with any other person, to the extent of the beneficial interest accruing or arising by survivorship or otherwise on the death of the deceased

provided that this provision shall not apply to gifts made to the entire exclusion of the deceased, which are made in consideration of marriage, or which are proved to the satisfaction of the Treasurer to have been part of the normal expenditure of the deceased and to have been reasonable having regard to the amount of his income or which in the case of any donee, do not exceed in aggregate £100 in value or amount, or which are made for public or charitable purposes more than twelve months before the date of death of the deceased.

Instructions as to estate duty.

- (3) Estate duty shall be paid whether or not the deceased died in the Colony and whether he was or was not domiciled in the Colony at the time of his death but shall only be paid in respect of property situate in the Colony.
- (4) For the purposes of this section the situation of any property shall be determined in accordance with the law of England.

Interest.

- 5. (1) Simple interest at the rate of five per centum per annum shall be paid on estate duty from the date of death of the deceased and shall be recoverable in the same manner as if it were part of the estate duty.
- (2) Where the estate duty is less than £2. 10s. 0d. interest will not be charged if the duty is paid within twelve months of the date of death.

Relief in respect of quick successions.

6. Where the Treasurer is satisfied that estate duty has become payable on any property consisting of land or a business (not being a business carried on by a company) or any interest in land or such a business passing upon the death of the deceased and subsequently estate duty has become payable on the same property or any part thereof by reason of the death of the person to whom the property passed on the first death the estate duty payable on that property by reason of the second death shall be reduced as follows:—

Where the second death occurs within one year of the first death by 50 per cent.

Where the second death occurs within two years of the first death by 40 per cent.

Where the second death occurs within three years of the first death by 30 per cent.

Where the second death occurs within four years of the first death by 20 per cent.

Where the second death occurs within five years of the first death by 10 per cent.

Provided that where the value, on which estate duty is payable, of the property on the second death exceeds the value, on which the duty was payable, of the property on the first death, the latter value shall be substituted for the former for the purpose of calculating the amount of duty on which the reduction under this section is to be calculated.

7. (1) For the purpose of determining the rate of estate duty the estate of the deceased shall be aggregated so as to form one estate and the estate duty shall be levied at the proper graduated scale on the principal value thereof as shewn in the Schedule to this Ordinance.

Principles for computing estate duty.

- (2) The principal value of any property shall be the price estimated by the Treasurer to be the price it would fetch if sold in the open market at the date of the death of the deceased. Provided that should it be shewn to the satisfaction of the Treasurer that the property has depreciated by reason of the death of the deceased the Treasurer in fixing the price shall take the depreciation into account.
- (3) An allowance shall be made for reasonable funeral expenses in respect of and any debts of the deceased and for any incumbrances on the estate of the deceased, but an allowance shall not be made
 - (a) for debts incurred by the deceased, or incumbrances created by a disposition made by the deceased, unless such debts or incumbrances were incurred or created bona fide for full consideration in money or money's worth wholly for the deceased's own use and benefit and take effect out of his interest, nor
 - (b) for any debt in respect whereof there is a right to reimbursement from any other estate or person, unless such reimbursement cannot be obtained, nor
 - (c) more than once for the same debt or incumbrance charged upon difference of portions of the estate

and any debt or incumbrance for which an allowance is made shall be deducted from the value of the land or other subjects of property liable thereto.

- (4) No allowance shall be made for debts due from the deceased to persons resident outside the Colony unless contracted to be paid in the Colony or unless and to the extent to which it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Treasurer that the property of the deceased situate in the country in which the person to whom such debts are due resides is insufficient for their payment.
- 8. (1) The personal representative of the deceased shall as soon as possible after the death of the deceased ascertain the particulars and principal value of the property of the deceased and make and deliver to the Treasurer an affidavit (hereinafter called the "estate duty affidavit") giving such particulars and value so far as is known to him and from time to time make and deliver to the Treasurer any further estate duty affidavit that may be necessary to supplement any omission from or mistake in any previous estate duty affidavit.
 - (2) Any personal representative who fails in any duty

Value of estate : affidavit.

imposed upon him by this section or who fails to make and deliver an estate duty affidavit within twenty-one days after service of a notice from the Treasurer requiring him so to do shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Payment of duty.

- 9. (1) Estate duty shall in the first instance be calculated at the appropriate rate on the value of the estate of the deceased which may come into his hands as shewn in the original estate duty affidavit and shall be payable by the personal representative on delivery of that affidavit.
- (2) The personal representative shall on delivery of every subsequent estate duty affidavit pay any estate duty payable on any property which may come into his hands disclosed by that affidavit.

Liability of personal representative.

10. The personal representative shall be liable for all estate duty payable by him in respect of the estate of the deceased which may come into his hands but his liability shall not exceed the assets he has received or would but for his own neglect or default have received.

Liability of beneficiaries, trustees, purchasers etc. 11. Every beneficiary to the amount of the estate of the deceased passing to him and every trustee, guardian, committee or other person to the extent of the property actually received or disposed of by him or them and every person who takes possession of or administers any part of the property and every person in whom the same is vested by alienation or other derivative title shall be liable for the estate duty on such estate of the deceased as is taken by him or them.

Provided that a person who merely acts as agent or bailiff for another in the management of property is not accountable for any estate duty in respect of such property.

When estate duty in arrears.

12. The whole estate duty shall except as hereinafter mentioned, become due and payable at the end of six months from the date of death of the deceased or on delivery of the original estate duty affidavit whichever first occurs and any estate duty not so paid shall be deemed to be in arrears and be recoverable accordingly.

Postponement of payment.

13. The Treasurer may if he is satisfied that estate duty cannot without excessive sacrifice be raised at once allow payment to be postponed for such period and to such extent and on payment of such interest and on such terms as he may deem fit.

Power to raise duty by sale of mortgage. 14. Any person liable for estate duty on any part of the estate of the deceased shall have power whether or not the estate is vested in him to raise the amount of such duty and expenses incurred by him in connection therewith by sale or mortgage of that part of the property.

Estate duty to be borne rateably.

15. Estate duty shall subject to the will of the deceased be borne by the beneficiaries under the will in proportion to the value of their respective interests and the personal representative shall in distributing the property of the deceased make such payments, reductions and adjustments as may be necessary for that purpose.

Personal representative etc. to produce documents and attend examination.

- 16. (1) Every personal representative or other person liable for the payment of estate duty or having in his possession, power or control any documents relating to the estate of the deceased shall whenever required by the Treasurer
 - (a) make and deliver to the Treasurer an affidavit giving to the best of his knowledge and belief answers to any questions as to the estate of the deceased as may be put to him by the Treasurer;
 - (b) disclose, produce to and allow the Treasurer to make copies of any such documents as aforesaid.

- (2) Any personal representative or other person who fails to comply with the requirements of the Treasurer under this section within fourteen days after a notice stating such requirements shall be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance.
- 17. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance the Treasurer shall ascertain the principal value of the estate of the deceased in such manner and by such means as he shall deem fit and may accept the value estimated by the personal representative or the valuation of any person approved by the Treasurer as a valuer for the purpose of this Ordinance or as approved for the purpose of that valuation.

Valuation by Treasurer.

- (2) The Treasurer shall pay the reasonable cost of the valuation made by a person named by him.
- (3) Any person named by the Treasurer to value any property for the purpose of this Ordinance shall at all reasonable times have power to enter and inspect the property.
- 18. (1) The assessment of the Treasurer that any estate duty is payable in respect of any property shall subject to the right of appeal hereinafter provided for be conclusive evidence that that duty is payable in respect of that property.

Assessment by Treasurer.

- (2) The Treasurer may at any time revoke or reduce an assessment when it is shewn to his satisfaction to be erroneous or excessive and may make a further assessment in respect of the same property.
- 19. The Treasurer shall refund any excess estate duty when it is shewn to his satisfaction that too much duty has been paid.

Refund of overpaid duty.

20. (1) Any person aggrieved by the refusal of the Treasurer to refund any excess duty or by any assessment or other decision of the Treasurer may on payment of the estate duty or such part thereof then payable or on giving security for it to the satisfaction of the Supreme Court appeal to the Supreme Court of the Colony.

Appeals against assessment etc.

- (2) The appeal shall be lodged within one month of the date of notice of the decision of the Treasurer by which the appellant is aggrieved and shall specify the objections to the assessment, decision or refusal to refund.
 - (3) The Supreme Court may
 - (a) extend the time for appealing notwithstanding that it has elapsed if it considers the interests of Justice so require;
 - (b) reverse or vary an assessment, decision or refusal to refund;
 - (c) make such order as to costs of the appeal as it may deem fit.
- 21. (1) Estate duty in arrears shall be recoverable by civil suit as a debt to the Government of the Colony from the person liable.

Recovery of estate duty.

- (2) The Treasurer may apply to any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace in the Colony, in open court to recover estate duty in arrears as follows
 - (a) on production of the assessment and on proof of service on the person liable and that duty is in arrear the Court shall make an order for the payment of the estate duty in arrear by the person liable and may direct the immediate execution of the order;
 - (b) a statement in writing by the Treasurer shall be sufficient evidence of the amount of estate duty in arrears;

- (c) the order shall be served as soon as possible on the person liable who may within fourteen days of such service apply to the Court for the order to be discharged which may be done on any ground disclosing a valid defence to proceedings for the recovery of the estate duty;
- (d) property liable to attachment and sale in execution of the order may be seized forthwith but shall not be sold until the time for applying for a discharge of the order has elapsed or the application for discharge disposed of;
- (e) when it appears to the Court that an appeal against the assessment is pending or the time for appealing has not elapsed the Court may grant a stay of execution for such period and on such terms as it may deem just.

Estate duty a charge on deceased's estate.

- 22. (1) The whole estate duty shall be a first charge on the estate of the deceased.
- (2) The Supreme Court may appoint a receiver of the property and of the rents, profits and income thereof and order a mortgage or sale of the property for enforcing such charge.

Certificate of discharge.

- 23. (1) The Treasurer may on being satisfied that the full estate duty has been or will be paid in respect of all the estate of the deceased give a certificate discharging the property specified in the certificate from any further claim for estate duty.
- (2) A person liable for estate duty, other than a personal representative may after two years of the death of the deceased apply to the Treasurer for a certificate discharging him and specified property from any further claim for estate duty and shall deliver to the Treasurer a full statement to the best of his knowledge and belief of all the estate of the deceased and the persons entitled thereto and the Treasurer may upon payment by the person liable of such estate duty as should be borne by him issue such certificate.
 - (3) A certificate given under this section shall not
 - (a) discharge any person or property from estate duty in case of fraud or failure to disclose material facts;
 - (b) affect the rate of duty payable in respect of any other part of the estate of the deceased and the duty in respect of such other part shall be at such rate as would be payable if the value thereof were added to the value of the property in respect of which a certificate of discharge has been given.
- (4) A certificate purporting to be a discharge of the whole estate duty payable in respect of any property in the certificate shall exonerate a *bona fide* purchaser for valuable consideration without notice from estate duty notwithstanding any such fraud or failure.

Power to accept composition.

24. The Treasurer may where it is difficult to ascertain exactly the amount of estate duty payable in respect of any property or to ascertain the same without undue expense in proportion to the value of the property on the application of the person liable for estate duty thereon and upon his giving all information in his power affecting the liability of the property for estate duty assess such sum as he may consider proper as the estate duty and accept payment of that sum and composition for and in full discharge of all claims for estate duty in respect of that property and issue a certificate of discharge accordingly.

Provided that the certificate shall not discharge any person or property from any duty in case of fraud or failure to disclose material facts.

25. Probate or Letters of Administration shall not be granted unless a certificate of the Treasurer is produced that a proper estate duty affidavit as to the estate of the deceased has been delivered to the Treasurer and that the estate duty has been paid or security for the payment thereof has been given to his satisfaction.

No grant to probate without certificate of Treasurer.

26. Any person who while any part of the estate duty payable on the estate of the deceased remains unpaid or in respect of which satisfactory security has not been given as provided in this Ordinance,

Penalty for administering or accepting assets while duty unpaid.

- (a) distributes any part of the estate of the deceased to any beneficiary;
- (b) takes possession of and administers or appropriates any part of the estate of the deceased;
- (c) being a beneficiary accepts any part of the property shall be guilty of an offence against the Ordinance.
- 27. Any notice of any act, decision, requirement, valuation or assessment of or by the Treasurer under this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder required to be served on any person shall be sufficient if it records the substance of that act, decision, requirement, valuation or assessment and is signed by the Treasurer and shall be sufficiently served if left at the last known place of abode or business in the Colony of the person to be served on if sent by registered post to such place of abode or business.

Notices.

28. The Governor of the Colony may make regulations for carrying this Ordinance into effect and in particular without prejudice to the general power prescribing

Regulations.

- (a) the forms of estate duty and other affidavits;
- (b) the accounts to be kept by the Treasurer and procedure to be observed by him in carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance.
- 29. (1) Any person who wilfully fails to perform any duty imposed upon him by this Ordinance or any regulation thereunder or contravenes the provisions of this Ordinance or any regulation thereunder or who attempts to commit or abets an offence against this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Penalties.

- (2) Any person guilty of an offence against this Ordinance shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Two hundred pounds or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment.
- 30. Section 22 of the Probate and Unrepresented Estates Repeal. Ordinance 1901 is hereby repealed.

SCHEDULE

RATE OF ESTATE DUTY.

									Rate of Duty.		
Not exceeding	g £100								Nil.		
Exceeding		but	not	exceeding	£300				£1	: 10 :	0. (fixed)
	£300	••			£500				£5	: 10 :	0
**	£500		.,	**	£1,000				1	per cen	t.
	£1,000		,,		£2.000				2		
	£2,000	**		,,	£3,000			÷	3	,.	
	£3,000	••			£5.000				4	., ,,	
14	£5,000	••		••	£7,500		***		5	,.	
,,	£7.500		••		£10,000				6		
11	£10.000	17		11	£12,500				7	,, ,,	
	£12,500	••		19	£15,000				8		
**	£15,000	,,	,•	,,	£20,000				10		
••	£20,000		7.	1.	£25.000				12	,	
**	£25,000		••	,,	£30,000				14	.,	
**	£30.000	**	**	,.	£35,000				145		
**	£35,000	**	,,	٠,	£40,000	***			18	11 11	
••	£40.000	••	**	11	£45,000				20		
••	£45.000	77	· •	44	£50,000				22		
••	£50,000	**	**		£60,000		• • •		24	,, ,,	
••	£60,000	11	,,	11	£75.000				27	,	
**	£75,000	7-	"	11	£100,000				30		
••	£100,000	,,	••		£150.000				35	,, ,,	
**	£150,000	٠,	••	**	£200,000				40	,	
••	£200,000	,.	,,	11	£250,000				45	,, ,,	
••	£250,000	••	,•	**	£300,000				50	,. ,.	
	£300,000	7-	••	17	£500,000				55	.,	
,.	£500,000	••		**	£750,000		***		60	,	
••	£750,000	,-	,,	,,	£1,000,000				65	,. ,,	
	£1.000,000	••	••	,,	£2,000.000				70	., ,,	
••	£2,000,000				***				75	** **	

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD.

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 5



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To make provision as to the immunities, privileges and capacities of international organizations of which His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and foreign governments are members and for purposes connected therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance 1949.

Short title.

- 2. (1) This section shall apply to any organisation declared by an order of the Governor in Council to be an organisation of which His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and the government or governments of one or more foreign sovereign Powers are members.
- Privileges, immunities and capacities of certain international organisations and their staffs,
- (2) The Governor may by Order in Council:—
- (a) provide that any organisation to which this section applies (hereinafter referred to as "the organisation") shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, have the immunities and privileges set out in Part I of the Schedule to this Ordinance and shall also have the legal capacities of a body corporate;

Schedule Part I.

Schedule Part II.

Schedule Part III.

Schedule Part IV.

(b) confer upon such number of officers of the organisation as may be specified in the Order, being the holders of such high offices in the organisation as may be specified in the Order, and upon such persons employed on missions on behalf of the organisation as may be specified, and upon any person who is the representative of a member government on the governing body or any committee of the organisation, to such extent as may be so specified, the immunities and privileges set out in Part II of the Schedule to this Ordinance;

(c) confer upon such other classes of officers and servants of the organisation as may be specified in the Order, to such extent as may be so specified, the immunities and privileges set out in Part III of the Schedule to this Ordinance;

and Part IV of the Schedule to this Ordinance shall have effect for the purpose of extending to the staffs of representatives of member governments and to the families of officers of the organisation any immunities and privileges conferred on the representatives or officers under paragraph (b) of this sub-section, except in so far as the operation of the said Part IV is excluded by the Order conferring the immunities and privileges.

- (3) Where immunities and privileges are conferred on any persons by an Order in Council made under the last foregoing sub-section, the Governor
 - (a) shall compile a list of the persons entitled to immunities and privileges conferred under paragraph (b) of that sub-section, and may compile a list of the persons entitled to immunities and privileges conferred under paragraph (c) of that sub-section;
 - (b) shall cause any list compiled under this sub-section to be published in the Gazette; and
 - (c) whenever any person ceases or begins to be entitled to the immunities and privileges to which any such list relates, shall amend the list and cause a notice of the amendment, or, if he thinks fit, an amended list, to be published as aforesaid.
- (4) Every list or notice published under the last foregoing sub-section shall state the date from which the list or amendment takes or took effect; and the fact that any person is or was included or not included at any time among the persons entitled to the immunities and privileges in question may, if a list of those persons has been so published, be conclusively proved by producing the Gazette containing the list, or, as the case may be, the last list taking effect before that time, together with the Gazettes (if any) containing notices of the amendments taking effect before that time, and by showing that the name of that person is or was at that time included or not included in the said list.

Diplomatic immunities of representatives attending international conferences.

- 3. (1) Where a conference is held in the Colony and is attended by the representatives of His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and the government or governments of one or more foreign sovereign Powers, and it appears to the Governor that doubts may arise as to the extent to which the representatives of such foreign Powers and members of their official staffs are entitled to diplomatic immunities, he may
 - (a) compile a list of the persons aforesaid who are entitled to such immunities, and cause that list to be published in the Gazette; and
 - (b) whenever it appears to the Governor that any person ceases or begins to be entitled to such immunities, amend the list and cause a notice of amendment or,

if he thinks fit, an amended list, to be published as aforesaid;

and every representative of a foreign Power who is for the time being included in the list shall, for the purpose of any law and rule of law or custom relating to the immunities of an envoy of a foreign Power accredited to His Majesty, and of the retinue of such an envoy, be treated as if he were such an envoy, and such of the members of his official staff as are for the time being included in the list shall be treated for the purpose aforesaid as if they were his retinue.

- (2) Every list or notice published under the last foregoing sub-section in relation to any conference shall include a statement of the date from which the list or amendment takes or took effect; and the fact that any person is or was included or not included at any time among the persons entitled to diplomatic immunities as representatives attending the conference or as members of the official staff of any such representative may, if a list of those persons has been so published, be conclusively proved by producing the Gazette containing the list or, as the case may be, the last list taking effect before that time, together with the Gazettes (if any) containing notices of the amendments taking effect before that time, and by showing that the name of that person is or was at that time included or not included in the said list.
- 4. This Ordinance shall, in its application to the United Nations, have effect subject to the following modifications –

Application to United Nations.

- (a) any reference to the governing body or any committee of the organisation shall be construed as referring to the General Assembly or any council or other organ of the United Nations; and
- (b) the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 2 of this Ordinance shall include power by Order in Council to confer on the judges and registrars of the International Court and on suitors to that Court and their agents, counsel and advocates, such immunities, privileges and facilities as may be required to give effect to any resolution of, or convention approved by, the General Assembly of the United Nations.

5. Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this Ordinance shall be construed as precluding the Governor in Council from declining to accord immunities or privileges to, or from withdrawing immunities or privileges from, nationals or representatives of any Power on the ground that that Power is failing to accord corresponding immunities or privileges to British nationals or representatives.

Reciprocal treatment.

6. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

Application.

7. The United Nations Privileges Ordinance 1948 is hereby repealed.

Repeal No. 15 of 1948.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF THE ORGANISATION.

- 1. Immunity from suit and Legal process.
- 2. The like inviolability of official archives and premises occupied as offices as is accorded in respect of the official archives and premises of an envoy of a foreign sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
- 3. The like exemption or relief from taxes and rates, other than taxes on the importation of goods, as may be accorded to a foreign sovereign Power.

- 4. Exemption from taxes on the importation of goods directly imported by the organisation for its official use in the Colony or for exportation, or on the importation of any publications of the organisation directly imported by it, such exemption to be subject to compliance with such conditions as any law relating to Customs and Excise may prescribe for the protection of the Revenue.
- 5. Exemption from prohibitions and restrictions on importation or exportation in the case of goods directly imported or exported by the organisation for its official use and in the case of any publications of the organisation directly imported or exported by it.
- 6. The right to avail itself, for telegraphic communications sent by it and containing only matter intended for publication by the press or for broadcasting (including communications addressed to, or despatched from, places outside the Colony), of any reduced rates applicable for the corresponding service in the case of press telegrams.

PART II.

Immunities and privileges of high officers, persons on massions and government representatives.

- 1. The like immunity from suit and legal process as is accorded to an envoy of a foreign sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
 - 2. The like inviolability of residence as is accorded to such an envoy.
 - 3. The like exemption or relief from taxes as is accorded to such an envoy.

PART III.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF OTHER OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

- 1. Immunity from suit and legal process in respect of things done or omitted to be done in the course of the performance of official duties.
- 2. Exemption from income tax in respect of emoluments received as an officer or servant of the organisation.

PART IV.

Immunities and privileges of representative's staff and of high officer's family.

- 1. Where any person is entitled to any such immunities and privileges as are mentioned in Part II. of this Schedule as the representative of a member government, his official staff accompanying him as such a representative shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the retinue of an envoy of a foreign sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty is entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy.
- 2. Where any person is entitled to any such immunities and privileges as are mentioned in Part II. of this Schedule as an officer of the organisation, that person's wife or husband, and children under the age of twenty-one shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the wife or husband and children of an envoy of a foreign sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty are entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD.

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 6



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, c.m.g., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1900.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Interpretation and Short title. General Law Ordinance, 1949.
- 2. (1) In this Ordinance and in all Ordinances, Orders in Council, Proclamations, Regulations and Notices now in force or hereafter to be made, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them respectively unless such construction is inconsistent with the context or unless it is otherwise expressly provided therein:

"Act" means an Act of Parliament of the United Kingdom in force in the Colony.

"British Empire" means His Majesty's dominions, British protectorates and protected States and territories administered by the Government of any part of His Majesty's dominions in accordance with a Mandate from the League of Nations or under the Trusteeship system of the United Nations.

Interpretation.

- "the Colony" means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.
- "Colonial waters or territorial waters" means the sea surrounding the Colony over which His Majesty has or may have jurisdiction.
- "commencement" means, with reference to an Ordinance, the time at which the Ordinance comes into operation.
- "Common law" means the Common law of England.
- "contravention" means in relation to any requirement or condition prescribed in any Ordinance, Regulation or in relation to any permit licence or other authority granted under or in pursuance of any Ordinance or Regulation a failure to comply with that requirement or condition.
- "daily penalty" means a penalty for each day on which an offence is continued after conviction therefor.
- "dues" means rates taxes and duties.
- "estate" means any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon property.
- "folio" means 72 words.
- "the Gazette" means the Government Gazette of the Colony.
- "Gazetted" means published in the Gazette.
- "Government" means the Government of the Colony.
- "Government Notice" or "general Notice" means an announcement not of a legislative character made by or with the authority of the Governor in the Gazette.
- "Government printer" means any printer authorised by the Government to print the Gazette and other documents of the Government.
- "Governor" means the person for the time being lawfully administering the Government of the Colony.
- "Governor in Council" means the Governor acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council but not necessarily acting in such Council assembled nor necessarily in accordance with such advice.
- "Harbour" means any port declared a harbour by the Governor in Council.
- "Imperial Order-in-Council" means any prerogative Order of His Majesty in Council applicable to the Colony.
- "Justice" or "Justice of the Peace" means a person appointed by the Governor to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony.
- "land" means land and any messuages, houses, buildings or other constructions standing thereon.
- "Law" means the common law, rules of equity, and general statutes in England, so far as they may be applicable to the Colony, and any Ordinance, Proclamation, Order in Council, Regulation or bye-law in force for the time being.
- "Magistrate" means a person appointed by the Governor to be a Magistrate for the Colony.
- "Master" means, in relation to a ship, any person having charge, control or command thereof.
- "occupier" means any person who uses, inhabits, possesses, or enjoys the premises in respect of which that word is used other than as a servant or caretaker.
- "owner" means a person receiving the rent of property in respect of which that word is used either on his own account, or as

trustee, agent, or manager, or who would receive the same if such property were let to a tenant.

- "parliament" or "Imperial Parliament" means the Parliament of the United Kingdom.
- "person" means any corporation, club, society, or other body or one or more persons of any age and either of the male or female sex.
- "Proclamation" means a proclamation of the Governor under the Public Seal.
- "property" means any land or personal chattels in which a right of ownership exists or may exist.
- "Public Seal" means the Public Seal of the Colony.
- "Registrar" means the Registrar of the Supreme Court.
- "The Secretary of State" means His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies.
- "Stanley" means the area defined in Section 138 of the Stanley Town Council Ordinance and the Schedule thereto.
- "Suburban land" or "suburbs" means (1) land outside Stanley bounded on the north by the Murrel River and Port William on the south and east by Port Harriet and the sea and on the west by a line drawn from a point on the Murrel River commonly known as "Furze Bush" to the summit of Mount Harriet and thence along the eastern boundary of No. 1 Section to the west of Port Harriet and (2) land outside the limit or boundary of any place declared to be a town but not more than six miles from the centre of such town.
- "Town" means Stanley or land within the limits of any place declared to be a Town under section 16 of this Ordinance.
- "United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- "vessel" means every description of ship, boat, lighter, or floating water tank.
- "writing" and expressions referring to writing mean printing lithography, typewriting, photography and other modes of representing or producing words or figures in visible form.
- (2) Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine, words in the singular shall include the plural, and words in the plural shall include the singular.

Gender and number.

- (3) When forms are prescribed slight deviations therefrom not affecting the substance nor calculated to mislead shall not invalidate them.
- (4) When any expression of time occurs the time referred to shall unless it is otherwise expressly provided be held to signify the standard time adopted for the Colony by order of the Governor.
- (5) When no time is prescribed or allowed within which anything shall be done such thing shall be done with all convenient speed and as often as the prescribed occasion arises.
- (6) The measurement of distance shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be in a straight line on a horizontal plane.
- 3. The printing by the Government printer of any duly enacted Ordinance, or of any official document countersigned by the Colonial Secretary, or by any person duly authorised by the Governor shall be a sufficient publication and promulgation thereof.
- 4. (1) The draft of every Ordinance shall be published in the Gazette and a copy thereof affixed to the public notice board in Stanley for one week before its introduction, unless the Governor in

Forms.

Time.

When no time prescribed.

Distances.

Government publications.

Publication of draft Ordinances.

Council decides that for reasons of urgency it is necessary to dispense with such publication and public notification.

Copies may be bought.

(2) Copies of every draft published as aforesaid may be purchased from the Government printer for such sum as the Governor may from time to time direct and the purchaser of such draft may on demand within six months of the date of such purchase be supplied with a copy of the Ordinance as passed without further payment.

Disallowance.

5. An intimation of the disallowance by His Majesty of any Ordinance shall be published in the Gazette.

When Ordinances etc. take effect.

6. Ordinances and subsidiary legislation shall be published in the Gazette and unless it is otherwise provided therein shall take effect and come into operation as law on the date of such publication.

Inspection of Ordinances.

7. A copy of any Ordinance shall be available for inspection during office hours at any place appointed by the Governor.

Admission of Ordinances etc. in evidence.

8. A copy of any Ordinance, Order-in-Council, Regulation or Notice printed by the Government Printer shall be admissible in evidence without further proof thereof.

Repeals do not revive.

9. Where any Ordinance repealing in whole or in part any former enactment is itself repealed, the enactment or part before repealed shall not be revived unless express words to that effect are contained in the last repealing enactment.

Rules, Regulations

10. All orders, rules, regulations, by-laws made, and all scales of fees, charges or fines prescribed under or by virtue of any Ordinance shall come into force on publication thereof unless the contrary intention is expressed and shall be binding in the same manner and to the same extent as if they formed part of such Ordinance.

Appointments.

11. (1) The Governor may appoint such persons as may be required to carry out the duties imposed by any Ordinance and such appointment shall be during pleasure only.

Under Act.

(2) The powers and duties conferred and imposed by any Act upon the holder of any office which does not exist in the Colony shall be exercised and performed by any person duly authorised by the Governor in that behalf.

Officer acting.

(3) Any reference to a public officer shall include the person for the time being lawfully exercising the duties and functions of such officer.

Power to fill vacancies.

(4) Where powers and duties are conferred or imposed upon any person by an Ordinance and such elections or appointments have not been made as required, or the persons elected or appointed have declined to act, or a vacancy is caused by death, the Governor may appoint some person to exercise such powers and discharge such duties until some person who is willing to act has been duly elected or appointed.

Power to fill vacancies during temporary absence.

(5) When any powers or duties are conferred or imposed upon a public officer by any Ordinance, the Governor may direct that during any period of absence of such public officer, owing to illness or any other cause, such powers and duties shall be exercised and performed by a person nominated by the Governor, subject to such conditions, exceptions and qualifications as the Governor may direct.

Dismissal etc.

(6) Where a power of appointment is conferred by any Ordinance the power shall also be implied to remove, dismiss, suspend, re-appoint, or re-instate, any person appointed in exercise of the power unless the contrary intention is expressed in the Ordinance.

(7) When any change in the title of a public office occurs the Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, declare that such change in title shall take effect from the date specified in such notice, and any reference in any Ordinance to the former title of such office shall be read and construed as a reference to that office by the new title declared by the Governor in such notice.

Change of title of public office.

12. Subject to the express provisions of any Ordinance all dues, fees, fines, penalties or forfeitures or proceeds thereof upon sale, shall be paid into the general revenues of the Colony, but the Governor may direct payment to the Stanley Town Council, or to any aggrieved person of such proportion of the fine or penalty as he may think fit.

Disposal of fines etc.

13. (1) The precedence of members of any Commission or Board shall, unless specially determined, be by date of appointment, or when they are appointed on the same day by the order in which their names appear in the Gazette or instrument appointing them, and unless specially provided the senior member shall be the chairman.

Commissions, Boards

- (2) When the quorum of any Commission or Board is not prescribed the majority thereof shall constitute a quorum.
- (3) The Chairman shall have only an equal vote with other members, except in case of an equality of votes when he shall have a second or casting vote.
- 14. The common law, rules of equity, and the general statutes in force in England on the 1st day of January, 1948 shall be in force in the Colony in so far as the circumstances of the Colony permit, and provided they are not inconsistent with, or repugnant to, any Ordinance or Order in Council, in which case the Ordinance or Order in Council shall prevail.

Law of England in force.

15. The Governor in Council may, when it is considered convenient for the more efficient operation of any Ordinance or any other purpose, divide, sub-divide, and re-divide the Colony into districts, or alter the boundaries of any such districts.

Division of Colony into districts.

16. The Governor in Council may, with the approval of the Secretary of State, declare any place to be a town, and define the extent. limits, and boundaries of such town and of its suburbs, and vary or alter such extent. limits and boundaries.

Declaration of town.

Provided that no part of the boundaries of the town shall be more than two miles, nor the suburbs more than six miles from the centre of the town.

17. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

Operation.

18. The following sections of the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance 1900 are hereby repealed:—

Repeal part of No. 3 of 1900.

Sections 1 to 12 (inclusive); 15 to 21 (inclusive); 26, 28, 29, 30 (a) and 31.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 7



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Administration of Justice Ordinance 1949.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance 1949 and shall be read and construed as one with the Administration of Justice Ordinance 1949.
- 2. The Administration of Justice Ordinance 1949 shall be amended by the addition of the following section after section 51 thereof:
 - "51A. (1) The Judge shall in every case heard in the Supreme Court have the power to order a new trial to be had upon such terms as he thinks reasonable and in the meantime to stay the proceedings.
 - (2) A new trial may be ordered on any question without interfering with the finding or decision on any other question."

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Short title.

Rehearing.

MILES CLIFFORD.

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 8



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Giovernor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1949 and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance 1939 (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the words "accruing in or derived from the Colony or elsewhere and whether received in the Colony or not" for the words "accruing in, derived from or received in the Colony in respect of" in lines 5 and 6 thereof and by the addition of the following proviso at the end of that section:

Amendments to Principal Ordinance.

Section 5.

- "Provided that in the case of income arising outside the Colony which is earned income, or which arises to a person who is not ordinarily resident in the Colony or not domiciled in the Colony, the tax shall be payable on the amount received in the Colony".
- 3. Section 22 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended Section 22. as follows
 - (a) in sub-section (1) thereof by substituting the words "double taxation relief being let out of account" for the words "as reduced by any relief granted under sections 19, 46 and 47 of this Ordinance" in lines 3 and 4 thereof.

- (b) In subsection (2) by the addition of the following words at the end thereof:
 - "and also, where the tax paid or payable by the company is affected by double taxation relief, the rate (hereafter in this Ordinance referred to as "the net Colonial rate") of the tax paid or payable by the company after taking double taxation relief into account".
- (c) by the addition of the following subsection at the end thereof:

Double taxation relief: definition.

"(3) In this section the expression "double taxation relief" means any credit for foreign income tax which is allowable against income tax chargeable under this Ordinance by virtue of arrangements having effect under section 47A of this Ordinance, and any relief allowable under section 46 or section 47 of this Ordinance, including any credit or relief which has been taken into account in determining the net Colonial rate applicable to any dividends received by the company".

Section 24.

- 4. Section 24 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by deleting the words "and received therein" and by substituting the word "to" for "by" in line 2 thereof.
- 5. The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following sections after section 47 thereof:
- Section 47A.

 Double taxation relief:
 Order in Council.
- 47A. (1) If the Governor in Council by Order declares that arrangements specified in the Order have been made with the Government of any territory outside the Colony with a view to affording relief from double taxation in relation to income tax and any tax of a similar character imposed by the laws of that territory and that it is expedient that those arrangements should have effect, the arrangements shall have effect in relation to income tax notwithstanding anything in any enactment.
- (2) On the making of an Order under this section with respect to arrangements relating to the United Kingdom, section 46 of this Ordinance shall cease to have effect except in so far as the arrangements otherwise provide.
- (3) On the making of an Order under this section with respect to arrangements relating to any territory forming part of His Majesty's dominions (other than the United Kingdom or the Colony), section 47 of this Ordinance shall cease to have effect as respects that territory except in so far as the arrangements otherwise provide.
- (4) Any Order made under this section may be revoked by a subsequent Order.
- (5) Where any arrangements have effect by virtue of this section, the obligation as to secrecy imposed by section 4 of this Ordinance shall not prevent the disclosure to any authorised officer of the government with which the arrangements are made or such information as is required to be disclosed under the arrangements.
- (6) The Governor in Council may make rules for carrying out the provisions of any arrangements having effect under this section.
- 47B. The provisons of this section shall have effect where, under arrangements having effect under section 47A of this Ordinance, tax payable in respect of any income in the

Section 47B.

Amount of relief.

territory with the Government of which the arrangements are made is to be allowed as a credit against tax payable in respect of that income in the Colony; and in this section the expression "foreign Tax" means any tax payable in that territory which under the arrangements is to be so allowed and the expression "income tax" means tax chargeable under this Ordinance.

(2) The amount of the income tax chargeable in respect of the income shall be reduced by the amount of the credit:

Provided that credit shall not be allowed against income tax for any year of assessment unless the person entitled to the income is resident in the Colony for that year.

- (3) The credit shall not exceed the amount which would be produced by computing the amount of the income in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and then charging the income tax at a rate ascertained by dividing the income tax chargeable (before allowance of credit under any arrangements having effect under section 47A of this Ordinance) on the total income of the person entitled to the income by the amount of his total income.
- (4) Without prejudice to the provisions of the preceding subsection, the total credit to be allowed to a person for any year of assessment for foreign tax under all arrangements having effect under section 47A of this Ordinance shall not exceed the total income tax payable by him for that year of assessment, less any tax payable by him under the provisions of section 32 of this Ordinance.
 - (5) In computing the amount of the income —
 - (a) no deduction shall be allowed in respect of foreign tax (whether in respect of the same or any other income);
 - (b) where the income tax chargeable depends on the amount received in the Colony, the said amount shall be increased by the appropriate amount of the foreign tax in respect of the income;
 - (c) where the income includes a dividend and under the arrangements foreign tax not chargeable directly or by deduction in respect of the dividend is to be taken into account in considering whether any, and if so what, credit is to be given against income tax in respect of the dividend the amount of the income shall be increased by the amount of the foreign tax not so chargeable which falls to be taken into account in computing the amount of credit;

but notwithstanding anything in the preceding provisions of this subsection a deduction shall be allowed of any amount by which the foreign tax in respect of the income exceeds the credit therefor.

(6) Paragraphs (a) and (b) of the preceding subsection (but not the remainder thereof) shall apply to the computation of total income for the purposes of determining the rate mentioned in subsection (3) of this section, and shall apply thereto in relation to all income in the case of which credit falls to be given for foreign tax under arrangements for the time being in force under section 47 a of this Ordinance.

(7) Where—

(a) the arrangements provide, in relation to dividends

of some classes, but not in relation to dividends of other classes, that foreign tax not chargeable directly or by deduction in respect of dividends is to be taken into account in considering whether any, and if so what, credit is to be given against income tax in respect of the dividends; and

(b) a dividend is paid which is not of a class in relation to which the arrangements so provide,

then, if the dividend is paid to a company which controls, directly or indirectly, not less than one-half of the voting power in the company paying the dividend, credit shall be allowed as if the dividend were a dividend of a class in relation to which the arrangements so provide.

- (8) Credit shall not be allowed under the arrangements against income tax chargeable in respect of the income of any person for any year of assessment if he elects that credit shall not be allowed in the case of his income for that year.
- (9) Any claim for an allowance by way of credit shall be made not later than two years after the end of the year of assessment, and in the event of any dispute as to the amount allowable the claim shall be subject to objection and appeal in like manner as an assessment.
- (10) Where the amount of any credit given under the arrangements is rendered excessive or insufficient by reason of any adjustment of the amount of any tax payable either in the Colony or elsewhere, nothing in this Ordinance limiting the time for the making of assessments or claims for relief shall apply to any assessment or claim made not later than two years from the time when all such assessments, adjustments and other determinations have been made, whether in the Colony or elsewhere, as are material in determining whether any and if so what credit falls to be given.

Section 47c. Relief for companies.

- 47c. (1) Where the tax paid or payable by a company is affected by double taxation relief the amount to be set off under section 23 of this Ordinance, or to be repaid under section 54 of this Ordinance, in respect of the tax deductible from any dividend paid by the company shall be reduced as follows:
 - (a) if no tax is chargeable on the recipient in respect of the dividend, the reduction shall be an amount equal to tax on the gross dividend at the rate of double taxation relief applicable thereto;
 - (b) if the rate of tax chargeable on the recipient in respect of the dividend is less than the rate of double taxation relief applicable to the dividend, the reduction shall be an amount equal to tax on the gross dividend at the difference between those two rates.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section —
 - (a) if the income of the person chargeable includes one dividend such as is mentioned in the preceding subsection, that dividend shall be deemed to be the highest part of his income;
 - (b) if his income includes more than one such dividend, a dividend shall be deemed to be a higher part of his income than another dividend if the net Colonial rate applicable to the former dividend is lower than that applicable to the latter dividend;

- (c) where tax is chargeable at different rates in respect of different parts of any such dividend, or where tax is chargeable in respect of some part of any such dividend and is not chargeable in respect of some other part thereof, each part shall be deemed to be a separate dividend;
- (d) the expression "double taxation relief" has the same meaning as in section 22 of this Ordinance, and the expression "the rate of double taxation relief" means the rate which represents the excess of the rate of tax deductible from the dividend over the net Colonial rate applicable thereto.
- 6. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of Operation. January, 1949.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 9



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the maintenance of a Central Registry and the regulation of all matters to be registered therein.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Registration Ordinance 1949.

Definitions.

- 2. Where the context so admits in this Ordinance and any Regulations made thereunder
 - "Will" includes a codicil.
 - "Instrument" means any deed, contract, will or other matter required to be registered.
 - "Stillborn" applies to any child which has issued forth from its mother after the 28th week of pregnancy and which did not at any time after being completely expelled from its mother, breathe or show any other sign of life.

Central Registry,

3. A Central Registry shall be maintained in Stanley for the registration of all matters required by law, and of all matters which the Governor in Council may require, to be registered in the Central Registry.

4. (1) The Registrar General shall be responsible for the proper registration of all matters required to be registered under section 3 hereof.

Registrar General.

(2) The Registrar General shall exercise all the powers perform all the duties and be subject to the liabilities of a registrar of births, deaths and marriages in the United Kingdom so far as the same are applicable.

Records etc. to form Central Registry.

5. All registers, records, books, papers, maps and other documents now in the custody of the Registrar General under the Registration Ordinance 1853 shall be retained by him as part of the records of the Central Registry.

Registration of particulars of births.

- 6. (1) The father or mother of every child born alive in the Colony and its Dependencies, or in the case of the death, illness or absence or inability of the father or mother the occupier of the house in which to his knowledge the child is born, or one of the persons present at the birth or the person having charge of the child shall, if the child shall have been born in Stanley, give to the Registrar General within ten days of the birth such particulars as he may require to be registered, and if the child shall have been born elsewhere shall give to the Registrar General or a Registrar appointed under this Ordinance such particulars within 42 days of the date of birth, and in every such case shall sign the register.
- (2) Any person responsible for giving such particulars to the best of his knowledge and belief who shall fail to do so or refuse to sign the register shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.
- 7. The provisions of section 6 shall apply to the birth of a stillborn child and every person required to give information shall either

Registration of birth of Stillborn child.

- (1) deliver to the Registrar General or nearest Registrar a written certificate that the child was not born alive signed by a registered medical practitioner or midwife who was in attendance at the birth or who has examined the body of such child; or
- (2) make a declaration to the effect that no registered medical practitioner or midwife was present at the birth, or has examined the body or that his or her certificate cannot be obtained and that the child was not born alive.
- 8. (1) The nearest relatives of the deceased present at the death or in attendance during the last illness, or in default any relative who has knowledge of any of the particulars required to be registered, or in default of such relatives, any person present at the death or the occupier of the house in which to his knowledge the death took place, or any person finding or taking charge of the body, or each inmate of the house or the person causing the body to be buried shall inform the Registrar or nearest Registrar within five days next after the death or finding the body if such death or finding occurred in Stanley or within 14 days if it occurred elsewhere and shall sign the register.

Information as to

- (2) Any person whose duty it is to register a death who shall fail within twelve months of the date of death of finding the body and within seven days of the receipt of a notice from the Registrar General or nearest Registrar calling on him so to do shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.
- 9. A Minister of Religion shall keep registers of baptisms and burials and shall record in them the particulars required under the Parochial Registers Acts and sign the same within seven days of the baptism or burial unless prevented by sickness or other unavoidable cause, and shall on or before the 15th day of January in each year forward to the Governor or to the person appointed by him in

Ministers to keep registers of baptisms and burials. the form required by him an abstract of the number of baptisms and burials registered during the preceding year. Any minister who shall refuse, or without reasonable cause omit to send such abstract shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

Offences.

- 10. Any person who shall:
 - (a) wilfully make or cause to be made a false statement for the purpose of it being inserted in any register;
 - (b) knowingly or wilfully insert or cause or permit to be inserted any false statement in a register or abstract required under this Ordinance or any regulations made thereunder or shall knowingly or wilfully sign or verify any copy or abstract knowing the same to be false;
 - (c) wilfully destroy or injure or cause to be destroyed or injured any register or map being a record in the Central Registry

shall commit an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

Refusal by Registrar General etc. to hand over records.

- 11. (1) Any Registrar General or Registrar who refuses on ceasing to hold such office to deliver up to the Governor or the person appointed by him to receive all registers, records, books, papers, maps, safes keys and other documents and things in his possession relating to his office shall commit an offence and be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 and a further fine not exceeding £10 for each day he shall so refuse to deliver up such registers, records, books, papers, maps, safes keys and other documents and things after conviction in respect thereof.
- (2) If a Justice is satisfied by information on oath that an offence under this section has been committed he may grant a search warrant authorising any constable named therein to enter at any time any premises or place named in the warrant, if necessarily by force, and to search the premises or place and any person found therein and to seize any register, record, book, paper, map, document, safe key or anything which is evidence of an offence under this section.

Regulations.

12. The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the administration of this Ordinance and impose penalties for any breach thereof.

Repeals. 12 of 1853 7 of 1938. 13. The Registration Ordinance 1853 and the Registration (Amendment) Ordinance 1938 are hereby repealed.

Operation.

14. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD.

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 10



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the establishment of an Arbitration Board in connection with Trade Disputes, and to make provision for the settlement of such disputes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Trade Disputes—Short title. (Arbitration) Ordinance 1949.
 - 2. (1) In this Ordinance where the context so admits –

Definitions.

- "trade dispute" means any dispute or difference between employers and workmen, or between workmen and workmen, connected with the employment or non-employment, or the terms of the employment, or with the conditions of labour, of any workman.
- "workman" means any person who has entered into or works under a contract with an employer whether the contract be by way of manual labour, clerical work, or otherwise, be expressed or implied, oral or in writing, and whether it be a contract of service or of apprenticeship or a contract personally to execute any work or labour.
- (2) This Ordinance shall not apply to persons in the Naval, Military, or Air services of the Crown, or to members of the Police Force, but otherwise shall apply to workmen employed by the Government in the same manner as if they were employed by a private person.

Application.

Trade disputes may be reported to the Governor.

Reference of disputes to arbitration board and constitution of the board.

- 3. (1) Any trade dispute, may be reported to the Governor by or on behalf of either of the parties to the dispute, and the Governor shall thereupon take such steps as seem to him expedient for promoting a settlement thereof.
- (2) Where a trade dispute exists, the Governor may, subject as hereinafter provided, if both parties consent, refer the matter for settlement to an Arbitration Board (hereinafter referred to as the "Board") constituted of either
 - a sole arbitrator appointed by the Governor; or
 - an arbitrator appointed by the Governor, assisted by not more than three assessors nominated by or on behalf of the employers concerned and an equal number of assessors nominated by or on behalf of the workmen concerned, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor: Provided that the award shall be made and issued by the arbitrator only; or
 - not more than three arbitrators nominated by or on behalf of the employers concerned and an equal number of arbitrators nominated by or on behalf of the workmen concerned, and an independent chairman, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor: Provided that where all the members of the Board are unable to agree as to their award, the matter shall be decided by the chairman as sole arbitrator.
- (3) The Arbitration Act 1889 or any Act amending or substituted for it shall not apply to any proceedings of a Board under this Ordinance or to any award issued by it.
- 4. (1) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the number of assessors on a Board constituted under section 3 (2) (b) hereof the Board may in the discretion of the arbitrator either act notwithstanding such vacancy or consent to another assessor being appointed to fill such vacancy.
- (2) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the number of arbitrators on a Board constituted under section 3 (2) (c) hereof the Board may, with the consent of the parties, act notwithstanding such vacancy.
- (3) No act, proceeding or finding of the Board shall be invalidated by reason of any such vacancy provided that the consent required under sub-section (2) hereof was first obtained.
- 5. Where a trade dispute referred to a Board involves questions as to wages, or as to hours of work, or otherwise as to the terms or conditions of or affecting employment which are regulated by any Ordinance other than this Ordinance, any award which is inconsistent with the provisions of that Ordinance shall be invalid.
- 6. The award of a Board shall be submitted to the Governor who shall as soon as possible thereafter cause the same to be published
- in such manner as he thinks fit.
- Where a question arises as to the interpretation of an award of a Board the Governor may refer the question or any party to the award may apply to the Board for a decision, and the Board shall decide the matter after hearing the parties, or without such hearing provided the consent of the parties has been first obtained. The decision of the Board shall be notified to the Governor and to the parties and shall be deemed to form part of and shall have the same effect in all respects as the original award.

For the purpose of dealing with any matter referred to it, a Board shall have full power to order any person to furnish, in writing or otherwise, such particulars in relation to such matter

Award of Board not

to conflict with any

Publication of the

Interpretation of the

law.

award.

award.

Evidence.

as the Board may require, and attend before the Board and give evidence on oath or otherwise, and to require the production of documents, so as to elicit all such information as the Board may consider necessary, without being bound by the rules of evidence in civil or criminal proceedings; Provided always that, if any witness objects to answer any question on the ground that it will tend to incriminate him or on any other lawful ground, he shall not be required to answer the question nor be liable to any penalities for refusing to answer.

9. It shall be in the discretion of a Board to permit any interested person to appear by counsel or solicitor on any proceedings before such Board.

Appearance of Counsel or Solicitor.

10. (1) It shall be in the discretion of a Board to admit or exclude the public or the press from any of its sittings.

Sitting may be public or private.

(2) Any person who shall, before an award of a Board has been published by order of the Governor, publish any comment on the Board, any proceeding or evidence, other than a fair and accurate report or summary of the proceedings including the evidence adduced at a sitting of the Board, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

Rules of procedure.

11. The Governor in Council may make Rules regulating the procedure to be followed by a Board, and whenever any question shall arise in the course of an arbitration in respect of which Rules have not been made, the Board shall regulate its own procedure.

Expenses.

12. (1) The Governor may appoint at such remuneration and on such terms and conditions as he may determine such officers and other servants as may be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Ordinance.

Ordinance and approved of by the Governor shall be paid out of the

(2) Any expenses incurred in the operation of this

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me

with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

general revenues of the Colony.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 11



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the maintenance of a Police Force and Prison.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, thereof. as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Police and Prison Ordinance, 1949.

Definitions.

- 2. In this Ordinance and any Regulations made thereunder where the context so admits
 - "constable" means the Chief Constable and any other police officer appointed under this Ordinance.

PART I - POLICE.

Appointment of Constables.

3. (1) The Governor may for any period he may think fit appoint any person to be a constable.

(2) After taking the oath next hereinafter prescribed a constable shall be given a warrant of authority in the following form

"This is to certify that has been appointed to act as constable in the Falkland Islands and Dependencies.

Date

for Governor".

- (3) A constable shall on termination of his appointment return the warrant to the Colonial Secretary.
- 4. On appointment a constable shall take the following oath Oath. before a Justice -

- "I,, do swear that I will well and truly serve our Sovereign Lord the King in the office of constable for the Falkland Islands and Dependencies, without favour or affection, malice, or ill-will, and that I will, to the best of my power, cause the peace to be kept and preserved, and prevent all offences against the persons and properties of His Majesty's subjects, and that while I continue to hold the said office, I will, to the best of my skill and knowledge, discharge the duties thereof according to law."
- 5. (1) A constable shall have and exercise all the powers, authorities and immunities and be liable to all the duties and responsibilities of any constable in England so far as they are applicable in the Colony and its Dependencies,

Powers and duties of atconstable.

- (2) A constable may stop, search or detain any vessel, motor-vehicle, cart or bicycle which he has reason to suspect is being, or has been, used in the commission of an offence and may seize any property found therein or thereon in respect whereof any person on such vessel, motor-vehicle, cart or bicycle, is unable to give a satisfactory explanation and may arrest any such person.
- (3) A constable shall, when so required by the Chief Constable, perform the duties of prison officer or warder.
 - 6. Any constable who shall

Offences by constable.

- be guilty of any neglect or violation of his duty, or
- not deliver up forthwith on his ceasing to hold office all his accoutrements, clothing and other necessities of office supplied to him

shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month and a search warrant may be granted for articles not delivered up.

7. Any person who for any unlawful purpose or without the authority of the Governor puts on the dress, accourrements or takes the name, designation or character of a constable shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

Personation of constable.

PART II - PRISONS.

8. The Governor may appoint any building to be a prison for the confinement of any prisoner sentenced by a Court in the Colony or sent to the Colony on conviction under any Act.

Governor may appoint any place to be a prison.

9. (1) The Governor may on the 1st day of January in each year appoint from the panel of Justices resident in Stanley three such Justices to constitute a Board of Visiting Justices of whom the Magistrate shall be a permanent and senior member for the ensuing year.

Visiting Justices.

(2) Visiting Justices shall enter and inspect any prison and see and receive complaints from prisoners when they may so decide but at least four times in any year and after each such inspection shall report thereon and as to any complaints received from prisoners and the manner in which they were dealt with to the Governor.

Visitors.

10. Any person may be permitted to visit any prisoner on the order in writing of a Visiting Justice.

Forbidden articles.

- 11. (1) Any person who brings or attempts to introduce into any prison any spirituous or fermented liquor or tobacco and every officer of a prison who suffers any spirituous or fermented liquor or tobacco to be sold or used therein contrary to Prison Regulations shall commit an offence and shall be punishable on conviction by imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or to a fine not exceeding £20 or both such fine and imprisonment and if the offender be a prison officer he shall be dismissed the service.
- (2) Any person conveying or attempting to convey any letter or notice not allowed by Prison Regulations in or out of any prison shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £10 and if the offender be a prison officer he shall be dismissed the service.

Unlawful absence.

12. The period during which any prisoner has been unlawfully absent from prison shall be added to his sentence.

Illness.

13. A prisoner shall be removed from prison to the hospital on a certificate signed by the Senior Medical Officer stating the nature of the illness and that the removal is necessary for his restoration to health, countersigned by the Magistrate, and delivered to the Chief Constable.

Coroner to be informed of death.

14. The Chief Constable shall give immediate notice of the death of any prisoner to the Coroner.

Burial of body of executed prisoner.

15. The body of every offender executed shall be buried in such place as the Governor may, by writing under his hand, appoint.

PART III - GENERAL.

Regulations.

- 16. The Governor in Council may make regulations as to -
 - (1) the duties and discipline of constables and the imposition of any fines for any infringement in addition to any other punishment to which the constable may be liable:
 - (2) the duties of Visiting Justices;
 - (3) the duties and discipline of prison officers, the maintenance of good order in any prison and the discipline of prisoners therein and the imposition of punishment for any infringement thereof;
 - (4) the execution of the death sentence.

Repeals: 5 of 1898, 5 of 1902 (part)

17. The Gaols Ordinance 1898 and sections 10 to 15 (inclusive) of the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902 are hereby repealed.

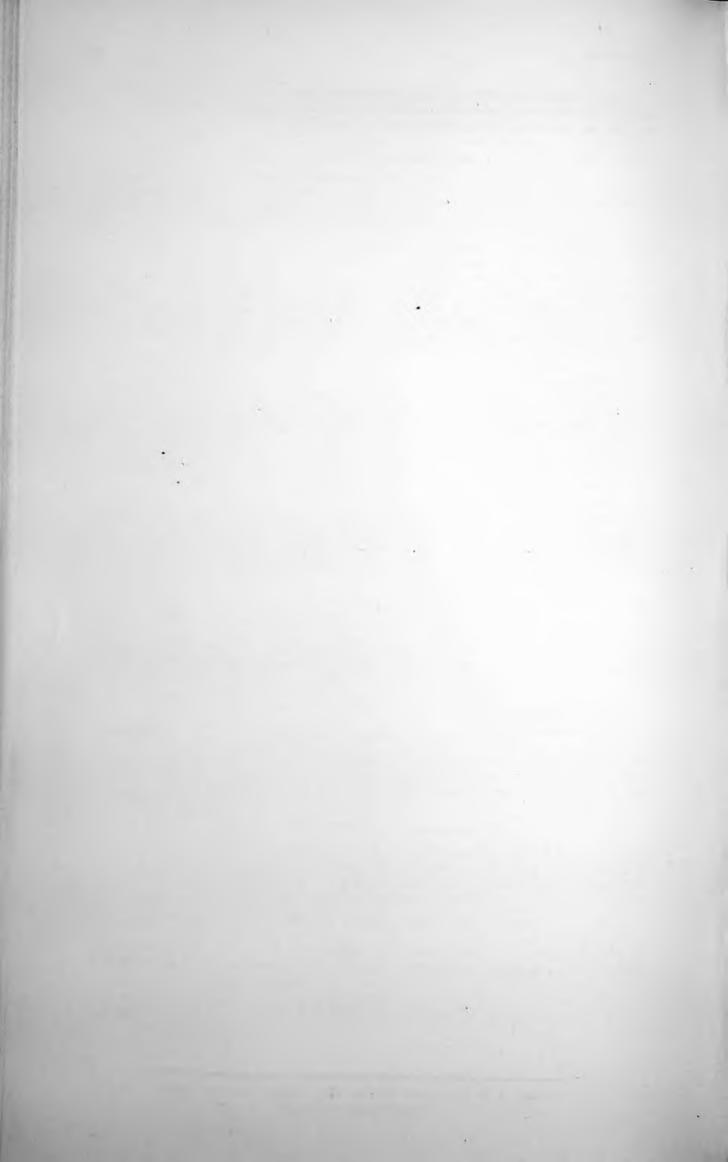
Operation.

18. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.





The Falkland Islands Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVIII.

JUNE 10, 1949.

No. 9.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of the Officer Administering the Government.

R. Winter,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 33.

8th June, 1949.

Departure from the Colony of His Excellency the Governor on leave of absence.

It is hereby notified, for general information, that His Excellency Geoffrey Miles Clifford, Esquire, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D., Governor and Commander-in-Chief, left the Colony this day for the United Kingdom on leave of absence.

M.P. P/363/III.

No. 35.

9th June, 1949.

King's Birthday Honours.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve the following appointments :— $\, \cdot \,$

To the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire

HIS EXCELLENCY GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE,

Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, to be a Knight Commander or K.B.E.

MISS MADGE BRIDGET FRANCES BIGGS to be a Member of the Fifth Class (Civil) or M.B.E.

M.P. 0107/C.

Proclamation

1949

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King. Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

M. R. RAYMER — By the Honourable Michael Robert Raymer, Esquire, Officer Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c.

WHEREAS by the seventh clause of the Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, dated the 13th December, 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, it is provided that "whenever the Office of Governor is vacant, or the Governor is absent from the "Colony or is from any cause prevented from, or incapable of, acting in the duties of his "Office, then such other person as We may appoint under Our Sign Manual and Signet, or if "there is no such person in the Colony so appointed and capable of discharging the duties of "the administration, the Senior Member of the Executive Council then in the Colony and so "capable, shall, during Our pleasure, administer the Government of the Colony".

AND WHEREAS His Excellency Geoffrey Miles Clifford, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, has this day left the Colony on leave of absence:

AND WHEREAS no person has been appointed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet to administer the Government of this Colony in the absence of the Governor:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MICHAEL ROBERT RAYMER, Colonial Secretary of the Falkland Islands, the Senior Member of the Executive Council aforesaid, do hereby proclaim and make known that, in pursuance of the said clause of the said Royal Letters Patent and having taken the oaths prescribed by law, I have this day assumed the Administration of the Government of this Colony and its Dependencies.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 8th day of June, in the Year of Our Lord. One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-nine.

By Command of the
Officer Administering the Government,
R. Winter,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

M.P. P/459.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII

JULY 1, 1949.

No. 10.

NEW APPOINTMENT.

Name

Department

Office

Date

Remarks

Redmond, Miss K. M.

Education

Assistant Mistress

29.5.49.

-

PROMOTION.

From

To

Date

King, V. T.

Assistant Printer, Grade III. Old conditions of Service. Assistant Printer, Grade II.

1.3.49.

NOTICES

The following Notices etc., are published by command of the Officer Administering the Government.

R. WINTER,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 34.

8th June, 1949.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:-

Ordinance No. 20 of 1948, entitled "Road Traffic Ordinance 1948".

M.P. 0705.

No. 36.

The following Schedule of cost of living Index figures shewing the cost of articles during the years 1938 and 1948 for the Falkland Islands is published for general information:-

SCHEDULE.

		201				
GROUP 1. FOODST	HFFS.				380 Pois	TS.
COMMODITY		<i>1938</i> £ s. d.	1948 £ s. d.	Percentage increase	Weight	Factor
Bread Flour, cakes Meat, beef, fresh Milk, fresh Milk, tinned Butter Eggs (average) Tea, coffee Sugar Syrup, Jams Beans, dried Vegetables, fresh Fruit, fresh Sauces and Pickles Miscellaneous		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 : 2 \\ 1 : 12 : 1 \\ & 3\frac{1}{2} \\ & 4 \\ 15 : 6 \\ 2 : 6 \\ 2 : 6 \\ 3 : 0 \\ & 6 \\ 1 : 9 \\ 1 : 2 \\ & 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 : 6 \\ 2 : 3 \\ & - \end{array}$	16.7 16.5 Nil Nil 169.6 66.6 Nil 50.0 200.0 191.0 180.0 Nil Nil 69.0 70.0	5 55 90 30 20 25 - 15 15 10 15 5 5 10 10	83.5 907.5 — 3392.0 1665.0 — 750.0 2000.0 2865.0 900.0 — 690.0 4900.0 18153.0

GROUP 2. CI	LOTHI	NG.				110 Poin	rs.
GROOT 2. OI	2027		1938	1948	Percentage increase	Weight	Factor
MEN'S OUTER	WEAD		£ s. d.	£ s. d.		22	
Overcoat	HEAR		1:17:6	6:11:0	259.3		
Trousers			10 : 6	1:12:0	203.7		
Maori Coat	*		2:0:0	$4:12:6\\8:9$	131.2 75.0		
Cap			$5:0\\6:6$	10 : 0	53.8		
Overalls Suit		15.	3:0:0	8:0:0	166.6		
Duit	•••				172.25		3789.5
Mario Evano	Wath					9	
MEN'S UNDER			3: 9	5 : 0	33.3	·	
Shirt, workin Shirt, tunic	ng		$\frac{3}{7} : 0$	17 : 6	150.0		
Vest			2 : 6	4 : 6	80.0		
Pants			2:6	5 : 0	100,0		
Socks	***	***	1 : 9	4 : ()	128.5		951.3
					105.7		551.5
MEN'S FOOTW	EAR					9	
Boots, work	***	***	10 : 0	15 : 0	50,0		
Shoes	***	***	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	133.3 109.5		- 1
Boots, rubbe	r	***	10 : 0	1:1:0	103.3		929.7
					100.0		(*************************************
WOMEZ'S OUT	ER CL	OTHING				2.1	
Costume	***	***	$\frac{2}{3}:\frac{5}{3}:0$	5:2:6	127.7		
Overcoat Blouse	•••	• • •	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6:5:0 $18:9$	$\frac{190.9}{167.4}$		
Dress, light	***	***	18 : 9	3:10:0	272.7		
Dress. wool			1:4:0	4:10:0	275.0		
Hat			3: 6	$\frac{13}{12} : 9$	294.2		
Gloves	***	***	3 : 9	12 : 6	234.4		4758.5
					198.27		4100.0
WOMEN'S UNI	DER CL	OTHING				Ġ	
Slip			7:3	8 ; 0	10.3		
Knickers		•••	3:0	$\frac{5}{9} : 0$	66.6		
Vest Corsets		•••	$\frac{1}{7} : \frac{10}{0}$	$\frac{3:6}{1:0:0}$	$90.9 \\ 185.7$		
Hose, Rayo			2:6	5 : 0	100.0		
., Lisle			2 : 6	5 ; 0	100.0		
Sanitary To	owels	***	1 : 6	3:6	133.3		180.0
					95.4		858.6
WOMEN'S FO	OTWEA	R				10	
Shoes, wall			13 : 0	1 : 8 : 0	115.3		
Shoes, fash Slippers		***	14: 0	1:8:0	100.0		
ersadine	***	***	4: 0	6 : 0	50.0		1000.0
					100.0		10000
CHILDREN'S		CLOTHI.	NG			1	
Shirt, boy's			3: 9		100.0		
Vest, boy's Socks, boy		•••	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	" 1 0	175.0		
Knickers,			$\begin{array}{c} z: 0 \\ 2: 3 \end{array}$		120.0 100.0		
Ankle Soci	ks. girl'		1 : 3	2:6	100.0		
Gown, infa			5 : 0	10 ; 0	100.0		
Diapers. in	iant's	***	1: 0	4:0	300.0		100.0
					122.5		.190.0
CHILDREN'S	OUTER	Сьотні	NG			9	
Suit, boy's			18 : 6	1:17:0	100.0		
Jersey	***		4:6		88.8		
Raincoat			17 : 6	2:10:0	185.8		
Gym Tunio			10:0		125.0		
Dress, cotto Coat, girl's		***	$\frac{3:11}{1:6:0}$		208.2 169.2		
Gloves	4		1:0:0		71.4		
		***		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	147.06		1323.5
(10000000000000000000000000000000000000	Do				111.00		
CHILDREN'S					204.0	7	
Shoes or b			$\begin{array}{c} 6:3\\5:0\end{array}$		236.2 209.0		
Shoes, stro Plimsolls o					209.0		
Rubbers, c.		5 Gangai	3: 6		113.8		
					200.0		1400.0

			Dunan taua		
	1938	1948	Percentage increase	Weight	Factor
CLOTHING MATERIALS		1910	. 76171 000311	7	1.00000
Dress material, rayon				•	
cotton print	5: 0	13 : 0	160.0		
Coating	8:6	1:0:0	135.3		
Knitting Wool, baby	10	1 : 6	80.0		
ordinary	9	1 : 3	66.6		
Flannelette	2 : 0	4 : ()	100.0		
			132.7		928.9
SUMMARY OF CLOTHING					
Men's Outer Wear			172.25	22	3789.5
., Under Wear		***	105.70	9	951.3
Footwear	* * *		103.30	9	929.7
Women's Outer Wear		***	198.27	24	4758.5
Under Wear			95.40	. 9	858.6
" Footwear Children's Outer Wear	•••	***	100.0 1 47. 0ธ	10 9	1000.0 1323.5
Under Wear	***		122.50	4	490.0
., Footwear			200.0	7	1400.0
Clothing Materials	***	· · · · · ·	132.70	7	928.9
			149.36		16430.0
GROUP 3. FUEL AND LIGHT.				75 Por	NTS.
ARTICLE	: s. d.	Æ s. d.			
			01.5	.1 ~	750 5
Peat carting (Average) Electricity	8:0	9:9	21.5 Nil	35 30	752.5
Electricity Paraffin	2 : 0	2 : 6	25.0	10	250.0
T tittim.	~	~ . 0	13.4	10	1002.5
			10.4		1002.0
GROUP 4. HOUSEHOLD DUE	SADIE CO	Ane		85 Po1	AZTINA
	ABLE GO	ODa.			315.
FURNITURE £	s. d.	£ s. d.		22	
Mattress, single 2	2:15:0	5:4:0	89.0		
Bedstead, iron	l:10:6	2:11:0	67.1		
			81.3		1788.6
APPLIANCES				28	
	0.0	23 : 0 : 0	77.0	-0	
^)	3 : 0 : 0 5 : 0 : 0	10 : 0 : 0	100.0		
	5:10:0	13 : 13 : 6	148.6		
	1:5:0	12 : 16 : 6	201.7		
Clock, alarm	5 : 0	1 : 1 : 0	320.0		
	2:10:0	4:13:0	86.0		
Records, gramophone	2 : 0	3 : 3	62.5		
			113.6		3180.8
FLOOR COVERINGS				12	
	5 : 3	15 : 0	185.5		
Linoleum Hearthrug	15 : 0	3:0:0	300.0		
Carpet, stair	4:6	1:2:3	395.5		
			292.9		3514.8
15.				12	
DRAPERY AND SOFT FURNISHIN		0 0 0	975 ()	12	
Sheets, double pr.	$\frac{16}{15} : 0$	3:0:0 2:16:0	275.0 273.3		
Blankets, each	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5:0	233.3		
Curtain net, yd.	2:6	15: 0	500.0		
Casement cloth Towel	1: 9	7: 0	300.0		
Towel Towel, tea	10	2 : 6	200.0		
20 11 21 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22			287.1		3445.2
				11	
HARDWARE, POTTERY, GLASS		0 0	200.0		
Bucket	2 : 3	9 : 0 14 : 0	$300.0 \\ 143.4$		
Kettle & Saucepan	5: 9	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	125.0		
Wash Bowl	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 : & 0 \\ 5 : & 0 \end{array}$	10:9	115.0		
Fork, garden	5:0	17 : 6	240.0		
Distemper Scrub brush & Broom	4:8	10 : 3	119.6		
Paint brush	8:0		178.0		
Cup, teapot & tumbler	3 : 8	$11 : \frac{5}{6}$	211.3 Nil		
Bulb, electric light	1:6	$ \begin{array}{r} 1: & 6 \\ 13: & 0 \end{array} $	200.0		
Table lamp & lampglass	$\frac{4}{2}: \frac{4}{6}$		150.0		
Washboard	$\hat{2} : 6$	U . U	166.6		1832.6
			20010		

			10.10	Percentage increase	Weight	Factor
	1938		1948	THEFTHOG	ri engra	J. COCEIM.
SUMMARY OF GROUP 4			20.4.	81.3	22	1788.6
Furniture Appliances				113.6	28	3180.8
Floor Coverings				292.9	12	3514.8
Drapery, etc.			•••	$\begin{array}{c} 287.1 \\ 166.6 \end{array}$	12 11	3445.2 - 1832.6
Hardware, etc	. *.	***		161.9	11	13762.0
The second of th	0000			101.0	50 Poly	
GROUP 5. MISCELLANEOUS G		. £	s. d.		14	113.
SOAPS, ETC.	s. d		s. d. 8	100.0		
Soap, toilet		<u>.</u> 1.	3:0	176.9		
" hard " powder		3	7	16.6		
flakes	•	6	1 : 0	100.0		
				117.2		1640.8
MISCELLANEOUS HOUSEHOLD GOOD	DS				15	
Soda		3	1 7	33.3		
Polish, hoot		6 9	1:0	$\frac{16.6}{33.3}$		
" floor " metal		8	$\frac{1}{2} : 8$	60.0		
Vim		8	1 : 3	87.5		
Matches		8	2 : 0	200.0		1111
				74.1		1111.5
MEDICINES AND TOILET REQUISIT					11	
Fruit Salts		6	$egin{array}{cccc} 4 & : & 5 \ 2 & : & 4 \end{array}$	$\frac{26.2}{3.7}$		
MacLean's Powder Milk of Magnesia		3 3	$\frac{2}{3}:\frac{4}{8}$	62.9		
Aspirin		5	5	Nil		
Tooth Paste		0	$\frac{1}{1} : \frac{1}{2}$	30.0		
Razor Blades Powder		3 6	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & : & 3 \\ 3 & : & 3 \end{array}$	Nil 116.6		
Hair Cream		4	2: 7	93.7		
				42.5		467.5
NEWSPAPERS, STATIONERY, ETC.					10	
Books ("Penguins")		0	1 : 6	50.0		
Writing Pad Envelopes	1 :	წ წ	$\frac{2}{8}$	83.3 33.3		
Envelopes		U	O	63.9		639.0
SUMMARY OF GROUP 5				00.7		()))
Soaps, etc.				117.2	14	1640.8
Miscellaneous Household	Goods		242	74.1	15	1111.5
Medicines, etc			***	42.5	11	467.5
Books. etc.		***	***	63.9	10	639.0
				77.2		3858.8
GROUP 6. DRINKS. £		d. Ł	s. d.		55 Poin	VTS.
Whisky "Red" Label	7 : 1		19 : 2	170.6		
Gin Rum, draught	6 : 6 :		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	155.7 50.0		
nam, dradgat	υ.	U	., .	119.0		6545.0
GROUP 7. TOBACCO.				110.0	JA 110	
Ø 1	12 :	0	17 - "	45 0	80 Pon	1101
Cigarettes, Woodbine	12 : I :		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	45.6 80.0		
" Craven "A"	1:	11	3 : 4	73.9		
				52.9		4252.0
GROUP 8. RENT AND RATES	_			Nil	110 000	amo
GROOT O. RENT AND RATES					110 Pon	N15.
GROUP 9. SERVICES				Nil	55 Pon	NTS.
	-					
GENERAL SUMMARY.				Percentage	*	
				increas _"	Weight	Factor
Group 1. Foodstuffs	***	***	***	47.77	380	18153.0
2. Clothing 3. Fuel and Ligh	t	•••	***	149.36 13.4	110 75	$16430.0 \\ 1002.5$
4. Household Du		oods	***	161.9	75 85	13762.0
5. Miscellaneous			***	77.2	50	3858.8
6. Drinks	•••	•••	***	119.0	55 SO	65 45 .0 42 32 .0
7. Tobacco 8. Kent and Rate	s		***	52.9 Nil	80 110	4202.0
9. Services				Nil	55	-
					-	22000
				63.98	1000	63983.3

No. 37.

16th June, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with Section 84 of the Stanley Town Council Ordinance His Excellency the Governor has approved the following:

The Stanley Town Council (Public Health) By-laws made the 18th day of March, 1949. The Petrol Storage By-laws made the 18th day of March, 1949.

and the Schedule of Licence Fees and Petrol Licence Conditions attached.

M.P. 0039/F.

No. 38.

20th June, 1949.

The following Universal Declaration of Human Rights, approved by the General Assembly of the United Nations, is published for general information.

M.P. 0367/II.

Universal Declaration of Human Rights approved by the General Assembly of the United Nations.

Paris, 10th December, 1948.

PREAMBLE.

WHEREAS recognition of the inherent dignity and of the equal and inalienable rights of all members of the human family is the foundation of freedom, justice and peace in the world,

WHEREAS disregard and contempt for human rights have resulted in barbarous acts which have outraged the conscience of mankind, and the advent of a world in which human beings shall enjoy freedom of speech and belief and freedom from fear and want has been proclaimed as the highest aspiration of the common people.

WHEREAS it is essential, if man is not to be compelled to have recourse, as a last resort, to rebellion against tyranny and oppression, that human rights should be protected by the rule of law,

WHEREAS it is essential to promote the development of friendly relations between nations,

Whereas the peoples of the United Nations have in the Charter° reaffirmed their faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person and in the equal rights of men and women and have determined to promote social progress and better standards of life in larger freedom.

WHEREAS Member States have pledged themselves to achieve, in co-operation with the United Nations, the promotion of universal respect for and observance of human rights and fundamental freedoms,

WHEREAS a common understanding of these rights and freedoms is of the greatest importance for the full realisation of this pledge,

NOW, THEREFORE,

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

PROCLAIMS this Universal Declaration of Human Rights as a common standard of achievement for all peoples and all nations, to the end that every individual and every organ of society, keeping this Declaration constantly in mind, shall strive by teaching and education to promote respect for these rights and freedoms and by progressive measures, national and international, to secure their universal and effective recognition and observance, both among the peoples of Member States themselves and among the peoples of territories under their jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 1

All human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights. They are endowed with reason and conscience and should act towards one another in a spirit of brotherhood.

ARTICLE 2

Everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration, without distinction of any kind, such as race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status.

Furthermore, no distinction shall be made on the basis of the political, jurisdictional or international status of the country or territory to which a person belongs, whether it be independent, trust, non-self-governing or under any other limitation of sovereignty.

ARTICLE 3

Everyone has the right to life, liberty and the security of person.

ARTICLE 4

No one shall be held in slavery or servitude; slavery and the slave trade shall be prohibited in all their forms.

ARTICLE 5

No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.

ARTICLE 6

Everyone has the right to recognition everywhere as a person before the law.

"Treaty Series No. 67 (1946)," Cmd. 7015.

ARTICLE 7

All are equal before the law and are entitled without any discrimination to equal protection of the law. All are entitled to equal protection against any discrimination in violation of this Declaration and against any incitement to such discrimination.

ARTICLE 8

Everyone has the right to an effective remedy by the competent national tribunals for acts violating the fundamental rights granted him by the constitution or by law.

ARTICLE 9

No one shall be subjected to arbitrary arrest, detention or exile.

ARTICLE 10

Everyone is entitled in full equality to a fair and public hearing by an independent and impartial tribunal, in the determination of his rights and obligations and of any criminal charge against him.

ARTICLE 11

- 1. Everyone charged with a penal offence has the right to be presumed innocent until proved guilty according to law in a public trial at which he has had all the guarantees necessary for his defence.
- 2. No one shall be held guilty of any penal offence on account of any act or omission which did not constitute a penal offence, under national or international law, at the time when it was committed. Nor shall a heavier penalty be imposed than the one that was applicable at the time the penal offence was committed.

ARTICLE 12

No one shall be subjected to arbitrary interference with his privacy, family, home or correspondence, nor to attacks upon his honour and reputation. Everyone has the right to the protection of the law against such interference or attacks.

ARTICLE 13

- 1. Everyone has the right to freedom of movement and residence within the borders of each State.
- 2. Everyone has the right to leave any country, including his own, and to return to his country.

ARTICLE 14

- 1. Everyone has the right to seek and to enjoy in other countries asylum from persecution.
- 2. This right may not be invoked in the case of prosecutions genuinely arising from non-political crimes or from acts contrary to the purposes and principles of the United Nations.

ARTICLE 15

- 1. Everyone has the right to a nationality.
- 2. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his nationality nor denied the right to change his nationality.

ARTICLE 16

- 1. Men and women of full age, without any limitation due to race, nationality or religion, have the right to marry and to found a family. They are entitled to equal rights as to marriage, during marriage and at its dissolution.
 - 2. Marriage shall be entered into only with the free and full consent of the intending spouses.
- 3. The family is the natural and fundamental group unit of society and is entitled to protection by society and the State.

ARTICLE 17

- 1. Everyone has the right to own property alone as well as in association with others.
- 2. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his property.

ARTICLE 18

Everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion: this right includes freedom to change his religion or belief, and freedom, either alone or in community with others and in public or private, to manifest his religion or belief in teaching, practice, worship and observance.

ARTICLE 19

Everyone has the right to freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers.

ARTICLE 20

- 1. Everyone has the right to freedom of peaceful assembly and association.
- 2. No one may be compelled to belong to an association.

ARTICLE 21

- 1. Everyone has the right to take part in the government of his country, directly or through freely chosen representatives.
 - 2. Everyone has the right of equal access to public service in his country.
- 3. The will of the people shall be the basis of the authority of government; this will shall be expressed in periodic and genuine elections which shall be by universal and equal suffrage and shall be held by secret vote or by equivalent free voting procedures.

ARTICLE 22

Everyone, as a member of society, has the right to social security and is entitled to the realisation. through national effort and international co-operation and in accordance with the organisation and resources of each State, of the economic, social and cultural rights indispensable for his dignity and the free development of his personality.

ARTICLE 23

- 1. Everyone has the right to work, to free choice of employment, to just and favourable conditions of work and to protection against unemployment.
 - 2. Everyone, without any discrimination, has the right to equal pay for equal work.
- 3. Everyone who works has the right to just and favourable remuneration insuring for himself and his family an existence worthy of human dignity, and supplemented, if necessary, by other means of social protection.
 - 4. Everyone has the right to form and to join trade unions for the protection of his interests.

ARTICLE 24

Everyone has the right to rest and leisure, including reasonable limitation of working hours and periodic holidays with pay.

ARTICLE 25

- 1. Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control.
- 2. Motherhood and childhood are entitled to special care and assistance. All children, whether born in or out of wedlock, shall enjoy the same social protection.

ARTICLE 26

- 1. Everyone has the right to education. Education shall be free, at least in the elementary and fundamental stages. Elementary education shall be compulsory. Technical and professional education shall be made generally available and higher education shall be equally accessible to all on the basis of merit.
- 2. Education shall be directed to the full development of the human personality and to the strengthening of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms. It shall promote understanding, tolerance and friendship among all nations, racial or religious groups, and shall further the activities of the United Nations for the maintenance of peace.
 - 3. Parents have a prior right to choose the kind of education that shall be given to their children.

ARTICLE 27

- 1. Everyone has the right freely to participate in the cultural life of the community, to enjoy the arts and to share in scientific advancement and its benefits.
- 2. Everyone has the right to the protection of the moral and material interests resulting from any scientific, literary or artistic production of which he is the author.

ARTICLE 28

Everyone is entitled to a social and international order in which the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration can be fully realised.

ARTICLE 29

- 1. Everyone has duties to the community in which alone the free and full development of his personality is possible.
- 2. In the exercise of his rights and freedoms, everyone shall be subject only to such limitation as are determined by law solely for the purpose of securing due recognition and respect for the rights and freedoms of others and of meeting the just requirements of morality, public order and the general welfare in a democratic society.
- 3. These rights and freedoms may in no case be exercised contrary to the purposes and principles of the United Nations.

ARTICLE 30

Nothing in this Declaration may be interpreted as implying for any State, group or person any right to engage in any activity or to perform any act aimed at the destruction of any of the rights and freedoms set forth herein.

No. 39.

23rd June, 1949.

His Honour the Officer Administering the Government has been pleased to approve the following promotion and appointments in the Falkland Islands Defence Force with effect from the 21st of June, 1949:—

Promotion.

LIEUTENANT D. W. O'SULLIVAN

to be CAPTAIN.

Appointments.

COLOUR-SERGEANT W. J. JONES

to be SECOND-LIEUTENANT.

PRIVATE T. MARSHALL

to be SECOND-LIEUTENANT.

M.P. 0206.

REGISTRAR.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

The Honourable Mr. Arthur Grenfell Barton. J.P., is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of celebrating the marriage of George Robert Alazia, bachelor, and Dorothy Fay Newman, spinster, at Teal Inlet, East Falkland.

H. BENNETT,

Registrar General.

6th June, 1949.

L. 1/49.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Albert John Stephen Kiddle, of Port Louis
South, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Ernest Vine Dixon, Administrator of the above estate has renounced all right and title to Letters of Administration, and the beneficiaries under the Will of the above named deceased have applied for the appointment of Morris Ellis Evans, as Administrator to administer the estate.

These are therefore to warn the creditors that Letters of Administration de bonis non, will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

24th June, 1949.

L. 19/46

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Axel Richard August Pettersson, of Stanley,
Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Harold Bennett and Edward Francis Lellman, Executors of the above named deceased, have applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioners will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

17th June, 1949.

L. 16/49.

H. Bennett, Registrar, Supreme Court.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 1 of 1949.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939, as amended by the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and with the advice of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered:

That under and by virtue of the Double Taxation Relief (Taxes on Income) (Falkland Islands) Order, 1948, arrangements have been made with His Majesty's Government with a view to affording relief from double taxation in relation to Income Tax and any tax of a similar character imposed by the laws of the United Kingdom and that those arrangements shall have effect from the 1st day of January, 1949.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 2nd day of June, 1949.

See p. 81 gazettes 6/67 for schedule.

M.P. 0527.

By Command,

R. WINTER,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 25TH MAY, 1949.

Present: His Excellency the Governor.

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, J.P., Acting Colonial Secretary.

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer.

The Honourable the Agricultural Officer.

The Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting, Executive Engineer.

The Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., J.P.

The Honourable Mr. W. J. Hutchinson.

The Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton.

The Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy, B.E.M., J.P.

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton, J.P.

The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton, J.P.

The Honourable Mr. R. S. Boumphrey, Auditor.

The Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman, Officer in Charge, Education Department.

- 1. The Honourable Mr. R. S. Boumphrey, after taking the prescribed Oath, assumed his seat in Council:-
- 2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 4th of March, 1949, were confirmed.
- 3. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address:—Honourable Members of Council.

In just a fortnight from now I shall be taking my departure from the Colony on leave of absence and as this will also mark the half-way point in my term of office it is, perhaps, an appropriate moment to assess such progress as has been achieved during that period.

Turning first to constitutional affairs, we find that Stanley has now its own Town Council with an unofficial majority, appointing its Chairman from the popularly elected members; it can thus be said that the fortunes of the Town have passed in a very real degree into the hands of its citizens which is precisely as it should be. The Council is in its first year of full operation and will. I trust, go from strength to strength; it may count always on the good will and assistance of the Administration in the teething troubles which may be expected to beset it. The important thing is that the towns-people should themselves give it their unqualified support.

A reformed Legislative Council with four of its six Unofficial Members chosen by the people came into being on the 1st January; from this innovation too I look for an ever-increasing participation by the people in their own Government and a growing sense of responsibility.

These are, you will agree Honourable Members, the two most important landmarks in the history of the Colony.

Urgent communications between the Islands which have hitherto presented a vexatious and difficult problem, as well as creating a great sense of isolation, have been greatly improved; first by the acquisition last year of the Motor Fishing Vessel "Philomel" and secondly by the introduction this year of an experimental air service. The "Philomel" has already amply justified her purchase and her value to the Colony is greatly enhanced by the departure of the Company's ship "Lafonia" and by the tragic loss in quick succession of the "Paloma" and the "Porvenir". "Philomel" has been worked pretty hard since she sailed from England eighteen months ago and is in need of minor repairs which should not, however, take long to carry out: as soon as her repairs are completed she will sail on a regular, advertised schedule dovetailing in, so far as may be possible, with the itineraries of the "Fitzroy".

The experimental air service saved a young life within a week of the assembly of the first plane and has accelerated delivery of mail to the Camp in a quite sensational way; the purchase of these two second-hand aircraft has demonstrated at small cost that the light aeroplane is in fact the solution to this particular problem. It requires now only the active and effective co-operation of the farmers and a regular, scheduled service will come into being and will be expanded just as fast as satisfactory landing fields are prepared. The possibility of an air service to the Coast is still under examination and will be further pursued while I am at home.

As regards the other aspect of Communications, a new Wireless Station with powerful, modern equipment has been erected at Stanley and another at South Georgia; both installations were improvised at very low cost and both are giving highly efficient service. Provision has been made for early replacement of the antiquated equipment at Fox Bay and, in the process, it will be possible for me to supply electric light to that Settlement.

The introduction of Radio trans-ceiving sets to the Camp, listed for 1949/50, has been subject to some delay owing to supply difficulties but according to recent advice the sets should be here by the end of the year. It will then be for the farmers to complete their side of the bargain by arranging satisfactory communications between the Settlements and their "outside" houses; this done, the whole communications situation in the Colony will have been completely revolutionised. There will, indeed, be little left to do apart from the steady improvement of the services to which I have referred, for as I have before remarked, roads are quite out of the question.

I will turn now to social services, social betterment and social amenities. Plans for the modernisation of the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital have been re-drafted and approved and a free grant of £35,000 has been made from the Colonial Development and Welfare Fund for carrying them into effect; on completion the Colony will possess a Hospital which will compare favourably with that of many a larger community and one which will meet all needs for as far as we can see into the future. New accommodation for the domestic staff is almost ready for occupation and work on the foundations for the new block will commence immediately.

The educational system, highly inadequate and unsatisfactory where it concerns the Camp, has been completely overhauled and my new proposals which were unanimously endorsed by a representative local committee have been approved by the Secretary of State and only await the necessary staff to begin putting them into effect. A free grant of £23,000 has been made towards the implementation of this scheme which may take anything up to seven years to get into full operation. Teacher training which is the first and most important step will begin this year.

As regards social betterment, following an interim award on the 1st November the cost of living bonus has been doubled and of the increase twopence per hour has been consolidated in the basic wage with effect from the 1st March. The minimum earnings of unskilled labour have been increased thereby from £2 12s. 6d. per week before the war to £3 15s. 0d. today. To this we must add the non-contributory scheme of Children's Allowances which was introduced on the 1st January. These measures should together be of real assistance to the worker and they represent as much as the Colony can afford.

Social amenities. Substantial progress has been made with the building of the new Town Hall despite a long tale of frustrations due to the non-arrival of essential materials ordered some two years ago but the Executive Engineer is still hoping to complete the job by the end of the year as originally forecast. This should make a vast difference to the social life of the community and it is safe to predict that the new building will be a better, as it will also be a safer one, than the old. In addition to the Dauce Hall. Stage and Restaurant on the upper floor there is accommodation below for a Council Chamber, Supreme Court, Town Council offices, a commodious Post Office where telegraph business will also be transacted, a Public Library and Reading Room and a Museum. I have already received a gift of £100 from the British Council towards new books for the Library and if any member of the public should have anything of interest for the Museum 1 do hope that he or she will bring it forward when the building is ready for occupation as all the former exhibits were destroyed in the Town Hall fire.

Both Hospital and Town Hall, as well as a hundred and one other things, depend on efficient light and power and we have been fortunate in obtaining on most favourable terms three new 150 km Blackstone diesel generators with spares. This plant should meet all foresecable future requirements but there is provision for expansion of the service at need. Work on the new Power House will commence at once.

The problem of improving our Broadcasting system so that it will give optimum reception to listeners in all parts of the Camp as well as in the Dependencies has been referred to the B.B.C. for expert advice and I have no doubt that the present difficulties will be overcome.

A 16 mm 'talkie' Cinema with portable generator has been obtained free of cost thanks once again to the generosity of the British Council and Mr. Jones, engineer-designate of the "Philomel", is being trained to operate the equipment so that displays can be given whenever the ship goes to the Camp; a supply of films has been arranged.

A Helschreiber tele-news printer has also been received on free loan and a daily bulletin of headline news is contemplated.

New conditions of pay and service have been devised for the clerical and technical employees of the Government and these have been approved by the Secretary of State. They provide a more stable and satisfactory career for new entrants to the Service as well as for those on the present establishment who have elected to take them: negotiations are proceeding for participation in a Widows and Orphans Pension Scheme. I have fostered and approved the setting up of a Civil Servants Association which will be recognised as the official channel for the submission of the views of the Service as a whole, though not of course for the consideration of individual grievances.

At this point I think it well to reiterate, although it should not be necessary, that it is the policy of the Government to fill vacancies as they occur by local rather than by overseas recruitment whenever this is possible and in the public interest: this implies, however, that the local candidate must possess both the ability and the character which will fit him to discharge the duties of the post. If he has the character but not the technical ability then to qualify for consideration he must have the education and intelligence which will enable him so to profit from a course of instruction that he will be able to discharge the duties of the post efficiently. Lacking this or should character fall short of requirements the Government must look elsewhere.

Rapid progress has been made with the revision of the Laws and the Legal Secretary expects to finish his task, as far as it is possible to do this locally, early next year; proof reading, indexing and printing will be carried out in England. As the present volume takes us only to 1915 the completion of this work will be a great convenience to all of us. About a year of Mr. Winter's contract will have been occupied in performing the duties of Colonial Secretary in addition to his own job and I have no doubt that Honourable Members will share my appreciation of the zealous and expeditious manner in which this exacting task has been tackled.

The economic outlook is distinctly hopeful for whilst we have suffered a disappointment over the British American Kelp Company, a scaling venture has been established under the auspices of the Colonial Development Corporation and is expected to commence operations next season. This will bring in some modest but welcome revenue to the Colony and provide one more avenue of employment. I have not yet given up hope of a resumption of whaling and reports point to a considerable increase in the number of whales around our coasts. I shall go further into this matter when I am in London.

The Corporation has also, at my suggestion, sent out an expert to investigate the possibilities of setting up a Freezer; while the decision rests in their hands it can at least be said that the investigator's findings are highly encouraging. The advantages of a dual economy, wool and meat, where for so long we have had all our eggs in one basket are self-evident. Meanwhile the farmers are enjoying excellent prices for their wool and I felicitate them most cordially while venturing to hope that they will impress upon their Directors and Shareholders the desirability of ploughing back some part of this prosperity into improvements, including better accommodation for their workers.

I obtained last year the Secretary of State's approval for an experimental Fishery scheme and a grant to carry it out: an expert fisherman from Thurso was engaged and a boat and gear acquired. On the advice of the Economy Committee the project was abandoned but while I appreciate the considerations which dictated their advice I nevertheless lament the jettisoning of this scheme if only on dietary grounds. With the loss of its only wholetime fisherman in the tragedy at Easter, Stanley is going to be hard put to it for a fish supply and we may live to regret that decision. I have meanwhile granted an exploratory licence to a South African firm which is interested, however, only in commercial exploitation which I had never scriously considered. A large number of fingerlings have been distributed to streams and rivers in the Camp from the Trout Hatchery at Moody Valley and the experiment should soon begin to bear fruit.

The seeds of what promises to develop into a flourishing little home industry have been sown by the inauguration of a Spinning and Knitting Guild and I take this opportunity to congratulate Mrs. Roberts and her co-workers on their enterprise: so good is the quality of the work that I have been able to give the Guild the entire order for knitted woollen wear for the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey and the "John Biscoe", while I hope also to arrange for specimen garments to be put on display during the Festival of Britain. If interest is maintained at the present level I shall resuscitate my earlier proposal to bring out a skilled weaver from Harris.

I have drawn up a ten year Development Plan which was laid before the House at it last meeting and will be discussed in the House on my return; I hope that Honourable Members will study it carefully during my absence so that I may have the benefit of their criticisms, suggestions, and advice.

His Majesty has been pleased to approve a new Coat of Arms for the Colony and this will shortly appear in a new stamp issue.

Looking over the field which has been covered during the past two and a half years Honourable Members may incline to the view that some progress has been made while it is also gratifying to record that despite the additional burdens imposed by wage improvement and Children's Allowances the Budget which revealed a most formidable deficit on my arrival in November, 1946, is now balanced. This agreeable state of affairs has been brought about in part by new but by no means onerous taxation, in part by the prosperous state of the wool market and by an increased contribution from the Dependencies and in part by economies.

Let us then take comfort and encouragement from these conclusions but let there be no complacency, I beg you, for there is yet much to do and it will require the combined energies and good will of all of us – and a new sense of Citizenship – if the Colony is to reap the full benefit.

Of the ten Bills to be presented for your consideration this morning none appears to be contentious or to call for any special remark from me.

A Resolution will be tabled to give effect to the intention which I announced at the last meeting of Council in regard to the setting up of a Standing Finance Committee to deal with the day to day requirements of the Administration. It will be a very great relief to me to place these responsibilities in the hands of the Honourable the Unofficial Members.

I have received a message from the Secretary of State asking me to convey to you the thanks of His Majesty's Government for the gift of two silver ashtrays which the Colony has presented to the new House of Commons. I am sure you will be glad to think that we have been associated even in this small way with the Mother of Parliaments.

I must ask your indulgence for putting the Budget Session back from October to November as it is unlikely that I shall be able to return in time for an October meeting.

In conclusion I will offer on your behalf, and in advance, a word of welcome to our new Colonial Secretary Mr. Raymer who arrives the day after tomorrow and who will administer the Government during my absence.

4. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following written Questions together with replies thereto:

By the HONOURABLE MR. A. L. HARDY.

- Question I. In the event of a freezer being established in the Colony, have we the assurance of the Government that
 - (a) The retail price of mutton will remain the same as now charged in Stanley?
 - (b) That adequate supplies will always be available?
- Reply

 (a) Government cannot of course give any assurance that the retail price of mutton will remain the same as that at present charged in Stanley.
 - (b) While it is a reasonable assumption that adequate supplies of mutton will always be available, Government cannot give any guarantee.

- Question II. A rumour circulating in Stanley is to the effect that a member of the Falkland Islands

 Dependencies Survey is to be sent to United Kingdom for training at Colony's
 expense in order to take over the new power station.
 - (a) If this rumour is correct would it not have been better and cheaper to employ a qualified man?
 - (h) What is the salary of the new employee to be?
- Reply

 (a) The individual concerned has received training in one of the most modern power houses in England. On completion of his course with Blackstones he will be adequately qualified for the post of Superintendent of the Power House, Stanley. It would not have been cheaper to appoint a more highly qualified man.
 - (b) the appointment will be in the Special Grade.

By the HONOURABLE Mr. S. C. LUXTON.

- Question 111. To ask why a locally appointed teacher could not be sent to the United Kingdom for training instead of one who, appointed in the United Kingdom without a certificate, has after eight years shown no outstanding capabilities and whose usefulness is open to question?
- Reply. The person nominated for training has had teaching experience in the United Kingdom. holds a matriculation certificate which is a pre-requisite for admission to a teachers' training college and is, therefore, more suitable than a locally appointed teacher.
- Questions IV. To ask if locally appointed teachers have been offered facilities for further training in the United Kingdom?
- Reply. The Government is at present endeavouring to arrange for a locally appointed teacher to receive training in the United Kingdom.
- Question V. To ask why an unqualified teacher should receive salary on a par with a certificated teacher, in view of the fact that it has been found necessary to send the unqualified teacher in question to the United Kingdom for further training?
- Reply. No unqualified teacher is receiving a salary on a par with a certificated teacher: the question does not therefore arise.
- Question VI. To ask what plans have the Government in mind to improve the quality and the quantity of the Stanley water supply?
- Reply. Provision has been made for improvement of the Stanley water supply both as to quality and quantity in the Colony's Development plan but it is unlikely that the work can be undertaken before 1951.
- Question VII. Is there any possibility of the removal of restrictions on exporting goods from the Falklands to United Kingdom with particular reference to gift parcels? The sending of gifts to the United Kingdom is being encouraged in Canada by a reduction in postal rates on gift parcels.
- Reply. The general removal of restrictions on exporting goods from the Falkland Islands to the United Kingdom which have either been imported from the United Kingdom or from hard currency sources would contravene the financial policy of His Majesty's Government, but advice will be sought on the admissibility of lifting this restriction in respect of particular articles.
- 5. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution:—

WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its "Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1948, for the period 1st July to "30th September.

"BE IT RESOLVED —

This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of "NINE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SEVEN POUNDS ELEVEN "SHILLINGS AND ONE PENNY (£9,567:11:1) to meet the several charges itemized "in the accompanying Schedule".

The Resolution was adopted.

6. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution:—

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its "Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1948, for the period 1st October to "31st December.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of "NINE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-FOUR POUNDS TWELVE "SHILLINGS AND NINE PENCE (£9,134:12:9) to meet the several charges itemized "in the accompanying Schedule".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the motion and the Resolution was adopted.

7. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical

Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution :-

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council moves that a Standing Finance Committee (as distinct from the Select "Committee for the consideration of the Estimates) consisting of all nominated unofficial and representative members of this Council under the Chairmanship of the Colonial Secretary, should be appointed to examine and recommend for His Excellency's approval or otherwise "all financial matters which he shall from time to time so direct".

The Resolution was adopted.

8. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939."

The Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read second time and committed.

In opposing the Bill – which renders investments overseas liable to Falkland Islands Income Tax – the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton said that while he had not the ability of his learned friend (the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary) to decipher the true meaning of the Bill, he realised that it would entail another mass of forms to fill up. He also wondered if those people with investments in certain foreign countries such as Chile and Argentina would have to declare their income from such investments, as they were prevented from getting money out of those countries.

In reply the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary explained that the Bill was designed to give relief to income tax payers in the Colony in respect of income received by them from abroad in that on their paying income tax in the Colony they could claim a rebate from the country in which they had paid tax provided an agreement had been entered into with that country. Such an agreement did exist with the United Kingdom and the Bill provided the means for other agreements. The Bill did not mean a mass of forms – merely a claim for rebate as in the United Kingdom. All income should be declared in the Colony.

The Bill was then committed.

Clauses I to 6 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

9. On the motion of the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable Mr. W. J. Hutchinson, the Bill "To amend the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1900" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time.

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton asked for further information on the powers of the "Governor in Council" and expressed himself as not being satisfied with the definition of the term as given in the Bill. He pointed out that the words to which he took exception did not appear in the previous Ordinauce, No. 3 of 1900.

In reply the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary stated that the definition was as drafted by His Majesty's Legal Advisers and referred to the relevant paragraph on page 23 of "The Colonial Service" by Sir Anton Bertram.

The Bill was then committed.

Clauses 1 to 18 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

10. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To provide for the grant of Probate and the Administration of Estates".

The Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 24 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

11. On the motion of the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts, the Bill "To provide for the maintenance of a Central Registry and the regulation of all matters to be registered therein" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 14 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

12. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend and consolidate the law as to Estate Duty.

The Honourable the Agricultural Officer seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clause 4 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton moved that Clause 5 (1) of the Bill which imposed interest at the rate of 5% per amum on estate duty from the date of death of the deceased be amended to read "No interest shall be charged on estate duty if the duty be paid within twelve months of the date of death". The amendment was put to vote and defeated by a division of 6 ayes to 6 noes, His Excellency exercising his casting vote in favour of the clause as it stood. Clauses 6 to 30 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 4 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed by a division of 6 ayes to 6 noes. His Excellency exercising his casting vote in favour of the Bill.

13. On the motion of the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton, the Bill "To provide for the establishment of an Arbitration Board in connection with Trade Disputes, and to make provision for the settlement of such disputes" was read a first time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 12 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.

14. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To provide for the maintenance of a Police Force and Prison".

The Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 18 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

15. On the motion of the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the Bill "To consolidate the law relating to Dangerous Drugs" was read a first time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 21 were agreed to. The First and Second Schedules were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

16. The Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To make provision as to the immunities privileges and capacities of international organizations of which His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and foreign governments are members and for purposes connected therewith".

The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 7 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

17. On the motion of the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton, the Bill "To amend the Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1949" was read a first time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

The Council adjourned sine die.

Annual Report of the Agricultural Department for the year ending 31st December, 1948.

After the departure of Dr. Gibbs, Director of Agriculture, in 1946, the Department was carried on under a care and maintenance basis pending the arrival of a successor.

Mr. J. P. Oliver was appointed as Agricultural Officer on the 30th June 1948.

Finance.

The approved Expenditure for the year ending 31st Dec. was £7,821 of which £5,887 was actually expended.

Revenue collected amounted to £2,286.

Tours.

The Agricultural Officer spent 132 days on tour, during which he visited all sheep stations.

Stock.

The winter was very severe, ground being frozen almost continuously for eight weeks and from the spring to the end of the year the weather was cold and wet.

Lambing losses before marking appeared high and marking percentages were on an average 10 to 12 per cent below last year's figures.

All sheep seen were in moderate to poor condition at the end of the winter but picked up considerably before shearing commenced.

Shearing before Christmas appeared to be well in hand, quite a large proportion of wool being shipped by s. s. "Lafonia" in December.

The year's clip appeared on the whole to be fine in quality though lower in weight than 1947. No lice or scab were seen on any sheep examined but ticks or keds were fairly common; greater care in dipping and clean gathering is required.

Mr. T. Beaty, Manager of Port Stephens, carried out interesting experiments with cobalt copper sulphate drenches on cull ewes and hogs reducing his losses in the latter and enabling him to obtain an extra crop of lambs from the former.

With the advent of aircraft in the Colony, experimentation in the spraying of pastures with cobalt in solution might be pursued to the benefit of the sheep industry.

Horses. The high proportion of old horses was very apparent due to cessation of shipment from the Coast during the war years.

Signs of round worm infestation were noticed at almost every station and this undoubtedly contributes to the general poor condition of horses although malnutrition during the winter and spring is a contributory factor.

Cattle. Most of the cattle seen were found to be in moderate to poor condition, especially dairy cows almost all of which were spring calvers and showed the strain of having to carry a calf through the severe winter without supplementary feed.

Cattle put out to graze on the Tussock Islands and other small Islands were fat; on killing the fat was seen to be of a soft yellowish type.

However the Colony has great potentialities for cattle raising though at present there is no incentive to do so an animal being worth the price of its hide only less freight to the United Kingdom.

Improvements. Mechanical ditching equipment was used by the F. I. Co. to drain a considerable sized lake one of the many which are features of the Falkland Island countryside; the level of another was considerably lowered by flood water cutting a channel through the sand bar which contained it.

The present muddy flats sown with English grass will produce areas of grazing superior to that of the surrounding Native Grass, though care must be exercised that where sandy bottoms are revealed they are not allowed to dry out before the grass is firmly established because of the great possibility of it being blown by the high and persistent winds prevailing in the Colony. An adequate warning of this was given in the recent filling up of the North Arm of Fox Bay Harbour.

During the year several tractors all of track-laying type were imported, these being in bogs and roadless moorlands infinitely superior to wheeled ones.

A step towards mechanisation of farms has been assisted by the sales of ex-army Bren-Gun Carriers to farms thus reducing the demand where these are employed on horse and men.

The importation of workers from Great Britain and some displaced persons also helped the labour situation.

Rams and Hogs were imported from New Zealand to improve the sheep which have suffered from lack of new blood during the period of hostilities.

Agricultural Department statistics. Economy Committee appointed by H. E. the Governor recommended the cessation of the Department's activities in the production of vegetables, milk and oaten hay. The labour force was accordingly reduced and all cultivated lands previously used for vegetable production etc. were sown to oats and undersown with grass seeds. The Dairy Herd was disposed of and the Agricultural Station was rented for use as a dairy. The effect of this arrangement was to increase the number of cattle grazing on the Common and to counter-balance this the Government threw half of the land in the Peninsula into the Common.

On behalf of the Sheep Owners Association the Department imported 25 tons of seed oats from Great Britain to replace those usually obtained from South America which have been of low quality and full of spurry.

The Department provided horses and guides for the Medical, Police and other Departments, throughout the year.

J. P. Oliver,

Agricultural Officer.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.	•	AUGUST 2.	1949.		No. 11.
	NE	W APPOINT	MENTS.		
Name	Department	Office		Date	Remarks
Biggs, Miss Joan	Public Works	Clerk, Grade (New Cond		1.7.49.	On probation for 6 months.
Kidd, J. M.	**	Bricklayer (Developme	nt Programme)	26.6.49.	-
Mayhead, R.	**	Bricklayer (Developme	at Programme)	17.4.49.	-
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	TION OF A		NTS.	
	Department	Q.	lice	Date	Remarks
Bertrand, Miss N.	Public Works	Clerk, G	rade IV.	11.12.48.	-
Morrison, Miss E.	Post Office	Clerk, C	rade IV.	1.1.49.	-
	TERMINA	TION OF AP	POINTMEN	T.	
	Department	0.	Tice	$Dat_{''}$	Reason
Draycott, Mrs. A. R.	Education	Assistan	t Teacher	13.7.49.	Resigned.
		PROMOTION	S.		
	(Old	conditions of	Service)		£54
	From		_	'u	Date
Biggs, T. M.	Electrician, Grade			, Grade II.	1.3.49.
Carey, T. J.	Asst. Engineman,			neman, Grade III	
Cuhlendorff, V. E.	Electrician, Grade	· III.		, Grade II.	1.3.49.
loss, B. G.	Constable, Grade			Grade III.	5.7.49.
Roberts, W.	W/T Operator, G	rade IV.		ator, Grade III.	1.1.48,
Sollis, D. J., B.E.M.	Coxswain, Grade	III.	Coxswain.	Grade II.	1.1.49.
	(Ne	w Conditions o	f Service)		
Harvey, E.	Met. Observer, G	rade III.		ver, Grade II.	1.1.48.
Newing, J. C.	Met. Observer, G		Met. Obser	ver, Grade III.	1.1.48.
McLaren, J.	Met. Observer, G			ver, Grade III.	1.1.48.
Osborne, D.	Met. Cadet, Grad		Met. Cadet	, Grade III.	1.1.48.
		LEAVE.			
1.1)	partment 0.0	ice I	eriod D		Remarks
	ducation 2nd Asst		nonths 21.	7.49. Vacation	and study leav

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of the Officer Administering the Government.

R. WINTER.

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 40.

16th July, 1949.

DEFENCE (FINANCE) REGULATIONS, 1947.

Public attention is particularly drawn to Regulation 3 (c) as follows:

- (c) export from the Colony or import into the Colony sterling notes, provided that travellers may take out or bring in such notes, not exceeding ten pounds in value, which shall be produced to a Customs Officer.
- 2. The penalties for this offence are:
 - (a) on conviction in a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to imprisonment for not more than three months or to a fine not exceeding five hundred pounds or to both such fine and imprisonment;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for not more than two years or to a fine not exceeding one thousand pounds or to both such fine and imprisonment;

and where the offence is concerned with any currency, security, gold, goods or other property the Court may order that such currency, security, gold, goods or other property be forfeited to the Crown.

M.P. 0078/A.

No. 41.

30th July, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that the following Orders in Council, copies of which can be seen in the Secretariat, are in force in the Colony and its Dependencies:

Air Navigation (Colonies, Protectorates and Mandated Territories) Orders 1927 to 1938.

Colonial Air Navigation (Application of Acts) Orders 1937 to 1947, as amended by the Air Navigation (Amendment) (Ministry of Civil Aviation Order) 1945.

M.P. 0142.

REGISTRAR.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

Douglas Markham Pole-Evans, Esquire, J.P., is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of celebrating the marriage of Victor Summers, bachelor, and Iris Blanche Johnson, spinster, at Port Howard, West Falkland.

H. BENNETT,

Registrar General.

2nd August, 1949,

L. 1/49.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Francis George Perring, of Port Howard, Falkland Islands, deceased,

Whereas Beatrice Mand Perring, wife of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

5th June, 1949.

L. 9/49.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Caroline Wilson, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Edward Wilson, husband of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

28th July, 1949.

L. 21/49.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Crook Smith, Sur., of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Rose Emily Smith, wife of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

2nd August, 1949.

L. 23/49.

H. BENNETT,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 5 of the Air Navigation Act, 1936, as applied to the Colony and its Dependencies Colonial Air Navigation (Application of Acts) Orders 1937 to 1947.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 13 of 1948.

Governor.

PART I. - PRELIMINARY.

- 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Air Transport Short title. (Licensing of Air Services) Regulations, 1948.
- 2. In these Regulations and the Schedules thereto, unless the Interpretation. context otherwise requires –

"air service" means any service performed by any aircraft for hire or reward:

Provided that a member of a club carried in an aircraft belonging to the club for the purpose of instruction shall not, if the instructor is also a member of the club, be deemed to be carried for hire or reward, notwithstanding that payment is made for such instruction or carriage:

"the Colony" means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies:

- "the Convention on International Civil Aviation" and "the International Air Services Transit Agreement" mean respectively, the Convention and the Agreement so styled which were signed at Chicago on behalf of the Government of the United Kingdom on the 7th December, 1944;
- "licence" means a licence granted under Regulation 5 of these Regulations;
- "permit" means a permit granted under Regulation 18 of these Regulations;
- "scheduled journey" means one of a series of journeys which are undertaken between the same two places and which together amount to a systematic service operated in such a manner that the benefits thereof are available to members of the public from time to time seeking to take advantage of them;
- "the three Corporations" means the British Overseas Airways Corporation established in pursuance of the British Overseas Airways Act, 1939, and the British European Airways Corporation and the British South American Airways Corporation established in pursuance of the Civil Aviation Act, 1946.

PART II. - LICENCES FOR SCHEDULED JOURNEYS.

3. This part of these Regulations shall not apply to the carriage of passengers, mail or cargo by air for hire or reward upon journeys other than scheduled.

Application of Part II.

- 4. (1) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations, it shall not be lawful for any person to use any aircraft for the carriage in the Colony of passengers, mail or cargo for hire or reward upon any scheduled journey between the two places, of which at least one is in the Colony except under, and in accordance with the provisions of, a licence granted by the Governor in Council.
- (2) Any person who uses any aircraft in contravention of the provisions of this Regulation shall be liable on conviction in the case of a first offence to a fine not exceeding five hundred pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both

Flying without licence an offence.

such fine and such imprisonment, and in the case of a second or subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding five thousand pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

(3) The provisions of this Regulation shall not apply in respect of the aircraft of any State, which is a party to the International Air Services Transit Agreement, which fly across the Colony without landing, or land in the Colony in accordance with the provisions of that Agreement.

Grant of Licence by Governor in Council.

- 5. (1) The Governor in Council may grant to any person applying therefor a licence to carry passengers, mail or cargo by air for hire or reward on such scheduled journeys, and subject to such conditions, as may be specified in the licence.
- (2) The Governor in Council may attach such conditions to any licence as he may think fit having regard to the nature and circumstances of the application therefor.
 - (3) It shall be a condition of every licence that
 - (a) the holder of the licence and any person having a financial interest in the business of the holder of the licence shall refrain from stipulating that any other person shall
 - (i) refuse booking facilities to any other holder of a licence;
 - (ii) grant such facilities to any other holder only on onerous terms; and
 - (b) the holder of the licence shall perform all such reasonable services as the Postmaster may from time to time require in regard to the conveyance of mails (and of any persons who may be in charge thereof) upon journeys made under the licence. The renumeration for any such service shall be such as may be from time to time determined by agreement between the Postmaster and the holder of the licence.
 - (c) In the event of any dispute between the Postmaster and the holder of a licence as to the renumeration for any services performed under paragraph 5 (b) of this Regulation the matter shall be referred to arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the Arbitration Act, 1889, and any act replacing or amending that Act.

Form of application for Licence.

6. Applications for licences shall be made in the form and manner, and shall contain the particulars prescribed in the Schedule hereto. Every applicant shall furnish to the Governor in Council such further information as he may require in relation to the application.

Enquiry may be held.

7. The Governor in Council may, if he thinks fit, for the purposes of determining applications for licences, order that a public or private enquiry be held.

Licence conditions.

- 8. In exercising his discretion to grant, or to refuse, a licence and his discretion to attach conditions to any licence the Governor in Council will have regard to the co-ordination and development of air services generally with the object of ensuring the most effective service to the public while avoiding uneconomical overlapping and generally to the interests of the public, including those of persons requiring or likely to require facilities for air transport, as well as those of persons providing such facilities. In particular the Governor in Council will have regard to the following matters:
 - (a) the existence of other air services in the area through which the proposed services are to be operated;

- (b) the demand for air transport in that area;
- (c) the degree of efficiency and regularity of the air services, if any, already provided in that area, whether by the applicant or by other operators;
- (d) the period for which such services have been operated by the applicant or by other operators;
- (e) the extent to which it is probable that the applicant will be able to provide a satisfactory service in respect of safety, continuity, regularity of operation, frequency, punctuality, reasonableness of charges, and general efficiency;
- (f) the financial resources of the applicant;
- (g) the type of aircraft proposed to be used;
- (h) the remuneration and general conditions of employment of aircrew and other personnel employed by the applicant.
- 9. The Governor in Council may grant licences to remain in force for such period, not exceeding five years, as he may in each case determine, commencing on the date on which the licence is expressed to take effect:

Period of Licence.

Provided that if, on the date of the expiration of a licence, an application to the Governor in Council is pending for the grant of a new licence in substitution for an existing licence held by the applicant, the existing licence shall continue in force until the application is granted or refused.

10. The Governor in Council may if he thinks fit, pending the determination of an application for a licence, grant to the applicant a provisional licence which shall remain in force until the application is determined.

Provisional Licence.

11. The decisions of the Governor in Council on applications for licences and on revocation or suspension of licences will be published in the Gazette.

Publication of decisions of Governor in Council.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this Regulation, the Governor in Council may revoke or suspend a licence if –

Revocation and suspension of Licence.

- (a) the holder of the licence has, since the licence was granted, been convicted of an offence against Regulations 4 or 17 of these Regulations; or
- (b) where the holder of the licence is a body corporate has, since the licence was granted, been convicted, in his capacity as such officer, of an offence against Regulations 4 or 17 of these Regulations; or
- (c) the holder of the licence has failed to comply with any condition subject to which the licence was granted.
- (2) Before revoking or suspending any licence under sub-paragraph (c) paragraph (1) of this Regulation, the Governor in Council will give to the holder of the licence such notice specifying the grounds upon which it is proposed to revoke or suspend the licence, and will not revoke or suspend the licence, unless he is satisfied, after a public enquiry if the holder of the licence so requires that, owing to the frequency of the failure on the part of the holder to comply with conditions or to the failure having been wilful, the licence should be revoked or suspended.
- (3) The expression "officer" in sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph (1) of this Regulation means a Director, General Manager, Secretary or other similar officer and includes any persons, who with the authority of the body corporate, acts as such officer.

Surrender of Licence.

13. A licence may at any time be surrendered by the holder to the Governor in Council for cancellation. If, during the currency of a licence, the holder applies to the Governor in Council for a new licence in substitution for the current licence, he shall, if a new licence is granted, surrender the current licence for cancellation on the date from which the new licence is expressed to take effect.

Licence Fees.

- 14. (1) There shall be paid to the Colonial Treasurer in respect of every licence a fee of ten pounds in respect of each year or part of a year of the term for which the licence is expressed to remain in force.
- (2) There shall be paid to the Colonial Treasurer in respect of any provisional licence granted under Regulation 10 of these Regulations a fee of two pounds.
- (3) No refund of any fee paid in respect of the grant of a licence shall be made, whether on the surrender of the licence or otherwise, save where a licence is surrendered before its normal date of expiry upon the grant of a new licence authorising a service over the same route, in which case there shall be refunded the sum of ten pounds for each full year of the unexpired period of the licence but the holder shall in addition to the normal fee for the new licence pay the special additional fee of two pounds.

Returns by Licence Holders.

15. Every holder of a licence shall make a return in writing to the Colonial Secretary giving, in respect of the month to which the return relates, the particulars set out in the Schedule hereto with regard to all air services authorised by the licence.

Such return shall be sent to the Colonial Secretary not later than two months after the expiration of the month to which the return relates.

PART III.

PERMITS FOR JOURNEYS OTHER THAN SCHEDULED JOURNEYS.

Application of Part III. 16. This part of these Regulations shall not apply to the carriage of passengers, mail or cargo by air for hire or reward on scheduled journeys.

Flying without permit an offence.

- 17. (1) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations, it shall not be lawful for any person to use any aircraft for the provision of any air service in the Colony except under, and in accordance with the conditions of, a permit granted by the Governor in Council.
- (2) Any person who uses any aircraft in contravention of the provisions of this Regulation shall be liable on conviction in the case of the first offence to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both such fine and such imprisonment and in the case of a second or subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding two thousand pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both such fine and such imprisonment.
- (3) The provisions of this Regulation shall not apply in respect of the aircraft of any State, which is a party to the Convention on International Civil Aviation, which fly across the Colony without landing or land in the Colony for non-traffic purposes only.

Grant of permit by Governor in Council.

- 18. (1) The Governor in Council may grant to any person applying therefor a permit to use aircraft for the provision in the Colony of such air services (other than such a service as is referred to in paragraph (1) of Regulation 4 of these Regulations) for such period and on such conditions as may be specified in the permit.
- (2) The Governor in Council may attach such conditions to any permit as he may think fit having regard to the nature and circumstances of the application therefor.

19. Applications for permits shall be made in such form, and shall contain such information as the Governor in Council may require.

Form of application for permit.

20. (1) The Governor in Council may revoke or suspend any permit if -

Revocation and suspension of permit.

- (a) the holder of the permit has, since the permit was granted, been convicted of an offence against Regulation 4 or 17 of these Regulations; or
- (b) where the holder of the permit is a body corporate, any officer of that body corporate has, since the permit was granted, been convicted, in his capacity as such officer, of an offence against Regulation 4 or 17 of these Regulations; or
- (c) the holder of the permit has failed to comply with any condition subject to which the permit was granted.
- (2) The expression "officer" in paragraph (1) of this Regulation means a Director, General Manager, Secretary or other similar officer and includes any person who, with the authority of the body corporate, acts as such officer.

PART IV. - GENERAL PROVISIONS.

21. It shall be a condition of every licence or permit that the requirements of any law or instrument having the force of law, for the time being in force in the Colony, relating to air navigation or air transport shall be complied with at all times during the currency of the licence or permit in connection with all journeys made under the licence or permit.

Licensee shall comply with law of air navigation and air transport.

22. A licence or permit shall not be capable of being transferred or assigned:

Licence not transferable.

Provided that in the event of the death, incapacity, bank-ruptcy, sequestration or liquidation of the holder of a licence or permit, or of the appointment of a receiver or manager or trustee in relation to the business of the holder of a licence or permit the person for the time being carrying on that business shall, if within fourteen days of his commencing so to do, he makes application to the Governor in Council for a new licence or permit, be entitled to provide the air services authorised by the existing licence or permit subject to the conditions thereof, until the application is determined.

23. Nothing in these Regulations shall require the disclosure by any applicant for a licence or permit to any person other than the Governor in Council of information as to the financial resources of the applicant. Financial resources to be disclosed to Governor in Council only.

24. Nothing in these Regulations shall confer upon the holder of a licence or permit or upon any other person any right to the continuance of any benefits arising from the provisions of these Regulations or from any licence or permit granted thereunder or from any conditions attached to any such licence or permit.

Benefit under Regulations shall not continue.

25. (1) Proceedings for an offence against these Regulations shall not be instituted except with the consent of the Governor.

Proceedings.

(2) Where an offence against these Regulations has been committed by a body corporate, every person who, at the time of the commission of the offence was a Director, General Manager, Secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate, or was purporting to act in any such capacity, shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence, unless he proves that the offence was committed without his consent or connivance and that he exercised all such diligence to prevent the commission of the offence as he ought to have exercised having regard

to the nature of his functions in that capacity and to all the circumstances.

PART V. - EXEMPTIONS.

Non-applicability of Regulations.

- 26. Nothing in these Regulations shall apply to -
 - (a) any of the three Corporations in respect of such journeys, on such routes, as the Governor may from time to time specify;
 - (b) any air transport operator, whose principal place of business is in a country other than
 - (i) the United Kingdom; or
 - (ii) a territory for whose foreign relations His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom is responsible;

in respect of journeys performed by such operator in accordance with the provisions of any agreement for the time being in force between His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and that Government of that country.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 19th day of October, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

SCHEDULE.

- 1. Particulars required on application for licences under Regulation 6.
 - (1) Full name, address, occupation, nationality and age of applicant and types of aircraft flown with flying hours.
 - (2) Full details of aircraft to be flown in Colony: type, manufacture, engines, horsepower, load and passenger capacity, fuel load, hours flown, safety devices, etc.
 - (3) Schedule of proposed routes, flying times, fares, etc.
 - (4) Any other particulars.
- 2. Particulars required with regard to air services under Regulation 15.
 - (1) Routes with sketch map.
 - (2) Schedule of flights.
 - (3) Passengers and fares.
 - (4) Cargo and rates.
 - (5) Any other particulars.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 16 of the Police and Prisons Ordinance, 1949.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER,

No. 1 of 1949.

Officer Administering the Government.

- 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Prison Regulations Short title. 1949.
 - 2. The Gaoler shall keep -

Prison books.

- (a) an Admissions Book in which he shall enter the name of every person on admission to prison;
- (b) a Conduct Book giving particulars of the conduct of each prisoner;
- (c) a Property Book in which shall be entered all property taken from a prisoner on his admission;
- (d) an Official Visitors' Book which is to be signed by all official visitors to the prison who may make such remarks and suggestions therein as they may deem fit.
- 3. All prisoners shall be searched on admission, and subsequently when necessary, and deprived of all articles and civil apparel except in the cases of a prisoner committed in respect of a civil debt or charge or one awaiting execution who shall be permitted to wear his civil clothing.

Search.

4. Each prisoner shall be supplied with a palliasse, panakin, fork and spoon and sufficient blankets on his admission.

Bedding etc.

- 5. (!) Two prisoners only shall not at any time be kept in Cells. a cell.
- (2) Prisoners convicted of felony shall not, if practicable, be kept in the same cell as other prisoners.
- 6. (1) The diet of prisoners shall be in accordance with D that prescribed by the Senior Medical Officer. A copy of the diet table shall be hung in the Prison day room.

(2) Prisoners committed for trial or for debt may purchase food for their own use and not more than one pint of beer or wine a day for consumption by each prisoner so committed. Spirits shall not be purchased.

- (3) Spirits and tobacco shall not be conveyed into a prison except for the use of a prisoner on the written order of the Senior Medical Officer.
- 7. Prisoners shall rise at 6 a.m. and shall be locked in their Hours. cells at 8 p.m.
- 8. Prisoners shall carry out work as directed by the Colonial Work. Secretary and shall comply with the following time table
 - (a) They will rise and dress, sweep out and tidy their cells and perform such other work as directed until
 - (b) After breakfast until 12 noon work in or out of doors.
 - (c) From 12 to 12.30 p.m. dinner. From 12.30 to 1 p.m. clean day room and gaol.
 - (d) From 1 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. work in or out of doors.

- (e) From 4.30 p.m. to 8 p.m. carry peat, supper and recreation.
- (f) On Saturday afternoon clean the gaol, wash their clothes and such other work as may be directed.

Exercise.

- 9. (1) Prisoners at work in the cells, and those not on hard labour or in solitary confinement shall exercise for one hour daily in the prison yard, weather permitting.
- (2) All prisoners other than those in solitary confinement shall exercise in the prison yard for one hour on Sunday, weather permitting.

Offences.

- 10. (!) In every case of an offence against good order and prison discipline the Gaoler shall take such steps as may be necessary to enforce discipline and report the matter to the Magistrate forthwith.
- (2) One Member of the Board of Visiting Justices may adjudicate upon minor offences but serious offences shall be dealt with by the full Board.

Solitary confinement.

11. Prisoners sentenced to solitary confinement shall be locked up in separate cells which they shall not leave except in the custody of a prison officer. Their meals shall be taken in their cells.

Female prisoners.

12. Female prisoners shall be kept separate from male prisoners at all times except during the performance of divine service when they shall be under the charge of the prison matron.

Letters.

13. A prisoner shall not be allowed to write more than one letter or to receive more than one letter a month. All such letters shall be censored by the Gaoler.

Visitors.

14. Good conduct prisoners only will be allowed not more than one visitor a month with the permission of the Gaoler. Visits will only be made on Saturday between 1 p.m. and 2 p.m., and shall be limited to 15 minutes, except in cases of extreme argency when the Gaoler may, at his discretion, vary the day and hour of the visit.

Medical inspection.

15. The Senior Medical Officer shall carry out a medical inspection of the prison and all prisoners once a week.

Official visitors.

16. The Colonial Secretary, Senior Medical Officer and every Justice shall have free access to the prison and all prisoners therein at all times.

Remission.

17. A prisoner with a sentence of more than one month may earn by good conduct and industry a remission of 4 days in each month.

Discharge.

18. Prisoners shall be discharged at noon on the day of their release.

Rescission.

19. The Gaol Regulations passed by the Governor in Council on the 25th day of May 1892 are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a Meeting held on the 14th day of July 1949.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0836.

Registration Ordinance 1949.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 12 of the Registration Ordinance, 1949.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER.

No. 2 of 1949.

Officer Administering the Government.

- 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Registration Short title. Regulations 1949.
 - 2. (1) The Registrar General shall maintain -
 - General Index Books. Records, Registers etc. (a) General Index Books which shall contain a complete record of all instruments relating to grants of Crown land numbered consecutively in the order they are presented for registration. Each entry shall be signed by the party registering the instrument.
 - Record Books which shall contain complete copies of all registered instruments entered and numbered consecutively in the order in which they are received in the Central Registry.
- The name of every party to each instrument shall be entered in the index to the General Index Book and the Record Book containing the registration thereof.
- The Registrar General shall certify on each instrument the date of registration thereof and such certificate shall be admissible in evidence.
- The Registrar General shall also maintain separate registers of births, stillbirths, deaths and marriages numbered consecutively in the forms A, B, C and D as set out in the First Schedule and indexed alphabetically in the name of the person whose birth, marriage or death is registered.
- 4. The person procuring the name given in baptism to a child whose birth has been registered, may within six months of registration, register that the child was baptised with such name provided that he delivers to the Registrar General or Registrar with whom the birth was registered a certificate of baptism in the form E set out in the First Schedule signed by the minister performing the rite within seven days thereof and pays the appropriate fees set out in the Second Schedule hereto and provided also that there shall be no erasure in the original registration.

Baptised name may be added to Register within six months.

In the case of death of any person who has been attended by a medical practitioner that practitioner shall (except when an inquest is held on the body) sign a certificate stating to the best of his knowledge and belief the cause of death and hand the same to the person responsible for giving information concerning the death who shall upon giving such information deliver that certificate to the Registrar General or nearest Registrar and the cause of death stated in that certificate shall be entered in the register together with the name of the certifying medical practitioner.

Medical certificate in case of death.

On or before the 15th day of January in each year every Registrar appointed under the Registration Ordinance shall forward to the Registrar General a true copy of all entries made in the registers of births and deaths during the preceding year and the Registrar General shall on or before that date lay before the Governor an abstract of the number of births, deaths and marriages registered during such year.

Annual registration returns.

Searches and fees.

- 7. (1) The Registrar General shall permit any person to search the indexes of all certified copies of the registers of births, stillbirths, marriages and deaths and have a certified copy of any entry in the said certified copy during the usual office hours upon payment of the appropriate fee set out in the Second Schedule hereto.
- (2) A Minister of Religion or Registrar shall permit any person to search a register during reasonable hours and to have a copy certified under his hand of any entry upon payment of the appropriate fee set out in the Second Schedule hereto.
- (3) All fees received by the Registrar General or any Registrar shall be paid to the Colonial Treasury.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a Meeting held on the 14th day of July, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0833.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Registry of Birth.

FORM A.

No.	When Born.	Namo (if any)	Sox	Name and Surname of Falher.	Name and Majden Name of Mother.	Rank or Profession of Father.	Signature, Description, and Residence of informant.	When Registered.	Signature of Registrar.	Baptismal name if added after Registration of Birth.
						+				

Registrar General.

FORM B.

Registry of Still-Birth.

Signature of Registrar.		
Nature of Evidence upon which registered as Still-born.		
When Registered.		
Signature, Description, and Residence of Informant.		
Rank or Profession of Father.		
Name and Maiden Name of Mother.	,	
Name and Surname of Father.		
Sex.		
When and Where Born,		
No.		

FORM C.

Registry of Death.

Signature of Registrar.	
When registered.	
Signature, description, and residence of informant.	
Cause of death.	
Rank or Profession and Country.	
Аке.	
Sex	
Name and Surname.	
When died.	
ź Z	

Registrar General.

Stanley. 19.

FORM D.

Signature

Marriage Certificate.

Where Married.		Witness. Witness.
Father's Rank or Profession.		
Father's Christian and Surname in full.		
Rank or Profession and Country.		ence of us (
Condition. Bachelor, Spinster, Widower or Widow.		In the presence of us
"Under" or "above" the age of 21.		
Christian and Surname in full.		d between us
When married,	,	This Marriage was solemnized between us
N.		This Mar

FORM E.

by the name of a child produced by

as the of and and declared

by the said to have been born at

on the day of

Witness my hand this day of

SECOND SCHEDULE.

REGISTRAR GENERAL'S AND REGISTRAR'S FEES.

1.	Searching register of births, deaths, and marriages for each name in each register within 10 years	ls.	0d.
	Searching register of births, deaths, and marriages for each name in each register every additional year		6d.
2.	For a certified copy of each entry in the said registers	2s.	6d.
	CLERGYMAN'S FEES.		
1.	Searching the registers of baptisms and burials for each name in each register within 10 years	1s.	0d.
	For each name in each register every additional year		6d.
2.	For a certified copy of each entry in the said registers	2s.	6d.

Administration of Estates Ordinance, 1949.

Rules made by the Governor in Council under Section 22 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance, 1949.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER,

No. 4 of 1949.

Officer Administering the Government.

- 1. These rules may be cited as the Administration of Estate Short title. Rules, 1949.
- 2. The forms of Petition, Estate Duty Affidavit, Administration Bond, Affidavit verifying Administrators Account, and Grant set out in the First Schedule hereto with such variations as the circumstances may require shall be used in all cases of application for, and upon grant of. Probate or Letters of Administration.
- 3. The fees set out in the Second Schedule shall be paid in connection with the application for, grant of, or resealing Probate or Letters of Administration. These fees will include all work done in the office of the Supreme Court in connection with the application, grant or resealing. No grant shall be made until these fees have been paid.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a Meeting held on the 14th day of July, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0783.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

PETITION.

To His Honour the Judge.

The Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

THE HUMBLE PETITION of

Showeth

of Falkland Islands died at on the day of 19

leaving a Will dated

19

intestate leaving no Will

2. There is a widow, children, sons, and daughters,

- surviving the deceased.
 - 3. Your Petitioner is the (sole) Executor(s) under the said Will
 - 4. The deceased did not appoint an executor of his said Will
- 5. The executor(s) of the said Will did not survive the deceased, or have renounced probate.

at

Your Petitioner is the

of the deceased.

Your Petitioner therefore prays that

Probate of the said Will of the deceased Letters of Administration Letters of Administration with the said Will annexed

granted to him to administer the estate of the deceased, and your Petitioner will ever pray.

Probate of the said Will of the deceased

8. I swear that if Letters of Administration Letters of Administration with the said Will annexed

are granted to me I will well and faithfully administer the said estate according to law.

Petitioner. 19 day of Sworn before me this A Justice of the Peace.

Administration Bond.

KNOW ALL MEN by these presents, that I,

Falkland Islands, am held and firmly bound unto the Judge of the Supreme Court of this Colony in the sum of : of lawful money of this Colony to be paid by me, my heirs, executors and administrators, firmly by these presents, sealed with my seal, and signed with my hand this day of

WHEREAS hath been appointed Administrator of the estate of Falkland Islands, who died at on the day of 19

NOW THEREFORE the conditions of this obligation are such that if the said shall duly administer the estate aforesaid according to law and render to the Judge of the Supreme Court a true and complete inventory of all and singular the Estate and effects of the said within six months from the date hereof and swear to and render to the Judge of the Supreme Court a true and just account of the Administration of the estate on or before the that is within one year of the date hereof then this obligation shall become void and of no effect, or otherwise be and remain in full force, and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF THE SAID

has hereunto set his hand and seal at

Falkland Islands,

the date first above written.

Signed sealed and delivered in the presence of

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands. Estate Duty Affidavit.

In the Estate of

(hereinafter called the deceased)

of

Falkland Islands, who died at

on the

day of

19

*(Executor of the Will of the deceased).

*(Administrator of the Estate of the deceased).

*(Administrator of the Estate of the deceased).

- 1. That the particulars and value thereof shewn in the Exhibits A and B annexed hereto and signed by me are those of the estate of the said deceased so far as I have been able to trace and are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
- 2. That to the best of my knowledge and belief there is no other property forming part of the estate of the said deceased.

Sworn at

Falkland Islands the

day of

19

Before me

A Justice of the Peace.

†Debts owing by deceased

(with receipted bill)

Funeral expenses

° Delete as required.

A.

In the Estate of

deceased.

Exhibit A to the affidavit of

£ s. d.

£ s.

d.

Cash in hand Cash in bank

Furniture, implements of trade, etc.

Clothing and personal effects Debts owing to the deceased

†Shares, etc.

[†]Money advanced on mortgage, etc.

Provident Fund. etc.

†Life Insurance

Leasehold lands and houses

†Horses, sheep, cattle

Motor cars, etc.

†Stock in trade

†Good will of business

†Any other personal property

† Give full particulars.

B.

In the estate of

Exhibit B to the affidavit of

deceased.

REAL ESTATE.

£ s. d.

£ s. d.

Houses (giving particulars)

Mortgages or other incumbrances (giving particulars)

Freehold lands (giving particulars)

deceased.

the administrator of the estate

Sworn by

at the

Affidavit verifying Administrator's Account.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands. (PROBATE)

1. The account marked A exhibited to this affidavit is my account of the estate of the intestate and contains a true account of all and every sum of money received by me or any other person to my order up to and including

of the said deceased, make oath and say as follows:

In the estate of

	the dat	e her e of.	
		been paid and	al sums of money mentioned in the said account as allowed have been actually and truly paid and allowed as mentioned in the said account.
	particu		ecount is just and true in all and every the items and ained, according to the best of my knowledge and belief
Sworn b	y the said		
it .b.o	Jun of	10	
the	day of	19	D. 6
			Before me
			A Justice of the Peace.
		In the Supreme	e Court of the Falkland Islands.
	Grant of	of	
		* Proba	te
		* Letter	s of Administration
		Bottor	
* is h	ereby granted	to	
to admi	nister the esta	te of	
who die	ed on the	day of	19
Oath ha	ıving been ma	de by the persor	n to whom Probate is these Letters are granted that the value of
law and within s of the e	six months fr state will be f	nd complete involved the date her illed in the Supre	and that the estate will be administered according to the estate will be filed in the Supreme Courrent and that a complete account of the administration eme Court within one year from the date hereof.
•••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	19	······································
			Judge.
* Delete	as required.		
† "Sole"	Executor" or "v	with the Will anno	exed the Executor having died" or "one of the Exec
			the like grant to the other Executor".

SECOND SCHEDULE.

I. GRANT OF PROBATE OR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.

(Non-contentious) and Resealing under Section 21 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance, 1949.

										£		s.		d.
	net estate				of £100				te.			10	:	0
Exceeding		but	not	exceeding	£300					1	:			0
••	£300	••	• •	**	£500					1	:	10		0
**	£500	••	••	3.0	£1,000					2		10		()
	£1,000	•	*1		£3,000					5	:			()
**	£3,000	••	••	**	£5,000					6	:	_		Ō
**	£5,000	11	••	,.	£7,500	,				6		15	-	0
	£7,500		**		£10,000					7				0
	£10,000	11	••		£12,500					8		^		0
••	£12,500	**	**	,,	£15,000					8	•	_	-	0
11	£15,000	1,			£20,000					9			-	0
**	£20,000		,.		£25,000			•••		10				0
••	£25,000	٠,	-,	**	£30,000					10		10		()
**	£30,000		77	**	£35,000					11				0
•,	£35,000		,.		£40,000					12		10		0
••	£40,000			.,	£45,000					13		10		0
	£45,000	,,			£50,000					14				0
	£50,000	"	**	**	£60.000		•••	•••		16	:			0
• •	£60,000		**	**	£75.000		• • •		***	18				
,,	£75.000	*7	**	**	£100,000		• • •	•••			;		:	0
for each 45		,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	**	*** C C . L			• • • •	•••		24	:	.,	:	0
for each £5	oroon or ba	rt tn	ereo.	t or the net	estate abov	e .£100,000		***	Telev	10	:	0	:	0

II. GRANT OF PROBATE OR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.

(Contentious).

							£	s.		d.
1.	On entering caveat		122		***			1	:	0
2.	On settling a citation				***			10	:	0
3.	On application for summons			***				2	:	0
4.	Service of citation, writ, summ	ons or c	order, in Sta	nley				2	:	6
5.	27 29 11 11 22	,,	" ontsid	e Stanley				5	:	0
წ.	On filing petition under Section	ns 7, 8,	or 20 of the of Estat	Administrates Ordinanc	tion e (when d	isputed)		10	:	0
7.	On filing affidavit of service of	citation	or summon	ន				2	:	0
8.	On entering an appearance, eac	h perso	n	***	***			2	:	6
9.	On setting down a case for hea	ring			***	+		10		0
10.	Hearing fee						1 :		:	0
If th	e hearing occupies more than fi	ve hour	s for each ac	lditional ho	111*			5	:	()

In addition to the fees shewn in this Schedule there shall be paid 5l- the cost of each notice appearing in the Gazette.

ANNUAL METEOROLOGICAL TABLE

Position of Station

51° 42′ S.

57° 52′ W.

	a T			AIR T	Семреі	RATURI	е (°F).				CIPITA		8.8	(%) A.	Su	NSHINI	e.		UDIN	
S.	ESSUR AT M			_)							RESSU	MIDE	RER	T. B. E.	ths.)	Occasions		
Months.	MEAN PRESSURE IN MILLIBARS AT M. S. L.	DRY BULB.	WET BULK.	MEAN	NS OF	ABSOLUTE MAX. AND MIN.			Potala	GREATEST FALL	DATE.	VAPOUR PRESSURE IN MILLIBARS.	RELATIVE HUMIDITY	TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS.	% OF ACTUAL	(hours and tenths.)	CLEAR SKY. 01	OVERCAST.	MEAN.	
	N N	D	W	Max.	Min.	Max.	DATE.	Min.	DATE.	Ţ	25		Δ	REL	To	MiAI	noq)	CLE	0 v e	
Jan.	994.4	46.0	42.8	52.0	39.1	62	5th	32	8th	75.5	12.2	18th	7.8	75	150.0	30	4.8	0	22	8.4
Feb.	998.4	48.0	45.5	54.3	41.4	68	15th	35	26th	66.7	10.7	16th	9.3	82	139.8	34	5.0	3	14	6.1
Mar.	1006.3	45.0	43.3	50.5	40.5	61	lst	33	åth	60.5	11.8	19th	8.8	86	122.5	32	3.9	4	22	7.6
April	1000.3	42.5	41.1	50.4	37.3	56	6th 17th	32	8th 9th	35.1	10.2	28th	8.3	89	92.1	29	3.1	0	21	8.5
Мау	1000.8	36.7	35.5	41.5	33.0	49	3rd	26	15th 19th	86.1	17.1	7th	6.6	87	61.3	23	2.0	0	20	7.5
June	1004.8	35.6	34.6	39.9	31.4	45	7th 16th	25	29th	36.2	5.8	12th	6.4	89	37.6	16	1.3	1	20	8.4
July	1007.6	35.8	34.5	39.2	33.1	44	17th 20th 21st	28	24th 30th	28.8	4.5	4th	6.2	89	52.4	20	1.7	1	20	7.9
Aug.	1004.1	36.8	35.9	43.0	33.5	อ์เ	25th 26th	26	17th	21.2	5.8	22nd	6.6	90	115.1	38	3.7	4	18	7.0
Sept.	1002.7	38.9	37.2	45.7	33.1	53	19th	24	10th	23.4	3.8	2nd	6.8	83	147.4	42	4.9	ō	15	6.5
Oct.	1004.3	43.7	42.1	51.6	37.9	60	13th 26th 27th	31	1st 1×th	25.2	7.3	28th	8.5	ห7	167.8	40	5.4	1	24	8.2
Nov.	1004.6	47.9	45.5	55.2	39.7	66	17th	32	21st	33.2	6.8	3rd	9,3	82	212.3	46	7.1	1	16	7.8
Dec.	996.0	47.7	43.9	54.4	38.9	69	24th	30	10th	70.3	10.7	11th	8.2	71	154.3	30	5.0	0	15	7.6
Totals	12024.3	504.6	481.9	577.7	438.9	684	-	354	-	562.2	106.7		92.8	1010	1452.6	380	47.9	20	227	90.8
Means	1002.0	42.1	40.2	48.1	36.6	57.0	-	29.5	_	46.9	8.9	_	7.7	84	121.1	32	4.0	2	19	7.6

Notes. — 1. The table is based on observations made at 12 g.m.r. daily, (but see notes 3 and 4.)

^{2.} A day of precipitation is a day with total precipitation greater than 0.1 mms.

STANLEY, FALKLAND ISLANDS, 1947.

Height above M.S.L.

163 ft.

	Nu	EATH Imbei	of					Nu	mbe		ND 1 Obse				12 G.	M.T.		0				Wı	ND Fo	RCE.	
MONTHS.		lays o	of	-			1	1	 Ī	1	I	1				1	ı-		1	1	No	of obs	orvati G.M.T.	ons.	(;)
Mo	PRECIPITATION.	SNOW OR SLEET.	GALE.	N.	N.N.E.	N.E.	ENE	E.	E.S.E.	S.E.	S.S.E.	ග්	S.S.W.	S.W.	W.S.W.	.M	W.N.W	N.W.	W.N.W	CALM.	1-3	4-5	6-7	8 or more	MEAN (M.P.H.) 12 G.M.T.
Jan.	71	3	6	-2	3	1	1	1	0	ı	0	1	ô	4	0	3	2	4	3	0	7	18	5	1	18
Feb.	22	0	5	2	0	U	0	U	0	0	0	0	5	2	1	2	6	2	ā	U	5	16	ā	2	21
Mar.	15	O	6	3	11	2	i	2	0	()	U	2	3	3	1	2	1	6	2	0	7	15	7	2	20
April	18	2	1	1	d	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ᅺ	4	3	U	7	10	3	U	9	14	7	0	18
May	25	7	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	7	U	В	1	3	6	2	4	3	3	0	10 ′	13	8	U	14
June	16	9	()	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	3	7	2	5	1	4	0	12	16	2	0	Iā
July	17	6	1	2	U	1	0	U	2	1	2	1	4	3	1	0	2	5	+	O	8	10	12	1	21
Aug.	12	4	4	2	2	1	()	υ	0	0	0	1	3	0	6	1	5	8	2	0	13	12	5	1	17
Sept.	12	6	3	1	0	0	0	U :	U	0	U	1	2	3	4	3	1	8	3	0	11	15	4	0	19
Oct.	10	3	4	1	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	I	2	6	2	2	3	10	Ť	0	6	15	10	0	20
Nov.	13	2	10	2	υ	0	0	j	0	υ	0	. 1	2	3	4	1	2	10	4	0	5	15	9	1	19
Dec.	20	12	6	0	ı	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	5	5	5	ì	5	1	2	0	5	17	9	0	21
Totals	201	54	48	20	9	б	2	5	3	5	3	12	36	39	49	19	46	71	39	0	98	176	83	8	223
Means	17	5	4	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	1.0	3.0	3.3	4.1	1.6	3.8	5.9	3.3	0	8.2	14.7	6.9	0.7	19

^{3.} A day of snow or sleet is a day on which snow or sleet occurs at any time during the day whatever the amount.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

^{4.} A day of gale is a day on which the mean wind (not the extreme wind in gusts) reaches or exceeds beaufort force eight at any time.

Public Health By-laws made by the Stanley Town Council and approved by the Governor in Council.

Short title.

1. These By-laws may be cited as the Stanley Town Council (Public Health) By-laws.

Definitions.

- 2. In these By-laws unless the context otherwise requires -
- "Ashpit" means any receptacle whether movable or fixed, for the deposit of house refuse, dust, ashes or rubbish.
- "Council" means the Stanley Town Council.
- "Inspector" means any person appointed by the Council with the approval of the Governor to carry out the provisions of these By-laws.
- "Occupier" means, in the case of any premises or part of any premises, the person in occupation or having the management or control thereof either on his own account or as agent for some other person.
- "Pail" includes any receptacle in which night soil is deposited.
- "Public water main, drain or sewer" means any water main, drain or sewer maintained by the Council.
- "Premises" means any property in Stanley owned or occupied by any person, firm or company.

NUISANCES.

Powers of Inspector.

- 3. An Inspector shall, for the purposes of these By-laws
 - (1) enter and inspect at all reasonable hours any premises in which he has reason to believe a nuisance is being committed and require the abatement of such nuisance;
 - (2) enter and inspect all bakehouses, slaughterhouses and premises wherein food for sale or distribution for human consumption is manufactured or prepared in Stanley:
 - (3) cause to be removed any noxious matter from all public drains, water courses, gutters, ditches, streets, roads or lanes:
 - (4) enter and inspect between sunrise and sunset once in every two months the yards and outbuildings of all premises and forthwith report any nuisance to the Town Clerk.

BUILDINGS.

4. If any building or house used or intended to be used for human habitation or any part thereof is unfit for human habitation as being injurious or likely to be injurious to the health of any person inhabiting the same, the Council shall issue an order prohibiting the use for human habitation of such building or house or part thereof.

Provided that if any such building or house or part thereof is subsequently rendered fit for human habitation the Council may revoke such order.

Permission for new building.

- 5. No person shall erect or begin to erect any building until he has -
 - (1) applied to the Council for permission so to do;
 - (2) furnished the Council with
 - (a) drawings, showing elevations, sections, and plans of

every floor of the intended building drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to every eight feet:

- (b) a block plan showing the position of the intended building and of the buildings already existing if any on the proposed site, the boundaries of the proposed site, and the position of any buildings immediately adjoining the proposed site as well as the name of the owner of such building. The block plan shall also show the proposed lines of the water supply and the drainage of the intended building and the lines of any public water main or sewer with which it is intended to connect the water supply and the drainage of the intended building; and
- (c) a description in writing of the materials with which it is proposed to erect the intended building and to construct the water supply and drainage of the intended building.
- (3) obtained a permit to build signed by the Town Clerk.
- 6. Every document specified in the foregoing By-law shall be forwarded to the Council in duplicate and one copy of every such drawing or document shall be retained by the Council and shall become the property of the Council. Every such drawing or document or duplicate copy thereof shall be signed by the person who furnished the same or by his duly appointed agent.
- 7. (1) Any official duly authorised in writing by the Chairman of the Council shall have power to enter any building or premises in the course of erection for the purpose specified at reasonable times between the hours of sunrise and sunset after having given due notice to the occupier thereof.
- (2) Any person wilfully obstructing any such authorised person shall commit an offence against these By-laws.
 - 8. If any person
 - (a) erects or begins to erect any building without having obtained a permit to build under By-law 5; or
 - (b) having obtained such permit contravenes any of the provisions of these By-laws or fails to erect such building according to the plans and particulars approved by the Council or fails to comply with any written notice signed by the Town Clerk requiring him within the time specified in the notice to make such alterations as may be necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of these By-laws

the Council may by notice signed by the Town Clerk require him to demolish and remove the building or any part thereof within the time specified in the notice and should he fail to comply therewith the Council will by its servants, agents and workmen carry out such demolition, removal or alteration and the Council is hereby empowered to recover from such person all costs and expenses in connection therewith.

- 9. The Council may when it decides that a building will not be completed within a reasonable time give notice signed by the Town Clerk to the person to whom the permit to build has been granted requiring him to complete the building on or before the date specified in the notice otherwise the Council will withdraw the permit: Provided that nothing in this By-law shall prevent any person from making a fresh application for a permit to build.
- 10. No person shall occupy or permit to be occupied any new building until it has been certified by the Council to be fit for

Power of entry.

Erection without or contrary to permit.

Building to be erected within reasonable time.

Occupation of new buildings.

occupation and in the case of a dwelling house fit for human habitation.

Preparation of site.

11. The site of a building in respect of which a building permit has been granted under these By-laws shall be prepared by removing all animal or vegetable matter and shall be dug out to such depth as the Council may consider necessary.

Footings.

12. Every wall of a building shall be constructed so as to rest upon proper footings.

Concrete.

13. All concrete used in the erection of a building shall be composed of clean gravel, broken hard brick, broken stone or other hard material approved by the Council and shall be well mixed with freshly burned lime or good cement in the proportion of at least one to six.

Air space under floors.

14. The underside of any floor joist or plate of a building shall be at least six inches above the surface of the underlying gravel and shall be efficiently ventilated by the insertion of air bricks, gratings or two inch slots left in the concrete foundations of outer and sleeper walls.

Stability of materials.

15. The timbers and materials of a timber framed building shall be of such size and strength as the Council may consider necessary to secure due stability.

Damp courses.

16. Any stone or brick building erected for use as a dwelling house shall be constructed with a damp proof course of durable material impervious to moisture. The damp proof course may consist of sheet lead, asphalt three quarters of an inch in thickness, neat cement three quarters of an inch in thickness, slabs embedded in the cement or such other materials as the Council may approve.

Stove piping.

17. A pipe for the purpose of conveying smoke or other products of combustion shall not be fixed in any building unless it is fixed at a distance of at least eight inches from any combustible substance and such combustible substance is protected with asbestos sheeting or steel plate so as to leave an air space at least of half an inch between such combustible substance and the said asbestos sheeting or steel plate.

Chimneys.

18. Where a chimney is built against a wooden building the back of the chimney shall be built of brickwork not less than nine inches in thickness from the floor level to the height of one foot above the arch bar and the remaining portion of the back and the other sides of the chimney shall be built of brickwork not less than four and a half inches in thickness.

Flues to be rendered pargetted or lined.

19. The inside of every brick smoke flue in any building shall throughout the whole extent thereof be rendered, pargetted or lined with lime mortar.

Flues against woodwork similarly to be treated. 20. Where any brick smoke flue in any building passes through any floor or roof or behind or against any woodwork the outside of such brick flue shall be rendered, pargetted or lined with lime mortar or cement.

Floors under ovens, stoves etc.

21. The floor under every oven, copper, steam boiler, or stove for the combustion of solid fuel in any building, and the floor around the same shall for a space of one foot and three inches be formed of materials of an incombustible and non-heat conducting nature.

Hearths.

22. A slab of stone, tiles, bricks or other incombustible substance for half the width at the least of the chimney breast jamb on either side of such opening and one foot four inches at the least wide

at the breast thereof shall be laid level with the floor before the opening of every chimney in any building.

23. In any building erected under these By-laws for domestic use the backyard thereof shall be provided with a pathway extending along and adjacent to the back of the premises and such pathway shall be constructed of concrete, flat bricks or rubble bedded in cement and sand or other approved materials and the width of such pathway shall not be less than two feet six inches and shall slope half an inch to the foot from the building and shall be drained so as to discharge into the nearest public drain.

Backyard pavings.

24. Any building shall be provided with gutters and down pipes which shall be of cast iron, steel, zinc or wood and in every case shall be efficiently jointed with red lead or other suitable composition and shall be laid with a true and even fall of at least one inch in ten feet towards the outlet at the head of the down pipe. The gutters shall be supported at intervals of not more than four feet on strong brackets which shall be securely fastened. Every outlet for waste water shall be connected to the nearest public drain in such manner as may be directed by the Council.

Gutters and down pipes.

- 25. Every water closet shall be so constructed so as to comply with the following requirements where applicable—
 - (1) the floor shall be a smooth and consolidated surface;
 - (2) if the water closet is within a building, one of its sides at least shall be an external wall;
 - (3) if the water closet has no external door it shall be provided with a window of an area not less than one and a half square feet exclusive of the frame set in an exterior wall;
 - (4) if the water closet has an external door it shall be provided with a sufficient opening for light and ventilation as near to the top of the door or external wall as practicable;
 - (5) it shall be provided with a separate cistern or flushing box of adequate capacity;
 - (6) no part of the water closet apparatus other than the cistern or flushing box shall be directly connected with any pipe leading from a public water main;
 - (7) it shall be provided with a pan, basin or other suitable receptacle of non-absorbent material so constructed as to receive and retain a sufficient quantity of water adequately to seal or to trap such pan, basin or other receptacle and to allow any filth to fall free from the sides directly into the water;
 - (8) it shall be provided with suitable apparatus for the effectual application of the water in the cistern or flushing box to the pan, basin or other receptacle and for the prompt and effectual flushing and cleansing of the pan;
 - (9) no container or similar fitting shall be fitted under the pan, basin or other receptacle;
 - (10) water closets built in a house shall not open directly out of any main room.
- 26. Any room intended to be used as a living room shall not be less than seven feet from floor to ceiling and shall have a clear superficial floor area of not less than one hundred square feet and any room intended to be used as a sleeping room shall have a clear superficial floor area of not less than sixty square feet for every person sleeping therein subject to a total floor area of not less than

Height and area of rooms.

Water closets.

one hundred square feet. For the purpose of this By-law two children under twelve years of age shall be reckoned as one person.

Light and ventilation.

27. Any room intended to be used as a living or sleeping room shall be ventilated and lighted to the satisfaction of the Council, by means of a window or windows in an external wall. The area of such window or windows clear of the frame or frames shall equal at the least one tenth of the superficial floor area. One half of every such window shall open and the opening shall extend to the top. Any room without a fireplace and flue which is intended to be used as a living or sleeping room shall have a special ventilation opening in size at the least one hundred square inches.

Drains.

- 28. (1) Any drain for the drainage of any building whether erected under these By-laws or already existing shall be constructed of good sound pipes formed of glazed stoneware, cast iron or other suitable material to the satisfaction of the Council. Such drain shall be of adequate size in the opinion of the Council and if constructed or adapted for the purpose of the conveyance of sewage shall have an external diameter of not less than four inches and shall be laid with a sufficient fall in the opinion of the Council and with socketted or otherwise watertight joints. No such drain shall be so constructed as to pass under any building or part of a building except in a case where no other mode of construction is practicable and if any such drain shall be constructed so as to pass under any building or part of a building such drain shall be so laid in the ground that there shall be a distance at the least to the full diameter thereof between the top of such drain and the surface of the ground under the building or part of the building aforesaid. No such drain shall be constructed in a manner so as to allow any inlet to be made to such drain within the building except any inlet which may be necessary from the apparatus of any water closet or slop sink constructed to be used within the building for the reception of solid or liquid filth.
- (2) No drain shall be covered up until it has been approved by the Council to whom at least three days' notice in writing shall have been given of intention to cover up.

Waste and overflow pipes.

29. Any waste pipe from any bath or lavatory basin or any other pipe for the conveyance of foul or wash water in any building, whether erected under these By-laws or already existing shall be trapped and taken through an external wall and shall discharge in the open air over a trapped gully with proper grating to the satisfaction of the Council, and any overflow pipe from any cistern or water closet in the manner constructed shall be taken through an external wall and shall discharge in the open air.

Stables.

30. No stable, cowshed, fowl house, fowl coop, pigsty or any building in which any animal or bird is intended to be kept shall be erected within a distance of thirty feet from any dwelling house or in any position where in the opinion of the Council it is or is likely to become, a nuisance or injurious to the public health.

Tanks.

31. Any barrel, cistern or tank intended to hold water for drinking or domestic purposes shall be provided with a good and sufficient cover to the satisfaction of the Council and where any barrel, cistern or tank is constructed for the storage of water for drinking purposes it shall not be connected directly with any water closet.

Demolition of ruinous buildings.

32. Where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Council that any house, building or other structure of any kind is so ruinous as to be dangerous to the public safety the Council may serve upon the owner of such house, building or structure, a notice in writing requiring him to begin to shore up, secure or otherwise make safe such house, building or structure to the satisfaction of the Council or to begin to demolish and remove such house, building or structure within seven days of the receipt of the said notice, and to continue so to

shore up, secure or otherwise make safe or to demolish or remove without intermission until the requirements of the Council are finally completed, and to complete finally the requirements of the Council within a time to be specified in the notice and, if after the lapse of seven days from the receipt of the said notice or of the time specified the owner of such building or structure fails in due manner to comply with the requirements of the Council, the Council may thereupon carry out the work of demolition and removal prescribed and may recover from the owner of such house, building or structure the cost properly incurred in connection with the work of demolition or removal.

33. Where any house, building or structure in the opinion of the Council is in a dangerous condition or is endangered by the condition of any other building the Council may require the occupier of such house, building or structure to vacate it and if a requirement of the Council to vacate any house, building or structure under this By-law is not forthwith complied with the Council may bring the matter before a Court of Summary Jurisdiction and upon sufficient cause being shown may obtain from the Court an order for the ejection from any house, building or structure of the occupier thereof.

Vacation of dangerous buildings.

SANITATION.

34. No horse, cow, sheep, pig, fowl, duck, goose or other similar domesticated animal or bird shall be kept within a distance of thirty feet from any dwelling house or in any other place if in the opinion of the Council it is or is likely to become a nuisance or injurious to the public health.

Animals.

- 35. If the premises at the rear of any house or building or any passage leading thereto is in a dirty or insanitary condition or improperly drained or of such construction as to cause a dirty or insanitary condition the Council may serve upon the owner or occupier of the premises or passage a notice in writing requiring him to remedy the said condition or defect in drainage or construction within a time to be specified in the notice and if the owner or occupier as aforesaid fails to comply with the notice or with any part thereof he shall be guilty of an offence against these By-laws.
- 36. Night soil shall be removed and deposited in a manner approved by the Council and any person who fails to comply with the requirements of the Council or allows any night soil, urine or filth of a similar description to escape from any latrine, closet or urinal or to be deposited or flow on any yard, plot, street, footpath or public place or into any drain not constructed for the reception of night soil, urine, or filth of a similar description shall be guilty of an offence against these By-laws.

Night soil etc.

- 37. The occupier of any premises to which is attached any closet or closets not flushed with water shall -
 - (1) Provide every such closet with a movable metal pail for the deposit of night soil of a capacity sufficient in the opinion of the Council to satisfy the requirements of the household.
 - (2) Cause the seat or sides of every such closet to be so constructed as to admit of the convenient removal of such pail.
 - (3) Provide every seat with a close fitting lid which shall be kept shut.
 - (4) Cause every such closet to be provided with sufficient peat coom, dry earth or other deodorant and with suitable means for the effectual application of such material to the contents of the pail used in such closet.

Requirements in respect of earth closets.

(5) Afford proper facilities to the servants of the Council engaged in removing night soil for gaining access to the premises.

Garbage.

38. Any occupier of any premises who fails to sort his garbage or waste material in a manner approved by the Council or to place the same in a location and in a receptacle satisfactory to the Council shall commit an offence against these By-laws.

Disposal of refuse prohibited.

39. Any person who throws or deposits or causes to be thrown or deposited any accumulation of dust, garbage or decaying animal, vegetable or other noxious matter in or upon any street, footpath or other public place shall be guilty of an offence against these By-laws. Any such accumulation in the immediate vicinity of any building or premises shall be *prima facie* evidence that it has been thrown or deposited by the occupier of such building or premises.

Quarries and excava-

40. Any person who makes any quarry, excavation or hole in the ground of such description likely to be injurious or dangerous to the public health or safety without the permission of the Council in writing shall be guilty of an offence against these By-laws. Where the permission of the Council is given as aforesaid such quarry, excavation or hole in the ground shall be made subject to any condition with regard to the fencing, lighting, filling up or otherwise making secure thereof which the Council may consider necessary in the interest of the public health and safety.

GENERAL.

Premises to be kept free from rats and mice.

- 41. The owner or occupier of any premises shall take such steps as may from time to time be necessary and reasonably practicable to keep such premises free from rats and mice.
 - 42. The owner or occupier of any premises who shall not-
 - (1) keep in a thorough state of cleanliness and repair all water-courses, open ditches or gutters upon his premises and prevent the accumulation of noxious matter by the removal thereof to any place of deposit which the Council may order;
 - (2) protect the water supply attached to such premises in such a way as may be considered necessary by the Council to secure the utmost purity;

shall commit an offence against these By-laws.

- 43. Any person who shall
 - (1) discharge or deposit in or on any public road or street or in any water-course, drain or ditch, any stones, earth, weed, sweepings, filth, paper, rags or rubbish of any kind; or
 - (2) drive or lead or take horses, cattle, or vehicles over open drains, or to tether horses or cattle in the vicinity of such drains; or
 - (3) carry on any noxious or offensive trade which in the opinion of the Council may be injurious to public health without the permission of the Council in writing first obtained or neglects, fails or omits to observe or comply with the terms and conditions of such permission; or
 - (4) holds any market without permission of the Council in writing first obtained or neglects, fails or omits to observe or comply with the terms and conditions of such permission; or
 - (5) store any manure or other waste material for sale or any other purpose (except for the personal use of

the owner or occupier) and any such owner or occupier who shall store any manure or waste material other than in a manner approved by the Council;

shall commit an offence against these By-laws.

Any person who contravenes or evades or attempts to contravene or evade any By-law for which no penalty is provided or who aids or abets any contravention or evasion or attempted contravention shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding £2 and in a case of a continuous offence to a penalty not exceeding 5/- for each day on which such offence continues after written notice of the said offence or order from the Council has been served upon him.

Made by the Town Council this 18th day of March, 1949.

The Seal of the Town Council was affixed in the presence of

A. L. HARDY, Chairman.

K. V. LELLMAN, Town Clerk.

By-laws made by the Stanley Town Council and approved by the Governor in Council.

- 1. These By-laws may be cited as the Petrol Storage Short title. By-laws.
 - 2. In these By-laws where the context so admits -

Definitions.

- "Licensed Warehouse" means a warehouse licensed by the Council for the storage of petrol.
- "Petrol" means petroleum which when tested gives off an inflammable vapour at a temperature of less than 73 degrees Fahrenheit.
- 3. All petrol landed at Stanley shall immediately be stored in a licensed warehouse at the expense of the importer.

Storage on landing.

4. No person shall smoke or shall have a naked light within 30 yards of any place where petrol is being landed or stored.

Prohibition of smoking.

5. No person shall store petrol without a licence first obtained from the Council. Every such licence shall be in respect of the premises or tank in which the petrol is stored. No petrol shall be stored other than in a licensed warehouse or tank. This By-law shall not apply where the amount of petrol kept does not exceed four imperial gallons.

Licence to store.

6. No person shall deal in or sell petrol without a licence Licence to sell. first obtained from the Council.

Breach of licence conditions.

7. The Council may impose such licence fees and such licence conditions as it may think fit as a precaution against fire and any licensee neglecting or failing to comply therewith shall commit an offence and upon conviction therefor the Council may forthwith rescind the licence granted to him.

Pumps.

8. No person shall erect any pump for the storage or supply of petrol until the site thereof has been approved by the Chief Constable, Stanley, and the construction and operation thereof have been approved by the Council.

Power to inspect.

9. The Council may by its officials, servants or agents, at all reasonable hours inspect any place or receptacle in which petrol is stored. Any person who shall obstruct, hinder, or delay them in so doing shall commit an offence.

Made by the Town Council this 18th day of March, 1949.

The seal of the Town Council was affixed in the presence of

A. L. Hardy, Chairman.

K. V. LELLMAN, Town Clerk.

SCHEDULE OF LICENCE FEES.

PETROL STORAGE BY-LAWS.

Licence to import petrol from any source	into the	e Town	of Stan	ley		£5 (). ().
Licence to store petrol in a warehouse app	roved b	y the C	Council	***		nil.	
Licence to store petrol in a fixed pump	***	***			***	nil.	
Licence to deal in or sell petrol	444	***			***	nil.	

PETROL LICENCE CONDITIONS.

- 1. No person shall in any licensed warehouse
 - (a) have any matches or any implements for producing flame or fire;
 - (b) bring or use any artificial light of any description except a light incapable of igniting an inflammable vapour outside of the lamp itself;
- 2. An adequate quantity of sand in suitable receptacles to the satisfaction of the Council shall be maintained in every licensed warehouse.
- 3. All petrol stored in tins or drums shall be kept and stored in a non-inflammable room fitted with a non-inflammable door approved by the Council.
- 4. Any tin or drum found to be in a leaking or damaged condition shall immediately be removed to a place of safety in the open air.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.

SEPTEMBER 1, 1949.

No. 12.

	NEW	APPOINT	IENTS.			
Name	Department	Office	Date		Reme	urks
Walker, H.	Public Works	Painter	4.8.49	Develo	pment	Programme.
Simpson, J. G.		Carpenter	4.8.49		.,	,,
Saunders, J. J.	Education	Teacher	4.8.49		**	**
Emerson, N.			28.8.49			
	CONFIRMATI	ON OF AP	POINTMEN	TS.		
	Department	0,0	ice	Date		Remarks
Biggs, Miss T.	Education	Pupil Te	acher	9.2.48	Nev	v Conditions
Luxton, Miss A. 1.			,,	9.2.48	**	.,
Luxton, Miss J.		**		25.5.48	**	,,
Reive, Miss D.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Telephor	e Operator	1.2.49	,,	**
Williams, Miss V.	Education	Pupil Tea	cher	1.11.47	Old	Conditions.
	TERMINATIO	N OF APP	OINTMENT	S.		
	Department	0	<i>ffice</i>	Date		Reason
Roberts, Miss W. M.	Secretariat		ary Clerk	31.8.49		Resigned.
Wallace, Mrs. 1.	Education	Assistan	t Teacher	31.8.49		Resigned.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of the Officer Administering the Government.

R. WINTER.

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 42.

8th August, 1949.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:—

- Ordinance No. 7 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939".
- Ordinance No. 9 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to authorise the Levy of a General Rate and a Water Rate in Stanley".
- Ordinance No. 13 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1938".

- Ordinance No. 15 of 1948, entitled "The United Nations Privileges Ordinance, 1948".
- Ordinance No. 16 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the Nomination and Election of Members to the Legislative Council".
- Ordinance No. 17 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Stanley Town Council Ordinance".
- Ordinance No. 18 of 1948, entitled "The Stanley Town Council (Powers) Ordinance, 1948"
- Ordinance No. 1 of 1949, entitled "Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1949".

M.Ps. 0747, 0653, 0038/II, 85/46, 0068/A, 0039/III, 0039/E & 0831.

No. 43.

15th August, 1949.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

CADETSHIPS AND APPRENTICESHIPS.

The Air Council of the Royal Air Force has decided to make provision for the nomination each year of a limited number of candidates from the Colonies for Cadetships at the Royal Air Force College at Cranwell, and for Royal Air Force Apprenticeships.

Persons interested may obtain further details from the Colonial Secretary's Office.

M.P. P/392.

No. 44.

16th August, 1949.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 8th of August, 1949. His Honour the Officer Administering the Government returned on the 15th of August, 1949.

M.P. 1088.

No. 45.

24th August, 1949.

The attention of all boat owners is drawn to Sections 2 and 3 of the Government Wharves Ordinance, 1911, which provide that any person who shall take any vessel alongside a Government wharf without the permission of the Harbour Master or who shall not pay the wharfage dues to the Harbour Master shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £10 for each offence.

M.P. 1108.

No. 46.

27th August, 1949.

His Honour the Officer Administering the Government has regretfully accepted the resignation of Jason Hansen, Esquire, from the office of Justice of the Peace on the grounds of ill health.

M P 0457

No. 47.

31st August, 1949.

The undermentioned officers were absent on vacation leave from the 7th of March, 1949, to the 27th of August, 1949 both dates inclusive:—

Mr. A. Mercer Mr. B. Fleuret

MR. T. HOOLEY.

M.Ps. 1/118, L/200, L/18.

NOTIFICATION.

REGISTRATION OF UNITED KINGDOM TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE, 1938.

It is hereby notified for public information that Ordinance No. 16 of 1938, entitled "The Registration of United Kingdom Trade Marks Ordinance, 1938" becomes operative with effect from the date hereof.

18th August, 1949.

Order by the Officer Administering the Government varying the Schedule to the Administration of Estates by Consular Officers Ordinance, 1940.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER,

No. 2 of 1949.

Officer Administering the Government.

By virtue of the powers vested in him by Section 3 of the Administration of Estates by Consular Officers Ordinance, 1940, His Honour the Officer Administering the Government is pleased to order that the States of Estonia and Japan shall be deleted from the Schedule to that Ordinance.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 1949.

By Command,

R. WINTER,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 38/40.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, ESQUIRE, to be the Deputy for the Officer Administering the Government of the said Colony.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER - By the Honourable Michael Robert Raymer, Esquire, Officer Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c.

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1948, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 8th day of August. 1949, for the purpose of visiting certain places on the East and West Falkland Islands;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MICHAEL ROBERT RAYMER, Officer Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, Acting Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 8th day of August, 1949.

By Command of the

Officer Administering the Government,

R. WINTER,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

The Post Office Ordinance, 1898.

Telephone and Telegraph Rules.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER,

Officer Administering the Government.

Wires under supervision of Supervisor E. & T. Dept.

1. Every telephone and telegraph line or wire erected shall be subject to the control of the Supervisor of the Electrical and Telegraph Department (hereinafter called "the Supervisor").

No private line without approval of Governor. 2. Any person who shall erect any telephone or telegraph or electrical line or wire without the approval of the Governor first obtained shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £25 and the Court may order that such line or wire shall be forfeited.

Applications for telephone.

3. Every application for a telephone shall be made to the Supervisor and upon the application being approved the applicant shall enter into an agreement to pay rent for a period not less than one year.

Telephone rentals.

- 4. (1) The rentals for subscribers on the Stanley Telephone Circuit shall be
 - (a) if on a single line £5:5:0 per annum for each instrument;
 - (b) if on a party line serving two instruments £3:10:0 per annum for each instrument;
 - (c) if on a party line serving three instruments £3:0:0 per annum for each instrument:
 - (d) if on a party line serving four or more instruments—£2:10:0 per annum for each instrument.
 - (2) Rentals shall be paid in advance.

Power of Governor to reduce or remit in individual cases. 5. The Governor may reduce or remit the rentals in Rule 4 in any individual case as he may deem fit.

Rental for extensions.

- 6. (1) The rentals for each extension to other premises occupied by the subscriber operated by switch in Stanley, shall be—
 - (a) when not more than 110 yards from the original instrument £1:10:0 per annum;
 - (b) when not more than 440 yards from the original instrument £2:10:0 per annum.
- (2) No extension shall be granted in respect of any premises more than 440 yards from the original instrument nor to premises not in the occupation of the subscriber.
 - (3) The rentals shall be paid in advance.

Rental includes

7. The rental shall include (except in the case of Camp and private lines) fixing and maintaining the necessary wire and instruments and all calls.

Call Box rate.

8. Calls may be originated and received at the Public Call Box at the Exchange Stanley on prepayment to the operator of 3d. for each service not exceeding five minutes and 3d. for each succeeding five minutes or part thereof.

9. A subscriber shall be responsible to the Government for the proper care of the telephone receiver and all other telephone equipment installed on the premises occupied by him and shall be liable for any damage thereto unless caused by circumstances beyond his control.

Damage to telephone equipment.

10. (1) Any private long distance line on East Falkland, may, with the permission of the Governor and at the expense of the owner, be connected with the Telephone Exchange, Stanley.

Private telephone lines.

- (2) The subscription for such connection shall be £5:5:0 per annum for each separate Camp Station, whether connected to the Exchange, Stanley, by direct private line, or by an extended line. The subscription shall be paid in advance, and will include any farm cottage belonging to the Camp Station, connected with the private line.
- (3) Every telephone instrument on a private long distance line connected with the Telephone Exchange, Stanley, shall be fitted with an inter-through switch, and the nearest instrument in actual circuit along the line from the Exchange shall be the instrument for the call.
- (4) The Government, and, subject to any objection on the part of the owner, any subscriber to the Telephone Exchange, Stanley, may use free of charge, any private long distance line connected with the Telephone Exchange.
- 11. All instruments, wire and assessories on any private line or any private long distance line shall be supplied at the cost of the owner of the line, and the line instruments etc., shall be erected and maintained by the owner at his entire cost.

Maintenance of private lines.

12. Any person other than a Government employee who shall make any alteration to or connection with a Government wire or instrument shall commit an offence and shall be liable, in addition to the cost of reinstatement of such wire or instrument, to a fine not exceeding £5.

Non-interference with Government equipment.

13. No call except for medical or police services shall be made between the hours of 10 p.m. and 8 a.m.

Urgent Calls.

14. Government will maintain the telephone circuit in Stanley but shall not be held responsible for a breakdown in the service owing to any cause whatsoever nor shall any subscriber be entitled to claim rebate in the rental in respect thereof.

Maintenance of service.

15. Subscribers shall report any complaints and irregularities to the Supervisor.

Complaints.

16. (1) In the event of any subscriber not paying the relative rentals provided for under these Rules within one month of the due date of payment his wire shall, without further notice to him, be disconnected and shall not be reconnected until he has paid the said rent and a reconnection fee of 5/-.

Non-payment of rent.

- (2) Should any subscriber not pay the said rent within three months of the said date of payment the Government will remove his instrument and all telephone wires in connection therewith and the instrument shall not be reinstalled until the said rent and all costs of reinstatement have been paid.
- (3) In addition to such disconnection or removal Government may claim a proportionate part of the rent of the instrument for the period during which it has been installed on a subscribers premises.

Interpretation.

- 17. In these Rules where the context so admits:
- "subscriber" means the person who is responsible to Government for the telephone rental under these Rules.
- "Private Long Distance Line" means a telephone line extending beyond Stanley erected and maintained by the owner at his entire cost.

Rescission.

18. The Telephone and Telegraph Rules made on the 2nd day of January 1918 are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Council under the provisions of the Post Office Ordinance, 1898, this 19th day of August, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Executive Council.



The Falkland Islands Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.

SEPTEMBER 30, 1949.

No. 13.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To consolidate and amend the law as to Licensing.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

PART I. - PRELIMINARY.

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Licensing Ordinance, S
 - 2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits -

"auctioneer" means any person selling by public auction any goods, chattels or land whether in lots or otherwise;

"billiard table licence" means a licence to keep and maintain billiard and/or bagatelle tables for hire on the premises and on the days and between the hours specified in the licence;

"cigarette" includes cut tobacco rolled up in paper, tobacco leaf or other material in such form as to be capable of immediate use for smoking;

"club" means a society of persons associated together for social intercourse or for the promotion of politics, sport, art, science or literature or similar purposes.

Short title.

Interpretation.

- "club licence" means a licence for the sale of intoxicating liquor to members of a club and to the guests of such members only on the premises of the club but the holder thereof shall not be restricted to the hours specified in section 35 hereof;
- "intoxicating liquor" means spirits, wine, beer, porter, cider, perry, and any fermented distilled or spirituous liquor which cannot, according to any law for the time being in force, be sold without a licence:
- "licensed premises" means premises in respect of which a licence has been granted and is in force:
- "licensing authority" means the officer in charge of the Treasury in the Colony and, in the Dependencies, the Administrative Officer, in South Georgia;
- "packet licence" means a licence to the master of the vessel therein mentioned to sell any intoxicating liquor during a voyage to any passenger subject in the case of voyages directly from and to places within the Colony no intoxicating liquor on which the proper duties of Customs have not been paid shall
- "publican's retail licence" means a licence for the sale of any intoxicating liquor in any quantity less than two gallons for consumption on or off licensed premises;
- "still" means any apparatus susceptible of being used for the manufacture or rectifying of spirits and includes any part of such apparatus;
- "tobacco" includes eigarettes, eigars, eigarillos, smoking mixtures and snuff;
- "wholesale licence" means a licence for the sale of any intoxicating liquor for consumption off the licensed premises.

Kinds of licences.

3. (1) The licensing authority may, subject as hereinafter mentioned, grant the following licences upon payment of the fees respectively set out against them:

Publican's retail		£15	:	0	;	0.
Billiard table (each table)]()		
Packet	+	5	:	()	:	0.
Wholesale		30	:	()	:	0.
Club		10	:	()	:	0.
Tobacco (for Stanley and with						
15 miles thereof by land or		3	:	0	:	0.
Tobacco (outside the above lin	nit)	1	:	10	:	0.
Auctioneer	4.5	5	:	()	:	().
,, (occasional)]	;	0	:	0.

Duration.

Form.

Fees.

- (2) (a) Packet, wholesale, tobacconist's, club, and auctioneer's (other than an occasional licence) licences shall be in force for twelve months and publican's retail and billiard table licences shall be in force for six months.
- An auctioneer's occasional licence shall be in force only for the day of the particular auction in respect of which it is granted.
- (3) All licences shall be in such form, contain such particulars and be subject to such conditions as the licensing authority may deem appropriate.

PART II. - INTOXICATING LIQUOR LICENCES.

Licences already held to be subject to this Ordinance.

4. All licences held at the commencement of this Ordinance, and all licensed premises and licensed persons holding, or in respect of which a licence shall be held at the commencement of this Ordinance, shall, except where otherwise specially provided, be under and subject to the provisions of this Ordinance.

5. Nothing in this Ordinance shall apply to any person selling any spirituous or distilled perfume, bona-fide as perfumery, nor to the prescription or administration of any liquor simply as medicine, or for medicinal purposes by or under the direction of any registered medical practitioner, nor to any person who holds a licence as auctioneer, selling liquor at public auction in quantities of not less than two gallons at any one time.

Ordinance not to apply in certain cases.

6. No person shall sell or expose for sale any intoxicating liquor without being duly licensed to sell the same, or at any place where he is not duly authorised to sell the same, and any person who shall (except as the agent or servant of a licensed person, and then only in accordance with such person's licence) sell any liquor without a licence authorising such sale shall commit an offence and be liable to forfeit all liquor and the containers in his possession.

No liquor to be sold without licence.

7. (1) Any person applying for a new publican's retail or packet licence shall advertise notice of his application setting out the name and address of the applicant, the type of licence for which he intends to apply, the premises in respect of which the application is made and the date of application in the Gazette, and on the official notice board in Stanley, and in a paper circulating in the Colony not less than 24 days before making the application.

Application for new publican's retail or packet licence.

(2) The licensing authority may on the requirements of subsection (1) hereof having been complied with grant a licence provided that no objection as provided for in section 8 shall have been upheld by the Justices under section 9 hereof.

Objections.

8. Objection to the grant or renewal of a licence may be taken on the ground that the applicant is of bad character or of drunken habits or has within the preceding year forfeited a licence, or within the preceding three years been convicted of selling intoxicating liquor without a licence, or that the premises are not structurally suitable to the class of licence which is required or that the premises are in the immediate vicinity of a place of worship, hospital or school or that the premises are not maintained to the required standard or that there are sufficient licensed premises to supply the needs of the neighbourhood.

Notices and hearing of objections.

- 9. (1) Notice of any objection to the grant or renewal of a licence stating the ground thereof shall be given to the Magistrate, the licensing authority and the applicant within 21 days of publication of the notice in the Gazette as provided in section 7 (1) hereof.
- (2) Objections to the grant or renewal of licences shall be heard and determined by the Magistrate sitting with not less than two nor more than four Justices within seven days of the receipt of the notice of objection or within the said period of 21 days whichever shall be the later: Provided that no Justice holding or interested in a licence under this Ordinance shall adjudicate.
- (3) When an objection to the grant of a licence is upheld by the Justices an applicant shall not nor shall any person when the objection is on the ground of the unsuitability or otherwise of the premises apply for the grant or renewal of a licence within twelve months of the date of such decision.
- 10. (1) Any person who thinks himself aggrieved by the refusal of the justices to grant or renew a publican's retail or packet licence may appeal to the Supreme Court upon giving notice in writing to the Magistrate of his intention to appeal and of the grounds thereof within five days of the decision of the Justices.

and

Appeals.

- (2) The order of the Supreme Court shall be final and conclusive.
- (3) The Supreme Court may make such order as to costs or otherwise as it may deem fit and issue process for enforcing the order.

Renewal of licences.

11. All licences held at the commencement of this Ordinance or granted during its operation may be renewed without publication of the notices as required under section 7: Provided that any objection thereto is not upheld by the Justices.

Special licences.

12. The Magistrate may, at his discretion, grant on any special occasion to the holder of a publican's retail licence a special licence authorising such publican to keep his premises open during the hours specified on such special licence, and there shall be paid into the Treasury, on the issue of such special licence, the following fees –

In respect of a licence authorising premises to be kept open during any period prohibited under section 35:

- (a) between mid-day and mid-night, each and any hour or part of an hour, five shillings, and
- (b) after mid-night, each and any hour or part of an hour, ten shillings.

Occasional licence.

13. The Magistrate may, at his discretion, grant to any person an occasional licence for the sale of intoxicating liquors at such place, in such quantities, and for such period of time not exceeding three consecutive days, as may be specified in such licence, and on the issue of any such licence there shall be paid into the Treasury a fee at the rate of ten shillings per diem in respect of any place within three miles of a public-house, and five shillings per diem in respect of any other place.

Provided that no such licence shall be granted except with the consent of the occupier of the place specified in such licence.

Name of licensed person to be affixed to premises. 14. Every licensed person shall cause to be painted or fixed, and shall keep painted or fixed on the front of the premises in respect of which his licence is granted, in a conspicuous place, and in letters at least three inches in height, his name, with the addition after the name of the word "licensed" and of words sufficient to express the business for which his licence has been granted, and no person shall have any words or letters on his premises importing that he is licensed in any way other than that in which he is in fact duly licensed. Every licensed person who acts in contravention or, who fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall commit an offence.

Retail dealers not to keep a store.

15. Any person licensed to sell liquor by retail in Stanley, or in any town who shall directly or indirectly keep a store, or sell or barter goods on the premises for which a retail licence has been granted under this Ordinance, shall commit an offence and be liable to forfeit his licence. Provided that this section shall not apply in the case of a licensed person supplying meals or provisions to be consumed on the licensed premises or selling tobacco under licence.

Samples of liquor may be taken for test purposes. 16. Any constable may enter upon any premises where liquor is kept or stored for the purposes of sale and take samples of any such liquor to be tested, and any person refusing to furnish liquor required with this object, or who may interfere with, impede, resist or obstruct the officer in the discharge of his duty shall commit an offence.

Sanitary precautions.

17. Every holder of a publican's retail licence shall thoroughly cleanse and disinfect all the rooms, passages, stairs, floors, walls, ceilings, closets, cesspools and drains of the licensed premises to the satisfaction of and as required by or in accordance with the directions of any inspector.

Dancing etc. on licensed premises.

18. (1) Any licensed person who shall permit any part of the licensed premises or the appurtenances thereto to be used or occupied for the purposes of singing, dancing or theatrical entertainment without a licence provided for in sub-section (2) hereof shall commit an offence and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

- (2) The Magistrate may at his discretion grant to any licensed person a licence permitting such person to use a specified part of licensed premises or the appurtenances thereto (but not the whole) for the purposes of singing, dancing or theatrical entertainment on a day and within stated hours upon payment of a licence fee of five shillings.
- 19. Any person holding a wholesale licence or transfer thereof who shall sell or suffer to be sold any intoxicating liquor for consumption on the licensed premises and any person holding a publican's retail licence or transfer thereof who shall sell or suffer to be sold on the licensed premises to any person at one time intoxicating liquor amounting to or exceeding two gallons or to be convicted of any offence against the law for the proper regulation and good order of the licensed premises occupied by him or against the conditions of his licence shall in addition to any penalty on account of such offence be liable to forfeit his licence. Provided that any person holding both wholesale and retail licences may sell liquor either by wholesale or retail on the same premises.

Liability to revocation of licence on conviction.

20. Any master employing journeymen, workmen, servants or labourers, who shall pay or cause any payment to be made to any such journeymen, workmen, servants or labourers in any licensed premises or in any house in which intoxicating liquor is sold shall commit an offence. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall extend to any licensed person paying his own journeymen, workmen, servants or labourers employed solely in his business as licensed person in his licensed house.

Penalty for paying wages in licensed premises.

21. No licensed person shall recover any debt or demand on account of any liquor supplied by him to any person for consumption on the premises; but such licensed person may sue for and recover the value of any liquor supplied in moderate quantity with meals to any person bonut fide lodging in his house.

No debts for liquor recoverable.

22. (1) Any licensed person who shall receive in payment or as a pledge for any liquor or entertainment supplied in or from his licensed premises anything except current money, shall commit an offence. The person to whom belongs anything given as a pledge as aforesaid shall have the same remedy for recovering such pledge or the value thereof as if it had never been pledged.

Liquor to be sold for money only.

- (2) No licensed person shall receive payment in advance for any liquor to be supplied; and any payment so made in advance may be recovered notwithstanding that any liquor may have been supplied subsequently to such payment.
- 23. (1) Any person holding a publican's retail licence or a club licence who shall permit any person apparently under the age of 18 years to enter or remain in any bar in such licensed premises shall commit an offence and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

Persons under 18 years not to enter bars or licensed premises.

- (2) Any person under the age of 18 years who shall enter a bar in any premises in respect of which a publican's retail or club licence is held and anyone taking such person into such bar shall commit an offence.
- 24. Any person who sells or delivers any intoxicating liquor to any person apparently under the age of 18 years for consumption on or off licensed premises shall commit an offence.

25. Any licensed person who knowingly harbours or suffers to remain on his premises any constable during any part of the time appointed for such constable being on duty, unless for the purpose of keeping or restoring order or in execution of his duty, or supplies any liquor or refreshments, whether by way of gift or sale, to any constable on duty, unless by the authority of some superior officer of such constable or bribes or attempts to bribe any constable shall commit an offence and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

Sale etc. of intoxicating liquor to persons under the age of 18 years.

Penalty for harbouring constable.

Supply of liquor to drunkards prohibited.

26. Where it shall appear to a court that any person by excessive drinking of liquor misspends, wastes or lessens his or her estate, or greatly injures his or her health, or endangers or interrupts the peace and happiness of his or her family, the Magistrate or any two Justices may by writing under their hands, forbid any licensed person to sell to him or her any liquor for a period not exceeding one year, and such Magistrate or Justices or any other two Justices may, at the same time or any other time, in like manner, prohibit the selling of any such liquor to the said drunkard by any such licensed persons of any other district to which such drunkard shall or may be likely to resort for the same.

Prohibition renewable.

27. The Magistrate or any two Justices may renew any such prohibition as aforesaid as to all such persons as have not in their opinion reformed within the period specified and if any licensed person shall during any period of prohibition, after service of a copy thereof upon him or with a knowledge thereof in other manner acquired, sell to any such prohibited person any liquor he shall commit an offence.

Penalties.

28. Any person

- (a) against whom an order of prohibition has been made under section 26 or renewed under section 27 of this Ordinance who shall, within the currency of such order, or any renewal thereof be in any place where liquor be sold by retail; or
- (b) who, being the holder of any retail liquor licence, shall suffer any such prohibited person to be in the place so licensed; or
- (c) who sells, supplies or distributes intoxicating liquor or authorises such sale, supply or distribution to any such prohibited person, shall commit an offence.

Provided that the Magistrate hearing a charge under this section, upon being satisfied that the person charged did not wilfully contravene the provisions of this section, or used every effort to prevent a prohibited person from being or remaining on his premises and immediately gave information thereof to the police, may dismiss the charge against such person.

Drunkard may not procure liquor.

- 29. When any person against whom a prohibition order has been made or renewed under section 26 or 27 of this Ordinance shall
 - (a) send or in any way influence any person to procure him liquor; or
 - (b) be found in possession of any liquor; or
 - (c) be found drunk in Stanley,

he shall commit an offence.

Sales by auction forbidden on licensed premises. 30. Any licensed person who shall permit any sale by auction to be made on his premises shall commit an offence.

Penalty for permitting gaming.

31. Any licensed person who suffers any unlawful game or any raffle, lottery or betting to be carried on in his premises, or opens, keeps or uses or suffers his premises to be opened, kept or used for the purpose of fighting or baiting any dog, cock or other kind of animal whether of domestic or wild nature, shall commit an offence. The penalty shall be irrespective of and in addition to any other penalties to which any person may be liable under any law relating to gaming or cruelty to animals.

Forfeiture of licence for permitting house to be a brothel.

32. Any licensed person who permits his premises to be used as a brothel shall commit an offence and he shall forfeit his licence and be disqualified for any period from holding any licence for the sale of liquors.

33. Any licensed person may refuse to admit to and may turn out of the premises in respect of which his licence be granted any person who is drunken or who is violent, quarrelsome or disorderly, whether drunken or not, and any person whose presence on his premises would subject him to a penalty under this Ordinance, and may refuse to serve any such person with liquor if demanded only as a pretext for remaining on the premises.

Power to exclude persons from premises and to refuse liquor.

34. Any person who, upon being requested by a licensed person or his agent or servant or any constable to quit, such premises, refuses or fails to do so, shall commit an offence, and any constable shall on the demand of such licensed person, agent or his servant, expel or assist in expelling every such person from such premises and may use such force as may be required for that purpose.

Penalty for refusing to quit premises on demand.

35. All premises in which intoxicating liquors are sold by retail shall be open for the following hours only:

On week-days from 11 a.m. until 1 p.m. and from 5.30 p.m. until 10 p.m.

On Sundays, Christmas Day & Good Friday from 12 noon until 2 p.m.

Provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor by Order-in-Council to vary the said hours.

36. Any person who, during the time at which licensed premises are directed to be closed by or in pursuance of this Ordinance, sells or exposes for sale on such premises, any liquor, or opens, or keeps open such premises for the sale of liquors, or allows any liquors although purchased before the hours of closing, to be consumed on such premises, or during such aforesaid time allows any one whomsoever to play at billiards or bagatelle, or any other game on such premises, and any person other than one bona-fide lodging in such premises who shall consume any liquor or play any game as aforesaid during such time shall commit an offence.

Penalty for sale of liquor at unauthorised times

37. The occupier of any unlicensed premises on which any liquor is sold, if such premises are occupied by more than one person, every occupier thereof shall, if he was privy or consenting to the sale, commit an offence.

Occupier of unlicensed premises liable for the sale of liquor.

38. (1) If any purchaser of any liquor from a person who is not licensed to sell the same to be drunk on the premises, drinks such liquor on the premises where the same is sold, the seller of such liquor shall, if it shall appear that the drinking was with his privity and consent, commit an offence.

Seller liable for drinking on premises contrary to licence.

- (2) For the purposes of this section the expression "premises where the same is sold" shall include the premises adjoining, or near the premises where the liquor is sold, if belonging to the seller or under his control, or used by his premises.
- 39. (1) If any person having a licence to sell liquors, not to be drunk on the premises, himself takes or carries, or employs or suffers any other person to take or carry any liquor out of, or from the premises of such licensed person, for the purpose of being sold on his account, or for his benefit or profit, and of being drunk or consumed in any other house, or in any tent, shed or other building of any kind whatever, belonging to such licensed person, or hired, used or occupied by him, or on or in any place, whether enclosed or not, and whether or not a public thoroughfare, such shall be deemed to have been consumed by the purchasers thereof on the premises of such licensed person with his privity and consent, and such licensed person shall commit an offence.

(2) In any proceeding under this section it shall not be necessary to prove that the premises, or place or places to which such

Evasion of law as to drinking on premises contrary to licence.

liquor is taken to be drunk, belonged to or were hired, used or occupied by the seller, if proof is given to the satisfaction of the Court, that such liquor was taken to be consumed thereon or therein, with intent to evade the conditions of his licence.

Penalty on internal communication with unlicensed premises.

- 40. (1) Every person who makes or uses, or allows to be made or used, any internal communication between any licensed premises and any unlicensed premises which are used for public entertainment or resort, or as a refreshment house, shall commit an offence.
- (2) Any holder of a licence convicted under this section shall in addition to a penalty, be liable to forfeit his licence.

No bars beyond the number licensed to be used.

- 41. (1) No bar, beyond the number stated on a publican's licence shall be opened or used in or upon the licensed premises, except with the consent of the Magistrate, which consent shall be endorsed on the licence.
- (2) Any person who shall open or use any additional bar for the sale of liquors, or shall knowingly permit the same to be opened or used for such sale, without such consent and endorsement as aforesaid and without having paid a licence fee at the rate of five pounds per annum for each additional bar, shall be deemed to have been guilty of selling without a licence.

Club not to sell liquor without licence.

- 42. Any person operating or controlling a club or taking an active interest therein or being a member official or servant thereof who shall sell or cause to be sold any liquor on any premises occupied by a club, whether permanently or temporarily, without first obtaining a club licence shall commit an offence.
- 43. In any proceedings relative to an offence under this Ordinance it shall not be necessary, when the sale or consumption of liquor is involved, for the prosecution to prove that any money actually passed or liquor was actually consumed. The Court may be satisfied by evidence that a transaction in the nature of a sale actually took place, or that any consumption of liquor was about to take place, and proof of consumption or intended consumption of liquor on premises to which a licence is attached by some person, other than the occupier of or a servant in such premises, shall be evidence that the liquor was sold to the person consuming, or being about to consume, or carrying away the same by or on behalf of the holder of the licence.

Unlawful sale of liquor provable by purchaser thereof.

44. The evidence of any person shall be admitted in proof of unlawful sale of liquor, although he may have himself purchased the same, and such evidence shall be sufficient to support a conviction for such offence.

Persons deemed unlicensed if not producing licence.

- 45. (1) In all proceedings against any person for selling or allowing to be sold any liquor without a licence, such person may be deemed to be unlicensed, unless he shall at the hearing of the case produce his licence.
- (2) The fact of any person, not being a licensed person, keeping up any sign, writing, painting or other mark in or near to his house or premises, or having such house fitted up with a bar or other place containing bottles or casks displayed so as to induce a reasonable belief that such house or premises is or are licensed for the sale of any liquor, or that any is sold or served therein, or of there being on such premises more liquor than is reasonably required for the use of the persons residing therein, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the unlawful sale of liquor by such person.

Penalty for permitting drunkenness. 46. (1) Any licensed person who permits drunkenness or any violent quarrelsome, or riotous conduct to take place on his premises, or sells any liquor to any person already in a state of intoxication, or by any means encourages and incites any person to drink shall commit an offence.

- (2) Any person who is drunken, violent, quarrelsome or disorderly and refuses or fails to quit licensed premises in pursuance of a request by the licensed person his servant or agent so to do shall commit an offence.
- 47. (1) Every house for which a publican's licence shall be granted shall be considered as a common inn, and no goods or chattels whatsoever bona fide the property of any lodger or stranger, and being in such licensed house, or the appurtenances thereof, or any place used and occupied therewith in the ordinary course of resort at such licensed house, shall be subject to be distrained or seized for or in respect of any claim for rent for such licensed house or appurtenances or in respect of any other claim whatsoever against the said house or appurtenances or the owner or occupier thereof.
- (2) If any such goods or chattels shall be distrained or seized for rent, or in any other manner contrary to the provisions hereof the Magistrate, or any two Justices may inquire into any complaint made in such respect in a summary manner and order such goods or chattels to be restored to the owner thereof, and order the payment of such reasonable costs as shall be incurred by such proceedings.
- 48. No publican shall be liable to make good to a guest any loss of, or injury to, goods or property brought to his licensed premises or to a greater amount than £30 unless
 - (a) the goods or property shall have been stolen, lost, or injured through the wilful act, default, or neglect of such licensee or his servant in his employ;
 - (b) the goods or property shall have been deposited expressly for safe custody with such licensee.

Provided always that in the case of such deposit the licensee may require as a condition of his liability that such goods or property shall be deposited in a box or other receptacle, fastened and sealed by the person depositing the same.

- 49. No claim for money lent or goods sold to any lodger or customer shall be recoverable by any publican before any court.
- 50. Every licensed publican who fails to provide suitable accommodation, with bed and board, for at least one traveller shall commit an offence.
- 51. (1) No publican's retail licence shall be granted to any person until an accurate description of the premises in writing, with a diagram or plan of the same attached thereto, shall have been furnished by the applicant, and approved by the Magistrate and in the case of premises in Stanley, by the Stanley Town Council, and in the case of premises not in Stanley by the Board of Health and should the description so furnished by such applicant be found to be false or inaccurate in any material fact the party making such false or inaccurate statement shall commit an offence and forfeit any licence which may have been granted to him by reason of such false or inaccurate description.
- (2) The description given by the applicant shall in all cases be endorsed on or embodied in the licence.
- 52. (1) Any person holding a publican's retail licence who shall remove from the premises described in the licence to any other premises or make any structural alteration which gives increased facilities for drinking or conceals from observation any part of the premises used for drinking or which affects the communication between the part of the premises where intoxicating liquor is sold and any other part of the premises or any street or public way without the approval of the Magistrate and the Board of Health or Stanley Town Council, as the case may be, shall forfeit his licence unless he

Protection of property of guests.

Money lent to lodgers or customers not recoverable by law.

To provide accommodation for at least one traveller.

Accurate description of premises to be given.

Removal and alteration of premises.

shall return to the premises described in the licence or restore the premises to their original condition within a time fixed by the Magistrate.

(2) Objections to the removal of a publican's retail licence may be made in the manner and on the grounds herein provided in respect of objections to the grant of a licence.

Transfer of retail licences.

53. No publican's retail licence shall be transferred to any person except with the consent in writing of the Magistrate, and on the production by the person to whom the licence is proposed to be transferred of a certificate of good character and fitness signed by two Justices not holding licences under this part of this Ordinance.

Approval of Managers and Agents.

54. Any person holding a publican's retail licence who employs another person as his manager or agent without the approval of the Magistrate first obtained and endorsed on the licence and any person so acting without such approval and endorsement shall commit an offence.

Provision in case of the death of licensee. 55. In the case of the death of any person holding a publican's retail licence, his widow, or any executor or administrator, or person appointed by them may, subject to the approval of the Magistrate endorsed by him on the licence in writing carry on the business of the deceased on the licensed premises until the expiration of the licence.

Governor or Justices may order licensed houses to be closed. 56. The Governor, the Magistrate, or any two Justices of the peace, may when any riot, tunult, breach of the peace or disorderly conduct shall happen, or be expected to take place, order any person holding a publican's retail licence, or transfer thereof, to close his house when and for so long as the Governor, the Magistrate, or the Justices shall direct and if any such licensed person shall keep his house open during such time he shall commit an offence.

Searching unlicensed premises.

Upon reasonable cause of suspicion that any liquor is in or upon any house, premises, vessel or boat, which has been illegally sold, or is there for the purpose of illegal sale, or that any person is there illegally purchasing liquor, it shall be lawful for any constable or constables, to enter and search any such house, premises, vessel or boat, or any part thereof at any hour; and it shall be lawful for any Justice to grant a warrant to search any such house, premises, vessel or boat, and any constable or constables or such person to whom such warrant may be addressed may and shall seize and remove to the police office all such liquor, together with the casks or bottles, and packages containing the same as shall be found there, and may arrest any person found there illegally purchasing or selling liquor; and the Magistrate or any two Justices before whom the case shall be heard may, in addition to any penalty which he may impose, declare such liquor, together with the casks or bottles and packages containing the same, to be, and the same shall thereupon be forfeited to the use of His Majesty, unless the defendant shall prove that such liquor was not illegally sold, or there for the purpose of illegal sale.

Constables may stop any person removing liquor. 58. Any person who shall knowingly remove or convey any liquor for the purpose of being or that shall have been illegally sold shall commit an offence. It shall be lawful for any constable to stop any person conveying in any manner any liquor, and if such person shall not upon request satisfy the constable that such liquor has not been illegally removed or sold as aforesaid, to detain and convey such person and liquor, together with the packages, before the Magistrate, or any two Justices and to seize and take into his possession the horse, cart, boat, vessel or other conveyance used in removing the same; and if such person shall not satisfy the Magistrate or Justices that such liquor had not been illegally removed or sold as aforesaid, they may declare the same to be forfeited to His Majesty, as well as the horse, cart, boat, vessel or other conveyance, if any, used in removing the same.

59. Any licensed person convicted of felony, perjury, or infamous offence, shall forfeit his licence. If convicted of a misdemeanour he shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

Forfeiture of licence for felony etc.

60. Any Justice holding a licence under this Ordinance who shall act as a Justice under any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall commit an offence.

No licensed person to act as a Justice.

61. Any licensed person who shall mix, or suffer to be mixed with any liquor any unwholesome ingredient, or shall receive or have in his possession any unwholesome ingredient, with intent to mix the same with any liquor, shall commit an offence and be liable to forfeit his licence, and all such unwholesome liquor and ingredients.

Adulterating liquor.

62. Where any licensed person is convicted of any offence, and in consequence either becomes personally disqualified, or has his licence forfeited, the Magistrate on the application by or on behalf of the owner of the premises in respect of which the licence was granted (where the owner is not the occupier) and upon being satisfied that such owner was not privy to, nor a consenting party to the act of the tenant, and that he has legal power to eject the tenant of such premises, may by order authorise an agent to carry on the business of such premises until the end of the period for which such licence was granted, in the same manner as if such licence had been formally transferred to such agent.

Continuance of forfeited licence to owners of premises in certain cases.

- 63. Any licensed person who shall sell by wholesale or retail any spirits of less strength than 30 underproof shall commit an offence.
- 64. Any owner, lessee, manager, or agent in charge of station may, without a licence, sell liquor to shepherds and other employees bona fide in his own employment, provided such station be at a disstance of not less than six miles from Stanley, or any other town, and provided that such liquor shall have been properly imported into the Colony and the requisite duty has been paid thereon. Any owner, lessee, manager or agent selling liquor to other than his own employees shall commit an offence.

Supply of liquor without licence by owner of stations to their employees under certain conditions.

65. (1) No person shall import or have in his possession a still without having first received the written permission of the Colonial Secretary.

Still illegal without permission.

- (2) Any Officer of Customs or Constable may enter into and search without warrant any buildings, premises, vessel or boat where there is reasonable cause to suspect that an illicit still may be found and to make such examination or enquiry as may be proper to ascertain whether any offence against this Ordinance has been committed.
- (3) Any person unlawfully importing a still into the Colony or colonial waters shall commit an offence.
- (4) Any person found unlawfully in possession of, making, erecting, concealing, or using a still shall be guilty of an offence.
- 66. The Chief Constable and all constables shall be inspectors of licensed premises under this Ordinance, and it shall be their duty to enforce and superintend the carrying out of this Ordinance in every respect.

Constables to be ex-officio inspectors.

67. Any inspector may at all times during business hours, and after such hours for reasonable cause, enter on any premises licensed under this Ordinance, and may examine every room and part of such premises, and take an account of all liquor therein, and may demand, select, and obtain any samples of liquor which may be in such house or premises, and on paying, or tendering payment for such samples of liquor may remove the same for the purpose

Inspectors may enter premises and search for adulterated drink. Penalty for obstructing inspector.

of analysis or otherwise. If any licensed or other person in charge of any premises refuses or fails to admit any inspector demanding to enter in pursuance of this section, or refuses to permit any inspector to select or obtain such samples, or refuses or fails to furnish him with such light or assistance as he may require, or obstructs such inspector, or causes or permits him to be obstructed or delayed in the discharge of his duty, such licensed or other person shall commit an offence.

Commencement of prosecutions.

68. All prosecutions under this Ordinance shall be commenced within six calendar months after the alleged offence.

Application of fines, penalties etc.

69. All forfeitures shall be sold or otherwise disposed of in such manner as the Magistrate or Justices making the order may direct, and the proceeds of such sale or disposal shall be paid into the Treasury for the use of the Government.

Penalties.

- 70. (1) Any person who commits an offence against this part of this Ordinance shall in addition to any penalty otherwise provided, be liable—
 - (a) to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months; and
 - (b) for a second offence, to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months; and
 - (c) for a third or subsequent offence, to both such lastmentioned fine and imprisonment.
- (2) If a person convicted is the holder of a licence the Court may order that particulars of the conviction be endorsed on the licence.

PART III. - BILLIARD TABLE LICENCES.

Application for grant of a billiard table licence.

71. Any person applying for a new billiard table licence shall advertise such application in the manner prescribed in section 7 (1) and such application shall be subject to the objections contained in section 8. Objections shall be heard in the manner laid down in section 9.

Special billiard licence.

72. The Magistrate may, at his discretion, grant on any special occasion to the holder of a billiard table licence a special licence, authorising such licensee to keep his premises open during the hours specified on such special licence, and there shall be paid into the Treasury, on the issue of such special licence, the following fees:—

In respect of a licence authorising premises to be kept open during any period not specified in the licence –

- (a) between mid-day and mid-night, any hour or part of an hour, two shillings and
- (b) after mid-night, any hour or part of an hour, four shillings.

Penalty for unlawful hire of billiard table.

73. Any person who shall permit or allow a billiard or bagatelle table to be used for hire on any premises for which a billiard table licence has not been obtained shall commit an offence, and shall be liable to the penalties provided for in section 70.

PART IV. - AUCTIONEERS.

Grant of licence.

- 74. (1) No person shall carry on the business of an auctioneer before he has applied and been granted a licence so to do by the licensing authority.
- (2) An auctioneer's licence shall be renewed on the ^{1st} day of January in each year.

(3) The licensing authority may grant an occasional licence to conduct a sale by public auction on a date specified on the licence.

Occasional licence.

75. Any person, who carries on the business of an auctioneer or who sells any goods or chattels or land by public auction without a licence as required under section 74 or who does not comply with the provisions hereof and the conditions of the licence shall commit an offence and be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.

Penalty on sale etc. without licence.

76. (1) An auctioneer shall retain from all proceeds of any sale by auction of any goods, chattels or land (other than agricultural implements and live animals) an amount equal to $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ of the gross proceeds of such sale and shall within seven days from the date of such sale pay such sum into the Colonial Treasury.

Payment of 2½% of goods proceeds of sale into Treasury.

Provided that the said sum shall not be deducted when any lot is bought in under the reserve price and the auctioneer shall publicly state that the lot was bought in and the licensing authority is so satisfied.

- (2) The sum provided for under subsection (1) hereof shall be recoverable from the auctioneer as a personal debt due from him to Government.
- 77. The Auctioneer shall within seven days of any public auction render to the Colonial Secretary a true and complete account in writing of the price at which each lot or article was sold and shall furnish such information relative to the auction as the Colonial Secretary may require.

Auctioneer to furnish Colonial Secretary with information as to sale.

78. No auction shall be held on board any vessel without the written permission of the Colonial Secretary unless the vessel be attached to a wharf or hulk and the public have full access thereto by jetty or gangway.

No auction on board vessel without permission.

79. This Part of this Ordinance shall not apply to an official acting on Government instructions or to a person selling under Order of any court.

This Part not applicable to Govt. officials or person acting under Order of Court.

PART V. - TOBACCO LICENCES.

80. Any person who shall directly or indirectly sell tobacco without first obtaining a licence from the Licensing Authority authorising him so to do shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £10 for each offence.

Penalty on sale without licence.

81. The Licensing Authority may, at his discretion, grant to any person an occasional licence for the sale of tobacco at such place, in such quantities, and for such period of time, not exceeding three consecutive days, as may be specified in the licence and there shall be paid a fee of two shillings and sixpence a day in respect of such licence.

Occasional licence.

82. (1) If any person sells to a person apparently under the age of sixteen years any cigarettes or cigarette papers (whether for his own use or not) or tobacco, he shall be liable in the case of a first offence to a fine not exceeding two pounds, and in the case of a second offence to a fine not exceeding five pounds, and in the case of a third or subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

Penalty for selling tobacco to children and young persons.

(2) A constable shall seize any cigarette or cigarette papers in the possession of any person apparently under the age of sixteen whom he finds smoking in any street or public place, and any cigarettes or cigarette papers so seized shall be disposed of in such manner as the Chief Constable may direct. Every constable is hereby

Forfeiture of tobacco.

Search.

Provision as to automatic machines for the sale of tobacco.

authorised to search any boy found smoking. Any girl found smoking may be conducted to and searched by the Gaol Matron.

- 83. (1) If a court is satisfied that any automatic machine for the sale of cigarettes kept on any premises is being extensively used by children or young persons, the court may order the owner of the machine or the person on whose premises the machine is kept to take such precautions to prevent the machine being so used as may be specified in the order, or, to remove the machine, within such time as may be specified in the order: Provided that any person aggrieved by such an order may appeal against it to the Judge in Chambers.
- (2) If any person against whom any such order has been made fails to comply with the order, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds, and to a further fine not exceeding one pound for each day during which the the offence continues.

PART VI. - GENERAL.

Powers of Governor in Council to make regulations.

84. The Governor in Council may from time to time make, alter, annul and revoke regulations for the more effective carrying out of the purposes of this Ordinance, and may impose penalties for the breach of any such regulations.

Application to Dependencies.

85. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

Repeals:

5 of 1853, 5 of 1911,

4 of 1944. 9 of 1944. 1 of 1946, 3 of 1948, 4 of 1948. 86. The Auctioneer's Ordinance 1853, the Licensing Ordinance (South Georgia) 1911, the Licensing Ordinance 1944, the Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance 1946, the Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance 1948, the Tobacco Ordinance 1944 and the Tobacco (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 are hereby repealed.

M.P. 1092.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Penguins Preservation Ordinance, 1914.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Penguins Preservation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Penguins Preservation Ordinance, 1914, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Sections 2 and 6.

- 2. Sections 2 and 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "2. Any person who shall take or destroy any penguins eggs without a licence under this Ordinance or contrary to the terms and conditions thereof or shall aid and abet any person not so licensed to take or destroy any penguins eggs shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding ten shillings for every egg so taken or destroyed.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Seditious Offences (Penalties) Ordinance, 1938.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Seditions Offences (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Seditious Offences (Penalties) Ordinance, 1938, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. The word "Penalties" shall be deleted from the title of the Principal Ordinance.

Amendments:

3. The words "Officer acting as legal adviser to the Governor" shall be substituted for the words "Colonial Secretary" in the last line of section 5 (2) of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 5 (2).

M.P. C/8/38.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To consolidate the law as to Land.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Land Ordinance, 1949. Short title.
- 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits:

Interpretation.

- "Deed" means any instrument affecting land in the Colony.
- "Land" means land and any messuages, tenements and buildings thereon and any estate or interest therein but does not include Crown land or minerals.
- "Court" means the Supreme Court of the Colony.
- "Registrar General" means the Registrar General at Stanley.
- "Crown land" means any land not already granted in fee simple and any land acquired by the Crown.
- "Reserve" means the land specified in section 21 and any land declared a reserve under that section.
- "Chief Constable" means the chief officer of Police at Stanley.
- "Improvement" shall include buildings, drains, wells, tanks, dams, cultivation, fencing, filling up, laying down grass, and any beneficial work done upon any land, not being a reserve, to increase its value, productiveness, or ability to carry stock.

- "Country land" means land more than six miles from the Cathedral in Stanley or from the centre of any town.
- "Town land" means land in Stanley as defined in section 138 of the Stanley Town Council Ordinance and land not more than two miles from the centre of any town.
- "Vendor" "Owner" "Mortgagor" "Mortgagee" "Lessor" "Lessor" "Transform" "Transform" includes respectively the
- "Lessee" "Transferor" "Transferee" includes respectively their heirs, executors, administrators and assigns.
- "Lease" includes the right of occupation or use of any land.
- "Minerals" mean precious stones, precious metals, metals and all minerals of any kind whatsoever including coal, bituminous shale, lime, and mineral oil.
- "Public purpose" means any purpose connected with exclusive Government use or general public use or connected with or ancillary to the public interest or utility or with or to town planning or any purpose connected with the defence of the Colony, or connected with or ancillary to naval, military or air force requirements and includes any other purpose specified as public by any enactment or which the Governor in Council may resolve to be in the public interest.

Part I. Deeds.

Conveyances.

- 3. (1) Every deed conveying the fee simple in land shall be in the form set out in Form 1 in the First Schedule hereto.
- (2) The following covenants shall be implied in every conveyance
 - (a) when the vendor is conveying as beneficial owner, for the right to convey free from incumbrances (except as therein described) for quiet enjoyment, and for further assurance;
 - (b) when the vendor is conveying as trustee, mortgagee, personal representative of a deceased person, committee of a person of unsound mind, receiver of the income of a person of unsound mind or of a defective tenant for life or under an order of the Court that he has the right to convey free from incumbrances except as therein specified limited to things done or suffered by the person so conveying or to which he has been party.

Mortgages.

- 4. (1) Every deed being the mortgage of land shall be in the form set out in Form 2 in the First Schedule.
- (2) The following covenants shall be implied in every mortgage
 - (a) on the part of the mortgagor the covenants contained in section 3 (2) (a) or (b) as the case may be;
 - (b) on the part of the mortgagee that the mortgager repaying the principal sum secured by the mortgage on the date therein mentioned and interest thereon at the rate thereby reserved the mortgagee will reconvey the mortgaged land to the mortgagor free from incumbrances.
- (3) The Mortgagee shall in default of payment of principal or interest have power to enter into possession of the mortgaged land and to receive the rents and profits thereof and to sell such land but until such default the mortgagor shall quietly enjoy such land.

5. Every deed being transfer of mortgage shall be in the form set out in Form 3 of the First Schedule and shall be endorsed on or annexed to the mortgage thereby transferred.

Transfer of Mortgage.

6. (1) When the whole sum included in the mortgage or any less sum in full satisfaction thereof is received by the mortgagee he shall endorse on the mortgage deed a reconveyance in the form set out in Form 4 in the First Schedule and upon registration thereof in accordance with section 9 the mortgage debt shall be discharged.

Reconveyance.

(2) When the mortgagee after having received or been tendered the full amount of the mortgage debt or an agreed sum in full satisfaction thereof fails to reconvey the land mortgaged the mortgager may apply to the Court for an order to cancel the mortgage and any order made by the Court shall be registered in accordance with section 9.

7. (1) Every deed being a lease (other than a Crown lease) shall be in the form set out in Form 5 in the First Schedule.

Lease.

- (2) There shall be implied in every such lease covenants on the part of the lessee with the lessor to pay rent, rates and taxes (if any), not to assign without prior written consent, to repair and on determination of the lease to leave in good repair and condition.
- (3) The lessor shall have power to enter upon the leased land and resume possession thereof upon non payment of rent or breach of any covenant but until such default the lessee shall have quiet enjoyment.
 - 8. (1) Every deed shall be signed as follows:

Execution of Deeds.

- (a) a conveyance by the vendor;
- (b) a mortgage by the mortgagor;
- (c) a transfer of mortgage by the transferor;
- (d) a reconveyance by the mortgagee;
- (e) a lease by both parties

in the presence of a Justice of the Peace, or in a foreign country a Notary Public, except in the case of a limited company when the common seal of the company shall be affixed in accordance with the articles of association of the company.

- (2) No deed shall be registered until it has been duly executed as aforesaid.
- 9. (1) Every deed, or order of the Court (other than a Crown Grant or lease of agreement for an assignment of a lease) shall be registered with the Registrar General within thirty days of the execution thereof when the party or parties executing it are resident in the Colony or within six months when such parties are not so resident.
 - Registration.
- (2) Any deed not registered as aforesaid shall be void against a subsequent purchaser or mortgagee for valuable consideration unless such deed shall be registered before registration of the deed under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim.
- (3) Every applicant for registration shall pay the appropriate fee set out in the First Part of the Second Schedule.
- (4) No deed shall be registered unless it is properly stamped in accordance with section 12 and the Third Schedule.
- 10. A copy of any registered deed certified by the Registrar General shall be admissible in evidence.
- 11. (1) Any person who considers himself lawfully entitled to be registered as the owner in fee simple in any land may petition the Court to be so registered.

Certified copy of

Fresh title.

- (2) Such petition shall be published in such manner as the Court may direct not less than three months before it is heard and copies thereof shall be served on such persons as the Court may direct.
- (3) The Court may on being satisfied as to the claim of a petitioner, make a decree nisi for the issue of a title. Such decree shall not be made absolute until after the expiration of one year from the date thereof.
- (4) Any person may show cause why it should not be made absolute at any time before it is made absolute.
- (5) On a decree being made absolute the Registrar General shall prepare a deed in the Form 6 in the First Schedule and when the Judge has countersigned such deed and the copy in the Register such title shall be indefeasible.

PART II.

STAMP DUTIES.

Charge of duties on deeds.

12. Duties shall be charged on the several deeds specified in the Third Schedule at the rate or rates respectively shewn against each such deed.

Manner of and time for payment of duty. 13. (1) All duties chargeable under this Ordinance shall be paid and denoted by an adhesive stamp or stamps affixed to the top left hand corner of the deed in the presence of the Registrar General within thirty days of the execution of the deed when the party or parties executing it are resident in the Colony or within six months when such parties are not so resident.

Penalty.

- (2) A penalty of £10, and where the unpaid duty exceeds £10 interest on the unpaid duty at the rate of £5 per centum per annum shall be paid where the deed is not stamped within the time prescribed in sub-section (1) of this section.
- (3) When more than one deed is written on the same piece of material every deed shall be separately and distinctly stamped with the duty with which it is chargeable.

Cancellation.

14. Every stamp affixed to a deed shall be cancelled by the Registrar General by impressing his seal thereon.

Penalties.

15. Any person who

- (a) fraudulently removes or causes to be removed from any deed any stamp or affixes to any other deed or uses for any postal purpose any stamp which has been so removed with intent that the stamp may be used again; or
- (b) sells or offers for sale or alters any stamp which has been so removed or utters any deed having thereon any stamp which to his knowledge has been so removed as aforesaid; or
- (c) executes any instrument in which all the facts and circumstances affecting the liability of any deed to duty on the amount of duty with which any deed is chargeable are not fully set forth; or
- (d) being employed or concerned in or about the preparation of any deed neglects or omits fully and truly to set forth therein all the said facts and circumstances

shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

The deeds to which section 12 shall apply and the persons liable for duty in respect thereof are as follows:

Persons liable for

Deed described in the

Third Schedule.

Person liable for duty.

Conveyance.

The purchaser (which term includes the person in whose favour an order of the Court is made under section 11

hereof.)

Mortgage.

Transfer of mortgage.

The mortgagee. The transferee.

Reconveyance.

The mortgagor.

Lease.

The lessee.

17. (1) Subject to any regulations which the Governor may make under this Ordinance the Registrar General shall assess the duty to be paid on any deed and may call upon the parties thereto to furnish him with such evidence as to all the facts and circumstances affecting the liability of the deed to duty as he may deem necessary.

Assessment of duty.

(2) Any person who is dissatisfied with the assessment of the Registrar General may within twenty-eight days after the date of the assessment and on payment of the duty in conformity therewith appeal against the assessment to the Court.

PART III.

CROWN LANDS.

18. Crown lands shall not, except as hereinafter mentioned, be dealt with or disposed of without the sanction of the Secretary of State.

Disposal of Crown lands.

The Governor in Council may dispose of Crown lands required for public purposes.

Disposal of land for public use.

20. The Governor in Council may refuse a lessee of any Crown lands the right of purchasing the freehold thereof.

Power of refusal to sell freehold.

21. (1) The following land shall continue to be reserves –

Reserves.

1,280 acres. In Lafonia, near Bull Point 1,540 acres. In Section 22A, West Cove 160 acres. In Pebble Island, Elephant Bay 160 acres. In Keppel Island, Bold Point 160 acres. In New Island, Tigre Harbour 145 acres. In Stanley Harbour, Navy Point

- (2) The Governor in Council may by Notice in the Gazette declare any Crown land a reserve and such declaration shall show in general terms the nature of the purpose for which such land is declared a reserve.
- (3) Should any land declared a reserve or any part thereof be subject to a lease a notice of the declaration shall be served on the lessee and the lease so far as it relates to the land so reserved shall determine at the expiration of three years from the date of publication of the Notice in the Gazette, and the Governor in Council may where the lessee is so deprived of the use of the reserved part of his holding grant a proportionate rebate of rent.
- The Governor in Council may with the approval of the Secretary of State declare a reserve to be no longer reserved and upon publication of a Notice in the Gazette to that effect such land

shall cease to be a reserve and may be dealt with as other Crown land.

Lease of reserved land.

22. Any reserve or part of a reserve may be leased for a term not exceeding three years subject, in the case of a lease to a person whose land does not adjoin the reserve, to the sanction of the Secretary of State.

Renewal of lease.

23. (1) The Governor in Council may with the approval of the Secretary of State upon the application of a lessee whose lease has expired or will expire within two years grant to him either a renewal of such lease or a new lease upon such terms and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may seem expedient but such renewal or new lease shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided, have effect until the determination of the then current lease and shall not in the case of

Country land (not being a reserve) exceed the term of 21 years. Suburban land or a reserve exceed the term of 3 years.

Town land exceed the term of 60 years.

(2) Where the Governor shall decline to renew a lease the Government shall pay the lessee the value of all improvements assessed as hereinafter provided but no compensation shall be paid for any improvement when a lease has been determined in accordance with section 27.

Disposal of land on termination of lease. 24. Where a lessee declines to accept a renewal of the lease or declines to accept a new lease upon terms approved by the Governor in Council or where a lease has been determined in accordance with section 27 the Governor may cause a new lease of the land thus reverting to the Crown to be put up to public auction or he may by private treaty grant a new lease on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Governor in Council may deem expedient.

Option to determine all leases when renewal is refused. 25. Where the Governor has declined to renew a lease the lessee may by notice in writing to the Colonial Secretary elect that all leases of Crown lands held by him shall expire on the same day as the lease which the Governor has declined to renew and thereupon all such leases shall be determined accordingly and all such leases shall be considered leases which the Governor has refused to renew.

Assessment of improvements.

26. The value of improvements as provided for in section 23 shall be assessed by two assessors one to be appointed by the Governor and one by the lessee who shall certify to the best of their knowledge and belief the value of every improvement suitable and appropriate to the leased land provided that such valuation shall not exceed the actual cost of the improvement.

In the event of the assessors failing to agree the matter shall be referred to an umpire agreed upon by such assessors or failing agreement to one appointed by the Judge of the Court who shall determine the amount of assessment.

Determination of

27. When a lessee fails to observe and perform any of the covenants and conditions on his part contained in the lease or to pay the rent reserved by the lease within one month after it has become due the said lease shall forthwith determine and it shall be lawful for the Governor or his servants or agents to re-enter upon and re-occupy the land demised by the lease and thereupon such lease shall be determined.

Reservations, restrictions and conditions.

- 28. (1) The Governor in Council may insert in any grant or lease of Crown lands such reservations, restrictions and conditions as he may deem expedient.
- (2) Every grant or lease of Crown lands shall be subject to the following reservations, restrictions and conditions unless they

are expressly excluded or are not appropriate to the particular grant or lease.

(a) No lease shall be transferred without the consent in writing of the Governor first obtained.

Transfer of lease.

To effect a transfer the lessee shall endorse and sign on the lease in the presence of a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country a Notary Public except in the case of a limited company when the Common Seal of the company shall be affixed in accordance with the articles of association of the company as follows:

"I hereby transfer to

all my right title and interest in this lease.

Dated the day of 19

The transferee shall within 30 days if the lessee is resident in the Colony or within six months if he is not resident forward the lease to the Registrar General for registration otherwise the transfer shall not be effective.

(b) Country and suburban lands shall be used for pastoral purposes only.

Country and suburban lands for pastoral purposes.

(c) The Governor and any person acting under his authority may search for, excavate and take away any stone or other materials which may be required for any public road, public utility or convenience.

Government may take stones etc.

(d) All minerals are reserved to the Government of the Falkland Islands with full liberty at all times to search for, mine, quarry and carry away the same and for that purpose to enter upon the land or any part thereof or authorise any person or company so to do.

Minerals reserved to Government.

(e) Rent shall be paid yearly in advance.

Rent.

(f) Any person authorised by the Governor shall be permitted to enter upon any land for the purpose of surveying, inspecting fences or for any particular purpose specified in writing.

Right of entry.

(g) All rates, taxes and assessments shall be paid in respect of the land.

Rates etc.

(h) Good and sufficient fences shall be erected and maintained on the boundaries of land where there is no natural boundary and the physical features of the land permit.

Fences.

29. Any person who wilfully or maliciously damages any gate or fence erected on country or suburban land or leaves open any gate erected on such land shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Damage to fences etc.

PART IV.

ACQUISITION OF LAND.

30. Whenever the Governor in Council resolves that any land is required for a public purpose the Governor may authorise, in writing, any person, his agents, servants and workmen to enter as often as may be necessary upon such land to survey, measure, take levels, mark out and delineate the land so required.

Power to enter to survey.

31. The Governor in Council may by resolution declare that any land shall be acquired for a public purpose and thereupon a warrant in Form A in the Fourth Schedule shall be made under his hand and the Public Seal of the Colony directing that such land be

Warrant for acquisition.

acquired for a public purpose and such warrant shall be published in the Gazette.

Notices.

- 32. Whenever a warrant is made under section 31 the Colonial Secretary shall within eight days of the date of the warrant cause a notice in Form B in the Fourth Schedule to be served personally on the owners and lessees or their duly appointed attorneys of the land specified in the warrant, or if they cannot be found
 - (a) by leaving the notice with a responsible person at their last known place of abode or business, or
 - (b) by leaving it with the occupier of the land, or
 - (c) by affixing it to a conspicuous part of the land.

Entry and possession.

33. Any person authorised by the Governor may twenty-one days after service of the notice provided for in section 32 enter upon the land specified in the notice and mark out and take possession of the same for a public purpose.

Registration.

34. Within eight days after such appropriation the Colonial Secretary shall cause a plan of the land so appropriated and a certified copy of the warrant provided for in section 31 to be registered with the Registrar General and such registration shall be conclusive evidence of appropriation of the land for a public purpose.

Proceedings where possession refused.

35. (1) When the owner or occupier of any land to be required for a public purpose hinders or obstructs any person duly authorised by the Governor from entering upon or taking possession of such land in pursuance of this Ordinance the Governor may issue his warrant in the Form C in the Fourth Schedule direct to the Chief Constable who shall forthwith eject any person so withholding possession.

Penalty for obstruction etc. (2) Any person who wilfully hinders or obstructs any person duly authorised by the Governor from entering upon or taking possession of or using any land in pursuance of the provisions of this Ordinance or who shall molest, hinder or obstruct such person when in possession of such lands or shall hinder or obstruct any police officer when executing the warrant provided for in subsection (1) of this section shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Land rendered useless by reason of appropriation. 36. When any land after appropriation as hereinbefore provided is so divided as to leave part thereof useless to the owner for the purpose for which he has been accustomed to use the land he may serve on the Colonial Secretary before any agreement for the purchase of the land so appropriated is made or compensation in respect thereof is determined notice requiring the Governor to purchase the said land rendered useless by reason of the severance as aforesaid and thereupon the Governor may purchase such land at an agreed price or may refer the matter to the arbitrators and umpires hereinafter mentioned to find whether or otherwise such land has been rendered useless by severance as aforesaid and if so to determine the price which should be paid for the same as though it were appropriated land as aforesaid and the Governor will purchase such land rendered useless accordingly.

Part of building not to be taken. 37. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to authorise the Governor to take part only of a house or other building and where part of the land on which a house or other building stands is required for a public purpose the Governor will take the whole house or building.

Compensation.

38. (1) Any person having any right, title or interest in land acquired for a public purpose shall be entitled to and shall receive compensation therefor and for all damages sustained by reason of the

exercise of the powers granted by this Ordinance such compensation to be determined as hereinafter provided.

- (2) The Governor and any person referred to in subsection (1) of this section may agree the amount of such compensation as aforesaid and in default of such agreement such amount shall be determined by arbitration as hereinafter provided.
- 39. (1) In case of dispute as to the amount of compensation to be paid the claim shall be referred to two arbitrators one to be appointed by the Governor and one by the persons claiming in respect of the land appropriated, who shall decide thereon:

Arbitration.

Provided that in the event of their not agreeing on the amount to be awarded they shall within the period during which they have power to make an award appoint an umpire.

(2) The arbitrators shall:

Duties of Arbitrators.

- (a) decide upon all claims in respect of land acquired as aforesaid and apportion the award in respect of the various interests in any claim;
- (b) appoint the times and places at which they will sit to hear and determine a claim and give notice thereof to the parties concerned;
- (c) require the parties to appear before them and, subject to any legal objection, produce all deeds, books, papers, accounts and documents as they may deem fit;
- (d) require if they deem fit, witnesses to be examined on oath;
- (e) decide the amount of costs and all questions relating thereto but shall not award the costs to the claimant where
 - (i) the award of compensation does not exceed the sum offered by the Governor,
 - (ii) his conduct has been unreasonable or vexatious or his claim grossly excessive,
 - (iii) he has been party to deceit or fraud in respect of his claim;
- (f) consider only the following matters and none other in determining
 - (i) the market value of the land at the time of acquisition,
 - (ii) any damage sustained by reason of severance of the land acquired affecting the other property or earnings of the claimant at the time of appropriation,
 - (iii) the reasonable expenses of the claimant incurred by him in changing his residence consequent on the acquisition of the land.
- 40. Any person who shall wilfully give false evidence on oath of any fact material to any claim for compensation shall be guilty of perjury.

False evidence to be perjury.

Time for award.

- 41. (1) The arbitrators shall make their award in writing within three months of their appointment or within such further period not exceeding six months as they may by notice decide.
- (2) The umpire shall make his award in writing within one month of his appointment or within such further period not exceeding three months as he may by notice decide.
 - 42. Every such award shall specify the amount awarded

Publication of award.

under the several heads of claim, be signed by the arbitrators or umpire, and be published in the Gazette.

Award conclusive.

43. (1) The decision of the arbitrators or umpire shall be final and conclusive regarding all persons who have appeared and claimed or on whose behalf any person having authority has claimed any land or interest therein but any person who has not appeared or claimed or on whose behalf no claim has been made may do so within one year of the date of the award.

Postponement of payment.

Except where a valid title has been shewn to the satisfaction of the arbitrators or umpire payment of compensation shall be postponed for one year from the date of the award and shall then be paid to the person or persons who shall in the opinion of the arbitrators or umpire appear to have the best right thereto and his or their receipt shall operate as a full and complete discharge of the Governor from all claims in respect of compensation for such land appropriated and any interest therein.

Resumption of land under Crown Grants not to give claim for compensation.

44. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall be construed or deemed to confer upon any person any right to compensation in respect of any land resumed in the name of His Majesty, his heirs or successors as required for roads, railways or other public works in pursuance of any condition, reservation, or power of resumption contained in any other Ordinance, or in any grant or lease of Crown lands.

PART V. GENERAL.

Protection of persons acting under Ordinance.

- 45. (1) All actions or proceedings brought against persons acting in the execution of this Ordinance shall be commenced within six months after the act, neglect or default complained of or in case of a continuance of injury or neglect within six months after the ceasing thereof.
- (2) Notice in writing of such action and of the cause or causes thereof shall be given to the defendant at least one month before the commencement of the action.
- (3) No plaintiff shall recover in any such action if tender of sufficient amends shall have been made before action brought or if a sufficient sum shall have been paid into Court by the defendant after action brought and notice thereof given to the plaintiff.

Cutting peat on Crown lands.

46. Any person who shall cut or cause to be cut any peat on Crown lands without the consent of the Governor shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding forty shillings for each day peat is so cut.

Searches and certified copies of documents.

47. Any person may during the normal office hours search the registers maintained by the Registrar General and obtain a certified copy of any deed registered therein subject to his paying the appropriate fee set forth in the Second Part of the Second Schedule.

Governor in Council may make regulations.

The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the effective administration of this Ordinance.

Repeals: 12 of 1853 (part).

- 1 of 1902.
- 9 of 1903.
- 6 of 1904. 3 of 1934.
- That part of the Second Schedule entitled "Registrar's fees - Land" to the Registration Ordinance 1853, the Public Lands Ordinance 1902, the Land Ordinance 1903, the Titles to Land Ordinance 1904, the Land (Amendment) Ordinance 1934 are hereby repealed.

Commencement.

This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 1950.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Form 1.

THIS CONVEYANCE is made the day of one thousand nine hundred and in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949.

BETWEEN of
(hereinafter called "the Vendor") of the one part and
of (hereinafter called "the Purchaser") of the other part.

WITNESSETH that in consideration of the sum of now paid by the Purchaser to the Vendor (the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged) the Vendor hereby conveys ALL that parcel of land

To hold the same unto the Purchaser, his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns for ever

Delete if not applicable.

It is hereby certified that the transaction hereby effected does not form part of a larger transaction of a series of transactions the amount or value or the aggregate amount or value of which exceeds one thousand pounds.

IN WITNESS whereof the Vendor has hereunto set his hand the day and year first above written.

Signed by the Vendor in the presence of

The signature must be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country by a Notary Public, except in the case of a limited company.

Form 2.

THIS MORTGAGE is made the nine hundred and day of one thousand in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949.

Where one prior charge.

BETWEEN of
(hereinafter called "the Mortgagor") of the one part and
of (hereinafter called "the Mortgagee") of the other part.

Where more than one prior charge.

Delete recitals when not applicable. WHEREAS by a Mortgage dated the day of and made between the Mortgagor of the one part and of the other part the land hereinafter described and intended to be hereby conveyed was conveyed to the said subject to the right of redemption therein contained.

WHEREAS by the mortgages more particularly set out in the Schedule hereto the land hereinafter described and intended to be hereby conveyed was conveyed to the respective mortgagees subject to the rights of redemption respectively herein contained.

WITNESSETH that in consideration of the sum of now paid by the Mortgagee to the Mortgagor (the receipt whereof is hereby

acknowledged) the Mortgagor hereby conveys ALL that piece of land

TO HOLD the same unto the Mortgagee his heirs and assigns for ever subject to the right of redemption by the Mortgagor. And the Mortgagor for himself his heirs executors administrators and assigns hereby covenants with the mortgagee his heirs executors administrators and assigns that he will hereby secured on the repay the principal sum of one thousand nine hundred and and interest in the of per centum per annum by half yearly payments meantime at the rate of and the day of day of on the every year.

IN WITNESS whereof the Mortgagor has set his hand the day and year first before written.

THE SCHEDULE.

DATE.

MORTGAGOR.

MORTGAGEE.

SUM SECURED.

Signed by the Mortgagor in the presence of

The signature must be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country by a Notary Public except in the case of a limited company.

Form 3.

Transfer of Mortgage.

THIS TRANSFER is made the day of one thousand nine hundred and in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949.

BETWEEN of (hereinafter called the "Transferor") of the one part and of (hereinafter called the "Transferee") of the other part.

WITNESSETH that in consideration of the sum of now paid by the Transferee to the Transferor (the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged) the Transferor hereby conveys and assigns ALL his right title powers and interest in the within written mortgage to HOLD the same unto the Transferee his heirs executors administrators and assigns for ever subject to the right of redemption contained in the mortgage.

IN WITNESS whereof the Transferor has hereunto set his hand the day and year first before written.

Signed by the Transferor in the presence of

The Signature must be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country by a Notary Public except in the case of a limited company.

Form 4.

Reconveyance.

(To be endorsed on mortgage to which it relates).

THIS RECONVEYANCE is made the day of one thousand nine hundred and in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949.

BETWEEN of (hereinafter called the "Mortgagee") of the one part and of (hereinafter called the "Mortgagor") of the other part.

WITNESSETH that in consideration of all principal money and interest thereon secured by the within written mortgage having been paid as the Mortgagee hereby acknowledges the Mortgagee hereby reconveys ALL that piece of land comprised in the within written mortgage to HOLD the same unto the Mortgagor his heirs executors administrators and assigns for ever free from incumbrances.

IN WITNESS whereof the said (Mortgagee) has hereunto set his hand the day and year first before written.

Signed by the Mortgagee in the presence of

The Signature must be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country by a Notary Public except in the case of a limited company.

Form 5.

Lease.

THIS LEASE is made the day of one thousand nine hundred and in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949.

BETWEEN of (hereinafter called "the Lessor") of the one part and of (hereinafter called called "the Lessee") of the other part.

WITNESSETH that in consideration of the yearly rent of to be paid by the Lessee to the Lessor (in advance) on the day of the day of the day of and the day of in every year the first payment to be made on the day of and of the implied covenants on the part of the Lessee the Lessor hereby lets and the Lessee hereby takes ALL that piece of land

TO HOLD the same unto the Lessee his executors administrators and assigns for the term of years from the day of one thousand nine hundred and

IN WITNESS whereof the parties hereto have hereunto set their hands the day and year first before written.

Signed by the Lessor in the presence of

Signed by the Lessee in the presence of

The Signature must be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country by a Notary Public except in the case of a limited company.

0.

2:0:

Form 6.

Declaration of Title.

Pursuant to the Land Ordinance 1949.

WHEREAS of has presented a petition to this Court that he is lawfully entitled to be registered as the owner in fee simple of the land hereinafter more particularly described.

AND WHEREAS after hearing the evidence of the said Petitioner (and the respondents) this Court made a decree nisi for the issue of a title on the day of

AND WHEREAS one year has elapsed since the date of the said decree and no person has shewn cause why such decree should not be made absolute.

NOW THEREFORE IT IS ORDERED AND DECLARED that

of shall be registered as and shall be the lawful

owner in fee simple of ALL that piece of land etc.

subject etc.

Dated this day of

19

Judge.

Registered the day of

For every certified copy of a Crown grant

19

Registrar.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

PART I.

	LAI	1 1.						
					£	s.		d.
For completing a form of deed		***	***			10	:	0.
For making a plan of town lot on de	eed			***		5	:	0.
For registering a deed (other than a	reconve	yance) or	any instri	ument				
not more than five folios				14.5		10	:	0.
For every additional folio						1	:	0.
Issue of title, including registration		****		***	2 :	()	:	0.
Registration of reconveyance						2	:	6.
Registering plans, according to cost	of work.							
	Τ.							
	PART	r II.					-	
For a war course (other than Crown		\				5		0.
For every search (other than Crown		,	***	***		5	•	٠,٠
For a certified copy of or extract from	om any	recorded d	eed or dep	posited		•)		0.
memorial or notice (other than Ca						Z	•	
For a certified copy of or extract from	n the gei	neral index	, per line o	or part				6.
For comparing any deed with the re-	ecord if	required by	y the pers	on				
registering, per folio or part		333		***				4.
For searching Crown grant register			***	***		10	:	0.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

CONVEYANCE.

- (1) Where the amount or value of the consideration for the sale does not exceed £1,000, five shillings for every £50 or fractional part of £50 of such amount or value.
- (2) Where the transaction effected by the deed forms part of a larger transaction or of a series of transactions in respect of which the amount or value or the aggregate amount or value exceeds £1,000, ten shillings for every £50 or fractional part of £50 of such amount or value.
- (3) A conveyance or transfer made for effecting the appointment of a new trustee or in connection with winding up the estate of a deceased person shall not be charged with any higher duty than ten shillings.

MORTGAGE.

1/- for every £50 or fractional part of £50 of the amount secured by the mortgage.

TRANSFER OF MORTGAGE AND RECONVEYANCE.

6d. for every £100 or fractional part of £100 of the amount secured by the mortgage.

LEASE.

2/6 for each £50 or fractional part of £50 of the yearly rent reserved by the lease.

Exemption.

All deeds on which duty would be payable by the Government shall be exempt from the duties shewn in this Schedule.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Form A.

(Section 31)

By His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Governor.

Whereas on the day of the Governor in Council by resolution declared that the following land namely (description) should be acquired for a public purpose.

Therefore I do hereby direct that the said land shall be acquired for a public purpose under and in accordance with the Land Ordinance 1949.

Dated this day of

19

By Command,

Colonial Secretary.

Form B.

(Section 33)

Notice is hereby given that the following land namely (description) is to be acquired for a public purpose.

Any person having any right title or interest in the said land is required on or before the day of 19 (twenty one days after date of service of this notice) forward to the Colonial Secretary a statement of his right title or interest and evidence thereof and any claim made by him in respect of the value of the said land and his right title or interest therein.

The Governor is willing to treat for the purchase of the said land.

Date

Colonial Secretary.

Form C.

(Section 35)

To the Chief Constable.

By a warrant dated the day of 19 His Excellency the Governor directed that the following land namely (description) should be acquired for a public purpose.

You are therefore commanded to put any person duly authorised by the Governor in that behalf in possession of the said land.

Dated the

day of

19

By Command,

Colonial Secretary.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the remainder of the section after the word "animal" in line 19 thereof.

Amendments: Section 2.

3. Section 9 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 9.

M.P. 1099.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Public Health Ordinance 1894.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Public Health Ordinance, 1894, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

- 2. Sections 5 and 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "5. Any person who shall sell, offer for sale, store, expose or prepare for sale any article of food or drink intended for human consumption in any premises which are not kept properly cleaned, lighted, ventilated and drained, or in which the utensils and other implements used in the preparation sale or storage of such food and drink are not kept properly cleansed to the satisfaction of the Board, shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 and to a further fine not exceeding £5 for each day during which the offence continues after conviction therefor.

Provided that this section shall not apply in the case of premises used solely for the sale or storage of food contained in containers of such materials, and so closed, as to exclude all risk of contamination.

Cleanliness of premises and utensils used in connection with the sale etc. of food.

3. The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following sections after section 6 thereof:

Prevention of food being exposed to infection etc. "6a. Any person concerned in the preparation, storage or handling of articles of food and drink intended to be sold for human consumption who shall fail to take all reasonable and proper precautions to prevent such articles being exposed to infection or contamination shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine of £20 and to a further fine not exceeding £5 for each day during which the offence continues after conviction therefor.

Power of Board to prohibit importation of food.

- "6B. (1) The Board may prohibit the importation of such articles of food or drink intended for sale for human consumption as it may deem fit and may vary or rescind such prohibition.
- (2) Any person who shall sell, store, offer or expose for sale for human consumption any article of food or drink the importation of which has been prohibited shall commit an offence and shall be liable in the case of a first offence to a fine not exceeding £20 and in the case of a subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding £100.
- "6c. (1) If it shall appear to a medical officer or an inspector that any article of food or drink intended for human consumption is unsound, unwholesome or unfit for human consumption he may seize and carry away the same and apply to to the Court forthwith for an order for its destruction.
- (2) If it appears to a Court that any article of food or drink is unsound, unwholesome or unfit for human consumption it shall condemn the same and make an order that it shall be destroyed or otherwise disposed of to prevent it being used for human consumption.

destruction of food unfit for human consumption.

Court may order

Power to seize food

unfit for human

consumption.

"6D. Any person who

- (a) sells, offers or exposes for sale or has in his possession for the purpose of sale or of preparation for sale any unwholesome food for human consumption, or
- (b) sells such food as pure and unadulterated when it is adulterated or not pure,

shall commit an offence and shall be liable in the case of a first offence to a fine not exceeding £20 and in the case of a subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding £50 or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Provided that it shall be a defence to a charge under (b) above that the defendant did not adulterate or render the said article impure or was not party thereto and had no knowledge of the condition of the said article.

Burden of proof.

"6E. Proof that an article of food or drink was not sold, offered for sale, stored, exposed or prepared for sale for human consumption shall rest on the person charged".

Section 7.

- 4. Section 7 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "7. The Governor may appoint inspectors to carry out the provisions of this Ordinance under the instructions of the Board. Any person wilfully obstructing an inspector in the execution of his duty shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5.

5. Section 8 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following at the end thereof

Section 8.

"Any cistern, well, pool, channel, barrel, tub or other vessel used for the supply of water for domestic purposes so placed, constructed or kept as to render the water liable to contamination thereby causing or being likely to cause injury to health".

Section 10.

6. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the words "On receipt of information from an Inspector of Nuisances or any two inhabitant freeholders of any nuisances" in lines 1, 2 and 3 thereof.

Sections 9, 11, 16 & 17.

7. Sections 9, 11, 16 and 17 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Sections 12, 13, 14

8. Sections 12, 13, 14 and 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor

Court orders as to nuisances.

& 15.

"12. (1) If a court is satisfied that a nuisance exists or may recur on the same premises it may make an order:

- (a) that the owner or occupier comply with all or any of the requirements of a notice served by the Board or otherwise abate the nuisance within the time specified by the Board and to do any work necessary for the purpose;
- (b) directing the execution of any work necessary to prevent a recurrence of the nuisance;
- (c) both requiring abatement and prohibiting the recurrence of a nuisance.
- (2) The Court may impose a penalty not exceeding £5 on the person on whom the order is made and may make an order for the payment of all costs up to the time of making the order under this section.
- "13. Any person who fails to comply with an order of the Court to abate a nuisance or knowingly and wilfully acting contrary to an order of prohibition shall, unless he satisfies the Court that he has used all diligence to carry out such order, commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 for each day during his default.

Failure to comply with Court order.

"14. (1) If the Board is satisfied that any premises used or intended to be used for human habitation or any part thereof is unfit for human habitation as being injurious to the health of any person inhabiting the same the Board shall serve on the owner thereof a notice in writing requiring him to effect the repairs therein specified within the time therein mentioned.

Houses unfit for human habitation etc.

- (2) If a Court is satisfied that the premises in respect of which a notice under this section is served are unfit for human habitation it may make an order prohibiting such premises from being used for human habitation until the works required by the said notice or such works as the Court shall deem fit have been executed.
- (3) The Court may on completion of the said works to its satisfaction declare the premises to be fit for human habitation.
- (4) Any person failing to comply with an order under this section shall be subject to the penalties provided for in section 13 hereof.

9. The words "with the approval of the Governor in Council" shall be inserted after the word "may" in line 1 of section 18 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 18.

Section 19.

- 10. Section 19 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following shall be added to section 18 in substitution thereof:
 - (xvii.) Measures to prevent and mitigate disease and the protection of public health.
 - (2) Any person who commits any breach of, or neglects or fails to comply with, any by-law made under this section shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 for each offence and to a further fine not exceeding £2 for each day during which the offence continues after conviction therefor.

Section 21.

- 11. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "21. All expenses incurred by the Board in respect of work performed in the enforcement of the Ordinance or of any by-law made thereunder shall be recoverable by the Board in a summary manner before a Court.
- 12. The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following section:

Section 22.

"22. In this Ordinance and any by-law made thereunder where the context so admits:

Interpretation.

- "The Board" means the Board of Health appointed under section 1 hereof.
- "Inspector" means an inspector appointed under section 7 hereof.
- "Contagious or infectious disease" means cholera, plague, yellow fever, small pox, typhus fever, enteric fever, scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, whooping cough, chicken pox, dengue, influenza, erysipelas, puerperal fever, puerperal pyrexia, cerebo-spinal fever, acute poliomyelitis, tuberculosis, ophthalmia neonatorum, acute encephalitis lethargica, acute primary pneumonia, glanders, german measles, acute rheumatism, infective diarrhoea, impetigo contagiosa, acute influenzal pneumonia, ringworm in human beings and any other disease which from time to time may be so defined by the Board by notice in the Gazette.

M.P. 1100.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Interpretation and General Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949.

Short title.

2. Section 14 of the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949, shall be amended by substituting "1949" for "1948" in line 2 thereof.

Amendment: Section 14.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To provide for the grant of Pensions, Gratuities and other Allowances to persons who have been in the Public Service of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Pensions Ordinance, Short title.
- 2. (1) In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise I requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say –

Interpretation.

"pensionable office" means -

(a) in respect of service in the Colony an office which, by virtue of provision for the time being in force in an Order made by the Governor in Council and published in the Gazette, is declared to be a pensionable office; and any such Order may from time to time be amended, added to, or revoked by an Order so made and published; but where by virtue of any such amendment or revocation any office ceases to be a pensionable office, then so long as any person holding that office at the time of the amendment or revocation continues therein, the office shall, as respects that person, continue to be a pensionable office;

- (b) in respect of other public services an office which is for the time being a pensionable office under the law or regulations in force in such service.
- "non-pensionable office" means an office which is not a pensionable office.
- "pensionable emoluments" -
 - (a) in respect of service in the Colony includes salary and personal allowance, but does not include duty allowance, entertainment allowance or any other emoluments whatever;
 - (b) in respect of other public service means emoluments which count for pension in accordance with the law or regulations in force in such service.
- "salary" means the salary attached to a pensionable office or where provision is made for taking service in a non-pensionable office into account as pensionable service, the salary attached to that office.
- "personal allowance" means a special addition to salary granted personally to the holder for the time being of the office, but does not include such an addition if it is granted subject to the condition that it shall not be pensionable.
- 'public service" means service in a civil capacity under the Government of the Colony or the Government of any other part of His Majesty's dominions, or of any British Protected State, Protectorate or territory under British Mandate or of the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, or under the High Commissioner for Transport in Kenya and Uganda, and service which is pensionable under the Teachers (Superannuation) Act. 1925, or any Act amending or replacing the same, and any such other service as the Secretary of State may determine to be "public service" for the purpose of any provisions of this Ordinance; and, except for the purposes of computation of pension or gratuity and of section 9 of this Ordinance, includes service as a Governor-General, Governor or High Commissioner in any part of His Majesty's dominions, any British Protected State or Protectorate, any territory under British Mandate or the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan.
- "other public service" means public service not under the Government of the Colony.
- (2) For the avoidance of doubts it is hereby declared that, where an officer has been confirmed in a pensionable office and is thereafter appointed to another pensionable office, then, unless the terms of such appointment otherwise require, such last mentioned office is, for the purposes of this Ordinance, an office in which he has been confirmed.

Pension regulations.

3. (1) Pensions, gratuities and other allowances may be granted by the Governor in Council in accordance with regulations made under this Ordinance to officers who have been in the service of the Colony.

The said regulations may from time to time be amended, added to, or revoked by regulations made by the Governor in Council with the sanction of the Secretary of State, and all regulations so made shall be laid before the Legislative Council and published in the Gazette.

- (2) All regulations made under this section shall have the same force and effect as if they were contained in the Regulations to this Ordinance, and the expression "this Ordinance" shall, where-ever it occurs in this Ordinance, be construed as including a reference to the said Regulations.
- (3) Whenever the Governor in Council is satisfied that it is equitable that any regulation made under this section should

have retrospective effect in order to confer a benefit upon or remove a disability attaching to any person, that regulation may be given retrospective effect for that purpose:

Provided that no such regulation shall have retrospective effect unless it has received the prior approval of the Legislative Council signified by resolution.

4. There shall be charged on and paid out of the revenues of the Colony all such sums of money as may from time to time be granted by way of pension, gratuity or other allowance in pursuance of this Ordinance.

Pensions etc. to be charged on revenues of Colony.

5. (1) No officer shall have an absolute right to compensation for past services or to pension, gratuity, or other allowance; nor shall anything in this Ordinance affect the right of the Crown to dismiss any officer at any time and without compensation.

Pensions etc. not of right.

Circumstances in

be granted.

which pension may

- (2) Where it is established to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council that an officer has been guilty of negligence, irregularity or misconduct, the pension, gratuity, or other allowance may be reduced or altogether withheld.
- 6. No pension, gratuity or other allowance shall be granted under this Ordinance to any officer except on his retirement from the public service in one of the following cases—

(1) on or after attaining the age of 60 years or, in special cases with the approval of the Governor in Council, 55 years;

- (2) in the case of transfer to other public service, on or after attaining the age at which he is permitted by the law or regulations of the service in which he is last employed to retire on pension or gratuity;
 - (3) on the abolition of his office:
- (4) on compulsory retirement for the purpose of facilitating improvement in the organization of the department to which he belongs, by which greater efficiency or economy may be effected;
- (5) on medical evidence to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council or the Secretary of State that he is incapable by reason of any infirmity of mind or body of discharging the duties of his office and that such infirmity is likely to be permanent;
- (6) in the case of removal on the ground of inefficiency as provided in this Ordinance;
- (7) on retirement in circumstances, not mentioned in the preceding paragraphs of this section, rendering him eligible for a pension under the Pensions (Governors of Dominions, &c.) Acts, 1911 to 1936, or any Act amending or replacing those Acts.
- 7. Where an officer is removed from his office on the ground of his inability to discharge efficiently the duties thereof, and a pension, gratuity or other allowance cannot otherwise be granted to him under the provision of this Ordinance, the Governor in Council may, if he considers it justifiable having regard to all the circumstances of the case, grant such pension, gratuity or other allowance as he thinks just and proper, not exceeding in amount that for which the officer would be eligible if he retired from the public service in the circumstances described in paragraph (5) of the preceding section.

Retirement for inefficiency.

8. (1) It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to require an officer to retire from the service of the Colony at any time after he attains the age of 55 years.

Compulsory and voluntary retirement.

(2) An officer may with the approval of the Governor in Council retire at any time after he attains the age of 55 years.

Maximum pension.

- 9. (1) Except in cases provided for by subsection (2) of this section, a pension granted to an officer under this Ordinance shall not exceed two-thirds of the highest pensionable emoluments drawn by him at any time in the course of his service in the Colony.
- (2) An officer who shall have been granted a pension in respect of other public service shall not at any time draw from the funds of the Colony an amount of pension which, when added to the amount of any pension or pensions drawn in respect of other public service, exceeds two-thirds of the highest pensionable emoluments drawn by him at any time in the course of his public service:

Provided that where an officer receives in respect of some period of public service both a gratuity and a pension, the amount of such pension shall be deemed for the purpose of this subsection to be four-thirds of its actual amount.

- (3) Where the limitation prescribed by the preceding subsection operates, the amount of the pension to be drawn from the funds of the Colony shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, in order that it may be determined with due regard to the amount of any pension or pensions to be drawn in respect of other public service.
- (4) For the purposes of the preceding subsections an additional pension granted in respect of injury shall not be taken into account; but where the officer is granted such an additional pension under this Ordinance, the amount thereof together with the remainder of his pension or pensions shall not exceed five-sixths of his highest pensionable emoluments at any time in the course of his public service.

Liability of pensioners to be called upon to take further employment. 10. (1) Every pension granted under this Ordinance shall be subject to the condition that unless or until the officer shall have attained the age of 55 years, he may, if physically fit for service, be called upon by the Secretary of State to accept, in lieu of his pension, an office, whether in the Colony or in other public service, not less in value, due regard being had to circumstances of climate, than the office which he held at the date of his retirement.

If a pensioner so called upon declines to accept such office the payment of his pension may be suspended until he has attained the age of 55 years.

(2) The provisions of the foregoing subsection shall not apply in any case where the Governor, being of opinion that the officer is not qualified for other employment in the public service or that there is no reason to expect that he can be shortly re-employed therein, otherwise directs.

Suspension of pensions on reemployment. 11. If an officer to whom a pension has been granted under this Ordinance is appointed to another office in the public service, the payment of his pension may, if the Governor in Council thinks fit, be suspended during the period of his re-employment.

Pensions, etc., not to be assignable.

- 12. A pension, gratuity or other allowance granted under this Ordinance shall not be assignable or transferable except for the purpose of satisfying
 - (1) a debt due to the Government, or
 - (2) an Order of any Court for the payment of periodical sums of money towards the maintenance of the wife or former wife or minor child of the officer to whom the pension, gratuity or other allowance has been granted,

and shall not be liable to be attached, sequestered or levied upon for or in respect of any debt or claim whatever except a debt due to the Government.

Pensions etc., to cease on bankruptcy.

13. (1) If any person to whom a pension or other allowance has been granted under this Ordinance is adjudicated bankrupt or is

declared insolvent by judgment of any Court, then such pension or allowance shall forthwith cease.

- (2) If any person is adjudicated bankrupt or declared insolvent as aforesaid either
 - (a) after retirement in circumstances in which he is eligible for pension or allowance under this Ordinance but before the pension or allowance is granted, or
 - (b) before such retirement, and he shall not have obtained his discharge from bankruptcy or insolvency at the date of retirement,

then, in the former case any pension or allowance eventually granted to him shall cease as from the date of adjudication or declaration as the case may be and, in the latter case, the pension or allowance may be granted, but shall cease forthwith and not become payable.

- (3) Where a pension or allowance ceases by reason of this section, it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State, or if the person in question is resident in the Colony, the Governor, from time to time during the remainder of such person's life, or during such shorter period or periods, either continuous, or discontinuous, as the Secretary of State or the Governor, as the case may be, shall think fit, to direct all or any part of the moneys to which such person would have been entitled by way of pension or allowance, had he not become bankrupt or insolvent, to be paid to, or applied for the maintenance or benefit of, all or any to the exclusion of the other or others, of the following, that is to say, such person and any wife, child or children of his, in such proportions and manner as the Secretary of State or the Governor, as the case may be, thinks proper, and such moneys shall be paid or applied accordingly.
- (4) Moneys applied for the discharge of the debts of the person whose pension or allowance has so ceased shall, for the purpose of this section, be regarded as applied for his benefit.
- (5) When a person whose pension or allowance has so ceased obtains his discharge from bankruptcy or insolvency, it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State or, if such person is resident in the Colony, the Governor to direct that the pension or allowance shall be restored as from the date of such discharge or any later date, and the pension or allowance shall be restored accordingly.
- 14. (1) If any person to whom a pension or other allowance has been granted under this Ordinance is sentenced to a term of imprisonment by any competent Court for any offence, such pension or allowance shall, if the Secretary of State, or if such person is resident in the Colony, the Governor, so direct, cease as from such date as the Secretary of State or the Governor, as the case may be, determines.
- (2) If any person is sentenced as aforesaid after retirement in circumstances in which he is eligible for pension or allowance under the Ordinance but before the pension or allowance is granted, then the provisions of the foregoing paragraph shall apply as respects any pension or allowance which may be granted to him.
- (3) Where a pension or allowance ceases by reason of this section it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State or the Governor, as the case may be, to direct all or any part of the moneys to which such person would have been entitled by way of pension or allowance had he not been sentenced as aforesaid to be paid, or applied, in the same manner in all respects as prescribed in the preceding section, and such moneys shall be paid or applied accordingly.
- (4) If such person after conviction at any time receives a free pardon, the pension or allowance shall be restored with retrospective effect; but in determining whether arrears of such pension or allowance are payable to such person and in computing the amount thereof, account shall be taken of all moneys paid or applied under the preceding subsection.

Pensions, etc., may cease on conviction.

Pensions etc., may cease on accepting certain appointments.

15. If any person to whom a pension or other allowance has been granted under this Ordinance otherwise than under section 17 becomes either a director of any company the principal part of whose business is in any way directly concerned with the Government, or an officer or servant employed in the Colony by any such company, without the prior permission of the Governor in writing, such pension or allowance shall cease if the Governor so directs:

Provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor, on being satisfied that the person in respect of whose pension or allowance any such direction shall have been given has ceased to be a director of such company or to be employed as an officer or servant of such company in the Colony, as the case may be, to give directions for the restoration of such pension or allowance, with retrospective effect, if he shall see fit, to such a date as he shall specify, and the pension or allowance shall be restored in accordance with any such directions.

Gratuity where an officer dies in the service.

- 16. (1) Where an officer holding a pensionable office who is not on probation or agreement, or an officer holding a non-pensionable office to which he has been transferred from a pensionable office in which he has been confirmed, dies while in the service of the Colony, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to grant to his legal personal representative a gratuity of an amount not exceeding his annual pensionable emoluments.
- (2) For the purpose of this section, "annual pensionable emoluments" means the emoluments which would be taken for the purpose of computing any pension or gratuity granted to the officer if he had retired at the date of his death in the circumstances described in paragraph (5) of section 6 of this Ordinance.

Pensions to dependants when an officer is killed on duty.

- 17. (1) Where an officer dies as a result of injuries received—
 - (a) in the actual discharge of his duty, and
 - (b) without his own default, and
 - (c) on account of circumstances specifically attributable to the nature of his duty.

while in the service of the Government of the Colony, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to grant, in addition to the grant, if any, made to his legal personal representative under section 16 of this Ordinance –

- (i) if the deceased officer leaves a widow, a pension to her, while unmarried and of good character, at a rate not exceeding ten-sixtieths of his annual pensionable emoluments at the date of the injury or fifteen pounds a year, whichever is the greater;
- (ii) if the deceased officer leaves a widow to whom a pension is granted under the preceding paragraph and a child or children, a pension in respect of each child, until such child attains the age of 18 years, of an amount not exceeding one eighth of the pension prescribed under the preceding paragraph;
- (iii) if the deceased officer leaves a child or children, but does not leave a widow or no pension is granted to the widow, a pension in respect of each child, until such child attains the age of 18 years, of double the amount prescribed by the preceding paragraph;
- (iv) if the deceased officer leaves a child or children and a widow to whom a pension is granted under paragraph
 (i) of this subsection, and the widow subsequently dies, a pension in respect of each child as from the date of the death of the widow until such child attains the age of 18 years, of double the amount prescribed in paragraph
 (ii) of this subsection.

(v) if the deceased officer does not leave a widow, or if no pension is granted to his widow, and his mother was wholly or mainly dependent on him for her support, a pension to the mother, while of good character and without adequate means of support, of an amount not exceeding the pension which might have been granted to his widow:

Provided that-

- (A) pension shall not be payable under this subsection at any time in respect of more than six children; and
- (B) in the case of a pension granted under paragraph (v) of this subsection, if the mother is a widow at the time of the grant of the pension and subsequently remarries such pension shall cease as from the date of remarriage; and if it appears to the Secretary of State at any time that the mother is adequately provided with other means of support, such pension shall cease as from such date as the Secretary of State may determine;
- (c) a pension granted to a female child under this section shall cease upon the marriage of such child under the age of 18 years.
- (2) In the case of an officer not holding a pensionable office, the expression "pensionable emoluments" in the preceding subsection shall mean the emoluments enjoyed by him which would have been pensionable emoluments if the office held by him had been a pensionable office.
- (3) For the purpose of this section the word "child" shall include
 - (a) posthumous child;
 - (b) a step-child or illegitimate child born before the date of the injury and wholly or mainly dependent upon the deceased officer for support, and
 - (c) an adopted child, adopted in a manner recognised by law, before the date of the injury, and dependent as aforesaid.
- (4) An officer who dies as a result of injuries received while travelling by air in pursuance of official instructions shall be deemed to have died in the circumstances detailed in (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of this section; provided that in such a case and if (b) is also satisfied the rates of pension prescribed in (i) and (ii) of that subsection shall be fifteen-seventy seconds and one sixth respectively.
- (5) This section shall not apply in the case of the death of any officer selected for appointment to the service of the Colony on or after the date of operation of this subsection if his dependants as defined in the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937, or any Ordinance amending or replacing that Ordinance, are entitled to compensation under that Ordinance.
 - 18. (1) The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply -
 - (a) to every officer first appointed to the public service of the Colony
 - (i) after the commencement of this Ordinance; or
 - (ii) before the commencement of this Ordinance, to whom it was intimated before appointment that he would be liable to be affected by any change in the pensions law of the Colony; and
 - (b) to every other officer serving in the Colony at the commencement of this Ordinance or transferred

Application of Ordinance.

from the Colony to any other public service before the date of such commencement and still in public service on that date, unless not later than 12 months after such commencement or within such further period as the Governor may in any special case allow, he gives notice in writing to the Colonial Secretary of his desire that the provisions of the Ordinances and Regulations referred to in section 19 of this Ordinance shall apply to him, in which case they shall continue to apply accordingly.

(2) If any officer who shall have given notice under paragraph (b) of the preceding subsection is thereafter re-appointed to the service of the Colony the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to him in respect of his whole service:

Provided that except where such an officer shall eventually become eligible for a pension or gratuity under this Ordinance in respect of his service both before and after his re-employment, a pension or gratuity granted to him solely in respect of service prior to such re-employment shall not be recomputed.

Repeals:

5 of 1937. 13 of 1940.

4 of 1941.

2 of 1946.

The Pensions Ordinance, 1937, the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1940, the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1941, and the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, are hereby repealed and all Regulations made thereunder are hereby revoked.

M.P. 0829.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Quarantine Ordinance, 1908.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Quarantine (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Quarantine Ordinance, 1908, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Section 1.

Section 1 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the words "other than by wireless telegraphy and the term 'Health Officer' means the Senior Medical Officer or any person delegated by him or appointed by the Governor under this Ordinance" at the end thereof.

Section 9.

- 3. Section 9 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by
 - the deletion of the words between the word "person" in line 1 and the word "obstructs" in line 5 thereof;
 - the deletion of the words "Inspector or other" in line (b) 7 thereof;
 - the insertion of the words "may be apprehended without warrant and" after the word "he" in line 9 thereof.

4. Section 10, subsections (2), (3) and (4) of section 12, and section 16 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 10. Section 12 (2), (3) & (4). Section 16.

5. Subsection (1) of section 12 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the words "Inspector or other" in line 5 thereof.

Section 12 (1).

6. (a) The definition "infectious or contagious disease" in Regulation No. 2 in the Schedule to the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the remainder of the definition after "small pox" in line 2 thereof.

Schedule

(b) Regulation No. 25 (d) in the Schedule to the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the word "three" for the word "ten" in line 3 thereof.

M.P. 1085.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend and consolidate the law as to marriage.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Marriage Ordinance,

Short title

2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits -

Interpretation.

- "Registrar General" means the person holding that office under the Registration Ordinance 1949.
- "Minor" or "Infant" means a person under the age of 21 years and who is not a widow or widower.
- "Minister" means a Minister registered to celebrate marriages under this Ordinance.

"Court" means

- (a) the Judge in chambers;
- (b) a court of summary jurisdiction otherwise than in open court.
- 3. Every marriage

- Valid Marriages.
- (1) which by the law of England would be valid,
- (2) celebrated in the Colony in accordance with the law prior to the passing of this Ordinance,
- (3) celebrated by a minister or Registrar in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance,

shall be good and valid to all intents and purposes:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall render valid any

marriage between parties who at the time of marriage would, by the law of England, be incapable of intermarrying.

Appointment of Registrars. 4. The Governor may appoint Registrars for the purposes of this Ordinance.

Registered ministers.

5. Every minister of religion ordinarily officiating as such in the Colony shall be deemed to be a minister registered for celebrating marriages and any minister of religion, or the head of any religious denomination in the Colony may apply to the Colonial Secretary to be registered as a minister for celebrating marriages. The Governor may grant a certificate of registration under the Public Seal to any person so applying:

Provided that the Governor may refuse any such application and may remove the name of any person from the register.

Places registered for celebration of marriages.

- 6. (1) Christ Church Cathedral, the Roman Catholic Church and the Nonconformist Tabernacle shall be deemed to be places registered for celebrating marriages.
- (2) The Governor may grant a certificate of registration under the Public Seal in respect of any other building commonly used for religious purposes.

When and where a marriage may be solemnised.

By minister.

7. (1) A minister may at any time within three months after declaration made under section 8 and the banns have been published on three consecutive Sundays, or the Registrar-General has issued his licence as in Form 2 in the First Schedule hereto, or the Governor has issued a special licence, solemnise a marriage between the parties named in such declaration and in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance:

Provided that -

- (a) a marriage by banns shall be solemnised in a place registered for celebrating marriages,
- (b) a marriage by licence other than the Governor's special licence shall be solemnised in a place registered for celebrating marriages, or in the house of a Justice.

By Registrar.

(2) A Registrar may, at any time within three months from the date of the issue of the licence by the Registrar-General, solemnise a marriage in his office between the parties named in such licence.

Declaration of intended marriage.

8. One of the parties to the intended marriage shall make and sign before a Registrar or a Justice a solemn declaration as in Form 1 in the First Schedule hereto, before any licence is granted.

Notice of marriage to to be publicly posted. 9. The Registrar-General shall, upon receiving or taking any such declaration, post the same in his office for twenty-one days, and such declaration shall constitute a notice of an intended marriage, and shall be open, without fee, during office hours, for inspection by any person.

Marriage Licence.

10. The Registrar-General may, not less than twenty-one days nor more than three months after the said posting of the notice of marriage, issue a marriage licence in the Form 2 in the First Schedule hereto and he shall upon issue of such licence file a notice of marriage in his office.

Consents required to marriage of minors.

11. The Registrar-General shall not enter any notice of marriage when either party is a minor without the consent of the person or persons mentioned in the 2nd Schedule hereto:

Provided that -

(1) if the Registrar-General or a minister is satisfied that the consent of any person whose consent is so required cannot be obtained by reason of absence or inaccessibility or by reason of his being under any disability he may dispense with the necessity for the consent of that person if there is any other person whose consent is so required, or a Court may on application being made, consent to the marriage and the consent of the Court as given shall have the same effect as if it had been given by the person whose consent cannot be so obtained:

- (2) if any person whose consent is required refuses his consent a Court may on application being made consent to the marriage and the consent of the Court so given shall have the same effect as if it had been given by the person whose consent is so refused.
- $^{12}.~$ No person shall except as provided in section 13, solemnise any marriage -

Conditions as to marriage.

- (1) until a marriage licence has been issued and the banns published as provided in section 7 hereof;
- (2) after the expiration of three months from the date of the marriage licence or publication of the banns;
- (3) save in a place registered for the celebration of marriages or in the office of the Registrar, or in the house of a Justice, or in such place as any special licence shall specify:
- (4) save in the presence of two witnesses who shall sign the certificate of marriage;
- (5) in any building with closed doors or before 9 o'clock in the morning or after 4.30 in the afternoon.
- 13. (1) A marriage by the Governor's special licence may be celebrated by a minister or a Registrar at any time and in any place therein stated.

Governor's special licence.

- (2) The Governor's special licence may be issued at any time after the declaration prescribed in section 8.
- 14. Any person whose consent to a marriage by licence is required as hereinbefore provided may forbid the issue of a licence by writing upon the notice of marriage the word "forbidden" and signing his name and serving upon the Registrar-General a notice in writing signed by or on behalf of such person stating the grounds of objection and no licence shall in such case be issued without an order of the Court.

Forbidding marriages.

15. (1) Any person may enter a caveat with the Registrar-General against the grant of a certificate or licence for the marriage of any person therein named. Any caveat shall be signed by or on behalf of the person entering the same and shall state the ground of objection. No licence or certificate shall be issued until the caveat shall be withdrawn by the person who entered the same or it shall be determined by the Judge.

Caveats.

- (2) Any person who shall enter a caveat on grounds which the Judge shall declare to be frivolous shall be liable for the costs of the proceedings and for damages recoverable by the party against whose marriage the caveat was entered.
- 16. In every case of solemnisation of marriage each of the parties shall, in some part of the ceremony and in the presence of the officiating minister or Registrar and of the witnesses make the following declaration:

Form of words at marriage.

"I do solemnly declare that I know not of any lawful impediment why I A.B. may not be joined in matrimony to C.D."

and say to each other

"I A.B. do take thee C.D. to be my wedded wife (or husband)".

Certificates.

17. The person celebrating a marriage, the parties thereto and the two witnesses of such marriage shall sign in triplicate a certificate as in Form 3 in the First Schedule hereto, and one copy of such certificate shall be forthwith transmitted to the Registrar-General in Stanley, one copy shall be given to the husband and one shall be recorded in a book by the person celebrating the marriage.

The certificates shall be numbered consecutively, and all certificates referring to one marriage shall have the same number.

Marriages to be registered.

18. The Registrar-General shall forthwith enter every certificate of marriage in the marriage register book, and certify the accuracy of the entry and file and index the certificate of marriage.

Proof of marriage.

19. A copy of the certificate of any marriage registered by a minister or a Registrar under his hand shall be *prima facie* evidence in all proceedings of the fact of such marriage having been duly celebrated.

Wrongful celebration.

20. Any person who shall wilfully and knowingly celebrate any marriage contrary to the provisions of this Ordinance or where the provisions of this Ordinance have not been complied with shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and be liable to a fine not exceeding £500, or to imprisonment not exceeding two years or both such fine and imprisonment.

False declaration.

21. Any person who for the purpose of procuring a marriage or a certificate or licence for marriage knowingly and wilfully makes a false oath or makes or signs a false declaration notice or certificate required under this Ordinance is guilty of a misdemeanour and is liable on conviction on indictment to penal servitude for a term not exceeding seven years or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine or to penal servitude or imprisonment and fine or on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

Negleci.

22. Any person who shall offend against or fail to comply with any of the provisions of this Ordinance for the breach of which no penalty is provided, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

Marriages under the Foreign Marriages Acts 1892 to 1947. Notice.

23. A party to a marriage intended to be solemnised under the Foreign Marriages Acts 1892 to 1947 who has had his usual place of abode in the Colony or its Dependencies for a period of not less than one week immediately preceding such intended marriage or such other period as may be determined by His Majesty in Council shall give notice thereof to the Registrar-General in Form 1 in the Fourth Schedule hereto.

Posting of notice.

24. The Registrar-General shall post up a true copy of such notice in some conspicuous place in his office and shall keep the same so posted up during fourteen consecutive days before the marriage.

Certificate of notice.

- 25. The Registrar-General shall unless he is aware of any impediment or objection to the solemnisation of the marriage give a certificate in Form 2 in the Fourth Schedule hereto that such notice has been given and posted up as aforesaid.
- 26. The fees specified in the Third Schedule hereto shall be paid for the services therein specified.
 - 27. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

Repeal: 8 of 1902.

28. The Marriage Ordinance, 1902, is hereby repealed.

Form 1.

Registrar-General

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Notice of Marriage.

Father's Christian and Surnames in full. (If either party be under the age of 21, the father or guardian must viile here "I Consent" and sign his name.	
Fa (I) ei or 21.	
Residence.	7.
Rank or Profession.	
Condition: Bachelor, Spinster, Widner or Wilne.	
"Under" or "above" the age	
Christian and Surnames in full.	
No.	

I do solemnly and sincerely declare that I believe the foregoing particulars to be true in every respect and that there is no impediment or language or nount of consent or any other laugus to the marriage of the parties above named.

Duyluut tire			day of
	19 , at	Registrar or J.P.	was duly received by me on the
Signed and declared to belove me by	day of	Signalure	I certify that the above declaration was duly received

N.B.-If Marriage is to be in Camp or by Special Licence say where.

Signature

Marriage Licence.

I hereby certify that the persons named and described below have given notice of their intended marringe and made the declaration required by law and that I know of no lauful objection to the proposed marriage: These are therefore to license any registered minister of religion or any Registrar to marry the said persons according to the provisions of the Marriage Ordinance, 1949, on any day before the day of

Christian and Surnames in full.	"Under" or "above" the age of 21.	Condition: Backelor, Spinster, Widower or Widow,	Rank or Profession.	Residence.	Father's Christian and Surnames in full.	Father's Profession
den tala de description de la constanta de la						
		7.0				

Registrur-General.

Date

Form 3.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Marriage Certificate.

, j.,	
Where Married.	
Father's Rank or Profession,	
Father's Christian and Surnames in full.	
Rank or Profession and Country.	¥
Condition. Backelor, Spinster, Wislower or Widow.	
"Under" or "above" the age of 21.	
Christian and Surnames the age of in full.	
When married.	
No.	

This Marriage was solemnized between us

Wibress.	Wilness.	
In the presence of us		

Married by me

Signature

Title

Three copies of this Certificate shall be signed by all the parties: One shall be given to the Bridegroom, one sent to the Registrar-General, and one entered in the book kept by the person solemnising the Marriage.

No

in the Registrar-General's Office.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Consents required to the Marriage of an Infant.

1. Where the Infant is Legitimate.

CIRCUMSTANCES.

PERSON OR PERSONS WHOSE CONSENT IS REQUIRED.

- 1. Where both parents are living
 - (a) if parents living together:
 - (b) if parents are divorced or separated by order of court or by agreement:
 - (c) if one parent has been deserted by the other:
 - (d) if both parents deprived of custody of infant by order of court:
- 2. Where one parent is dead:
 - (a) if there is no other guardian:
 - (b) if a guardian has been appointed by the deceased parent:
- 3. Where both parents are dead:

Both parents.

The parent to whom the custody of the infant is committed by order of any court or by the agreement, or, if the custody of the infant is so committed to one parent during part of the year and to the other parent during the rest of the year, both parents.

The parent who has been deserted.

The person to whose custody the infant is committed by order of the court.

The surviving parent.

The surviving parent and the guardian if acting jointly, or the surviving parent or the guardian if the parent or the guardian is the sole guardian of the infant.

The guardians or guardian appointed by the deceased parents or by the court.

2. Where the Infant is Illegitimate.

CIRCUMSTANCES.

If the mother of the infant is alive:

If the mother of the infant is dead:

PERSON WHOSE CONSENT IS REQUIRED.

The mother, or if she has by order of the court been deprived of the custody of the infant, the person to whom the custody of the infant has been committed by order of the court.

The guardian appointed by the mother.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

Table of Fees.

TO WHOM PAYABLE.	FOR WHAT DUTY.					Λ	AMOUNT.		
						Ŧ,	s.	d.	
The Governor	Special Licence					3 :	0:	0	
The Minister	Marriage by Governor's licence					2:	0 :	0	
The Clerk	The same						10 :	0	
The Minister	Marriage after banns or on Regis	strar-Gen		nce			10 :	()	
The Clerk	The same						5 :		
The Minister	Publication of banns of marriage						2:	ŧ	
	Who performs a marriage elsewh travelling expenses for every m	nere than					3 :		
The Treasury	Entry of notice of marriage	***					2:		
	Registrar-General's licence	***					5:	(
	Entering caveat						5:		
	Marriage by Registrar						10:	(
	Notice under Foreign Marriage			***			1:	(
	Certificate under Foreign Marria			***			2:	(
The Minister	Copy certified by Minister of en	_					2 :	6	

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Form 1.

To the Registrar-General, Falkland Islands.

I hereby give you notice that a marriage is intended to be solemnised within three months from the date hereof between the parties named and described.

Name and Surname.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Age.	Residence.	Church or building where marriage to be solemnised.
V D					
A.B.					
C.D.					
347.4					
Witness my hand a	et	. Falkland Islands	this	day of	19 .
		0	Signed)	A.B.	
				or	
				C.D.	

Form 2.

1,	Registrar-General, Falkland Islands, hereby certify that on
the	notice of marriage between the parties hereinafter described was given
under the hand of	one of the said parties.

Name and Surname.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Age.	Residence.	Church or building where marriage to be solemnised.
A.B.					
C.D.					*

Date of notice.

Date of certificate.

The issue of this certificate has not been forbidden by any person authorised to forbid the issue thereof.

Witness my hand this

day of

19

Registrar-General.

N.B. This certificate will be void unless the marriage is solemnised on or before the

day of

An Ordinance

To amend the Trade Unions and Trade Disputes Ordinance.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Trade Unions and Trade Disputes (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Trade Unions and Trade Disputes Ordinance.

Amendments: Sections 17, 21 & 22.

2. The definitions to "intimidate" and "injury" in subsection (1) of section 17, subsection (2) of section 21 and subsection (2) of section 22 of the Trade Unions and Trade Disputes Ordinance shall be deleted.

M.P. C/17/30.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To provide for the maintenance of Waterworks at Stanley.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Colony thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Waterworks Ordinance, 1949.

Definition.

2. "Waterworks" mean the Stanley Waterworks and includes any pumping station, reservoir, tank, filter-bed or other appliance used or intended to be used for collecting, storing or purifying water and any pipe used or intended to be used for conveying water between any pumping station, reservoir, tank and filter-bed which is or may become the property of the Government.

Water Authority.

3. (1) The Governor may appoint any person to be Water Authority.

Duties and Powers.

- (2) The duties of the Water Authority shall include the management of the Waterworks, the control of all matters relating thereto, and carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance and any Regulations made thereunder.
- (3) The Water Authority may with the approval of the Governor bring an action in any Court in any matter affecting the management or control of the Waterworks or under this Ordinance or any Regulation made thereunder.
 - (4) The Water Authority may
 - (a) at any time enter on any land, hereditaments and premises to inspect and repair any pipe or other appliance;

- (b) after 21 days' notice in writing to the owner or occupier thereof lay pipes and other appliances on or through such land.
- (5) The Water Authority shall not be liable to any claim for compensation on account of any interruption in or insufficiency of the supply of water caused by drought or other unavoidable circumstance.
 - 4. Any person who

Offences.

- (1) puts or causes or allows to be put into the Waterworks or any part thereof any foul or injurious matter liable to pollute or render the water therein unfit for use or to impede the flow of water therein, or
- (2) wilfully damages or causes or allows to be damaged any part of the Waterworks, or
- (3) opens or closes or in any way interferes with or causes or allows to be opened or closed or in any way interfered with the Waterworks or any part thereof

shall commit an offence and on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment.

5. The Governor in Council may make regulations for the administration of this Ordinance.

Regulations.

6. The Stanley Water Supply Ordinance, 1927, is hereby Repeal: No. 4 of 1927, repealed.

M.P. 30/26.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To make provision for the care of persons of unsound mind.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Mental Treatment Ordinance, 1949.

2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires -

"person of unsound mind" means an idiot or a person who is suffering from mental derangement.

3. (1) Any Justice may, upon information on oath of any informant to the effect that the informant has good cause to suspect and believe and does suspect and believe that a particular person be of unsound mind and a proper subject to be placed under care and treatment, see and question the person so suspected and may together with another Justice hold an inquiry in private as to the state of mind of such person. For the purposes of such inquiry the Justices shall have the power of a Court and may, after one of them shall have seen the person suspected of being of unsound mind, proceed with such inquiry in the absence of such person and without proof of service of any summons upon him.

Short title.

Interpretation.

Inquiry as to the state of a person's mind.

- (2) If it shall appear to any Justice by information on oath that any person suspected of being of unsound mind is at large or is dangerous to himself or others, or is not under proper care and control or is cruelly treated or neglected by any relative or other person having the care or charge of him such Justice may by order under his hand require any constable to apprehend such person and bring him before himself and another Justice or two other Justices for the purpose of inquiry and examination.
- (3) The Justices may adjourn the inquiry for a period not exceeding eight days for the purpose of medical examination or the production of evidence as to the state of mind of the person so suspected and may, if the person alleged to be of unsound mind has been apprehended as aforesaid or under the provisions of section 6, make such order for the detention and safe custody of such person during the said adjournment as they may deem fit.

Medical certificates.

- 4. (1) The Justices making an inquiry under section 3 hereof shall direct the Senior Medical Officer or another registered medical practitioner to examine the person suspected of being of unsound mind and thereupon such practitioner shall, if he considers that the facts warrant it, sign a certificate that in his opinion the suspected person is of unsound mind and specifying in full detail the facts upon which he founds his opinion.
- (2) A certificate may contain information as to the previous medical history of the person so suspected but no certificate which purports to be founded wholly on facts communicated by others shall have any effect.

Adjudication of insanity and admission to a place for proper care and custody. 5. Where it appears to the Justices upon inquiry and upon the said registered medical practitioner having certified that any person is of unsound mind and a proper subject to be placed under care and treatment they may adjudge such person to be of unsound mind and a proper person to be placed under care and treatment and may make an order (hereinafter referred to as a "reception order") for the care and treatment of such person in an institution or place approved by the Governor in Council as a fit and proper place for the care and treatment of persons of unsound mind (hereinafter referred to as an "approved place"):

Provided that the Justices shall not make a reception order unless one, at least, of them shall have seen the person suspected of being of unsound mind.

Removal of person of unsound mind in urgent cases.

6. If a police constable is satisfied that it is necessary for the public safety, or for the welfare of a person alleged to be of unsound mind in respect of whom an inquiry ought to be made under this Ordinance that such person should be placed under care and control before such inquiry can be held, the constable may remove that person to an approved place and shall within 24 hours of such removal lay information on oath under section 3 hereof. The Senior Medical Officer or the person in charge of the approved place shall receive and detain such person therein but no person shall be so detained for more than three days.

Duration of reception orders.

- 7. (1) A reception order shall remain in force for one year from its date, and thereafter from year to year if at the end of each year a special report of the Senior Medical Officer as to the mental and bodily condition of the patient with a certificate under his hand that the patient is still of unsound mind and a proper person to be detained under care and treatment is sent to the Magistrate not more than one month nor less than seven days before the end of such year.
- (2) A Magistrate or any two Justices may require the Senior Medical Officer to give such further information concerning the patient as he or they may require or order that the patient be brought before him or them for examination and, if necessary, discharge him from the approved place.

- (3) Any person who detains a person after he has knowledge that an order for his reception has expired shall be guilty of a misdemeanour.
- (4) A certificate under the hand of a Magistrate that an order for reception has been continued to the date therein mentioned shall be sufficient evidence of the fact.
- 8. The Senior Medical Officer shall be responsible for the management and control of an approved place, the patients and the staff thereof.

Control of an approved place.

9. If it shall appear to any Justice that the father, mother, husband, wife or children of any person confined in an approved place or elsewhere as hereinafter provided for is or are possessed of sufficient means to support or contribute to the support of such person he may summon such relatives to appear before a Court and the Court shall, if satisfied that such relative or relatives are able to maintain or assist in the maintenance of the person so confined, order that such relative or relatives pay such sum of money weekly or otherwise as it may consider reasonable having regard to the circumstances of the parties:

Maintenance of person of unsound mind.

Provided that a Court may vary an order upon proof that the means of such relative or relatives have changed since the date of the original order or any subsequent order varying it.

10. The Judge of the Supreme Court may make such inquiries as he may deem proper as to the estate of a person of unsound mind and may order all or any part thereof to be sold or dealt with as he may deem most expedient for the purpose of raising or securing money for the payment of or provision for the future maintenance of such person or for any purpose which the Judge may desire is for the benefit and interest of the person of unsound mind.

Maintenance may be charged to estate of person of unsound mind.

11. Whenever it shall appear to the Senior Medical Officer that a patient is fit to be discharged from an approved place he shall so certify to a Magistrate or two Justices who may order that such patient shall be discharged accordingly.

Discharge of patient if fit.

12. Whenever the Senior Medical Officer shall certify that a patient (except any criminal lunatic) is fit to be discharged to the care and custody of relatives or friends any Justice may order accordingly subject to such relatives or friends entering into a bond, with or without sureties, in such amount and conditions as the Justice may deem fit that such patient shall be properly taken care of and shall be prevented from doing injury to himself or others.

Discharge of person on undertaking of relative etc. for proper care.

13. (1) When it shall appear to the Senior Medical Officer that any person confined under this Ordinance (other than a criminal lunatic) is not dangerous he may at his discretion permit such person to be absent from an approved place upon trial for such period as he may think proper and subject to any undertaking or the observance of any conditions as to residence, occupation and surveillance, and sureties (if any) as the Senior Medical Officer may deem fit.

Release of patient on

- (2) In the case of any breach of an undertaking or condition imposed under this section or if a person does not return to an approved place at the expiration of the period for which he was released such person may at any time up to fourteen days after the expiration of such period be retaken by any officer and conveyed back to an approved place.
- 14. Any patient who shall leave an approved place otherwise than upon discharge, removal, or release on trial may without a fresh order and certificates be retaken at any time within fourteen days after his leaving the approved place by a police officer or any person authorised in writing by the Senior Medical Officer and conveyed back to, and received in, the approved place.

Escaped patient may be retaken within 14 days.

Magistrate may order person to be brought before him for examination.

- 15. (1) If it shall appear to a Magistrate on information on oath that there is reason to believe that any person of sound mind (other than a criminal lunatic) is confined in an approved place against his will be shall order that such person shall be brought before him or two Justices for examination on oath of such confined person and of any medical or other witnesses who may be called by the Senior Medical Officer or informant as to the state of mind of such person and if it shall appear to such Magistrate or Justices that such person is of sound mind and detained against his will be or they shall make an order that such person shall be discharged from an approved place and the Senior Medical Officer shall discharge such person accordingly.
- (2) An examination under this section shall be conducted in private.

Removal of a person of unsound mind to the United Kingdom. 16. (1) The Magistrate or two Justices may upon being satisfied that adequate arrangements have been made for the safety and care of a person of unsound mind while on board ship and for his reception at the port of landing to secure his proper disposal into the care of friends or a mental hospital in the United Kingdom, or being an alien, in his country of origin, order that such person be removed from the Colony in a ship bound for a port in the United Kingdom or said country of origin as the case may be.

Provided that the father, mother, husband, wife or children of the person so removed shall pay such part of the cost of the passage and maintenance in a mental home of such person as a Justice shall after hearing the parties decide.

- (2) When a person of unsound mind is removed from the Colony a transcript of the proceedings in respect of such person shall be transmitted by the Governor to His Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies.
- (3) This section shall not apply to the removal of criminal lunatics which is governed by the Colonial Prisoners Removal Act 1884 and any Act amending or replacing that Act.
- 17. (1) The Governor shall appoint two or more persons to be visitors of approved places and may remove any of them and appoint others in their places.
- (2) Two of the said visitors shall at least once in every month inspect every part of an approved place in which a person of unsound mind is confined and see and examine every such person therein and the orders for admission and shall enter in a book to be kept for that purpose any remarks which they may deem proper in regard to the condition and management of the approved place and the patients therein and shall sign the book after every such visit.
- (3) The said visitors shall submit a joint report to the Governor in December in each year on the state and condition of any approved place in which persons of unsound mind are confined and as to the management and conduct thereof and the care of patients therein, and shall submit such reports upon any matter connected with an approved place as and when the Governor may specially direct.

Protection of persons enforcing Ordinance.

- 18. (1) No person who has presented an application or laid an information for a reception order or signed or carried out, or done any act with a view to signing or carrying out, an order purporting to be a reception order or any report, application or certificate purporting to be a report, application or certificate or has done anything in pursuance to this Ordinance shall be liable to any civil or criminal proceedings unless he has acted in bad faith or without reasonable care.
- (2) No proceedings shall be brought against any person in any Court in respect of any matter referred to in subsection (1)

Visitors.

hereof without the leave of the Supreme Court and leave shall not be granted unless the Supreme Court is satisfied there is substantial ground for the contention that the person, against whom it is sought to bring proceedings, has acted in bad faith or without reasonable care.

- (3) Notice of any application under subsection (2) hereof shall be given to the person against whom it is sought to bring proceedings, and such person shall be entitled to be heard against the application.
- (4) Proceedings against any person for anything done under this Ordinance shall be commenced within twelve months of the alleged act in respect of which the proceedings are brought or from the date of release of the party who has been detained as a person of unsound mind, as the case may be, and for the purpose hereof the date of service of notice of an application under subsection (3) hereof shall be deemed to be date of commencement provided that proceedings are commenced within four weeks of leave to proceed having been granted.
- (5) If proceedings are not commenced within the time stated in subsection (4) hereof judgment shall be given for the defendant.
- 19. Any person not being a registered medical practitioner who knowingly and wilfully signs a certificate prescribed under this Ordinance shall commit a misdemeanour and be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

Person other than registered medical practitioner signing certificate.

20. Any registered medical practitioner who knowingly and wilfully in any certificate prescribed under this Ordinance falsely certifies anything shall commit a misdemeanour and be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

False medical certificate.

21. Any person who wilfully assists the escape of any person of unsound mind while being conveyed to or confined in an approved place or who hides such person who has escaped from an approved place shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Assisting escape of person of unsound mind.

22. Any person employed at an approved place who through wilful neglect or connivance permits any person confined in an approved place to leave otherwise than on discharge, removal or release on trial prescribed by this Ordinance shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Permitting escape of person of unsound mind.

23. Any person employed or having duties at an approved place who carnally knows or attempts to have carnal knowledge of any female under care and treatment at such approved place shall commit a misdemeanour and shall on conviction on indictment be liable for a term of imprisonment not exceeding two years.

Abuse of female of unsound mind.

24. Any person employed at an approved place who strikes, ill-treats or neglects any patient therein shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Ill-treating patients in an approved place.

25. Any person who strikes or ill-treats any person released on trial from an approved place knowing him to be of unsound mind or obstructs an officer of an approved place in the execution of his duty in connection with a person of unsound mind shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or a term of imprisonment not exceeding six months.

Ill-treating patients released on trial and obstructing officer.

26. Any person who, without the consent of the Senior Medical Officer gives, sells or barters any article or commodity to any patient in an approved place shall commit an offence and be

Selling etc. articles to persons in approved place.

liable to a penalty not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Trespassing on premises of an approved place.

- 27. (1) Any person who trespasses upon any premises belonging or appertaining to an approved place or who enters the same without being duly authorised so to do shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £10 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.
- (2) Any person committing an offence under this section may be apprehended without warrant by any servant at the approved place or by any constable.

Rules.

- 28. The Governor in Council may make rules for the better administration of this Ordinance and the control and management of approved places.
- 29. Any party to proceedings under sections 9 and 16 (1) hereof shall have a right of appeal to the Supreme Court against any order made by a Justice.
- 30. Nothing in this Ordinance shall apply to criminal lunatics or affect the Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in matters relating to lunacy.
 - 31. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

Repeal No. 4 of 1894.

32. The Lunacy Ordinance, 1894, is hereby repealed.

M.P. 1107.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

This Ordinance may be cited as the Live Stock (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901, as amended by the Live Stock (Amendment) Ordinances (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Section 1.

2. The definition "stray sheep" shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"stray sheep" means any sheep, not being a travelling sheep, upon land not in the occupation of the owner of the sheep.

The definition "Inspector" shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"Inspector" means an inspector appointed under section 2 of this Ordinance.

Sections 13 & 14.

- 3. The words "Agricultural Officer" shall be substituted for the words "Chief Inspector" in Sections 13 and 14 of the Principal Ordinance.
- Sections 17 & 41.

 4. The words "or two Justices" shall be inserted after the word "Magistrate" in sections 17 and 41 of the Principal Ordinance.

- 5. Sections 25, 26 and 27 of the Principal Ordinance shall Sections 25, 26 & 27.
- 6. Section 28 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by inserting the following after the proviso thereto:

Section 28.

"Provided also that the Agricultural Officer may exempt the owner of any island from dipping in any one year if the sheep examined by him on that island are found to be absolutely free of tick, lice and scab in that year."

7. The words "and cattle" shall be inserted after the word "sheep" wherever it shall appear in Sections 35, 36 and 37 of the Principal Ordinance with the exception of subsection (3) of section 37.

Sections 35, 36 & 37.

8. Section 41 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by deleting the words "all penalties or moiety penalties, when the half is payable to an informer," in lines 4 and 5 thereof.

Section 41.

9. (1) The words "or to carry out any lawful order given" in lines 4 and 5 of section 46 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 46.

Schedule.

10. Form 5 in the Schedule to the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the form shewn in the Schedule hereto shall be substituted therefor.

M.P. 1093.

SCHEDULE.

Ag. 4

Killed for Mutton

Total

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

LIVE STOCK ORDINANCE, No. 6 of 1901.

Annual Return 19

Station	Owner
Brand for Horses and Cattle	Ear mark for Sheep

Sheep.

Number of sheep on 31st May

	4	r (timbe)	or succi	OII OIS	u muy.		
Rams.	Breeding Ewes.	0	ther Ewes.		Wethers.	Lambs.	Total.
		Cast.	Maid	en.			
			Ram.	Ewe	. Wether	. Tot	al.
Number of L	ambs marked						
	ambs dipped	***					
Sheep	disposed of in year			S	tock acquired i	n year	
Sold locally f	for Breeding			Purpose.	Country of o		Sex. Total.
11 ,9	" Mutton				Station where	Dought.	
" "	Boiling down					İ	
" "	,, Other reasons						
Exported							
Killed on Sta	tion and only skinned						
Boiled down	on Station						

		Labour o	n 31st May.		
	Shepherds.	Navvies.	Other E	Iands. Tota	1.
	-				
	7	otal populati	ion on 31st	May.	
	Male.		male.	Total,	
4	al Daimfall in incl.	- mlane est	la our least	Station	inghos
				Station	
Number	of Houses on Statio	n including C	ookhouse	Number vac	ant
		H	orses.		
Stallions.	Brood Mares.	All other	horses.	All under 3 years old.	Total.
0.5					-
		C	attle.		
Bulls.	Oxen.	Cows.		ınder 2 years old.	Total.
			_		
	<u> </u>				
		S	wine.		
Boars.	Breeding Sows & Gi	lts. All o	over 6 months.	All under 6 mont	hs. Total
		D.	oultry.		
	Heus.	Cocks.	Pullets.	Total.	
					_
					_ ///
	Geese		Turkeys		
	LIGHS.	COCKS.	Pullets.	Total.	- //

I solemnly and sincerely declare that the foregoing is to the best of my knowledge and belief a correct and accurate statement.

Signature of Manager.

An Ordinance

To amend the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

Short title.

2. The definition "Company" in section 2, and sections 3 and 4 of and the Schedule to, the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916, shall be deleted.

Amendments: Sections 2, 3, 4 and the Schedule.

M.P. 1112.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Vaccination Ordinance, 1868.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Vaccination (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Vaccination Ordinance, 1868, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Section 1 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

Amendments: Section 1.

- "1. Every medical practitioner registered under the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance 1914 or any Ordinance amending or replacing it shall be a public vaccinator for the purposes of this Ordinance and shall vaccinate all persons who shall be brought to him for that purpose, provided they are fit subjects for vaccination, subject to any regulations made under this Ordinance."
 - 3. Section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended -

Section 2.

- (a) by the deletion of the words "the Public Vaccinator of the district" in line 9 thereof and the substitution of the words "registered medical practitioner" therefor:
- (b) by the deletion of the remainder of the section after the word "vaccinated" in line 10 thereof.
- 4. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended -

(a) by the deletion of the words "following week when the operation shall have been performed by the Public Vaccinator, such" in lines 1, 2 and 3 thereof and the words "week following the vaccination the" substituted therefor;

Section 4.

(b) by the substitution of the words "registered medical practitioner" for the word "him" in line 5 thereof.

Section 5.

- 5. Section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the word "registered" for the words "Public Vaccinator or other qualified" in lines 2 and 3 thereof.
- Sections 6, 7, 11 & 12.
- 6. The word "registered" shall be substituted for the words "Public Vaccinator or" whenever they appear in sections 6, 7, 11 and 12 of the Principal Ordinance.
- Sections 8, 13, 14, 17 & 18,
- 7. Sections 8, 13, 14, 17 and 18 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 15.

- 8. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following shall be substituted therefor:
 - "15. Court may order that any child under the age of 14 years who has not been successfully vaccinated or who has not had small pox or has not been certified as insusceptible of successful vaccination shall be vaccinated within such time as it may deem fit and the person against whom the order is made who fails to comply therewith shall, unless he shall satisfy the Court that he had reasonable excuse for his omission, commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty shillings.

Application.

- 9. The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following section :
 - "19. This Ordinance shall apply to South Georgia in the Dependencies".

Schedule.

10. The Schedule to the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the word "Registered" being substituted for the words "Public Vaccinator or" and "Public Vaccinator of the District or" wherever they appear.

M.P. 1087.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To declare the law as to Aliens.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Aliens Ordinance,

Definitions.

- 2. In this Ordinance or any regulations made thereunder where the context so admits:
 - "An alien" means any person who according to the laws in force or that may come into force in the United Kingdom is not a British subject, British protected person or who is a citizen of the Republic of Ireland.

Admission of aliens.

3. (1) No alien who is a lunatic, idiot or mentally deficient or who has been certified by a medical officer in the service of the Government of the Colony as undesirable for medical reasons, or who has been sentenced for a crime which would be a ground for extradition from the Colony or who has been prohibited from landing by order of the Governor, shall land in the Colony.

- (2) Any alien who shall land in the Colony without the permission of the Governor unless:
 - (a) he is in possession of a valid passport issued to him by or on behalf of the Government of which he is a national or some other document with a photograph attached satisfactorily establishing his nationality or identity to the satisfaction of and, except where he is a national of one of those countries with which an agreement has been entered into by His Majesty's Government for the abolition of visas and such agreement has been extended to the Colony, he has been granted a visa to enter the Colony by or on behalf of His Majesty's Government,
 - (b) he is in a position to support himself and his dependents,

shall commit an offence.

4. Every alien who shall within seven days of his landing in the Colony fail to register with the Chief Constable and furnish him with such particulars as he may require or shall fail to notify the Chief Constable within seven days of any change of residence, shall commit an offence.

Registration.

5. The Governor in Council may make a deportation order subject to such conditions as he may think fit in respect of any alien when

Deportation Orders.

- (1) it is certified by the Judge or a Magistrate that he has been convicted of an offence punishable by imprisonment without the option of a fine and it was recommended that a deportation order should be made either in addition to or in lieu of the sentence;
- (2) if it is deemed to be conducive to the public good to do so.
- 6. An alien in respect of whom a deportation order has been made may be detained in legal custody until he be placed on a ship leaving the Colony.

Detention pending deportation.

7. The Master of any ship calling at any port outside the Colony who shall, upon being required by the Governor or Chief Constable to give a passage and accommodation and maintenance during the passage to an alien against whom a deportation order has been made and his dependents to that port, without reasonable excuse, fail to give such passage as aforesaid shall commit an offence.

Master of ship.

8. The Governor may apply any money or property of an alien against whom a deportation order has been made in payment of the cost of deportation and the maintenance until departure of such alien and his dependents.

Expenses of deportation.

9. Any person who commits an offence under this Ordinance shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months and on a second or subsequent conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

Offences.

10. The Governor in Council may make regulations for the administration of this Ordinance.

Regulations.

11. The Passports Ordinance, 1921, the Passports (Amendment) Ordinance, 1925, and the Aliens' Ordinance, 1929, are hereby repealed.

Repeals.

An Ordinance

To amend the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1939.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Workmen's Compensation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1939, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Section 2.

2. Section 2 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the word "eighteen" for the word "seventeen" in line 3 thereof.

Section 4.

- 3. (1) Section 4 (1) (a) (i) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by inserting the word "six" after the word "thirty" in line 3 thereof.
- (2) Section 4 (1) (b) (ii) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the words "ninety six" for the words "eighty four" in lines 1 and 2 thereof.
- (3) Section 4 (1) (d) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following proviso:

"Provided that in no case shall compensation be payable at a rate exceeding six pounds per month".

Section 5.

- 4. (1) Section 5 (1) (b) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by inserting the word "six" after the word "thirty" in the first line thereof.
- (2) Section 5 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the proviso thereto.

Section 8.

5. Section 8 (5) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the word "fifteen" for the word "eight" in line 3 thereof.

Section 14.

6. Section 14 (3) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the words "section thirty-three of the Bankruptcy Act 1914" for the words "the Preferential Payments in Bankruptcy Act 1888" in lines 2 and 3 thereof.

Sections 31 and 32.

7. Sections 31 and 32 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the word "Judge" for "Chief Justice" wherever these words appear in these sections.

Section 32.

8. Section 32 (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by deleting the words "two successive issues of" in line 3 thereof.

Section 34.

9. Section 34 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the words "the British Empire" for the words "His Majesty's Dominions" wherever these words appear in this section and by deleting subsection (2) of this section.

M.P. 0038/11.

An Ordinance

To amend the Publications (Importation Prohibition) Ordinance, 1938.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Publications (Importation Prohibition) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Publications (Importation Prohibition) Ordinance, 1938, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

- 2. Clauses (a) (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted in lieu thereof:
 - "(a) the Postmaster
 - (b) the Collector of Customs
 - (c) the Chief Constable".

M.P. C/8/38.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To impose restriction on Immigration and for purposes connected therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Immigration (Restriction) Ordinance, 1949.
- 2. In this Ordinance or any Regulation made thereunder Definitions, where the context so admits:

"Prohibited immigrant" means any person who

- (a) is not in possession of a passport valid for entry into the Colony, or
- (b) has left the Colony at the public expense, or
- (c) is deemed by the Governor to be an undesirable immigrant, or
- (d) is an idiot or insane, or
- (e) is without visible means of support or is likely to become a public charge, or
- (f) has signed or entered into an agreement to labour for hire in the Colony, or whose passage has been paid on his behalf with a view to his entering into such an agreement on arrival, unless the consent in writing of the Colonial Secretary to immigration of such person has been obtained.

Prohibition of and conditions on landing any prohibited immigrant.

- 3. The Governor may prohibit any person landing in the Colony and may impose all or any of the following conditions in respect of any person appearing to be a prohibited immigrant
 - (a) he shall deposit with the Colonial Secretary the sum of £100 provided that the Colonial Secretary may in lieu of requiring the said deposit permit the intending immigrant to give security by bond in the prescribed form in the sum of £100 with one or more sureties to be approved by the Colonial Secretary conditional on the intending immigrant obtaining from the Colonial Secretary within six months after entering the Colony a certificate that he is a fit and proper person to be received as an immigrant.
 - (b) If he shall, within six months after entering the Colony, obtain from the Colonial Secretary such certificate as aforesaid his deposit if any shall be refunded.
 - (c) If he shall fail to obtain such certificate within six months as aforesaid, his deposit may be forfeited or the bond may be put in suit by the Colonial Secretary, and he may be deported.

In the case of any person allowed to enter the Colony, under this section, no liability shall attach to the vessel or the owner, agent or master of such vessel.

Offence of illegal landing and deportation.

4. Any prohibited immigrant who shall land in the Colony except under and in accordance with the provisions of section 3 shall commit an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months and the Governor in Council may make a deportation order in respect of such prohibited immigrant upon such conviction.

Liability of master. owner and agent of a ship in respect of prohibited immigrant. 5. The master or person having command or charge of the vessel in which a prohibited immigrant (not having been shipwrecked) arrived in the Colony shall, if required give a passage and accommodation and maintenance during the passage to such prohibited immigrant upon deportation and the master and the owner and the agent of any vessel from which any prohibited immigrant shall land or be landed shall be jointly and severally liable to pay to the Government of the Colony all expenses incurred in connection with the maintenance of such immigrant and his deportation from the Colony.

Seamen not to be discharged without consent of Shipping Master.

- 6. (1) No seaman shall be discharged from any ship in the Colony except with the consent of the Shipping Master which consent shall not be given unless the master, owner or agent shall have made arrangements to the satisfaction of the Shipping Master to ensure that the seaman shall not become a charge on the Colony.
- (2) Any seaman discharged without such consent or deserting from the ship or being left behind in the Colony shall be deemed to be a prohibited immigrant.

Liability of employers bringing persons into Colony. 7. Any person bringing into the Colony any person to serve under an agreement, who shall within twelve months of the date of his arrival become chargeable to the Colony, shall be liable to repay to the Government of the Colony all costs and charges incurred in respect of such person and the cost of his removal from the Colony.

Offences.

- 8. Any person who
 - (1) aids and assists any prohibited immigrant to land in the Colony in contravention of this Ordinance, or
 - (2) being the master of a ship knowingly permits any prohibited immigrant to land from his ship in contravention of this Ordinance, or refuses to receive on board, or neglects to take reasonable measures to keep on board any prohibited immigrant who shall

have landed from his ship and been replaced on board, or

(3) wilfully disobeys or disregards any obligation imposed by this Ordinance

shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, and when the master of a ship is charged with any offence clearance outwards of the ship shall be refused until the charge has been heard and the fine if any imposed has been paid.

9. This Ordinance shall not apply to persons in the Service of the Government of the Colony or to natives of the Colony or persons permanently domiciled therein.

Exemptions.

10. The Immigration (Restriction) Ordinance, 1936, and the Immigration (Restriction) Amendment Ordinance, 1939, are hereby repealed.

Repeals: 3 of 1936 and 11 of 1939.

M.P. 0560.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Trespass Ordinance, 1904.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Trespass (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Trespass Ordinance, 1904, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. The word "waste" in lines 2 and 3 of section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Amendments: Section 2.

3. The words "three" in line 2 and "one shilling" in lines 3 and 4 of section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "five" and "two shillings and sixpence" substituted therefor respectively.

Section 4.

4. Sections 7, 8, 9 and 11 of the Principal Ordinance are hereby repealed.

Sections 7, 8, 9 and 11.

5. Section 13 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the remainder thereof after the word "thereof" in line 7.

Section 13.

6. Section 14 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted in lieu thereof:

Section 14.

"The Governor in Council may make regulations for the more effective administration of this Ordinance".

An Ordinance

To amend the Falkland Islands Slaughtering and Inspection Ordinance, 1939.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Falkland Islands Slaughtering and Inspection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Falkland Islands Slaughtering and Inspection Ordinance, 1939, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Section 2.

2. The word "human" shall be substituted for the word "local" in line 4 of section 2 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 4.

3. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following shall be substituted in lieu thereof as a proviso to section 3 of the Principal Ordinance:

"Provided that:

- (a) no diseased stock shall be slaughtered for human consumption;
- (b) that a complete record of all stock slaughtered for human consumption is kept shewing the persons to whom it is bartered or sold and that such record is open to inspection by an inspector at all reasonable times."

Section 10.

- 4. The words "and other officers for the purpose of this Ordinance and may define their duties, functions and powers" in lines 3 and 4 of section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "under this Ordinance" substituted therefor.
- Sections 16 & 17.
- 5. The word "justice" in the last line of section 16 and the words "or justice" in the lines 1 and 4 of section 17 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 19.

6. The words "or any justice" in line 9 of section 19 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 23.

7. Section 23 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

M.P. 1077.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Dogs Ordinance, 1944.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dogs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Dogs Ordinance, 1944, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments.

2. Section 5 and the words "Such permission shall not be unreasonably withheld" in section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

An Ordinance

To amend the Post Office Ordinance, 1898.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows -

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Post Office (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Post Office Ordinance, 1898, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. The words "and regulations for the time being in force" in lines 2 and 3 of section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "as provided by the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949, and any regulations made under such laws" shall be inserted after the word "Kingdom" in line 4 of the said section.

Amendments: Section 2.

3. The words "1d, for every letter and \(\frac{1}{4}\)d, for every other postal packet contained in any mail" in lines 3 and 4 of section 7 shall be deleted and the words "two shillings and sixpence for every mail bag containing letters and papers and five shillings for every mail bag containing parcels" shall be substituted therefor.

Section 7.

The Principal ()rdinance shall be amended by the addition Application. of the following section:

"9A. This Ordinance shall apply to South Georgia in the Dependencies."

M.P. 1083.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Defence Force (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

The definition "Company" in section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

Amendments: Section 2.

- "'Unit' means unit forming part of the Force".
- 3. Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by Section 3. the addition of the following subsection:

- "(3) The Governor may appoint such honorary members as he may deem fit".
- 4. The words "Companies of Garrison Artillery, Mounted Infantry and Infantry" in section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "Units" substituted therefor.

Section 9.

- 5. Section 9 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "(1) Members, other than officers, shall wear such uniform as the Governor shall direct which shall be supplied to them on their enrolment and renewed at the public expense as the Commandant shall decide.
 - (2) Officers shall provide and maintain at their own expense such uniform as the Governor shall direct: Provided that the Governor may grant an allowance to each officer in respect thereof."

Section 11.

- 6. Section 11 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by
 - (a) the substitution of the word "one" for the word "three" in line 5;
 - (b) the addition of the words "Provided that the Commandant may in his discretion dispense with such notice" after the word "force" in line 6; and
 - (c) by the deletion of the last paragraph thereof.

Section 13.

- 7. Section 13 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by
 - (a) inserting the words "for at least fifteen years or has been returned with efficiency" after the word "efficiency" in line 2 thereof, and
 - (b) by adding the following subsection:
- "(4) He may enjoy the privileges of the Defence Force Club as though he were an active member of the Force".

Sections 14, 22 (2), 23 (6) and 25,

8. Section 14, subsection (2) of section 22, subsection (6) of section 23, and section 25 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 17.

9. Section 17 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by deleting the words "or of any company detachment or party thereof" and inserting the words "motor vehicles" after the word "impress".

Section 21.

10. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"The Governor in Council may exempt, defer the calling out of, or order the release or discharge of any person or class of persons registered under sections 18, 19 and 20 hereof when he may deem it in the interest of the Colony so to do."

Section 23.

- 11. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 23 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "(3) No plaintiff in an action brought against any person in respect of any act performed under this Ordinance shall succeed unless he prove that such act was done maliciously or without reasonable cause or that it was carried out with gross negligence.

The defendant may plead this Ordinance in his defence."

General.

12. The word "unit" shall be substituted for the word "company" wherever it shall appear in the Principal Ordinance.

Schedule C.

- 13. Schedule C to the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by:
 - (a) deleting the first eleven and the 16th, 17th and 18th offences enumerated therein; and
 - (b) substituting £1 0s. 0d. for 1s. 0d. as the limit of the fine for the offence "Loading a rifle contrary to orders".

M.P. 601/21.

An Ordinance

To amend the Harbour Ordinance, 1902.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Harbour (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Harbour Ordinance, 1902, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the insertion of the word "unauthorised" before the word "person" in line 3 thereof.

Amendments: Section 6.

3. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting "Harbour Master" for the words "Receiver of Wrecks".

Section 15.

4. Section 22 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by inserting the words "or any public jetty" after the word "beach" in line 2 thereof.

Section 22,

- 5. The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following sections:
 - "22A. Any person engaged in removing, or being in a boat containing, gunpowder who shall have in his possession any matches or means for making fire or shall smoke shall be liable to a fine of £5.
 - 22B. Any person who shall take, use or cause to be taken or used, without the consent of the owner, any boat in any Harbour shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £10 and such sum as the Court shall award for the loss, use of, or damage to such boat."

M.P. 1084.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To provide for the imposition of penalties and fees in connection with the grant of Certificates and other matters under the British Nationality Act, 1948.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the British Nationality Ordinance, 1949.

Short title.

2. (1) Any person who for the purpose of procuring anything to be done or not to be done under the British Nationality Act, 1948, makes any statement which he knows to be false in a material particular or recklessly makes any statement which is false in a material particular shall be liable on summary conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Penalties.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with any requirement imposed on him by regulations made under the British Nationality Act 1948 with respect to the delivering up of certificates of naturalisation shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.

Fees.

- 3. (1) Subject to subsection (2) hereof the fees specified in the Schedule hereto shall be paid to the Colonial Treasury.
- (2) Of the fee payable in respect of the grant of a certificate of naturalisation, one pound shall be payable on the submission of the application for a certificate and shall in no circumstances be returned, and the balance shall be payable on the receipt of the decision to grant a certificate.

Provided that where a husband and wife apply at the same time for certificates and are residing together at the time of the applications and the balance is paid in respect of the grant of a certificate to one of them, no balance shall be payable in respect of the grant of a certificate to the other.

Repeal.

4. The British Nationality and Status of Aliens (Fees) Ordinance, 1921, is hereby repealed.

M.P. 1022.

SCHEDULE.

TABLE OF FEES.

Matter in which fee may be taken.	Amo	ount of fee).
	£	s.	d.
Registration as a citizen under Section 6 or (in the case of a person of ful Section 12 (6) of the British Nationality Act, 1948	l age)	10	0.
Registration of a minor as a citizen under Section 7 of the British Natio Act. 1948:	nality		
If the minor is a British subject or citizen of Eire or if application is registration was made at the same time as an application is of his parents for a certificate of naturalisation; or	on for by one	10	0.
If the minor is the child of a British born woman who has married to an alien or British protected person and who has confident of the child.	been ustody		
In other cases -			
If the minor is an alien	**	5 0 0 0	0
Grant of a certificate of naturalisation -		Ų.	
To a British protected person To an alien	**	5 0 0 0	0
Grant of a certificate of citizenship in case of doubt		0 0	0
Witnessing the signing of an application or declaration mentioned in Regulation of the British Nationality Regulations, 1948.		2	6
Administering the oath of allegiance		2	6
Registration of a declaration of intention to resume British nationality renunciation of citizenship.	or of	10	0
Supplying a certified true copy of any notice, certificate, order, declara entry given, granted or made by or under the British Nationality Act	tion or t, 1948.	10	0

An Ordinance

To amend the Merchandise Marks Ordinance, 1889.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Merchandise Marks (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Merchandise Marks Ordinance, 1889, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

- 2. Subsections (4), (5), (6) and (7) of section 2, subsection (1) of section 9, sections 10, 12, subsections (2). (6) and (8) of section 14 and section 18 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.
- Amendments: Section 2 (4) (5) (6) & (7), section 9 (1), sections 10, 12, section 14 (2) (6) & (8), section 18.
- 3. Section 14 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by
- Section 14.
- (a) the deletion of the words "Whereas it is expedient to make further provision for prohibiting the importation of goods which if sold would be liable to forfeiture under this Ordinance: Be it therefore enacted as follows:—" in the first six lines thereof and
- (b) by the deletion of the words "All such goods" in line 6 and the substitution of the words "All goods which, if sold would be liable to forfeiture under this Ordinance" therefor.

M.P. 1098.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To facilitate the preparation of a Revised Edition of the Laws by the Repeal of Certain Enactments.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Law Revision (Repeal) Ordinance, 1949.

Ordinances repealed.

Short title.

2. The Ordinances set out in the Schedule to this Ordinance are hereby repealed.

Subsidiary legislation revoked.

3. All Rules, Regulations, Orders in Council, Proclamations and Orders made under or by virtue of the Ordinances set out in the Schedule to this Ordinance are hereby revoked.

SCHEDULE.

Number and year of Ordinance.	Short title.
1 of 1865.	The Clergymen's Ordinance, 1865.
4 of 1867.	The Naval Stores Ordinance, 1867.
2 of 1871.	The Escheat Ordinance, 1871.
1 of 1875.	The Mortgages Ordinance, 1875.
2 of 1875.	The Ships Ordinance, 1875.
3 of 1889.	The Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance, 1889.
4 of 1889.	The Married Women's Property Ordinance, 1889.
3 of 1890.	The Foreign Jurisdiction Act (Expenses) Ordinance, 1890.
4 of 1893.	The Christ Church Ordinance, 1893.
7 of 1895.	The Uniforms Ordinance, 1895.
2 of 1896.	The Conspiracy Ordinance, 1896.
3 of 1899.	The Wrecks Ordinance, 1899.
6 of 1902.	The Pilots Ordinance, 1902.
1 of 1904.	The Flogging Regulation Ordinance, 1904.
3 of 1909.	The Deceased Wife's Sister's Marriage Ordinance, 1909.
9 of 1909.	The Merchant Shipping Ordinance, 1909.
4 of 1911.	The Council's Validity Ordinance, 1911.
10 of 1912.	The Children Ordinance, 1912.
5 of 1914.	The Validity Ordinance. 1914.
5 of 1915.	The Whale Fishery Regulation Ordinance, 1915.
4 of 1917.	The Transport Discipline Ordinance, 1917.
3 of 1924.	The Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance, 1924.
4 of 1925.	The Criminal Law Amendment (Amendment) Ordinance, 1925.
6 of 1925.	The Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance, 1925.
5 of 1926.	The Retiring Allowance to Nurses Ordinance, 1926.
4 of 1929.	The Local Naturalisation Ordinance, 1929.
6 of 1929.	The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance, 1929.
11 of 1929.	The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929.
3 of 1930.	The Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Ordinance, 1930.
8 of 1934.	Sentence of Death (Expectant Mothers) Ordinance, 1934.
11 of 1934.	Importation of Textiles (Quotas) Ordinance, 1934.
4 of 1935.	Senior Medical Officer (Designation) Ordinance, 1935.
5 of 1936.	Stanley Common Cattle Branding Ordinance, 1936.
10 of 1936.	The Counterfeit Currency (Convention) Ordinance, 1936.
1 of 1937.	Discovery Ordinance, 1937.
9 of 1937.	The Forgery Ordinance, 1937.
4 of 1938.	The Civil Procedure Ordinance, 1938.
2 of 1939.	The Infanticide Ordinance, 1939.
2 of 1940.	The Children and Young Persons Ordinance, 1940.
5 of 1940.	The Public Officers (Change of Designation) Ordinance, 1940.
1 of 1942.	The Death Sentence Expectant Mothers (Amendment) Ordinance, 1942.
10 of 1942.	The Conspiracy (Amendment) Ordinance, 1942.
1, 1, 1, 10 10.	

An Ordinance

To amend the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 1922.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows -

This Ordinance may be cited as the Companies and Private Partnership (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 1922, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

Amendments: Section 3 Registration.

"A company formed in the Colony shall cause a copy of its memorandum and articles of association signed by the directors and its secretary to be filed with the Registrar General who shall be the Registrar of Companies."

Section 51 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

Section 51.

"Notice of the retirement of a partner shall be given publicly as in section 106 hereof and privately to all creditors of the partnership. A creditor shall not be bound to accept such notice as discharging the retiring partner from his responsibility for the partnership debt but may consent to the transfer thereof to the remaining parties".

Schedule A to the Principal Ordinance shall be amended Schedule A. by deletion of the words:

 $\pm 5:0:0"$

"For registration of a Company

and the substitution therefor of the following:

"For the registration of a company whose nominal share capital does not exceed £5,000 ... £5, and 5/- for every £1,000 or part thereof of the nominal share capital after the first £5,000.

For registration of any increase of share capital after the first registration the same fees as would have been payable if the increased capital had formed part of the original share capital".

Provided that no company shall be liable to pay a greater amount of fees than £30.

M.P. 129/22.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Dairy Produce Ordinance, 1938.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows -

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dairy Produce (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Dairy Produce Ordinance, 1938, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

Amendments : Section 2.

- 2. The definition "Dairy" in section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "Dairy' means any farm, house, cowshed, milkstore, milk shop or other place from which milk is supplied or in which milk is kept for the purpose of sale."

Sections 5, 7, 11, 14 and 16 (e).

3. Sections 5, 7, 11 and 14 and subsection (e) of section 16 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 8.

4. Section 8 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"Where stock suspected of being diseased"

8. An owner shall forthwith separate diseased stock from stock not diseased and keep them so separated and shall not sell or allow to be used for food any dairy produce from diseased stock, and he shall give notice in writing to an Inspector within 24 hours of any disease or suspected disease in his stock.

Isolation of persons suffering from contagious or infectious disease. 8a. An owner shall isolate and keep isolated from his stock any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease as defined by the Public Health Ordinance.

Medical examination of persons engaged in dairy. 8B. An owner shall cause every person engaged in handling dairy produce sold or supplied for human consumption to be examined by a registered medical practitioner once during each of the first and third quarters in each year and shall not employ such person unless he is certified free from communicable disease".

Section 10.

5. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"Nuisances.

10. Any person who shall keep or permit to be kept any fowl or pig, manure heap, cesspool or closet within thirty feet of any dairy or cowshed or the open water supply thereof shall commit an offence."

Section 15

- 6. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - with any provision of this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder or shall commit any breach thereof shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £25 and the Court may order that his certificate of registration be cancelled or suspended for such period as the Court may deem fit.
 - (2) Any person who shall supply, sell or offer for sale any dairy produce for human consumption without being registered so to do or during the period of suspension of his licence shall for the first offence be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 and for each subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.
 - (3) Any person who shall obstruct or hinder an Inspector or fail to give him such assistance as he may require in the course of his duty under this Ordinance shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 for each such offence".

M.P. 51/38.

An Ordinance

To amend the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Subsection (2) of section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the remainder of the subsection after the word "institution".

Amendments: Section 5.

3. Section 13 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

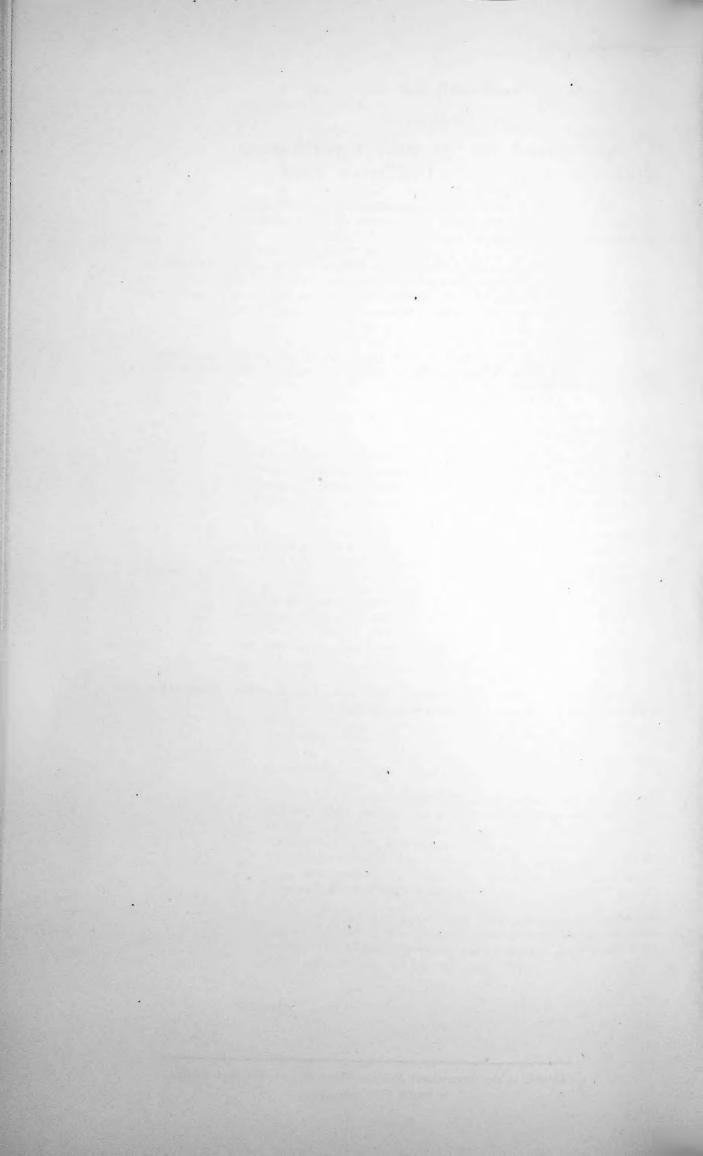
Section 13.

"13. Any person who wilfully and falsely takes, or uses, any name, title or addition, implying a qualification to practise medicine, surgery, dentistry or midwifery or not being registered or entitled to the privileges of persons so registered under this Ordinance practises or professes to practise or publishes his name as practising medicine, surgery, midwifery or dentistry shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Provided that a person who attends a woman in child birth under the direction and personal supervision of a registered medical practitioner or registered midwife, or gives attention in a case where no such registered person could attend shall not commit an offence."

4. The Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Repeal of 9 of 1938. (Amendment) Ordinance, 1938, is hereby repealed.

M.P. 46/38.





The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.

OCTOBER 1, 1949.

No. 14.

Name Hargreaves, Miss A. Jenkins, D. E. McLeod, Miss P.	Medical	nl	PPOINTMENT Office Teacher ,, Staff Nurse	S. Date 17.9.49 17.9.49 1.10.49 1.9.49	Rem Development On probation On probation	Programme. " for 6 months.
Osborne, C. O'Sullivan, Capt. D.			Apprentice Adjutant	1.9.49		
Roberts, R. M. Short, G. F. Coutts, F.	Department Public Works Medical	Carnenter	OF APPOIN Office (Development M.O's Quarters	Programme)	Date 5.9.49 31.8.49 30.9.49	Reason Ill-health. Resigned.
			OTICES			

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of the Officer Administering the Government.

R. WINTER,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 48.

6th September, 1949.

The undermentioned officers acted in the following posts during the period 7th March, 1949, to 27th August, 1949:—

MR. H. E. SLADE - Officer-in-Charge, Electrical & Telegraphs Dept.

MR. C. CLIFTON - Common Ranger

& Poundkeeper.

M.Ps. P/79 & 0689.

No. 49.

9th September, 1949.

His Honour the Officer Administering the Government has accepted with regret the resignation of the Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts. O.B.E., J.P., from the Executive and Legislative Councils on his leaving the Colony.

M.Ps. C/0001 & 0456.

No. 50.

9th September, 1949.

The Plot of Land south of Town Lots 2 and 3. Section 3. bounded on the

NORTH by 30 feet right of way (Crown Land) starting in a line with the east fence of the west Plot of Town Lot 2 and running eastward to the east fence of the west Plot of Town Lot 3 for a distance of 259 links:

South by the Common Fence measuring at an angle of 90° 259 links:

EAST by Crown Land 339 links;

WEST by Crown Land 361:

is offered on a 5 year Lease.

It contains 1 acre more or less, and was previously leased to Estate Louis Williams.

The upset annual rental shall be ± 4 . Rent shall be paid in advance.

RESERVATIONS. That the land shall be used solely for providing accommodation for horses and/or cows, and be subject to the conditions contained in the Land Ordinance, 1903, and any Ordinance amending or replacing it.

The Owners or Lessees of the lands adjacent are:

- 1. To the east Estate A. Pettersson.
- 2. To the south The Government.
- 3. To the west W. McCarthy.

The Public Auction will be held at the Court House on the 10th of December, 1949, at 2.00 p.m.

M.P. 177/33.

No. 51.

20th September, 1949.

Government clocks will be advanced one hour at midnight, Saturday/Sunday, the 1st/2nd of October, 1949.

M P 0064

No. 52.

24th September, 1949.

The undermentioned officers were absent on vacation leave for the periods shewn, both dates inclusive:

MR. D. FLEURET,

(12th February, 1949, to 16th September, 1949.)

MR. C. J. SKILLING,

(7th March, 1949, to 16th September, 1949.)

M.P. L/180 & L/238.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Alan Lowis (Lifton, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, decrased.

Whereas Henry Clifton, father of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

19th August, 1949.

L. 24/49.

H. Bennett,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

The Registration of United Kingdom Trade Marks Ordinance, No. 16 of 1938.

Scale of fees prescribed under section 13.

			£		s.		d.
For Registration of a Trade Mark and Issue of Certificate	744		ì	:	()	:	0.
For Entry in the Register of an Assignment or a Transm	ission o	of a			^		Λ
Trade Mark		***	1	:	0	:	0.
For Renewal of a Trade Mark			I	:	0	:	0.
For Cancellation of the Registration of a Trade Mark	***				ā	:	0.
For a Correction in connection with a Registration of a Trac- for an Entry in the Register of a change in the name or a person registered as the proprietor of a Trade Mark	ddress	of a			ว์	:	0.

H. BENNETT,

Registrar General.

Stanley, Falkland Islands, 15th September, 1949.



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Vol. LVIII.

NOVEMBER 1, 1949.

No. 15.

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT.

Name Peck, Miss N. W. Department
Electrical & Telegraphs

Office Messenger Date 20.4.49

Remarks

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

Cunnington, K. A.

Office Information Officer Date 30.9.49

Reason

Appointment terminated.

LEAVE.

Lellman, E. F.

Department Secretariat Office Asst. Treasurer Period

Dale

Remarks

180 days 9.10.49 Inclusive of time taken on voyages.

Lellman, Mrs. W. M.

& Treasury Medical

Nursing Sister

180 days

9.10.49 Excl

Exclusive of time taken on voyage to the U.K.

Biggs, B. N.

Customs

Collector of Customs 7.3.49 to 21.10.49

Both dates inclusive.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of the Officer Administering the Government.

R. WINTER.

Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 53.

12th October, 1949.

His Honour the Officer Administering the Government has been pleased to appoint

MR. R. S. BOUMPHREY, M.A.,

to act as Officer-in-Charge, Treasury, in addition to carrying out the duties of his substantive post as Auditor, during the absence on leave of the Assistant Treasurer, with effect from the 10th of October, 1949.

M.P. P/383.

No. 54.

26th October, 1949.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands -

the Falklar	nd Islands –	
ORDINANCE.	TITLE.	M.P.
2 of 49.	The Dangerous Drugs Ordinance. 1949.	166/43
3 of 49.	The Administration of Estates Ordinance, 1949.	0783
4 of 49	The Estate Duty Ordinance, 1949.	0635
6 of 49.	The Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949.	31/44
7 of 49.	The Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949.	0831
8 of 49.	The Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949.	0572
9 of 49.	The Registration Ordinance, 1949.	0833
(I) of 49.	The Trade Disputes (Arbitration) Ordinance, 1949.	0953
11 of 49.	The Police and Prisons Ordinance.	0836

No. 55.

27th October, 1949.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 8 of 1949, the following name is hereby added to the List of Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists registered to practise in the Dependencies in accordance with Section 3 of the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
Smith, Peter Hugh Eccles	M.B., Ch.B. (Bir.)	1944.
Doolea	F.R.C.S.	1948.

M.P. 21/28.

Notice is hereby given that JAROSLAW KOTOWSKI of Fox Bay, Falkland Islands, is applying to the Home Secretary for naturalisation, and that any person who knows any reason why naturalisation should not be granted should send a written signed statement of the facts to the Colonial Secretary, Stanley, Falkland Islands, for transmission to the Under Secretary of State, Home Office, London.

STOCK.

THE LIVE STOCK ORDINANCE, 1901.

The Chief Inspector of Stock approves the use of the Fork Ear Mark to replace the previously Registered Punch Hole Ear Mark of Saunders Island as from the 1st October, 1949.

J. P. OLIVER,

Chief Inspector of Stock.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Robert Peter McPherson, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Stella Maud McPherson, wife of the above named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

6th October, 1949.

L. 30/49.

H. Bennett. Registrar, Supreme Court.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Dairy Produce Ordinance, 1938.

No. 3 of 1949.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER,

Officer Administering the Government.

By virtue of the powers vested in him by section 16 of the Dairy Produce Ordinance, 1938, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations—

Short title.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Dairy Produce Inspection (Amendment) Regulations, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Dairy Produce Inspection Regulations, 1938, (hereinafter referred to as the Regulations).

Amendments: Regs. 2, 8, 9 (g) to (k) 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 27.

2. Regulations 2, 8, 9 (g) (h) (i) (j) (k), 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 27 of the Regulations shall be rescinded.

Reg. 9 (d).

3. Regulation 9 (d) shall be amended by substituting "one year" for "three months".

Reg. 9 (e).

4. Regulation 9 (e) shall be amended by substituting "before" for "after" in line 4 thereof.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 13th day of October, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER,

No. 4 of 1949.

Officer Administering the Government.

By virtue of the powers vested in him by Section 8 of the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations —

- These Regulations may be cited as the Medical Fees Short title. (Amendment) Regulations, 1949.
- 2. The Medical Fees Regulations, 1947, shall be amended by:
 - (a) the deletion of the words "and who is a contributor to the Provident Fund" in the definition "Government Employee" in Regulation 2 thereof;
 - (b) substituting "emergency" for "urgency" in paragraph (5) of Schedule A;
 - (c) inserting "injured while on duty with the Force, except as a result of their own misconduct" after the word "Force" in the last sentence of paragraph (7) of Schedule F.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 13th day of October, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

M.P. 0135.

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER,

No. 5 of 1949.

Officer Administering the Government.

By virtue of the powers vested in him by section 8 of the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations -

- Short title. These Regulations may be cited as the Nurse Probationer (Rescission) Regulations, 1949.
- The Nurse Probationers Regulations, 1938, are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 13th day of October, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER,

No. 6 of 1949.

Officer Administering the Government.

By virtue of the powers vested in him by section 4 of the Wireless Telegraphy Ordinance, 1925, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations—

Short title.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Wireless Telegraphy (Amendment) Regulations, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Wireless Telegraphy Regulations, 1926 (hereinafter referred to as the Regulations).

International Telecommunications Convention.

- 2. The Regulations shall be amended by inserting the following Regulation after Regulation 3:
 - "3A. In these Regulations the term "convention" shall mean The International Telecommunication Convention (Atlantic City 1947).

Regulation 10.

3. Regulation 10 (v) of the Regulations shall be amended by substituting the word "shall" for the word "should".

Amendment of Schedule 2 paragraph (1) (d) of Regulations.

4. Sub-paragraph (d) of the proviso to paragraph (1) of Schedule 2 to the Regulations shall be amended to read:

"The licensed apparatus shall be so constructed as to be capable of using any of the wave lengths specified for mobile services in Article 28 of the Radio Regulations annexed to the Convention.

General Conditions paragraph IV. V & XII.

- 5. The General Conditions annexed to Schedule 2 of the Regulations shall be amended by :
 - (a) substituting the words "Convention and of the Radio Regulations annexed thereto" for the words "Madrid International Telecommunication Convention 1932 and the Telegraph and Radiocommunication Regulations (General and Additional Regulations) annexed thereto" in paragraph IV:
 - (b) substituting the words "Radio Regulations annexed to the Convention" for the words "Telecommunications Convention of Madrid 1932" in paragraph V;
 - (c) substituting the words "Radio Regulations and additional Regulations annexed to the Convention" for the words "General and additional Radiocommunication Regulations 1932" in paragraph XII.

Rescission.

6. Regulations 2 and 3 of the Wireless Telegraphy (Amendment) (No. 2.) Regulations, 1935, are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 13th day of October, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 1125.

Rules made by the Governor in Council under section 14 of the Dogs Ordinance, 1944.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER,

No. 5 of 1949.

Officer Administering the Government.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by section 14 of the Dogs Ordinance, 1944, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Rules —

1. These Rules may be cited as the Dogs Rules, 1949.

Short title.

2. Each licence shall state the number of dogs for which licence fees have been paid. One licence shall cover any number of dogs.

Licences.

3. The following fees shall be payable:

Fees.

Annual licence for each dog or bitch

8s. 0d.

Inspection of register by a member of the public

1s. 0d.

- 4. These Rules shall come into force on the 1st day of Operation. January, 1950.
 - 5. The Dogs Rules, 1944, are hereby rescinded.

Rescission.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 13th day of October, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 160/43.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by

Amendments Section 15 (2)

- (a) inserting the words "having been declared a bankrupt" after the word "bankrupt" in subsection 2 (b) thereof;
- (b) deleting subsection 2 (h) and substituting the following therefor:

"is disqualified for election by any law for the time being in force in the Colony by reason of his holding, or acting in, any office the functions of which involve -

- (a) any responsibility for, or in connection with, the conduct of any election, or
- (b) any responsibility for the compilation or revision of any electoral register."
- (c) deleting subsection 2 (k) and substituting the following therefor:

"is disqualified for membership of the Council by any law for the time being in force in the Colony relating to offences connected with the election of Elected Members."

Section 40 (2)

3. Subsection (2) (b) of section 40 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following shall be substituted therefor:

"be presented within 14 days after the last day on which the election was held except that if it complains of the election on the ground of corrupt practices and specifically alleges that a payment of money or other reward has been made or promised since the election by a person elected at the election, or on his account or with his privity, in pursuance or furtherance of such corrupt practices, it may be presented at any time within 21 days after the date of the alleged payment or promise".

M.P. 0068/A.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To revise the law relating to Education.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Education Ordinance, 1949.

Definitions.

- 2. In this Ordinance and any Regulation thereunder where the context so admits:
 - "child" means any person who has attained the age of 5 years and has not attained the age of 14 years.
 - "parent" in relation to a child includes guardian and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of the child.
 - "a recognised school" means a school approved by the Governor as suitable for giving efficient education.
 - "a recognised teacher" means a teacher approved by the Governor.
 - "Superintendent of Education" means the officer in charge of education in the Colony.

Duty of parent to have child educated.

- 3. It shall be the duty of the parent of every child to cause that child to receive efficient education by attending regularly either
 - (a) a recognised school, or
 - (b) the classes held by a recognised teacher.

4. (1) If it appears to the Superintendent of Education that the parent of any child is failing to perform the duty imposed on him by section 3 he shall serve on such parent a notice requiring him within 7 days if the parent resides in Stanley, or 30 days if the parent resides outside Stanley, from the service thereof to satisfy the Superintendent of Education that the child is receiving efficient education.

School Attendance

Provided that it shall be a sufficient excuse for non-compliance with the requirements of section 3 if:

- (a) there is neither a recognised school nor a recognised teacher within one mile in the case of a child under the age of seven years, or within two miles in the case of any other child, from the residence of such child.
- (b) the child has been prevented from receiving efficient education by reason of sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (2) If, after the said notice, and without reasonable excuse, the parent of any child fails to cause the child to receive education as provided in section 3 the Superintendent of Education shall serve on the parent an order in the prescribed form (hereinafter referred to as a school attendance order) requiring him to cause the child to receive efficient education as specified in the order.
- (3) Any person upon whom a school attendance order is served who fails to comply with the requirements of the order shall be guilty of an offence.
- 5. If any child who is registered at a recognised school fails to attend regularly thereat or being registered with a recognised teacher fails to attend regularly with that teacher at the place and times notified to the parent the parent of the child shall be guilty of an offence.

Duty of parent to secure regular attendance of registered pupils.

Provided that a child shall not be deemed to have failed to attend regularly by reason of his absence with leave or when he was prevented from attending by reason of sickness or any unavoidable cause or on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

Medical inspection.

- 6. Children registered at a recognised school or with a recognised teacher shall be inspected by a Government Medicul Officer at appropriate intervals as the Governor may direct and the parent of any such child who shall fail without reasonable cause to submit that child for such inspection shall be guilty of an offence.
- 7. (1) The Governor may cause inspection to be made of all recognised schools at such intervals as may appear to him to be appropriate.
- (2) If any person obstructs a person authorised under this section to make an inspection in the execution of his duty he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or on a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) The religious instructions given at a school not maintained by the Government otherwise than in accordance with an agreed syllabus shall not be the subject of inspection as hereinbefore provided.
- 8. The Governor in Council may by Order raise the upper limit of the school leaving age to sixteen and thereupon any references in this Ordinance to a child shall mean one who has not attained the age given in the Order.

Provided that no Order made under this section shall take effect unless it is confirmed by the Legislative Council at the meeting following the publication of the Order.

Inspection of Schools.

Power to raise school leaving age.

Penalties.

9. Any person guilty of an offence under this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder for which a penalty is not prescribed shall be liable on summary conviction in the case of a first offence to a fine not exceeding £1, in the case of a second offence to a fine not exceeding £10 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month or both such fine and imprisonment.

Regulations.

10. The Governor in Council may make regulations for the effective administration of this Ordinance and in particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, regulations as to the education of children residing outside a town, and as to the standard and method of education in recognised schools.

Repeal.

11. The Public Education Ordinance, 1909, is hereby repealed.

Commencement.

12 This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 1950.

M.P. 24/44.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939, as amended by the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment No. 2) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939, as amended by the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Section 24.

- 2. The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by:
 - (a) inserting the words "which accrues" before the word "to" in line 2 of section 24.
 - (b) inserting the words "and shall be deemed to have ceased to have had effect from the beginning of the first year of assessment for which the arrangements are expressed to apply" after the word "effect" in line 3 of section 47A (2) and after the word "territory" in line 5 of section 47A (3);
 - (c) inserting the words "to which the adjustment gives rise, being an assessment of claim" after the word "claim" in line 6 of section 47B (10).

M.P. 0527.



The Falkland Islands Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.

NOVEMBER 22, 1949.

No. 16.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 4 of 1949.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs Ordinance, 1946 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that—

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Order, 1949.

Short title.

2. From and after the date of publication of this Order the New Export duty. following export duty shall be payable:

On live sheep, two shillings per sheep.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of November, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Executive Council.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-eight in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 5 of 1947.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1948.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1948) Ordinance, 1949.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the year 1948.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-eight, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Servic	Amount.				
		£	s.	d.		
	FALKLAND ISL	ANDS.				
I.	The Governor			353	13	3
III.	Audit	***		12	5	11
IV.	Colonial Development & \	Velfare		7810	7	2
V.	Customs			143	9	3
VIII.	Electrical & Telegraphs			272	13	(
IX.	Harbour	***		987	4	
Χ.	Judicial			166	8	1
XIII.	Meteorological			37	15	4
XV.	Miscellaneous	***		11875	17	9
XVII.	Pensions			889	6	4
XVIII.	Police & Prisons			185	11	1
XIX.	Post Office			4048	19	1
XXII.	Public Works Recurrent			8102	6	6
XXIII.	Secretariat & Treasury			1802	7	10
XXIV.	War Expenditure			496	12	
XXV.	Communications			83	12	
			£	37268	12	

A Bill for An Ordinance

To provide for the service of the year 1950.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1950) Ordinance, 1949.

Short Title.

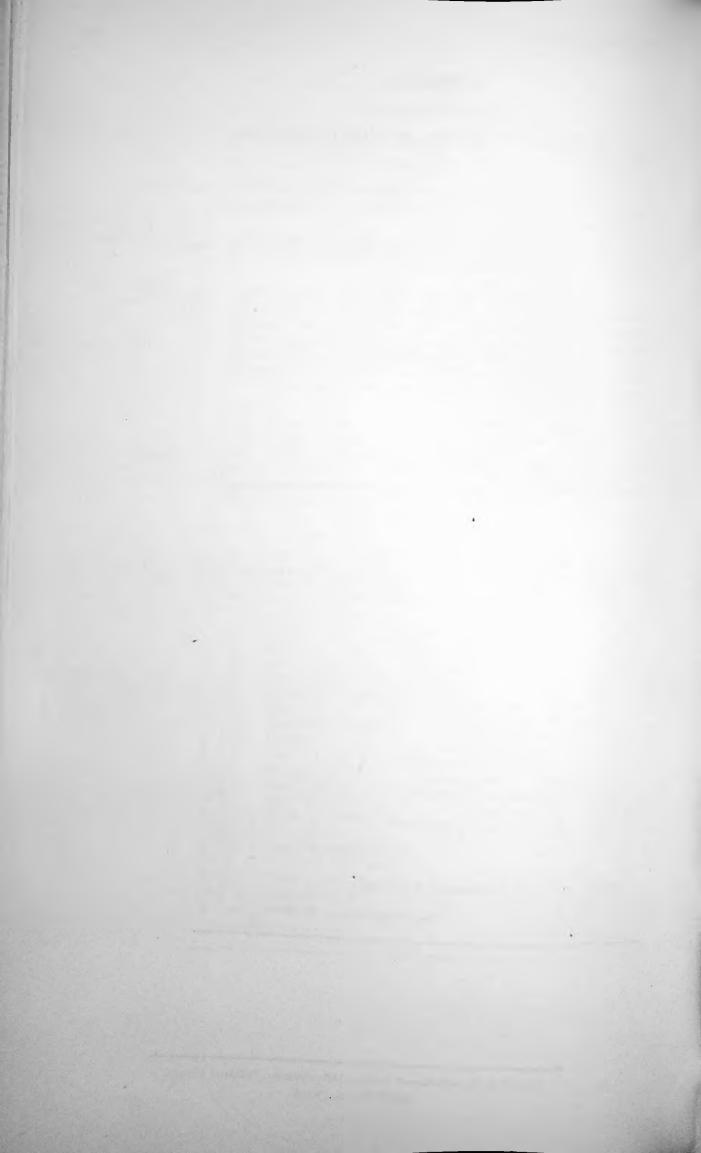
2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st December, 1950, a sum not exceeding One hundred and eighty-six thousand and ninety-nine pounds which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1950.

Appropriation of £186,099 for service of year 1950.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head	Amount.					
-	Treact				£	s.	<u>d.</u>
1.	The Governor				3470	U	0
11.	A griculture				2433	0	0
111.	Audit			J	1274	0	0
IV.	Communications				7438	0	0
ν.	Customs				1582	0	0
VI.	Education				10832	0	0
VII.	Medical				11890	0	0
VIII.	Meteorological				421	0	0
IX.	Military		•••		869	0	0
X.	3.51 11		•••		14036	0	0
XI.	73 .		•••		5500	0	0
XII.	Police and Prison				2450	0	0
XIII	Posts & Telegrap				15591	0	0
XIV					9254	0	0
XIV.	Public Works De				9470	0	0
XVI.	Public Works Re		•••		8039	0	0
XVI.	Secretariat & Tre		•••		588	0	0
XVIII.	Supreme Court Extraordinary Ex	 xpenditu	re		36264	ő	0
	·			otal £	141401	0	0
XIX.	Colonial Develop	nent & \	Welfare		44698	0	0
			Expendit	ure £	186099	0	0





The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.

DECEMBER 1, 1949.

No. 17.

NEW APPOINTMENTS. Date Remarks Department Office Seconded from Nigeria. Colonial Secretary 30.4.49. Raymer, M. R. Secretariat 14.11.49. Ground Engineer, Smith, M. Communications, (Air Service) B. Air ACTING APPOINTMENT. Remarks Date Office Name Department Pending arrival of sub-1.11.49. Electrical & Acting Supt. of Blyth, A. J. stantive holder of post. Power House Telegraphs TRANSFER. Date ToFrom 26.11.49. Asst. Customs Officer, Grade III. Luxton, H. T. Clerk, Grade IV., Post Office

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 56, 8th November, 1949.

It is with deep regret that His Honour the Officer Administering the Government announces the death on the 8th of November, 1949, of Miss Valerie Williams, Pupil Teacher in the Government School, Stanley.

M.P. P/395.

No. 57.

16th November, 1949.

Return to the Colony of His Excellency the Governor from leave of absence.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 33/49 it is notified, for general information, that His Excellency Sir Miles Clifford, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., returned from leave of absence on 14th of November, 1949.

M.P. P/363.

16th November, 1949. No. 58. .

The Honourable Mr. M. R. Raymer, Colonial Secretary, Administered the Government from the 9th of June, 1949, to the 13th of November, 1949, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/459.

16th November, 1949.

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter acted as Colonial Secretary from the 24th of December, 1948, to the 13th of November, 1949, both dates inclusive.

28th November, 1949. No. 60.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

THE HONOURABLE MR. R. W. S. WINTER. J.P., to be a Member of the Legislative Council under Clause 6 (1) of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order-in-Council, 1948, with effect from the 22nd of November, 1949. M.P. P/392.

Notice is hereby given that JAROSLAW KOTOWSKI of Fox Bay, Falkland Islands, is applying to the Home Secretary for naturalisation. and that any person who knows any reason why naturalisation should not be granted should send a written signed statement of the facts to the Colonial Secretary, Stanley, Falkland Islands, for transmission to the Under Secretary of State. Home Office, London.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Hilda Britton, of Stanley, Falkland Islands,
deceased.

Whereas Wallace Hirtle, uncle of the above named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

11th November, 1949.

L. 26/49.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

William George Clifton of Stanley, Falkland

Islands, deceased.

Whereas James Henry Clifton, eldest son of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

25th November, 1949.

L. 36/49.

H. BENNETT.

Registrar, Supreme Court.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

MICHAEL R. RAYMER.

No. 3 of 1949.

Officer Administering the Government.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Post Office Ordinance and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that—

Short title.

This Order may be cited as the Post Office Order, 1949.

Rules, rates of postage and fees.

2. From and after the date of publication of this Order the following rules, rates of postage and fees shall be in force:

Rates of postage letters.

(a) On inland postal packets the rate shall be 1d, per ounce or part of an ounce. On postal packets sent from any place within the Colony and its Dependencies to the United Kingdom or to any part of the British Empire the rate shall be two and a half pennies per ounce or part of an ounce. To other parts of the world the rate shall be 3d, for the first ounce and 2d, for each additional ounce or part of an ounce.

Post Cards and Letter Cards.

(b) On post cards and letter cards to the United Kingdom or to any part of the British Commonwealth the rate shall be 1d.; reply post card 2d. To other parts of the world the rate shall be 2d.; reply post cards 4d.

Books and Newspapers.

(c) To all parts of the world:

Newspapers, private papers, and books, per 2 ozs. $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Commercial papers (with minimum of 3d.) per 2 ozs. $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Patterns and samples (with minimum of 1d.) per 2 ozs. $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Blind Literature, per 2 lb. $\frac{1}{2}$ d. The inland rate shall be 1d. for the first 4 ounces and $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for each additional 2 ounces or part thereof up to 2 lb.

Small packets.

(d) On packets not exceeding 2 lb. weight and dimensions not exceeding 18" by 8" by 4" or if in roll form 18" in length by 6" in diameter the rate shall be 1d. for each two ounces or part thereof with a minimum charge of 5d. The charge for clearance in case of dutiable goods shall be 6d. per packet.

Insured boxes.

(e) On insured boxes which shall not exceed 2 lb. in weight or 12" by 8" by 4" in dimension the rate shall be 3d. for each 2 ounces or part thereof with a minimum charge of 1/-.

(f)	Parcel Post rates:
	To the United Kingdom -

Not over 3 lb.

Parcel Post.

ala

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"	,, l	//				***	5/6.
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Inland Par	rcel I	Post	rates -				
NT .		3 11					
Not o		_					9d.
"		,,,					1/
"	,, {	. ''					1/3.
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,1	,, 25	,,					31_

(g) There shall be a charge of 4d. for each parcel delivered in Stanley and the United Kingdom. There shall also be a special fee calculated on the trade charge at the rate of 4½d, for the first £ of the trade charge and 2½d, for each succeeding £ or part thereof of the trade charge up to a maximum amount of £40 trade charge. This fee will also be charged in the United Kingdom on parcels for delivery in Stanley.

Cash on delivery

(h) The fee shall be 9d, for each £12 of declared value or part thereof with a maximum declared value of £50.

Insurance.

(i) The fees for registration shall be:

posting

Registration.

To all parts of the world (including Inland) ... 3d.

Advice of delivery of registered or insured articles, applied for at time of posting 5d.

Enquiry for a postal packet, and advice of delivery of registered articles applied for after

r .. 6d.

(j) The maximum limit of compensation for the loss of a registered article is £2. Registration in the international service does not give any title to compensation for loss or damage of the contents of any registered letter or packet as distinct from the loss of the entire packet. Under an exceptional arrangement, however, with the General Post Office, London, compensation may, as an act of grace, be paid up to a maximum of £2 in cases where the contents of a registered letter or packet, posted to an address in the United Kingdom, are lost.

Compensation.

(k) The rate of poundage on International and foreign money orders shall be 6d, for each £ or part thereof of the first £3 of the order and 3d, for each additional £ or part thereof up to a maximum amount of £40 on each order. The fee for an Advice of Payment is 3d.

International and foreign money orders.

(I) The rate of poundage on British Postal Orders shall be:

British Postal Orders.

2d, for an order not exceeding 1/-, 3d, for an order not exceeding 5/-.

4d. for an order not exceeding 21/- (maximum).

The value of a Postal Order may be increased by affixing Falkland Islands postage stamps, in number not more than the number of spaces provided on the face of the order, by an amount not exceeding 5d. (excluding fractions of a penny) on Postal Orders of denominations up to and including 5/-, and to an amount not exceeding 11d. on Postal Orders of higher value. Stamps perforated with initials or marks, or embossed or impressed stamps cut out of envelopes, postcards, etc., will not be accepted for this purpose.

Air Letters.

(m) Air Letters will only be accepted when written on the authorised form and addressed to the United Kingdom or any part of the British Commonwealth. The fee including postage rate shall be 6d.

If two or more postage stamps are affixed to, or an enclosure is placed in the letter, it will be forwarded by surface mail.

Air mail.

(n) Postal matter for onward transmission by air from Montevideo to any destination for which air mail services may be available shall be accepted at Stanley, Fox Bay and South Georgia post offices.

The fees for air mail matter shall be the sterling equivalent at the current rate of exchange of those from time to time in force from Montevideo to the nearest 1d. in addition to the rates of postage provided for in paragraph 2 of this Order.

Rescissions.

3. The Post Office (Rates of Postage and Fees) Order, 1940, the Post Office (Air Mail Fees) Order, 1944, the Post Office (Air Letter Fees) Order, 1945, the Post Office (Air Letter Fees) (Amendment) Order, 1945, and the Post Office Order, 1948, are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 13th day of October, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0183.



The Falkland Islands Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.

DECEMBER 10, 1949.

No. 18.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946.

> MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

No. 5 of 1949.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs Ordinance, 1946 and with the and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that-

This Order may be cited as the Customs Order, 1949.

Short title.

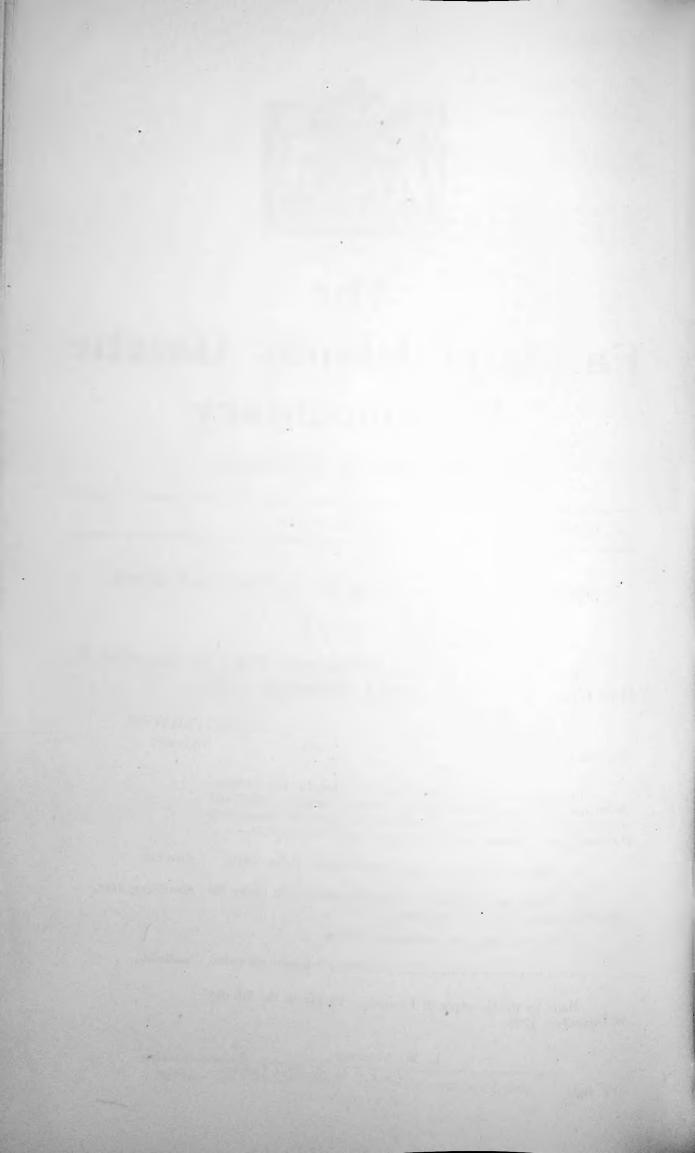
From and after the date of publication of this Order the following export duty shall be payable:

New Export duty.

The Customs Order (No. 4 of 1949) is hereby rescinded. Rescission.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 9th day ember, 1949 of December, 1949.

> Clerk of the Executive Council. L. W. Aldridge,





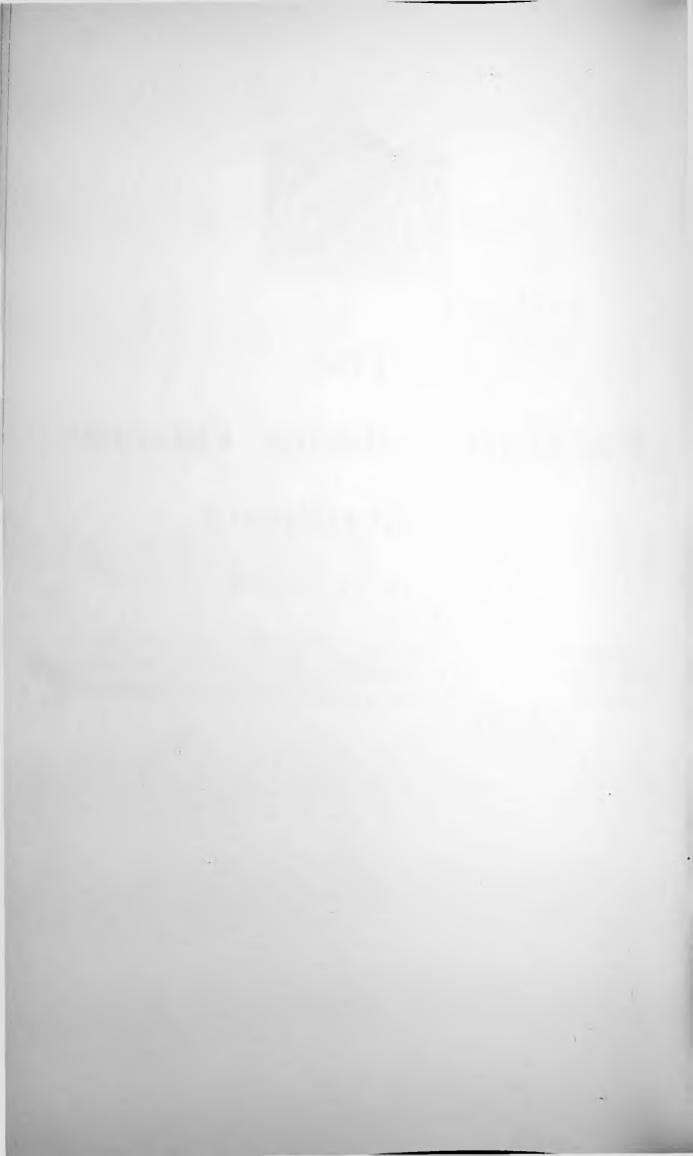
The Falkland Islands Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVIII.

DECEMBER 31, 1949.

No. 19.



Assented to in His Majesty's name this 29th day of December, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 12



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To consolidate and amend the law as to Licensing.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows -

PART I. - PRELIMINARY.

- Short title. This Ordinance may be cited as the Licensing Ordinance, 1949.
 - In this Ordinance where the context so admits-

"auctioneer" means any person selling by public auction any goods, chattels or land whether in lots or otherwise;

"billiard table licence" means a licence to keep and maintain billiard and/or bagatelle tables for hire on the premises and on the days and between the hours specified in the licence;

"cigarette" includes cut tobacco rolled up in paper, tobacco leaf or other material in such form as to be capable of immediate use for smoking;

"club" means a society of persons associated together for social intercourse or for the promotion of politics, sport, art, science or literature or similar purposes.

Interpretation.

- "club licence" means a licence for the sale of intoxicating liquor to members of a club and to the guests of such members only on the premises of the club but the holder thereof shall not be restricted to the hours specified in section 35 hereof;
- "intoxicating liquor" means spirits, wine, beer, porter, cider, perry, and any fermented distilled or spirituous liquor which cannot, according to any law for the time being in force, be sold without a licence;
- "licensed premises" means premises in respect of which a licence has been granted and is in force;
- "licensing authority" means the officer in charge of the Treasury in the Colony and, in the Dependencies, the Administrative Officer, in South Georgia;
- "packet licence" means a licence to the master of the vessel therein mentioned to sell any intoxicating liquor during a voyage to any passenger subject in the case of voyages directly from and to places within the Colony no intoxicating liquor on which the proper duties of Customs have not been paid shall be sold;
- "publican's retail licence" means a licence for the sale of any intoxicating liquor in any quantity less than two gallons for consumption on or off licensed premises;
- "still" means any apparatus susceptible of being used for the manufacture or rectifying of spirits and includes any part of such apparatus;
- "tobacco" includes cigarettes, cigars, cigarillos, smoking mixtures and snuff;
- "wholesale licence" means a licence for the sale of any intoxicating liquor for consumption off the licensed premises.

Kinds of licences.

3. (1) The licensing authority may, subject as hereinafter mentioned, grant the following licences upon payment of the fees respectively set out against them:

Fees.

Publican's 1	retail			4:15		0 :	0.	
Billiard table (each table)						10 :	_	
Packet	***			5	:	0:	0.	
Wholesale				30	:	0:	0.	
Club	***	***		10	:	0:	0.	
Tobacco (for Stanley and within								
15 miles	· sea)	3	:	0:	0.			
Tobacco (or	mit)	1	:	10:	0.			
Auctioneer			++:	ă	:	0 :	0.	
,,	(occasion	nal)	***	1	:	0:	0.	

Duration.

Form.

- (2) (a) Packet, wholesale, tobacconist's, club, and auctioneer's (other than an occasional licence) licences shall be in force for twelve months and publican's retail and billiard table licences shall be in force for six months.
- (b) An auctioneer's occasional licence shall be in force only for the day of the particular auction in respect of which it is granted.
- (3) All licences shall be in such form, contain such particulars and be subject to such conditions as the licensing authority may deem appropriate.

PART II. - INTUXICATING LIQUOR LICENCES.

Licences already held to be subject to this Ordinance. 4. All licences held at the commencement of this Ordinance, and all licensed premises and licensed persons holding, or in respect of which a licence shall be held at the commencement of this Ordinance, shall, except where otherwise specially provided, be under and subject to the provisions of this Ordinance.

5. Nothing in this Ordinance shall apply to any person selling any spirituous or distilled perfume, bona-fide as perfumery, nor to the prescription or administration of any liquor simply as medicine, or for medicinal purposes by or under the direction of any registered medical practitioner, nor to any person who holds a licence as auctioneer, selling liquor at public auction in quantities of not less than two gallons at any one time.

Ordinance not to apply in certain cases.

6. No person shall sell or expose for sale any intoxicating liquor without being duly licensed to sell the same, or at any place where he is not duly authorised to sell the same, and any person who shall (except as the agent or servant of a licensed person, and then only in accordance with such person's licence) sell any liquor without a licence authorising such sale shall commit an offence and be liable to forfeit all liquor and the containers in his possession.

No liquor to be sold without licence.

7. (1) Any person applying for a new publican's retail or packet licence shall advertise notice of his application setting out the name and address of the applicant, the type of licence for which he intends to apply, the premises in respect of which the application is made and the date of application in the Gazette, and on the official notice board in Stanley, and in a paper circulating in the Colony not less than 21 days before making the application.

Application for new publican's retail or packet licence.

- (2) The licensing authority may on the requirements of subsection (1) hereof having been complied with grant a licence provided that no objection as provided for in section 8 shall have been upheld by the Justices under section 9 hereof.
- 8. Objection to the grant or renewal of a licence may be taken on the ground that the applicant is of bad character or of drunken habits or has within the preceding year forfeited a licence, or within the preceding three years been convicted of selling intoxicating liquor without a licence, or that the premises are not structurally suitable to the class of licence which is required or that the premises are in the immediate vicinity of a place of worship, hospital or school or that the premises are not maintained to the required standard or that there are sufficient licensed premises to supply the needs of the neighbourhood.

Objections.

9. (1) Notice of any objection to the grant or renewal of a licence stating the ground thereof shall be given to the Magistrate, the licensing authority and the applicant within 21 days of publication of the notice in the Gazette as provided in section 7 (1) hereof.

Notices and hearing of objections.

- (2) Objections to the grant or renewal of licences shall be heard and determined by the Magistrate sitting with not less than two nor more than four Justices within seven days of the receipt of the notice of objection or within the said period of 21 days whichever shall be the later: Provided that no Justice holding or interested in a licence under this Ordinance shall adjudicate.
- (3) When an objection to the grant of a licence is upheld by the Justices an applicant shall not nor shall any person when the objection is on the ground of the unsuitability or otherwise of the premises apply for the grant or renewal of a licence within twelve months of the date of such decision.
- 10. (1) Any person who thinks himself aggrieved by the refusal of the justices to grant or renew a publican's retail or packet licence may appeal to the Supreme Court upon giving notice in writing to the Magistrate of his intention to appeal and of the grounds thereof within five days of the decision of the Justices.
- conclusive (2) The order of the Supreme Court shall be final and
- (3) The Supreme Court may make such order as to costs or otherwise as it may deem fit and issue process for enforcing the order.

Appeals.

Renewal of licences.

11. All licences held at the commencement of this Ordinance or granted during its operation may be renewed without publication of the notices as required under section 7: Provided that any objection thereto is not upheld by the Justices.

Special licences.

12. The Magistrate may, at his discretion, grant on any special occasion to the holder of a publican's retail licence a special licence authorising such publican to keep his premises open during the hours specified on such special licence, and there shall be paid into the Treasury, on the issue of such special licence, the following fees –

In respect of a licence authorising premises to be kept open during any period prohibited under section 35:

- (a) between mid-day and mid-night, each and any hour or part of an hour, five shillings, and
- (b) after mid-night, each and any hour or part of an hour, ten shillings.

Occasional licence.

13. The Magistrate may, at his discretion, grant to any person an occasional licence for the sale of intoxicating liquors at such place, in such quantities, and for such period of time not exceeding three consecutive days, as may be specified in such licence, and on the issue of any such licence there shall be paid into the Treasury a fee at the rate of ten shillings per diem in respect of any place within three miles of a public-house, and five shillings per diem in respect of any other place.

Provided that no such licence shall be granted except with the consent of the occupier of the place specified in such licence.

Name of licensed person to be affixed to premises.

14. Every licensed person shall cause to be painted or fixed, and shall keep painted or fixed on the front of the premises in respect of which his licence is granted, in a conspicuous place, and in letters at least three inches in height, his name, with the addition after the name of the word "licensed" and of words sufficient to express the business for which his licence has been granted, and no person shall have any words or letters on his premises importing that he is licensed in any way other than that in which he is in fact duly licensed. Every licensed person who acts in contravention or, who fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall commit an offence.

Retail dealers not to keep a store.

15. Any person licensed to sell liquor by retail in Stanley, or in any town who shall directly or indirectly keep a store, or sell or barter goods on the premises for which a retail licence has been granted under this Ordinance, shall commit an offence and be liable to forfeit his licence. Provided that this section shall not apply in the case of a licensed person supplying meals or provisions to be consumed on the licensed premises or selling tobacco under licence.

Samples of liquor may be taken for test purposes. 16. Any constable may enter upon any premises where liquor is kept or stored for the purposes of sale and take samples of any such liquor to be tested, and any person refusing to furnish liquor required with this object, or who may interfere with, impede, resist or obstruct the officer in the discharge of his duty shall commit an offence.

Sanitary precautions.

17. Every holder of a publican's retail licence shall thoroughly cleanse and disinfect all the rooms, passages, stairs, floors, walls, ceilings, closets, cesspools and drains of the licensed premises to the satisfaction of and as required by or in accordance with the directions of any inspector.

Dancing etc. on licensed premises.

18. (1) Any licensed person who shall permit any part of the licensed premises or the appurtenances thereto to be used or occupied for the purposes of singing, dancing or theatrical entertainment without a licence provided for in sub-section (2) hereof shall commit an offence and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

- (2) The Magistrate may at his discretion grant to any licensed person a licence permitting such person to use a specified part of licensed premises or the appurtenances thereto (but not the whole) for the purposes of singing, dancing or theatrical entertainment on a day and within stated hours upon payment of a licence fee of five shillings.
- 19. Any person holding a wholesale licence or transfer thereof who shall sell or suffer to be sold any intoxicating liquor for consumption on the licensed premises and any person holding a publican's retail licence or transfer thereof who shall sell or suffer to be sold on the licensed premises to any person at one time intoxicating liquor amounting to or exceeding two gallons or to be convicted of any offence against the law for the proper regulation and good order of the licensed premises occupied by him or against the conditions of his licence shall in addition to any penalty on account of such offence be liable to forfeit his licence. Provided that any person holding both wholesale and retail licences may sell liquor either by wholesale or retail on the same premises.

Liability to revocat.on of licence on conviction.

20. Any master employing journeymen, workmen, servants or labourers, who shall pay or cause any payment to be made to any such journeymen, workmen, servants or labourers in any licensed premises or in any house in which intoxicating liquor is sold shall commit an offence. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall extend to any licensed person paying his own journeymen, workmen, servants or labourers employed solely in his business as licensed person in his licensed house.

Penalty for paying wages in licensed premises.

21. No licensed person shall recover any debt or demand on account of any liquor supplied by him to any person for consumption on the premises; but such licensed person may sue for and recover the value of any liquor supplied in moderate quantity with meals to any person bona fide lodging in his house.

No debts for liquor recoverable.

22. (1) Any licensed person who shall receive in payment or as a pledge for any liquor or entertainment supplied in or from his licensed premises anything except current money, shall commit an offence. The person to whom belongs anything given as a pledge as aforesaid shall have the same remedy for recovering such pledge or the value thereof as if it had never been pledged.

Liquor to be sold for money only.

- (2) No licensed person shall receive payment in advance for any liquor to be supplied; and any payment so made in advance may be recovered notwithstanding that any liquor may have been supplied subsequently to such payment.
- 23. (1) Any person holding a publican's retail licence or a club licence who shall permit any person apparently under the age of 18 years to enter or remain in any bar in such licensed premises shall commit an offence and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.
- (2) Any person under the age of 18 years who shall enter a bar in any premises in respect of which a publican's retail or club licence is held and anyone taking such person into such bar shall commit an offence.
- 24. Any person who sells or delivers any intoxicating liquor to any person apparently under the age of 18 years for consumption on or off licensed premises shall commit an offence.
- 25. Any licensed person who knowingly harbours or suffers to remain on his premises any constable during any part of the time appointed for such constable being on duty, unless for the purpose of keeping or restoring order or in execution of his duty, or supplies any liquor or refreshments, whether by way of gift or sale, to any constable on duty, unless by the authority of some superior officer of such constable or bribes or attempts to bribe any constable shall commit an offence and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

Persons under 18 years not to enter bars in licensed premises.

Sale etc. of intoxicating liquor to persons under the age of 18 years.

Penalty for harbouring constable. Supply of liquor to drunkards prohibited.

26. Where it shall appear to a court that any person by excessive drinking of liquor misspends, wastes or lessens his or her estate, or greatly injures his or her health, or endangers or interrupts the peace and happiness of his or her family, the Magistrate or any two Justices may by writing under their hands, forbid any licensed person to sell to him or her any liquor for a period not exceeding one year, and such Magistrate or Justices or any other two Justices may, at the same time or any other time, in like manner, prohibit the selling of any such liquor to the said drunkard by any such licensed persons of any other district to which such drunkard shall or may be likely to resort for the same.

Prohibition renewable.

27. The Magistrate or any two dustices may renew any such prohibition as aforesaid as to all such persons as have not in their opinion reformed within the period specified and if any licensed person shall during any period of prohibition, after service of a copy thereof upon him or with a knowledge thereof in other manner acquired, sell to any such prohibited person any liquor he shall commit an offence.

Penalties.

28. Any person

- (a) against whom an order of prohibition has been made under section 26 or renewed under section 27 of this Ordinance who shall, within the currency of such order, or any renewal thereof be in any place where liquor be sold by retail; or
- (b) who, being the holder of any retail liquor licence, shall suffer any such prohibited person to be in the place so licensed; or
- (c) who sells, supplies or distributes intoxicating liquor or authorises such sale, supply or distribution to any such prohibited person, shall commit an offence.

Provided that the Magistrate hearing a charge under this section, upon being satisfied that the person charged did not wilfully contravene the provisions of this section, or used every effort to prevent a prohibited person from being or remaining on his premises and immediately gave information thereof to the police, may dismiss the charge against such person.

Drunkard may not procure liquor.

- 29. When any person against whom a prohibition order has been made or renewed under section 26 or 27 of this Ordinance shall
 - (a) send or in any way influence any person to procure him liquor; or
 - (b) be found in possession of any liquor; or
 - (c) be found drunk in Stanley,

he shall commit an offence.

Sales by auction forbidden on licensed premises.

30. Any licensed person who shall permit any sale by auction to be made on his premises shall commit an offence.

Penalty for permitting gaming.

31. Any licensed person who suffers any unlawful game or any raffle, lottery or betting to be carried on in his premises, or opens, keeps or uses or suffers his premises to be opened, kept or used for the purpose of fighting or baiting any dog, cock or other kind of animal whether of domestic or wild nature, shall commit an offence. The penalty shall be irrespective of and in addition to any other penalties to which any person may be liable under any law relating to gaming or cruelty to animals.

Forfeiture of licence for permitting house to be a brothel. 32. Any licensed person who permits his premises to be used as a brothel shall commit an offence and he shall forfeit his licence and be disqualified for any period from holding any licence for the sale of liquors.

33. Any licensed person may refuse to admit to and may turn out of the premises in respect of which his licence be granted any person who is drunken or who is violent, quarrelsome or disorderly, whether drunken or not, and any person whose presence on his premises would subject him to a penalty under this Ordinance, and may refuse to serve any such person with liquor if demanded only as a pretext for remaining on the premises.

Power to exclude persons from premises and to refuse liquor.

34. Any person who, upon being requested by a licensed person or his agent or servant or any constable to quit, such premises, refuses or fails to do so, shall commit an offence, and any constable shall on the demand of such licensed person, agent or his servant, expel or assist in expelling every such person from such premises and may use such force as may be required for that purpose.

Penalty for refusing to quit premises on demand.

35. All premises in which intoxicating liquors are sold by retail shall be open for the following hours only:

On week-days from 10 a.m. until 1 p.m. and from 5.30 p.m. until 10 p.m.

On Sundays, Christmas Day & Good Friday from 12 noon until 1 p.m.

Provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor by Order-in-Council to vary the said hours,

36. Any person who, during the time at which licensed premises are directed to be closed by or in pursuance of this Ordinance, sells or exposes for sale on such premises, any liquor, or opens, or keeps open such premises for the sale of liquors, or allows any liquors although purchased before the hours of closing, to be consumed on such premises, or during such aforesaid time allows any one whomsoever to play at billiards or bagatelle, or any other game on such premises, and any person other than one bona-fide lodging in such premises who shall consume any liquor or play any game as aforesaid during such time shall commit an offence.

Penalty for sale of liquor at unauthorised times.

37. The occupier of any unlicensed premises on which any liquor is sold, if such premises are occupied by more than one person, every occupier thereof shall, if he was privy or consenting to the sale, commit an offence.

Occupier of unlicensed premises liable for the sale of liquor.

38. (1) If any purchaser of any liquor from a person who is not licensed to sell the same to be drunk on the premises, drinks such liquor on the premises where the same is sold, the seller of such liquor shall, if it shall appear that the drinking was with his privity and consent, commit an offence.

Seller liable for drinking on premises contrary to licence.

(2) For the purposes of this section the expression "premises where the same is sold" shall include the premises adjoining, or near the premises where the liquor is sold, if belonging to the seller or under his control, or used by his premises.

Evasion of law as to drinking on premises contrary to licence.

39. (1) If any person having a licence to sell liquors, not to be drunk on the premises, himself takes or carries, or employs or suffers any other person to take or carry any liquor out of, or from the premises of such licensed person, for the purpose of being sold on his account, or for his benefit or profit, and of being drunk or consumed in any other house, or in any tent, shed or other building of any kind whatever, belonging to such licensed person, or hired, used or occupied by him, or on or in any place, whether enclosed or not, and whether or not a public thoroughfare, such shall be deemed to have been consumed by the purchasers thereof on the premises of such licensed person with his privity and consent, and such licensed person shall commit an offence.

(2) In any proceeding under this section it shall not be necessary to prove that the premises, or place or places to which such

liquor is taken to be drunk, belonged to or were hired, used or occupied by the seller, if proof is given to the satisfaction of the Court, that such liquor was taken to be consumed thereon or therein, with intent to evade the conditions of his licence.

Penalty on internal communication with unlicensed premises.

- 40. (1) Every person who makes or uses, or allows to be made or used, any internal communication between any licensed premises and any unlicensed premises which are used for public entertainment or resort, or as a refreshment house, shall commit an offence.
- (2) Any holder of a licence convicted under this section shall in addition to a penalty, be liable to forfeit his licence.

No bars beyond the number licensed to be used.

- 41. (1) No bar, beyond the number stated on a publican's licence shall be opened or used in or upon the licensed premises, except with the consent of the Magistrate, which consent shall be endorsed on the licence.
- (2) Any person who shall open or use any additional bar for the sale of liquors, or shall knowingly permit the same to be opened or used for such sale, without such consent and endorsement as aforesaid and without having paid a licence fee at the rate of five pounds per annum for each additional bar, shall be deemed to have been guilty of selling without a licence.

Club not to sell liquor without licence.

- 42. Any person operating or controlling a club or taking an active interest therein or being a member official or servant thereof who shall sell or cause to be sold any liquor on any premises occupied by a club, whether permanently or temporarily, without first obtaining a club licence shall commit an offence.
- 43. In any proceedings relative to an offence under this Ordinance it shall not be necessary, when the sale or consumption of liquor is involved, for the prosecution to prove that any money actually passed or liquor was actually consumed. The Court may be satisfied by evidence that a transaction in the nature of a sale actually took place, or that any consumption of liquor was about to take place, and proof of consumption or intended consumption of liquor on premises to which a licence is attached by some person, other than the occupier of or a servant in such premises, shall be evidence that the liquor was sold to the person consuming, or being about to consume, or carrying away the same by or on behalf of the holder of the licence.

Unlawful sale of liquor provable by purchaser thereof.

44. The evidence of any person shall be admitted in proof of unlawful sale of liquor, although he may have himself purchased the same, and such evidence shall be sufficient to support a conviction for such offence.

Persons deemed unlicensed if not producing licence.

- 45. (1) In all proceedings against any person for selling or allowing to be sold any liquor without a licence, such person may be deemed to be unlicensed, unless he shall at the hearing of the case produce his licence.
- (2) The fact of any person, not being a licensed person, keeping up any sign, writing, painting or other mark in or near to his house or premises, or having such house fitted up with a bar or other place containing bottles or casks displayed so as to induce a reasonable belief that such house or premises is or are licensed for the sale of any liquor, or that any is sold or served therein, or of there being on such premises more liquor than is reasonably required for the use of the persons residing therein, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the unlawful sale of liquor by such person.

Penalty for permitting drunkenness. 46. (1) Any licensed person who permits drunkenness or any violent quarrelsome, or riotous conduct to take place on his premises, or sells any liquor to any person already in a state of intoxication, or by any means encourages and incites any person to drink shall commit an offence.

- (2) Any person who is drunken, violent, quarrelsome or disorderly and refuses or fails to quit licensed premises in pursuance of a request by the licensed person his servant or agent so to do shall commit an offence.
- 47. (1) Every house for which a publican's licence shall be granted shall be considered as a common inn, and no goods or chattels whatsoever bona fide the property of any lodger or stranger, and being in such licensed house, or the appurtenances thereof, or any place used and occupied therewith in the ordinary course of resort at such licensed house, shall be subject to be distrained or seized for or in respect of any claim for rent for such licensed house or appurtenances or in respect of any other claim whatsoever against the said house or appurtenances or the owner or occupier thereof.
- (2) If any such goods or chattels shall be distrained or seized for rent, or in any other manner contrary to the provisions hereof the Magistrate, or any two Justices may inquire into any complaint made in such respect in a summary manner and order such goods or chattels to be restored to the owner thereof, and order the payment of such reasonable costs as shall be incurred by such proceedings.
- 48. No publican shall be liable to make good to a guest any loss of, or injury to, goods or property brought to his licensed premises or to a greater amount than £30 unless
 - (a) the goods or property shall have been stolen, lost, or injured through the wilful act, default, or neglect of such licensee or his servant in his employ;
 - (b) the goods or property shall have been deposited expressly for safe custody with such licensee.

Provided always that in the case of such deposit the licensee may require as a condition of his liability that such goods or property shall be deposited in a box or other receptacle, fastened and sealed by the person depositing the same.

- 49. No claim for money lent or goods sold to any lodger or customer shall be recoverable by any publican before any court.
- 50. Every licensed publican who fails to provide suitable accommodation, with bed and board, for at least one traveller shall commit an offence.
- 51. (1) No publican's retail licence shall be granted to any person until an accurate description of the premises in writing, with a diagram or plan of the same attached thereto, shall have been furnished by the applicant, and approved by the Magistrate and in the case of premises in Stanley, by the Stanley Town Council, and in the case of premises not in Stanley by the Board of Health and should the description so furnished by such applicant be found to be false or inaccurate in any material fact the party making such false or inaccurate statement shall commit an offence and forfeit any licence which may have been granted to him by reason of such false or inaccurate description.
- (2) The description given by the applicant shall in all cases be endorsed on or embodied in the licence.
- 52. (1) Any person holding a publican's retail licence who shall remove from the premises described in the licence to any other premises or make any structural alteration which gives increased facilities for drinking or conceals from observation any part of the premises used for drinking or which affects the communication between the part of the premises where intoxicating liquor is sold and any other part of the premises or any street or public way without the approval of the Magistrate and the Board of Health or Stanley Town Council, as the case may be, shall forfeit his licence unless he

Protection of property of guests.

Money lent to lodgers or customers not recoverable by law.

To provide accommodation for at least one traveller.

Accurate description of premises to be given.

Removal and alteration of premises. shall return to the premises described in the licence or restore the premises to their original condition within a time fixed by the Magistrate.

(2) Objections to the removal of a publican's retail licence may be made in the manner and on the grounds herein provided in respect of objections to the grant of a licence.

Transfer of retail licences.

53. No publican's retail licence shall be transferred to any person except with the consent in writing of the Magistrate, and on the production by the person to whom the licence is proposed to be transferred of a certificate of good character and fitness signed by two Justices not holding licences under this part of this Ordinance.

Approval of Managers and Agents.

54. Any person holding a publican's retail licence who employs another person as his manager or agent without the approval of the Magistrate first obtained and endorsed on the licence and any person so acting without such approval and endorsement shall commit an offence.

Provision in case of the death of licensee. 55. In the case of the death of any person holding a publican's retail licence, his widow, or any executor or administrator, or person appointed by them may, subject to the approval of the Magistrate endorsed by him on the licence in writing carry on the business of the deceased on the licensed premises until the expiration of the licence.

Governor or Justices may order licensed houses to be closed. 56. The Governor, the Magistrate, or any two Justices of the peace, may when any riot, tumult, breach of the peace or disorderly conduct shall happen, or be expected to take place, order any person holding a publican's retail licence, or transfer thereof, to close his house when and for so long as the Governor, the Magistrate, or the Justices shall direct and if any such licensed person shall keep his house open during such time he shall commit an offence.

Searching unlicensed premises.

57. Upon reasonable cause of suspicion that any liquor is in or upon any house, premises, vessel or boat, which has been illegally sold, or is there for the purpose of illegal sale, or that any person is there illegally purchasing liquor, it shall be lawful for any constable or constables, to enter and search any such house, premises, vessel or boat, or any part thereof at any hour; and it shall be lawful for any Justice to grant a warrant to search any such house, premises, vessel or boat, and any constable or constables or such person to whom such warrant may be addressed may and shall seize and remove to the police office all such liquor, together with the casks or bottles, and packages containing the same as shall be found there, and may arrest any person found there illegally purchasing or selling liquor; and the Magistrate or any two Justices before whom the case shall be heard may, in addition to any penalty which he may impose, declare such liquor, together with the casks or bottles and packages containing the same, to be, and the same shall thereupon be forfeited to the use of His Majesty, unless the defendant shall prove that such liquor was not illegally sold, or there for the purpose of illegal sale.

Constables may stop any person removing liquor. 58. Any person who shall knowingly remove or convey any liquor for the purpose of being or that shall have been illegally sold shall commit an offence. It shall be lawful for any constable to stop any person conveying in any manner any liquor, and if such person shall not upon request satisfy the constable that such liquor has not been illegally removed or sold as aforesaid, to detain and convey such person and liquor, together with the packages, before the Magistrate, or any two Justices and to seize and take into his possession the horse, cart, boat, vessel or other conveyance used in removing the same; and if such person shall not satisfy the Magistrate or Justices that such liquor had not been illegally removed or sold as aforesaid, they may declare the same to be forfeited to His Majesty, as well as the horse, cart, boat, vessel or other conveyance, if any, used in removing the same.

59. Any licensed person convicted of felony, perjury, or infamous offence, shall forfeit his licence. If convicted of a misdemeanour he shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

Forfeiture of licence for felony etc.

60. Any Justice holding a licence under this Ordinance who shall act as a Justice under any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall commit an offence.

No licensed person to act as a Justice

61. Any licensed person who shall mix, or suffer to be mixed with any liquor any unwholesome ingredient, or shall receive or have in his possession any unwholesome ingredient, with intent to mix the same with any liquor, shall commit an offence and be liable to forfeit his licence, and all such unwholesome liquor and ingredients.

Adulterating liquor.

62. Where any licensed person is convicted of any offence, and in consequence either becomes personally disqualified, or has his licence forfeited, the Magistrate on the application by or on behalf of the owner of the premises in respect of which the licence was granted (where the owner is not the occupier) and upon being satisfied that such owner was not privy to, nor a consenting party to the act of the tenant, and that he has legal power to eject the tenant of such premises, may by order authorise an agent to carry on the business of such premises until the end of the period for which such licence was granted, in the same manner as if such licence had been formally transferred to such agent.

Continuance of forfeited licence to owners of premises in certain cases.

- 63. Any licensed person who shall sell by wholesale or retail any spirits of less strength than 30 underproof shall commit an offence.
- 64. Any owner, lessee, manager, or agent in charge of station may, without a licence, sell liquor to shepherds and other employees bona fide in his own employment, provided such station be at a disstance of not less than six miles from Stanley, or any other town, and provided that such liquor shall have been properly imported into the Colony and the requisite duty has been paid thereon. Any owner, lessee, manager or agent selling liquor to other than his own employees shall commit an offence.

Supply of liquor without licence by owner of stations to their employees under certain conditions.

65. (1) No person shall import or have in his possession a still without having first received the written permission of the Colonial Secretary.

Still illegal without permission.

- (2) Any Officer of Customs or Constable may enter into and search without warrant any buildings, premises, vessel or boat where there is reasonable cause to suspect that an illicit still may be found and to make such examination or enquiry as may be proper to ascertain whether any offence against this Ordinance has been committed.
- (3) Any person unlawfully importing a still into the Colony or colonial waters shall commit an offence.
- (4) Any person found unlawfully in possession of, making, erecting, concealing, or using a still shall be guilty of an offence.

66. The Chief Constable and all constables shall be inspectors of licensed premises under this Ordinance, and it shall be their duty to enforce and superintend the carrying out of this Ordinance in every respect.

Constables to be ex-officio inspectors.

67. Any inspector may at all times during business hours, and after such hours for reasonable cause, enter on any premises licensed under this Ordinance, and may examine every room and part of such premises, and take an account of all liquor therein, and may demand, select, and obtain any samples of liquor which may be in such house or premises, and on paying, or tendering payment for such samples of liquor may remove the same for the purpose

Inspectors may enter premises and search for adulterated drink. Penalty for obstructing inspector.

of analysis or otherwise. If any licensed or other person in charge of any premises refuses or fails to admit any inspector demanding to enter in pursuance of this section, or refuses to permit any inspector to select or obtain such samples, or refuses or fails to furnish him with such light or assistance as he may require, or obstructs such inspector, or causes or permits him to be obstructed or delayed in the discharge of his duty, such licensed or other person shall commit an offence.

Commencement of prosecutions.

68. All prosecutions under this Ordinance shall be commenced within six calendar months after the alleged offence.

Application of fines, penalties etc.

69. All forfeitures shall be sold or otherwise disposed of in such manner as the Magistrate or Justices making the order may direct, and the proceeds of such sale or disposal shall be paid into the Treasury for the use of the Government.

Penalties.

- 70. (1) Any person who commits an offence against this part of this Ordinance shall in addition to any penalty otherwise provided, be liable
 - (a) to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months; and
 - (b) for a second offence, to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months; and
 - (c) for a third or subsequent offence, to both such lastmentioned fine and imprisonment.
- (2) If a person convicted is the holder of a licence the Court may order that particulars of the conviction be endorsed on the licence.

PART III. - BILLIARD TABLE LICENCES.

Application for grant of a billiard table licence.

71. Any person applying for a new billiard table licence shall advertise such application in the manner prescribed in section 7 (1) and such application shall be subject to the objections contained in section 8. Objections shall be heard in the manner laid down in section 9.

Special billiard licence.

72. The Magistrate may, at his discretion, grant on any special occasion to the holder of a billiard table licence a special licence, authorising such licensee to keep his premises open during the hours specified on such special licence, and there shall be paid into the Treasury, on the issue of such special licence, the following fees:—

In respect of a licence authorising premises to be kept open during any period not specified in the licence -

- (a) between mid-day and mid-night, any hour or part of an hour, two shillings and
- (b) after mid-night, any hour or part of an hour, four shillings.

Penalty for unlawful hire of billiard table.

73. Any person who shall permit or allow a billiard or bagatelle table to be used for hire on any premises for which a billiard table licence has not been obtained shall commit an offence, and shall be liable to the penalties provided for in section 70.

PART IV. - AUCTIONEERS.

Grant of licence.

- 74. (1) No person shall carry on the business of an auctioneer before he has applied and been granted a licence so to do by the licensing authority.
- (2) An auctioneer's licence shall be renewed on the 1st day of January in each year.

(3) The licensing authority may grant an occasional licence to conduct a sale by public auction on a date specified on the licence.

Occasional licence.

75. Any person who carries on the business of an auctioneer or who sells any goods or chattels or land by public auction without a licence as required under section 74 or who does not comply with the provisions hereof and the conditions of the licence shall commit an offence and be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.

Penalty on sale etc. without licence.

76. (1) An auctioneer shall retain from all proceeds of any sale by auction of any goods, chattels or land (other than agricultural implements and live animals) an amount equal to $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ of the gross proceeds of such sale and shall within seven days from the date of such sale pay such sum into the Colonial Treasury.

Payment of $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ of goods proceeds of sale into Treasury.

Provided that the said sum shall not be deducted when any lot is bought in under the reserve price and the auctioneer shall publicly state that the lot was bought in and the licensing authority is so satisfied.

- (2) The sum provided for under subsection (1) hereof shall be recoverable from the auctioneer as a personal debt due from him to Government.
- 77. The Auctioneer shall within seven days of any public auction render to the Colonial Secretary a true and complete account in writing of the price at which each lot or article was sold and shall furnish such information relative to the auction as the Colonial Secretary may require.

Auctioneer to furnish Colonial Secretary with information as to sale.

78. No auction shall be held on board any vessel without the written permission of the Colonial Secretary unless the vessel be attached to a wharf or hulk and the public have full access thereto by jetty or gangway.

No auction on board vessel without permission.

79. This Part of this Ordinance shall not apply to an official acting on Government instructions or to a person selling under Order of any court.

This Part not applicable to Govt. officials or person acting under Order of Court.

PART V. - TOBACCO LICENCES.

80. Any person who shall directly or indirectly sell tobacco without first obtaining a licence from the Licensing Authority authorising him so to do shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £10 for each offence.

Penalty on sale without licence.

81. The Licensing Authority may, at his discretion, grant to any person an occasional licence for the sale of tobacco at such place, in such quantities, and for such period of time, not exceeding three consecutive days, as may be specified in the licence and there shall be paid a fee of two shillings and sixpence a day in respect of such licence.

Occasional licence.

82. (1) If any person sells to a person apparently under the age of sixteen years any cigarettes or cigarette papers (whether for his own use or not) or tobacco, he shall be liable in the case of a first offence to a fine not exceeding two pounds, and in the case of a second offence to a fine not exceeding five pounds, and in the case of a third or subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

Penalty for selling tobacco to children and young persons.

(2) A constable shall seize any cigarette or cigarette papers in the possession of any person apparently under the age of sixteen whom he finds smoking in any street or public place, and any cigarettes or cigarette papers so seized shall be disposed of in such manner as the Chief Constable may direct. Every constable is hereby

Forfeiture of tobacco.

Search.

Provision as to automatic machines for the sale of tobacco.

authorised to search any boy found smoking. Any girl found smoking may be conducted to and searched by the Gaol Matron.

- 83. (1) If a court is satisfied that any automatic machine for the sale of cigarettes kept on any premises is being extensively used by children or young persons, the court may order the owner of the machine or the person on whose premises the machine is kept to take such precautions to prevent the machine being so used as may be specified in the order, or, to remove the machine, within such time as may be specified in the order: Provided that any person aggrieved by such an order may appeal against it to the Judge in Chambers.
- (2) If any person against whom any such order has been made fails to comply with the order, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds, and to a further fine not exceeding one pound for each day during which the the offence continues.

PART VI. = GENERAL.

Powers of Governor in Council to make regulations.

84. The Governor in Council may from time to time make, alter, annul and revoke regulations for the more effective carrying out of the purposes of this Ordinance, and may impose penalties for the breach of any such regulations.

Repeals:

5 of 1853, 5 of 1911, 4 of 1944, 9 of 1944, 1 of 1946, 3 of 1948, 4 of 1948. 85. The Auctioneer's Ordinance 1853, the Licensing Ordinance (South Georgia) 1911, the Licensing Ordinance 1944, the Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance 1946, the Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance 1948, the Tobacco Ordinance 1944 and the Tobacco (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 are hereby repealed.

M.P. 1092.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Legislative Council. Assented to in His Majesty's name this 29th day of December, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 13



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the grant of Pensions, Gratuities and other Allowances to persons who have been in the Public Service of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Pensions Ordinance, Short title.
- 2. (1) In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say –

"pensionable office" means -

(a) in respect of service in the Colony an office which, by virtue of provision for the time being in force in an Order made by the Governor in Council and published in the Gazette, is declared to be a pensionable office; and any such Order may from time to time be amended, added to, or revoked by an Order so made and published; but where by virtue of any such amendment or revocation any office ceases to be a pensionable office, then so long as any person holding that office at the time of the amendment or revocation continues therein, the office shall, as respects that person, continue to be a pensionable office;

(b) in respect of other public services an office which is for the time being a pensionable office under the law or regulations in force in such service.

"non-pensionable office" means an office which is not a pensionable office.

"pensionable emoluments" -

- (a) in respect of service in the Colony includes salary and personal allowance, but does not include duty allowance, entertainment allowance or any other emoluments whatever:
- (b) in respect of other public service means emoluments which count for pension in accordance with the law or regulations in force in such service.

"salary" means the salary attached to a pensionable office or, where provision is made for taking service in a non-pensionable office into account as pensionable service, the salary attached to that office.

"personal allowance" means a special addition to salary granted personally to the holder for the time being of the office, but does not include such an addition if it is granted subject to the condition that it shall not be pensionable.

'public service" means service in a civil capacity under the Government of the Colony or the Government of any other part of His Majesty's dominions, or of any British Protected State, Protectorate or territory under British Mandate or of the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, or under the High Commissioner for Transport in Kenya and Uganda, and service which is pensionable under the Teachers (Superannuation) Act, 1925, or any Act amending or replacing the same, and any such other service as the Secretary of State may determine to be "public service" for the purpose of any provisions of this Ordinance: and, except for the purposes of computation of pension or gratuity and of section 9 of this Ordinance, includes service as a Governor-General, Governor or High Commissioner in any part of His Majesty's dominions, any British Protected State or Protectorate, any territory under British Mandate or the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan.

"other public service" means public service not under the Government of the Colony.

(2) For the avoidance of doubts it is hereby declared that, where an officer has been confirmed in a pensionable office and is thereafter appointed to another pensionable office, then, unless the terms of such appointment otherwise require, such last mentioned office is, for the purposes of this Ordinance, an office in which he has been confirmed.

Pension regulations.

3. (1) Pensions, gratuities and other allowances may be granted by the Governor in Council in accordance with regulations made under this Ordinance to officers who have been in the service of the Colony.

The said regulations may from time to time be amended, added to, or revoked by regulations made by the Governor in Council with the sanction of the Secretary of State, and all regulations so made shall be laid before the Legislative Council and published in the Gazette.

- (2) All regulations made under this section shall have the same force and effect as if they were contained in the Regulations to this Ordinance, and the expression "this Ordinance" shall, whereever it occurs in this Ordinance, be construed as including a reference to the said Regulations.
- (3) Whenever the Governor in Council is satisfied that it is equitable that any regulation made under this section should

have retrospective effect in order to confer a benefit upon or remove a disability attaching to any person, that regulation may be given retrospective effect for that purpose:

Provided that no such regulation shall have retrospective effect unless it has received the prior approval of the Legislative Council signified by resolution.

4. There shall be charged on and paid out of the revenues of the Colony all such sums of money as may from time to time be granted by way of pension, gratuity or other allowance in pursuance of this Ordinance.

Pensions etc. to be charged on revenues of Colony.

5. (1) No officer shall have an absolute right to compensation for past services or to pension, gratuity, or other allowance; nor shall anything in this Ordinauce affect the right of the Crown to dismiss any officer at any time and without compensation.

Pensions etc. not of

- (2) Where it is established to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council that an officer has been guilty of negligence, irregularity or misconduct, the pension, gratuity, or other allowance may be reduced or altogether withheld.
- 6. No pension, gratuity or other allowance shall be granted under this Ordinance to any officer except on his retirement from the public service in one of the following cases –

Circumstances in which pension may be granted.

- (1) on attaining the age of 60 years or with the approval of the Governor in Council on or after attaining the age of 55 years, or in special cases, with the approval of the Secretary of State, on or after attaining the age of 50 years;
- (2) in the case of transfer to other public service, on or after attaining the age at which he is permitted by the law or regulations of the service in which he is last employed to retire on pension or gratuity;
 - (3) on the abolition of his office;
- (4) on compulsory retirement for the purpose of facilitating improvement in the organization of the department to which he belongs, by which greater efficiency or economy may be effected;
- (5) on medical evidence to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council or the Secretary of State that he is incapable by reason of any infirmity of mind or body of discharging the duties of his office and that such infirmity is likely to be permanent;
- (6) in the case of removal on the ground of inefficiency as provided in this Ordinance;
- (7) on retirement in circumstances, not mentioned in the preceding paragraphs of this section, rendering him eligible for a pension under the Pensions (Governors of Dominions, &c.) Acts, 1911 to 1936, or any Act amending or replacing those Acts.

Provided that the pensionable service of the officer is not less than ten years.

7. Where an officer is removed from his office on the ground of his inability to discharge efficiently the duties thereof, and a pension, gratuity or other allowance cannot otherwise be granted to him under the provision of this Ordinance, the Governor in Council may, if he considers it justifiable having regard to all the circumstances of the case, grant such pension, gratuity or other allowance as he thinks just and proper, not exceeding in amount that for which the officer would be eligible if he retired from the public service in the circumstances described in paragraph (5) of the preceding section.

Retirement for inefficiency.

- 8. (1) It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to require an officer to retire from the service of the Colony -
 - (a) at any time after he attains the age of 55 years, or

Compulsory and voluntary retirement.

- (b) in special cases, with the approval of the Secretary of State, at any time after he attains the age of 50 years.
- An officer may with the approval of the Governor in Council retire at any time after he attains the age of 55 years.

Maximum pension.

- (1) Except in cases provided for by subsection (2) of this section, a pension granted to an officer under this Ordinance shall not exceed two-thirds of the highest pensionable emoluments drawn by him at any time in the course of his service in the Colony.
- An officer who shall have been granted a pension in respect of other public service shall not at any time draw from the funds of the Colony an amount of pension which, when added to the amount of any pension or pensions drawn in respect of other public service, exceeds two-thirds of the highest pensionable emoluments drawn by him at any time in the course of his public service:

Provided that where an officer receives in respect of some period of public service both a gratuity and a pension, the amount of such pension shall be deemed for the purpose of this subsection to be four-thirds of its actual amount.

- Where the limitation prescribed by the preceding subsection operates, the amount of the pension to be drawn from the funds of the Colony shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, in order that it may be determined with due regard to the amount of any pension or pensions to be drawn in respect of other public service.
- (4) For the purposes of the preceding subsections an additional pension granted in respect of injury shall not be taken into account; but where the officer is granted such an additional pension under this Ordinance, the amount thereof together with the remainder of his pension or pensions shall not exceed five-sixths of his highest pensionable emoluments at any time in the course of his public service.

Liability of pensioners to be called upon to take further employment.

10. (1) Every pension granted under this Ordinance shall be subject to the condition that unless or until the officer shall have attained the age of 55 years, he may, if physically fit for service, be called upon by the Secretary of State to accept, in lieu of his pension, an office, whether in the Colony or in other public service, not less in value, due regard being had to circumstances of climate, than the office which he held at the date of his retirement.

If a pensioner so called upon declines to accept such office the payment of his pension may be suspended until he has attained the age of 55 years.

- The provisions of the foregoing subsection shall not apply in any case where the Governor, being of opinion that the officer is not qualified for other employment in the public service or that there is no reason to expect that he can be shortly re-employed therein, otherwise directs.
- 11. If an officer to whom a pension has been granted under this Ordinance is appointed to another office in the public service,
- the payment of his pension may, if the Governor in Council thinks fit, be suspended during the period of his re-employment.
- 12. A pension, gratuity or other allowance granted under this Ordinance shall not be assignable or transferable except for the purpose of satisfying -
 - (1) a debt due to the Government, or
 - (2) an Order of any Court for the payment of periodical sums of money towards the maintenance of the wife or former wife or minor child of the officer to whom the pension, gratuity or other allowance has been granted,

and shall not be liable to be attached, sequestered or levied upon for or in respect of any debt or claim whatever except a debt due to the Government.

employment.

Suspension of

pensions on re-

Pensions, etc., not to be assignable.

13. (1) If any person to whom a pension or other allowance has been granted under this Ordinance is adjudicated bankrupt or is declared insolvent by judgment of any Court, then such pension or allowance shall forthwith cease.

Pensions etc., to cease on bankruptcy.

- (2) If any person is adjudicated bankrupt or declared insolvent as aforesaid either
 - (a) after retirement in circumstances in which he is eligible for pension or allowance under this Ordinance but before the pension or allowance is granted, or
 - (b) before such retirement, and he shall not have obtained his discharge from bankruptcy or insolvency at the date of retirement,

then, in the former case any pension or allowance eventually granted to him shall cease as from the date of adjudication or declaration as the case may be and, in the latter case, the pension or allowance may be granted, but shall cease forthwith and not become payable.

- (3) Where a pension or allowance ceases by reason of this section, it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State, or if the person in question is resident in the Colony, the Governor, from time to time during the remainder of such person's life, or during such shorter period or periods, either centinuous, or discontinuous, as the Secretary of State or the Governor, as the case may be, shall think fit, to direct all or any part of the moneys to which such person would have been entitled by way of pension or allowance, had he not become bankrupt or insolvent, to be paid to, or applied for the maintenance or benefit of, all or any to the exclusion of the other or others, of the following, that is to say, such person and any wife, child or children of his, in such proportions and manner as the Secretary of State or the Governor, as the case may be, thinks proper, and such moneys shall be paid or applied accordingly.
- (4) Moneys applied for the discharge of the debts of the person whose pension or allowance has so ceased shall, for the purpose of this section, be regarded as applied for his benefit.
- (5) When a person whose pension or allowance has so ceased obtains his discharge from bankruptcy or insolvency, it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State or, if such person is resident in the Colony, the Governor to direct that the pension or allowance shall be restored as from the date of such discharge or any later date, and the pension or allowance shall be restored accordingly.
- 14. (1) If any person to whom a pension or other allowance has been granted under this Ordinance is sentenced to a term of imprisonment by any competent Court for any offence, such pension or allowance shall, if the Secretary of State, or if such person is resident in the Colony, the Governor, so direct, cease as from such date as the Secretary of State or the Governor, as the case may be, determines.
- (2) If any person is sentenced as aforesaid after retirement in circumstances in which he is eligible for pension or allowance under the Ordinance but before the pension or allowance is granted, then the provisions of the foregoing paragraph shall apply as respects any pension or allowance which may be granted to him.
- (3) Where a pension or allowance ceases by reason of this section it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State or the Governor, as the case may be, to direct all or any part of the moneys to which such person would have been entitled by way of pension or allowance had he not been sentenced as aforesaid to be paid, or applied, in the same manner in all respects as prescribed in the preceding section, and such moneys shall be paid or applied accordingly.
- a free pardon, the pension or allowance shall be restored with retrospective effect; but in determining whether arrears of such pension or allowance are payable to such person and in computing the amount thereof, account shall be taken of all moneys paid or applied under the preceding subsection.

Pensions, etc., may cease on conviction.

Pensions etc., may cease on accepting certain appointments.

15. If any person to whom a pension or other allowance has been granted under this Ordinance otherwise than under section 17 becomes either a director of any company the principal part of whose business is in any way directly concerned with the Government, or an officer or servant employed in the Colony by any such company, without the prior permission of the Governor in writing, such pension or allowance shall cease if the Governor so directs:

Provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor, on being satisfied that the person in respect of whose pension or allowance any such direction shall have been given has ceased to be a director of such company or to be employed as an officer or servant of such company in the Colony, as the case may be, to give directions for the restoration of such pension or allowance, with retrospective effect, if he shall see fit, to such a date as he shall specify, and the pension or allowance shall be restored in accordance with any such directions.

Gratuity where an officer dies in the service.

- 16. (1) Where an officer holding a pensionable office who is not on probation or agreement, or an officer holding a non-pensionable office to which he has been transferred from a pensionable office in which he has been confirmed, dies while in the service of the Colony, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to grant to his legal personal representative a gratuity of an amount not exceeding his annual pensionable emoluments.
- (2) For the purpose of this section, "annual pensionable emoluments" means the emoluments which would be taken for the purpose of computing any pension or gratuity granted to the officer if he had retired at the date of his death in the circumstances described in paragraph (5) of section 6 of this Ordinance.

Pensions to dependants when an officer is killed on duty.

- 17. (1) Where an officer dies as a result of injuries received-
 - (a) in the actual discharge of his duty, and
 - (b) without his own default, and
 - (c) on account of cirumstances specifically attributable to the nature of his duty,

while in the service of the Government of the Colony, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to grant, in addition to the grant, if any, made to his legal personal representative under section 16 of this Ordinance –

- (i) if the deceased officer leaves a widow, a pension to her, while unmarried and of good character, at a rate not exceeding ten-sixtieths of his annual pensionable emoluments at the date of the injury or fifteen pounds a year, whichever is the greater;
- (ii) if the deceased officer leaves a widow to whom a pension is granted under the preceding paragraph and a child or children, a pension in respect of each child, until such child attains the age of 18 years, of an amount not exceeding one eighth of the pension prescribed under the preceding paragraph;
- (iii) if the deceased officer leaves a child or children, but does not leave a widow or no pension is granted to the widow, a pension in respect of each child, until such child attains the age of 18 years, of double the amount prescribed by the preceding paragraph;
- (iv) if the deceased officer leaves a child or children and a widow to whom a pension is granted under paragraph (i) of this subsection, and the widow subsequently dies, a pension in respect of each child as from the date of the death of the widow until such child attains the age of 18 years, of double the amount prescribed in paragraph (ii) of this subsection.

(v) if the deceased officer does not leave a widow, or if no pension is granted to his widow, and his mother was wholly or mainly dependent on him for her support, a pension to the mother, while of good character and without adequate means of support, of an amount not exceeding the pension which might have been granted to his widow:

Provided that-

- (A) pension shall not be payable under this subsection at any time in respect of more than six children; and
- (B) in the case of a pension granted under paragraph (v) of this subsection, if the mother is a widow at the time of the grant of the pension and subsequently remarries such pension shall cease as from the date of remarriage; and if it appears to the Secretary of State at any time that the mother is adequately provided with other means of support, such pension shall cease as from such date as the Secretary of State may determine;
- (c) a pension granted to a female child under this section shall cease upon the marriage of such child under the age of 18 years.
- (2) In the case of an officer not holding a pensionable office, the expression "pensionable emoluments" in the preceding subsection shall mean the emoluments enjoyed by him which would have been pensionable emoluments if the office held by him had been a pensionable office.
- (3) For the purpose of this section the word "child" shall include
 - (a) posthumous child;
 - (b) a step-child or illegitimate child born before the date of the injury and wholly or mainly dependent upon the deceased officer for support, and
 - (c) an adopted child, adopted in a manner recognised by law, before the date of the injury, and dependent as aforesaid.
- (4) An officer who dies as a result of injuries received while travelling by air in pursuance of official instructions shall be deemed to have died in the circumstances detailed in (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of this section; provided that in such a case and if (b) is also satisfied the rates of pension prescribed in (i) and (ii) of that subsection shall be fifteen-seventy seconds and one sixth respectively.
- (5) This section shall not apply in the case of the death of any officer selected for appointment to the service of the Colony on or after the date of operation of this subsection if his dependants as defined in the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937, or any Ordinance amending or replacing that Ordinance, are entitled to compensation under that Ordinance.
 - 18. (1) The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply -
 - (a) to every officer first appointed to the public service of the Colony
 - (i) after the commencement of this Ordinance; or
 - (ii) before the commencement of this Ordinance, to whom it was intimated before appointment that he would be liable to be affected by any change in the pensions law of the Colony; and
 - (b) to every other officer serving in the Colony at the commencement of this Ordinance or transferred

Application of Ordinance.

from the Colony to any other public service before the date of such commencement and still in public service on that date, unless not later than 12 months after such commencement or within such further period as the Governor may in any special case allow, he gives notice in writing to the Colonial Secretary of his desire that the provisions of the Ordinances and Regulations referred to in section 19 of this Ordinance shall apply to him, in which case they shall continue to apply accordingly.

(2) If any officer who shall have given notice under paragraph (b) of the preceding subsection is thereafter re-appointed to the service of the Colony the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to him in respect of his whole service:

Provided that except where such an officer shall eventually become eligible for a pension or gratuity under this Ordinance in respect of his service both before and after his re-employment, a pension or gratuity granted to him solely in respect of service prior to such re-employment shall not be recomputed.

Repeals:

5 of 1937. 13 of 1940. 4 of 1941.

2 of 1946.

19. The Pensions Ordinance, 1937, the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1940, the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1941, and the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, are hereby repealed and all Regulations made thereunder are hereby revoked.

M.P. 0829.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Legislative Council. Assented to in His Majesty's name this 29th day of December, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 14



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Seditious Offences (Penalties) Ordinance, 1938.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Seditious Offences (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Seditious Offences (Penalties) Ordinance, 1938, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. The word "Penalties" shall be deleted from the title of the Principal Ordinance.

Amendments:

3. The words "Officer acting as legal adviser to the Governor" shall be substituted for the words "Colonial Secretary" in the last line of section 5 (2) of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 5 (2).

M.P. C/8/38.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, ('lerk of the Legislative ('ouncil.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 15



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Interpretation and General Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949.

Amendment: Section 14.

2. Section 14 of the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949, shall be amended by substituting "1949" for "1948" in line 2 thereof.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 16



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend and consolidate the law as to marriage.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Marriage Ordinance, Short title 1949.
 - 2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits-

Interpretation.

- "Registrar General" means the person holding that office under the Registration Ordinance 1949.
- "Minor" or "Infant" means a person under the age of 21 years and who is not a widow or widower.
- "Minister" means a Minister registered to celebrate marriages under this Ordinance.

"Court" means

- (a) the Judge in chambers;
- (b) a court of summary jurisdiction otherwise than in open court.

3. Every marriage

- (1) which by the law of England would be valid,
- (2) celebrated in the Colony in accordance with the law prior to the passing of this Ordinance,
- (3) celebrated by a minister or Registrar in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance,

shall be good and valid to all intents and purposes:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall render valid any

Valid Marriages.

marriage between parties who at the time of marriage would, by the law of England, be incapable of intermarrying.

Appointment of Registrars.

4. The Governor may appoint Registrars for the purposes of this Ordinance.

Registered ministers.

5. Every minister of religion ordinarily officiating as such in the Colony shall be deemed to be a minister registered for celebrating marriages and any minister of religion, or the head of any religious denomination in the Colony may apply to the Colonial Secretary to be registered as a minister for celebrating marriages. The Governor may grant a certificate of registration under the Public Seal to any person so applying:

Provided that the Governor may refuse any such application and may remove the name of any person from the register.

Places registered for celebration of marriages.

- 6. (1) Christ Church Cathedral, the Roman Catholic Church and the Nonconformist Tabernacle shall be deemed to be places registered for celebrating marriages.
- (2) The Governor may grant a certificate of registration under the Public Seal in respect of any other building commonly used for religious purposes.

When and where a marriage may be solemnised.

By minister.

7. (1) A minister may at any time within three months after declaration made under section 8 and the banns have been published on three consecutive Sundays, or the Registrar-General has issued his licence as in Form 2 in the First Schedule hereto, or the Governor has issued a special licence, solemnise a marriage between the parties named in such declaration and in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance:

Provided that -

- (a) a marriage by banns shall be solemnised in a place registered for celebrating marriages,
- (b) a marriage by licence other than the Governor's special licence shall be solemnised in a place registered for celebrating marriages, or in the house of a Justice.

By Registrar.

(2) A Registrar may, at any time within three months from the date of the issue of the licence by the Registrar-General, solemnise a marriage in his office between the parties named in such licence.

Declaration of intended marriage.

8. One of the parties to the intended marriage shall make and sign before a Registrar or a Justice a solemn declaration as in Form 1 in the First Schedule hereto, before any licence is granted.

Notice of marriage to to be publicly posted. 9. The Registrar-General shall, upon receiving or taking any such declaration, post the same in his office for twenty-one days, and such declaration shall constitute a notice of an intended marriage, and shall be open, without fee, during office hours, for inspection by any person.

Marriage Licence.

10. The Registrar-General may, not less than twenty-one days nor more than three months after the said posting of the notice of marriage, issue a marriage licence in the Form 2 in the First Schedule hereto and he shall upon issue of such licence file a notice of marriage in his office.

Consents required to marriage of minors.

11. The Registrar-General shall not enter any notice of marriage when either party is a minor without the consent of the person or persons mentioned in the 2nd Schedule hereto:

Provided that -

(1) if the Registrar-General or a minister is satisfied that the consent of any person whose consent is so required cannot be obtained by reason of absence or inaccessibility or by reason of his being under any disability he may dispense with the necessity for the consent of that person if there is any other person whose consent is so required, or a Court may on application being made, consent to the marriage and the consent of the Court as given shall have the same effect as if it had been given by the person whose consent cannot be so obtained;

- (2) if any person whose consent is required refuses his consent a Court may on application being made consent to the marriage and the consent of the Court so given shall have the same effect as if it had been given by the person whose consent is so refused.
- 12. No person shall except as provided in section 13, solemnise any marriage -

Conditions as to marriage.

- (1) until a marriage licence has been issued and the banns published as provided in section 7 hereof;
- (2) after the expiration of three months from the date of the marriage licence or publication of the banns;
- (3) save in a place registered for the celebration of marriages or in the office of the Registrar, or in the house of a Justice, or in such place as any special licence shall specify;
- (4) save in the presence of two witnesses who shall sign the certificate of marriage:
- (5) in any building with closed doors or before 9 o'clock in the morning or after 4.30 in the afternoon.
- 13. (1) A marriage by the Governor's special licence may be celebrated by a minister or a Registrar at any time and in any place therein stated.

Governor's special

- (2) The Governor's special licence may be issued at any time after the declaration prescribed in section 8.
- 14. Any person whose consent to a marriage by licence is required as hereinbefore provided may forbid the issue of a licence by writing upon the notice of marriage the word "forbidden" and signing his name and serving upon the Registrar-General a notice in writing signed by or on behalf of such person stating the grounds of objection and no licence shall in such case be issued without an order of the Court.

Forbidding marriages.

General against the grant of a certificate or licence for the marriage of any person therein named. Any caveat shall be signed by or on behalf of the person entering the same and shall state the ground of objection. No licence or certificate shall be issued until the caveat shall be withdrawn by the person who entered the same or it shall be determined by the Judge.

(2) Any person who shall enter a caveat on grounds which the Judge shall declare to be frivolous shall be liable for the costs of the proceedings and for damages recoverable by the party against whose marriage the caveat was entered.

16. In every case of solemnisation of marriage each of the parties shall, in some part of the ceremony and in the presence of the officiating minister or Registrar and of the witnesses make the following declaration:

Form of words at marriage.

following declaration:

"I do solemnly declare that I know not of any lawful impediment why I A.B. may not be joined in matrimony to C.D."

and say to each other

"I A.B. do take thee C.D. to be my wedded wife (or husband)".

Certificates.

17. The person celebrating a marriage, the parties thereto and the two witnesses of such marriage shall sign in triplicate a certificate as in Form 3 in the First Schedule hereto, and one copy of such certificate shall be forthwith transmitted to the Registrar-General in Stanley, one copy shall be given to the husband and one shall be recorded in a book by the person celebrating the marriage.

The certificates shall be numbered consecutively, and all certificates referring to one marriage shall have the same number.

Marriages to be registered.

18. The Registrar-General shall forthwith enter every certificate of marriage in the marriage register book, and certify the accuracy of the entry and file and index the certificate of marriage.

Proof of marriage.

19. A copy of the certificate of any marriage registered by a minister or a Registrar under his hand shall be *prima facie* evidence in all proceedings of the fact of such marriage having been duly celebrated.

Wrongful celebration.

20. Any person who shall wilfully and knowingly celebrate any marriage contrary to the provisions of this Ordinance or where the provisions of this Ordinance have not been complied with shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and be liable to a fine not exceeding £500, or to imprisonment not exceeding two years or both such fine and imprisonment.

False declaration.

21. Any person who for the purpose of procuring a marriage or a certificate or licence for marriage knowingly and wilfully makes a false oath or makes or signs a false declaration notice or certificate required under this Ordinance is guilty of a misdemeanour and is liable on conviction on indictment to penal servitude for a term not exceeding seven years or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine or to penal servitude or imprisonment and fine or on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

Neglect.

22. Any person who shall offend against or fail to comply with any of the provisions of this Ordinance for the breach of which no penalty is provided, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

Marriages under the Foreign Marriages Acts 1892 to 1947, Notice. 23. A party to a marriage intended to be solemnised under the Foreign Marriages Acts 1892 to 1947 who has had his usual place of abode in the Colony or its Dependencies for a period of not less than one week immediately preceding such intended marriage or such other period as may be determined by His Majesty in Council shall give notice thereof to the Registrar-General in Form 1 in the Fourth Schedule hereto.

Posting of notice.

24. The Registrar-General shall post up a true copy of such notice in some conspicuous place in his office and shall keep the same so posted up during fourteen consecutive days before the marriage.

Certificate of notice.

- 25. The Registrar-General shall unless he is aware of any impediment or objection to the solemnisation of the marriage give a certificate in Form 2 in the Fourth Schedule hereto that such notice has been given and posted up as aforesaid.
- 26. The fees specified in the Third Schedule hereto shall be paid for the services therein specified.

Repeal: 8 of 1902.

27. The Marriage Ordinance, 1902, is hereby repealed.

Form 1.

N.B.—If Marriage is to be in Camp or by Special Licence say where.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Notice of Marriage.

Father's Profession.		is no impediment or lawful cause to the				19 ,	Registrar-General
Father's Christian and Surnames in full. (1) either party be under the age of 21, the Jather or quardian must write here "I Consent" and sign		I do solemnly and sincerely declare that I believe the foregoing particulars to be true in every respect and that there is no impediment or lawful objection by reason of any kindred, relationship, or alliance or any former marriage or want of consent or any other lawful cause to the marriage of the parties above named.	Signature				
Residence.		to be true in every narriage or want	Signe			day of	
Rank or Profession.	+	he foregoing particulars alliance or any former 1		19 , at	Registrar or J.P.	me on the	Signalure.
Condition: Backelor, Spinster, Widower or Wildow.		e that I believe t relationship, or				us duly received by	
"Under" or above" the age of 21.		incerely declar f any kindred, e named.	before me by	day of		e declaration w	
Christian and Surnames in full.		I do solemnly and sincerely lawful objection by reason of any ki marriage of the parties above named.	Signed and declared to before me by_		Signature_	I certify that the above declaration was duly received by me on the	
No.		lawful	Q	this			

Marriage Licence.

I hereby certify that the persons named and described below have given notice of their intended marriage and made the declaration required by law and that I know of no lawful objection to the proposed marriage: These are therefore to license any registered minister of religion or any Registrar to marry

fession	
Pather's Profession	
Father's Christian and Surnames in full.	
Residence.	
Rank or Profession,	
Condition: Bachelor, Spinster, Widower or Widow,	
"Under" or "above" the age of 21.	
Christian and Surnames in full.	

Registrar-General.

Form 3.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

in the Registrar-General's Office.

No.

	a :
	cate
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7	3
	rriage
	arr

Where Married.	-	33
Wher		Witness.
Father's Rank or Profession.		
Father's Christian and Surnames in full.		Title
Rank or Profession and Country.		In the presence of us Married by me Signature
Condition. Bachelor, Spinster, Widower or Widow.		In the pre
"Under" or "above" the age of 21.		
Christian and Surnames in full.		ed between us
When married.		This Marriage was solemnized between us
No.		This M.

Three copies of this Certificate shall be signed by all the parties: One shall be given to the Bridegroom, one sent to the Registrar-General, and one entered in the book kept by the person solemnising the Marriage.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Consents required to the Marriage of an Infant.

1. Where the Infant is Legitimate.

CIRCUMSTANCES.

PERSON OR PERSONS WHOSE CONSENT IS REQUIRED.

- 1. Where both parents are living
 - (a) if parents living together:
 - (b) if parents are divorced or separated by order of court or by agreement:
 - (c) if one parent has been deserted by the other:
 - (d) if both parents deprived of custody of infant by order of court:
- 2. Where one parent is dead:
 - (a) if there is no other guardian:
 - (b) if a guardian has been appointed by the deceased parent:
- 3. Where both parents are dead:

Both parents.

The parent to whom the custody of the infant is committed by order of any court or by the agreement, or, if the custody of the infant is so committed to one parent during part of the year and to the other parent during the rest of the year, both parents.

The parent who has been deserted.

The person to whose custody the infant is committed by order of the court.

The surviving parent.

The surviving parent and the guardian if acting jointly, or the surviving parent or the guardian if the parent or the guardian is the sole guardian of the infant.

The guardians or guardian appointed by the deceased parents or by the court.

2. Where the Infant is Illegitimate.

CIRCUMSTANCES.

If the mother of the infant is alive:

If the mother of the infant is dead:

PERSON WHOSE CONSENT IS REQUIRED.

The mother, or if she has by order of the court been deprived of the custody of the infant, the person to whom the custody of the infant has been committed by order of the court.

The guardian appointed by the mother.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

Table of Fees.

To WHOM PAYABLE.	FOR WHAT DUTY.			Ам	OUN	r. —
				£	s.	d.
The Governor	Special Licence			 3 :	0 :	0
The Minister	Marriage by Governor's licence			 2 :	0 :	0
The Clerk	The same]	: 01	0
The Minister	Marriage after banns or on Registrar-G		ence]	: 0]	0
The Clerk	The same				5 :	0
The Minister	Publication of banns of marriage				2:	6
	Who performs a marriage elsewhere th travelling expenses for every mile be	an in Stanl	ey for		3 :	
The Treasury	Entry of notice of marriage				2:	
	Registrar-General's licence				5:	0
	Entering caveat	***			5:	0
	Marriage by Registrar				10 :	(
	Notice under Foreign Marriage Act		***		1:	(
" "	Certificate under Foreign Marriage Ac				2:	(
The Minister	Copy certified by Minister of entry in				2 :	ŧ

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Form 1.

To the Registrar-General, Falkland Islands.

I hereby give you notice that a marriage is intended to be solemnised within three months from the date hereof between the parties named and described.

Name and Surname.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Age.	Residence.	Church or building where marriage to be solemnised.
A.B.					
C.D.					
Witness my hand	at	. Falkland Islands	this	day of	19 .
		(Signed)		
				or C.D.	

Form 2.

Registrar-General, Falkland Islands, hereby certify that on I, notice of marriage between the parties hereinafter described was given the one of the said parties. under the hand of

Name and Surname.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Age.	Residence.	Church or building where marriage to be solemnised.
A.B. C.D.					
					1

Date of notice.

Date of certificate.

The issue of this certificate has not been forbidden by any person authorised to forbid the issue thereof.

Witness my hand this

day of

19

Registrar-General.

N.B. This certificate will be void unless the marriage is solemnised on or before the

day of

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a second second by me to be a second sec by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

> L. W. ALDRIDGE, Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 17



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Quarantine Ordinance, 1908.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Quarantine (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Quarantine Ordinance, 1908, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Section 1.

2. Section I of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the words "other than by wireless telegraphy and the term 'Health Officer' means the Senior Medical Officer or any person delegated by him or appointed by the Governor under this Ordinance" at the end thereof.

Section 9.

- 3. Section 9 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by
 - (a) the deletion of the words between the word "person" in line 1 and the word "obstructs" in line 5 thereof;
 - (b) the deletion of the words "Inspector or other" in line 7 thereof;
 - (c) the insertion of the words "may be apprehended without warrant and" after the word "he" in line 9 thereof.

4. Section 10, subsections (2), (3) and (4) of section 12, and section 16 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 10. Section 12 (2), (3) & (4). Section 16.

5. Subsection (1) of section 12 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the words "Inspector or other" in line 5 thereof.

Section 12 (1).

6. (a) The definition "infectious or contagious disease" in Regulation No. 2 in the Schedule to the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the remainder of the definition after "small pox" in line 2 thereof.

Schedule.

(b) Regulation No. 25 (d) in the Schedule to the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the word "three" for the word "ten" in line 3 thereof.

M.P. 1085.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 18



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Trade Unions and Trade Disputes Ordinance.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Trade Unions and Trade Disputes (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Trade Unions and Trade Disputes Ordinance.

Amendments: Sections 17, 21 & 22,

2. The definitions to "intimidate" and "injury" in subsection (1) of section 17, subsection (2) of section 21 and subsection (2) of section 22 of the Trade Unions and Trade Disputes Ordinance shall be deleted.

M.P. C/17/30.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 19



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the maintenance of Waterworks at Stanley.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Colony thereof, as follows -

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Waterworks Short title. Ordinance, 1949.
- 2. "Waterworks" mean the Stanley Waterworks and includes any pumping station, reservoir, tank, filter bed or other appliance used or intended to be used for collecting, storing or purifying water and any pipe used or intended to be used for conveying water between any pumping station, reservoir, tank and filterbed which is or may become the property of the Government.

Definition.

3. (1) The Governor may appoint any person to be Water Authority.

Water Authority.

The duties of the Water Authority shall include the management of the Waterworks, the control of all matters relating thereto, and carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance and any Regulations made thereunder.

Duties and Powers.

- (3) The Water Authority may with the approval of the Governor bring an action in any Court in any matter affecting the management or control of the Waterworks or under this Ordinance or any Regulation made thereunder.
 - (4) The Water Authority may
 - (a) at any time enter on any land, hereditaments and premises to inspect and repair any pipe or other appliance;

- (b) after 21 days' notice in writing to the owner or occupier thereof lay pipes and other appliances on or through such land.
- (5) The Water Authority shall not be liable to any claim for compensation on account of any interruption in or insufficiency of the supply of water caused by drought or other unavoidable circumstance.

Offences.

4. Any person who

- (1) puts or causes or allows to be put into the Waterworks or any part thereof any foul or injurious matter liable to pollute or render the water therein unfit for use or to impede the flow of water therein, or
- (2) wilfully damages or causes or allows to be damaged any part of the Waterworks, or
- (3) opens or closes or in any way interferes with or causes or allows to be opened or closed or in any way interfered with the Waterworks or any part thereof

shall commit an offence and on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment.

Regulations.

5. The Governor in Council may make regulations for the administration of this Ordinance.

Repeal: No. 4 of 1927.

6. The Stanley Water Supply Ordinance, 1927, is hereby repealed.

M.P. 30/26.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

> MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 20



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To make provision for the care of persons of unsound mind.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows -

- This Ordinance may be cited as the Mental Treatment Short title. Ordinance, 1949.
 - 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires Interpretation. "person of unsound mind" means an idiot or a person who is suffering from mental derangement.
- 3. (1) Any Justice may, upon information on oath of any informant to the effect that the informant has good cause to suspect and believe and does suspect and believe that a particular person be of unsound mind and a proper subject to be placed under care and treatment, see and question the person so suspected and may together with another Justice hold an inquiry in private as to the state of mind of such person. For the purposes of such inquiry the Justices shall be a few shall have the power of a Court and may, after one of them shall have seen the person suspected of being of unsound mind, proceed with such inquiry in the absence of such person and without proof of service of any summons upon him.

Inquiry as to the state of a person's mind.

- (2) If it shall appear to any Justice by information on oath that any person suspected of being of unsound mind is at large or is dangerous to himself or others, or is not under proper care and control or is cruelly treated or neglected by any relative or other person having the care or charge of him such Justice may by order under his hand require any constable to apprehend such person and bring him before himself and another Justice or two other Justices for the purpose of inquiry and examination.
- (3) The Justices may adjourn the inquiry for a period not exceeding eight days for the purpose of medical examination or the production of evidence as to the state of mind of the person so suspected and may, if the person alleged to be of unsound mind has been apprehended as aforesaid or under the provisions of section 6, make such order for the detention and safe custody of such person during the said adjournment as they may deem fit.

Medical certificates.

- 4. (1) The Justices making an inquiry under section 3 hereof shall direct the Senior Medical Officer or another registered medical practitioner to examine the person suspected of being of unsound mind and thereupon such practitioner shall, if he considers that the facts warrant it, sign a certificate that in his opinion the suspected person is of unsound mind and specifying in full detail the facts upon which he founds his opinion.
- (2) A certificate may contain information as to the previous medical history of the person so suspected but no certificate which purports to be founded wholly on facts communicated by others shall have any effect.

Adjudication of insanity and admission to a place for proper care and custody. 5. Where it appears to the Justices upon inquiry and upon the said registered medical practitioner having certified that any person is of unsound mind and a proper subject to be placed under care and treatment they may adjudge such person to be of unsound mind and a proper person to be placed under care and treatment and may make an order (hereinafter referred to as a "reception order") for the care and treatment of such person in an institution or place approved by the Governor in Council as a fit and proper place for the care and treatment of persons of unsound mind (hereinafter referred to as an "approved place"):

Provided that the Justices shall not make a reception order unless one, at least, of them shall have seen the person suspected of being of unsound mind.

Removal of person of unsound mind in urgent cases. 6. If a police constable is satisfied that it is necessary for the public safety, or for the welfare of a person alleged to be of unsound mind in respect of whom an inquiry ought to be made under this Ordinance that such person should be placed under care and control before such inquiry can be held, the constable may remove that person to an approved place and shall within 24 hours of such removal lay information on oath under section 3 hereof. The Senior Medical Officer or the person in charge of the approved place shall receive and detain such person therein but no person shall be so detained for more than three days.

Duration of reception orders.

- 7. (1) A reception order shall remain in force for one year from its date, and thereafter from year to year if at the end of each year a special report of the Senior Medical Officer as to the mental and bodily condition of the patient with a certificate under his hand that the patient is still of unsound mind and a proper person to be detained under care and treatment is sent to the Magistrate not more than one month nor less than seven days before the end of such year.
- (2) A Magistrate or any two Justices may require the Senior Medical Officer to give such further information concerning the patient as he or they may require or order that the patient be brought before him or them for examination and, if necessary, discharge him from the approved place.

- (3) Any person who detains a person after he has knowledge that an order for his reception has expired shall be guilty of a misdemeanour.
- (4) A certificate under the hand of a Magistrate that an order for reception has been continued to the date therein mentioned shall be sufficient evidence of the fact.
- 8. The Senior Medical Officer shall be responsible for the management and control of an approved place, the patients and the staff thereof.

Control of an approved place.

9. If it shall appear to any Justice that the father, mother, husband, wife or children of any person confined in an approved place or elsewhere as hereinafter provided for is or are possessed of sufficient means to support or contribute to the support of such person he may summon such relatives to appear before a Court and the Court shall, if satisfied that such relative or relatives are able to maintain or assist in the maintenance of the person so confined, order that such relative or relatives pay such sum of money weekly or otherwise as it may consider reasonable having regard to the circumstances of the parties:

Maintenance of person of unsound mind.

Provided that a Court may vary an order upon proof that the means of such relative or relatives have changed since the date of the original order or any subsequent order varying it.

10. The Judge of the Supreme Court may make such inquiries as he may deem proper as to the estate of a person of unsound mind and may order all or any part thereof to be sold or dealt with as he may deem most expedient for the purpose of raising or securing money for the payment of or provision for the future maintenance of such person or for any purpose which the Judge may desire is for the benefit and interest of the person of unsound mind.

Maintenance may be charged to estate of person of unsound mind.

11. Whenever it shall appear to the Senior Medical Officer that a patient is fit to be discharged from an approved place he shall so certify to a Magistrate or two Justices who may order that such patient shall be discharged accordingly.

Discharge of patient if fit.

12. Whenever the Senior Medical Officer shall certify that a patient (except any criminal lunatic) is fit to be discharged to the care and custody of relatives or friends any Justice may order accordingly subject to such relatives or friends entering into a bond, with or without sureties, in such amount and conditions as the Justice may deem fit that such patient shall be properly taken care of and shall be prevented from doing injury to himself or others.

Discharge of person on undertaking of relative etc. for proper care.

13. (1) When it shall appear to the Senior Medical Officer that any person confined under this Ordinance (other than a criminal lunatic) is not dangerous he may at his discretion permit such person to be absent from an approved place upon trial for such period as he may think proper and subject to any undertaking or the observance of any conditions as to residence, occupation and surveillance, and surveiles (if any) as the Senior Medical Officer may deem fit.

Release of patient on

(2) In the case of any breach of an undertaking or condition imposed under this section or if a person does not return to an approved place at the expiration of the period for which he was released such person may at any time up to fourteen days after the expiration of such period be retaken by any officer and conveyed back to an approved place.

14. Any patient who shall leave an approved place otherwise than upon discharge, removal, or release on trial may without a fresh order and certificates be retaken at any time within fourteen days after his leaving the approved place by a police officer or any person authorised in writing by the Senior Medical Officer and conveyed back to, and received in, the approved place.

Escaped patient may be retaken within 14 days. Magistrate may order person to be brought before him for examination.

- 15. (1) If it shall appear to a Magistrate on information on oath that there is reason to believe that any person of sound mind (other than a criminal lunatic) is confined in an approved place against his will be shall order that such person shall be brought before him or two Justices for examination on oath of such confined person and of any medical or other witnesses who may be called by the Senior Medical Officer or informant as to the state of mind of such person and if it shall appear to such Magistrate or Justices that such person is of sound mind and detained against his will be or they shall make an order that such person shall be discharged from an approved place and the Senior Medical Officer shall discharge such person accordingly.
- (2) An examination under this section shall be conducted in private.

Removal of a person of unsound mind to the United Kingdom. 16. (1) The Magistrate or two Justices may upon being satisfied that adequate arrangements have been made for the safety and care of a person of unsound mind while on board ship and for his reception at the port of landing to secure his proper disposal into the care of friends or a mental hospital in the United Kingdom, or being an alien, in his country of origin, order that such person be removed from the Colony in a ship bound for a port in the United Kingdom or said country of origin as the case may be.

Provided that the father, mother, husband, wife or children of the person so removed shall pay such part of the cost of the passage and maintenance in a mental home of such person as a Justice shall after hearing the parties decide.

- (2) When a person of unsound mind is removed from the Colony a transcript of the proceedings in respect of such person shall be transmitted by the Governor to His Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies.
- (3) This section shall not apply to the removal of criminal lunatics which is governed by the Colonial Prisoners Removal Act 1884 and any Act amending or replacing that Act.

Visitors.

- 17. (1) The Governor shall appoint two or more persons to be visitors of approved places and may remove any of them and appoint others in their places.
- (2) Two of the said visitors shall at least once in every month inspect every part of an approved place in which a person of unsound mind is confined and see and examine every such person therein and the orders for admission and shall enter in a book to be kept for that purpose any remarks which they may deem proper in regard to the condition and management of the approved place and the patients therein and shall sign the book after every such visit.
- (3) The said visitors shall submit a joint report to the Governor in December in each year on the state and condition of any approved place in which persons of unsound mind are confined and as to the management and conduct thereof and the care of patients therein, and shall submit such reports upon any matter connected with an approved place as and when the Governor may specially direct.

Protection of persons enforcing Ordinance.

- 18. (1) No person who has presented an application or laid an information for a reception order or signed or carried out, or done any act with a view to signing or carrying out, an order purporting to be a reception order or any report, application or certificate purporting to be a report, application or certificate or has done anything in pursuance to this Ordinance shall be liable to any civil or criminal proceedings unless he has acted in bad faith or without reasonable care.
- (2) No proceedings shall be brought against any person in any Court in respect of any matter referred to in subsection (1)

hereof without the leave of the Supreme Court and leave shall not be granted unless the Supreme Court is satisfied there is substantial ground for the contention that the person, against whom it is sought to bring proceedings, has acted in bad faith or without reasonable care.

- (3) Notice of any application under subsection (2) hereof shall be given to the person against whom it is sought to bring proceedings, and such person shall be entitled to be heard against the application.
- (4) Proceedings against any person for anything done under this Ordinance shall be commenced within twelve months of the alleged act in respect of which the proceedings are brought or from the date of release of the party who has been detained as a person of unsound mind, as the case may be, and for the purpose hereof the date of service of notice of an application under subsection (3) hereof shall be deemed to be date of commencement provided that proceedings are commenced within four weeks of leave to proceed having been granted.
- (5) If proceedings are not commenced within the time stated in subsection (4) hereof judgment shall be given for the defendant.
- 19. Any person not being a registered medical practitioner who knowingly and wilfully signs a certificate prescribed under this Ordinance shall commit a misdemeanour and be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

Person other than registered medical practitioner signing certificate.

20. Any registered medical practitioner who knowingly and wilfully in any certificate prescribed under this Ordinance falsely certifies anything shall commit a misdemeanour and be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

False medical certificate.

21. Any person who wilfully assists the escape of any person of unsound mind while being conveyed to or confined in an approved place or who hides such person who has escaped from an approved place shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Assisting escape of person of unsound mind.

22. Any person employed at an approved place who through wilful neglect or connivance permits any person confined in an approved place to leave otherwise than on discharge, removal or release on trial prescribed by this Ordinance shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Permitting escape of person of unsound mind.

23. Any person employed or having duties at an approved place who carnally knows or attempts to have carnal knowledge of any female under care and treatment at such approved place shall commit a misdemeanour and shall on conviction on indictment be liable for a term of imprisonment not exceeding two years.

Abuse of female of unsound mind.

24. Any person employed at an approved place who strikes, ill-treats or neglects any patient therein shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Ill-treating patients in an approved place.

25. Any person who strikes or ill-treats any person released on trial from an approved place knowing him to be of unsound mind or obstructs an officer of an approved place in the execution of his duty in connection with a person of unsound mind shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or a term of imprisonment not exceeding six months.

Ill-treating patients released on trial and obstructing officer.

26. Any person who, without the consent of the Senior Medical Officer gives, sells or barters any article or commodity to any patient in an approved place shall commit an offence and be

Selling etc. articles to persons in approved place.

liable to a penalty not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Trespassing on premises of an approved place.

- 27. (1) Any person who trespasses upon any premises belonging or appertaining to an approved place or who enters the same without being duly authorised so to do shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £10 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.
- (2) Any person committing an offence under this section may be apprehended without warrant by any servant at the approved place or by any constable.

Rules.

- 28. The Governor in Council may make rules for the better administration of this Ordinance and the control and management of approved places.
- 29. Any party to proceedings under sections 9 and 16 (1) hereof shall have a right of appeal to the Supreme Court against any order made by a Justice.
- 30. Nothing in this Ordinance shall apply to criminal lunatics or affect the Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in matters relating to lunacy.

Repeal No. 4 of 1894.

31. The Lunacy Ordinance, 1894, is hereby repealed.

M.P. 1107.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 21



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Vaccination Ordinance, 1868.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Vaccination (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Vaccination Ordinance, 1868, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance)

Short title.

2. Section 1 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

Amendments: Section 1.

- "1. Every medical practitioner registered under the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance 1914 or any Ordinance amending or replacing it shall be a public vaccinator for the purposes of this Ordinance and shall vaccinate all persons who shall be brought to him for that purpose, provided they are fit subjects for vaccination, subject to any regulations made under this Ordinance."
 - 3. Section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended -

Section 2.

- (a) by the deletion of the words "the Public Vaccinator of the district" in line 9 thereof and the substitution of the words "registered medical practitioner" therefor;
- (b) by the deletion of the remainder of the section after the word "vaccinated" in line 10 thereof.

Section 4.

- 4. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended -
 - (a) by the deletion of the words "following week when the operation shall have been performed by the Public Vaccinator, such" in lines 1, 2 and 3 thereof and the words "week following the vaccination the" substituted therefor;
 - (b) by the substitution of the words "registered medical practitioner" for the word "him" in line 5 thereof.

Section 5.

5. Section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the word "registered" for the words "Public Vaccinator or other qualified" in lines 2 and 3 thereof.

Sections 6, 7, 11 & 12.

6. The word "registered" shall be substituted for the words "Public Vaccinator or" whenever they appear in sections 6, 7, 11 and 12 of the Principal Ordinance.

Sections 8, 13, 14, 17 & 18.

7. Sections 8, 13, 14, 17 and 18 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 15.

- 8. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following shall be substituted therefor:
 - "15. Court may order that any child under the age of 14 years who has not been successfully vaccinated or who has not had small pox or has not been certified as insusceptible of successful vaccination shall be vaccinated within such time as it may deem fit and the person against whom the order is made who fails to comply therewith shall, unless he shall satisfy the Court that he had reasonable excuse for his omission, commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty shillings.

Application.

- 9. The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following section:
 - "19. This Ordinance shall apply to South Georgia in the Dependencies".

Schedule.

10. The Schedule to the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the word "Registered" being substituted for the words "Public Vaccinator or" and "Public Vaccinator of the District or" wherever they appear.

M.P. 1087.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 22



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To declare the law as to Aliens.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Aliens Ordinance, Short title.
- 2. In this Ordinance or any regulations made thereunder Definitions, where the context so admits:

"An alien" means any person who according to the laws in force or that may come into force in the United Kingdom is not a British subject, British protected person or who is a citizen of the Republic of Ireland.

- 3. (1) No alien who is a lunatic, idiot or mentally deficient or who has been certified by a medical officer in the service of the Government of the Colony as undesirable for medical reasons, or who has been sentenced for a crime which would be a ground for extradition from the Colony or who has been prohibited from landing by order of the Governor, shall land in the Colony.
- (2) Any alien who shall land in the Colony without the permission of the Governor unless:
 - (a) he is in possession of a valid passport issued to him by or on behalf of the Government of which he is a national or some other document with a photograph attached satisfactorily establishing his nationality or identity to the satisfaction of and, except where he is a national of one of those countries with which an

Admission of aliens.

agreement has been entered into by His Majesty's Government for the abolition of visas and such agreement has been extended to the Colony, he has been granted a visa to enter the Colony by or on behalf of His Majesty's Government,

(b) he is in a position to support himself and his dependents,

shall commit an offence.

Registration.

4. Every alien who shall within seven days of his landing in the Colony fail to register with the Chief Constable and furnish him with such particulars as he may require or shall fail to notify the Chief Constable within seven days of any change of residence, shall commit an offence.

Deportation Orders.

- 5. The Governor in Council may make a deportation order subject to such conditions as he may think fit in respect of any alien when
- (1) it is certified by the Judge or a Magistrate that he has been convicted of an offence punishable by imprisonment without the option of a fine and it was recommended that a deportation order should be made either in addition to or in lieu of the sentence;
- (2) if it is deemed to be conducive to the public good to do so.

Detention pending deportation.

6. An alien in respect of whom a deportation order has been made may be detained in legal custody until he be placed on a ship leaving the Colony.

Master of ship.

7. The Master of any ship calling at any port outside the Colony who shall, upon being required by the Governor or Chief Constable to give a passage and accommodation and maintenance during the passage to an alien against whom a deportation order has been made and his dependents to that port, without reasonable excuse, fail to give such passage as aforesaid shall commit an offence.

Expenses of deportation.

8. The Governor may apply any money or property of an alien against whom a deportation order has been made in payment of the cost of deportation and the maintenance until departure of such alien and his dependents.

Offences.

9. Any person who commits an offence under this Ordinance shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months and on a second or subsequent conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

Regulations.

10. The Governor in Council may make regulations for the administration of this Ordinance.

Repeals.

11. The Peace Preservation South Georgia (Aliens) Ordinance, 1919, the Passports Ordinance, 1921, the Passports (Amendment) Ordinance, 1925, and the Aliens' Ordinance, 1929, are hereby repealed.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 23



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Workmen's Compensation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

- 2. Section 2 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the word "eighteen" for the word "seventeen" in Section 2.
- 3. (1) Section 4 (1) (a) (i) of the Principal Ordinance Section 4. shall be amended by inserting the word "six" after the word "thirty" in line 3 thereof
- shall be amended by substituting the words "ninety six" for the words "eighty four" in lines I and 2 thereof.
- 4. Section 5 (1) (b) of the Principal Ordinance shall be section 5. amended by inserting the word "six" after the word "thirty" in the first line thereof

Section 8.

5. Section 8 (5) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the word "fifteen" for the word "eight" in line 3 thereof.

Section 14.

6. Section 14 (3) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the words "section thirty-three of the Bankruptcy Act 1914" for the words "the Preferential Payments in Bankruptcy Act 1888" in lines 2 and 3 thereof.

Sections 31 and 32.

7. Sections 31 and 32 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the word "Judge" for "Chief Justice" wherever these words appear in these sections.

Section 32.

8. Section 32 (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by deleting the words "two successive issues of" in line 3 thereof.

Section 34.

9. Section 34 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting the words "the British Empire" for the words "His Majesty's Dominions" wherever these words appear in this section and by deleting subsection (2) of this section.

M.P. 0038/II.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD. Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 24



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Post Office Ordinance, 1898.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows –

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Post Office (Amend- Short title. ment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Post Office Ordinance, 1898, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

2. The words "and regulations for the time being in force" in lines 2 and 3 of section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "as provided by the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949, and any regulations made under such laws" shall be inserted after the word "Kingdom" in line 4 of the said section.

Amendments: Section 2.

3. The words "1d. for every letter and \(\frac{1}{4}\)d. for every other Section 7. postal packet contained in any mail" in lines 3 and 4 of section 7 shall be deleted and the words "two shillings and sixpence for every mail he are mail bag containing letters and papers and five shillings for every mail bag containing parcels" shall be substituted therefor.

M.P. 1083.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

> L. W. ALDRIDGE, Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 25



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the imposition of penalties and fees in connection with the grant of Certificates and other matters under the British Nationality Act, 1948.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the British Nationality Ordinance, 1949.

Penalties.

- 2. (1) Any person who for the purpose of procuring anything to be done or not to be done under the British Nationality Act, 1948, makes any statement which he knows to be false in a material particular or recklessly makes any statement which is false in a material particular shall be liable on summary conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months.
- (2) Any person who fails to comply with any requirement imposed on him by regulations made under the British Nationality Act 1948 with respect to the delivering up of certificates of naturalisation shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.
- 3. (1) Subject to subsection (2) hereof the fees specified in the Schedule hereto shall be paid to the Colonial Treasury.

(2) Of the fee payable in respect of the grant of a certificate of naturalisation, one pound shall be payable on the submission of the application for a certificate and shall in no circumstances be returned, and the balance shall be payable on the receipt of the decision to grant a certificate.

Provided that where a husband and wife apply at the same time for certificates and are residing together at the time of the applications and the balance is paid in respect of the grant of a certificate to one of them, no balance shall be payable in respect of the grant of a certificate to the other.

4. The British Nationality and Status of Aliens (Fees) Repeal. Ordinance, 1921, is hereby repealed.

М.Р. 1022.

SCHEDULE.

TABLE OF FEES.

Matter in which fee may be taken.		Amoun	t of fee	·
		£	s.	d.
Registration of a minor as a citizen under Section 7 of the B Act, 1948:	ritish Nationali	ty		
If the minor is a British subject or citizen of Eire or his registration was made at the same time as an a of his parents for a certificate of naturalisation; or	pplication by o	or 1e	10	0.
If the minor is the child of a British born woman married to an alien or British protected person and of the child.	n who has been who has custod	en ly		
In other cases -				
If the minor is a British protected person		5	0	0.
If the minor is an alien		10	0	0.
Grant of a certificate of naturalisation —				
m n		5	0	0.
rn		10	0	0.
0		10	0	0.
		on	2	б.
Witnessing the signing of an application or declaration mention 17 of the British Nationality Regulations, 1948.	icu in ruegu			
			2	ti.
Administering the oath of allegiance	notionality or	oť	10	0,
Registration of a declaration of intention to resume British	Hationani, 52			
renunciation of citizenship.	er declaration	or	10	0.
Supplying a certified true copy of any notice, certificate, order entry given, granted or made by or under the British Nati	onality Act, 194	8.		

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 26



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To facilitate the preparation of a Revised Edition of the Laws by the Repeal of Certain Enactments.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Law Revision (Repeal) Ordinance, 1949.

Ordinances repealed.

2. The Ordinances set out in the Schedule to this Ordinance are hereby repealed.

Subsidiary legislation revoked.

3. All Rules, Regulations, Orders in Council, Proclamations and Orders made under or by virtue of the Ordinances set out in the Schedule to this Ordinance are hereby revoked.

SCHEDULE.

Number and year of Ordinance.	Short title.
1 of 1865.	The Clergymen's Ordinance, 1865.
4 of 1867.	The Naval Stores Ordinance, 1867.
2 of 1871.	The Escheat Ordinance, 1871.
1 of 1875.	The Mortgages Ordinance, 1875.
2 of 1875.	The Ships Ordinance, 1875.
3 of 1889.	The Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance, 1889.
4 of 1889.	The Married Women's Property Ordinance, 1889.
3 of 1890,	The Foreign Jurisdiction Act (Expenses) Ordinance, 1890.
4 of 1893,	The Christ Church Ordinance, 1893.
7 of 1895.	The Uniforms Ordinance, 1895.
2 of 1896.	The Conspiracy Ordinance, 1896.
3 of 1899.	The Wrecks Ordinance, 1899.
6 of 1902.	The Pilots Ordinance, 1902.
1 of 1904.	The Flogging Regulation Ordinance, 1904.
3 of 1909.	The Deceased Wife's Sister's Marriage Ordinance, 1909.
9 of 1909.	The Merchant Shipping Ordinance, 1909.
4 of 1911.	The Council's Validity Ordinance, 1911.
10 of 1912.	The Children Ordinance, 1912,
5 of 1914.	The Validity Ordinance, 1914.
5 of 1915.	The Whale Fishery Regulation Ordinance, 1915.
4 of 1917.	The Transport Discipline Ordinance, 1917.
3 of 1924.	The Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance, 1924.
4 of 1925.	The Criminal Law Amendment (Amendment) Ordinance, 1925.
6 of 1925.	The Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance, 1925.
5 of 1926.	The Retiring Allowance to Nurses Ordinance, 1926.
4 of 1929.	The Local Naturalisation Ordinance, 1929.
6 of 1929.	The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance, 1929.
11 of 1929.	The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (Amendment) Ordinance, 1929.
10 of 1930.	The Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Ordinance, 1930.
8 of 1934.	Sentence of Death (Expectant Mothers) Ordinance, 1934.
11 of 1934.	Importation of Textiles (Quotas) Ordinance, 1934.
1 of 1935.	The Death Sentence Expectant Mothers (Amendment) Ordinance, 1933
4 of 1935.	Senior Medical Officer (Designation) Ordinance, 1935.
5 of 1936.	Stanley Common Cattle Branding Ordinance, 1936.
10 of 1936.	The Counterfeit Currency (Convention) Ordinance, 1936.
1 of 1937.	
9 of 1937.	Discovery Ordinance, 1937.
4 of 1938.	The Forgery Ordinance, 1937.
2 of 1939.	The Civil Procedure Ordinance, 1938.
2 of 1940.	The Infanticide Ordinance, 1939.
5 of 1940.	The Children and Young Persons Ordinance, 1940. The Public Officers (Change of Designation) Ordinance, 1940.
0 of 1942.	The Public Officers (Unange of Designation) of the Public Officers (Unan
01 1942,	The Conspiracy (Amendment) Ordinance, 1942.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE, ('lerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 27



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Penguins Preservation Ordinance, 1914.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Penguins Preservation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Penguins Preservation Ordinance, 1914, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Sections 2 and 6.

- 2. Sections 2 and 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "2. Any person who shall take or destroy any penguins eggs without a licence under this Ordinance or contrary to the terms and conditions thereof or shall aid and abet any person not so licensed to take or destroy any penguins eggs shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding ten shillings for every egg so taken or destroyed.

M.P. 1113.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

> MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 28



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To consolidate the law as to Land.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

- This Ordinance may be cited as the Land Ordinance, 1949. Short title.
- In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits:
- Interpretation.
- "Deed" means any instrument affecting land in the Colony.
- "Land" means land and any messuages, tenements and buildings thereon and any estate or interest therein but does not include Crown land or minerals.
- "Court" means the Supreme Court of the Colony.
- "Registrar General" means the Registrar General at Stanley.
- "Crown land" means any land not already granted in fee simple and any land acquired by the Crown.
- "Reserve" means the land specified in section 21 and any land declared a reserve under that section.
- "Chief Constable" means the chief officer of Police at Stanley.
- "Improvement" shall include buildings, drains, wells, tanks, dams, cultivation, fencing, filling up, laying down grass, and any beneficial work done upon any land, not being a reserve, to increase its value, productiveness, or ability to carry stock.

- "Country land" means land more than six miles from the Cathedral in Stanley or from the centre of any town.
- "Town land" means land in Stanley as defined in section 138 of the Stanley Town Council Ordinance and land not more than two miles from the centre of any town.
- "Vendor" "Owner" "Mortgagor" "Mortgagee" "Lessor" "Lessee" "Transferor" "Transferee" includes respectively their heirs, executors, administrators and assigns.
- "Lease" includes the right of occupation or use of any land.
- "Minerals" mean precious stones, precious metals, metals and all minerals of any kind whatsoever including coal, bituminous shale, lime, and mineral oil.
- "Public purpose" means any purpose connected with exclusive Government use or general public use or connected with or ancillary to the public interest or utility or with or to town planning or any purpose connected with the defence of the Colony, or connected with or ancillary to naval, military or air force requirements and includes any other purpose specified as public by any enactment or which the Governor in Council may resolve to be in the public interest.

Part I. Deeds.

Conveyances.

- 3. (1) Every deed conveying the fee simple in land shall be in the form set out in Form 1 in the First Schedule hereto.
- (2) The following covenants shall be implied in every conveyance
 - (a) when the vendor is conveying as beneficial owner, for the right to convey free from incumbrances (except as therein described) for quiet enjoyment, and for further assurance;
 - (b) when the vendor is conveying as trustee, mortgagee, personal representative of a deceased person, committee of a person of unsound mind, receiver of the income of a person of unsound mind or of a defective tenant for life or under an order of the Court that he has the right to convey free from incumbrances except as therein specified limited to things done or suffered by the person so conveying or to which he has been party.

Mortgages.

- 4. (1) Every deed being the mortgage of land shall be in the form set out in Form 2 in the First Schedule.
- (2) The following covenants shall be implied in every mortgage
 - (a) on the part of the mortgagor the covenants contained in section 3 (2) (a) or (b) as the case may be;
 - (b) on the part of the mortgagee that the mortgagor repaying the principal sum secured by the mortgage on the date therein mentioned and interest thereon at the rate thereby reserved the mortgagee will reconvey the mortgaged land to the mortgagor free from incumbrances.
- (3) The Mortgagee shall in default of payment of principal or interest have power to enter into possession of the mortgaged land and to receive the rents and profits thereof and to sell such land but until such default the mortgagor shall quietly enjoy such land.

5. Every deed being transfer of mortgage shall he in the form set out in Form 3 of the First Schedule and shall be endorsed on or annexed to the mortgage thereby transferred.

Transfer of Mortgage.

6. (1) When the whole sum included in the mortgage or any less sum in full satisfaction thereof is received by the mortgagee he shall endorse on the mortgage deed a reconveyance in the form set out in Form 4 in the First Schedule and upon registration thereof in accordance with section 9 the mortgage debt shall be discharged.

Reconveyance.

When the mortgagee after having received or been tendered the full amount of the mortgage debt or an agreed sum in full satisfaction thereof fails to reconvey the land mortgaged the mortgagor may apply to the Court for an order to cancel the mortgage and any order made by the Court shall be registered in accordance with section 9.

7. (1) Every deed being a lease (other than a Crown lease) shall be in the form set out in Form 5 in the First Schedule.

Lease.

- (2) There shall be implied in every such lease covenants on the part of the lessee with the lessor to pay rent, rates and taxes (if any), not to assign without prior written consent, to repair and on determination of the lease to leave in good repair and condition.
- The lessor shall have power to enter upon the leased land and resume possession thereof upon non payment of rent or breach of any covenant but until such default the lessee shall have quiet enjoyment.
 - 8. (1) Every deed shall be signed as follows:

Execution of Deeds.

- (a) a conveyance by the vendor;
- (b) a mortgage by the mortgagor;
- (c) a transfer of mortgage by the transferor;
- (d) a reconveyance by the mortgagee;
- (e) a lease by both parties

in the presence of a Justice of the Peace, or in a foreign country a Notary Public, except in the case of a limited company when the common seal of the company shall be affixed in accordance with the articles of association of the company.

- No deed shall be registered until it has been duly executed as aforesaid.
- 9. (1) Every deed, or order of the Court (other than a Registration. Crown Grant or lease of agreement for an assignment of a lease) shall be registered with the Registrar General within thirty days of the execution thereof when the party or parties executing it are resident in the Colony or within six months when such parties are not so resident.

- (2) Any deed not registered as aforesaid shall be void against a subsequent purchaser or mortgagee for valuable consideration unless such deed shall be registered before registration of the deed under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim.
- (3) Every applicant for registration shall pay the appropriate fee set out in the First Part of the Second Schedule.
- No deed shall be registered unless it is properly (4)stamped in accordance with section 12 and the Third Schedule.
- 10. A copy of any registered deed certified by the Registrar General shall be admissible in evidence.
- (1) Any person who considers himself lawfully entitled to be registered as the owner in fee simple in any land may petition the Court to be so registered.

Certified copy of deed.

Fresh title.

- (2) Such petition shall be published in such manner as the Court may direct not less than three months before it is heard and copies thereof shall be served on such persons as the Court may direct.
- (3) The Court may on being satisfied as to the claim of a petitioner, make a decree nisi for the issue of a title. Such decree shall not be made absolute until after the expiration of one year from the date thereof.
- (4) Any person may show cause why it should not be made absolute at any time before it is made absolute.
- (5) On a decree being made absolute the Registrar General shall prepare a deed in the Form 6 in the First Schedule and when the Judge has countersigned such deed and the copy in the Register such title shall be indefeasible.

PART II.

STAMP DUTIES.

Charge of duties on deeds.

12. Duties shall be charged on the several deeds specified in the Third Schedule at the rate or rates respectively shewn against each such deed.

Manner of and time for payment of duty.

13. (1) All duties chargeable under this Ordinance shall be paid and denoted by an adhesive stamp or stamps affixed to the top left hand corner of the deed in the presence of the Registrar General within thirty days of the execution of the deed when the party or parties executing it are resident in the Colony or within six months when such parties are not so resident.

Penalty.

- (2) A penalty of £10, and where the unpaid duty exceeds £10 interest on the unpaid duty at the rate of £5 per centum per annum shall be paid where the deed is not stamped within the time prescribed in sub-section (1) of this section.
- (3) When more than one deed is written on the same piece of material every deed shall be separately and distinctly stamped with the duty with which it is chargeable.

Cancellation.

14. Every stamp affixed to a deed shall be cancelled by the Registrar General by impressing his seal thereon.

Penalties.

- 15. Any person who
 - (a) fraudulently removes or causes to be removed from any deed any stamp or affixes to any other deed or uses for any postal purpose any stamp which has been so removed with intent that the stamp may be used again; or
 - (b) sells or offers for sale or alters any stamp which has been so removed or utters any deed having thereon any stamp which to his knowledge has been so removed as aforesaid; or
 - (c) executes any instrument in which all the facts and circumstances affecting the liability of any deed to duty on the amount of duty with which any deed is chargeable are not fully set forth; or
 - (d) being employed or concerned in or about the preparation of any deed neglects or omits fully and truly to set forth therein all the said facts and circumstances

shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

The deeds to which section 12 shall apply and the persons liable for duty in respect thereof are as follows:

Persons liable for duty.

Deed described in the Third Schedule.

Person liable for duty.

Conveyance.

The purchaser (which term includes the person in whose favour an order of the Court is made under section 11

hereof.)

Mortgage.

The mortgagee. The transferee.

Transfer of mortgage. Reconveyance.

The mortgagor.

Lease.

The lessee.

17. (1) Subject to any regulations which the Governor may make under this Ordinance the Registrar General shall assess the duty to be paid on any deed and may call upon the parties thereto to furnish him with such evidence as to all the facts and circumstances affecting the liability of the deed to duty as he may deem necessary.

Assessment of duty.

(2) Any person who is dissatisfied with the assessment of the Registrar General may within twenty-eight days after the date of the assessment and on payment of the duty in conformity therewith appeal against the assessment to the Court.

PART III.

CROWN LANDS.

Crown lands shall not, except as hereinafter mentioned, be dealt with or disposed of without the sanction of the Secretary of State.

Disposal of Crown

The Governor in Council may dispose of Crown lands required for public purposes.

Disposal of land for public use.

The Governor in Council may refuse a lessee of any Crown lands the right of purchasing the freehold thereof.

Power of refusal to sell freehold.

21. (1) The following land shall continue to be reserves -

Reserves.

1,280 acres. In Lafonia, near Bull Point 1,540 acres. In Section 22A, West Cove 160 acres. In Pebble Island, Elephant Bay 160 acres. In Keppel Island, Bold Point 160 acres. In New Island, Tigre Harbour 145 acres. In Stanley Harbour, Navy Point

- The Governor in Council may by Notice in the Gazette declare any Crown land a reserve and such declaration shall show in general terms the nature of the purpose for which such land is declared a reserve.
- Should any land declared a reserve or any part thereof be subject to a lease a notice of the declaration shall be served on the lessee and the lease so far as it relates to the land so reserved shall determine at the expiration of three years from the date of publication of the Notice in the Gazette, and the Governor in Council in Council may where the lessee is so deprived of the use of the reserved many that of rent. reserved part of his holding grant a proportionate rebate of rent.
- The Governor in Council may with the approval of the Secretary of State declare a reserve to be no longer reserved and upon publications. upon publication of a Notice in the Gazette to that effect such land

shall cease to be a reserve and may be dealt with as other Crown land.

Lease of reserved land.

22. Any reserve or part of a reserve may be leased for a term not exceeding three years subject, in the case of a lease to a person whose land does not adjoin the reserve, to the sanction of the Secretary of State.

Renewal of lease.

23. (1) The Governor in Council may with the approval of the Secretary of State upon the application of a lessee whose lease has expired or will expire within two years grant to him either a renewal of such lease or a new lease upon such terms and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may seem expedient but such renewal or new lease shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided, have effect until the determination of the then current lease and shall not in the case of

Country land (not being a reserve) exceed the term of 21 years. Suburban land or a reserve exceed the term of 3 years. Town land exceed the term of 60 years.

(2) Where the Governor shall decline to renew a lease the Government shall pay the lessee the value of all improvements assessed as hereinafter provided but no compensation shall be paid for any improvement when a lease has been determined in accordance with section 27.

Disposal of land on termination of lease.

24. Where a lessee declines to accept a renewal of the lease or declines to accept a new lease upon terms approved by the Governor in Council or where a lease has been determined in accordance with section 27 the Governor may cause a new lease of the land thus reverting to the Crown to be put up to public auction or he may by private treaty grant a new lease on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Governor in Council may deem expedient.

Option to determine all leases when renewal is refused. 25. Where the Governor has declined to renew a lease the lessee may by notice in writing to the Colonial Secretary elect that all leases of Crown lands held by him shall expire on the same day as the lease which the Governor has declined to renew and thereupon all such leases shall be determined accordingly and all such leases shall be considered leases which the Governor has refused to renew.

Assessment of improvements.

26. The value of improvements as provided for in section 23 shall be assessed by two assessors one to be appointed by the Governor and one by the lessee who shall certify to the best of their knowledge and belief the value of every improvement suitable and appropriate to the leased land provided that such valuation shall not exceed the actual cost of the improvement.

In the event of the assessors failing to agree the matter shall be referred to an umpire agreed upon by such assessors or failing agreement to one appointed by the Judge of the Court who shall determine the amount of assessment.

Determination of lease.

27. When a lessee fails to observe and perform any of the covenants and conditions on his part contained in the lease or to pay the rent reserved by the lease within one month after it has become due the said lease shall forthwith determine and it shall be lawful for the Governor or his servants or agents to re-enter upon and reoccupy the land demised by the lease and thereupon such lease shall be determined.

Reservations, restric-

- 28. (1) The Governor in Council may insert in any grant or lease of Crown lands such reservations, restrictions and conditions as he may deem expedient.
- (2) Every grant or lease of Crown lands shall be subject to the following reservations, restrictions and conditions unless they

are expressly excluded or are not appropriate to the particular grant or lease.

No lease shall be transferred without the consent in Transfer of lease. (a) writing of the Governor first obtained.

To effect a transfer the lessee shall endorse and sign on the lease in the presence of a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country a Notary Public except in the case of a limited company when the Common Seal of the company shall be affixed in accordance with the articles of association of the company as follows:

"I hereby transfer to

all my right title and interest in this lease.

Dated the day of

The transferee shall within 30 days if the lessee is resident in the Colony or within six months if he is not resident forward the lease to the Registrar General for registration otherwise the transfer shall not be effective.

(b) Country and suburban lands shall be used for pastoral purposes only.

The Governor and any person acting under his auth-(c) ority may search for, excavate and take away any stone or other materials which may be required for any public road, public utility or convenience.

- (d) All minerals are reserved to the Government of the Falkland Islands with full liberty at all times to search for, mine, quarry and carry away the same and for that purpose to enter upon the land or any part thereof or authorise any person or company so to do.
- Rent shall be paid yearly in advance.
- (f) Any person authorised by the Governor shall be permitted to enter upon any land for the purpose of surveying, inspecting fences or for any particular purpose specified in writing. .
- All rates, taxes and assessments shall be paid in re-(g) spect of the land.
- Good and sufficient fences shall be erected and maintained on the boundaries of land where there is no natural boundary and the physical features of the land permit.

Any person who wilfully or maliciously damages any gate or fence erected on country or suburban land or leaves open any gate erected on such land shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two mouths or both such fine and imprisonment.

PART IV.

Acquisition of Land.

30. Whenever the Governor in Council resolves that any land is required for a public purpose the Governor may authorise, in writing, any person, his agents, servants and workmen to enter as often as may be necessary upon such land to survey, measure, take levels, mark out and delineate the land so required.

The Governor in Council may by resolution declare that any land shall be acquired for a public purpose and thereupon a warrant in Form A in the Fourth Schedule shall be made under his hand and the Public Seal of the Colony directing that such land be

Country and suburban lands for pastoral pur-

Government may take stones etc.

Minerals reserved to Government.

Rent.

Right of entry.

Rates etc.

Fences.

Damage to fences etc.

Power to enter to survey.

Warrant for acquisi-

acquired for a public purpose and such warrant shall be published in the Gazette.

Notices.

- 32. Whenever a warrant is made under section 31 the Colonial Secretary shall within eight days of the date of the warrant cause a notice in Form B in the Fourth Schedule to be served personally on the owners and lessees of the land specified in the warrant or their duly appointed attorneys, or if they cannot be found
 - (a) by leaving the notice with a responsible person at their last known places of abode or business, or
 - (b) by leaving it with the occupier of the land, or
 - (c) by affixing it to a conspicuous part of the land.

Entry and possession.

33. Any person authorised by the Governor may twenty-one days after service of the notice provided for in section 32 enter upon the land specified in the notice and mark out and take possession of the same for a public purpose.

Registration.

34. Within eight days after such appropriation the Colonial Secretary shall cause a plan of the land so appropriated and a certified copy of the warrant provided for in section 31 to be registered with the Registrar General and such registration shall be conclusive evidence of appropriation of the land for a public purpose.

Proceedings where possession refused.

35. (1) When the owner or occupier of any land to be required for a public purpose hinders or obstructs any person duly authorised by the Governor from entering upon or taking possession of such land in pursuance of this Ordinance the Governor may issue his warrant in the Form C in the Fourth Schedule direct to the Chief Constable who shall forthwith eject any person so withholding possession.

Penalty for obstruction etc.

(2) Any person who wilfully hinders or obstructs any person duly authorised by the Governor from entering upon or taking possession of or using any land in pursuance of the provisions of this Ordinance or who shall molest, hinder or obstruct such person when in possession of such lands or shall hinder or obstruct any police officer when executing the warrant provided for in subsection (1) of this section shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Land rendered useless by reason of appropriation.

36. When any land after appropriation as hereinbefore provided is so divided as to leave part thereof useless to the owner for the purpose for which he has been accustomed to use the land he may serve on the Colonial Secretary before any agreement for the purchase of the land so appropriated is made or compensation in respect thereof is determined notice requiring the Governor to purchase the said land rendered useless by reason of the severance as aforesaid and thereupon the Governor may purchase such land at an agreed price or may refer the matter to the arbitrators and umpires hereinafter mentioned to find whether or otherwise such land has been rendered useless by severance as aforesaid and if so to determine the price which should be paid for the same as though it were appropriated land as aforesaid and the Governor will purchase such land rendered useless accordingly.

Part of building not to be taken.

37. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to authorise the Governor to take part only of a house or other building and where part of the land on which a house or other building stands is required for a public purpose the Governor will take the whole house or building.

Compensation.

38. (1) Any person having any right, title or interest in land acquired for a public purpose shall be entitled to and shall receive compensation therefor and for all damages sustained by reason of the

Arbitration

exercise of the powers granted by this Ordinance such compensation to be determined as hereinafter provided.

- (2) The Governor and any person referred to in subsection (1) of this section may agree the amount of such compensation as aforesaid and in default of such agreement such amount shall be determined by arbitration as hereinafter provided.
- 39. (1) In case of dispute as to the amount of compensation to be paid the claim shall be referred to two arbitrators one to be appointed by the Governor and one by the persons claiming in respect of the land appropriated, who shall decide thereon:

Provided that in the event of their not agreeing on the amount to be awarded they shall within the period during which they have power to make an award appoint an ampire.

> (2)The arbitrators shall:

- Duties of Arbitrators. decide upon all claims in respect of land acquired as aforesaid and apportion the award in respect of the various interests in any claim;
- appoint the times and places at which they will sit to hear and determine a claim and give notice thereof to the parties concerned;
- require the parties to appear before them and, subject to any legal objection, produce all deeds, books, papers, accounts and documents as they may deem fit;
- (d) require if they deem fit, witnesses to be examined on
- decide the amount of costs and all questions relating thereto but shall not award the costs to the claimant where
 - the award of compensation does not exceed (i) the sum offered by the Governor,
 - his conduct has been unreasonable or vexa-(ii) tions or his claim grossly excessive,
 - he has been party to deceit or fraud in respect (iii) of his claim;
- consider only the following matters and none other in (E) determining the amount of compensation to be paid
 - the market value of the land at the time of acquisition,
 - any damage sustained by reason of severance (ii) of the land acquired affecting the other property or earnings of the claimant at the time of appropriation,
 - the reasonable expenses of the claimant in-(iii) curred by him in changing his residence consequent on the acquisition of the land.

40. Any person who shall wilfully give false evidence on oath of any fact material to any claim for compensation shall be guilty of perjury.

False evidence to be

Time for award.

- The arbitrators shall make their award in writing 41. (1)within three months of their appointment or within such further period not exceeding six months as they may by notice decide.
- (2) The umpire shall make his award in writing within one month of his appointment or within such further period not exceeding three months as he may by notice decide.
 - Every such award shall specify the amount awarded

Publication of award.

perjury.

under the several heads of claim, be signed by the arbitrators or umpire, and be published in the Gazette.

Award conclusive.

The decision of the arbitrators or umpire shall be final and conclusive regarding all persons who have appeared and claimed or on whose behalf any person having authority has claimed any land or interest therein but any person who has not appeared or claimed or on whose behalf no claim has been made may do so within one year of the date of the award.

Postponement of payment.

Except where a valid title has been shewn to the satisfaction of the arbitrators or umpire payment of compensation shall be postponed for one year from the date of the award and shall then be paid to the person or persons who shall in the opinion of the arbitrators or umpire appear to have the best right thereto and his or their receipt shall operate as a full and complete discharge of the Governor from all claims in respect of compensation for such land appropriated and any interest therein.

Resumption of land under Crown Grants not to give claim for compensation.

44. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall be construed or deemed to confer upon any person any right to compensation in respect of any land resumed in the name of His Majesty, his heirs or successors as required for roads, railways or other public works in pursuance of any condition, reservation, or power of resumption contained in any other Ordinance, or in any grant or lease of Crown lands.

PART V.

GENERAL.

Protection of persons acting under Ordinance.

- 45. (1) All actions or proceedings brought against persons acting in the execution of this Ordinance shall be commenced within six months after the act, neglect or default complained of or in case of a continuance of injury or neglect within six months after the ceasing thereof.
- (2) Notice in writing of such action and of the cause or causes thereof shall be given to the defendant at least one month before the commencement of the action.
- (3) No plaintiff shall recover in any such action if tender of sufficient amends shall have been made before action brought or if a sufficient sum shall have been paid into Court by the defendant after action brought and notice thereof given to the plaintiff.

Cutting peat on Crown lands.

46. Any person who shall cut or cause to be cut any peat on Crown lands without the consent of the Governor shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding forty shillings for each day peat is so cut.

Searches and certified copies of documents.

47. Any person may during the normal office hours search the registers maintained by the Registrar General and obtain a certified copy of any deed registered therein subject to his paying the appropriate fee set forth in the Second Part of the Second Schedule.

Governor in Council may make regulations.

The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the effective administration of this Ordinance.

Repeals: 12 of 1853 (part). 1 of 1902.

9 of 1903.

6 of 1904. 3 of 1934.

49. That part of the Second Schedule entitled "Registrar's fees - Land" to the Registration Ordinance 1853, the Public Lands Ordinance 1902, the Land Ordinance 1903, the Titles to Land Ordinance 1904, the Land (Amendment) Ordinance 1934 are hereby repealed.

Commencement.

This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 1950.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Form 1.

THIS CONVEYANCE is made the day of one thousand nine hundred and in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949.

BETWEEN of

(hereinafter called "the Vendor") of the one part and
of (hereinafter called "the Purchaser") of the other part.

WITNESSETH that in consideration of the sum of now paid by the Purchaser to the Vendor (the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged) the Vendor hereby conveys to the Purchaser ALL that parcel of land

To hold the same unto the Purchaser, his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns for ever

Delete if not applicable.

It is hereby certified that the transaction hereby effected does not form part of a larger transaction of a series of transactions the amount or value or the aggregate amount or value of which exceeds one thousand pounds.

IN WITNESS whereof the Vendor has hereunto set his hand the day and year first above written.

Signed by the Vendor in the presence of

The signature must be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country by a Notary Public, except in the case of a limited company.

Form 2.

THIS MORTGAGE is made the nine hundred and in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949.

Where one prior charge.

BETWEEN of

(hereinafter called "the Mortgagor") of the one part and
of (hereinafter called "the Mortgagee") of the other part.

Where more than one prior charge.

Delete recitals when not applicable.

WHEREAS by a Mortgage dated the day of and made between the Mortgagor of the one part and of the other part the land hereinafter described and intended to be hereby conveyed was conveyed to the said subject to the right of redemption therein contained.

WHEREAS by the mortgages more particularly set out in the Schedule hereto the land hereinafter described and intended to be hereby conveyed was conveyed to the respective mortgagees subject to the rights of redemption respectively herein contained.

WITNESSETH that in consideration of the sum of now paid by the Mortgagee to the Mortgagor (the receipt whereof is hereby

acknowledged) the Mortgagor hereby conveys ALL that piece of land

TO HOLD the same unto the Mortgagee his heirs and assigns for ever subject to the right of redemption by the Mortgagor. And the Mortgagor for himself his heirs executors administrators and assigns hereby covenants with the mortgagee his heirs executors administrators and assigns that he will hereby secured on the repay the principal sum of one thousand nine hundred and and interest in the of per centum per annum by half yearly payments meantime at the rate of on the day of and the day of every year.

IN WITNESS whereof the Mortgagor has set his hand the day and year first before written.

THE SCHEDULE.

DATE.

MORTGAGOR.

MORTGAGEE.

SUM SECURED.

Signed by the Mortgagor in the presence of

The signature must be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country by a Notary Public except in the case of a limited company.

Form 3.

Transfer of Mortgage.

THIS TRANSFER is made the day of and in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949

one thousand nine hundred

and in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949.

BETWEEN of (hereinafter called the "Transferor") of the one part and of (hereinafter called the "Transferee") of the other part.

WITNESSETH that in consideration of the sum of now paid by the Transferee to the Transferor (the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged) the Transferor hereby conveys and assigns ALL his right title powers and interest in the within written mortgage to HOLD the same unto the Transferee his heirs executors administrators and assigns for ever subject to the right of redemption contained in the mortgage.

IN WITNESS whereof the Transferor has hereunto set his hand the day and year first before written.

Signed by the Transferor in the presence of

The Signature must be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country by a Notary Public except in the case of a limited company.

Form 4.

Reconveyance.

(To be endorsed on mortgage to which it relates).

THIS RECONVEYANCE is made the day of in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949. hundred and

one thousand nine

(herein-

BETWEEN (hereinafter called the "Mortgagee") of the one part and after called the "Mortgagor") of the other part. of

WITNESSETH that in consideration of all principal money and interest thereon secured by the within written mortgage having been paid as the Mortgagee hereby acknowledges the Mortgagee hereby reconveys ALL that piece of land comprised in the within written mortgage to HOLD the same unto the Mortgagor his heirs executors administrators and assigns for ever free from incumbrances.

IN WITNESS whereof the said (Mortgagee) has hereunto set his hand the day and year first before written.

Signed by the Mortgagee in the presence of

The Signature must be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country by a Notary Public except in the case of a limited company.

Form 5.

Lease.

THIS LEASE is made the day of in pursuance of the Land Ordinance 1949. one thousand nine hundred and

(hereinafter called "the BETWEEN of (hereinafter of Lessor") of the one part and called "the Lessee") of the other part.

to be WITNESSETH that in consideration of the yearly rent of the day of paid by the Lessee to the Lessor (in advance) on the day of and the day of the and of the day of in every year the first payment to be made on the implied covenants on the part of the Lessee the Lessor hereby lets and the Lessee hereby takes ALL that piece of land

TO HOLD the same unto the Lessee his executors administrators and assigns for one thousand nine hundred the term of day of years from the and

IN WITNESS whereof the parties hereto have hereunto set their hands the day and year first before written.

Signed by the Lessor in the presence of

Signed by the Lessee in the presence of

The Signature must be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace or in a foreign country by a Notary Public except in the case of a limited company.

Form 6.

Declaration of Title.

Pursuant to the Land Ordinance 1949.

WHEREAS of has presented a petition to this Court that he is lawfully entitled to be registered as the owner in fee simple of the land hereinafter more particularly described.

AND WHEREAS after hearing the evidence of the said Petitioner (and the respondents) this Court made a decree nisi for the issue of a title on the day of

AND WHEREAS one year has elapsed since the date of the said decree and no person has shewn cause why such decree should not be made absolute.

NOW THEREFORE IT IS ORDERED AND DECLARED that of shall be registered as and shall be the lawful

owner in fee simple of ALL that piece of land etc.

subject etc.

Dated this day of

19

Judge.

Registered the

day of

19

Registrar.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

PART I.

					E	8			d.
For completing a form of deed			***	***	-	1	0	:	0.
For making a plan of town lot on de	eed	****		***			ā	:	0.
For registering a deed (other than a	reconve	eyance) or	any instr	ument					
not more than five folios		***		444		1	0	:	0.
For every additional folio			****				1	:	0.
Issue of title, including registration		****	***		2	:	0	:	0.
Registration of reconveyance	****						2	:	6.
Registering plans, according to cost	of work								

PART II.

For every search (other than Crown	grant re	egister)				5	:	0.
For a certified copy of or extract from memorial or notice (other than Co	om any r rown gra	ecorded dent) per fo	eed or der dio or par	oosited t		2	:	0.
For a certified copy of or extract from the general index, per line or part								6.
For comparing any deed with the re-								
registering, per folio or part		***						4.
For searching Crown grant register	***	112		***		10	:	0.
For every certified copy of a Crown	grant				2	: 0	:	0.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

CONVEYANCE.

- (1) Where the amount or value of the consideration for the sale does not exceed £1,000, five shillings for every £50 or fractional part of £50 of such amount or value.
- (2) Where the transaction effected by the deed forms part of a larger transaction or of a series of transactions in respect of which the amount or value or the aggregate amount or value exceeds £1,000, ten shillings for every £50 or fractional part of £50 of such amount or value.
- (3) A conveyance or transfer made for effecting the appointment of a new trustee or in connection with winding up the estate of a deceased person shall not be charged with any higher duty than ten shillings.

MORTGAGE.

1/- for every £50 or fractional part of £50 of the amount secured by the mortgage.

TRANSFER OF MORTGAGE AND RECONVEYANCE.

6d. for every £100 or fractional part of £100 of the amount secured by the mortgage.

LEASE.

2/6 for each £50 or fractional part of £50 of the yearly rent reserved by the lease.

Exemption.

All deeds on which duty would be payable by the Government shall be exempt from the duties shewn in this Schedule.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Form A.

(Section 31)

By His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Governor.

Whereas on the day of the Governor in Council by resolution declared that the following land namely (description) should be acquired for a public purpose.

Therefore I do hereby direct that the said land shall be acquired for a public purpose under and in accordance with the Land Ordinance 1949.

Dated this day of

19

By Command,

Colonial Secretary.

Form B.

(Section 33)

Notice is hereby given that the following land namely (description) is to be acquired for a public purpose.

Any person having any right title or interest in the said land is required on or before the day of 19 (twenty one days after date of service of this notice) forward to the Colonial Secretary a statement of his right title or interest and evidence thereof and any claim made by him in respect of the value of the said land and his right title or interest therein.

The Governor is willing to treat for the purchase of the said land.

Date

Colonial Secretary.

Form C.

(Section 35)

To the Chief Constable.

By a warrant dated the day of 19 His Excellency the Governor directed that the following land namely (description) should be acquired for a public purpose.

You are therefore commanded to put any person duly authorised by the Governor in that behalf in possession of the said land.

Dated the

day of

19

By Command,

Colonial Secretary.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 29



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the remainder of the section after the word "animal" in line 19 thereof and the substitution of the words "or bird or part of an animal or bird".

Amendments: Section 2.

3. Section 9 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 9.

M.P. 1099.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 30



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Public Health Ordinance 1894.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Public Health Ordinance, 1894, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).
- 2. Sections 5 and 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - or prepare for sale any article of food or drink intended for human consumption in any premises which are not kept properly cleaned, lighted, ventilated and drained, or in which the utensils and other implements used in the preparation sale or storage of such food and drink are not kept properly cleansed to the satisfaction of the Board, shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 and to a further fine not exceeding £5 for each day during which the offence continues after conviction therefor.

Provided that this section shall not apply in the case of premises used solely for the sale or storage of food contained in containers of such materials, and so closed, as to exclude all risk of contamination.

Cleanliness of premises and utensils used in connection with the sale etc. of food.

3. The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following sections after section 6 thereof:

"6A. Any person concerned in the preparation, storage or handling of articles of food and drink intended to be sold for human consumption who shall fail to take all reasonable and proper precautions to prevent such articles being exposed to infection or contamination shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine of £20 and to a further fine not exceeding £5 for each day during which the offence continues after conviction therefor.

Prevention of food being exposed to infection etc.

"6B. (1) The Board may prohibit the importation of such articles of food or drink intended for sale for human consumption as it may deem fit and may vary or rescind such prohibition.

Power of Board to prohibit importation of food.

- (2) Any person who shall sell, store, offer or expose for sale for human consumption any article of food or drink the importation of which has been prohibited shall commit an offence and shall be liable in the case of a first offence to a fine not exceeding £20 and in the case of a subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding £100.
- "6c. (1) If it shall appear to a medical officer or an inspector that any article of food or drink intended for human consumption is unsound, unwholesome or unfit for human consumption he may seize and carry away the same and apply to to the Court forthwith for an order for its destruction.

Power to seize food unfit for human consumption.

(2) If it appears to a Court that any article of food or drink is unsound, unwholesome or unfit for human consumption it shall condemn the same and make an order that it shall be destroyed or otherwise disposed of to prevent it being used for human consumption. Court may order destruction of food unfit for human consumption.

"6b. Any person who

- (a) sells, offers or exposes for sale or has in his possession for the purpose of sale or of preparation for sale any unwholesome food for human consumption, or
- (b) sells such food as pure and unadulterated when it is adulterated or not pure,

shall commit an offence and shall be liable in the case of a first offence to a fine not exceeding £20 and in the case of a subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding £50 or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Provided that it shall be a defence to a charge under (b) above that the defendant did not adulterate or render the said article impure or was not party thereto and had no knowledge of the condition of the said article.

"6E. Proof that an article of food or drink was not sold, offered for sale, stored, exposed or prepared for sale for human consumption shall rest on the person charged".

Burden of proof.

- 4. Section 7 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "7. The Governor may appoint inspectors to carry out the provisions of this Ordinance under the instructions of the Board. Any person wilfully obstructing an inspector in the execution of his duty shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5.

Section 7.

Section 8.

- 5. Section 8 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following at the end thereof
 - "Any cistern, well, pool, channel, barrel, tub or other vessel used for the supply of water for domestic purposes so placed, constructed or kept as to render the water liable to contamination thereby causing or being likely to cause injury to health".

Section 10.

6. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the words "On receipt of information from an Inspector of Nuisances or any two inhabitant freeholders of any nuisances" in lines 1, 2 and 3 thereof.

Sections 9, 11, 16 & 17.

7. Sections 9, 11, 16 and 17 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Sections 12, 13, 14 & 15.

8. Sections 12, 13, 14 and 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor

Court orders as to nuisances.

- "12. (1) If a court is satisfied that a nuisance exists or may recur on the same premises it may make an order:
 - (a) that the owner or occupier comply with all or any of the requirements of a notice served by the Board or otherwise abate the nuisance within the time specified by the Board and to do any work necessary for the purpose;
 - (b) directing the execution of any work necessary to prevent a recurrence of the nuisance;
 - (c) both requiring abatement and prohibiting the recurrence of a nuisance.
- (2) The Court may impose a penalty not exceeding £5 on the person on whom the order is made and may make an order for the payment of all costs up to the time of making the order under this section.

Failure to comply with Court order.

"13. Any person who fails to comply with an order of the Court to abate a nuisance or knowingly and wilfully acting contrary to an order of prohibition shall, unless he satisfies the Court that he has used all diligence to carry out such order, commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 for each day during his default.

Houses unfit for human habitation etc.

- "14. (1) If the Board is satisfied that any premises used or intended to be used for human habitation or any part thereof is unfit for human habitation as being injurious to the health of any person inhabiting the same the Board shall serve on the owner thereof a notice in writing requiring him to effect the repairs therein specified within the time therein mentioned.
- (2) If a Court is satisfied that the premises in respect of which a notice under this section is served are unfit for human habitation it may make an order prohibiting such premises from being used for human habitation until the works required by the said notice or such works as the Court shall deem fit have been executed.
- (3) The Court may on completion of the said works to its satisfaction declare the premises to be fit for human habitation.
- (4) Any person failing to comply with an order under this section shall be subject to the penalties provided for in section 13 hereof.

Section 18.

9. The words "with the approval of the Governor in Council" shall be inserted after the word "may" in line 1 of section 18 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 19 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted Section 19. and the following shall be added to section 18 in substitution thereof:

- Measures to prevent and mitigate disease and the protection of public health.
- Any person who commits any breach of, or neglects or fails to comply with, any by-law made under this section shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 for each offence and to a further fine not exceeding £2 for each day during which the offence continues after conviction therefor.
- 11. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and Section 21. the following substituted therefor:

- All expenses incurred by the Board in respect of work performed in the enforcement of the Ordinance or of any by-law made thereunder shall be recoverable by the Board in a summary manner before a Court.
- The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following section:
 - In this Ordinance and any by-law made thereunder where the context so admits:
 - "The Board" means the Board of Health appointed under Interpretation. section 1 hereof.
 - "Inspector" means an inspector appointed under section 7 hereof.
 - "Contagious or infectious disease" means cholera, plague, yellow fever, small pox, typhus fever, enteric fever, scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, whooping cough, chicken pox, dengue, influenza, erysipelas, puerperal fever, puerperal pyrexia, cerebo-spinal fever, acute poliomyelitis, tuberculosis, ophthalmia neonatorum, acute encephalitis lethargica, acute primary pneumonia, glanders, german measles, acute rheumatism, infective diarrhoea, impetigo contagiosa, acute influenzal pneumonia, ringworm in human beings and any other disease which from time to time may be so defined by the Board by notice in the Gazette.

M.P. 1100.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

> L. W. ALDRIDGE, Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 31



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Live Stock (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901, as amended by the Live Stock (Amendment) Ordinances (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Section 1.

2. The definition "stray sheep" shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"stray sheep" means any sheep, not being a travelling sheep, upon land not in the occupation of the owner of the sheep.

The definition "Inspector" shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"Inspector" means an inspector appointed under section 2 of this Ordinance.

Sections 13 & 14.

- 3. The words "Agricultural Officer" shall be substituted for the words "Chief Inspector" in Sections 13 and 14 of the Principal Ordinance.
- Sections 17 & 41.

 4. The words "or two Justices" shall be inserted after the word "Magistrate" in sections 17 and 41 of the Principal Ordinance.

- Sections 25, 26 and 27 of the Principal Ordinance shall Sections 25, 26 & 27. be deleted.
- 6. Section 28 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended Section 28. by inserting the following after the proviso thereto :-

"Provided also that the Agricultural Officer may exempt the owner of any island from dipping in any one year if the sheep examined by him on that island are found to be absolutely free of tick, lice and scab in that year."

7. The words "and cattle" shall be inserted after the word "sheep" wherever it shall appear in Sections 35, 36 and 37 of the Principal Ordinance with the exception of subsection (3) of section 37.

Sections 35, 36 & 37.

8. Section 41 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by deleting the words "all penalties or moiety penalties, when the half is payable to an informer," in lines 4 and 5 thereof.

Section 41.

Section 46.

9. (1) The words "or to carry out any lawful order given" in lines 4 and 5 of section 46 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Form 5 in the Schedule to the Principal Ordinance shall Schedule. be deleted and the form shewn in the Schedule hereto shall be substituted therefor,

M.P. 1093.

SCHEDULE.

Ag. 4.

Exported

Total

Killed on Station for skins only

Boiled down on Station Killed for Mutton

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

LIVE STOCK ORDINANCE, No. 6 of 1901.

Annual Return for the year ending 31st May, 19.....

Station		Ear mark for SheepSheep.							
Brand for I	Horses and Cattle								
Rams. Breeding Ewes.		Number of sheep on Other Ewes.		lst May. Wethers.	Lambs.	Total.			
		Cast.	Maiden.						
	T 1: 1								
C1'	1 1 1 1 1 1			Stock ac	quired in yea	u.	1		
	heep disposed of in year y for Breeding ,, Mutton		Type (~- l	of origin or nere bought.	Sex.	Total.		
** **	" Boiling down								
***	" Other reasons								

		Labour o	n 31st May	•	
	Shepherds.	Navvies.	Other	Hands. To	tal.
		Total populat	ion on 31st	May.	
	Male		male.	Total.	
Ann	ual Rainfall in in	ches where record	ds are kept or	Station	inches.
Number	of Houses on Sta	ation including C	ookhouse	Number va	icant
		H	orses.		
Stallions.	Brood Mare	s. All other	horses.	All under 3 years old	. Total.
		C	attle.		
Bulls.	Cows.	All under 2 yea	rs old.	All other Oxen.	Total.
		S	wine.		
oars.	Breeding Sows &		over 6 months.	All under 6 mor	nths. Total.
		D	1.		
	Heus.	Cocks.	oultry. Pullets.	Total.	
			<u> </u>		
	Gee	se	Turkeys	5.	
NOTE. Al	l private horses and	privately owned cov	vs and pigs on th	he Station to be include	ed in these returns.
	Pl	oughed Land		Acres.	
		rea sown Oats		Acres.	
	O	ther ground Mow	n	Δουσο	

Signature of Manager.

NOTE. This return must be made to the Agricultural Officer on or before 30th June in each year.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 32



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

Short title.

2. The definition "Company" in section 2, and sections 3 and 4 of and the Schedule to, the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916, shall be deleted.

Amendments: Sections 2, 3, 4 and the Schedule.

M.P. 1112.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

[L.S.]

No. 33



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Publications (Importation Prohibition) Ordinance, 1938.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Publications (Importation Prohibition) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Publications (Importation Prohibition) Ordinance, 1938, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).
- 2. Clauses (a) (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted in lieu thereof:
 - "(a) the Postmaster
 - (b) the Collector of Customs
 - (c) the Chief Constable".

M.P. C/8/38.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

> MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 34



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., K.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To impose restriction on Immigration and for purposes connected therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows -

- This Ordinance may be cited as the Immigration (Re-Short title. striction) Ordinance, 1949.
- 2. In this Ordinance or any Regulation made thereunder Definitions. where the context so admits:

"Prohibited immigrant" means any person who

- is not in possession of a passport valid for entry into the Colony, or
- has left the Colony at the public expense, or
- is deemed by the Governor to be an undesirable immigrant, or
- (d) is an idiot or insane, or
- is without visible means of support or is likely to become a public charge, or
- has signed or entered into an agreement to labour for hire in the Colony, or whose passage has been paid on his behalf with a view to his entering into such an agreement on arrival, unless the consent in writing of the Colonial Secretary to immigration of such person has been obtained.

Prohibition of and conditions on landing any prohibited immigrant.

- 3. The Governor may prohibit any person landing in the Colony and may impose all or any of the following conditions in respect of any person appearing to be a prohibited immigrant
 - (a) he shall deposit with the Colonial Secretary the sum of £100 provided that the Colonial Secretary may in lieu of requiring the said deposit permit the intending immigrant to give security by bond in the prescribed form in the sum of £100 with one or more sureties to be approved by the Colonial Secretary conditional on the intending immigrant obtaining from the Colonial Secretary within six months after entering the Colony a certificate that he is a fit and proper person to be received as an immigrant.
 - (b) If he shall, within six months after entering the Colony, obtain from the Colonial Secretary such certificate as aforesaid his deposit if any shall be refunded.
 - (c) If he shall fail to obtain such certificate within six months as aforesaid, his deposit may be forfeited or the bond may be put in suit by the Colonial Secretary, and he may be deported.

In the case of any person allowed to enter the Colony, under this section, no liability shall attach to the vessel or the owner, agent or master of such vessel.

Offence of illegal landing and deportation.

4. Any prohibited immigrant who shall land in the Colony except under and in accordance with the provisions of section 3 shall commit an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months and the Governor in Council may make a deportation order in respect of such prohibited immigrant upon such conviction.

Liability of master, owner and agent of a ship in respect of prohibited immigrant. 5. The master or person having command or charge of the vessel in which a prohibited immigrant (not having been shipwrecked) arrived in the Colony shall, if required give a passage and accommodation and maintenance during the passage to such prohibited immigrant upon deportation and the master and the owner and the agent of any vessel from which any prohibited immigrant shall land or be landed shall be jointly and severally liable to pay to the Government of the Colony all expenses incurred in connection with the maintenance of such immigrant and his deportation from the Colony.

Seamen not to be discharged without consent of Shipping Master.

- 6. (1) No seaman shall be discharged from any ship in the Colony except with the consent of the Shipping Master which consent shall not be given unless the master, owner or agent shall have made arrangements to the satisfaction of the Shipping Master to ensure that the seaman shall not become a charge on the Colony.
- (2) Any seaman discharged without such consent or deserting from the ship or being left behind in the Colony shall be deemed to be a prohibited immigrant.

Liability of employers bringing persons into Colony.

7. Any person bringing into the Colony any person to serve under an agreement, who shall within twelve months of the date of his arrival become chargeable to the Colony, shall be liable to repay to the Government of the Colony all costs and charges incurred in respect of such person and the cost of his removal from the Colony.

Offences.

- 8. Any person who
 - (1) aids and assists any prohibited immigrant to land in the Colony in contravention of this Ordinance, or
 - (2) being the master of a ship knowingly permits any prohibited immigrant to land from his ship in contravention of this Ordinance, or refuses to receive on board, or neglects to take reasonable measures to keep on board any prohibited immigrant who shall

have landed from his ship and been replaced on board, or

(3) wilfully disobeys or disregards any obligation imposed by this Ordinance

shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, and when the master of a ship is charged with any offence clearance outwards of the ship shall be refused until the charge has been heard and the fine if any imposed has been paid.

9. This Ordinance shall not apply to persons in the Service of the Government of the Colony or to natives of the Colony or persons permanently domiciled therein.

Exemptions.

10. The Immigration (Restriction) Ordinance, 1936, and the Immigration (Restriction) Amendment Ordinance, 1939, are hereby repealed.

Repeals: 3 of 1936 and 11 of 1939.

M.P. 0560.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 35



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Trespass Ordinance, 1904

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Trespass (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Trespass Ordinance, 1904, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Section 2.

2. The word "waste" in lines 2 and 3 of section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 4.

3. The words "three" in line 2 and "one shilling" in lines 3 and 4 of section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "five" and "two shillings and sixpence" substituted therefor respectively.

Sections 7. 8, 9 and 11.

4. Sections 7, 8, 9 and 11 of the Principal Ordinance are hereby repealed.

- 5. Section 13 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the remainder thereof after the word "thereof" in line 7.
- 6. Section 14 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and Section 14. the following substituted in lieu thereof:

"The Governor in Council may make regulations for the more effective administration of this Ordinance".

M.P. 1078.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 36



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Falkland Islands Slaughtering and Inspection Ordinance, 1939.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Falkland Islands Slaughtering and Inspection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Falkland Islands Slaughtering and Inspection Ordinance, 1939, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Section 2.

2. The word "human" shall be substituted for the word "local" in line 4 of section 2 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 4.

3. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following shall be substituted in lieu thereof as a proviso to section 3 of the Principal Ordinance:

"Provided that:

- (a) no diseased stock shall be slaughtered for human consumption;
- (b) that a complete record of all stock slaughtered for human consumption is kept shewing the persons to whom it is bartered or sold and that such record is open to inspection by an inspector at all reasonable times."

4. The words "and other officers for the purpose of this Ordinance and may define their duties, functions and powers" in lines 3 and 4 of section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "under this Ordinance" substituted therefor.

Section 10.

5. The word "justice" in the last line of section 16 and the words "or justice" in the lines 1 and 4 of section 17 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Sections 16 & 17.

6. The words "or any justice" in line 9 of section 19 of the Section 19. Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

7. Section 23 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 23.

M.P. 1077.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 37



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Dogs Ordinance, 1944.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dogs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Dogs Ordinance. 1944, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments.

2. Section 5 and the words "Such permission shall not be unreasonably withheld" in section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

M.P. 160/43.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 29th day of

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 38



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

I. This Ordinance may be cited as the Defence Force (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. The definition "Company" in section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

Amendments: Section 2.

- "'Unit' means unit forming part of the Force".
- 3. Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by Section 3. the addition of the following subsection:
 - "(3) The Governor may appoint such honorary members as he may deem fit".
- 4. The words "Companies of Garrison Artillery, Mounted Infantry and Infantry" in section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "Units" substituted therefor.

5. Section 9 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and Section 9. the following substituted therefor:

- "(1) Members, other than officers, shall wear such uniform as the Governor shall direct which shall be supplied to them on their enrolment and renewed at the public expense as the Commandant shall decide.
- (2) Officers shall provide and maintain at their own expense such uniform as the Governor shall direct: Provided that the Governor may grant an allowance to each officer in respect thereof."

Section 4.

Section 11.

- 6. Section 11 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by
 - (a) the substitution of the word "one" for the word "three" in line 5;
 - (b) the addition of the words "Provided that the Commandant may in his discretion dispense with such notice" after the word "force" in line 6; and
 - (c) by the deletion of the last paragraph thereof.

Section 13.

- 7. Section 13 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by
 - (a) inserting the words "for at least fifteen years or has been returned with efficiency" after the word "efficiency" in line 2 thereof, and
 - (b) by adding the following subsection:
- "(4) He may enjoy the privileges of the Defence Force Club as though he were an active member of the Force".

Sections 14, 22 (2), 23 (6) and 25.

8. Section 14, subsection (2) of section 22, subsection (6) of section 23, and section 25 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 17.

9. Section 17 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by deleting the words "or of any company detachment or party thereof" and inserting the words "motor vehicles" after the word "impress".

Section 21.

10. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"The Governor in Council may exempt, defer the calling out of, or order the release or discharge of any person or class of persons registered under sections 18, 19 and 20 hereof when he may deem it in the interest of the Colony so to do."

Section 23.

- 11. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 23 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "(3) No plaintiff in an action brought against any person in respect of any act performed under this Ordinance shall succeed unless he prove that such act was done maliciously or without reasonable cause or that it was carried out with gross negligence.

The defendant may plead this Ordinance in his defence."

General.

12. The word "unit" shall be substituted for the word "company" wherever it shall appear in the Principal Ordinance.

Schedule C.

- 13. Schedule C to the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by :
 - (a) deleting the first eleven and the 16th, 17th and 18th offences enumerated therein; and
 - (b) substituting £1 0s. 0d. for 1s. 0d. as the limit of the fine for the offence "Loading a rifle contrary to orders".

M.P. 601/21.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 39



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., K.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Harbour Ordinance, 1902.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Harbour (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Harbour Ordinance, 1902, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance)

Short title.

2. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the insertion of the word "unauthorised" before the word "person" in line 3 thereof

Amendments: Section 6.

3. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting "Harbour Master" for the words "Receiver of Wrecks".

Section 15.

4. Section 22 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by inserting the words "or any public jetty" after the word "beach" in line 2 thereof

Section 22.

- 5. 'The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following sections:
 - "22A. Any person engaged in removing, or being in a boat containing, gunpowder who shall have in his possession any matches or means for making fire or shall smoke shall be liable to a fine of £5.
 - 22B. Any person who shall take, use or cause to be taken or used, without the consent of the owner, any boat in any Harbour shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £10 and such sum as the Court shall award for the loss, use of, or damage to such boat."

M.P. 1084.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 40



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SHR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Merchandise Marks Ordinance, 1889.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Merchandise Marks (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Merchandise Marks Ordinance, 1889, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).
- Short title.
- 2. Subsections (4), (5), (6) and (7) of section 2, subsection (1) of section 9, sections 10, 12, subsections (2), (6) and (8) of section 14 and section 18 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Amendments: Section 2 (4) (5) (6) & (7), section 9 (1), sections 10, 12, section 14 (2) (6) & (8), section 18.

3. Section 14 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by

Section 14.

- (a) the deletion of the words "Whereas it is expedient to make further provision for prohibiting the importation of goods which if sold would be liable to forfeiture under this Ordinance: Be it therefore enacted as follows:—" in the first six lines thereof
- (b) by the deletion of the words "All such goods" in line 6 and the substitution of the words "All goods which, if sold would be liable to forteiture under this Ordinance" therefor.

M.P. 1098.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 41



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 1922.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Companies and Private Partnership (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 1922, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Section 3 Registration.

- 2. Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "A company formed in the Colony shall cause a copy of its memorandum and articles of association signed by the directors and its secretary to be filed with the Registrar General who shall be the Registrar of Companies."

Section 51.

3. Section 51 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"Notice of the retirement of a partner shall be given publicly as in section 106 hereof and privately to all creditors of the partnership. A creditor shall not be bound to accept such notice as discharging the retiring partner from his responsibility for the partnership debt but may consent to the transfer thereof to the remaining parties".

4. Schedule A to the Principal Ordinance shall be amended Schedule A. by deletion of the words:

"For registration of a Company

£5:0:0"

and the substitution therefor of the following:

"For the registration of a company whose nominal share capital does not exceed £5,000 ... £5, and 5/- for every £1,000 or part thereof of the nominal share capital after the first £5,000.

For registration of any increase of share capital after the first registration the same fees as would have been payable if the increased capital had formed part of the original share capital".

Provided that no company shall be liable to pay a greater amount of fees than £30.

M.P. 129/22.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 42



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Dairy Produce Ordinance, 1938.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dairy Produce (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Dairy Produce Ordinance, 1938, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.)

Amendments: Section 2.

- 2. The definition "Dairy" in section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "'Dairy' means any farm, house, cowshed, milkstore, milk shop or other place from which milk is supplied or in which milk is kept for the purpose of sale."

Sections 5, 7, 11, 14 and 16 (e).

3. Sections 5, 7, 11 and 14 and subsection (e) of section 16 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 8.

4. Section 8 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"8. An owner shall forthwith separate diseased stock from stock not diseased and keep them so separated and shall not sell or allow to be used for food any dairy produce from diseased stock, and he shall give notice in writing to an Inspector within 24 hours of any disease or suspected disease in his stock.

"Where stock suspected of being diseased.

8A. An owner shall isolate and keep isolated from his stock any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease as defined by the Public Health Ordinance.

Isolation of persons suffering from contagious or infections disease.

8B. An owner shall cause every person engaged in handling dairy produce sold or supplied for human consumption to be examined by a registered medical practitioner once during each of the first and third quarters in each year and shall not employ such person unless he is certified free from communicable disease".

Medical examination of persons engaged in dairy."

5. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

Section 10.

"10. Any person who shall keep or permit to be kept any fowl or pig. manure heap, cesspool or closet within thirty feet of any dairy or cowshed or the open water supply thereof shall commit an offence."

"Nuisances."

6.~ Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor :

Section 15.

- "15. (1) Any person who shall neglect or fail to comply with any provision of this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder or shall commit any breach thereof shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £25 and the Court may order that his certificate of registration be cancelled or suspended for such period as the Court may deem fit.
- (2) Any person who shall supply, sell or offer for sale any dairy produce for human consumption without being registered so to do or during the period of suspension of his licence shall for the first offence be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 and for each subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) Any person who shall obstruct or hinder an Inspector or fail to give him such assistance as he may require in the course of his duty under this Ordinance shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 for each such offence".

M.P. 51/38.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 43



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments: Section 5.

2. Subsection (2) of section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the remainder of the subsection after the word "institution".

Section 13.

- 3. Section 13 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:
 - "13. Any person who wilfully and falsely takes, or uses, any name, title or addition, implying a qualification to practise medicine, surgery, dentistry or midwifery or not being registered or entitled to the privileges of persons so registered under this Ordinance practises or professes to practise or publishes his name

as practising medicine, surgery, midwifery or dentistry shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Provided that a person who attends a woman in child birth under the direction and personal supervision of a registered medical practitioner or registered midwife, or gives attention in a case where no such registered person could attend shall not commit an offence."

4. The Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Repeal of 9 of 1938. (Amendment) Ordinance, 1938, is hereby repealed.

M.P. 46/38.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 44



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendments Section 15 (2)

- 2. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by
 - (a) inserting the words "having been declared a bankrupt" after the word "bankrupt" in subsection 2 (b) thereof;
 - (b) deleting subsection 2 (h) and substituting the following therefor:

"is disqualified for election by any law for the time being in force in the Colony by reason of his holding, or acting in, any office the functions of which involve -

- (a) any responsibility for, or in connection with, the conduct of any election, or
- (b) any responsibility for the compilation or revision of any electoral register."
- (c) deleting subsection 2 (k) and substituting the following therefor:

"is disqualified for membership of the Council by any law for the time being in force in the Colony relating to offences connected with the election of Elected Members."

3. Subsection (2) (b) of section 40 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following shall be substituted therefor:

Section 40 (2)

"be presented within 14 days after the last day on which the election was held except that if it complains of the election on the ground of corrupt practices and specifically alleges that a payment of money or other reward has been made or promised since the election by a person elected at the election, or on his account or with his privity, in pursuance or furtherance of such corrupt practices, it may be presented at any time within 21 days after the date of the alleged payment or promise".

M.P. 0068/A.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD,

[L.S.]

No. 45



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To revise the law relating to Education.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Education Ordinance, 1949.

Definitions.

- 2. In this Ordinance and any Regulation thereunder where the context so admits:
 - "child" means any person who has attained the age of 5 years and has not attained the age of 14 years.
 - "parent" in relation to a child includes guardian and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of the child.
 - "a recognised school" means a school approved by the Governor as suitable for giving efficient education.
 - "a recognised teacher" means a teacher approved by the Governor.
 - "Superintendent of Education" means the officer in charge of education in the Colony.

Duty of parent to have child educated.

- 3. It shall be the duty of the parent of every child to cause that child to receive efficient education by attending regularly either
 - (a) a recognised school, or
 - (b) the classes held by a recognised teacher.

School Attendance

orders.

4. (1) If it appears to the Superintendent of Education that the parent of any child is failing to perform the duty imposed on him by section 3 he shall serve on such parent a notice requiring him within 7 days if the parent resides in Stanley, or 30 days if the parent resides outside Stanley, from the service thereof to satisfy the Superintendent of Education that the child is receiving efficient education.

Provided that it shall be a sufficient excuse for non-compliance with the requirements of section 3 if:

- (a) there is neither a recognised school nor a recognised teacher within one mile in the case of a child under the age of seven years, or within two miles in the case of any other child, from the residence of such child,
- (b) the child has been prevented from receiving efficient education by reason of sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (2) If, after the said notice, and without reasonable excuse, the parent of any child fails to cause the child to receive education as provided in section 3 the Superintendent of Education shall serve on the parent an order in the prescribed form (hereinafter referred to as a school attendance order) requiring him to cause the child to receive efficient education as specified in the order.
- (3) Any person upon whom a school attendance order is served who fails to comply with the requirements of the order shall be guilty of an offence.
- 5. If any child who is registered at a recognised school fails to attend regularly thereat or being registered with a recognised teacher fails to attend regularly with that teacher at the place and times notified to the parent the parent of the child shall be guilty of an offence.

Duty of parent to secure regular attendance of registered pupils.

Provided that a child shall not be deemed to have failed to attend regularly by reason of his absence with leave or when he was prevented from attending by reason of sickness or any unavoidable cause or on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

6. Children registered at a recognised school or with a recognised teacher shall be inspected by a Government Medical Officer at appropriate intervals as the Governor may direct and the parent of any such child who shall fail without reasonable cause to submit that child for such inspection shall be guilty of an offence.

Medical inspection.

7. (1) The Governor may cause inspection to be made of all recognised schools at such intervals as may appear to him to be appropriate.

(2) If any person obstructs a person authorised under this section to make an inspection in the execution of his duty he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or on a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) The religious instructions given at a school not maintained by the Government otherwise than in accordance with an agreed syllabus shall not be the subject of inspection as hereinbefore provided.

8. The Governor in Council may by Order raise the upper limit of the school leaving age to sixteen and thereupon any references in this Ordinance to a child shall mean one who has not attained the age given in the Order.

Provided that no Order made under this section shall take effect unless it is confirmed by the Legislative Council at the meeting following the publication of the Order.

Inspection of Schools.

Power to raise school leaving age.

Penalties.

9. Any person guilty of an offence under this Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder for which a penalty is not prescribed shall be liable on summary conviction in the case of a first offence to a fine not exceeding £1, in the case of a second offence to a fine not exceeding £5 and in the case of a third or subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding £10 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month or both such fine and imprisonment.

Regulations.

10. The Governor in Council may make regulations for the effective administration of this Ordinance and in particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, regulations as to the education of children residing outside a town, and as to the standard and method of education in recognised schools.

Repeal.

11. The Public Education Ordinance, 1909, is hereby repealed.

Commencement.

12 This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 1950.

M.P. 24/44.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 46



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939, as amended by the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment No. 2) Ordinance, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939, as amended by the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

- 2. The Principal Ordinance shall be amended by:
 - (a) inserting the words "which accrues" before the word "to" in line 2 of section 24.
 - (b) inserting the words "and shall be deemed to have ceased to have had effect from the beginning of the first year of assessment for which the arrangements are expressed to apply" after the word "effect" in line 3 of section 47A (2) and after the word "territory" in line 5 of section 47A (3);
 - (c) inserting the words "to which the adjustment gives rise, being an assessment of claim" after the word "claim" in line 6 of section 47B (10).

M.P. 0527.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Legislative Council. Amendments: Section 24.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 47



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-eight in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 5 of 1947.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1948.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short Title.

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1948) Ordinance, 1949.
- ·Appropriation of excess expenditure for the year 1943.
- 2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-eight, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Serv	Amount.						
	Train of Serv	rread of Service.						
	FALKLAND IS							
1.	The Governor			353	13	3		
III.	Audit	***		12	5	11		
IV.	Colonial Development &	Welfare		7810	7	2		
V.	Customs			143	9	3		
VIII.	Electrical & Telegraphs			272	13	6		
IX.	Harbour			987	4	9		
Χ.	Judicial			166	8	11		
XIII.	Meteorological			37	15	4		
XV.	Miscellaneous			11875	17	9		
XVII.	Pensions			889	6	4		
XVIII.	Police & Prisons			185	11	9		
XIX.	Post Office			4048	19	11		
XXII.	Public Works Recurrent			8102	6	ā		
XXIII.	Secretariat & Treasury			1802	7	10		
XXIV.	War Expenditure			496	12	3		
XXV.	Communications			83	12	1		
			£	37268	12	5		

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 48



1949.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the service of the year 1950.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short Title.

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1950) Ordinance, 1949.
- Appropriation of £186,734 for service of year 1950.
- 2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st December, 1950, a sum not exceeding One hundred and eighty-six thousand seven hundred and thirty-four pounds which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1950.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.			
			£	s.	d.
i. (The Governor		3470	0	0
II.	Agriculture		2433	0	ő
III.	Audit		1284	0	ő
IV.	Communications		7828	0	0
V.	Customs		1502	0	0
VI.	Education		10832	0	0
VII.	Medical		11890	0	0
VIII.	Meteorological		421	0	0
IX.	Military		769	0	0
X.	Miscellaneous		14436	0	0
X1.	Pensions		5500	0	0
XII.	Police and Prisons		2450	0	0
XIII.	Posts & Telegraphs	,	15621	0	0
XIV.	Public Works Department		9254	0	0
XV.	Public Works Recurrent		9470	0	0
XVI.	Secretariat & Treasury	,,,	8039	0	0
XVII.	Supreme Court	***	588	0	0
XVIII.	Extraordinary Expenditure		36764	0	0
	•	Γotal &	142551	0	0
XIX.	Colonial Development & Welfare	***	44183	υ	0
	Total Expend	iture £	186734	0	0

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

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The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.		JANUARY	3, 195	0.			No. 1.
		NEW APPOI	NTMEN	ΓS.			
Name	Department	Offi	ce	Date		Remarks	
Aldridge, N.	Post Office	Clerk, Gr	. IV.	1.12.49.	On p	robation for	6 months.
Campbell, G. B.	Public Work	s Plasterer		8.12.49.	Deve	ogramme.	
Skilling, Miss M.	Customs	Clerk, Gr	. IV.	1.1.50.	On p	robation for	6 months.
	CONFI	RMATION OF	APPOL	NTMENTS	5.		
	Department	Offic	ce	Date		Remarks	
Bennett, H.	Supreme Cor			1.1.49.		-	
Middleton, Miss M.	•	Nurse Pro	obationer	15.11.49.		-	
		PROMOT	IONS.				
	Fron			To			Date
Biggs, Miss J.	Clerk, Gr. IV	., Treasury		Clerk, Gr.	III., Trea	sury	1.1.50.
Bowles, G. W. J.	Assistant Cus	toms Officer, Gr.	III.	Customs O	. II.	1.1.50.	
Carey, A. M.	Clerk, Gr. IV			Clerk, Gr.	Office	1.12.49.	
Gleadell, L. C.	Clerk, Gr. II.	, Audit		Clerk, Gr.	I., Audit		8.12.49.
Pallini, G. L.	Mechanic, Gr	. II., P.W.D.		Mechanic,	Gr. I., P.	W.D.	1.1.50.
Shackel, Miss S. M.	Messenger, Secretariat & Treasury			Clerk, Gr. IV., Secretariat & Treasury			1.1.50.
Sedgwick, Miss D.	Clerk, Gr. III	., Treasury		Clerk, Gr.	II., Treas	sury	1.1.50.
Whitney, J.	Clerk, Gr. V.	Andit		Clerk, Gr.	IV., Aud	it	1.1.50.
		TRANSF	ERS.				
	Fron	ι		To			Date
Browning, J. B.		II., Agric. Dept		Sealing Off	ficer, Gr.	II., Custom	s 1.1.50.
Grierson, W. J.	Customs Offic			Clerk, Gr. II., Secretariat & Treasury			1.1.50.
Hennah, S.	Engineman,	Grade III., Power House	(~· · ·			1.1.50.
Sornsen, Miss J.	Travelling To	eacher, Educ. De	pt. S	Staff Nurse			1.12.49.
		• On probation i				,	
		LEAV	Æ.				
	Department	Office	Perie	od	Date	Ren	arks
Winter, R. W. S.		Legal Secretary	150 da	ys 2	2.12.49.		e of arrival
Lellman, F. T.	Education	l'eacher	12 mo	nths 2	2.12.49.		and study

Baker, H. L.	Education	Superintendent	21.8.48. to 22.8.49.	Both	dates	inclusive.
Bound, J.	Secretariat	Clerk, Gr. II.	7.3.49. to 7.12.49.	**	**	31
Gleadell, L. C.	Audit	Clerk, Gr. II.	12.2.49. to 7.12.49.		**	**
Gleadell, Mrs. M.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Telephone Operator	1.2.49. to 19.4.49.	**	"	.,
Jones, R.	Mechanic	Harbour	21.8.48. to 7.12.49.	- 21		.,

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	Department	Office	Date	Reason
Baker, H. L.	Education	Supt. of Education	22.8.49.	Resigned.
Hamilton, Dr. J. E., I.S.O., D.Sc.	Naturalist	Naturalist	8.11.49.	On retirement.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER.

Colonial Secretary.

No. 61.

10th December, 1949.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 16 of the 9th of March 1949, it is hereby notified for public information that

MR. C. W. HENRICKSEN, B.E.M.,

acted as Quartermaster, Falkland Islands Defence Force, from 7th of March, 1949, to 7th of December, 1949, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/338.

No. 62.

28th December, 1949.

On the following dates in 1950 the Public Offices will be closed :-

New Year's Day (in lieu of) Good Friday Easter Monday Empire Day King's Birthday August Bank Holiday ... Anniversary of Falk-land Islands Battle ... Christmas Holidays

Monday, 2nd January. Friday, 7th April. Monday, 10th April. Wednesday, 24th May. Thursday, 8th June. Monday, 6th August.

Friday, 8th December. Monday, 25th December. Tuesday, 26th December. Wed., 27th December.

M.P. 291/33.

No. 63.

30th December, 1949.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 31, dated the 25th of May, 1949, it is notified for general information that

THE HONOURABLE MR. N. K. CAMERON, J.P., resumed his duties as a Member of Executive Council with effect from the 14th of November. 1949.

M.P. C/0001

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands. William John Cartmell, of Walker Creek, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Robert Cartmell, brother of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

7th December, 1949.

L. 38/49

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands. William Frederick Britton, of Teal Inlet, Falkland Islands, deceased,

Whereas Wallace Hirtle, brother-in-law of the above named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

15th December, 1949.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands. Norman McLeod of Stanley, Falkland Islands, decensed.

Whereas Murdock Angus McLeod, Sole Executor named in the Will of the above named deceased, dated 22nd April, 1946, prays that Probate of the said Will may be granted to him to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

3rd January, 1950.

L. 38/49.

H. Bennere. Registrar, Supreme Court.

STOCK.

STOCK BRANDS AND EAR MARKS.

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of section 14 of the Live Stock Ordinance. 1901, the undermentioned Stock Earmarks and Brands have been approved and registered on behalf of The Falkland Islands Company Limited.

CANTERA STUD Swallow and Single Back-bit. CAMILLA CREEK STUD Swallow and Single Fore-bit. SPECIAL STUD Swallow and Diamond. BLEAKER STUD Swallow and Swallow in front of Ear. NORTH ARM STUD Swallow and Swallow in back of Ear. LIVELY STUD Swallow and two single Fore-bits. FITZROY STUD Swallow and two single Back-bits. Marked with Brass Tag on which is stamped D.H. and a number. PEDIGREE ROMNEYS.

> J. P. OLIVER, Agricultural Officer.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Michael Robert Raymer, Esquire, to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — By His Excellency SIR MILES CLIFFORD, Knight
Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British
Empire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order
of Saint Michael and Saint George, upon whom has
been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and
Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the
Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and Vice
Admiral thereof.

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1948, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 16th day of January, 1950, for the purpose of visiting the Dependencies;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, SIR MILES CLIFFORD, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you MICHAEL ROBERT RAYMER, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 16th day of January, 1950.

By His Excellency's Command,
M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

RESOLUTION

Customs Order, 1949.

Whereas in accordance with Section 5B of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, Customs Order 1949 was submitted to the Legislative Council on the 16th day of December, 1949.

And Whereas the Legislative Council amended the said Order.

It Was Resolved by the Legislative Council that Customs Order 1949 as amended, be confirmed with effect from the 16th day of December, 1949, as follows:—

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 5 of 1949.

Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs Ordinance. 1946 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that—

Short title.

- 1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Order, 1949.
- New Export duty.
- 2. From and after the date of commencement of operation of a freezer in the Colony the following export duty shall be payable:

 On live sheep, two shillings per sheep.

Rescission.

3. The Customs Order (No. 4 of 1949) is hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 9th day of December, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0466.

Confirmed at a meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 16th day of December, 1949.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 16TH & 19TH DECEMBER, 1949.

Present: His Excellency the Governor.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary.
The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer.
The Honourable the Agricultural Officer.
The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, J.P.,

The Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting, Executive Engineer.

The Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman, Officer in Charge, Education Department.

The Honourable Mr. W. J. Hutchinson. The Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton.

The Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy, B.E.M., J.P.

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton, J.P. The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton, J.P.

- 1. The Honourable Mr. M. R. Raymer, Colonial Secretary, after taking the prescribed Oath, assumed his seat in Council.
- 2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 25th of May, 1949, were confirmed.
 - 3. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address:--

Honourable Members of Council.

Since Council was last convened we have had a number of changes and others are pending. I would first ask you to stand silent for a moment in memory of the late Mr. Vincent Biggs who was for so many years a nominated unofficial member of this House. (Resuming). Other changes include Captain Roberts, who has left the Colony after 28 years, on well-earned retirement; while we are shortly to lose the services of the Honourable Mr. W. J. Hutchinson whose industry and enterprise have been a byword and an example – may be have a happy time in Australia. You will wish me, I think, to offer the felicitations of the House to Mr. Barton on his appointment as Colonial Manager of the F. I. C. in succession to Captain Roberts, and to wish him all success in that responsible post; this appointment will occasion a by-election on the East Falkland. I take this opportunity also of issuing a formal welcome to Mr. Raymer, our new Colonial Secretary, who makes his first appearance in Council.

We have I fear a somewhat heavy calendar of Bills to get through, most of them arising from the revision of the Laws: they contain very little matter for contention, and none I think calls for any special remark from me.

I will first then, as last year, and for the same reason – the inability of our consistently over-worked Government Printer to cope with a report to lay on the Table at this session – give you a brief resumé of Departmental activities during the year.

AGRICULTURE. The Government dairy herd has been disposed of on generous terms to local dairymen; the paddocks have been grassed down and the vegetable gardens discontinued. The Department has been reduced to a care-and-maintenance basis until such time as the need for increased activity arises. The Agricultural Officer has toured the Camp where his services have been available to Farmers as required, and he is undertaking small-scale investigations in connection with Tussack. The trout hatchery has been transferred to his care, and 5,000 fingerlings have been distributed to various streams in the Colony. He remains responsible for the supervision of Stanley Common, for the maintenance of the Quarantine Station, for the compilation of Stock returns, and for ensuring that the various regulations designed to protect animal health are carried out.

AUDIT. The Colony's accounts had been audited up to the close of 1947 when, with the consent of the Auditor General, Mr. Boumphrey was required to take over the duties of Assistant Treasurer in the absence of Mr. Lellman who has gone on leave. This must be an unique experience for an Auditor and I have no doubt that both he and the Treasury will benefit from it. Mr. Gleadell was attached for a month to the Central Audit Office in London, preparatory to serving for 6 months with the Auditor of Gibraltar in accordance with arrangements which I made last year. The experience so gained on top of the sound training he has received from Mr. Boumphrey will, I hope, qualify him to discharge the duties of Local Auditor when that officer leaves the Colony on transfer to Malaya.

AVIATION. One of the Austers met with an accident at San Carlos when it encountered a soft spot on the new landing field there, and the other was grounded for some time owing to the absence of a mechanic. Sufficient flying has been done however as to leave no doubt that here indeed is the solution to our vexed communications problem. The plane is fast becoming a familiar and popular feature of our daily life, and there is already I am informed some lessening in the feeling of isolation in the Camp. I must here emphasise that the service is still in the experimental stage and I hope next winter to arrange for a regular schedule of proving flights to all parts of the Colony with the Norseman and Auster float planes, if these, as I hope, survive their Antarctic adventures. Dependable landing fields, and by that I mean dependable

JANUARY 3, 1950

at all seasons, are still to seek at many Stations and if it be possible to spread the benefits of air communications more widely and more quickly by the substitution or addition of a float plane, this will be done. The question of an air connection with the Coast was further explored whilst I was on leave, and I am hopeful that this will materialise in due course; it cannot of course be a commercial proposition, any more than the internal service, but would be of incalculable benefit to the Colony and is a project in which the Secretary of State himself has expressed keen interest. I am investigating the possibility of fitting one of the Austers with spraying equipment which will enable us to apply cobalt and copper sulphate in solution to pastures in an economic manner, which will render practical help to our farming industry.

CUSTOMS. The Collector, Mr. Biggs, attended a course of instruction in Customs practice and procedure while on leave in England, and also represented the Colony at a conference of Colonial Supply Officers. As the result of representations made to the Secretary of State the supply position from the United Kingdom which had been difficult in certain respects has, I understand, improved. The Collector continues to discharge the duties of Competent Authority in which capacity he is responsible for implementing the policy of the Government with regard to Import licencing. Rationing has ceased on everything except sugar.

EDUCATION. Shortage of staff on the one hand and sickness on the other have once more applied an unwelcome brake to progress in the schools in Stanley, but a satisfactory standard of attendance has been maintained. Mr. Baker has finally resigned, and we await the appointment of a new Superintendent in order to make a beginning with the approved educational policy. The two key posts of Teacher Trainer and Infant Mistress are still unfilled, but I hope that suitable candidates for these will be available soon. The Camp, with the arrival of 6 teachers under the C. D. & W. scheme has fared better this year, but this is only a provisional arrangement and the intractable problem of Camp education has yet to be grappled. It will interest Honourable Members to learn that Mr. Wielding, the Inspector of Camp education, who is by now only too familiar with the problem has recently submitted a report to me and that his conclusions arrived at quite independently coincide precisely with my own which were unanimously endorsed by the 1947 Committee. We shall begin to put the recommendations of that Committee into force as soon as the necessary staff becomes available. The following points, brought out in Mr. Wielding's report merit wide recognition:—

- 1st. Although there are only 143 children of school age in the Camp they engage the services of 17 full and part-time teachers, irrespective of voluntary workers.
- 2nd. That even with this fantastically high ratio of teacher to pupil only 87% of Camp children are receiving education.
- 3rd. That of this percentage, 63% receive instruction on an average of only 1 week in 5.
- 4th. The true cost for the very meagre results obtained works out at the formidable figure of £30 per annum per child, and this with a high proportion of local teachers. If we have to fall back on imported teachers the cost will be still higher.

I would like to take this opportunity of expressing my appreciation of the devoted labours of several ladies in the Camp who have given up their time to teaching; they have done a worth-while job, and in doing it have set a fine example of public service. One of our teachers is undergoing a training course in England, and we expect to send a second for a similar purpose early next year. The increase in the cost of maintaining pupils at the British School in Montevideo may give cause for anxiety, and it may be necessary to curtail the number of scholarships now maintained or to consider other possibilities. An innovation in the winter term of evening classes was a course in Building Construction which we owe to the initiative of Mr. Livermore, General Foreman of C.D. & W. works; it was very popular and will, I hope, be continued next year.

ELECTRICAL & TELEGRAPHS. Such good progress has been made in the new Power House that it will be possible to install the generators as soon as the new Superintendent arrives. Mr. Gutteridge has undergone an intensive course of instruction with Messrs. Blackstone, the makers of our generators, and I have received a very satisfactory report upon him from the Managing Director; his last two months were spent on erecting and I am advised that it will now be unnecessary to go to the expense of bringing down an erector from Buenos Aires which they at first proposed. At the conclusion of his course I arranged for him to be attached for three weeks to the office of our Consulting Electrical Engineers with whom he will tie up the details of the distribution of the power in Stanley. I must remind Honourable Members that we have been exceptionally fortunate over this transaction, for at today's prices the installation will be worth at least double - nearer treble - what it has cost us. We shall have ample reserves of power for present needs but I venture to predict that before many years have passed the majority of householders will have emancipated themselves from their present slavery to peat; for when one considers the manhours which are absorbed in cutting, rickling, carting, stacking the peat in the shed, bringing it into the house, tending the fire and cleaning up after it, it is little short of slavery. I have arranged with the F. I. C. to carry stocks of domestic equipment, radiators, cooking stoves and boiling rings, kettles, water-heaters and the like on hire, hire purchase or for direct sale, and I believe that this development will prove to be a very real boon to the Stanley householder. Of a total approximate cost of £30,000, £13,500 will be met from the Colonial Development and Welfare Fund.

A new generator is on order for the Wireless Station at Fox Bay and will be of sufficient power to light the Settlement there. A contract has been placed with Messrs. Bury for the supply of specially designed radio telephone sets for the Camp and these are expected to arrive early in 1950; the manufacturers have been asked to despatch the sets as they become available and not to wait till the whole order is complete. I take this opportunity of reminding Farm Managements of their obligation to supply and maintain communications with their outside houses which is a condition of the free installation of R/T equipment at Settlements. With the end of this year the Electrical and Telegraph Department as such comes to an end, responsibility for the generation and distribution of power falling, as is normally the case, on the Electrical branch of the Public Works Department. The control of all communications including Postal communications and Broadcasting, will then be vested in Mr. Mercer with the title of Superintendent Posts and Telegraphs; all postal and telegraphic business including Savings Bank transactions will in future take place over the Post Office counter in the new Town Hall.

HARBOUR. While the m.v. "Philomel" has done a lot of useful work during the year and has covered some 6,000 miles in the course of it, we have not had full value from her owing to a leaking stern tube for which a replacement was sought as soon as the defect was discovered. 'The delay in replacement has been due to supply difficulties but the spares have recently arrived and will be fitted. I hope, this month. It is now sufficiently evident that the "Philomel" is a most valuable addition to the Colony's communications and I have no doubt that increasing use will be made of her for inter-island freight and charter.

LEGAL. Mr. Winter will have completed his revision of the Colony's laws in the two years allotted to that task, and for just on half that period he has also been discharging the functions of Acting Colonial Secretary. This is highly creditable, and Honourable Members will join me in wishing him all good fortune in the future wherever that may lie. He will undertake the final work of proof-reading and indexing in England and I hope that the published volume or volumes will be available to the public in the latter half of next year. I must here remark that we shall be very well advised to maintain the appointment of Legal Adviser or Legal Secretary combining the duties with those of Stipendiary Magistrate and I intend if it is possible to recruit a retired Law Officer for that purpose: as I reminded Honourable Members some time ago, with the passing into law of the Crown Proceedings Act, this Administration is liable in tort and amateur drafting may land the Colony in costly embarrassments.

MEDICAL & HEALTH. The Stanley community has once again had more than its fair share of sickness and I hope to arrange for Dr. Sladen, on completion of his service with F.I.D.S., to make some investigation into the cause of "THE cold" and "THE sickness" for it is difficult to believe that there is not some underlying reason for their persistence. The Government Dentist has toured both East and West Falklands and the work of the Medical Department has been facilitated by the improvement in communications: next year should see a much greater advance. The staff position continues to cause anxiety for two of our medical officers, together with the Dentist and the Matron are due to go next year and, with the National Health scheme now in operation at home, these posts are becoming more and more difficult and more and more costly to fill. When the improvement in communications becomes an established fact we may well have to contemplate some curtailment of staff. Work on the Hospital has been confined to the provision of domestic accommodation over the present building and the removal of Rock Cottage, the material from which will be utilised to enlarge the present Nurses' Quarters. Work on the main extension will commence in the new year and should go ahead quite rapidly as much of the material has already arrived. I am investigating the possibility of an arrangement with the British Hospital at Montevideo which will lead to greater economy when we are compelled to send patients up there for specialist treatment. This is in present circumstances a most expensive proceeding for the patients or, in default, for the Administration.

METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE. The Meteorological Service is in course of re-organisation, and the greater part of its work will lie in future in the Dependencies – the Colony will nevertheless continue to benefit as its weather is greatly influenced by conditions in the Antarctic and the wider network and more regular reporting contemplated should lead to more accurate forecasting; this, incidentally will benefit our Air Service.

POLICE & PRISONS. There has been a slight increase in crime during the year and a wholesome increase in the percentage of detection. The report of the Chief Constable notes that in 22 summary offences out of 24 in which convictions were secured, drink was either the principal or a contributory factor. The Department has assumed responsibility for administration of the Firearms Ordinance.

POST OFFICE. Revenue from the sale of postage stamps has been augmented by two special issues: the one commemorating Their Majesties' Silver Wedding and the other the 75th anniversary of the Universal Postal Union. Designs for a new Colonial issue have been submitted by Mr. Spencer and it is hoped that this may be on sale some time next year, but pressure on the security printers is high and we may be disappointed. Mr. J. H. Bound, who is to act as Postmaster in the absence of Mr. Enestrom, was attached to the G.P.O. for a few weeks at the end of his leave in England.

PUBLIC WORKS. The P.W.D. has had a busy if somewhat frustrating year. The steel trusses for the Town Hall, delivery of which was promised finally for January did not arrive until July and work was inevitably held up. Good progress has been made in spite of this and it is clearly going to be a firstclass building which will meet all possible needs as a community centre; office accommodation has been restricted to Posts and Telegraphs Department, Town Council Offices, and the Supreme Court. An ornamental garden will be laid out on the North side and, altogether, the new Hall will be something that the Colony may well be proud of. I hope that the public will bear in mind my appeal last year for exhibits for the Museum and I suggest that a Committee should be set up at an early date to consider ways and means of equipping it. Other work has included completion of the second Government bungalow, the first stage of the reconstruction of the King Edward Memorial Hospital and construction of the new Power House which as I remarked before has made rapid progress and, by utilising material from the old Army Camp, has been built at small cost; the Executive Engineer is to be congratulated. Shortage of skilled labour has, as last year, slowed up the pace of work as has the adulteration of the labour force by the employment of elderly men. As to the first, some improvement will come in time as the result of apprenticeship to imported artisans; while as regards the second, in the absence as yet of any provision for old age, there is no alternative and it is surely altogether better that these men should be given the opportunity of earning something by their own labours, even if they cannot do a full day's work for a full day's wage, than that they should be compelled to fall back on their relatives or on organised relief. Enquiries as to the possibility of introducing old age pensions are still proceeding; it is not, alas, a simple problem in so small a community. The House will recall that on more than one occasion I have spoken of the economic use of labour and have urged that we should make more use of small-scale contract which I felt would be as much in the interest of workers, by enabling them to earn more, as it would be in that of the employer - who would get his task completed more expeditiously. Work should not be geared, as now, to the slowest worker. I was interested in this connection to find the same idea emerging, though more eloquently expressed, in a speech by the Lord President of the Council, Mr. Herbert Morrison, at Preston on the 6th of November. He said,

"Our principle must be that those who want more than a minimum standard of life - and it

is a fine and praiseworthy ambition – must contribute more than a minimum day's effort in the way of work. It would be better if our methods of reward in industry could do more to reflect this principle. The man or the team who do a better day's work than the next man or team should be entitled to correspondingly better earnings It is wrong that such men who should be the pride and strength of our country and of the Labour movement should ever have to feel that they were being regarded as setting too fast a pace for their less efficient workmates."

I commend that thought to both employers and the Labour Federation, who may together find in it some amelioration of their present difficulties.

REGISTRAR. The work of the Registrar calls for no special comment: while on leave in England Mr. Bennett was given an insight into practice and procedure in the Courts and Registries there.

SECRETARIAT & TREASURY. The combined offices have had a heavy year, and the incidence of leave and sickness has not made things any easier for them. In particular the work of the Treasury is growing apace – it will continue to grow – and accumulated arrears reported to me by the Auditor, point clearly to the need for separation of these two offices. F.I.D.S. accounts alone have added greatly to the burden and are 12 – 18 months behindhand but I must remind Honourable Members that the Colony is receiving £10,000 per annum in respect of services by the Central Government to F.I.D.S., and this state of affairs cannot be permitted to continue. The Colonial Secretary has enough to do in keeping abreast with the day-to-day demands of the Administration and I am satisfied that he cannot give the requisite time to that meticulous supervision of the Government's accounts which is manifestly necessary. I have accordingly informed the Secretary of State that I intend to restore the former office of Treasurer and to ask him to find a suitable officer at the earliest possible moment.

WELFARE & WAGES. The scheme for Children's Allowances introduced at the beginning of the year has worked smoothly and has been widely taken advantage of; there can be no doubt that it has met a real need or that it is generally and genuinely appreciated. The increase in the basic wage, announced in February, has again improved the lot of the worker who is getting on the average 50% more than pre-war. The new conditions of pay and service for Civil Servants have been accepted by the majority and secure to them a more stable career than they have hitherto enjoyed.

TOWN COUNCIL. The Town Council has now completed its second year in the course of which it has done some useful work and has effected a number of sensible economies. It is at present engaged on a much overdue revision of the rating assessment which has not been overhauled since time out of mind; meanwhile the services in respect of which the rates are levied have become altogether more costly and it is obvious that they cannot be economically continued at the present figure. To those few critics who have suggested that the Town Council has been born 20 years too soon, I would say that, in fact, the exact opposite is the case.

ECONOMIC. This, Honourable Members, brings me to the end of my review of administrative affairs, and I will turn now to the economic outlook; from this we are entitled to derive some modest comfort which, believe me, is hard to seek elsewhere in these times. Farmers have had another excellent year despite the very unfavourable Spring of '48, and there appears now to be every indication that Falklands wool has established its own market. Long may this happy state of affairs continue.

During my recent leave conversations with the Colonial Development Corporation culminated in the latter adopting a scheme for the establishment of a Freezer, and this I regard as one of the most farreaching steps in the economic life of the Colony, for according to the economists the supply of meat is not likely to overtake the demand for very many years, and with a guaranteed outlet for our produce we have a great opportunity – we shall no longer be at the mercy of a single market. If farmers will grasp the opportunity and gradually improve farming methods, stock and equipment, so as to enable them to reap the full increment from this venture, the prosperity of the Colony is assured. The project is to cost £4 million, which is to be subscribed by the Corporation but opportunity is I understand to be given in due course for local investment with the ultimate prospect of 49% of the share capital being so held. Farmers will be allowed to leave their earnings with the Company to qualify for shares and this may prove to be the most convenient method of acquisition. The Freezer will be situated on the Falkland Sound and it is anticipated that the produce will be lifted by the Royal Mail Company. The Corporation's engineer is expected here early in the New Year and the present intention is to commence operations during the killing season of 1951.

Another venture, also sponsored by the C.D.C., is the South Atlantic Sealing Company which will operate at Albemarle; its boats and equipment, or rather the greater part of the latter have arrived and I am sure we all hope that Mr. Tilbury's energy and enterprise will carry the undertaking to success.

A recent telegram suggests that Mr. Gin, the South African financier who visited the Colony at the beginning of this year, is still interested in the possibilities of a fishery here and tentative enquiries in this connection have been received from another operator. There are other possibilities still to be explored, but generally speaking I think we can say that things are looking up.

I am glad to know that the Spinning Guild is flourishing, and the Government will be ready to give further support and encouragement when the time is ripe.

THE BUDGET. I turn now to the main purpose of this Session, the Budget for 1950, which is presented to you in the shadow of the greatest financial and economic crisis which has yet confronted the United Kingdom, from whence we spring and on which we lean. You will want to know what we can do to help and the answer is very plain – we must be more than ever sparing with the use of foreign exchange; we must rely upon ourselves and upon our own resources to the maximum possible extent and we must increase our production and our own individual efforts in every possible way. To those at home who have already endured so much these times with their uncertainties and the seemingly endless vista of austerity which they present, are hard indeed, and we may well give thanks for the stability and comparative plenty which we in this small Colony enjoy.

I will not discuss the Budget at length since you will be hearing further on the matter from the Honourable the Colonial Secretary and Treasurer, and will yourselves be examining its details in Select Committee. I will content myself with observing that not only does it balance, but that we hope to achieve a small surplus after paying for all our special expenditure from revenue. Similarly, the revised estimate for this year suggests that we may expect to pay for all but £3,000 of our special expenditure from the year's revenue. When I arrived in this Colony just on three years ago, I was faced with a contemplated deficit of £37,000. Since then we have increased the basic wage; introduced a noncontributory scheme of Children's Allowances, improved the conditions of the Civil Service, and abolished school fees. The deficit was reduced in 1947 and again in 1948, and disappeared this year. This happy development is the result as it has been the object of Government's financial policy, and I suggest that Honourable Members and the public should take careful count of it since there was a good deal of very ill-informed talk last year about the Colony being driven towards financial ruin: if this be financial ruin. Honourable Members, it is the kind of financial ruin which those of us around this table would be very glad to contemplate in our own affairs.

But let me repeat what I said last year - this is no occasion for complacency and our watchword must continue to be economy, economy; and when we decide to spend money, whether on capital equipment or anything else, we must look to it that we get 240 pennies' worth of value for every pound we spend. That is not to say we should never adventure anything on a worthwhile experiment - the local air service is a case in point; we have proved its potentialities at very small cost and we shall proceed to make it good. Now, having reached this favourable position we must go on providing for our needs from current resources and building up our depleted reserves; and this is another way in which we can, albeit indirectly, help the Mother Country and in so doing help ourselves.

Complaint is made from time to time with which I have every sympathy of the increased cost of administration in this small Colony, and I gave some account of the reasons for this in my address to Council in May last year. I would add this, that if any Honourable Member cares to take as comparison the average of the pre-war and post-war Budgets of any six Colonies at random he will find little to complain about. I am nevertheless no believer in taxation for taxation's sake, and when we have completed our modest scheme of capital development, have built up our social services to a reasonable level and have restored our depleted reserves, then will be the time to consider whether any reduction is possible. I cannot of course commit my successor. For the present I consider that we have reached a proper balance both as regards taxation and wages and I do not, during the remainder of my own tenure of office, contemplate any further taxation measures – as such – by which I mean taxation on the industry as a revenue measure. It is I think important to attain some degree of stability in this respect for the Farmers have all a certain amount of long-term planning of their own to do and it is difficult to provide for this if they do not know, within reasonable limits, what calls are to be made upon them.

A word of warning now to Heads of Departments. I have been inveighing ever since my arrival against the practice to which they are all too prone of taking out Special Warrants. This is due in the main to lack of forethought – in other words to sloppy estimating. There will always of course be occasions when something quite unforeseen crops up, as for instance when the Admiralty decided at short notice to close down the Wireless Station, and we had to build another. But as a general rule there should be no need for this and I must remind Departments of Colonial Regulation No. 265 which states that once the Annual Estimates have been passed by the Legislature and approved by the Secretary of State the expenditure for the year must be held to be definitely limited and arranged. A very strong case indeed will have to be made out in future before I shall be prepared to sign such Special Warrants: the wholesale neglect of this Regulation which has characterised previous years' accounts, makes a complete nonsense of estimating.

And now to sum up, I think, Honourable Members, that we can look back over the past year with a reasonable measure of satisfaction for we have travelled some way along the road to better ordered times, and under God's providence we can go much further.

- 4. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following Papers:-
 - (i) Copies of all Regulations, Proclamations, Orders and By-laws made or approved by the Governor in Executive Council since the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 25th of May, 1949.
 - (ii) Accounts of the Colony of the Falkland Islands for the year ended the 31st of December, 1948
 - (iii) Report of the Director of Colonial Audit on the accounts of the Falkland Islands for the year ended the 31st of December, 1947.
 - (iv) Report of the Standing Finance Committee for the period June to November, 1949.
- 5. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following written Questions together with replies thereto:-

BY THE HONOURABLE MR. S. C. LUXTON :-

- Q. VIII. The Arbitration Ordinance No. 10 of 1949, section 3. (2) (c).
 - "Must all arbitrators be unanimous in their decision, or is the decision given by majority?"
- R. "The Ordinance clearly states that where all members of the Board are unable to agree the Chairman shall act as sole arbitrator".

BY THE HONOURABLE MR. K. W. LUXTON, J.P. :-

- Q. IX. To ask why work has been suspended on the jetty at Fox Bay East, since it is the official mail port, Medical Officer's Headquarters and the site of a very expensive quarantine station?
- R. Work was suspended because of the large increase in costs, particularly of timber, the Manager of Packe Bros., being so informed by letter dated the 24th December, 1948. It was considered that the extension to the jetty would be less essential once the "Philomel". with her shallow draught, was in operation.

Q. X. When can we reasonably expect the "Philomel" to be running again? Council was informed on May 25th that "Philomel" was in need of minor repairs which should not however take long to carry out.

Does the fact that she is not yet running reflect incompetence locally or of the Crown Agents? Was Government able to get any satisfaction from the Crown Agents in respect of the faulty rudder with which she arrived and lack of proper ground tackle?

R. The necessary spares for the "Philomel" which were ordered in April arrived only last month. An attempt was made to effect the repairs at the first suitable tide on December 5th, but owing to adverse weather conditions the tide did not fall as much as was expected. A further attempt is to be made at the next suitable tide on December 19th. As soon as the repairs have been effected it is proposed to put the vessel on a regular schedule, but with first priority still for medical cases.

Considerable difficulty was experienced by the Crown Agents in securing the required spare parts. The question of the defective rudder stock and ground tackle was taken up with the Colonial Office, who pointed out that allowance must be made for the fact that the vessel was not new and that she had come out under her own power; no satisfactory explanation has been received about the absence of proper ground tackle.

- Q. XI. What steps if any are being taken to end the deplorable state of affairs whereby letters to and through the Argentine must be posted in Uruguay in order to ensure delivery, as the Argentine refuses to recognise Falkland Islands stamps?
- R. This matter has been referred by the Postmaster General in England to the International Bureau of the Universal Postal Union, as the international authority controlling postal usage.
- 6. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution:—

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony for the "year ended the 31st of December, 1948, for the period 1st January to 31st December.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of "FIFTY-TWO THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND NINETY-FIVE POUNDS ELEVEN "SHILLINGS (£52,295: 11:0) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying "Schedule".

The Resolution was adopted.

7. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution:

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony for the year ending the 31st of December, 1949, for the period 1st January to 31st March.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from Public Funds of the sum of "ONE THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-TWO POUNDS TEN SHIL-"LINGS AND FIVE PENCE (£1,772:10:5) to meet the several charges itemized in the "accompanying Schedule".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the motion and the Resolution was adopted.

8. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution :—

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony for the "year ending the 31st of December, 1949, for the period 1st April to 30th June.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from Public Funds of the sum of "FIVE THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-NINE POUNDS TWELVE "SHILLINGS AND FIVE PENCE (£5,789:12:5) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying Schedule".

The Resolution was adopted.

9. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution :-

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony for the "year ending the 31st of December, 1949, for the period 1st July to 30th September.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from Public Funds of the sum of "ONE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-ONE POUNDS ELEVEN SHIL-"LINGS AND EIGHT PENCE (£1,121:11:8) to meet the several charges itemized in "the accompanying Schedule".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the motion and the Resolution was adopted.

10. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter before moving the adoption of the Resolution covering the Standing Rules and Orders of the Legislative Council, moved the following amendments thereto: the deletion of the words "unless the notice is given in accordance with the provisions of Order 27" in the last two lines of Order No. 9; the deletion of Order No. 27, and the re-numbering of Orders 28 to 51 from 27 to 50 respectively. On the amendments being agreed to the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved, and the Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the adoption of the following Resolution:

"WHEREAS by Section 25 (1) of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order in "Council, 1948, it is provided that the Council may make Standing Rules and Orders for the "despatch of business.

"NOW, therefore it is resolved that the Standing Rules and Orders now before Council "be adopted as amended".

The Standing Rules and Orders as amended were agreed to and the Resolution was adopted.

11. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, before moving the adoption of the Customs Order. 1949, stated that following representations which had been made by the Honourable Member for the East Falkland, he wished to move the following amendment to the Order: the deletion of the words "publication of this Order" appearing in line 1 of paragraph 2, and the substitution therefor of the words "commencement of operation of a freezer in the Colony".

On the amendment being agreed to, the Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution :-

"WHEREAS in accordance with Section 5B of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as "amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, Customs Order, 1949, was sub-"mitted to the Legislative Council on the 16th day of December, 1949.

"AND WHEREAS the Legislative Council amended the said Order.

"IT WAS RESOLVED by the Legislative Council that Customs Order, 1949, as "amended, be confirmed with effect from the 16th day of December, 1949".

The Honourable the Agricultural Officer seconded the motion and the Resolution was adopted.

- 12. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, Legal Secretary, moved the first reading of the Bill "To consolidate and amend the law as to Licensing". The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the motion and the Bill was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 34 were agreed to. Clause 35 was agreed to with the following amendment: by the deletion of the figure "10" in line 3 and the substitution therefor of the figure "11": and by the deletion of the figure "2" in line 6 and the substitution therefor of the figure "1". Clauses 36 to 84 were agreed to. Clause 85 was deleted from the Bill. Clause 86 was re-numbered 85 and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 13. On the motion of the Honourable the Agricultural Officer, seconded by the Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting, the Bill "To amend the Penguins Preservation Ordinance, 1914", was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 14. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, Legal Secretary, moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Seditions Offences (Penalties) Ordinance, 1938." The Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton seconded the motion and the Bill was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 15. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, Legal Secretary, seconded by the Honourable the Agricultural Officer, the Bill "To consolidate the law as to Land" was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clauses 3 to 7 was postponed until after consideration of the First Schedule. Clause 8 was agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clause 9 was postponed until after consideration of the Second Schedule. Clauses 10 and 11 were agreed to. On motion made consideration of the Third Schedule. Clauses 13 to 30 were agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clauses 31 and 32 was postponed until after consideration of the Fourth Schedule. Clauses 33 and 34 were agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clause 35 was postponed until after consideration of the Fourth Schedule. Clauses 30 were agreed to. Clauses 39 was agreed to with the following amendment:—by the addition of the words "the amount of compensation to be paid" after the word "determining" in line 2 of sub-paragraph (2) (f). Clauses 40 to 50 were agreed to. The First Schedule was agreed to with the following amendment:—by the insertion of the words "to the Purchaser" between the words "conveys" and "ALL" in line 8 of Form 1. Clauses 3 to 7 were recommitted and agreed to. The Second Schedule was agreed to. Clause 9 was recommitted and agreed to. The Third Schedule was agreed to. Clause 12 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 16. The Honourable the Agricultural Officer moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance, 1913". The Honourable Mr. W. J. Hutchinson seconded the motion and the Bill was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clause 1 was agreed to. Clause 2 was agreed to with the following amendment:— by the addition of the words "and the substitution of the words "or bird or part

of an animal or bird" after the word "thereof" in line 3. Clause 3 was agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.

- 17. On the motion of the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, seconded by the Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy, the Bill "To amend the Public Health Ordinance, 1894", was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 12 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 18. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949". The Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton seconded the motion and the Bill was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 19. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman, the Bill "To provide for the grant of Pensions, Gratuities and other Allowances to persons who have been in the Public Service of the Colony of the Falkland Islands" was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 5 were agreed to. Clause 6 was agreed to with the following amendment:— by the deletion of sub-paragraph (1) and the substitution therefor of the following sub-paragraph:—
 - "(1) on attaining the age of 60 years or with the approval of the Governor in Council on or after attaining the age of 55 years, or in special cases, with the approval of the Secretary of State, on or after attaining the age of 50 years",

and the addition of the following proviso following sub-paragraph (7):

"Provided that the pensionable service of the officer is not less than ten years".

Clause 7 was agreed to. Clause 8 was agreed to with the following amendment is

the deletion of the words "at any time after he attains the age of 55 years" in lines 3 and 4 of sub-paragraph (1), and the addition thereto of the following sub-paragraphs:—

- "(a) at any time after he attains the age of 55 years, or
- "(h) in special cases, with the approval of the Secretary of State, at any time after he attains the age of 50 years".

Clauses 9 to 19 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

- 20. The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Quarantine Ordinance, 1908". The Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy seconded the motion and the Bill was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 6 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 21. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, seconded by the Honourable Mr. W. J. Hutchinson, the Bill "To amend and consolidate the law as to marriage" was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 6 were agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clauses 7 and 8 was postponed until after consideration of the First Schedule. Clause 9 was agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clauses 10 and 11 was postponed until after consideration of the First and Second Schedules. Clauses 12 to 16 were agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clauses 17 was postponed until after consideration of the First Schedule. Clauses 18 to 22 were agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clause 23 was postponed until after consideration of the Fourth Schedule. Clauses 24 was agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clauses 25 and 26 was postponed until after consideration of the Third and Fourth Schedules. Clause 27 was deleted from the Bill. Clause 28 was renumbered 27 and agreed to. The First Schedule was agreed to. Clauses 7, 8, 10 and 17 were recommitted and agreed to. The Second Schedule was agreed to. Clause 11 was recommitted and agreed to. The Fourth Schedule was agreed to. Clause 26 was recommitted and agreed to. The Fourth Schedule was agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 22. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Trade Unions and Trade Disputes Ordinance". The Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton seconded the motion and the Bill was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 23. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting, seconded by the Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy, the Bill "To provide for the maintenance of Waterworks at Stanley" was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 6 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 24. The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer moved the first reading of the Bill "To make provision for the care of persons of unsound mind". The Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman seconded the motion and the Bill was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 30 were agreed to. Clause 31 was deleted from the Bill. Clause 32 was renumbered 31 and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.

- 25. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable the Agricultural Officer, consideration of the Bill "To amend the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901" was deferred so as to allow the Honourable Members for the East and West Falkland to attend and have the opportunity of moving certain amendments which they wished to put forward.
- 26. The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916". The Honourable Mr. W. J. Hutchinson seconded the motion and the Bill was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 27. On the motion of the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, seconded by the Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman, the Bill "To amend the Vaccination Ordinance, 1868", was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 10 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 28. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the first reading of the Bill "To declare the law as to Aliens". The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion and the Bill was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 10 were agreed to. Clause 11 was agreed to with the following amendment:—by the insertion of the words "The Peace Preservation South Georgia (Aliens) Ordinance, 1919", at the beginning of the Clause. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 29. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, seconded by the Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton, the Bill "To amend the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1939" was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clause I was agreed to with the following amendment:—by the deletion of the figure "1939" at the beginning of line 4 and the substitution therefor of the figure "1937". Clause 2 was agreed to. Clause 3 was agreed to with the following amendment:—by the deletion of sub-section (3). Clause 4 was agreed to with the following amendments:—by the deletion of the brackets and figure 1 after figure "4" at the beginning of the Clause, and the deletion of sub-paragraph (2). Clauses 5 to 9 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause was agreed to. The Title was agreed to with the following amendment:—by the deletion of the figure "1939" and the substitution therefor of the figure "1937". The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 30. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Publications (Importation Prohibition) Ordinance. 1938". The Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton seconded the motion and the Bill was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 31. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To impose restriction on Immigration and for purposes connected therewith" was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 10 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 32. The Honourable the Agricultural Officer moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Trespass Ordinance, 1904". The Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting seconded the motion and the Bill was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses I to 6 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 33. On the motion of the Honourable the Agricultural Officer, seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the Bill "To amend the Falkland Islands Slaughtering and Inspection Ordinance, 1939" was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 7 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 34. The Honourable the Agricultural Officer moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Dogs Ordinance, 1944". The Honourable Mr. W. J. Hutchinson seconded the motion and the Bill was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 35. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, seconded by the Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting, the Bill "To amend the Post Office Ordinance, 1898" was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to. Clause 4 was deleted from the Bill. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 36. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920". The Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting seconded the motion and the Bill was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 13 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

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- 37. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting, seconded by the Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy, the Bill "To amend the Harbour Ordinance, 1902" was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses I to 5 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 38. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the first reading of the Bill "To provide for the imposition of penalties and fees in connection with the grant of Certificates and other matters under the British Nationality Act. 1948". The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion and the Bill was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clause 3 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. Clause 4 was agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to with the following amendment:—by the deletion from the Table of Fees of the first registration shown therein, together with the corresponding fee of ten shillings. Clause 3 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 39. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, seconded by the Honourable Mr. W. J. Hutchinson, the Bill "To amend the Merchandise Marks Ordinance, 1889" was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 40. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the first reading of the Bill "To facilitate the preparation of a Revised Edition of the Laws by the repeal of Certain Enactments". The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the motion and the Bill was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time. Clause I was agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. Clause 3 was agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to with the following amendments:—by the deletion of the figure "3" and the substitution therefor of the figure "10" in the number and year column of the Ordinance entitled "The Merchant Shipping (Amendment) Ordinance, 1930"; the deletion of the figures and word "1 of 1942" in the number and year column of the Ordinance entitled "The Death Sentence Expectant Mothers (Amendment) Ordinance" and the substitution therefor of the figures and word "1 of 1935"; the deletion of the figure "1942" in the Short Title of the same Ordinance and the substitution therefor of the figure "1935"; and the insertion of the Ordinance in its correct date order in the Schedule. Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 41. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, seconded by the Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting, the Bill "To amend the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 1922" was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 4 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 42. The Honourable the Agricultural Officer moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Dairy Produce Ordinance, 1938". The Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton seconded the motion and the Bill was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 6 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 43. On the motion of the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914", was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 4 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 44. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948". The Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy seconded the motion and the Bill was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 45. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman, seconded by the Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy, the Bill "To revise the law relating to Education" was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 12 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.
- 46. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939, as amended by the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949". The Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman seconded the motion and the Bill was read a *first* time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.
- 47. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the Bill "To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-eight in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 5 of 1947" was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed.

Clause 1 was agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause, Preamble and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.

The Council adjourned.

RESUMED MEETING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL - 19th December, 1949.

48. The Honourable the Agricultural Officer moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901". The Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman seconded the motion and the Bill was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. Clauses 1 to 9 were agreed to. The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton in opposing the Schedule to the Bill stated that he was of the opinion that it should have been referred to the Sheep Owners Association for comments before printing, as in its present form it would mislead Farmers and would be of no value to anyone. He then pointed out his criticisms of the Schedule in detail.

The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton associated himself with the Honourable Member for the East Falklands' criticism.

In reply the Honourable the Agricultural Officer stated that the Schedule had been revised primarily to meet the ever increasing statistical requirements of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the United Nations and the Food and Agricultural Organisation, and secondly to augment the statistical information available to his department. The Schedule was finally agreed to with the following amendments:—by the addition of the words "for the year ending 31st May" in the Title of the form; by the deletion of the leaders after the words "sheep disposed of in year" and "stock acquired in year"; the deletion of the words "and only skinned" and the substitution therefor of the words "for skins only" following the words "Killed on Station" under the heading "Sheep disposed of in year"; by the deletion of the words "Percentage Lambs Marked at First Marking on last year's Dipping Tally"; by the transposition of the headings under "Cattle" to read "Bulls", "Cows", "All under 2 years old". "All other Oxen", "Total"; and by the addition of the following footnote:—"NOTE. This return must be made to the Agricultural Officer on or before 30th June in each year". Clause 10 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a third time and passed.

49. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary before moving the first reading of the Bill "To provide for the service of the year 1950" thanked His Excellency the Governor for welcoming him to the assembly and asked Honourable Members' customary indulgence to a member making his first speech in such an assembly. He went on to say that the Draft Estimates had been in the hands of Honourable Members for more than a month, and that as they would have an opportunity for the discussion of details in Select Committee, he would confine his remarks to a review of the broad outlines of the budget which the Estimates reflected.

The revised Estimates for 1949 indicated that there was reason to believe that a deficit amounting to £3,000 only would be shown on the year's working instead of the £24,000 which had been estimated, and he thought it was possible, in the light of the latest revenue figures, that a deficit might not exist at all when the accounts for the year were finally closed. In 1950 Government was budgeting for a small surplus, and while he felt that the administration deserved some credit for this fact there was no ground for complacency. This state of affairs was due to a fortunate combination of circumstances on whose recurrence or continuance it would not be wise to count.

The Development programme was designed to occasion as little increase as possible in recurrent expenditure, but some increase in staff and maintenance charges would be inevitable, particularly in regard to education.

Another feature in the revenue for 1950 was the anticipated increased yield from postage stamps based on the assumption that the new issue for the Colony would be in circulation before the end of that year. Honourable members would understand that Government's expectations from this source might be disappointed if pressure of work on the security printers prevented them from getting the new issue printed in time. However the sale of stamps was not a source of extraordinary revenue on which the Colony could rely annually, and care would require to be taken not to kill the goose that laid the golden eggs.

Further the figure for estimated ordinary revenue for 1950 was to some extent artificial, especially when compared with the figure for ordinary expenditure, in that it included a figure of £17,405 transferred from the Town Hall reconstruction Fund. It was proper that this sum should be taken into revenue since it was now required for the purpose for which it had been put by, and it would offset the corresponding item under Extraordinary Expenditure, which head for the first time was being financed entirely from current revenue and represented the Colony's 1950 instalment of its share of the development plan. What Government proposed in the Estimates now before Council, was to finance ordinary expenditure and a share of the development plan out of revenue and still show a small surplus.

Finally the Colonial Secretary reminded Honourable Members that while the Estimates had been drawn up with care in the light of the knowledge available at the present time, they must remain a prophecy, and that while the financial future of the rest of the world, and particularly of the sterling area remained obscure, it would need a much wiser man than himself to produce an infallible estimate.

On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the Bill "To provide for the service of the year 1950" was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Bill was read a second time and committed. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary the Bill was referred to the Select Committee of the House, pending the report of which Committee the Council adjourned.

JANUARY 3, 1950

On Council re-assembling the Honourable the Colonial Secretary reported back from the Select Committee

Clause 1 was agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Schedule was agreed to with the following amendments:

Number.	Head of Service.	Del	ete.		Substitute	ther	efor.
III.	Audit	£1274	0	0	£1284	0	0
IV.	Communications	£7438	0	0	£7828	0	0
v.	Customs	£1582	0	0	£1502	0	0
IX.	Military	£869	0	0	£769	0	0
X.	Miscellaneous	£14036	0	0	£14436	0	0
XIII.	Posts & Telegraphs	£15591	()	0	£15621	0	()
XVIII.	Extraordinary Expenditure	£36264	0	0	£36764	0	()
	Total	£141401	0	()	£142551	()	U
XIX.	Colonial Development & Welfare	£44698	0	0	£44183	()	()
	Total Expenditure	£186099	()	()	£186734	0	()

Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to with the following amendment:—by the deletion of the words "and ninety-nine pounds" in the fourth line, and the substitution therefor of the words "seven hundred and thirty-four pounds"; and by the deletion of the figure "£186,099" in the side notes, and the substitution therefor of the figure "£186,734". The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed.

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton, speaking on the third reading of the Bill, made the following points. The Government was fortunate in that the present high price of wool enabled it to collect from taxation a large revenue, but that nothing was being put aside against the day when the price of wool dropped, as it would, and revenue declined. Revenue was increasing at present, but so was expenditure and nothing was going to reserve. In 1948 there was a deficit of over £10,000, and it appeared likely that there would be a deficit again in 1949. The Estimates for 1950 looked better on paper because for the first time in many years Revenue was expected to exceed Ordinary plus Extraordinary Expenditure by nearly £3,000, though whether in the event it did so remained to be seen. He would welcome a declaration of Government's policy in the event of a decline in revenue. He feared that the answer would be new or increased taxation which he felt should be resisted and that economies should come first.

In 1948 the sheep farming industry voluntarily suggested a 25% increase in the export tax on the 1947/48 wool clip instead of "ad valorem" duties. That this generosity was misplaced was shown by the fact that a new scale of tax was rapidly introduced, with the result that the industry was now paying a compulsory 50% increase instead of a voluntary 25%. This was a lesson which the Sheep Owners' Association would not easily forget.

He admitted that it was difficult to see how any economies could be affected; the Select Committee had thoroughly examined the Estimates and could not recommend any of substance. Too often expenditure was incurred before it came to the notice of unofficial members, as for instance in the case of the Fishing Vessel and the m.v. "Philomel", which latter cost some £14,000 and was in a fair way to becoming a liability. The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton expressed himself as being in full agreement with the remarks of the Honourable Member for the East Falkland.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, said that in the event of revenue declining Government's policy would be, in the first instance to cut Extraordinary Expenditure, and if that was not enough, reluctantly, retrench on recurrent services and works. With regard to expenditure being incurred without the knowledge of unofficial members, he said that this would not recur because of the existence now of the Standing Committee on Finance, to which any expenditure additional to that provided for in the Estmates would have to be referred.

SUMMING UP.

Summing up the debate His Excellency thanked the Honourable Unofficial Members for their assistance given in the Select Committee on the Estimates; this was a development which he had been at pains to achieve and particularly welcomed.

His hopes for the continued prosperity of the sheep-farming industry derived from conversations in well-informed quarters and he would remind the House that those hopes were definitely strengthened by the adoption of the Freezer project which had not cost the Colony a penny.

He had taken note of the observations of the Honourable Member for the East Falkland on the present wool-tax and would only observe that prior to its introduction he had discussed it with every farmer of consequence in the Colony and the reaction in almost every case was that it was fair and reasonable. Nothing, surely, could be fairer or more in the interest of the farmers themselves than that they should pay at a higher rate when they could afford to do so and at a lower rate when the price dropped. Comparing the present tax with the taxation on primary products in other Colonies he thought that they had little to complain about; in his Budget address he had already expressed his concern that Farms should be in a position to make provision for their own development schemes – all the more necessary looking to the advent of the Freezer – and he repeated his contention that both taxation and wages had achieved a proper balance which, though he could not of course, bind his successor, he had no intention of disturbing during the remainder of his own tenure of office.

As to capital expenditure the House was aware that the Colony had been assisted to the extent of £150,000 from the Colonial Development and Welfare Fund but His Majesty's Government naturally

looked to Colonies to supplement this from their own resources; he had already explained that the future policy of the Government would be to provide for its share of the Development Programme from revenue and slowly to build up its depleted resources. In the event, to which the Honourable Member had referred, of a slump in the wool market, the Government as the Colonial Secretary had explained would at once be able to economise by cutting or suspending special expenditure. The one thing which His Excellency would not cut was the present wage structure or the social services.

There was, so far as he was aware, no question of the "Philomel" becoming a liability: the spare parts had arrived and should there be any difficulty about fitting them the vessel would be towed to South Georgia and dry-docked there.

The Bill was then read a third time and passed.

In conclusion His Excellency said -

I must refer now to certain matters which although they are outside the scope of this debate are nevertheless of public interest and importance; on these I have hitherto remained silent but I intend to be so no longer. As is doubtless well-known an Honourable Member of this House has thought fit to identify himself with a communication to the Secretary of State decrying the new Constitution; to thus condemn the new Constitution, which marks a substantial advance upon the old, before it has been given a fair trial cannot be regarded as responsible criticism and it is little calculated to encourage, much less accelerate, the further advance which you – or should I say some of you? – would wish to see.

That same Honourable Member in association with a paid employee of the Town Council has thought fit, also to conduct a scurrilous personal attack upon me, and upon my wife, through the columns of a notoriously anti-British journal. The Honourable Member and his friends pride themselves, no doubt, on their British origins but they would do well to remember that two of the outstanding virtues of the British character are chivalry and a sense of fair play and both of these are conspicuously absent from their conduct. In England the purpose of this manoeuvre was clearly apprehended and it was treated by an enlightened Press with disdain; what effect it may have had on the readers of the journal in question 1 neither know nor care and will content myself with referring you to an old English adage which reminds us that it is an ill bird that fouls its own nest.

I will turn now to a more recent and more shameful incident. On the 2nd November volunteers were called for from the Defence Force, and readily obtained, to mount a Guard of Honour on the occasion of my return to the Colony. On the eve of my return, when it was too late to make other arrangements, certain of the men declined to parade and it appeared to the Commanding Officer and other senior Officers that these men had been got at in the interval. Now members of the Defence Force, although volunteer soldiers, have taken an Oath of Allegiance and wear the King's uniform and any person who suborns a soldier, even a volunteer soldier, from his loyalty and obedience is committing to say the least of it a grave anti-social offence; while any soldier who permits himself to be so suborned or who of his own volition commits an act of gross indiscipline on political grounds is unfit to wear the King's uniform. The mounting of a Guard of Honour is not a compliment paid to the Governor in his own person and this lamentable incident does not, as it was intended to do, besmirch me but besmirches the good name of the Defence Force - a good name which has been built up over many years by some of the best citizens of Stanley. There can have been few more disgraceful episodes in Colonial history and I sympathise deeply with those to whom the good name and reputation of the Force have meant and still mean so much. The Commanding Officer and Officers, with only one exception and that not on political grounds, at once and very properly tendered their resignations which I have accepted and hold in abeyance. It will be clear to you, Honourable Members, that a Force without Officers is as useless as a Force without discipline and in my capacity as Commander-in-Chief I have suspended its activities and associated amenities until such time as wiser counsels may prevail and a full and formal apology has been tendered through the Commanding Officer. It is evident to me, and to my advisers and others, that the Honourable Member and his associates have dedicated themselves to the unworthy purpose of breeding and maintaining ill-will between the Governor and the people and although I deplore this misdirected energy at a time when there is so great a need for mutual understanding and good-will I can only leave them to their ignoble task in the belief that the general public will no longer be deluded.

Let me say this in conclusion. I did not come here to court popularity and I have nothing but contempt for those who do. I came here to do my duty, without fear or favour, to this Colony and its people; to promote, as far as in me lay, the prosperity of the one and the welfare and wellbeing of the other. That duty I have done; that duty I shall continue to do regardless of these mischievous and subversive activities.

The Council adjourned sine die.

ANNUAL STOCK RETURN FOR 1948-1949.

Prepared from information furnished in accordance with Section 13 of the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901.

					OTHER	EWES.	11-0-0-	TOTAL.	Total	EAR MARK
OWNER.	NAME OF STATION.	RAMS.	WETHERS.	EWES.	CAST.	MAIDEN.	HOGGETS.	TOTAL.	wool clip in 1000 lbs.	MAR MARK
		E	AST	FALK	LAND					
J. W. Miller Estate G. Bonner Pitaluga Bros. Falkland Islands Co., Ltd. Smith Bros.	Moody Valley. San Carlos. Gibralta. Darwin & Lafonia. Fitzroy. Berkeley Sound.	42 328 180 2,019 385 188	100 7,058 5,106 55,440 12,398 5,071	1800 8.876 7.487 56,894 11,671 7.113	450 314 1.024 84	2,556 16,621 3,686	72 5,257 3,234 31,087 6,727 2,795	2,464 24,389 16,007 163,085 34,951 15,167	6 166 84 1198 223 85	Fork. Front Square. Fore Bayonet. Double Swallow Triangle.
Mrs. N. S. Browning and J. W. McGill Mrs. F. O. Yonge Estate T. Robson The Douglas Stn. Co., Ltd. Port San Carlos Co., Ltd. Estate J. J. Felton Estate H. J. Pitaluga	Mullet Creek. Bluff Cove. Port Louis. Douglas Port San Carlos. Evelyn. Rincon Grande.	22 59 185 479 384 311 121	320 663 3,646 6,676 8,995 7,423 3,020	730 2,306 4,694 10,260 10,113 8,820 3,332	250 149 377 173	185 1,140 1,800 1,564 1,469 881	150 719 2,066 4,452 5,418 4,890 1,769	1,222 4,182 11,880 23,667 26,474 23,290 9,296	5 19 78 153 203 142 58	Back Bayonet. Double Slit. Front Halfpenn Fork. Saw & Slit. Back Square. Slit.
		4.703	115,916	134.096	2,821	29,902	68,636	356,074	2420	
		w	EST	FALKL	. A N D .					
	L		1	1		1			1	
I. L. Waldron, Ltd. Holmstead & Blake Falkland Islands Co., Ltd. Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Port Howard. Hill Cove. Port Stephens. Fox Bay West &	382 334 408	12,050 10,371 9,953	11,000	200	3,510 2,865 2,745	6,539 4,630 5,397	35,707 29,200 30,730	293 208 187	Fork. Front Bayonet. Fork.
Packe Bros. & Co. Ltd. Luxton & Auson Bertrand & Felton Ltd.	Spring Point. Fox Bay East Chartres. Roy Cove.	362 312 297 195	8,719 8,825 7,180 5,478	9,893 9,389	55 —	2,400	4,921 5,095 4,763 2,697	27,208 27,190 24,035 15,532	176	Fore Bayonet. Fore Bit. Double Swallo Front Square.
		2,290	62.57	70,571	1,369	18,753	34,042	189,602	1368	
			1 5	SLAND	S.					
J. Hamilton, Ltd. J. Davis Dean Bros J. Hansen G. Scott. W. J. Hutchinson. Mrs. Napier. Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Weddeil. Beaver. Passage. Saunders. Hummock. Pebble & Keppel. Jasons. Carcass. New. Sea Lion. West Point. Speedwell Group.	477 30 94 94 6 305 8 26 22 12 167	70 11: 2,98 99 8,67: 65: 66: 76: 1 41: 0 100 4,50	5 1.000 200 2.484 130 4 5.378 4 535 3 737 682 600 628 1 3.669	482 31 109 40 198 330	2,131 215 200 182 216 300 1 1255	1.194 44 3.314 398 521 438 550 435 2.508	5,602 1,106 316 7,500 270 20,284 1,841 2,221 2,092 1,834 2,579 12,430	62 171 171 17 18 11 20 96	Fork. Hole. Fork. Back Bayonet. Fore Bayonet. Fork. Slit. Back Square. Double Swallo
	1	731	22,70	9 16,980	1.190	5,728	10,728	58,075	1 452	
East	FALKLAND	4,703	115,916	6 134.096	2.821	29,902	68,636	356,074	2,420	0
WES	T FALKLAND	2,290	62.57	70,571	1,369	18,753	34,042	189,602	1,36	8
Isla	NDS	731	22.70	16,989	1,190	5.728	10,728	58,075	45	2
	TOTALS	7,724	201,20	2 221,656	5,380	54.383	113,406	603,751	4,24	0

IMPORTATIONS.

from l	u United Kingdom.		NEW ZEALAND.		TAS- MANIA.	Сн	URUGUAY	
	Bulls.	Dogs.	Ewes.	Rams.	Rams.	Rams.	Horses.	Poultry.
	2	6	30	5 .	4	19	182	10

Printed at the Government Printing Office, Stanley, Falkland Islands. PRICE ONE SHILLING AND THREE PENCE.

SUMMARY OF STOCK RETURNS 1944=1949.

SHEEP.

YEAR.	Rams.	WETHERS.	BREEDING EWES.	OTHER EWES.	Hoggets.	Total.	SHEEP SHORN.	LAMBS MARKED.	% Lambs Marked of Previous Years' Ewes	% Hoggets Dipped of PREVIOUS YEARS' EWES	% Hoggets Shorn Following Year.
									PER 100	EWES PUT TO	гне Вам.
1944-1945. 1945-1946. 1946-1947. 1947-1948. 1948-1949.	7,829 7,919 7,416 7,362 7,724	199,558 196,887 199,791 196,042 201,202	221,496 222,001 221,377 226,052 221,656	63,360 58,027 56,457 52,033 59,763	127,206 126,889 119,095 147,138 113,406	619,449 611,723 604,136 618,627 603,751	561,663 553,167 548,446 526,808 548,037	139,764 147,003 133,978 149,665 127,524	63.26 66.66 60.35 67.58 56.41	50.30 50.38 49.57 50.02	57.57 57.19 53.64 61.93 62.40

SHEEP DISPOSED OF.

SOLD LOCAL FOR BREEDI				SLAUGHTERED.			UNACCOUNTED	
YEAR.	OR FURTHER USE.	Exported.	Миттон.	TALLOW.	Skins.	TOTAL.	FOR (DEATHS) EXCLUDING LAMBS.	DEATH RATE %
1944–1945. 1945–1946. 1946–1947. 1947–1948. 1948–1949.	1,519 2,900 5,342 1,593 3,706	118 469 2,007	22,501 23,066 23,960 •11,331 21,010	16,734 15,534 17,135 18,240 11,825	28,959 30,347 31,744 25,287 17,542	69,831 78,650 77,789 68,843 56,090	67,224 58,313 53,813 54,338 72,192	10.71 10.48 8.73 9.78 11.94

OTHER STOCK.

YEAR.	Horses.	CATTLE.	Swine.
1944-1945.	3,227	10,873	22
1945-1946.	3,087	11,205	4
1946-1947.	2,734	11,197	14
1947-1948.	2,810	10,725	10
1948-1949.	3,072	10,010	10

^{*}Mutton used in Stanley not included in 1947-1948 returns.





The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.	FEI	BRUARY 1, 1	950.	**	No. 2.
	NEV	W APPOINTMEN	YTS.		
Name	Department	Office	Date	Reme	urks
McCarthy, Miss J.	Post Office	Clerk, Gr. IV.	23.1.50.	On probation	for 6 months.
Rumbolds, R. H.	Public Works	Clerk. Gr. IV.	17.1.50.		-
		PROMOTIONS.			
	From		To		Date
Fleuret, D.	Constable, Gr. III. (Old Conditio	ns)	Constable Gr (Old (1.1.50.	
Williams, J. D.	Constable, Gr. III.		Constable, G	r. II.	1.1.50.
Roberts, W.	W/T Operator, Gr.	III.	W/T Operato	or, Gr. II.	1.1.50.
		LEAVE.			
	Department	Office	F	Period	Date
		T Operator, Gr. II		ys including of voyages.	26.1.50.
	TERMINA	TION OF APPOI	NTMENTS.		
	Department	Offic		Date	Reason
Bertrand, Miss N.	Public Works	Clerk, Gr	. IV.	16.1.50.	Resigned.
Morrison, Miss E.	Post & Telegraph	s Clerk, Gr	. IV.	31.1.50.	,,
Perry, Mrs. T. J.	Post & Telegraphs		e Operator	31.1.50.	,,

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 1.

3rd January, 1950.

The following list of Ministers of Religion who have been registered as Ministers for celebrating marriages, is published in accordance with the provisions of Section 5 of the Marriage Ordinance, 1949 :-

The Right Reverend Daniel Ivor Evans The Reverend Roger George Robert Calvert

The Reverend John Kelly

Pastor Walter Forrest McWhan

Lord Bishop of the Falkland Islands. Senior Chaplain of Christ Church Cathedral.

Priest in Charge of St. Mary's Church. Minister of the United Free Church.

M.P. 1163.

No. 2.

6th January, 1950.

Marriage Ordinance No. 16 of 1949.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MR. HUGH CULLEN HARDING, J.P.

to be a Registrar within the meaning of Section 4 of the Marriage Ordinance, 1949, for the purpose of celebrating the marriage of Colin Ross, bachelor, and Emily Anderson, spinster, at Hill Cove, West Falkland.

Name

M.P. 1169.

No. 3.

11th January, 1950.

Ex-officio

members

Under the provisions of the Public Health Ordinance, No. 5 of 1894, as amended by the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1937, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, President The Medical Officers

The Executive Engineer The Agricultural Officer

Mrs. M. Robson

Captain H. C. Harding, J.P.

J. Clement, Esq.

Captain D. R. Watson, E.D.

to be members of the Board of Health for the Colony of the Falkland Islands for the year 1950. M.P. 0573.

No. 4.

12th January, 1950.

Under Section 7 of the King Edward Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916. His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following to be the Visiting Committee for the Hospital for the year 1950:

Mrs. M. Robson (Chairman).

Mrs. A. Newing

Mrs. L. A. Sedgwick

M.P. 596/29.

No. 5.

16th January, 1950.

Date of Appointment.

The following revised list of Magistrates and Justices of the Peace of the Colony and its Dependencies is published for information:-

Name	Place of Residence.
	EAST FALKLAND.

Major L. W. Aldridge, M.B.E., E.D., J.P.	Stanley	22nd July, 1946.
Hon. Mr. A. G. Barton, J.P.	,,	15th July, 1931.
H. Bennett, Esq., J.P.	**	22nd July, 1946.
Hon. Mr. A. L. Hardy, B.E.M., J.P.	**	22nd July, 1946.
W. H. Luxton, Esq., J.P.	**	1st January, 1913.
A. Newing, Esq., J.P.	,,	6th May, 1935.
M. Robson, Esq., J.P.		12th August, 1920.
J. F. Bonner, Esq., J.P.	San Carlos	12th May, 1937.
Hon. Mr. N. K. Cameron, J.P.	Port San Carlos	6th May, 1935.
T. A. Gilruth, Esq., J.P.	Darwin	31st January, 1949.

WEST FALKLAND.

T. Beaty, Esq., J.P.	Port Stephens	1st January, 1950.
H. C. Harding, Esq., J.P.	Hill Cove	27th November, 1939.
Hon. Mr. K. W. Luxton, J.P.	Chartres	24th September, 1940.
D. M. Pole-Evans, Esq., J.P.	Port Howard	25th April, 1946.
C. H. Robertson, Esq., J.P.	Fox Bay West	27th November, 1936.

DEPENDENCIES.

Major A. I. Fleuret, M.B.E., E.D., J.P., Magistrate Cmdr. H. Kirkwood, D.S.C., R.N., Magistrate T. M. Nicholl, Esq., Magistrate J. H. Chaplin, Esq., J.P., H. G. Heywood, Esq., J.P. J. R. Green Esq., J.P. J. R. Kendall, Esq., J.P. Dr. W. J. Sladen, M.B.E., M.R.C.S. L.R.C.P., J.P.	South Georgia M.S.S. "John Biscoe" Argentine Islands Grahamland Grahamland South Shetlands South Shetlands South Orkneys	26th September, 1940. 25th November, 1948. 30th January, 1948. 10th January, 1950. 10th January, 1950. 10th January, 1950. 10th January, 1950. 10th January, 1950.
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M.P. 0457.

No. 6.

16th January, 1950.

REMISSION OF INCOME TAX.

In accordance with Section 85 of the Income Tax Ordinance, No. 20 of 1939, the Governor in Council has directed the remission of the sum of £2:18s:7d in respect of Income Tax due for the year of assessment 1949 due by Mr. Frederick Kelway of Stanley.

M.P. 0747.

No. 7.

17th January, 1950.

The following list containing the names and qualifications of Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists, registered to practise in the Colony and the Dependencies is published in accordance with Section 3 of the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914. M.P. 21/28.

A. REGISTERED TO PRACTISE IN THE COLONY AND DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
Medical Practitioners		
Slessor, Robert Stewart	M.B., Ch.B. (Aberdeen)	1935.
	L.M. (Dublin)	1936.
Stafford, John	M.B., B.Ch.,	1940.
Ingham	B.A., B.A.O. (Dub, Uv.)	
Gilmore, Terence James	M.R.C.S (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1943.
Kotowski, Jaroslaw	M.B., Ch.B., (Edin.)	1944.
Dalgliesh, David Geoffrey	M.R.C.S., (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1946.
Staden, William Joseph Lambart	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1946.
Midwives.		
Strong, Rose	S.R.N. S.C.M.	1933. 1934.
Lellman. Winifred May	s.r.n. s.c.m. (1)	1944. 1945.
Henricksen, Agnes	S.C.M.	1929.
Dental Surgeon.		
Roberts, Gerald Holgate	B.Ch.D., L.D.S. (Leeds),	1946.
Geraid Hoigate	D.D.S. (Toronto)	1947.

B. REGISTERED TO PRACTISE IN THE DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
Medical Practitioners		
Brande, Erling	M.D. (Oslo).	1933.
Johansen, Paul	(0.1.)	1010
Ingred	M.D. (Oslo).	1940.
Smith, Peter Hugh		
Eccles	M.B., Ch.B.	
	(Birm.)	1944.
	F.R.C.S. (Edin.)	1948.

No. 8.

26th January, 1950.

It is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor has received and has accepted the resignation of the Hon. Mr. A. G. Barton, J.P., as a member of Legislative Council for the East Falkland.

It is further notified that His Excellency has appointed, and His Majesty the King has approved Mr. A. G. Barton, J.P., to be a nominated unofficial member of Legislative Council in the place of Capt. D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., who resigned his appointment on leaving the Colony.

M.P. 0068/B.

No. 9.

30th January, 1950.

Under the provisions of Sections 9 (1) of the Police and Prisons Ordinance No. 11 of 1949, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint –

The Hon. Mr. A. G. Barton, J.P. (Chairman) Major L. W. Aldridge, M.B.E., E.D., J.P.,

and H. BENNETT, Esq., J.P. (1

(Members.)

to be Visiting Justices of the Prison for the year 1950.

M.P. 0049.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council. under the Shipworkers Protection Ordinance, 1937.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

No. 7 of 1949.

By virtue of the powers vested in him by the Shipworkers Protection Ordinance, 1937, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council. His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations —

These Regulations may be cited as the Shipworkers Protection Regulations, 1949.

DEFINITIONS.

In these Regulations -

- "Processes" means the process of loading, unloading, moving and handling goods in, on, or at any dock, wharf or jetty or scows and the processes of loading, unloading and coaling any ship in any dock or harbour.
- "Person employed" means a person employed in the processes.
- "Prescribed" means prescribed by the Governor in Council.
- "Hatch" means an opening in a deck used for the purpose of the processes or for trimming, or for ventilation.
- "Hatchway" means the whole space within the square of the hatches, from the top deck to the bottom of the hold.
- "Lifting machinery" means cranes, winches, hoists, derrick booms, derrick and mast bands, goose necks, eyebolts, and all other permanent attachments to the derricks, masts and decks used in hoisting or lowering in connection with the processes.
- "Pulley block" means pulley, block, gin or similar gear, other than a crane block specially constructed for use with a crane to which it is permanently attached.
- "Shallow water" includes any of the following parts of a non-tidal river, or inland navigation:-
 - (a) Any part having no means of access to tidal waters except through a lock not exceeding ninety feet in length;
 - (b) Any part not in frequent use for the processes; and
 - (c) Any part at which the depth of water within fifteen feet of the edge does not ordinarily exceed five feet.

Duties.

- (a) It shall be the duty of the person having the general management and control of a dock, wharf or jetty to comply with Part I of these Regulations; provided that if any other person has the exclusive right to occupation of any part of the dock, wharf or jetty, and has the general management and control of such part, the duty in respect of that part shall devolve upon that other person; and further provided that this part of these Regulations shall not apply to any shallow water.
- (b) It shall be the duty of the owner, master, or officer in charge of a ship to comply with part II of these Regulations.
- (c) It shall be the duty of the owner of machinery or plant used in the processes, and in the case of machinery or plant carried on board a ship not being a ship registered in the Colony or the United Kingdom it shall also be the duty of the master of such ship to comply with Part III of these Regulations.
- (d) It shall be the duty of every person who by himself, his agents, or workmen carries on the processes, and of all agents, workmen and persons employed by him in the processes to comply with Part IV of these Regulations.

- (e) It shall be the duty of all persons, whether owners, occupiers or persons employed to comply with Part V of these Regulations.
- (f) Part VI of these Regulations shall be complied with by the persons on whom the duty is placed in that Part.

PART I.

1. Every regular approach over a dock, wharf or jetty which persons employed have to use for going to or from a working place at which the processes are carried on and every such working place on shore shall be maintained with due regard to the safety of the persons employed.

In particular the following parts shall, as far as is practicable having regard to the traffic and working, be securely fenced so that the height of the fence shall be in no place less than two feet six inches, and the fencing shall be maintained in good condition ready for use:—

- (a) All breaks dangerous corners, and other dangerous parts or edges of a dock, wharf or jetty.
- (b) Both sides of such footways over bridges, caissons, and dock gates as are in general use by persons employed, and each side of the entrance at each end of such footway for a sufficient distance not exceeding five yards.
- 2. Provision for the rescue from drowning of persons employed shall be made and maintained, and shall include:-
- (a) A supply of life-saving appliances, kept in readiness on the wharf or jetty which shall be reasonably adequate having regard to all the circumstances.
- (b) Means at or near the surface of the water at reasonable intervals, for enabling a person immersed to support himself or escape from the water, which shall be reasonably adequate baying regard to all the circumstances.
- 3. All places in which persons employed are employed and any dangerous parts of the regular road or way over a dock, wharf or jetty forming the approach to any such place from the nearest highway shall be sufficiently lighted.
- 4. (a) A sufficient number of first aid boxes or cupboards of a standard to be prescribed shall be provided at every working place and, if more than one is provided, at reasonable distances from each other.
- (b) A first-aid box or cupboard shall be marked plainly with a white cross on a red ground.
- 5. Nothing except appliances or requisites for first aid shall be kept in a first-aid box or cupboard.
- 6. A first-aid box or cupboard shall be kept stocked and in good order and shall be placed under the charge of a responsible person who shall always be readily available during working hours. Such person shall be a person trained in first aid.

PART II.

- 7. If a ship is lying at a wharf or jetty for the purpose of loading or unloading or coaling, there shall be safe means of access for the use of persons employed at such times as they have to pass from the ship to the shore or from the shore to the ship as follows:—
- (a) Where reasonably practicable the ship's accommodation ladder or a gangway or a similar construction not less than twenty-two inches wide, properly secured, and fenced throughout on each side to a clear height of two feet nine inches by means of upper and lower rails, taut ropes or chains or by other equally safe means, except that in the case of the ship's accommodation ladder such fencing shall be necessary on one side only provided that the other side is properly protected by the ship's side.
- (b) In other cases a ladder of sound material and adequate length which shall be properly secured to prevent slipping.

Provided that nothing in this Regulation shall be held to apply to cargo stages or cargo gangways if other proper means of access is provided in conformity with these Regulations.

Provided also that as regards any sailing vessel not exceeding 250 tons net registered

tonnage and any steam vessel not exceeding 150 tons gross registered tonnage this Regulation shall not apply if and while the conditions are such that it is possible without undue risk to pass to and from the ship without the aid of any special appliances.

8. If a ship is alongside any other ship, vessel, or boat, and persons employed have to pass from one to the other, safe means of access shall be provided for their use, unless the conditions are such that it is possible to pass from one to the other without undue risk without the aid of any special appliance.

If one of such ships, vessels, or boats is a sailing barge, flat, keel, lighter or other similar vessel of relatively low freeboard, the means of access shall be provided by the ship which has the higher freeboard.

- 9. (1) If the depth from the level of the deck to the bottom of the hold exceeds five feet, there shall be maintained safe means of access from the deck to the hold in which work is being carried on.
- (2) Save as hereinafter provided, such access shall be afforded by ladder, and by ladder cleats or cups on the coamings, and shall not be deemed to be safe:-
- (a) Unless the ladders between the lower decks are in the same line as the ladder from the top deck, if the same is practicable having regard to the position of the lower batch or hatches.
- (b) Unless the ladders provide a foothold of a depth including any space behind the ladder of not less than $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches for a width of 10 inches and a firm handhold.
- (c) Unless the cleats or cups provided on coamings (i) provide a foothold of a depth including any space behind the cleats or cups of not less than $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches for a width of 10 inches and a firm handhold; (ii) are so constructed as to prevent a man's foot slipping off the side; (iii) are placed vertically one above the other and in the same line as the ladders to which they give access.
- (d) Unless the cargo is stowed sufficiently far from the ladder to leave at each rung of the ladder foothold of a depth including any space behind the ladder of not less than $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches for a width of 10 inches and a firm handhold.
- (e) Unless there is room to pass between a winch or other obstruction and the coamings at the place where the ladder leaves the deck.
- (f) If the ladder is recessed under the deck more than is reasonably necessary to keep the ladder clear of the hatchway. Provided that such access may be afforded:-
- (i) where the provision of a ladder on a bulkhead or in a trunk hatchway can be shown to be reasonably impracticable, by cleats or cups complying with the requirements of paragraph (c);
- (ii) by ladders or steps, separate from any hatchway or sloping from deck to deck, if such ladders or steps comply with the requirements of paragraphs (b), (d) and (e).
 - 10. When the processes are being carried on :-
 - (a) the places in the hold and on the decks where work is being carried on.
 - (b) the means of access provided in pursuance of Regulations 7 and 8 and
- (c) all parts of the ship to which persons employed may be required to proceed in the course of their employment, shall be efficiently lighted, due regard being had to the safety of the ship and cargo, of all persons employed and of the navigation of other vessels, and to Regulations made by the Governor in Council.
- 11. All fore and aft beams and thwartship beams used for hatch covering shall have suitable gear for lifting them on and off without it being necessary for any person to go upon them to adjust such gear.
- 12. All hatch coverings shall be kept plainly marked to indicate the deck and hatch to which they belong and their position therein; provided that this Regulation shall not apply in cases where the hatch coverings of a ship are interchangeable or, in respect of marking the position, where all hatch coverings of a hatch are interchangeable.

This Regulation shall apply to fore and aft beams and to thwartship beams as it applies to hatch coverings.

13. All fore and aft beams, and thwartship beams used for hatch covering and all hatch coverings shall be maintained in good condition.

- 14. Adequate hand grips shall be provided on all hatch coverings having regard to their size and weight, unless the construction of the hatch or the hatch coverings is of a character rendering the provision of hand grips unnecessary.
- 15. Where the working space around a hatch is less than two feet wide, such provision shall be made as will enable persons employed to remove and replace in safety all fore and aft beams and thwartship beams used for hatch covering and all hatch coverings.

PART III.

- 16. (a) All lifting machinery shall have been tested and examined by a competent person in the manner set out in the Schedule to these Regulations before being taken into use.
- (b) (i) All derrick and permanent attachments, including bridle chains, to the derrick, mast and deck, used in hoisting or lowering shall be inspected once in every twelve months and be thoroughly examined once at least in every four years.
- (ii) All other lifting machinery shall be thoroughly examined once at least every twelve months.
- (iii) For the purposes of this Regulation thorough examination means a visual examination, supplemented if necessary by other means such as a hammer test, carried out as carefully as the conditions permit, in order to arrive at a reliable conclusion as to the safety of the parts examined; and if necessary for the purpose, parts of the machine gear must be dismantled.
- 17. (a) No chain, ring, hook, shackle, swivel or pulley block shall be used in hoisting or lowering unless it has been tested and examined by a competent person in the manner set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.
- (b) All chains, other than bridle chains attached to derricks, or masts, and all rings, hooks, shackles and swivels used in hoisting or lowering shall, unless they have been subjected to such other treatment as may be prescribed, be effectually annealed under the supervision of a competent person and at the following intervals:—
- (i) half inch and smaller chains, rings, hooks, shackles and swivels in general use, once at least in every six months;
- (ii) all other chains, rings, hooks, shackles and swivels in general use once at least in every twelve months.

Provided that in the case of such gear used solely on cranes and other hoisting appliances worked by hand, twelve months shall be substituted for six months in paragraph (i) and two years for twelve months in paragraph (ii).

Provided also that where the Executive Engineer is of opinion that, owing to the size, design, material or infrequency of use of any such gear or class of such gear, the requirement of this Regulation as to annealing is not necessary for the protection of persons employed, he may by certificate in writing (which he may in his discretion revoke) exempt such gear or class of gear from such requirement subject to such conditions as may be specified in such certificate.

- (c) All chains, other than bridle chains attached to derricks or masts, and all rings, hooks, shackles, swivels and pulley blocks shall be inspected by a competent person immediately before each occasion on which they are used in hoisting or lowering, unless they have been inspected within the preceding three months.
- (d) All chains, rings, hooks, shackles, or swivels used in hoisting or lowering which have been lengthened, altered or repaired by welding shall before being taken into use be adequately tested and re-examined.
 - 18. (a) No rope shall be used in hoisting or lowering unless -
 - (i) it is of suitable quality and free from patent defect, and
- (ii) in the case of wire rope, it has been examined and tested by a competent person in the manner set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.
- (b) Every wire rope in general use for hoisting or lowering shall be inspected by a competent person once at least in every three months, provided that after any wire has broken in such rope it shall be inspected once at least in every month.
- (c) No wire rope shall be used in hoisting or lowering if in any length of eight diameters the total number of visible broken wires exceeds ten per cent of the total number of wires, or the rope shows signs of excessive wear, corrosion or other defect which, in the opinion of the person who inspects it, renders it unfit for use.

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- (d) A thimble or loop splice made in any wire rope shall have at least three tucks with a whole strand of the rope and two tucks with one half of the wires cut out of each strand. The strands in all cases shall be tucked against the lay of the rope. Provided that this Regulation shall not operate to prevent the use of another form of splice which can be shown to be as efficient as that laid down in this Regulation.
- 19. For the purposes of Regulations 16, 17 and 18 a person shall not be deemed to be a competent person if and in so far as the Executive Engineer has given notice in writing that such person is in his opinion not technically qualified to carry out the tests, examinations or annealing required by these Regulations.

Provided that any person whom the Executive Engineer may thus declare not to be competent shall have the right to appeal against such declaration to the Governor in Council whose decision shall be final:

- 20. (a) Certificates in the prescribed forms and containing the prescribed particulars with regard to the tests, examinations, inspections, annealing or other treatment required under Regulations 16, 17 (a) and (b) and 18 (a) shall be obtained, and entered in or attached to the prescribed register before the machinery, chain, rope or other gear to which the certificate refers is subsequently taken into use in connection with the processes.
- (b) The prescribed register with the certificates required to be attached to it shall be kept on the premises unless some other place has been approved in writing by the Executive Engineer.
- 21. No pulley block shall be used in hoisting or lowering unless the safe working load is clearly stamped upon it.
- 22. Means shall be provided to enable any person using a chain or wire rope sling to ascertain the safe working load for such chain or sling under such conditions as it may be used.
- (a) As regards chain slings, such means shall consist of marking the safe working load in plain figures or letters upon the sling or upon a tablet or ring of durable material attached securely thereto.
- (b) As regards wire rope slings, such means shall consist of either the means specified in paragraph (a) above or a notice or notices, so exhibited as to be easily read by any person concerned, stating the safe working loads for the various sizes of wire rope slings used.
- 23. Chains shall not be shortened by tying knots in them; and suitable packing shall be provided to prevent the links coming into contact with sharp edges of loads of hard material.
- 24. All motors, cog-wheels, chain and friction gearing, shafting, live electrical conductors and steam pipes shall (unless it can be shown that by their position and construction they are equally safe to every person employed as they would be if securely fenced) be securely fenced so far as is practicable without impeding the safe working of the ship.
- 25. Cranes and winches shall be provided with such means as will reduce to a minimum the risk of the accidental descent of a load while being raised or lowered; in particular, the lever controlling the link motion reversing gear of a crane or winch shall be provided with a suitable spring or other locking arrangement.
- 26. The driver's platform on every crane or tip driven by mechanical power shall be securely fenced and shall be provided with safe means of access. In particular, where access is by a ladder –
- (a) the sides of the ladder shall extend to a reasonable distance beyond the platform or some other suitable handhold shall be provided;
 - (b) the landing place on the platform shall be maintained free from obstruction;
- (c) in cases where the ladder is vertical and exceeds thirty feet in height, a resting place shall be provided approximately midway between the platform and the foot of the ladder.
- 27. Every crane and derrick shall have the safe working load plainly marked upon it, and every shore crane if so constructed that the safe working load may be varied by the raising or lowering of the jib or otherwise, shall have attached to it an automatic indicator of safe working loads, provided that, in cases where the jib may be raised or lowered, provision on the crane of a table showing the safe working loads at the corresponding inclinations or radii of the jib shall be considered sufficient compliance.

- 28. Adequate measures shall be taken to prevent exhaust steam from, and so far as is practicable live steam to, any crane or winch obscuring any part of the decks, gangways, stages, wharf, or jetty where any person is employed in the processes.
- 29. Appropriate measures shall be taken to prevent the foot of a derrick being accidently lifted out of its socket or support.

PART IV.

- 30. Precautions shall be taken to facilitate the escape of the workers when employed in a hold or on 'tween decks in dealing with coal or other bulk cargo.
- 31. (a) No lifting machinery chains or other lifting appliance shall be loaded beyond the safe working load, except that a crane may be loaded beyond the safe working load in exceptional cases to such extent and subject to such conditions as may be approved by the engineer in charge or other competent person, if on each occasion
 - (i) the written permission of the owner or his responsible agent has been obtained,
 - (ii) a record of the overload is kept.

Provided also that, where the load upon a single sheave pulley block is attached to the pulley block instead of to the chain or rope passing round the sheave, the load on the pulley block shall be deemed for the purposes of this Regulation to be half the actual load.

- (b) No load shall be left suspended from a crane, winch, or other machine unless there is a competent person actually in charge of the machine while the load is so left.
- 32. No person under 16 years of age and no person who is not sufficiently competent and reliable shall be employed as driver of a crane or winch, whether driven by mechanical power or otherwise, or to give signals to a driver or to attend to cargo falls on winch-ends or winch-bodies.
- 33. Where goods are placed on a wharf or jetty other than a wharf or jetty in shallow water
- (a) A clear passage leading to the means of access to the ship required by Regulation 7 shall be maintained on the wharf or jetty; and
- (b) If any space is left along the edge of the wharf or jetty it shall be at least three feet wide and clear of all obstructions other than fixed structures, plant and appliances in use.
- 34. (a) No deck-stage or cargo-stage shall be used in the processes unless it is substantially and firmly constructed and adequately supported, and, where necessary, securely fastened.
- (b) No truck shall be used for carrying cargo between ship and shore on a stage so steep as to be unsafe.
 - (c) Any stage which is slippery shall be made safe by the use of sand or otherwise.
- 35. (a) If any hatch of a hold accessible to any person employed and exceeding five feet in depth, measured from the level of the deck in which the hatch is situated to the bottom of the hold, is not in use for the passage of goods, coal or other material, or for trimming, and the coamings are less than two feet six inches in height, such hatch shall either be fenced to a height of three feet or be securely covered.

Provided that this requirement shall not apply (i) to vessels not exceeding 200 tons net registered tonnage which have only one hatchway, (ii) to any vessel during meal times or other short interruptions of work during the period of employment.

- (b) Hatch coverings shall not be used in the construction of deck or cargo stages, or for any other purpose which may expose them to damage.
- (c) Hatch coverings shall be replaced on the hatches in the positions indicated by the markings made thereon in pursuance of Regulation 12.
- 36. No cargo shall be loaded or unloaded by a fall or sling at any intermediate deck unless either the hatch at that deck is securely covered or a secure landing platform of a width not less than that of one section of hatch coverings has been placed across it.

Provided that this Regulation shall not apply to any process of unloading the whole of which will be completely within a period of half an hour.

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37. When the working space in a hold is confined to the square of the batch, hooks shall not be made fast in the bands or fastenings of bales of cotton, wool, cork, gunny bags or other similar goods, nor shall can hooks be used for raising or lowering a barrel when, owing to the construction or condition of the barrel or of the hooks, their use is likely to be unsafe.

Nothing is this Regulation shall apply to breaking out or making up slings.

- 38. When work is proceeding on any skeleton deck, adequate staging shall be provided unless the space beneath the deck is filled with cargo to within a distance of two feet of such deck.
- 39. Where stacking, unstacking, stowing or unstowing of cargo or handling in connection therewith cannot be safely carried out unaided, reasonable measures to guard against accident shall be taken by shoring or otherwise.
- 40. The beams of any hatch in use for the processes shall, if not removed, be adequately secured to prevent their displacement.
- 41. When cargo is being loaded or unloaded by a fall at a hatchway, a signaller shall be employed, and where more than one fall is being worked at a hatchway, a separate signaller shall be employed to attend to each fall.

Provided -

- (i) That this Regulation shall not apply in cases where a barge, lighter or other similar vessel is being loaded or unloaded if the driver of the crane or winch working the fall has a clear and unrestricted view of those parts of the hold where work is being carried on.
- (ii) That where the Executive Engineer is of opinion that, owing to the nature of the crane or winch or other appliance in use or by reason of any special arrangements, the requirements of this Regulation are not necessary for the safety of persons employed he may by certificate in writing (which he may in his discretion revoke) suspend such requirements subject to such conditions as may be specified in such certificate.
- 42. When any person employed has to proceed to or from a ship by water for the purpose of carrying on the processes proper measures shall be taken to provide for his safe transport. Vessels used for this purpose shall be in charge of a competent person, shall not be over-crowded, and shall be properly equipped for safe navigation and maintained in good condition.

PART V.

- 43. No person shall, unless duly authorised or in case of necessity, remove or interfere with any fencing, gangway, gear, ladder, hatch covering, life-saving means of appliances, lights, marks, stages or other things whatsoever required by these Regulations to be provided. If removed, such things shall be restored at the end of the period during which their removal was necessary by the persons last engaged in the work that necessitated such removal.
- 44. The fencing required by Regulation 1 shall not be removed except to the extent and for the period reasonably necessary for carrying on the work of the dock or ship, or for repairing any fencing. If removed it shall be restored forthwith at the end of that period by the persons engaged in the work that necessitated its removal.
- 45. Every person employed shall use the means of access provided in accordance with Regulations 7, 8, and 9 and no person shall authorise or order another to use means of access other than those provided in accordance therewith.
- 46. No person shall go upon the fore and aft beams or thwart-ship beams for the purpose of adjusting the gear for lifting them on and off nor shall any person authorise or order another to do so.

PART VI.

- 47. No employer of persons in the processes shall allow machinery or gear to be used by such persons which does not comply with Part III of these Regulations.
- 48. If the persons whose duty it is to comply with Regulations 7, 8 and 11 fail so to do, then it shall also be the duty of the employers of the persons employed for whose use the

means of access and the lights are required, to comply with the said Regulations within the shortest time reasonably practicable after such failure.

49. The prescribed register shall, on the application of the Executive Engineer be produced by the person in charge thereof; if it relates to the lifting machinery and other gear of a ship and is kept on the ship, it shall be produced, together with the certificate of the ship's register, by the person for the time being in charge of the ship.

SCHEDULE.

MANNER OF TEST AND EXAMINATION BEFORE TAKING LIFTING MACHINERY AND GEAR INTO USE.

Regulations 16 (a), 17 (a) and 18 (a).

(a) Every winch with the whole of the gear accessory thereto (including derricks, goose necks, eye-plates, eye-holts or other attachments) shall be tested with a proof load which shall exceed the safe working load as follows:-

Safe working load.
Up to 20 tons
20 = 50 tons
Over 50 tons

Proof load.

25 per cent in excess
5 tons in excess
10 per cent in excess.

The proof load shall be applied either (i) by hoisting movable weights or (ii) by means of a spring or hydraulic balance or similar appliance, with the derrick at an angle to the horizontal which shall be stated in the certificate of the test. In the former case, after the movable weights have been hoisted, the derrick shall be swung as far as possible in both directions. In the latter case, the proof load shall be applied with the derrick swung as far as practicable first in one direction and then in the other.

(b) Every crane and other boisting machine with the accessory gear shall be tested with a proof load which shall exceed the safe working load as follows:—

Safe working load. Up to 20 tons 20 - 50 tons Over 50 tons Proof load.

25 per cent in excess
5 tons in excess
10 per cent in excess.

The said proof load shall be hoisted and swung as far as possible in both directions. In the case of a jib-crane, if the jib has a variable radius, it shall be tested with a proof load as defined above at the maximum and minimum radii of the jib. In the case of hydraulic cranes or hoists, where, owing to the limitations of pressure, it is impossible to hoist a load of 25 per cent in excess of the safe working load, it shall be sufficient to hoist the greatest possible load.

(c) Every article of loose gear (whether it is accessory to a machine or not) shall be tested with a proof load at least equal to that shown against the article in the following table:-

Article of gear.

Chain
Ring
Hook
Shackle
Swivel

Proof load.

Twice the safe working load.

Pulley Blocks -

Single Sheave Block

Multiple Sheave Block with safe working load up to and including 20 tons

Multiple Sheave Block with safe working load over 20 tons up to and including 40 tons

Multiple Sheave Block with safe working load over 40 tons

Four times the safe working load. Twice the safe working load.

20 tons in excess of the safe working load.

One and a half times the safe working load.

Provided that where the Executive Engineer is of opinion, that, owing to the size, design, construction, material or use of any such loose gear or class of such gear, any of the above requirements are not necessary for the protection of persons employed, he may by certificate in writing (which he may in his discretion revoke) exempt such gear or class of gear from such requirement, subject to such conditions as may be stated in the certificate.

- (d) After being tested as aforesaid, all machines with the whole of the gear accessory thereto and all loose gear shall be examined, the sheaves and the pins of the pulley blocks being removed for the purpose, to see that no part is injured or permanently deformed by the test.
- (e) In the case of wire ropes, a sample shall be tested to destruction and the safe working load shall not exceed one-fifth of the breaking load of the sample tested.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 2nd day of December, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 1134.

Leave and Passage (Amendment) Regulations, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

No. 8 of 1949.

- 1. Regulation 1 of the Leave and Passage Regulations shall be amended by :-
 - (a) adding the words "and whose tour commenced before the 1st day of January 1948" after the word "Colony" in line 5 thereof; and
 - (b) adding the words "and whose service commenced before the first day of January 1948 and who have elected to remain on the conditions of service in force before that date" after the word "service" in line 8 thereof.
- 2. Paragraph 3 (1) of the Leave and Passage (Amendment) Regulations, 1938, shall be amended by deleting the remainder of the sub-paragraph after "journey" and substituting "and a free passage to the United Kingdom provided that he avails himself of such passage within six months after the cessation of duty or within the period of ordinary leave earned by him, whichever is the longer, but not otherwise".
- 3. Paragraph 3 (2) of the Leave and Passage (Amendment) Regulations, 1938, shall be amended by deleting "The period within which" and the remainder of the sub-paragraph after "Kingdom" and substituting therefor "provided that he avails himself of such passage within six months after the cessation of duty or within the period of ordinary leave earned by him, whichever is the longer, but not otherwise".

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 2nd day of December, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0003.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Harbour Ordinance, 1902.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

No. 9 of 1949.

By virtue of the powers in him vested by Section 2 of the Harbour Ordinance No. 2 of 1902, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations –

- 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Harbour (Amendment) Regulations, 1949.
- 2. The Harbour (Consolidation) Regulations, 1944, shall be amended by :-
 - (a) the deletion of Regulation 11;
 - (b) substituting "Agricultural Officer" for "Government Naturalist" in Regulation 18:
 - (c) the deletion of the remainder of Regulation 20 after the word "Pounds":
 - (d) the substitution of 2/- for 1/9, 3/- for $2/7\frac{1}{2}$, 4/- for 3/6, $1/8\frac{1}{2}$ for 1/6, 2/7 for 2/3, and 3/5 for 3/- respectively in Schedule I thereto; and
 - (e) the addition of the words "current cost of living bonus shall be paid in addition to the above rates" to Schedule I thereto.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 2nd day of December, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 318/35.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

No. 10 of 1949.

By virtue of the powers in him vested by Section 37 (1) of the Defence Force Ordinance No. 7 of 1920, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations –

- 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Rifles (Rescission) Short title. Regulations, 1949.
 - 2. The Rifles Regulations, 1930, are hereby rescinded.

Rescission.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 2nd day of December, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 1132.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Pensions Ordinance 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 11 of 1949.

Governor.

Short title.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Pensions Regulations, 1949.

Interpretation.

- 2. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,
 - "qualifying service" means service which may be taken into account in determining whether an officer is eligible by length of service for pension, gratuity or other allowance:
 - "pensionable service" means service which may be taken into account in computing pension under these Regulations;
 - "the Ordinance" means the Pensions Ordinance.

PART II.

OFFICERS WITHOUT OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE.

Application of Part II.

3. Save when the Governor in Council in any special case otherwise directs, this Part of these Regulations shall not apply in the case of any officer transferred to or from the Service of the Colony from or to other public service except for the purpose of determining whether such officer would have been eligible for pension or gratuity, and the amount of pension or gratuity, for which the officer would have been eligible, if the service of the officer had been wholly in the Colony.

Pensions to whom and at what rates to be granted.

4. Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance and of these Regulations, every officer holding a pensionable office in the Colony, who has been in the service of the Colony in a civil capacity for ten years or more, may be granted on retirement a pension at the annual rate of one seven-hundred and twentieth of his pensionable emoluments for each complete month of his pensionable service.

Gratuities where length of service does not qualify for pension. 5. Every officer, otherwise qualified for a pension, who has not been in the service of the Colony in a civil capacity for ten years, may be granted on retirement a gratuity not exceeding five times the annual amount of the pension which, if there had been no qualifying period, might have been granted to him under Regulation 4 of these Regulations.

PART III.

TRANSFERRED OFFICERS.

Application of Part III. 6. This Part of these Regulations shall apply only in the case of an officer transferred to or from the service of the Colony from or to other public service.

Interpretation.

7. In this Part and Part IV of these Regulations -

"Scheduled Government" means the Government of any territory, or any authority, mentioned in the Schedule to these Regulations and includes the Government of Ceylon, in respect of any officer appointed to the service of that Government prior to the 4th February, 1948, and the Government of Palestine, in respect of any officer appointed to the service of that Government prior to the 15th May, 1948.

"Service in the Group" means service under the Government of the Colony and under a Scheduled Government or Scheduled Governments.

8. (1) Where the other public service of an officer to whom this Part of these Regulations applies has been wholly under one or more Scheduled Governments and his aggregate service would have quaified him had it been wholly in the Colony for a pension under the Ordinance, he may, on his retirement from the public service in circumstances in which he is permitted by the law or regulations of the service in which he is last employed to retire on pension or gratuity, be granted in respect of his service in the Colony a pension of such an amount as shall hear the same proportion to the amount of pension for which he would have been eligible had his service been wholly in the Colony, as the aggregate amounts of his pensionable emoluments during his service in the Colony shall bear to the aggregate amounts of his pensionable emoluments throughout his service in the Group.

Pension for service wholly within the Group.

- (2) In determining for the purposes of this Regulation the pension for which an officer would have been eligible if his service had been wholly in the Colony.
 - (a) in the application of Regulation 16, his emoluments shall be determined by reference to the pensionable emoluments enjoyed by him at the date of retirement from the public service or during the three years preceding that date, as the case may be, except that where the officer is not serving under a scheduled Government at that date, the date upon which he was last transferred from the service of a Scheduled Government shall be deemed to be the date of his retirement for the purposes of this sub-paragraph;
 - (b) no regard shall be had to an additional pension under Regulation 22 or Regulation 23:
 - (c) regard shall be had to the condition that pension may not exceed two-thirds of his highest pensionable emoluments;
 - (d) no period of other public service under a Scheduled Government in respect of which no pension or gratuity is granted to him shall be taken into account.
- (3) For the purpose of this Regulation the aggregate amount of an officer's pensionable emoluments shall be taken as the total amount of pensionable emoluments which he would have received or enjoyed had he been on duty on full pay in his substantive office or offices throughout his period of service in the Group subsequent to the attainment of the age of 20 years:

Provided that -

- (a) in calculating the aggregate amount of his pensionable emoluments, no account shall be taken of any service under Scheduled Government in respect of which no pension or gratuity is granted to him;
- (b) where under Regulation 17 one half only of any service in a civil capacity otherwise than in a pensionable office is taken into account as pensionable service, one half only of the officer's aggregate pensionable emoluments during that service shall be taken into account for the calculation aforesaid.
- 9. (1) Where the other public service of an officer to whom this Part of these Regulations applies has not included service under any of the Scheduled Governments, and his aggregate service would have qualified him, had it been wholly in the Colony, for a pension under these Regulations, he may, on his retirement from the public

Pension where other service not within the Group.

service in circumstances in which he is permitted by the law or regulations of the service in which he is last employed to retire on a pension or gratuity, be granted in respect of his service in the Colony a pension at the annual rate of one seven-hundred and twentieth of his pensionable emoluments for each complete month of his pensionable service in the Colony.

(2) Where the officer is not in the service of the Colony at the time of such retirement, his pensionable emoluments for the purpose of the preceding paragraph shall be those which would have been taken for the purpose of computing his pension if he had retired from the public service and been granted a pension at the date of his last transfer from the service of the Colony.

Pension when other service both within and not within the Group. 10. Where a part only of the other public service of an officer to whom this Part of these Regulations applies has been under one or more of the Scheduled Governments, the provisions of Regulation 8 shall apply; but in calculating the amount of pension, regard shall be had only to service in the Group.

Gratuities where length of service does not qualify for pension. 11. Where an officer to whom this Part of these Regulations applies retires from the public service in circumstances in which he is permitted by the law or regulations of the service in which he is last employed to retire on pension or gratuity, but has not been in the public service in a civil capacity for ten years, he may be granted in respect of his service in the Colony a gratuity not exceeding five times the annual amount of the pension which, if there had been no qualifying period, might have been granted to him under Regulation 8, 9, or 10, as the case may be.

PART IV.

GENERAL.

General rules as to qualifying service and pensionable service.

- 12. (1) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations, qualifying service shall be the inclusive period between the date on which an officer begins to draw salary in respect of public service and the date of his leaving the public service, without deduction of any period during which he has been absent on leave.
- (2) No period which is not qualifying service by virtue of the foregoing paragraph shall be taken into account as pensionable service.
- (3) No period during which the officer was not in public service shall be taken into account as qualifying service or as pensionable service.

Continuity of service.

13. (1) Except as otherwise provided in these Regulations, only continuous service shall be taken into account as qualifying service or as pensionable service:

Provided that any break in service caused by temporary suspension of employment not arising from misconduct or voluntary resignation shall be disregarded for the purpose of this paragraph.

(2) An officer -

- (a) whose pension has been suspended under Section 11 of the Ordinance or under a corresponding provision in any law or regulation relating to the grant of pensions in respect of public service; or
- (b) who has retired from the public service without pension on account of ill-health, abolition of office, or reorganisation designed to effect greater efficiency or economy, and has subsequently been re-employed in the public service; or
- (c) who has left pensionable service under the Teachers (Superannuation) Act, 1925, with a view to entering public service not being service pensionable under the

said Act and has, not later than three months after leaving such first mentioned service, received any salary in respect of employment in public service not so pensionable,

may, if the Governor in Council thinks fit, be granted the pension or gratuity for which he would have been eligible if any break in his public service immediately prior to such suspension, re-employment or employment had not occurred, such pension to be in lieu of —

- (i) any pension previously granted to him from the funds of the Colony, and
- (ii) any gratuity so granted which is required to be refunded as a condition of the application to the officer of this Regulation,

but additional to any gratuity so granted which is not required to be refunded as aforesaid.

14. No period during which an officer shall have been absent from duty on leave without salary shall be taken into account as pensionable service unless such leave shall have been granted on grounds of public policy with the approval of the Secretary of State.

Leave without salary.

15. Where an officer, during some period of his service, has been on the active list of the Royal Navy, the Army or the Royal Air Force, and pension contributions have been paid in respect of that period from the funds of the Colony or of any Scheduled Government and have not been refunded, such period shall not be taken into account as pensionable service.

Service in His Majesty's Forces.

16. For the purpose of computing the amount of an officer's pension or gratuity –

Emoluments to be taken for computation of pensions, etc.

- (a) in the case of an officer who has held the same office for a period of three years immediately preceding the date of his retirement, the full annual pensionable emoluments enjoyed by him at that date in respect of that office shall be taken;
- (b) in the case of an officer who at any time during such period of three years has been transferred from one office to another, but whose pensionable emoluments have not been changed by reason of such transfer or transfers, the full annual pensionable emoluments enjoyed by him at the date of his retirement in respect of the office then held by him shall be taken;
- (c) in other cases one third of the aggregate pensionable emoluments enjoyed by the officer in respect of his service during the three years of his service immediately preceding the date of his retirement shall be taken:

Provided that-

- (i) if such one third is less than the highest annual pensionable emoluments enjoyed by him at the date of any transfer within such period of three years those pensionable emoluments shall be taken; and
- (ii) if such one third is less than the annual pensionable emoluments which would have been enjoyed by him at the date of his retirement, if he had continued to hold any office from which he has been transferred at any time during such period of three years, and had received all increments which, in the opinion of the Governor in Council, would have been granted to him, the annual pensionable emoluments which would have been so enjoyed shall be taken.

(iii) for the purpose of calculating pensionable emoluments under this paragraph, the officer shall be deemed to have been on duty on full pensionable emoluments throughout the said three years.

Service in a nonpensionable office. 17 Only service in a pensionable office shall be taken into account as pensionable service:

Provided that -

- (1) Where a period of service in a civil capacity otherwise than in a pensionable office is immediately followed by service in a pensionable office and the officer is confirmed therein, such period shall, with the approval of the Governor in Council, be so taken into account.
- (2) Any break in service which may be disregarded under the provision of Regulation 15 of these Regulations may likewise be disregarded in determining for the purposes of the preceding proviso whether one period of service immediately follows another period of service.
- (3) Where an officer has been transferred from a pensionable office in which he has been confirmed to a non-pensionable office and subsequently retires either from a pensionable office or a non-pensionable office, his service in the non-pensionable office may, with the approval of the Governor in Council, be taken into account as though it were service in the pensionable office which he held immediately prior to such transfer, and at the pensionable emoluments which were payable to him at the date of transfer.
- (4) Where a period of service in a non-pensionable office is taken into account under this Regulation, the officer shall, during that period, be deemed for the purpose of Regulations 6, 20 and 21 of these Regulations to be holding a pensionable office, and where that period is taken into account under the preceding proviso, to have been confirmed therein.

Acting service.

- 18. Any period during which an officer has performed only acting service in an office may be taken into account as pensionable service (subject, if the office is a non-pensionable office, to the provisions of the preceding regulation) if the period of such acting service
 - (1) is not taken into account as part of his pensionable service in other public service, and
 - (2) is immediately preceded or followed by service in a substantive capacity in a pensionable office under the same government or authority;

and not otherwise.

Service under age of 20 or on probation or agreement.

- 19. Save as otherwise provided in these Regulations, there shall not be taken into account as pensionable service
 - (1) any period of service while the officer was under the age of twenty years, or
 - (2) any period of service while he was on probation or agreement, unless without break of service he is confirmed in a pensionable office in the public service:

Provided that any break or service which may be disregarded under the provisions of Regulation 13 of these Regulations may likewise be disregarded in determining whether the officer is confirmed in a pensionable office without break of service.

PART V.

SUPPLEMENTARY.

20. If an officer holding a pensionable office retires from the public service in consequence of the abolition of his office or for the purpose of facilitating improvements in the organisation of the Department to which greater efficiency or economy may be affected,

Abolition of office and re-organisation.

- (1) he may, if he has been in the public service for less than ten years, be granted in lieu of any gratuity under Regulation 5 or Regulation 11 of these Regulations, a pension under Regulation 4, 8, 9, or 10, as the case may be, as if the words "for ten years or more" were omitted from Regulation 4;
- (2) he may, if he retire from the service of the Colony, be granted an additional pension at the annual rate of one seventy second of his pensionable emoluments for each complete period of three years' pensionable service:

Provided that -

- (a) the addition shall not exceed ten seventy seconds; and
- (b) the addition together with the remainder of the officer's pension shall not exceed the pension for which he would have been eligible if he had continued to hold the office held by him at the date of his retirement, and retired on reaching the age at which he may be required to retire without the approval of the Secretary of State, having received all increments for which he would have been eligible by that date.
- 21. (1) If an officer holding a pensionable office in which he has been confirmed is permanently injured—

Officers retiring on account of injuries.

- (a) in the actual discharge of his duty, and
- (b) without his own default, and
- (c) on account of circumstances specifically attributable to the nature of his duty,
- (i) he may, if his retirement is thereby necessitated or materially accelerated and he has been in the public service for less than ten years, be granted, in lieu of any gratuity under Regulation 5 or Regulation 11 of these Regulations, a pension under Regulation 4, 8, 9 or 10, as the case may be, as if the words "for ten years or more" were omitted from the said Regulation 4;
- (ii) he may, if so injured while in the service of the Colony, be granted on retirement an additional pension at the annual rate of the proportion of his actual pensionable emoluments at the date of his injury appropriate to his case as shown in the following table:—

When his capacity to contribute to his own support is:-

slightly impaired, five seventy seconds; impaired, ten seventy seconds; materially impaired, fifteen seventy seconds; totally destroyed, twenty seventy seconds;

Provided that the amount of the additional pension may be reduced to such an extent as the Governor in Council shall think reasonable where the injury is not the cause or the sole cause of retirement.

- (2) An officer so injured while in the service of the Colony, not holding a pensionable office, or holding a pensionable office in which he has not been confirmed, may be granted on retirement a pension of the same amount as the additional pension which might be granted to him under paragraph (1) of this Regulation if his office were a pensionable office and he had been confirmed therein. The provisions of Regulation 22 shall not apply to a pension granted under this paragraph.
- (3) An officer who is permanently injured while travelling by air in pursuance of official instructions shall be deemed to have been injured in the circumstances detailed in (a) and (c) of paragraph (1); provided that in such a case and if (b) is also satisfied the rates of pension prescribed in that paragraph shall be seven and a half seventy seconds; fifteen seventy seconds; twenty-two and a half seventy seconds; and thirty seventy seconds respectively.
- (4) Neither sub-paragraph (ii) of paragraph (1) nor paragraph (2) of this regulation shall apply in the case of an officer selected for appointment to the service of the Colony who, in consequence of his injury, is entitled to compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937, or any Ordinance amending or replacing that Ordinance.

Gratuity and reduced pension.

22. (1) Any officer to whom a pension is granted under the Ordinance may, at his option exercisable as in this Regulation provided, be paid in lieu of such pension a pension at the rate of three fourths of such pension together with a gratuity equal to ten times the amount of the reduction so made in the pension:

Provided that in the application of this Regulation to cases where the limitation prescribed by subsection (2) of section 9 of the Ordinance operates, the words "such pension" shall mean the amount of pension which the officer might have drawn from the funds of the Colony if he had not exercised his option under this Regulation.

- (2) The option referred to in paragraph (1) of this Regulation shall be exercisable
 - (a) in the case of an officer to whom, if retired in the circumstances described in paragraph (5) of section 6 of the Ordinance, a pension might be awarded by reason only of the taking into account, under Regulation 17, of service otherwise than in a pensionable office, not later than six months from the date when he received notice of the approval of the Governor in Council for taking such service into account;
 - (b) in the case of an officer who is transferred to the service of the Colony from other public service, not later than six months after the earliest date on which, if retired in the circumstances aforesaid, he might be awarded a pension under this Ordinance;
 - (c) in the case of any other officer, not later than one month after the earliest date on which, if retired in the circumstances aforesaid, he might be awarded a pension under the Ordinance:

Provided that

(i) an officer who has previously had the opportunity of exercising the option but has not done so, may, if he subsequently marries and is still in the service of the Colony or in any other public service, apply to the Governor not later than one month after the date of his marriage for permission to exercise the option, which permission may be granted at the Governor's discretion after examination of the officer by a Government Medical Board, and upon the grant of such permission the option shall be deemed to have been exercised;

- (ii) in special circumstances, if an officer has failed to exercise the option within the period specified in this Regulation, the Governor in Council may, if it appears to him equitable so to do, allow such officer to exercise the option within some time to be specified; and
- (iii) except as provided in proviso (i) to this paragraph, the date of the exercise of the option shall be deemed to be the date of the receipt of his written notification addressed either to the Colonial Secretary in the Colony or to the Crown Agents for the Colonies;
- (iv) where the officer was, before the date of the commencement of the Ordinance, entitled to exercise an option, then, if the time for exercising that option has expired before that date, he shall not be entitled to exercise an option under this regulation except in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (i) or paragraph (ii) of this proviso; and if he shall, before that date, have elected under the said regulation to receive a gratuity and reduced pension, this regulation shall apply in his case as if he had exercised his option thereunder.
- (3) If an officer has exercised the option his discretion shall be irrevocable.
- 23. (1) An officer holding a non-pensionable office who is not eligible for pension (other than a pension under Regulation 21) or otherwise eligible for gratuity from the funds of the Colony may—

Gratuities for Officers who have served in non-pensionable offices.

- (a) if he has been in the public service for not less than seven years and is removed from the service of the Colony in consequence of the abolition of his office, or for the purpose of facilitating improvements in the organisation of the department to which he belongs, by which economy can be effected: or
- (b) if he has been in the public service for not less than fifteen years and he retires in any of the other cases mentioned in section 6 of the Ordinance other than that mentioned in paragraphs (6) and (7) thereof,

be granted, if the Governor in Council thinks fit, a compassionate gratuity equal to one week's pay for each year of his service in the Colony which would be pensionable service if he were eligible for pension under these Regulations.

- (2) For the purpose of this Regulation -
- (a) "pay" includes any allowance which the Governor in Council may think fit to include;
- (b) Regulation 13 may be disregarded, but directions may be given by the Governor in Council, either generally or in any particular case, for disregarding periods of service prior to breaks of three years or more, to dismissal for misconduct or to voluntary resignation, or periods during which an officer has served less than a number of days prescribed in the directions, and such directions shall have effect as if they were contained in this Regulation.
- (c) an officer who having held a non-pensionable office, is serving on probation in a pensionable office, shall be deemed to hold a non-pensionable office and his pay shall be deemed to be the pensionable emoluments of the pensionable office or the pay last received by him in respect of his service in a non-pensionable office, whichever shall be the greater.

SCHEDULE

Regulation 8.

Aden.

Bahamas.

Barbados.

Basutoland.

Bechnanaland Protectorate.

Bermuda.

British Guiana.

British Honduras.

British Solomon Islands Protectorate.

Cayman Islands.

Ceylon.

Colonial Audit Department

(Home Establishment)

Crown Agents for the Colonies.

Cyprus.

Dominica.

Federated Malay States.

Fiji.

Gambia.

Gibraltar.

Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony.

Gold Coast.

Grenada.

Hong Kong.

Jamaica.

Kenya.

Kenya and Uganda Railways and

Harbour Administration.

Leeward Islands.

Malayan Establishment.

Malta.

Mauritins.

Nigeria.

Northern Rhodesia.

Nyasaland.

Palestine.

St. Helena.

St. Lucia.

St. Vincent.

Seychelles.

de Chenes.

Sierra Leone.

Somaliland.

Straits Settlement.

Tanganyika Territory.

Trinidad.

Turks and Caicos Islands.

Uganda.

United Kingdom of Great Britain and

Northern Ireland.

Zanzibar.

M.P. 0829.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 8 of the Education Ordinance, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD.

No. 12 of 1949.

Governor.

- I. These Regulations may be cited as the Schools Regu-Short title. lations, 1949.
- 2. (1) The hours of attendance at recognised schools shall Hours of attendance. be in accordance with the time table prepared by the Superintendent of Education and approved by the Governor.

- (2) Teachers shall open schools punctually at the times fixed by the time tables.
- (3) Teachers shall register the attendance of children at each morning and afternoon session and shall not register an attendance where a child arrives more than 15 minutes after the commencement of the session.
 - 3. (1) The regular School holidays shall be:

School holidays.

- (a) Saturdays and public holidays;
- (b) the week following the last Friday in June and the week following the last Friday in September. Seven weeks commencing with the week in which Christmas Day falls.
- (2) No other holidays shall be given without the sanction of the Governor.
- The Governor may close schools temporarily on account of an epidemic disease or for other sufficient cause.

Closure due to disease.

5. Time tables and schemes of work shall be prepared in advance by the head teacher of each school and submitted to the Superintendent of Education for his approval.

Schemes of work.

6. (1) The head teacher in each school shall maintain a Log Book containing daily entries as to the progress and all other facts connected with the school and teachers.

Log Books.

- (2) An entry shall not be removed or altered otherwise than by a subsequent entry.
- 7. The accounts of Government schools shall be kept by the Superintendent of Education in the book and forms supplied for that purpose and in the manner approved by the Governor.

Accounts.

8. The cost of all material used in handicraft classes, other than that which the headmaster shall decide is necessary for that purpose, shall be borne by the parent of the child or the person receiving such instruction.

Materials.

9. (1) Such children as a headmaster may select shall, and any person over school leaving age may, attend Continuation Classes subject, in the case of a person over school leaving age, to his paying in advance 2/6 on Monday of each week he attends, and subject also to his being liable to be instantly dismissed from such classes, if in the opinion of the headmaster he is not availing himself of the instruction provided.

Continuation classes.

(2) Persons over school leaving age may elect to receive instruction in all or any of the following subjects: reading, writing, mathematics, a language, needlework, woodwork and gardening.

Rescissions.

10. The Regulations for Government Schools, 1909, the Education (Amendment) Regulations, 1924, and the Government Schools (Amendment) Regulations, 1933, are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 30th day of December, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 24/41.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 84 of the Licensing Ordinance, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor

No. 13 of 1949.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Licensing Ordinance, 1949, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations:

- 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Licensing Regulations, 1949.
- 2. Any licensed person who shall sell intoxicating liquor to any member of His Majesty's Armed Forces or to any member of the crew, other than a resident in the Colony, of any vessel entering Stanley Harbour for consumption off licensed premises, or to any person well knowing or having good reason to believe that such liquor is required for consumption off licensed premises by such members of His Majesty's Armed Forces, or by the crew of any vessel entering Stanley Harbour shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to the penalties set out in Section 70 of the Licensing Ordinance, 1949, and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.
- 3. The licensed premises known as the "Mon-Star Hotel" shall be open on Sundays. Christmas Day and Good Friday from 12 noon until 2.30 p.m. and from 4.30 p.m. until 10 p.m. but in all other respects shall comply with the hours specified in section 35 of the Licensing Ordinance, 1949.

Made by the Govenor in Executive Council on the 30th day of December, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 1092.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 14 of 1949.

Governor.

By virtue of the powers vested in him by Section 45 of the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Livestock Quarantine (Amendment) Regulations, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Livestock Quarantine Regulations, 1947.

Short title.

2. Regulation 11 of the Livestock Quarantine Regulations shall be amended by the addition of the following proviso:

Regulation 11 amended.

Provided that when any hay, straw or fodder is imported for the purpose of feeding animals in quarantine and it has not been possible to obtain the declaration hereinbefore provided for, the Agricultural Officer may authorise such hay, straw or fodder to be landed and used in the quarantine area only.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 30th day of December, 1949.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 1094.

Travelling and Subsistence Allowances to Officers (Amendment) Rules, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 6 of 1949. Governor.

The Rules for the grant of Travelling and Subsistence Allowances to officers travelling on duty made on the 8th day of February, 1936, are hereby amended by the amount of Subsistence Allowance paid to (a) Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils and (b) Unofficial Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils visiting Stanley for the purpose of attending meetings being increased from 15/- to £1 for every night spent away from his usual headquarters.

Made by the Governor in Council on the 2nd day of December, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 101/30.

Rules made by the Governor in Council under the Trespass Ordinance 1904.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 7 of 1949.

Governor.

Short title.

1. These Rules may be cited as the Stanley Common Rules 1949.

Definitions.

2. In these rules

"cattle" means any cow heifer or calf.

"brand" means any distinguishing mark, letter or number or combination thereof distinctly and permanently impressed or made upon any cattle.

"owner" means any owner of cattle or his manager or agent.

Compulsory marking or branding.

- 3. (1) An owner licensed to graze cattle on Stanley Common shall cause all his cattle over the age of 6 months to be earmarked or branded with a mark or brand approved by the Agricultural Officer in such a manner as the Agricultural Officer shall direct before such cattle are grazed on the Common.
 - (2) Any owner who:
 - (a) fails, neglects, or omits to mark or brand his cattle as aforesaid, or
 - (b) marks or brands any cattle with any brand other than one approved by the Agricultural Officer, or
 - (c) marks or brands any cattle other than in a manner directed by the Agricultural Officer,

shall commit an offence.

Examination before going on to Common.

4. No cattle shall be grazed on the Common before they have been examined, tested and declared by a Stock Inspector to be free from ring-worm and any other infectious or contagious disease, including tuberculosis.

Bull Calves to be castrated.

5. No bull calf over the age of 3 months shall be grazed on the Common unless it shall have been castrated.

Animals grazing on reserved land.

6. Any cattle or horses found grazing on land which is not open for public grazing shall be impounded but may be released from the pound upon the owner paying a fee of 2/6d. for removing each animal to the part open for public grazing.

Provided that owners of Camp horses may graze such horses on the Western Section of the Common during sports week.

Removal, destruction etc. of animals.

7. The Agricultural Officer may order the removal, isolation, treatment, disposal or destruction, at the expense of the owner of any animal suffering, or suspected to be suffering, from any contagious disease.

Provided that the owner of any animal so destroyed may be compensated in a sum equal to two-thirds the value of the animal at the time of its destruction but compensation shall not exceed the sum of £5 for each animal.

Burying animals on Common.

8. Any person who shall bury any animal on the Common shall report such burial to the Agricultural Officer within seven days of the date thereof.

9. Any person not complying with or offending against Penalty, these Rules shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

10. The Stanley Common Rules 1941 are hereby rescinded.

Rescission.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 19th day of August, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 1095.

By-laws made by the Board of Health etc. under Sections 18 and 19 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1894. and approved by the Governor in Council.

1. These By-laws may be cited as the Board of Health etc. Shor Consolidated (Amendment) By-laws, 1949, and shall be read and construed as one with the Board of Health for the Falkland Islands and Dependencies Consolidated By-laws, 1937, (hereinafter referred to as "the By-laws").

Short title.

2. The words "in Stanley" in the definition of "Public water main drain or sewer" in No. 2 of the By-laws shall be deleted.

Amendments: By-law 2.

3. The words "He shall enter and inspect between sunrise and sunset, once in every three months, the yards and outbuildings of all premises in the town of Stanley, and he shall report any nuisance found by him without delay to the Chairman of the Board, who shall take such action as he may deem necessary" in No. 3 of the By-laws shall be deleted.

By-law 3.

4. The words "and shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings as provided in the Ordinance" in No. 8 of the By-laws shall be deleted.

By-law 8.

5. The words "and the lines of any public water main or sewer with which it is proposed to connect the water supply" in lines 13, 14, and 15 of No. 10 of the By-laws shall be deleted.

By-law 10.

- 6. The words "Dwelling house" shall be substituted for the By-law 15. words "domestic building" in No. 15 of the By-laws.
- 7. No. 33 of the By-laws shall be amended by the addition of "(9) (a) Water closet built in a house shall not open directly out of any main room".

By-law 33.

8. No. 56 (ii) of the By-laws shall be deleted.

By-law 56.

9. The words "and a medical practitioner attending a case of By-law 57. an infectious disease" shall be deleted.

By-law 62.

10. The words "or any other town" shall be inserted after the word "Stanley" in line 2 and the words "published in the Gazette and" inserted after the word "be" in line 5.

By-law 63.

11. The word "town" shall be inserted after the letter "a" in line I of No. 63 of the By-laws.

By-law 65.

- 12. No. 65 of the By-laws shall be amended as follows:
 - thereof by inserting the words "after death" after the the word "hours" in line 6.
 - thereof by substituting the words "unless" and "authorises" for the words "if" and "certifies" respectively.
 - thereof by the deletion of the words "Penalties may (vi) be inflicted on" in line 1 and by the addition of the words "shall commit an offence" after the word "officer" in line 5.

By-laws 4, 66, 67, 68 and 81.

By-laws 73, 74, 76 and 79.

Nos. 4, 66, 67, 68 and 81 of the By-laws shall be deleted. 13.

Nos. 73, 74, 76 and 79 of the By-laws shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

"73. Any person who shall

Discharging filth etc.

Driving animals over drains.

Carrying on

obnoxious trades.

- (a) discharge or deposit in or upon any public road or street or in any water course drain or ditch any stones, earth, weeds, sweepings, filth, paper, rags or rubbish of any kind; or
- (b) drive or lead or take horses, cattle or vehicles over open drains or tether horses or cattle in the vicinity of such drains, or
- carry on any noxious or offensive trade which in the opinion of the Board may be injurious to public health without the permission in writing of the Board first obtained or neglects, fails or omits to observe or comply with the terms and conditions of such permission; or
- (d) hold any market without the permission of the Board in writing first obtained or neglect, fail or omit to observe or comply with the terms and conditions of such permission

shall commit an offence."

By-laws 75 and 77.

Markets.

- Nos. 75 and 77 of the By-laws shall be amended to read "74". The owner or occupier of any premises who shall not
 - (a) keep in a thorough state of cleanliness and repair all water courses, open ditches, or gutters upon his premises and prevent the accumulation of noxious matter by removing it to a place of deposit as the Board may order, or
 - (b) protect the water supply to such premises in such manner as the Board may consider necessary to secure the utmost possible purity

shall commit an offence.

Section 80.

No. 80 of the By-laws shall be amended to read:

"An Inspector may board and inspect any vessel other than one of H.M's ships and report in writing to the S.M.O. and the Board may make such order for cleaning and disinfecting the vessel as the Board may deem fit. Any owner or master of such vessel who neglects, fails or omits to comply with any order of the Board shall commit an offence."

Section 82.

Operation.

- 17. No. 82 of the By-laws shall be amended to read:
 - By-laws 55 to 65 (inclusive) shall be in force in Stanley but otherwise these By-laws shall be in force in the areas outside Stanley only;

(b) By-laws 6, 9 to 17 inclusive and 39 shall not come into force until the Governor in Council shall so order.

Provided that the plans of any building to be used as a dwelling house and of the drainage in connection therewith shall be submitted to and approved by the Board before any person shall begin to erect such building.

(c) Any person who shall neglect, fail or omit to submit plans as required under (b) hereof shall commit an offence."

Made by the Board of Health at a meeting held on the 24th of October, 1949.

T. I. Biggs,

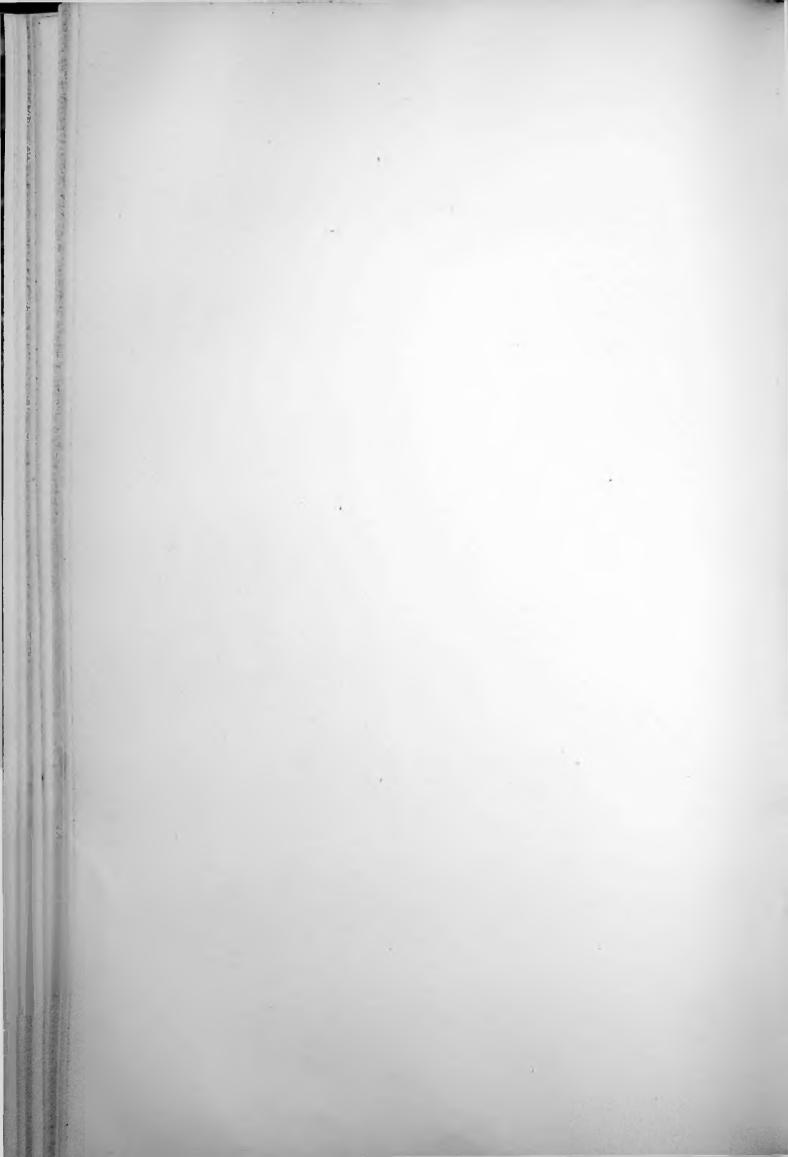
(Verk of the Board of Health.

Approved by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 2nd of December, 1949.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0895.





The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.	MARCH 1, 1950.				No. 3.
	NEV	V APPOINTMENT	`S.		
Name	Department	Office	Date	Rem	arks
Barnes, B.	Communications	Deckhand, m.v. 'Philomel'	1.2.50.	On probation	n for 6 months.
Beattie, E.	Communications	Mechanic, m.v. 'Philomel'	1.2.50.		
Berntsen, Miss F. S.	Education	Teacher-in- Training.	13.2.50.	**	
Cronin, D. Gutteridge, E. C.	Education Public Works	Teacher Superintendent, Power House	16.2.50. 15.2.50.	Developmer	nt Programme. —
Halliday, Miss H. F.	Posts & Telegraphs	Telephone Op. 1.2.50. (Unestablished)		On probation	on for 6 months.
	TERMINA	TION OF APPOIN	TMENTS.		
	Department	Office .		Date	Reason
		Clerk, Gr.	IV.	31.12.49.	Resigned.
Earle, D.	Customs Meteorological	Met. Assist		28.2.50.	,,
Pitaluga, R.	Police & Prisons	Gaol Matro	on	27.1.50.	,,
Jenkins, Mrs. A. H. McLaren, J.	Meteorological	Junior Met	t. Observer	15.2.50.	,,

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER.

Colonial Secretary.

No.-10.

3rd February, 1950.

On the recommendation of the Selection Committee His Excellency the Governor selected the following candidate for the Scholarship to the British School in Montevideo, in 1950:

DOREEN EUNICE ANDERSON, of San Carlos.

As she withdrew her name, and no other candidate qualified, no scholarship will be granted this year.

Falkland Prizes are awarded to :-

- DOREEN EUNICE ANDERSON,
- ELIZABETH DIANA JENKINS,
- 3. JOHN LANG.

M.P. 0808.

No. 11.

9th February, 1950.

INSURANCE OF PASSENGERS BY AIR.

With effect from the 10th of February, 1950, insurance up to a cover of £1,000 in the event of death, with proportionate payments for injury, will be compulsory for all passengers travelling by the Government air service. Arrangements for insurance have been made through the Crown Agents for the Colonies, and it will be effected automatically. The premium for cover of £1.000 is 4/- per day per person and this amount will be added to the bill for each flight. No action is required by the passenger.

Any passenger, may, if he wishes, insure for more than £1,000 up to a maximum of £20,000. The premium is 4/- for each £1,000 per day. Passengers wishing to insure for more than £1,000 should, if starting their journey from Stanley, call at the Secretariat before leaving to fill in the necessary form and pay the additional premium. If starting their journey from a point in the Camp they should call on the nearest Farm Manager to whom copies of the necessary forms have been sent.

Cover for £1,000 will be automatic. If cover for more than £1,000 is desired the necessary form must be completed and the extra premium paid before the flight is undertaken.

M.P. 1178.

15th February, 1950.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MR. CHARLES CLIFTON

to act as Common Ranger, and

MR. GEORGE STEWART

to act as Poundkeeper, with effect from the 1st of February, 1950.

M.P. 0689.

No. 13.

23rd February, 1950.

Return of His Excellency the Governor from a tour of the Dependencies.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, dated the 16th of January. 1950, appointing the Honourable Mr. M. R. Raymer to act as Governor's Deputy, it is hereby notified, for general information, that His Excellency Sir Miles Clifford, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., returned to Stanley on Wednesday, the 22nd of February, 1950.

M.P. P/363/III.

No. 14.

28th February, 1950.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 5 of the 16th of January, 1950, it is hereby notified for general information that the following addition is made to the List of Magistrates and Justices of the Peace of the Colony and its Dependencies :-

THE HONOURABLE MR. M. R. RAYMER to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony, with effect from the 27th of February, 1950.

M.P. 0547.

No. 14A.

1st March, 1950.

With reference to the Register of Electors published in the Falkland Islands Gazette of the 1st of February, 1949, under the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948, the following revision of the Electoral Register for the East Falkland Electoral Area is hereby notified :-

DELETIONS

- Barton, Arthur Grenfell 17
- 18 Barton, Dorothy Iowa
- Cartmell, William John 48
- Finlayson, Hugh 61
- Goodwin. Ada Margaret 71
- 90 Lang, Frank
- Middleton, Stewart 121
- Pole-Evans, Anthony Reginald 151
- 152Pole-Evans, Jessie

ADDENDA

- 194 Anderson, Samuel Allan (Sur.)
- Biggs, Malcolm Wilfred 195
- 195Blackley, William
- Felton, Arthur Alfred Felton, Harriet May 197
- 198
- 199 Heathman, Stanley Kenneth
- 200 Heathman, Violet
- Morrison, Hyacinth Emily 201
- Newman, Silas Alexander Frederick 202
- 203 Vinson, Marjorie
- Davis, William John 204
- 205 May, James John

M.P. 0068/B

No. 14B.

1st March, 1950.

Government clocks will be put back one hour at midnight, Saturday/Sunday, the 25th/26th of March. 1950, reverting to local mean time.

M.P. 0068.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Margaret Lanning, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas George Thomas Lanning, son of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

15th February, 1950.

L. 3/50.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Thomas Binnie, of Stanley, Falkland Islands,
deceased.

Whereas Nisbet Binnie, attorney for Edward Beveridge Binnie, the surviving Executor appointed under the Will of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

15th February, 1950.

L. 17/46.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Thomas Nathaniel Paice, of Stanley, Falkland

Islands, deceased.

Whereas Faith Ann Paice, wife of the above named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

23rd February, 1950.

L. 34/49.

H. Bennett,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

NOTIFICATION.

Application of certain laws of the Colony to the Dependencies.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

Under and by virtue of the powers conferred on him by section 3 of the Dependencies Ordinance, 1908, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare and hereby declares that the Ordinances set out in the Schedule hereto together with any Ordinances them amending and any Rules, Regulations, Orders or By-laws made thereunder shall apply to the Dependencies with effect from the date of their enactment.

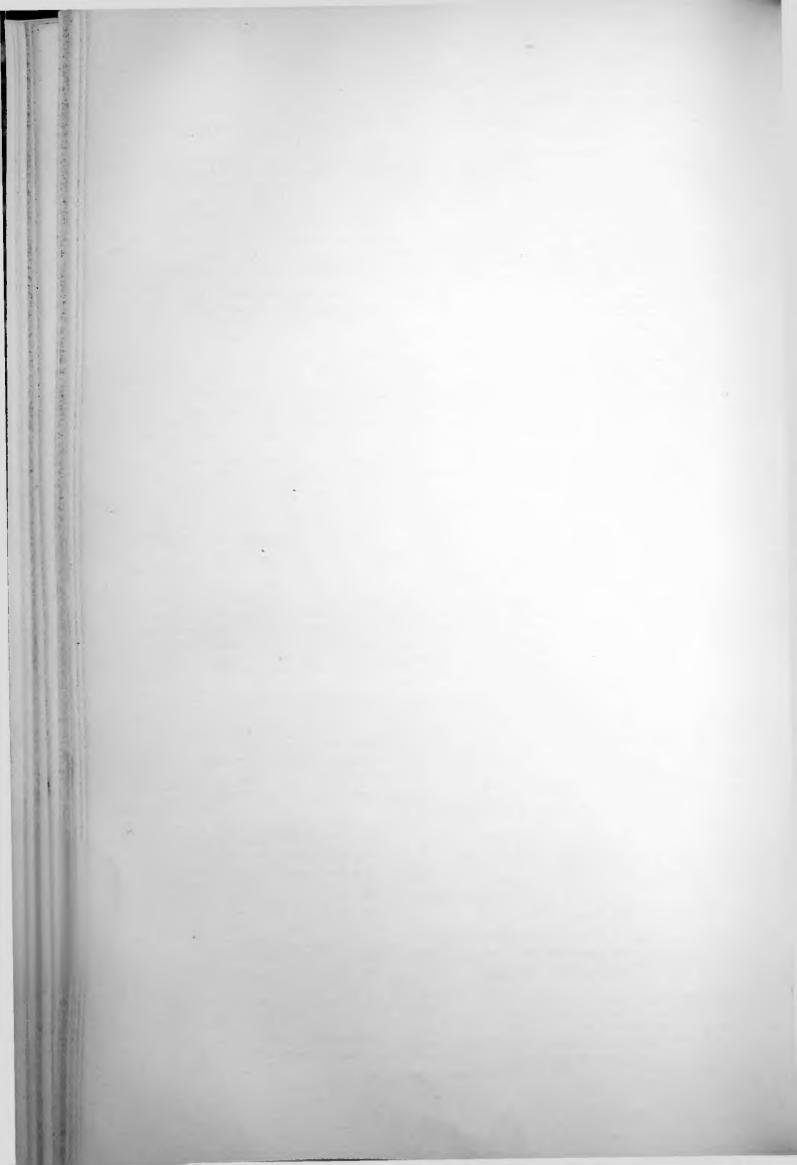
Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 9th day of January, 1950.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Executive Council.

SCHEDULE.

No. 12 of 1949.
No. 13 of 1949.
No. 16 of 1949.
No. 20 of 1949.
No. 22 of 1949.
No. 25 of 1949.
No. 26 of 1949.
No. 10 of 1898.

M.P. 0188.





The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.		APRIL 1, 195	0. 		No. 4.
	NEV	V APPOINTMEN	NTS.		
Name Atkins, Miss G. Halkett, N. McKay, Miss I.	Public Works A Education P	Office taff Nurse pprentice Painter upil Teacher	1.3.50.	On probat	emarks tion for 6 months.
Biggs, Miss J.	CONFIRMAT Department Public Works	Office Office lerk, Grade IV.	Date 1.7.49.		Rem ark s —
20001 12100 07		TION OF APPO	INTMENTS.		
Hennah, T. H. H. Kelway, J. G. King, F. H. Wallin, R. A. J.	Department Electrical & Telegrap Harbour Public Works Secretariat	Engineer Foreman	ce wer House Carpenter ce Printer	Date 22.3.50. 20.3.50. 20.3.50. 8.3.50.	Reason On retirement. "" Resigned.
		LEAVE.			
Enestrom, E. W.	Department Posts & Telegraphs	<i>Office</i> Postma s ter	Period 180 days	Date 27.3.50.	Remarks. Including period of voyages.
Fuhlendorff, V. E. Kelway, E. G. Osborne, Mrs. M. A.	Public Works Education	Electrician Blacksmith Teacher	180 days 180 days 180 days	27.3.50. 27.3.50. 27.3.50.	"

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 15.

4th March, 1950.

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified that His Majesty the King has been pleased to entrust to the care of the Right Honourable James Griffiths. M.P., as one of the Principal Secretaries of State, the Seals of the Colonial Department.

M.P. 119

No. 16.

9th March, 1950.

THE STANLEY TOWN COUNCIL ORDINANCE No. 1 of 1947.

Consequent on the resignation of Mr. A. H. Hills, a casual vacancy exists in the West Ward of the Stanley Electoral Area.

In accordance with Section 8 (2) of the Stanley Town Council Ordinance, His Excellency the Governor has directed that Friday the 31st of March, 1950, shall be the day of the by-election to fill the vacancy thus caused.

M.P. 0039/C

No. 17.

22nd March, 1950-

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:-

Ordinance No. 19 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920."

M.P. 610/21.

No. 18.

27th March, 1950.

Under Section 4, sub-section (2) of Ordinance No. 8 of 1938, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following officers to the Board of Management of the Government Employees' Provident Fund:—

Mr. B. N. Biggs Mr. L. Gleadell Mr. W. Hirtle vice Mr. E. Enestrom Mrs. M. Osborne.

M.P. 0146/A.

No. 19.

27th March, 1950.

In accordance with the Falkland Islands Currency Notes Rules, 1939. His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve the appointment of

MAJOR L. W. ALDRIDGE, M.B.E., E.D., J.P., MR. W. HIRTLE.

to be Currency Officers with effect from the 27th of March, 1950.

M.P. 1211/A.

No. 20.

31st March, 1950.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

Mr. J. Bound,

to act as Postmaster, during the absence on leave of Mr. E. W. Enestrom, and with effect from the 27th of March, 1950.

M P. P/186.

16th March, 1950.

It is notified for public information that foreign currency will in future be granted as follows for visits to countries in South America:

FOR HOLIDAYS: £50 for adults, £25 for children under 16 years of age, plus hotel expenses.

Passengers in Transit: £20 for adults, £10 for children under 16 years of age, plus hotel expenses.

VISITS FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT: £1 per day plus the cost of treatment, and of board and lodging.

2. Cases which do not fall into these categories will be dealt with as they arise, and application should be made in writing to the Treasury. Stanley.

TOWN COUNCIL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given of the existence of a casual vacancy among the elected members of the Town Council following the resignation of Mr. A. H. Hills on 28th February, 1949.

LES. HARDY.

Chairman.

6th March, 1950.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Wickham Howard Clement, Esquire, to be a Member of the Executive Council.

MILES CLIFFORD — By His Excellency SIR MILES CLIFFORD, Knight
Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British
Empire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order
of Saint Michael and Saint George, upon whom has
been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and
Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the
Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and Vice
Admiral thereof.

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 13th day of December, 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet.

AND WHEREAS by instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1948, it is declared that the Governor in pursuance of instructions from His Majesty the King through one of his Principal Secretaries of State, may, from time to time, appoint persons other than ex-officio Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony,

NOW THEREFORE, I, SIR MILES CLIFFORD, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, having received such instructions from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, do hereby appoint

WICKHAM HOWARD CLEMENT, ESQUIRE,

to be a Member of my Executive Council.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 29th day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Fifty.

By His Excellency's Command,

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

TOWN COUNCIL ESTIMATES, 1950.

Head.			Subhead.		Estimate	1950.	Estimated 1949.		
REVENUE.						£	£	£	£
						70		50	
1. Cemetery 2. Fire Brigade	***					250		150	
3. Government G	eant					800		2000	
4. Library	***					30		50	
5. Baths & Gymna	asium					200		400	
6. General Rate	4.92				* * *	1490		1030	
7. Water Rate	***		***			850 12		600	
8. Rents 9. Miscellaneous	***					. iz		5	
5. Miscenaneous	***			***			3707		4285
							3707		4285
				_					1200
XPENDITURE.									
1. Town Clerk				***	***	290	290	260	260
2. CEMETERY		a.	Wages			167	200	140	£0€
- Campient		a. D.	Upkeep	***	***	10		40	
			o pilote	***			177		180
3. FIRE BRIGADE	;	a.	Wages		***	325		200	
	1	b.	Upkeep	***		75		50	
			***			100	400	30	250
4. LIBRARY		a.	Wages	***	***	100		60	
		b.	Rent & Light Books etc.	***	***	10 30		$\frac{100}{75}$	
		c.	Books etc.	+++		00	140	1.9	23
5. MISCELLANEO	us :	a.	Rent		***	50	190	24	~17
0. 1.1.000000111100		b.	Fuel & Light		***	20		10	
		c.	Telephones	***	***	11		_	
		d.	Stationery	***	***	10		15	
		e.	Cleaning			30		10	
		f.	Provident Fund	***		60		50	
		g.	Elections	***	***	10		10	
		h.	Audit			10		_	
		i.	Insurance	****	***	10		10	
		j.	Unforeseen	944	***	10	v0.1	10	12
6. CHARITABLE	Derive					800	221	800	12
U. CHARITABLE	RELIEF			***	***		800	1,00	80
7. PUBLIC BATH	s	a.	Wages			200	000	185	
		b.	Fuel		***	140		181	
		c.	Light	***	***	40		40	
		d.	Supplies			20		20	
		e.	Laundry			12		15	
& Co. marries			1 m2 C				412	1)50	44
8. SCAVENGING		a.	Ash Contract	***		510		350	
		b. c.	Sanitation Scavengers			440		940	
		d.	Fodder	***	***	30		50	
		e.	Repairs	***	***	10		20	
		f.	Connections	***		60		_	
				500			1050		136
9. STREET LIGH	HTS	a.	Current			400		400	
		b.	Repairs etc.	***	***	10		10	
10. WATER SUP	D						410		41
IO. WATER SUP	PLY	a.		***	***	40		50	
		b.		***		20		20	
		C.	Connections	***		30		-	_
							- 90		. 7
							2000		413
							3990		#10

Approved by the Town Council, 19th January, 1950

Vital Statistics for the year ended 31st December, 1949

COLONY

Bi	rt	h	S
ועו	1 6	11	3

					Male	Female	Total
Stanley	****		****	****	10	22	32
East Falkland		****	****	****	2	1	3
West Falkland	****	****			2	3	5
			CD . 1				
			Total		14	26	40

Віктнѕ 1948 31

Deaths

					Male	Femal e	Total
Stanley	****	****	****		16	14	30
East Falkland	****	****	****		2	_	2
West Falkland				****	_	1	1
			Total		18	15	33

Maternal Mortality — Infantile ,, 1 Still Births —

DEATHS 1948 25

Marriages

			Anglican	Roman Catholic	Non- conformist	Registrar	Total
Stanley	****		4	2	4	2	12
East Falkland		****	_	_	_	2	2
West Falkland			_	_	_	3	3
	Total		4	2	4	7	17

Marriages 1948 19

Arrivals

1949	males 142	females 76	Total 218
1948	103	,, 62	,, 165

Departures

1949	males 127	females 99	Total 226
1948	,, 104	,, 72	,, 176

Population

Estimated population of the Falkland Islands 1st January 1949 - 2268

Estimated population 31st December 1949 - 2267, decrease 1, as shown below -

Estimated population	Males		Females	Total
31st December 1948	1239		1029	2268
Add births 1949	14		26	40
	1253		1055	2308
Add arrivals 1949	142		76	218
Deduct deaths 1949	1395 18		1131	2526 33
	1377		1116	2493
Deduct departures 1949	127		99	226
Totals	1250		1017	2267
Birth rate per 1,000			17.64	
Illegitimate births, actual	****		2	
Death rate per 1,000			14.60	
Population per sq. mile	****	****	0.49	

DEPENDENCIES

	Marriage	s Nil	Births	Nil	I	Deaths 2 mal	(·s
					Males	Females	Total
Estimated	resident popu	ılation a	t South Georgia		1533	4	1537
77	77	77	, other Depender	ncies	29	_	29
			Total	****	1562	4	1566

H. Bennett,

Registrar General.

Stanley, Falkland Islands, 3rd February, 1950.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Stanley Town Council Ordinance, 1947.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Council (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Stanley Town Council Ordinance, 1947, hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance.

Short title.

2. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by the deletion of the words "Provided that no person in the established service of the Government shall be nominated for election." appearing in the third and fourth lines thereof.

Amendment : Section 10.

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Ordinance as it stands precludes Civil Servants in established posts from serving on the Town Council.

In a small community such as Stanley there would appear to be no valid reason for this preclusion, and the amendment now proposed will allow all Civil Servants to be nominated for election to the Town Council.

M.P. 0039/C.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To confer upon the consular officers of foreign states with which consular conventions are concluded by His Majesty certain powers relating to the administration of estates and property of deceased persons and to restrict the powers of constables and other persons to enter the consular offices of such states.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Consular Conventions Short title. Ordinance, 1950.

2. A state to which this section applies

(1) may acquire land, buildings, parts of buildings and their appurtenances either free-hold or leasehold, for the purpose of a consular office or for a residence for a consular officer or employee or for any purpose approved by the Governor-in-Council,

Ownership of land.

62

(2) may erect buildings and appurtenances on such land for any of the purposes specified in subsection (1) hereof subject to any regulations as to building or otherwise then in force.

Restriction of powers of entry in relation to consular offices.

3. (1) Subject as hereafter provided a consular office of a State to which this section applies shall not be entered by a constable or other person acting in the execution of any warrant or other legal process or in exercise of powers conferred by or under any law (whether passed before or after the commencement of this Ordinance) or otherwise, except with the consent of the consular officer in charge of that office or, if that consent is withheld or cannot be obtained, with the consent of a Secretary of State.

Provided that the foregoing provisions of this subsection shall not apply in relation to any entry effected

- (a) for the purpose of extinguishing a fire;
- (b) by a constable having reasonable cause to believe that a crime involving violence has been or is being or is about to be committed in the consular office;
- (c) by any person entitled to enter by virtue of any easement, contract or other private right.
- (2) This section shall not apply to any consular office which for the time being is in charge of a consular officer who is a citizen of the United Kingdom and Colonies or is not a national of the State by which that office is maintained.
- (3) For the purposes of this section the expression "consular office" means any building or part of a building which is exclusively occupied for the purposes of the official business of a consular officer.

Compensation for property expropriated or seized for national defence or for a public purpose.

4. Compensation for any land, building or parts of buildings and appurtenances expropriated or seized for purposes of national defence or for a public purpose payable to a state to which this section applies shall be paid at the official selling rate of exchange most favourable to the State at the time when the property was expropriated or seized in a form readily convertible into the currency of and transferable to the State not later than three months from the date on which the consulate or consular officer or employee is deprived of possession.

Powers of consular officers in relation to property of deceased person in the Colony.

- 5. (1) Where any person who is a national of the State to which this section applies is named as executor in the will of a deceased person disposing of property in the Colony, or is otherwise a person to whom a grant of representation to the estate in the Colony of a deceased person may be made, then if the Court is satisfied, on the application of a consular officer of the State, that the said national is not resident in the Colony, and if no application for a grant of such representation is made by a person duly authorised by power of attorney to act for him in that behalf, the court shall make to that officer any such grant of representation to the estate of the deceased as would be made to him if he were so authorised as aforesaid.
- (2) Where any person who is a national of a State to which this section applies:-
 - (a) is entitled to any money or other property in the Colony forming part of the estate of a deceased person, or to receive payment in the Colony of any money becoming due on the death of a deceased person; or
 - (b) is among the persons to whom any money or other property of a deceased person may under any law whether passed before or after the commencement of this Ordinance be paid or delivered without grant of probate or other proof of title

then if the said national is not a resident in the Colony, a consular officer of that State shall have the like right and power to receive and give a valid discharge for any such money and property as if he were duly authorised by power of attorney to act for him in that behalf.

Provided that no person shall be authorised or required by this subsection to pay or deliver any money or property to a consular officer if it is within his knowledge that any other person in the Colony has been expressly authorised to receive that money or property on behalf of the said national.

- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance sureties shall not be required to an administration bond given by a consular officer upon the grant of administration by virtue of this section.
- (4) Nothwithstanding any rule of law conferring immunity or privilege in respect of the official acts and documents of consular officers, a consular officer shall not be entitled to any immunity or privilege in respect of any act-done by virtue of powers conferred on him by or under this section, or in respect of any document for the time being in his possession relating thereto.
- 6. (1) The Governor may by Order-in-Council direct that all or any of the sections of this Ordinance shall apply to any foreign state specified in the Order, being a state with which a consular convention providing for matters for which provision is made by any of those sections has been concluded by His Majesty.
- (2) Any Order-in-Council made under this section may be revoked by a subsequent Order.
- (3) Any Order made under this section shall be laid before the Legislative Council after being made.

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

This Bill, as its Title implies, seeks to introduce legislation on the lines of that in operation in the United Kingdom, to confer upon Consular Officers of Foreign States with which Consular Conventions are concluded by His Majesty, certain powers relating to the Administration of Estates and property of deceased persons and to restrict the powers of Constables and other persons to enter the Consular Offices of such States.

M.P. 0918.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Stanley Rates Ordinance, 1948.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Rates (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Stanley Rates Ordinance, 1948, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

Application.

- 2. Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by
 - (a) deleting the words "including those let to a tenant by the Government" in lines 4 and 5 of subsection (1) thereof; and

Section 3.

(b) by the deletion of subsection (2) thereof.

Section 5.

3. Subsection (a) of section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the words "(except where let to a tenant)".

Section 28.

- 4. Section 28 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by
 - (a) deleting the words "including those let to a tenant by the Government" in subsection (1) thereof; and
 - (b) by the deletion of subsection (2) thereof.

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Rates are payable by the owner of the property and not by the tenant.

The properties of the Crown are exempt from rates, but the Government makes annually to the Council a voluntary contribution in lieu of rates, and it is not the intention that, in addition, tenants of Government properties should pay rates. The amendments proposed in this Bill are designed to give effect to this policy.

M.P. 0653.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 1922.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Companies and Private Partnership (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 1922, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Section 2.

2. Section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

Imperial Act in force in the Colony.

"2. Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance the following Act of the Imperial Parliament is declared to be in force in the Colony in so far as it is applicable:-

The Companies Act, 1948 (11 & 12 Geo. VI., Ch. 38)."

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

By Section 2 of the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance of 1922, the Acts then in force in the United Kingdom for the Regulation of Companies were declared to be in force in the Colony in so far as they were applicable. These Acts in the United Kingdom have now been superceded by the Companies Act of 1948, and it is desirable that this Act, and not its outdated predecessors, should be in force in the Colony.

M.P. 129/22.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.		MAY 1, 1950.		No. 5.
		NEW APPOINTMEN	TS.	
Name	Department	Office	Date	Remarks
Dunbar, Miss M.	Education	Assistant Mistress	20.3.50.	-
Clifton, J. E.	Harbour	Leading Hand m.v. "Philomel"	1.4.50.	On probation for 6 months.
Reive, S.	Public Works	Electrician (New Conditions)	1.4.50.	On probation for 6 months.
Ross, R. W.	l'ublic Works (Electrical)	Assistant Engineman, Power House	1.5.50.	On probation for 6 months.
	CONFIR	RMATION OF APPO	INTMENT.	
	Department	O <u>!</u> /fice	Date	Remarks
McLeod, Miss P.	Medical	Staff Nurse	1.4.50.	-
	TERM	INATION OF APPOI	NTMENT.	
	Department	Office	Date	Reason
Jennings, Miss Y.	K.E.M. Hospita	al Staff Nurse	18.4.50.	Resigned.
		PROMOTION.		
	From		To	Date
Jones, R.	Assist. Engineer Harbot	r, Gr. IV. ar Department.	Engineer, Gr. II. m.v. "Philo	8. 12. 49.
		TRANSFER.		
	From		To	Date
Sornsen, Miss J.	Staff Nurse, K.	E.M. Hospital	Camp Teacher	16.4.50.

LEAVE.

	Department	Office	Period	Date	Remarks.
Stafford, Dr. J. I.	Medical	Medical Officer	180 days	28.4.50,	Exclusive of time taken on voyage.
Strong, Miss R.	Medical	Matron	180 days	28.4 .50.	Exclusive of time taken on voyage.
Sedgwick, H. H.	Secretariat & Treasury	Head Printer	180 days	28.4.50.	Inclusive of time taken on voyages.
Atkins, S.	Posts & Tels.	W/T Operator	180 days	28,3.50.	Inclusive of time taken on voyages.
Norris. J.	Police & Prisons	Police Sergeant	5.9.4	9 20.3,50,	Both dates inclusive.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER.

Colonial Secretary.

No. 21.

26th April, 1950.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 7 of 1950, the following name is hereby added to the List of Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists registered to practise in the Dependencies in accordance with Section 3 of the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
Hillenbrand, Fritz	м.в., (Berlin)	1934.
Karl Michael	м.р., (Rostock)	1935.

No. 22.

26th April, 1950.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MISS MADGE BIGGS, M.B.E.,

to be a Member of the Legislative Council under Clause 6 (2) of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order-in-Council, 1948, with effect from the 26th of April, 1950.

M.P. 0456.

No. 23.

28th April, 1950.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:

No. 25 of 1949 "British Nationality Ordinance, 1949". M.P. 1022.

.. 26 "Law Revision (Repeal) Ordinance, 1949". M.P. 0681.

" 43 " "Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949" M.P. 46/38.

.. 45 .. "Education Ordinance, 1949".

M.P. 24/44

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Joseph Browning, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas William Charles Browning, brother of the above named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

3rd April, 1950.

L. 6/50.

H. Bennett, Registrar, Supreme Court.

Under the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD.

No. 1-of 1950.

Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 2 of the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 1949, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that:—

- 1. This Order may be cited as the Diplomatic Privileges (United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation) Order, 1950.
- 2. The United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation (hereinafter referred to as "the Organisation") shall have the legal capacities of a body corporate and the privileges and immunities set out in Part I of the Ordinance.
- 3. (1) Except in so far as any privilege or immunity is waived in the case of representatives of member Governments by the Governments whom they represent; in the case of the President of the Conference, by the Organisation, and in the case of members of the Executive Board by the Executive Board of the Organisation, representatives of member Governments, the President of the Conference of the Organisation and members of the Executive Board of the Organisation shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part II of the Schedule to the Ordinance. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the Colony.
- (2) For the purpose of the application of this Order the expression representatives of member Governments shall be deemed to include their official staffs, accompanying them as such representatives, as delegates, deputy delegates, advisers, technical experts or secretaries of delegations.
- (3) The provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this Article shall not confer any immunity or privilege upon any person as a representative of His Majesty's Government in the Colony or a member of the staff of such representative or any person who is a British subject and who is not a representative of a Government of His Majesty other than His Majesty's Government in the Colony or a member of the staff of and accompanying any such representative.
- 4. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation the Secretary General and Deputy Secretary General of the Organisation and their spouses and children under the age of 21 years shall respectively enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Parts 11 and 1V of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 5. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation persons employed on missions on behalf of the Organisation shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part II of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 6. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation all officials of the Organisation (other than those referred to in Article 4 above) shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part III of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 7. The names of the persons to whom the provisions of Articles 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this Order apply shall be set forth in a list compiled and published from time to time by the Governor under Section 3 (3) of the Ordinance and such list shall shew in regard to each person the date as from which for the purposes of this Order, he first held the office or employment in question, and the date when he ceased to hold that office or employment.

Made at a meeting of the Executive Council held on the 12th of April, 1950.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Under the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 2 of 1950.

Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 2 of the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 1949, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that:—

- 1. This Order may be cited as the Diplomatic Privileges (International Labour Organisation) Order, 1950.
- 2. The International Labour Organisation (hereinafter referred to as "the Organisation") shall have the legal capacities of a body corporate and the privileges and immunities set out in Part I of the Ordinance.
- 3. (1) Except in so far as any privilege or immunity is waived in the case of representatives of member Governments by the Governments whom they represent; and in the case of members and deputy members of the Governing Body of the organisation and their substitutes by the Governing Body, representatives of member Governments and the employers' and workers' members and deputy members of the Governing Body of the organisation and their substitutes shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part II of the Schedule to the Ordinance. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the Colony.
- (2) For the purpose of the application of this Order the expression representatives of member Governments shall be deemed to include their official staffs, accompanying them as such representatives, as delegates, deputy delegates, advisers, technical experts or secretaries of delegations.
- (3) The provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this Article shall not confer any immunity or privilege upon any person as a representative of His Majesty's Government in the Colony or a member of the staff of such representative or any person who is a British subject and who is not a representative of a Government of His Majesty other than His Majesty's Government in the Colony or a member of the staff of and accompanying any such representative.
- 4. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation the Director-General, Deputy Director-General and Assistant Director-General of the Organisation and their spouses and children under the age of 21 years, shall respectively enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Parts II and IV of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 5. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation persons (other than officials of the Organisation) serving on committees of, or employed on missions on behalf of the Organisation shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part II of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 6. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation all officials of the Organisation (other than those referred to in Article 4 above) shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part III of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 7. The names of the persons to whom the provisions of Articles 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this Order apply shall be set forth in a list compiled and published from time to time by the Governor under Section 3 (3) of the Ordinance and such list shall shew in regard to each person the date as from which for the purposes of this Order, he first held the office or employment in question, and the date when he ceased to hold that office or employment.

Made at a meeting of the Executive Council held on the 12th of April, 1950.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Under the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD.

No. 3 of 1950.

Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 2 of the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 1949, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that:—

- 1. This Order may be cited as the Diplomatic Privileges (International Civil Aviation Organisation) Order, 1950.
- 2. The International Civil Aviation Organisation (hereinafter referred to as "the Organisation") shall have the legal capacities of a body corporate and the privileges and immunities set out in Part I of the Ordinance.
- 3. (1) Except in as far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the member Governments whom they represent, representatives of member Governments to the Council of the Organisation shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part II of the Schedule to the Ordinance. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the Colony.
- (2) For the purpose of the application of this Order the expression representatives of member governments shall be deemed to include their official staffs, accompanying them as such representatives, as delegates, deputy delegates, advisers, technical experts or secretaries of delegations.
- (3) The provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this Article shall not confer any immunity or privilege upon any person as a representative of His Majesty's Government in the Colony or a member of the staff of such representative or any person who is a British subject and who is not a representative of a Government of His Majesty other than His Majesty's Government in the Colony or a member of the staff of and accompanying any such representative.
- 4. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation the Secretary-General or the Deputy Secretary-General of the Organisation and the President of the Council of the Organisation and their spouses and children under the age of 21 years shall respectively enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Parts II and IV of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 5. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation persons (other than officials of the Organisation) serving on committees of, or employed on missions on behalf of the Organisation shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part II of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 6. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation all officials of the Organisation (other than those referred to in Article 4 above) shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part III of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 7. The names of the persons to whom the provisions of Articles 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this Order apply shall be set forth in a list compiled and published from time to time by the Governor under Section 3 (3) of the Ordinance and such list shall shew in regard to each person the date as from which for the purposes of this Order, he first held the office or employment in question, and the date when he ceased to hold that office or employment.

Made at a meeting of the Executive Council held on the 12th of April, 1950.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Under the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 4 of 1950.

Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 2 of the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 1949, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that:—

- 1. This Order may be cited as the Diplomatic Privileges (Food and Agricultural Organisation) Order, 1950.
- 2. The Food and Agricultural Organisation (hereinafter referred to as "the Organisation") shall have the legal capacities of a body corporate and the privileges and immunities set out in Part I of the Ordinance.
- 3. (1) Except in so far as any privilege or immunity is waived in the case of representatives of member Governments by the Governments whom they represent and in the case of the Chairman of the Council of the Organisation by the Council of the Organisation representatives of member Governments and the Chairman of the Council shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part II of the Schedule to the Ordinance. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the Colony.
- (2) For the purpose of the application of this Order the expression representatives of member Governments shall be deemed to include their official staffs, accompanying them as such representatives as delegates, deputy delegates, advisers, technical experts or secretaries of delegations.
- (3) The provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this Article shall not confer any immunity or privilege upon any person as a representative of His Majesty's Government in the Colony or a member of the staff of such representative or any person who is a British subject and who is not a representative of a Government of His Majesty other than His Majesty's Government in the Colony or a member of the staff of and accompanying any such representative.
- 4. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation the Director-General, Deputy Director-General of the Organisation and their spouses and children under the age of 21 years shall respectively enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Parts II and IV of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 5. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation persons (other than officials of the Organisation) serving on committees of, or employed on missions on behalf of the Organisation shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part II of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 6. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation all officials of the Organisation (other than those referred to in Article 4 above) shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part III of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 7. The names of the persons to whom the provisions of Articles 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this Order apply shall be set forth in a list compiled and published from time to time by the Governor under Section 3 (3) of the Ordinance and such list shall shew in regard to each person the date as from which for the purposes of this Order, he first held the office or employment in question, and the date when he ceased to hold that office or employment.

Made at a meeting of the Executive Council held on the 12th of April, 1950.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Under the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 1949.

No 5 of 1950.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 2 of the Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 1949, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that:—

- 1. This Order may be cited as the Diplomatic Privileges (World Health Organisation) Order, 1950.
- 2. The World Health Organisation (hereinafter referred to as "the Organisation") shall have the legal capacities of a body corporate and the privileges and immunities set out in Part I of the Ordinance.
- 3. (1) Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived, in the case of representatives of member Governments by the member Governments whom they represent, and in the case of persons designated to serve on the Executive Board of the Organisation and their alternates and advisers, by the Executive Board, representatives of member Governments and persons designated to serve on the Executive Board of the Organisation and their alternates and advisers shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part II of the Schedule to the Ordinance. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the Colony.
- (2) For the purpose of the application of this Order the expression representatives of member governments shall be deemed to include their official staffs, accompanying them as such representatives, as delegates, deputy delegates, advisers, technical experts or secretaries of delegations.
- (3) The provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this Article shall not confer any immunity or privilege upon any person as a representative of His Majesty's Government in the Colony or a member of the staff of such representative or any person who is a British subject and who is not a representative of a Government of His Majesty other than His Majesty's Government in the Colony or a member of the staff of and accompanying any such representative.
- 4. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation the Director-General or Deputy Director-General of the Organisation and their spouses and children under the age of 21 years shall respectively enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Parts II and IV of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 5. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation persons (other than officials of the Organisation) serving on committees of or employed on missions on behalf of the Organisation shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part II of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 6. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Organisation all officials of the Organisation (other than those referred to in Article 4 above) shall enjoy the privileges and immunities set out in Part III of the Schedule to the Ordinance.
- 7. The names of the persons to whom the provisions of Articles 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this Order apply shall be set forth in a list compiled and published from time to time by the Governor under Section 3 (3) of the Ordinance and such list shall shew in regard to each person the date as from which for the purposes of this Order, he first held the office or employment in question, and the date when he ceased to hold that office or employment.

Made at a meeting of the Executive Council held on the 12th of April, 1950.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-nine in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 12 of 1948.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1949.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1949) Ordinance, 1950.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the year 1949.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One thousand Nine bundred and Fortynine, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service	10		An	nount	
.vuinoer.	Treatt of Bervio	.e.		E	š.	<u>d.</u>
	FALKLAND ISL	ANDS.				
III.	Audit			122	3	10
V.	Customs			344	15	3
IX.	Land Sales			271	18	0
Χ.	Medical			1206	17	6
XI.	Meteorological			266	7	10
XII.	Military			257	17	4
XIII.	Miscellaneous			13565	18	7
XVI.	Police & Prisons			75	12	1
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent			3877	16	0
XXI.	Supreme Court			15	19	11
XXIII.	Extraordinary Expenditu	re		5632	19	8
XXIV.	War Expenditure		ž.,	87	3	9
			£	25725	9	S



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.		JUNE 1, 195	0.	No. 6.
Name Raymond, J. E.	Department Washington	W APPOINTMEN Office Carpenter (Development Progra	Date 21.5.50	Remarks —
McCarthy, Miss J.	TERMINA Department Post Office	TION OF APPOI <i>Office</i> Clerk	Date 31.5.50	Reason Resigned.
		PROMOTION.		
Summers, N. D.	From Learner, Dental Mecha Grade V.	anic. L ϵ	To earner, Dental Mechan Grade III (New Cond	
Lellman, E. F.	Department Secretariat & Treasury	LEAVE. <i>Office</i> Assistant Treasure	Period r 9.10.49 - 21.5.50	Remarks. Both dates inclusive

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER.

Colonial Secretary.

No. 24.

13th May, 1950.

It is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MR. V. T. KING

to act as Head Printer during the absence on leave of Mr. H. H. Sedgwick, with effect from the 29th of April, 1950.

M.P. P/198.

No. 25.

19th May, 1950.

A Ceremonial Parade will be held at 10.30 a.m. on Thursday the 8th of June, 1950, on the occasion of the official celebration of His Majesty's Birthday.

The Parade, which will be inspected by His Excellency the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, will form up in the Government School Playground, and will comprise a detachment of the Falkland Islands Defence Force and the Boys' Brigade.

Members of the public wishing to attend the Ceremony should arrive at the School Playground not later than 10.15 a.m.

In the event of inclement weather the Ceremony will be held in the Defence Force Drill

Hall, commencing at 10.30 a.m. There will be limited accommodation for spectators who should be in the Hall by 10.20 a.m.

A Royal Salute of 21 guns will be fired from the Saluting Gun on Victory Green at 11.00 a.m. M.P. 0191.

No. 26.

19th May, 1950.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MRS. D. W. O'SULLIVAN

to act as Gaol Matron with effect from the 15th of May, 1950.

M.P. P/509.

No. 27.

31st May, 1950.

It is hereby notified for general information that

MR. R. S. BOUMPHREY, M.A.,

acted as Officer-in-Charge, Treasury, during the absence on leave of Mr. E. F. Lellman, from the 9th of October, 1949, to the 21st of May, 1950, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/383.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 6 of 1950.

Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance. 1949, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that:—

- 1. This Order may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Order, 1950.
- 2. The Income Tax Order No. 1 of 1949, shall be amended by substituting "1949" for "1948" in line 2 of the second paragraph thereof.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 10th day of May, 1950.

By Command,
M. R. RAYMER,
Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0527.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Michael Robert Raymer, Esquire, to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — By His Excellency SIR MILES CLIFFORD, Knight
Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British
Empire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order
of Saint Michael and Saint George, upon whom has
been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and
Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the
Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and Vice
Admiral thereof.

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1948, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 23rd day of May, 1950, for the purpose of visiting Punta Arenas;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, SIR MILES CLIFFORD, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you MICHAEL ROBERT RAYMER, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 23rd day of May, 1950.

By His Excellency's Command,

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

M.P. P/459.

Proclamation

1950

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

M. R. RAYMER. —

[L.S.]

By the Honourable Michael Robert Raymer, Esquire, Officer Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c.

WHEREAS by the seventh clause of the Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, dated the 13th December, 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, it is provided that "whenever the Office of Governor is vacant, or the Governor is absent from the "Colony or is from any cause prevented from, or incapable of, acting in the duties of his "Office, then such other person as We may appoint under Our Sign Manual and Signet, or if "there is no such person in the Colony so appointed and capable of discharging the duties of "the administration, the Senior Member of the Executive Council then in the Colony and so "capable, shall, during Our pleasure, administer the Government of the Colony".

AND WHEREAS His Excellency SIR MILES CLIFFORD, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, has this day left the Colony for the purpose of visiting Punta Arenas.

AND WHEREAS no person has been appointed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet to administer the Government of this Colony in the absence of the Governor:

NOW. THEREFORE, I, MICHAEL ROBERT RAYMER, Colonial Secretary of the Falkland Islands, the Senior Member of the Executive Council aforesaid, do hereby proclaim and make known that, in pursuance of the said clause of the said Royal Letters Patent and having taken the oaths prescribed by law, I have this day assumed the Administration of the Government of this Colony and its Dependencies.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 28th day of May, in the Year of Our Lord, One thousand Nine hundred and Fifty.

By Command of the Officer Administering the Government, L. W. Aldridge, for Colonial Secretary.

M.P. P/459.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities on 31st December, 1949.

LIABIL	ITIES		£	s.	d.	Ľ	8.	d.	ASSETS	£	8.	d.	£	ь.	
EPOSITS:									Cash Balances:						
Savings Bank Fund		999	644.309	12	9				Treasury	12,680) 14	. 7			
Intestate Estates		***	289	10	9				Crown Agents	1,077	7 0	8			
Note Security Fund	***	***	60,214	0	0								13,757	15	,
Provident Fund	***	***	21,760	- 1	0										
Postal Monies	20.0	***	2,915	15	8				Investments:						
Miscellaneous	***		8,524	()	7				Reserve Fund	8,217	7 2	9			
		-				738,013	9	9	Note Security Fund	52,873	3 19	- 11			
eserve Fund	***				450	9.880	17	6	Workmen's Compensation Fund	1,618	· 2	3			
ariue Insurance Fund						4,578	7	3	Provident Fund	21,430	19	3			
orkmen's Compensation Fund						2,207	11	7	Savings Bank Fund	482,949) 19	4			
esearch and Development Fund			***		***	11,715		7	Land Sales Fund	215,159	1 13	1			
own Hall Reconstruction Fund	***	***			***	21,261		3	Town Hall Reconstruction Fund	20,624	1 7	- 8			
									Marine Insurance Fund	4,460) 17	4			
URPLUS OF ASSETS OVER LIABIT	LITIES:												807,335	1	
Land Sales Fund		***	268,737	2	4				Joint Colonial Fund	***		***	100,000	0	
General Revenue Balan	ice Accoun	t (Deficit)	9,477	0	2				Farm and Building Loans	***			319	11	
		-				259,260	-7	2	Advances			***	75,311	5	
									Remittances	***		***	50,194	4	
				-	ĺ										
GENERAL REVENU	E BALANC	E ACCOUNT.													
10000	-	£	s. d												
Deficit on 1/1/49		3,449]				· ·						
Add Depreciation of Investm	ents, 1949	11,927	1 10)											
		15,376	2	1											
Deduct Surplus at 31/12/49		5.89													
		9.477	7 ()	.,											
Deficit, 31/12/49	***	.,,41		~		01.040.015	10								
					1	£1,046,917	19	1					£1,046,917	10	

Nore—(1) The Surplus of Assets does not include a loan of £2,198 12s. free of interest to the Imperial Government for the duration of the War. (2) A further grant of £20,841 8s. 6d. is due from the Colonial Development and Welfare Vote on account of five schemes.

Statement shewing the Total Receipts in the year 1949.

REC	RECEIPTS.				Amount Actual Over the Estimated Receipts Estimate					Under the Estimate					
			£	s.	d.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.	£	s.	d.	
Net Balance on 1	st January, 1949					15038	13	9							
Customs	***		28825	0	0	26776	17	0				2048	3	0	
Dependencies Contributio	on to cost of Central Administr	ration	10000	0	0	10000	0	0							
Fees, Fines, Reimburseme		***	4270	0	0	4551	5	2	281	5	2				
Harbour and Aviation			1186	0	0	782	4	4				403	15	8	
Internal Revenue			20985	0	0	49518	18	10	28533	18	10				
			10100	0	0	9748	10	6				351	9	- 6	
. 101	* 4)+		211	0	0	211	19	0		19	()			,	
Sincella comme	. 44		3625	0	0	25849	13	2	22224	13	2				
Pani OR	***					Ĭ.					2				
. 4.	***		12150	0	0	26215	15	2	14065	15					
1	***	***	1085	U	0	1560	2	4	475	-2	4				
elegraphs and Telepho	nes		11323	0	0	11622	15	8	299	15	8				
			103760	0	0	166838	1	2	65881	9	4	2803	8		
olonial Development and	d Walfan	***	23795	0	0	2972	11	4				20822	8		
	Total Revenue	: ±	127555	0	0	169810	12	6	65881	9	4	23625	16	1	
	Total Revenue	t :	127555	0	0	169810	12	6	65881	9	4	23625	16	1	
	Total Revenue	· ±		0	0	169810			65881	9	4	23625	16	11	
Advances				0		248553 32261	15 13	5 0	65881	9	4	23625	16	1	
Advances Deposits	 			0		248553 32261 327515	15 13 14	5 0 0	65881	9	4	23625	16	1	
Advances Deposits Remittances	 	2.	-	0		248553 32261 327515 141959	15 13 14	5 0 0 4	65881	9	4	23625	16	10	
Advances Deposits Remittances Farm & Building Loans	 		-	0		248553 32261 327515 141959	15 13 14 8	5 0 0 4 8	65881	9	4	23625	16	1	
Advances Deposits Remittances Farm & Building Loans Marine Insurance Fund	 			0		248553 32261 327515 141959 54	15 13 14 8 16	5 0 0 4 8 0	65881	9	4	23625	16	10	
Advances Deposits Remittances Farm & Building Loans Marine Insurance Fund Reserve Fund	 			0		248553 32261 327515 141959 54 137 256	15 13 14 8 16 9	5 0 0 4 8 0 6	65881	9	4	23625	16	10	
Advances Deposits Remittances Farm & Building Loans Marine Insurance Fund Reserve Fund Land Sales Fund				0		248553 32261 327515 141959 54 137 256	15 13 14 8 16 9 12	5 0 0 4 8 0 6	65881	9	4	23625	16	1	
Advances Deposits Remittances Farm & Building Loans Marine Insurance Fund Reserve Fund Land Sales Fund Town Hall Fund				0		248553 32261 327515 141959 54 137 256 482 617	15 13 14 8 16 9 12 18	5 0 0 4 8 0 6 0 9	65881	9	4	23625	16	1'	
Advances Deposits Remittances Farm & Building Loans Marine Insurance Fund Reserve Fund Land Sales Fund Town Hall Fund Workmen's Compensation	 on Fund			0		248553 32261 327515 141959 54 137 256	15 13 14 8 16 9 12 18 18	5 0 0 4 8 0 6 0 9 2	65881	9	4	23625	16	10	
Advances Deposits Remittances Farm & Building Loans Marine Insurance Fund Reserve Fund Land Sales Fund Town Hall Fund Workmen's Compensation Investments Adjustment	on Fund			0		248553 32261 327515 141959 54 137 256 482 617 549 41321	15 13 14 8 16 9 9 12 18 18 19 14 18	5 0 0 4 8 0 6 0 9 2	65881	9	4	23625	16	1'	
Advances Deposits Remittances Farm & Building Loans Marine Insurance Fund Reserve Fund Land Sales Fund Town Hall Fund Workmen's Compensatio Investments Adjustment	on Fund taccount			0		248553 32261 327515 141959 54 137 256 482 617 549 41321	155 133 144 88 166 9 122 188 190 4 188	5 0 0 4 8 0 6 0 9 2 6	65881	9	4	23625	16	10	
Advances Deposits Remittances Farm & Building Loans Marine Insurance Fund Reserve Fund Land Sales Fund Town Hall Fund Workmen's Compensatio Investments Adjustment	on Fund			0		248553 32261 327515 141959 54 137 256 482 617 549 41321	155 133 144 88 166 9 122 188 190 4 188	5 0 0 4 8 0 6 0 9 2 6	65881	9	4	23625	16	1	

Statement shewing the Total Payments in the year 1949.

Secretarial and Telephones 1340 0 0 3002 13 0 1337 7 0 164 3 10 122 3 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	PAYMEN	TS.			moui timat			ctua ymen		Over the Estimate			Under the Estimate.			
grieulture undit undit 1042 0 0 1186 15 3 10 122 3 10 communications 6304 0 0 5500 0 4 communications 842 0 0 1186 15 3 344 15 3 diacation 11402 0 0 7767 1 3 3 6408 18 1 6408 11583 0 0 11178 0 8 404 19 3 and Sales 11583 0 0 11178 0 8 621 0 0 1188 17 6 120 17 6 621 15 15 1 0 0 188 17 6 622 1 1 0 0 188 17 6 623 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			- 10	£	8.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d	
1340 0 0 3002 13 0 0 137 7 13 140 140 110 110 137 7 13 140	The Governor	***		3580	0	U	3296	2	8				283	17		
Montaminications	Agriculture	***		4340												
Communications	Audit	(444	,	1042			1			122	3	10				
Content Cont	Communications	***		6304	υ	0	5900		4		 .		403	19	2	
Cleetric Light. Telegraphs and Telephones 11583 0 0 11178 0 8 271 18 0 19 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Customs	49.0		842	0	0	1186		3	344	15	3				
211 0 0 482 18 0 271 18 0	Education	***		11402	0	0	7757	1	3				3644	18	•	
Letical	Electric Light, Telegraphs a	nd Telephones		11588	0	U	11178	0	8				404	19	4	
Total Payments Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 1977 7 10 266 7 10	Land Sales	***		211	. 0	0	482	18	0	271	18	U				
See 17	Medical			10682	0	0	11888	17	6	1206	17	6				
13735 0 0 27300 18 7 13565 18 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Meteorological	149		651	0	0	917	7	10	266	7	10				
Section Sect	Military	***		568	0	0	825	17	4	257	17	4				
Consisting Source	Miscellaneous	***		13735	Ü	U	27300	18	7	13565	18	7				
Solice & Prisons 2065 0 0 2140 12 1 75 12 1 3490 18 10	Naturalist	344		600	0	0	552	9	7				47	10	5	
Solid Office Soli	Pensions	116.6		5000	0	U	4897	15	2		•••••		102	1	10	
Section Sect	Police & Prisons	***		2065	0	U	2140	12	1	75	12	1				
Multic Works Recurrent 9620	Post Office	44.5		8502	. 0	t)	5011	ı	2				3490	18	10	
Multic Works Recurrent 9620	Public Works Department	***		3874	0	U	3176	19	7				697	0	ò	
### Revenue Balance Account 8043	Public Works Recurrent			9620	0	Ŋ	13497	16	Ü	3877	16	U				
Total Ordinary Expenditure £ 102953 0 0 112435 5 10 20005 6 4 10523 0 6 1001011 Development and Welfare 23795 0 0 20806 1 4	Secretariat and Treasury			8043	0	U	7932	16	1		• • • • • •		110	3	11	
Second Colonial Development and Welfare 23795 0 0 20806 1 4				309	0	0	324	19	11	1 15	19	!1		:		
State Stat	Total Ordin	ary Expenditu	e £	10295	3 0	U	112435	5	10	20005	б	4	10523	0	ધં	
State Stat		17. 10		22701		0	2000	,	,				2088	18	ы	
Total Expenditure	The state of the s		***													
Total Expenditure £ 151698 0 0 163911 10 7 25725 9 9 13511 19 2 Expenditure 284624 6 2 32515 5 7 Deposits 297314 18 9 Elemittances 133187 18 11 41321 18 0 11927 1 10 Total Payments Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 13757 15 3		***	***													
Total Payments Total Payments Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 284624 6 2 32515 5 7 297314 18 9 133187 18 11 41321 18 0 11927 1 10 284624 6 2 297314 18 9 13187 18 11 41321 18 0 11927 1 10	war Expenditure	***		*****	,		0.	J	,	01	.,	ŭ		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Total Payments Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 284624 6 2 284624 6 2 32515 5 7 297314 18 9 297314 18 9 133187 18 11 41321 18 0 11927 1 10	Total Expe	nditure	£	151698	3 0	0	163911	10	7	25725	9	9	13511	19	2	
32515 5 7																
32515 5 7		-					00 (6) (ız								
Deposits Deposits Deposits Deposits Demittances Demittances Deposits Demittances Demittances Deposits Demittances Demittanc		***	**													
Total Payments Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 133187 18 11 41321 18 0 11927 1 10 964802 19 10 13757 15 3		***	-													
Total Payments Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 41321 18 0 11927 1 10 964802 19 10 13757 15 3		***	44													
Total Payments Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 11927 1 10 964802 19 10 13757 15 3			1.5			***										
Total Payments Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 964802 19 10 13757 15 3			**						_							
Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949	General Revenue Balance A	ccount	•			444	11921									
Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 13757 15 3																
Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 13757 15 3						(a)										
Closing Balance on 31st December, 1949 13757 15 3							964802	19	10							
Closing Balance on 31st December, 1345																
978560 15 1	Closing Bal	lance on 31st De	cembe	r, 1949		***			-							
							97856	0 1	5 1							

R. S. BOUMPHREY, Auditor.

STANLEY TOWN COUNCIL

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, 1949

		LIABILITIES		,		*		ASS	SETS			
				£	s. d.						£	s. d
Fire Brigade Fund	***	2444	***	1407	: 15 : 11	Cemetery Invest	ments. Mid	dle Marke	t value on	31/12/49	1650:	7 : 8
Cemetery Restoration	Fund	***		549	: 16 : 1	Savings Bank De	eposits :-					
Cemetery Fund	***	***	***	1650	: 7 : 8	Capital ac	count		£1000 :	0 : 0		
Capital account	***		***	1000	: 0 : 0	General a	ccount			11 : 6		
Deposits		444	***	32	: 10 : 4	_	Restoration			10: 0		
Surplus and Deficit A	ccount S	Surplus	***	58	: 11 : 5	Library ac		***	146:	15 : 11 3 : 5 6 : 0		
						Cemetery	account				2989 :	6 : 10
						Cash in hand	***	***	***	***	59 :	6 : 11
				£4699	: 1 : 5						£4699 :	1 : 5

Examined and found correct

(sgd). R. S. BOUMPHREY, Town Council Auditor, 20th May, 1950. KARL V. LELLMAN, Town Clerk.

No. 7.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.

JULY 1, 1950.

		ſ	NEW APPOINTM	ENTS.			
Name	Department		Office .		Date		Remarks
Watson, Mrs. D. R.	Medical	Temp	porary Matron	2	24.4.50	Pendin	g appointment of Nurse Matron
Poole, W.	Medical	Care	taker, Medical Offic Quarters, Fox	CI U	28.5.50		bation for 6 months.
McGill, Wiss H.	Medical	Nurs	se Probationer		25.6.50	On pro	bation for 6 months.
	т	FPMI	NATION OF APP	OINTM	ENTS.		
			Office		Date	y.	Reason
73	Depart		Clerk, G		31.3.	50	Resigned.
Peck, Miss V. T. M. Osborne, C.	. Educati Posts &		Apprenti Elect	ce	14.6.	50	Resigned.
Biggs, Mrs. P.	Medica	1	Staff Nu		16.6.	50	Resigned.
			LEAVE.				
	Departm	ent	Office		From	To	Remarks.
Lees, D.	Public Wo		General Foreman of Wor	ks	3.8.49	2.6.50	Retired from service.
			Office .	Date	$P\epsilon$	riod	Remarks
Boumphrey, R. S.,	Depart M.A. Audit		Auditor	15.6.50	175	days	Exclusive of time taken on voyage
Skillington, H.	Educa	ation	Asst. Master	2.7.50	3 m	onths	Exclusive of time taken on voyage
Sollis, D. J. B.E.M.,	Harb	our	Master. m.v. "Philomel"	2.7.5	180	days	Inclusive of time taken on voyages
			144		2		

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 28,

2nd June, 1950.

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified that Messrs. Vacher and Sons, Limited, of Westminster House, Great Smith Street, London S.W. 1.. are hereby appointed the Government Printers for the purpose of printing the revised edition of the Laws of the Falkland Islands, within the meaning of the Evidence (Colonial Statutes) Act. 1907.

M.P. 0681.

No. 29.

Sth June, 1950.

KING'S BIRTHDAY HONOURS

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve the following appointments and awards:

O.B.E. (Military) Commander H. Kirkwood, D.S.C., R.N. M.B.E. , Flying Officer P. B. St. Louis, R.C.A.F

B.E.M. ., Sgt. W. S. Bodys, R.A.F. Sgt. K. D. Hunt, R.A.F.

(Civil) Mr. C. Jennings.

M P 0107.

No. 30.

9th June, 1950.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, dated the 28th of May, 1950, His Excellency the Governor returned from a visit to Chile on the 8th of June, 1950.

M.P. P/363/III.

No. 31.

16th June, 1950.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:—

No.	Title.	
13/49	Pensions	M.P. 0829.
14/49	Seditions Offences (Amendment)	M.P. C/8/38.
23/49	Workmen's Compensation (Amend	lment)
		M.P. 0038/11.
28/49	Land	M.P. 0720.
29/49	Wild Animals & Birds Protection	(Amendment)
		M.P. 1099
31/49	Live Stock (Amendment)	M.P. 1093
37/49	Dogs (Amendment)	M.P. 160/43
48/49	Appropriation (1950) 1949	M.P. 0284/III

No. 32.

17th June, 1950.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint -

MR. L. C. GLEADELL

to be Local Auditor (Special-Grade), on probation for a period of 12 months, with effect from the 15th of June, 1950.

M.P. P/204/II.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Wright McGill, of Stanley,
Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Harold Bennett, Sole Executor named in the Will of the above named deceased, dated 23rd November, 1949, prays that Probate of the said Will may be granted to him to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

29th May, 1950.

L. 10/50.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Roach Robson, of Stanley,
Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas James T. R. Robson, Sole Executor named in the Will of the above named deceased, dated 14th January, 1947, prays that Probate of the said Will may be granted to him to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

14th June, 1950.

L. 9/50.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Clovis Austin Augustave Stanley Fleuret.

of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Theodore Clovis Fleuret, son of the above named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

14th June, 1950.

L. 13/50

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Arthur Earle, of Stanley, Falkland

Islands, deceased.

Whereas Margaret Ann Earle, widow of the above named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

20th June, 1950.

L. 7/50.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Frederick Smith, of Johnson's Harbour Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Gregor Brechin, sole Executor named in the Will of the above named deceased, dated 6th day of March, 1948, prays that Probate of the said Will may be granted to him to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

28th June, 1950.

L. 8/50.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

William Redmond, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas William Alexander Finlayson, sonin-law of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration with the Will annexed (dated 11th November, 1933), to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

28th June, 1950.

L 12/50

H. BENNETT.

Registrar, Supreme Court.

Defence Force Ordinance, No. 7 of 1920.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 37 of the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 1 of 1950,

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 37 of the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations—

- 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Defence Force—Short title. (Amendment) Regulations, 1950.
- 2. Section 2 of the Defence Force Regulations, 1946, is hereby amended by the deletion of sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) and the substitution therefor of the following sub-paragraphs:—

Amendment of Defence Force Regulations, 1946.

- "(a) for trained members. Twelve compulsory instructional parades, each of two hours' duration, the annual musketry classification, the annual Ceremonial Parade on the occasion of the Birthday of His Majesty the King, and a maximum of four ceremonial parades as may be ordered by the Commanding Officer.
 - (b) for first year recruits. Twenty compulsory parades, each of one hour's duration and twelve instructional parades, each of two hours' duration, the annual musketry classification, the annual Ceremonial Parade on the occasion of the Birthday of of His Majesty the King, if specifically detailed so to do, and a maximum of four ceremonial parades as may be ordered by the Commanding Officer."

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 17th day of June, 1950.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914. (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).
- 2. Subsection (3) (a) of section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the words

"holds any licence or degree in dental surgery or dentistry not registered within the British Commonwealth of Nations, which by order of the Governor-in-Council shall be declared a qualification for registration as a Dentist under this Ordinance; or"

after the word "or" at the end of subsection (a).

M.P. 46/38.

OBJECTS AND REASONS

The Ordinance as it stands only entitles persons possessing a licence or degree in dental surgery or dentistry of any of the Bodies and Universities who elect members of the General Council of Medical Education and Registration in the United Kingdom to be registered in the Colony. Under the Bill the Governor-in-Council will be empowered to register a Dentist possessing qualifications not registered in the British Commonwealth of Nations.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.		AUGUST 1.	1950.		No. 8.
·	ľ	NEW APPOINTME	ENTS.		
Name	Department	Office	Date		Remarks
Wallace, T. E. B.	Public Works	Carpenter	16.7.50		Development Programme.
Vaughan, Miss B. T.	Education	Asst. Mistress	16.7.50		_
Pettersson, Miss I. (De	Treasury ependencies Section.)	Clerk, Gd. IV.	17.7.50		On probation for 6 months.
Aldridge, N.	Post Office	Messenger	1.8.50		_
	CONFIR	MATION OF AP	POINTMEN	NT.	
	Department	Office	Date		Remarks
Skilling, Miss M.	Customs	Clerk, Gd. IV.	1.1.50		
		TRANSFER.		•	
	From		To		Da le
Middleton, G. S.	Travelling Tea	cher	Clerk, Post	Office	1.8.50
	TERMI	NATION OF APPO	INTMENT	S.	
	Department	O,	fice	Date	Reason
McLeod, Miss H.	Secretariat & Tre	asury Tempora	ry Clerk	13.7.50	Resigned.
Emerson, N.	Education	Teacher		18.5.50	Dismissed.
Simpson, J. G.	Public Works	Carpente (Development Pr	r rogramme)	17.7.50	n.
Fleuret, B.	Agricultural	Common	Ranger	30.7.50	Resigned.
		LEAVE.			
	Department	Office	From	To	Remarks.
Lellman, Mrs. E. F.	Medical	Nursing Sister	3.11.49	1.1.50	Both dates inclusive
Smith, E. S.	Posts & Tels.	W/T Operator	26.1.50	15.7.50	,, ,, ,,
Fleuret, B.	Agricultural	Common Range	r 1.2.50	30.7.50	_

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor,

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 33.

11th July, 1950

With reference to Section 3(1) of the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance No. 3 of 1943, it is hereby notified for general information that the date up to which the Ordinances and sudsidiary legislation in force in the Colony shall be included in the Revised Edition of the Laws of the Colony has been extended to the 31st of December, 1949.

M. P. 0681

No. 34.

18th July, 1950.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

No

Title

Licensing Ordinance, 1949. 12/49

M.P. 1092.

27/49 Penguins Preservation (Amendment) Ord., 1949.

M.P. 1113,

35/49 Trespass (Amendment) Ord., 1949.

M.P. 1078.

39/49 Harbour (Amendment) Ord., 1949.

M.P. 1084.

44/49 Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949. 0068 A.

18th July, 1950.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:

No

No. 35.

Title.

21/49 Vaccination (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949.

M.P 1087

40/49 Merchandise Marks (Amendment) Ordinance 1949.

M.P. 1098.

No. 36.

20th July, 1950.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Title.

33/49 Publications (Importation Prohibition)
(Amendment) Ordinance, 1949. M.P. C/8/38

46/49 Income Tax (Amendment No. 2) Ordinance, 1949.

M.P. 0747.

47/49 Supplementary Appropriation (1948) Ord., 1949.

M.P. 0558/III.

No. 37.

31st July, 1950

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MR. ARTHUR RUTTER

to be Court Collecting Officer with effect from the 1st of August, 1950.

M. P. 1270

No. 38.

31st July, 1950.

Marriage Ordinance No. 16 of 1949.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MR. WILLIAM W. BLAKE

to be a Registrar within the meaning of Section 4 of the Marriage Ordinance, 1949, for the purpose of celebrating the marriage of Dennis Ronald Landon James Desborough, bachelor, and Gladys Malvina Anderson, spinster, at Hill Cove. West Falkland.

M-P 1169

Notice of His Excellency the Governor in Council declaring the islands South Jason, Flat Jason, Elephant Jason, North Fur, South Fur and the adjacent islets to be Crown Reserves.

In exercise of the powers in him vested by Section 21 of the Land Ordinance, 1949, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice of the Executive Council, hereby declares the undermentioned islands and the adjacent islets to be Crown Reserves:

> SOUTH JASON FLAT JASON ELEPHANT JASON NORTH FUR SOUTH FUR

Given in Executive Council at Government House, Stanley, this 8th day of July, 1950.

> M. R. RAYMER. Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0720.



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Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.		SEPTEMBER 1, 193	50.		No. 9.
	N	IEW APPOINTMENTS.			
Name	Department	O <u>l</u> fice	Date	I	Remarks
Baker, Miss J. C. M.	Medical	Matron	17.8.50		-
Edwards, H.	Public Works	Carpenter	17.8.50	Development	Programme.
Anderson, D.	Public Works	Apprentice Carpenter	17.8.50	On probation	for two months.
Richards, W.	Posts & Tels.	W/T. Operator, Gr II.	20.8.50		-
	CONFIR!	MATION OF APPOINT	MENTS.		
	Departmen	Office		Date	Remarks
Beattie, E,	Communicatio		'Philomel''	1.2.50	-
Barnes, B.	Committee	Deck Hand,	91	1.2.50	-
Halliday, Miss H. F.	Posts & Tels.	Telephone Opera (Unestablished		1.2.50	-
		PROMOTION.			
	From		To		Date
Bennett, H.	Registrar, Grade	, 11.	trar, Grade d Conditions		1.1.50
	TERMI	NATION OF APPOINT	MENT.	3	
	Department	Office	Date		Reason
Redmond, Miss K.	Education	Teacher	30.6.50	Contra	ct terminated

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER.

Colonial Secretary.

No. 39.

28th August, 1950.

It is notified that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accord provisional recognition, pending the receipt of His Majesty's Exequatur, to the appointment of

MR. E. G. Rowe.

as Honorary Vice Consul of the Republic of Uruguay at Port Stanley.

Ref. 1254.

No. 40.

30th August, 1950.

On the occasion of the birth of a daughter to Their Royal Highnesses the Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh the following telegrams were sent to and received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies:-

To the Secretary of State for the Colonies:-

"With my humble duty I beg to offer on behalf of the people of the Falkland Islands and their Dependencies, our sincere congratulations to Their Royal Highnesses the Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh on the birth of their daughter, the news of which has been received with widespread pleasure." From the Secretary of State for the Colonies:-

"Their Royal Highnesses the Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh desire me to request you to convey to the people of the Falkland Islands and their Dependencies an expression of their warm thanks for the congratulatory message contained in your telegram of the 16th of August."

Ref. 0903

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Ann Kelway, of Stanley, Falkland

Islands, deceased.

Whereas Frank Derby Howatt, sole Executor named in the Will of the above named deceased, dated 31st October, 1949, prays that Probate of the said Will may be granted to him to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

19th August, 1950.

L. 17/50.

H. BENNETT.

Registrar, Supreme Court.

Application for a Licence under the provisions of The Licensing Ordinance, 1949.

TAKE NOTICE

That under the provisions of Section 7 of the Licensing Ordinance, 1949, application has been made for a Publican's Retail Licence for the premises known as the Globe Hotel by

Edward Victor Johnson, of Stanley

Such licence will be issued provided no objection be taken to the granting of the said licence within 21 days from the date hereof.

The Colonial Treasury,
Stanley, Falkland Islands,
5th August, 1950.

E. F. Lellman, for Treasurer.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 24th day of July, 1950.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 1



1950.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Stanley Town Council Ordinance, 1947.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Council (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Stanley Town Council Ordinance, 1947, hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance.

Short title

2. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by the deletion of the words "Provided that no person in the established service of the Government shall be nominated for election." appearing in the third and fourth lines thereof.

Amendment : Section 10.

M.P. 0039/C.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 24th day of July, 1950.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 2



1950.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To confer upon the consular officers of foreign states with which consular conventions are concluded by His Majesty certain powers relating to the administration of estates and property of deceased persons and to restrict the powers of constables and other persons to enter the consular offices of such states.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Consular Conventions Ordinance, 1950.

Ownership of land.

- .2. A state to which this section applies
- (1) may acquire land, buildings, parts of buildings and their appurtenances either free-hold or leasehold, for the purpose of a consular office or for a residence for a consular officer or employee or for any purpose approved by the Governor-in-Council,
- (2) may erect buildings and appurtenances on such land for any of the purposes specified in subsection (1) hereof subject to any regulations as to building or otherwise then in force.

3. (1) Subject as hereafter provided a consular office of a State to which this section applies shall not be entered by a constable or other person acting in the execution of any warrant or other legal process or in exercise of powers conferred by or under any law (whether passed before or after the commencement of this Ordinance) or otherwise, except with the consent of the consular officer in charge of that office or, if that consent is withheld or cannot be obtained, with the consent of a Secretary of State.

Restriction of powers of entry in relation to consular offices.

Provided that the foregoing provisions of this subsection shall not apply in relation to any entry effected

- (a) for the purpose of extinguishing a fire;
- (b) by a constable having reasonable cause to believe that a crime involving violence has been or is being or is about to be committed in the consular office:
- (c) by any person entitled to enter by virtue of any easement, contract or other private right.
- (2) This section shall not apply to any consular office which for the time being is in charge of a consular officer who is a citizen of the United Kingdom and Colonies or is not a national of the State by which that office is maintained.
- (3) For the purposes of this section the expression "consular office" means any building or part of a building which is exclusively occupied for the purposes of the official business of a consular officer.
- 1. Compensation for any land, building or parts of buildings and appurtenances expropriated or seized for purposes of national defence or for a public purpose payable to a state to which this section applies shall be paid at the official selling rate of exchange most favourable to the State at the time when the property was expropriated or seized in a form readily convertible into the currency of and transferable to the State not later than three months from the date on which the consulate or consular officer or employee is deprived of possession.

Compensation for property expropriated or seized for national defence or for a public purpose.

5. (1) Where any person who is a national of the State to which this section applies is named as executor in the will of a deceased person disposing of property in the Colony, or is otherwise a person to whom a grant of representation to the estate in the Colony of a deceased person may be made, then if the Court is satisfied, on the application of a consular officer of the State, that the said national is not resident in the Colony, and if no application for a grant of such representation is made by a person duly authorised by power of attorney to act for him in that behalf, the court shall make to that officer any such grant of representation to the estate of the deceased as would be made to him if he were so authorised as aforesaid.

Powers of consular officers in relation to property of deceased person in the Colony.

- (2) Where any person who is a national of a State to which this section applies:-
 - (a) is entitled to any money or other property in the Colony forming part of the estate of a deceased person, or to receive payment in the Colony of any money becoming due on the death of a deceased person; or
 - (b) is among the persons to whom any money or other property of a deceased person may under any law whether passed before or after the commencement of this Ordinance be paid or delivered without grant of probate or other proof of title

then if the said national is not a resident in the Colony, a consular

officer of that State shall have the like right and power to receive and give a valid discharge for any such money and property as if he were duly authorised by power of attorney to act for him in that behalf.

Provided that no person shall be authorised or required by this subsection to pay or deliver any money or property to a consular officer if it is within his knowledge that any other person in the Colony has been expressly authorised to receive that money or property on behalf of the said national.

- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance sureties shall not be required to an administration bond given by a consular officer upon the grant of administration by virtue of this section.
- (4) Nothwithstanding any rule of law conferring immunity or privilege in respect of the official acts and documents of consular officers, a consular officer shall not be entitled to any immunity or privilege in respect of any act done by virtue of powers conferred on him by or under this section, or in respect of any document for the time being in his possession relating thereto.
- 6. (1) The Governor may by Order-in-Council direct that all or any of the sections of this Ordinance shall apply to any foreign state specified in the Order, being a state with which a consular convention providing for matters for which provision is made by any of those sections has been concluded by His Majesty.
- (2) Any Order-in-Council made under this section may be revoked by a subsequent Order.
- (3) Any Order made under this section shall be laid before the Legislative Council after being made.

M.P. 0918.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Application.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 3



1950.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Stanley Rates Ordinance, 1948.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Rates 8 (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Stanley Rates Ordinance, 1948, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).
 - Short title.
 - 2. Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by Section 3.
 - (a) deleting the words "including those let to a tenant by the Government" in lines 4 and 5 of subsection (1) thereof; and
 - (b) by the deletion of subsection (2) thereof.
- 3. Subsection (a) of section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of the words "(except where let to a tenant)".
 - Section 5.
 - 4. Section 28 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by Sec
 - Section 28.
 - (a) deleting the words "including those let to a tenant by the Government" in subsection (1) thereof; and
 - (b) by the deletion of subsection (2) thereof.

M.P. 0653.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 4



1950.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 1922.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Companies and Private Partnership (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 1922, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Section 2.

2. Section 2 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

Imperial Act in force in the Colony. "2. Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance the following Act of the Imperial Parliament is declared to be in force in the Colony in so far as it is applicable:—

The Companies Act, 1948 (11 & 12 Geo. VI., Ch. 38)."

M.P. 129/22.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 5



1950.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-nine in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 12 of 1948.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1949.

Preamble.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1949) Ordinance, 1950.

Short Title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One thousand Nine hundred and Fortynine, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the year 1949.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service	Λ mount.				
Number.		.		£	s.	d.
	FALKLAND ISL	ANDS.				
111.	Audit	ş		122	3	10
V.	Customs	***		344	15	3
1X.	Land Sales			271	18	0
Χ.	Medical			1206	17	6
XI.	Meteorological			266	7	10
XII.	Military			257	17	4
XIII.	Miscellaneous			13565	18	7
XVI.	Police & Prisons			75	12	1
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent			3877	16	0
XXI.	Supreme Court			15	19	11
XXIII.	Extraordinary Expenditu	re		5632	19	8
XXIV.	War Expenditure			87	3	9
			Ł	25725	9	9

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 6



1950.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914. (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Subsection (3) (a) of section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the words

Amendment of Section 5 (3) (a).

"holds any licence or degree in dental surgery or dentistry not registered within the British Commonwealth of Nations, which by order of the Governor-in-Council shall be declared a qualification for registration as a Dentist under this Ordinance; or"

after the word "or" at the end of subsection (a).

M.P. 46/38.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 1



1950.

The Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the service between the first day of July, 1950, and the 30th day of June, 1951.

Enacting Clause.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and the Dependencies thereof, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (Dependencies) (1950/1951) Ordinance, 1950.

Appropriation of £102.864 for service of the year ending 30th June. 1951.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Dependencies and applied to the service of the period ending the 30th of June, 1951, a sum not exceeding One Hundred and Two Thousand, Eight Hundred and Sixty Four Pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the period from the first day of July, 1950, to the 30th June, 1951.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

	Head of Service	e.		Amount.
General F.I.D.S.,	Headquarters (A			19,934 939 7,821 6,008 31,733 36,379 50 102,864
	F.I.D.S.,	General F.I.D.S., Rear Base Headquarters (A Bases John Biscoe"	General F.I.D.S., Rear Base ,, Headquarters (Administ ,, (Met. Serv ,, Bases ,, "John Biscoe"	General F.I.D.S., Rear Base ,, Headquarters (Administration) ,, (Met. Service) ,, Bases ,, "John Biscoe"

Promulgated by the Governor on the 14th day of June, 1950.

(Sgd.) MICHAEL R. RAYMER, Colonial Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 21st of JULY, 1950.

Present: His Excellency the Governor.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary.

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer.

The Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting, Executive Engineer.

The Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman, Officer in Charge, Education Department.

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton, J.P.

The Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton.

The Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy, B.E.M., J.P.

The Honourable Miss M. B. Biggs, M.B.E.

- 1. The Honourable Miss M. B. Biggs, M.B.E., after taking the prescribed Oaths assumed her seat in Council.
- 2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 16th and 19th December.
- 3. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address:—Honourable Members of Council,

The object of today's session being to discuss and decide upon the remaining stages of the Colony's Development Plan, it is indeed opportune that our new Council Chamber should be available for the first time for this important occasion.

Now, it may assist your deliberations if we first take stock of the situation as it is to-day and in that belief I will talk for a few moments on some of the aspects of Development.

Let us deal first with Communications since their poverty has hitherto presented one of the Colony's greatest handicaps; how do we stand? With the sale of the "Lafonia" we are now reduced to one small ship for our communications with the outside world and although that small ship is a good ship and an old and trusted servant this is not a happy position. As I told Honourable Members some little while ago I have put forward proposals for the establishment of a fortnightly air-service with the Mainland and this is still being explored; indeed one of the objects of my recent visit to Patagonia was to ascertain Chilian reactions and to get some idea of the economic possibilities of including Punta Arenas as a stage in the journey. I am happy to tell you that, anyway as far as the local authorities are concerned, the proposal met with an enthusiastic reception and that the effect on "pay-load" appears to be distinctly favourable. So we shall press on – the main difficulty will. I suspect, be dollars, as the type of machine best suited for our purpose is a dollar product. I do not think that this should prove an insuperable difficulty. Nor would I have anyone imagine that such a service, if it should materialise, is likely to be a paying proposition, but the difference in our circumstances which it would bring about will in my view more than justify such loss as it may entail.

As regards internal sea communications we have lost in rapid succession the "Paloma", the "Porvenir" and the "Indiana", so that the Colony's M.F.V. "Philomel" is the only small ship now available for public hire and she should therefore be all the more valuable to us: she will carry 45 tons of cargo below deck and our recent experience with the "Penelope" has shown that there is ample work around the Camp for a vessel of this capacity. Moreover, the S.M.O. informs me that there is no reason in his view why she should not also be used for sheep-shifting as well. I take this occasion to say that this ship should be at sea for at least three weeks out of four and that if she is not then she is not doing her job.

For emergency passenger service (primarily medical of course) and for the delivery of mail we now have an internal Air Service - F. I. G. A. S. - which is becoming increasingly popular. It began as an experiment, with the Auster land planes in 1948 and throughout this winter we are experimenting similarly with the float version: a combination of the two should double our available flying time as the only air-strip in Stanley is not at all suitable for a cross-wind landing. This is true also of a number of Camp landing strips, while some stations have no facilities at all. A combination of the two - the land Auster and the float Auster - should thus be sufficient for all the emergency needs, but with the lack of shipping to which I have already referred and the impossibility of building, much less maintaining, roads. it may well be that we shall want something bigger than the Auster to satisfy popular demand. We cannot tell whether this is so or if it will be feasible until we have tried out the Norseman now on hire to the Colony from F.I.D.S.; popular as this has proved, my own feeling is that she is a bit too large for us to run economically once the novelty has worn off, and that we must look for something between the Auster and the Norseman, nor must we forget that the latter may be wanted down South again. If I am right in my assessment then the De Havilland Beaver which I tried out in Canada last year is certainly the 'plane for our money; as robust as the Norseman, she is more economical in operation and has an even better perfomance. Meanwhile, I am sure that none of you is in the least doubt that the air supplies the solution to our internal communications problem. You will share my view, also, that we are most fortunate in our Pilot, who is becoming a popular and familiar figure around the Camp. So much for physical communications; now for the other aspect - Wireless and Radio Telephony.

We have erected new W. T. Stations at Stanley and South Georgia at, in either case, a fraction of their true value and before the end of the winter we expect to instal Radio Telephone at every Sheep Station which requires it. The West Falkland received attention first and is very largely provided for. These sets which are simple and robust, were specially constructed for us to specifications recommended by the Communications Committee which I set up in 1948 and we have been able to speak to Deception Island, 800 miles away, with one of them so they will certainly meet Camp requirements. They are equipped with two frequencies, one on which Stations will be able to talk to each other and the second for communications with Stanley at stated times and with the Norseman in flight. The successful operation of this scheme depends on strict observance of the simple regulations which have been drawn up and it now only remains for Farmers to complete their side of the bargain by providing satisfactory communications with their outside houses, which I hope they will set about with the least possible delay. Honourable Members will agree I think that the communications bug-bear has been very largely disposed of.

EDUCATION comes next and here I have very little progress to report. I will recall to you the main outline of the unanimous recommendations of your own Committee to the Secretary of State in 1947. These, briefly, were, firstly to improve the standard of local teaching, secondly to improve Camp education by substituting Settlement Schools for the highly inefficient and wasteful system of Travelling Teachers, thirdly to provide a new Infant School in Stanley and finally to establish - at some future date - a new Senior School at which, for the average student, instruction would have more of a practical bent but which would carry the studiously minded to a locally devised School Certificate standard. The exceptional student would be given an opportunity for further education in England rather than, as now, at Montevideo. This new Senior School was to provide boarding accommodation for Camp pupils. Let us see again how we stand. A Colonial Development and Welfare grant of £12,000 will enable us to bring teachers from the United Kingdom to replace local teachers in the Camp, so that the latter can be recalled to Stanley for further training: the same grant provides for a special course of training for such teachers and we have made a beginning with this. Two of these imported teachers have already left us, but disturbing as this may be I have no doubt that we have taken the right step for until we can improve the standard of teaching no progress at all is possible and certainly we could not go on with the former policy of the blind leading the blind; nor is it feasible for this Colony with its limited resources to draw the whole of its teaching staff from the United Kingdom, with all the other financial commitments which such a course would entail. There are some who maintain, and I respect their view, that the Settlement School is no answer to the problem either: they contend that it is unfair to expect Camp parents to part with their children even for four days a week as it is proposed; but here I must remark that this is studying the parents before the children which is not, of course, the object of Education. Their second point is that few if any housewives in the Settlements will be prepared to take in and care for the children of others and that they cannot be coerced into doing so; of course they cannot and no one would attempt to do it. There is substance in both these criticisms but here again I think the only thing to do is to try it out: establish two Settlement Schools, one on the East and one on the West - the buildings are needed anyway - and let the better educational results speak for themselves. That, at least, is what I suggest you may consider when you go into Committee. One of these critics, and I am grateful to him for the thought he has given to the matter, has suggested that with the improvement in communications, which was not in sight when the Committee sat, more could be done by correspondence courses. As to that, I am informed that such courses are successfully conducted in America, in New Zealand and in Australia. but - and it is a big BUT - they demand both co-operation and ability on the part of parents; to what extent can we count on this? It is worth considering and I hope to be in touch soon with the New Zealand institution. By the same token much can be done through Broadcasting when our new Studio and transmitter come into being, but here again much, indeed all, will depend on the co-operation of parents for the Government can only look after the transmitting end. The new Infant School in Stanley is about to be built - its foundations are already laid - on a convenient site placed generously at the Colony's disposal by the Falkland Islands Company. This school has been designed in accordance with the latest approved principles and the plans have been placed on the table for the convenience of Honourable Members. The Committee's intention was that the present Stanley School, where there is a good deal of over-crowding and no Assembly Hall, should be reserved wholly for the Junior Department under the direction of a specially qualified teacher and this would be simple enough if their final recommendation for the provision of a new Senior School is to stand. But the same view is held by some in regard to the older children in the Camp and if we are to fall back on Correspondence Courses, Broadcast Lessons and some form of Travelling Teacher again then it is quite clear that, with exceptions, the older children will not leave the Camp at all. Is this in their best interest? Can correspondence courses and broadcast lessons make up for that contact with other children, the give and take that this imposes, which is a part of true education? It is such considerations as these which you will wish to take into review in recommending what part of our Developmental resources should be reserved for Education. Let me add this, the long term consequences of an educational policy are far too important to admit of hasty conclusions; while the 1947 Committee pondered these problems most carefully and arrived at certain opinions neither they nor I would wish them to be considered as the last word and there will be time and opportunity to review the debatable points when our new Superintendent, Mr. Cawkell, arrives.

Now HEALTH. Work has commenced on the extension to the King Edward VII Memorial Hospital and here again the plans have been laid on the table so that Honourable Members can see just what the building will look like when it is finished. It will be a vast improvement from the point of view both of the patients themselves and those whose duty it is to care for them and this should be reflected in more efficient treatment. As in the case of the new Infant School, the entire cost of the Hospital extension and re-equipment is being met from Colonial Development and Welfare funds, and I hope to see both these projects well on the way to completion before I leave the Colony next year. I have proposed an arrangement to the British Hospital at Montevideo whereunder, in return for an annual subscription from Government, patients sailing from this Colony for specialist treatment will be admitted at reduced rates: the fees at that institution are extremely heavy and well beyond the means of most people here. I still await a reply to that proposal. You will doubtless expect me to make some reference to the Government's decision not to replace the resident Medical Officer at Darwin. In my

address to Council in October, 1948 I said that nowhere else in the world would four Doctors be employed to care for the needs of little more than 2000 people and that it could only be justified by the poverty of our communications. Those communications are now improved to the point where every reasonable person must be satisfied that provided there are two Doctors in Stanley the needs of the East Falkland – outside Darwin itself – can be met just as effectively from Stanley. With the introduction of the National Health Scheme in Britain, Doctors have become harder to get and much more expensive and we must post them where the need is greatest. In connection with the Camp R/T system, I have arranged for each Station to be supplied with a standard medical chest so that minor ills may be dealt with at need by direction over the R/T. I had hoped, you may remember, to have brought about some improvement in our standard of nutrition, on which health so greatly depends, by the introduction of an inshore fishery scheme which would have passed at the end of the experimental period into local ownership. This scheme was rejected by the Economy Committee but may one day need to be reconsidered for I am advised that we rely far too much on a meat diet.

PUBLIC UTILITIES follow next and here I hope to see power coming from the new generating station by the end of the year – always provided there is no hold-up in the supply of materials. This has been a very good stroke of business for the Colony and should prove an incalculable boon to the Stanley housewife, who will be able to avail herself of as wide a range of labour-saving devices as her purse can afford. We have a sufficient reserve of power to meet commercial requirements and normal expansion and the more current used the more economically we shall be able to produce it and so – relatively – the cheaper it will become to the consumer. As there are some quite erroneous ideas in circulation suggesting that the cost is being increased to pay for the new plant I wish categorically to deny this. While, initially, there may be nothing to attract the smallest consumers to come on to the new tariff, as the load increases so we shall be able to reduce the unit cost. One of our principal difficulties is the very high price of fuel which I am endeavouring to surmount.

NAVIGATION. The lights at Bull Point and Cape Meredith are now in operation again after many years of idleness and new lights are proposed for Fox Bay, Cape Dolphin and Cape Carysfort. A hydrographic survey of the approaches to Ajax Bay from the head of The Sound has also been carried out. For all this good work we are indebted to Commander Kirkwood who appropriately enough – and it is one of the reasons I asked him to undertake it – is a Junior Brother of Trinity House; I am sure that you will all share my satisfaction in the award to him on His Majesty's Birthday of the O.B.E. I must say a word too about the "John Biscoe": although she may not contribute directly to our economy she has added much to the Colony's prestige for her reputation has spread far beyond these waters and I have recently proposed to the Secretary of State that she should anchor in the Thames for a fortnight during the Festival of Britain since I have no doubt the public would welcome an opportunity of seeing her. When she comes out again this summer she will be under new command but in the person of an old acquaintance – Captain Johnstone. I take this opportunity of repeating that the "John Biscoe" is capable of carrying 250 tons of cargo on her homeward voyage each year and this should save shippers quite a bit in the way of overhead.

METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE. As from this year the Meteorological Service has become an integral part of F. I. D. S. because it is in this branch of science that the latter is able to make its maximum contribution to international good – to whaling, aviation, shipping and agriculture. Weather in the Southern Hemisphere is influenced very greatly by atmospheric behaviour in the Polar region and our chain of observatories stretching from South Georgia to the Argentine Islands, which are now reporting eight times daily to Stanley, should help us to give increasingly dependable forecasts. The Colony will benefit in common with other users. My ambition is that F. I. D. S. should develop in time, through the recruitment of better trained personnel and through continuity of observations, record and research, one of the most important Meteorological Services in the Empire and I have little doubt that it will.

GEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION. There has been speculation from time to time as to the presence of mineral oil in these Islands and that question was left in the air by Dr. Baker's report of 1920. I have long been anxious to get these doubts resolved one way or the other and took advantage of the presence of Mr. Adie, the F. I. D. S. petrologist, to check up on this. I reget to tell you that his diagnosis is entirely unfavourable and that there is not in his opinion the least likelihood of such a find. He also carried out an investigation into the lime deposits at Shell Point and advises me that they are of none but strictly local advantage. So that's that and we can now, as the French say, "return to our muttons".

TOWN LAND. With the approval of the Secretary of State an exchange of land has been effected with the Falkland Island Company which will secure to Stanley the old Army Camp lying to the west of Sullivan House and so provide room for future expansion; this area will in due course be surveyed and laid out in building plots.

INDUSTRY. The South Atlantic Sealing Company, which I visited last week, has made excellent progress in face of the usual difficulties and frustrations, and Mr. Tilbury tells me that he expects to be in operation by the end of this month. That is good going indeed and he is to be congratulated. Honourable Members will join with me in wishing this venture every success: the guano from this factory should be of real benefit to Farmers. Work has began on the Freezer at Ajax Bay and I understand that the target date for operations is now April 1952; this is a prudent postponement for it is no use trying to rush things. I found great interest in this project in Patagonia and a conviction amongst those who should know that it will bring new prosperity to The Falklands, just as it brought prosperity to Patagonia. Not the least of the benefits it will confer is the impetus that it will give to improvement in farming methods and the betterment of the land. For myself, I am convinced that within the lifetime of some of us around this table the Colony will be carrying not 600,000 sheep but a million; not 10,000 head of cattle but 100,000. Much indeed all, will depend on our ability to attract labour to the Colony and having attracted it to retain it and I have ventured recently to address The Sheep Owners Association in this regard; the Government is doing, and will continue to do their utmost to improve the lot of the Camp dweller but much necessarily rests with the Sheep Owners themselves.

SOCIAL AMENITIES. Of these, the first and perhaps most important instalment is the building in which we are now assembled; as I said on a recent occasion it will be virtually complete by the end of the year and you must overlook some of its present untidiness. The Dance Hall appears to have given a lot of pleasure already and most people seem to speak well of the new Post Office; certainly the two months accumulation of mail which landed on us last Sunday could not have been more expeditiously disposed of. The Communications Committee has also been investigating ways and means of improving our local Broadcasting Service so as to enhance the pleasure of listeners in the Camp and Dependencies, and we are now awaiting the final recommendations of the experts at home; we hope also to improve the actual programmes. I was, incidentally, surprised to discover how many listeners in Punta Arenas tune in to Radio Stanley. Among the amenity projects you will be asked to consider is a proposal for the construction of a swimming bath: I was not solely concerned here in providing another form of recreation for young people - although even from that point of view it could perhaps be justified - but had in mind the fact that so many of our folk are compelled to spend a good deal of time in small boats and it is doubtful if 1% can swim. Without some form of covered bath and the chill taken off the water there is simply no incentive to learn and the tale of tragedies continues. A portable 16 m.m. "talkie" cinema, a generous gift of The British Council, has been installed in the "Philomel", whose engineer has been trained to operate it, and free cinema shows at the Settlements will be a regular feature of her coastal voyages in future.

ROADS and JETTIES. I have every sympathy for the car owner in Stanley; he has not been forgotten but with our small labour force it has had to be a question of priorities. Financially, it is a formidable undertaking and is one of the major problems for your consideration this morning; my proposal is that we should lay in concrete from the slipway west of the hangar right through to the Public Jetty – this is the section which will carry most of the traffic and will provide the greatest drain on maintenance and for the rest we must make do with macadam. Both jetties, as Honourable Members are only too well aware, are obviously on their last legs and repairs will amount almost to reconstruction. You will also be asked to consider a proposal for the extension, mainly at Government expense, of the jetty at Fox Bay East.

That brings me to the end of my review and although much of what I have been telling you still lies in the future, a good deal has either already been done or is in the doing. I wonder sometimes how, with our limited resources of money, men and material, we have been able to achieve so much in so little time, and the inescapable conclusion is that you are blessed with an energetic and efficient public service in which term I include the workers of every grade whether technical or clerical and I am happy to pay this tribute to them.

I am happy, too, in conclusion to tell you that when we totted up the 1949 accounts the other day we found that after paying for everything from Revenue we had finished up with a surplus of £5,899, instead of the deficit of £24,143, we had anticipated. This, you will admit, is a very agreeable state of affairs and nothing like it has happened to us for a very long time. I have laid it down as a principle that we must meet the Government share of the Development Programme strictly from revenue and this is a consideration which you will need to take into account in your discussions this morning. There has been, and it still continues, a general and widespread depreciation of investments which we must offset, so far as we can, by building up our reserves again. Nevertheless we have no public debt and our finances are in a healthier state than for many years past.

In a changing and unsettled world, I must again remind you that we here have much to be thankful for and we ought – all of us – to face the future with hope and in the determination to work together towards the goal which lies within our reach; within our reach but only if, Honourable Members, we march together and if while caring, as we properly may, for our own individual concerns and occasions we keep each one of us in mind the greater good of the Colony as well.

- 4. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following Papers:-
 - (i) Copies of all Regulations, Proclamations, Orders and By-laws made or approved by the Governor in Executive Council since the last meeting of the Legislative Council.
 - (ii) Accounts of the Colony of the Falkland Islands for the year ended the 31st of December, 1949.
 - (iii) Report by the Auditor on the accounts of the Falkland Islands for the year 1948.
 - (iv) Report of the Standing Finance Committee for the period December, 1949 to June, 1950.
 - (v) Departmental Review, 1949.

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton drew attention to certain errors which appeared in page 5 of Paper No. (ii) "Detailed Statement of Revenue" under Head XI Telegraphs and Telephones, subheads 2 and 6.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary in thanking the Honourable Member for drawing attention to the errors, stated that they had been observed after the Papers had been despatched to Honourable Members of Council. He assured the Honourable Mr. Barton that the errors did not in any way effect the financial position of the Colony at the close of the year as set out in the Annual Abstract Account, but that they would be corrected in the statement referred to.

5. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the table the following written Questions together with replies thereto:-

BY THE HONOURABLE MR. A. L. HARDY B.E.M., J.P. :-

- Q. I. Were the Government advised that a direct ship was offered from the United Kingdom to the Falkland Islands. but owing to lack of inducement had to be cancelled?
- R. No. Sir.

- Q. II. Might the question of Gift Parcels from the Falkland Islands to the United Kingdom be reconsidered?
- R. The question is at present being reconsidered.
- Q. 111. When are the Stanley roads to be re-surfaced?
- R. The expense involved in re-conditioning the roads in Stanley will be considerable. The intention therefore is that the work should be spread over a number of years, but it is hoped to make a start this year and provision for this has been made in the current Estimates.
- Q. IV Is a regular service between South Georgia and Stanley under consideration?
- R. No, Sir, but the Survey Vessel "John Biscoe" will normally visit South Georgia once or twice yearly.
 - 6. Oral Questions.
- THE HONOURABLE MR. S. C. LUXTON. Why are the Dependencies Estimates not published?
- THE HONOURABLE COLONIAL SECRETARY. Because there has not so far been any evidence of a demand for them and Government is reluctant to place an unremunerative burden on the Printer; roneoed copies are being sent to the Administrative Officer, South Georgia, for members of the whaling community as in previous years, and any local residents who may be interested can obtain a copy on application to the Secretariat. A copy has been placed in the Public Library.
- THE HONOURABLE MR. S. C. LUXTON. Why is the Government Provident Fund not open to all members of the Public Works employed on the hourly rate?
- THE HONOURABLE COLONIAL SECRETARY. The Government Provident Fund is intended to act as a scheme for the promotion of thrift on the part of those members of the established staff of Government who are not eligible for pensions.
 - Further to this question the Honourable Mr Luxton asked why all employees of the Public Works Department should not be given the opportunity to practise thrift under a similar concession?
 - In reply the Honourable the Colonial Secretary stated that on occasion in the past when Public Works employees had been able to join the Provident Fund, certain individuals had treated it as an Improvident Fund, and on leaving or on being dismissed from Government service had drawn the balance standing to their credit in the Fund and used it in a manner which defeated the main object of the Fund that of thrift.
- THE HONOURABLE MR. A. G. BARTON. Is it the considered opinion of the Government that persons convicted of theft should be fined, rather than imprisoned?
- THE HONOURABLE COLONIAL SECRETARY. This is entirely a matter for the court, and it would not be proper for Government to express any opinion.
- THE HONOURABLE MR A. G. BARTON. Whether, in the light of recent events, the phrase "chargeable to the Colony", appearing in Section 7 of the Immigration (Restriction) Ordinance, 1949, should not be more clearly defined, in order to ensure that the Ordinance is not abused?
- THE HONOURABLE COLONIAL SECRETARY. The expression "chargeable to the Colony" is understood to mean that if such a man becomes, for one reason or another, unable to support himself, the cost of his maintenance, until he is repatriated, may have to be borne from the public funds, and, in the circumstances laid down in this Section, such costs should be recoverable from the employer. If the Honourable Member had in mind an alternative definition, Government would be glad to consider it.
 - Further to his Question, the Honourable Mr. Barton stated that in a recent instance it had not been a case of the man being unable to support himself but rather that he would not support himself,
 - In reply the Honourable the Colonial Secretary stated that Government felt it proper that the responsibility for the maintenance of imported workmen should be borne by the employer for a stipulated period, but repeated that if the Honourable Member had any alternative proposal Government would be glad to consider it.
- 7. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of a Bill "To amend the Stanley Town Council Ordinance". He explained that the purpose of the Bill was to allow civil servants to be nominated and elected to serve on the Town Council. He suggested that in so small a community it was a pity to exclude this section of the population from municipal service. He stressed that the Bill was permissive and not mandatory; it meant that civil servants might be elected, it did not mean that they had to be, that was up to the electors. It might be argued that civil servants would, on occasion, find it difficult to reconcile their duty to their employer, Government, with their duty to those who had elected them, but he felt that such instances would be rare and the difficulty should not be insuperable. The Bill was seconded by the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton.

In opposing the Bill, the Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy said that the present constitution of the Town Council was six elected members and three members nominated by His Excellency the Governor. If civil servants became eligible for election it might mean that as a result of a future election there might be a majority of officials on the Council, and, despite their best intentions, he thought that civil servants would find it extremely embarrassing to be worthy Councillors at the same time as loyal servants of the Government.

The Honourable Mr. S. C. Luxton associated himself with the views expressed by the Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy. The Honourable Miss M. B. Biggs supported the Bill.

In putting the second reading of the Bill to the vote His Excellency the Governor declared the vote open, and in the division which followed the voting was Ayes: 5. Noes: 3.

The Bill was then passed through its concluding stages.

8. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable Miss M. B. Biggs, a Bill "To confer upon the consular officers of foreign states with which consular conventions are concluded by His Majesty certain powers relating to the administration of estates and property of deceased persons and to restrict the powers of constables and other persons to enter the consular offices of such states" was read a first time after the Honourable the Colonial Secretary had explained that the object of the Bill was the introduction of legislation on the lines of that in operation in the United Kingdom to confer certain powers upon Consular Officers of Foreign States with which Consular Conventions have been concluded by His Majesty.

As there was no opposition the Bill was read a second time and passed through all its stages.

9. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of a Bill." To amend the Stanley Rates Ordinance, 1948". He explained that under the Principal Ordinance, rates were payable by the owner of the property and not by the tenant, but that the properties of the Crown were exempt. However Government makes annually to the Council a voluntary contribution in lieu of rates, and it was not the intention that, in addition, tenants of Government properties should be called upon to pay rates, the amendments proposed in the Bill were designed to give effect to this policy. The Bill was seconded by the Honourable Mr. E. F. Bunting.

The Bill was then read a second time and in the absence of opposition was passed through all its stages.

10. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable Mr. A. L. Hardy, the Bill "To amend the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 1922" was read a first time after the Honourable the Colonial Secretary had explained that under Section 2 of the Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance of 1922, the Acts then in force in the United Kingdom for the Regulation of Companies were declared to be in force in the Colony in so far as they were applicable. These United Kingdom Acts had now been superseded by the Companies Act of 1948, and it was desirable that this Act should be in force in the Colony.

There being no opposition, the Bill was read a second time and passed through all its stages.

11. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine Hundred and Forty-nine in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 12 of 1948". He explained that the Bill represented the gross additional provision which had been required for the year 1949 and which had been approved by the Finance Committee during the course of that year.

The Bill was then read a second time, and as there was no opposition it was passed through all its stages.

12. On the motion of the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, seconded by the Honourable Mr. D. M. Honeyman, the Bill "To amend the Medical Practitioners. Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914" was read a first time after the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer had explained that the Principal Ordinance, as it stood, only entitled persons possessing a licence or degree in dental surgery or dentistry of any of the Bodies and Universities who elect members of the General Council of Medical Education and Registration in the United Kingdom to be registered in the Colony. Under the amendment now proposed the Governor-in-Council will be empowered to register a Dentist possessing qualifications not registered in the British Commonwealth of Nations.

As the Bill was not opposed it was read a second time and thereafter passed through all its stages'

13. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, His Excellency the Governor adjourned Council to permit Honourable Members to go into Committee to consider the revised Development Programme for the Colony.

On resuming the Honourable the Colonial Secretary reported that the Council had considered the revised Development Programme and had approved it with the following reservations:-

- (a) That the amount of financial assistance to be provided for the extension of the jetty at Fox Bay should be considered after a firm estimate for the work had been obtained;
- (b) That the erection of the Senior School should be deferred until after the arrival in the Colony of the newly appointed Superintendent of Education, and pending reconsideration of the general question of Education by a specially appointed Advisory Committee;

(c) That consideration of the question of the construction of a swimming pool should be deferred for the present but not abandoned

His Excellency concurred with the Council's views, and on the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the revised Development Programme as modified in Committee was adopted.

14. Winding up the Debate, the President thanked Council for their despatch in dealing with the Development Programme and assured Honourable Members that they would be consulted in any proposed deviation from their agreed recommendations. Reverting to the question raised by the Honourable the First Member for Stanley regarding the provision of Provident Fund facilities for unestablished staff. His Excellency reminded Council of his intention to introduce, if it were possible, some real provision for Old Age in the form of a contributory pension scheme. As he had foreshadowed correspondence with Insurance Companies had shewn that to produce the pension he had in mind they would look for contributions quite beyond the means of the ordinary worker for whom His Excellency was primarily concerned. He had therefore devised a scheme which was being submitted forthwith to the Secretary of State for examination by his advisers and the details of this proposal would also be notified to the Sheep Owners Association and the Labour Federation for their information. On the question of Provident Funds he shared the views of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary that they operated all too often as 'Improvident' Funds since they could be drawn upon and squandered whenever a worker left his employment.

In conclusion, the Governor said he was glad that it had proved possible for him to lift the suspension imposed on the activities of the Defence Force to which he had referred at the last meeting of Council. On the information before Government at the time no other conclusion was possible than that drawn and no other action possible than that which was taken. But further information volunteered several months after the event had satisfied him that there might have been some measure of misconstruction or misapprehension. He therefore welcomed the opportunity of putting an end to a situation which ought never to have arisen and the Defence Force had since proved its true and proper feelings by an act of good faith which His Excellency appreciated. What he had had to say on the previous occasion had been carefully considered and so phrased that it should not point to any individual and he took this opportunity of remarking that he had been fully assured by the Honourable the Second Member for Stanley of his loyal support of the aims and objects of The Force.

On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary the meeting was then adjourned $sine\ div$.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Interpretation & General Law Ordinance, 1949.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Interpretation and General Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 1949, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Short title

2. Section 14 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by substituting "1950" for "1949" in line 2 thereof.

Amendment of Section 14.

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

This Ordinance amends the Principal Ordinance to bring into force in the Colony, as far as applicable, the English law in force on the 1st January, 1950.

Ref. 31/44.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To provide for the service of the period 1951-1952.

Enacting Clause.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1951-1952) Ordinance, 1950.

Appropriation of £188,617 for service of period 1951/52

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the period of 15 months ending 31st March, 1952, a sum not exceeding One hundred and eighty-eight thousand, six hundred and seventeen pounds which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the period 1951-52.

thedule.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service			Amount.			
		•		Ľ	8.	d.	
I.	The Governor			4356	0	0	
II.	Agriculture			3146	0	()	
III.	Audit			734	0	0	
IV.	Communications			11414	0	- 0	
V.	Customs			1809	0	C	
VI.	Education			11265	0	C	
VII.	Medical			14127	0	- (
VIII.	Meteorological			562	0	(
IX.	Military			870	0	(
Χ.	Miscellaneous			18461	0	(
XI.	Pensions			6700	0	(
XII.	Police and Prisons			3255	ő	(
XIII.	Posts & Telegraphs			20663	ő	(
XIV.	Public Works Department			15085	0	(
XV.	Public Works Recurrent			17370	ő	(
XVI.	Secretariat & Treasury			10251	ő	(
XVII	Supreme Court		***	735	0	(
XVIII.	Extraordinary Expenditure			24500	0	(
		Т	'otal £	165303	0		
XIX.	Colonial Development & W	elfare	Eva	23314	0	(
	Total E:	cpendi	ture £	188617	0	_	

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Trade Disputes (Arbitration) Ordinance, 1949.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Trade Disputes (Arbitration) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Trade Disputes (Arbitration) Ordinance, 1949, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Short title.

2. Section 12 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of sub-section (2) and the substitution therefor of the following:

Amendment of Section 12 of Ordin-No. 10 of 1949.

"(2) The expenses incurred in the operation of this Ordinance shall be defrayed as directed by the Governor-in-Council."

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

As the law stands all expenses in connection with any arbitration undertaken in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance must be borne by public funds. It is possible that a dispute might be submitted to arbitration to which the Government was not a party, and for this or other good reason it might be inappropriate that all the expense should be borne by public funds. It is therefore considered better that the apportionment of the expenses should be at the discretion of the Governor in Council.

Ret. 0953.





The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.	<u>-</u>	OCTOBER 2,	1950.		No. 10.
	N	IEW APPOINTM	ENT.		
Name	Department	Office	e	Date	Remarks
Skilling, Miss M.	Secretariat & Treas	sury Messeng	ger :	1.9.50	-
		LEAVE.			
	Department	Office	Date	Period	Remarks
Roberts, Dr. G. H.	Medical	Colonial Dentist	5.9.50	180 days	Exclusive of time taken on voyage.
Lanning, G.	Posts & Tels.	W/T Operator	5.9.50	180 days	Inclusive of time taken on voyages.
Turner, J.	Medical	Dental Mechanic	5.9.50	180 days	— — —
	Department	Office ,	From	To	Remarks.
Enestrom, E. W.	Posts & Tels.	Postmaster	27.3.50	21.9.50	Both dates inclusive.
Fuhlendorff, V. E.	,, ,, i,	Electrician	27.3.50	21.9.50	,, ,, ,,
Kelway, E. G.	Public Works	Blacksmith	27.3.50	21.9.50	,, ,, ,,

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 41

14th September, 1950.

It is with deep regret that His Excellency the Governor announces the death on the 13th of September, 1950, of Mr. Edgar Harvey. Meteorological Assistant at the Meteorological Office, Stanley.

Ref. P/354.

No. 42

16th September, 1950.

It is hereby notified that Government clocks will be advanced one hour at midnight, Saturday/Sunday, the 30th September/1st October, 1950.

Ref. 0064.

Ref.

No. 43

22nd September, 1950.

It is notified for public information that during the time when Summer Time is in force in Stanley the office hours for all Government Offices will be advanced by half-an-hour and will thus be:-

Monday - Friday

8. 30 a.m. - 12.00 noon

1.30 p.m. - 4.00 p.m.

Saturday

8.30 a.m. - 12.30 p.m.

Ref. 142/38.

No. 44.

25th September, 1950.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 20 of 1950, it is hereby notified for general information that

MR. J. BOUND.

acted as Postmaster during the period 27th of March, 1950, to the 21st of September, 1950, both dates inclusive.

Ref. P/186.

No. 45.

26th September, 1950.

It is hereby notified for general information that

Mrs. D. R. Watson.

acted as Matron in the King Edward VII Memorial Hospital from the 24th of April, 1950, to the 21st of September, 1950, both dates inclusive.

Ref. P/160.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 7 of 1950.

Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Post Office Ordinance, 1898, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as the Post Office (Amendment) Order, 1950.

Amendment of Section 2 (j). 2. Section 2 (i) of the Post Office Order, 1949 is hereby amended by the deletion of the figure "£2" wherever it occurs and the substitution therefor of the figure "£2 18s. 0d."

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 23rd day of September, 1950.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Ref. 1803

The King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

The Medical Fees (Amendment) Regulations. 1950.

MILES CLIFFORD.

No. 2 of 1950.

Governor.

His Excellency the Governor by virtue of the powers in him vested by the King Edward VII Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916, and otherwise, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is hereby pleased to make the following Regulations.

- 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Medical Fees Short Title. (Amendment) Regulations, 1950.
- 2. Section (5) of Schedule F of the Medical Fees Regulations, 1947, is hereby amended by the substitution of a comma for a full stop after the word "Servants" and the addition thereto of the words "as in Section (1) above".

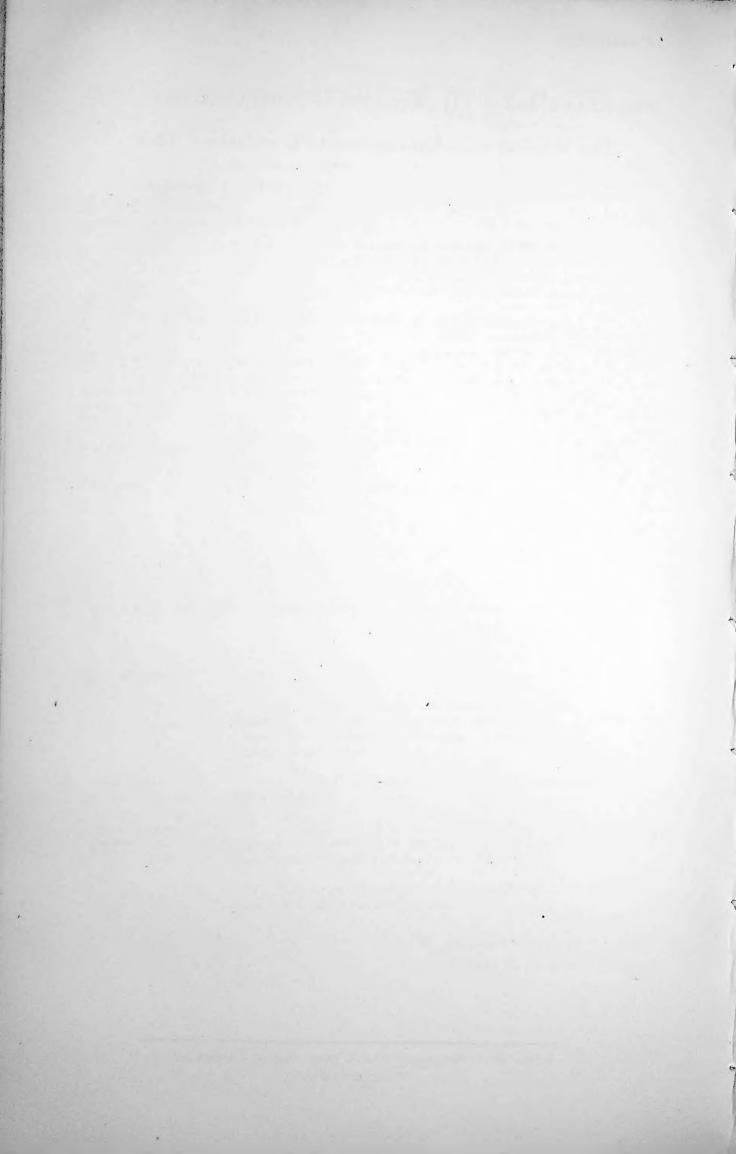
Amendment of Section (5) Schedule F.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 23rd day of September, 1950.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Ref. 0135.





The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.

NOVEMBER 1, 1950.

No. 11.

		NEW APPOINTMEN	ITS.	
Name	Department	Office	Date	Remarks
Coutts, Miss E.	Medical	Staff Nurse	1.9.50	On probation for 6 months.
Cawkell, E. M.	Education	Supt. of Education	23.10.50	
Evans, E. D.	Communications	Cook m.v. Philomel	1.11.50	On probation for 6 months.
	CONFI	RMATION OF APPO	INTMENTS.	
	Department	Office		Date Remarks
(31) Pr 1 32	f.f.,	T 3/ TY 3	101. 21 1	1.1.50

	Department	Office .	Date	Remarks
Clifton, J. E.	Harbour	Leading Hand, m.v. Philomel	1.4.50	_
Halkett, N.	Public Works	Apprentice Painter	30.3.50	-
Ross, R. W.	** **	Asst. Engineman, Power House	1.5.50	-
Anderson, D.		Apprentice Carpenter	17.8.50	-

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 46.

6th October, 1950.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:-

No.	Title.	
16/49	Marriage Ordinance, 1949	Ref. 0074.
22/49	Aliens Ordinance, 1949	0560.
30/49	King Edward VII Memorial Hospital (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949	1112.

No. 47 11th October, 1950.

It is hereby notified for general information that

MRS. ROSE FLEURET

acted as Nursing Sister in the King Edward VII Memorial Hospital from the 1st of October, 1949, to the 30th September, 1950, both dates inclusive. Ref. P/270. No. 48.

11th October, 1950.

It is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MRS. D. R. WATSON, and

MRS. ROSE FLEURET

to be Nursing Sisters in the King Edward VII Memorial Hospital with effect from the 1st of October, 1950. Ref. P/160 & P/270.

No. 49.

20th October, 1950.

With reference to Section 3 (1) of the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance No. 3 of 1943, it is hereby notified for general information that the date up to which the Ordinances and subsidiary legislation in force in the Colony shall be included in the Revised Edition of the Laws of the Colony has been extended to the 31st December, 1950.

No. 50

23rd October, 1950.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

EDWIN MARK CAWKELL, Esquire,

to be a Member of the Legislative Council under Clause 6 (2) of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order-in-Council, 1948, with effect from the 23rd of October, 1950.

Ref. 0456

No. 51.

23rd October, 1950.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 11 of 1949, it is hereby notified for general information that

D. M. HONEYMAN, Esquire,

acted as Officer-in-Charge, Education Department, from the 9th of January, 1949, to the 22nd of October, 1950, both dates inclusive.

Ref. P/434.

No. 52.

27th October, 1950.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 39 of the 28th of August. 1950. His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified, for public information, that the King's Exequatur empowering Mr. E. G. Rowe to act as Honorary Vice-Consul for the Republic of Uruguay at Port Stanley received His Majesty's signature on the 28th of August. 1950.

Ref. 1254

No. 53.

31st October, 1950.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:-

No. Title.	Ref.
5 of 1949 Diplomatic Privileges (Extension)	85/46
18 of 1949 Trade Unions and Trade Disputes	C/17/30
20 of 1949 Mental Treatment	1107
41 of 1949 Companies & Private Partnerships	129/22
42 of 1949 Dairy Produce	51/38

No. 54.

31st October, 1950.

The following messages have been exchanged between His Excellency the Governor and the Right Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons:—

From His Excellency to the Right Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons.

"Sir the Members of the Legislative Council of the Falkland Islands assembled today for Budget Session bid me take this opportunity to send you on happy and long-awaited occasion of the opening of new House of Commons their heartfelf felicitations and sincere good wishes".

From the Right Hononrable the Speaker of the House of Commons to His Excellency.

"Have received your telegram conveying good wishes on the occasion of the opening of the new Chamber. I shall read it out in the House of Commons on the first day of the new session. Please accept and convey very grateful thanks and cordial greetings to members of the Legislative Council.

Ref. 0899.

No. 55.

31st October, 1950.

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified that His Majesty the King has commanded Court Mourning to be observed for a period of two weeks from the 29th of October, 1950, for the late King of Sweden.

Flags will be hoisted at half mast on the day of the funeral which has been fixed for Thursday, the 9th of November, 1950.

Ref. 1309.

No. 56.

31st October, 1950.

Under the provisions of Section 10 of the Falkland Islands Slaughtering and Inspections Ordinance, 1939, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The AGRICULTURAL OFFICER

and

The CHIEF CONSTABLE

to be Inspectors within the meaning of the Ordinance.

Ref. 1302.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

George Thomson, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased,

Whereas John Henry Thomson, son of the above named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no cavcat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

28th October, 1950,

L 20/50.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Edgar Arthur John Harvey, of Stanley Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Arthur Rutter, Attorney for Mary Edith Harvey, mother of the above named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

31st October, 1950.

L. 22/50.

H. BENNETT. Registrar, Supreme Court.

No. 2. Proclamation

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

MILES CLIFFORD

[L.S.]

By His Excellency SIR MILES CLIFFORD. Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and Vice Admiral thereof.

1950.

WHEREAS by subsection (1) of Section 2 of the Exports and Imports (Emergency Powers) Ordinance, 1939, it is enacted that the Governor may, on the occurrence of any public emergency or whenever it appears to him to be necessary in the interest of public safety or tranquility, by Proclamation published in the Gazette, prohibit absolutely, or restrict by means of such conditions and limitations as may be defined by him in the Proclamation, the exportation or importation from or to the Colony of all or any specified goods or class or description of goods to or from any specified country or place or to or from any specified person or class of persons:

NOW THEREFORE, I. Sir Miles Clifford, in pursuance of the powers vested in me by the Export and Imports (Emergency Powers) Ordinance, 1939, do hereby proclaim and order and it is hereby proclaimed and ordered that the following amended rules regarding the import and export of goods, shall come into force forthwith:

An Open General Import Licence will be granted for all articles produced in the United Kingdom, Sterling Area Dominions and British Colonial Territories, with the exception of foodstuffs remaining on the Reserved Commodity List.

Specific Import Licences shall be required for foodstuffs on the Reserved Commodity List and for goods from other sources.

An Open General Export Licence will be granted for the export of Hides, Skins and Wool to the United Kingdom.

Specific Export Licences shall be required to export Hides, Skins and Wool to other destinations.

Subject to the limitations of the Defence (Finance) Regulations, 1947, the re-exportation of imported articles in bona fide unsolicited gift parcels will be permitted with the following exceptions

- (i) Goods imported at the expense of foreign currency.
- (ii) Footwear.
- (iii) Jute goods, including bagging, bags and twine. Except where these products are utilised in the marketing of produce.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 7th day of October, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Fifty.

By His Excellency's Command,
MICHAEL R. RAYMER,
Colonial Secretary.

RECEIPTS 1949.

5. Public Baths and Gymnasium 6. Stanley General Rate 1030 1061 9 0 31 9 0 7. Water Rate 600 662 8 6 62 8 6 8. Miscellaneous 5 19 15 6 14 15 6 8. Miscellaneous 5 19 15 6 14 15 6 8. EXTRAORDINARY REVENUE Grant in aid (if required) Government Grant. (Capital) Public Library, balance received from Library Committee from Library Committee	Account title and No.			Amount Estimated.		ctna ceipt			er th imate		Under the Estimate.		
2. Fire Brigade 150 220 4 8 70 4 8 8 6 14 8 8 6 10 13 13 13 13 14 15 15 10 15 10 10 10 10	ORDINARY	REVENU	3										
3. Grant in Aid from Government 4. Library Fees 5. Public Baths and Gymnasium 6. Stanley General Rate 600 662 8 6 62 8 6 8. Miscellaneous 5. 19 15 6 14 15 6 8. Miscellaneous 6. Stanley General Rate 7. Water Rate 8. Miscellaneous 8. Miscellaneous 8. Miscellaneous 94 13 2 95 15 6 14 15 6 96 16 2 8 6 97 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	I. Cemeter	ry	***	50	90	()	0	40	0	0			
4. Library Fees 5. Public Baths and Gymnasium 6. Stanley General Rate 1030 1061 7. Water Rate 600 662 8. Miscellaneous 5. 119 15 6 14 15 6 15 16 17 18 18 108 108 108 108 108 1	2. Fire Br	igade	200	150	220	4	8	70	4	8			
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Company Capital 1000 0 1000 0 0 0 0 0		_											
Public Library, halance received from Library Committee	Grant i	in aid (if req	uired) (Capital)	200				1000	(1	0	180	0	(
Total Revenue 4485 5554 8 11 1357 15 6 288 6 Cemetery Restoration Fund 630 4 4 Fire Brigade Fund 1407 15 11 Deposits 208 15 9 Capital Account 1000 0 0 Balance, 1.1.49 83 5 4	Public	Library, bal	ance received	ee			-						
Cemetery Restoration Fund 630 4 4 Fire Brigade Fund 1407 15 11 Deposits 208 15 9 Capital Account 1000 0 0 Balance 1.1.49 83 5 4			·										
Fire Brigade Fund 1407 15 11 Deposits 208 15 9 Capital Account 1000 0 0 Balance, 1.1.49 83 5 4	Total J	Revenue	***	4485	5554	8	11	1357	15	6	288	6	
Fire Brigade Fund 1407 15 11 Deposits 208 15 9 Capital Account 1000 0 0 Balance, 1.1.49 83 5 4	Cemete	ery Restorati	on Fund	***	630	4	4						
Capital Account 1000 0 0 Balance, 1.1.49 83 5 4	Fire B	rigade Fund		***	1407	15	11						
Balance, 1.1.49 83 5 4			***	***		-							
	Dalance	5, 1.1.45	775										

Examined and found correct
(sgd.) R. S. Boumphrey.

Town Council Auditor.
20.5.50.

EXPENDITURE 1949

		Amount Actual Estimated. Expenditure,					Or Es	Under the Estimate.							
OR:	DINARY EXPENDITUR	E							1						-
L	Town Clerk Cost of Living Bonus Total Personal Emol	uments	220 40	235 45	0 6	0 8	280	6	8	15 5	6	0 8			
2.	CEMETERY														
	Wages Upkeep Total Cemetery	***	132 40	172 78	3 5	4	250	8	8	40 38	3 5	4 4			
3.	FIRE BRIGADE Wages Maintenance	(er 	200 50	313 97	16 16	8				113 47	16 16	8 0			
4.	Total Fire Brigade				-		411	12	-8						
۹,	Wages		60	94	6	8				34	G	8			
	Rent and Light Books and Periodicals Total Library	***	100 75	18 20	13	8	133	8	7	.,,	"		81 54	H 6	9
ā.	MISCELLANEOUS							.,	١.						
	Office Rent	300	24	39	3	4				15	3	4			
	Fuel and Light Provident Fund	N	50	7 82	- 3 - 15	7				32	15	7	2	17	-(1
	Furnishings		10	20	6	5				10	ti	5			
	Stationery Cleaning	44.	10	12 9	7 12	8							2	12 7	4
	Election expenses Unforescen	(4.4	10	18	14	1				8	14		10	0	()
	Total Miscellaneous		-			_	190	2	4		• •				
6.	PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		800				889	6	0	89	6	0			
7.	PUBLIC BATHS and GYM	INASIUM													
	Wages Post Supply	74.6	185 181	201 180	16 10	8				16	16	8		10	П
	Peat Supply Light	***	40	50	4	3				10	4	3		10	"
	Supplies Laundry	***	20 15	2i 15	()	9 6				1	I	9 6			
	Total Public Baths a	nd Gymnasium	-				468	13	2						
S.	SCAVENGING														
	Wages Ash Removal	***	940 350	977 410	14	2 ()				37 60	14	2 0			
	Fodder	+++	50 20	34 125	17 6	6				105	G	3	15	2	6
	Repairs etc., Total Scarenging		20	120	0	0	1547	17	11	100	**	"			
9,	STREET LIGHTING														
	Current	***	400	334	0	6							65 98	19 10	- fi 7
ė	Maintenance Total Street Lighting		100	1	9	5	335	9	11				ฮด	10	•
0.	WATER SUPPLY Watering Ships	***	50	26	15	3							23	4	şj
	Maintenance Total Water Supply	***	20	45	1	8	71	16	11	25	1	8			
	Total Ordinary Exp	enditure	4227				4579	2	10	707	5	4	355	2	6
έx	TRAORDINARY EXPE	NDITURE													
	Fire Hoses Sanitary Cart and B Government Grant (orse Capital)	500 150				1000	0	0	1000	0	0	500 150	0	(
	Total Expenditure	***	4877				5579	2	10	1707	5	4	1005	2	
		T					pn.	8	3						
	Cemetery Restoration F	und		***			80								
				***			176	5	5						
	m 1 01 10 10						3048	13	9						
	Balance, 31.12.49														

Karl V. Lellman.

Town Clerk.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 28th day of October, 1950.

MILES CLIFFORD, Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 7



1950.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the service of the period 1951-1952.

Enacting Clause.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1951-1952) Ordinance, 1950.

Appropriation of £190,869 for service of period 1951/52 2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the period of 15 months ending 31st March, 1952, a sum not exceeding One hundred and ninety thousand, eight hundred and sixty nine pounds which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the period 1951-52.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.		Hand of Sarvice					
	Treat of the			£	s.	d.		
1.	The Governor			4356	0	0		
11.	Agriculture			3146	0	0		
111.	Audit			734	0	0		
IV.	Communications			11561	0	0		
V.	Customs			1809	0	0		
VI.	Education			11235	0	0		
V1I.	Medical			14302	0	0		
VIII.	Mataznalogical			860	ő	0		
IX.	Military			870	ő	0		
X.	Miscellaneous			18911	0	0		
XI.	Donniera			6900	ő	0		
XII.	D.1: 1 D.1			3255	0	0		
XIII.	Posts & Telegraphs			20715	0	Ö		
XIV.	Public Works Department			14595	ő	0		
XV.	15 1 14 117 1 15			17070	0	ő		
XVI.	0.00			10251	0	0		
XVII.	Supreme Court			735	0	0		
XVIII.	Extraordinary Expenditure			26250	0	0		
		Total	Æ	167555	0	0		
XIX.	Colonial Development & We	elfare		23314	0	0		
	Total Ex	penditure	9.	190869	0	0		

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Legislative Council. Assented to in His Majesty's name this 28th day of October, 1950.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 8



1950.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Trade Disputes (Arbitration) Ordinance, 1949.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Trade Disputes (Arbitration) (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Trade Disputes (Arbitration) Ordinance, 1949, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Amendment of Section 12 of Ordinance No. 10 of 1949.

- 2. Section 12 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the deletion of sub-section (2) and the substitution therefor of the following:
 - "(2) The expenses incurred in the operation of this Ordinance shall be defrayed as directed by the Governor-in-Council."

Ref. 0953.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge, Clerk of the Legislative Council.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.	DF	No. 12.			
	NE	W APPOINTM	ENTS.		
Name	Department	Offi	ice .	Date	Remarks
Jones, H. D.	Communications, B.	Air Aircraft	Mechanic	31.7.50	-
Meierhofer, Miss O.	Education	Clerk, G	r. IV.	1.11.50	_
Osborne, K.	Post & Telegraphs	Messenge	er	1.12.50	On probation for 6 months.
		TRANSFER.			
	From	7	'o	Date	Remarks
Aldridge, N.	Messenger, Posts & Telegraphs		Mechanic, Service	20.11.50	On probation for 6 months.
	TERMINA	ATION OF API	POINTME	NT.	
*	Department	O!fic	ce	1	Date Remarks
Clifton, J. E.	Harbour I	eading Hand, m	.v. "Philor	nel" 30	.11.50 Resigned.
		LEAVE.			
	Department	Office	From	To	Remarks
Osborne, Mrs. M. A.		Teacher	27,3,50	28.11.50	Both dates inclusive.
Atkins, S. P.	Posts & Telegraphs	W/T Operator	28.3.50	28.11.50	,, ,, ,,
Sedgwick, H. H.	Secretariat & Treas.	Head Printer	28.4.50	28.11.50	,, ,, ,,
Skillington, H.	Education	Asst. Master	31.7.50	30.10.50	,, ,, ,,

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 57.

21st November, 1950.

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified, for public information, that the King's Exequatur empowering The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton, J.P., to act as Honorary Consul for the Kingdom of Norway at Port Stanley received His Majesty's signature on the 25th of September, 1950.

Ref. 1175.

No. 58.

27th November, 1950.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 7 of 1950, the following names are hereby added to the List of Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists registered to practise in the Colony and Dependencies in accordance with Section 3 of the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914.

Ref 1326

Name.		Date of alification
Colony and Dependencies:		
Hamilton, James Lowther	м.в. Ch. в. (St. Andrews)	1947
Dependencies:		
Skutheth. Ivar Erling	м.р. (Oslo)	1938
Mossige. Kjell	м. D. (Oslo)	1925
MacLachlainn, Alastair Mackintosh.	м.в. Ch. в. (Edin.) 1943

No. 59.

30th November, 1950.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 24 of 1950 it is notified for general information that

MR. V. T. KING

acted as Head Printer during the absence on leave of Mr. H. H. Sedgwick from the 29th of April, 1950, to the 28th of November, 1950, both dates inclusive.

Ref. P/198.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Bert Reive, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, decrased,

Whereas Wallace Hirtle, Attorney for the father of the above named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

28th November, 1950.

L. 23/50.

H. Bennett, Registrar, Supreme Court.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

Title.

To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939.

Date of commencement.

| 30th December, 1950.]

Enacting Clause.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, 'as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Amendment: Section 16.

- 2. Section 16 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended:
 - (a) by the deletion of the words "the year preceding", and

(b) by the deletion of the words "twenty five pounds in respect of every such child", and the substitution therefor of the words "forty pounds in respect of a first child and twenty five pounds in respect of each subsequent child".

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

This Bill is designed to allow the parent of a child to obtain relief in respect of that child from the date of its birth, if not shortly before, instead of having to wait, as at present, until the child is at least one year old. It also proposes a higher scale of relief in respect of the first child, since the expenditure then incurred is normally greater than with subsequent children.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To amend the Revised Edition of the Title. Laws Ordinance, 1943, and to make amendments to certain other Ordinances for the purpose of facilitating the preparation of the Revised Edition of the Laws.

[1st January, 1950.]

Date of commencement.

WHEREAS it is provided by section 6 of the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance, 1943, that the Commissioner appointed by that Ordinance shall draft a Bill setting forth such alterations or amendments to any Ordinance as could not be made by him in pursuance of his powers under the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance:

Preamble.

AND WHEREAS such alterations and amendments have been collected and it is expedient to amend the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance, 1943, and the Ordinances specified in the Schedule hereto in manner hereinafter appearing:

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof:

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Revised Edition of the Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance, 1943, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance), and shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st January, 1950.

Short title and

Amendment of section 2.

- 2. Section 2 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by deleting the definitions of "revised edition of Ordinances" and "revised edition of subsidiary legislation" and adding the following definitions after the definition of "Commissioner":
 - "laws" mean Ordinances and subsidiary legislation;
 - "Revised edition" means the revised edition of the laws of the Colony to be prepared under the authority of this Ordinance.
 - "Subsidiary legislation" means the proclamations, rules, regulations, orders, by-laws, notifications and other forms of subordinate legislation made or enacted under the authority of any Ordinance.

Amendment of section 3.

3. Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by the substitution of the word "laws" for the words "Ordinances and a revised edition of subsidiary legislation" in subsection (1).

Amendment of section 4.

- 4. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance is amended -
- (a) by deleting the words "of Ordinances" where they occur before the words "the Commissioner".
- (b) by substituting the word "law" or "laws" for the word "Ordinance" or "Ordinances" wherever they occur in the section.
- (c) by substituting the words "Republic of Ireland or the Republic of India" for the words "Irish Free State" in paragraph 10.
- (d) by replacing the numbers of paragraphs (1) to (12) by the letters (a) to (1), and the letters of subparagraphs (a) to (f) of paragraph (1) by the numbers (i) to (vi).

Amendment of section 5.

- 5. Section 5 of the Principal Ordinance is amended -
- (a) by deleting the words "of Ordinances" from subsection (1) and (2) of the section.
- (b) by renumbering subsection (2) of the section as subsection (3).
- (c) by substituting the words "and second schedules" for the word "Schedule" in subsection (3).

Amendment of section 6.

- 6. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance is amended -
- (a) by substituting the word "law" for the word "Ordinance" in subsection (1).
- (b) by substituting the word "enacted" for the words "submitted to the Legislative Council and be dealt with" in subsections (2) and (3).

Amendment of section 7.

7. Section 7 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by deleting the words "of Ordinances" where they occur in subsections (1) and (2).

Amendment of section 8.

- 8. (1) Section 8 (1) of the Principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following
 - 8. (1) The Governor, being authorized thereto in the case of the Colony by a resolution of the Legislative Council may, by proclamation, order that the revised edition shall come into force on such date as he may think fit.
 - (2) Section 8 (2) of the Principal Ordinance is amended
 - (a) by the deletion of the words "of Ordinances" after the words "revised edition";
 - (b) by the substitution of the words "laws in force" for the words "Ordinances in force".

9. Section 9 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the words "of Ordinances" where they occur after the words "revised edition".

Amendment of section 9.

10. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance is repealed.

Repeal of section 10.

11. (1) Section 11 (1) of the Principal Ordinance is renumbered as section 5 (2) and amended by deleting the words "of subsidiary legislation" after the words "revised edition".

Amendment of section 11.

(2) Section 11 (2) of the Principal Ordinance is repealed.

12. Section 12 of the Principal Ordinance is repealed.

Repeal of section 12.

13. Section 14 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by deleting the words "of Ordinances or the revised edition of subsidiary legislation".

Amendment of section 14.

14. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by deleting the words "of Ordinances and the revised edition of subsidiary legislation".

Amendment of section 15.

15. Section 18 of the Principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following:-

Amendment of section 18.

"18. The text of this Ordinance, as amended by any subsequent Ordinance, shall be printed at the commencement of the Revised Edition, with such alterations as the Commissioner shall deem fit to make in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 4 of this Ordinance."

16. (1) The First Schedule of the Principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the words "Enactments to be omitted from the Revised Edition of Ordinances," and the marginal reference.

Amendment of the First and Second Schedules.

(2) The Second Schedule of the Principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the words "Enactments to be Omitted from the Revised Edition of Subsidiary Legislation" and the marginal reference.

17. The Ordinances specified in the first column of the Schedule hereto are hereby amended in the manner indicated in the second column thereof, or repealed as indicated therein, and the said amendments shall be incorporated by the Commissioner in the Revised Edition.

Amendment of Ordinances specified in Schedule.

18. The said amendments effected hereby and mentioned in the Schedule shall be deemed to have come into force on the respective dates specified in the third column of the Schedule, without prejudice, nevertheless to any act legally done or right acquired since the said respective dates under or by virtue of the sections therein specified or any of them.

Commencement of amendments.

THE SCHEDULE.

Ordinance to be amended.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

1st June, 1949.

Administration of Estates Ordinance. 3 of 1949.

Section 3 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

- "3. Applications for Probate and Letters of Administration shall be made by petition on oath to the Judge and shall state,
 - (1) in the case of an application for Probate or Letters of Administration with the Will annexed, the date of death of the testator, that the document produced is to the best of the petitioner's knowledge and belief the last Will and Testament of the testator, and that (in the case of an application for Probate) the petitioner is the person named as executor, or (in the case of an application for Letters of Administration with the Will annexed) that either no executors were appointed, or that they are dead, or have renounced their right to Probate, and the capacity in which the petitioner is entitled:
 - (2) in the case of an application for Letters of Administration, the date of death of the deceased, that to the best of the petitioner's knowledge and belief he died intestate, and the grounds on which the petitioner applies for Letters of Administration."

Section 24 is repealed.

Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1 of 1949.

Section 2. The definition of "Appeal" is deleted.

Section 5 (1). After the figure "£5" the words "or imprisonment exceeding one month: are added.

Section 8 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

- "8. The Judge of the Supreme Court
 - (a) shall be appointed by Letters Patent under the Public Seal issued by the Governor in pursuance of a warrant under His Majesty's Signet and Sign Manual, or of instructions received through the Secretary of State, and shall hold office during His Majesty's pleasure, and shall not be removed from office except in accordance with His Majesty's pleasure signified under His Sign Manual:

Provided that the Governor may, with the advice of the Council, for good cause suspend the Judge from executing his office until His Majesty's pleasure is known:

(b) shall be a member of the Bar of England, 1reland or Scotland, or of some other Commonwealth country, of at least five years standing: Provided that, whenever the office of Judge is vacant, or the holder thereof is suspended, or is incapable of performing his duties by reason of illness, absence from the Colony or otherwise, the Governor may act as Judge, or may appoint a fit person to act as Judge until His Majesty's pleasure be known, or until the Judge becomes capable of resuming his duties."

Section 17. The words "by reason of some disqualification or exemption", are deleted and the words "on the grounds of illness or, if a woman, for medical reasons" are deleted and replaced by the words "on production of a certificate signed by a registered medical practitioner stating that he is unfit to attend."

Section 22. Clause (1) is repealed and replaced by the following:—

"(1) an accused charged with treason or felony shall be entitled to challenge six jurors peremptorily."

1st April, 1949.

and the following clause is added :---

"(3) Each challenge for cause shall be tried forthwith by the Judge or Court by whom the case is to be tried."

Section 24 is amended by the deletion of the words "to view" and by the addition after the word "party" of the words "to view the place in which any transaction material to the trial is alleged to have occurred."

Section 26. Subsection (2) is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"(2) The verdict shall be given in Court and, in a criminal case, in the presence of the accused."

Section 27 is amended by the addition of the following subsection as subsection (3):-

"(3) Where both parties have applied for a jury the above fees shall be payable by them in equal shares."

Section 28 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"28. Any person who (a) attempts to corrupt or influence a juror by any means other than evidence and argument in open Court at the trial; or (b) gives money to a juror in consideration of his giving, or having given, a verdict favourable to one of the parties: or (c) by improper means procures himself or others to be sworn upon a jury for the purpose of giving a verdict favourable to one of the parties; or (d) induces a juror not to appear, and any juror who consents to or assists in the commission of any of the acts mentioned in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) hereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and shall be liable on conviction or indictment to a fine not exceeding £100, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or to both such fine and imprisonment."

Section 30 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"30. Any person who shall know that a person has died from other than natural causes shall forthwith inform the coroner, or the nearest justice or police officer thereof, and any such person who, not having reasonable grounds for believing that information has already been given, wilfully fails to give such information, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10."

Section 44 is amended by the addition between the words "in a Court" and the words "and the practice" of the words and comma "sitting to hear and determine a criminal case.".

Section 45 (1). The words "the opposite party is not deceived or misled" are deleted and replaced by the words "no party is deceived, misled or prejudiced thereby."

Section 45 (2). The words "deceive or mislead" are deleted and replaced by the words "deceive, mislead or prejudice a party".

Section 47 is amended by the addition after the words "of any offence" of the words "punishable summarily".

Section 48 is amended by the substitution of the word "magistrate" for the word "Justice" wherever it occurs.

Section 49 is amended:

- (1) by the addition of the figure "(1)" after the figure "49" and by substituting a colon for the full stop after the words "the leave of the Court";
- (2) by the deletion of the figure and word "(2) Where" and the substitution of the words "Provided that where":
- (3) by putting a full stop after the words "prosecution of his action" and the deletion of the remainder of the subsection:

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

31st December, 1949.

(4) by renumbering subsection (3) as subsection (2).

The Ordinance is amended by the addition of the following section as section 51A:

'51A. An appeal to the Supreme Court shall lie -

- (a) in a civil case from every decision of a Court:
- in a Criminal case from every decision of a Court by which an accused person has been convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for a term exceeding one month or to a fine exceeding £2: Provided that where the accused shall have pleaded guilty an appeal shall not lie save as to the amount or legality of the sentence.

Section 69 is amended by deleting the words "shall apply to the Dependencies and"

Aliens Ordinance. 22 of 1949.

Section 2 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

"2. In this Part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires -

"Alien" means a person who is neither a British subject, a British protected person, a citizen of India. nor a citizen of the Republic of Ireland;

'Deportation order'' means an order made pursuant to section 5 of this Ordinance.

Sections 3 and 4 are repealed.

Section 5 is renumbered as section 5 (1): clause (1) of section 5 is renumbered (a), and the following is added as clause (b) :-

"(b) if he is a prohibited immigrant, as defined by the Immigration Ordinance, or is convicted of an offence under that Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder: or".

Clause (2) is renumbered (c); and the following is added as subsection (2) :-

"(2) The Governor in Council may at any time revoke any deportation order.'

Section 6 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

- "6. (1) An alien in respect of whom a deportation order is in force, or in respect of whom the Judge or a magistrate has certified that it is recommended that a deportation order should be made. may be detained in such manner as may be directed by the Governor, and may be placed in a ship about to leave the Colony, and while so detained and until the ship finally leaves the Colony, shall be deemed to be in legal custody.
- (2) No person shall be detained under subsection (1) of this section for a period exceeding sixty days and, if at the expiration of such period he has not been deported as aforesaid, the deportation order shall cease to have effect.'

Section 10 is renumbered as Section 10 (1) and the following is added as subsection (2):-

"(2) Any such regulation may provide that the contravention thereof shall be an offence punishable on conviction with such fine, not exceeding £100, or with such imprisonment, not exceeding six months. as may be prescribed in such regulation.

Aliens (Landholding Regulation) Ordinance, 3 of 1925.

Section 2. The definition of "alien" is amended by adding after the words "British subject" the words "a British protected person, a citizen of India nor a citizen of the Republic of Ireland".

Section 8 is amended by the deletion of the words from which a defective schedule has been received"

1st January, 1950.

1st January, 1950.

Census Ordinance. 1 of 1901.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

1st January, 1950.

and the substitution therefor of the words "and shall collect all schedules left to be filled up".

Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 7 of 1922.

Section 14 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

14. A married woman may enter into a contract of partnership and shall be entitled to act as a feme sole with regard to the partnership."

Section 18 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

"18. Partners shall bear any loss mutually: but a partner may stipulate as between himself and the other partners that he shall not be liable to contribute to the loss."

Section 48 is repealed.

Section 50 is repealed.

Section 51 is renumbered as section 51 (1) and the following subsections (2), (3) and (4) are added :-

"(2) A person who is admitted as a partner into an existing partnership does not thereby become liable to the creditors of the partnership for debts or obligations incurred before he became a partner.

A partner who retires from a partnership does not thereby cease to be liable for partnership debts or obligations incurred before his retirement.

(4) A retiring partner may be discharged from any debts or obligations of the partnership existing at the time of his retirement by an agreement to that effect between himself and the members of the partnership as newly constituted and the creditors, and such agreement may be either express or implied as fact from the course of dealing between the creditors and the partnership as newly constituted."

Section 52. Subsection (1) is amended by the substitution of a comma for the full stop after the word "business" and the addition of the words "or if the act has been endorsed and accepted by the firm.'

Subsection (6) is repealed.

Section 62 is repealed.

Section 97 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"97. The conviction of a partner for treason or felony operates as a dissolution of the partnership.

Section 129 is repealed.

Dairy Produce Ordinance, 2 of 1938. The Ordinance is amended by the addition of the following section after section 2 thereof:-

"2A. Every dairy shall be registered as prescribed under this Ordinance, and no person shall supply, sell or offer for sale any dairy produce unless he is duly licensed in that behalf."

Section 15. Subsection (1) is amended by the addition after the words "certificate of registration" of the words "or licence granted to such person pursuant to any regulation made under section 16 of this Ordinance."

Subsection (2) is amended by the deletion of the words so to do or during the period of suspension of his licence" and the substitution of the words "or licensed to do so pursuant to any regulation made under section 16 of this Ordinance, or during the period of suspension of any certificate of registration or licence suspended pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.

(Amendment) Ordin-

Section 3 is amended by deleting the figure "5".

31st December, 1949.

Dangerous Drugs Ordinance, 2 of 1949.

Dairy Produce

ance, 42 of 1949.

Section 20 is repealed.

1st June, 1949.

1st January, 1950.

Ordinance to	be
amended.	

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

Defence Force Ordinance, 7 of 1920. Section 13 (1) is amended by the substitution of the word "forty-one" for the word "forty" and by the deletion of clause (a) and the substitution therefor of the following:—

"(a) may at any time thereafter, on application in writing to the Commanding Officer, be posted to the Retired List and his name shall thereupon be removed from the Active List."

1st January, 1950.

Diplomatic Privileges (Extension) Ordinance, 5 of 1949. Section 6 is repealed.

1st June, 1949.

Estate Duty Ordinance, 4 of 1949. Section 2. The definition of "Colony" is amended by the deletion of the words "including its Dependencies."

1st June, 1949.

Immigration (Restriction) Ordinance, 34 of 1949. Section 2 is amended by adding the following definition:-

31st December, 1949.

1st January, 1949.

"'Alien' means a person who is neither a British subject, a British protected person, a citizen of India nor a citizen of the Republic of Ireland."

The Ordinance is amended by adding the following as section $5\mathrm{A} :=$

"5A. Every alien immigrant over the age of 16 years shall within seven days of his landing in the Colony register with the Chief Constable and furnish him with such particulars as he may require and if he shall fail without reasonable excuse to comply with the provisions of this section he shall commit an offence."

Interpretation and General Law Ordinance, 6 of 1949, Section 1 is amended by deleting the full stop and adding the words:-

"and shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st January, 1949."

Section 2 is amended :-

- (1) by deleting the definition "British Empire":
- (2) by repealing the definition of "Colony" and replacing it by the following:-

"The Colony' in any Ordinance which is expressed to apply to the Colony means the Colony of the Falkland Islands, and shall be deemed to include territorial waters: in any Ordinance which is expressed to apply to the Colony and the Dependencies, or is or has been applied to the Dependencies, it includes the Dependencies and the territorial waters thereof."

- (3) by repealing the definition of "Colonial waters" and replacing it by the following:-
 - "'Colonial waters' include territorial waters."
- (4) by the addition of the following definitions after the definition of "Common law":-

"'Commonwealth' means collectively the United Kingdom, any other part of His Majesty's Dominions. India, and territory under His Majesty's protection and any territory administered by the Government of any part of His Majesty's Dominions in accordance with a Mandate from the League of Nations or under Trusteeship of the United Nations."

After the definition of "Daily penalty" :-

"the Dependencies' mean the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, that is to say, all islands and territories between the 20th degree of West longitude and the 50th degree of West longitude that are situated south of the 50th parallel of South latitude and all islands and territories between the 50th degree of West longitude and the 80th degree of West longitude that are situated south of the 58th parallel of South latitude."

Detail of amendment or repeat.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

After the definition of "Harbour" :-

"Immovable property' includes land, benefits to arise out of land and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth."

(5) by repealing the definition of "Law".

(6) by repealing the definition of "Person" and replacing it by the following:-

"Person' includes any corporation, club, society or other body corporate or unincorporate."

(7) by repealing the definition of "Property" and replacing it by the following:-

"Property' includes money, goods, choses in action, land and every description of property, whether real or personal."

Section 10 is amended by being re-numbered as section 10. (1) and by the addition of the following as subsection 10. (2):

"10. (2) All orders, rules, regulations, by-laws and scales of fees, charges or fines, made or prescribed under any Act or Ordinance prior to its repeal, shall, if the repealing Ordinance provides for making orders, rules, regulations or by-laws, or prescribing scales of fees, charges or fines, remain in force after such repeal until they are revoked or superseded by orders, rules, regulations, by-laws, or scales of fees, charges or fines made or prescribed under and by virtue of the repealing Ordinance, and they may be read with such verbal alterations as may be required to make them applicable to the requirements of the repealing Ordinance.

Section 14 (as amended by Ordinance 15 of 1949) is amended by being renumbered as Section 14 (1) and by the substitution of the words and figures "22nd May, 1900" for the words and figures "1st January 1949".

The Ordinance is amended by the addition of the following as Section 14 (2) –

"(2) So much of the enactments specified in the Schedule hereto as is not already in force in the Colony and is capable of being applied therein by Ordinance shall apply therein with such modifications as the circumstances of the Colony require,"

and by the addition of the following Schedule -

"Schedule.

The Merchant Shipping Acts, 1894-1948.

The Married Women's Property Act, 1907.

The Protection of Animals Act, 1911.

The Forgery Act, 1913.

The Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1924.

The Trustee Act, 1925

The Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1928.

The Marriage (Prohibited Degrees of Relationship) Act, 1931.

The Sentence of Death (Expectant Mothers) Act. 1931.

The Children and Young Persons Act, 1933. Sections 1 and 53.

The Counterfeit Currency (Convention) Act, 1935. The Law Reform (Married Women and Tortfeasors)

Act, 1935.

The Infanticide Act, 1938.

The Criminal Justice Act, 1948, Section 2."

Section 17 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

"17. Whenever by any Order of the King in Council or Ordinance any Act is extended or applied to the Colony, such Act shall be read with such formal alterations as to names, localities, courts, officers, persons, moneys, penalties and otherwise as may be necessary to make it applicable to the circumstances."

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

Land Ordinance. 28 of 1949. Section 2 is amended by repealing the definition of "Land" and replacing it by the following:-

"'Land' includes any messuages, tenements and buildings thereon, and any estate or interest therein, but does not include minerals."

Section 3 (1) is amended by the substitution of the word "may" for the word "shall".

Section 3 (2) (b) is amended by the addition after the word "defective" of a comma and the words "or as".

Section 4 (1) is amended by the substitution of the word "may" for the word "shall".

Section 4 (2) is amended

- (1) by repealing clause (a) and substituting therefor the following:-
 - "(a) on the part of a mortgagor conveying as beneficial owner, for the right to convey free from incumbrances (except as therein mentioned); that upon default in payment of the money thereby secured, or any part thereof, or any interest thereon, contrary to any provision therein contained, the mortgagee may enter into possession and quietly enjoy the mortgaged land; and for further assurance;"
 - (2) by the addition of the following as clause (b):-
 - "(b) on the part of a mortgagor conveying as trustee, personal representative of a deceased person, committee of a person of unsound mind, receiver of the income of a person of unsound mind or of a defective, or as tenant for life, or under an order of the Court, the covenants contained in section 3 (2) (b);"
 - (3) by renumbering clause (b) as clause (c).

Section 5 is amended by the substitution of the word "may" for the word "shall" after the word "mortgage".

Section 7 (1) is amended by the substitution of the word "may" for the word "shall".

Section 7 (3) is amended by the addition after the word "power" of a comma and the words "subject to the provisions contained in the proviso to section 27 (1) and in section 27 (2) of this Ordinance with the substitution of "the lessor" for "the Governor,"."

Section 8 (1) is amended by the addition after clause (e) of the following:-

"(f) an assignment of a lease by the assigner and assignee;"

Section 9 (1) is amended by the substitution for the words "of agreement for an assignment for a lease" of the words "or an agreement for a lease or for an assignment of a lease."

Section 16 is amended by the addition after the words "Lease. The lessee" of the words "Assignment of lease. The assignee".

Section 27 is amended by being renumbered as section 27 (1) and by the addition of the following Proviso and subsection (2):-

"Provided that the right of re-entry or forfeiture for a breach of any covenant or condition in a lease shall not be enforceable unless and until there shall be served on the lessee a notice -

- (a) specifying the breach complained of; and
- (b) if the breach is capable of remedy, requiring the lessee to remedy the breach; and
- (c) in any case requiring the lessee to make compensation in money for the breach;

and the lessee fails within a reasonable time thereafter

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

to remedy the breach and to make compensation in money, to the satisfaction of the Governor, for the breach.

The foregoing proviso shall not extend :-

- (i) to a covenant or condition against assigning, underletting or disposing of the land leased; or
- (ii) to a condition for forfeiture on the bankruptcy of the lessee, or on taking in execution of his interest.
- (2) Where it is proposed to enforce such a right of re-entry or forfeiture the lessee may apply to the Court for relief; and the Court may grant or refuse relief as the Court, having regard to all the circumstances, thinks fit: and may grant relief on such terms as to costs, expenses, damages, compensation or otherwise as the Court in the circumstances of each case thinks fit."

Section 28 is amended by adding the following clause as clause (i) \leftarrow

"(i) The right to hunt, kill and take seals is reserved to the Government and such persons as are duly licensed by the Government."

Law Revision (Repeat) Ordinance, 26 of 1949,

The Schedule is amended by deleting therefrom

"Ordinance 4 of 1893, the Christ Church Ordinance," and "Ordinance 4 of 1938, the Civil Procedure Ordinance."

and by adding thereto "Ordinance No. 5 of 1900, the Alien Ordinance" and "Ordinance No. 6 of 1928, the Alien (Amendment) Ordinance".

Licensing Ordinance, 12 of 1949. The word "intoxicating" is added before the word "liquor" throughout the Ordinance, except where it already precedes the word "liquor".

Section 26 is amended by repealing the words following the words "exceeding one year".

Section 32 is amended by substituting the words "and upon conviction shall forfeit his licence and be disqualified for all time" for the words "and he shall forfeit his licence and be disqualified for any period", and by the addition of the following proviso:—

"Provided that the Governor-in-Council if he considers for special reasons Justice so requires, may direct that the person convicted shall not be so disqualified or that disqualification shall cease to have effect at the expiration of such period as the Governor-in-Council shall specify".

Section 36 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

"36. Any person who, during the time at which licensed premises are directed to be closed by or in pursuance of this Ordinance sells or exposes for sale on such premises any intoxicating liquor, or opens or keeps open such premises for the sale of intoxicating liquor, or allows any intoxicating liquor, although purchased before the hours of closing, to be consumed on such premises by any person other than are bona fide lodging therein, or during such time allows anyone other than as aforesaid, to play at billiards or bagatelle or any other game on such premises, and any persons, other than are bona fide lodging in such premises, who shall consume any intoxicating liquor or play any game as aforesaid during such time, shall commit an offence."

Section 39 (1) is amended by the addition of the word "such" after the words "take or carry away".

Section 48 is amended by the addition of the word "or" at the end of clause (a).

Section 49 is repealed.

31st December, 1949.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

Section 57 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

- '57. (1) If upon information given on oath it appears to any Justice that there is reasonable cause for suspecting that any intoxicating liquor is kept for the purpose of sale or is being or has been sold by any person not duly licensed in that behalf or by any person in any house building vessel or boat not specified in his licence or in any manner not authorized by his licence, such Justice may by warrant under his hand directed to any constable or constables or other officer of police authorize such officer to enter and search such premises, and by the said warrant may, if he thinks fit, specially authorize such officer to enter and search such premises at any time of the day or night, and moreover if he thinks fit, may specially authorize such officer, with or without assistance, to break open or otherwise use force in order to effect an entry to such premises.
- (2) If, upon search under this section, any intoxicating liquor or any vessels used for holding or measuring the same is found, it shall be lawful for the officer executing the warrant to take possession of and secure such liquor or vessel; and he may apprehend and bring before a Magistrate or any two Justices not only the person in whose premises the same are found, but also every other person found in such premises who appears to have been employed or to have assisted in the selling of such liquor, and unless it be made to appear to such Magistrate or Justices that such liquor was not on the premises for the purpose of being illegally sold and was not illegally sold the person in whose premises such liquor is found and every person so appearing to have been employed or to have assisted in the selling thereof in such premises shall be guilty of an offence.
- (3) Any intoxicating liquor found on any search under this section, together with any vessels used for holding or measuring the same, shall, upon any conviction in respect thereof, be forfeited to the use of His Majesty.
- (4) Every warrant issued under this section shall remain in force for one month from the day of the date thereof, and it shall be no defence to any charge under subsection (1) that the intoxicating liquor found on the premises was deposited or brought thereon after the issue of the warrant.

Marriage Ordinance, 16 of 1949.

Section 12 is amended by substituting the word "or" for the word "and" where it occurs in paragraph (1).

Section 22 is repealed.

Mental Treatment Ordinance, 20 of 1949. Section 4 is amended by deleting the words "the Senior Medical Officer or another registered medical practitioner to examine the person suspected of being of unsound mind" and substituting therefor "that the person suspected of being of unsound mind be examined by two registered medical practitioners", and by substituting the words "they shall, if they consider" for the words "such practitioner shall, if he considers" and the words "in their opinion" for the words "in his opinion" and the words "they found their opinion" for the words "he founds his opinion".

Section 17 is amended by substituting a full stop for the comma after the word "therein" in subsection (3) and deleting the remaining words of the subsection, and by the addition of the following subsection as subsection (4):—

"(4) In addition to the annual report the visitors, or any of them shall at any time make such reports upon any matter connected with an approved place as they shall see fit, or as may be specially directed by the Governor."

31st December, 1949.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

Pensions Ordinance, 13 of 1949.

Section 2. The definition of "Personal Allowance" is amended by the deletion of the word "does" and the substitution of the words "pensionable emoluments do"; and the definition of "Public Service" is amended by the deletion of the words "territory under British Mandate" and the substitution therefor of the words "mandated or trust territory administered by the Government of any part of His Majesty's dominions or of the New Hebrides", and by the deletion of the words "under the High Commissioner for Transport in Kenya and Uganda", and by the addition after the words "Act amending or replacing the same," of the words "or under the Colonial Superannuation Scheme, or in a Colonial University College, or pensionable employment under a local authority in the United Kingdom or in".

Section 6 is amended by being renumbered as section 6 (1) and by the addition of the following as subsection (2):

"(2) Any pension or gratuity granted under this Ordinance shall be computed in accordance with the provisions in force at the actual date of an officer's retirement."

Section 10 (1) is amended by the deletion of the words "in lieu of his pension."

Section 13 (1) is amended by the addition of the word "competent" before "Court".

Section 17 is amended by the substitution of the words "fifteen-sixtieths" for the words "fifteen seventy-seconds" in subsection (4), by renumbering subsection (5) as subsection (6), and by the addition of the following as subsection (5):—

"(5) If an officer proceeding by a route approved by the Governor to or from the Colony at the commencement or termination of his service therein, or of a period of leave therefrom, dies as a result of damage to the vessel or vehicle in which he is travelling, or of any act of violence directed against such vessel or vehicle, and the Governor is satisfied that such damage or act is attributable to circumstances arising out of war in which His Majesty may be engaged, such officer shall be deemed, for the purposes of this section, to have died in the circumstances described in subsection (1) of this section."

Police and Prisons Ordinance, 11 of 1949.

Public Health Ordinance, 5 of 1894. Section 18 is repealed.

Section 6C (1) is amended by the deletion of the words from "If it shall appear" up to "for human consump-

tion is", both inclusive, and the substitution therefor of the following:-

"(1) A medical officer or an inspector may at all times examine any article of food or drink intended for human consumption, which has been sold, or is offered or exposed for sale, and if it appears to him to be".

Section 6C is further amended by the addition of the following subsection as subsection (2):-

"(2) An officer who seizes any article of food or drink under the preceding subsection shall inform the person in whose possession it was found of his intention to have it dealt with by a Court, and any person who might be liable to a prosecution in respect thereof shall, if he attends before the Court upon the application for its condemnation, be entitled to be heard and to call witnesses".

Section 6C (2) is renumbered as section 6C (3).

31st December, 1949.

1st June, 1949.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

Section 12 is amended by the addition of the following as subsection (1):-

"(1) If the person upon whom a notice to abate a nuisance has been served makes default in complying therewith, or if the nuisance, although abated since the service of the notice, is in the opinion of the Board likely to recur on the same premises, the Board shall cause a complaint to be made to a Justice, and the Justice shall thereupon issue a summons requiring such person to appear before a court of summary jurisdiction.

Section 12 (1) is renumbered as section 12 (2).

Section 13 is amended by being renumbered as section 13 (1) and by the addition after the word "fails" of the words "without reasonable excuse".

Section 13 is further amended by the addition of the following subsection as subsection (2):-

"(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, where an order to abate a nuisance has not been complied with the Board may abate the nuisance and recover the cost of so doing from the person in default".

Section 14 (4) is amended by the deletion of the word "failing" and the substitution of the words "who fails without reasonable excuse".

Quarantine Ordinance, 7 of 1908.

Section 9 as amended by the Quarantine (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, is amended by the deletion of the words "may be apprehended without warrant and".

Regulation 2 is amended by substituting for the definitions of "Infected ship", "Suspected ship" and "Healthy ship" the following:-

"'Infected ship' means (a) one on board of which a case of human plague is present or broke out more than six days after embarkation, or on which plague infested rats are found; or

- (b) one on board of which there is, or has been during the five days previous to the ship's arrival, a case of cholera; or
- (c) one on board of which there is, or was at the time of its departure or during the voyage, a case of yellow fever; or
- (d) one on board of which there is, or has been during the voyage, a case of small-pox.

"Suspected ship" means (a) one on board of which a case of human plague broke out in the first six days after embarkation, or in which investigations have shown an unusual and unexplained mortality among rats: or

- (b) on board of which there has been a case of cholera at the time of departure or during the voyage, but no fresh case in the five days previous to arrival; or
- (c) one which arrives after a voyage of less than six days from an infected port or a port in close relation with an endemic centre of yellow fever or arrives after a voyage of more than six days and there is reason to believe that it may transport adult stegomyia (aedes egypti) emanating from the said port; or
- (d) one on board of which there has been during the voyage a case of small-pox but no fresh case in the twelve days previous to arrival."

"'Healthy ship' means a ship which, although having come from an infected place, has had on hoard no case of any infectious or contagious disease nor any rat plague either at the time of departure or during the voyage or on arrival, and the investiga-

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

tions regarding rats have not shown an unusual mortality, or it, on arriving after a voyage of more than six days from a place infected with yellow fever, it has no case of yellow fever on board, and either there is no reason to believe that it transports adult stegomyia, or it is proved to the satisfaction of the Health Officer that the ship, during its stay in the infected place, was moored at a distance of at least 200 metres from the inhabited shore and at such a distance from harbour vessels as to make the access of stegomyia improbable, or that the ship, at the time of departure, was effectively fumigated in order to destroy mosquitoes."

Regulation 16 (b) (i) is amended by substituting "six days" for "five days".

Regulation 16 (b) (iv) is amended by substituting "fourteen days" for "twelve days".

Regulation 16 (e) is amended by substituting "twenty-four hours" for "forty-eight hours".

Regulation 16 (t) is amended by adding at the end thereof, "or the ship shall be moored at least 200 metres from the inhabited shore and at such a distance from the harbour boats as will render the access of stegomyia improbable;"

Regulation 16 (g) is deleted and replaced by the following:-

- "(g) In the case of cholera (i) when the drinking water is suspected it shall be emptied out after disinfection, and replaced, after disinfection of the tanks, by a fresh supply of wholesome water:
 - (ii) the bilge water after disinfection shall be pumped out;
 - (iii) the emptying or discharge into the waters of the port of human dejecta as well as of the waste waters of the ship may be forbidden unless they have been previously disinfected."

Regulation 16 is amended by the addition of the following clause:-

"(h) in the case of plague or cholera unloading shall be carried out under the supervision of the Health Officer and the persons engaged therein shall be subjected to observation or surveillance for a period of five days from the time when they cease unloading."

Regulation 18 (a) (iv) is amended by substituting "four-teen days" for "twelve days".

Registration Ordinance, 9 of 1949.

Section 14 is repealed.

. .

Section 3 (4) is repealed.

Section 8 (1) is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"8. (1) Elections shall be held biennially on the second Wednesday in the month of December. At each biennial election the more recently elected councillor in each ward shall remain in office and the other shall retire automatically and shall be eligible to be a candidate at any subsequent election, other than that at which he retires or an election to fill a casual vacancy held before the next biennial election: Provided that a councillor elected to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the date upon which the person in whose place he is elected would regularly have retired, and he shall then retire".

Section 66 is amended by the deletion of the words "of the Supreme Court" and the substitution of the words "upon the trial of". 1st June, 1949.

1st January, 1949.

Stanley Town Council Ordinance, 1 of 1947.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

Section 67 is amended by the deletion of the word "Supreme".

Section 68 is amended by the deletion of the words "of the Supreme Court" and the substitution of the words "upon the trial of".

Section 74 (4) is amended by the addition of the word "general" before the words "authority of the Council" and by the deletion of the words "as provided in subsection (3)".

Section 82 (1) is amended by the addition after the words "other matter" of the words "and is present" and by the addition after the word "committee" of the words "at which the contract or other matter is under consideration".

The Ordinance is amended by the addition of the following section as section 119A:-

"119A. The Council shall have power to make and levy rates in order to provide such moneys as may from time to time be required by the Council to enable them to perform the duties which by this or any other Ordinance they may be authorised or required to perform".

Stanley Town Council (Powers) Ordinance, 18 of 1948.

Section 7 is repealed.

Section 29 (1). The words "without the authority or consent of the Council" are added before the word "put".

Section 29 (3). The words "without the authority or consent of the Council" are added before the word "open".

Stanley Waterworks Ordinance, 19 of 1949. Section 3 (4) (b) is amended by adding after the words "occupier thereof" the words "enter on any land and", and by replacing the full stop after the word "land" by a comma and adding "making compensation to the owner or occupier for all damages sustained by him or them by reason of the exercise of the said powers; such compensation, in the absence of agreement, to be determined by arbitration as provided by the Land Ordinance, save that in the application thereof to this Ordinance section 39 thereof shall be read as if the words "Water Authority" were substituted for the word "Governor".

Section 3 (5) is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"(5) The Water Authority or any person acting under his directions may diminish, withhold, suspend or divert the supply of water through the waterworks either wholly or in part whenever it may be expedient or necessary for the purpose of conserving the supply of water, or for extending, altering or repairing the waterworks, and the Water Authority shall not be liable to any claim for compensation on account of any interruption in or insufficiency of the supply of water resulting from the exercise of any of the powers aforesaid, or caused by drought or other unavoidable circumstances."

Section 4 (3) is amended by adding before the words "opens or closes" the words "without the consent of the Water Authority."

Section 5 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"5. The Governor in Council may make regulations prescribing the size, make and materials of the pipes and other appliances to be used, the manner of laying the same, the conditions of the supply of water to the Town Council of Stanley and the amount of such supply, and generally for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance."

31st December, 1948.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal,

Trade Disputes (Arbitration) Ordinance, 10 of 1949. Section 3. The following subsection is added as subsection (3):-

1st June, 1949,

"If there are existing in any trade or industry any arrangements for settlement by conciliation or arbitration of disputes in such trade or industry, or any branch thereof, made in pursuance of an agreement between organisations of employers and organisations of workmen representative respectively of substantial proportions of the employers and workmen engaged in that trade or industry, the Governor shall not, unless with the consent of both parties to the dispute, and unless and until there has been a failure to obtain a settlement by means of those arrangements, refer the matter for settlement, in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this section."

Subsection (3) is renumbered as sub-section (4).

Section 12. The following subsection is added as subsection (1):-

"(1) The Governor may pay to any arbitrator or assessor appointed under this Ordinance such remuneration as the Governor shall think fit."

Subsections (1) and (2) are renumbered as subsections (2) and (3) respectively.

Trespass Ordinance, 5 of 1904.

Section 1. The definitions of "Lawful Occupier" and "Fenced land" are deleted.

Section 14 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"The Governor in Council may make regulations modifying the amounts of pound fees and commonage fees and providing for the issue of licences hereunder and the form thereof, and otherwise for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance."

1st January, 1950,

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

This Bill, which has been prepared by Sir Henry Webb, at the request of the Secretary of State, seeks to remedy certain errors, defects and omissions detected by his Legal Adviser in the course of examination of the revised edition of the laws which it is necessary to rectify before publication.



The Falkland Islands Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority.

Vol. LIX.

DECEMBER 30, 1950.

No. 13.

Order by His Excellency the Governor.

MILES CLIFFORD,

No. 8 of 1950.

Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) Act, 1945, and the Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) (Colonies etc.) Order in Council, 1946, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered:

That the office of Competent Authority (Supplies) shall continue in force until the 10th day of December, 1951, unless previously determined and that all acts and orders made by the holder of the said office, for the purpose of regulating the import export supply or prices of goods shall continue in force until the 10th day of December, 1951, unless previously determined and that he shall until such date continue to exercise the powers vested in him by the Defence Regulations, 1939.

Dated this 11th day of December, 1950.

By Command,

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

Ref. 0561.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 30th day of December, 1950.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 9



1950.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FIFTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939.

Title.

Date of commencement. [1st January, 1951.]

Enacting Clause.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Amendment: Section 16.

- 2. Section 16 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended:
 - (a) by the deletion of the words "the year preceding", and
 - (b) by the deletion of the words "twenty five pounds in respect of every such child", and the substitution therefor of the words "forty pounds in respect of a first child and twenty five pounds in respect of each subsequent child".

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 30th day of December, 1950.

MILES CLIFFORD.

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 10



1950.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FIFTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Revised Edition of the Title. Laws Ordinance, 1943, and to make amendments to certain other Ordinances for the purpose of facilitating the preparation of the Revised Edition of the Laws.

[1st January, 1950.]

Date of commencement.

WHEREAS it is provided by section 6 of the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance, 1943, that the Commissioner appointed by that Ordinance shall draft a Bill setting forth such alterations or amendments to any Ordinance as could not be made by him in pursuance of his powers under the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance:

Preamble.

AND WHEREAS such alterations and amendments have been collected and it is expedient to amend the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance, 1943, and the Ordinances specified in the Schedule hereto in manner hereinafter appearing:

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof:

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Revised Edition of the Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read and construed as one with the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance, 1943, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance), and shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st January, 1950.

Short title and commencement.

Amendment of section 2.

- 2. Section 2 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by deleting the definitions of "revised edition of Ordinances" and "revised edition of subsidiary legislation" and adding the following definitions after the definition of "Commissioner":
 - "laws" mean Ordinances and subsidiary legislation;
 - "Revised edition" means the revised edition of the laws of the Colony to be prepared under the authority of this Ordinance.
 - "Subsidiary legislation" means the proclamations, rules, regulations, orders, by-laws, notifications and other forms of subordinate legislation made or enacted under the authority of any Ordinance.

Amendment of section 3.

3. Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by the substitution of the word "laws" for the words "Ordinances and a revised edition of subsidiary legislation" in subsection (1).

Amendment of section 4.

- 4. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance is amended -
- (a) by deleting the words "of Ordinances" where they occur before the words "the Commissioner".
- (b) by substituting the word "law" or "laws" for the word "Ordinance" or "Ordinances" wherever they occur in the section
- (c) by substituting the words "Republic of Ireland or the Republic of India" for the words "Irish Free State" in paragraph 10.
- (d) by replacing the numbers of paragraphs (1) to (12) by the letters (a) to (l), and the letters of subparagraphs (a) to (f) of paragraph (1) by the numbers (i) to (vi).

Amendment of section 5.

- 5. Section 5 of the Principal Ordinance is amended -
- (a) by deleting the words "of Ordinances" from subsection (1) and (2) of the section.
- (b) by renumbering subsection (2) of the section as subsection (3).
- (c) by substituting the words "and second schedules" for the word "Schedule" in subsection (3).

6. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance is amended -

- (a) by substituting the word "law" for the word "Ordinance" in subsection (1).
- (b) by substituting the word "enacted" for the words "submitted to the Legislative Council and be dealt with" in subsections (2) and (3).

Amendment of section 7.

Amendment of section 6.

7. Section 7 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by deleting the words "of Ordinances" where they occur in subsections (1) and (2).

Amendment of section 8.

- 8. (1) Section 8 (1) of the Principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following
 - 8. (1) The Governor, being authorized thereto in the case of the Colony by a resolution of the Legislative Council may, by proclamation, order that the revised edition shall come into force on such date as he may think fit.
 - (2) Section 8 (2) of the Principal Ordinance is amended
 - (a) by the deletion of the words "of Ordinances" after the words "revised edition";
 - (b) by the substitution of the words "laws in force" for the words "Ordinances in force".

9. Section 9 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the words "of Ordinances" where they occur after the words "revised edition".

Amendment of section 9.

10. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance is repealed.

Repeal of section 10.

11. (1) Section 11 (1) of the Principal Ordinance is renumbered as section 5 (2) and amended by deleting the words "of subsidiary legislation" after the words "revised edition".

Amendment of section 11.

- (2) Section 11 (2) of the Principal Ordinance is repealed.
- 12. Section 12 of the Principal Ordinance is repealed.

Repeal of section 12.

13. Section 14 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by deleting the words "of Ordinances or the revised edition of subsidiary legislation".

Amendment of section 14.

14. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance is amended by deleting the words "of Ordinances and the revised edition of subsidiary legislation".

Amendment of section 15.

15. Section 18 of the Principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following:-

Amendment of section 18.

- "18. The text of this Ordinance, as amended by any subsequent Ordinance, shall be printed at the commencement of the Revised Edition, with such alterations as the Commissioner shall deem fit to make in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 4 of this Ordinance."
- 16. (1) The First Schedule of the Principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the words "Enactments to be omitted from the Revised Edition of Ordinances." and the marginal reference.

Amendment of the First and Second Schedules.

- (2) The Second Schedule of the Principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the words "Enactments to be Omitted from the Revised Edition of Subsidiary Legislation" and the marginal reference.
- 17. The Ordinances specified in the first column of the Schedule hereto are hereby amended in the manner indicated in the second column thereof, or repealed as indicated therein, and the said amendments shall be incorporated by the Commissioner in the Revised Edition.

Amendment of Ordinances specified in Schedule.

18. The said amendments effected hereby and mentioned in the Schedule shall be deemed to have come into force on the respective dates specified in the third column of the Schedule, without prejudice, nevertheless to any act legally done or right acquired since the said respective dates under or by virtue of the sections therein specified or any of them.

Commencement of amendments.

THE SCHEDULE.

Ordinance to be amended.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

1st June. 1949.

Administration of Estates Ordinance, 3 of 1949.

Section 3 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

- "3. Applications for Probate and Letters of Administration shall be made by petition on eath to the Judge and shall state,
 - (1) in the case of an application for Probate or Letters of Administration with the Will annexed, the date of death of the testator, that the document produced is to the best of the petitioner's knowledge and belief the last Will and Testament of the testator, and that (in the case of an application for Probate) the petitioner is the person named as executor, or (in the case of an application for Letters of Administration with the Will annexed) that either no executors were appointed, or that they are dead, or have renounced their right to Probate, and the capacity in which the petitioner is entitled:
 - (2) in the case of an application for Letters of Administration, the date of death of the deceased, that to the best of the petitioner's knowledge and belief he died intestate, and the grounds on which the petitioner applies for Letters of Administration."

Section 24 is repealed.

Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1 of 1949. Section 2. The definition of "Appeal" is deleted.

Section 5 (1). After the figure "£5" the words "or imprisonment exceeding one month:" are added.

Section 8 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

- "8. The Judge of the Supreme Court
 - (a) shall be appointed by Letters Patent under the Public Seal issued by the Governor in pursuance of a warrant under His Majesty's Signet and Sign Manual, or of instructions received through the Secretary of State, and shall hold office during His Majesty's pleasure, and shall not be removed from office except in accordance with His Majesty's pleasure signified under His Sign Manual:

Provided that the Governor may, with the advice of the Council, for good cause suspend the Judge from executing his office until His Majesty's pleasure is known:

- (b) shall be a member of the Bar of England, Ireland or Scotland, or of some other Commonwealth country, of at least five years standing: Provided that, whenever the office of Judge is vacant, or the holder thereof is suspended, or is incapable of performing his duties by reason of illness, absence from the Colony or otherwise, the Governor may act as Judge, or may appoint a fit person to act as Judge until His Majesty's pleasure be known, or until the Judge becomes capable of resuming his duties."
- Section 17. The words "by reason of some disqualification or exemption", are deleted and the words "on the grounds of illness or, if a woman, for medical reasons" are deleted and replaced by the words "on production of a certificate signed by a registered medical practitioner stating that he is unfit to attend."

Section 22. Clause (I) is repealed and replaced by the following:—

"(1) an accused charged with treason or felony shall be entitled to challenge six jurors peremptorily."

1st April, 1949.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

and the following clause is added :--

"(3) Each challenge for cause shall be tried forthwith by the Judge or Court by whom the case is to be tried."

Section 24 is amended by the deletion of the words "to view" and by the addition after the word "party" of the words "to view the place in which any transaction material to the trial is alleged to have occurred."

Section 26. Subsection (2) is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"(2) The verdict shall be given in Court and, in a criminal case, in the presence of the accused."

Section 27 is amended by the addition of the following subsection as subsection (3):-

"(3) Where both parties have applied for a jury the above fees shall be payable by them in equal shares."

Section 28 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"28. Any person who (a) attempts to corrupt or influence a juror by any means other than evidence and argument in open Court at the trial: or (b) gives money to a juror in consideration of his giving, or having given, a verdict favourable to one of the parties: or (c) by improper means procures himself or others to be sworn upon a jury for the purpose of giving a verdict favourable to one of the parties; or (d) induces a juror not to appear, and any juror who consents to or assists in the commission of any of the acts mentioned in paragraphs (a). (b), (c) or (d) hereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and shall be liable on conviction or indictment to a fine not exceeding £100, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or to both such fine and imprisonment."

Section 30 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"30. Any person who shall know that a person has died from other than natural causes shall forthwith inform the coroner, or the nearest justice or police officer thereof, and any such person who, not having reasonable grounds for believing that information has already been given, wilfully fails to give such information, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10."

Section 44 is amended by the addition between the words "in a Court" and the words "and the practice" of the words and comma "sitting to hear and determine a criminal case.".

Section 45 (1). The words "the opposite party is not deceived or misled" are deleted and replaced by the words "no party is deceived, misled or prejudiced thereby."

Section 45 (2). The words "deceive or mislead" are deleted and replaced by the words "deceive, mislead or prejudice a party".

Section 47 is amended by the addition after the words "of any offence" of the words "punishable summarily".

Section 48 is amended by the substitution of the word "magistrate" for the word "Justice" wherever it occurs.

Section 49 is amended:

- (1) by the addition of the figure "(1)" after the figure "49" and by substituting a colon for the full stop after the words "the leave of the Court";
- (2) by the deletion of the figure and word "(2) Where" and the substitution of the words "Provided that where":
- (3) by putting a full stop after the words "prosecution of his action" and the deletion of the remainder of the subsection;

Detail of amendment or repeal.

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31st December, 1949.

(4) by renumbering subsection (3) as subsection (2).

The Ordinance is amended by the addition of the following section as section 51A:

- "5IA. An appeal to the Supreme Court shall lie -
 - (a) in a civil case from every decision of a Court:
 - (b) in a Criminal case from every decision of a Court by which an accused person has been convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for a term exceeding one month or to a fine exceeding £2: Provided that where the accused shall have pleaded guilty an appeal shall not lie save as to the amount or legality of the sentence.

Section 69 is amended by deleting the words "shall apply to the Dependencies and"

Aliens Ordinance, 22 of 1949. Section 2 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"2. In this Part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires -

"Alien" means a person who is neither a British subject, a British protected person, a citizen of India, nor a citizen of the Republic of Ireland;

"Deportation order" means an order made pursuant to section 5 of this Ordinance."

Sections 3 and 4 are repealed.

Section 5 is renumbered as section 5 (1): clause (1) of section 5 is renumbered (a), and the following is added as clause (b):-

"(b) if he is a prohibited immigrant, as defined by the Immigration Ordinance, or is convicted of an offence under that Ordinance or any regulation made thereunder: or".

Clause (2) is renumbered (c); and the following is added as subsection (2):-

"(2) The Governor in Council may at any time revoke any deportation order."

Section 6 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

- "6. (1) An alien in respect of whom a deportation order is in force, or in respect of whom the Judge or a magistrate has certified that it is recommended that a deportation order should be made, may be detained in such manner as may be directed by the Governor, and may be placed in a ship about to leave the Colony, and while so detained and until the ship finally leaves the Colony, shall be deemed to be in legal custody.
- (2) No person shall be detained under subsection (1) of this section for a period exceeding sixty days and, if at the expiration of such period he has not been deported as aforesaid, the deportation order shall cease to have effect."

Section 10 is renumbered as Section 10 (1) and the following is added as subsection (2):-

"(2) Any such regulation may provide that the contravention thereof shall be an offence punishable on conviction with such fine, not exceeding £100, or with such imprisonment, not exceeding six months, as may be prescribed in such regulation."

Section 2. The definition of "alien" is amended by adding after the words "British subject" the words "a British protected person, a citizen of India nor a citizen of the Republic of Ireland".

Section 8 is amended by the deletion of the words "from which a defective schedule has been received"

1st January, 1950.

Aliens (Landholding Regulation) Ordinance, 3 of 1925.

Census Ordinance, 1 of 1901. 1st January, 1950.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

1st January, 1950.

and the substitution therefor of the words "and shall collect all schedules left to be filled up".

Companies and Private Partnership Ordinance, 7 of 1922. Section 14 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

"14. A married woman may enter into a contract of partnership and shall be entitled to act as a feme sole with regard to the partnership."

Section 18 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"18. Partners shall bear any loss mutually; but a partner may stipulate as between himself and the other partners that he shall not be liable to contribute to the loss."

Section 48 is repealed.

Section 50 is repealed,

Section 51 is renumbered as section 51 (1) and the following subsections (2), (3) and (4) are added:

- "(2) A person who is admitted as a partner into an existing partnership does not thereby become liable to the creditors of the partnership for debts or obligations incurred before he became a partner.
- (3) A partner who retires from a partnership does not thereby cease to be liable for partnership debts or obligations incurred before his retirement.
- (4) A retiring partner may be discharged from any debts or obligations of the partnership existing at the time of his retirement by an agreement to that effect between himself and the members of the partnership as newly constituted and the creditors, and such agreement may be either express or implied as fact from the course of dealing between the creditors and the partnership as newly constituted."

Section 52. Subsection (1) is amended by the substitution of a comma for the full stop after the word "business" and the addition of the words "or if the act has been endorsed and accepted by the firm."

Subsection (6) is repealed.

Section 62 is repealed.

Section 97 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"97. The conviction of a partner for treason or felony operates as a dissolution of the partnership."

Section 129 is repealed.

Dairy Produce Ordinance, 2 of 1938. The Ordinance is amended by the addition of the following section after section 2 thereof:

"2A. Every dairy shall be registered as prescribed under this Ordinance, and no person shall supply, sell or offer for sale any dairy produce unless he is duly licensed in that behalf."

Section 15. Subsection (1) is amended by the addition after the words "certificate of registration" of the words "or licence granted to such person pursuant to any regulation made under section 16 of this Ordinance."

Subsection (2) is amended by the deletion of the words "so to do or during the period of suspension of his licence" and the substitution of the words "or licensed to do so pursuant to any regulation made under section 16 of this Ordinance, or during the period of suspension of any certificate of registration or licence suspended pursuant to subsection (1) of this section."

Dairy Produce (Amendment) Ordinance, 42 of 1949. Section 3 is amended by deleting the figure "5".

31st December, 1949.

Dangerous Drugs Section 20 Ordinance, 2 of 1949.

Section 20 is repealed.

1st June, 1949.

1st January, 1950.

Ordinance to be amended.	Detail of amendment or repeal.	Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.
Defence Force Ordinance, 7 of 1920.	Section 13 (1) is amended by the substitution of the word "forty-one" for the word "forty" and by the deletion of clause (a) and the substitution therefor of the following:	1st January, 1950.
	"(a) may at any time thereafter, on application in writing to the Commanding Officer, be posted to the Retired List and his name shall thereupon be removed from the Active List,"	
Diplomatic Privileges	Section 6 is repealed.	1st June, 1949.
(Extension) Ordinance, 5 of 1949.		
Estate Duty Ordinance, 4 of 1949.	Section 2. The definition of "Colony" is amended by the deletion of the words "including its Dependencies."	1st June, 1949.
Immigration (Restriction)	Section 2 is amended by adding the following definition:-	31st December, 1949
Ordinance, 34 of 1949.	"Alien' means a person who is neither a British subject, a British protected person, a citizen of India nor a citizen of the Republic of Ireland."	
	The Ordinance is amended by adding the following as section 5A:-	
	"5A. Every alien immigrant over the age of 16 years shall within seven days of his landing in the Colony register with the Chief Constable and furnish him with such particulars as he may require and if he shall fail without reasonable excuse to comply with the provisions of this section he shall commit an offence."	
Interpretation and General Law	Section 1 is amended by deleting the full stop and adding the words:-	1st January, 1949.
Ordinance, 6 of 1949.	"and shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st January, 1949."	
	Section 2 is amended :-	
	(1) by deleting the definition "British Empire":	
	(2) by repealing the definition of "Colony" and replacing it by the following:-	
	"The Colony in any Ordinance which is expressed to apply to the Colony means the Colony of the Falkland Islands, and shall be deemed to include territorial waters: in any Ordinance which is expressed to apply to the Colony and the Dependencies, or is or has been applied to the Dependencies, it includes the Dependencies and the territorial waters thereof."	

(3) by repealing the definition of "Colonial waters" and replacing it by the following:-

"'Colonial waters' include territorial waters."

(4) by the addition of the following definitions after the definition of "Common law":-

"'Commonwealth' means collectively the United Kingdom, any other part of His Majesty's Dominions. India, and territory under His Majesty's protection and any territory administered by the Government of any part of His Majesty's Dominions in accordance with a Mandate from the League of Nations or under Trusteeship of the United Nations."

After the definition of "Daily penalty" :-

"the Dependencies' mean the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, that is to say, all islands and territories between the 20th degree of West longitude and the 50th degree of West longitude that are situated south of the 50th parallel of South latitude and all islands and territories between the 50th degree of West longitude and the 80th degree of West longitude that are situated south of the 58th parallel of South latitude."

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

After the definition of "Harbour" :-

"'Immovable property' includes land, benefits to arise out of land and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth."

(5) by repealing the definition of "Law".

(6) by repealing the definition of "Person" and replacing it by the following:-

"'Person' includes any corporation, club, society or other body corporate or unincorporate."

(7) by repealing the definition of "Property" and replacing it by the following:-

"'Property' includes money, goods, choses in action, land and every description of property, whether real or personal."

Section 10 is amended by being re-numbered as section 10. (1) and by the addition of the following as subsection 10. (2):

"10. (2) All orders, rules, regulations, by-laws and scales of fees, charges or fines, made or prescribed under any Act or Ordinance prior to its repeal, shall, if the repealing Ordinance provides for making orders, rules, regulations or by-laws, or prescribing scales of fees, charges or fines, remain in force after such repeal until they are revoked or superseded by orders, rules, regulations, by-laws, or scales of fees, charges or fines made or prescribed under and by virtue of the repealing Ordinance, and they may be read with such verbal alterations as may be required to make them applicable to the requirements of the repealing Ordinance.

Section 14 (as amended by Ordinance 15 of 1949) is amended by being renumbered as Section 14 (1) and by the substitution of the words and figures "22nd May, 1900" for the words and figures "1st January 1949".

The Ordinance is amended by the addition of the following as Section 14 (2) -

"(2) So much of the enactments specified in the Schedule hereto as is not already in force in the Colony and is capable of being applied therein by Ordinance shall apply therein with such modifications as the circumstances of the Colony require,"

and by the addition of the following Schedule -

"Schedule.

The Merchant Shipping Acts, 1894-1948.

The Married Women's Property Act, 1907.

The Protection of Animals Act, 1911.

The Forgery Act, 1913.

The Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1924.

The Trustee Act, 1925

The Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1928.

The Marriage (Prohibited Degrees of Relationship) Act, 1931.

The Sentence of Death (Expectant Mothers) Act.

The Children and Young Persons Act, 1933, Sections I and 53.

The Counterfeit Currency (Convention) Act, 1935. The Law Reform (Married Women and Tortfeasors)

Act, 1935. The Infanticide Act, 1938.

The Criminal Justice Act, 1948, Section 2."

Section 17 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"17. Whenever by any Order of the King in Council or Ordinance any Act is extended or applied to the Colony, such Act shall be read with such formal alterations as to names, localities, courts, officers, persons, moneys, penalties and otherwise as may be necessary to make it applicable to the circumstances."

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

Land Ordinance. 28 of 1949. Section 2 is amended by repealing the definition of "Land" and replacing it by the following :-

"'Land' includes any messuages, tenements and buildings thereon, and any estate or interest therein, but does not include minerals."

Section 3 (1) is amended by the substitution of the word "may" for the word "shall".

Section 3 (2) (b) is amended by the addition after the word "defective" of a comma and the words "or as".

Section 4 (1) is amended by the substitution of the word "may" for the word "shall".

Section 4 (2) is amended

- (1) by repealing clause (a) and substituting therefor the following:-
 - "(a) on the part of a mortgagor conveying as beneficial owner, for the right to convey free from incumbrances (except as therein mentioned); that upon default in payment of the money thereby secured, or any part thereof, or any interest thereon, contrary to any provision therein contained, the mortgagee may enter into possession and quietly enjoy the mortgaged land; and for further assurance;"
 - (2) by the addition of the following as clause (b):-
 - "(b) on the part of a mortgagor conveying as trustee, personal representative of a deceased person, committee of a person of unsound mind, receiver of the income of a person of unsound mind or of a defective, or as tenant for life, or under an order of the Court, the covenants contained in section 3 (2) (b):"
 - (3) by renumbering clause (b) as clause (c).

Section 5 is amended by the substitution of the word "may" for the word "shall" after the word "mortgage".

Section 7 (1) is amended by the substitution of the word "may" for the word "shall".

Section 7 (3) is amended by the addition after the word "power" of a comma and the words "subject to the provisions contained in the proviso to section 27 (1) and in section 27 (2) of this Ordinance with the substitution of "the lessor" for "the Governor."."

Section 8 (1) is amended by the addition after clause (e) of the following:-

"(f) an assignment of a lease by the assigner and assignee;"

Section 9 (1) is amended by the substitution for the words "of agreement for an assignment for a lease" of the words "or an agreement for a lease or for an assignment of a lease."

Section 16 is amended by the addition after the words "Lease. The lessee" of the words "Assignment of lease. The assignee".

Section 27 is amended by being renumbered as section 27 (1) and by the addition of the following Proviso and subsection (2):-

"Provided that the right of re-entry or forfeiture for a breach of any covenant or condition in a lease shall not be enforceable unless and until there shall be served on the lessee a notice -

- (a) specifying the breach complained of; and
- (h) if the breach is capable of remedy, requiring the lessee to remedy the breach: and
- (c) in any case requiring the lessee to make compensation in money for the breach;

and the lessee fails within a reasonable time thereafter

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

to remedy the breach and to make compensation in money, to the satisfaction of the Governor, for the breach.

The foregoing proviso shall not extend :-

- (i) to a covenant or condition against assigning, underletting or disposing of the land leased; or
- (ii) to a condition for forfeiture on the bankruptcy of the lessee, or on taking in execution of his interest.
- (2) Where it is proposed to enforce such a right of re-entry or forfeiture the lessee may apply to the Court for relief; and the Court may grant or refuse relief as the Court, having regard to all the circumstances, thinks fit; and may grant relief on such terms as to costs, expenses, damages, compensation or otherwise as the Court in the circumstances of each case thinks fit."

Section 28 is amended by adding the following clause as clause (i) \vdash

"(i) The right to hunt, kill and take seals is reserved to the Government and such persons as are duly licensed by the Government,"

Law Revision (Repeal) Ordinance, 26 of 1949.

The Schedule is amended by deleting therefrom

"Ordinance 4 of 1893, the Christ Church Ordinance," and "Ordinance 4 of 1938, the Civil Procedure Ordinance."

and by adding thereto "Ordinance No. 5 of 1900, the Alien Ordinance" and "Ordinance No. 6 of 1928, the Alien (Amendment) Ordinance".

Licensing Ordinance, 12 of 1949.

The word "intoxicating" is added before the word "liquor" throughout the Ordinance, except where it already precedes the word "liquor".

Section 26 is amended by repealing the words following the words "exceeding one year".

Section 32 is amended by substituting the words "and upon conviction shall forfeit his licence and be disqualified for all time" for the words "and he shall forfeit his licence and be disqualified for any period", and by the addition of the following proviso:—

"Provided that the Governor-in-Council if he considers for special reasons Justice so requires, may direct that the person convicted shall not be so disqualified or that disqualification shall cease to have effect at the expiration of such period as the Governor-in-Council shall specify".

Section 36 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

"36. Any person who, during the time at which licensed premises are directed to be closed by or in pursuance of this Ordinance sells or exposes for sale on such premises any intoxicating liquor, or opens or keeps open such premises for the sale of intoxicating liquor, or allows any intoxicating liquor, although purchased before the hours of closing, to be consumed on such premises by any person other than are bona fide lodging therein, or during such time allows anyone other than as aforesaid, to play at billiards or bagatelle or any other game on such premises, and any persons, other than are bona fide lodging in such premises, who shall consume any intoxicating liquor or play any game as aforesaid during such time, shall commit an offence."

Section 39 (1) is amended by the addition of the word "such" after the words "take or carry away".

Section 48 is amended by the addition of the word "or" at the end of clause (a).

Section 49 is repealed.

31st December, 1949.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

Section 57 is repealed and replaced by the following :-

"57. (1) If upon information given on oath it appears to any Justice that there is reasonable cause for suspecting that any intoxicating liquor is kept for the purpose of sale or is being or has been sold by any person not duly licensed in that behalf or by any person in any house building vessel or boat not specified in his licence or in any manner not authorized by his licence, such Justice may by warrant under his hand directed to any constable or constables or other officer of police authorize such officer to enter and search such premises, and by the said warrant may, if he thinks fit, specially authorize such officer to enter and search such premises at any time of the day or night, and moreover if he thinks fit, may specially authorize such officer, with or without assistance, to break open or otherwise use force in order to effect an entry to such premises.

- (2) If, upon search under this section, any intoxicating liquor or any vessels used for holding or measuring the same is found, it shall be lawful for the officer executing the warrant to take possession of and secure such liquor or vessel; and he may apprehend and bring before a Magistrate or any two Justices not only the person in whose premises the same are found, but also every other person found in such premises who appears to have been employed or to have assisted in the selling of such liquor, and unless it be made to appear to such Magistrate or Justices that such liquor was not on the premises for the purpose of being illegally sold and was not illegally sold the person in whose premises such liquor is found and every person so appearing to have been employed or to have assisted in the selling thereof in such premises shall be guilty of an offence.
- (3) Any intoxicating liquor found on any search under this section, together with any vessels used for holding or measuring the same, shall, upon any conviction in respect thereof, be forfeited to the use of His Majesty.
- (4) Every warrant issued under this section shall remain in force for one month from the day of the date thereof, and it shall be no defence to any charge under subsection (1) that the intoxicating liquor found on the premises was deposited or brought thereon after the issue of the warrant.

Marriage Ordinance. 16 of 1949. Section 12 is amended by substituting the word "or" for the word "and" where it occurs in paragraph (1).

Section 22 is repealed.

Mental Treatment Ordinance, 20 of 1949. Section 4 is amended by deleting the words "the Senior Medical Officer or another registered medical practitioner to examine the person suspected of being of unsound mind" and substituting therefor "that the person suspected of being of unsound mind be examined by two registered medical practitioners", and by substituting the words "they shall, if they consider" for the words "such practitioner shall, if he considers" and the words "in their opinion" for the words "in his opinion" and the words "they found their opinion" for the words "he founds his opinion".

Section 17 is amended by substituting a full stop for the comma after the word "therein" in subsection (3) and deleting the remaining words of the subsection, and by the addition of the following subsection as subsection (4):—

"(4) In addition to the annual report the visitors, or any of them shall at any time make such reports upon any matter connected with an approved place as they shall see fit, or as may be specially directed by the Governor." 31st December, 1949.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

31st December, 1949.

Pensions Ordinance, 13 of 1949.

Section 2. The definition of "Personal Allowance" is amended by the deletion of the word "does" and the substitution of the words "pensionable emoluments do"; and the definition of "Public Service" is amended by the deletion of the words "territory under British Mandate" and the substitution therefor of the words "mandated or trust territory administered by the Government of any part of His Majesty's dominions or of the New Hebrides", and by the deletion of the words "under the High Commissioner for Transport in Kenya and Uganda", and by the addition after the words "Act amending or replacing the same," of the words "or under the Colonial Superannuation Scheme, or in a Colonial University College, or pensionable employment under a local authority in the United Kingdom or in".

Section 0 is amended by being renumbered as section 0 (1) and by the addition of the following as subsection (2):-

"(2) Any pension or gratuity granted under this Ordinance shall be computed in accordance with the provisions in force at the actual date of an officer's retirement."

Section 10 (1) is amended by the deletion of the words "in lieu of his pension."

Section 13 (1) is amended by the addition of the word "competent" before "Court".

Section 17 is amended by the substitution of the words "fifteen-sixtieths" for the words "fifteen seventy-seconds" in subsection (4), by renumbering subsection (5) as subsection (6), and by the addition of the following as subsection (5):

"(5) If an officer proceeding by a route approved by the Governor to or from the Colony at the commencement or termination of his service therein, or of a period of leave therefrom, dies as a result of damage to the vessel or vehicle in which he is travelling, or of any act of violence directed against such vessel or vehicle, and the Governor is satisfied that such damage or act is attributable to circumstances arising out of war in which His Majesty may be engaged, such officer shall be deemed, for the purposes of this section, to have died in the circumstances described in subsection (1) of this section."

Police and Prisons Ordinance, 11 of 1949. Section 18 is repealed.

1st June, 1949.

Public Health Ordinance, 5 of 1894. Section (ic (1) is amended by the deletion of the words from "If it shall appear" up to "for human consumption is", both inclusive, and the substitution therefor of the following:-

"(1) A medical officer or an inspector may at all times examine any article of food or drink intended for human consumption, which has been sold, or is offered or exposed for sale, and if it appears to him to be".

Section 6c is further amended by the addition of the following subsection as subsection (2):-

"(2) An officer who seizes any article of food or drink under the preceding subsection shall inform the person in whose possession it was found of his intention to have it dealt with by a Court, and any person who might be liable to a prosecution in respect thereof shall, if he attends before the Court upon the application for its condemnation, be entitled to be heard and to call witnesses".

Section 6c (2) is renumbered as section 6c (3).

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeat.

Section 12 is amended by the addition of the following as subsection (1):-

"(1) If the person upon whom a notice to abate a nuisance has been served makes default in complying therewith, or if the nuisance, although abated since the service of the notice, is in the opinion of the Board likely to recur on the same premises, the Board shall cause a complaint to be made to a Justice, and the Justice shall thereupon issue a summons requiring such person to appear before a court of summary jurisdiction.

Section 12 (1) is renumbered as section 12 (2).

Section 13 is amended by being renumbered as section 13 (1) and by the addition after the word "fails" of the words "without reasonable excuse".

Section 13 is further amended by the addition of the following subsection as subsection (2):-

"(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, where an order to abate a nuisance has not been complied with the Board may abate the nuisance and recover the cost of so doing from the person in default".

Section 14 (4) is amended by the deletion of the word "failing" and the substitution of the words "who fails without reasonable excuse".

Quarantine Ordinance, 7 of 1908.

Section 9 as amended by the Quarantine (Amendment) Ordinance, 1949, is amended by the deletion of the words "may be apprehended without warrant and".

Regulation 2 is amended by substituting for the definitions of "Infected ship". "Suspected ship" and "Healthy ship" the following:-

"Infected ship' means (a) one on board of which a case of human plague is present or broke out more than six days after embarkation, or on which plague infested rats are found; or

- (b) one on board of which there is, or has been during the five days previous to the ship's arrival, a case of cholera; or
- (c) one on board of which there is, or was at the time of its departure or during the voyage, a case of yellow fever; or
- (d) one on board of which there is, or has been during the voyage, a case of small-pox.

"Suspected ship" means (a) one on board of which a case of human plague broke out in the first six days after embarkation, or in which investigations have shown an unusual and unexplained mortality among rats; or

- (b) on board of which there has been a case of cholera at the time of departure or during the voyage, but no fresh case in the five days previous to arrival: or
- (c) one which arrives after a voyage of less than six days from an infected port or a port in close relation with an endemic centre of yellow fever or arrives after a voyage of more than six days and there is reason to believe that it may transport adult stegomyia (aedes eyypti) emanating from the said port; or
- (d) one on board of which there has been during the voyage a case of small-pox but no fresh case in the twelve days previous to arrival."

"'Healthy ship' means a ship which, although having come from an infected place, has had on board no case of any infectious or contagious disease nor any rat plague either at the time of departure or during the voyage or on arrival, and the investiga-

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

tions regarding rats have not shown an unusual mortality, or if, on arriving after a voyage of more than six days from a place infected with yellow fever, it has no case of yellow fever on board, and either there is no reason to believe that it transports adult stegomyia, or it is proved to the satisfaction of the Health Officer that the ship, during its stay in the infected place, was moored at a distance of at least 200 metres from the inhabited shore and at such a distance from harbour vessels as to make the access of stegomyia improbable, or that the ship, at the time of departure, was effectively fumigated in order to destroy mosquitoes."

Regulation 16 (b) (i) is amended by substituting "six days" for "five days".

Regulation 16 (b) (iv) is amended by substituting "fourteen days" for "twelve days".

Regulation 16 (e) is amended by substituting "twenty-four hours" for "forty-eight hours".

Regulation 16 (f) is amended by adding at the end thereof, "or the ship shall be moored at least 200 metres from the inhabited shore and at such a distance from the harbour boats as will render the access of stegomyia improbable;"

Regulation 16 (g) is deleted and replaced by the following:-

- "(g) In the case of cholera (i) when the drinking water is suspected it shall be emptied out after disinfection, and replaced, after disinfection of the tanks, by a fresh supply of wholesome water;
 - (ii) the bilge water after disinfection shall be pumped out;
 - (iii) the emptying or discharge into the waters of the port of human dejecta as well as of the waste waters of the ship may be forbidden unless they have been previously disinfected."

"(h) in the case of plague or cholera unloading shall be carried out under the supervision of the Health Officer and the persons engaged therein shall be subjected to observation or surveillance for a period of five days from the time when they cease unloading."

Regulation 18 (a) (iv) is amended by substituting "fourteen days" for "twelve days".

Registration Ordinance, 9 of 1949.

Section 14 is repealed.

1st June, 1949.

Stanley Town Council Ordinance, L of 1947. Section 3 (4) is repealed.

Section 8 (1) is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"8. (1) Elections shall be held biennially on the second Wednesday in the month of December. At each biennial election the more recently elected councillor in each ward shall remain in office and the other shall retire automatically and shall be eligible to be a candidate at any subsequent election, other than that at which he retires or an election to fill a casual vacancy held before the next biennial election: Provided that a councillor elected to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the date upon which the person in whose place he is elected would regularly have retired, and he shall then retire".

Section 66 is amended by the deletion of the words "of the Supreme Court" and the substitution of the words "upon the trial of". 1st January, 1949.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeat.

Section 67 is amended by the deletion of the word "Supreme".

Section 68 is amended by the deletion of the words "of the Supreme Court" and the substitution of the words "upon the trial of".

Section 74 (4) is amended by the addition of the word "general" before the words "authority of the Council" and by the deletion of the words "as provided in subsection (3)".

Section 82 (1) is amended by the addition after the words "other matter" of the words "and is present" and by the addition after the word "committee" of the words "at which the contract or other matter is under consideration".

The Ordinance is amended by the addition of the following section as section 119a:-

"119A. The Council shall have power to make and levy rates in order to provide such moneys as may from time to time be required by the Council to enable them to perform the duties which by this or any other Ordinance they may be authorised or required to perform".

Stanley Town Council (Powers) Ordinance, 18 of 1948.

Section 7 is repealed.

Section 29 (1). The words "without the authority or consent of the Council" are added before the word "nut".

Section 29 (3). The words "without the authority or consent of the Council" are added before the word "open".

Stanley Waterworks Ordinance, 19 of 1949. Section 3 (4) (b) is amended by adding after the words "occupier thereof" the words "enter on any land and", and by replacing the full stop after the word "land" by a comma and adding "making compensation to the owner or occupier for all damages sustained by him or them by reason of the exercise of the said powers; such compensation, in the absence of agreement, to be determined by arbitration as provided by the Land Ordinance, save that in the application thereof to this Ordinance section 39 thereof shall be read as if the words "Water Authority" were substituted for the word "Governor".

Section 3 (5) is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"(5) The Water Authority or any person acting under his directions may diminish, withhold, suspend or divert the supply of water through the waterworks either wholly or in part whenever it may be expedient or necessary for the purpose of conserving the supply of water, or for extending, altering or repairing the waterworks, and the Water Authority shall not be liable to any claim for compensation on account of any interruption in or insufficiency of the supply of water resulting from the exercise of any of the powers aforesaid, or caused by drought or other unavoidable circumstances."

Section 4 (3) is amended by adding before the words "opens or closes" the words "without the consent of the Water Authority."

Section 5 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"5. The Governor in Council may make regulations prescribing the size, make and materials of the pipes and other appliances to be used, the manner of laying the same, the conditions of the supply of water to the Town Council of Stanley and the amount of such supply, and generally for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance."

31st December, 1948.

Detail of amendment or repeal.

Date of coming in force of amendment or repeal.

Trade Disputes (Arbitration) Ordinance, 10 of 1949.

Section 3. The following subsection is added as subsection (3):-

Ist June, 1949.

"If there are existing in any trade or industry any arrangements for settlement by conciliation or arbitration of disputes in such trade or industry, or any branch thereof, made in pursuance of an agreement between organisations of employers and organisations of workmen representative respectively of substantial proportions of the employers and workmen engaged in that trade or industry, the Governor shall not, unless with the consent of both parties to the dispute, and unless and until there has been a failure to obtain a settlement by means of those arrangements, refer the matter for settlement, in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this section."

Subsection (3) is renumbered as sub-section (4).

Section 12. The following subsection is added as subsection (1):

"(1) The Governor may pay to any arbitrator or assessor appointed under this Ordinance such remuneration as the Governor shall think fit."

Subsections (1) and (2) are renumbered as subsections (2) and (3) respectively.

Trespass Ordinance, 5 of 1904.

Section 1. The definitions of "Lawful Occupier" and "Fenced land" are deleted.

Section 14 is repealed and replaced by the following:-

"The Governor in Council may make regulations modifying the amounts of pound fees and commonage fees and providing for the issue of licences hereunder and the form thereof, and otherwise for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance."

1st January, 1950.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 22nd day of December, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 1



1949.

The Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FOURTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor,

An Ordinance

To provide for the service between the first day of January and the 30th day of June, 1950.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony and Dependencies of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (Dependencies) (First half of 1950) Ordinance, 1949.

Appropriation of £54,814 for service of the half year ending 30th June. 1950.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Dependencies and applied to the service of the period ending the 30th of June, 1950, a sum not exceeding Fifty four thousand, Eight hundred and fourteen pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the period from the first day of January to the thirtieth day of June in the year 1950.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.			Amount.		
I.	Central		***		13,576	
II.	Dependencies Su	rvey	***	***	41,238	
	Te	otal Exp	enditure	Æ	54,814	

Promulgated by the Governor on the 22nd day of December, 1949.

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 30th day of December, 1950.

MILES CLIFFORD.

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 2



1950.

Falkland Islands Dependencies.

IN THE FIFTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D., Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Revised Edition of the Title. Laws Ordinance, 1943, and to apply to the Dependencies certain Ordinances.

WHEREAS by Article 10 (1) of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent 1948, it was provided that it should be lawful for the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies to make laws for the peace, order and good government of the Dependencies:

Preamble.

AND WHEREAS since the coming into operation of the said Letters Patent certain Ordinances purporting to apply to the Dependencies have been enacted with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, and doubts have arisen whether such Ordinances are valid in so far as they purport to apply to the Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to apply the said Ordinances and certain other Ordinances to the Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS by section 3 of the Dependencies Ordinance, 1908, the Governor in Council was empowered by notification in the Gazette to declare any Ordinance or part of any Ordinance to be in force in the Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS by a notification in the Gazette dated 27th July, 1945 the Governor in Council declared that certain Ordinances applied to the Dependencies and had so applied since the date of their enactment and doubts have arisen concerning the validity of such notification:

AND WHEREAS by a notification in the Gazette dated June, 28th 1947 the Governor declared certain Ordinances applied to the Dependencies from the date thereof, and doubts have arisen concerning the effect of such notification.

AND WHEREAS by an Ordinance of the Colony of the Falkland Islands entitled the Revised Edition of the Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance, 1943, and the other Ordinances specified in the Schedule thereto were amended as therein appears:

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to apply to the Dependencies the said Revised Edition of the Laws (Amendment) Ordinance. 1950, and certain of the other Ordinances, as amended by the said Revised Edition of the Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, specified in the said Schedule, and certain other Ordinances:

Enacting Clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Falkland Islands and the Dependencies thereof as follows:-

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Revised Edition of the Laws (Amendment) (Dependencies) Ordinance, 1950.

Application of No. 9 of 1950 and certain other Ordinances to the Dependencies.

2. Subject to the provisions of section 3 of this Ordinance the Revised Edition of the Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, is applied to the Dependencies and shall be deemed to have been in force in the Dependencies from the commencement of this Ordinance, and such of the Ordinances amended thereby and specified in the Schedule thereto as are specified in the first column of the Schedule to this Ordinance, and such other Ordinances as are also specified in the first column of said Schedule to this Ordinance are applied to the Dependencies, and shall be deemed to have been in force in the Dependencies with effect from the respective dates set out opposite their titles in the second column of the said Schedule.

Application of section 15 of the Commissions of Inquiry Ordinance.

3. Notwithstanding anything contained herein section 15 of the Commissions of Inquiry Ordinance, 1942, shall be read in its application to the Dependencies as if the words "unless such remuneration shall be specially voted by the Legislative Council" were deleted and replaced by the words "unless such remuneration shall be specially directed by the Governor to be paid".

Application of certain Ordinances confirmed.

- 4. It is hereby declared for the avoidance of doubt that the Ordinances mentioned in the said notification dated 27th July, 1945, are in force in the Dependencies, and that such Ordinances have been in force in the Dependencies since the respective dates of their enactment, with the exception of :-
 - (a) the Post Office Ordinance, 1898, which came into force in the Dependencies on 1st August, 1911;
 - (b) the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937, which came into force in the Dependencies on 1st June, 1938;
 - (c) the Government Employees Provident Fund Ordinance.
 1938, which came into force in the Dependencies on 20th
 November, 1937; and
 - (d) the Customs Ordinance, 1943 which came into force in the Dependencies on May 1st, 1948.
- 5. It is hereby declared for the avoidance of doubt that the following Ordinances being the Ordinances referred to by the said notification dated June 28th, 1947, are in force in the Dependencies and that such Ordinances have been in force in the Dependencies since July 1st, 1948:

The Pensions Ordinance, 1937

Matrimonial Causes Ordinance, 1940

Pensions Amendment Ordinance, 1941

""" "1941

""" "1946.

6. This Ordinance shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day of January, 1950.

Commencement.

SCHEDULE.

1 of 1868	Vaccination Ordinance	1st	January, 1	1050
1 of 1901	Census Ordinance	2011	anuary,]	1990
2 of 1902	Harbour Ordinance	lst.	January,	1918
1 of 1919	Mining Ordinance, 1918 (Amendment) Ordinance	31st	May, 1919)
2 of 1922	Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement)			
9 of 1929	(Amendment) Ordinance	25th	August, 1	1922
5 01 1525	Maintenance Orders (Facilities for Enforcement)			
7 of 1932	United Kingdom Designs (Dest. 1) (Amendment) Ordinance		October,	
8 of 1932	United Kingdom Designs (Protection) (Amendment) Ordinance	31st	October,	1932
0 01 1000	Registration of United Kingdom Patents (Amendment)	21	01	1000
5 of 1934	Venereal Disease (Amendment) Ordinance		October,	
4 of 1938	Civil Procedure Ordinance		May, 192	
6 of 1938	Falkland Islands Defence Force (Amendment) Ordinance		January, June, 19	
3 of 1939	Seditions Offences (Penalties) (Amendment) Ordinance		March, 15	
7 of 1939	Workmen's Compensation (Amendment) Ordinance		June, 19	
3 of 1940	Falkland Islands Defence Force (Amendment) Ordinance	22nd	May, 19	10
4 of 1940	Administration of Estates by Consular Officers Ordinance		January,	
6 of 1910	Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance		May. 194	
S of 1940	Income Tax (Amendment No. 2) Ordinance		Novembe	
12 of 1940	Matrimonial Causes (Amendment) Ordinance	,,	**	
3 of 1941	Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance	29th	Novembe	r. 1941
3 of 1942	Commissions of Inquiry Ordinance		March, 19	
2 of 1944	l'isheries Ordinance	23rd	Decembe	r, 1944
2 of 1947	Medical Registration (Amendment) Ordinance		Novembe	
1 of 1948	Stamp Duty Ordinance		May. 194	
5 of 1948	Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance		lanuary.	
7 of 1948	Income Tax (Amendment No.2) Ordinance		November	
I of 1949	Administration of Justice Ordinance		luly, 1949	
2 of 1949	Dangerous Drugs Ordinance	ıst J	lune, 194	9
3 of 1949 1 of 1949	Administration of Estates Ordinance	**	" "	
5 of 1919	Estate Duty Ordinance	**	,,	
6 of 1949	Diplomatic Privileges Ordinance	1.01	anuary,	10.10
7 of 1949	Interpretation and General Law Ordinance Administration of Justice (Amendment) Ordinance		fune, 194	
8 of 1919	Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance		lanuary.	
9 of 1949	Registration Ordinance		une, 194	
10 of 1949	Trade Disputes (Arbitration) Ordinance			
11 of 1949	Police and Prison Ordinance	**		
12 of 1949	Licensing Ordinance	31st I	December	. 1949
13 of 1949	Pensions Ordinance	**	4,	**
14 of 1949	Seditions Offences (Amendment) Ordinance	**		**
15 of 1949	Interpretation and General Law (Amendment) Ordinance	**	**	**
15 of 1949	Marriage Ordinance	**	**	**
17 of 1949	Quarantine (Amendment) Ordinance	**	**	**
18 of 1949	Trade Unions and Trade Disputes (Amendment) Ordinance	**	**	"
20 of 1949	Mental Treatment Ordinance	**	**	**
21 of 1949	Vaccination (Amendment) Ordinance	**	**	**
22 of 1949	Alieus Ordinance	71	**	**
23 of 1949	Workmen's Compensation (Amendment) Ordinance	***	**	**
24 of 1949	Post Office (Amendment) Ordinance	**	**	**
25 of 1949	British Nationality Ordinance	**	"	,,
26 of 1949	Law Revision (Repeal) Ordinance	**	"	,,
27 of 1949	Penguins Preservation (Amendment) Ordinance	**	,,	"
28 of 1949	Land Ordinance	·-	"	,,
29 of 1949	Wild Animals and Birds Protection (Amendment) Ordinance		"	**
33 of 1949	Publications (Importation Prohibition) (Amendment) Ordinance	"	"	
34 of 1949	Immigration (Restriction) Ordinance	**		
38 of 1949	Defence Force (Amendment) Ordinance	**		,,
41 of 1949	Companies and Private Partnership (Amendment) Ordinance	"		.,
43 of 1949	Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists (Amendment) Ordinance	,,	**	,,
1.0		,,	**	**
46 of 1949	Income Tax (Amendment No. 2) Ordinance	1st	Septembe	er. 1950
2 of 1950	Consular Conventions Ordinance	**	**	**
4 of 1950	Companies and Private Partnerships Ordinance Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists (Amendment)	***		
6 of 1950	Offinance	**	**	**
0 0 000	Trades Disputes (Arbitration) (Amendment) Ordinance	1st	Novembe	er, 1950
8 of 1950	Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance	lst	January.	1951
9 of 1950	Income 131x (Amendment) of the			

Promulgated by the Governor on the 30th day of December, 1950.

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 30th day of December, 1950.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 3



1950.

Falkland Islands Dependencies.

IN THE FIFTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

SIR MILES CLIFFORD, K.B.E., C.M.G., E.D.,

Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Dependencies Ordinance.

Date of commencement.

[30th December, 1950.]

Enacting Clause.

ENACTED by the Governor of the Falkland Islands and the Dependencies thereof—

Short title.

section 6.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dependencies (Amendment) Ordinance, 1950, and shall be read as one and construed with the Dependencies Ordinance, 1908, hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance, and shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st January, 1949.

Repeal of sections 3 and 4.

- Amendment of
- 2. Sections 3 and 4 of the Principal Ordinance are repealed.
- 3. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following section:-
 - "6. Whenever any Ordinance or part of any Ordinance of the Colony shall be in force in the Dependencies any rules, regulations or by-laws made thereunder for carrying out the provisions thereof shall also be in force in the Dependencies to the same extent as such Ordinance is in force therein, unless the Governor in Council shall make, as he is hereby authorised to do, rules, regulations or by-laws, as the case may be, which shall be specially applicable to any or all of the Dependencies and shall be in force therein."

Promulgated by the Governor on the 30th day of December, 1950.

M. R. RAYMER,

Colonial Secretary.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Pensions Ordinance, 1949.

MILES CLIFFORD.

No. 3 of 1950.

Governor.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1949, the Pensions Regulations, 1949, are hereby amended as follows:-

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Pensions (Amendment) Regulations, 1950.

Short title

2. Regulation 21 is amended by the addition of the following paragraph as paragraph (3):-

Amendment of section 21 of the Pensions Regulations, 1949.

- "(3) If an officer proceeding by a route approved by the Governor to or from the Colony at the commencement or termination of his service therein, or of a period of leave therefrom, is permanently injured as the result of damage to the vessel or vehicle in which he is travelling, or of any act of violence directed against such vessel or vehicle, and the Governor is satisfied that such damage or act is attributable to circumstances arising out of war in which His Majesty may be engaged, such officer shall be deemed, for the purposes of this Regulation, to have been injured in the circumstances described in paragraph (1) of this Regulation."
- 3. Paragraphs (3) and (4) of the said Regulation are renumbered as paragraphs (4) and (5).

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 9th day of December, 1950.

L. W. Aldridge,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Ref. 0829