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TO

FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE, 1947.

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The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVI.

JANUARY 2, 1947.

No. 1.

TRANSFERS.

<i>Name.</i>				<i>Date.</i>
Binnie, T.	Mail Officer, Grade IV., Post Office	to	Clerk, Grade IV.	1.12.46.
Carey, A.	Clerk, Grade IV., Post Office	to	Mail Officer, Grade IV.	1.12.46.

LEAVE.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Period.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Evans, H. R.	The Governor.	Govt. House Gardener.	180 days.	31.12.46.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 58. 11th December, 1946.

Under the provisions of Section 3 of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The Executive Engineer (*Chairman*);
The Assistant Treasurer, Treasury and
Customs Department;

The Honourable V. A. H. Biggs, J.P.;

Mr. W. H. Sedgwick;

Mr. D. Lees

to be Members of the Board of Assessors for the year 1947.

M.P. 597/29.

No. 59. 17th December, 1946.

With reference to Gazette Notices No. 29 of the 4th of April, 1940, and No. 48 of the 22nd of May, 1940, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the arrangement whereby His Majesty's Government undertook to purchase all Falkland Islands wool and sheepskins for the duration of the war and for one year thereafter has now come to an end, and that it will no longer be necessary to obtain licences to export these products.

M.P. 262/46.

No. 60. 24th December, 1946.

On the following dates in 1947 the Public Offices will be closed:—

New Year's Day	...	Wednesday, 1st January.
Good Friday	...	Friday, 4th April.
Easter Monday	...	Monday, 7th April.
Empire Day	...	Saturday, 24th May.
King's Birthday	...	Thursday, 12th June.
August Holiday	...	Monday, 4th August.
Anniversary of Falkland Islands Battle	...	Monday, 8th December.
Christmas Holidays	...	Thursday, 25th December. Friday, 26th December. Saturday, 27th December.

M.P. 291/33.

No. 61. 24th December, 1946.

The following Resolution was adopted at a Meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 23rd of December, 1946:—

"BE IT RESOLVED that under the provisions of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928, this Council hereby sanctions the following rate to be charged for the year 1947, on house property in the Town of Stanley, namely, Two shillings for every Twenty shillings of the annual value of such house property."

M.P. 209/38.

No. 62.

28th December, 1946.

The following list containing the names and qualifications of Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists, registered to practise in the Colony and the Dependencies is published in accordance with Section 3 of the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914. M.P. 21/28.

A. REGISTERED TO PRACTISE IN THE COLONY AND DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
<i>Medical Practitioners</i>		
Sladen, Francis James	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.T.M. & H.	1932.
Hopwood, Burton Edward Cyril	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1943.
Arthur, George David	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1944.
Krauss, Helmuth	Freiberg University	1923.
Bingham, Edward William	M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O. (T.C.D.)	1926.
Slessor, Robert Stewart	M.B., Ch.B. (Aberdeen). L.M. (Dublin).	1935. 1936.
Andrew, James Darby	M.R.C.S., (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.) M.B., B.Chir. (Cantab.)	1944. 1944.
Butson, Arthur Richard Cecil	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.B., B.Ch. (Camb.)	1945. 1945.
Roberts, John Michael	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1945.
<i>Midwives.</i>		
Brigginshaw, Winnifred May	State Registered Nurse. State Certified Midwife (1)	1944. 1945.
Henricksen, Agnes	State Certified Midwife (Eng.)	1929.
<i>Dental Surgeon.</i>		
Tomlinson, James	L.D.S. (Manch.)	1942.

B. REGISTERED TO PRACTISE IN THE DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
<i>Medical Practitioners</i>		
Gilkes, Michael John	M.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1946.
Peyrallo, Romulo Alberto	D.M. & S. (Univ. Montevideo)	1938.

No. 63.

31st December, 1946.

It is with deep regret that His Excellency the Governor announces the death, in England on the 3rd of December, 1946, of Mr. B. Colin McAtasney, Assistant Gardener, Government House, Stanley.

M.P. P/309.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Karl Edward Lindenberg of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Robert Cartmell, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

H. BENNETT.

Acting Registrar, Supreme Court.

16th December, 1946.

L. 25/46.

Application for a Publican's Licence under the provisions of the Licensing Ordinance, 1944.

TAKE NOTICE

That under the provisions of the Licensing Ordinance, 1944, application has been made for a Publican's Retail Licence by

RODERICK JOHN DAVID McLEOD — SHIP HOTEL, STANLEY.

and provided that no objection be taken to the granting of this Licence before the 31st December, 1946, the same will be granted for a period of six months.

E. F. LELLMAN,
Assistant Treasurer.

17th December, 1946.

No. 6.

Proclamation

1946.

Restriction on Importation of Goods.

(Repeal of Proclamation No. 5 of 1941.)

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, &c., &c., &c.

G. M. CLIFFORD

—

By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.

[L.S.]

In virtue of the powers in me vested by Section 2 of the Exports and Imports (Emergency Powers) Ordinance, 1939, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby proclaim and order and it is hereby proclaimed and ordered that the following amended rules regarding the importation of all goods without exception come into force forthwith.

1. Open general Import Licences will henceforth be granted to Registered Traders upon application to the Competent Authority for all articles of Merchandise obtainable within the sterling area with the exception of Foodstuffs, which will continue to be controlled.
2. Only in cases of urgency will an Import Licence be granted for an article from a non-sterling area when that article or a similar article is obtainable from a sterling area.

Proclamation No. 5 of 1941, made on the 9th day of June, 1941 is hereby repealed.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this fourteenth day of December, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-six.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 1 of 1946.

I ASSENT,

G. M. CLIFFORD,

Governor.

24th December, 1946.

An Ordinance

To amend the Licensing Ordinance, 1944.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, and shall be read and construed as one with the Licensing Ordinance, 1944, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

**Section 35 (a) of
Principal Ordinance
amended.**

2. Section 35 (a) of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by the deletion of the words "one year of" in the third line, and the substitution therefor of the words "the period stated in".

Passed by the Legislative Council this 23rd day of December, 1946.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 24th day of December, 1946.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 2 of 1946.

I ASSENT,

G. M. CLIFFORD,

Governor.

24th December, 1946.

An Ordinance

To amend the Pensions Ordinance, 1937.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, and shall be read and construed as one with the Pensions Ordinance, 1937, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Short Title.

2. Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by the insertion of the following sub-section and proviso:—

Amendment of
Section 3 of Ordinance No. 5 1937.

“(3) Whenever the Governor-in-Council is satisfied that it is equitable that any regulation made under this section should have retrospective effect in order to confer a benefit upon or remove a disability attaching to any person, that regulation may be given retrospective effect for that purpose:

“Provided that no such regulation shall have retrospective effect unless it has received the prior approval of the Legislative Council signified by resolution”.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 23rd day of December, 1946.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 24th day of December, 1946.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 3 of 1946.

I ASSENT,

G.M. CLIFFORD.

Governor.

24th December, 1946.

An Ordinance To amend the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

Short Title and operation.

1. This Ordinance, which shall be read and construed as one with the Customs Ordinance, 1943, may be cited as the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, and shall come into force in the Colony and its Dependencies on a date to be specified by the Governor by Proclamation in the Gazette.

Amendment of Section 2 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

2. The definition of "Proof" in section 2 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, shall be amended to read "Proof Spirit means such spirit as, at the temperature of 51 degrees Fahrenheit shall weigh 12/13ths of the weight of an equal measure of distilled water;"

Amendment of Section 5 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

3. The first sentence of Section 5 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, shall be amended to read "It shall be lawful for the Legislature from time to time by resolution to impose import or export duties . . . etc."

Insertion of new sections.

4. The following sections shall be added to the Customs Ordinance, 1943 :—

Governor in Executive Council may make interim order.

"5A. Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding section, the Governor in Executive Council may by order (a) increase or reduce any import or export duty of customs, or (b) impose new import or export duties of customs,

and from the date of publication of such order in the Gazette and until the expiry of such order, the duties specified in such order shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior thereto. Provided that where any duty is reduced by any such order the person by whom any goods liable to the reduced duty are entered shall pay the reduced duty and in addition shall deposit with the proper Officer the difference between the duty payable prior to the date of the order and the duty payable under the order until the order expires as hereinafter provided."

5B. Every order issued by the Governor in Executive Council under Section 5A shall after four days and within twenty-one days from the date of its first publication be submitted to the Legislature, and the Legislature may by resolution confirm, amend or revoke such order, and upon publication of the resolution of the Legislature in the Gazette the resolution shall have effect and the order shall then expire. If the order be not submitted within the said period of twenty-one days to the Legislature for confirmation it shall *ipso facto* expire."

Interim order to be confirmed, amended or revoked by Legislative Council.

5C. So much of the duties as shall have been paid under the order of the Governor in Executive Council as may be in excess of the duties payable immediately after the expiry of such order shall be repaid to the persons who paid the same."

Excess duty to be refunded when order expires.

"5D. So much of any sums which have been deposited in accordance with the proviso to Section 5A as, together with the duty paid, shall be equal to the duties payable after the expiry of the order, shall be brought to account by the Collector as duties of customs, and the balance, if any, shall be refunded to the depositor."

Refund of Deposit.

5. The following words shall be added after the words "process abroad" in the second line of Section 11, subsection (a) :— "or having been so subjected (but without change of their form or character) are goods not liable at the time of their reimportation to duty *ad valorem*".

Amendment of Section 11, subsection (a), of the Customs Ordinance 1943.

6. The word "renovation" in Section 34 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, shall be deleted, and the word "revocation" inserted in its place.

Amendment of Section 34 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

7. The words "upon being admitted to entry inwards" in lines 3 and 4 of Section 68 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, shall be deleted, and the words "at the time of making report" shall be inserted in their place.

Amendment of Section 68 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

8. Section 70 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, shall be deleted.

Deletion of Section 70 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

9. The word "warehouse" in line 2 of Section 94 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, shall be deleted, and the words "transit shed" inserted in its place.

Amendment of Section 94 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

10. The words "to stow" shall be inserted after the word "neglect" in line 2 of Section 104 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

Amendment of Section 104 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

11. The words "to which the provisions of Section 125 apply" in lines 1 and 2 of Section 126 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, shall be deleted.

Amendment of Section 126 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

12. The word "if" in line 6 of Section 137 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, shall be deleted.

Amendment of Section 137 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

Amendment of Section
152 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943.

13. The word "such" in line 1, and the words "as aforesaid" in line 3 of Section 152 of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, shall be deleted.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 23rd day of December, 1946.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 24th day of December, 1946.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1946.

I ASSENT,
G. M. CLIFFORD,
Governor.

24th December, 1946.

An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-five in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 13 of 1944.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1945.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1945) Ordinance, 1946.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One Thousand nine hundred and forty-five, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the year 1945.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 23rd day of December, 1946.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 24th day of December, 1946.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.				Amount.		
					£	s.	d.
	FALKLAND ISLANDS.						
IV.	Treasury & Customs	...	...	...	101	19	0
VII.	Electrical & Telegraphs	...	...	...	2031	8	6
X.	Police & Prisons	...	...	...	166	14	1
XI.	Medical	...	...	...	391	12	4
XV.	Military	...	...	...	43	4	6
XVI.	Agriculture	...	...	...	614	13	7
XVII.	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	3995	4	11
XVIII.	Public Works	...	...	...	41	1	5
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	...	...	...	8229	12	11
XXII.	Land Sales Fund	...	...	...	893	0	0
					£ 16508	11	3

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1946.

I ASSENT,

G. M. CLIFFORD,

Governor.

24th December, 1946.

An Ordinance
To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1943.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows :—

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1943. (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Amendment of the
Second Schedule to
Ordinance No. 2 of
1943.

2. The Second Schedule to the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by the insertion of the words "of the Governor or" between the words "use" and "in" in the first line of the sixth paragraph.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 23rd day of December, 1946.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 24th day of December, 1946.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

[L.S.]



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1946.

I ASSENT,

G. M. CLIFFORD,

Governor.

24th December, 1946.

An Ordinance

To provide for the service of the year
1947.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1947) Ordinance, 1946.

Short Title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st December, 1947, a sum not exceeding One hundred and Thirty-seven thousand, One hundred and Sixty-nine pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1947.

Appropriation of
£137,169 for service
of year 1947.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 23rd day of December, 1946.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 24th day of December, 1946.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	3950	0	0
II.	The Governor	4489	0	0
III.	Colonial Secretary	3916	0	0
IV.	Treasury and Customs	2111	0	0
V.	Audit	386	0	0
VI.	Post Office	6227	0	0
VII.	Electrical and Telegraphs	8556	0	0
VIII.	Harbour	1454	0	0
IX.	Courts	432	0	0
X.	Police and Prisons	1726	0	0
XI.	Medical	9450	0	0
XII.	Education	9011	0	0
XIII.	Ecclesiastical	289	0	0
XIV.	Naturalist	350	0	0
XV.	Military	1006	0	0
XVI.	Agriculture	10331	0	0
XVII.	Miscellaneous	12614	0	0
XVIII.	Public Works	3477	0	0
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	22260	0	0
Total Ordinary Expenditure		£102035	0	0
XX.	Public Works Extraordinary	3770	0	0
XXI.	War Expenditure	720	0	0
XXII.	Land Sales Fund	211	0	0
Total Expenditure chargeable to Revenue		£106736	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	24708	0	0
II.	Extraordinary Expenditure	5725	0	0
Total		£137169	0	0

**Annual Abstract Account Statement showing
the Falkland Islands & Dependencies for**

R E C E I P T S .

RECEIPTS.	Estimated 1946.		Amount received to 31st March. 1946.		Receipts for same period. 1945.		More than estimated. 1946.		Less than estimated. 1946.	
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Balance on 1st Jan., 1946			29034	19 0						
1. Customs Duties	4525	0 0	2504	0 8	5829	6 7			2020	19 4
2. Port Dues	21	5 0	15	1 0	9	9 0			6	4 0
3. Internal Revenue	3625	10 0	921	13 9	706	9 11			2703	16 3
4. Fees, Fines, &c.	731	0 0	416	13 5	628	3 4			314	6 7
5. Interest	3542	0 0	3649	4 5	3776	14 11	107	4 5		
6. Post Office	5511	5 0	23673	18 9	6395	8 1	18182	13 9		
7. Telegraphs & Telephones	2141	5 0	1378	7 6	1914	4 9			762	17 6
8. Rents	380	0 0	259	7 3	333	4 7			120	12 9
9. Miscellaneous	1529	15 0	1067	1 5	1418	17 3			462	13 7
10. Contribution from Dependencies	1000	0 0							1000	0 0
11. Land Sales	52	15 0			245	14 11			52	15 0
Total Ordinary Rev. Falklands £	23059	15 0	33885	8 2	21257	13 4	18269	18 2	7444	5 0
Dependencies Revenue	5065	0 0	8109	11 3	2091	10 2	3044	11 3		
Total Revenue	£ 28124	15 0	41994	19 5	23349	3 6	21314	9 5	7444	5 0
Research Fund			2628	16 4			<p style="text-align: center;">Surplus of Assets 1st January, 1946.</p> <hr/> <p>Land Sales Fund £270651 4 9</p> <p>General Revenue Balance a/c Deficit 21296 6 6</p> <hr/> <p>£249354 18 3</p>			
Investments Realized			25000	0 0						
Farm & Building Loans			38	6 8						
Advances Repaid			5122	2 10						
Deposits Received			47353	13 7						
Remittances Received			17425	0 8						
Marine Insurance Fund			54	11 5						
Revenue Suspense A/c			5690	15 5						
Workmen's Compensation Insurance Fund			13	4 8						
Reserve Fund			68	8 4						
Town Hall Reconstruction Fund			170	15 1						
Dependencies' Postal A/c			10467	0 10						
Total	£		156027	15 3						
Balance brought down 1st January, 1946	£		29034	19 0						
Total	£		185062	14 3						

Distribution of Cash Balance 1st January, 1946 :—

Colonial Treasury	£26261	1 7
Crown Agents	2427	5 6
South Georgia	346	11 11
	£29034	19 0.

Receipts and Payments under various Heads for
the Quarter ended 31st March, 1946.

P A Y M E N T S .

PAYMENTS.	½ Estimated, 1946.			Amount paid to 31st March, 1946.			Payments for same period 1945.			More than ½ estimated, 1946.			Less than ½ estimated, 1946.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1. Pensions ...	987	10	0	799	9	3	825	3	5	.....			188	0	9
2. The Governor ...	811	15	0	797	16	10	613	9	7	.....			13	18	2
3. Colonial Secretary ...	801	0	0	834	15	2	628	6	11	33	15	2	.....	
4. Treasury & Customs ...	505	5	0	362	9	0	455	5	0	.....			142	16	0
5. Audit ...	1	10	0	.....			3	0	0	.....			1	10	0
6. Post Office ...	1615	0	0	1571	6	2	693	13	1	.....			43	13	10
7. Electrical & Telegraphs ...	1991	5	0	2691	12	6	1689	15	2	700	7	6	.....	
8. Harbour ...	385	10	0	219	13	4	239	2	6	.....			165	16	8
9. Legal ...	105	10	0	103	2	0	302	18	5	.....			2	8	0
10. Police & Prisons ...	356	15	0	327	11	2	303	9	0	.....			29	3	10
11. Medical ...	1846	15	0	2143	3	4	1987	9	6	296	8	4	.....	
12. Education ...	2049	10	0	1356	6	1	1272	5	7	.....			693	3	11
13. Ecclesiastical ...	72	5	0	3	10	0	3	10	0	.....			68	15	0
14. Naturalist ...	91	5	0	63	2	11	65	15	7	.....			28	2	1
15. Military ...	375	5	0	188	9	0	93	10	0	.....			186	16	0
16. Agriculture ...	2365	10	0	1780	11	4	2142	1	9	.....			584	18	8
17. Miscellaneous ...	3190	0	0	18447	14	9	1706	4	8	15257	14	9	.....	
18. Public Works Department ...	1142	5	9	1201	14	8	1065	1	3	59	9	8	.....	
19. Public Works Recurrent ...	3250	0	0	4897	12	11	4794	2	2	1647	12	11	.....	
Total Ordinary Expenditure ... £	21943	15	0	37790	0	5	18884	3	7	17995	8	4	2149	2	11
20. Public Works Extraordinary ...	4	15	0	.....			451	17	2	.....			4	15	0
21. War Expenditure ...	250	0	0	222	7	11	3167	0	1	.....			27	12	1
22. Land Sales Fund ...	52	15	0	.....			.....			.....			52	15	0
Total Falklands ... £	22251	5	0	38012	8	4	22503	0	10	17995	8	4	2234	5	0
Surplus of Assets on the 31st March, 1946.															
Dependencies ...				12112	17	0	Land Sales Fund ...			£270651	4	9			
Research Fund ...				9	2		General Revenue Balance A/c.								
Investments made ...				37396	7	5	Deficit 31/12/45. £21296	6	6						
Advances made ...				3668	19	7	" 31/3/46. 4127	0	2	25423	6	8			
Deposits Repaid ...				53303	5	7				£245227	18	1			
Remittances made ...				22059	0	8									
				106553	7	9									
Balance on 31st March, 1946 ...				18509	6	6									
Total ...				£185062	14	3									

Distribution of Cash Balance 31st March, 1946 :—

Colonial Treasury ...	£17406	14	4
Crown Agents ...	1080	13	3
South Georgia ...	21	18	11
	£18509	6	6.

E. F. LELLMAN,
for Financial Secretary.

Jury List for the year 1947.

The following list of the persons liable under the provisions of the Jury Ordinance, 1901 to serve as Jurors for the year 1947 is published in accordance with the fourth section of the Ordinance.

Any objection thereto will be heard and determined in the Magistrate's Court on the 20th of January, 1947.

H. BENNETT.

Justice of the Peace.

1. McAskill, John	67. Anderson, Wm. J. S.	133. Larsen, Richard	199. Harvey, C. James
2. Anderson, Edward B.	68. Jacobsen, A. F. W. C.	134. Middleton, James (1)	200. Bundes, R. J. C.
3. Stewart, Gordon	69. McAskill, Donald W.	135. McPhee, Owen H.	201. King, Vernon T.
4. Thompson, Geo. H.	70. Llamosa, Arthur Jas.	136. Anderson, John	202. Halliday, Stanley S.
5. Rutter, Arthur	71. Parring, Francis G.	137. Hollen, Henry D.	203. Burridge, Walter
6. Henricksen, Albert J.	72. Lee, Edwin T.	138. Biggs, T. M. V.	204. Smith, Ludwick C.
7. Goodwin, Bert S.	73. Johnson, Fred. W.	139. Betts, Keith C.	205. Binnie, Albert F.
8. Porter, Charles (Sr.)	74. Smith, John C. (Sr.)	140. Clifton, Jas. Henry	206. Smith, Alfred C. E.
9. Pearson, Robert	75. Lee, Alfred F.	141. Skilling, Chas. J.	207. Lellman, Karl V.
10. Stewart, D. W. H.	76. Peck, Aubrey F.	142. Duncan, David John	208. Draycott, D. J.
11. Hardy, Fred J.	77. Simpson, Alex. S.	143. Jaffray, Alexander	209. McLeod, Murdo A.
12. McPhee, Patrick	78. Skilling, Albert G.	144. Roberts, Wm. Edgar	210. Burns, William
13. Betts, Allan Sturdee	79. Dettleff, Jas.	145. Biggs, Terence I.	211. Summers, Wm. Alex.
14. Whitney, Frederick E.	80. Hall, George F.	146. McDermid, M.	212. Duncan, William
15. Binnie, James G.	81. Kiddle, William E.	147. Robson, George J.	213. Newman, Silas
16. Cletheroe, William H.	82. Hooley, T. V.	148. Luxton, Markham J.	214. Reive, Stanley S.
17. Blyth, Henry	83. Alazia, J. William	149. Pauloni, Romolo V.	215. Duncan, Peter R.
18. Turner, Leonard McL.	84. McGill, Maurice W.	150. Lyse, Sidney R.	216. Watson, James
19. Goss, Darwin J.	85. Llamosa, George A.	151. Dickson, Ed. T. C.	217. McLaren, Alex. R.
20. Dickson, Chas. J. E. C.	86. Johnson, Peter S.	152. Coutts, John	218. McPhee, K. J. (Sr.)
21. Kivell, William	87. Morrison, D. Ewen	153. Goss, Roderick J.	219. Paulini, H. Wm.
22. Butler, George J. C.	88. Clifton, Hugh E.	154. McMillan, Ian A.	220. Short, J. G. Arch.
23. Summers, Stanley F.	89. Lehen, Maurice	155. Hollen, James J.	221. Clifton, William
24. Binnie, William N.	90. Etheridge, Arthur G.	156. Sornsen, Ellis L.	222. Morrison, Douglas R.
25. Hawkins, C.	91. Rowlands, Wm. J.	157. Anderson, S. Allan	223. Flowers, W. H. R.
26. Goodwin, John K.	92. Lee, Wm. H. G. N. J.	158. Butler, Jos. T. J.	224. Pearson, William E.
27. Summers, Victor	93. Davis, Arthur H.	159. Browning, Frederick	225. McLeod, Donald
28. Berntsen, F. G.	94. Llamosa, Wm. J.	160. McGill, G. Stanford	226. Clausen, Fredk J.
29. Carey, Raymond F.	95. Bonner, William	161. Jacobsen, Karl M.	227. Whitney, G. Mark.
30. Jones, C. L. T.	96. Goodwin, Ernest G.	162. McRae, Donald A.	228. Cartmell, William J.
31. Dixon, Percy S.	97. Watson, T. Darwin	163. Pitaluga, Jas. A.	229. Smith, Eric H. S.
32. Browning, David L.	98. Carey, Anthony M.	164. Biggs, Edward D.	230. McPherson, John
33. McRae, F. W. Duncan	99. Blackely, Adam K.	165. Short, George H.	231. Jaffray, William
34. Lang, John S.	100. Alazia, Albert F.	166. Berntsen, Syd. L.	232. Summers, Wm. Ed.
35. Goodwin, Rupert V.	101. Browning, John B.	167. Kiddle, Peter	233. Clement, Wickham
36. Sornsen, Andrew A.	102. Earle, Arthur	168. Yates, Manuel	234. Curran, Joseph
37. White, W. Martell	103. Hooley, Jack C.	169. Anderson, Thos.	235. Curran, Henry
38. McKay, Donald	104. Bennett, Stanley	170. Robson, James T.	236. Bound, H. John L.
39. Jones, Albert H.	105. Larsen, Harold	171. Craigie-Halkett, C. M.	237. Bertrand, C. W.
40. Pettersson, A. R. A.	106. Oliver, Charles	172. Davis, Benjamin C.	238. Hills, Richard W.
41. Blyth, Jas.	107. Nunn, Henry	173. Rowlands, Jas. G.	239. McCarthy, Charles
42. Enestrom, Edgar W. R.	108. Sarney, Harry	174. Kendal, George N.	240. Kiddle, A. Stanley
43. Halliday, Andrew J.	109. Middleton, Jas. S.	175. McAtasney, W. Brian	241. McLeod, Donald
44. Berntsen, Lars M.	110. Lyse, George W.	176. Smith, Osmond R.	242. Gleadell, Sidney M.
45. Harrison, Clement	111. Anderson, Alfred	177. Morrison, Doug. D.	243. Bender, William J.
46. McMillan, William	112. Biggs, Horace H.	178. Hall, Albert H.	244. Hubbard, J.
47. Middleton, Stewart (1)	113. Halliday, J. Henry	179. Blyth, Fredk I. K.	245. Morrison, Finlay
48. Hannaford, Robert F.	114. Parrin, William R. B.	180. Perry, James J. (Jr.)	246. Stewart, S. A.
49. Gilruth, Thomas A.	115. Jones, Richard	181. Hewitt, Robert J. D.	247. Ford, James E.
50. Rumbolds, Robert H.	116. Craig, Peter	182. Hardy, Jack A.	248. Hannaford, W. Henry
51. Summers, Philip G.	117. Thompson, Wm. J.	183. Watson, Wm. H.	249. Lee, Sidney S.
52. Perry, James J. (Sr.)	118. Steen, Robert B.	184. Biggs, Edward John	250. Finlayson, Rod. (Sr.)
53. McGill, K. Niven	119. Anderson, Richard C.	185. Peck, Percy P.	251. Baker, H. L.
54. Goodwin, Vincent S.	120. Aldridge, Stephen C.	186. Anderson, Hector C.	252. Biggs, John F.
55. Halliday, John Jas.	121. Newman, L. Wilf. A	187. Finlayson, Darwin	253. Berntsen, Alex.
56. Curran, John	122. Ford, Chas. W.	188. Newman, G. R. Hen.	254. Britton, William F.
57. Sprules, Gilbert E.	123. Browning, Benjamin	189. Hall, Donald John	255. Middleton, Arthur
58. Jennings, Clifford W.	124. Jones, William J.	190. King, James A.	256. Berntsen, Jas. L.
59. Lee, Henry J.	125. Cletheroe, Cyril J.	191. Hewitt, James	257. McMullen, D. J. E. H.
60. Newing, John C.	126. Morrison, Stewart	192. Biggs, Basil W.	258. McKay, James R.
61. Paice, William N.	127. McGill, Gordon A.	193. Lanning, George T.	259. Alazia, George J.
62. Perry, Christopher	128. Grant, Lennard J.	194. Halliday, William J.	260. Howatt, Frank D.
63. Stewart, Alex.	129. Sarney, James A.	195. McAtasney, E. J.	261. Smith, D. Roger
64. Skilling, Thos.	130. McLeod, George H.	196. Hills, Albert H.	262. Kiddle, Donald J.
65. Lang, William A.	131. Cheek, Frederick J.	197. Robson, Robert L.	263. King, Cecil F.
66. Jacobsen, James S.	132. McKenzie, William	198. Reive, Leonard L.	264. Biggs, Malcolm W.

Jury List continued :—

265. Cartmell, Robert D.	342. White, John W.	419. Finlayson, Chas. J.	496. Perry, A. W.
266. Berntsen, William	343. Anderson, Ludwic R.	420. Middleton, Stewart 2	497. Newing, George L.
267. McCarthy, Wm. G.	344. Stewart, David G.	421. Biggs, Carl P. F.	498. Berntsen, F. E. N. L.
268. Gleadell, Marklin L.	345. Middleton, J. Darwin	422. Halliday, John J. G.	499. Allan, Hector
269. McLeod, Rod. J. D.	346. Alazia, Arthur J.	423. Goss, Richard V.	500. Summers, Herbert V.
270. Morrison, Donald F.	347. Perry, William J.	424. Bonner, Bruce	501. Cletheroe, Alb. R.
271. Barnes, Ernest	348. Barnes, Arthur J.	425. Morrison, Roderick	502. Felton, Anthony T.
272. Jaffray, John	349. Reive, John	426. Stewart, William H.	503. Peck, Andrew R.
273. Williams, Ralph M.	350. Pitaluga, Alex	427. Cletheroe, Stanley W.	504. Sedgwick, Bertrand
274. Stewart, James H.	351. Lyse, Ernest Louis	428. Summers, Walter J.	505. Bonner, Fred
275. Lee, A. Leslie	352. Fleuret Clovis	429. Ashley, Fred. Albert	506. Atkins, Stanley P.
276. Hirtle, Wallace C. L.	353. Biggs, Clarence G.	430. Jennings, F. G. J.	507. Carey, Chas. L.
277. Alazia, John	354. Ashley, John R.	431. Peck, Jas P.	508. Cletheroe, Leslie J.
278. Berntsen, Stanley G.	355. Butler, Fred. L. E. O.	432. Summers, Leslie F.	509. McCarthy, Archi. H.
279. Aldridge, Francis W.	356. May, Fredk. A. C.	433. Johnson, William G.	510. Atkins, Richard
280. McLaren, Reuben	357. Reive, George	434. Lee, Thomas F. G.	511. Phillips, Charles W.
281. Harvey, William	358. Bender, Chris. P. W.	435. Allan, Percival	512. Clifton, Albert
282. McKay, Richard	359. Osborne, George H.	436. Rice, R.	513. Biggs, James K.
283. Phillips, Jesse	360. Reive, Charles T.	437. Porter, Arthur	514. Morrison, Hubert H.
284. McLeod, Archibald	361. Ashley, Alfred G.	438. Betts, William D. N.	515. McGill, Keith W.
285. Middleton, James (2)	362. Peck, Victor H.	439. McMillan, D. Hugh	516. Lindenberg, J. E. T.
286. Smith, John P.	363. Cantlie, William J.	440. Thompson, George	517. Brechin, Gregor
287. Morrison, Murdo	364. Campbell, Thos. W.	441. Fraia, Harry	518. Johnson, Alfred G. R.
288. Goss, Jacob N.	365. Berntsen Alex. J.	442. Braxton, T. N. J.	519. McLeod, Donald J.
289. Bonner, H. J. (Jr.)	366. Kelway, J. George	443. Smith, Francis David	520. Kiddle, Robert
290. Paulini, Ralph	367. Porter, Charles (Jr.)	444. Hutchinson, Robt. T.	521. Hardy, C. Mansell
291. Stacey, David C.	368. Poole, J. B. Charles	445. Mercer, John	522. Sedgwick, H. H. (Jr.)
292. Nicholson, Leslie H.	369. Perry, George	446. Wilson, Edward	523. Barnes, W. F. John
293. Parker, C. F.	370. Smith Andrew C.	447. McKae, Alex B.	524. Lee, Frederick F. J.
294. Lellman, Edward F.	371. Summers, Walter F.	448. Gleadell, Jas R.	525. Betts, Alexander J.
295. Short, George C. (Jr.)	372. Morrison, John M.	449. Anderson, Louis	526. Aldridge, Sidney G.
296. Hirtle, E. R. C.	373. Creece, Martin G.	450. Campbell, J. Mark.	527. McPhee, K. J. (Jr.)
297. Bonner, A. M.	374. Hardy, Herbert H.	451. Finlayson, T. Dennis	528. Reive, Ernest
298. Shorey, William	375. Dearling, Leo. A.	452. Myles, William B.	529. Davis, William J.
299. Hardy, W. S. Bartle	376. Henricksen, Martin	453. Middleton, David J.	530. McKay, Donald Geo.
300. Shackel, Alex.	377. Biggs, Eric G. J.	454. Dettleff, Hansen C.	531. Simpson, Geo. H.
301. McLeod, John T. A.	378. Roberts, Wm. Henry	455. Kenny, Norman D.	532. Alazia, George R.
302. Sedgwick, H. H. (Sr.)	379. Kirk, William J.	456. Pole-Evans, A. R.	533. Short, Joseph L.
303. Smith, William J.	380. Watt, Jas.	457. Gleadell, Frank E.	534. Spencer, W. E.
304. Peck, J. Bert H.	381. Morrison, Stewart M.	458. Summers, Sidney R.	535. Steel, Alex J.
305. Hannaford, R. H.	382. Miller, Sidney	459. Barnes, S. John	536. Cletheroe, John R.
306. Betts, Frederick C.	383. Watson, Louis James	460. Aldridge, Ernest J.	537. Fleuret, T. C.
307. Evans, Maurice E.	384. Paice, Ernest R. B.	461. Clifton, Allen Louis	538. Carey, Terence J.
308. Morrison, Leslie D.	385. Felton, Walter A.	462. Elias, W.	539. Binnie, Horace Jas.
309. Smith, John C. (Jr.)	386. Turner, W. John G.	463. Hills, William P.	540. Hennah, T. H. H.
310. Cartmell, Henry G.	387. Ferguson, Robert J.	464. Slade, Harry	541. Goss, William H.
311. Halliday, J. A. Leslie	388. Burns, Robert James	465. Stewart, James Alex.	542. Osborne, John C.
312. Sornsen, George A.	389. Parrin, Norman G.	466. Buse, F. K. E.	543. Morrison, M. John E.
313. Goodwin James	390. Middleton, Dave (Jr.)	467. McKay, David	544. Peck, Desmond D. B.
314. Sollis, Denis J.	391. Smith, John W.	468. McCarthy, Philip	545. Bowles, G. W. John
315. McKenzie, Alex. (Jr.)	392. Blyth, Alfred John	469. Hutchinson, W. J.	546. Hollen, Thomas
316. Duncan, Howard E.	393. Clifton, Chas	470. Peck, James W.	547. Buse, Ralph
317. Milne, A.	394. Finlayson, Alex. Jas.	471. Stewart, Keith G.	548. Paice, Charles J. B.
318. Harvey, Alfred Sid.	395. Buckley, P. Edward	472. Hutchinson, Keith R.	549. Davis, John
319. McKay, James J.	396. Andreason, S. V. Y.	473. Campbell, Ray	550. Bound, H. Leslie
320. Finlayson, Hugh	397. Kelway, Edward G.	474. Lee, Jas. W. T.	551. Connts, W. J.
321. Summers, Albert G.	398. Ford, William J.	475. Kiddle, Alb. S.	552. Henricksen, Norman
322. Biggs, Hubert A.	399. Robson, Edward A.	476. Middleton, George S.	553. Middleton, James (3)
323. Carey, C. William	400. Smith, Percy S.	477. Davis, Frederick S.	554. Browning, Jos.
324. Short, George C. (Sr.)	401. Aldridge, Harold J.	478. Coleman, Fred. A.	555. Bonner, H. J. (Sr.)
325. Morrison, Wm. A.	402. Goodwin, Thos. J. W.	479. Ratcliffe, Jas.	556. May, Alfred M. W.
326. Anderson, A. Peter	403. Reive, Frederick J.	480. Lyse, Reginald S.	557. Clarke, J. H. A.
327. Stewart, H. W. A.	404. Berntsen, Ed. F.	481. Gleadell, William C.	558. Gleadell, Ernest C. S.
328. Johnson, E. Victor	405. Murphy, David John	482. McKae, Parquhar J. D.	559. Goss, James
329. Finlayson, Wm. A.	406. Anderson, Henry J.	483. Aldridge, Thomas G.	560. Browning, Jas S.
330. Hookings, Alfred	407. Gleadell, Leslie C.	484. Browning, Wm. C.	561. Finlayson, Rod. (Jr.)
331. Bradfield, Chas. H.	408. McMullen, Mathew J.	485. Parrin, George E.	562. Sornsen, C. Edward
332. Morrison, Roderick J.	409. Bundes, Jeff.	486. Blyth, John Jr.	563. Henricksen, C. W.
333. Reive, Peter	410. Lees, David	487. Morrison, Fred. M.	564. Smith, William
334. Goodwin, William	411. Pearson, George	488. Beatty, T.	565. Biggs, Herbert P.
335. Short, Richard F.	412. Harvey, Donald	489. Smith, David J.	566. Middleton, Stewart 3
336. Whitney, H. Leslie	413. Luxton, Ernest F.	490. Stewart, Geo. A.	567. Felton, A. A.
337. Smith, James Hogan	414. Evans, Evan H.	491. Rowlands, Jas. H.	568. Dixon, Ernest V.
338. Kiddle, Stephen N.	415. Summers, Ernest V.	492. Steen, Ivor B.	569. Porter, George
339. Robson, W. Conrad	416. Burns, Wm. P. T.	493. Finlayson, Murdk. J.	570. White, Frank
340. Martin, George A.	417. Ferguson, John	494. Luxton, Stan. C.	571. Biggs, Arthur L. S.
341. King, Ronald I.	418. Watts, Jas.	495. Sedgwick, F. Aubrey	572. Johnson, Eric Thos

Jury List continued :—

573. Bowles, W. John	605. Hardy, Thomas D.	637. Robson, J. F. Roy	669. McKay, William R.
574. McGill, Donald	606. McNaughton, D.	638. Watson, Wm. H. C.	670. Hansen, George D.
575. McKay, Stephen J.	607. Bonner, R. Leslie	639. Smith, Jas. A.	671. Binnie, Terence W.
576. Goodwin, David	608. Fuhlendorff, V. E.	640. Faria, Joseph F.	672. Blyth, Alex. L.
577. Coutts, James	609. Watson, Duncan R.	641. Bender, Sidney C.	673. Morrison, Norman
578. Blyth, John	610. Betts, Cyril S.	642. Atkins, Victor H. M.	674. Short, F. George
579. McRae, Roderick D.	611. Etheridge, Alex. S.	643. Reive, Robert	675. Porter, Howard
580. Halliday, James A.	612. Goodwin, Aubrey W.	644. McLeod, George A.	676. Clifton, Jos. E.
581. McCullum, John D.	613. Biggs, A. Maxwell	645. Smith, J. Stanley	677. Murphy, Michael J.
582. Jones, A. Charles	614. Alazia, William C.	646. Lellman, F. T.	678. Coutts, Peter T.
583. Howkins, G.	615. Paulini, George L.	647. Clement, J.	679. Morrison, Don. W. J.
584. Smith, G. Douglas	616. Skilling, C. R.	648. Cartmell, Robert	680. May, James John
585. Blackley, C. D.	617. Barnes, Fred W.	649. Jones, John F. C.	681. Burns, Frederick J.
586. Duncan, David H.	618. Hills, James S.	650. McAtasney, Wm. J.	682. Allan, Frederick
587. Ford, Charles David	619. Bonner, Andrez P.	651. Petterssen, John S. P.	683. Goodwin, Douglas C.
588. Kirk, W. E.	620. Clifton, James	652. Betts, Arthur J.	684. Johnson, Stanley H.
589. Barnes, Ronald	621. Grant, Lewis	653. Yates, Robert	685. Newman, Silas A. F.
590. Reive, William J.	622. Finlayson, James M.	654. Sedgwick, Wm. H.	686. Pittendrigh, J. M.
591. Sollis, Leslie H.	623. Barnes, Sylvester	655. Evans, Griffith O.	687. McLeod, R. J.
592. Lyse, Markham O.	624. Kelway, Fred A.	656. King, Fred H.	688. Barnes, Richard
593. Berntsen, Robert A.	625. Smith, Francis H. H.	657. Summers, Aubrey V.	689. Young, W. H.
594. Wallin, W. Richard	626. McRae, Murdo	658. Hennah, Samuel H.	690. Jones, Ivor
595. Napier, Herbert M.	627. Ryan, John S.	659. Lehen, Dennis	691. Biggs, Patrick E.
596. Harries, John J.	628. Rowlands, T. Conrad	660. Biggs, Bernard L.	692. White, Fred
597. Reive, Bert	629. Pedersen, Leonard C.	661. Johnson, Howard W.	693. Dixon, E. S.
598. McCarthy, M. (Jr.)	630. Peck, Wm. G. E.	662. Pauloni, Robert R.	694. McKay, David (Jr.)
599. Watts, Walter	631. Dettleff, Thomas O.	663. Harris, W. C. H. G.	695. Cusack, E. R.
600. Aiken, John	632. Coutts, Alex	664. Morrison, Wm. D.	696. Clarke, D. J.
601. Clasen, Rupert H.	633. Biggs, Martin W. H.	665. Barnes, Frank E.	697. Ford, A. H.
602. McKay, Thomas	634. Meierhoffer, J. Geo.	666. McRae, R. G. V.	698. Heathman, A. S.
603. Sedgwick, L. A.	635. Mercer, Alex.	667. Harvey, Edgar A. J.	699. Lewis, F. R. M.
604. McMullen, William	636. Bowles, George E.	668. Tomlinson, J.	



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVI.

FEBRUARY 1, 1947.

No. 2.

APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Skilling, Miss B.	Electrical & Telegraphs.	Telephone Operator.	1.10.46.	Confirmation of appointment.
Campbell, R.	Public Works.	Storekeeper.	1.1.47.	—
Goodwin, T. J.	Agricultural.	Dairyman.	1.1.47.	On probation for 3 months.
Pettersson, Miss V.	Colonial Secretary's.	Temporary Clerk.	22.1.47.	—
Skilling, A. R.	" "	Office Boy & Messenger.	27.1.47.	—

TRANSFER.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Date.</i>
Dixon, E. V., Storekeeper, Public Works Dept. to Clerk, Public Works Dept.	1.1.47.

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Reason.</i>
Carter, Miss A. E.	Clerk, Agricultural Dept.	10.1.47.	Appointment terminated.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

6th January, 1947.

SCHOLARSHIPS TO MONTEVIDEO, 1947.

On the recommendation of the Selection Committee, who, under the chairmanship of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, have considered the results of the open competitive examination, His Excellency the Governor has selected the following candidates for scholarships to the British School in Montevideo in 1947:—

1. Noreen Scott.
2. Iona Alazia.

The award of the Falklands Prizes will be announced later.

No. 1.

7th January, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 60 of the 24th of December, 1946, Wednesday and Thursday, the 26th and 27th of February, 1947, have been added to the list of days on which Public Offices will be closed.

M.P. 291/33.

No. 2.

8th January, 1947.

Under the provisions of the Public Health Ordinance, No. 5 of 1894, as amended by the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1937, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, <i>President</i>	} <i>Ex-officio members.</i>
The Medical Officers	
The Executive Engineer	
W. H. Sedgwick, Esq.	
F. G. Langdon, Esq., J.P.	
Captain H. C. Harding, J.P.	
Mrs. J. D. Creamer, O.B.E.	

to be members of the Board of Health for the Colony of the Falkland Islands for the year 1947.

M.P. 600/29.

No. 3. 11th January, 1947.

The following is the List of Members of the Committee for the care and management of the Public Library and Museum appointed under Section 3 of the Library and Museum Ordinance, No. 5 of 1944, with effect from the 1st of January, 1947 :-

Dr. the Honourable J. E. Hamilton, M.Sc.,
F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. (*Chairman*).

Mrs. J. D. Creamer, O.B.E.

Reverend W. F. McWhan.

L. Hardy, Esq., B.E.M., J.P.

K. V. Lellman, Esq.

M.P. 172/25.

No. 4. 14th January, 1947.

The following list of Ministers of Religion who have been registered as Ministers for celebrating marriages, is published in accordance with the provisions of Section 6 of the Marriage Ordinance, 1902 :-

The Right Reverend Daniel Ivor Evans	Lord Bishop of the Falkland Islands.
The Reverend Roger George Robert Calvert	Senior Chaplain of Christ Church Cathedral.
The Reverend Hugh Drumm	Priest in Charge of St. Mary's Church.
The Reverend John Kelly	Priest, St. Mary's Church.
Pastor Walter Forrest McWhan	Minister of the Non-Conformist Church

M.P. 20/28.

No. 5. 15th January, 1947.

The following Board of Trustees of the Stanley Cemetery has been constituted for the years 1947-1948 inclusive:-

Ex-officio The Honourable the Colonial Secretary.
The Incumbent of Church Church Cathedral.
The Priest in Charge of Saint Mary's Church in Stanley.
The Minister attached to the Baptist Church.
The Honourable D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council.
The Honourable V. A. H. Biggs, Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council.

Appointed by A. V. Summers, Esq.
the Governor. R. H. Hannaford, Esq.

M.P. 749/25.

No. 6. 20th January, 1947.

Under Section 7 of the King Edward Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916. His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following to be the Visiting Committee for the Hospital for the year 1947 :-

Mrs. A. Mercer (*Chairman*).

Mrs. W. F. McWhan.

L. Hardy, Esq., B.E.M., J.P.

M.P. 596/29.

No. 7. 27th January, 1947.

Under the provisions of Section 20 of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

THE HONOURABLE

ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, O.B.E.,

Colonial Secretary, to be a Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation for the Colony.

M.P. 0038/A.

No. 8. 30th January, 1947.

As from Monday the 3rd of February, Government Offices will be open on weekdays during the following hours :-

Monday to Friday 0900 to 1230 and 1400 to 1700 hours.
Saturdays 0900 to 1300.

M.P. 142/38.

No. 9. 30th January, 1947.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 11th of January, 1947, His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on the 21st of January, 1947.

M.P. P/363.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Alfred Bertram King of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Mabel Annie King, wife of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

H. BENNETT.

Acting Registrar, Supreme Court.

19th November, 1946.

L. 24/46.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c.. &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others ;

AND WHEREAS, I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 11th of January, 1947, for the purpose of visiting certain places on the East and West Falkland Islands ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 11th day of January, 1947.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing **LIEUTENANT-COLONEL JAMES AUSTEN WOODGATE, O.B.E., A.R.I.B.A.**, to be a Member of the Executive Council.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 25th day of February, 1892, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet,

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 28th day of February, 1920, it is declared that the Governor in pursuance of instructions from His Majesty the King through one of his Principal Secretaries of State, may, from time to time, appoint persons other than *ex-officio* Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony,

NOW THEREFORE, I, **GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD**, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, having received such instructions from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, do hereby appoint

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL JAMES AUSTEN WOODGATE, O.B.E., A.R.I.B.A.,
to be a Member of my Executive Council for a period of three years.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 1st day of December, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and forty-six.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing DAVID WILLIAM ROBERTS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., J.P., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 25th day of February, 1892, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet,

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 28th day of February, 1920, it is declared that the Governor in pursuance of instructions from His Majesty the King through one of his Principal Secretaries of State, may, from time to time, appoint persons other than *ex-officio* Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony,

NOW THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, having received such instructions from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, do hereby appoint

DAVID WILLIAM ROBERTS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., J.P.,

to be a Member of my Executive Council for a period of three years.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 1st day of January, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and forty-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARTHUR GRENFELL BARTON, ESQUIRE, J.P., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 25th day of February, 1892, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet,

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 28th day of February, 1920, it is declared that the Governor in pursuance of instructions from His Majesty the King through one of his Principal Secretaries of State, may, from time to time, appoint persons other than *ex-officio* Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony,

NOW THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, having received such instructions from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, do hereby appoint

ARTHUR GRENFELL BARTON, ESQUIRE, J.P.,
to be a Member of my Executive Council for a period of three years.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 1st day of January, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and forty-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 23RD DECEMBER, 1946.

1. The Honourable A. B. Mathews, O.B.E., Colonial Secretary, after taking the prescribed Oath, assumed his seat at the Council.

2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 3rd of December, 1945, were confirmed.

3. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address :—

Honourable Members of the Legislative Council,

It has hitherto been the custom at the December Session of Council for the Governor to review the past activities and present policy of his Administration and to combine this review with what might almost be termed a Budget Speech, while before the meeting the Colonial Secretary and Unofficial Members have gone through the Estimates together in order that the non-Government spokesmen might be in the position to take an informed part in the subsequent debate. This procedure has, in general, been adopted again this year but I shall leave it to the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, whose proper business it is, to introduce the Budget.

If however, as I most sincerely hope and will do my utmost to ensure, it should prove possible to introduce before the next Budget Session some measure of constitutional reform combining an element of true representation with increased non-official membership then the procedure which we now follow will be discontinued and I shall refer the Estimates for examination in detail by a Select Committee. This latter will be, in effect, the Finance Committee and will comprise the Colonial Secretary, sitting with all the Unofficial Members, both elected and nominated with the Heads of Government Departments in attendance, upon request, to explain any particular points on which enlightenment may be desired. We shall then be able to count on a proper and responsible examination of the Budget during the Session before it is finally adopted by the Council and I for one shall be a good deal happier when this comes about.

I shall look forward, too, to the day when we can reckon on more active participation in debate by representatives from the Camp and in this connection I particularly regret the unavoidable absence today of the Honourable R. C. Pole Evans, O.B.E. It is indeed unfortunate that the Budget Session should be held at a time when the farmers are necessarily pre-occupied with the urgent business of lamb-marking and shearing and, since these essential processes cannot be deferred I have decided that in future years the Council shall be convened at a date not later than the 15th October. This, it is true, will entail earlier submission of the draft estimates but that is a small matter; the views of representatives of the Camp, coming as they do from men on whose shoulders rests in very great measure our Colonial economy, are entitled to and will always receive from me the fullest respect.

Honourable Members, a review of the year's activities will be laid on the table and you will expect me now to offer some indication of the Government's future policy in relation to the needs of the Colony as – even at this early date – I see them. You may recall that when I assumed office last month, and again in my broadcast address to the Camp, I said in referring to development plans that we must be guided by the old maxim of "first things first" and it is one which I intend that my Administration shall adhere to very closely; to this maxim I add another, "the greatest good for the greatest number", and if we accept these two as our navigation lights we shall not go far astray.

The need for some more representative form of Government I have already referred to and it is so obvious a one that we shall proceed at once with the preliminaries involved but with, of course, the fullest possible measure of consultation before our firm proposals are submitted to the Secretary of State. As a first step I have appointed in their personal capacity two non-officials, Mr. A. G. Barton and Captain D. W. Roberts, O.B.E. to my Executive Council; both are men of proved ability and are widely respected, the one with an intimate knowledge of affairs in the Camp and the other of affairs in Stanley. Both have given frequent evidence of their public spirit and I shall welcome their assistance.

Next in order of importance, in my opinion, come Education and Health and I intend to lay immediate plans for long term improvements in both these services, which are essentially the responsibility of Government.

For Education "the first thing", unquestionably, is Teacher Training for without properly trained teachers such facilities as we can offer to the Camp are of little value. I have however sketched the outline of what I conceive to be our future needs in this field and a fully representative Committee is being appointed to study and report upon it without delay.

For the Medical and Health service "the first things" are improved transport facilities for getting emergency cases to Hospital, or the Doctor to the emergency case, and improved accommodation and service in the Hospital itself. As to the first, I have already sought the assistance of the Secretary of State in obtaining a Motor Fishing Vessel fitted for stretcher cases; these craft, which are sturdily built for rough seas and are easily handled and maintained, were used by the Navy for this purpose (amongst others) in the late war and if we are successful in getting one it will I hope go far toward allaying present anxieties. It will be equipped with a wireless receiving set and when not in use for the purpose I have proposed, it can be made available for other requirements.

As to the second, I have closely examined the plans for modernisation of the King Edward

Memorial Hospital which had previously been prepared and have considered them with the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer and the Honourable the Executive Engineer; as the result of these discussions certain modifications have been decided upon and revised plans will be submitted to the Secretary of State as soon as possible. With some experience of such undertakings I can assure you that the buildings, as re-modelled and enlarged, will be a credit to the Colony and will meet all reasonable requirements.

I have not overlooked the question of social amenities as represented by the general, and entirely understandable, desire for a new Town Hall to replace the old one so tragically destroyed by fire in 1944. Here again, I have examined the report and proposals of the Committee appointed to study this question but must inform you that I find myself unable to accept them; the project as submitted is altogether too ambitious for the Colony's pocket and – if I may venture the opinion – quite out of keeping with its natural background. From an aesthetic, as well as from the practical point of view, I find it difficult to conceive anything more pleasing or appropriate than the design of the original building with such modifications as experience of the latter may have dictated and the addition, perhaps, of a solarium on the seaward side. Be that as it may, we must certainly think again and on altogether more realistic lines.

While dwelling on the question of social amenities let us not forget the Camp and here, clearly, one of the first needs – and one which we should have no difficulty in meeting – is the provision of a better broadcasting service: better transmission, better reception and better programmes are needed. I propose therefore to appoint a Committee to investigate and report to me on this important service at the earliest possible date.

Other needs to which we must give early attention are a new Electricity service to provide power at an economic rate to the consumer and to facilitate the use of labour-saving devices so necessary here in Stanley, and a Topographical Survey of the Colony – the latter a long-term commitment.

That I suggest, completes the catalogue of "first things" and from it you will doubtless note that I have excluded my predecessor's East/West motor road project which, for the present certainly, is quite outside the realms of practicability for it would largely if not, indeed, completely exhaust the Colony's resources; nor without feeder roads would it fulfil the purpose for which it was intended. Much as I sympathise with the Camp dwellers in the isolation which is their inevitable lot, an experience which I have shared during many years of my life, this particular amenity – and it is an amenity – must be deferred for the Government cannot jettison other essential developmental measures to provide a service the cost of which could in no way be related to potential traffic. The real solution is, I believe, a helicopter and a report on its suitability for operation in the Islands has been sought.

As to the Stanley roads I can but agree with the critics who have described them as a disgrace for they are nothing less but we must recognise that this is due, and due solely, to their use by heavy military traffic for which they had never been designed. The long-term solution for the Town roads is either tar-macadam or concrete, with the work spread over the full development period; the cost will be high, whichever medium be employed but in the case of concrete, at least, the first cost is the last and we must put an end to uneconomical tinkering.

This brings me to the labour situation and to the policy pursued in fulfilment of some unrecorded commitment of a former Governor which has placed on the Administration the onus of giving work to almost anyone who seeks it, irrespective of other considerations. I venture to suggest to you that the full implications of this policy could never have been appreciated and it has created a very serious problem which we are unlikely to solve by running away from it. What it really means is this: that the Government, by carrying on a system of unplanned and uneconomic relief works which have cost the Colony many thousands of pounds, has laid on its shoulders a load from which it has been unable to free itself and which if unrelieved, may bring it financially to its knees. We face this year, as you will presently hear from the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, a deficit of no less than £27,000 and next year of no less than £35,000; it must be apparent to you that we cannot continue on these lines.

Relief works are justifiable, and indeed necessary, in an era of unemployment and it is proper, even in normal times, that older men for whom no measure of social security exists should be able, for their own self-respect, to obtain work so long as they are capable of giving effective service; but to extend this principle to every youth as soon as he leaves school, to every man irrespective of the fact that work is available elsewhere and labour desperately needed, is to set a most dangerous precedent. To this I would add that the proper provision for men who are past active work is a social security fund on a contributory basis and that is the solution towards which Government, Employers and Workers must turn their thoughts. I have put the problem before you in plain terms and should be failing in my duty had I neglected to do so; I shall look to Honourable Members for an expression of their views during the debate on the second reading.

One final word. Of the steps in development which I have commended to your attention this morning – and there is not one which we can in my opinion afford to set aside – two at least, Education and Health, will bring increased recurrent expenditure in their train. It is obvious therefore that we must, on the one hand, increase our revenue and on the other, bend all our energies towards a more effective utilisation of our natural resources; it is here that industry and Government must march together.

APPENDIX.

DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW, 1946.

(Laid on the Table)

The following is a review which I have caused to be prepared of the activities of the Departments of Government for the year 1946, and to be laid on the table by the Colonial Secretary; though this is apparently an innovation in the Falkland Islands, it is normal procedure in other Colonies. I hope that it will serve a useful purpose in outlining the achievements of the Administration during the

year under review so that these may be related to the statement of policy which is generally the subject of the Governor's Address at the Budget Meeting for the previous year.

AGRICULTURE. Dr. Gibbs left the Colony at the end of July. He had given six years of devoted and patient work in this Colony, without leave, and his report which will be published in abridged form goes far to substantiate that the policy advocated by Mr. Munro and Professor Davies with regard to the improvement of pastures was the only right one. As a successor to Dr. Gibbs, I have asked for a practical Hill-Farmer who can talk the Farmers' language and speak too, with the authority of experience and who will work in close and friendly co-operation with the farming community. I am glad to know that the qualifications which I have felt desirable for this post have been endorsed by the Chairman of the Sheep-Owners' Association.

Since Dr. Gibbs's departure on leave the Department has been in the charge of Mr. H. R. Evans. I should like to take this opportunity of congratulating Mr. Evans on the success with which he has carried out his duties, and to wish him good fortune and prosperity in his new post at the West African Cocoa Research Institute in the Gold Coast for which he leaves in a few days' time.

Fodder and pasture improvement: fifty acres of land about Stanley have been cultivated for fodder (hay and oats) with a view to pasture improvement: the whole of this area was formerly covered with white grass and diddle-dee.

Thirty-two tons of grass and oaten hay have been produced this year, of which eight were sold to local dairies.

As hay becomes scarce during the year, it was decided to close the Rookery Bay plantation and reserve the tussac there to guard against future shortage of fodder.

Six acres of clover were sown in the Eliza Cove area, the experiment being designed to ascertain if clover could be successfully established in the native pastures without pre-cultivation of the soil.

Dairying: every effort has been made to encourage local dairymen to increase milk production. The Government herd produced 13,200 gallons of milk during the year.

As production costs have considerably increased, a subsidy of £12 per month to each local dairy was approved as from the 1st of May, 1946, which has served to keep the price of milk down. I attach particular importance to the availability of cheap milk for children and the sick, and have for this reason decided to retain the Government herd so as to ensure that whatever may befall there shall be a minimum supply to meet these needs.

Vegetable production: 49,399 pounds of mixed vegetables were grown in the course of the year and six acres have been replanted, an increase of one acre over 1945.

Animal health: No serious outbreaks of disease have been reported. All milk cows were tested for tuberculosis during August and all were reported sound.

Sylviculture: Some four hundred young trees of various species were planted out in the Experimental Plantation. All the four hundred were transplanted during the year in an area which was formerly Common land, the soil being composed of shallow peat with a clay subsoil. It is not yet possible to give any indication of successful establishment, but experience of an experiment with the same species three years ago may be of interest:—

SPECIES.	REMARKS.
<i>Cupressus macrocarpa.</i>	This species establishes quickly with an average annual growth of 8". Of the many species under trial <i>Cupressus macrocarpa</i> is outstanding and may be utilized successfully in the provision of shelter belts.
<i>Pinus contorta.</i>	Establishes quickly during the first year following transplanting, but as the roots penetrate the subsoil, a distinct growth check is observed with chlorosis. The species appears to withstand considerable buffeting without injury. Annual growth rate 6".
<i>Picea sitchensis.</i>	Establishes quickly during the first season following transplantation but, as the roots penetrate the subsoil, growth rate is reduced. No chlorosis has been recorded. Withstands wind well, but growth is yet to be awaited on the windward side. Annual growth rate 4½".
<i>Pinus laricio.</i>	Gives little promise at the moment, but it does not follow that establishment is impossible. Some tree species are very slow in adapting themselves to soil and climatic conditions on transplantation; a majority of the plants are healthy. Wind injury very slight.
<i>Populus alba.</i>	Establishment very slow, as the wind causes considerable injury to terminal growths. Though the species gives excellent results in sheltered gardens, it cannot be recommended for planting in exposed situations under forest conditions.

NOTE: The number of each species planted out during 1946 was as follows:—

<i>Cupressus macrocarpa</i>	...	100
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	...	100
<i>Picea sitchensis</i>	...	100
<i>Pinus laricio</i>	...	50
<i>Populus alba</i>	...	50

Fencing: Much needed repairs and renewals of many sections of the Common fences have been effected.

CUSTOMS. The total value of Imports to November, 1946, amounted to approximately £184,000. Import duties collected were as follows:—

Beer, Malt	...	...	£ 490
Wines	...	...	458
Spirits	...	...	5,358
Tobacco	...	...	2,679
Matches	...	...	1,734
Total	...	...	£10,719

The totals for 1945 were £164,487 and £14,964 respectively.

The total value of goods exported amounted to £248,700, which included a figure of £28,000 being the value of the Falkland Islands Company's Dry Dock which was sold to Uruguay.

Export Duty collected on wool was £9,881.

Staff: The Customs Officer, Mr. A. R. Carr, left the Colony on the 5th of October, 1946, to take up an appointment in the Customs Department of Mauritius. Mr. Carr had served in the Falkland Islands for seven years without leave and had acted in addition as Commissioner of Income Tax and Chairman of the Labour Advisory Board; he was latterly a Member of the Executive Council. He at all times placed his services at the disposal of Government and is to be congratulated on his well earned promotion; I much regret the loss of this energetic and efficient officer.

Mr. B. N. Biggs, Assistant Customs Officer, was appointed to act as Customs Officer. The duties of Shipping Master and Competent Authority (Supplies) are performed by the Acting Customs Officer.

Shipping: 17 vessels entered the port during the year with a total net tonnage of 6,088 tons.

Rationing: Tea and clothing continued to be rationed throughout the year, but the rationing of matches, which had been in operation for nine months, was discontinued on the 27th of March, 1946. A sugar ration of 4 lbs. per head per month was imposed in Stanley on the 3rd of September, 1946.

Food parcels: Any person over the age of 18 years is permitted to send a parcel of 5 lbs. gross weight to the United Kingdom each quarter; an additional scheme permitting 22 lbs. food parcels (confined exclusively to surplus ex-Army stores) was instituted on the 23rd of October, 1946.

Import licencing: Import Licencing continues for all items.

Foodstuffs continue to be rigidly controlled by the International Food Council in the United Kingdom.

EDUCATION. Mr. H. L. Baker, M.A., Superintendent of Education, has been in charge throughout the year. The work of the Government School has been handicapped, especially in the early part of the year, by the shortage of qualified teachers.

Among important events were the holding of a School Concert and the establishment of a House system designed, incidentally, to foster and develop the corporate life of the School. The winners of the first two scholarships to Montevideo were both successful in the School Certificate Examination, which they sat at the end of last year.

In the Camp, the Government has supported six Travelling Teachers and five part-time Settlement Teachers during most of the year. The full-time School at Charters closed in March, but a new one was established at Roy Cove in September. Here I should like to record my appreciation of the enthusiastic assistance of Mr. S. Miller in erecting and fitting out what is now an excellent school room.

ELECTRICAL AND TELEGRAPHS. Mr. A. Mercer has continued his effective superintendence of this Department and I look forward to its development and expansion in 1947.

The existing plant has largely outgrown its usefulness and cannot with its present off-take provide power at an economic rate. The fact that it has been maintained in good order, with never a serious breakdown, reflects great credit on Mr. Mercer and his staff.

The Department is responsible for the maintenance of the W/T Station at Fox Bay; handling of telegrams in the Telegraph Office together with the accounts for both local and foreign telegrams. Regular services exist with the United Kingdom, Norway, Uruguay, Argentine and Chile, as well as with local stations within the Islands and the Dependencies. Traffic is worked at the Naval W/T Station with the assistance of four civilian operators.

A magneto Telephone Exchange System operating 142 lines extends for Government service 7 miles beyond Stanley.

Broadcasting Services consist of a re-diffusion system supplying 230 loud-speakers. A very low-powered Radio Broadcasting Transmitter is used during the week for Educational services; a musical programme is provided on Sundays.

The Electric Lighting System consists of a 220 volt single-phase 50 cycle alternating current. Over 380 metered users, including Government establishments, are supplied on overhead lines and by underground cable. The service is continuous.

FALKLAND ISLANDS DEFENCE FORCE. The Falkland Islands Defence Force, representatives of which had the honour of marching in the Victory Parade, is one of the most

distinguished features of the Colony. Defence Force Rules were promulgated in May to provide for efficient instruction of the members of the Force, and Infantry Training was conducted indoors throughout the winter months. There is, I am aware, the greatest keenness amongst all ranks of this Force and that the high reputation for marksmanship which this Colony enjoys shows no sign of waning was evidenced by the fine score of 103 out of 105 made by Mr. G. W. J. Bowles in winning the Stanley Cup in a difficult cross wind. Honourable Members will see that there is a token provision for Bisley in 1947; I earnestly hope that we shall be able to expand that provision and send a team to Bisley which will rival the Colony's exploits there in the past.

HARBOUR. The main task of the Harbour Department during the year 1946 has been the re-conditioning and re-lighting of the lights and beacons in the Colony: this has proved a somewhat heavy task for the lights, having been out of commission for so long, had suffered badly from the weather. Spares are still awaited from England before they can be rendered really efficient and the light at Cape Meredith is still unoperative.

A new derrick-cum-crane has been erected at the Dockyard Jetty with a safe lift of 5 tons. It was fabricated from scrap material from the Army Camp with the exception of the winch.

The surface of the Jetty has been repaired and new guard rails and posts erected.

The question of obtaining an engine for the Government launch "Penguin" is at present under consideration; the hull is said to be in good condition and if re-powered it will, no doubt, be capable of rendering useful service.

MEDICAL. Dr. F. J. Sladen has been in charge of the Department throughout the year.

Statistics for 1946 (up to 30th November) are as under :-

Total number of In-Patients treated	...	...	...	215
Total number of Out-Patients treated	...	...	...	1,110
Total District Patients	...	...	...	179
Surgical Operations - Major	...	...	...	15
Minor	...	...	...	75
X-Ray Examinations	...	...	...	81
Patients evacuated to Montevideo for treatment	...	...	...	3
Patients sent in from Camp	...	...	...	31
Cost of transport of Camp Patients	...	...	...	£433
Cost of Overseas treatment	...	...	...	£542

In August the Senior Medical Officer carried out Camp Tours to :-

Port San Carlos, Port Howard, Fox Bay, Speedwell Island, Sea Lion Island, North Arm, Lively Island and Darwin.

In November the Medical Officer visited - Berkeley Sound, and in December - Salvador Waters.

Special trips were made by the Senior Medical Officer and a Nursing-Sister to San Carlos in March, and to Port San Carlos in September.

The total number of In-Patients has decreased, while there has been a greater number of admissions. This is due to a number of "long-term" ailments, as well as three senile chronics. The shortage of beds has presented a difficult problem.

A widespread epidemic of mumps occurred in the early part of the year, with an unusual percentage of serious cases.

In November the Colony was threatened with an outbreak of measles which necessitated early closing of the schools; the epidemic has fortunately been averted.

It is of interest to record that one patient was operated upon in his house at San Carlos; and another at Port San Carlos, after the Senior Medical Officer and Nursing-Sister had journeyed there overland for the purpose. This was necessitated by the lack of shipping.

POLICE. The Chief Constable, Captain C. F. Sheppard, after seven years' service in the Colony as Drill Instructor to the Falkland Islands Defence Force, and latterly as Chief Constable, went on leave on the 30th of August, 1946; his duties have been carried out since that date by Sergeant J. Norris.

43 prosecutions were taken to the Court of Summary Jurisdiction; of this total 7 were against juveniles. There were 36 convictions, 2 sentences to imprisonment and 7 cases were dismissed.

55 motor cars and lorries, and 45 motor cycles were registered during the year, and 155 driving permits issued. 94 dogs were licenced.

The Chief Constable acts also as Sanitary Inspector and in this capacity renders monthly reports to the Board of Health.

POST OFFICE. The year has been remarkable for the issue of a definitive set of Dependencies stamps, in values from 1/-, which have excited much interest among collectors. From this issue, and from the overprinted issue which preceded it, a net sum of no less than £103,000 has accrued to Dependencies' Revenue, of which £55,000 were paid to His Majesty's Treasury on the instructions of the Secretary of State to meet the expenditure of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey up to the end of the present season. The balance has been placed to the credit of the Research and Development Fund. In addition, there has been a Colony and Dependencies issue of Victory Stamps of 1d. and 3d. denominations, and these were placed on sale on the 7th of October. The first day sales of Victory Stamps realised £650, while on the 11th of December the new airmail stamp, designed by Mr. K. V. Lellman, was placed on sale. Some indication of the interest taken by philatelists in the Falkland Islands may be gained by the fact that £384 worth of these stamps was posted on that day alone on First Day Covers.

Since January, 1946, mails comprising 1,704 parcels, 21,017 letters and 3,744 papers have been despatched from the Colony, and mails comprising 1,225 parcels and 96,000 letters have been received.

Stamp letter orders averaged 50 and Paid Postal Orders and Money Orders about 60 per month.

The Postal and Money Orders sold throughout this period (January to date) numbered 895 to a value of £2,123.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. Lieutenant-Colonel J. A. Woodgate, O.B.E., A.R.I.B.A., is not only Executive Engineer, but combines such other functions such as that of Harbour Master and of Officer Commanding the Falkland Islands Defence Force.

No major works have been attempted during the period under review as all available labour has been engaged in trying to make good the neglect of the war years.

Roads generally have been repaired by patching and the road through "Little Italy" and the sea-wall footpath have been completed. Ross Road from the Gymnasium west to "Little Italy" has been scarified and re-surfaced and two experimental strips, one in concrete and one with special binding, have been laid. The concrete has proved highly satisfactory, but the "special binding" has worn very badly and is clearly of no use without subsequent treatment by tar or bituminous medium.

A new collecting tank at the Mullet Creek water station has been erected, and work has commenced on the new high level tank at Sapper Hill. The former has resulted in the water being less stained and the latter will provide adequate pressure to the upper part of the town.

The new workshop attached to the garage has been completed, and a welding plant installed.

A Ladies' Room has been added to the Gymnasium and the approach to the Ladies' lavatories improved. The lavatory at the Public Jetty has been reconstructed.

A new by-pass road has been cut at Rookery Bay Corner. In anticipation of the extensive road work ahead the crushing plant at Eliza Cove has been extended and an additional crusher set up at Rookery Bay in readiness for work in this area.

The main store at the Falkland Islands Defence Force Headquarters has been re-roofed. The remaining defensive barbed wire belts have been removed.

TREASURY. Mr. E. F. Lellman has been in charge of the Treasury throughout 1946.

The year commenced with a balance in hand of £12,738 : 1 : 7 in the Vault £13,523; at South Georgia £346 : 11 : 11 and £2,427 : 5 : 6 in the hand of the Crown Agents, who also held £11,000 in the Joint Colonial Fund.

Staff. One temporary clerk has been engaged. The Assistant Treasurer was appointed Officer-in-Charge until the arrival of the Colonial Secretary in May, 1946, and again when the Colonial Secretary was Acting Governor from the 26th of July to the 25th of November, 1946. The Assistant Treasurer assumed the duties of Commissioner of Income Tax in October, when Mr. Carr left the Colony.

Provident Fund. During the year 50 new accounts were opened and 15 accounts were closed. The monthly average of contributions was £129.

Savings Bank. The fund stands at present at £421,500 with a reserve of £47,328. Average monthly deposits were £7,628 and average monthly withdrawals were £7,751. There was an average of seven monthly new accounts while seven monthly accounts were closed.

Currency Note Security Fund. During the year £5,296 : 10 : 0 was withdrawn from circulation and a like amount was invested in the Colony's Reserve Fund. The Note issue stands at £49,000.

A considerable amount of work fell on the Department in connection with the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey. £3,045 : 16 : 6 was charged in connection with advances made locally for purchase of stores and payment of wages on behalf of the Imperial Government; this sum is subsequently recovered through the Crown Agents.

Foreign Exchange. £41,603 : 10 : 3 was approved for payment in the following countries, representing imports and the personal expenses of passengers to and from the Colony :-

Uruguay	...	...	...	...	£34,095 : 9 : 8
Argentina	...	...	...	...	6,615 : 2 : 0
Switzerland	...	...	...	...	200 : 0 : 0
Brazil	...	...	...	...	82 : 0 : 4
U. S. A.	...	...	...	...	530 : 18 : 3
Canada	...	...	...	...	80 : 0 : 0

Audit. Correspondence was exchanged between the Department and the Director of Colonial Audit, including queries covering most Departmental accounts. These latter have for the most part been satisfactorily settled.

SOUTH GEORGIA. No public works of importance were carried out during the year. A new accumulator bank was installed at the Wireless Station, which dealt with 10,097 telegrams.

Export duties from whale-oil, seal-oil and other products amounting to £8,761. Three Companies were operating - Salvesen and Company, Tonsberg Company, and the Compania Argentina de Pesca.

Experiments are being carried out by them in dehydration of whale meat and the production of meat extracts, as well as glue.

Import duties totalled £2,168.

(Sgd.) MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

By Order,

(Sgd.) A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

4. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following Papers :-
 - (i) Copies of all Regulations, Proclamations, Orders and Bye-laws made or approved by the Governor in Executive Council since the last meeting of the Legislative Council.
 - (ii) Copies of despatches received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, intimating the non-disallowance by His Majesty of Ordinances, Nos. 1 and 2 of 1945.
 - (iii) Annual Abstract Account Statement showing Receipts and Payments under various Heads for the Falkland Islands and Dependencies for the period 1st January to 31st December, 1945.
 - (iv) Annual Account of the "Discovery" Investigations for the year 1945.
 - (v) Estimate of the "Discovery" Investigations expenditure for the year 1946.
 - (vi) Financial Secretary's Report for the year ended the 31st December, 1945.
 - (vii) Secretary of State's unnumbered Circular Telegram of 5th December, 1946, and connected Memorandum on Mining Policy.
 - (viii) Departmental Review for 1946.

5. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS the revenues of the Dependencies for the year 1945 have not sufficed to meet the expenditure in the sum of ONE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-THREE POUNDS SIXTEEN SHILLINGS AND SIX-PENCE (£1,163 : 16 : 6).

"NOW, THEREFORE, this Council resolves and it is hereby resolved in pursuance of the provisions of Section 3 of the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 1936, that the aforesaid sum of ONE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-THREE POUNDS SIXTEEN SHILLINGS AND SIX-PENCE (£1,163 : 16 : 6), being the amount of the excess of the Expenditure over the Revenue of the Dependencies in respect of the year 1945, shall be paid out of the Dependencies Research and Development Fund into the general revenue of the Dependencies".

6. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1945.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of TWENTY-TWO THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SEVEN POUNDS TEN SHILLINGS AND TWO-PENCE (£22,367 : 10 : 2) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying "Schedule".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded and the Resolution was adopted.

7. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1946.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of EIGHT THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FIVE POUNDS FOUR SHILLINGS AND FIVE-PENCE (£8,365 : 4 : 5) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying "Schedule".

8. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution :

"BE IT RESOLVED that under the provisions of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928, this Council hereby sanctions the following rate to be charged for the year 1947 on house property in the Town of Stanley, namely, Two shillings for every Twenty shillings of the annual value of such house property".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded and the Resolution was adopted.

9. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Bill "To amend the Licensing Ordinance, 1944".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

10. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the Bill "To amend the Pensions Ordinance, 1937" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

11. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To amend the Customs Ordinance, 1943".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 13 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

12. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the Bill "To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-five in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 13 of 1944" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clause 1 was agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause, Preamble and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

13. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1943".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

14. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the Bill "To provide for the service of the year 1947" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clause 1 was agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Honourable D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., J.P., and the Honourable V. A. H. Biggs, J.P., replied briefly to His Excellency's address. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

The Council adjourned *sine die*.

**Annual abstract account statement showing Receipts and Payments under various Heads
for the Dependencies for the Half Year ended 30th June, 1946.**

R E C E I P T S .

Receipts.	Estimated 1946.	Amount received to 30th June, 1946.		Receipts for same period, 1945.		More than ½ estimated 1946.	Less than ½ estimated 1946.
	£ s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Customs Duties :							
(a) Imports	1020 0 0	269 16 2		69 19 7			750 3 10
(b) Exports	4100 0 0	9819 15 1		4381 15 9		5719 15 1	.....
2. Port & Tonnage Dues	50 0 0	140 0 0		40 0 0		90 0 0	.....
3. Internal Rev. Licences	4322 10 0	3905 3 2		2277 2 0		.....	417 6 10
4. Fees, Fines, etc.	47 10 0	347 17 0		15 7 0		300 7 0	.....
5. Posts & Telegraphs.	.....	1913 11 3		.....		1913 11 3	.....
6. Rents	525 0 0	.....		.....		.....	525 0 0
7. Miscellaneous	65 0 0	1407 11 11		49 1 4		1342 11 11	.....
Total Ordinary Revenue £	10130 0 0	17803 14 7		6833 5 8		9366 5 3	1692 10 8
Research Fund	.....	3955 13 5		4123 18 2		.....	.....
£	10130 0 0	21759 8 0		10957 3 10		9366 5 3	1692 10 8

Surplus of Assets on 1st January, 1946.

Research Fund	...	£207650	5	6.
		£207650	5	6.

P A Y M E N T S .

Payments.	Estimated 1946	Amount paid to 30th June, 1946.		Payments for same period, 1945.		More than ½ estimated 1946.	Less than ½ estimated 1946.
	£ s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Personal:-							
South Georgia	840 0 0	817 1 8		1238 6 2		.....	22 18 4
South Shetlands	.....	.....		.....		.....	.....
General	337 10 0	289 2 11		188 12 0		.....	48 7 1
2. Other Charges:-							
(a) South Georgia	1414 10 0	341 4 9		1934 18 8		.....	1073 5 3
(b) South Shetlands	.....	.....		.....		.....	.....
General	5053 0 0	12327 11 5		2191 0 8		7274 11 5	.....
Total Ordinary Expenditure	7645 0 0	13775 0 9		5552 17 6		7274 11 5	1144 10 8
3. Extraordinary:-							
(a) South Georgia	.....	.....		.....		.....	.....
Defences	.....	.....		159 10 1		.....	.....
(b) South Shetlands	.....	.....		.....		.....	.....
Miscellaneous	.....	.....		.....		.....	.....
£	7645 0 0	13775 0 9		5712 7 7		7274 11 5	1144 10 8
Charges on	.....	.....		.....		.....	.....
Dependencies Revenue	.....	9 2		3852 3 10		.....	.....
Research Fund	.....	.....		.....		.....	.....
Total Expenditure	7645 0 0	13775 9 11		9564 11 5		7274 11 5	1144 10 8

Surplus of Assets on 30th June, 1946.

Research Fund	...	1/1/46	£207650	5	6.
Add Receipts			3955	13	5.
			£211605	18	11.
Less Payments				9	2.
			Total	£211605	9 9.

E. F. LELLMAN,
for Financial Secretary.

Annual Abstract Account Statement showing
the Falkland Islands & Dependencies for

R E C E I P T S .

RECEIPTS.	Estimated 1946.	Amount received to 30th June, 1946.	Receipts for same period, 1945.	More than estimated, 1946.	Less than estimated, 1946.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Balance on 1st Jan., 1946		29034 19 0			
1. Customs Duties	9050 0 0	9211 6 2	13857 15 3	161 6 2	
2. Port Dues	42 10 0	38 3 9	54 16 0		4 6 3
3. Internal Revenue	7251 0 0	2996 9 7	3514 14 10		4254 10 5
4. Fees, Fines, &c.	1462 0 0	1582 0 4	1386 15 6	120 0 4	
5. Interest	7084 0 0	6212 12 7	6276 17 4		871 7 5
6. Post Office	11022 10 0	37280 9 2	10232 1 8	26257 19 2	
7. Telegraphs & Telephones	4282 10 0	3099 4 2	2564 17 6		1183 5 10
8. Rents	760 0 0	540 4 3	692 13 9		219 15 9
9. Miscellaneous	3059 10 0	2638 2 2	2627 17 10		421 7 10
10. Contribution from Dependencies	2000 0 0		3851 10 6		2000 0 0
11. Land Sales	105 10 0	136 15 1	352 8 0	31 5 1	
Total Ordinary Rev. Falklands	£ 46119 10 0	63735 7 3	45412 8 2	26570 10 9	8954 13 6
Dependencies Revenue	10130 0 0	17803 14 7	6833 5 8	7673 14 7	
Total Revenue	£ 56249 10 0	81539 1 10	52245 13 10	34244 5 4	8954 13 6
Research Fund		3955 13 5			
Investments Realized		37296 10 0			
Farm & Building Loans		38 6 8			
Advances Repaid		5894 4 3			
Deposits Received		102061 4 9			
Remittances Received		55160 5 4			
Marine Insurance Fund		61 8 3			
Revenue Suspense A/c.		5690 15 5			
Workmen's Compensation Insurance Fund		13 4 8			
Reserve Fund		68 8 4			
Town Hall Reconstruction Fund		338 11 9			
Dependencies' Postal A/c.		17429 19 2			
Total	£	309547 13 10			
Balance brought down 1st January, 1946	£	29034 19 0			
Total	£	338582 12 10			
Surplus of Assets 1st January, 1946.					
Land Sales Fund	£	270651 4 9			
General Revenue Balance a/c					
Deficit		21296 6 6			
	£	249354 18 3			

Distribution of Cash Balance 1st January, 1946 :—

Colonial Treasury	£	26261 1 7
Crown Agents		2427 5 6
South Georgia		346 11 11
	£	29034 19 0

Receipts and Payments under various Heads for

the Half Year ended 30th June, 1946.

P A Y M E N T S .

PAYMENTS.	Estimated, 1946.			Amount paid to 30th June, 1946.			Payments for same period 1945.			More than estimated, 1946.			Less than estimated, 1946.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.			
1. Pensions	1975	0	0	1829	13	6	1712	19	10	.....			145	6	6		
2. The Governor	1623	10	0	1577	12	8	1242	5	8	.....			45	17	4		
3. Colonial Secretary	1602	0	0	1591	16	0	1263	0	9	.....			10	4	0		
4. Treasury & Customs	1010	10	0	795	14	9	1115	0	8	.....			214	15	3		
5. Audit	3	0	0	5	10	0	3	0	0	2	10	0	.....				
6. Post Office	3230	0	0	2226	0	10	2651	8	2	.....			1003	19	2		
7. Electrical & Telegraphs	3982	10	0	4376	5	3	4796	13	10	393	15	3	.....				
8. Harbour	771	0	0	435	5	10	448	13	4	.....			335	14	2		
9. Legal	211	0	0	188	12	2	579	2	1	.....			22	7	10		
10. Police & Prisons	713	10	0	685	1	1	631	9	3	.....			28	8	11		
11. Medical	3693	10	0	4441	16	5	4108	9	7	748	6	5	.....				
12. Education	4099	0	0	2944	6	4	3012	15	2	.....			1154	13	8		
13. Ecclesiastical	144	10	0	149	10	0	149	10	0	5	0	0	.....				
14. Naturalist	182	10	0	90	13	0	136	15	9	.....			91	17	0		
15. Military	750	10	0	293	12	9	158	19	4	.....			456	17	3		
16. Agriculture	4731	0	0	3821	3	8	5014	17	9	.....			909	16	4		
17. Miscellaneous	6380	0	0	30319	2	1	5361	0	5	23939	2	1	.....				
18. Public Works Department	2284	10	0	2374	10	4	2149	19	5	90	0	4	.....				
19. Public Works Recurrent	6500	0	0	10465	17	7	9961	5	1	3965	17	7	.....				
Total Ordinary Expenditure	£ 43887	10	0	68612	4	3	44497	6	1	29144	11	8	4419	17	5			
20. Public Works Extraordinary	9	10	0	.....			1210	18	11	.....			9	10	0	
21. War Expenditure	500	0	0	1181	4	0	10748	0	11	681	4	0	.....				
22. Land Sales Fund	105	10	0	.....			.....			.....			105	10	0
Total Falklands	£ 44502	10	0	69793	8	3	56456	5	11	29825	15	8	4534	17	5			
Surplus of Assets on the 30th June, 1946.																		
Dependencies	13775	0	9	Land Sales Fund									£270787	19	10
Research Fund	9	2	General Revenue Balance A/c.											
Investments made	66036	8	4	Deficit 1/1/46.									£21296	6	6
Advances made	7576	15	1	30/6/46.									6058	1	0
Deposits Repaid	103956	4	8										27354	7	6
Remittances made	56205	4	9										£243433	12	4
Balance on 30th June, 1946	21239	1	10												
Total	£ 338582	12	10															

Distribution of Cash Balance 30th June, 1946:—

Colonial Treasury	£19962	13	0
Crown Agents	999	8	2
South Georgia	277	0	8
	£21239	1	10.

E. F. LELLMAN,
for Financial Secretary.

Jury List for the year 1947.

The following list of the persons liable under the provisions of the Jury Ordinance, 1901 to serve as Jurors for the year 1947 is published in accordance with the fourth section of the Ordinance.

H. BENNETT.

Justice of the Peace.

1. McAskill, John	67. Anderson, Wm. J. S.	133. Larsen, Richard	199. Harvey, C. James
2. Anderson, Edward B.	68. Jacobsen, A. F. W. C.	134. Middleton, James (1)	200. Bundes, R. J. C.
3. Stewart, Gordon	69. McAskill, Donald W.	135. McPhee, Owen H.	201. King, Vernon T.
4. Thompson, Geo. H.	70. Llamosa, Arthur Jas.	136. Anderson, John	202. Halliday, Stanley S.
5. Rutter, Arthur	71. Parrington, Francis G.	137. Hollen, Henry D.	203. Burridge, Walter
6. Henricksen, Albert J.	72. Lee, Edwin T.	138. Biggs, T. M. V.	204. Smith, Ludwick C.
7. Goodwin, Bert S.	73. Johnson, Fred. W.	139. Betts, Keith C.	205. Binnie, Albert F.
8. Porter, Charles (Sr.)	74. Smith, John C. (Sr.)	140. Clifton, Jas. Henry	206. Smith, Alfred C. E.
9. Pearson, Robert	75. Lee, Alfred F.	141. Skilling, Chas. J.	207. Lellman, Karl V.
10. Stewart, D. W. H.	76. Peck, Aubrey F.	142. Duncan, David John	208. Draycott, D. J.
11. Hardy, Fred J.	77. Simpson, Alex. S.	143. Jaffray, Alexander	209. McLeod, Murdo A.
12. McPhee, Patrick	78. Skilling, Albert G.	144. Roberts, Wm. Edgar	210. Burns, William
13. Betts, Allan Sturdee	79. Dettleff, Jas.	145. Biggs, Terence I.	211. Summers, Wm. Alex.
14. Whitney, Frederick E.	80. Hall, George F.	146. McDermid, M.	212. Duncan, William
15. Binnie James G.	81. Kiddle, William E.	147. Robson, George J.	213. Newman, Silas
16. Cletheroe, William H.	82. Hooley, T. V.	148. Luxton, Markham J.	214. Reive, Stanley S.
17. Blyth, Henry	83. Alazia, J. William	149. Pauloni, Romolo V.	215. Duncan, Peter R.
18. Turner, Leonard McL.	84. McGill, Maurice W.	150. Lyse, Sidney R.	216. Watson, James
19. Goss, Darwin J.	85. Llamosa, George A.	151. Dickson, Ed. T. C.	217. McLaren, Alex. R.
20. Dickson, Chas. J. E. C.	86. Johnson, Peter S.	152. Coutts, John	218. McPhee, K. J. (Sr.)
21. Kivell, William	87. Morrison, D. Ewen	153. Goss, Roderick J.	219. Paulini, H. Wm.
22. Butler, George J. C.	88. Clifton, Hugh E.	154. McMillan, Ian A.	220. Short, J. G. Arch.
23. Summers, Stanley F.	89. Lehen, Maurice	155. Hollen, James J.	221. Clifton, William
24. Binnie, William N.	90. Etheridge, Arthur G.	156. Sornsen, Ellis L.	222. Morrison, Douglas R.
25. Hawkins, C.	91. Rowlands, Wm. J.	157. Anderson, S. Allan	223. Flowers, W. H. R.
26. Goodwin, John K.	92. Lee, Wm. H. G. N. J.	158. Butler, Jos. T. J.	224. Pearson, William E.
27. Summers, Victor	93. Davis, Arthur H.	159. Browning, Frederick	225. McLeod, Donald
28. Berntsen, F. G.	94. Llamosa, Wm. J.	160. McGill, G. Stamford	226. Clausen, Fredk J.
29. Carey, Raymond F.	95. Bonner, William	161. Jacobsen, Karl M.	227. Whitney, G. Mark.
30. Jones, C. L. T.	96. Goodwin, Ernest G.	162. McRae, Donald A.	228. Cartmell, William J.
31. Dixon, Percy S.	97. Watson, T. Darwin	163. Pitaluga, Jas. A.	229. Smith, Eric H. S.
32. Browning, David L.	98. Carey, Anthony M.	164. Biggs, Edward D.	230. McPherson, John
33. McRae, F. W. Duncan	99. Blackely, Adam K.	165. Short, George H.	231. Jaffray, William
34. Lang, John S.	100. Alazia, Albert F.	166. Berntsen, Syd. L.	232. Summers, Wm. Ed.
35. Goodwin, Rupert V.	101. Browning, John B.	167. Kiddle, Peter	233. Clement, Wickham
36. Sornsen, Andrew A.	102. Earle, Arthur	168. Yates, Manuel	234. Curran, Joseph
37. White, W. Martell	103. Hooley, Jack C.	169. Anderson, Thos.	235. Curran, Henry
38. McKay, Donald	104. Bennett, Stanley	170. Robson, James T.	236. Bound, H. John L.
39. Jones, Albert H.	105. Larsen, Harold	171. Craigie-Halkett, C. M.	237. Bertrand, C. W.
40. Pettersson, A. R. A.	106. Oliver, Charles	172. Davis, Benjamin C.	238. Hills, Richard W.
41. Blyth, Jas.	107. Nunn, Henry	173. Rowlands, Jas. G.	239. McCarthy, Charles
42. Enestrom, Edgar W. R.	108. Sarney, Harry	174. Kendal, George N.	240. Kiddle, A. Stanley
43. Halliday, Andrew J.	109. Middleton, Jas. S.	175. McAtasney, W. Brian	241. McLeod, Donald
44. Berntsen, Lars M.	110. Lyse, George W.	176. Smith, Osmond R.	242. Gleadell, Sidney M.
45. Harrison, Clement	111. Anderson, Alfred	177. Morrison, Doug. D.	243. Bonder, William J.
46. McMillan, William	112. Biggs, Horace H.	178. Hall, Albert H.	244. Hubbard, J.
47. Middleton, Stewart (1)	113. Halliday, J. Henry	179. Blyth, Fredk I. K.	245. Morrison, Finlay
48. Hannaford, Robert F.	114. Parrin, William R. B.	180. Perry, James J. (Jr.)	246. Stewart, S. A.
49. Gilruth, Thomas A.	115. Jones, Richard	181. Hewitt, Robert J. D.	247. Ford, James E.
50. Rumbolds, Robert H.	116. Craig, Peter	182. Hardy, Jack A.	248. Hannaford, W. Henry
51. Summers, Philip G.	117. Thompson, Wm. J.	183. Watson, Wm. H.	249. Lee, Sidney S.
52. Perry, James J. (Sr.)	118. Steen, Robert B.	184. Biggs, Edward John	250. Finlayson, Rod. (Sr.)
53. McGill, K. Niven	119. Anderson, Richard C.	185. Peck, Percy P.	251. Baker, H. L.
54. Goodwin, Vincent S.	120. Aldridge, Stephen C.	186. Anderson, Hector C.	252. Biggs, John F.
55. Halliday, John Jas.	121. Newman, L. Will. A.	187. Finlayson, Darwin	253. Berntsen, Alex.
56. Curran, John	122. Ford, Chas. W.	188. Newman, G. R. Hen.	254. Britton, William F.
57. Sprules, Gilbert E.	123. Browning, Benjamin	189. Hall, Donald John	255. Middleton, Arthur
58. Jennings, Clifford W.	124. Jones, William J.	190. King, James A.	256. Berntsen, Jas. L.
59. Lee, Henry J.	125. Cletheroe, Cyril J.	191. Hewitt, James	257. McMullen, D. J. E. H.
60. Newing, John C.	126. Morrison, Stewart	192. Biggs, Basil W.	258. McKay, James R.
61. Paice, William N.	127. McGill, Gordon A.	193. Lanning, George T.	259. Alazia, George J.
62. Perry, Christopher	128. Grant, Lennard J.	194. Halliday, William J.	260. Howatt, Frank D.
63. Stewart, Alex.	129. Sarney, James A.	195. McAtasney, E. J.	261. Smith, D. Roger
64. Skilling, Thos.	130. McLeod, George H.	196. Hills, Albert H.	262. Kiddle, Donald J.
65. Lang, William A.	131. Cheek, Frederick J.	197. Robson, Robert L.	263. King, Cecil F.
66. Jacobsen, James S.	132. McKenzie, William	198. Reive, Leonard L.	264. Biggs, Malcolm W.

Jury List continued :—

265. Cartmell, Robert D.	342. White, John W.	419. Finlayson, Chas. J.	496. Perry, A. W.
266. Berntsen, William	343. Anderson, Ludwic R.	420. Middleton, Stewart 2	497. Newing, George L.
267. McCarthy, Wm. G.	344. Stewart, David G.	421. Biggs, Carl P. F.	498. Berntsen, F. E. N. L.
268. Gleadell, Marklin L.	345. Middleton, J. Darwin	422. Halliday, John J. G.	499. Allan, Hector
269. McLeod, Rod. J. D.	346. Alazia, Arthur J.	423. Goss, Richard V.	500. Summers, Herbert V.
270. Morrison, Donald F.	347. Perry, William J.	424. Bonner, Bruce	501. Cletheroe, Alb. R.
271. Barnes, Ernest	348. Barnes, Arthur J.	425. Morrison, Roderick	502. Felton, Anthony T.
272. Jaffray, John	349. Reive, John	426. Stewart, William H.	503. Peck, Andrew R.
273. Williams, Ralph M.	350. Pitaluga, Alex	427. Cletheroe, Stanley W.	504. Sedgwick, Bertrand
274. Stewart, James H.	351. Lyse, Ernest Louis	428. Summers, Walter J.	505. Bonner, Fred
275. Lee, A. Leslie	352. Fleuret Clovis	429. Ashley, Fred. Albert	506. Atkins, Stanley P.
276. Hirtle, Wallace C. L.	353. Biggs, Clarence G.	430. Jennings, F. G. J.	507. Carey, Chas. L.
277. Alazia, John	354. Ashley, John R.	431. Peck, Jas P.	508. Cletheroe, Leslie J.
278. Berntsen, Stanley G.	355. Butler, Fred. L. E. O.	432. Summers, Leslie F.	509. McCarthy, Archi. H.
279. Aldridge, Francis W.	356. May, Fredk. A. C.	433. Johnson, William G.	510. Atkins, Richard
280. McLaren, Reuben	357. Reive, George	434. Lee, Thomas F. G.	511. Phillips, Charles W.
281. Harvey, William	358. Bender, Chris. P. W.	435. Allan, Percival	512. Clifton, Albert
282. McKay, Richard	359. Osborne, George H.	436. Rice, R.	513. Biggs, James K.
283. Phillips, Jesse	360. Reive, Charles T.	437. Porter, Arthur	514. Morrison, Hubert H.
284. McLeod, Archibald	361. Ashley, Alfred G.	438. Betts, William D. N.	515. McGill, Keith W.
285. Middleton, James (2)	362. Peck, Victor H.	439. McMillan, D. Hugh	516. Lindenberg, J. E. T.
286. Smith, John F.	363. Cantlie, William J.	440. Thompson, George	517. Brechin, Gregor
287. Morrison, Murdo	364. Lewis, F. R. M.	441. Fraia, Harry	518. Johnson, Alfred G. R.
288. Goss, Jacob N.	365. Berntsen Alex. J.	442. Braxton, T. N. J.	519. McLeod, Donald J.
289. Bonner, H. J. (Jr.)	366. Kelway, J. George	443. Smith, Francis David	520. Kiddle, Robert
290. Paulini, Ralph	367. Porter, Charles (Jr.)	444. Hutchinson, Robt. T.	521. Hardy, C. Mansell
291. Stacey, David C.	368. Poole, J. B. Charles	445. Mercer, John	522. Sedgwick, H. H. (Jr.)
292. Nicholson, Leslie H.	369. Perry, George	446. Wilson, Edward	523. Barnes, W. F. John
293. Parker, C. F.	370. Smith Andrew C.	447. McRae, Alex B.	524. Lee, Frederick F. J.
294. Lellman, Edward F.	371. Summers, Walter F.	448. Gleadell, Jas R.	525. Betts, Alexander J.
295. Short, George C. (Jr.)	372. Morrison, John M.	449. Anderson, Louis	526. Aldridge, Sidney G.
296. Hirtle, E. R. C.	373. Creece, Martin G.	450. Campbell, J. Mark.	527. McPhee, K. J. (Jr.)
297. Bonner, A. M.	374. Hardy, Herbert H.	451. Finlayson, T. Dennis	528. Reive, Ernest
298. Shorey, William	375. Dearling, Leo. A.	452. Myles, William B.	529. Davis, William J.
299. Hardy, W. S. Bartle	376. Henriksen, Martin	453. Middleton, David J.	530. McKay, Donald Geo.
300. Shackel, Alex.	377. Biggs, Eric G. J.	454. Dettloff, Hansen C.	531. Simpson, Geo H.
301. McLeod, John T. A.	378. Roberts, Wm. Henry	455. Kenny, Norman D.	532. Alazia, George R.
302. Sedgwick, H. H. (Sr.)	379. Kirk, William J.	456. Pole-Evans, A. R.	533. Short, Joseph L.
303. Smith, William J.	380. Watt, Jas.	457. Gleadell, Frank E.	534. Spencer, W. E.
304. Peck, J. Bert H.	381. Morrison, Stewart M.	458. Summers, Sidney R.	535. Steel, Alex J.
305. Hannaford, R. H.	382. Miller, Sidney	459. Barnes, S. John	536. Cletheroe, John R.
306. Betts, Frederick C.	383. Watson, Louis James	460. Aldridge, Ernest J.	537. Fleuret, T. C.
307. Evans, Maurice E.	384. Paice, Ernest R. B.	461. Clifton, Allen Louis	538. Carey, Terence J.
308. Morrison, Leslie D.	385. Felton, Walter A.	462. Elias, W.	539. Binnie, Horace Jas.
309. Smith, John C. (Jr.)	386. Turner, W. John G.	463. Hills, William P.	540. Hennah, T. H. H.
310. Cartmell, Henry G.	387. Ferguson, Robert J.	464. Slade, Harry	541. Goss, William H.
311. Halliday, J. A. Leslie	388. Burns, Robert James	465. Stewart, James Alex.	542. Osborne, John C.
312. Sornsen, George A.	389. Parrin, Norman G.	466. Buse, F. K. E.	543. Morrison, M. John E.
313. Goodwin James	390. Middleton, Dave (Jr.)	467. McKay, David	544. Peck, Desmond D. B.
314. Sollis, Denis J.	391. Smith, John W.	468. McCarthy, Philip	545. Bowles, G. W. John
315. McKenzie, Alex. (Jr.)	392. Blyth, Alfred John	469. Hutchinson, W. J.	546. Hollen, Thomas
316. Duncan, Howard E.	393. Clifton, Chas	470. Peck, James W.	547. Buse, Ralph
317. Milne, A.	394. Finlayson, Alex. Jas.	471. Stewart, Keith G.	548. Paice, Charles J. B.
318. Harvey, Alfred Sid.	395. Buckley, P. Edward	472. Hutchinson, Keith R.	549. Davis, John
319. McKay, James J.	396. Andreason, S. V. Y.	473. Campbell, Ray	550. Bound, H. Leslie
320. Finlayson, Hugh	397. Kelway, Edward G.	474. Lee, Jas. W. T.	551. Coutts, W. J.
321. Summers, Albert G.	398. Ford, William J.	475. Kiddle, Alb. S.	552. Henriksen, Norman
322. Biggs, Hubert A.	399. Robson, Edward A.	476. Middleton, George S.	553. Middleton, James (3)
323. Carey, C. William	400. Smith, Percy S.	477. Davis, Frederick S.	554. Browning, Jos.
324. Short, George C. (Sr.)	401. Aldridge, Harold J.	478. Coleman, Fred. A.	555. Bonner, H. J. (Sr.)
325. Morrison, Wm. A.	402. Goodwin, Thos. J. W.	479. Ratcliffe, Jas.	556. May, Alfred M. W.
326. Anderson, A. Peter	403. Reive, Frederick J.	480. Lyse, Reginald S.	557. Clarke, J. H. A.
327. Stewart, H. W. A.	404. Berntsen, Ed. F.	481. Gleadell, William C.	558. Gleadell, Ernest C. S.
328. Johnson, E. Victor	405. Murphy, David John	482. McRae, Farquhar J. D.	559. Goss, James
329. Finlayson, Wm. A.	406. Anderson, Henry J.	483. Aldridge, Thomas G.	560. Browning, Jas S.
330. Hookings, Alfred	407. Gleadell, Leslie C.	484. Browning, Wm. C.	561. Finlayson, Rod. (Jr.)
331. Bradfield, Chas. H.	408. McMullen, Mathew J.	485. Parrin, George E.	562. Sornsen, C. Edward
332. Morrison, Roderick J.	409. Bundes, Jeff.	486. Blyth, John Jnr.	563. Henriksen, C. W.
333. Reive, Peter	410. Lees, David	487. Morrison, Fred. M.	564. Smith, William
334. Goodwin, William	411. Pearson, George	488. Beatty, T.	565. Biggs, Herbert P.
335. Short, Richard F.	412. Harvey, Donald	489. Smith, David J.	566. Middleton, Stewart 3
336. Whitney, H. Leslie	413. Luxton, Ernest F.	490. Stewart, Geo. A.	567. Felton, A. A.
337. Smith, James Hogan	414. Evans, Evan H.	491. Rowlands, Jas. H.	568. Dixon, Ernest V.
338. Kiddle, Stephen N.	415. Summers, Ernest V.	492. Steen, Ivor B.	569. Porter, George
339. Robson, W. Conrad	416. Burns, Wm. P. T.	493. Finlayson, Murdk. J.	570. White, Frank
340. Martin, George A.	417. Ferguson, John	494. Luxton, Stan. C.	571. Biggs, Arthur L. S.
341. King, Ronald I.	418. Watts, Jas.	495. Sedgwick, F. Aubrey	572. Johnson, Eric Thos

Jury List continued :—

573. Bowles, W. John	605. Hardy, Thomas D.	637. Robson, J. F. Roy	669. McKay, William R.
574. McGill, Donald	606. McNaughton, D.	638. Watson, Wm. H. C.	670. Hansen, George D.
575. McKay, Stephen J.	607. Bonner, R. Leslie	639. Smith, Jas A.	671. Binnie, Terence W.
576. Goodwin, David	608. Fuhlendorff, V. E.	640. Faria, Joseph F.	672. Blyth, Alex. L.
577. Coutts, James	609. Watson, Duncan R.	641. Bender, Sidney C.	673. Morrison, Norman
578. Blyth, John	610. Betts, Cyril S.	642. Atkins, Victor H. M.	674. Short, F. George
579. McRae, Roderick D.	611. Etheridge, Alex S.	643. Reive, Robert	675. Porter, Howard
580. Halliday, James A.	612. Goodwin, Aubrey W.	644. McLeod, George A.	676. Clifton, Jos. E.
581. McCullum, John D.	613. Biggs, A. Maxwell	645. Smith, J. Stanley	677. Murphy, Michael J.
582. Jones, A. Charles	614. Alazia, William C.	646. Lellman, F. T.	678. Coutts, Peter T.
583. Howkins, G.	615. Paulini, George L.	647. Clement, J.	679. Morrison, Don. W. J.
584. Smith, G. Douglas	616. Skilling, C. R.	648. Cartmell, Robert	680. May, James John
585. Blackley, C. D.	617. Barnes, Fred W.	649. Jones, John F. C.	681. Burns, Frederick J.
586. Duncan, David H.	618. Hills, James S.	650. McAtasney, Wm. J.	682. Allan, Frederick
587. Ford, Charles David	619. Bonner, Andrez P.	651. Petterssen, John S. P.	683. Goodwin, Douglas C.
588. Kirk, W. E.	620. Clifton, James	652. Betts, Arthur J.	684. Johnson, Stanley H.
589. Barnes, Ronald	621. Grant, Lewis	653. Yates, Robert	685. Newman, Silas A. F.
590. Reive, William J.	622. Finlayson, James M.	654. Sedgwick, Wm. H.	686. Pittendrigh, J. M.
591. Sollis, Leslie H.	623. Barnes, Sylvester	655. Evans, Griffith O.	687. McLeod, R. J.
592. Lyse, Markham O.	624. Kelway, Fred A.	656. King, Fred H.	688. Barnes, Richard
593. Berntsen, Robert A.	625. Smith, Francis H. H.	657. Summers, Aubrey V.	689. Young, W. H.
594. Wallin, W. Richard	626. McRae, Murdo	658. Hennah, Samuel H.	690. Jones, Ivor
595. Napier, Herbert M.	627. Ryan, John S.	659. Lehen, Dennis	691. Biggs, Patrick E.
596. Harries, John J.	628. Rowlands, T. Conrad	660. Biggs, Bernard L.	692. White, Fred
597. Reive, Bert	629. Pedersen, Leonard C.	661. Johnson, Howard W.	693. Dixon, E. S.
598. McCarthy, M. (Jr.)	630. Peck, Wm. G. E.	662. Pauloni, Robert R.	694. McKay, David (Jr.)
599. Watts, Walter	631. Dettleff, Thomas O.	663. Harris, W. C. H. G.	695. Cusack, E. R.
600. Aiken, John	632. Coutts, Alex	664. Morrison, Wm. D.	696. Clarke, D. J.
601. Clasen, Rupert H.	633. Biggs, Martin W. H.	665. Barnes, Frank E.	697. Ford, A. H.
602. McKay, Thomas	634. Meierhoffer, J. Geo.	666. McRae, R. G. V.	698. Heathman, A. S.
603. Sedgwick, L. A.	635. Mercer, Alex.	667. Harvey, Edgar A. J.	
604. McMullen, William	636. Bowles, George E.	668. Tomlinson, J.	



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVI.

MARCH 1, 1947.

No. 3.

APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Harries, Leon	Education.	Travelling Teacher.	10.2.47.	On probation for one year.

PROMOTION.

<i>Name.</i>			<i>Date.</i>
Summers, Philip	Clerk, Grade V.	to Clerk, Grade IV.	1.1.47.

LEAVE.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Period.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Steel, A. J.	Secretariat.	Caretaker, Secretariat Building.	352 days.	1.2.47.	Sick Leave.

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Reason.</i>
Gleadell, M. L.	Orderly & Caretaker, Govt. House.	14.2.47.	Resigned.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 10. 20th February, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 1 of the 7th of January, 1947. Wednesday and Thursday the 26th and 27th of February, 1947, have been withdrawn from the list of days on which Public Offices will be closed and Wednesday and Thursday the 5th and 6th of March, 1947, have been added thereto.

M.P. 291/33.

No. 11. 28th February, 1947.

In order to obtain the best use of daylight during Sports Week, Government clocks will be advanced one hour at midnight Saturday/Sunday the 1st/2nd March, 1947.

They will be restored to "Stanley Summer Time" a week later, on the night Saturday/Sunday, the 8th/9th March, 1947, when they will be put back one hour.

M.P. 0064.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

*Jessie Reive of Stanley, Falkland Islands,
deceased.*

Whereas Beatrice Ellen Pettersson, daughter of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

H. BENNETT,
Acting Registrar, Supreme Court.

14th February, 1947.

L. 9/47.

Report on Education in the Colony for the year 1945.

PART I.

Preface.

1. The population of the Falkland Islands is almost entirely British. It totals only about 2,300, and has been decreasing slowly in recent years. About half of the people live in the one town of Stanley, the rest being scattered either in small settlements or in isolated shepherds' houses over an area about the size of Yorkshire. The whole country outside Stanley is called the "Camp".

2. On account of the small population, the wide area over which it is scattered, and the poor communications, the provision of a good education for all children is a difficult problem, not yet fully solved. Education is compulsory between the ages of five and fourteen, but it is not easy to enforce this in the Camp.

3. The Educational facilities fall into four groups :

- (a) Schools in Stanley.
- (b) Small schools in a few of the Camp settlements.
- (c) Tuition by itinerant teachers in the rest of the Camp.
- (d) Further education.

Stanley.

4. A Government School is maintained from Public Funds. The curriculum and time-table of this school, catering for children between the ages of 5 and 14, are much the same as in a similar all-age school in England; a full-time Continuation Class offers a two-year course beyond Standard 6. A scheme of boarding allowances, to assist Camp parents to send their children to Stanley for schooling, has been in operation for many years. Until the evacuation of the Stanley children in 1942 there was also a Convent School in Stanley, taught by Roman Catholic Sisters.

Settlement Schools.

5. There are not many settlements with enough children to justify the establishment of full-time schools there. At the beginning of 1945 there were however small schools, conducted by part-time teachers, at San Carlos and Teal Inlet, and during the year settlement schools were set up at Chartres and Salvador also; the organization of these schools varies according to local circumstances, but in all cases the Government maintains or assists them financially, and supervises the work done in them. The Falkland Islands Company also maintains two part-time schools, one at Darwin and the other at North Arm, for the children of its employees; these schools are not assisted or inspected by the Government.

Tuition in the rest of the Camp.

6. The Government provides a number of itinerant teachers on the East and West Falklands. These teachers travel from house to house, mainly on horseback but sometimes by boat, and teach the children in their homes; they usually stay a fortnight or a month at each house. The houses are often isolated, and the teacher usually has to travel for several hours before reaching the next place where there are children to be taught. Each teacher has a "beat" which he covers at least four times a year. At the conclusion of his stay at each place, he sends in a report to the Supervisor of Camp Education, giving a detailed account of work done, progress made by the children, and so on.

7. Since 1944, the Government has employed, in addition to the travelling teachers, a full-time Supervisor of Camp Education who travels round the Camp, supervising and organizing the work of the Government travelling teachers and of the schools assisted or maintained by the Government in the Camp. The Superintendent of Education also makes periodic tours of inspection in the Camp.

8. A system of educational broadcasts to the children in the Camp was instituted, as an experiment, in 1944, and was continued during 1945.

9. The Falkland Islands Company also maintains a few travelling teachers (four during the greater part of 1945) for work on its extensive farms on the East Falklands; as with the Company's schools at Darwin and North Arm, the work of these teachers is not subject to Government inspection, nor is any financial assistance given by the Government.

Further Education.

10. Further Education is provided by a system of scholarships to the British School in Montevideo, and also, to a limited extent, by winter evening classes in Stanley.

PART II.

Administration and Staffing.

11. The authorised establishment of the Education Department at the beginning of 1945 was as follows :

Superintendent of Education & Headmaster, Govt. School	} Qualified teachers, recruited in United Kingdom.
Two Assistant Masters	
Two Assistant Mistresses (one for infants, one for seniors)	
One Assistant Master	
Five Assistant Teachers	} Recruited and trained locally.
Two Temporary Teachers	
Three Pupil Teachers	
Supervisor of Camp Education	Uncertificated, with experience in United Kingdom.
Teacher for Educational Broadcasts	Qualified teacher, recruited in United Kingdom.
Six Travelling Teachers	Recruited and trained locally.
One Clerk.	
One School Caretaker.	

12. The list given above (par. 11) shows a number of additions to the staff provided for in 1944. Of these the Supervisor of Camp Education and the teacher for educational broadcasts were added in 1944, to improve Camp education (see paragraphs 7, 35 and 36 of the Report on Education for 1944); the extra assistant master, temporary teacher, and pupil teacher were intended to replace teachers due to go on leave, and to provide for extra children in the Infants' Department. (The apparent increase from three assistant teachers to five assistant teachers is not real; "three" in par. 8 of the 1944 Report should read "five.")

13. The work of the Education Department, and particularly of the Government School, was seriously upset all through the year by difficulties and delays experienced in obtaining qualified staff from overseas. The two assistant mistresses whose contracts had expired in 1944 had returned to the United Kingdom, one in December 1944, the other in February 1945; their successors, although selected in England in good time, had difficulty in obtaining passages, and did not arrive in the Falklands until May 1945. A qualified assistant master, needed to allow the Superintendent of Education to go on leave, had been asked for from the United Kingdom but not obtained. The post of Senior Assistant Master, which had become vacant in 1944, was filled temporarily by an unqualified master educated in the United Kingdom and recruited in the Falkland Islands. At the beginning of the school year in February, therefore, there were altogether on the staff of the Education Department only two qualified teachers (the Superintendent of Education and the teacher in charge of educational broadcasts).

14. The position was improved when the two assistant mistresses, Miss E. Bosworthick and Miss M. Downs, arrived from England in May, but the school was still without a qualified assistant master. The temporary unqualified assistant master referred to above did not make a success of his work, and his appointment came to an end in April. In the same month an extra assistant mistress, recruited locally, was appointed temporarily in the place of one of the required assistant masters; she had high academic qualifications, and worked hard; but a woman cannot take the place of the Senior Assistant Master completely, and in this particular case her state of health affected her work adversely during a large part of the time; for the last two months of the year, ill-health obliged her to remain away from work altogether.

15. While the work of the school was thus being carried on as well as possible with the help of temporary appointments of people already in the Falklands, the Department had still been trying to obtain a qualified assistant master from the United Kingdom; finally, when it seemed out of the question for the time being to obtain a master, an extra mistress, Miss H. Gray, was selected for appointment; but although selected in July 1945, shipping delays prevented her from arriving in the Falklands until May 1946.

16. These shortages of qualified staff made 1945 a very different year from 1944. Whereas in 1944, in spite of a number of changes in staff (mostly transfers from one branch of work to another), a fair measure of progress had been possible, 1945 was largely one long struggle simply to keep going. The time available for training of teachers, developmental work, and general directive and administrative work, was far less than what was needed. Teaching and discipline inevitably suffered, particularly in the highest classes and when adequate help and supervision could not be given to young, inexperienced teachers. Except for 1942, the year of the evacuation, it is probably the year in which education in the Government School has been most affected by the war.

17. At the beginning of the year, three pupil teachers were appointed for training in the Government School. Two had just left school, after completing three years in the Continuation Class; the third had had two years in the Continuation Class and one year as clerk in the Education Department. The aim was to give these pupil teachers two or three years of training, which was to include further improvement of their own education, a study of principles and methods of education, observation of the whole work of the school from the Infants' Department to the Continuation Class, and a gradually increasing amount of supervised teaching practice. This work was mainly in the hands of the qualified teachers from overseas, although the locally trained teachers also gave help.

18. The pupil teachers began their work in the Infants' Department (before she left the Falklands, Miss Brown, the retiring infant mistress, was able to give them an outline of the principles on which infant teaching is based). From the Infants' Department they went on to work in the junior school, and then (for observation only) to the senior school. Having gained a comprehensive view of the work of the school as a whole, they then settled down to more intensive work in the junior school, where they would later be teaching. During the winter they attended evening classes in various subjects, as part of their work.

19. The shortage of qualified teachers referred to in paragraphs 13-16 above limited what could be achieved in the training of the pupil teachers in this one year. By the end of the year, however, they had acquired a fair understanding of the main principles in education, were taking certain lessons regularly on their own, and, on the whole, managing their classes fairly well. Just after the end of the school year, one of the pupil teachers resigned in order to go to England with her parents.

20. In the Camp there were a few changes in staff during the year. On the West Falklands, an additional travelling teacher was appointed in May, but one resigned in November to go to Montevideo. On the East Falklands the one travelling teacher employed resigned in June, and no successor could be obtained until November; in the meantime, however, an extra teacher had begun work in the settlement at Salvador (in Sept.); and in November another teacher began work, on a part-time basis, at Port San Carlos. By the end of the year, therefore, the number of teachers at work in the Camp had increased by two; adequate staffing still remained, however, one of the major difficulties of Camp education. For further details, see paragraphs 38, 40, 54, 55 and 56.

21. The following members of the staff of the Education Department went overseas on leave during 1945: in February, Miss H. Brown (Infant Mistress - see par. 13); in September, Mr. D. J. Draycott (Supervisor of Camp Education), Mrs. A. R. Draycott and Miss B. E. Braxton (Assistant Teachers in the Government School). Some other members of the staff were entitled to leave, but on account of shortage of staff could not be spared from their work in 1945.

School Attendance.

22. <i>Government School, Stanley :</i>	Boys	Girls	Total.
Number on roll 31st December 1945	107	110	217
Average number on roll during 1945	111	109	220
Average attendance during 1945	107	104	211
Percentage of average attendance			96
<i>School at San Carlos :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1945	1	6	7
<i>School at Teal Inlet :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1945	5	2	7
Percentage of attendance			97.6
<i>School at Chartres :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1945	3	4	7
<i>F. I. Co's School, Darwin :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1945	2	7	9
Percentage of attendance (256 sessions)			84.8
<i>F. I. Co's School, North Arm :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1945	2	3	5
<i>Government Travelling Teachers :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1945	31	26	57
<i>F. I. Co's Travelling Teachers :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1945	15	27	42
Total number under tuition during 1945	170	184	354

23. The above figures do not include a few children who were receiving private tuition - usually Camp children being taught by their parents, with or without help from the Education Department. The three boys and one girl attending the school at Salvador in the latter part of the year are included in the figures given for Government Travelling Teachers, as these children were included in the Travelling Teacher's beat for the greater part of the year. The figures given for the school at Chartres include one girl who did not actually attend the school, but who was taught by the teacher of the school, during short periodical visits made by the teacher to the girl's home (see par. 41).

Finance.

24. The expenditure under Head XII. Education of the annual estimates of expenditure was £6,523 : 6 : 7, as compared with £4,772 : 0 : 3 in 1944. The revenue collected in 1945 amounted to £174 : 8 : 4, as against £202 : 11 : 11 in 1944.

EXPENDITURE	£	s.	d.	REVENUE	£	s.	d.
1. Personal Emoluments	4,481	13	4	1. School Fees	150	9	6
2. Other Charges	2,041	13	3	2. Sale of School Materials	23	18	10
	£6,523	6	7		£174	8	4

Government School, Stanley.

25. The year in the Government School was a difficult and unsettled one. On account of an epidemic of whooping cough, the opening of the school at the beginning of the year was delayed a fortnight, until February 26th, and it was not possible to regain this lost time by shortening the holidays during the rest of the year, as the two regular holidays during the year are of only one week's duration each. Even after school had started, many children, who had difficulty in throwing off the whooping cough completely, were unusually irregular in attendance; and further time was lost through extra holidays for victory celebrations. Some of the difficulties caused by the shortage of qualified teachers from overseas have already been mentioned (pars. 13-16). The changes necessitated by the arrival and departure of teachers at various times during the year also disturbed the life of the school, so that it never seemed to settle down properly.

26. The school continued to use the same premises as in 1944 - the buildings of the Government School itself being used by the classes from Standard 1 upwards, the Infants' Department meeting in its temporary accommodation in the former St. Mary's School, and the physical training classes being held, by kind permission of the Falkland Islands Defence Force, in the Defence Force Drill Hall. Premises for domestic science are referred to in par. 30 below.

27. The curriculum of the school was in most points similar to that followed in previous years. There was a slight improvement in the variety and quantity of school materials obtainable from England, but shortages of materials still hampered some of the work. A good piano, bought cheaply from the Army garrison when it withdrew, was a valuable acquisition.

28. In the Infants' Department the three locally trained teachers, under Mrs. Osborne's leadership, and with the help of schemes prepared by Miss Brown before her departure, carried on the work very capably in the interval before the arrival of the new infant mistress, Miss M. Downs; when she arrived, the Infants' Department was once again fully staffed. Among the noteworthy features of the life of the Infants' Department during the year were the parties held at the end of each term and skilfully organised so as to fit in with the ordinary school work and to have the maximum educational value.

29. In the junior school, the most important alteration in the work was the addition of art to the girls' curriculum; it had been included in the boys' curriculum for many years, and was extended to the senior girls in 1944; but until 1945, the junior girls' opportunities for artistic expression had been extremely limited.

30. The senior school started the year under great difficulties, with Standard 6 and the Continuation Class combined, for most work, under an unqualified assistant master; it was not until April that the two classes could be separated. The senior boys' woodwork classes, which had formerly been taken by a carpenter from the Public Works Department, could not be started at the beginning of the year, because the Public Works Department could not spare a carpenter at the time; but when the school staffing position improved towards the middle of the year, the classes were taken by Mr. Lellman, an assistant master who is also a trained carpenter. The senior boys' work in gardening and agricultural science was kept up throughout the year, under officers of the Agricultural Department. The senior girls' cookery classes, which had been suspended since the evacuation in 1942 on account of lack of suitable facilities, were at last started again, under Miss Bosworthick, soon after her arrival; Church House, the former domestic science centre, was still occupied by naval personnel, but other premises became available in the Church Hall - premises which, while not suitable for all the work which should be included in a good domestic science course, were nevertheless able to be made fairly satisfactory for cookery. For games, the girls played hockey and netball, and the boys played association and a little rugby football; in addition to the regular games in sports periods, a number of games were again organized, at the children's request, out of school hours - some between teams from the school, and some against outside teams. The children of the senior classes naturally took a keen interest in the plans made during the year for a new Library, Town Hall and Civic Centre; they had their share in the discussion of plans when, after being invited by the Executive Engineer to examine the models of the proposed new buildings and to ask questions of him, their impressions and suggestions were written down in school and sent to him for his consideration.

31. In order to give the children more training in leadership and a greater share in managing the affairs of the school, a new system of prefects was introduced early in the year. Previously there had been a rudimentary system of cloakroom monitors, but this was now enlarged to provide for four girl and four boy prefects. The prefects were to have various duties and privileges, particularly in connection with play-times and the organization of games, and were to be the recognized leaders of the school and the normal representatives of the children in any matters that they wished to bring to the notice of the staff. The prefects were chosen largely on the results of a secret ballot held in the three senior classes. Although such a busy, unsettled year was not the best of times for introducing new schemes like this, the system worked fairly well. The prefects, on the whole, carried out their duties with commendable conscientiousness; some however (understandably enough) were inclined to be diffident about using their new powers.

32. All the pupils were examined medically and dentally in December; follow-up work was carried out during the school summer holidays.

33. In the course of the year His Excellency the Governor made three much-appreciated visits to the school, one on the occasion of the Open Day and Show of Work and the other two in connection with St. George's Day and Trafalgar Day. On his St. George's Day and Trafalgar Day visits he addressed the senior pupils and granted holidays in honour of these occasions.

34. The annual Open Day and Show of Work was held in December. The number of parents and friends of the children who came to see the work was greater than usual, so that although the largest room in the school was used for the display of work, at times it was overcrowded. In addition to the usual variety of handwork, needlework, woodwork and art, there was once again an exhibit of cookery done by the senior girls; and for the first time, a selection of handwork and needlework done by children in the Camp was displayed.

35. At the prize-giving ceremony held in the Gymnasium on the last day of term, His Excellency the Governor presented the prizes, and addressed the large gathering of children and their parents and friends on possible future developments in education in the Falklands.

36. The Old Pupils' Association again had a successful winter season, providing its members with a varied programme of social and cultural activities, including talks, cinema shows, dances and whist drives; as in previous years, many of its meetings were held in the school.

The Camp.

37. The Education Department's policy in the Camp in 1945 was a continuation and development of that followed in 1944. The teaching was done mainly by travelling teachers, although efforts were made to develop settlement schools wherever the number of children justified it and there was a teacher available. The travelling teachers' beats were kept as small as possible, so as to avoid long intervals between the teachers' visits to any one place. The work of the Camp teachers was supplemented by daily wireless broadcasts from Stanley. The details of organization and the supervision of the work done in the Camp were largely in the hands of the recently-appointed Supervisor of Camp Education.

38. On the West Falklands, at the beginning of 1945, there were five travelling teachers, teaching altogether 59 children in 21 different places. Four of the teachers' beats were satisfactory in size, but one was too large; attempts had been made in 1944 to get an extra teacher to split up this beat, but it was not until May 1945 that the extra teacher was finally obtained. From May until November the number of teachers on the West remained the same (quite a satisfactory number); but at the end of November, one of the teachers resigned, and could not be replaced immediately.

39. During the year a good many families moved from one part of the West to another; in some cases this resulted in the concentration of larger numbers of children in settlements, and it became possible to start a regular settlement school at Chartres, under one of the six travelling teachers, in May (see par. 41), and to keep another of the travelling teachers permanently on Saunders Island, teaching seven children, from August onwards.

40. On the East Falkland, at the beginning of 1945, there was one travelling teacher, teaching altogether 9 children in 5 different places. There were in addition settlement schools at San Carlos and Teal Inlet, with 8 and 7 children respectively. These arrangements for the teaching on the East were fairly satisfactory as long as they lasted. In June, however, the travelling teacher resigned, and it was five months before another teacher could be obtained. In the meantime the travelling teacher's beat had altered considerably; a settlement school had been started at Salvador, while the children from two other houses on the beat were now being catered for by the school at Teal Inlet; but new children in other places had started school, so that the beat now consisted of 3 places (with 7 children) on one side of the island, and 3 places (with 5 children, some of whom had attended school in Stanley for part of the year) on the other side - a most awkward beat, which would have been much better split into two beats, in spite of the small numbers of children, if the necessary extra teacher had been available. The extra teacher, however, could not be obtained. Various arrangements to improve the situation were attempted; at Port San Carlos, for instance, help was given by a part-time teacher during the travelling teacher's absence; but in spite of all that could be done, the position remained unsatisfactory.

41. Some reference has already been made (paragraph 39) to the settlement school started at Chartres in May. Plans for a full-time school there were made when all but one of the children on the former Chartres travelling teacher's beat came in to the settlement to live. It was expected at that time that there would be nine children attending school in the settlement, and although the number dropped to six about the time the school started, it was decided to carry on with the arrangements. The teacher was Miss June Myles, the travelling teacher who had been in charge of the Chartres beat. It was hoped at first that the one child from her former beat still remaining outside the settlement would come in to the settlement for her schooling, but eventually it was arranged that the teacher should make periodical short visits to the child's home. The school at Chartres met in the manager's house, in a room generously lent and fitted up as a schoolroom by the manager and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. K. Luxton. Mr. and Mrs. Luxton also provided accommodation for the teacher while she was in Chartres and gave invaluable help with the school in many other ways. At the end of the year, a boy from this school won one of the Government Scholarships to Montevideo.

42. The part-time school at San Carlos carried on its work during 1945 on much the same lines as in previous years, with Mrs. Bonner (the wife of the manager of San Carlos Station) teaching for two hours a day. In previous years, however, as a travelling teacher also had visited San Carlos, Mrs. Bonner had taught only during the travelling teacher's absence; this year, in view of the many other calls on the travelling teacher's time, her visits were discontinued, and Mrs. Bonner took over the whole of the teaching. Some of Mrs. Bonner's pupils live in San Carlos settlement; others walk in daily from their home at the Head of the Bay (a walk of about an hour). The school meets in Mrs. Bonner's house, in a room that she has equipped extremely well. She goes about her teaching with great energy and enthusiasm, and the good progress made by her pupils, and their interest in their work, are a credit to her. It was a fitting reward for her efforts that one of her pupils gained first place in the 1945 scholarship examination.

43. The school at Teal Inlet was established towards the end of 1944, with Mr. O. McPhee, the

resident teacher-storekeeper, in charge (for details of the arrangement, see paragraph 32 of the Education Department's Report for 1944). The school carried on its work most successfully during 1945, Mr. McPhee proving himself a thoroughly capable and popular teacher, with a definite place in the life of the community. The children made good progress in their work; the extent to which the school is appreciated and supported by the children and parents at Teal Inlet is shown by its attendance figures (97.6% for the whole year; in one quarter the school maintained a 100% attendance throughout the whole quarter).

44. One important development during the year was that the school began to cater not only for the children in the settlement at Teal Inlet but also for those living in shepherds' houses away from the settlement. With the help of the boarding allowances mentioned in paragraph 53, these children started coming in to board in the settlement to attend school for a few weeks at a time, with spells at home (doing homework) in between their visits to the settlement. Travelling teachers no longer needed to visit the homes of these children and the school at Teal Inlet became a central school for all the children on the station. In this development, as in many other things, the help and co-operation of Mr. A. G. Barton, manager of Teal Inlet Station, have been of the greatest value.

45. A new full-time school was started at Salvador in September. After the resignation in June of the travelling teacher for that beat, Miss N. Pitaluga, a daughter of the manager, began doing a little teaching for the children in the settlement. In September this work was put on a definite full-time basis, with Miss Pitaluga drawing an allowance proportionate to the number of children taught - not a full Camp teacher's salary, because that expense would have been out of proportion to the small number of children taught (four). The school met at first in the station manager's office, but later the manager generously fitted up a schoolroom in one end of a Nissen hut.

46. The broader range of studies and activities developed in the Camp in 1944 was carried on, without important change, in 1945. While the travelling teachers still had to give most of their time to arithmetic and the various branches of English, the general tendency towards smaller beats and more settlement schools allowed many of the Camp teachers to give more attention than before to subjects such as geography, history, nature study and handwork. The educational broadcasts also helped in providing this wider range of studies. As has already been mentioned, a selection of handwork and needlework done in the Camp during the year was exhibited in the display of work on the Open Day at the Government School in Stanley.

47. A scheme of educational broadcasts to the Camp had been started as an experiment, towards the end of 1944. The two chief aims of the scheme were to encourage and help the children with their homework in the intervals between the teachers' visits, and to supplement the teachers' work by talks on a wide range of topics. Although it was found that, on account of various difficulties, rather less than half the total number of children in the Camp could hear the broadcasts clearly and regularly, the scheme was considered to be sufficiently successful to be worth continuing.

48. Mr. R. Rice, the former Government Travelling Teacher who had conducted the broadcasts in 1944, was put in charge of them for the next three years. They were given for an hour each afternoon, five days a week. The scheme of lessons and methods of approach adopted in 1944 had been found generally satisfactory, and were continued, with minor alterations, in 1945 (for details, see paragraph 36 of the Education Department's Report for 1944). On the opening day of the 1945 session, His Excellency the Governor came to the studio and spoke to the children. After the arrival of a new chaplain for Christ Church (Anglican) Cathedral, the religious talks were given sometimes by him and sometimes (as in 1944) by the Non-conformist minister, the Reverend W. F. McWhan. As in 1944, summaries of most of the broadcast talks were sent out to all the Camp teachers. Damage to the transmitting aerial in a storm unfortunately suspended the broadcasts for two months between April and June.

49. Efforts to increase the circle of listeners were partially successful. In the almost complete absence of new sets on the market, little could be done for those families who had no sets, or poor sets, or sets without the necessary 83 metre band; nor could difficulties over repairs and re-charging of accumulators be eliminated; but at the transmitting station a new and higher aerial was erected, and various other improvements were made, so that the lessons could now reach more than half the children quite well. The untiring assistance given with the broadcasting by the Supervisor of the Electrical and Telegraphs Department is much appreciated.

50. The Supervisor of Camp Education, Mr. D. J. Draycott, made three tours in the Camp during 1945. The first was on the East Falkland (in January and February), the second on the West (March to June), and the third on the East again (August to September). At the end of September he left for England to take the leave due to him from his former contract. He is energetic, and well-liked in the Camp, and his appointment is proving of great value in the attempt to improve Camp education. On his tours he aims at visiting all the children receiving tuition from Government teachers (transport difficulties and other reasons sometimes prevent him from seeing a few of the children); he examines all their work, and discusses it thoroughly with the teachers. His regular visits help to sustain the interest of the children and their teachers in their work, and to keep them doing their best. His time in Stanley in the intervals between tours is spent in going through the reports and filled exercise books sent in by the teachers and in planning their work.

51. In addition to the tours carried out by the Supervisor of Camp Education, a tour was made on the East Falkland by the Superintendent of Education in October and November.

52. The boarding allowances granted by the Government for Camp children coming in to school in Stanley were continued during 1945 at the rate of £2 a month. The total number of Camp children who attended school in Stanley and received this assistance during 1945 was 27, as against 31 in 1944; 22 out of the 27 (as compared with 16 in 1944) attended for periods of more than six months. The above

figures include three children whose parents were in South Georgia, where there are no educational facilities.

53. Towards the end of the year, a new scheme was introduced to provide boarding allowances for Camp children who boarded in settlements in order to attend settlement schools. The scheme was intended to further the general policy of providing education in settlement schools, rather than by travelling teachers, wherever possible. The rate of the allowance was fixed at 1/3 a day – slightly less than the Stanley boarding allowance, because the cost of living is considered to be slightly less in the Camp. The scheme was confined (to begin with) to children attending Government-assisted schools. By the end of the year, one child was already attending the school at Teal Inlet as a boarder under this scheme, and two others had made arrangements to do so in the New Year.

54. Paragraphs 38 and 40 show that satisfactory staffing still remains one of the great difficulties of Camp education. More than once no replies have been received to advertisements for travelling teachers; often months have passed before it has been possible to obtain the extra teachers needed either to replace teachers who have left the service, or to increase the total staff and so reduce the sizes of beats. This scarcity of applicants for posts has sometimes meant that out of necessity candidates have been accepted whose qualifications were not as high as could have been desired. It has of course been a period of expansion, with a larger demand than usual for new teachers; and the number of teachers employed in the Camp *has* increased during the last two years; but with a more plentiful supply of teachers, much greater progress could be made.

55. Efforts were continued to give the Camp teachers more training, and to help them to improve their own standard of education in cases where this was desirable. It had been hoped to assemble most of the travelling teachers in Stanley for a short period of training in the winter, but various difficulties prevented them from coming in to Stanley together. Most came in to Stanley on leave at some time during the year, and, as in 1944, advantage was taken of these visits to give them periods of observation and training in the Government School, as well as to give them any help they needed with their own studies. The two new travelling teachers appointed during the year were both given some training, in one case before starting teaching, and in the other case a few months later, (in this latter case it was inconvenient for the teacher to come in to Stanley from her home in the Camp at the time when she was appointed; the Supervisor of Camp Education gave her some preliminary guidance in the Camp before she started work). The Camp teachers' coming in one at a time at intervals throughout the year, instead of all together, was wasteful of the time of the Stanley teachers who helped in training them, and the shortage of qualified staff in Stanley limited what could be done for them. Although most of the Camp teachers are doing good work – and some are doing excellent work – much still remains to be done to raise the standard everywhere to a satisfactory level.

56. At the end of the year, chiefly with the object of improving the supply of good Camp teachers, the Education Department introduced a scheme of Bursaries for Camp children who wanted to become Camp teachers. The first of these Bursaries were to be awarded early in 1946. Normally, two of these Bursaries will be awarded each year. They are intended mainly, though not exclusively, for children between the ages of 14 and 15½ at the time of the award (that is, for children who have completed the period of compulsory education). They offer a year's schooling in the Government School, to round off the child's education, and then a period of from three to six months' intensive training in Stanley for work as a Camp teacher. During all the time the child is in Stanley, he (or she) will receive not the ordinary Camp boarding allowance, but a larger maintenance allowance at the rate of £50 per annum, with free passages to and from Stanley. On the satisfactory completion of the period of schooling and training, the winners of these Bursaries will be appointed to posts as Government Camp teachers, and in return for the financial assistance given them under the terms of the Bursaries, they will be expected to serve as teachers for at least four years.

Government Scholarships to Montevideo.

57. The scheme for granting scholarships to enable chosen pupils from the Falkland Islands to attend the British School in Montevideo for three years' study there reached its full expansion in 1945, with six Falkland Islands children in Montevideo (two in their first year, two in their second year, and two in their final year).

58. Some difficulties were experienced during the year over arrangements for the children's board in Montevideo. The boarding-house in which the children had lived very happily ever since the scholarship scheme was introduced closed down. The Board of Governors of the British Schools Society went to considerable trouble to find another place where the children could still all live together, and eventually succeeded, but by the end of the year it was becoming clear that the place was not completely satisfactory.

59. On the recommendation of the Board of Governors of the British Schools Society, it was decided in September to appoint a guardian for the children in Montevideo (Mrs. Graves, the landlady who had boarded the children during their first two-and-a-half years in Montevideo, had acted unofficially as their guardian during that time, but had now left the country). The matter was put in the hands of the British Consul in Montevideo and when approached, Mrs. Norman Leslie, wife of the British Vice-Consul, kindly consented to act as the children's guardian.

60. At school, the six pupils did very satisfactory work on the whole during the year. In some cases progress was hampered by frequent absence due to illness; especially in their first year, the children seem to have difficulty in adjusting themselves to the different climate. The children took their place well in school sports; the four girls played hockey for the First XI, two of them winning their colours; one of the boys played football for the First XI, and gained a prize in the School's annual athletic sports contest. The pupils also took part with enthusiasm in various out-of-school activities, such as the Girl Guides and Boy Scouts. The broadening of outlook and increase in self-confidence brought about by

these varied activities and by new experiences are not the least valuable of the benefits given to the children by the scholarships. The great care and attention given to the pupils in Montevideo by the Board of Governors, Mrs. Leslie and the teaching staff contribute much towards making the scheme a success, and are deeply appreciated.

61. In December 1945, the first two children to go to Montevideo under the scholarship scheme sat and passed the Cambridge School Certificate Examination. This is the first time that Falkland Islanders, receiving their education under provision made by the Falkland Islands Government, have passed the examination.

62. At the end of October an examination in English, Mathematics, and General Intelligence was held for all candidates for the two scholarships for 1946; while Stanley was the main examination centre, five candidates sat the examination in the Camp – two at San Carlos, two at Port Howard, and one at Chartres. After considering the results of this examination and the school record, general ability and character of the candidates, the Scholarship Selection Committee awarded the scholarships to a girl and a boy, from San Carlos and Chartres respectively. Upon the girl's parents declining the scholarship, however, the funds thus made available were used to enable another girl, who had also done very well in the scholarship examination, to go to Montevideo in the place of the original scholarship winner.

63. As in 1944, three Falkland Prizes were awarded in connection with the scholarship examination.

Evening Classes.

64. A series of evening classes was again arranged for the winter months. In some ways the classes were an experiment; it was known that the military garrison, which had provided the chief support for the evening classes in previous years, was to be withdrawn early in the winter and the classes were therefore planned entirely to meet the requirements of the local population. Particular attention was given to the case of junior employees in Government Departments and to encouraging their attendance; at a conference of Heads of Departments a scheme was agreed upon, whereby employees under 18 years of age would be allowed time off from work equivalent to time spent at evening classes, and all boys and girls entering the Civil Service in salaried posts or as apprentices would be required, as part of the terms of their employment, to attend such classes as were considered desirable.

65. The classes, which were free of charge, were held in the Government School. The subjects studied included English, mathematics, dressmaking, and shorthand; there was also a class in "General Subjects" (a mixture of English, arithmetic, geography, general knowledge, etc.), and a series of four talks on "Science and the Scientific Outlook". Difficulties over equipment or instructors prevented the formation of certain other classes which would have met a definite need.

66. The response to the classes was quite good. Attendances remained fairly steady throughout the winter, with the smallest classes averaging more than ten students (quite a satisfactory number, considering the smallness of the population). The most popular classes were "General Subjects" and dressmaking. The "General Subjects" class had an average attendance of over twenty students (although not all worked seriously); the dressmaking class became so unwieldy in size that it had to be divided into two classes, and eventually further admissions to the classes had to be refused. Although the classes were intended only for the winter and early spring, and most stopped before the beginning of summer, a small group of shorthand students carried on right through the summer. The successes, difficulties and failures of the classes provided useful data for the planning of future classes.

H. L. BAKER,
Superintendent of Education.
29th December, 1946.

T A B L E S 1 — 14 .

The following are omitted as in previous years : Nos. 1, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13 and 14.

T A B L E 2 .

PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED OR AIDED FROM COLONIAL REVENUES AND LOCAL PUBLIC FUNDS.

		Population (according to the latest accessible estimate)	Total number of pupils enrolled in maintained & aided institutions.	Percentage.
European	Male	1287	151	12
	Female	1038	147	14
		<u>2325</u>	<u>298</u>	<u>13</u>

The figures above are averages for the year 1945.

TABLE 3.

SCHOLARS BY SCHOOL YEARS AND AGES ON 31ST DECEMBER 1945 IN INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED OR AIDED FROM COLONIAL REVENUES OR LOCAL PUBLIC FUNDS, AND IN UNAIDED BUT INSPECTED INSTITUTIONS.

Primary Schools										
Age	Year of School Course									
	Cont. Class	Std. 6	Std. 5	Std. 4	Std. 3	Std. 2	Std. 1	Infants	Totals	
	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.
15	6 4				1 -					7 4
14	- 2	4 2	3 3		- 1		- 1			7 9
13	- 3	4 4	4 4	3 5	4 4	1 1	- 1			16 22
12	- 1	- 2	5 1	6 7	3 2	1 1	1 2			16 16
11			- 2	4 4	4 7	5 2	2 -	- 1		15 16
10				- 1	3 5	4 8	2 1	- 1		9 16
9				- 1		8 7	8 2	4 4		20 14
8						1 1	5 7	8 5		14 13
7						1 -	3 4	14 12		18 16
6							- 1	15 10		15 11
5								11 6		11 6
4								6 6		6 6
3								- 1		- 1
	6 10	8 8	12 10	13 18	15 19	21 20	21 19	58 46		154 150
	16	16	22	31	34	41	40	104		304

The above figures include the children taught in the Government School in Stanley and also those taught in the Camp by Government Travelling Teachers or in Government-assisted schools. The children are listed according to the classes they were in during the school year ending in December, 1945. Children taught in the Camp are grouped into classes according to their proficiency in their school work (particularly English and arithmetic), without regard to their age.

TABLE 4.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT OF GROSS EXPENDITURE FROM COLONIAL REVENUES AND LOCAL PUBLIC FUNDS ON EDUCATION FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR.

NOTE—All expenditure is from Colonial Revenue.

TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION.

Primary Schools :

Personal emoluments	£4481 : 13 : 4
Superannuation contributions	39 : 14 : 11
Extra teaching assistance	30 : 0 : 0

£4551 : 8 : 3

TOTAL INDIRECT EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION.

Scholarships	£986 : 5 : 6
Boarding Allowances for Camp children	443 : 18 : 7
Rent and cleaning of buildings	222 : 3 : 0
School materials	212 : 15 : 2
Miscellaneous	106 : 16 : 1

1971 : 18 : 4

6523 : 6 : 7

TABLE 8.

GROSS EXPENDITURE ON INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED BY GOVERNMENT AND GROSS AND NET COST PER PUPIL.

SCHOOL EDUCATION GENERAL: Primary Schools

Personal Emoluments (Staff)	£4481 : 13 : 4
Other Charges	2041 : 13 : 3
Total	6523 : 6 : 7
Gross annual cost per enrolled pupil to Colonial Revenue	21 : 17 : 10
Total Receipts :	
Fees	£150 : 9 : 6
Sale of School Materials	23 : 18 : 10
	174 : 8 : 4
Net annual cost per enrolled pupil	21 : 6 : 1

TABLE 11.

STATEMENT OF FEE RATES, RULES GOVERNING EXEMPTION FROM FEES. AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

The following fees are charged at the Government School :

	s.	d.
Each pupil in the Continuation Class	1	0 a week
Each pupil below the C.C. and above Std. 1	6	„ „
Each pupil below Std. 2	3	„ „

provided that the total fees payable in respect of the children of any one family shall not exceed the rate of one shilling weekly.

Exceptions are made for fatherless children and in a small number of other cases where there is proved inability to pay.

No fees are charged in the Camp.

Vital Statistics for the year ended 31st December, 1946

COLONY

Births

	Male	Female	Total
Stanley	13	16	29
East Falkland	2	3	5
West Falkland	2	1	3
Total	17	20	37

BIRTHS 1945 — 34

Deaths

	Male	Female	Total
Stanley	17	7	24
East Falkland	2	1	3
West Falkland	2	1	3
Total	21	9	30

Maternal Mortality —

Infantile „ —

Still Births 1

DEATHS 1945 — 29

Marriages

	Anglican	Roman Catholic	Non-conformist	Registrar	Total
Stanley	8	2	4	5	19
East Falkland	—	—	—	1	1
West Falkland	—	—	—	3	3
Total	8	2	4	9	23

MARRIAGES 1945 — 29

Arrivals

1946	males 120	females 81	Total 201
1945	„ 33	„ 27	„ 60

Departures

1946	males 121	females 86	Total 207
1945	„ 65	„ 74	„ 139

Population

The population of the Falkland Islands as shown by the Census of the 31st March, 1946, was 1227 males and 1012 females or a total population of 2239.

Estimated population on the 31st December 1946 was 2234, as shown below —

Population by Census of	Males	Females	Total
31st March 1946	1227	1012	2239
Add births since date of Census	8	14	22
	1235	1026	2261
Add arrivals since date of Census	97	56	153
	1332	1082	2414
Deduct deaths since date of Census	11	8	19
	1321	1074	2395
Deduct departures since date of Census	99	62	161
Totals	1222	1012	2234

Birth rate per 1,000	16.56
Illegitimate births, actual	3
„ „ per 1000 births	81.08
Death rate per 1,000	13.42
Population per sq. mile	0.52

DEPENDENCIES

Marriages Nil	Births Nil	Deaths 6
Estimated resident population at South Georgia 360.		
„ „ „	„ other Dependencies 30.	

H. BENNETT,

Acting Registrar General.

Stanley, Falkland Islands,
12th February, 1947.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVI.

APRIL 1, 1947.

No. 4.

LEAVE.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Period.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Aldridge, Capt. L. W.	Secretariat.	Assistant Colonial Secretary.	180 days.	15.2.47.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 12. 4th March, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 10 of the 20th of February, 1947, Wednesday the 5th of March, 1947, has been withdrawn from the list of days on which Public Offices will be closed and Friday the 7th of March, 1947, has been added thereto.

M.P. 291/33.

No. 13. 4th March, 1947.

Under the provisions of the Public Health Ordinance, No. 5 of 1894, as amended by the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1937, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

<p>The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, <i>President</i> The Medical Officers The Executive Engineer Mrs. J. D. Creamer, O.B.E. R. H. Hannaford, Esq. Captain H. C. Harding, J.P. F. G. Langdon, Esq., J.P.</p>	}	<p><i>Ex-officio members.</i></p>
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to be members of the Board of Health for the Colony of the Falkland Islands for the year 1947.

2. Gazette Notice No. 2 of the 8th of January, 1947, is hereby cancelled.

M.P. 600/29.

No. 14. 13th March, 1947.

The following messages have been exchanged between the Commander-in-Chief, America and West Indies Station, and His Excellency the Governor :-

From the Commander-in-Chief, America and West
Indies Station to His Excellency the Governor.

Goodbye and good luck to you all, and thank you and all those who made our stay so very enjoyable. It has been particularly nice to be in British Territory again and among British people. We look forward to seeing you all again.

From His Excellency the Governor to the
Commander-in-Chief, America and West Indies Station.

Thank you for your kind message. Your visit has given very great pleasure to us all and I wish you God-speed in the name of the people of the Falklands.

M.P. 221/46.

No. 15. 13th March, 1947.

It is with deep regret that His Excellency the Governor announces the death on the 8th of March, 1947, of Mr. A. J. Steel, Caretaker, Secretariat Building.

M.P. P/275.

No. 16. 20th March, 1947.

DR. J. E. HAMILTON, D.Sc., F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S., Government Naturalist, was absent on vacation leave from the 26th of April, 1946, to the 5th of March, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/225.

MR. J. MERCER, B.E.M.,

W/T Operator, 1st Class. Electrical and Telegraphs Department, was absent on vacation leave from the 27th of May, 1946, to the 5th of March, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/97.

No. 17. 20th March, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notices Nos. 13 and 18 of the 26th of April, 1946, and the 27th of May, 1946, respectively.

HAROLD BENNETT, ESQUIRE, J.P.,

Clerk, Legal Department, acted as Registrar, Supreme Court from the 26th of April, 1946, to the 5th of March, 1947, both dates inclusive; and Notary Public and Official Administrator from the 27th of May, 1946, to the 5th of March, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/150.

No. 18. 21st March, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

LIEUTENANT JOHN BOUND

to act as Assistant Colonial Secretary and Clerk to Councils during the absence on leave of Captain L. W. Aldridge, M.B.E., J.P., with effect from the 15th of February, 1947.

M.P. P/186.

No. 19. 21st March, 1947.

His Excellency has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Falkland Islands Defence Force during the absence on leave of Captain L. W. Aldridge, M.B.E., J.P., with effect from the 15th of February, 1947 :-

LIEUTENANT JOHN BOUND

to act as Adjutant; and

LIEUTENANT D. W. O'SULLIVAN

to act as Assistant Adjutant and Weapon Training Officer.

M.P. 92/45.

No. 20. 21st March, 1947.

His Excellency has been pleased to approve the award of the Efficiency Decoration to

MAJOR ARTHUR ISADORE FLEURET, M.B.E., J.P., (Falkland Islands Defence Force).

M.P. P/19.

No. 21.

24th March, 1947.

Government clocks will be put back one hour at midnight, Saturday/Sunday, the 29th/30th March, 1947, reverting to local mean time.

M.P. 0064.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Philip Clifton of North Arm, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas William George Clifton, father of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

8th March, 1947.

L. 12/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Brian Colin McAtasney of 23 Hamilton Road, London, deceased.

Whereas William John McAtasney, attorney for Johannah McAtasney, wife of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

11th March, 1947.

L. 10/27.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

William D. Pauloni of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Helen Braid Pauloni, wife of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

28th March, 1947.

L. 14/47.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c.. &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others ;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 21st of March, 1947, for the purpose of visiting the Dependencies ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 21st day of March, 1947.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVI.

MAY 1, 1947.

No. 5.

APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Carter, Miss Jane	Education.	Pupil Teacher.	18.2.46.	Confirmation of appointment.
Skilling, Miss Emily	"	" "	18.2.46.	"
Goodwin, Thomas J.	Agricultural.	Dairyman.	1.1.47.	"

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Reason.</i>
Hennah, Miss Phyllis	Pupil Teacher.	28.2.47.	Resigned.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 22. 3rd April, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified, for general information, that His Majesty the King has commanded Court Mourning to be observed for a period of one week from the 1st of April, 1947, for the late King of the Hellenes.

Flags will be hoisted at half mast on the day of the funeral which has been fixed for Sunday the 6th of April, 1947.

M.P. 0130.

No. 23. 10th April, 1947.

TO ALL MEMBERS OF THE MERCANTILE MARINE.

1939—1945 WAR MEDAL.

Officers and Men of the Mercantile Marine who are eligible for the 1939—1945 War Medal should forward particulars of their eligibility to the Shipping Master not later than the 31st of May, 1947.

Qualifications for the above are :—

- (a) 28 days' service anywhere at sea between the 3rd of September, 1939, and the 2nd of September, 1945.
- (b) Sea going service brought to an end by death, wounds or other disability attributable to service, capture by the enemy, or cessation

of hostilities on the 2nd of September, 1945, even though the service may not amount to 28 days in all. This concession will not apply to an individual who does not qualify for a Campaign Star.

- (c) When the 1939—1945 Star or one of the other Campaign Stars has been awarded for sea going service of less than 28 days the War Medal will be granted in addition.

M.P. 103/43.

No. 24. 22nd April, 1947.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 21st of March, 1947, His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on the 19th of April, 1947.

M.P. P/363.

No. 25. 28th April, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified for general information, that His Majesty the King has commanded Court Mourning to be observed for a period of two weeks from the 21st of April, 1947, for the late King of Denmark.

Flags will be hoisted at half mast on the day of the funeral which has been fixed for Wednesday 30th of April, 1947.

M.P. 0154.

Conditions of Pay, Allowances Etc., for Stanley Workers.

The following conditions of pay, allowances etc., were unanimously recommended by the Labour Advisory Board and have been approved by Government. They take effect from 1st May, 1947. inclusive, and will remain in force till further notice.

A. PAY.

(a) Basic Rates, exclusive of any Cost of Living Bonus.

	s.	d.	
Carpenters and Joiners	1	7	per hour.
Masons, Smiths and Plumbers, and Handymen Carpenters supplying their own tools	1	5	" "
Painters (Tradesmen)	1	5	" "
Painters	1	4	" "
Lorry Drivers	1	4	" "
Masons Mates or Labourers, Plumbers Mates or Labourers (after 1 year's service as such in each case.)	1	3	" "
Labourers and Slaughtermen	1	2	" "
Apprentices (term of apprenticeship to end after 5 years).			
1st year	...	one quarter of tradesman's basic rate.	
2nd "	...	one third " " " "	
3rd "	...	one half " " " "	
4th "	...	two thirds " " " "	
5th "	...	three quarters " " " "	

(Apprentices at present serving their time to be given the choice of retaining their existing rates and conditions of pay, or of changing to the new basis).

Boys' Pay. To be paid in accordance with procedure previously established by the Labour Advisory Board, but to rise in the same ratio as other basic rates on any changes being made.

NOTES.

(i) MEN EMPLOYED AS DRIVERS OF STATIONARY MOTOR ENGINES OR ANY TYPE OF STATIONARY STEAM ENGINE OR BOILER, to receive 2d. per hour above Labourer's rate. This additional rate to be taken into consideration in computing Overtime.

(ii) MASON'S basic rate includes payment for taking charge of small gangs.

(iii) MEN EMPLOYED TEMPORARILY AS LORRY DRIVERS to receive 2d. per hour above Labourer's rate.

(iv) CARPENTERS when in charge of three or more Carpenters, to receive 1d. per hour extra.

(v) LABOURERS when engaged in painting, to receive an additional 1d per hour whilst so employed.

(vi) SLAUGHTERMEN to be provided by the employer with suitable protective clothing and footwear.

(vii) APPRENTICES. It is to be understood that, by accepting pay based on that of a tradesman, the apprentice accepts the conditions under which the tradesman works (hourly rates).

(b) Flat Rates. (No Cost of Living Bonus Paid).

Casual Labour. (Working Ships).	1	9.	per hour.
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(c) Overtime.

(i) From midnight to 7.30 a.m. on any day, and continuing after, provided that any unpaid break after 7.30 shall not exceed 4 hours: and all day Sunday.

Twice ordinary rates and allowances, excluding cost of living bonus.

(ii) From 4.30 p.m. to midnight all week except Saturdays, and from 12.30 p.m. to midnight on Saturdays.

One and a half times ordinary rates and allowances.

(iii) Unpaid Holidays ... Twice ordinary rates and allowances.

(iv) Paid Holidays ... Men called to work on a paid holiday shall receive holiday pay plus their normal basic rate of pay per hour whilst working; that is, a total of double time for ordinary working hours: any other hours at ordinary overtime rates.

(v) Meal Hours ... When it is necessary to work through with no meal hour, double time shall be paid for the meal hour lost.

(d) Subsistence.

(i) Stanley workers required to carry their mid-day meal shall, in accordance with long-standing custom, receive 1/- per day subsistence allowance.

(ii) In the event of men sleeping away in a recognised camp house or cook-house, their lodgings shall be allowed for by the employer at the rate normally prevailing in the place in which they are staying.

(iii) Men required to live in a building not normally occupied shall be recompensed at a rate not exceeding 4/- per day.

(e) Danger Money.

(i) Men working on isolated structures above 30 feet shall receive 8d. per hour extra.

(ii) Men engaged in placing or tamping blasting charges, detonating and fixing the charge, 2d. per hour extra (limited to the man so engaged and 1 assistant).

(f) Dirt Money.

Pending production of further supporting details, and subsequent reconsideration of the Federation's case by the Board, existing rates to remain in force.

B. GENERAL CONDITIONS OF LABOUR.

(i) No employee shall be dismissed on account of objection on his part to work overtime.

(ii) If work is to continue after 6 p.m., men shall go to tea for an hour at a reasonable time.

(iii) Men temporarily employed at more than their basic rate shall receive holiday pay at the same rate as that for which they were working on the day preceding the holiday, provided that they have worked three consecutive days immediately prior to the holiday at a higher rate.

(iv) When men are required to carry their meals to their work, one man will be allowed sufficient time off normal duties in which to prepare meals for the others.

(v) Payment of wages will, in future, commence five minutes before the official "knocking-off" time, and no man may appear for his wages before that time.

(vi) **WORKING SHIPS.** If work is to continue after 7 p.m., men shall go to tea from 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. except in cases where the ship is sailing in the same evening when, if the ship can be finished at or before 8 p.m., men shall work on to finish, in which event reasonable facilities shall be given to the men to obtain refreshments after 5 p.m.

(vii) INTERVIEWS TO OFFICIALS OR DELEGATES.

(a) Any official or delegate of the Labour Federation shall attend at a job or shop at any time, by appointment, to interview the workmen.

(b) No meeting of the workmen shall take place during working hours, except with the consent of the employer.

(c) The employer or his nominee will, at his office, during reasonable hours and by appointment, interview an official representative of the employees in respect of any matter in dispute.

(viii) No apprentice shall be called upon to accept responsibility except in the presence of a tradesman. (NOTE: This will not prevent an apprentice in his last year from taking charge of a job, provided that no responsibility is involved.)

NOTE :— The employers accepted the foregoing terms as to conditions of Labour and Wages, and the Falkland Islands Labour Federation on their part agreed, that they would, by internal discipline within the Union, or such other means as may be necessary, ensure that all members should perform any reasonable work that they might be called upon to do, that every member should, to the best of his ability, give a fair and reasonable day's work, attend and leave punctually, and not use the employer's time for personal business nor in any way waste the employer's time.

M.P. 114/45.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

*Thomas Watson Campbell, of Stanley,
Falkland Islands, deceased.*

Whereas William Henry Sedgwick, brother-in-law of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

31st March, 1947.

L. 15/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

*Isabella Luxton, of Stanley, Falkland Islands,
deceased.*

Whereas Stanley Charles Luxton, husband of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

10th April, 1947.

L. 16/47.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

Falkland Islands Defence Regulations, 1946.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Governor's Deputy.

No. 1 of 1947.

In exercise of the powers in him vested by the Falkland Islands Defence Regulations, 1939, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

1. The following of the principal Regulations as amended, and all Orders issued thereunder are hereby repealed :—

PART VI.

APPROPRIATION, CONTROL, FORFEITURE AND DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY AND OF THE USE THEREOF.

Section 41	(1) (b)	General control of industry.
" "	(2)	Right to make charges.
" "	(3)	Power of a Competent Authority.

PART VIII.

GENERAL AND SUPPLEMENTARY.

Section 58	Inquiries.
" 74	Disposal of articles in possession of executive authorities.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1947.

By Command

J. BOUND,

for Colonial Secretary.

M.P. C/1/44.

**Annual abstract account statement showing Receipts and Payments under various Heads
for the Dependencies for the Three Quarters ended 30th September, 1946.**

R E C E I P T S .

Receipts.	£ Estimated 1946.	Amount received to 30th Sept., 1946.	Receipts for same period, 1945.	More than £ estimated 1946.	Less than £ estimated 1946.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Customs Duties :					
(a) Imports	1530 0 0	433 18 6	227 5 6	.....	1096 1 6
(b) Exports	6150 0 0	9819 15 1	6360 6 9	3669 15 1	.....
2. Port & Tonnage Dues	75 0 0	150 0 0	60 0 0	75 0 0	.....
3. Internal Rev. Licences	6483 15 0	3905 3 2	2277 12 0	.....	2578 11 10
4. Fees, Fines, etc.	71 5 0	350 3 6	24 4 6	278 18 6	.....
5. Posts & Telegraphs.	.....	3208 8 1	.....	3208 8 1	.....
6. Rents	787 10 0	250 0 0	250 0 0	.....	437 10 0
7. Miscellaneous	97 10 0	1412 10 7	68 9 9	1315 0 7	.....
Total Ordinary Revenue £	15195 0 0	19529 18 11	9267 18 6	8547 2 3	4112 3 4
Research Fund	.....	6595 0 2	6845 18 6	.....	.....
	£ 15195 0 0	26124 19 1	16113 17 0	8547 2 3	4112 3 4

Surplus of Assets on 1st January, 1946.

Research Fund	...	£207650 5 6.	
			£207650 5 6.

P A Y M E N T S .

Payments.	£ Estimated 1946	Amount paid to 30th Sept., 1946.	Payments for same period, 1945	More than £ estimated 1946.	Less than £ estimated 1946.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Personal:-					
South Georgia	1260 0 0	1277 17 11	1757 8 9	17 17 11	.....
South Shetlands	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General	506 5 0	493 8 1	282 12 0	.....	12 16 11
2. Other Charges:-					
(a) South Georgia	2122 10 0	1558 8 11	2283 7 9	.....	564 1 1
(b) South Shetlands	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General	7579 10 0	14474 3 8	2399 7 8	6894 13 8	.....
Total Ordinary Expenditure	11468 5 0	17803 18 7	6722 16 2	6912 11 7	576 18 0
3. Extraordinary:-					
(a) South Georgia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Defences	.....	.....	15 1 8	.....	.....
(b) South Shetlands	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	.....	.....	150 0 0	.....	.....
Total Expenditure £	11468 5 0	17803 18 7	6887 17 10	6912 11 7	576 18 0
Charges on					
Dependencies Revenue	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Research Fund	.....	12 19 3	3852 10 7	.....	.....
Total	11468 5 0	17816 17 10	10740 8 5	6912 11 7	576 18 0

Surplus of Assets on 30th September, 1946.

Research Fund	...	£207650 5 6.	
	Add Receipts	6595 0 2.	
			£214245 5 8.
	Less Payments		12 19 3.
			Total £214232 6 5.

E. F. LELLMAN,
for Financial Secretary.

**Annual Abstract Account Statement showing
the Falkland Islands & Dependencies for**

R E C E I P T S .

RECEIPTS.	Estimated 1946.			Amount received to 30th Sept., 1946.			Receipts for same period, 1945.			More than estimated, 1946.			Less than estimated, 1946.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance on 1st Jan., 1946				29034	19	0									
1. Customs Duties	13575	0	0	11656	8	8	15479	15	6				1918	11	4
2. Port Dues	63	15	0	83	3	9	54	16	0	19	8	9			
3. Internal Revenue	10876	10	0	3641	14	9	8049	15	8				7234	15	3
4. Fees, Fines, &c.	2193	0	0	2325	16	5	1990	10	11	132	16	5			
5. Interest	10626	0	0	10138	3	1	10051	19	3				487	16	11
6. Post Office	16533	15	0	38500	8	11	13150	10	11	21966	13	11			
7. Telegraphs & Telephones	6423	15	0	4227	11	0	4175	16	6				2196	4	0
8. Rents	1140	0	0	870	13	9	1038	6	0				269	6	3
9. Miscellaneous	4589	5	0	3573	7	6	3738	5	6				1015	17	6
10. Contribution from Dependencies	3000	0	0				3851	10	6				3000	0	0
11. Land Sales	158	5	0	278	1	0	579	10	11	119	16	0			
Total Ordinary Rev. Falklands	69179	5	0	75295	8	10	62160	17	8	22238	15	1	16122	11	3
Dependencies Revenue	15195	0	0	19529	18	11	9267	18	6	4334	18	11			
Total Revenue	£ 84374	5	0	94825	7	9	71428	16	2	26573	14	0	16122	11	3
Research Fund				6595	0	2	Surplus of Assets 1st January, 1946.								
Investments Realized				48974	6	0									
Farm & Building Loans				54	16	8	Land Sales Fund ... £270651 4 9 General Revenue Balance a/c Deficit 21296 6 6 £249354 18 3								
Advances Repaid				8413	9	6									
Deposits Received				165108	14	7									
Remittances Received				72988	18	5									
Marine Insurance Fund				117	1	4									
Revenue Suspense A/c				5690	15	5									
Workmen's Compensation Insurance Fund				29	1	2									
Reserve Fund				211	7	4									
Town Hall Reconstruction Fund				516	4	6									
Dependencies' Postal A/c				17429	19	2									
Total	£			420955	2	0									
Balance brought down 1st January, 1946	£			29034	19	0									
Total	£			449990	1	0									

Distribution of Cash Balance 1st January, 1946 :—

Colonial Treasury	£26261	1	7
Crown Agents	2427	5	6
South Georgia	346	11	11
	£29034	19	0

Receipts and Payments under various Heads for
the Three Quarters ended 30th September, 1946.

P A Y M E N T S .

PAYMENTS.	Estimated, 1946.			Amount paid to 30th Sept., 1946.			Payments for same period 1945.			More than estimated, 1946.			Less than estimated, 1946.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1. Pensions	2962	10	0	2928	15	4	2617	16	1				33	14	8
2. The Governor	2435	5	0	2287	2	7	1867	14	9				148	2	5
3. Colonial Secretary	2403	0	0	2323	1	3	1955	9	5				79	18	9
4. Treasury & Customs	1515	15	0	1319	13	4	1499	12	11				196	1	8
5. Audit	4	10	0	5	10	0	4	10	0	1	0	0			
6. Post Office	4845	0	0	4370	19	3	3150	17	10				474	0	9
7. Electrical & Telegraphs	5973	15	0	6112	15	3	7095	15	8	139	0	3			
8. Harbour	1156	10	0	691	9	0	644	19	3				465	1	0
9. Legal	316	10	0	296	9	8	668	7	1				20	0	4
10. Police & Prisons	1070	5	0	1053	3	11	1026	8	3				17	1	1
11. Medical	5540	5	0	6675	10	11	5891	11	9	1135	5	11			
12. Education	6148	10	0	4966	11	1	4596	14	2				1181	18	11
13. Ecclesiastical	216	15	0	153	0	0	153	0	0				63	15	0
14. Naturalist	273	15	0	198	19	8	203	12	4				74	15	4
15. Military	1125	15	0	409	13	3	314	15	0				716	1	9
16. Agriculture	7096	10	0	6783	18	9	6789	12	1				312	11	3
17. Miscellaneous	9570	0	0	32838	6	9	7279	6	8	23268	6	9			
18. Public Works Department	3426	15	9	3869	3	0	3258	12	6	442	8	0			
19. Public Works Recurrent	9750	0	0	14480	11	7	13140	9	6	4730	11	7			
Total Ordinary Expenditure ... £	65831	5	0	91764	14	7	62159	5	3	29716	12	6	3783	2	11
20. Public Works Extraordinary	14	5	0	10	1	6	1481	12	3				4	3	6
21. War Expenditure	750	0	0	1633	7	6	11539	12	4	883	7	6			
22. Land Sales	158	5	0										158	5	0
Total Falklands	£ 66753	15	0	93408	3	7	75180	9	10	30600	0	0	3945	11	5
Surplus of Assets on the 30th September, 1946.															
Dependencies				17803	18	7	Land Sales Fund			£270651	4	9			
Research Fund				12	19	3	General Revenue Balance A/c.								
Investments made				75557	7	7	Deficit 1/1/46.	£21296	6	6					
Advances made				10847	8	9	" 30/9/46.	18112	14	9			39409	1	3
Deposits Repaid				155758	2	8							£231242	3	6
Remittances made				75727	3	5									
Balance on 30th September, 1946				20874	17	2									
Total	£ 449990	1	0												

Distribution of Cash Balance 30th September, 1946 :

Colonial Treasury	£19109	15	6
Crown Agents	1571	1	0
South Georgia	194	0	8
	£20874	17	2

E. F. LELLMAN,
for Financial Secretary.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVI.

JUNE 2, 1947.

No. 6.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Stafford, Dr. John Ingham, M.B., B.Ch., B.A., B.A.O.	Medical.	Medical Officer.	24.4.47.	—
Strong, Miss Rose	"	Matron, King Edward Memorial Hospital.	24.4.47.	—
Summers, Norman D.	"	Learner, Dental Mechanic.	1.5.47.	On probation for six months.

LEAVE.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Period.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Braxton, T. N.	Public Works.	Mason.	180 days.	31.5.47.	—
Dixon, E. V.	" "	Clerk.	" "	31.5.47.	—
Hennah, T. H. H.	Electrical & Telegraphs.	Superintendent, Power House.	" "	28.3.47.	—
Hopwood, Dr. B. F. C.	Medical.	Medical Officer.	" "	31.5.47.	—
Kelway, G.	Harbour.	Engineer.	" "	31.5.47.	—
King, F. H.	Public Works.	Foreman Carpenter.	" "	31.5.47.	—
" V. T.	Printing Office.	Assistant Printer.	" "	31.5.47.	—
" Mrs. V. T.	Education.	Assistant Teacher.	" "	31.5.47.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 27.

3rd May, 1947.

The following telegram was sent by His Excellency the Governor to the Secretary of State for the Colonies on the occasion of the 21st birthday of Her Royal Highness the Princess Elizabeth :-

"The people of the Falkland Islands send their respectful greetings and most sincere good wishes to Her Royal Highness the Princess Elizabeth on the occasion of her 21st birthday."

M.P. 0153.

No. 28.

3rd May, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has received the following telegram from Surgeon Commander E. W. Bingham, R.N., late leader of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey :-

"I would like to express my deep gratitude to Your Excellency and to the people of the Falkland Islands for the willing co-operation and kindness shown to me and all members of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey during the period of my command".

M.P. 0037/PER.

No. 29.

3rd May, 1947.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance, No. 4 of 1946, entitled "An Ordinance to legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-five in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 13 of 1944."

M.P. 240/46.

No. 30.

19th May, 1947.

LABOUR POLICY.

His Excellency the Governor in his Address to Members of the Legislative Council on the 23rd of December, 1946, dealing with the Labour situation in the Colony, said :-

"This brings me to the labour situation and to the policy pursued in fulfilment of some unrecorded commitment of a former Governor which has placed on the Administration the onus of giving work to almost anyone who seeks it, irrespective of other considerations. I venture to suggest to you that the full implications of this policy could never have been appreciated and it has created a very serious problem which we are unlikely to solve by running away from it. What it really means is this : that the Government, by carrying on a system of unplanned and uneconomic relief works which have cost the Colony many thousands of pounds has laid on its shoulders a load from which it has been unable to free itself and which, if unrelieved, may bring it financially to its knees. We face this year, as you will presently hear from the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, a deficit of no less than £27,000 and next year of no less than £35,000; it must be apparent to you that we cannot continue on these lines.

"Relief works are justifiable, and indeed necessary, in an era of unemployment and it is proper, even in normal times, that older men for whom no measure of social security exists should be able, for their own self-respect, to obtain work so long as they are capable of giving effective service; but to extend this principle to every youth as soon as he leaves school, to every man irrespective of the fact that work is available elsewhere and labour desperately needed, is to set a most dangerous precedent. To this I would add that the proper provision for men who are past active work is a social security fund on a contributory basis and that is the solution towards which Government, Employers and workers must turn their thoughts."

2. The matter was referred to the Secretary of State for the Colonies for consideration : and approval has been given for the termination of the present policy with regard to the employment of labour by Government, whereby it has been the custom to employ all men asking for work irrespective of their age or fitness, or of the necessity for their services.

3. Men now employed by Government, who are physically unfit through age or disability, or those who by age or infirmity are no longer able to work on the Camp, will be provided for by :-

- (a) Public Assistance if they are unfit for any work.
- (b) Employment on Task Work at a weekly wage, as recommended by the Labour

Advisory Board, where only fit for light duties.

Details of this scheme are now under consideration by the Falkland Islands Labour Federation and the Government, and such cases mentioned will be so provided for until the introduction of a Social Security Scheme.

4. If alternative work exists for a man applying for employment by Government whether in the Camp or elsewhere, no obligation rests on Government to provide relief work.

5. The new policy may be summarised thus :-

- (a) Government will provide casual work only to those who are unable either by age or other infirmity to work in the Camp, each such application being judged on its merits, and special rates of pay devised therefor. It will do this in recognition of the fact that there is no social security scheme and will cease to do it as soon as one can be introduced. Even so, this can only apply, where the worker is capable of doing a day's work and when he ceases to be able to do so it becomes a question of poor relief.
- (b) If work is offered whether in the Camp or elsewhere within the Colony and declined, no obligation will rest upon the Government to provide relief work.

The above does not affect those in regular employment by Government on essential works under the Public Works Department or other Departments, and refers specifically to the assumption of fresh liabilities.

6. The new policy will take effect forthwith.

M.P. 0041.

No. 31.

19th May, 1947.

FLOOD RELIEF FOR GREAT BRITAIN.

The sum of £1,360 1s. 4d. subscribed by the people of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies, to the above Fund, has been remitted to the Lord Mayor of London.

M.P. 0127.

No. 32.

20th May, 1947.

Under the provisions of Ordinance No. 5 of 1898, His Excellency has been pleased to appoint

L. HARDY, ESQ., B.E.M., J.P.

and

M. ROBSON, ESQ., J.P.

to be visiting Justices of the Gaol, Stanley, until the 31st of December, 1947.

M.P. 0049.

No. 33.

30th May, 1947.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance, No. 1 of 1946, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Licensing Ordinance, 1944".

M.P. 164/43.

No. 34.

31st May, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Falkland Islands Defence Force under Section 7 (i) of the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920 :-

THE HON. A. B. MATHEWS, O.B.E.,
to be Honorary Commandant with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel with effect from the 1st of June, 1947.

W. H. YOUNG, ESQ.,
to be Lieutenant with effect from the 1st of June, 1947.

M.P. 0206.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

James Julian Perry, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Donald John Hall, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin

and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

23rd May, 1947.

L. 18/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Alice Maud Stevensen, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas James George Rowlands, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

23rd May, 1947.

L. 19/47.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others ;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 1st of June, 1947, for the purpose of visiting certain places on the East and West Falkland Islands ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as

aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 1st day of June, 1947.

By His Excellency's Command.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVI.

JULY 1, 1947.

No. 7.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Allan, J.	Post Office.	Office Boy & Messenger.	12.5.47.	On probation for 6 months.
Allan, R. J.	Electrical & Telegraphs.	" " " "	21.5.47.	"
McLaren, J.	Meteorological.	Junior Assist. Grade V.	28.4.47.	"

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Reason.</i>
Newman, Miss B.	Travelling Teacher.	27.5.47.	Resigned.
Fleuret, Mrs. Rose	Temporary Nursing Sister, K.E.M. Hospital.	14.6.47.	Termination of temp. appointment.
Rowlands, Miss B.	Staff Nurse, K.E.M. Hospital.	21.6.47.	Appt. terminated.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 35. 9th June, 1947.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, dated the 1st of June, 1947, His Excellency the Governor returned from tour on the 8th of June, 1947.

M.P. P/363.

No. 36. 10th June, 1947.

A Ceremonial Parade will be held at 10.30 a.m. on Thursday the 12th of June, 1947, on the occasion of the official celebration of His Majesty's Birthday.

The Parade, which will be inspected by His Excellency the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, will form up in the Government School Playground, and will comprise a detachment of the Falkland Islands Defence Force and the Boys' Brigade.

Members of the public wishing to attend the ceremony should arrive at the School Playground not later than 10.15 a.m. or on Victory Green not later than 10.30 a.m.

In the event of weather conditions being unsuitable for holding the out-door Parade, the

ceremony will be held in the Defence Force Drill Hall, commencing at 10.30 a.m. There will be limited accommodation for spectators who should be in the Hall by 10.20 a.m.

M.P. 0191.

No. 37. 14th June, 1947.

KING'S BIRTHDAY HONOURS.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve the following appointment:—

*To the Most Excellent Order
of the British Empire,*

SURGEON-COMMANDER E. W. BINGHAM, R.N.
to be an Officer of the Fourth Class (Military) or
O.B.E.

M.P. 0107.

No. 38. 18th June, 1947.

The Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies has approved the Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies for the year 1947.

M.P. 208/46.

No. 39. 23rd June, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

BERNARD NOEL BIGGS, ESQUIRE,

to act as Collector of Customs with effect from the 13th of June, 1947.

M.P. P/151.

No. 40. 27th June, 1947.

WILLIAM CHARLES RUMBOLDS, ESQUIRE,

Customs Officer, South Georgia, was absent on vacation leave prior to retirement, from the 19th of April, 1946, to the 4th of June, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/26.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Ivor Bjarne Steen, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Nellie Frances Middleton, daughter of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

16th June, 1947.

L. 22/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Robert Steel, of San Carlos, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Martha Burns, neice of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

16th June, 1947.

L. 23/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Alexander Berntsen of Port Stephens, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Edward John McAtasney, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

27th June, 1947.

L. 24/47.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

No. 1.

Proclamation

1947.

To prohibit the Importation and Exportation of certain articles and goods and to regulate the Importation and Exportation of certain others.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, &c., &c., &c.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS it seems desirable to consolidate the orders governing the Importation of goods into the Colony and the Exportation of goods from the Colony.

Now in virtue of the powers in me vested by Section 2 of the Exports and Imports (Emergency Powers) Ordinance, 1939, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland

Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby proclaim and order and it is hereby proclaimed and ordered that the following amended rules regarding the importation of all goods without exception come into force forthwith :—

Open General Import Licences may henceforth be granted to Registered Traders upon application to the Collector of Customs for all articles of Merchandise obtainable within the sterling area with the exception of Foodstuffs, which will continue to be controlled by means of licences which may be issued by the Collector of Customs.

And it is further proclaimed and ordered that the exportation of the following articles is prohibited :—

Chemicals & chemical preparations.	Seeds.
Clothing (including footwear).	Soap & Soap powder.
Foodstuffs.	Textile materials (excluding bagging).
Glass & Earthenware.	Toilet preparations.
Oils, Polish, &c.	Toys.
Paint.	

Provided always that the foodstuffs and other products named in the Schedule annexed are hereby authorized to be exported subject to the conditions set forth in the said Schedules.

Proclamation No. 7 of 1942, dated the 23rd November, 1942, and Proclamation No. 6 of 1946, dated 14th December, 1946, are hereby repealed.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 20th day of June, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,
A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 224/46.

SCHEDULE A.

The following may be exported by Open General Licence, issued by the Collector of Customs, quantities not limited.

Dripping and all other locally produced substances and articles containing no imported ingredients with the exception of salt used as a preservative.

SCHEDULE B.

The following may be exported by Open General Licence issued by the Collector of Customs, provided that the parcels do not contain more than 4 lbs. of any one foodstuff and that only one parcel may be sent to any one addressee in any one mail and that the contents are drawn from the following list :—

EX-ARMY STOCKS.

1. Meat & Vegetable Stew.
2. Oxford Sausages.
3. Casserole of Beef.
4. Steak & Kidney Pudding.
5. Margarine.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 1 of 1947.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Post Office Ordinance, 1898, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Post Office (Air Mail) Amendment Order, 1947.

2. Line 3 of paragraph 2 of Order No. 4 of 1944, entitled Post Office (Air Mail Fees) Order, 1944, shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and South Georgia" between "Fox Bay" and "post offices".

3. The sixth paragraph of Order No. 1 of 1945 is hereby revoked and shall be replaced by the following paragraph—

The authorised air letter forms will be issued free of charge on application at a post office. No other forms will be accepted for transmission under this scheme.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on this 1st day of July, 1947.

J. BOUND,

Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0082.

The Motor Car Ordinance, 1936.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 6 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1936.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 2 of 1947.

In pursuance of the powers in him vested by Section 6 of the Motor Car Ordinance, 1936, His Excellency the Governor by and with the advice of the Executive Council is pleased to make the following Regulations :—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Motor Car (Speed and Weight) Regulations, 1947.

2. No motor vehicle having a chassis weight exceeding thirty hundredweight may be used in Stanley excepting those in use at the date of the making of these Regulations, provided that any motor vehicle which exceeds the said weight and has been ordered for importation before the date of these Regulations may be used.

3. No motor vehicle may exceed the speed of twenty miles per hour within that part of the town of Stanley which is enclosed within the Common Fence, provided that the said fence is assumed to cross the road running to the West at the West side of the gate at the Naval W/T Control buildings and that at a distance of fifty yards from every entrance to the area in which speed is controlled there shall be erected a white board bearing in black the figures "20" which shall not be less than twelve inches in height, and that the said boards shall be placed on the near side of the road with reference to vehicles approaching the area in which speed is controlled.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a Meeting held on the 24th day of June, 1947.

J. BOUND,

Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0086.

M.P. D/6/47.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

EXPORT DUTIES

WHALE OIL AND SEAL OIL.

If the average market price for the season of first grade oil,						
does not exceed £20 per ton	...	...	...	...	...	one shilling and sixpence per barrel of 40 gallons.
exceeds £20 but does not exceed £25 per ton	...	...	...	...	...	two shillings per barrel of 40 gallons.
.. £25	£30 .. .. .	...	...	...	...	two shillings and sixpence per barrel of 40 gallons.
.. £30	£35 .. .. .	...	...	...	...	three shillings per barrel of 40 gallons.
.. £35	£40 .. .. .	...	...	...	...	three shillings and sixpence per barrel of 40 gallons.
.. £40	£45 .. .. .	...	...	...	...	four shillings per barrel of 40 gallons.
.. £45	£50	four shillings and sixpence per barrel of 40 gallons.
.. £50	five shillings per barrel of 40 gallons.



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VOL. LVI.

AUGUST 1, 1947.

No. 8.

APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Bonner, R.	Education.	Travelling Teacher.	1.5.46.	Confirmation of appointment.

PROMOTION.

<i>Name.</i>			<i>Date.</i>
Grierson, W. J.	Asst. Customs Officer, South Georgia	to Customs Officer, South Georgia.	5.6.47.

TRANSFER.

Bonner, R.	Travelling Teacher, Education Dept.	to Junior Assistant, Meteorological Office.	16.7.47.
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TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Reason.</i>
Morrison, Miss C.	Travelling Teacher.	5.7.47.	Resigned.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 41. 4th July, 1947.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:—

Ordinance, No. 2 of 1946, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Pensions Ordinance, 1937".

M.P. 59/36.

No. 42. 5th July, 1947.

MISS W. M. BRIGGINSHAW,

Nursing Sister, acted as Matron from the 1st of December, 1946, to the 23rd of April, 1947, inclusive.

M.P. P/353.

No. 43. 16th July, 1947.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:—

Ordinance, No. 5 of 1946, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1943".

M.P. 159/43.

No. 44. 29th July, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following to constitute a Committee to report upon the development of broadcasting in the Colony and Dependencies:—

A. Mercer, Esq., *Chairman.*

Comm. Tel. F. R. Dore, R.N.

J. Mercer, Esq., B.E.M.

D. McNaughton, Esq.

M.P. 0001.

No. 45. 25th July, 1947.

With effect from the 1st of August, 1947, Government employees may have a break in work from 8.50 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. daily for purposes of "smoko". The break shall not be taken at any other time or exceed ten minutes, except on the authority of the foreman in charge of a gang and disciplinary action will be taken against any employee found taking a break at any time other or longer than the above mentioned period.

M.P. 288/46.

No. 46. 29th July, 1947.

Under the provisions of Section 2 of Ordinance No. 3 of 1898. His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

A. L. HARDY, ESQ., B.E.M., J.P.

to be Superintendent of the Stanley Volunteer Fire Brigade, with effect from the 29th of July, 1947.

M.P. 101/46.

No. 47. 29th July, 1947.

J. C. HOOLEY, ESQ.,

Travelling Teacher, Education Department, was absent on vacation leave from the 26th of April, 1946, to the 24th of April, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/179/A.

A. H. HILLS, ESQ.,

Water Bailiff, Public Works Department, was absent on vacation leave from the 8th of February, 1946, to the 24th of April, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/129.

T. I. BIGGS, ESQ.,

Clerk, Medical Department, was absent on vacation leave from the 25th of June, 1946, to the 24th of April, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/194.

No. 48. 29th July, 1947.

CAPTAIN C. F. SHEPPARD,

Chief Constable, Falkland Islands, was absent on vacation leave from the 30th of August, 1946, to the 9th of July, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/219.

No. 49. 29th July, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 35 of the 2nd of September, 1946,

POLICE-SERGEANT JAMES NORRIS

acted as Chief Constable and Gaoler from the 30th of August, 1946, to the 9th of July, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/115.

No. 50. 31st July, 1947.

In view of the several changes that have taken place in the composition of the Labour Advisory Board since its original constitution, and of the fact that it has not met for nearly a year, His Excellency has now been pleased to confirm the appointment to the Board of the following gentlemen for a period of two years :-

Hon. Dr. J. E. Hamilton,

D.Sc., F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. *Chairman.*

Hon. Mr. D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., J.P.

W. P. Hills, Esq.

G. Brechin, Esq.

M. Robson, Esq., J.P.

Rev. W. F. McWhan

D. McNaughton, Esq.

M.P. 97/41.

No. 51.

31st July, 1947.

The Leave and Passage Regulations have recently been reviewed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, who has reached the conclusion that they go beyond what was contemplated when they were framed or what is the general practice elsewhere.

2. Colonial practice the principle that 'A Colonial Government officers recruited from home countries; and one interest for Government to provide facilities for overseas leave for certain classes or grades of local officers whose home is in the Colonies, but whose work and responsibility is on all fours with that of imported officials.

3. In the circumstances, and in view of the present financial position, the Secretary of State has agreed that the existing privileges regarding free passages for officers below the Special Grade (£400-10-£500) should be suspended.

4. Revised Regulations regarding Leave and Passages and other conditions of service are under consideration.

M.P. 0003.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Alexander Steel of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Gregor Brechin, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

21st July, 1947.

L. 25/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Catherine Ann Hall of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas William John Hutchinson and Bertie Fleuret, Executors of the above named deceased, have applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

31st July, 1947.

L. 26/47.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.



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SEPTEMBER 1, 1947.

No. 9.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Boumphrey, R. S.	Audit.	Assistant Auditor-in-Charge.	22.5.47.	—
Bowles, G. W. J.	Customs.	Assistant Customs Officer.	1.8.47.	On probation for 6 months.

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Osborne, Mrs. M. A.	Education.	Assistant Teacher.	7.12.42.	—

LEAVE.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Period.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Krauss, Dr. H.	Medical.	Medical Officer.	3 months.	22.7.47.	—
Sheppard, Capt. C. F.	Police and Prisons.	Chief Constable.	12 days plus period of voyage.	21.8.46.	—
Tomlinson Capt. J.	Medical.	Dental Surgeon.	130 days plus period of voyage.	22.7.47.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 52.

18th August, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 34 of the 31st of May, 1947, the Honourable Lieutenant-Colonel A. B. Mathews, O.B.E., assumed command of the Falkland Islands Defence Force *vice* the Honourable Lieutenant-Colonel J. A. Woodgate, O.B.E., with effect from Thursday, the 14th of August, 1947.

M.P. 0206.

No. 53.

19th August, 1947.

His Excellency has been pleased to approve the award of the Efficiency Decoration to

CAPTAIN DUNCAN RUSSELL WATSON,
(Falkland Islands Defence Force).

M.P. 189/42.

No 54. 25th August, 1947.

Under Section 4, sub-section (2) of Ordinance, No. 8 of 1938, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following to the Board of Management of the Government Employees' Provident Fund :-

R. King, Esq., *vice* W. J. McAtasney, Esq..

Mrs. M. A. Osborne, *vice* Mrs. King
(née Miss Pettersson).

M.P. 0146.

No. 55. 26th August, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments :-

POLICE SERGEANT JAMES NORRIS

to act as Chief Constable and Gaoler with effect from the 24th of August, 1947.

M.P. P/115.

DAVID LEES, ESQUIRE.

General Foreman of Works, to act as Officer-in-Charge, Public Works Department, with effect from the 24th August, 1947.

M.P. P/57.

No. 56. 29th August, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint a Committee to consider arrangements for wireless telegraph communications at Stanley to provide

- I. (a) Normal terminal facilities (Stanley/United Kingdom; Stanley/Monte-video, etc.).
- (b) Service with the Dependencies including South Georgia.
- (c) Needs of the Meteorological Service actual and projected.
- II. Radio-telephone communications with the Camp.

III. New Broadcasting Service.

2. The Committee will be constituted as follows :-

Cmdr. C. R. W. Gairdner, R.N. (Retd.) *Chairman*
Comm. Tel. F. R. Dore, R.N.

G. A. Howkins, Esq.

A. Mercer, Esq.

M.P. 0438.

No. 57. 28th August, 1947.

His Majesty has approved that the order and form of Loyal Toasts to be used in future shall be as follows :-

1. The King.
2. The Queen, Queen Mary, the Princess Elizabeth and the other members of the Royal Family.

M.P. 46/37.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

*Frederick Murdoch Morrison of Darwin,
Falkland Islands, deceased.*

Whereas Mary Ann Morrison, wife of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

27th May, 1947.

L. 20/47.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

The King Edward Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

The Medical Fees Regulations, 1947.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

His Excellency the Governor in virtue of the powers in him vested by the King Edward Hospital Ordinance, 1916, and otherwise, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is hereby pleased to make the following regulations :

1. These regulations may be cited as the Medical Fees Regulations, 1947. Short Title.
 2. In these Regulations : Definitions.
 - “Medical Officer” means a qualified medical Practitioner employed by the Government.
 - “Household” means those living under one roof as a family.
 - “Subscriber” means a household, the head of which subscribes an annual sum towards the cost of Government medical service.
 - “Child” means a person under 15 years of age.
 - “Government Servant” means any person appointed to an established post and whose appointment is published in the Gazette.
 - “Government Employee” means any employee not so appointed whose wages are paid from “Other Charges”, and who is a contributor to the Provident Fund.

Provided that any Government employee having the same privileges in respect of medical fees as Government Servants on the 1st of May, 1938, shall not be deprived of such privileges while in the employment of the Government.

 - “Normal Visit” means the professional visit ordinarily paid by a Medical Officer to a household in Stanley.
3. Charges levied under these Regulations may be remitted in whole or in part by the Governor. Remission of Charges.
 4. Charges shall be paid or arranged for, save in emergencies, at the time or before the service is rendered. Charges to be paid at time or before service rendered.
 5. The following schedules of charges shall apply : Fees to be charged.

SCHEDULE A — SCALE OF CHARGES FOR MEDICAL SERVICES PERFORMED OUTSIDE THE KING EDWARD MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

(1) Attendance by a Medical Officer at the household of a person in Stanley whose income does not exceed £200 per annum, between 7.0 a.m. and 7 p.m.

- (a) For the first visit 2/6.
- (b) For each subsequent visit 1/6.

(2) Attendance by a Medical Officer at the household of a person in Stanley whose income exceeds £200, but less than £500, between 7.0. a.m. and 7.0. p.m.

- (a) For the first visit 5/-.
- (b) For each subsequent visit 2/6.

(3) Attendance by a Medical Officer at the household of a person in Stanley whose income exceeds £500 per annum, between 7.0. a.m. and 7.0. p.m.

- (a) For the first visit 7/6.
- (b) For each subsequent visit 5/-.

(4) Attendance by a Medical Officer at the household of a person during the night 7.0. p.m. to 7.0. a.m. shall be double the charge made for a day visit.

(5) Requests for visits except in cases of urgency shall be made to the K.E.M. Hospital by noon for a visit on the same day, otherwise double fees may be charged, as for night visits.

(6) Attendance by a Sister or Staff Nurse at a residence of any person in Stanley -

- (a) For the first visit 1/- to 15/-.
- (b) For each subsequent visit 1/- to 5/-.

(7) - (a) When a Nursing Sister or Staff Nurse is employed on full time service outside the King Edward Memorial Hospital but in Stanley, a charge of 9/- to 15/- per day shall be made and the Nurse shall be provided by her employer with suitable board and lodging free of charge.

(b) When the same service as in (7), (a) is performed outside Stanley, free transport shall be provided for the Nurse, free board and lodging shall be provided and there shall be payable in advance a charge of 3/- to 15/- per day.

(8) When a Medical Officer is required to remain with a case in excess of the time spent in a normal visit; renders special service or treatment, performs any kind of operation, obstetrical or surgical, a fee varying from £1 to £20 may be charged at the discretion of the Senior Medical Officer.

(9) When a Medical Officer visits a patient outside Stanley who is not a subscriber to a Government Medical Service, there shall be made, in addition to medical charges, a *one-way* mileage charge of 3/- per mile or, in lieu, transport both ways shall be provided, as required by the Senior Medical Officer.

(10) When a Medical Officer is requested to visit a ship in Stanley Harbour or elsewhere there shall be made a charge of £1. 1s. for the first patient and 5/- for each additional patient seen. When the patient is on board a ship in Port William the charges shall be £1. 10s. 6d. and 7/6 respectively.

Free transport to the ship shall be provided by the Master where necessary.

(11) For persons not normally resident in the Colony double fees may be charged at the discretion of the Senior Medical Officer.

SCHEDULE B - SCALE OF FEES CHARGEABLE AT
THE KING EDWARD MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

- (1) Medical Consultation as an Out-patient—
 - (a) For the first consultation 1/6 to 5/-.
(b) For subsequent consultations 1/- to 3/-.
- (2) Special services, diagnostic, medical, surgical or laboratory, as an Out-patient, 1/6 to £2, depending on the character of the work and at the discretion of the Medical Officer doing the work.
- (3) For ordinary medical attendance - while an In-patient in a General Ward, 2/- per day.
While an In-patient in a Private Ward, 3/- per day.
- (4) - (a) For special services in addition to attendance, diagnostic, medical, surgical or therapeutic a special service charge shall be made depending on the nature of the work done, status of the patient, etc. This charge shall include post-operative attendance fees.
(b) Maternity patients who have attended the ante-natal clinic and are admitted as In-patients shall pay an inclusive fee of £4. 4s. in the General Ward or £6. 6s. in a Private Ward.
- (5) There shall normally be no charge for ordinary medicines or dressings supplied to an In-patient but a charge shall lie where these are unusual in quantity or type and shall be such as the Senior Medical Officer may consider appropriate.

SCHEDULE C - FEES FOR MAINTENANCE.

- (1) Persons normally resident in the Colony and admitted to a General Ward shall be charged 8/- per day, £2. 2s. per week, and odd days in excess of a week 8/- per day; and if they are admitted to a Private Ward shall be charged 10/- per day, £3. 3s. per week and odd days in excess of a week 10/- per day.
- (2) Camp subscribers shall be charged general maintenance fees on the same scale as ordinary residents in the Colony.
- (3) Persons not normally resident in the Colony shall be charged 10/6 per day when admitted to a General Ward or 20/- per day or £5. 5s. per week when admitted to a Private Ward.
- (4) Half fees shall be charged for the maintenance of children.
- (5) At his discretion, the Senior Medical Officer may remit half of any of the fees set forth in Schedules (B) and (C) and the Governor alone may remit more than half, but there shall be no remission of fees charged with respect to Private Wards.

SCHEDULE D - DENTAL FEES.

- (1) Scaling and polishing, or scaling and polishing with gum treatment 2/6 to 7/6.

- (2) Fillings – (a) Amalgam 2/6 to 10/-.
 (b) Cement 5/- to 10/-.
 * (c) Gold but excluding cost of gold 10/6 to £1. 1s.
 (d) Temporary 2/-.
- (3) Root treatment, per tooth, 7/6 to £2. 2s.
- * (4) Crowning, per tooth, £2. 2s. to £5. 5s.
- (5) Extractions – (a) Under local anaesthetic, per tooth, from 1/- to £2. 10s.
 (b) With general anaesthetic, per tooth, 2/-, but in no case in excess of 30/-. This does not include a fee for anaesthesia and for maintenance if the patient is admitted to the Hospital.
- (6) Children – Scaling, polishing, gum treatment, Amalgam and Cement Fillings, extractions under local anaesthetic – Free. Any treatment more extensive shall require half the usual charges for Adults. Children of parents whose income exceeds £200 per annum, half adult fees.
- * (7) Dentures – (a) Full upper or lower denture £3. 3s. to £5. 5s.
 (b) Partial denture £1. 1s. to £2. 2s.
 (c) Repairs to fractured dentures up to 15/-, without guarantee of resultant repair.
 (d) Additions on partial dentures, per tooth, 1/- to 2/-.
 (e) Obturator in addition to the plate £1. 1s. to £2. 2s.
 (f) Splints – vulcanite or metal, each £1. 1s. to £2. 2s.

Note. Special compounds including Acrylic Resin, *double* and Precious Metals *treble* the fees above.

- (8) Visits in Stanley, in addition to any work, 2/6 to 10/-.

Special visits outside Stanley – Transport shall be provided free for the Dentist and a fee charged for his time from £1. 1s. to £10. 10s.

SCHEDULE E – MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES.

(1) General anaesthesia including spinal anaesthesia and intravenous anaesthesia. The fee charged shall be from 10/6 to 21/- regardless of the purpose for which it is required. No special fee for local anaesthetic.

(2) For examination for Benefit Societies with a certificate the fee shall be 10/6.

(3) For examination for Life Assurance with a certificate the fee shall be 31/6.

(4) Vaccination against small-pox and immunisation against any disease, free.

(5) Medical comforts, wines, spirits, any special apparatus, food or medicines, shall be paid for by the patient.

(6) Common galenical prescriptions –

Bottle of 10 ozs. in $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. doses	1s. 6d. to 3/-.
Common ointments, per oz.	3d.
Common linaments, per oz.	3d. to 6d.
Common tablets and pills, per doz.	2d.

Other preparations shall be charged according to cost and quantity.

(7) The following charges for radiography shall be made :

(a) Simple screening	5/- to 20/-.
(b) Skiagram	5/- to 20/-.
(c) Barium series	10/6 to 42/-.

(8) Physiotherapy treatment, *i.e.*, radiant heat, vapour baths, etc., if given to Out-patients, shall be charged at 1/- per session; to In-patients no charge.

(9) For use of the Medical car as an ambulance or conveyance 2/6 to 21/- depending on time and distance.

SCHEDULE F – SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SPECIAL CLASSES.

(1) Government Servants – No charge shall lie against a Government Servant for the cost of medical care except :

- (a) For maintenance in the King Edward Memorial Hospital, when half the normal charges shall be collected.
- (b) For dental charges of a special character, indicated in the Schedule by an asterisk, when half the normal charges shall be collected.
- (c) For general anaesthesia and special services as outlined in Schedule B, (4) or B, (2) ; when half the normal charges shall be collected.
- (d) Medical comforts, etc., – see Schedule E, (5).
- (e) Ambulance charge, see Schedule E, (9).

(2) Wives and children of Government Servants, excluding those gainfully employed, shall be treated precisely as Government Servants.

(3) Recognised Ministers of Religion and Sisters of Charity shall be similarly regarded.

(4) Camp Subscribers – With the exception of the charges prescribed in Schedule B (4) (b), no charges shall lie for Medical Services under Schedules A, B, and E.

(5) Government Employees, as for Government Servants.

(6) Children – half the normal charges shall be collected.

(7) No charge for medical or dental care shall lie against a member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force when on active service except :

- (a) in the case of a man who has been technically embodied but is not actually serving with the Force, when the regulations as for civilians shall apply –
- (b) in the case of a man who requires medical or dental treatment for conditions antedating enlistment and not arising from military service.

Members of the Falkland Islands Defence Force who, in the opinion of the Senior Medical Officer require treatment in Hospital, shall receive free hospital maintenance in a private ward in the case of a commissioned officer and in a public ward for all other ranks.

Repeal.

6. The Medical Department Fees Regulations, 1938, the Medical Department Fees (Amendment) Regulations, 1938, and the Medical Department Fees (Amendment) Regulations, 1939, are hereby repealed.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 2nd day of August, 1947.

J. BOUND,

Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0135.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVI.

OCTOBER 1, 1947.

No. 10.

NEW APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Gilmore, T. J., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	Medical.	Medical Officer.	12.5.47.	Temporary, on 3 year contract.

TRANSFER ON PROMOTION.

			<i>Date.</i>
Gleadell, L.	Clerk, Grade IV., E. & T. Dept.	to Clerk, Grade III., Audit Dept.	1.10.47.

TRANSFER.

Mercer, J.	Wireless Operator, 1st Class, Stanley	to Wireless Operator-in-Charge, South Georgia Station.	18.9.47.
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TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Reason.</i>
Binnie, T.	Clerk, Post Office.	7.9.47.	Appointment terminated.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 58. 2nd September, 1947.

H. E. SLADE, ESQ.,

Electrician, Electrical and Telegraphs Department, was absent on vacation leave from the 18th of November, 1946, to the 5th of August, 1947.

M.P. L/79.

Ordinance, No. 5 of 1894, as amended by the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1937, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MR. DAVID LEES

to be provisionally a member of the Board of Health pending the appointment of an Executive Engineer.

M.P. 600/29.

No. 59. 3rd September, 1947.

Under the provisions of the Public Health

No. 60. 5th September, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

COMMANDER CECIL RANKIN WYLIZ GAIRDNER.
R.N., (Ret.)

to be Personal Assistant and Personal Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency with effect from the 6th of August, 1947.

2. Commander Gairdner's duties will be mainly concerned with the Dependencies and his salary is found from Dependencies votes.

M.P. P/379.

No. 61. 10th September, 1947.

SIR ALLAN WOLSEY CARDINALL, K.B.E., C.M.G., late Governor and Commander-in-Chief was on leave from the 26th of July, 1946, to the 7th of September, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/231.

No. 62. 13th September, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment :-

DAVID LEES, ESQUIRE,

to act as Harbour Master, Harbour Department, with effect from the 24th of August, 1947.

M.P. P/57.

No. 63. 18th September, 1947.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance, No. 3 of 1946, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Customs Ordinance, 1943".

M.P. 152/39.

No. 64. 19th September, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 62 of the 28th of December, 1946, the following Practitioners, Dentist and Midwife, have been added

to the List of Medical Practitioners, Dentists and Midwives, registered to practise in the Colony.

Name.	Qualifications.	Date of Qualification
<i>Medical Practitioners</i>		
Stafford, John Ingham	M.B., B.Ch., B.A. B.A.O. (Dub. Univ.)	1940.
Gilmore, Terence James	M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Eng.)	1943.
<i>Dental Surgeon</i>		
Roberts, Gerald Holgate	B.Ch.D., L.D.S. (Leeds), D.D.S. (Toronto)	1946. 1947.
<i>Midwife</i>		
Strong, Rose	S.R.N. S.C.M.	1933. 1934.

M.P. 21/28.

No. 65. 20th September, 1947.

Government clocks will be advanced one hour at midnight, Saturday/Sunday, the 4th/5th October, 1947.

M.P. 0064.

22nd September, 1947.

A Committee has been appointed to advise upon applications for import licences for food-stuffs and articles of domestic use, having regard to the necessity for limiting imports to the utmost in view of the economic crisis in the United Kingdom.

2. The Committee is constituted as follows :-

Acting Collector of Customs (*Chairman*).
The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer.
Miss Bosworthick.
Mrs. H. Evans,
Mrs. A. Mercer.

M.P. 0057.

Finance Control.

In view of the grave economic crisis, the following measures, which correspond to similar measures in the United Kingdom, will come into effect locally forthwith :-

A. IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF CURRENCY.

Travellers limited to
£10.

1. The limit of exemption given to travellers from prohibition of the import and export of sterling notes has been *reduced* from £20 to £10 *maximum*.

Note: In the United Kingdom the maximum is £5 but in view of local conditions which involve transshipment at Montevideo a higher maximum will be permitted in the Falkland Islands and their Dependencies.

Export of sterling.
Written undertaking
necessary.

2. Export of sterling notes to the permitted maximum will only be allowed on a written undertaking by the exporter that they will be used on board ship or in the United Kingdom and **not** to buy foreign currency.

B. MEASURES TO CONSERVE FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

No allowance for
holiday travel in
foreign countries.

1. *Personal Travel.* No allowance will be made for personal travel except on duty or business, in which case the prior sanction of

the Treasury must be obtained for (a) reasonable hotel expenses *plus* (b) a maximum of £1 *per* day.

2. *Health.* The necessary minimum expenses will be allowed provided that the patient obtains from the Senior Medical Officer before leaving the Colony a certificate that treatment is essential to health and cannot be obtained locally.

Medical treatment certificate from S.M.O. required.

3. The use of existing non-sterling credits by persons other than those in favour of whom they have been issued is strictly prohibited: and such persons, or any other persons who may be granted foreign exchange facilities, may only use them for goods to be purchased under Import Licences (which will be granted sparingly and only for essentials) and to the value of such goods supported by the evidence of receipts: or for such other purpose as the Treasury in exceptional circumstances prescribe.

Foreign credits.
(a) Not transferable.
(b) only to be used for goods licensed for importation.

4. Regulations will shortly be issued on the subject of Finance Control.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
16th September, 1947.

MAGISTRATES AND JUSTICES OF THE PEACE IN THE COLONY AND ITS DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Place of Residence.	Date of Appointment.
EAST FALKLAND.		
Capt. L. W. Aldridge, M.B.E., J.P.	Stanley	22nd July, 1946.
H. Bennett, Esq., J.P.	"	22nd July, 1946.
Hon. Mr. V. A. H. Biggs, J.P.	"	12th May, 1937.
Hon. Dr. J. E. Hamilton, D.Sc., J.P., Magistrate	"	14th November, 1919.
A. L. Hardy, Esq., B.E.M., J.P.	"	22nd July, 1946.
A. Newing, Esq., J.P.	"	6th May, 1935.
Hon. Mr. D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., J.P.	"	24th May, 1939.
J. R. Robson, Esq., J.P.	"	14th November, 1934.
M. Robson, Esq., J.P.	"	12th August, 1920.
Hon. Mr. A. G. Barton, J.P.	Teal Inlet	15th July, 1931.
J. F. Bonner, Esq., J.P.	San Carlos	12th May, 1937.
N. K. Cameron, Esq., J.P.	Port San Carlos	6th May, 1935.
WEST FALKLAND.		
G. D. Arthur, Esq., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., J.P.	Fox Bay East	25th April, 1946.
J. Hansen, Esq., J.P.	Carcass Island	7th November, 1938.
H. C. Harding, Esq., J.P.	Hill Cove	27th November, 1939.
K. W. Luxton, Esq., J.P.	The Chartres	24th September, 1940.
W. H. Luxton, Esq., J.P.	" "	1st January, 1913.
D. M. Pole-Evans, Esq., J.P.	Port Howard	25th April, 1946.
Hon. Mr. R. C. Pole-Evans, O.B.E., J.P.	" "	22nd June, 1921.
C. H. Robertson, Esq., J.P.	Fox Bay West	27th November, 1936.
DEPENDENCIES.		
O. Burd, Esq., Magistrate	Argentine Islands.	7th April, 1947.
K. S. P. Butler, Esq., Magistrate	Graham Land	1st April, 1947.
M. A. Choyce, Esq., J.P.	" "	8th January, 1946.
F. K. Elliott, Esq., Magistrate	" "	31st December, 1946.
Major A. I. Fleuret, M.B.E., E.D., J.P., Magistrate	South Georgia	26th September, 1940.
J. S. R. Huckle, Esq., Magistrate	South Shetlands	9th April, 1947.
G. deQ. Robin, Esq., Magistrate	Signey Island	31st December, 1946.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing JAMES ERIK HAMILTON, Esq., D.Sc., J.P., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 25th day of February, 1892, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it was amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as should be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet,

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 28th day of February, 1920, it was declared that if in the opinion of the Governor the number of members of the Executive Council available for business may at any time be likely to prove insufficient, the Governor may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint some fit person to be provisionally a member of the said Council.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, being of the opinion that the number of members of the Executive Council available for business is likely to prove insufficient, do hereby provisionally appoint

JAMES ERIK HAMILTON, Esq., D.Sc., J.P.,

to be a Member of the Executive Council.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 19th day of September, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and forty-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 2.

Proclamation

1947.

To prohibit the Importation and Exportation of certain articles and goods and to regulate the Importation and Exportation of certain others.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS it seems desirable to amend the orders governing the Importation of goods into the Colony and the Exportation of goods from the Colony.

Now in virtue of the powers in me vested by Section 2 of the Exports and Imports (Emergency Powers) Ordinance, 1939, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby proclaim and order and it is hereby proclaimed and ordered that the following amended rules regarding the importation of all goods without exception come into force forthwith —

Except in respect of goods which have already been ordered and for which a confirmed credit exists in the seller's country all Open General Licences whether issued by the Competent Authority or by the Collector of Customs are hereby cancelled.

Specific Import Licences will henceforth be required for all articles of merchandise.

And it is further proclaimed and ordered that the exportation of the following articles is prohibited —

Chemicals & chemical preparations.
Clothing (including footwear).
Foodstuffs.
Glass & Earthenware.
Oils, Polish. &c.
Paint.

Seeds.
Soap and Soap powder.
Textile materials (excluding bagging).
Toilet preparations.
Toys.

Provided always that the foodstuffs and other products named in the Schedules annexed are hereby authorized to be exported subject to the conditions set forth in the said Schedules.

Proclamation No. 1 of 1947, dated the 20th June, 1947, is hereby repealed.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 1st day of October, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,
A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 224/46.

SCHEDULE A.

The following may be exported by Open General Licence, issued by the Collector of Customs, quantities not limited.

Dripping and all other locally produced substances and articles containing no imported ingredients with the exception of salt used as a preservative.

SCHEDULE B.

The following may be exported by Open General Licence issued by the Collector of Customs, provided that the parcels do not contain more than 4lbs. of any one foodstuff and that only one parcel may be sent to any one addressee in any one mail and that the contents are drawn from the following list—

EX-ARMY STOCKS

1. Meat & Vegetable Stew.
2. Oxford Sausages.
3. Casserole of Beef.
4. Steak & Kidney Pudding.
5. Margarine.
6. Marmite.



The Falkland Islands Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVI.

OCTOBER 6. 1947.

No. 11.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To constitute a Town Council for Stanley, to provide for the conduct of Elections and to regulate the general powers of the Council.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Short Title. Council Ordinance.

ARRANGEMENTS OF PARTS.

Part I. — Constitution of the Council.	Parts.
Part II. — Election procedure.	
Part III. — Prevention of corrupt practices at elections.	
Part IV. — General powers and duties of Council.	
Part V. — Appointment and duties of officers.	
Part VI. — Public works, etc.	
Part VII. — General financial provisions.	

PART I.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COUNCIL.

2. (1) There shall be constituted and elected in Stanley a Town Council (hereinafter referred to as the Council) the members whereof shall be termed councillors, and the said Council shall be constituted as from the date of the first election held under this Ordinance.

Formation of a Town Council.

(2) The Council shall be a corporate body having a common seal and shall sue or be sued in its corporate capacity.

Constitution of Town
Council.

3. (1) The Council shall consist of nine members of whom three shall be members nominated or appointed by the Governor and six shall be members elected by the electors of Stanley.

(2) The Governor shall at each general election of councillors appoint three councillors as he may see fit for the full period of two years provided that in the case of the death or resignation of a councillor appointed under this subsection, or if any such councillor is absent from meetings of the Council for more than six months consecutively except in case of illness or for some reason approved by the Council, the Governor may appoint some other person to fill the vacancy and the person so appointed shall continue in office as a councillor so long only as the person in whose stead he shall have been appointed would have been entitled to remain in office.

(3) Every appointment or nomination made by the Governor under subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall be published in the Gazette.

(4) The six elected councillors shall be elected for a period of two years, at any election after the first election referred to in Clause 8 (1) hereafter.

Constitution of wards
for elections.
(First Schedule).

4. For the purpose of the election of councillors, the Township of Stanley shall be divided into three wards as set out in the First Schedule to this Ordinance and each elector shall record his vote only in the ward for which he is registered as an elector.

Preparation of
register of electors.

5. (1) The year following immediately on the passing of this Ordinance and thereafter in every second year there shall be prepared a register of electors and such register shall be published not later than the 1st day of October in such year,

(Second Schedule).

(2) The Council shall appoint a registration officer to supervise the preparation of the register in accordance with the rules contained in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance,

Provided that the Governor may make all declarations, appointments and other arrangements necessary for the purpose of holding the first election.

Qualifications of
electors.

6. A person shall not be entitled to be enrolled as an elector unless he is qualified as follows—

(Women to vote on
same footing as men).

(a) is a person of either sex of twenty-one years of age or over, and

(b) is, on the first day of December of the year immediately preceding the year in which the electors lists are prepared or revised, ordinarily resident within the municipal limits and has during the twelve months prior thereto actually resided therein,

Provided that he shall not be deemed not to have actually resided within the municipal limits by reason only that he has been temporarily absent therefrom for short periods,

Provided also that no person in the armed forces, other than the Falkland Islands Defence Force, who is stationed in Stanley for naval or military purposes, shall be entitled to be registered as an elector in respect of the occupation of any residence or quarters provided by the Crown free of rent or other charges.

Appeal against
decision of
Registration Officer.

7. (1) Any person who deems himself aggrieved by the omission or inclusion of any name in the register may make complaint or objection to the Registration Officer who shall hear and determine the same.

(2) An appeal shall lie to the Magistrate's Court from any decision of the Registration Officer on any complaint or objection which has been considered by him.

(3) An appeal shall lie on any point of law from any decision of the Court on any such appeal from the Registration Officer to the Supreme Court, but no appeal shall lie from any decision of the Supreme Court.

8. (1) The first election under this Ordinance shall be held on the first Wednesday in the month of December immediately following the passing of this Ordinance. The second election shall be held on the second Wednesday of the month of December of the year immediately following the first election. Thereafter elections shall be held biennially on the second Wednesday in the month of December. One month before the second election if neither of the councillors in each ward wishes voluntarily to retire then one councillor in each ward shall be selected by ballot to retire. At each biennial election thereafter the most recently elected councillor in each ward shall remain in office and the other retire automatically. Any councillor retiring as a result of the ballot before the second election or automatically retiring under this clause shall be eligible to be a candidate at any subsequent election.

Date of first and subsequent and casual elections.

(2) In the case of a casual vacancy among the elected members an election shall be held on any day to be fixed by the Governor, such day being not less than twenty-eight nor more than forty-two days after the date upon which the vacancy shall have been notified to exist and any such casual vacancy arising shall be notified to the Governor by the Chairman of the Council and published in the Gazette at the first meeting of the Council after the vacancy has arisen.

9. (1) The Registration Officer shall perform the duties of returning officer and shall have power to appoint deputies who shall perform such duties as the Registration Officer shall direct, but the appointments of deputies shall be subject to the approval of the Council.

Duties of Returning Officer, and appointment of Deputies.

(2) The expenses incurred in the preparation of the register shall be audited by the Town Council auditor and shall be paid out of the funds of the Council.

10. A person shall be qualified to be elected a councillor if he is qualified to be registered as an elector in the terms of section six of this Ordinance. Provided that no person in the established service of the Government shall be nominated for election.

Qualification of councillor.

11. (1) A person shall be disqualified from becoming or from acting as a councillor who shall be or shall become a bankrupt and shall not have obtained his discharge or who has been or shall be convicted of any felony or other crime for which he has suffered or shall be sentenced to undergo any term of imprisonment exceeding three calendar months.

Disqualification of councillors.

(2) Any person not duly qualified who shall wilfully act as a councillor shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £50 for every day on which he shall so act, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, and the appointment or election of any such person who shall not be duly qualified or who shall become disqualified shall be void to all intents and purposes as from the date upon which such councillor shall first have become disqualified,

Provided always that no such acting shall prejudice or make void the acts of the councillors duly appointed or legally qualified.

12. Every person being a candidate for election as a councillor shall in writing not later than twenty-one days before the date fixed for the taking of the poll so notify the Returning Officer of his intention, the notification being subscribed by two electors of the ward, and shall at the same time forward to the Returning Officer a declaration sworn before a Justice of the Peace in the form set out in the Third Schedule to this Ordinance that he fulfils the qualifications required under this Ordinance.

Declaration to be made by candidate for election as councillor.

(Third Schedule).

Deposit by candidates.

13. (1) Every candidate for the office of councillor who shall be nominated therefor shall deposit with the Returning Officer the sum of £25.

(2) No candidate who has not complied with the provisions of subsection (1) hereof shall be elected, by poll or otherwise, to the office of councillor.

Remission and forfeiture of deposit.

14. The deposit made by a candidate under the provisions of section 13 shall be remitted to such candidate by the Returning Officer

(a) if he be elected a member of the Council, or

(b) if he obtain not less the 1/6th of the total votes validly polled, or

(c) if he shall resign his candidature at any time not less than seven days prior to the date of the poll.

Power of Registration Officer to hear complaints.

15. It shall be lawful for the Registration Officer to hear and consider any complaint or objection in regard to the qualifications of any candidate and to give a decision thereon and any person aggrieved by any such decision shall be entitled to appeal in manner provided by Section 7 of this Ordinance.

Penalty on disqualified person offering himself as candidate.

16. Any person who knowing that he is not duly qualified shall wilfully offer himself as a candidate for election shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month.

If only sufficient persons signify their intention to become candidates.

17. If no more persons than the number of councillors to be elected shall have signified their intention in the manner required by section 12 of this Ordinance to become candidates for election, the Returning Officer on the day fixed for the election shall declare such candidate or candidates duly elected to the Council, but if more candidates than there are vacancies to be filled shall come forward for election a poll shall be taken in the manner hereinafter provided.

If number of candidates insufficient.

Provided that if insufficient candidates are nominated to fill the existing vacancies the Governor may appoint members additional to those mentioned in section 3 (2) of this Ordinance.

Power of candidate to appoint an election agent.

18. Every person being a candidate for election as a councillor may appoint an election agent whose name he shall notify to the Registration Officer and every advertisement, circular or publication issued for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of any candidate shall bear thereon the name of the candidate or his agent and the printer thereof, if any.

Chairman of Council.

19. (1) A Chairman of the Council shall be elected annually by the Council from among the elected members.

(2) The election of the Chairman shall be the first business transacted at the first meeting of the Council in every year.

(3) The Chairman shall, unless he resigns or ceases to be qualified or becomes disqualified, continue in office until his successor is elected.

(4) The Council shall also appoint from the elected members of the Council a Deputy-chairman.

(5) The Deputy-chairman shall, unless he resigns or ceases to be qualified or becomes disqualified, continue in office until his successor is elected.

(6) Subject to any standing orders made by the Council anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chairman may be done by, to or before the Deputy-chairman.

Filling of casual vacancy in case of Chairman or Deputy-chairman.

20. On a casual vacancy occurring in the office of Chairman or Deputy-chairman, an election to fill the vacancy shall be held not later than the next ordinary meeting of the Council held after the

date on which the vacancy occurs, or if that meeting is held within three days after that date, then not later than the next following ordinary meeting of the Council, and shall be conducted in the same manner as an ordinary election.

21. A person elected, nominated or appointed under this Ordinance to the Council or to an office therein may, at any time, resign by writing signed by him, (in this Ordinance referred to as a "notice of resignation") and delivered –

Resignations.

- (a) in the case of an elected member of the Council, to the Secretary of the Council,
- (b) in the case of a member of the Council nominated or appointed by the Governor, to the Colonial Secretary,
- (c) in the case of the Chairman or Deputy-chairman of the Council, to the Council, and
- (d) in the case of any officer in the Council, to the Chairman of the Council.

and his resignation shall take effect upon the receipt of the notice of resignation by the person or body to whom it is required to be delivered.

22. A person elected under this Ordinance to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the date upon which the person in whose place he is elected would regularly have retired and himself shall then retire.

Term of office of persons filling casual vacancies.

PART II.

ELECTION PROCEDURE.

ELECTIONS AND ELECTORS.

23. (1) In this part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires –

Interpretation of Part II.

"candidate" means any person who has been nominated or declared himself candidate at an election;

"election" means an election of a Town councillor or councillors;

"elector" means any person qualified to vote for members to serve on the Council;

"polling place" means the house or room in which an election is held;

"presiding officer" means the Returning Officer and includes also his deputy presiding at a polling station;

"register" means the register for the time being of voters qualified to vote for members to serve on the Council.

(2) Where in this part of this Ordinance any expressions are used requiring or authorising or inferring that any act or thing is to be done in the presence of the candidates or of any other persons nominated by them for the purpose, such expressions shall be deemed to refer to the presence of such of the candidates or of any other persons nominated by them for the purpose as may be authorised to attend, and as have in fact attended at the time and place where such act or thing is being done, and the non-attendance of any candidate or of any of the persons nominated by him for the purpose at such place and time shall not, if such act or thing be otherwise duly done, in anywise invalidate the act or thing done.

PROCEDURE AT POLL.

Votes, when poll required at an election, to be taken by ballot. Of what ballot shall consist.

Description of ballot paper.

(Fourth Schedule).

Oath of secrecy by and before whom to be taken.

(Fifth Schedule.)

Provision of ballot boxes etc.

Directions for the guidance of electors. (Sixth Schedule.)

Ballot boxes to be locked and sealed etc.

Every elector entitled to a ballot paper.

Course to be followed by an elector on receiving a ballot paper.

24. In the case of a poll being required at an election the votes shall be given by ballot, the ballot of each voter shall consist of a paper (in this Ordinance referred to as a ballot paper) showing the names and descriptions of the candidates arranged alphabetically in the order of their surnames and (if there are two or more candidates with the same surname) of their other names; it shall have a number printed on the back and shall have attached a counterfoil with the same number printed on the face, and shall be in the form set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Ordinance or as near thereto as circumstances admit, and shall be capable of being folded up.

25. The presiding officer and every other person authorised to attend a polling place, or at the counting of the votes, shall, before the opening of the poll, make the oath of secrecy in the form prescribed in the Fifth Schedule to this Ordinance. If the person is the presiding officer he shall make the oath before a Justice of the Peace and if he is any other person, before the presiding officer or a Justice of the Peace.

26. (1) The presiding officer shall within three days before polling day provide such ballot boxes, ballot papers, polling compartments, materials for electors to mark the ballot papers, directions for the guidance of electors in voting and such other things as may be necessary for effectually conducting any election in the manner provided by this Ordinance.

(2) There shall be one polling station in each ward and each polling place shall be furnished with one or more compartments as shall be necessary in which the electors can mark their votes screened from observation.

27. Directions for the guidance of the electors in voting according to the form set forth in the Sixth Schedule to this Ordinance shall be placarded in various places, outside and inside every polling place and, in addition thereto, in every compartment of every polling place and be illustrated by examples of the ballot paper.

28. Every ballot box shall be so constructed that the ballot papers can be introduced therein but cannot be withdrawn therefrom without the box being unlocked. The presiding officer at any polling place just before the commencement of the poll shall show the ballot box empty to such persons as may be present in such polling place so that they may see that it is empty, and shall then lock it up and place his seal upon it in such manner as to prevent its being opened without breaking such seal and shall place it in his view for the receipt of ballot papers and keep it so locked and sealed.

29. Every elector shall be entitled to demand and receive a ballot paper, but immediately before it is delivered to such elector it shall be marked on both sides by the presiding officer with a mark (in this Ordinance referred to as the official mark) and the number and name of the elector as stated in the copy of the register shall be called out and the number of such elector to denote that he has received a ballot paper but without showing the particular ballot paper which he has received.

30. (1) The elector, on receiving the ballot paper, shall forthwith proceed into the compartment or one of the compartments in the polling place and there secretly mark his vote by placing a cross on the right hand side of the ballot paper opposite the name of the candidate for whom he votes. The elector may vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies to be filled. The elector shall then fold up the ballot paper so as to conceal his vote but so as to show the official mark on the back, and shall then put his ballot paper so folded in the ballot box in the presence of the

presiding officer, after having shown to him the official mark on the back.

(2) Any ballot paper which has not on its back the official mark or on which votes are given to more candidates than the elector voting is entitled to vote for, or on which anything except the said number on the back is written or marked by which the elector can be identified shall be void and not counted.

(3) Every elector shall vote without undue delay and shall quit the polling place as soon as he has put his ballot paper into the ballot box.

31. The presiding officer, on the application of any elector who is incapacitated by blindness or other physical cause from voting in manner prescribed by this Ordinance, or of any elector who is unable to read, shall cause the vote of such elector to be marked on a ballot paper in manner directed by such elector, and the ballot paper to be placed in the ballot box, and the name and the number on the register of every elector whose vote is so marked in pursuance of this section and the reason why it is so marked shall be entered on a list called the list of voters marked by the presiding officer.

Votes of blind electors, etc.

32. If a person representing himself to be a particular elector named on the register applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such elector, the applicant shall upon duly answering the questions and taking the oath permitted to be asked of and to be administered to voters at the time of polling, be entitled to mark a ballot paper in the same manner as any other voter, but the ballot paper, (in this Ordinance referred to as a tendered ballot paper), instead of being put into the ballot box shall be given to the presiding officer and endorsed by him with the name of the voter and the number in the register and set aside and shall not be counted by the presiding officer, and the name of the voter and his number on the register shall be entered on a list called the tendered votes list.

Two persons claiming to be same voter.

33. An elector who has inadvertently dealt with his ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be conveniently used as a ballot paper may, on delivering to the presiding officer the ballot paper so inadvertently dealt with and proving the fact of the inadvertence to the satisfaction of the presiding officer, obtain another ballot paper in place of the ballot paper so delivered up and the spoilt ballot paper shall be immediately cancelled.

When an elector may obtain a second ballot paper.

34. If any person misconducts himself in the polling place or fails to obey the lawful orders of the presiding officer he shall forthwith be removed from the polling place by any constable or any other person authorised by the presiding officer to remove him, and the persons so removed shall not, unless with the permission of the presiding officer, again be allowed to enter the polling place during that day. The powers conferred by this section shall not be exercised so as to prevent any elector who is otherwise entitled to vote at any polling place from having an opportunity of voting at such polling place.

Keeping order in polling place.

35. No elector who has voted at an election shall in any legal proceedings to question the election or return be required to state for whom he has voted.

Prohibition of disclosure of vote.

36. No election shall be declared invalid by reason of any mistake in the use of the form in the Fourth Schedule to this Ordinance if it appears to the authority having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in this Ordinance, and that such mistake did not affect the result of the election.

PROCEDURE AFTER CLOSE OF POLL.

Result of poll when, how and in whose presence to be ascertained.

37. (1) After the close of the poll all ballot papers received at any polling place shall be sealed up by the person presiding at the polling place and delivered to the returning officer.

(2) The sealed boxes shall be opened by the returning officer in the presence of the candidates or other persons nominated by them for the purpose and of no other person except with the sanction of the returning officer; and he and his deputies shall ascertain and declare the result of the poll by counting the votes given to each candidate but while so doing shall keep the ballot papers with their face upwards and take all proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the numbers on the backs of such papers.

(3) The returning officer shall give notice to the candidates of the time and place for counting the votes.

(4) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates on a final count and the addition of a vote would entitle any of those candidates to be declared elected the returning officer shall make a special return of the results of the election and the Council duly assembled shall choose one of such candidates to be a member of the Council.

Course to be pursued with respect to rejected ballot papers.

38. The presiding officer shall endorse the word "rejected" on any ballot paper which he may reject as invalid, and shall add to such endorsement the words "rejection objected to" if any objection be in fact made by any candidate, or a person nominated by him to be present at the count of the votes, to the decision of the presiding officer. The presiding officer shall report to the Colonial Secretary the number of ballot papers rejected and not counted by him under the following heads -

- (a) absence of official mark;
- (b) voting for more candidates than entitled to;
- (c) writing or other mark by which voter could be identified;
- (d) unmarked or void for uncertainty;

and shall on request allow the candidate before such report is submitted to copy it.

Decision of presiding officer to be final.

39. The decision of the presiding officer as to any question arising in respect of any ballot paper shall be final, subject to reversal on petition questioning the election or return.

Disposal of papers relating to the election when result of poll is declared.

40. Upon the completion of the counting and the declaration by the presiding officer of the candidates elected, the presiding officer shall seal up each description of papers, other than the list of voters (which shall in each case be returned to the Colonial Secretary for future use), relating to the election in separate packets and return them to the Colonial Secretary and the Colonial Secretary shall retain for one year all documents and papers so returned to him, after which, unless otherwise directed by the Supreme Court, he shall cause them to be destroyed.

In whose presence such papers be sealed up.

41. The papers required by Section 40 of this Ordinance to be sealed by the presiding officer shall be sealed up by him in the presence of the candidates, or any other person nominated by them for the purpose in attendance, and by no other person except with the sanction of the presiding officer.

Rejected ballot papers not to be inspected except under order of the Supreme Court.

42. No person shall be allowed to inspect any rejected ballot papers in the custody of the Colonial Secretary except upon the order of the Supreme Court to be granted only where it is satisfied by evidence on oath that the inspection or production of such ballot

papers is required for the purpose of instituting or maintaining a prosecution for an offence in relation to ballot papers or for the purpose of a petition questioning an election or a return; and any such order for the inspection or production of ballot papers may be made subject to such conditions as to persons, time, place and mode of inspection or production as the Supreme Court may think expedient and shall be obeyed by the Colonial Secretary, and the power given to the Court by this Section may be exercised by the Judge in chambers.

43. No person shall, except by order of the Supreme Court, open any election papers relating to the election of members of the Council so returned to the Colonial Secretary and in his custody; such order may be subject to such conditions as to person, time, place and mode of opening or inspection as the Court may think expedient. Provided that in making and carrying into effect any such order care shall be taken that the mode in which any particular elector has voted shall not be discovered until he has been proved to have voted and his vote has been declared by competent authority to be invalid. Such papers shall be resealed at such time and in such manner as the Court may from time to time direct.

Election papers in the custody of the Colonial Secretary not to be opened except under an order of the Supreme Court.

44. When an order is made for the production by the Colonial Secretary of any document in his possession relating to any specified election, the production by the Colonial Secretary of the documents ordered by the Supreme Court in such manner as may be directed by rule shall be conclusive evidence that such document relates to the specified election; and any endorsement appearing on any packet of papers produced by the Colonial Secretary shall be evidence of such papers being what they are stated to be by the endorsement. The production from proper custody of a ballot paper purporting to have been used at any election and of a counterfoil marked with the same printed number and having a number marked thereon in writing shall be *prima facie* evidence that the person who voted by such ballot paper was the person who at the time of such election had annexed to his name in the register at such election the same number as the number written on such counterfoil.

Production by Colonial Secretary of documents under any such order to be conclusive evidence that such documents are the ones required.

PART III.

PREVENTION OF CORRUPT PRACTICES AT ELECTIONS.

ELECTION OFFENCES.

45. In this part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires—

Interpretation of Part III.

“candidate at an election” includes all persons elected to serve as members on the Council and all persons nominated as candidates or who shall have declared themselves candidates at or before such election;

“corrupt practice” means the offence of treating, undue influence, bribery and personation as defined in this part of this Ordinance and includes the aiding, abetting, counselling and procuring the commission of the offence of personation;

“election” means the election of any member or members to serve on the Council;

“voter” means any person who has or claims to have a right to vote in the election of a member or members to serve on the Council.

46. (1) Every person who—

- (a) fraudulently defaces or fraudulently destroys any ballot paper or the official mark on any ballot paper;

Offences in respect of ballot papers and ballot boxes.

- (b) without due authority supplies any ballot paper to any person; or
- (c) fraudulently puts into any ballot box any paper other than the ballot paper which he is authorised by law to put in; or
- (d) fraudulently takes out of the polling place any ballot paper; or
- (e) without due authority destroys, takes, opens or otherwise interferes with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purpose of the election,

shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be liable, if he is a presiding officer, to a fine not exceeding £100 or, in default, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years and if he is another person to a fine not exceeding £25 or, in default, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

(2) In any indictment or other prosecution for an offence in relation to the ballot boxes and ballot papers at an election, the property in such boxes and papers may be stated to be in the presiding officer at such election as well as the property in the counterfoil.

Infringement of secrecy.

47. (1) Every person in attendance at a polling place shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting in such place and shall not communicate, except for some purposes authorised by law, before the poll is closed to any person any information as to the name or number on the register of any elector who has or has not applied for a ballot paper, or voted at that polling place, or as to the official mark, and no such person shall interfere with or attempt to interfere with an elector when marking his vote or otherwise attempt to obtain in the polling place information as to the candidate for whom any voter in such election is about to vote or has voted, or communicate at any time to any person any information obtained in a polling place as to the candidate for whom any voter in such polling place is about to vote or has voted, or as to the number on the back of the ballot paper given to any elector at such polling place.

(2) Every such person in attendance at the counting of votes shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting, and shall not attempt to ascertain at such counting the number on the back of any ballot paper or communicate any information at such counting to the candidate for whom any vote is given in any particular ballot paper.

(3) No person shall directly or indirectly induce any elector to display his ballot paper after he shall have marked the same so as to make known to any person the name of the candidate for whom he has so marked his vote.

(4) Every person who acts in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £25 or, in default, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Offence of bribery.

48. Every person who shall—

- (a) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, give, lend or agree to give or lend, or shall offer, promise or promise to procure or to endeavour to procure any moneys or valuable consideration to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any other person in order to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do any such act as aforesaid on account of such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any election;

- (b) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, give or procure, or offer, promise or promise to procure or to endeavour to procure any office, place or employment to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any other person in order to induce any voter to vote, or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do any such act as aforesaid on account of any voter having voted or refrained from voting at any election;
- (c) directly or indirectly, by himself or any other person on his behalf, make any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement or agreement as aforesaid to or for any person in order to induce such person to procure, or endeavour to procure, the return of any person to serve in the Council or the vote of any voter at any election;
- (d) upon or in consequence of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement, procure or engage, promise or endeavour to procure, the return of any person to serve on the Council, or the vote of any voter at any election;
- (e) advance or pay, or cause to be paid, any money to or for the use of any other person with the intent that such money or any part thereof shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who shall knowingly pay or cause to be paid any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any election;

shall be deemed guilty of bribery and shall be punishable accordingly.

49. Every person who -

Offence of bribery further defined.

- (a) being a voter, shall before or during any election directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf receive, agree or contract for any money, gift loan or valuable consideration, office place or employment for himself or any other person for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any election;
- (b) shall, after any election, directly or indirectly by himself or any other person on his behalf, receive any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote, or to refrain from voting at any election,

shall also be deemed guilty of bribery and shall be punishable accordingly.

50. Any person who corruptly by himself or by any other person, either before, during or after an election, directly or indirectly gives or provides, or pays wholly or in part the expense of giving or providing any meat, drink, entertainment or provision to or for any person for the purpose of corruptly influencing that person or any other person to give or refrain from giving his vote at the election, or on account of such person, or any other person having voted or refrained from voting or being about to vote or refrain from voting at such election, and every elector who corruptly accepts or takes any such meat, drink, entertainment or provision, shall be guilty of treating, and shall be punishable accordingly.

Offence of treating.

51. Every person who shall directly or indirectly by himself or by any other person on his behalf, make use of, or threaten to make use of any force, violence or restraint, or inflict or threaten the

Offence of undue influence.

infliction by himself or by or through any other person of any temporal or spiritual injury, damage, harm or loss, or in any other manner practice intimidation upon or against any person in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting or on account of such person having voted or refrained from voting at any election, or who shall by abduction, duress or any fraudulent device or contrivance, impede, prevent or otherwise interfere with the free exercise of the franchise of any voter, or shall thereby compel, induce or prevail upon any voter, either to give or refrain from giving his or her vote at any election, shall be deemed to have committed the offence of undue influence and shall be punishable accordingly.

No cockades, etc., to be given.

52. No candidate before, during or after any election, shall in regard to such election, by himself or agent, directly or indirectly, give or provide to or for any person having a vote at such election or to or for any inhabitant of Stanley, any cockade, ribbon or other mark of distinction and every person so giving or providing shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £2.

Offence of personation.

53. (1) A person shall, for all purposes of the law relating to the Stanley Town Council elections, be deemed to be guilty of the offence of personation who at an election applies for a ballot paper in the name of some other person, whether that name be that of a person living or dead or of a fictitious person, or who having voted once at any such election applies at the same election for a ballot paper in his own name.

(2) It shall be the duty of the returning officer to institute a prosecution against any person whom he may believe to have been guilty of personation, or of aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of the offence of personation by any person at the election for which he is returning officer.

(3) A person charged with the offence of personation under this section shall not be convicted or committed for trial except upon the evidence of not less than two credible witnesses.

Punishment of person convicted on indictment of corrupt practices.

54. (1) A person who commits any corrupt practice other than personation, or aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of the offence of personation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and on conviction on indictment shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £200 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

(2) A person who commits the offence of personation, or of aiding, abetting, counselling, or procuring the commission of that offence, shall be guilty of felony, and any person convicted thereof on indictment shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

ILLEGAL PRACTICES.

Certain expenditure to be illegal.

55. (1) No payment or contract for payment shall, for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of a candidate, be made –

- (a) on account of the conveyance of electors to or from the poll, whether for the hiring of horses or vehicles or otherwise; or
- (b) to an elector on account of the use of any house, land, building or premises for the exhibition of any address, bill or notice, or on account of the exhibition of any address, bill or notice; or
- (c) on account of any committee room in excess of one.

(2) Subject to such exception as may be allowed in pursuance of this Ordinance if any payment or contract for payment is knowingly made in contravention of this section either before,

during or after an election, the person making such payment or contract shall be guilty of an illegal practice, and any person receiving such payment or being a party to any such contract, knowing the same to be in contravention of this Ordinance, shall also be guilty of an illegal practice.

Provided that where it is the ordinary business of an elector as an advertising agent to exhibit for payment bills and advertisements, a payment to or contract with such elector if made in the ordinary course of business, shall not be deemed to be an illegal practice within the meaning of this section.

56. (1) Subject to such exception as may be allowed in pursuance of this Ordinance, no sum shall be paid and no expense shall be incurred by or on behalf of a candidate at an election, whether before, during or after an election on account of or in respect of the conduct or management of such election, save that a sum may be paid and expense incurred not in excess of the maximum amount of £50.

Expenditure in excess of permitted maximum an illegal practice.

(2) Any candidate or agent of a candidate or person who knowingly acts in contravention of this section shall be guilty of an illegal practice.

57. A person guilty of an illegal practice in reference to an election, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.

Punishment for illegal practice.

EXPENSES OF CANDIDATES.

58. (1) Every claim against any person in respect of any expenses incurred by or on behalf of a candidate at an election of a councillor on account or in respect of the conduct or management of such election shall be sent in within fourteen days after the day of the election, and if not so sent in shall be barred and not paid, and all expenses incurred as aforesaid shall be paid within twenty-one days after the day of election (or such later time as the Supreme Court, having regard to all the circumstances, may fix on the application of the candidate), and not otherwise, and any person who makes a payment in contravention of this section shall be guilty of an illegal practice, but if such payment was made without the sanction or connivance of the candidate, the election of such candidate shall not be void, nor shall he be subject to any incapacity under this Ordinance by reason only of such payment having been made in contravention of this section.

Claims for expenses incurred by or on behalf of candidates, how and when to be submitted.

(2) Subject to an extension of time which the Supreme Court is hereby authorised to grant on any grounds which the court shall deem reasonable, within twenty-eight days after the day of election of a councillor every candidate at such election shall send to the returning officer a return of all expenses incurred by such candidate or his agents on account of or in respect of the conduct or management of such election, vouched (except in the case of sums under £1) by bills stating the particulars and receipts, and accompanied by a declaration by the candidate made before a Justice in the form set out in the Seventh Schedule to this Ordinance, or to the like effect.

(Seventh Schedule).

(3) After the expiration of the time for making such return and declaration the candidate, if elected, shall not, until he has made the return and declaration (in this Ordinance referred to as the return and declaration respecting election expenses), sit or vote in the Council, and if he does so shall forfeit £50 for every day on which he so sits or votes to be recovered at the suit of the Colonial Secretary.

(4) If the candidate fails without reasonable excuse (the proof whereof shall lie on the person accused) to make the said return and declaration he shall be guilty of an illegal practice.

(5) The return and declaration sent in pursuance of this Ordinance to the returning officer shall be kept at his office, and shall at all reasonable times during the twelve months next after they are received by him be open to inspection by any person on the payment of the fee of one shilling, and the returning officer shall, on demand furnish copies thereof or of any part thereof at the price of two shillings for every seventy-two words.

(6) After the expiration of the said twelve months the returning officer may cause the return and declaration to be destroyed, or if the candidate so require shall return the same to him.

ELECTION PETITIONS.

Power to question election.

59. (1) An election may be questioned by an election petition on the ground -

- (a) that the election was wholly voided by general bribery, treating, undue influence or personation; or
- (b) that the election was voided by corrupt or illegal practices or offences against this part of this Ordinance committed at the election; or
- (c) that the person whose election is questioned was at the time of the election disqualified; or
- (d) that he was not duly elected by a majority of lawful votes.

(2) An election shall not be questioned on any of those grounds except by an election petition.

Election petitions to be heard by Supreme Court.

60. (1) Every election petition shall be heard by the Supreme Court and, subject to the express provisions of this Ordinance and any rules of court prescribed under the powers conferred by this section, every election petition shall, as nearly as circumstances admit, be presented, heard and determined according to the law for the time being in force in England with respect to municipal election petitions.

(2) After hearing an election petition, the Supreme Court shall deliver a report to the Governor.

(3) The Judge of the Supreme Court may make rules of court for regulating all matters relating to the presentation, hearing and determination of election petitions.

Presentation of petition.

61. (1) An election petition may be presented either by four or more persons who voted or who had a right to vote at the election or by a person alleging himself to have been a candidate at the election.

(2) Any person whose election is questioned by the petition, and any returning officer of whose conduct a petition complains, may be made a respondent to the petition.

Time within which petition must be presented.

62. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an election petition shall be presented within twenty-one days after the day on which the election was held.

(2) An election petition complaining of the election on the ground of an illegal practice may be presented at any time before the expiration of fourteen days after the day on which the returning officer receives the return and declaration respecting election expenses of the candidate to whose election the petition relates. This subsection shall apply notwithstanding that the illegal practice is also a corrupt practice.

(3) An election petition, complaining of the election on the ground of any corrupt or illegal practice, and specifically alleging a payment of money or other act made or done since the election by

the candidate elected at such election, or by an agent of the candidate, or with the privity of the candidate, in pursuance or in furtherance of such corrupt or illegal practice may be presented at any time within twenty-eight days after the date of such payment or act, whether or not any other petition against that person has been previously presented or tried.

EXCUSE AND EXCEPTION FOR CORRUPT OR ILLEGAL PRACTICE.

63. Where, upon the trial of an election petition, the Court reports that a candidate at such election has been guilty by his agents of the offence of treating and undue influence, and illegal practice, or of any such offences, in reference to such election, and the Court further reports that the candidate has proved to the Court –

Report exonerating candidates in certain cases of corrupt and illegal practice by agents.

- (a) that no corrupt or illegal practice was committed at such election by the candidate or with his knowledge or consent, and the offences mentioned in the said report were committed without the sanction or connivance of such candidate; and
- (b) that all reasonable means for preventing the commission of corrupt and illegal practices at such election were taken by and on behalf of the candidate; and
- (c) that the offences mentioned in the said report were of trivial, unimportant and limited character; and
- (d) that in all other respects the election was free from any corrupt or illegal practice on the part of such candidate and of his agents,

then the election of such candidate shall not, by reason of the offences mentioned in such report, be void, nor shall the candidate be subject to any incapacity under this Ordinance.

64. Where, on application made, it is shown to the Supreme Court by such evidence as seems to the Court sufficient –

Power of Supreme Court to except innocent act from being illegal practice.

- (a) that any act or omission of a candidate at an election, or of any other agent or other person, would, by reason of being in contravention of any of the provisions of this Ordinance, be but for this section an illegal practice; and
- (b) that such act or omission arose from inadvertence or from accidental miscalculation or from some other reasonable cause of a like nature, and in any case did not arise from any want of good faith; and
- (c) that such notice of the application has been given as to the Court seems fit,

and under the circumstances it seems to the Court to be just that the said candidate, agent and person, or any of them, should not be subject to any of the consequences under this Ordinance of the said act or omission, the Court may make an order allowing such act or omission to be an exception from the provisions of this Ordinance which would otherwise make the same an illegal practice, and thereupon such candidate, agent or person shall not be subject to any of the consequences under this Ordinance of the said act or omission.

DISQUALIFICATION OF ELECTORS.

65. Any person who is convicted of any corrupt or illegal practices or is found by the report upon the trial of an election petition to have been guilty of a corrupt or illegal practice either by himself or if a candidate, through his agents, shall not be capable for a period of five years from the date of the conviction or report, as the case may be –

Disqualification upon corrupt or illegal practices.

- (a) of being registered as an elector or voting at any election of the Council; or

- (b) of holding office as a councillor, or justice of the peace, and if he holds such office, the office shall be at once vacated.

Prohibition of disqualified persons from voting.

66. Every person who, in consequence of conviction or of the report of the Supreme Court on an election petition has become incapable of voting at any election is prohibited from voting at any such election, and his vote shall be void and struck off on a scrutiny.

Hearing of person before he is reported guilty of corrupt or illegal practice.

67. Before a person, not being a party to an election petition nor a candidate on behalf of whom the seat is claimed by an election petition, is reported by the Supreme Court to have been guilty at an election of any corrupt or illegal practice, the Court shall cause notice to be given to such person, and if he appears in pursuance of the notice, shall give him an opportunity of being heard by himself and of calling evidence in his defence to show why he should not be so reported.

Offenders to be struck off register, etc.

68. Whenever it shall be proved before the Registration Officer that any person who is or claims to be placed on the list or register of voters, has been found guilty of corrupt or illegal practices either by conviction or by the report of the Supreme Court at an election petition, the Registration Officer shall, in case the name of such person is in the list of voters, expunge the same therefrom, or shall, in case such person is claiming to have his name inserted therein, disallow such claim; and the names of all persons whose names shall be so expunged from the list of voters, and whose claims shall be so disallowed, shall be thereupon inserted in a separate list, to be entitled "The List of Persons disqualified for corrupt or illegal practices" which last-named list shall be appended to the list or register of voters, and shall be printed and published therewith, wherever the same shall be or is required to be printed or published.

PART IV.

GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES OF COUNCIL.

TRANSACTION OF BUSINESS.

Meetings.

69. The Council shall meet for the despatch of business as often as they shall think fit, being not less than once a month.

Quorum.

70. At every meeting of the Council four members shall form a quorum. Every question shall be decided by the votes of a majority of those present and voting on that question, and in case of an equal division of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. The Council shall cause all their proceedings to be recorded in a book to be kept for that purpose and such proceedings shall at every meeting be signed by the Chairman.

Council not disqualified by reason of vacancies.

71. The Council shall not be disqualified for the transaction of business by reason of any vacancy among the councillors.

Appointment of committees.

72. The Council may appoint from among themselves committees consisting of not less than three, of whom the Chairman shall always be one. Every such committee shall have power, until the first day of January next following or such sooner day as the Council may determine, to transact the ordinary business for which they may be appointed;

Provided always that it shall not be lawful for any committee —

- (a) to make any rate or assessment; or
- (b) to make or enter into any contract hereby, or by any law in force in the Colony, required to be in writing; or

- (c) to appoint or to remove any officer or servant employed by the Council; or
- (d) to make or to revoke any by-law; or
- (e) to commence any suit or action or other proceeding in the Supreme Court, or to give notice of appeal; or
- (f) to make or to revoke any order appointing an officer to be rated and assessed, by the name of his office.

73. At every meeting of a committee two of their number shall be a quorum. Every question shall be decided in like manner as at a meeting of the Council, except that every question as to which the voices are equal shall be deemed to be passed in the negative. They shall cause all their proceedings to be recorded in a book, which shall be kept and signed in like manner as that relating to the proceedings of the Council and shall submit their proceedings to the Council at every meeting next thereafter.

How committee may proceed.

74. (1) A committee shall be appointed to administer moneys voted by the Council for Poor Relief and it shall be entitled the Public Assistance Committee.

Public Assistance Committee.

(2) Provided that at least two-thirds of the committee are members of the Council, the Public Assistance Committee may include persons who are not members of the Council and at least one of these persons shall be a woman.

Members may be co-opted.

(3) Subject to the provisions of Section 72 of this Ordinance the Council may delegate to the Committee any or all of its functions relative to Poor Relief.

Delegation of functions by Council.

(4) With the authority of the Council as provided in subsection (3) or with special authority referring to specified cases which have previously been submitted to the Council, the Public Assistance Committee may institute proceedings before a Court of Summary Jurisdiction against persons who are liable to maintain those relatives who are within the degrees of relationship recognised for that purpose by the laws of England for the time being in force to compel them to maintain such relatives or to contribute to their maintenance.

Relatives may be sued.

(5) The Public Assistance Committee may be represented in such proceedings by one of their members appointed for the purpose by the Committee.

Representation of P.A.C. in Court.

75. (1) Subject to the approval of the Governor, the Council may make standing orders for the regulation of the proceedings and business of the Council and any of their committees.

Standing orders.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this or any other law, it shall not be necessary to publish in the Gazette any standing orders of the Council.

76. In all legal proceedings before any court the Council may be represented by their Secretary.

Representation in legal proceedings.

77. Every order and certificate to be made by the Council shall be in writing under their common seal and the hand of their Chairman, and every return, report and recommendation shall be in writing and signed by the Secretary to the Council by order of the Council.

Orders of Council how made.

78. The Council shall whenever required by the Governor make a true and correct report to the Governor of any legal proceedings taken under this or any other Ordinance together with all such remarks relating to such proceedings as the Council may think fit to make.

Report of legal proceedings.

PURCHASES AND CONTRACTS.

Purchase of carts,
draught animals etc.

79. The Council may purchase, hire or possess carts, carriages and other machines, and all necessary implements, horses and other animals of draught.

Power of Council to
contract.

80. The Council may enter into any contracts necessary for carrying this or any other Ordinance into execution. All such contracts shall be for any period not exceeding two years.

Contracts and pur-
chases in the United
Kingdom how to be
made.

81. All contracts made by the Council in the United Kingdom, and all articles obtained by them in the United Kingdom, shall be made and obtained through the Crown Agents for the Colonies.

No councillor or his
partner to enter into
contract with Council.

82. No councillor or person being in partnership with a councillor shall be capable of entering into any contract for the supply of any goods to the Council, or for the execution of any works undertaken by the Council, unless the approval of the Governor shall have first been obtained in writing.

Penalty for so doing.

83. If any councillor, or any partner of any councillor, shall wilfully enter into any contract for the supply of any goods to the Council, or for the execution of any works undertaken by the Council, except as provided for in the preceding section, he shall be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding £50 for every day on which he shall so wilfully enter into any such contract, or during which any such contract, if so entered into, shall subsist.

POWER TO MAKE BY-LAWS.

No by-law valid
unless approved by
the Governor and
published.

84. Every by-law authorised to be made by the Council shall be made under the common seal of the Council and the hand of their Chairman, and dated on the day of the making thereof and no such by-law shall have any force of effect unless the Governor shall, within six weeks thereafter, signify his approbation thereof under his hand and seal thereto. Such approbation, if given, shall be published by the Council in the Gazette.

To be enrolled.

85. Every by-law shall, within three days after publication of the same, be enrolled in the Supreme Court.

Examined copy to be
conclusive evidence.

86. An examined copy of the enrolment of any by-law, certified under the seal of the Supreme Court and the hand of the Registrar shall be conclusive evidence in all courts, and in all legal proceedings, and to all intents and purposes that such by-law was duly made.

No by-laws to be
questioned till
annulled.

87. Every by-law lawfully made by the Council shall, after publication thereof as aforesaid, be good, valid and effectual to all intents and purposes, and such by-law shall not be impeached, impugned, questioned or disobeyed by any court, or justice, or by any person whatever, until the same shall have been repealed, or otherwise lawfully annulled.

Provided always, that nothing hereinbefore contained shall apply to any legal or other authorised proceeding bona fide instituted or taken for the express purpose of causing any such by-law to be repealed, or otherwise lawfully annulled.

Breach of by-law an
offence.

88. Unless any other penalty be specially provided, every person who shall without lawful excuse, the proof whereof shall lie on the person charged, break or disobey, or neglect, or refuse to obey any by-law duly in force shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £5.

By-laws may be print-
ed and sold.

89. The Council may cause to be printed, and may keep a sufficient number of printed copies of all their by-laws, and may upon payment of a reasonable sum for the same, sell copies thereof

to any person who may apply for the same.

90. The Governor, whenever requested so to do by the Council, may cause to be prepared a draft of any by-law hereby authorised, and cause such draft to be transmitted to the Council for their consideration.

Preparation of
by-laws.

PART V.

APPOINTMENT AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

91. Subject to the proviso hereinafter mentioned, the Council may appoint, employ, and fix the salaries of all such persons as may be necessary to enable them to exercise and carry into effect the powers and authorities created by this or any other Ordinance. Provided always that whenever the salary proposed to be attached to any appointment shall exceed £150 per annum, such appointment shall be subject to the approval and confirmation in writing of the Governor, who shall also approve the amount of the salary to be attached thereto.

Council may appoint
officers and servants
subject to Governor's
approval.

92. The Council shall appoint, during pleasure, the consent in writing of the Governor being first obtained, some persons to be sanitary inspectors and every sanitary inspector shall by virtue of his office be and exercise the powers of a constable under the orders and direction of the Council.

Appointment of
sanitary inspectors
who shall be
constables.

93. The Council shall appoint collectors who shall be authorised to levy and collect the rates and other moneys which the Council are authorised to receive, and who shall be entitled to such salary or remuneration as the Council may fix and determine.

Appointment of
collectors.

94. With the approval of the Governor, the Council may appoint suitable persons to be Secretary and Treasurer to the Council at such remuneration as may be fixed by the Governor or if the Council shall think fit they may in like manner appoint one person to carry out the duties of both Secretary and Treasurer.

Appointment of Sec-
retary and Treasurer
to the Council.

95. The Governor shall appoint and may remove a duly registered medical practitioner to be Medical Officer of Health, who shall execute all the duties of an Officer of Health and such other similar duties as may be required of him by the Governor or by the Council with the written approbation of the Governor.

Appointment of
Medical Officer of
Health.

96. Should at any time the Executive Engineer to the Government not be a member of the Council, the Council may appoint an Engineer, and, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, may pay him such salary as they may think proper out of the rates.

Appointment of
Engineer.

Provided that in these circumstances the Governor may require that the execution of any works undertaken by the Council of which the cost is partly provided for from Imperial funds or from the general revenues of the Colony, or from both of those sources, shall be carried out under the supervision of the Executive Engineer, but the rates shall not be charged with any remuneration payable in respect of such supervision to the Executive Engineer.

97. The Government Auditor, or in the absence of such an appointment, such other officer as may be nominated by the Governor shall be the auditor of the Council's accounts, and in all legal or official proceedings, correspondence, or written instruments, he may be described as the Town Council Auditor without naming him, except in any legal or official proceedings had or taken by or against him, or in any instrument to which he shall be a party.

Auditor of the
Council's accounts.

98. The Council shall pay to the Government out of the rates such annual sum as may from time to time be agreed upon

Cost of audit.

between the Governor and the Council as a proper charge for auditing the Council's accounts.

When Deputy may be appointed by Council.

99. In the case of sickness, temporary absence, or other inability of any officer or servant of the Council, or other person charged with the performance of any duty under this Ordinance, the Council or, in the case of a civil servant, the Governor may appoint a deputy in the place of such officer, servant or other person, and every such deputy shall perform all the duties, and be subject to all the liabilities of the officer, servant or other person in whose place he may be appointed.

Officers not to contract with the Council.

100. (1) Officers or servants appointed or employed by the Council shall not in anywise be concerned or interested in any bargain or contract made with the Council.

(2) If any such officer or servant is so concerned or interested, or, under colour of his office or employment, exacts or accepts any fee or reward whatsoever other than his proper salary, wages and allowances, he shall be incapable of afterwards holding or continuing in any office or employment under the Council, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of £50, which may be recovered by any person, with full cost of suit, by action of debt.

Officers entrusted with money to give security.

101. Before any officer or servant of the Council enters on any office or employment under this or any other Ordinance, by reason whereof he will or may be entrusted with the custody or control of money, the Council shall take from him sufficient security for the faithful execution of such office or employment, and for duly accounting for all moneys, which may be entrusted to him by reason thereof, in such amount and with such sureties as the Governor shall in writing direct.

Officers to account.

102. (1) Every officer or servant appointed or employed by the Council shall, when and in such manner as may be required by the Council, make out and deliver to them, a true and perfect account in writing of all moneys received by him on behalf of the Council, stating how, and to whom, and for what purpose such moneys have been disposed of, and shall, together with such account, deliver the vouchers or receipts for all payments made by him and pay over to the Council all moneys owing by him on the balance of accounts.

(2) Every such officer or servant employed in the collection of any rate shall, within seven days after he has received any moneys on account of any such rate, pay over the same to the Council, and shall, as and when the Council may direct, deliver a list signed by him and containing the names of all persons who have neglected or refused to pay any such rate, and the sums respectively due from them.

Summary proceedings against defaulting officers.

103. (1) If any officer or servant appointed or employed by the Council –

- (a) fails to render accounts, or to produce and deliver up vouchers and receipts, or to pay over any moneys as and when required by this Ordinance; or
- (b) fails within twenty-four hours after written notice in that behalf from the Council to deliver up to the Council all books, papers, writings, property and things in his possession or power, relating to the execution of this or any other Ordinance, or belonging to the Council,

the Council may cause a complaint to be made to a Justice, and such Justice shall thereupon summon the party charged to appear before a Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

- (2) On the appearance of the party charged, or on proof

that the summons was personally served on him, or left at his last known place of abode or business, if it appears to the Court that he has failed to render any such accounts, or to pay over such moneys, or to produce or deliver up any such vouchers or receipts, books, papers, writings, property or things as aforesaid in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, and that he still fails or refuses so to do, the Court may commit the offender to gaol, there to remain without bail until he has rendered such accounts, paid over such moneys, and produced and delivered up all such vouchers, receipts, books, papers, writings, property and things in respect of the charge was made.

Provided that a person shall not be imprisoned under this section for a term exceeding six months.

(3) No proceedings under this section shall be construed to relieve or discharge any surety of the offender from any liability whatever.

104. (1) The provisions of the Provident Fund Ordinance and any subsequent amendment thereof, together with any regulations made or which may hereafter be made under that Ordinance shall apply to all officers and servants of the Council. Pensions.

PART VI.

PUBLIC WORKS, Etc.

105. In this part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires. — Interpretation of Part VI.

“Capital” means —

- (a) every sum of money which the Council may be authorised to raise for any public purpose; and
- (b) all moneys which under any enactment have been granted or which at any time hereafter may be granted to the Council for any public purpose out of moneys provided by the Legislative Council, or from the general revenues of the Colony, and all other moneys which shall be payable to the Council, or come into their hands, and be applicable to the same purposes as capital which they may be authorised to raise;

“to construct” with all the moods, conjunctions and tenses thereof includes in addition to its ordinary signification to build, execute, erect, place, lay, fix, provide, enlarge, deepen, vary, alter, renew, supply and complete;

“expenses” include costs and charges;

“lands” and “premises” includes messuages, buildings, lands, easements and hereditaments of any tenure, whether the property of His Majesty or of any person whomsoever, whether built on or not, and whether public or private, enclosed or unclosed;

“public highway” means any street, road, lane, passage, alley, steps, stairs or public place;

“public purpose” includes every purpose which the Council is authorised to effect, the cost of effecting which is chargeable, wholly or in part, against capital or against any rates, tolls, rents, dues or other moneys which the Council may be authorised or enabled to levy, take, have, receive or recover;

“public works” include all existing works, buildings and other constructions which are by this or any other Ordinance vested in the Council and all works, buildings and other constructions

which they may be authorised by this or any other Ordinance to construct and provide and such other works of a public nature, whether paid for out of Town Council funds or not, as the Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, declare to be public works.

GENERAL.

Public works requiring Governor's sanction.

106. No public work or purpose of any kind, the cost of which is not intended to be defrayed out of the revenues provided in the estimates for the current year, and for which it may be necessary to raise capital shall be undertaken or executed by the Council without the previous consent in writing of the Governor.

Estimate of cost of public works.

107. Whenever any such public work or purpose is proposed to be undertaken by the Council, they shall submit to the Governor for his approval, accompanied when necessary by a map or plan, a report stating their reasons for desiring to undertake the same and an estimate of the cost of the execution thereof, and a financial scheme for the payment of such cost. Such estimate shall include, when necessary, an estimate of the probable annual expenditure, including redemption of capital and interest thereon, to be occasioned by the execution of such public work or purpose.

Governor may authorise public works.

108. The Governor may, if he shall think fit, authorise in writing the execution by the Council of any such public work or purpose and the raising for such purpose of the amount of capital necessary therefor.

When estimates to be published.

109. The estimates of any public work, the cost of which shall exceed £500, shall be published for general information in the Gazette not less than ten days before being submitted for the approval of the Governor.

Capital to include cost of estimates, surveys, etc.

110. The Council may include in, and raise as part of, capital their expenses in making and preparing all necessary estimates, surveys, valuations and plans, for any public work, and in procuring contracts for the same. Provided that an account thereof shall have been duly rendered to the Town Council Auditor and certified by him to be correct within three months after the estimates for such public work shall have been approved.

How construction of works may be suspended or abandoned.

111. The Council, with the consent in writing of the Governor, may abandon or suspend the construction of any public works or of any part thereof which shall not then be completed. The Council shall clearly describe the works so abandoned or suspended or intended so to be and shall forthwith cause notice of the same and the Governor's approbation thereof to be published in the Gazette and thereupon their powers and liabilities relating thereto shall cease or be suspended accordingly.

Suspended works may be sold or completed in different manner with consent of Governor.

112. The Council may also determine that it is expedient that they should sell or complete in a different manner or for a different purpose to be stated in writing and described in plan, any public works or any part thereof, the construction or completion whereof shall have been abandoned or suspended as aforesaid, and thereupon the Governor may authorise the Council in writing to sell or complete the same accordingly, and notice thereof, without the plan, shall be published in the Gazette. The proceeds of any sale shall be carried to the credit of the capital account.

Completed work and expenditure to be certified to Governor.

113. Whenever the Council shall have completed any public work authorised by the Governor under this Ordinance and for which capital shall have been raised, or so much of the work the construction whereof shall not have been abandoned or suspended in manner hereinbefore provided, the Council shall certify such completion to the Governor and shall at the same time transmit an account in duplicate of the expenditure relating thereto.

114. The Governor shall cause such account to be transmitted to the Town Council Auditor, who shall examine and audit the same, and the Governor if he shall be satisfied that such works have been satisfactorily completed, and the accounts thereof duly audited, shall certify to the Council his approbation thereof, and shall cause such certificate to be published in the Gazette. Such public works shall thereupon become vested in and be under the control and management of the Council.

Account to be certified by Governor after audit.

115. The Council shall insure against fire in some insurance office, at not less than two-thirds of the value thereof, all public works and property vested in or under their control and management, or in their possession or occupation, and which from the nature thereof may be liable to destruction by fire, and also all the furniture, fixtures, matters and things therein, and shall pay the premium and other expenses of every such insurance out of the general rate or out of such other moneys under the control of the Council to which such premiums and expenses may be more properly chargeable.

Public works to be insured against fire.

COUNCIL OFFICES.

116. The Council, with the consent in writing of the Governor, may construct, purchase or otherwise acquire, all such offices as they may determine to be necessary for the purpose of this or any other Ordinance, and to enable them to carry the same into effect, and may provide suitable furniture and fittings therein, and may for such purposes raise such sum as they may deem necessary, and as may be sanctioned by the Governor in writing, and shall apply the same in the payment of the expenses incurred by them under this section.

Council may construct offices.

117. For the purposes aforesaid, and for all other purposes which may be authorised by this or any other Ordinance, the Governor may from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Land Ordinance grant to the Council at such rent, payable to His Majesty, as may be reserved, permission to use any Town Land site, house or building, the property of His Majesty, together with all easements appertaining thereto for such term and upon such conditions as he may think fit.

Governor may grant necessary sites.

118. Every site, house, office and building, together with all easements appertaining thereto, which, or permission to use which, shall be granted by the Governor, and all such offices, and all furniture, fixtures, fittings, matters and things therein, shall be vested in, and under the control and management of the Council.

Offices, etc., to vest in Council.

PART VII.

GENERAL FINANCIAL PROVISIONS.

119. In this part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires, —

Interpretation of Part VII.

“capital” means —

- (a) every sum of money which the Council may be authorised to raise for any public purpose; and
- (b) all moneys which under any enactment have been granted or which at any time hereafter may be granted to the Council for any public purpose out of moneys provided by Parliament, or from the general revenues of the Colony, and all other moneys which shall be payable to the Council, or come into their hands, and be applicable to the same purposes as capital which they may be authorised to raise;

“expenses” include costs and charges;

“public purpose” includes every purpose which the Council are

authorised to effect, the cost of effecting which is chargeable, wholly or in part, against capital or against any rates, tolls, rents, dues or other moneys which the Council may be authorised or enabled to levy, take, have, receive or recover;

"public works" include all existing works, buildings and other constructions which are by this or any other Ordinance vested in the Council and all works, buildings and other constructions which they may be authorised by this or any other Ordinance to construct and provide and such other works of a public nature, whether paid for out of Town Council funds or not, as the Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, declare to be public works.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

Treasury account.

120. An account shall be opened in the Colonial Treasury and all moneys received by the Council shall be paid into such account.

Salaries, etc. how to be paid.

121. The salary, wages or other remuneration of every person lawfully appointed by the Council for the purpose of discharging any duty under this or any other Ordinance shall be deemed and taken to be part of the expenses of the Council and shall be paid out of the proper moneys which may be received by them for that purpose, and shall be entered into the proper account.

Costs of Council in legal proceedings.

122. All costs which the Council or their officers, or any constables acting in the execution of this or any other Ordinance may incur or be ordered by any court to pay in any legal proceedings shall be part of their lawful expenses, and shall be paid out of the general revenues of the Council unless the Court shall adjudge their conduct or any complaint or any ground of appeal or the defence against any ground of appeal to have been frivolous and vexatious or that they have wilfully neglected or refused to obey an order of the Court, in any of which cases the Court may make such orders as to costs as it shall think fit, and the Council and their officers or any such constables shall not be entitled to be reimbursed such costs out of any moneys that shall be raised or received by them under this or any other Ordinance or by virtue of their office.

Authority for expenditure on entertainment.

123. (1) The Council may expend in any one year ending on the 31st day of December a sum not exceeding £25 in the entertainment of visiting warships (including those of foreign powers), the public reception and entertainment of distinguished visitors and on such other ceremonial occasions as the Council may deem proper for official entertainment.

(2) All sums so expended by the Council shall be deemed to be expenses lawfully incurred by the Council and shall be charged and defrayed accordingly.

ACCOUNTS.

Accounts, how to be kept.

124. The Council shall cause their accounts to be kept according to a system of book-keeping, approved by the Colonial Secretary, and in the denomination of the legal currency of Stanley for the time being, and such books shall contain and include a full and distinct account of all expenses, disbursements, and liabilities of the Council and of all moneys by them received or receivable, and of all moneys by them paid or payable.

Capital account.

125. The Council shall cause a separate and distinct account, to be called the capital account to be kept of all receipts and disbursements of any capital which the Council may raise or receive for any purpose in such manner as the Governor shall in writing direct and, so far as such directions shall not extend, they shall keep such capital account according to a system of book-keeping approved by the Colonial Secretary.

126. The Council shall cause to be included in such capital account an account of all moneys which heretofore have been or at any time hereafter may be granted to the Council out of moneys provided by the Legislative Council, and out of general revenues of the Colony, and of all other moneys which shall be payable to them or come into their hands, and be applicable to the same purposes as capital which the Council may raise.

127. The Council shall also cause to be kept separate and distinct accounts of the appropriation of all moneys which they may raise or receive for the purpose of constructing, purchasing or otherwise acquiring any public work.

Accounts of money raised, etc.

128. The Council shall, during the month of September in every year, prepare an estimate, certified under the hand of their Secretary of their probable receipts and expenses during the following year, in the same form as the abstracts of accounts which they are hereby required to prepare and deliver to the Town Council Auditor, and shall publish the same in the next Gazette.

Annual estimates of probable expenses in following year.

129. All moneys which the Council shall receive under this or any other Ordinance, otherwise than as capital or for any specific purpose under this or any other Ordinance, shall be duly accounted for and applied in aid of the rates.

Receipts (other than capital etc.), how to be applied.

130. The Council may make by-laws, —

- (a) for regulating the manner in which their accounts shall be kept, subject nevertheless to the provisions contained in this or any other Ordinance; and
- (b) for regulating the application of the balance of any capital which shall have been raised by them for any purpose under this or any other Ordinance, and which may remain in their hands and not be required for such purpose.

By-laws as to manner of keeping accounts and disposal of capital.

AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS.

131. (1) The Council, and every person having the collection, receipt or expenditure of money payable to or receivable by the Council, or holding or accountable for any balance of such money, or any books, deeds, papers, goods or chattels relating to the duties of the Council, shall once in every quarter of a year make out and render to the Town Council Auditor an abstract of account of all moneys, matters and things committed to their charge, or received, held, expended or applied by them or him on their behalf.

Accounts of Council and collectors.

(2) Before the first day of March in every year, the Council shall prepare and deliver to the Town Council Auditor an abstract of every account hereby required to be kept containing the amount of the income and expenditure in each of such accounts in respect of the year ended 31st December immediately previous together with the General Balance Sheet as at that date.

(3) The Town Council Auditor shall complete the examination of such accounts within ninety days of the receipt thereof by him and shall deliver them to the Council certified by him and if he shall fail to do so within such period, the Council may notify the Governor accordingly.

(4) The Council shall within thirty-one days after the completion of the audit publish every such abstract in the Gazette.

132. The following regulations with respect to audit shall be observed —

Audit of accounts, regulations governing.

- (a) For the purpose of any audit, the Town Council Auditor may require the production before him of

all books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, receipts and other documents and papers which he may deem necessary, and may require any person holding or accountable for any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, receipts, documents or papers to appear before him at any such audit or any adjournment thereof, and to make and sign a declaration as to the correctness of the same. If any such person neglects or refuses so to do, or to produce any such books, deeds, contracts, vouchers, accounts, receipts, documents or papers, or to make or sign such declaration, he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction for every such neglect or refusal to a penalty not exceeding £2.

- (b) The Town Council Auditor shall disallow every item of account contrary to law, and surcharge the same on the person making or authorising the making of the illegal payment, and shall charge against any person accounting the amount of any deficiency or loss incurred by the negligence or misconduct of that person, or of any sum which ought to have been but is not brought into account by that person, and in every such case the Town Council Auditor shall cause notice of his intention to make such surcharge to be given to such person, and shall adjourn the audit so far as it relates to such particular matter, for a sufficient time to allow of such person appearing before him and showing cause against such surcharge; and at such time the Town Council Auditor shall hear such person and determine according to the law and justice of the case, and thereupon certify the amount, (if any) due from such person. Provided that the Town Council Auditor shall not disallow any payment or liability made or incurred by the Council under any order of the Supreme Court, or with the previous authority of the Governor in manner hereinafter mentioned.
- (c) On application by any person who deems himself aggrieved, the Town Council Auditor shall state in writing the reasons for his decision in respect of such disallowance or surcharge, and that person may apply to the Supreme Court by motion in a summary way for an order directing the Town Council Auditor to allow an item that may have been disallowed by him; and the Court, upon proof of notice to the Town Council Auditor and to all such other persons (if any) as it may think entitled to notice, may make such order with respect to such disallowance and surcharge as to costs as may appear to it just and reasonable, and if it shall find that the said disallowance or surcharge was lawfully made, but that the subject-matter thereof was incurred under circumstances that make it fair and equitable that the disallowance or surcharge should be remitted, the Court may remit the same, and the Town Council Auditor shall govern himself accordingly.
- (d) Every sum certified to be due from any person by the Town Council Auditor shall be paid by such person to the Council within fourteen days after the same has been so certified (unless there is an appeal against the decision) and the Town Council Auditor shall, if necessary, proceed for the recovery thereof in the Supreme Court if the amount shall exceed £5, or in a summary manner if the amount shall not exceed such sum. All expenses incurred by the Town Council Auditor in such proceeding as aforesaid,

which shall not be recovered by him from any other person, shall be paid by the Council out of the rates.

133. The accounts of officers or assistants of the Council who are required to receive moneys or goods on behalf of the Council shall be audited by the Town Council Auditor with the same powers, incidents and consequences as in the case of such last-mentioned accounts.

Audit of accounts of officers.

134. The Governor may upon application made to him in that behalf, remit any surcharge upon any councillor or other person if he shall be satisfied that the payment or liability surcharged was made or incurred bona fide for the purpose of carrying into effect or performing the powers and duties vested in or imposed upon the Council, and that such payment or liability was made or incurred for the public advantage, and the Town Council Auditor shall govern himself accordingly.

Governor may remit any surcharge.

135. In all doubtful cases or upon any emergency, or in cases for which no provision has been made by law, the Council shall before making any payment or incurring any liability apply to the Governor for his authority to make such payment or incur such liability, and the Governor may, if he shall think fit, authorise in writing the expenditure of any sum of money or the incurring of any liability by the Council for the purpose of carrying into effect or performing the duties imposed upon them, notwithstanding that no provision may have been made by law for such expenditure or for incurring such liability.

Council to apply to the Governor in doubtful cases, to authorise expenditure.

136. The Council, whenever desired by the Governor, shall submit its books of account and all documents in its possession for the special examination by any person or persons appointed as a committee for the purpose by the Governor, and shall furnish all such information connected with its affairs as may be required by such committee.

Council to submit books for examination when required by Governor.

137. The map of Record shall be authenticated by the signature of the Colonial Secretary and all disputes as to the boundaries of the wards shall be conclusively settled by reference thereto.

Map of Record.

138. In this Ordinance "Stanley" means – the area comprehended in the three Wards defined in the First Schedule and shown on the Map of Record.

Definition of Stanley.

139. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Ordinance the Governor in Council may from time to time make such orders as may be deemed necessary to carry out the purpose and intent of this Ordinance.

Special Powers of Governor.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Sections 4 and 138.

BOUNDARIES OF WARDS.

1. The Northern boundary of all wards on the South side of Stanley Harbour and the Southern boundary of that part of the Centre Ward which lies on the North side of Stanley Harbour shall be the upper limit of the foreshore.

Provided that all hulks, jetties and sheds projecting into Stanley Harbour beyond the upper limit of the foreshore be deemed to be part of the ward from which they so project.

2. The West Ward shall be bounded –

on the West by a line about three hundred and thirty yards in length from a point on the upper limit of the foreshore two hundred and fifty yards West of the West side of Sullivan House Jetty and running in an approximately Southerly direction along the line of the fence now dividing Crown Land on the East of the fence from land in the possession of the Falkland Islands Company on the West of the fence and continued beyond the end of the said fence until the boundary meets the fence hereinafter called the second fence which runs approximately East and West on the North face of the Murray Heights;

on the South by the line of the second fence from the point where the Western Boundary of the West Ward meets it, thence towards the East to the South-East corner of the Golf Course, thence in a Southerly direction to the South-West corner of the enclosure known as "Bonner's Paddock" this corner being marked with a concrete post bearing the number "I" on the top and being marked on the Map of Record as a triangular survey sign and with the number "I", thence to a point opposite the middle line of Brisbane Road by a straight line running from the corner numbered "I" to the South-East corner of the enclosure known as "Dettleff's Paddock", the last mentioned corner being marked with a concrete post bearing the number "II" on the top and being marked on the Map of Record by a triangular survey sign and the number "II";

on the East by a line running in a Northerly direction from the point on the Southern boundary opposite the middle line of Brisbane Road and along the middle line of Brisbane Road to the middle line of Drury Street, thence in a Westerly direction along the middle line of Drury Street to a point opposite the middle line of Barrack Street, thence in a Northerly direction along the middle line of Barrack Street to the middle line of Ross Road and thence to a point in line with the East fence of the Deanery, and thence North to the foreshore.

The West Ward is shown in Blue on the Map of Record.

The Centre Ward shall be bounded –

on the West by the East boundary of the West Ward;

on the South from the point at which the East boundary of the West Ward meets the aforesaid straight line running from the corner numbered "I" to the corner numbered "II" and by that line to a point opposite the middle line of Dean Street;

on the East, from the last named point, in a Northerly direction along the middle line of Dean Street to a point on the middle line of Fitzroy Road, thence in an Easterly direction on the middle line of Fitzroy Road to a point in line with the Eastern fence enclosing the Globe Hotel. Thence to the North end of the last mentioned fence and thence to the foreshore at a point on the East side of the Public jetty.

The Centre Ward shall include all lands on the North side of Stanley Harbour in occupation of the Crown or the Admiralty, being those lands to the East of the fence running North and South and distant approximately eight hundred and fifty yards East of the summit of Cortley Hill.

The Centre Ward is shown in Red on the Map of Record.

The East Ward shall be bounded –

on the West by the Eastern boundary of the Centre Ward;

on the South by the straight line running from the corner numbered "I" to the corner numbered "II" from the point at which it is joined by the East boundary of the Centre Ward to the corner numbered "II" and thence in a straight line running approximately ENE.½E. to the Southern Leading Mark for the entrance to Stanley Harbour;

thence North to the foreshore.

The East Ward is shown in Green on the Map of Record.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Section 5 (2).

RULES FOR PREPARING REGISTER OF ELECTORS.

1. The register shall be framed in separate parts for each registration unit, and the registration unit shall be the ward. The names in the register shall be arranged in street order. Arrangements of register.
2. It shall be the duty of the Registration Officer to cause a house or other sufficient enquiry to be made and to prepare, or cause to be prepared, lists for each registration unit of all persons appearing to be entitled to be registered as electors and to publish those lists in the form in which the register is to be framed. The Registration Officer shall at the same time publish a notice specifying the mode in which, and the time within which, claims and objections are to be made under these rules. Preparation of Lists.
3. Any person who claims to be entitled to be registered as an elector and who is not entered, or is entered in an incorrect manner or with incorrect particulars on the electors' list may claim to be registered or to be registered correctly by sending to the Registration Officer a claim on or before the first day of September. The claim shall contain a declaration of the qualification of the claimant to be registered accordingly, including a declaration that the claimant has attained the required age and is a British subject. Claims to be registered.
4. The Registration Officer shall, as soon as practicable after receiving any notice of objection to the registration of any elector, send a copy of the notice to the person in respect of whose registration notice of objection is given. Notices of objections.
5. The Registration Officer shall, as soon as practicable, consider all objections of which notice has been given to him in accordance with these rules, and for that purpose shall give at least five clear days' notice to the objector and to the person in respect of whose registration the notice of objection has been given, of the time and place at which the objection will be considered by him. Consideration of objections.
6. The Registration Officer shall also consider all claims of which notice is given to him in accordance with these rules, and in respect of which no notice of objection is given and, if he considers that the claim may be allowed without further enquiry, shall give notice to the claimant that his claim is allowed. If the Registration Officer is not satisfied that any such claim can be allowed without inquiry, he shall give at least five clear days' notice to the claimant of the time and place at which the claim will be considered by him. Consideration of claims.

Supplemental powers
on consideration of
claims and objections.

7. If on the consideration of any claim or objection it appears to the Registration Officer that the claimant, or person in respect of whose name objection is taken, is not entitled to be entered on the register in the character in which he claims to be registered or in which he is entered on the list, but is entitled to be entered on the register in another character or in another place on the register, the Registration Officer may decide that the name of that person shall be so entered on the register.

Publication of
register.

8. It shall be the duty of the Registration Officer to publish the register not later than the 1st day of October by publishing in the Gazette a notice that a copy of the register is open to inspection at his office during specified hours whereupon the Registration Officer shall keep a copy of the register open for inspection in his office, and shall arrange for copies to be posted for inspection at the Post Office and shall also transmit a copy of the register, as soon as he may after it is published, to the Colonial Secretary.

Appeals from
Registration Officer.

9. (1) A person desiring to appeal against the decision of a Registration Officer must give notice of appeal on the form supplied by the Registration Officer and to the opposite party (if any), when the decision is given or within five days thereafter, specifying the grounds of appeal.

(2) The Registration Officer shall forward any such notices to the Clerk of the Court together, in each case, with a statement of the material facts which, in his opinion, have been established in the case, and of his decision upon the whole case and on any point which may be specified as a ground of appeal, and shall also furnish any further information which the Court may require and which he is able to furnish.

(3) Where it appears to the Registration Officer that any notices of appeal given to him are based on similar grounds, he shall inform the Clerk of the Court of the fact for the purpose of enabling the Court (if the Court thinks fit) to consolidate the appeals or select a case as a test case.

Documents, how they
shall be published.

10. (1) Where the Registration Officer by these rules is required to publish any document, and no specific provision is made as to the mode of publication, he shall publish the document available for inspection by the public in his office, and at the Post Office and, if he thinks fit, in any other manner which is, in his opinion, desirable for the purpose of bringing the contents of the documents to the notice of those interested. Any document required to be published shall be kept published for the prescribed time. Any failure to publish a document in accordance with these rules shall not invalidate the document, but this provision shall not relieve the Registration Officer from any penalty for such failure.

(2) If any person without lawful authority destroys, mutilates, defaces or removes any notice published by the Registration Officer in connection with his registration duties, or any copies of a document which have been made available for inspection in pursuance of these rules, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

Supplies of copies of
claims, objections, etc.

11. The Registration Officer shall, on the application of any person, allow that person to inspect, and take extracts from the electors' list for any registration unit in his area and any claim or notice of objection made under these rules.

Mode of sending
notices etc.

12. Any claim or notice of objection which is under these rules to be sent to the Registration Officer may be sent to him by post addressed to him at his office. Any notice which is required to be sent by the Registration Officer under these rules to any person shall be sufficiently sent if sent by post to the address of that person

as given by him for the purpose, or as appearing on the lists, or if there is no such address, to his last known place of abode.

13. (1) The Registration Officer may require any householder or any person owning or occupying any land or premises within his area, or the agent or factor of such person, to give, on the form supplied by the Registration Officer, any information in his possession which the Registration Officer may require for the purpose of his duties as Registration Officer. Any notice requiring information under this rule may be sent by post.

Information from
householder.

(2) If any person fails to give the required information or give false information, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

14. In reckoning time for the purpose of these rules, Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday and any day set apart as a public holiday, or public thanksgiving shall be excluded and where anything is required by these rules to be done on any day falls to be done on any such day as aforesaid, that thing may be done on the next day not being one of any such days.

Reckoning of time.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

Section 12.

DECLARATION OF CANDIDATE.

I, A. B., being a candidate for the election to the office of Councillor of the Town Council of Stanley, solemnly and sincerely declare that -

- (a) I am a British subject by birth and of the full age of 21 years;
- (b) I reside within Stanley during at least eight months in every year; and
- (c) I am fully conversant with and able to read and write the English language.

(Signed)

Declared before me this day of , 194 .

.....
(A Justice of the Peace).

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Section 24.

FORM OF BALLOT PAPER.

<p>DOE. (John Doe, Labourer, John Street, Stanley.)</p>	<p>SMITH. (Richard Walter Smith, (Civil Servant, Ross Road, Stanley.)</p>	<p>(FRONT). ROE. (Albert Roe, Merchant. Ross Road, Stanley.)</p>	<p>WHITE. (John White, Contractor, Davis Street, Stanley.)</p>
1	2	3	4
<p>COUNTERFOIL.</p>	<p>No.....</p>		<p>Note :- The counterfoil is to have a number to correspond with that on the back of the Ballot Paper.</p>

(BACK OF BALLOT PAPER).

No.....

ELECTION FOR TOWN COUNCIL, STANLEY.

194

Note : The number of the ballot paper is to correspond with that on the counterfoil.

DIRECTIONS AS TO PRINTING BALLOT PAPER.

Nothing is to be printed on the ballot paper except in accordance with this Schedule.

The surname of each candidate, and if there are two or more candidates of the same surname, also the other names of such candidates, shall be printed in large characters as shown in the form and the names, addresses and descriptions, and the number on the back of the paper, shall be printed in small characters.

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

Section 25.

I swear by Almighty God that I will not at this Election for the Town Council of Stanley do anything forbidden by Section 46 of the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.

SIXTH SCHEDULE.

Section 27.

FORM OF DIRECTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF ELECTORS IN VOTING.

1. The voter may vote for two candidates.
2. The voter will go into one of the compartments and with the pencil provided in the compartment, place a cross on the right hand side, opposite the name of the candidate or candidates for whom he votes, thus - X.
3. The voter will then fold up the ballot paper so as to show the official mark on the back, and leaving the compartment will, without showing the front of the paper to any person, show the official mark on the back to the presiding officer, and then in the presence of the presiding officer put the paper into the ballot box, and forthwith quit the polling place.
4. If the voter inadvertently spoils a ballot paper he can return it to the presiding officer, who will, if satisfied of such inadvertence, give him another paper.
5. If the voter votes for more than two candidates or places any mark on the paper by which he may afterwards be identified, his ballot paper will be void, and will not be counted.
6. If the voter takes a ballot paper out of the polling place, or deposits in the ballot box any other paper than the one given him by the presiding officer, he will be guilty of a misdemeanour and be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Note: These directions shall be illustrated by examples of the ballot paper.

SEVENTH SCHEDULE.

Section 58 (2).

FORM OF DECLARATION BY CANDIDATE AS TO EXPENSES.

I, _____, having been a candidate at the election of the Stanley Town Council, on the _____ day of _____ (and my agent) do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I have paid _____ for my expenses at the said election, and that, except as aforesaid, I have not, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, no person, nor any club, society or association, has on my behalf, made any payment, or given, promised or offered any reward, office, employment or valuable consideration, or incurred any liability on account of or in respect of the conduct or management of the said election.

And I further solemnly and sincerely declare that, except as aforesaid, no money, security or equivalent for money, has to my knowledge or belief been paid, advanced, given or deposited by anyone to or in the hands of myself, or any other person, for the purpose of defraying any expenses incurred on my behalf, on account of, or in respect of, the conduct or management of the said election.

And I further solemnly and sincerely declare that I will not at any future time make or be a party to the making or giving of any payment, reward, office, employment or valuable consideration for the purpose of defraying any such expenses as last mentioned, or provide or be a party to the providing of any money, security or equivalent for money for the purpose of defraying any such expenses.

Signature of declarant C. D.

and his agent (if any) E. F.

Signed and declared by the above-named declarant(s) on the _____ day of _____, 194 , before me,

(Signed) G. H.,

A Justice of the Peace.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVI.

NOVEMBER 1, 1947.

No. 12.

APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Bonmphrey, R. S.	Audit.	Auditor.	1.10.47.	See under New Appointments in Gazette of 1.9.47.

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Bender, C. P. W.	Education.	Caretaker, Govt. School.	1.10.46.	—
Biggs, B. N.	Customs.	Customs Officer.	6.10.46.	—
McLaren, J.	Meteorological.	Junior Assistant.	28.4.47.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Reason.</i>
Carter, Miss J.	Pupil Teacher.	31.10.47.	Resigned.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 66. 1st October, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 62 of the 28th of December, 1946, the following Practitioner has been added to the List of Medical Practitioners, registered to practise in the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Qualifications.</i>	<i>Date of Qualification</i>
Greig, Kenneth	M.B., Ch.B. (Glas.)	1946.

M.P. 21/28.

No. 67. 10th October, 1947.

Under the provisions of the Public Health Ordinance, No. 5 of 1894, as amended by the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1937, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

Mrs. M. Robson *vice* Mrs. J. D. Creamer, O.B.E.
J. Clement, Esq., *vice* F. G. Langdon, Esq.,

to be Members of the Board of Health for the remainder of the year 1947.

M.P. 600/29.

No. 68. 10th October, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment with effect from the 27th of March, 1947 :-

MR. A. J. BLYTH.

Assistant Engineman, to act as Superintendent, Power House, Electrical and Telegraphs Department, during the absence on leave of Mr. T. H. H. Hennah.

M.P. P/93.

No. 69. 14th October, 1947.

The undermentioned Officers were absent on vacation leave, prior to retirement :-

SIDNEY EDMUND BROWELL, ESQUIRE,

Police Constable, Falkland Islands, from the 1st of May, 1946, to the 4th of June, 1947, both dates inclusive : and

EDWARD HEADFORD, ESQUIRE,

Orderly and Caretaker, Government House, from the 29th of August, 1946, to the 14th of October, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.Ps. P/126; P/38.

No. 70. 31st October, 1947.

MISS E. M. CAREY,

Postmaster, was absent on vacation leave, prior to retirement, from the 30th of August, 1946, to the 21st of September, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/61.

REGISTRAR.

DEED POLL

BY PATRICK EUGENE GLEADELL
OF STANLEY, FALKLAND ISLANDS.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that I, the undersigned natural-born male British subject lately called Patrick Eugene Gleadell, residing at Stanley in the Colony of the Falkland Islands, son of Franklin Edmund Gleadell and Winifred Irene Gleadell his wife, do hereby absolutely renounce and abandon the use of my surname of Gleadell and instead thereof assume and adopt from the date of these presents the surname of Davis.

And for purpose of evidencing such change of name I hereby declare that I shall at all times hereafter in all deeds and writings and in all dealings and transactions and on all occasions whatsoever, use and subscribe the said name of Davis as my surname in lieu of the said surname of Gleadell.

And I hereby expressly authorise and desire every person whomsoever to designate, describe and address me by such adopted surname of Davis.

In Witness whereof I have subscribed these presents with my names Patrick Eugene and my adopted and substituted surname of Davis this

fifteenth day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and forty seven.

PATRICK EUGENE GLEADELL.

PATRICK EUGENE DAVIS.

Signed, Sealed and delivered by the above named Patrick Eugene Davis in the presence of -

H. BENNETT,

Justice of the Peace.

Registered in the Registrar General's Department, Falkland Islands, No. 2479, Volume XI., folio 200 on the 16th day of October, 1947.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar General.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Mary Hyacinth White, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas William Martell White, brother of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

9th October, 1947.

L. 29/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Philip Reginald Lee, of Chartres, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Harold Bennett, Agent for the beneficiaries of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

20th October, 1947.

L. 28/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Elizabeth Ryan, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Ileen Smith, grand-daughter of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

31st October, 1947.

L. 29/47.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

Defence (Finance) Regulations, 1939.

Order by His Excellency the Governor.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 2 of 1947.

Under the authority of the Emergency Powers (Defence) Act, United Kingdom, 1939, the Governor is pleased to make the following regulations—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Finance Control Penalties Regulations, 1947. Short title.

2. Any person contravening any provision of the Defence (Finance) Regulations, 1939, or of any Regulations amending them or Orders made thereunder shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable—

- (a) on conviction in a Court of Summary Jurisdiction, to imprisonment for not more than three months or to a fine not exceeding five hundred pounds or to both;
- (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for not more than two years or to a fine not exceeding one thousand pounds or to both;

and where the offence is concerned with any currency, security, gold, goods or other property, the Court may order such currency, security, gold, goods or other property to be forfeited.

By Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

1st October, 1947.

M.P. 0078/A.

Plant Disease Regulations.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 3 of the Plant Disease Regulation Ordinance 1944.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 4 of 1947.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Plant Importation Regulations 1947. Short title.

2. The Officer in Charge of the Agricultural Department shall be the prescribing authority. Prescribing authority.

3. The Governor may appoint duly qualified persons who shall be termed Plant Inspectors to enforce the provisions of the Plant Disease Regulation Ordinance 1944 and of the Regulations made under it. The Agricultural Officer shall be Chief Plant Inspector *ex officio* and all Customs Officers shall be Plant Inspectors *ex officio*. Inspectors.

Duty to inspect on
arrival.
First Schedule.

4. An Inspector shall inspect all plants set out in the First Schedule and Third Schedule on their arrival in the Colony, and may inspect any other plant, seed, container, or covering imported into the Colony.

Powers of Inspectors.

5. For the purpose of these Regulations, Plant Inspectors may board and inspect any ship on arrival in the Colony if there is reason to believe that such a ship has on board any plants, seed, soil, containers or coverings intended for importation into the Colony and Plant Inspectors may enter land, enclosures or buildings (but not dwelling houses) and if any person impedes or obstructs or refuses such boarding of a ship or such entry to a Plant Inspector who states his business it shall be an offence.

6. An Inspector may –

Quarantine.

(a) detain any plant, seed, soil, container, or covering which, if permitted to enter, would, in his opinion, bring about the introduction of pests or plant disease such as would endanger the healthy growth of plants customarily grown in the Colony or intended to be grown therein :

(b) with the approval of the Agricultural Officer, order any plant to be planted for a period not exceeding twenty-four calendar months in a specified place set apart and used for the time being as a plant quarantine station :

Destruction by fire if
ordered.

(c) order or apply any treatment that may be necessary to destroy any pest or disease which he identifies or believes to be present on or in any plant, seed, soil, container, or covering, and if no such treatment exists, or if there is danger that a pest or plant disease may escape into the Colony before such treatment can be applied, he shall order the complete destruction by fire of such plant, seed, soil, packing material, container or covering and shall ensure the complete destruction of the pest or plant disease.

Free imports.
Second Schedule.

7. With the exception of the plants and seeds specified in the Second Schedule no plant, seed or soil may be imported without a permit from the prescribing authority.

Permit necessary to
import plants.

8. Applications for permits shall be made in writing and shall state –

(a) the full name, and address of the applicant :

(b) name and address of the person from whom it is proposed to obtain the plants, seeds or soil and the source of them, including locality and nursery if known.

(c) the botanical or the generally accepted popular names of plants, and the number of each variety it is desired to import.

(d) the locality in which it is proposed to grow the plants or seeds or use the soil etc.

(e) and any other information which may be specifically required by the prescribing authority.

Health certificate
required.

9. Plants and tubers specified in the Third Schedule may not be imported unless –

Third Schedule.

(a) they are accompanied by a certificate issued by or on behalf of the Government of the country of origin and stating that the plants were free from pests and diseases including virus disease when examined not more than fourteen days before shipment and that

reasonable precautions were taken to prevent the plants becoming infected after the examination and unless—

- (b) there is in the Colony an officer competent to identify pests and diseases when the plants or tubers arrive. Provided that plants or tubers accompanied by certificates issued by or on behalf of a British or United States of America Government Authority may be imported in the absence of such an officer.

10. All reasonable costs incurred in the examination, treatment, or destruction of plants, seeds or soil shall be borne by the importer notwithstanding that the plants, seeds or soil may have been destroyed and the costs may be recovered as a civil debt in a Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

Costs of examination and treatment recoverable from importer.

Provided that the Governor may, if he sees fit, direct that no charge be made.

11. No claim for compensation shall lie for any loss incurred through the action of any Inspector acting in good faith under the authority of the Plant Disease Regulation Ordinance.

No compensation.

12. Plants, seeds or soil shall normally be imported into the Colony at Stanley; but may be imported at any other place under such conditions as the Agricultural Officer may impose.

Port of entry.

13. Any person importing any plant, seed or soil contrary to these Regulations shall commit an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding £50.

Penalty.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 2nd of October, 1947.

J. BOUND,
Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.

SCHEDULE I.

Section 4.

1. Seedlings and plants of forest trees.
2. Plant stocks and cuttings of fruit trees.
3. Plants and cuttings of small fruits (for example, currants, strawberries, raspberries and gooseberries).
4. Potatoes and other tubers.

SCHEDULE II.

Section 7.

1. Vegetable seeds.
2. Flower seeds.
3. Agricultural seeds (pasture and crop).
4. Seeds of small fruits.

SCHEDULE III.

Section 9.

1. Potatoes.
2. Jerusalem artichokes.
3. Strawberry plants.
4. Raspberry plants.
5. Currant plants.

Government Employees' Provident Fund 1946.

Colonial Treasury,
Stanley, Falkland Islands.
15th June, 1947.

The Honourable,
The Colonial Secretary.

Sir.

In accordance with Section 4 (6) of the Provident Fund Ordinance No. 8 of 1938, I have the honour to submit a report on the transactions of the Fund for the year ended 31st December, 1946.

Appended are the following statements of account :—

- (i) Abstract of Revenue and Expenditure, Deposits and Withdrawals, Investments, Investments Adjustment, Capital, and statement of Assets and Liabilities.
- (ii) Nominal value, cost and market value of Investments at 31st December, 1946.

2. The amount standing to the credit of depositors at the close of the year is shewn in the following statement :—

Balance 1st January, 1946	...	...	...	£18,820 : 13 : 0
Compulsory & Voluntary deposits	...	...	...	1,535 : 8 : 3
Repayments of Advances	...	...	...	39 : 0 : 0
Government Bonus	...	...	...	1,519 : 18 : 3
Interest on closed accounts	...	...	...	6 : 1 : 4
Accrued interest	...	...	...	381 : 11 : 2
				<hr/>
				£22,302 : 12 : 0
Less Withdrawals :				
Closed accounts	...	...	£1,062 : 10 : 10	
Advances	...	...	5 : 0 : 0	
			<hr/>	1,067 : 10 : 10
Balance due to depositors 31/12/46	...	...	...	<hr/>
				£21,235 : 1 : 2

3. Investments of a redemption value of £19,195 : 19 : 1 made and held by the Crown Agents for the Colonies for and on behalf of the Fund, are detailed on the statement forwarded herewith. The revenue from Investments was £665 : 8 : 2.

4. In conformity with Col. Regs. 275 the Fund's Investments were revalued at the prices in the London market at the close of the year. Appreciation amounted to £1,251 : 18 : 0 and this amount was credited direct to the Fund.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

E. F. LELLMAN,
Assistant Treasurer.

Government Employees' Provident Fund.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1946.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT.

To Interest on Closed A/cs.	6 : 1 : 4	By Interest on Investments	665 : 8 : 2
.. Interest credited to Depositors' A/cs.	381 : 11 : 2		
.. Proportion of Salaries	50 : 0 : 0		
.. Capital Account	227 : 15 : 8		
	<u>£665 : 8 : 2</u>		<u>£665 : 8 : 2</u>

DEPOSITS AND WITHDRAWALS ACCOUNT.

To Balance 1/1/46.	18,820 : 13 : 0	By Withdrawals - Closed A/cs.	1,062 : 10 : 10
.. Compulsory & Voluntary deposits	1,535 : 8 : 3	.. Advances made	5 : 0 : 0
.. Bonus on Compulsory deposits	1,519 : 18 : 3	.. Balance - Credit of Depositors	21,235 : 1 : 2
.. Repayment of Advances	39 : 0 : 0		
.. Interest on Current A/cs.	381 : 11 : 2		
.. Interest on Closed A/cs.	6 : 1 : 4		
	<u>£22,302 : 12 : 0</u>		<u>£22,302 : 12 : 0</u>

INVESTMENT ACCOUNT.

To Balance 1/1/46.	19,761 : 4 : 10	By Balance - market value 31/12/46.	21,013 : 2 : 10
.. Appreciation of Investments	1,251 : 18 : 0		
	<u>£21,013 : 2 : 10</u>		<u>£21,013 : 2 : 10</u>

INVESTMENT ADJUSTMENT ACCOUNT.

To Capital Account.	1,251 : 18 : 0	By Appreciation of Investments	1,251 : 18 : 0
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CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

To Withdrawals	1,067 : 10 : 10	By Balance 1/1/46.	19,568 : 10 : 10
.. Balance 31/12/46.	23,462 : 12 : 8	.. Revenue & Expenditure A/c.	227 : 15 : 8
		.. Deposits, Bonus & Interest	3,442 : 19 : 0
		.. Repayment of Advances	39 : 0 : 0
		.. Investments adjustments A/c.	1,251 : 18 : 0
	<u>£24,530 : 3 : 6</u>		<u>£24,530 : 3 : 6</u>

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

LIABILITIES.		ASSETS.	
Amount due to Depositors	21,235 : 1 : 2	Market value of Investments	21,013 : 2 : 10
Surplus of Assets over Liabilities	2,794 : 14 : 10	Cash in hands of Financial Secretary	3,016 : 13 : 2
	<u>£24,029 : 16 : 0</u>		<u>£24,029 : 16 : 0</u>

Government Employees' Provident Fund.

INVESTMENTS 31st DECEMBER. 1946.

NAME OF STOCK.		%	FACE VALUE OF STOCK.			COST OF STOCK.			MARKET VALUE OF INVESTMENTS.									
			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Price.	£	s.	d.						
British Guiana	1959/69	3	1,835	:	0	:	5	1,713	:	18	:	10	108	1,981	:	16	:	5
Sierra Leone	1958/63	3½	2,240	:	1	:	11	2,273	:	19	:	5	110	2,464	:	2	:	1
Gold Coast	1956	4½	2,393	:	13	:	2	2,634	:	15	:	7	118	2,824	:	10	:	3
New Zealand	1947	4½	970	:	18	:	2	945	:	15	:	10	103	1,000	:	0	:	9
Savings Bonds	1955/65	3	2,490	:	6	:	5	2,490	:	6	:	5	108½	2,701	:	19	:	11
War Loan	1955/59	3	1,509	:	4	:	3	1,531	:	17	:	6	108½	1,637	:	9	:	11
Savings Bonds	1960/70	3	2,054	:	5	:	5	2,054	:	5	:	5	109¼	2,244	:	5	:	10
New South Wales	1947/57	5¼	1,789	:	13	:	2	1,884	:	19	:	6	102	1,825	:	9	:	0
Savings Bonds	1965/75	3	3,912	:	16	:	2	3,912	:	16	:	2	110¾	4,333	:	8	:	8
			19,195			:	19	:	1	19,442			:	14	:	8		
			21,013			:	2	:	10									
Market Value ...			21,013			:	2	:	10									
Book Value ...			19,761			:	4	:	10									
Appreciation ...			1,251			:	18	:	0									

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS taken at STANLEY, FALKLAND ISLANDS, during the Year ended 31st December, 1946.

Latitude 51° 41 $\frac{3}{4}$ ' South.

Longitude 57° 51 $\frac{1}{2}$ ' West.

All readings at 0800 L.M.T. (1200 G.M.T.)

MONTHS.	MEAN PRESSURE IN MILLIBARS AT M. S. L.	AIR TEMPERATURE (°F).								PRECIPITATION IN INCHES.			VAPOUR PRESSURE IN MILLIBARS.	RELATIVE HUMIDITY (%)	AMOUNT OF CLOUD.	SUNSHINE.			WEATHER. Number of days of					WIND DIRECTION. Number of Observations of																	
		DRY BULB.	WET BULB.	MEANS OF		ABSOLUTE MAX. AND MIN.				TOTAL.	GREATEST FALL.	DATE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS.	% OF ACTUAL AGAINST POSSIBLE.	MEAN (hours and tenths.)	RAIN.	SNOW OR SLEET.	• GALES.	CLEAR SKY. 0-1	OVERCAST. 9-10	MEAN FORCE OF WIND.	N.	N.N.E.	N.E.	E.N.E.	E.	E.S.E.	S.E.	S.S.E.	S.	S.S.W.	S.W.	W.S.W.	W.	W.N.W.	N.W.	N.N.W.	CALM.
				MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	DATE.	MIN.	DATE.																																
Jan.	1000.3	51.7	48.6	58.7	44.1	69.5	30th	36.7	13th	1.96	.440	21st	10.1	81	7.0	184.5	37	5.9	17	—	1	—	18	4.0	—	1	1	1	—	—	1	—	3	—	3	4	1	4	8	4	—
Feb.	993.8	48.8	46.0	55.5	41.7	73.0	23rd	35.1	20th	2.15	.579	7th	8.9	82	8.0	126.0	31	4.0	17	—	—	1	19	4.0	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	3	1	1	3	3	—	5	8	1	—
Mar.	1011.3	46.1	44.0	51.9	40.8	63.5	1st	35.2	2nd	1.45	.324	30th	8.8	83	8.0	116.0	29	3.7	13	—	—	1	22	4.0	4	2	1	—	1	2	—	—	5	2	4	2	1	1	5	1	—
April	1003.1	44.1	43.1	51.3	39.4	61.3	9th	33.3	29th	1.14	.300	9th	8.9	95	7.0	114.3	36	3.8	12	—	1	2	20	4.0	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	2	3	3	5	9	4	—	
May	1005.9	38.9	38.1	45.2	34.9	55.0	4th	29.8	30th	0.53	.085	27th	7.3	95	6.4	83.0	37	2.7	14	1	—	2	13	3.6	2	1	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	6	1	5	8	2	1
June	1008.5	37.4	36.4	41.2	34.1	48.0	1st	27.0	3rd	0.94	.240	18th	6.8	90	8.1	48.8	20	1.6	17	4	3	1	18	5.0	1	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	4	7	1	1	4	4	1
July	1011.6	35.5	34.5	38.9	31.7	44.1	19th	25.6	31st	2.18	.505	23rd	6.5	87	8.0	39.1	11	1.2	19	7	2	—	22	4.0	1	1	1	—	2	4	—	1	2	1	1	5	—	3	4	3	1
Aug.	1001.4	33.2	32.3	38.3	29.0	46.4	29th	23.2	23rd	2.35	.625	30th	5.6	89	7.0	104.9	35	3.4	18	13	1	—	18	7.0	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	8	3	7	3	2	—
Sept.	1008.6	37.4	36.0	41.9	33.8	56.9	18th	27.3	1st	1.89	.880	16th	6.5	90	8.0	81.3	23	2.7	13	4	1	2	24	4.0	1	2	2	—	1	1	—	—	2	3	2	4	—	2	4	6	—
Oct.	993.1	42.8	41.1	50.2	32.1	61.0	26th	25.2	17th	1.06	.275	8th	7.8	82	7.0	186.5	42	6.0	12	5	1	1	15	5.0	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	6	3	6	8	3	1
Nov.	995.2	45.5	41.5	51.7	36.5	65.0	12th	27.2	22nd	1.94	.370	6th	7.0	68	7.0	244.7	52	8.2	15	2	1	3	14	4.9	1	4	—	—	—	1	2	—	1	1	2	6	5	3	2	2	—
Dec.	997.0	46.2	42.6	54.6	38.3	64.3	16th	30.7	11th	0.76	.404	19th	7.6	72	8.0	128.0	25	4.1	24	1	2	—	21	4.0	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	5	3	4	4	2	7	2	1	—
MEANS	1002.5	42.3	40.3	48.3	36.3	59.0	—	29.7	—	1.53	.416	—	7.2	86	7.4	121.0	31	3.9	16	2.8	1.1	1.1	18.7	4.4	15	14	8	3	4	8	5	6	23	18	31	58	20	49	65	33	4

Stanley, Falkland Islands.

• Force 8 or more - Beaufort Scale.

J. B. BROWNING,
O. i/c. Agricultural Department.

ANNUAL STOCK RETURN FOR 1946-1947.

Prepared from information furnished in accordance with Section 13 of the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901.

OWNER.	NAME OF STATION.	RAMS.	WETHERS.	BREEDING EWES.	OTHER EWES.		HOGGETS.	TOTAL.	EAR MARK
					CAST.	MAIDEN.			
EAST FALKLAND.									
C. Bender.	Moody Valley.	23	429	660	35	75	150	1,372	Fork & Back Bit.
Estate G. Bonner.	San Carlos.	279	7,582	8,528	277	2,654	5,082	24,402	Front Square.
Pitaluga Bros.	Gibraltar.	137	5,205	6,828	—	—	3,881	16,051	Fore Bayonet.
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Darwin & Lafonia	1,854	56,088	56,724	110	17,046	31,863	163,685	Double Swallow.
" " " "	Fitzroy.	411	13,661	12,256	—	3,217	7,559	37,104	" "
Smith Bros.	Berkeley Sound.	186	4,786	7,019	—	—	3,409	15,400	Triangle.
J. W. McGill.	Peninsula.	3	—	117	—	—	—	120	Back Bayonet.
Mrs. N. S. Browning	Mullet Creek.	20	220	850	—	—	160	1,250	Back Bayonet.
and J. W. McGill	Bluff Cove.	80	640	1,800	55	—	580	3,155	Double Slit.
Mrs. F. O. Yonge.	Port Louis.	166	3,606	4,304	361	1,077	2,281	11,795	Front Halfpenny.
Estate T. Robson.	Douglas.	437	6,127	10,473	1,137	—	4,757	22,931	Fork.
The Douglas Stn. Co., Ltd.	Port San Carlos.	366	8,272	9,998	—	2,229	6,393	27,258	Slit.
Port San Carlos Co., Ltd.	Evelyn.	264	7,260	9,430	227	2,005	5,241	24,427	Back Square.
Estate J. J. Felton.	Rincon Grande.	84	3,277	3,486	—	911	2,147	9,905	Slit.
Estate H. J. Pitaluga.		4,310	117,153	132,473	2,202	29,214	73,503	358,855	
WEST FALKLAND.									
J. L. Waldron, Ltd.	Port Howard.	404	11,146	12,704	200	3,020	5,980	33,454	Fork.
Holmstead & Blake.	Hill Cove.	333	9,216	11,410	200	2,473	4,930	28,562	Front Bayonet.
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Port Stephens.	376	9,996	11,317	1,357	2,576	5,276	30,898	Fork.
Packe Bros. & Co. Ltd.	Fox Bay East	253	9,197	9,586	98	2,936	5,360	27,430	Fore Bit.
Luxton & Anson.	Chartres.	315	7,339	9,910	—	2,069	4,320	23,953	Double Swallow.
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Fox Bay West & Spring Point.	357	7,883	10,654	58	2,606	5,644	27,202	Fore Bayonet.
Bertrand & Felton Ltd.	Roy Cove.	161	5,047	5,370	—	1,569	2,935	15,082	Front Square.
		2,199	59,824	70,951	1,913	17,249	34,445	186,581	
ISLANDS.									
J. Hamilton, Ltd.	Weddell.	44	2,782	1,165	—	238	924	5,153	Fork.
" " " "	Beaver.	30	55	870	—	—	—	955	"
" " " "	Passage.	4	166	188	—	—	—	358	"
J. Davis.	Hummock.	6	90	130	—	—	44	270	"
Dean Bros.	Pebble & Keppel.	472	8,989	5,304	537	1,725	3,341	20,368	Back Bayonet.
J. Davis.	Jason.	9	860	490	246	190	428	2,223	
J. Hamilton, Ltd.	Saunders.	90	3,343	2,566	220	724	1,103	8,046	Hole.
J. Hansen.	Carcass.	34	683	762	252	249	522	2,502	Fore Bayonet.
G. Scott.	New.	24	906	706	—	212	493	2,341	Fork.
W. J. Hutchinson.	Sea Lion.	11	367	610	28	260	410	1,686	Slit.
Mrs. Napier.	West Point.	13	1,323	787	—	—	560	2,683	Back Square.
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Speedwell Group.	170	3,250	4,375	158	840	3,322	12,115	Double Swallow.
		907	22,814	17,953	1,441	4,438	11,147	58,700	
EAST FALKLAND		4,310	117,153	132,473	2,202	29,214	73,503	358,855	
WEST FALKLAND		2,199	59,824	70,951	1,913	17,249	34,445	186,581	
ISLANDS		907	22,814	17,953	1,441	4,438	11,147	58,700	
TOTALS		7,416	199,791	221,377	5,556	50,901	119,095	604,136	

IMPORTATIONS.

FROM UNITED KINGDOM.			FROM NEW ZEALAND.		FROM ARGENTINE.		FROM URUGUAY.	FROM CHILE.	STALLIONS.
Bull.	Rams.	Dogs.	Bull.	Rams.	Rams.	Horses.	Dogs.	Horses.	
1	5	3	1	141	4	2	2	138	3

SUMMARY OF STOCK RETURNS 1942-1947.

SHEEP.

YEAR.	RAMS.	WETHERS.	BREEDING EWES.	OTHER EWES.	HOGGETS.	TOTAL.	SHEEP SHORN.	LAMBS MARKED.	% LAMBS MARKED OF PREVIOUS YEARS' EWES.	% HOGGETS DIPPED OF PREVIOUS YEARS' EWES.	% HOGGETS SHORN FOLLOWING YEAR.
									PER 100 EWES PUT TO THE RAM.		
1942-1943.	7,988	199,252	224,159	65,752	135,301	632,452	577,297	150,169	66.35	60.23	53.60
1943-1944.	7,818	200,131	220,926	63,807	135,097	627,779	575,298	151,965	67.79	60.27	53.20
1944-1945.	7,829	199,558	221,496	63,360	127,206	619,449	561,663	139,764	63.26	57.57	50.30
1945-1946.	7,919	196,887	222,001	58,027	126,889	611,723	553,167	147,003	66.66	57.19	50.38
1946-1947.	7,416	199,791	221,377	56,457	119,095	604,136	548,446	133,978	60.35	53.64	

SHEEP DISPOSED OF.

YEAR.	SOLD LOCALLY FOR BREEDING OR FURTHER USE.	EXPORTED.	SLAUGHTERED.			TOTAL.	UNACCOUNTED FOR (DEATHS) EXCLUDING LAMBS.	DEATH RATE %
			MUTTON.	TALLOW.	SKINS.			
1942-1943.	5,554	—	29,278	13,886	34,122	82,840	59,600	9.40
1943-1944.	3,236	—	26,841	18,926	38,008	87,011	55,995	8.85
1944-1945.	1,519	118	22,501	16,734	28,959	69,831	67,224	10.71
1945-1946.	2,900	—	23,066	15,534	30,347	71,847	58,313	10.48
1946-1947.	5,342	469	23,960	17,135	31,744	77,789	53,813	8.73

OTHER STOCK.

YEAR.	HORSES.	CATTLE.	SWINE.
1942-1943.	3,192	10,950	32
1943-1944.	3,211	11,226	35
1944-1945.	3,227	10,873	22
1945-1946.	3,087	11,205	4
1946-1947.	2,734	11,197	14

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	The Governor	2968	0	0
II.	Agriculture	7821	0	0
III.	Audit	995	0	0
IV.	Colonial Development & Welfare	15515	0	0
V.	Customs	605	0	0
VI.	Ecclesiastical	—	—	—
VII.	Education	10072	0	0
VIII.	Electrical and Telegraphs	8958	0	0
IX.	Harbour	1544	0	0
X.	Judicial	249	0	0
XI.	Land Sales	211	0	0
XII.	Medical	10943	0	0
XIII.	Meteorological	521	0	0
XIV.	Military	691	0	0
XV.	Miscellaneous	8951	0	0
XVI.	Naturalist	789	0	0
XVII.	Pensions	5000	0	0
XVIII.	Police and Prisons	1621	0	0
XIX.	Post Office	8145	0	0
XX.	Public Works Department	3506	0	0
XXI.	Public Works Extraordinary	19550	0	0
XXII.	Public Works Recurrent	16130	0	0
XXIII.	Secretariat & Treasury	6441	0	0
XXIV.	War Expenditure	—	—	—
Total Expenditure chargeable to Revenue		£131226	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	19993	0	0
II.	Extraordinary Expenditure	5040	0	0
Total		£156259	0	0

A Bill for
An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-six in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 2 of 1945.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1946.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Short Title. Supplementary Appropriation (1946) Ordinance, 1947.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One Thousand nine hundred and forty-six, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

Passed by the Legislative Council this day of
 , 1947.

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this day of , 1947.

Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
II.	The Governor ...	86	4	11
III.	Colonial Secretary ...	348	1	0
V.	Audit ...	2	10	0
VI.	Post Office ...	780	18	0
VII.	Electrical & Telegraphs ...	529	12	5
X.	Police & Prisons ...	110	18	7
XI.	Medical ...	2184	12	10
XVI.	Agriculture ...	473	8	1
XVII.	Miscellaneous ...	119121	17	2
XVIII.	Public Works Department ...	1663	12	2
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent ...	9422	18	8
XX.	Public Works Extraordinary ...	555	8	5
XXI.	War Expenditure ...	735	14	2
XXII.	Land Sales ...	67	1	0
		136082	17	5
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Dependencies ...	68370	10	5

A Bill for
An Ordinance
To amend the Medical Practitioners,
Midwives and Dentist Ordinance, 1914.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Medical Registration (Amendment) Ordinance, 1947, and shall be read and construed with the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Section 2 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed and replaced by the section following:—

Amendment of
Section 2 of No. 3
of 1914.

Registration. 2. Separate registers of Medical Practitioners, Midwives, and Dentists shall be kept in the form of the Schedule hereto.

Fees. The fee to be charged for each registration under this Ordinance shall be two guineas for persons possessing professional qualifications registered in any Country of the British Commonwealth of Nations, and a fee of five guineas for persons possessing professional qualifications not registered within the British Commonwealth of Nations but Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists who are in the employment of the Colonial Government shall be registered free of charge.

Provided that the Senior Medical Officer may refuse to register any person whose professional qualifications are not acceptable by the General Council of Medical Education and Registration of the United Kingdom.

Passed by the Legislative Council this day of
, 1947.

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this day of , 1947.

Colonial Secretary.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVI.

DECEMBER 1, 1947.

No. 14.

NEW APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Williams, Miss V.	Education.	Pupil Teacher.	1.11.47.	On probation for one year.

PROMOTION.

			<i>Date.</i>
Aldridge, Miss E.	Pupil Teacher, Grade V. to Assistant Teacher, Grade V.		1.2.47.

LEAVE.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Department.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Period.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Woodgate, J. A., O.B.E., A.R.I.B.A.	Public Works.	Executive Engineer.	180 days plus period of voyage.	24.8.47.	On transfer to Tanganyika.

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Date.</i>	<i>Reason.</i>
Bonner, R.	Junior Meteorological Assistant.	10.11.47.	Appointment terminated.
Harries, Leon	Travelling Teacher.	26.10.47.	" "

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 71. 3rd November, 1947.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

THE HONOURABLE

ARTHUR GRENFELL BARTON, ESQUIRE, J.P.,
to be provisionally a Member of the Legislative Council during the absence from the Colony of the Honourable D. W. Roberts, Esquire, O.B.E., J.P., with effect from the 30th of October, 1947.

M.P. 0456.

No. 72. 6th November, 1947.

W. J. GRIERSON,

Customs Officer, South Georgia, was absent on vacation leave from the 13th of April, 1947, to the 3rd of November, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/1.

No. 73. 19th November, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 59 of 3rd September, 1947,

DAVID LEES

was provisionally a member of the Board of Health from the 3rd of September, 1947, to the 5th of November, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. 600/29.

No. 74. 1st December, 1947.

CAPTAIN L. W. ALDRIDGE, M.B.E., J.P.,

Assistant Colonial Secretary, was absent on vacation leave from the 15th of February, 1947, to the 20th of November, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/17.

Defence (Finance) Regulations, 1947.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 5 of 1947.

Under the authority of the Emergency Powers (Defence) Act, United Kingdom, 1939, the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations:

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Defence (Finance) Regulations, 1947.
2. (1) Except with permission granted by or on behalf of the Governor no person other than an authorised dealer shall in the Colony buy or borrow any foreign currency or any gold from, or lend or sell any foreign currency or any gold to, any person not being an authorised dealer.
(2) "Authorised dealer" means a commercial firm in the Colony authorised by the Governor to transact business direct with countries other than the United Kingdom and other parts of the British Empire.
3. Except with permission granted by or on behalf of the Governor no person shall –
 - (a) take or send out of the Colony any gold, securities or foreign currency, or transfer any securities from the Colony elsewhere, or
 - (b) draw or negotiate any bill of exchange or promissory note, transfer any security or acknowledge any debt, so that a right (whether actual or contingent) to receive a payment in the Colony is created or transferred as consideration –
 - (i) for receiving a payment, or acquiring property, outside the Colony, or
 - (ii) for a right (whether actual or contingent) to receive a payment, or acquire property, outside the Colony, or make any payment as such consideration.
 - (c) export from the Colony or import into the Colony sterling notes, provided that travellers may take out or bring in such notes, not exceeding ten pounds in value, which shall be produced to a Customs Officer.
 - (d) import into the Colony any One Pound (£1) Falkland Islands Currency Note bearing any number from C.44001 to C.54,000 inclusive of these numbers.
4. But nothing herein shall restrict the doing of anything by any person authorised by or on behalf of the Governor to deal in foreign exchange, nor restrict the doing of anything which is certified by or on behalf of the Governor to be necessary for the purpose –
 - (a) of meeting reasonable requirements of a trade or business carried on in the Colony,
 - (b) of performing a contract made before the day these regulations come into force, or
 - (c) of defraying travelling or other personal expenses at rates approved by the Governor.
5. Residents in the Colony who are or become entitled to sell gold, or procure the sale of gold, shall cause that gold to be offered for sale to the Government or to a person designated by the Governor at such price as may be determined by the Governor provided that there shall not be an obligation on any person to offer gold for sale if
 - (a) he satisfies the Governor –
 - (i) that none of the persons interested in the gold is resident in the Colony, or
 - (ii) that gold is required for the purpose of performing contracts made before the day on which these Regulations come into force, or
 - (iii) that gold is held for the purpose of meeting reasonable requirements of trade or business carried on in the Colony otherwise than by way of dealing in gold, or

- (b) if he is in respect of that gold exempted from this Regulation by the Governor.

6. Any person leaving the Colony shall declare and produce any foreign currency in his possession and surrender any in excess of that which he is authorised to export.

7. Except for the persons who have been authorised by or on behalf of the Governor no person shall use existing non-sterling credits and such credits may be used only for goods to be purchased under Import Licences issued by or on behalf of the Collector of Customs or for such other purposes as may be prescribed by or on behalf of the Governor.

8. Where the Governor is satisfied, owing to a change in the external or internal position of any State, that action is being, or is likely to be taken to the detriment of the economic position of the United Kingdom, he may give general or special directions prohibiting either absolutely or to such extent as may be specified in the directions, the carrying out, except with permission granted by or on behalf of the Governor, of any order given by or on behalf of (a) the State or the Sovereign thereof or any person resident therein, or (b) any body corporate which is incorporated under the law of that State or is under the control of that State or the Sovereign thereof or any person resident therein so far as the Order (1) requires the person to whom the Order is given to make any payment or to part with any gold or securities, or (2) requires any change to be made in the person to whose credit any sum is to stand or to whose order any gold or securities are to be held.

9. At the end of a period of two months from the date of these Regulations British Sterling Notes shall cease to be legal tender in the Colony and all such notes shall be brought to the Treasury in Stanley and there exchanged for Falkland Islands notes of equal value or if this cannot be done the holder of British Sterling Notes shall notify the Financial Secretary of the amount of such notes held.

10. Any Customs Officer or other person authorised by the Governor shall, for the purpose of enforcing these Regulations, have the same rights of search and seizure as are conferred on a Customs Officer by the Customs Laws.

11. Any person contravening the provisions of these Regulations shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable—

- (a) on conviction in a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to imprisonment for not more than three months or to a fine not exceeding five hundred pounds or to both such fine and imprisonment;
- (b) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for not more than two years or to a fine not exceeding one thousand pounds or to both such fine and imprisonment;

and where the offence is concerned with any currency, security, gold, goods or other property the Court may order that such currency, security, gold, goods or other property be forfeited to the Crown.

12. The Regulations made on the following dates are hereby revoked:—

9th September, 1939;	29th March, 1941;	18th June, 1941;
26th July, 1941;	26th April, 1945;	1st October, 1947.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a Meeting held on the 25th of November, 1947.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0078/A.

Regulations made by the Governor in Executive Council under Section 45 of the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901, for the prevention of the introduction of any contagious or infectious disorder into the Colony or Dependencies.

No. 6 of 1947.

Short Title.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Live Stock Quarantine Regulations 1947.

Notice of intention to import before animals are ordered.
Schedule A.

2. Any person intending to import any animal shall before it is ordered give notice in the form set out in Schedule A to the Chief Inspector of Stock, and such forms completed in duplicate shall be delivered to the Chief Inspector at least two months before the animals to be ordered are expected to arrive in the Colony.

Importing vessels to enter at Port Stanley except by special permission.

3. Ships carrying animals shall enter at Port Stanley for the purpose of examination, except where the importer of such animals or his agent has previously obtained special permission from the Government to enter at some other port.

Seven days limit.

4. Special permission may be granted when a definite date of arrival is stated and seven days of grace will be allowed but at the end of that time a new application for special permission must be made.

Certificates of health compulsory.

5. Every animal imported into the Colony from a British or Colonial port shall be accompanied by a health certificate signed by a qualified veterinary surgeon of the district in which it was purchased, and if an animal is imported into the Colony from a foreign port, it shall be accompanied by a written declaration from the exporter made before a British Consular Officer to the effect that the animal was free, on embarkation, from any infectious or contagious disease and was not, within thirty days preceding shipment, in direct or indirect contact with infected stock.

Sheep must be drenched for internal parasites before shipment.

6. Sheep must be accompanied by a certificate signed by a veterinary surgeon (or if none reside in the district, a Stock Inspector) of the district from which they were purchased, certifying that within thirty days before shipment each sheep was drenched twice for the eradication of a stomach, intestinal and lung worm and liver fluke, and the certificate must specify the treatment employed to this end.

Cattle to be certified free from tuberculosis, contagious abortion, mamitis etc.

7. Cattle must be accompanied by a certificate signed by a qualified veterinary surgeon (or if none reside in the district, a Stock Inspector) of the district from which the animal was purchased certifying that within thirty days preceding shipment each animal has been subject to serological and/or bacteriological tests for, and has been found to be free from tuberculosis, contagious abortion, contagious mamitis and any other disease which the Inspectors may designate.

Dogs to be inoculated against distemper, and treated for parasites.

8. Dogs must be accompanied by a certificate signed by a qualified veterinary surgeon certifying that within thirty days preceding shipment the animal has been immunised to distemper, drenched to eradicate stomach and intestinal worms and is free from ecto-parasites and the certificate must indicate the treatment employed to this end.

Evidence of freedom from specific disease on demand.

9. The Inspector may, within seventeen days after receiving a notification as prescribed by Regulation 2, require any animal to be accompanied by additional evidence of freedom from such specific diseases as the conditions in the exporting country for the time being make desirable.

10. If transhipped at an intermediate port or ports, each consignment of animals must be accompanied by a declaration made before a British Consular Officer at each port of transshipment, stating the precautions that were taken to prevent the animals from contracting disease during transshipment, and the manner and place in which the animals were held and fed pending re-shipment.

Certificate of quarantine during transshipment.

11. No hay, straw, fodder or other similar substance that has been used for the food or bedding of animals being imported, or otherwise for or about such animals shall be imported, but unbroken bales to which the animals have not had access may be imported, subject to conditions imposed by the Inspector, if the said bales are accompanied by a written declaration from the exporter made before a British Magistrate, or a British Consular Officer at the port of shipment certifying that the hay, straw or fodder is from a district which has been free from foot and mouth disease for the past twenty four months.

Importation of fodder and litter restricted.

12. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any Ordinance, an Inspector shall board and inspect every vessel carrying stock and shall examine every animal and all fodder and litter accompanying the animals or consigned to an address within the Colony or Dependencies.

Duties of Inspectors.

13. An Inspector may –

Powers of Inspectors.

(1) prohibit the landing of any animal which, in his opinion, would be a source of danger to animals in the Colony.

(2) order any animal to be destroyed either on board ship or after being landed, but such order in all cases must be sanctioned by the Governor before being carried into effect.

(3) order any animal to be conveyed or driven to and confined in any area set apart as a quarantine station, to treat such animal for the eradication of any disease, and to keep it in quarantine until a written order for its release is given by him, or until its destruction is sanctioned by the Governor.

(4) order that all or any parts of any vessel carrying stock shall be cleansed and disinfected to his satisfaction at the expense of the importer.

(5) prohibit the landing of fittings, pens, hurdles, utensils, or other articles which have been used for or about any animal.

(6) prohibit the landing of any hay, straw, fodder or any substance or article which in his opinion may carry disease and to order its destruction.

14. All expenses incurred in the destruction or keeping in quarantine by order of an Inspector, or in dipping, attendance on or feeding of any animals, or in the destruction of any hay, straw, fodder of any substance or any article under these Regulations, shall be payable by the importer and the Government will not compensate the importer for any loss sustained.

Expenses payable by importer.

15. The foregoing Regulations shall apply to the importation of sheep from South America subject to the following provisions –

Importation of sheep from South America.

(1) The exporter of the sheep shall make a declaration in the form annexed hereto (Schedule B) with respect to the sheep which it is intended to import and the declaration shall be made before a British Consular Officer and countersigned by the Inspector before the sheep are landed.

Schedule B.

(2) The sheep shall be landed on a quarantine station or upon an island approved by the Inspector, and shall remain in quarantine for ninety days.

(3) The sheep shall be dipped a first time within a week of being landed at the quarantine station, and another three times at

intervals of ten to fourteen days. Provided that the Inspector may at his discretion postpone the first dipping and have the sheep shorn in which case the wool so removed shall be rendered non-effective or, if necessary, be destroyed.

(4) Before the sheep are released from quarantine they shall be marked with a yellow ruddle.

16. Where ordered the minimum periods of quarantine shall be as set forth in Schedule C.

Periods of quarantine.
Schedule C.

17. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Regulations any animal brought to the Colony from the United Kingdom without transshipment and without having landed at any intermediate port may be landed in the Colony and subjected to domestic quarantine in a place approved by the Chief Inspector of Stock.

Provided that—

- (a) there is presented to the Chief Inspector of Stock before the landing of the animal a certificate of health from a veterinary surgeon practising in the United Kingdom,
- (b) the voyage from the United Kingdom to the Colony has exceeded twenty-one days,
- (c) the Inspector satisfies himself as to the health of the animal before it is landed in the Colony,
- (d) the animal has not been in contact with any animal coming or brought on board the ship at an intermediate port.

18. In the event of any animals being imported in an aircraft, these Regulations shall apply, and shall be read and construed as if the word "aircraft" were substituted for the word "ship" wherever the word "ship" appears.

Rescindment.

19. The Livestock Regulations 1923 and the Dog Importation Regulations 1928, are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 25th of November, 1947.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0301.

SCHEDULE A.

Section 2.

PROPOSED IMPORTATION.

I hereby give notice that I propose to import into the Falkland Islands the following live animals.

1. Number and description :
2. Where purchased (Country and locality) :
3. Port of shipment :
4. Port at which vessel will enter Falkland Islands :
5. Approximate date of arrival :
6. First port or place at which any animal will be landed :
7. Name of person in the Falkland Islands
to whom the animals will be consigned :

N.B.—This notice, of which printed copies may be obtained on application, must be completed in duplicate and forwarded to the Chief Inspector of Stock, Stanley, in order to reach **at least two months** before the Livestock is expected to arrive in the Colony.

SCHEDULE B.

Section 15 (1)

DECLARATION REFERRING TO SOUTH AMERICA.

I do solemnly and sincerely declare that the undermentioned sheep are to the best of my knowledge and belief free from all infectious and contagious diseases and were so at the time of shipment to the Falkland Islands and have not within six months immediately preceding the date hereof been in direct or indirect contact with stock infected with any such diseases and consist of :—

Number.	Sexes.	Breeds.	Brands and Marks.
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and I further solemnly and sincerely declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief no disease of any animals has existed for six months previous to the shipment of the above mentioned sheep at the place or adjacent thereto from which the said stock are bought and that they have (not) on the way to the port of shipment been driven over any roads open to any sheep which may have been infected with any contagious or infectious disease and/or that the vehicles in which they have been transported to the ship were disinfected with a scab

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 29th day of November, 1947.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 1



1947.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To constitute a Town Council for Stanley, to provide for the conduct of Elections and to regulate the general powers of the Council.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Council Ordinance. Short Title.

ARRANGEMENTS OF PARTS.

Part I. — Constitution of the Council.	Parts.
Part II. — Election procedure.	
Part III. — Prevention of corrupt practices at elections.	
Part IV. — General powers and duties of Council.	
Part V. — Appointment and duties of officers.	
Part VI. — Public works, etc.	
Part VII. — General financial provisions.	

PART I.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COUNCIL.

2. (1) There shall be constituted and elected in Stanley a Town Council (hereinafter referred to as the Council) the members whereof shall be termed councillors, and the said Council shall be constituted as from the date of the first election held under this Ordinance. Formation of a Town Council.

(2) The Council shall be a corporate body having a common seal and shall sue or be sued in its corporate capacity.

Constitution of Town
Council.

3. (1) The Council shall consist of nine members of whom three shall be members nominated or appointed by the Governor and six shall be members elected by the electors of Stanley.

(2) The Governor shall at each general election of councillors appoint three councillors as he may see fit for the full period of two years provided that in the case of the death or resignation of a councillor appointed under this subsection, or if any such councillor is absent from meetings of the Council for more than six months consecutively except in case of illness or for some reason approved by the Council, the Governor may appoint some other person to fill the vacancy and the person so appointed shall continue in office as a councillor so long only as the person in whose stead he shall have been appointed would have been entitled to remain in office.

(3) Every appointment or nomination made by the Governor under subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall be published in the Gazette.

(4) The six elected councillors shall be elected for a period of two years, at any election after the first election referred to in Clause 8 (1) hereafter.

Constitution of wards
for elections.
(First Schedule).

4. For the purpose of the election of councillors, the Township of Stanley shall be divided into three wards as set out in the First Schedule to this Ordinance and each elector shall record his vote only in the ward for which he is registered as an elector.

Preparation of
register of electors.

5. (1) The year following immediately on the passing of this Ordinance and thereafter in every second year there shall be prepared a register of electors and such register shall be published not later than the 1st day of October in such year.

(Second Schedule).

(2) The Council shall appoint a registration officer to supervise the preparation of the register in accordance with the rules contained in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance.

Provided that the Governor may make all declarations, appointments and other arrangements necessary for the purpose of holding the first election.

Qualifications of
electors.

6. A person shall not be entitled to be enrolled as an elector unless he is qualified as follows—

(Women to vote on
same footing as men).

(a) is a person of either sex of twenty-one years of age or over, and

(b) is, on the first day of December of the year immediately preceding the year in which the electors lists are prepared or revised, ordinarily resident within the municipal limits and has during the twelve months prior thereto actually resided therein.

Provided that he shall not be deemed not to have actually resided within the municipal limits by reason only that he has been temporarily absent therefrom for short periods,

Provided also that no person in the armed forces, other than the Falkland Islands Defence Force, who is stationed in Stanley for naval or military purposes, shall be entitled to be registered as an elector in respect of the occupation of any residence or quarters provided by the Crown free of rent or other charges.

Appeal against
decision of
Registration Officer.

7. (1) Any person who deems himself aggrieved by the omission or inclusion of any name in the register may make complaint or objection to the Registration Officer who shall hear and determine the same.

(2) An appeal shall lie to the Magistrate's Court from any decision of the Registration Officer on any complaint or objection which has been considered by him.

(3) An appeal shall lie on any point of law from any decision of the Court on any such appeal from the Registration Officer to the Supreme Court, but no appeal shall lie from any decision of the Supreme Court.

8. (1) The first election under this Ordinance shall be held on the first Wednesday in the month of December immediately following the passing of this Ordinance. The second election shall be held on the second Wednesday of the month of December of the year immediately following the first election. Thereafter elections shall be held biennially on the second Wednesday in the month of December. One month before the second election if neither of the councillors in each ward wishes voluntarily to retire then one councillor in each ward shall be selected by ballot to retire. At each biennial election thereafter the most recently elected councillor in each ward shall remain in office and the other retire automatically. Any councillor retiring as a result of the ballot before the second election or automatically retiring under this clause shall be eligible to be a candidate at any subsequent election.

Date of first and subsequent and casual elections.

(2) In the case of a casual vacancy among the elected members an election shall be held on any day to be fixed by the Governor, such day being not less than twenty-eight nor more than forty-two days after the date upon which the vacancy shall have been notified to exist and any such casual vacancy arising shall be notified to the Governor by the Chairman of the Council and published in the Gazette at the first meeting of the Council after the vacancy has arisen.

9. (1) The Registration Officer shall perform the duties of returning officer and shall have power to appoint deputies who shall perform such duties as the Registration Officer shall direct, but the appointments of deputies shall be subject to the approval of the Council.

Duties of Returning Officer, and appointment of Deputies.

(2) The expenses incurred in the preparation of the register shall be audited by the Town Council auditor and shall be paid out of the funds of the Council.

10. A person shall be qualified to be elected a councillor if he is qualified to be registered as an elector in the terms of section six of this Ordinance. Provided that no person in the established service of the Government shall be nominated for election.

Qualification of councillor.

11. (1) A person shall be disqualified from becoming or from acting as a councillor who shall be or shall become a bankrupt and shall not have obtained his discharge or who has been or shall be convicted of any felony or other crime for which he has suffered or shall be sentenced to undergo any term of imprisonment exceeding three calendar months.

Disqualification of councillors.

(2) Any person not duly qualified who shall wilfully act as a councillor shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £50 for every day on which he shall so act, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, and the appointment or election of any such person who shall not be duly qualified or who shall become disqualified shall be void to all intents and purposes as from the date upon which such councillor shall first have become disqualified,

Provided always that no such acting shall prejudice or make void the acts of the councillors duly appointed or legally qualified.

12. Every person being a candidate for election as a councillor shall in writing not later than twenty-one days before the date fixed for the taking of the poll so notify the Returning Officer of his intention, the notification being subscribed by two electors of the ward, and shall at the same time forward to the Returning Officer a declaration sworn before a Justice of the Peace in the form set out in the Third Schedule to this Ordinance that he fulfils the qualifications required under this Ordinance.

Declaration to be made by candidate for election as councillor.

(Third Schedule).

Deposit by candidates.

13. (1) Every candidate for the office of councillor who shall be nominated therefor shall deposit with the Returning Officer the sum of £25.

(2) No candidate who has not complied with the provisions of subsection (1) hereof shall be elected, by poll or otherwise, to the office of councillor.

Remission and forfeiture of deposit.

14. The deposit made by a candidate under the provisions of section 13 shall be remitted to such candidate by the Returning Officer

- (a) if he be elected a member of the Council, or
- (b) if he obtain not less the 1/6th of the total votes validly polled, or
- (c) if he shall resign his candidature at any time not less than seven days prior to the date of the poll.

Power of Registration Officer to hear complaints.

15. It shall be lawful for the Registration Officer to hear and consider any complaint or objection in regard to the qualifications of any candidate and to give a decision thereon and any person aggrieved by any such decision shall be entitled to appeal in manner provided by Section 7 of this Ordinance.

Penalty on disqualified person offering himself as candidate.

16. Any person who knowing that he is not duly qualified shall wilfully offer himself as a candidate for election shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month.

If only sufficient persons signify their intention to become candidates.

17. If no more persons than the number of councillors to be elected shall have signified their intention in the manner required by section 12 of this Ordinance to become candidates for election, the Returning Officer on the day fixed for the election shall declare such candidate or candidates duly elected to the Council, but if more candidates than there are vacancies to be filled shall come forward for election a poll shall be taken in the manner hereinafter provided.

If number of candidates insufficient.

Provided that if insufficient candidates are nominated to fill the existing vacancies the Governor may appoint members additional to those mentioned in section 3 (2) of this Ordinance.

Power of candidate to appoint an election agent.

18. Every person being a candidate for election as a councillor may appoint an election agent whose name he shall notify to the Registration Officer and every advertisement, circular or publication issued for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of any candidate shall bear thereon the name of the candidate or his agent and the printer thereof, if any.

Chairman of Council.

19. (1) A Chairman of the Council shall be elected annually by the Council from among the elected members.

(2) The election of the Chairman shall be the first business transacted at the first meeting of the Council in every year.

(3) The Chairman shall, unless he resigns or ceases to be qualified or becomes disqualified, continue in office until his successor is elected.

(4) The Council shall also appoint from the elected members of the Council a Deputy-chairman.

(5) The Deputy-chairman shall, unless he resigns or ceases to be qualified or becomes disqualified, continue in office until his successor is elected.

(6) Subject to any standing orders made by the Council anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chairman may be done by, to or before the Deputy-chairman.

Filling of casual vacancy in case of Chairman or Deputy-chairman.

20. On a casual vacancy occurring in the office of Chairman or Deputy-chairman, an election to fill the vacancy shall be held not later than the next ordinary meeting of the Council held after the

date on which the vacancy occurs, or if that meeting is held within three days after that date, then not later than the next following ordinary meeting of the Council, and shall be conducted in the same manner as an ordinary election.

21. A person elected, nominated or appointed under this Ordinance to the Council or to an office therein may, at any time, resign by writing signed by him, (in this Ordinance referred to as a "notice of resignation") and delivered—

Resignations.

- (a) in the case of an elected member of the Council, to the Secretary of the Council,
- (b) in the case of a member of the Council nominated or appointed by the Governor, to the Colonial Secretary,
- (c) in the case of the Chairman or Deputy-chairman of the Council, to the Council, and
- (d) in the case of any officer in the Council, to the Chairman of the Council,

and his resignation shall take effect upon the receipt of the notice of resignation by the person or body to whom it is required to be delivered.

22. A person elected under this Ordinance to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the date upon which the person in whose place he is elected would regularly have retired and himself shall then retire.

Term of office of persons filling casual vacancies.

PART II.

ELECTION PROCEDURE.

ELECTIONS AND ELECTORS.

23. (1) In this part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires—

Interpretation of Part II.

"candidate" means any person who has been nominated or declared himself candidate at an election;

"election" means an election of a Town councillor or councillors;

"elector" means any person qualified to vote for members to serve on the Council;

"polling place" means the house or room in which an election is held;

"presiding officer" means the Returning Officer and includes also his deputy presiding at a polling station;

"register" means the register for the time being of voters qualified to vote for members to serve on the Council.

(2) Where in this part of this Ordinance any expressions are used requiring or authorising or inferring that any act or thing is to be done in the presence of the candidates or of any other persons nominated by them for the purpose, such expressions shall be deemed to refer to the presence of such of the candidates or of any other persons nominated by them for the purpose as may be authorised to attend, and as have in fact attended at the time and place where such act or thing is being done, and the non-attendance of any candidate or of any of the persons nominated by him for the purpose at such place and time shall not, if such act or thing be otherwise duly done, in anywise invalidate the act or thing done.

PROCEDURE AT POLL.

- Votes, when poll required at an election, to be taken by ballot. Of what ballot shall consist.
- Description of ballot paper.
(Fourth Schedule).
- Oath of secrecy by and before whom to be taken.
(Fifth Schedule).
- Provision of ballot boxes etc.
- Directions for the guidance of electors.
(Sixth Schedule).
- Ballot boxes to be locked and sealed etc.
- Every elector entitled to a ballot paper.
- Course to be followed by an elector on receiving a ballot paper.
24. In the case of a poll being required at an election the votes shall be given by ballot, the ballot of each voter shall consist of a paper (in this Ordinance referred to as a ballot paper) showing the names and descriptions of the candidates arranged alphabetically in the order of their surnames and (if there are two or more candidates with the same surname) of their other names; it shall have a number printed on the back and shall have attached a counterfoil with the same number printed on the face, and shall be in the form set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Ordinance or as near thereto as circumstances admit, and shall be capable of being folded up.
25. The presiding officer and every other person authorised to attend a polling place, or at the counting of the votes, shall, before the opening of the poll, make the oath of secrecy in the form prescribed in the Fifth Schedule to this Ordinance. If the person is the presiding officer he shall make the oath before a Justice of the Peace and if he is any other person, before the presiding officer or a Justice of the Peace.
26. (1) The presiding officer shall within three days before polling day provide such ballot boxes, ballot papers, polling compartments, materials for electors to mark the ballot papers, directions for the guidance of electors in voting and such other things as may be necessary for effectually conducting any election in the manner provided by this Ordinance.
- (2) There shall be one polling station in each ward and each polling place shall be furnished with one or more compartments as shall be necessary in which the electors can mark their votes screened from observation.
27. Directions for the guidance of the electors in voting according to the form set forth in the Sixth Schedule to this Ordinance shall be placarded in various places, outside and inside every polling place and, in addition thereto, in every compartment of every polling place and be illustrated by examples of the ballot paper.
28. Every ballot box shall be so constructed that the ballot papers can be introduced therein but cannot be withdrawn therefrom without the box being unlocked. The presiding officer at any polling place just before the commencement of the poll shall show the ballot box empty to such persons as may be present in such polling place so that they may see that it is empty, and shall then lock it up and place his seal upon it in such manner as to prevent its being opened without breaking such seal and shall place it in his view for the receipt of ballot papers and keep it so locked and sealed.
29. Every elector shall be entitled to demand and receive a ballot paper, but immediately before it is delivered to such elector it shall be marked on both sides by the presiding officer with a mark (in this Ordinance referred to as the official mark) and the number and name of the elector as stated in the copy of the register shall be called out and the number of such elector to denote that he has received a ballot paper but without showing the particular ballot paper which he has received.
30. (1) The elector, on receiving the ballot paper, shall forthwith proceed into the compartment or one of the compartments in the polling place and there secretly mark his vote by placing a cross on the right hand side of the ballot paper opposite the name of the candidate for whom he votes. The elector may vote for as many candidates as there are vacancies to be filled. The elector shall then fold up the ballot paper so as to conceal his vote but so as to show the official mark on the back, and shall then put his ballot paper so folded in the ballot box in the presence of the

presiding officer, after having shown to him the official mark on the back.

(2) Any ballot paper which has not on its back the official mark or on which votes are given to more candidates than the elector voting is entitled to vote for, or on which anything except the said number on the back is written or marked by which the elector can be identified shall be void and not counted.

(3) Every elector shall vote without undue delay and shall quit the polling place as soon as he has put his ballot paper into the ballot box.

31. The presiding officer, on the application of any elector who is incapacitated by blindness or other physical cause from voting in manner prescribed by this Ordinance, or of any elector who is unable to read, shall cause the vote of such elector to be marked on a ballot paper in manner directed by such elector, and the ballot paper to be placed in the ballot box, and the name and the number on the register of every elector whose vote is so marked in pursuance of this section and the reason why it is so marked shall be entered on a list called the list of voters marked by the presiding officer.

Votes of blind electors, etc.

32. If a person representing himself to be a particular elector named on the register applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such elector, the applicant shall upon duly answering the questions and taking the oath permitted to be asked of and to be administered to voters at the time of polling, be entitled to mark a ballot paper in the same manner as any other voter, but the ballot paper, (in this Ordinance referred to as a tendered ballot paper), instead of being put into the ballot box shall be given to the presiding officer and endorsed by him with the name of the voter and the number in the register and set aside and shall not be counted by the presiding officer, and the name of the voter and his number on the register shall be entered on a list called the tendered votes list.

Two persons claiming to be same voter.

33. An elector who has inadvertently dealt with his ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be conveniently used as a ballot paper may, on delivering to the presiding officer the ballot paper so inadvertently dealt with and proving the fact of the inadvertence to the satisfaction of the presiding officer, obtain another ballot paper in place of the ballot paper so delivered up and the spoilt ballot paper shall be immediately cancelled.

When an elector may obtain a second ballot paper.

34. If any person misconducts himself in the polling place or fails to obey the lawful orders of the presiding officer he shall forthwith be removed from the polling place by any constable or any other person authorised by the presiding officer to remove him, and the persons so removed shall not, unless with the permission of the presiding officer, again be allowed to enter the polling place during that day. The powers conferred by this section shall not be exercised so as to prevent any elector who is otherwise entitled to vote at any polling place from having an opportunity of voting at such polling place.

Keeping order in polling place.

35. No elector who has voted at an election shall in any legal proceedings to question the election or return be required to state for whom he has voted.

Prohibition of disclosure of vote.

36. No election shall be declared invalid by reason of any mistake in the use of the form in the Fourth Schedule to this Ordinance if it appears to the authority having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in this Ordinance, and that such mistake did not affect the result of the election.

PROCEDURE AFTER CLOSE OF POLL.

Result of poll when, how and in whose presence to be ascertained.

37. (1) After the close of the poll all ballot papers received at any polling place shall be sealed up by the person presiding at the polling place and delivered to the returning officer.

(2) The sealed boxes shall be opened by the returning officer in the presence of the candidates or other persons nominated by them for the purpose and of no other person except with the sanction of the returning officer; and he and his deputies shall ascertain and declare the result of the poll by counting the votes given to each candidate but while so doing shall keep the ballot papers with their face upwards and take all proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the numbers on the backs of such papers.

(3) The returning officer shall give notice to the candidates of the time and place for counting the votes.

(4) Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates on a final count and the addition of a vote would entitle any of those candidates to be declared elected the returning officer shall make a special return of the results of the election and the Council duly assembled shall choose one of such candidates to be a member of the Council.

Course to be pursued with respect to rejected ballot papers.

38. The presiding officer shall endorse the word "rejected" on any ballot paper which he may reject as invalid, and shall add to such endorsement the words "rejection objected to" if any objection be in fact made by any candidate, or a person nominated by him to be present at the count of the votes, to the decision of the presiding officer. The presiding officer shall report to the Colonial Secretary the number of ballot papers rejected and not counted by him under the following heads—

- (a) absence of official mark;
- (b) voting for more candidates than entitled to;
- (c) writing or other mark by which voter could be identified;
- (d) unmarked or void for uncertainty;

and shall on request allow the candidate before such report is submitted to copy it.

Decision of presiding officer to be final.

39. The decision of the presiding officer as to any question arising in respect of any ballot paper shall be final, subject to reversal on petition questioning the election or return.

Disposal of papers relating to the election when result of poll is declared.

40. Upon the completion of the counting and the declaration by the presiding officer of the candidates elected, the presiding officer shall seal up each description of papers, other than the list of voters (which shall in each case be returned to the Colonial Secretary for future use), relating to the election in separate packets and return them to the Colonial Secretary and the Colonial Secretary shall retain for one year all documents and papers so returned to him, after which, unless otherwise directed by the Supreme Court, he shall cause them to be destroyed.

In whose presence such papers be sealed up.

41. The papers required by Section 40 of this Ordinance to be sealed by the presiding officer shall be sealed up by him in the presence of the candidates, or any other person nominated by them for the purpose in attendance, and by no other person except with the sanction of the presiding officer.

Rejected ballot papers not to be inspected except under order of the Supreme Court.

42. No person shall be allowed to inspect any rejected ballot papers in the custody of the Colonial Secretary except upon the order of the Supreme Court to be granted only where it is satisfied by evidence on oath that the inspection or production of such ballot

papers is required for the purpose of instituting or maintaining a prosecution for an offence in relation to ballot papers or for the purpose of a petition questioning an election or a return; and any such order for the inspection or production of ballot papers may be made subject to such conditions as to persons, time, place and mode of inspection or production as the Supreme Court may think expedient and shall be obeyed by the Colonial Secretary, and the power given to the Court by this Section may be exercised by the Judge in chambers.

43. No person shall, except by order of the Supreme Court, open any election papers relating to the election of members of the Council so returned to the Colonial Secretary and in his custody; such order may be subject to such conditions as to person, time, place and mode of opening or inspection as the Court may think expedient. Provided that in making and carrying into effect any such order care shall be taken that the mode in which any particular elector has voted shall not be discovered until he has been proved to have voted and his vote has been declared by competent authority to be invalid. Such papers shall be resealed at such time and in such manner as the Court may from time to time direct.

Election papers in the custody of the Colonial Secretary not to be opened except under an order of the Supreme Court.

44. When an order is made for the production by the Colonial Secretary of any document in his possession relating to any specified election, the production by the Colonial Secretary of the documents ordered by the Supreme Court in such manner as may be directed by rule shall be conclusive evidence that such document relates to the specified election; and any endorsement appearing on any packet of papers produced by the Colonial Secretary shall be evidence of such papers being what they are stated to be by the endorsement. The production from proper custody of a ballot paper purporting to have been used at any election and of a counterfoil marked with the same printed number and having a number marked thereon in writing shall be *prima facie* evidence that the person who voted by such ballot paper was the person who at the time of such election had annexed to his name in the register at such election the same number as the number written on such counterfoil.

Production by Colonial Secretary of documents under any such order to be conclusive evidence that such documents are the ones required.

PART III.

PREVENTION OF CORRUPT PRACTICES AT ELECTIONS.

ELECTION OFFENCES.

45. In this part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires—

Interpretation of Part III.

“candidate at an election” includes all persons elected to serve as members on the Council and all persons nominated as candidates or who shall have declared themselves candidates at or before such election;

“corrupt practice” means the offence of treating, undue influence, bribery and personation as defined in this part of this Ordinance and includes the aiding, abetting, counselling and procuring the commission of the offence of personation;

“election” means the election of any member or members to serve on the Council;

“voter” means any person who has or claims to have a right to vote in the election of a member or members to serve on the Council.

46. (1) Every person who—

(a) fraudulently defaces or fraudulently destroys any ballot paper or the official mark on any ballot paper;

Offences in respect of ballot papers and ballot boxes.

- (b) without due authority supplies any ballot paper to any person; or
- (c) fraudulently puts into any ballot box any paper other than the ballot paper which he is authorised by law to put in; or
- (d) fraudulently takes out of the polling place any ballot paper; or
- (e) without due authority destroys, takes, opens or otherwise interferes with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purpose of the election,

shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be liable, if he is a presiding officer, to a fine not exceeding £100 or, in default, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years and if he is another person to a fine not exceeding £25 or, in default, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

(2) In any indictment or other prosecution for an offence in relation to the ballot boxes and ballot papers at an election, the property in such boxes and papers may be stated to be in the presiding officer at such election as well as the property in the counterfoil.

Infringement of secrecy.

47. (1) Every person in attendance at a polling place shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting in such place and shall not communicate, except for some purposes authorised by law, before the poll is closed to any person any information as to the name or number on the register of any elector who has or has not applied for a ballot paper, or voted at that polling place, or as to the official mark, and no such person shall interfere with or attempt to interfere with an elector when marking his vote or otherwise attempt to obtain in the polling place information as to the candidate for whom any voter in such election is about to vote or has voted, or communicate at any time to any person any information obtained in a polling place as to the candidate for whom any voter in such polling place is about to vote or has voted, or as to the number on the back of the ballot paper given to any elector at such polling place.

(2) Every such person in attendance at the counting of votes shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting, and shall not attempt to ascertain at such counting the number on the back of any ballot paper or communicate any information at such counting to the candidate for whom any vote is given in any particular ballot paper.

(3) No person shall directly or indirectly induce any elector to display his ballot paper after he shall have marked the same so as to make known to any person the name of the candidate for whom he has so marked his vote.

(4) Every person who acts in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £25 or, in default, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Offence of bribery.

48. Every person who shall –

- (a) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, give, lend or agree to give or lend, or shall offer, promise or promise to procure or to endeavour to procure any moneys or valuable consideration to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any other person in order to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do any such act as aforesaid on account of such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any election;

- (b) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, give or procure, or offer, promise or promise to procure or to endeavour to procure any office, place or employment to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any other person in order to induce any voter to vote, or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do any such act as aforesaid on account of any voter having voted or refrained from voting at any election;
- (c) directly or indirectly, by himself or any other person on his behalf, make any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement or agreement as aforesaid to or for any person in order to induce such person to procure, or endeavour to procure, the return of any person to serve in the Council or the vote of any voter at any election;
- (d) upon or in consequence of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement, procure or engage, promise or endeavour to procure, the return of any person to serve on the Council, or the vote of any voter at any election;
- (e) advance or pay, or cause to be paid, any money to or for the use of any other person with the intent that such money or any part thereof shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who shall knowingly pay or cause to be paid any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any election;

shall be deemed guilty of bribery and shall be punishable accordingly.

49. Every person who —

Offence of bribery
further defined.

- (a) being a voter, shall before or during any election directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf receive, agree or contract for any money, gift loan or valuable consideration, office place or employment for himself or any other person for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any election;
- (b) shall, after any election, directly or indirectly by himself or any other person on his behalf, receive any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote, or to refrain from voting at any election,

shall also be deemed guilty of bribery and shall be punishable accordingly.

50. Any person who corruptly by himself or by any other person, either before, during or after an election, directly or indirectly gives or provides, or pays wholly or in part the expense of giving or providing any meat, drink, entertainment or provision to or for any person for the purpose of corruptly influencing that person or any other person to give or refrain from giving his vote at the election, or on account of such person, or any other person having voted or refrained from voting or being about to vote or refrain from voting at such election, and every elector who corruptly accepts or takes any such meat, drink, entertainment or provision, shall be guilty of treating, and shall be punishable accordingly.

Offence of treating.

51. Every person who shall directly or indirectly by himself or by any other person on his behalf, make use of, or threaten to make use of any force, violence or restraint, or inflict or threaten the

Offence of undue
influence.

infliction by himself or by or through any other person of any temporal or spiritual injury, damage, harm or loss, or in any other manner practice intimidation upon or against any person in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting or on account of such person having voted or refrained from voting at any election, or who shall by abduction, duress or any fraudulent device or contrivance, impede, prevent or otherwise interfere with the free exercise of the franchise of any voter, or shall thereby compel, induce or prevail upon any voter, either to give or refrain from giving his or her vote at any election, shall be deemed to have committed the offence of undue influence and shall be punishable accordingly.

No cockades, etc., to be given.

52. No candidate before, during or after any election, shall in regard to such election, by himself or agent, directly or indirectly, give or provide to or for any person having a vote at such election or to or for any inhabitant of Stanley, any cockade, ribbon or other mark of distinction and every person so giving or providing shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £2.

Offence of personation.

53. (1) A person shall, for all purposes of the law relating to the Stanley Town Council elections, be deemed to be guilty of the offence of personation who at an election applies for a ballot paper in the name of some other person, whether that name be that of a person living or dead or of a fictitious person, or who having voted once at any such election applies at the same election for a ballot paper in his own name.

(2) It shall be the duty of the returning officer to institute a prosecution against any person whom he may believe to have been guilty of personation, or of aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of the offence of personation by any person at the election for which he is returning officer.

(3) A person charged with the offence of personation under this section shall not be convicted or committed for trial except upon the evidence of not less than two credible witnesses.

Punishment of person convicted on indictment of corrupt practices.

54. (1) A person who commits any corrupt practice other than personation, or aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of the offence of personation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and on conviction on indictment shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £200 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

(2) A person who commits the offence of personation, or of aiding, abetting, counselling, or procuring the commission of that offence, shall be guilty of felony, and any person convicted thereof on indictment shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

ILLEGAL PRACTICES.

Certain expenditure to be illegal.

55. (1) No payment or contract for payment shall, for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of a candidate, be made –

- (a) on account of the conveyance of electors to or from the poll, whether for the hiring of horses or vehicles or otherwise; or
- (b) to an elector on account of the use of any house, land, building or premises for the exhibition of any address, bill or notice, or on account of the exhibition of any address, bill or notice; or
- (c) on account of any committee room in excess of one.

(2) Subject to such exception as may be allowed in pursuance of this Ordinance if any payment or contract for payment is knowingly made in contravention of this section either before,

during or after an election, the person making such payment or contract shall be guilty of an illegal practice, and any person receiving such payment or being a party to any such contract, knowing the same to be in contravention of this Ordinance, shall also be guilty of an illegal practice.

Provided that where it is the ordinary business of an elector as an advertising agent to exhibit for payment bills and advertisements, a payment to or contract with such elector if made in the ordinary course of business, shall not be deemed to be an illegal practice within the meaning of this section.

56. (1) Subject to such exception as may be allowed in pursuance of this Ordinance, no sum shall be paid and no expense shall be incurred by or on behalf of a candidate at an election, whether before, during or after an election on account of or in respect of the conduct or management of such election, save that a sum may be paid and expense incurred not in excess of the maximum amount of £50.

Expenditure in excess of permitted maximum an illegal practice.

(2) Any candidate or agent of a candidate or person who knowingly acts in contravention of this section shall be guilty of an illegal practice.

57. A person guilty of an illegal practice in reference to an election, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.

Punishment for illegal practice.

EXPENSES OF CANDIDATES.

58. (1) Every claim against any person in respect of any expenses incurred by or on behalf of a candidate at an election of a councillor on account or in respect of the conduct or management of such election shall be sent in within fourteen days after the day of the election, and if not so sent in shall be barred and not paid, and all expenses incurred as aforesaid shall be paid within twenty-one days after the day of election (or such later time as the Supreme Court, having regard to all the circumstances, may fix on the application of the candidate), and not otherwise, and any person who makes a payment in contravention of this section shall be guilty of an illegal practice, but if such payment was made without the sanction or connivance of the candidate, the election of such candidate shall not be void, nor shall he be subject to any incapacity under this Ordinance by reason only of such payment having been made in contravention of this section.

Claims for expenses incurred by or on behalf of candidates, how and when to be submitted.

(2) Subject to an extension of time which the Supreme Court is hereby authorised to grant on any grounds which the court shall deem reasonable, within twenty-eight days after the day of election of a councillor every candidate at such election shall send to the returning officer a return of all expenses incurred by such candidate or his agents on account of or in respect of the conduct or management of such election, vouched (except in the case of sums under £1) by bills stating the particulars and receipts, and accompanied by a declaration by the candidate made before a Justice in the form set out in the Seventh Schedule to this Ordinance, or to the like effect.

(Seventh Schedule).

(3) After the expiration of the time for making such return and declaration the candidate, if elected, shall not, until he has made the return and declaration (in this Ordinance referred to as the return and declaration respecting election expenses), sit or vote in the Council, and if he does so shall forfeit £50 for every day on which he so sits or votes to be recovered at the suit of the Colonial Secretary.

(4) If the candidate fails without reasonable excuse (the proof whereof shall lie on the person accused) to make the said return and declaration he shall be guilty of an illegal practice.

(5) The return and declaration sent in pursuance of this Ordinance to the returning officer shall be kept at his office, and shall at all reasonable times during the twelve months next after they are received by him be open to inspection by any person on the payment of the fee of one shilling, and the returning officer shall, on demand furnish copies thereof or of any part thereof at the price of two shillings for every seventy-two words.

(6) After the expiration of the said twelve months the returning officer may cause the return and declaration to be destroyed, or if the candidate so require shall return the same to him.

ELECTION PETITIONS.

Power to question election.

59. (1) An election may be questioned by an election petition on the ground –

- (a) that the election was wholly voided by general bribery, treating, undue influence or personation; or
- (b) that the election was voided by corrupt or illegal practices or offences against this part of this Ordinance committed at the election; or
- (c) that the person whose election is questioned was at the time of the election disqualified; or
- (d) that he was not duly elected by a majority of lawful votes.

(2) An election shall not be questioned on any of those grounds except by an election petition.

Election petitions to be heard by Supreme Court.

60. (1) Every election petition shall be heard by the Supreme Court and, subject to the express provisions of this Ordinance and any rules of court prescribed under the powers conferred by this section, every election petition shall, as nearly as circumstances admit, be presented, heard and determined according to the law for the time being in force in England with respect to municipal election petitions.

(2) After hearing an election petition, the Supreme Court shall deliver a report to the Governor.

(3) The Judge of the Supreme Court may make rules of court for regulating all matters relating to the presentation, hearing and determination of election petitions.

Presentation of petition.

61. (1) An election petition may be presented either by four or more persons who voted or who had a right to vote at the election or by a person alleging himself to have been a candidate at the election.

(2) Any person whose election is questioned by the petition, and any returning officer of whose conduct a petition complains, may be made a respondent to the petition.

Time within which petition must be presented.

62. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an election petition shall be presented within twenty-one days after the day on which the election was held.

(2) An election petition complaining of the election on the ground of an illegal practice may be presented at any time before the expiration of fourteen days after the day on which the returning officer receives the return and declaration respecting election expenses of the candidate to whose election the petition relates. This subsection shall apply notwithstanding that the illegal practice is also a corrupt practice.

(3) An election petition, complaining of the election on the ground of any corrupt or illegal practice, and specifically alleging a payment of money or other act made or done since the election by

the candidate elected at such election, or by an agent of the candidate, or with the privity of the candidate, in pursuance or in furtherance of such corrupt or illegal practice may be presented at any time within twenty-eight days after the date of such payment or act, whether or not any other petition against that person has been previously presented or tried.

EXCUSE AND EXCEPTION FOR CORRUPT OR ILLEGAL PRACTICE.

63. Where, upon the trial of an election petition, the Court reports that a candidate at such election has been guilty by his agents of the offence of treating and undue influence, and illegal practice, or of any such offences, in reference to such election, and the Court further reports that the candidate has proved to the Court –

Report exonerating candidates in certain cases of corrupt and illegal practice by agents.

- (a) that no corrupt or illegal practice was committed at such election by the candidate or with his knowledge or consent, and the offences mentioned in the said report were committed without the sanction or connivance of such candidate; and
- (b) that all reasonable means for preventing the commission of corrupt and illegal practices at such election were taken by and on behalf of the candidate; and
- (c) that the offences mentioned in the said report were of trivial, unimportant and limited character; and
- (d) that in all other respects the election was free from any corrupt or illegal practice on the part of such candidate and of his agents,

then the election of such candidate shall not, by reason of the offences mentioned in such report, be void, nor shall the candidate be subject to any incapacity under this Ordinance.

64. Where, on application made, it is shown to the Supreme Court by such evidence as seems to the Court sufficient –

Power of Supreme Court to except innocent act from being illegal practice.

- (a) that any act or omission of a candidate at an election, or of any other agent or other person, would, by reason of being in contravention of any of the provisions of this Ordinance, be but for this section an illegal practice; and
- (b) that such act or omission arose from inadvertence or from accidental miscalculation or from some other reasonable cause of a like nature, and in any case did not arise from any want of good faith; and
- (c) that such notice of the application has been given as to the Court seems fit,

and under the circumstances it seems to the Court to be just that the said candidate, agent and person, or any of them, should not be subject to any of the consequences under this Ordinance of the said act or omission, the Court may make an order allowing such act or omission to be an exception from the provisions of this Ordinance which would otherwise make the same an illegal practice, and thereupon such candidate, agent or person shall not be subject to any of the consequences under this Ordinance of the said act or omission.

DISQUALIFICATION OF ELECTORS.

65. Any person who is convicted of any corrupt or illegal practices or is found by the report upon the trial of an election petition to have been guilty of a corrupt or illegal practice either by himself or if a candidate, through his agents, shall not be capable for a period of five years from the date of the conviction or report, as the case may be –

Disqualification upon corrupt or illegal practices.

- (a) of being registered as an elector or voting at any election of the Council; or

- (b) of holding office as a councillor, or justice of the peace, and if he holds such office, the office shall be at once vacated.

Prohibition of disqualified persons from voting.

66. Every person who, in consequence of conviction or of the report of the Supreme Court on an election petition has become incapable of voting at any election is prohibited from voting at any such election, and his vote shall be void and struck off on a scrutiny.

Hearing of person before he is reported guilty of corrupt or illegal practice.

67. Before a person, not being a party to an election petition nor a candidate on behalf of whom the seat is claimed by an election petition, is reported by the Supreme Court to have been guilty at an election of any corrupt or illegal practice, the Court shall cause notice to be given to such person, and if he appears in pursuance of the notice, shall give him an opportunity of being heard by himself and of calling evidence in his defence to show why he should not be so reported.

Offenders to be struck off register, etc.

68. Whenever it shall be proved before the Registration Officer that any person who is or claims to be placed on the list or register of voters, has been found guilty of corrupt or illegal practices either by conviction or by the report of the Supreme Court at an election petition, the Registration Officer shall, in case the name of such person is in the list of voters, expunge the same therefrom, or shall, in case such person is claiming to have his name inserted therein, disallow such claim; and the names of all persons whose names shall be so expunged from the list of voters, and whose claims shall be so disallowed, shall be thereupon inserted in a separate list, to be entitled "The List of Persons disqualified for corrupt or illegal practices" which last-named list shall be appended to the list or register of voters, and shall be printed and published therewith, wherever the same shall be or is required to be printed or published.

PART IV.

GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES OF COUNCIL.

TRANSACTION OF BUSINESS.

Meetings.

69. The Council shall meet for the despatch of business as often as they shall think fit, being not less than once a month.

Quorum.

70. At every meeting of the Council four members shall form a quorum. Every question shall be decided by the votes of a majority of those present and voting on that question, and in case of an equal division of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. The Council shall cause all their proceedings to be recorded in a book to be kept for that purpose and such proceedings shall at every meeting be signed by the Chairman.

Council not disqualified by reason of vacancies.

71. The Council shall not be disqualified for the transaction of business by reason of any vacancy among the councillors.

Appointment of committees.

72. The Council may appoint from among themselves committees consisting of not less than three, of whom the Chairman shall always be one. Every such committee shall have power, until the first day of January next following or such sooner day as the Council may determine, to transact the ordinary business for which they may be appointed;

Provided always that it shall not be lawful for any committee —

- (a) to make any rate or assessment; or
- (b) to make or enter into any contract hereby, or by any law in force in the Colony, required to be in writing; or

- (c) to appoint or to remove any officer or servant employed by the Council; or
- (d) to make or to revoke any by-law; or
- (e) to commence any suit or action or other proceeding in the Supreme Court, or to give notice of appeal; or
- (f) to make or to revoke any order appointing an officer to be rated and assessed, by the name of his office.

73. At every meeting of a committee two of their number shall be a quorum. Every question shall be decided in like manner as at a meeting of the Council, except that every question as to which the voices are equal shall be deemed to be passed in the negative. They shall cause all their proceedings to be recorded in a book, which shall be kept and signed in like manner as that relating to the proceedings of the Council and shall submit their proceedings to the Council at every meeting next thereafter.

How committee may proceed.

74. (1) A committee shall be appointed to administer moneys voted by the Council for Poor Relief and it shall be entitled the Public Assistance Committee.

Public Assistance Committee.

(2) Provided that at least two-thirds of the committee are members of the Council, the Public Assistance Committee may include persons who are not members of the Council and at least one of these persons shall be a woman.

Members may be co-opted.

(3) Subject to the provisions of Section 72 of this Ordinance the Council may delegate to the Committee any or all of its functions relative to Poor Relief.

Delegation of functions by Council.

(4) With the authority of the Council as provided in subsection (3) or with special authority referring to specified cases which have previously been submitted to the Council, the Public Assistance Committee may institute proceedings before a Court of Summary Jurisdiction against persons who are liable to maintain those relatives who are within the degrees of relationship recognised for that purpose by the laws of England for the time being in force to compel them to maintain such relatives or to contribute to their maintenance.

Relatives may be sued.

(5) The Public Assistance Committee may be represented in such proceedings by one of their members appointed for the purpose by the Committee.

Representation of P.A.C. in Court.

75. (1) Subject to the approval of the Governor, the Council may make standing orders for the regulation of the proceedings and business of the Council and any of their committees.

Standing orders.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this or any other law, it shall not be necessary to publish in the Gazette any standing orders of the Council.

76. In all legal proceedings before any court the Council may be represented by their Secretary.

Representation in legal proceedings.

77. Every order and certificate to be made by the Council shall be in writing under their common seal and the hand of their Chairman, and every return, report and recommendation shall be in writing and signed by the Secretary to the Council by order of the Council.

Orders of Council how made.

78. The Council shall whenever required by the Governor make a true and correct report to the Governor of any legal proceedings taken under this or any other Ordinance together with all such remarks relating to such proceedings as the Council may think fit to make.

Report of legal proceedings.

PURCHASES AND CONTRACTS.

Purchase of carts.
draught animals etc.

79. The Council may purchase, hire or possess carts, carriages and other machines, and all necessary implements, horses and other animals of draught.

Power of Council to
contract.

80. The Council may enter into any contracts necessary for carrying this or any other Ordinance into execution. All such contracts shall be for any period not exceeding two years.

Contracts and pur-
chases in the United
Kingdom how to be
made.

81. All contracts made by the Council in the United Kingdom, and all articles obtained by them in the United Kingdom, shall be made and obtained through the Crown Agents for the Colonies.

No councillor or his
partner to enter into
contract with Council.

82. No councillor or person being in partnership with a councillor shall be capable of entering into any contract for the supply of any goods to the Council, or for the execution of any works undertaken by the Council, unless the approval of the Governor shall have first been obtained in writing.

Penalty for so doing.

83. If any councillor, or any partner of any councillor, shall wilfully enter into any contract for the supply of any goods to the Council, or for the execution of any works undertaken by the Council, except as provided for in the preceding section, he shall be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding £50 for every day on which he shall so wilfully enter into any such contract, or during which any such contract, if so entered into, shall subsist.

POWER TO MAKE BY-LAWS.

No by-law valid
unless approved by
the Governor and
published.

84. Every by-law authorised to be made by the Council shall be made under the common seal of the Council and the hand of their Chairman, and dated on the day of the making thereof and no such by-law shall have any force of effect unless the Governor shall, within six weeks thereafter, signify his approbation thereof under his hand and seal thereto. Such approbation, if given, shall be published by the Council in the Gazette.

To be enrolled.

85. Every by-law shall, within three days after publication of the same, be enrolled in the Supreme Court.

Examined copy to be
conclusive evidence.

86. An examined copy of the enrolment of any by-law, certified under the seal of the Supreme Court and the hand of the Registrar shall be conclusive evidence in all courts, and in all legal proceedings, and to all intents and purposes that such by-law was duly made.

No by-laws to be
questioned till
annulled.

87. Every by-law lawfully made by the Council shall, after publication thereof as aforesaid, be good, valid and effectual to all intents and purposes, and such by-law shall not be impeached, impugned, questioned or disobeyed by any court, or justice, or by any person whatever, until the same shall have been repealed, or otherwise lawfully annulled.

Provided always, that nothing hereinbefore contained shall apply to any legal or other authorised proceeding bona fide instituted or taken for the express purpose of causing any such by-law to be repealed, or otherwise lawfully annulled.

Breach of by-law an
offence.

88. Unless any other penalty be specially provided, every person who shall without lawful excuse, the proof whereof shall lie on the person charged, break or disobey, or neglect, or refuse to obey any by-law duly in force shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding £5.

By-laws may be print-
ed and sold.

89. The Council may cause to be printed, and may keep a sufficient number of printed copies of all their by-laws, and may upon payment of a reasonable sum for the same, sell copies thereof

to any person who may apply for the same.

90. The Governor, whenever requested so to do by the Council, may cause to be prepared a draft of any by-law hereby authorised, and cause such draft to be transmitted to the Council for their consideration.

Preparation of
by-laws.

PART V.

APPOINTMENT AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

91. Subject to the proviso hereinafter mentioned, the Council may appoint, employ, and fix the salaries of all such persons as may be necessary to enable them to exercise and carry into effect the powers and authorities created by this or any other Ordinance. Provided always that whenever the salary proposed to be attached to any appointment shall exceed £150 per annum, such appointment shall be subject to the approval and confirmation in writing of the Governor, who shall also approve the amount of the salary to be attached thereto.

Council may appoint
officers and servants
subject to Governor's
approval.

92. The Council shall appoint, during pleasure, the consent in writing of the Governor being first obtained, some persons to be sanitary inspectors and every sanitary inspector shall by virtue of his office be and exercise the powers of a constable under the orders and direction of the Council.

Appointment of
sanitary inspectors
who shall be
constables.

93. The Council shall appoint collectors who shall be authorised to levy and collect the rates and other moneys which the Council are authorised to receive, and who shall be entitled to such salary or remuneration as the Council may fix and determine.

Appointment of
collectors.

94. With the approval of the Governor, the Council may appoint suitable persons to be Secretary and Treasurer to the Council at such remuneration as may be fixed by the Governor or if the Council shall think fit they may in like manner appoint one person to carry out the duties of both Secretary and Treasurer.

Appointment of Sec-
retary and Treasurer
to the Council.

95. The Governor shall appoint and may remove a duly registered medical practitioner to be Medical Officer of Health, who shall execute all the duties of an Officer of Health and such other similar duties as may be required of him by the Governor or by the Council with the written approbation of the Governor.

Appointment of
Medical Officer of
Health.

96. Should at any time the Executive Engineer to the Government not be a member of the Council, the Council may appoint an Engineer, and, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, may pay him such salary as they may think proper out of the rates.

Appointment of
Engineer.

Provided that in these circumstances the Governor may require that the execution of any works undertaken by the Council of which the cost is partly provided for from Imperial funds or from the general revenues of the Colony, or from both of those sources, shall be carried out under the supervision of the Executive Engineer, but the rates shall not be charged with any remuneration payable in respect of such supervision to the Executive Engineer.

97. The Government Auditor, or in the absence of such an appointment, such other officer as may be nominated by the Governor shall be the auditor of the Council's accounts, and in all legal or official proceedings, correspondence, or written instruments, he may be described as the Town Council Auditor without naming him, except in any legal or official proceedings had or taken by or against him, or in any instrument to which he shall be a party.

Auditor of the
Council's accounts.

98. The Council shall pay to the Government out of the rates such annual sum as may from time to time be agreed upon

Cost of audit.

between the Governor and the Council as a proper charge for auditing the Council's accounts.

When Deputy may be appointed by Council.

99. In the case of sickness, temporary absence, or other inability of any officer or servant of the Council, or other person charged with the performance of any duty under this Ordinance, the Council or, in the case of a civil servant, the Governor may appoint a deputy in the place of such officer, servant or other person, and every such deputy shall perform all the duties, and be subject to all the liabilities of the officer, servant or other person in whose place he may be appointed.

Officers not to contract with the Council.

100. (1) Officers or servants appointed or employed by the Council shall not in anywise be concerned or interested in any bargain or contract made with the Council.

(2) If any such officer or servant is so concerned or interested, or, under colour of his office or employment, exacts or accepts any fee or reward whatsoever other than his proper salary, wages and allowances, he shall be incapable of afterwards holding or continuing in any office or employment under the Council, and shall forfeit and pay the sum of £50, which may be recovered by any person, with full cost of suit, by action of debt.

Officers entrusted with money to give security.

101. Before any officer or servant of the Council enters on any office or employment under this or any other Ordinance, by reason whereof he will or may be entrusted with the custody or control of money, the Council shall take from him sufficient security for the faithful execution of such office or employment, and for duly accounting for all moneys, which may be entrusted to him by reason thereof, in such amount and with such sureties as the Governor shall in writing direct.

Officers to account.

102. (1) Every officer or servant appointed or employed by the Council shall, when and in such manner as may be required by the Council, make out and deliver to them, a true and perfect account in writing of all moneys received by him on behalf of the Council, stating how, and to whom, and for what purpose such moneys have been disposed of, and shall, together with such account, deliver the vouchers or receipts for all payments made by him and pay over to the Council all moneys owing by him on the balance of accounts.

(2) Every such officer or servant employed in the collection of any rate shall, within seven days after he has received any moneys on account of any such rate, pay over the same to the Council, and shall, as and when the Council may direct, deliver a list signed by him and containing the names of all persons who have neglected or refused to pay any such rate, and the sums respectively due from them.

Summary proceedings against defaulting officers.

103. (1) If any officer or servant appointed or employed by the Council -

- (a) fails to render accounts, or to produce and deliver up vouchers and receipts, or to pay over any moneys as and when required by this Ordinance; or
- (b) fails within twenty-four hours after written notice in that behalf from the Council to deliver up to the Council all books, papers, writings, property and things in his possession or power, relating to the execution of this or any other Ordinance, or belonging to the Council,

the Council may cause a complaint to be made to a Justice, and such Justice shall thereupon summon the party charged to appear before a Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

- (2) On the appearance of the party charged, or on proof

that the summons was personally served on him, or left at his last known place of abode or business, if it appears to the Court that he has failed to render any such accounts, or to pay over such moneys, or to produce or deliver up any such vouchers or receipts, books, papers, writings, property or things as aforesaid in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, and that he still fails or refuses so to do, the Court may commit the offender to gaol, there to remain without bail until he has rendered such accounts, paid over such moneys, and produced and delivered up all such vouchers, receipts, books, papers, writings, property and things in respect of the charge was made.

Provided that a person shall not be imprisoned under this section for a term exceeding six months.

(3) No proceedings under this section shall be construed to relieve or discharge any surety of the offender from any liability whatever.

104. (1) The provisions of the Provident Fund Ordinance and any subsequent amendment thereof, together with any regulations made or which may hereafter be made under that Ordinance shall apply to all officers and servants of the Council. Pensions.

PART VI.

PUBLIC WORKS, Etc.

105. In this part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires, – Interpretation of Part VI.

“Capital” means –

- (a) every sum of money which the Council may be authorised to raise for any public purpose; and
- (b) all moneys which under any enactment have been granted or which at any time hereafter may be granted to the Council for any public purpose out of moneys provided by the Legislative Council, or from the general revenues of the Colony, and all other moneys which shall be payable to the Council, or come into their hands, and be applicable to the same purposes as capital which they may be authorised to raise;

“to construct” with all the moods, conjunctions and tenses thereof includes in addition to its ordinary signification to build, execute, erect, place, lay, fix, provide, enlarge, deepen, vary, alter, renew, supply and complete;

“expenses” include costs and charges;

“lands” and “premises” includes messuages, buildings, lands, easements and hereditaments of any tenure, whether the property of His Majesty or of any person whomsoever, whether built on or not, and whether public or private, enclosed or unclosed;

“public highway” means any street, road, lane, passage, alley, steps, stairs or public place;

“public purpose” includes every purpose which the Council is authorised to effect, the cost of effecting which is chargeable, wholly or in part, against capital or against any rates, tolls, rents, dues or other moneys which the Council may be authorised or enabled to levy, take, have, receive or recover;

“public works” include all existing works, buildings and other constructions which are by this or any other Ordinance vested in the Council and all works, buildings and other constructions

which they may be authorised by this or any other Ordinance to construct and provide and such other works of a public nature, whether paid for out of Town Council funds or not, as the Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, declare to be public works.

GENERAL.

Public works requiring Governor's sanction.

106. No public work or purpose of any kind, the cost of which is not intended to be defrayed out of the revenues provided in the estimates for the current year, and for which it may be necessary to raise capital shall be undertaken or executed by the Council without the previous consent in writing of the Governor.

Estimate of cost of public works.

107. Whenever any such public work or purpose is proposed to be undertaken by the Council, they shall submit to the Governor for his approval, accompanied when necessary by a map or plan, a report stating their reasons for desiring to undertake the same and an estimate of the cost of the execution thereof, and a financial scheme for the payment of such cost. Such estimate shall include, when necessary, an estimate of the probable annual expenditure, including redemption of capital and interest thereon, to be occasioned by the execution of such public work or purpose.

Governor may authorise public works.

108. The Governor may, if he shall think fit, authorise in writing the execution by the Council of any such public work or purpose and the raising for such purpose of the amount of capital necessary therefor.

When estimates to be published.

109. The estimates of any public work, the cost of which shall exceed £500, shall be published for general information in the Gazette not less than ten days before being submitted for the approval of the Governor.

Capital to include cost of estimates, surveys, etc.

110. The Council may include in, and raise as part of, capital their expenses in making and preparing all necessary estimates, surveys, valuations and plans, for any public work, and in procuring contracts for the same. Provided that an account thereof shall have been duly rendered to the Town Council Auditor and certified by him to be correct within three months after the estimates for such public work shall have been approved.

How construction of works may be suspended or abandoned.

111. The Council, with the consent in writing of the Governor, may abandon or suspend the construction of any public works or of any part thereof which shall not then be completed. The Council shall clearly describe the works so abandoned or suspended or intended so to be and shall forthwith cause notice of the same and the Governor's approbation thereof to be published in the Gazette and thereupon their powers and liabilities relating thereto shall cease or be suspended accordingly.

Suspended works may be sold or completed in different manner with consent of Governor.

112. The Council may also determine that it is expedient that they should sell or complete in a different manner or for a different purpose to be stated in writing and described in plan, any public works or any part thereof, the construction or completion whereof shall have been abandoned or suspended as aforesaid, and thereupon the Governor may authorise the Council in writing to sell or complete the same accordingly, and notice thereof, without the plan, shall be published in the Gazette. The proceeds of any sale shall be carried to the credit of the capital account.

Completed work and expenditure to be certified to Governor.

113. Whenever the Council shall have completed any public work authorised by the Governor under this Ordinance and for which capital shall have been raised, or so much of the work the construction whereof shall not have been abandoned or suspended in manner hereinbefore provided, the Council shall certify such completion to the Governor and shall at the same time transmit an account in duplicate of the expenditure relating thereto.

114. The Governor shall cause such account to be transmitted to the Town Council Auditor, who shall examine and audit the same, and the Governor if he shall be satisfied that such works have been satisfactorily completed, and the accounts thereof duly audited, shall certify to the Council his approbation thereof, and shall cause such certificate to be published in the Gazette. Such public works shall thereupon become vested in and be under the control and management of the Council.

Account to be certified by Governor after audit.

115. The Council shall insure against fire in some insurance office, at not less than two-thirds of the value thereof, all public works and property vested in or under their control and management, or in their possession or occupation, and which from the nature thereof may be liable to destruction by fire, and also all the furniture, fixtures, matters and things therein, and shall pay the premium and other expenses of every such insurance out of the general rate or out of such other moneys under the control of the Council to which such premiums and expenses may be more properly chargeable.

Public works to be insured against fire.

COUNCIL OFFICES.

116. The Council, with the consent in writing of the Governor, may construct, purchase or otherwise acquire, all such offices as they may determine to be necessary for the purpose of this or any other Ordinance, and to enable them to carry the same into effect, and may provide suitable furniture and fittings therein, and may for such purposes raise such sum as they may deem necessary, and as may be sanctioned by the Governor in writing, and shall apply the same in the payment of the expenses incurred by them under this section.

Council may construct offices.

117. For the purposes aforesaid, and for all other purposes which may be authorised by this or any other Ordinance, the Governor may from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Land Ordinance grant to the Council at such rent, payable to His Majesty, as may be reserved, permission to use any Town Land site, house or building, the property of His Majesty, together with all easements appertaining thereto for such term and upon such conditions as he may think fit.

Governor may grant necessary sites.

118. Every site, house, office and building, together with all easements appertaining thereto, which, or permission to use which, shall be granted by the Governor, and all such offices, and all furniture, fixtures, fittings, matters and things therein, shall be vested in, and under the control and management of the Council.

Offices, etc., to vest in Council.

PART VII.

GENERAL FINANCIAL PROVISIONS.

119. In this part of this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires, —

Interpretation of Part VII.

“capital” means —

- (a) every sum of money which the Council may be authorised to raise for any public purpose; and
- (b) all moneys which under any enactment have been granted or which at any time hereafter may be granted to the Council for any public purpose out of moneys provided by Parliament, or from the general revenues of the Colony, and all other moneys which shall be payable to the Council, or come into their hands, and be applicable to the same purposes as capital which they may be authorised to raise;

“expenses” include costs and charges;

“public purpose” includes every purpose which the Council are

authorised to effect, the cost of effecting which is chargeable, wholly or in part, against capital or against any rates, tolls, rents, dues or other moneys which the Council may be authorised or enabled to levy, take, have, receive or recover;

“public works” include all existing works, buildings and other constructions which are by this or any other Ordinance vested in the Council and all works, buildings and other constructions which they may be authorised by this or any other Ordinance to construct and provide and such other works of a public nature, whether paid for out of Town Council funds or not, as the Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, declare to be public works.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

Treasury account. 120. An account shall be opened in the Colonial Treasury and all moneys received by the Council shall be paid into such account.

Salaries, etc. how to be paid. 121. The salary, wages or other remuneration of every person lawfully appointed by the Council for the purpose of discharging any duty under this or any other Ordinance shall be deemed and taken to be part of the expenses of the Council and shall be paid out of the proper moneys which may be received by them for that purpose, and shall be entered into the proper account.

Costs of Council in legal proceedings. 122. All costs which the Council or their officers, or any constables acting in the execution of this or any other Ordinance may incur or be ordered by any court to pay in any legal proceedings shall be part of their lawful expenses, and shall be paid out of the general revenues of the Council unless the Court shall adjudge their conduct or any complaint or any ground of appeal or the defence against any ground of appeal to have been frivolous and vexatious or that they have wilfully neglected or refused to obey an order of the Court, in any of which cases the Court may make such orders as to costs as it shall think fit, and the Council and their officers or any such constables shall not be entitled to be reimbursed such costs out of any moneys that shall be raised or received by them under this or any other Ordinance or by virtue of their office.

Authority for expenditure on entertainment. 123. (1) The Council may expend in any one year ending on the 31st day of December a sum not exceeding £25 in the entertainment of visiting warships (including those of foreign powers), the public reception and entertainment of distinguished visitors and on such other ceremonial occasions as the Council may deem proper for official entertainment.

(2) All sums so expended by the Council shall be deemed to be expenses lawfully incurred by the Council and shall be charged and defrayed accordingly.

ACCOUNTS.

Accounts, how to be kept. 124. The Council shall cause their accounts to be kept according to a system of book-keeping, approved by the Colonial Secretary, and in the denomination of the legal currency of Stanley for the time being, and such books shall contain and include a full and distinct account of all expenses, disbursements, and liabilities of the Council and of all moneys by them received or receivable, and of all moneys by them paid or payable.

Capital account. 125. The Council shall cause a separate and distinct account, to be called the capital account to be kept of all receipts and disbursements of any capital which the Council may raise or receive for any purpose in such manner as the Governor shall in writing direct and, so far as such directions shall not extend, they shall keep such capital account according to a system of book-keeping approved by the Colonial Secretary.

126. The Council shall cause to be included in such capital account an account of all moneys which heretofore have been or at any time hereafter may be granted to the Council out of moneys provided by the Legislative Council, and out of general revenues of the Colony, and of all other moneys which shall be payable to them or come into their hands, and be applicable to the same purposes as capital which the Council may raise.

127. The Council shall also cause to be kept separate and distinct accounts of the appropriation of all moneys which they may raise or receive for the purpose of constructing, purchasing or otherwise acquiring any public work.

Accounts of money raised, etc.

128. The Council shall, during the month of September in every year, prepare an estimate, certified under the hand of their Secretary of their probable receipts and expenses during the following year, in the same form as the abstracts of accounts which they are hereby required to prepare and deliver to the Town Council Auditor, and shall publish the same in the next Gazette.

Annual estimates of probable expenses in following year.

129. All moneys which the Council shall receive under this or any other Ordinance, otherwise than as capital or for any specific purpose under this or any other Ordinance, shall be duly accounted for and applied in aid of the rates.

Receipts (other than capital etc.). how to be applied.

130. The Council may make by-laws, —

- (a) for regulating the manner in which their accounts shall be kept, subject nevertheless to the provisions contained in this or any other Ordinance; and
- (b) for regulating the application of the balance of any capital which shall have been raised by them for any purpose under this or any other Ordinance, and which may remain in their hands and not be required for such purpose.

By-laws as to manner of keeping accounts and disposal of capital.

AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS.

131. (1) The Council, and every person having the collection, receipt or expenditure of money payable to or receivable by the Council, or holding or accountable for any balance of such money, or any books, deeds, papers, goods or chattels relating to the duties of the Council, shall once in every quarter of a year make out and render to the Town Council Auditor an abstract of account of all moneys, matters and things committed to their charge, or received, held, expended or applied by them or him on their behalf.

Accounts of Council and collectors.

(2) Before the first day of March in every year, the Council shall prepare and deliver to the Town Council Auditor an abstract of every account hereby required to be kept containing the amount of the income and expenditure in each of such accounts in respect of the year ended 31st December immediately previous together with the General Balance Sheet as at that date.

(3) The Town Council Auditor shall complete the examination of such accounts within ninety days of the receipt thereof by him and shall deliver them to the Council certified by him and if he shall fail to do so within such period, the Council may notify the Governor accordingly.

(4) The Council shall within thirty-one days after the completion of the audit publish every such abstract in the Gazette.

132. The following regulations with respect to audit shall be observed —

Audit of accounts. regulations governing.

- (a) For the purpose of any audit, the Town Council Auditor may require the production before him of

all books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, receipts and other documents and papers which he may deem necessary, and may require any person holding or accountable for any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, receipts, documents or papers to appear before him at any such audit or any adjournment thereof, and to make and sign a declaration as to the correctness of the same. If any such person neglects or refuses so to do, or to produce any such books, deeds, contracts, vouchers, accounts, receipts, documents or papers, or to make or sign such declaration, he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction for every such neglect or refusal to a penalty not exceeding £2.

- (b) The Town Council Auditor shall disallow every item of account contrary to law, and surcharge the same on the person making or authorising the making of the illegal payment, and shall charge against any person accounting the amount of any deficiency or loss incurred by the negligence or misconduct of that person, or of any sum which ought to have been but is not brought into account by that person, and in every such case the Town Council Auditor shall cause notice of his intention to make such surcharge to be given to such person, and shall adjourn the audit so far as it relates to such particular matter, for a sufficient time to allow of such person appearing before him and showing cause against such surcharge; and at such time the Town Council Auditor shall hear such person and determine according to the law and justice of the case, and thereupon certify the amount, (if any) due from such person.
- Provided that the Town Council Auditor shall not disallow any payment or liability made or incurred by the Council under any order of the Supreme Court, or with the previous authority of the Governor in manner hereinafter mentioned.
- (c) On application by any person who deems himself aggrieved, the Town Council Auditor shall state in writing the reasons for his decision in respect of such disallowance or surcharge, and that person may apply to the Supreme Court by motion in a summary way for an order directing the Town Council Auditor to allow an item that may have been disallowed by him; and the Court, upon proof of notice to the Town Council Auditor and to all such other persons (if any) as it may think entitled to notice, may make such order with respect to such disallowance and surcharge as to costs as may appear to it just and reasonable, and if it shall find that the said disallowance or surcharge was lawfully made, but that the subject-matter thereof was incurred under circumstances that make it fair and equitable that the disallowance or surcharge should be remitted, the Court may remit the same, and the Town Council Auditor shall govern himself accordingly.
- (d) Every sum certified to be due from any person by the Town Council Auditor shall be paid by such person to the Council within fourteen days after the same has been so certified (unless there is an appeal against the decision) and the Town Council Auditor shall, if necessary, proceed for the recovery thereof in the Supreme Court if the amount shall exceed £5, or in a summary manner if the amount shall not exceed such sum. All expenses incurred by the Town Council Auditor in such proceeding as aforesaid,

which shall not be recovered by him from any other person, shall be paid by the Council out of the rates.

133. The accounts of officers or assistants of the Council who are required to receive moneys or goods on behalf of the Council shall be audited by the Town Council Auditor with the same powers, incidents and consequences as in the case of such last-mentioned accounts.

Audit of accounts of officers.

134. The Governor may upon application made to him in that behalf, remit any surcharge upon any councillor or other person if he shall be satisfied that the payment or liability surcharged was made or incurred bona fide for the purpose of carrying into effect or performing the powers and duties vested in or imposed upon the Council, and that such payment or liability was made or incurred for the public advantage, and the Town Council Auditor shall govern himself accordingly.

Governor may remit any surcharge.

135. In all doubtful cases or upon any emergency, or in cases for which no provision has been made by law, the Council shall before making any payment or incurring any liability apply to the Governor for his authority to make such payment or incur such liability, and the Governor may, if he shall think fit, authorise in writing the expenditure of any sum of money or the incurring of any liability by the Council for the purpose of carrying into effect or performing the duties imposed upon them, notwithstanding that no provision may have been made by law for such expenditure or for incurring such liability.

Council to apply to the Governor in doubtful cases, to authorise expenditure.

136. The Council, whenever desired by the Governor, shall submit its books of account and all documents in its possession for the special examination by any person or persons appointed as a committee for the purpose by the Governor, and shall furnish all such information connected with its affairs as may be required by such committee.

Council to submit books for examination when required by Governor.

137. The map of Record shall be authenticated by the signature of the Colonial Secretary and all disputes as to the boundaries of the wards shall be conclusively settled by reference thereto.

Map of Record.

138. In this Ordinance "Stanley" means - the area comprehended in the three Wards defined in the First Schedule and shown on the Map of Record.

Definition of Stanley.

139. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Ordinance the Governor in Council may from time to time make such orders as may be deemed necessary to carry out the purpose and intent of this Ordinance.

Special Powers of Governor.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Sections 4 and 138.

BOUNDARIES OF WARDS.

1. The Northern boundary of all wards on the South side of Stanley Harbour and the Southern boundary of that part of the Centre Ward which lies on the North side of Stanley Harbour shall be the upper limit of the foreshore.

Provided that all hulks, jetties and sheds projecting into Stanley Harbour beyond the upper limit of the foreshore be deemed to be part of the ward from which they so project.

2. The West Ward shall be bounded –

on the West by a line about three hundred and thirty yards in length from a point on the upper limit of the foreshore two hundred and fifty yards West of the West side of Sullivan House Jetty and running in an approximately Southerly direction along the line of the fence now dividing Crown Land on the East of the fence from land in the possession of the Falkland Islands Company on the West of the fence and continued beyond the end of the said fence until the boundary meets the fence hereinafter called the second fence which runs approximately East and West on the North face of the Murray Heights;

on the South by the line of the second fence from the point where the Western Boundary of the West Ward meets it, thence towards the East to the South-East corner of the Golf Course, thence in a Southerly direction to the South-West corner of the enclosure known as "Bonner's Paddock" this corner being marked with a concrete post bearing the number "I" on the top and being marked on the Map of Record as a triangular survey sign and with the number "I", thence to a point opposite the middle line of Brisbane Road by a straight line running from the corner numbered "I" to the South-East corner of the enclosure known as "Dettleff's Paddock", the last mentioned corner being marked with a concrete post bearing the number "II" on the top and being marked on the Map of Record by a triangular survey sign and the number "II";

on the East by a line running in a Northerly direction from the point on the Southern boundary opposite the middle line of Brisbane Road and along the middle line of Brisbane Road to the middle line of Drury Street, thence in a Westerly direction along the middle line of Drury Street to a point opposite the middle line of Barrack Street, thence in a Northerly direction along the middle line of Barrack Street to the middle line of Ross Road and thence to a point in line with the East fence of the Deanery, and thence North to the foreshore.

The West Ward is shown in Blue on the Map of Record.

The Centre Ward shall be bounded –

on the West by the East boundary of the West Ward;

on the South from the point at which the East boundary of the West Ward meets the aforesaid straight line running from the corner numbered "I" to the corner numbered "II" and by that line to a point opposite the middle line of Dean Street;

on the East, from the last named point, in a Northerly direction along the middle line of Dean Street to a point on the middle line of Fitzroy Road, thence in an Easterly direction on the middle line of Fitzroy Road to a point in line with the Eastern fence enclosing the Globe Hotel. Thence to the North end of the last mentioned fence and thence to the foreshore at a point on the East side of the Public jetty.

The Centre Ward shall include all lands on the North side of Stanley Harbour in occupation of the Crown or the Admiralty, being those lands to the East of the fence running North and South and distant approximately eight hundred and fifty yards East of the summit of Cortley Hill.

The Centre Ward is shown in Red on the Map of Record.

The East Ward shall be bounded –

on the West by the Eastern boundary of the Centre Ward;

on the South by the straight line running from the corner numbered “1” to the corner numbered “11” from the point at which it is joined by the East boundary of the Centre Ward to the corner numbered “11” and thence in a straight line running approximately ENE. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. to the Southern Leading Mark for the entrance to Stanley Harbour;

thence North to the foreshore.

The East Ward is shown in Green on the Map of Record.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Section 5 (2).

RULES FOR PREPARING REGISTER OF ELECTORS.

1. The register shall be framed in separate parts for each registration unit, and the registration unit shall be the ward. The names in the register shall be arranged in street order. Arrangements of register.

2. It shall be the duty of the Registration Officer to cause a house or other sufficient enquiry to be made and to prepare, or cause to be prepared, lists for each registration unit of all persons appearing to be entitled to be registered as electors and to publish those lists in the form in which the register is to be framed. The Registration Officer shall at the same time publish a notice specifying the mode in which, and the time within which, claims and objections are to be made under these rules. Preparation of Lists.

3. Any person who claims to be entitled to be registered as an elector and who is not entered, or is entered in an incorrect manner or with incorrect particulars on the electors' list may claim to be registered or to be registered correctly by sending to the Registration Officer a claim on or before the first day of September. The claim shall contain a declaration of the qualification of the claimant to be registered accordingly, including a declaration that the claimant has attained the required age and is a British subject. Claims to be registered.

4. The Registration Officer shall, as soon as practicable after receiving any notice of objection to the registration of any elector, send a copy of the notice to the person in respect of whose registration notice of objection is given. Notices of objections.

5. The Registration Officer shall, as soon as practicable, consider all objections of which notice has been given to him in accordance with these rules, and for that purpose shall give at least five clear days' notice to the objector and to the person in respect of whose registration the notice of objection has been given, of the time and place at which the objection will be considered by him. Consideration of objections.

6. The Registration Officer shall also consider all claims of which notice is given to him in accordance with these rules, and in respect of which no notice of objection is given and, if he considers that the claim may be allowed without further enquiry, shall give notice to the claimant that his claim is allowed. If the Registration Officer is not satisfied that any such claim can be allowed without inquiry, he shall give at least five clear days' notice to the claimant of the time and place at which the claim will be considered by him. Consideration of claims.

Supplemental powers
on consideration of
claims and objections.

7. If on the consideration of any claim or objection it appears to the Registration Officer that the claimant, or person in respect of whose name objection is taken, is not entitled to be entered on the register in the character in which he claims to be registered or in which he is entered on the list, but is entitled to be entered on the register in another character or in another place on the register, the Registration Officer may decide that the name of that person shall be so entered on the register.

Publication of
register.

8. It shall be the duty of the Registration Officer to publish the register not later than the 1st day of October by publishing in the Gazette a notice that a copy of the register is open to inspection at his office during specified hours whereupon the Registration Officer shall keep a copy of the register open for inspection in his office, and shall arrange for copies to be posted for inspection at the Post Office and shall also transmit a copy of the register, as soon as he may after it is published, to the Colonial Secretary.

Appeals from
Registration Officer.

9. (1) A person desiring to appeal against the decision of a Registration Officer must give notice of appeal on the form supplied by the Registration Officer and to the opposite party (if any), when the decision is given or within five days thereafter, specifying the grounds of appeal.

(2) The Registration Officer shall forward any such notices to the Clerk of the Court together, in each case, with a statement of the material facts which, in his opinion, have been established in the case, and of his decision upon the whole case and on any point which may be specified as a ground of appeal, and shall also furnish any further information which the Court may require and which he is able to furnish.

(3) Where it appears to the Registration Officer that any notices of appeal given to him are based on similar grounds, he shall inform the Clerk of the Court of the fact for the purpose of enabling the Court (if the Court thinks fit) to consolidate the appeals or select a case as a test case.

Documents, how they
shall be published.

10. (1) Where the Registration Officer by these rules is required to publish any document, and no specific provision is made as to the mode of publication, he shall publish the document available for inspection by the public in his office, and at the Post Office and, if he thinks fit, in any other manner which is, in his opinion, desirable for the purpose of bringing the contents of the documents to the notice of those interested. Any document required to be published shall be kept published for the prescribed time. Any failure to publish a document in accordance with these rules shall not invalidate the document, but this provision shall not relieve the Registration Officer from any penalty for such failure.

(2) If any person without lawful authority destroys, mutilates, defaces or removes any notice published by the Registration Officer in connection with his registration duties, or any copies of a document which have been made available for inspection in pursuance of these rules, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

Supplies of copies of
claims, objections, etc.

11. The Registration Officer shall, on the application of any person, allow that person to inspect, and take extracts from the electors' list for any registration unit in his area and any claim or notice of objection made under these rules.

Mode of sending
notices etc.

12. Any claim or notice of objection which is under these rules to be sent to the Registration Officer may be sent to him by post addressed to him at his office. Any notice which is required to be sent by the Registration Officer under these rules to any person shall be sufficiently sent if sent by post to the address of that person

as given by him for the purpose, or as appearing on the lists, or if there is no such address, to his last known place of abode.

13. (1) The Registration Officer may require any householder or any person owning or occupying any land or premises within his area, or the agent or factor of such person, to give, on the form supplied by the Registration Officer, any information in his possession which the Registration Officer may require for the purpose of his duties as Registration Officer. Any notice requiring information under this rule may be sent by post.

Information from
householder.

(2) If any person fails to give the required information or give false information, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

14. In reckoning time for the purpose of these rules, Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday and any day set apart as a public holiday, or public thanksgiving shall be excluded and where anything is required by these rules to be done on any day falls to be done on any such day as aforesaid, that thing may be done on the next day not being one of any such days.

Reckoning of time.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

Section 12.

DECLARATION OF CANDIDATE.

I, A. B., being a candidate for the election to the office of Councillor of the Town Council of Stanley, solemnly and sincerely declare that -

- (a) I am a British subject by birth and of the full age of 21 years;
- (b) I reside within Stanley during at least eight months in every year; and
- (c) I am fully conversant with and able to read and write the English language.

(Signed)

Declared before me this

day of

, 194 .

.....
(A Justice of the Peace).

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Section 24.

FORM OF BALLOT PAPER.

		(FRONT).	
DOE. (John Doe, Labourer, John Street, Stanley.)	SMITH. (Richard Walter Smith, Civil Servant, Ross Road, Stanley.)	ROE. (Albert Roe, Merchant, Ross Road, Stanley.)	WHITE. (John White, Contractor, Davis Street, Stanley.)
1	2	3	4
COUNTERFOIL.	No.....	Note :— The counterfoil is to have a number to correspond with that on the back of the Ballot Paper.	

(BACK OF BALLOT PAPER).

No.....

ELECTION FOR TOWN COUNCIL, STANLEY.

194

Note : The number of the ballot paper is to correspond with that on the counterfoil.

DIRECTIONS AS TO PRINTING BALLOT PAPER.

Nothing is to be printed on the ballot paper except in accordance with this Schedule.

The surname of each candidate, and if there are two or more candidates of the same surname, also the other names of such candidates, shall be printed in large characters as shown in the form and the names, addresses and descriptions, and the number on the back of the paper, shall be printed in small characters.

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

Section 25.

I swear by Almighty God that I will not at this Election for the Town Council of Stanley do anything forbidden by Section 46 of the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.

SIXTH SCHEDULE.

Section 27.

FORM OF DIRECTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF ELECTORS IN VOTING.

1. The voter may vote for two candidates.
2. The voter will go into one of the compartments and with the pencil provided in the compartment, place a cross on the right hand side, opposite the name of the candidate or candidates for whom he votes, thus - X.
3. The voter will then fold up the ballot paper so as to show the official mark on the back, and leaving the compartment will, without showing the front of the paper to any person, show the official mark on the back to the presiding officer, and then in the presence of the presiding officer put the paper into the ballot box, and forthwith quit the polling place.
4. If the voter inadvertently spoils a ballot paper he can return it to the presiding officer, who will, if satisfied of such inadvertence, give him another paper.
5. If the voter votes for more than two candidates or places any mark on the paper by which he may afterwards be identified, his ballot paper will be void, and will not be counted.
6. If the voter takes a ballot paper out of the polling place, or deposits in the ballot box any other paper than the one given him by the presiding officer, he will be guilty of a misdemeanour and be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Note : These directions shall be illustrated by examples of the ballot paper.

SEVENTH SCHEDULE.

Section 58 (2).

FORM OF DECLARATION BY CANDIDATE AS TO EXPENSES.

I, _____, having been a candidate at the election of the Stanley Town Council, on the _____ day of _____ (and my agent) do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I have paid _____ for my expenses at the said election, and that, except as aforesaid, I have not, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, no person, nor any club, society or association, has on my behalf, made any payment, or given, promised or offered any reward, office, employment or valuable consideration, or incurred any liability on account of or in respect of the conduct or management of the said election.

And I further solemnly and sincerely declare that, except as aforesaid, no money, security or equivalent for money, has to my knowledge or belief been paid, advanced, given or deposited by anyone to or in the hands of myself, or any other person, for the purpose of defraying any expenses incurred on my behalf, on account of, or in respect of, the conduct or management of the said election.

And I further solemnly and sincerely declare that I will not at any future time make or be a party to the making or giving of any payment, reward, office, employment or valuable consideration for the purpose of defraying any such expenses as last mentioned, or provide or be a party to the providing of any money, security or equivalent for money for the purpose of defraying any such expenses.

Signature of declarant C. D.

and his agent (if any) E. F.

Signed and declared by the above-named declarant(s) on the _____ day of _____, 194 , before me,

(Signed) G. H.,

A Justice of the Peace.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 29th day of November, 1947.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 2



1947.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Medical Practitioners,
Midwives and Dentist Ordinance, 1914.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Medical Registration (Amendment) Ordinance, 1947, and shall be read and construed with the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance).

Short title.

2. Section 2 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed and replaced by the section following :—

Amendment of
Section 2 of No. 3
of 1914.

Registration. 2. Separate registers of Medical Practitioners, Midwives, and Dentists shall be kept in the form of the Schedule hereto.

Fees. The fee to be charged for each registration under this Ordinance shall be two guineas for persons possessing professional qualifications registered in any Country of the British Commonwealth of Nations, and a fee of five guineas for persons possessing professional qualifications not registered within the British Commonwealth of Nations but Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists who are in the employment of the Colonial Government shall be registered free of charge.

Provided that the Senior Medical Officer may refuse to register any person whose professional qualifications are not acceptable by the General Council of Medical Education and Registration of the United Kingdom.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 29th day of November, 1947.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

[L.S.]



No. 3

1947.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,

Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1943.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows—

Duty on Whale and Seal products and Tallow.

1. Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary contained in the Third Schedule of the Tariff Ordinance, 1943, the duties of Customs to be raised, levied and collected upon whale products, seal products and tallow which shall have been produced in the Colony or any of its Dependencies, or brought within the Colony or any of its Dependencies for storage and subsequent exportation, shall be in accordance with the scale set forth in the Schedule to this Ordinance.

Dispute as to Value.

2. In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the market price of any substance named in the Schedule the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final.

Definition.

3. In this Ordinance and in the Tariff Ordinance, 1943, "Colony" means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and the territorial waters of the Colony and its Dependencies.

Short Title.

4. This Ordinance may be cited as the Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance, 1947, and shall be read and construed as one with the Tariff Ordinance, 1943.

SCHEDULE.

EXPORT DUTIES.

1. On Whale Oil and Seal Oil.

On every barrel of forty (40) gallons –

If the average U.K./Continent market price for the season of first grade oil

does not exceed £20 per ton	...	...	...	one shilling and sixpence.
exceeds £20 but does not exceed £25 per ton	...	...	...	two shillings.
" £25 " " " " £30 " "	...	...	...	two shillings and sixpence.
" £30 " " " " £35 " "	...	...	...	three shillings.
" £35 " " " " £40 " "	...	...	...	three shillings and sixpence.
" £40 " " " " £45 " "	...	...	...	four shillings.
" £45 " " " " £50 " "	...	...	...	four shillings and sixpence.
" £50 " " " " " " "	...	...	...	five shillings.

2. On whale, or seal, meat-meal and guano and other substances prepared from whales or seals – sixpence per one hundred lb. weight, or part thereof.

3. On Tallow, whether prepared from sheep or cattle – Two and a half per centum of the average U.K./Continent market value at the time of shipment.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 29th day of November, 1947.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 4



1947.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-six in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 2 of 1945.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1946.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1946) Ordinance, 1947.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the year 1946.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One Thousand nine hundred and forty-six, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
	FALKLAND ISLANDS.			
II.	The Governor	86	4	11
III.	Colonial Secretary	348	1	0
V.	Audit	2	10	0
VI.	Post Office	780	18	0
VII.	Electrical & Telegraphs	529	12	5
X.	Police & Prisons	110	18	7
XI.	Medical	2184	12	10
XVI.	Agriculture	473	8	1
XVII.	Miscellaneous	119121	17	2
XVIII.	Public Works Department	1663	12	2
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	9422	18	8
XX.	Public Works Extraordinary	555	8	5
XXI.	War Expenditure	735	14	2
XXII.	Land Sales	67	1	0
		136082	17	5
	DEPENDENCIES.			
I.	Dependencies	68370	10	5

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 29th day of November, 1947.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 5



1947.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance
To provide for the service of the year
1948.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1948) Ordinance, 1947.

Appropriation of
£156,259 for service
of year 1948.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st December, 1948, a sum not exceeding One hundred and fifty-six thousand, Two hundred and fifty-nine pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1948.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
	FALKLAND ISLANDS.			
I.	The Governor	2968	0	0
II.	Agriculture	7821	0	0
III.	Audit	995	0	0
IV.	Colonial Development & Welfare ...	15515	0	0
V.	Customs	605	0	0
VI.	Ecclesiastical	—	—	—
VII.	Education	10072	0	0
VIII.	Electrical and Telegraphs	8958	0	0
IX.	Harbour	1544	0	0
X.	Judicial	249	0	0
XI.	Land Sales	211	0	0
XII.	Medical	10943	0	0
XIII.	Meteorological	521	0	0
XIV.	Military	691	0	0
XV.	Miscellaneous	8951	0	0
XVI.	Naturalist	789	0	0
XVII.	Pensions	5000	0	0
XVIII.	Police and Prisons	1621	0	0
XIX.	Post Office	8145	0	0
XX.	Public Works Department	3506	0	0
XXI.	Public Works Extraordinary	19550	0	0
XXII.	Public Works Recurrent	16130	0	0
XXIII.	Secretariat & Treasury	6441	0	0
XXIV.	War Expenditure	—	—	—
	Total Expenditure chargeable to Revenue	£131226	0	0
	DEPENDENCIES.			
I.	Ordinary Expenditure	19993	0	0
II.	Extraordinary Expenditure	5040	0	0
	Total	£156259	0	0

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE,
1948.

[illegible]

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The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVII.

JANUARY 2, 1948.

No. 1.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Biggs, G. N.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Office Boy & Messenger	15.12.47.	On probation for 6 months
Biggs, Miss T.	Secretariat	Temporary Clerk	4.3.47.	—
Bunting, E. F. B. Eng.	Public Works	Executive Engineer	6.11.47.	—
Sedgwick, Miss H. M.	Secretariat	Temporary Clerk	28.7.47.	—
" " "	Govt. House	Acting Private Secretary, (Temp.)	12.12.47.	—

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Roberts, G. H.	Medical	Dental Surgeon	6.8.47.	—
Summers, N. D.	"	Learner, Dental Mechanic	1.5.47.	—
Whitney, J.	Agricultural	Clerk, Grade V.	17.5.47.	—

PROMOTION.

			<i>Date</i>
Allan, R. J.	Office Boy & Messenger E. & T. Department	to Temporary Clerk, Grade V. E. & T. Department	15.12.47.

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Sheppard, Capt. C. F.	Chief Constable & Gaoler	10.10.47.	Resigned
" Mrs. A. R.	Gaol Matron	15.7.47.	"

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

Staff.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Appointment</i>	<i>Remarks</i>	<i>Date</i>
Gairdner, Cdr. C. R. W. R.N. (retd.)	Personal Assistant and Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Governor	Dismissed	8.11.47.

No. 75. 5th December, 1947.

The following Resolution was adopted at a Meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 26th of November, 1947:—

"BE IT RESOLVED that under the provisions of "the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928, this Council hereby sanctions the following rate to be charged for the year 1948, on house property in the Town of Stanley, namely, Two shillings for every Twenty shillings of "the annual value of such house property."

M.P. 0039/A.

No. 76. 6th December, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 18 of of the 21st of March, 1947.

LIEUTENANT JOHN BOUND

acted as Assistant Colonial Secretary and Clerk of Councils from the 15th of February, 1947, to the 19th of November, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/186.

No. 77. 6th December, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notices Nos. 55 and 62 of 1947.

DAVID LEES

acted as Officer-in-Charge, Public Works Department, and Harbour Master with effect from the 24th of August, 1947, to the 5th of November, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/57.

No. 78. 22nd December, 1947.

On the following dates in 1948 the Public Offices will be closed:—

New Year's Day	...	Thursday, 1st January.
Good Friday	...	Friday, 26th March.
Easter Monday	...	Monday, 29th March.
Empire Day	...	Monday, 24th May.
King's Birthday	...	Thursday, 10th June.
August Bank Holiday	...	Monday, 2nd August.
Anniversary of Falkland Islands Battle	...	Wednesday, 8th December.
Christmas Holidays	...	Saturday, 25th December. Monday, 27th December. Tuesday, 28th December.

M.P. 291/33.

No. 79. 29th December, 1947.

Under the provisions of Section 3 of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The Executive Engineer (*Chairman*)
The Assistant Treasurer
The Honourable Mr. V. A. H. Biggs, J.P.
Mr. W. H. Sedgwick
Mr. D. Lees

to be Members of the Board of Assessors for the year 1948.

M.P. 597/29.

No. 80. 30th December, 1947.

Under Section 5 of Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

HAROLD BENNETT, Esq., J.P.,

to be Registration Officer for the purpose of the first Town Council election with effect from the 27th of November, 1947.

M.P. 0039/C.

No. 81. 31st December, 1947.

The following list containing the names and qualifications of Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists, registered to practise in the Colony and the Dependencies is published in accordance with Section 3 of the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914. M.P. 21/28.

A. REGISTERED TO PRACTISE IN THE COLONY AND DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
<i>Medical Practitioners</i>		
Sladen, Francis James	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.T.M. & H.	1932.
Arthur, George David	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1944.
Slessor, Robert Stewart	M.B., Ch.B. (Aberdeen).	1935.
	L.M. (Dublin).	1936.
Butson, Arthur Richard Cecil	M.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1945.
	M.B., B.Ch. (Camb.)	1945.
Roberts, John Michael	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1945.
Stafford, John Ingham	M.B., B.Ch., B.A., B.A.O. (Dub. Univ.)	1940.
Gilmore, Terence James	M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Eng.)	1943.
<i>Midwives.</i>		
Strong, Rose	S.R.N. S.C.M.	1933. 1934.
Brigginshaw, Winifred May	S.R.N. S.C.M. (1)	1944. 1945.
Henricksen, Agnes	S.C.M.	1929.
<i>Dental Surgeon.</i>		
Roberts, Gerald Holgate	B.Ch.D., L.D.S. (Leeds), D.D.S. (Toronto)	1946. 1947.

B. REGISTERED TO PRACTISE IN THE DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
<i>Medical Practitioners</i>		
Greig, Kenneth	M.B., Ch.B. (Glas.)	1946.
Clark, Hugh McDonald	M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.)	1933.
Phemister, John Clark	M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.)	1946.
Fentonfyffe, Jack Thomson MacKay	L.R.C.P. (Edin.) L.R.C.S. (Edin.) L.R.F.P. & S. (Glas.)	1931.

No. 82. 31st December, 1947.

The following despatch has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies:—

"FALKLAND ISLANDS. The Church House,
Great Smith Street,
London. S.W. 1.
No. 71

3rd December, 1947.

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch No. 45 of the 3rd of November, enclosing two sets of postage stamps as a gift from the Government and people of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies to Her Royal Highness, the Princess Elizabeth.

The package arrived in excellent condition and has been safely delivered to St. James' Palace.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,
humble servant,

(Sgd.) A. Creech Jones."

M.P. 0484.

No. 83. 31st December, 1947.

The following list of Ministers of Religion who have been registered as Ministers for celebrating marriages, is published in accordance with the provisions of Section 6 of the Marriage Ordinance, 1902:—

The Right Reverend Daniel Ivor Evans	Lord Bishop of the Falkland Islands.
The Reverend Roger George Robert Calvert	Senior Chaplain of Christ Church Cathedral.
The Reverend John Kelly	Priest in Charge of St. Mary's Church.
Pastor Walter Forrest McWhan	Minister of the Non-Conformist Church.

M.P. 20/28.

No. 1. 1st January, 1948.

NEW YEAR HONOURS.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve the following appointment:—

*To the Most Excellent Order
of the British Empire.*

THE REVEREND WALTER FORREST MCWHAN
to be a Member of the Fifth Class (Civil) or
M.B.E.

MP. 0107.

No. 2. 1st January, 1948.

Under the provisions of Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, the Town Council of Stanley has been constituted as follows:—

Elected Members.

L. Hardy, Esq., B.E.M., J.P. (Centre Ward) *Chairman.*
W. J. McAtasney, Esq. (West Ward) *Deputy Chairman.*
S. Barnes, Esq. (West Ward)
M. G. Creece, Esq. (Centre Ward)
R. Reive, Esq. (East Ward)
R. L. Robson, Esq. (East Ward)

Appointed Members.

The Hon. Dr. F. J. Sladen, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H.
Senior Medical Officer.
E. F. Bunting, Esq., B. Eng., Executive Engineer.
Miss M. B. Biggs.

M.P. 0039/C.

PROPERTY IN ENEMY COUNTRIES.

Any persons having property in an enemy country should in their own interest communicate as soon as possible with the Custodian of Enemy Property, Legal Department.

REGISTRAR.

L. 3/47.

29th December, 1947.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

Sidney Miller, Esq., is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of marrying J. J. May, bachelor, and M. F. Hansen, spinster, at Roy Cove, West Falkland.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar General.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Ernest Robert Bond Paice, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Victorena Enecey Paice, mother of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

22nd December, 1947.

L. 32/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Elsie Ann Alazia, of San Carlos, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas George James Alazia, husband of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

30th December, 1947.

L. 33/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Jones, of Weddell Island, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas John Frederick Charles Jones, son of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

2nd January, 1948.

L. 34/47.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

NOTIFICATION.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In virtue of the powers in him vested by Section 2 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1937, and otherwise, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased hereby to declare to be pensionable the undermentioned office in the Public Service of the Colony :

AUDIT Auditor.

Government House,
Stanley, Falkland Islands.
4th December, 1947.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of
the Falkland Islands appointing JAMES ERIK HAMILTON,
Esq., D.Sc., J.P., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 25th day of February, 1892, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet,

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 28th day of February, 1920, it is declared that the Governor in pursuance of instructions from His Majesty the King through one of his Principal Secretaries of State, may, from time to time, appoint persons other than *ex-officio* Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony,

NOW THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, having received such instructions from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, do hereby appoint

JAMES ERIK HAMILTON, Esq., D.Sc., J.P.,
to be a Member of my Executive Council for a period of three years.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 19th day of September, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and forty-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,
A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

Defence (Finance) Regulations, 1939.

Order.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

No. 3 of 1947.

In exercise of the powers in him vested by the Defence (Finance) Regulations, 1939. His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows –

1. The following Orders made under the Defence (Finance) Regulations are hereby rescinded –

Order of the 9th of September, 1939.

Order of the 27th of August, 1940.

Dated this 24th day of November, 1947.

By Command,
A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0078/A.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 26TH NOVEMBER, 1947.

1. The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton after taking the prescribed Oath, assumed his seat at the Council.

2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 23rd of December, 1946, were confirmed.

3. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address :—

Honourable Members of the Legislative Council,

By a happy coincidence today marks the first anniversary of my arrival in The Falklands and is for me therefore an appropriate occasion for taking stock. While the year has been notable for investigations and planning rather than for achievement the ground in that former respect has, I suggest, been well covered and I will travel over it with you in a moment.

I wish first of all to say how disappointed I am that the recent epidemic should have defeated my intention to pay an initial visit to all Camp stations during my first year of office. As it is, however, I have visited all but four and all our Bases in the Antarctic except one; from that, as from South Georgia I was turned back by bad weather very late in the season but I hope to make good all these deficiencies during the next few months. Meanwhile I have met most of the Farm Managers either on my travels or here in Stanley, and recall with pleasure my informal discussions with the Sheep Owners' Association in March.

Some changes have occurred in Legislative Council since it was last assembled; we have lost the services of Colonel Woodgate on his transfer to Tanganyika, whither he carries our very good wishes, and on the non-official side the Hon. Mr. A. G. Barton has been appointed, provisionally, in the absence on leave of the Hon. Mr. D. W. Roberts and I extend to him a most cordial welcome. Once again I have to record my regret at the absence of the Hon. Mr. R. C. Pole Evans — the improvement in our communications to which we can now look forward will facilitate the attendance of representatives from the Camp in the absence of which our discussions are robbed of much of their value.

Honourable Members, a review of Departmental activities will, as last year, be laid on the table and I wish at this point to pay a tribute to the Civil Service in which term, for present purposes, I include both clerical and manual workers and those in temporary employment as well as those on the permanent establishment. Shortage of staff, aggravated by illness, has created burdens which, in the case of the Secretariat have been rendered heavier by my own thirst for information — these burdens have been most cheerfully carried: on the technical side the same adverse circumstances have operated with the additional handicap of shortage of materials, but the same good spirit has been shown and I have on more than one occasion been compelled to admiration by the ingenuity and initiative displayed in overcoming these difficulties. In my general enquiry into the Colony's affairs I have not overlooked the need for more stable conditions in the Civil Service and a Committee will be set up almost immediately to consider certain proposals on which I have been working for some time past: Government servants will, of course, be represented on that Committee. The Administration should ever, in my view, be the best employer as it must also in my view be the most exacting; the two requirements are inseparable and are equally in the public interest.

I will embark now on the main theme of my address to you today which concerns Development in all its aspects, and in doing so will deal first with a question which I have much at heart and that is a more effective representation of the people in the affairs of Government.

You will recall that my first step, and one which I have found most useful, was the appointment of two non-officials to my Executive Council; the second, which appeared to find favour with an informal Committee and with others whom I discussed it with, is an equally obvious one — and that is provision of local government for our capital, Stanley, through the establishment of a Town Council. The advantages of this proposal, long overdue, are so manifest, so real that one would suppose they needed no further emphasis but since I am informed that there is some apprehension and misunderstanding in certain quarters, I will elaborate:

First It is safe to say that Stanley is the only capital in the Empire which has not its own Council and which is not, in greater or lesser degree, responsible for its own affairs.

Second It is essential to the well-being and self-respect of any community — especially an all-British one such as this — that it should exercise these powers which are its right; size does not diminish that right and Stanley is certainly large enough.

Third It is for the people and not for the Government to determine such domestic matters as rating; where, when and in what order urban roads should be improved; street lighting; water supply and bathing establishments; use and management of the Town Hall; sanitary regulations and by-laws; licencing; poor relief; maintenance of the cemetery and a score of such considerations which are not the proper business of Government.

Fourth It will provide a much-needed outlet for civic leadership and is the only sure means of acquiring political wisdom and administrative experience.

Fifth It will furnish an authoritative link between the people of Stanley and the Administration where, at present, none exists; popular institutions come and go, as is their habit — yesterday it was the Reform League, today the Labour Federation, tomorrow it may be

some other. Who can tell? Admirable as such institutions are, useful as is the purpose they serve, nothing – I repeat nothing – can replace or indeed approach that knowledge and authority which is conferred on representatives of the people, elected by the people to serve their common purpose. This is the first principle of Democracy.

Sixth

Stanley will thus be able to send to the Legislature representatives chosen by itself, in whom the majority have confidence, who will be able to speak authoritatively and acceptably because, being responsible for the day-to-day affairs and problems of the Town, they will know what they are talking about; who will be able to participate effectively in debate through experience gained in Town Council proceedings and who will, for the same reason, be able to pull their weight in Committee.

I could dwell longer on this theme but will not for I think it must be clear to you that in no other way can the interests of Stanley be so well cared for or so well represented. Are we, then, to look in vain for half-a-dozen men and women of good-will and public spirit who, seeing this as clearly as we do and believing as we do that the time for emancipation from leading-strings is here and now will be prepared to step forward and play their part?

In commending this measure to you, let me add that the Government is in no sense seeking to rid itself of responsibilities; in homely words it has no other object in view than to give his own latch-key and his own banking account to a son who came of age long since and who, unless he learns to fend for himself, will soon lose both the will and the ability to do so.

The third step, which I wish to see following on the heels of the second, is an enlarged Legislative Council with popularly elected representatives from the East and West Falklands, as from Stanley; the requisite Ordinance has been prepared in outline and will be put before you, I hope, at an emergency meeting in the Autumn.

The final step is a further revision of the new Legislative Council conferring upon it a non-official majority. But here let me sound a note of caution and introduce again a homely illustration. When a man suffering from starvation is brought to Hospital, the prudent physician will graduate his food intake for if he were at once to allow him to eat all that he wanted to the last state of that patient would be a good deal worse than the first. Let us remember, always, that to build slowly is to build surely.

Let me turn now to the more material aspects of Development, in my review of which I shall include both those schemes which have been approved by the Secretary of State as well as those which are projected; those which are to be financed from the Colony's allocation under the Colonial Development and Welfare Act as well as those which we hope to provide from our own resources. Our allocation from the Fund is, as you know, £150,000 and I must remind you that in planning for its disposal we got off to rather a late start as my predecessor's Development proposals had been rejected by the authorities and I have had, therefore, to begin again at the beginning.

In considering my own proposals for the future I have been greatly handicapped by the lack of that help and advice which I might have obtained from a Town Council and from readier access to the Sheep Owners' Association: the one, alas, did not exist and present difficulties of communication have precluded the other. In default I adopted the novel, but I think none the less useful, expedient of discussing our problems and their proposed solution over the local broadcasting system so that every man and woman in the Colony would know exactly what was afoot and be able to offer advice, criticism or comment which they were pressed most earnestly to do. No messages of this nature having reached me I could only conclude that the proposed solutions were acceptable to my listeners and a provisional Development Plan, based on them, was submitted to the Secretary of State in August. Let us now examine it.

I. AGRICULTURE: I lay no claim to any direct knowledge of the mysteries of sheep-farming and in the absence of an independent and qualified adviser, I have gone no further than to formulate certain broad principles which are in close accord with and indeed based upon the recommendations of Mr. Munro except for one important addition to which I will refer later. I can lay claim, however, to have read almost everything of consequence that has been written on the subject here and have no intention of becoming involved in past controversies; I hold it as an article of faith that Government and the Industry must work together as partners for the common good and shall devote my energies to that end.

II. COMMUNICATIONS: This is a matter of such fundamental importance that I have accorded it the highest priority and I propose to deal with the problem in three ways:—

Project A. All sheep stations which are not at present in communication with Stanley to be provided with Radio Telephone and a twice-daily 'trans-ceiving' schedule. Equipment has been ordered at an estimated cost of from £1,200 to £1,500 and we hope to have the work completed before the end of next year. As their own contribution to the problem, Station Managers have been asked to undertake responsibility for communications with their shepherds' houses and Government will assist them in this by obtaining and supplying the necessary materials at landed cost. Medical calls will have first priority on the 'trans-ceiving' schedules which will otherwise be available for urgent messages of a general nature.

Project B provides for the purchase of a 75 foot Motor Fishing Vessel for inter-island use but its first task is to facilitate hospitalisation from the Camp or the despatch of medical aid to the Camp. This vessel is equipped with Radio Telephone and adapted for the purpose required. The cost is approximately £10,000 delivered and I hope she will be here by the end of the year.

Project C is concerned with the purchase of a Miles "Gemini" ambulance 'plane, employment of Pilot and Mechanic and erection of hangar and construction of run-way at Stanley. Arrangements are in train for expert reconnaissance of Camp landing fields and subject to the co-operation of Farm Managers it is hoped to inaugurate the service (which will not necessarily be complete) next summer or thereabouts. While the

primary purpose of this project is to meet emergency medical needs it is designed also to accelerate communications with the Camp generally, including delivery of mails. I have no doubt that the ultimate solution will be, as I have consistently maintained, a Helicopter or Auto-Gyro but the Sikorski machine is not yet sufficiently proved to justify the substantially greater capital investment nor indeed is it in commercial production; it should be by the time the Gemini has served its turn. Data are not yet sufficiently complete for me to give you any firm estimate of the cost of this undertaking but as a reasonable guess, I would be disposed to put it at £9,000.

With the completion of these three projects we shall at long last be able to turn our backs on the isolation which has been so great a handicap and hardship and this should make an enormous difference in the lives of all of us.

As to Roads, which come under this same heading, it is my intention to re-lay the main road in permanent material as a long-term commitment; that is to say, over the operative life of the present Colonial Development and Welfare Act. Government will also, during this same period and beyond it, give assistance when required – either by direct subsidy or through the purchase and loan to Farm Managers of road-making plant for the construction or improvement of simple inter-station tracks for vehicles of the "Jeep" type; it would be folly to contemplate anything more ambitious.

- III. EDUCATION: This, as you will remember, is one of those "first things" to which I gave particular prominence in my address last year. The Department is costing approximately 12½ per cent of current revenue and while I do not quarrel with that figure, and should not if it were even higher, I do quarrel with the poor return we are getting for our money. This applies with particular emphasis to the Camp where – and I say this with a full knowledge of the complexities of the problem – educational facilities are lamentably inadequate; and that is putting it very mildly. In March, I appointed a fully representative Committee to study and discuss a statement of the problem as I saw it and what appeared to me to be the proper solution: the findings of this Committee which sat under the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, differed in no material particular from my own and at its final meeting, attended by additional representatives from the Camp, these proposals were unanimously endorsed. I will not go into them in detail today as there are implications of the new policy which I still wish to discuss with Camp parents in whose behalf, especially, it has been devised: I will take an early opportunity of doing this.

Broadly speaking, the new educational system, which will take some years to put into full effect, rests on the following basic principles:—

- (i) Equal opportunity for all children, irrespective of where they may be living or of the parents' means
- (ii) Facilities for "further education" for the brilliant child of either sex irrespective, again of the means of the parents and
- (iii) Closer correlation of the curriculum with the natural economic status of the Colony; there is little value in a course of study which fits young people for careers in which there are necessarily few openings but which fails to fit them for enjoyment of the way of life on which our whole economic structure depends. I use the term "enjoyment" advisedly for provided young people are taught how to make the most of it and are imbued with an interest in country pursuits at an early age, there is no finer life.

I do not propose to hold matters up while these further discussions are proceeding and there will be "first fruits" in the form of imported teachers for the Camp, provision for teacher-training locally and a new and up-to-date Infant School in Stanley to replace the present buildings which are as squalid and unhealthy as they are inconvenient and neither children nor teachers can be expected to work properly in such surroundings. The cost of importing Teachers for the Camp is put, tentatively, at £7,500 spread over three years and this will allow of local teachers being brought in for training; plans for the new Infant School have been prepared and submitted for approval with a provisional estimate of £10,000. Both projects will be found from the CDW allocation.

- IV. MEDICAL & HEALTH: The first requirement under this heading is the enlargement and modernisation of the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital. While this institution has given good service over a long period, it is now obsolete and inefficient and the work of our Doctors and Nurses is greatly hampered; moreover, it is at present quite impossible to segregate the several types of admission as they should be segregated and this, in itself, has dangerous possibilities. New plans had been drawn up prior to my arrival but these were unsatisfactory in many respects and have therefore been recast to provide accommodation for clean and septic surgical cases, for medical cases, TB and other infectious cases and for a better maternity wing while there will be special provision also for bed-ridden incurables and senile invalids who cannot be properly cared for in their own homes. The plans include a new operating theatre, dental surgery and new X ray plant and the whole scheme when completed should meet all reasonable needs for as far ahead as it is possible to foresee. The plans and project have been approved by the Secretary of State and the cost, overall, has been estimated at £37,000.

A further scheme provides for the employment, in Stanley, of a Queen's Nurse whose business it will be to attend in their homes persons who are not ill enough to be admitted to, or retained in, Hospital; she will also be employed at need for emergency visits to the Camp. This proposal has been approved, too, and a grant sufficient to support it for three years has been made from the Fund. I am expecting, any day, to hear that a Nurse is on her way. If the experiment is the success that I anticipate, the post will be incorporated in the Medical establishment and an additional Queen's Nurse will be appointed for service in the Camp.

Medical administration will be further and very greatly benefited by the improvement in communications to which we can now look forward and once these are secured, it should not be necessary to maintain resident Doctors at Darwin and Fox Bay.

The Medical & Health programme provides also for completion of the water-borne sewage system in Stanley, the greater part of the cost of which will be recoverable from householders, and for the engagement of a certificated Sanitary Inspector.

- V. PUBLIC UTILITIES: The present electric power installation, expanded piecemeal from amateur beginnings, is nearing the end of its useful life and must needs be replaced. Following negotiations started some time ago, the Admiralty have most generously placed at the Government's disposal, on loan, three Blackstone generators which arrived in the Colony last year and were intended for the Naval Wireless Station; these will furnish all the power we are likely to require and leave a margin for commercial development or other demands. An excellent site for a new Power House is available and the Consulting Engineers to the Crown Agents will be asked to prepare plans with a view to putting the work in hand next year for completion in 1949. Every effort will be made to reduce the unit cost of power, as opposed to lighting, so as to encourage the use of labour-saving appliances in the home and the new service will, of course, be metred. No estimate of the cost of this undertaking is yet possible but, initially at least, it will be substantially less than was at first contemplated.

Improvement of the Town water supply is also needed; the task is mainly confined to the provision of new filter beds and this will be undertaken next year from Government funds – the sum of £1,000 has been earmarked for the purpose.

A new Wireless Station for the Colony is in course of construction, a commitment forced upon us at short notice by a recent decision to close down the Naval station at the end of the year; this task is scheduled for completion during the first quarter of 1948. The initial capital cost is not expected to exceed £2,000 an economy made possible only through the loan of two Dorman generators from the War Department and of W. T. equipment from the Admiralty. The Administration is much indebted for their help to both Services and Honourable Members will share my regret at the impending departure of the Naval detachment which will be sadly missed in Stanley.

- VI. SOCIAL AMENITIES: The destruction of the old Town Hall by fire, in 1944, was a major disaster; it had been the very hub of the social life of the community and its replacement is a first necessity. The form which this building should take was decided upon at a public meeting in July; plans have been prepared to give effect to that decision as nearly as possible and the initial task of clearing the site and laying the foundations is already complete. Rebuilding will commence in the New Year, with the arrival of additional artisans from England, and if the supply position is satisfactory I shall hope to be present at the first dance sometime towards the end of 1949. The new building will include a Dance Hall and Stage, Public Library and Museum, Town Council Offices, Court House and Post Office. The estimated cost is £35,000 of which £19,500 is available from insurance on the old Hall and the balance will be sought as a free grant from the CD & W Fund.

What the Town Hall is to Stanley so is Broadcasting to the Camp and the Dependencies; a new Transmitter and Studio are to be provided and a Committee has been appointed to make recommendations for furnishing a more attractive programme. The present installation is too feeble for consistent reception and the Studio quite inadequate for its purpose. Subsequently, the Government intends to import, and re-sell at landed cost to listeners in the Camp, a standard type of receiving set for operation with 6 volt car-type accumulator and wind charger; the Electrical Department will carry spares for this set and will undertake repairs until such time as this service can be provided by private enterprise which, of course, it should be. The cost of the new Broadcasting service will be in the neighbourhood of £5,000.

For the Camp, also, I have obtained through the generosity of the British Council a 16mm Cinema projector with sound apparatus, and a supply of films will be arranged; this set will be put on board ships visiting Island ports and will, I hope, give pleasure.

For Stanley, in the absence of a daily newspaper, I have obtained through the good offices of Reuters a tele-news printer which records automatically a 24 hour service of headline news and this, too, should prove a boon.

For the children of Stanley the King George V. Playing Field is at long last to be enclosed and furnished with appropriate playing ground equipment, swings, see-saws, giant-strides and the like and with the completion of the Town Hall it is proposed to convert the Gymnasium for use as a Swimming Bath during the summer months. Lest this proposal should appear strange to some (it has, incidentally, been repeated recently in the Weekly News), it is well to remember that many of our people are compelled from time to time to use small boats in treacherous waters and since sea temperatures around these coasts are not exactly conducive to bathing as a pastime, it is safe to say that the percentage of the population which can swim is very small indeed. That important consideration apart, it will provide for our young folk a further opportunity for healthy recreation. The cost has been estimated, tentatively, at £1,000 and there will presumably be a small charge for use of the bath.

Thusfar, admittedly, the programme has a strong bias towards welfare and it recalls to me a remark made at my meeting with the Sheep Owners' Association to the effect that my proposals seemed to be more concerned with Welfare than Development; for that I offer no apology nor is it always easy to distinguish one from the other. There need be no anxiety, however, lest the purely developmental aspect has been overlooked; nothing could be further from the truth.

I was early convinced – and recent experience has underlined that conviction – that sheep-ranching must always remain as our basic industry and that while it is incumbent upon us to welcome, and where we can assist, other developments we must not forsake the substance for the shadow. It is of the first importance that we should do everything that is humanly possible to improve our agricultural economy. From that consideration my mind turned naturally to the possibilities of a Freezer and although this project had been considered and rejected in the past I felt unable to accept this as the last word. From what had been written on the subject it was clear that such a venture must run at a loss initially since the Colony cannot, as yet, produce a sufficient number of exportable carcasses to support the venture. But it did appear to me that the establishment of a Freezer, if it were practicable, might of itself provide the stimulus to that re-orientation of farming policy for which the critics have been clamouring, and give new life to the industry. The announcement, some time ago of the setting up by His Majesty's Government of the Colonial Development Corporation gave me new hope and I awaited only an unanimous verdict from the Sheep Owners' Association – their indecision had been my first hurdle – and on receipt of this I addressed the Secretary of State, officially, commending the project for his approval in principle and for subsequent assistance from the Corporation. Preliminary discussions have taken place in London between representative farmers and the Secretary of State's adviser in these matters and all I can say at this stage is that we are assured of sympathetic consideration. It is for us to show that the scheme is workable and to this end I have asked Farm Managers for an estimate of production and for their considered views as to where, if it is sanctioned, the Freezer should be erected having regard to the two important considerations of accessibility and overhead charges. There, for the moment, we must leave it but I hope the Managers will let me have their replies with as little delay as possible.

Another new departure which I have in mind is the establishment of an Agricultural Bank, run on a co-operative basis with the Government as one of the co-operators, for the purpose of furnishing loans at a low rate of interest for capital development.

The failure of the British American Kelp Company's venture has been a sad disappointment since it would have provided an alternative channel of employment and a further and much-needed source of revenue. In acquainting me of his Company's decision, which is linked directly to the present economic crisis, Mr. Merton held out strong hopes that when times are better the undertaking may be resumed. He assures me that the total quantity of weed available is quite adequate and remarks that if the Alginate industry is to be established on a world basis the potential raw material supplies of the Falklands cannot be disregarded. We must be ready, therefore to assist this enterprise should BAKC return to the Colony.

There are welcome signs, too, of a renewal of interest – I will not put it more strongly than that – in whaling and sealing in the Falklands and should this materialise our revenues will benefit substantially from the increased duties on oil and by-products which I have recently introduced and which will be presented to you in a Bill this morning. In the present state of the market this development is not surprising and here again we must be ready to encourage any responsible undertaking.

The Government is also anxious to foster purely local enterprise and proposes to set aside a sum of £5,000 for the assistance of minor industries which will pass muster as to soundness and lack only the capital required to launch them. A committee will be appointed to examine such schemes with a view to assisting them wherever possible.

The development of weaving as a cottage industry in the Camp – in Stanley too, for that matter – has more than once commended itself but has got no further. It is proposed, therefore, to bring out a professional weaver from Harris or other suitable locality next year and send him round the Camp to demonstrate his craft. If he is satisfied as to the possibilities and if sufficient interest is awakened, suitable looms will be imported for sale on easy terms and, later, a small spinning mill will be installed from which yarn will be supplied at cost to the weavers. I am assured that there will be no difficulty in finding a market and there is no reason why we should not in time, build up a profitable little co-operative venture. Weaving will be one of the handicraft subjects for girls in the new school syllabus.

Finally, fishing. Here we are living on an island, complaining of the monotony of and deficiencies in our diet and yet it is with the utmost difficulty that one can get just one fish meal a month. Is it not ridiculous? A Fishery scheme has been prepared and submitted to the Secretary of State for assistance from the Development and Welfare Fund; it will provide for the employment of a Master Fisherman from the United Kingdom and two locally recruited assistants – a man and an apprentice – for three years and for the acquisition of a suitable boat and the necessary gear. Through this means it is hoped to establish a fish-eating habit and an assured supply of both fresh and smoked fish and to investigate the possibilities of developing a fishery on a commercial scale. The purchase of the Motor Fishing Vessel, which will be less in demand once the air service is running properly, was entered into with one eye on this possibility. On this same subject I am glad to tell you that our trout-breeding experiment shows encouraging signs and I recently had the pleasure of taking – and of course putting back – two American Brook Trout of $1\frac{1}{2}$ and $1\frac{1}{4}$ lbs from the Moody Brook. We have made a beginning by transferring from this year's hatch 1500 fry to the Murrel, 1100 to the Cave Arroyo, 1000 to the Pony Pass stream and 1000 into the Moody Brook and we shall go further and further afield each year. In course of time there seems to be no reason why all our better rivers and streams should not be stocked with American Brook Trout and Brown Trout thus endowing us with a welcome addition to the table and a fine pastime for the local angler.

This, Honourable Members, brings me to the end of my review of the Government's Development Plan which, I think you will agree, covers a wide field; it has, too, the sovereign virtue of leaving little in the way of additional recurrent liabilities behind it. You will note that most of the projects are represented by direct capital commitments while of the remainder the majority will either bring in compensating revenue, directly or indirectly, or secure some other long-term economic advantage. Education is, and I warned you of this last year, an exception but it lies at the root of all progress and is a true investment which will in due season return handsome, if less immediately tangible, dividends.

Two other subjects and I will have done. The first is Labour. It must be apparent to you that if we are to get the sheep-farming industry established on a fully productive basis we must import labour for until shortages are made good – and they can only be made good now by overseas recruitment – improved conditions for labour in the Camp are not possible nor, indeed, can we cope with the present arrears of maintenance; nor, while the ratio of sheep to shepherd is so high can we stem the distressingly high mortality. It is a vicious circle. The Government will do everything in its power to assist and it is to the rural areas of Scotland that we should, in my opinion, look for recruitment; that country, as we all know, breeds a hardy and resourceful people who are more likely than most to fit into local conditions. I have considered the importation of foreign labour to the Camp as essentially a last resort but one which must be contemplated if we cannot obtain suitable recruits elsewhere; from the recent success of the Falkland Islands Company and others it would seem that the difficulties have been exaggerated.

I should like here to pay tribute to the manner in which the Labour Federation and the Sheep Owners' Association have handled their negotiations and to the sensible and constructive attitude displayed by the Federation in such of its dealings with Government as have been brought to my notice; a healthy and responsible labour organisation, here as elsewhere, has everything to recommend it and will always enjoy the sympathetic interest of this Government.

Finally, let me dwell for a moment on the financial outlook. You will doubtless recall that at the last meeting of Council we were confronted with a shortfall of £27,000 in respect of 1946 and of no less than £35,000 for the present financial year: in the result the gross deficit for 1946 was £23,500 and on the revised estimate for this year £25,600 which is better than we had feared.

This is not a situation which could be permitted to continue and in the Budget which will be presented to you by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary in a few minutes certain increases in direct and in indirect taxation will be proposed with the object of narrowing the gap between revenue and ordinary expenditure. These increases are such as the Colony can afford to bear and in applying them the interests of the lower income groups have been scrupulously safeguarded. The community will still stand as one of the most lightly burdened in the Empire and will still enjoy a higher standard of living than most.

The Government can at least claim for this Budget that it is a strictly honest one – I have never been a party to disguising the unpalatable – and the picture would appear a good deal brighter but for the fact that I have rejected a former practice of debiting Dependencies votes with charges which, however convenient it may be to saddle them with, are not rightly theirs: I will mention only one item, a little matter of £5,000 for carriage of mails. Having returned to the paths of budgetary virtue, I have sought the approval of the Secretary of State for a re-adjustment of the Dependencies contribution to the Central Government – which it can well afford – expressed in terms of a fixed percentage (I have suggested ten) of the ordinary expenditure of the Colony. This would be a much more logical arrangement for the sum of £4,000 agreed upon in 1936 bears no relation to the present cost of administration.

The estimated deficit between revenue and expenditure for 1948 is of the order of £13,000 which will be reduced to £7,500 if, as I most sincerely hope, the adjustment in the contribution from the Dependencies is approved.

Although I am not happy over the financial position as reflected in the Estimates I do not take too black a view of it and believe, on the contrary, that we are justified in looking to the future with sober confidence.

APPENDIX.

DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW, 1947.

(Laid on the Table)

The following is a review which I have caused to be prepared of work of the Departments during the year 1947; it will be laid on the table by the Colonial Secretary. I hope that it will serve a useful purpose in outlining the achievements of the Administration during the year under review so that these may be related to the statement of policy which was the subject of my Address at the last Budget meeting in December, 1946.

AGRICULTURE. The Secretary of State has been unable as yet, to find a successor to Dr. Gibbs; although there is reason to hope that he will do so shortly. I had intimated that I would prefer to wait until a candidate who exactly fills our requirements is available.

Early in January Mr. H. R. Evans, who had been in charge of the Department since Dr. Gibbs's departure in 1946, left the islands to take up work in the Gold Coast. Mr. Evans was succeeded by Mr. J. B. Browning as Officer-in-Charge.

Fodder and pasture improvement: Sixty acres of hay and oats were harvested yielding 35 tons of fodder, of which seven and a half tons were sold to local farmers. Twenty-five acres have been grassed down.

The Rookery Point tussac plantation was closed for grazing purposes in 1946, and the tussac had not recovered sufficiently to allow cutting this year. If kept closed for a few years it will become a valuable source of winter fodder. The ground immediately outside the fence in not considered to be worth planting, but the point to the south of it has good prospects, and consideration will be given to further extension of the tussac plantation here.

Vegetable Production: 29,707 pounds of mixed vegetables were grown in the course of the year and six acres have been replanted. The reduction in the output of vegetables was due to the severe weather experienced last summer.

Dairying: Local dairymen are encouraged to increase milk production and the Government herd in the first eight months of the year produced 7,596 gallons of milk.

Common Fences: Half the West Common boundary fence adjoining Moody Valley Farm has been renewed, and most of the fences have been repaired.

Tree Experiments: Two hundred and fifty young trees were planted in February, and although a few have died, the remainder appear to be comparatively healthy, if somewhat "starved"; *cupressus macrocarpa* grows more rapidly than any of the other species. Two hundred and ten young plants were planted in September, and nine hundred more will be ready for planting next February, should it be considered justifiable to continue with the experiment.

AUDIT: Mr. R. S. Boumphrey assumed duty as Auditor on the 9th of July, 1947. Since that date a clerk has been appointed, the Audit of Treasury accounts for 1945 has been completed, and a report submitted; it is most helpful. Assistance has also been rendered by the Auditor on certain aspects of the Treasury accounting system, and useful advice has been given on financial matters generally.

CUSTOMS. The total value of Imports to November, 1947, amounted to £192,383. Import Duties were as follows:—

	£
Malt liquor	320
Wines	218
Spirits	4,952
Tobacco	6,253
Matches	1,251
	<u>12,994</u>

The totals for the same period in 1946 were £184,000 and £10,719 respectively.

The total value of Exports amounted to £237,839. Export duty on Wool amounted to £9,304.

For the same period in 1946 the figures were £248,700 and £9,881 respectively.

Staff: Captain L. W. Aldridge, M.B.E., Assistant Colonial Secretary, acted as Collector of Customs until his departure, on leave, on the 15th of February, 1947. Mr. B. N. Biggs was appointed Acting Collector of Customs on the 13th of June, 1947. The duties of Competent Authority, Shipping Master and Chairman of the Disposals Board, are carried out by the Acting Collector of Customs.

Rationing: Sugar, tea and clothing continued to be rationed throughout the year. During May it was found necessary to control sales of flour and butter, but restrictions were lifted upon the arrival of fresh supplies.

Gift parcels: The 5lb. quarterly Gift Parcel Scheme which had been in operation since the 24th of September, 1945, was discontinued on the 20th of June, 1947. Government had reached the conclusion that a continuance of this concession amounted to an evasion of the United Kingdom Exchange Regulations inasmuch as most of the items contained in the Gift Parcels were purchased through the expenditure of foreign exchange. If on the other hand they came from a source within the sterling area they were required for the Colony's consumption and were imported under licence for that purpose. An exception was made however in respect of garments which had been hand-knitted from imported or locally produced wool, and certain surplus ex-Army foodstuffs were also exempted. All articles of local produce may be freely exported.

Import Licencing: Import Licencing continues for all items and although there has been a general "tightening up" in the granting of licences for goods from hard currency areas a result of the economic crisis in the United Kingdom, practically all the Colony's food, drapery, footwear and petrol requirements must still be purchased from South America. Steps are now being taken to increase the imports of essential goods from the sterling area.

Shipping: Up to August, 31st, 12 vessels had entered the port with a total nett tonnage of 16,826.

EDUCATION. Mr. H. L. Baker, M.A., Superintendent of Education, has been in charge throughout the year.

In the Government School, in spite of many absences of both children and teachers through illness, 1947 has on the whole been a more settled year than the last few years. The staffing position is better than it has been for some time, although it is still not satisfactory; in particular it has still not been possible to obtain a qualified assistant master from overseas, or to give the junior teachers all the training and supervision needed. Additional teachers are being sought in England and it is hoped that their arrival will not be long delayed.

In the Camp, the year has been a disappointing one. Work has been greatly handicapped by the dearth of suitable teachers and although some centres have been quite well provided for, in others the position has been far from satisfactory. For a considerable part of the year, reception of the wireless lessons has been poorer than at any time since the scheme was introduced; recent alterations at the transmitting station have however made considerable improvement. Nissen huts have been sent out to serve as temporary schoolrooms in three settlements (Fox Bay, Port San Carlos, and Chartres).

The Government has accepted in principle the responsibility for supervision of educational activities in centres at present served by the Falkland Islands Company.

The two scholarship pupils who completed their three years in Montevideo at the end of last year gained respectively a First Grade and a Second Grade pass in the School Certificate Examination – a creditable achievement. Only one new pupil was sent to Montevideo under the scholarship scheme this year, one of the two scholarships offered having been declined; this pupil had subsequently to return to her home on account of illness.

The winter evening classes in Stanley have not been so well supported this year as last, due possibly to the greater number of alternative attractions available to young people.

The educational year has been disappointing generally but with the arrival of additional staff from overseas, and with the implementation of a revised educational policy, better progress is to be expected.

ELECTRICAL AND TELEGRAPHS. Mr. A. Mercer was in charge throughout the year.

The existing plant is obsolescent and has largely outgrown its usefulness; it cannot with its present off-take provide power at an economic rate and it has therefore been decided to erect a new station within the next two years.

The Department is responsible for the maintenance of the W/T. Station at Fox Bay and of the Telegraph Office in Stanley where telegrams are accepted for internal and external services, together with the accounts for both local and foreign telegrams. 600-700 telegrams are handed in to the Telegraph Office by the Public each month. Regular services exist with the United Kingdom, Norway, Uruguay, Argentina and Chile, as well as with local stations within the Islands and the Dependencies. Traffic is at present worked at the Naval W/T Station with the assistance of six civilian operators, one of whom is at present serving with F.I.D.S.

A Magneto Telephone exchange system operates 156 lines and has an immediate capacity up to 180 lines with a final capacity of 240 lines.

Broadcasting Services consist of a re-diffusion system supplying 228 loud-speakers. A low-powered Radio Broadcasting Transmitter operates on 3440 k/cs., Monday to Friday afternoons, 2 p.m. to 3.15 p.m. for the Education Department, and a musical programme is provided each Sunday for 1½ hours. A Committee has been appointed to consider and advise upon improvement of this service.

FALKLAND ISLANDS DEFENCE FORCE. The Hon. A. B. Mathews, O.B.E., was appointed Honorary Commandant on the 14th of August, 1947, on the departure of the Hon. Lt. Col. J. A. Woodgate, O.B.E., who left the Colony in transfer to Tanganyika after nearly 9 years in command of the Force. Small arms and Ceremonial training were carried out indoors during the winter months and the outdoor musketry classification course nears completion.

Coast artillery weapons and Searchlight equipment have been kept in a state of preservation.

Rifle shooting successes have been gained during the year. Both the Junior Mackinnon and the Junior Kolapore Trophies were won at Bisley, and second place was gained in the Overseas .303 Postal Match. A very creditable score was also registered in the .22 Overseas Postal Match, the result of which is not yet known.

HARBOUR. Lights and beacons in the Colony have been maintained and reconditioned and extensive repairs have been made to the framework of the Mangeary Light.

Transport has been provided for workers going to and from Charles Point; for Naval Personnel when the Royal Naval barge was out of order; and also for the Falkland Islands Defence Force, and Agricultural and Medical Departments.

Rock for the sea-wall and stone from Charles Point have been transported to Stanley for the Public Works Department.

Harbour personnel have also been responsible for repairs and maintenance of boats and flagstaffs and some work has been carried out for the Meteorological Station.

MAGISTRATE AND REGISTRAR GENERAL. Mr. H. Bennett acted as Magistrate and Registrar until the return from leave in March, of the Hon. Dr. J. E. Hamilton, D.Sc.

In the Court of Summary Jurisdiction 35 cases were brought before the Court, 3 being juveniles. 4 civil cases were dealt with.

In the Supreme Court one Divorce suit was heard and a decree nisi was granted, one divorce suit pending and Probate of Wills and Letters of Administration were granted.

Registrar-General: Births, Deaths, Marriages, Companies, Trade Marks, Conveyances and Wills, etc., were registered. Crown Grants and Leases were prepared, marriages solemnised, and Crown Grant Indexes which were destroyed in the Town Hall fire were replaced; this work nears completion.

Notes of Protest and Legal Documents were dealt with by the Notary Public, and the Official Administrator dealt with one Estate.

MEDICAL. Dr. F. J. Sladen, Senior Medical Officer, has remained in charge of the Department. Statistics for 1947, (up to 31st August) are as under :-

Total number of in-patients treated	...	...	134
Total number of out-patients treated	...	...	761
Total number of operations (Major 14, Minor 37)	...	...	51
X-Ray examinations	...	...	80
Patients sent to Montevideo	...	...	5
Patients sent in from Camp	...	...	17
Cost of transport of Camp patients	...	...	£394 : 7 : 7
Cost of treatment Overseas	...	...	£315 : 0 : 0

The Senior Medical Officer paid a request visit to New House in Douglas Camp in January, and was diverted on the way back to the Malo for a case of Broncho-Pneumonia, to which a Nurse was also sent out from Stanley.

The Senior Medical Officer made a round trip to Hill Cove, Fox Bay, Speedwell Island, North Arm, and Darwin in January, and carried out a complete tour of the North Camp in April-May.

The cost of transport of Camp patients has been high due mainly to one very expensive diversion; several other urgent cases have occurred but in these cases a Falkland Islands Company vessel has been available, and diversionary charges have been avoided.

A scheme has been approved by the Secretary of State for the extension and improvement of the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital, and a motor fishing vessel has been purchased for the purpose, primarily, of bringing sick patients in from the Camp.

A widespread epidemic of measles accompanied by Rubella (German measles) occurred in September, despite all efforts to check it, and Stanley and all suburban districts have been quarantined, together with one or two Camp settlements.

NATURALIST DEPARTMENT: At present this Department is engaged in the hatching of trout ova of which 2 consignments have been received; the experiment has shown good signs of success.

Other work handled during the year has been in connection with Whaling and Sealing in the Falklands and a 3 year fishery-plan has been prepared under the Colonial Development and Research Scheme.

POLICE: Captain C. F. Sheppard, Chief Constable returned to the Colony in July from leave, but resigned immediately for domestic reasons. His duties were carried out in his absence by Sergeant J. Norris.

26 cases were taken to the Court of Summary Jurisdiction. There were 25 convictions, and Juvenile was dismissed.

Of three search parties organised to search for lost persons two were successful.

60 Motor cars and lorries, and 42 motor cycles were registered during the year, and 193 driving permits issued. 93 dogs were licensed.

The Chief Constable whose duties include those of Sanitary Inspector has rendered monthly reports to the Board of Health.

POST OFFICE. Since January, 1947, mails comprising 1,663 parcels, 11,588 letters, 2,516 papers and 1,628 registered packets have been despatched from the Colony, and mails comprising 974 parcels, 70,000 letters and 35,000 papers have been received.

304 Stamp Letter Orders were executed.

The Postal and Money Orders paid throughout this period (January to August, 31st) numbered 1,129 to a value of £1,145 : 5 : 0.

374 Money Orders amounting to £2,484 : 2 : 8 and 1,171 Postal Orders amounting to £2,963 : 6 : 8 were issued.

5,431 Air Letter forms, 901 Ordinary Air Letters and 919 Registered Air Letters have been despatched.

On the 31st of March, 1947, the Colony and Dependency Peace Stamps were withdrawn and replaced by the current 1d. and 3d. issue.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. Lt. Col. J. A. Woodgate, O.B.E., A.R.I.B.A., Executive Engineer, who combined with this office the functions of Harbour Master and Officer Commanding the Falkland Islands Defence Force, left the Colony in August, on transfer to Tanganyika. Mr. D. Lees acted as Officer-in-Charge, Public Works Department and Harbour Department until the arrival of the new Engineer, Mr. E. F. Bunting, B. Eng. (Hons.).

Roads generally have been repaired by patching, while several new roads have been made.

A concrete bungalow (originally intended for the British American Kelp Company staff) has been erected to skeleton roof stage; a second concrete block bungalow has reached the ground floor level. Both buildings are urgently needed for staff accommodation. Work completed at the Meteorological Station includes the erecting of a concrete block building as a balloon filling station, two radar sheds, and a concrete foundation for masts at the site of the Ionospheric Station. The site of the new Town Hall has been cleaned up and the foundation walls and concrete floor partly completed.

A water storage tank has been installed at Sapper Hill but is not yet operating. Work on this commenced last year.

Alterations to Government House and the Secretariat have been undertaken. The sea-wall in the Dockyard has been partly built, and central heating has been installed in the Printing Office.

Improvements to the Government Station at Fox Bay have been executed mainly by contract.

TREASURY. Mr. E. F. Lellman has been in charge of the Treasury throughout 1947.

The year opened with a balance of £19,599 : 12 : 1 (in the Vault £12,953; in the hands of the Treasurer £6,646 : 12 : 1). South Georgia held a balance of £157 : 2 : 9 while the Crown Agents balance stood at £553 : 1 : 9 in hand and £33,000 in the Joint Colonial Fund. The Colony held a surplus of Assets over Liabilities on the 31st of December, 1946, amounting to £249,354 : 18 : 3.

The Assistant Treasurer continued to carry out the duties of Commissioner of Income Tax during the period. There were no changes in the staff.

Provident Fund: 13 new accounts were opened and 19 closed. The average monthly contributions amounted to approximately £150.

<i>Savings Bank :</i>	Average monthly deposits to 31/8/47.	...	£8,941.
"	" withdrawals to 31/8/47.	...	£7,882.
"	" accounts opened	...	8.
"	" accounts closed	...	7.

Currency Note Security Fund : The amount in circulation was increased by £2,000 making a total circulation of £51,000. A corresponding £2,000 is to be withdrawn during the year, thereby reducing the issue to its original figure of £49,000.

Audit : Correspondence and the mailing of accounts has ceased with the appointment of an Auditor from the United Kingdom.

SOUTH GEORGIA. New quarters for the Constable will be completed by the end of the year, and an order has been placed in Norway for a second bungalow to accommodate the Assistant Customs Officer. Arrangements have been made to obtain fire-fighting equipment, and the boat shed has been reconditioned for use as a fire station.

Export duties from whale-oil, seal-oil and other products amounted to £13,019, import duties to £2,327. The total value of imports is £411,957 while the total value of exports (including £35,000 re-exports) is £2,100,019.

Three companies have been operating - Salvensen and Company, Tonsberg Company, and the Compania Argentina de Pesca. The latter has erected a new factory for the production of whale meat extract and about two tons of this have been exported. The experiment with meat meal has been continued and some 2,000 bags processed.

The W/T Station has handled 5,460 telegrams. 77,852 letters have been despatched, and 26,572 letters have been received. 42 vessels have entered with a total net tonnage of 72,374.

(Sgd.) MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

By Order,

(Sgd.) A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

4. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following Papers :-

- (i) Copies of all Regulations, Proclamations, Orders and Bye-laws made or approved by the Governor in Executive Council since the last meeting of the Legislative Council.
- (ii) Copies of despatches received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, intimating the non-disallowance by His Majesty of Ordinances, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of 1946.
- (iii) Annual Abstract Account Statement showing Receipts and Payments under various Heads for the Falkland Islands and Dependencies for the period 1st January to 31st December, 1946.
- (iv) Annual Account of the "Discovery" Investigations for the year 1946.
- (v) Estimate of the "Discovery" Investigations expenditure for the year 1947.
- (vi) Financial Secretary's Report for the year ended the 31st December, 1946.
- (vii) Report of the Director of Colonial Audit on the Falkland Islands and Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1944.
- (viii) Auditor's Annual Report on the accounts of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1945.

5. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1946, for the period 1st October to 31st December.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of TWO HUNDRED AND FOUR THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-TWO POUNDS "NINE SHILLINGS AND ONE PENNY (£204,322 : 9 : 1) to meet the several charges itemized "in the accompanying Schedule".

6. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1947, for the period 1st January to 30

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of THREE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-EIGHT POUNDS (£3,538 : 11 : 0) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded and the Resolution

7. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable Dr. J. the adoption of the following Resolution :

"BE IT RESOLVED that under the provisions of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928, this Council hereby sanctions the following rate to be charged for the year 1948 on house property "in the Town of Stanley, namely, Two shillings for every Twenty shillings of the annual value "of such house property".

8. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To constitute a Town Council for Stanley, to provide for the conduct of elections and to regulate the general powers of the Council".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clauses 4 and 5 was postponed until after consideration of the First and Second Schedules. Clauses 6 to 11 were agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 12 was postponed until after consideration of the Third Schedule. Clauses 13 to 23 were agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clauses 24 and 25 was postponed until after consideration of the Fourth and Fifth Schedules. Clause 26 was agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 27 was postponed until after consideration of the Sixth Schedule. Clauses 28 to 57 were agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 58 was postponed until after consideration of the Seventh Schedule. The First Schedule was agreed to. Clause 4 was recommitted and agreed to. The Second Schedule was agreed to. Clause 5 was recommitted and agreed to. The Third Schedule was agreed to. Clause 12 was recommitted and agreed to. The Fourth Schedule was agreed to. Clause 24 was recommitted and agreed to. The Fifth Schedule was agreed to. Clause 25 was recommitted and agreed to. The Sixth Schedule was agreed to. Clause 27 was recommitted and agreed to. The Seventh Schedule was agreed to. Clause 58 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

9. On the motion of the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentist Ordinance, 1914" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

10. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1943".

The Honourable Dr. J. E. Hamilton seconded.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

On motion made, consideration of Clause 1 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. Clauses 2 to 4 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 1 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

11. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the Bill "To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-six in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 2 of 1945" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clause 1 was agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause, Preamble and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

12. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To provide for the service of the year 1948".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved, and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the *second* reading of the Bill. The Honourable Mr. V. A. H. Biggs and the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton spoke.

The Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clause 1 was agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Schedule was agreed to, the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton recording dissent. Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed.

The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

The Council adjourned *sine die*.

Jury List for the year 1948.

The following list of the persons liable under the provisions of the Jury Ordinance, 1901 to serve as Jurors for the year 1948 is published in accordance with the fourth section of the Ordinance.

Any objection thereto will be heard and determined in the Magistrate's Court on the 19th of January, 1948.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Magistrate.

1. McAskill, John	67. Anderson, Wm. J. S.	133. Larsen, Richard	199. Harvey, C. James
2. Anderson, Edward B.	68. Jacobsen, A. F. W. C.	134. Middleton, James (1)	200. Bundes, R. J. C.
3. Stewart, Gordon	69. McAskill, Donald W.	135. McPhee, Owen H.	201. King, Vernon T.
4. Thompson, Geo. H.	70. Llamasa, Arthur Jas.	136. Anderson, John	202. Halliday, Stanley S.
5. Rutter, Arthur	71. Parring, Francis G.	137. Hollen, Henry D.	203. Burridge, Walter
6. Henriksen, Albert J.	72. Lee, Edwin T.	138. Biggs, T. M. V.	204. Smith, Ludwick C.
7. Goodwin, Bert S.	73. Johnson, Fred. W.	139. Betts, Keith C.	205. Binnie, Albert F.
8. Porter, Charles (Sr.)	74. Smith, John C. (Sr.)	140. Clifton, Jas. Henry	206. Smith, Alfred C. E.
9. Pearson, Robert	75. Lee, Alfred F.	141. Skilling, Chas. J.	207. Lellman, Karl V.
10. Stewart, D. W. H.	76. Peck, Aubrey F.	142. Duncan, David John	208. Draycott, D. J.
11. Hardy, Fred J.	77. Simpson, Alex. S.	143. Jaffray, Alexander	209. McLeod, Murdoch A.
12. McPhee, Patrick	78. Skilling, Albert G.	144. Roberts, Wm. Edgar	210. Burns, William
13. Betts, Allan Sturdee	79. Dettleff, Jas.	145. Biggs, Terence I.	211. Summers, Wm. Alex.
14. Whitney, Frederick E.	80. Hall, George F.	146. McDermid, M.	212. Duncan, William
15. Binnie James G.	81. Kiddle, William E.	147. Robson, George J.	213. Newman, Silas
16. Cletheroe, William H.	82. Hooley, T. V.	148. Luxton, Markham J.	214. Delaney, C.
17. Blyth, Henry	83. Alazia, J. William	149. Pauloni, Romolo V.	215. Duncan, Peter R.
18. Turner, Leonard McL.	84. McGill, Maurice W.	150. Lyse, Sidney R.	216. Watson, James
19. Goss, Darwin J.	85. Llamasa, George A.	151. Dickson, Ed. T. C.	217. McLaren, Alex. R.
20. Dickson, Chas. J. E. C.	86. Johnson, Peter S.	152. Coutts, John	218. McPhee, K. J. (Sr.)
21. Kivell, William	87. Morrison, D. Ewen	153. Goss, Roderick J.	219. Paulini, H. Wm.
22. Butler, George J. C.	88. Clifton, Hugh E.	154. McMillan, Ian A.	220. Short, J. G. Arch.
23. Summers, Stanley F.	89. Lehen, Maurice	155. Hollen, James J.	221. Clifton, William
24. Binnie, William N.	90. Etheridge, Arthur G.	156. Sornsen, Ellis L.	222. Morrison, Douglas R.
25. Hawkins, C.	91. Rowlands, Wm. J.	157. Anderson, S. Allan	223. Flowers, W. H. R.
26. Goodwin, John K.	92. Lee, Wm. H. G. N. J.	158. Butler, Jos. T. J.	224. Pearson, William E.
27. Summers, Victor	93. Davis, Arthur H.	159. Browning, Frederick	225. McLeod, Donald
28. Berntsen, F. G.	94. Llamasa, Wm. J.	160. McGill, G. Stanford	226. Clausen, Fredk J.
29. Carey, Raymond F.	95. Bonner, William	161. Jacobsen, Karl M.	227. Whitney, G. Mark.
30. Perry, Thomas G.	96. Goodwin, Ernest G.	162. McKae, Donald A.	228. Cartmell, William J.
31. Dixon, Percy S.	97. Watson, T. Darwin	163. Pitaluga, Jas. A.	229. Smith, Eric H. S.
32. Browning, David L.	98. Carey, Anthony M.	164. Buse, Franz J.	230. McPherson, John
33. McKae, F. W. Duncan	99. Blackely, Adam K.	165. Short, George H.	231. Jaffray, William
34. Lang, John S.	100. Alazia, Albert F.	166. Berntsen, Syd. L.	232. Summers, Wm. Ed.
35. Goodwin, Rupert V.	101. Browning, John B.	167. Kiddle, Peter	233. Clement, Wickham
36. Sornsen, Andrew A.	102. Earle, Arthur	168. Yates, Manuel	234. Curran, Joseph
37. White, W. Martell	103. Hooley, Jack C.	169. Anderson, Thos.	235. Curran, Henry
38. McKay, Donald	104. Bennett, Stanley	170. Robson, James T.	236. Bound, H. John L.
39. Jones, Albert H.	105. Larsen, Harold	171. Craigie-Halkett, C. M.	237. Bertrand, C. W.
40. Pettersson, A. R. A.	106. Oliver, Charles	172. Davis, Benjamin C.	238. Hills, Richard W.
41. Blyth, Jas.	107. Nunn, Henry	173. Rowlands, Jas. G.	239. McCarthy, Charles
42. Enestrom, Edgar W. R.	108. Sarney, Harry	174. Kendal, George N.	240. Kiddle, A. Stanley
43. Halliday, Andrew J.	109. Middleton, Jas. S.	175. McAtasney, W. Brian	241. McLeod, Donald
44. Berntsen, Lars M.	110. Lyse, George W.	176. Smith, Osmond R.	242. Gleadell, Sidney M.
45. Harrison, Clement	111. Anderson, Alfred	177. Morrison, Doug. D.	243. Bender, William J.
46. McMillan, William	112. Biggs, Horace H.	178. Hall, Albert H.	244. Hubbard, J.
47. Middleton, Stewart (1)	113. Halliday, J. Henry	179. Blyth, Fredk I. K.	245. Morrison, Finlay
48. Hannaford, Robert F.	114. Parrin, William R. B.	180. Perry, James J. (Jr.)	246. Brown, George J.
49. Gilruth, Thomas A.	115. Jones, Richard	181. Hewitt, Robert J. D.	247. Ford, James E.
50. Rumbolds, Robert H.	116. Craig, Peter	182. Hardy, Jack A.	248. Hannaford, W. Henry
51. Summers, Philip G.	117. Thompson, Wm. J.	183. Watson, Wm. H.	249. Lee, Sidney S.
52. Perry, James J. (Sr.)	118. Steen, Robert B.	184. Biggs, Edward John	250. Finlayson, Rod. (Sr.)
53. Reive, Basil	119. Anderson, Richard C.	185. Peck, Percy P.	251. Baker, H. L.
54. Goodwin, Vincent S.	120. Aldridge, Stephen C.	186. Anderson, Hector C.	252. Biggs, John F.
55. Halliday, John Jas.	121. Newman, L. Wilf. A.	187. Finlayson, Darwin	253. Summers, Keith M.
56. Curran, John	122. Ford, Chas. W.	188. Newman, G. R. Hen.	254. Britton, William F.
57. Sprules, Gilbert E.	123. Browning, Benjamin	189. Hall, Donald John	255. Middleton, Arthur
58. Jennings, Clifford W.	124. Jones, William J.	190. King, James A.	256. Berntsen, Jas. L.
59. Lee, Henry J.	125. Cletheroe, Cyril J.	191. Hewitt, James	257. McMullen, D. J. E. H.
60. Newing, John C.	126. Morrison, Stewart	192. Biggs, Basil W.	258. McKay, James R.
61. Paice, William N.	127. McGill, Gordon A.	193. Lanning, George T.	259. Alazia, George J.
62. Perry, Christopher	128. Grant, Lennard J.	194. Halliday, William J.	260. Howatt, Frank D.
63. Stewart, Alex.	129. Sarney, James A.	195. McAtasney, E. J.	261. Smith, D. Roger
64. Skilling, Thos.	130. McLeod, George H.	196. Hills, Albert H.	262. Kiddle, Donald J.
65. Lang, William A.	131. Cheek, Frederick J.	197. Robson, Robert L.	263. King, Cecil F.
66. Jacobsen, James S.	132. McKenzie, William	198. Reive, Leonard L.	264. Biggs, Malcolm W.

Jury List continued :—

265. Cartmell, Robert D.	342. White, John W.	419. Finlayson, Chas. J.	496. Perry, A. W.
266. Berntsen, William	343. Anderson, Ludwic R.	420. Middleton, Stewart 2	497. Newing, George L.
267. McCarthy, Wm. G.	344. Stewart, David G.	421. Biggs, Carl P. F.	498. Berntsen, F. E. N. L.
268. Gleadell, Marklin L.	345. Middleton, J. Darwin	422. Halliday, John J. G.	499. Allan, Hector
269. McLeod, Rod. J. D.	346. Alazia, Arthur J.	423. Goss, Richard V.	500. Summers, Herbert V.
270. Morrison, Donald F.	347. Perry, William J.	424. Bonner, Bruce	501. Cletheroe, Alb. R.
271. Barnes, Ernest	348. Barnes, Arthur J.	425. Morrison, Roderick	502. Felton, Anthony T.
272. Jaffray, John	349. Reive, John	426. Stewart, William H.	503. Peck, Andrew R.
273. Williams, Ralph M.	350. Pitaluga, Alex	427. Cletheroe, Stanley W.	504. Sedgwick, Bertrand
274. Stewart, James H.	351. Lyse, Ernest Louis	428. Summers, Walter J.	505. Cartmell, W. J. H.
275. Lee, A. Leslie	352. Fleuret Clovis	429. Ashley, Fred. Albert	506. Atkins, Stanley P.
276. Hirtle, Wallace C. L.	353. Biggs, Clarence G.	430. Jennings, F. G. J.	507. Carey, Chas. L.
277. Alazia, John	354. Ashley, John R.	431. Peck, Jas P.	508. Cletheroe, Leslie J.
278. Berntsen, Stanley G.	355. Butler, Fred. L. E. O.	432. Summers, Leslie F.	509. McCarthy, Archi. H.
279. Aldridge, Francis W.	356. May, Fredk. A. C.	433. Johnson, William G.	510. Atkins, Richard
280. McLaren, Reuben	357. Reive, George	434. Lee, Thomas F. G.	511. Phillips, Charles W.
281. Harvey, William	358. Bender, Chris. P. W.	435. Allan, Percival	512. Clifton, Albert
282. McKay, Richard	359. Osborne, George H.	436. Rice, R.	513. Biggs, James K.
283. Phillips, Jesse	360. Reive, Charles T.	437. Porter, Arthur	514. Smith, F. G. Peter
284. McLeod, Archibald	361. Ashley, Alfred G.	438. Betts, William D. N.	515. McGill, Keith W.
285. Middleton, James (2)	362. Peck, Victor H.	439. McMillan, D. Hugh	516. Lindenbergh, J. E. T.
286. Smith, John F.	363. Cautlie, William J.	440. Thompson, George	517. Brechin, Gregor
287. Morrison, Murdo	364. Lewis, F. R. M.	441. Fraia, Harry	518. Johnson, Alfred G. R.
288. Goss, Jacob N.	365. Berntsen Alex. J.	442. Braxton, T. N. J.	519. McLeod, Donald J.
289. Clarke, R. J.	366. Kelway, J. George	443. Smith, Francis David	520. Kiddle, Robert
290. Paulini, Ralph	367. Porter, Charles (Jr.)	444. Hutchinson, Robt. T.	521. Hardy, C. Mansell
291. Stacey, David C.	368. Poole, J. B. Charles	445. Mercer, John	522. Sedgwick, H. H. (Jr.)
292. Nicholson, Leslie H.	369. Perry, George	446. Wilson, Edward	523. Barnes, W. F. John
293. Parker, C. F.	370. Smith Andrew C.	447. McRae, Alex B.	524. Lee, Frederick F. J.
294. Lellman, Edward F.	371. Summers, Walter F.	448. Gleadell, Jas R.	525. Betts, Alexander J.
295. Short, George C. (Jr.)	372. Morrison, John M.	449. Anderson, Louis	526. Aldridge, Sidney G.
296. Hirtle, E. R. C.	373. Creece, Martin G.	450. Campbell, J. Mark.	527. McPhee, K. J. (Jr.)
297. Bonner, A. M.,	374. Hardy, Herbert H.	451. Finlayson, T. Dennis	528. Reive, Ernest
298. Shorey, William	375. Dearling, Leo. A.	452. Myles, William B.	529. Davis, William J.
299. Hardy, W. S. Bartle	376. Henriksen, Martin	453. Middleton, David J.	530. McKay, Donald Geo.
300. Shackel, Alex.	377. Biggs, Eric G. J.	454. Dettloff, Hansen C.	531. Simpson, Geo H.
301. McLeod, John T. A.	378. Roberts, Wm. Henry	455. Kenny, Norman D.	532. Alazia, George R. (Sr)
302. Sedgwick, H. H. (Sr.)	379. Kirk, William J.	456. Pole-Evans, A. R.	533. Short, Joseph L.
303. Smith, William J.	380. Watt, Jas.	457. Gleadell, Frank E.	534. Spencer, W. E.
304. Peck, J. Bert H.	381. Morrison, Stewart M.	458. Summers, Sidney R.	535. Goodwin, W. A. Nutt
305. Hannaford, R. H.	382. Miller, Sidney	459. Barnes, S. John	536. Cletheroe, John R.
306. Betts, Frederick C.	383. Watson, Louis James	460. Aldridge, Ernest J.	537. Fleuret, T. C.
307. Evans, Maurice E.	384. Luxton, Henry T.	461. Clifton, Allen Louis	538. Carey, Terence J.
308. Morrison, Leslie D.	385. Felton, Walter A.	462. Elias, W.	539. Binnie, Horace Jas.
309. Smith, John C. (Jr.)	386. Turner, W. John G.	463. Hills, William P.	540. Hennah, T. H. H.
310. Cartmell, Henry G.	387. Ferguson, Robert J.	464. Slade, Harry	541. Goss, William H.
311. Halliday, J. A. Leslie	388. Burns, Robert James	465. Stewart, James Alex.	542. Osborne, John C.
312. Sornsen, George A.	389. Parrin, Norman G.	466. Buse, F. K. E.	543. Morrison, M. John E.
313. Goodwin James	390. Middleton, Dave (Jr.)	467. McKay, David	544. Peck, Desmond D. B.
314. Sollis, Denis J.	391. Smith, John W.	468. McCarthy, Philip	545. Bowles, G. W. John
315. McKenzie, Alex. (Jr)	392. Blyth, Alfred John	469. Hutchinson, W. J.	546. Hollen, Thomas
316. Duncan, Howard E.	393. Clifton, Chas	470. Peck, James W.	547. Buse, Ralph
317. Milne, A.	394. Finlayson, Alex. Jas.	471. Stewart, Keith G.	548. Paice, Charles J. B.
318. Harvey, Alfred Sid.	395. Buckley, P. Edward	472. Hutchinson, Keith R.	549. Davis, John
319. McKay, James J.	396. Andreason, S. V. Y.	473. Campbell, Ray	550. Bound, H. Leslie
320. Finlayson, Hugh	397. Kelway, Edward G.	474. Lee, Jas. W. T.	551. Coutts, W. J.
321. Skilling, Basil R.	398. Ford, William J.	475. Kiddle, Alb. S.	552. Henriksen, Norman
322. Biggs, Hubert A.	399. Robson, Edward A.	476. Middleton, George S.	553. Middleton, James (3)
323. Carey, C. William	400. Smith, Percy S.	477. Davis, Frederick S.	554. Browning, Jos.
324. Short, George C. (Sr.)	401. Aldridge, Harold J.	478. Coleman, Fred. A.	555. Bonner, H. J. (Sr.)
325. Morrison, Wm. A.	402. Goodwin, Thos. J. W.	479. Ratcliffe, Jas.	556. May, Alfred M. W.
326. Anderson, A. Peter	403. Reive, Frederick J.	480. Lyse, Reginald S.	557. Clarke, J. H. A.
327. Stewart, H. W. A.	404. Berntsen, Ed. F.	481. Gleadell, William C.	558. Gleadell, Ernest C. S.
328. Johnson, E. Victor	405. Murphy, David John	482. McRae, Farquhar J. D.	559. Goss, James
329. Finlayson, Wm. A.	406. Anderson, Henry J.	483. Aldridge, Thomas G.	560. Browning, Jas S.
330. Hookings, Alfred	407. Gleadell, Leslie C.	484. Browning, Wm. C.	561. Finlayson, Rod. (Jr.)
331. Barnes, Leslie	408. McMullen, Mathew J.	485. Parrin, George E.	562. Sornsen, C. Edward
332. Morrison, Roderick J.	409. Bundes, Jeff.	486. Blyth, John Jnr.	563. Henriksen, C. W.
333. Reive, Peter	410. Lees, David	487. Alazia, G. R. (Jr.)	564. Smith, William
334. Goodwin, William	411. Pearson, George	488. Beatty, T.	565. Biggs, Herbert P.
335. Short, Richard F.	412. Harvey, Donald	489. Smith, David J.	566. Middleton, Stewart 3
336. Whitney, H. Leslie	413. Luxton, Ernest F.	490. Stewart, Geo. A.	567. Felton, A. A.
337. Smith, James Hogan	414. Evans, Evan H.	491. Rowlands, Jas. H.	568. Dixon, Ernest V.
338. Kiddle, Stephen N.	415. Summers, Ernest V.	492. Steen, Ivor B.	569. Porter, George
339. Robson, W. Conral	416. Burns, Wm. P. T.	493. May, W. A.	570. White, Frank
340. Martin, George A.	417. Ferguson, John	494. Lixton, Stan. C.	571. Biggs, Arthur L. S.
341. King, Ronald I.	418. Watts, Jas.	495. Sedgwick, F. Aubrey	572. Johnson, Eric Thos.

Jury List continued :—

573. Bowles, W. John	616. Skilling, C. R.	659. Lehen, Dennis	702. Bonner, Albert
574. McGill, Donald	617. Barnes, Fred W.	660. Biggs, Bernard L.	703. McKenzie, J. T.
575. McKay, Stephen J.	618. Blackley, William	661. Johnson, Howard W.	704. Clausen, F. S.
576. Goodwin, David	619. Bonner, Andres P.	662. Pauloni, Robert R.	705. Johnston, J. A.
577. Coutts, James	620. Clifton, James	663. Harris, W. C. H. G.	706. Felton, D. E.
578. Blyth, John	621. Grant, Lewis	664. Morrison, Wm. D.	707. Ross, R. W.
579. McRae, Roderick D.	622. Dart, R. M.	665. Barnes, Frank E.	708. Clifton, T. S.
580. Halliday, James A.	623. Barnes, Sylvester	666. McRae, R. G. V.	709. Forbes, J.
581. McCullum, John D.	624. Kelway, Fred A.	667. Harvey, Edgar A. J.	710. Bounphrey, R. S.
582. Jones, A. Charles	625. Smith, Francis H. H.	668. Patience, A. G.	711. Gray, P. C.
583. Paice, N. T.	626. McRae, Murdo	669. McKay, William R.	712. Craig, R. P.
584. Smith, G. Douglas	627. Ryan, John S.	670. Hansen, George D.	713. Jones, Frederick
585. Blackley, C. D.	628. Rowlands, T. Conrad	671. Binnie, Terence W.	714. Southerland, J.
586. Duncan, David H.	629. Pedersen, Leonard C.	672. Blyth, Alex. L.	715. Bunting, E. F.
587. Ford, Charles David	630. Peck, Wm. G. E.	673. Morrison, Norman	716. Middleton, M. R.
588. Kirk, W. E.	631. Dettleff, Thomas O.	674. Short, F. George	717. Roach, G. J.
589. Barnes, Ronald	632. Coutts, Alex	675. Porter, Howard	718. Marshall, T.
590. Reive, William J.	633. Biggs, Martin W. H.	676. Clifton, Jos. E.	719. Potter, J. S.
591. Sollis, Leslie H.	634. Meierhoffer, J. Geo.	677. Murphy, Michael J.	720. Bradbury, C. H.
592. Lyse, Markham O.	635. Mercer, Alex.	678. Coutts, Peter T.	721. Wilkinson, R. E.
593. Berntsen, Robert A.	636. Bowles, George E.	679. Morrison, Don. W. J.	722. Tait, M. F.
594. Wallin, W. Richard	637. Robson, J. F. Roy	680. May, James John	723. Campbell, A.
595. Napier, Herbert M.	638. Watson, Wm. H. C.	681. Burns, Frederick J.	724. Smith, T. C. S.
596. Harries, John J.	639. Smith, Jas A.	682. Allan, Frederick	725. Davis, P. E.
597. Reive, Bert	640. Faria, Joseph F.	683. Goodwin, Douglas C.	726. Roberts, G. H.
598. McCarthy, M. (Jr.)	641. Bender, Sidney C.	684. Johnson, Stanley H.	727. Ursell, W. J.
599. Watts, Walter	642. Atkins, Victor H. M.	685. Newman, Silas A. F.	728. Blake, J. L.
600. Aiken, John	643. Reive, Robert	686. Pittendrigh, J. M.	729. Swaine, J.
601. Clasen, Rupert H.	644. McLeod, George A.	687. McLeod, R. J.	730. Malcolm, G.
602. McKay, Thomas	645. Smith, J. Stanley	688. Barnes, Richard	731. Murdoch, W.
603. Sedgwick, L. A.	646. Lellman, F. T.	689. Young, W. H.	732. Lloyd, M.
604. McMullen, William	647. Clement, J.	690. Jones, Ivor	733. Malcolm, W.
605. Johnson, Henry	648. Cartmell, Robert	691. Biggs, Patrick E.	734. Evans, E. D.
606. Miller, J.	649. Jones, John F. C.	692. White, Fred	735. Lee, L. R.
607. Bonner, R. Leslie	650. McAtasney, Wm. J.	693. Dixon, E. S.	
608. Fuhlendorff, V. E.	651. Petterssen, John S. P.	694. McKay, David (Jr.)	
609. Watson, Duncan R.	652. Betts, Arthur J.	695. Cusack, E. R.	
610. Betts, Cyril S.	653. Yates, Robert	696. Clarke, D. J.	
611. Etheridge, Alex S.	654. Sedgwick, Wm. H.	697. Ford, A. H.	
612. Goodwin, Aubrey W.	655. Evans, Griffith O.	698. Heathman, A. S.	
613. Biggs, A. Maxwell	656. King, Fred H.	699. McKay, G.	
614. Alazia, William C.	657. Summers, Aubrey V.	700. Rutter, S. M.	
615. Paulini, George L.	658. Hennah, Samuel H.	701. Tough, B.	



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVII.

FEBRUARY 2, 1948.

No. 2.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Allan, J.	Post Office	Clerk, Grade V.	1.1.48.	—
Jones, O.	"	Post Boy & Messenger	1.1.48.	—
Winter, R. W. S.	Secretariat	Legal Secretary	22.12.47.	—

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Earle, D.	Secretariat	Office Boy & Messenger	1.7.47.	—
Pettersson, Miss V.	Secretariat & Treasury	Clerk, Grade V.	1.1.48.	—
Biggs, Miss J.	"	Clerk, Grade V.	1.1.48.	—

PROMOTION.

			<i>Date</i>
Luxton, H.	Clerk, Grade V.	to Clerk, Grade IV.	1.1.48.

TRANSFER.

Carey, A.	Mail Officer, Grade IV.	to Clerk, Grade IV.	1.1.48.
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LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Rice, R.	Education	Assistant Master	11 months 28 days plus period of voyage.	11.1.48.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 3. 3rd January, 1948.

Under Section 7 of the King Edward Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following to be the Visiting Committee for the Hospital for the year 1948 :-

Mrs. A. Mercer (*Chairman*).
Mrs. L. W. Aldridge
L. Hardy, Esq., B.E.M., J.P.

M.P. 596/29.

3rd January, 1948.

The following personal message has been received by His Excellency the Governor from Her Royal Highness the Princess Elizabeth and Duchess of Edinburgh :-

"Will you please tell the Government and People of the Falkland Islands who have so kindly sent me two most interesting sets of Falkland Islands' stamps what great pleasure it has given me to receive them. It makes me very happy to think of the affection and goodwill on their part which this present represents."

No. 4. 8th January, 1948.

Under the provisions of the Public Health Ordinance, No. 5 of 1894, as amended by the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1937, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, <i>President</i>	}	<i>Ex-officio members</i>
The Medical Officers		
The Executive Engineer		
Mrs. M. Robson		
J. Clement, Esq.		
A. H. Hills, Esq.		
Captain H. C. Harding, J.P.,		

to be members of the Board of Health for the Colony of the Falkland Islands for the year 1948.

M.P. 0572.

No. 5. 14th January, 1948.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve the award of the Medal of the Imperial Service Order to

MR. EDWARD HEADFORD.

late Orderly and Caretaker, Government House.
M.P. 0107/C.

No. 6. 15th January, 1948.

His Majesty the King has approved that the order and form of Loyal Toasts to be used in future shall be as follows:—

1. The King.
 2. The Queen, Queen Mary, the Princess Elizabeth, the Duke of Edinburgh and the other Members of the Royal Family.
- M.P. 46/37.

No. 7. 20th January, 1948.

The following is an Order in Council by His Majesty the King under Section 18 of the Emergency Laws (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1947.
M.P. 0561.

**EMERGENCY LAWS (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS)
(COLONIES ETC.) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1947.**

Whereas His Majesty the King in Council has been pleased to extend to certain Colonies including the Colony of the Falkland Islands the application of the Emergency Laws (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1947, as is provided in the said Act.

Now, therefore His Majesty in pursuance of Section 18 of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Him in that behalf, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as the Emergency Laws (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Colonies etc.) Order in Council, 1947.

2. The Governor of any Territory mentioned in the Schedule to this Order may by Order provide:—

(a) for the continuation in force until the 10th day of December, 1950, of any Defence Regulations being Defence Regulations in force in the Territories immediately before the date of passing of the Act of 1947 by virtue of Section 18 of the Act of 1946 and the Order of 1946 made thereunder.

(b) that any Defence Regulations so continued in force shall have effect subject to such exceptions, limitations and modifications as Governors think necessary or expedient.

3. The provisions of Section 2 subsection (2) of Section 3, Section 4 and Section 5 of the Order of 1946 shall have effect in relation to this Order, and to the Defence Regulations continued in force under this Order as they have effect in relation to the Order of 1946 and to the Defence Regulations continued in force under that Order.

SCHEDULE.
(including) Falkland Islands.

No. 8. 26th January, 1948.

The threepenny piece of mixed metal is current and legal tender in the Colony for the payment of an amount not exceeding two shillings.

M.P. 220/46.

No. 9. 26th January, 1948.

By a Proclamation made by His Majesty the King on the 14th of October, 1947, coins of cupronickel issued by the Mint under the Coinage Act 1946 of the denominations (viz. crown, half-crown, florin, shilling and sixpence), weight and composition specified in the Schedule to that Act, shall be legal tender for an amount not exceeding forty shillings and for no greater amount.

2. A copy of the Proclamation can be seen at the Colonial Secretary's Office, Stanley.

M.P. 220/46.

No. 10. 26th January, 1948.

CAPTAIN J. TOMLINSON,

late Dental Surgeon, was on leave from the 22nd of July, 1947, to the 24th of January, 1948.

M.P. P/331.

No. 11. 27th January, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:—

Ordinance, No. 6 of 1946, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the service of the year 1947".

M.P. 208/46.

No. 12. 28th January, 1948.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 12th of January, 1948, His Excellency the Governor returned from tour on the 28th of January, 1948.

M.P. P/363/11.

No. 13. 28th January, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 81 of the 31st of December, 1947, the following Practitioners have been added to the List of Medical Practitioners, registered to practise in the Colony and Dependencies of the Falkland Islands.

Name.	Qualifications.	Date of Qualification
Dalglish, David	M.R.C.S. (Eng.),	1946.
Geoffrey	L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	
Sladen, William	M.R.C.S. (Eng.),	1946.
Joseph Lambart	L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	

M.P. 21/28.

No. 14. 28th January, 1948.

The following is the List of Members of the Committee for the care and management of the Public Library and Museum appointed under Section 3 of the Library and Museum Ordinance, No. 5 of 1944, with effect from the 1st of January, 1948:—

The Honourable Dr. J. E. Hamilton, D.Sc.,
F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. (*Chairman*).

Mrs. M. Robson

Reverend W. F. McWhan, M.B.E.

L. Hardy, Esq., B.E.M., J.P.

Mr. K. V. Lellman.

M.P. 172/25.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Stanley Sussex Reive, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Wallace Hirtle, brother-in-law of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

16th January, 1948.

L. 8/48.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others :

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 13th day of January, 1948, for the purpose of visiting the Dependencies ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 12th day of January, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others :

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 1st day of February, 1948, for the purpose of visiting the Dependencies ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of January, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,
A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council
declaring Port Foster to be a Harbour.

No. 1 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by Section 1 of the Harbour Ordinance 1902, His Excellency the Governor with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is pleased to direct that PORT FOSTER, DECEPTION ISLAND, SOUTH SHETLANDS be declared a Harbour from the 10th January, 1948.

Made in Executive Council this 10th day of January, 1948.

By Command
A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0254.

Order by His Excellency the Governor.

No. 2 of 1948.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Governor's Deputy.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) Act 1945 and by Order in Council thereunder His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered –

That the office of competent authority (supplies) shall continue in force until the 10th day of December, 1950 unless previously determined and that all acts and orders made by the holder of the said office, for the purpose of regulating the import export supply or prices of goods shall continue in force until the 10th day of December 1950 unless previously determined and that he shall until such date continue to exercise the powers vested in him by the Defence Regulations 1939.

Dated this 20th day of January, 1948.

By Command,
L. W. ALDRIDGE,
for Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0561.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Harbour Ordinance, 1902.

No. 1 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by Section 2 of the Harbour Ordinance 1902, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order with the advice and consent of the Executive Council as follows :

Short Title.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Port Foster Harbour Regulations 1948.

Mooring and anchorage.

2. No vessel or boat shall be moored or anchored in the harbour without the consent of the Harbour Master. Any vessel or boat shall immediately be moved upon the order of the Harbour Master to any mooring or anchorage approved by him.

Hulks.

3. No hulk shall have any fixed moorings without the written permission of the Harbour Master.

Lights on vessels at anchor.

4. Vessels at anchor outside the limit assigned to hulks shall exhibit, from sunset to sunrise, the following light or lights—

- (a) A vessel under one hundred and fifty feet in length, when at anchor, shall carry forward, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding twenty feet above the hull, a white light, in a lantern so constructed as to show a clear, uniform and unbroken light, visible all round the horizon at a distance of, at least, one mile.
- (b) A vessel of one hundred and fifty feet or upwards in length, when at anchor, shall carry in the forward part of the vessel, at a height of not less than twenty feet and not exceeding forty feet above the hull, a white light in a lantern so constructed as to show a clear, uniform and unbroken light visible all round the horizon at a distance of, at least, one mile, and at or near the stern of the vessel, and at such a height that it shall not be less than fifteen feet lower than the forward light, another similar light.

Lighters or vessels under way.

5. All vessels shall when under way in the hours of darkness in the Harbour carry in the fore part of the vessel and at a height of not less than nine feet above the gunwhale

- (a) a bright white light of such a character as to be visible at a distance of not less than two miles, and
- (b) green and red side lights of such a character as to be visible at a distance of not less than one mile, or a combined lantern showing a green light and a red light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on their respective sides.

Provided that

Small vessels, without masts, may carry the white light at a height at less than nine feet above the gunwhale, but it shall be carried above the combined lantern mentioned in (b) above.

Lights on rowing boats.

6. Rowing boats, whether under oars or sail, shall have a lantern showing a white light which shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.

7. (a) No person shall collect, remove or cause to be removed any timber or wood, for any purpose whatsoever, from the foreshores of the Harbour without the written permission of the Harbour Master. Collection of timber.
- (b) No person shall remove any iron, steel, metal or wood work from the old whaling factory without the written consent of the Harbour Master.
8. (a) No person shall remove any sand, stone or gravel from the foreshore of the Harbour without the written permission of the Harbour Master. Removal of sand etc.
- (b) Every person permitted to remove sand and stone or gravel shall pay to the Harbour Master one shilling for each ton removed by him.
9. No person shall take fresh water without the consent of the Harbour Master. Fresh water.
10. (a) No ballast, dunnage, ashes or rubbish of any description shall be thrown in the water within 400 yards of low water mark. Ballast rubbish.
- (b) Ballast and waste oil shall be discharged in accordance with the direction of the Harbour Master.
11. All boats or craft shall be beached in accordance with the directions of the Harbour Master. Beaching craft.
12. No person shall discharge any fire-arm at, or throw any stone or other missile at, any seabird or wild animal within the limits of the Harbour, provided that nothing in this section shall serve to prohibit birds or animals from being killed for the protection of property, or obtained by, or with the authority of the Government Naturalist for Scientific purposes. Firing or throwing stones at birds etc. in the Harbour.
13. Every boat or craft shall pay harbour rates at the rate of one penny per ton her net registered tonnage for every day or part of a day she remains in the Harbour. Harbour rent.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 10th day of January, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

The King Edward Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

The Medical Fees (Amendment) Regulations, 1948.

A. B. MATHEWS,

No. 2 of 1948.

Governor's Deputy.

His Excellency the Governor by virtue of the powers vested in him by the King Edward Hospital Ordinance 1916, and otherwise, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is hereby pleased to make the following Regulations.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Medical Fees (Amendment) Regulations, 1948.

2. The Medical Fees Regulations 1947 are hereby amended by the insertion of the following Regulation after Regulation 4 thereof :

"4A. Persons not normally resident in the Colony shall at the discretion of the Senior Medical Officer be liable to pay double the charges provided for in Schedules B, D and E hereof."

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a Meeting held on the 17th day of January, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0135.

Emergency (Miscellaneous) Regulations, 1948.

Made by His Excellency the Governor under the authority of the Emergency Laws (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1947.

A. B. MATHEWS,

No. 3 of 1948.

Governor's Deputy.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Emergency (Miscellaneous) Regulations, 1948.

2. (1) Where government war works have been constructed on any land, the Governor may maintain and use, or authorise the maintenance and use of, those works for the purpose of the public service or for any purpose for which they were maintained or used in the exercise of emergency powers.

(2) The Governor may retain or authorise the retention of possession of any land which (whether by virtue of an exercise of emergency powers or otherwise) is in his possession or in that of any person who is occupying or using it under his authority, notwithstanding the determination of any other right thereto, and, where possession of any land is retained under this subsection, the Governor may use it or authorise its use for the purposes of the public service or in any manner in which it was being used before possession was so retained.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 20th day of January, 1948.

By Command,

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

for Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0561.

A Bill for
An Ordinance

To provide for the payment of Duty on
Receipts.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stamp Duty Ordinance, 1948. Short Title.
 2. In this Ordinance : Interpretation.

“Receipt” means any note, memorandum, or writing whereby any money amounting to two pounds or upwards, or any bill of exchange or promissory note for money amounting to two pounds or upwards, is acknowledged or expressed to have been received or deposited or paid, or whereby any debt or demand, or any part of a debt or demand, of the amount of two pounds or upwards, is acknowledged to have been settled, satisfied, or discharged, or which signifies or imports any such acknowledgment and whether the same is or is not signed with the name of any person.
 3. A duty of twopence shall be paid on each receipt. Such duty shall be denoted by an adhesive stamp or stamps being affixed to the receipt and cancelled by the person by whom the receipt is given before he delivers it out of his hands. Duty.
 4. If any person — Penalties
 - (1) Gives a receipt not duly stamped; or
 - (2) Refuses to give a receipt duly stamped; or
 - (3) Upon a payment to the amount of two pounds or upwards gives a receipt for a sum not amounting to two pounds, or separates or divides the amount paid with intent to evade the duty;he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.
 5. The following shall be exempt from the operation of this Ordinance — Exemptions.
 - (a) Receipts given by the Government of the Colony or an officer thereof acting within the scope of and in the course of his duties.
 - (b) Receipts given for or on account of any salary pay or wages or for or on account of any like payment made for the benefit of any person in respect of his employment or for or on account of any pension or superannuation allowance.
 - (c) Receipts given in respect of any sums payable under the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937.
-

**Annual Abstract Account Statement showing
the Falkland Islands & Dependencies for**

R E C E I P T S .

RECEIPTS.	Estimated 1946.	Amount received to 31st Dec., 1946.	Receipts for same period, 1945.	More than estimated, 1946.	Less than estimated, 1946.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Balance on 1st Jan., 1946	.....	29034 19 0	.....	.....	.....
1. Customs Duties	18100 0 0	20991 17 10	23240 16 9	2891 17 10	.....
2. Port Dues	85 0 0	86 16 9	71 6 0	1 16 9	.....
3. Internal Revenue	14502 0 0	13487 6 1	18829 17 3	.....	1014 13 11
4. Fees, Fines, &c.	2924 0 0	3489 6 4	2748 6 8	565 6 4	.....
5. Interest	14168 0 0	12622 1 11	13229 19 9	.....	1545 18 1
6. Post Office	22045 0 0	47501 14 7	18645 16 0	25456 14 7	.....
7. Telegraphs & Telephones	8565 0 0	8531 3 10	15796 7 5	.....	33 16 2
8. Rents	1520 0 0	1406 0 3	1516 10 1	.....	113 19 9
9. Miscellaneous	6119 0 0	85320 12 4	7258 19 4	79201 12 4	.....
10. Contribution from Dependencies	4000 0 0	5163 16 6	8712 13 5	1163 16 6	.....
11. Land Sales	211 0 0	278 1 0	626 0 3	67 1 0	.....
Total Ordinary Rev. Falklands	92239 0 0	198878 17 5	110676 12 11	109348 5 4	2708 7 11
Dependencies Revenue	20260 0 0	119084 9 9	13283 6 6	98824 9 9	.....
Total Revenue	£ 112499 0 0	317963 7 2	123959 19 5	208172 15 1	2708 7 11
Research Fund	.....	13648 6 0	Surplus of Assets 1st January, 1946.		
Investments Realized	.....	122866 17 9			
Farm & Building Loans	.....	54 16 8	Land Sales Fund £270651 4 9 General Revenue Balance a/c Deficit 21296 6 6 £249354 18 3		
Advances Repaid	.....	9188 12 0			
Deposits Received	.....	261912 15 8			
Remittances Received	.....	97655 0 1			
Marine Insurance Fund	.....	123 18 2			
Revenue Suspense A/c.	.....	8514 5 7			
Workmen's Compensation Insurance Fund	.....	279 1 2			
Reserve Fund	.....	5507 17 4			
Town Hall Reconstruction Fund	.....	684 1 2			
Dependencies' Postal A/c.	.....	18067 16 11			
Investments Adjustment a/c	.....	54364 3 6			
Land Sales Fund	.....	278 1 0			
General Revenue Balance a/c	.....	15741 10 6			
Total	£ 926850 10 8				
Balance brought down 1st January, 1946	£ 29034 19 0				
Total	£ 955885 9 8				

Distribution of Cash Balance 1st January, 1946 :—

Colonial Treasury	£26261 1 7
Crown Agents	2427 5 6
South Georgia	346 11 11
	£29034 19 0

Receipts and Payments under various Heads for
the year ended 31st December, 1946.

P A Y M E N T S .

PAYMENTS.	Estimated, 1946.			Amount paid to 31st Dec., 1946.			Payments for same period 1945.			More than estimated, 1946.			Less than estimated, 1946.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1. Pensions ...	3950	0	0	3895	18	6	3567	2	2	.....			54	1	6
2. The Governor ...	3247	0	0	3333	4	11	2524	0	8	86	4	11	.....	
3. Colonial Secretary ...	3204	0	0	3552	1	0	2520	5	6	348	1	0	.....	
4. Treasury & Customs ...	2021	0	0	1788	13	5	2085	19	0	.....			232	6	7
5. Audit ...	6	0	0	8	10	0	6	0	0	2	10	0	.....	
6. Post Office ...	6460	0	0	7240	18	0	5496	6	11	780	18	0	.....	
7. Electrical & Telegraphs	7965	0	0	8494	12	5	8618	8	6	529	12	5	.....	
8. Harbour ...	1542	0	0	983	13	0	833	0	0	.....			558	7	0
9. Legal ...	422	0	0	382	8	8	784	8	0	.....			39	11	4
10. Police & Prisons ...	1427	0	0	1537	18	7	1455	14	1	110	18	7	.....	
11. Medical ...	7387	0	0	9571	12	10	8906	12	4	2184	12	10	.....	
12. Education ...	8198	0	0	7159	7	1	6523	6	7	.....			1038	12	11
13. Ecclesiastical ...	289	0	0	289	0	0	289	0	0	.....			.....
14. Naturalist ...	365	0	0	280	4	8	266	2	4	.....			84	15	4
15. Military ...	1501	0	0	822	12	10	811	4	6	.....			678	7	2
16. Agriculture ...	9462	0	0	9935	8	1	9617	13	7	473	8	1	.....	
17. Miscellaneous ...	12760	0	0	131881	17	2	11860	4	11	119121	17	2	.....	
18. Public Works Department	4569	0	0	6232	12	2	4405	1	5	1663	12	2	.....	
19. Public Works Recurrent	13000	0	0	22422	18	8	17494	12	11	9422	18	8	.....	
Total Ordinary Expenditure ... £	87775	0	0	219813	12	0	88065	3	5	134724	13	10	2686	1	10
20. Public Works Extraordinary	19	0	0	574	8	5	1481	12	3	555	8	5	.....	
21. War Expenditure	1000	0	0	1735	14	2	11924	12	10	735	14	2	.....	
22. Land Sales	211	0	0	278	1	0	1000	0	0	67	1	0	.....	
Total Expenditure Falklands ... £	89005	0	0	222401	15	7	102471	8	6	136082	17	5	2686	1	10
Dependencies ...	15290	0	0	83660	10	5	14447	3	0	68370	10	5	.....	
Total Expenditure ... £	104295	0	0				116918	11	6	204453	7	10	2686	1	10
Surplus of Assets on the 31st December, 1946.															
Research Fund ...				1182	9	6	Land Sales Fund ...			£269329	5	9			
Investments made ...				158546	4	7	Deficit 1/1/46.	£21296	6	6					
Advances made ...				14327	11	3	Surplus 31/12/46.	£11901	1	2					
Deposits Repaid ...				226105	16	3	Appreciation of Investments	15741	10	6					
Remittances made ...				103141	3	7		£27642	11	8					
Land Sales Fund				1600	0	0									
Dependencies Postal a/c				18067	16	11	Surplus 31/12/46.	£27642	11	8					
Revenue Suspense a/c				51824	14	10	Less Deficit	21296	6	6					
Investments Adjustment a/c				54364	3	6							6346	5	2
													£275675	10	11
Balance on 31st December, 1946				20663	3	3									
Total				£ 955885	9	8									

Distribution of Cash Balance 31st December, 1946 :

Colonial Treasury ...	£19599	12	1
Crown Agents ...	906	8	5
South Georgia ...	157	2	9
	£20663	3	3.

E. F. LELLMAN.

Assistant Treasurer.

**Annual abstract account statement showing Receipts and Payments under various Heads
for the Dependencies for the Year ended 31st December, 1946.**

R E C E I P T S .

Receipts.	Estimated 1946.	Amount received to 31st Dec., 1946.	Receipts for same period. 1945.	More than estimated 1946.	Less than estimated 1946.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Customs Duties :					
(a) Imports	2040 0 0	2165 18 0	2458 17 3	125 18 0	.....
(b) Exports	8200 0 0	9893 13 3	6438 11 8	1693 13 3	.....
2. Port & Tonnage Dues	100 0 0	190 0 0	160 0 0	90 0 0	.....
3. Internal Rev. Licences	8645 0 0	4562 3 2	2880 2 0	.....	4082 16 10
4. Fees, Fines, etc.	95 0 0	616 15 0	183 18 6	521 15 0	.....
5. Posts & Telegraphs.	.....	99389 17 6	.....	99389 17 6	.....
6. Rents	1050 0 0	800 0 0	1050 0 0	.....	250 0 0
7. Miscellaneous	130 0 0	1466 2 10	111 17 1	1336 2 10	.....
Total Ordinary Revenue £	20260 0 0	119084 9 9	13283 6 6	103157 6 7	4332 16 10
Research Fund	.....	13648 6 0	10535 8 1	.....	.....
£	20260 0 0	132732 15 9	23818 14 7	103157 6 7	4332 16 10

Surplus of Assets on 1st January, 1946.

Research Fund	...	£207650 5 6.	£207650 5 6.
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P A Y M E N T S .

Payments.	Estimated 1946.	Amount paid to 31st Dec., 1946.	Payments for same period. 1945.	More than estimated 1946.	Less than estimated 1946.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Personal:-					
South Georgia	1680 0 0	1705 7 11	2537 17 8	25 7 11	.....
South Shetlands	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General	675 0 0	696 0 10	376 12 0	21 0 10	.....
2. Other Charges:-					
(a) South Georgia	2829 0 0	1622 7 9	2936 15 7	.....	1206 12 3
(b) South Shetlands	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General	10106 0 0	79636 13 11	8430 16 1	69530 13 11	.....
Total Ordinary Expenditure	15290 0 0	83660 10 5	14282 1 4	69577 2 8	1206 12 3
3. Extraordinary:-					
(a) South Georgia	.....	.....	165 1 8	.....	.....
(b) South Shetlands	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Expenditure £	15290 0 0	83660 10 5	14447 3 0	69577 2 8	1206 12 3
Charges on	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dependencies Revenue	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Research Fund	.....	1182 9 6	4714 2 7	.....	.....
Total	15290 0 0	84842 19 11	19161 5 7	69577 2 8	1206 12 3

Surplus of Assets on 31st December, 1946.

Research Fund	...	£220116 2 0.	£220116 2 0.
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E. F. LELLMAN,
Assistant Treasurer.

**METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS taken at CUMBERLAND BAY, SOUTH GEORGIA,
during the year 1946.**

MONTH.	AIR PRESSURE.					AIR TEMPERATURES.					PSYCHROMETER.		RAINFALL.			WEATHER.						
	MEAN.	HIGHEST & LOWEST.				MEAN.	MAX. AND MIN.				VAPOUR PRESSURE.	RELATIVE HUMIDITY.	TOTAL.	GREATEST FALL.	DATE.	DAYS OF RAIN.	DRIZZLE RAIN.	DAYS OF SNOW.	DAYS OF SNOW & SLEET.	DAYS OF FOG.	DAYS OF SUNSHINE.	DAYS OF FROST.
		HIGHEST.	DATE.	LOWEST.	DATE.		MAX.	DATE.	MIN.	DATE.												
January ...	747.1	760.7	28th	726.3	13th	6.0	17.5	31st	- 0.4	20th	4.9	71.0	3.02"	0.80"	29th	11	2	6	0	8	23	0
February ...	743.0	755.6	28th	725.8	5th	6.3	18.9	1st	- 0.8	18th	5.1	73.0	4.47"	1.67"	11th	10	4	2	0	18	22	1
March ...	753.1	769.6	7th	729.5	3rd	4.0	13.3	2nd	- 2.0	12th	4.6	75.0	2.80"	1.29"	2nd	9	5	1	0	8	25	13
April ...	746.1	762.2	12th	727.4	3rd	1.5	7.8	28th	- 4.1	13th	4.1	80.0	7.31"	1.49"	30th	9	4	13	3	19	16	16
May ...	745.6	760.6	31st	721.9	1st	0.8	14.8	17th	- 7.6	25th	3.5	73.0	3.88"	0.45"	5th	5	4	15	6	17	24	20
June ...	745.9	769.2	30th	719.0	4th	-2.7	6.1	19th	-10.1	26th	3.1	80.0	9.32"	3.34"	20th	2	1	15	8	12	19	24
July ...	753.0	773.2	4th	727.6	25th	-2.5	8.1	19th	-12.8	11th	3.1	79.0	7.75"	4.72"	24th	5	1	10	9	14	22	27
August ...	747.6	767.3	17th	726.5	9th	-2.2	10.2	1st	- 7.1	22nd	3.3	85.0	14.00"	2.25"	19th	2	2	19	8	18	14	24
September	755.8	769.4	17th	730.0	2nd	-1.5	7.0	24th	- 7.8	4th	3.6	85.0	4.10"	1.41"	10th	4	4	7	5	17	17	24
October ...	743.7	764.6	23rd	714.7	4th	1.9	9.4	25th	- 4.4	9th	4.0	77.0	10.07"	2.68"	17th	8	2	14	6	15	24	13
November	743.6	759.6	29th	720.9	4th	1.5	9.6	10th	- 3.5	8th	3.8	75.0	3.43"	1.03"	4th	4	4	25	5	22	4	23
December ...	741.4	759.3	1st	718.4	25th	2.8	8.9	31st	- 1.7	15th	4.2	76.0	3.72"	1.07"	9th	4	4	18	6	24	18	8
Year.	747.2					1.3 C/G.	34.3 F.				3.9	77.0	74.47"			73	35	145	56	192	228	193

Jury List for the year 1948.

The following list of the persons liable under the provisions of the Jury Ordinance, 1901 to serve as Jurors for the year 1948 is published in accordance with the fourth section of the Ordinance.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Magistrate.

1. McAskill, John	67. Anderson, Wm. J. S.	133. Larsen, Richard	199. Harvey, C. James
2. Anderson, Edward B.	68. Jacobsen, A. F. W. C.	134. Middleton, James (1)	200. Bundes, R. J. C.
3. Stewart, Gordon	69. McAskill, Donald W.	135. McPhee, Owen H.	201. King, Vernon T.
4. Thompson, Geo. H.	70. Llamasa, Arthur Jas.	136. Anderson, John	202. Halliday, Stanley S.
5. Rutter, Arthur	71. Parring, Francis G.	137. Hollen, Henry D.	203. Burridge, Walter
6. Henricksen, Albert J.	72. Lee, Edwin T.	138. Biggs, T. M. V.	204. Smith, Ludwick C.
7. Goodwin, Bert S.	73. Johnson, Fred. W.	139. Betts, Keith C.	205. Binnie, Albert F.
8. Porter, Charles (Sr.)	74. Smith, John C. (Sr.)	140. Clifton, Jas. Henry	206. Smith, Alfred C. E.
9. Pearson, Robert	75. Lee, Alfred F.	141. Skilling, Chas. J.	207. Lellman, Karl V.
10. Stewart, D. W. H.	76. Peck, Aubrey F.	142. Duncan, David John	208. Draycott, D. J.
11. Hardy, Fred J.	77. Simpson, Alex. S.	143. Jaffray, Alexander	209. McLeod, Murdo A.
12. McPhee, Patrick	78. Skilling, Albert G.	144. Roberts, Wm. Edgar	210. Burns, William
13. Betts, Allan Sturdee	79. Dettleff, Jas.	145. Biggs, Terence I.	211. Summers, Wm. Alex.
14. Whitney, Frederick E.	80. Hall, George F.	146. McDermid, M.	212. Duncan, William
15. Binnie, James G.	81. Kiddle, William E.	147. Robson, George J.	213. Newman, Silas
16. Cletheroe, William H.	82. Hooley, T. V.	148. Laxton, Markham J.	214. Delaney, C.
17. Blyth, Henry	83. Alazia, J. William	149. Pauloni, Romolo V.	215. Duncan, Peter R.
18. Turner, Leonard McI.	84. McGill, Maurice W.	150. Lyse, Sidney R.	216. Watson, James
19. Goss, Darwin J.	85. Llamasa, George A.	151. Dickson, Ed. T. C.	217. McLaren, Alex. R.
20. Dickson, Chas. J. E. C.	86. Johnson, Peter S.	152. Coutts, John	218. McPhee, K. J. (Sr.)
21. Kivell, William	87. Morrison, D. Ewen	153. Goss, Roderick J.	219. Paulini, H. Wm.
22. Butler, George J. C.	88. Clifton, Hugh E.	154. McMillan, Ian A.	220. Short, J. G. Arch.
23. Summers, Stanley F.	89. Lehen, Maurice	155. Hollen, James J.	221. Clifton, William
24. Binnie, William N.	90. Etheridge, Arthur G.	156. Sornsen, Ellis L.	222. Morrison, Douglas R.
25. Hawkins, C.	91. Rowlands, Wm. J.	157. Anderson, S. Allan	223. Flowers, W. H. R.
26. Goodwin, John K.	92. Lee, Wm. H. G. N. J.	158. Butler, Jos. T. J.	224. Pearson, William E.
27. Summers, Victor	93. Davis, Arthur H.	159. Browning, Frederick	225. McLeod, Donald
28. Berntsen, F. G.	94. Llamasa, Wm. J.	160. McGill, G. Stanford	226. Clausen, Fredk J.
29. Carey, Raymond F.	95. Bonner, William	161. Jacobsen, Karl M.	227. Whitney, G. Mark.
30. Perry, Thomas G.	96. Goodwin, Ernest G.	162. McRae, Donald A.	228. Cartmell, William J.
31. Dixon, Percy S.	97. Watson, T. Darwin	163. Pitaluga, Jas. A.	229. Smith, Eric H. S.
32. Browning, David L.	98. Carey, Anthony M.	164. Buse, Franz J.	230. McPherson, John
33. McRae, F. W. Duncan	99. Blackely, Adam K.	165. Short, George H.	231. Jaffray, William
34. Lang, John S.	100. Alazia, Albert F.	166. Berntsen, Syd. L.	232. Summers, Wm. Ed.
35. Goodwin, Rupert V.	101. Browning, John B.	167. Kiddle, Peter	233. Clement, Wickham
36. Sornsen, Andrew A.	102. Earle, Arthur	168. Yates, Manuel	234. Curran, Joseph
37. White, W. Martell	103. Hooley, Jack C.	169. Anderson, Thos.	235. Curran, Henry
38. McKay, Donald	104. Bennett, Stanley	170. Robson, James T.	236. Bound, H. John L.
39. Jones, Albert H.	105. Larsen, Harold	171. Craigie-Halkett, C. M.	237. Bertrand, C. W.
40. Pettersson, A. R. A.	106. Oliver, Charles	172. Davis, Benjamin C.	238. Hills, Richard W.
41. Blyth, Jas.	107. Nunn, Henry	173. Rowlands, Jas. G.	239. McCarthy, Charles
42. Enestrom, Edgar W. R.	108. Sarney, Harry	174. Kendal, George N.	240. Kiddle, A. Stanley
43. Halliday, Andrew J.	109. Middleton, Jas. S.	175. McAtasney, W. Brian	241. McLeod, Donald
44. Berntsen, Lars M.	110. Lyse, George W.	176. Smith, Osmond R.	242. Gleadell, Sidney M.
45. Harrison, Clement	111. Anderson, Alfred	177. Morrison, Doug. D.	243. Bender, William J.
46. McMillan, William	112. Biggs, Horace H.	178. Hall, Albert H.	244. Hubbard, J.
47. Middleton, Stewart (1)	113. Halliday, J. Henry	179. Blyth, Fredk I. K.	245. Morrison, Finlay
48. Hannaford, Robert F.	114. Parrin, William R. B.	180. Perry, James J. (Jr.)	246. Brown, George J.
49. Gilruth, Thomas A.	115. Jones, Richard	181. Hewitt, Robert J. D.	247. Ford, James E.
50. Rumbolds, Robert H.	116. Craig, Peter	182. Hardy, Jack A.	248. Hannaford, W. Henry
51. Summers, Philip G.	117. Thompson, Wm. J.	183. Watson, Wm. H.	249. Lee, Sidney S.
52. Malcolm, W.	118. Steen, Robert B.	184. Biggs, Edward John	250. Finlayson, Rod. (Sr.)
53. Reive, Basil	119. Anderson, Richard C.	185. Peck, Percy P.	251. Baker, H. L.
54. Goodwin, Vincent S.	120. Aldridge, Stephen C.	186. Anderson, Hector C.	252. Biggs, John F.
55. Halliday, John Jas.	121. Newman, L. Wilf. A.	187. Finlayson, Darwin	253. Summers, Keith M.
56. Curran, John	122. Ford, Chas. W.	188. Newman, G. R. Hen.	254. Britton, William F.
57. Sprules, Gilbert E.	123. Browning, Benjamin	189. Hall, Donald John	255. Middleton, Arthur
58. Jennings, Clifford W.	124. Jones, William J.	190. King, James A.	256. Berntsen, Jas. L.
59. Lee, Henry J.	125. Cletheroe, Cyril J.	191. Hewitt, James	257. McMullen, D. J. E. H.
60. Newing, John C.	126. Morrison, Stewart	192. Biggs, Basil W.	258. McKay, James R.
61. Paice, William N.	127. McGill, Gordon A.	193. Lanning, George T.	259. Alazia, George J.
62. Perry, Christopher	128. Grant, Lennard J.	194. Halliday, William J.	260. Howatt, Frank D.
63. Stewart, Alex.	129. Sarney, James A.	195. McAtasney, E. J.	261. Smith, D. Roger
64. Skilling, Thos.	130. McLeod, George H.	196. Hills, Albert H.	262. Kiddle, Donald J.
65. Lang, William A.	131. Cheek, Frederick J.	197. Robson, Robert L.	263. King, Cecil F.
66. Jacobsen, James S.	132. McKenzie, William	198. Reive, Leonard L.	264. Biggs, Malcolm W.

Jury List continued :—

265. Cartmell, Robert D.	342. White, John W.	419. Finlayson, Chas. J.	496. Perry, A. W.
266. Berntsen, William	343. Anderson, Ludwic R.	420. Middleton, Stewart 2	497. Newing, George L.
267. McCarthy, Wm. G.	344. Stewart, David G.	421. Biggs, Carl P. F.	498. Berntsen, F. E. N. L.
268. Gleadell, Marklin L.	345. Middleton, J. Darwin	422. Halliday, John J. G.	499. Allan, Hector
269. McLeod, Rod. J. D.	346. Alazia, Arthur J.	423. Goss, Richard V.	500. Summers, Herbert V.
270. Morrison, Donald F.	347. Perry, William J.	424. Bonner, Bruce	501. Cletheroe, Alb. R.
271. Barnes, Ernest	348. Barnes, Arthur J.	425. Morrison, Roderick	502. Felton, Anthony T.
272. Jaffray, John	349. Reive, John	426. Stewart, William H.	503. Peck, Andrew R.
273. Williams, Ralph M.	350. Pitaluga, Alex	427. Cletheroe, Stanley W.	504. Sedgwick, Bertrand
274. Stewart, James H.	351. Lyse, Ernest Louis	428. Summers, Walter J.	505. Cartmell, W. J. H.
275. Lee, A. Leslie	352. Fleuret Clovis	429. Ashley, Fred. Albert	506. Atkins, Stanley P.
276. Hirtle, Wallace C. L.	353. Biggs, Clarence G.	430. Jennings, F. G. J.	507. Carey, Chas. L.
277. Alazia, John	354. Ashley, John R.	431. Peck, Jas P.	508. Cletheroe, Leslie J.
278. Berntsen, Stanley G.	355. Butler, Fred. L. E. O.	432. Summers, Leslie F.	509. McCarthy, Archi. H.
279. Aldridge, Francis W.	356. May, Fredk. A. C.	433. Johnson, William G.	510. Atkns, Richard
280. McLaren, Reuben	357. Reive, George	434. Lee, Thomas F. G.	511. Phillips, Charles W.
281. Harvey, William	358. Bender, Chris. P. W.	435. Allan, Percival	512. Clifton, Albert
282. McKay, Richard	359. Osborne, George H.	436. Lee, L. R.	513. Biggs, James K.
283. Phillips, Jesse	360. Reive, Charles T.	437. Porter, Arthur	514. Smith, F. G. Peter
284. McLeod, Archibald	361. Ashley, Alfred G.	438. Betts, William D. N.	515. McGill, Keith W.
285. Middleton, James (2)	362. Peck, Victor H.	439. McMillan, D. Hugh	516. Lindenberg, J. E. T.
286. Smith, John F.	363. Cantlie, William J.	440. Thompson, George	517. Brechin, Gregor
287. Morrison, Murdo	364. Lewis, F. R. M.	441. Fraia, Harry	518. Johnson, Alfred G. R.
288. Goss, Jacob N.	365. Berntsen Alex. J.	442. Braxton, T. N. J.	519. McLeod, Donald J.
289. Clarke, R. J.	366. Kelway, J. George	443. Smith, Francis David	520. Kiddle, Robert
290. Paulini, Ralph	367. Porter, Charles (Jr.)	444. Hutchinson, Robt. T.	521. Hardy, C. Mansell
291. Stacey, David C.	368. Poole, J. B. Charles	445. Mercer, John	522. Sedgwick, H. H. (Jr.)
292. Nicholson, Leslie H.	369. Perry, George	446. Wilson, Edward	523. Barnes, W. F. John
293. Parker, C. F.	370. Smith Andrew C.	447. McRae, Alex B.	524. Lee, Frederick F. J.
294. Lellman, Edward F.	371. Summers, Walter F.	448. Gleadell, Jas R.	525. Betts, Alexander J.
295. Short, George C. (Jr.)	372. Morrison, John M.	449. Anderson, Louis	526. Aldridge, Sidney G.
296. Hirtle, E. R. C.	373. Creece, Martin G.	450. Campbell, J. Mark.	527. McPhee, K. J. (Jr.)
297. Bonner, A. M.	374. Hardy, Herbert H.	451. Finlayson, T. Dennis	528. Reive, Ernest
298. Shorey, William	375. Dearling, Leo. A.	452. Myles, William B.	529. Davis, William J.
299. Hardy, W. S. Bartle	376. Henriksen, Martin	453. Middleton, David J.	530. McKay, Donald Geo.
300. Shackel, Alex.	377. Biggs, Eric G. J.	454. Dettloff, Hansen C.	531. Simpson, Geo H.
301. McLeod, John T. A.	378. Roberts, Wm. Henry	455. Kenny, Norman D.	532. Alazia, George R. (Sr)
302. Sedgwick, H. H. (Sr.)	379. Kirk, William J.	456. Pole-Evans, A. R.	533. Short, Joseph L.
303. Smith, William J.	380. Watt, Jas.	457. Gleadell, Frank E.	534. Spencer, W. E.
304. Peck, J. Bert H.	381. Morrison, Stewart M.	458. Summers, Sidney R.	535. Goodwin, W. A. Nutt
305. Hannaford, R. H.	382. Miller, Sidney	459. Barnes, S. John	536. Cletheroe, John R.
306. Betts, Frederick C.	383. Watson, Louis James	460. Aldridge, Ernest J.	537. Fleuret, T. C.
307. Evans, Maurice E.	384. Luxton, Henry T.	461. Clifton, Allen Louis	538. Carey, Terence J.
308. Morrison, Leslie D.	385. Felton, Walter A.	462. Elias, W.	539. Binnie, Horace Jas.
309. Smith, John C. (Jr.)	386. Turner, W. John G.	463. Hills, William P.	540. Hennah, T. H. H.
310. Cartmell, Henry G.	387. Ferguson, Robert J.	464. Slade, Harry	541. Goss, William H.
311. Halliday, J. A. Leslie	388. Burns, Robert James	465. Stewart, James Alex.	542. Osborne, John C.
312. Sornsen, George A.	389. Parrin, Norman G.	466. Buse, F. K. E.	543. Morrison, M. John E.
313. Goodwin James	390. Middleton, Dave (Jr.)	467. McKay, David	544. Peck, Desmond D. B.
314. Sollis, Denis J.	391. Smith, John W.	468. McCarthy, Philip	545. Bowles, G. W. John
315. McKenzie, Alex. (Jr)	392. Blyth, Alfred John	469. Hutchinson, W. J.	546. Hollen, Thomas
316. Duncan, Howard E.	393. Clifton, Chas	470. Peck, James W.	547. Buse, Ralph
317. Milne, A.	394. Finlayson, Alex. Jas.	471. Stewart, Keith G.	548. Paice, Charles J. B.
318. Harvey, Alfred Sid.	395. Buckley, P. Edward	472. Hutchinson, Keith R.	549. Davis, John
319. McKay, James J.	396. Andreason, S. V. Y.	473. Campbell, Ray	550. Bound, H. Leslie
320. Finlayson, Hugh	397. Kelway, Edward G.	474. Lee, Jas. W. T.	551. Conlts, W. J.
321. Skilling, Basil R.	398. Ford, William J.	475. Kiddle, Alb. S.	552. Henriksen, Norman
322. Biggs, Hubert A.	399. Robson, Edward A.	476. Middleton, George S.	553. Middleton, James (3)
323. Carey, C. William	400. Smith, Percy S.	477. Davis, Frederick S.	554. Browning, Jos.
324. Short, George C. (Sr.)	401. Aldridge, Harold J.	478. Coleman, Fred. A.	555. Bonner, H. J. (Sr.)
325. Morrison, Wm. A.	402. Goodwin, Thos. J. W.	479. Ratcliffe, Jas.	556. May, Alfred M. W.
326. Anderson, A. Peter	403. Reive, Frederick J.	480. Lyse, Reginald S.	557. Clarke, J. H. A.
327. Stewart, H. W. A.	404. Berntsen, Ed. F.	481. Gleadell, William C.	558. Gleadell, Ernest C. S.
328. Johnson, E. Victor	405. Murphy, David John	482. McRae, Farquhar J. D.	559. Goss, James
329. Finlayson, Wm. A.	406. Anderson, Henry J.	483. Aldridge, Thomas G.	560. Browning, Jas S.
330. Hookings, Alfred	407. Gleadell, Leslie C.	484. Browning, Wm. C.	561. Finlayson, Rod. (Jr.)
331. Barnes, Leslie	408. McMullen, Mathew J.	485. Parrin, George E.	562. Sornsen, C. Edward
332. Morrison, Roderick J.	409. Bundes, Jeff.	486. Blyth, John Jur.	563. Henriksen, C. W.
333. Reive, Peter	410. Lees, David	487. Alazia, G. R. (Jr.)	564. Smith, William
334. Goodwin, William	411. Pearson, George	488. Beatty, T.	565. Biggs, Herbert P.
335. Short, Richard F.	412. Harvey, Donald	489. Smith, David J.	566. Middleton, Stewart 3
336. Whitney, H. Leslie	413. Luxton, Ernest F.	490. Stewart, Geo. A.	567. Felton, A. A.
337. Smith, James Hogan	414. Evans, Evan H.	491. Rowlands, Jas. H.	568. Dixon, Ernest V.
338. Kiddle, Stephen N.	415. Summers, Ernest V.	492. Steen, Ivor B.	569. Porter, George
339. Robson, W. Conrad	416. Burns, Wm. P. T.	493. May, W. A.	570. White, Frank
340. Martin, George A.	417. Ferguson, John	494. Luxton, Stan. C.	571. Biggs, Arthur L. S.
341. King, Ronald I.	418. Watts, Jas.	495. Sedgwick, F. Aubrey	572. Johnson, Eric Thos.

Jury List continued :—

573. Bowles, W. John	616. Skilling, C. R.	659. Lehen, Dennis	702. Bonner, Albert
574. McGill, Donald	617. Barnes, Fred W.	660. Biggs, Bernard L.	703. McKenzie, J. T.
575. McKay, Stephen J.	618. Blackley, William	661. Johnson, Howard W.	704. Clausen, F. S.
576. Goodwin, David	619. Bonner, Andrez P.	662. Pauloni, Robert R.	705. Johnston, J. A.
577. Countts, James	620. Clifton, James	663. Harris, W. C. H. G.	706. Felton, D. E.
578. Blyth, John	621. Evans, E. D.	664. Morrison, Wm. D.	707. Ross, R. W.
579. McKrae, Roderick D.	622. Dart, R. M.	665. Barnes, Frank E.	708. Clifton, T. S.
580. Halliday, James A.	623. Barnes, Sylvester	666. McKrae, R. G. V.	709. Forbes, J.
581. McCullum, John D.	624. Kelway, Fred A.	667. Harvey, Edgar A. J.	710. Bounphrey, R. S.
582. Jones, A. Charles	625. Smith, Francis H. H.	668. Patience, A. G.	711. Gray, P. C.
583. Paice, N. T.	626. McKrae, Murdo	669. McKay, William R.	712. Craig, R. P.
584. Smith, G. Douglas	627. Ryan, John S.	670. Hansen, George D.	713. Jones, Frederick
585. Blackley, C. D.	628. Rowlands, T. Conrad	671. Binnie, Terence W.	714. Southerland, J.
586. Duncan, David H.	629. Pedersen, Leonard C.	672. Blyth, Alex. L.	715. Bunting, E. F.
587. Ford, Charles David	630. Peck, Wm. G. E.	673. Morrison, Norman	716. Middleton, M. R.
588. Kirk, W. E.	631. Dettleff, Thomas O.	674. Short, F. George	717. Roach, G. J.
589. Barnes, Ronald	632. Countts, Alex	675. Porter, Howard	718. Marshall, T.
590. Reive, William J.	633. Biggs, Martin W. H.	676. Clifton, Jos. E.	719. Potter, J. S.
591. Sollis, Leslie H.	634. Meierhoffer, J. Geo.	677. Murphy, Michael J.	720. Bradbury, C. H.
592. Lyse, Markham O.	635. Mercer, Alex.	678. Countts, Peter T.	721. Wilkinson, R. E.
593. Berntsen, Robert A.	636. Bowles, George E.	679. Morrison, Don. W. J.	722. Tait, M. F.
594. Wallin, W. Richard	637. Robson, J. F. Roy	680. May, James John	723. Campbell, A.
595. Napier, Herbert M.	638. Watson, Wm. H. C.	681. Burns, Frederick J.	724. Smith, T. C. S.
596. Harries, John J.	639. Smith, Jas. A.	682. Allan, Frederick	725. Davis, P. E.
597. Reive, Bert	640. Faria, Joseph F.	683. Goodwin, Douglas C.	726. Roberts, G. H.
598. McCarthy, M. (Jr.)	641. Bender, Sidney C.	684. Johnson, Stanley H.	727. Ursell, W. J.
599. Watts, Walter	642. Atkins, Victor H. M.	685. Newman, Silas A. F.	728. Blake, J. L.
600. Aiken, John	643. Reive, Robert	686. Pittendrigh, J. M.	729. Swaine, J.
601. Clasen, Rupert H.	644. McLeod, George A.	687. McLeod, R. J.	730. Malcolm, G.
602. McKay, Thomas	645. Smith, J. Stanley	688. Barnes, Richard	731. Murdoch, W.
603. Sedgwick, L. A.	646. Lellman, F. T.	689. Young, W. H.	732. Lloyd, M.
604. McMullen, William	647. Clement, J.	690. Jones, Ivor	
605. Johnson, Henry	648. Cartmell, Robert	691. Biggs, Patrick E.	
606. Miller, J.	649. Jones, John F. C.	692. White, Fred	
607. Bonner, R. Leslie	650. McAtasney, Wm. J.	693. Dixon, E. S.	
608. Fuhlendorff, V. E.	651. Petterssen, John S. P.	694. McKay, David (Jr.)	
609. Watson, Duncan R.	652. Betts, Arthur J.	695. Cusack, E. R.	
610. Betts, Cyril S.	653. Yates, Robert	696. Clarke, D. J.	
611. Etheridge, Alex S.	654. Sedgwick, Wm. H.	697. Ford, A. H.	
612. Goodwin, Aubrey W.	655. Evans, Griffith O.	698. Heathman, A. S.	
613. Biggs, A. Maxwell	656. King, Fred H.	699. McKay, G.	
614. Alazia, William C.	657. Summers, Aubrey V.	700. Rutter, S. M.	
615. Paulini, George L.	658. Hennah, Samuel H.	701. Tough, B.	



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Published by Authority.

VOL. LVII.

MARCH 1, 1948.

No. 3.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Biggs, Miss T.	Education	Pupil Teacher, Grade V.	9.2.48.	On probation for one year.
Luxton, Miss A. I.	"	Pupil Teacher, Grade V.	9.2.48.	On probation for one year.
Rowlands, H.	Secretariat & Treasury	Clerk, Grade V.	1.2.48.	On probation for 6 months.
Watson, T. D.	Education	Travelling Teacher	7.2.48.	On probation for one year.

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Bowles, G. W. J.	Customs	Assistant Customs Officer	1.8.47.	—
Hooley, Miss D.	Medical	Nurse Probationer	1.2.48.	—

PROMOTION.

			<i>Date</i>
Newing, J.	Junior Met. Observer, Grade V.	to Junior Met. Observer, Grade IV.	1.1.48.
Aldridge, Miss E. B.	Assistant Teacher, Grade V.	to Assistant Teacher, Grade IV.	1.2.48.
Skilling, Miss E.	Pupil Teacher, Grade V.	to Assistant Teacher, Grade IV.	18.2.48.

LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Bonner, H.	Public Works	Clerk, Grade IV.	120 days plus period of voyage	25.11.47.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Hooley, J. C.	Travelling Teacher	14.2.48.	Resigned

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 15. 16th February, 1948.

DR. B. E. C. HOPWOOD, M.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., was on leave from the 31st of May, 1947 to the 9th of February, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/310.

No. 16. 17th February, 1948.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 31st of January, 1948, His Excellency the Governor returned from tour on the 13th of February, 1948.

M.P. P/363/II.

No. 17. 24th February, 1948.

The Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies has approved the Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies for the year 1948.

M.P. 0284.

No. 18. 24th February, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance, No. 5 of 1947, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the service of the year 1948".

M.P. 0284.

No. 19. 1st March, 1948.

The undermentioned officers were absent on vacation leave from the 31st of May, 1947, to the 28th of February, 1948, both dates inclusive.

MR. T. N. BRAXTON
MR. G. KEIWAY
MR. F. H. KING
MR. V. T. KING
MRS. V. T. KING
MR. E. V. DIXON.

M.P.'s. L/222, 40, 206, 169, 198, 101.

No. 20. 1st March, 1948.

MR. T. H. H. HENNAH,

Superintendent, Power House, was absent on vacation leave from the 28th of March, 1947, to the 28th of February, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/117.

No. 21. 1st March, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, ESQ.,

to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony, with effect from the 1st of March, 1948.

MP. 0457.

No. 22. 1st March, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, ESQ., J.P., to be Magistrate, Falkland Islands, with effect from the 1st of March, 1948.

M.P. P/392.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Falkland Summers, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Aubrey Vernon Summers and Sylvia Campbell, executors, of the above named deceased, have applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayers of the Petitioners will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

14th February, 1948.

L. 11/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Grace Allan, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Hector Allan, husband of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

23rd February, 1948.

L. 12/48.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others ;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 1st day of March, 1948, for the purpose of visiting the Dependencies ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 28th day of February, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, Esq., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 25th day of February, 1892, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet,

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 28th day of February, 1920, it is declared that if in the opinion of the Governor the number of members of the Executive Council available for business may at any time be likely to prove insufficient, the Governor may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint some fit person to be provisionally a member of the said Council.

NOW THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, being of the opinion that the number of members of the Executive Council available for business is likely to prove insufficient, do hereby provisionally appoint

RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, Esq.,

to be a Member of the Executive Council for a period of two years.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 14th day of February, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and forty-eight.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

The Motor Car Ordinance, 1936.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 6 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1936.

No. 4 of 1948.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Governor's Deputy.

His Excellency the Governor in exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 6 of the Motor Car Ordinance 1936 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations.

1. These Regulations may be cited as "The Motor Car Regulations 1948".
2. No person holding a licence to drive may drive a motor car which is not his property without the consent of the owner thereof first obtained.
3. Any person who without proper authority or reasonable cause gets on to a motor car standing on a road or parking place or tampers with the brake or any part of the mechanism of the car shall be guilty of an offence.
4. Every motor cycle when on a road at night whether in motion or stationary shall carry a lamp showing a red light to the rear of such intensity as to indicate clearly its presence on the road to traffic approaching from behind.
5. On and after the 1st day of April, 1948, every motor car shall carry in a prominent position as hereinafter provided Identification Marks issued by the Government upon payment; namely, a metal plate bearing in white on a black background the initial letter of the name by which the motor car carrying the mark is commonly known and the number allotted by the Chief Constable.
6. Identification Marks shall be carried :
 - (1) on motor cycles
 - (a) to the front by the plate being firmly attached lengthwise to the front mudguard.

Provided that the Identification Marks shall be clearly visible on both sides of the plate.
 - (b) to the rear so that the rear plate shall be so illuminated by the rear light as to be visible for at least 20 yards at night.
 - (2) on motor cars by one plate being firmly attached to the front of the motor car and by one plate being firmly attached to the rear thereof.

Provided that the Identification Marks shall be clearly visible and that the rear plate shall be so illuminated by the rear light as to be visible for at least 20 yards at night.
7. No person shall drive a motor car unless the Identification Mark issued in respect of it is affixed in accordance with Regulation 6 or if the mark is in any way obscured or rendered or allowed to become not easily distinguishable.

Provided that a driver shall not be convicted of an offence under this Regulation should he satisfy the Court that he has taken all steps practicable to prevent the mark being obscured or rendered not easily distinguishable.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 2nd day of February, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

The Licensing Ordinance, 1944.

Regulations made by the Governor under Section 80.

No. 5 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Licensing Ordinance, 1944, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations:

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Licensing Regulations, 1948.
2. Any licensed person who shall sell intoxicating liquor to any member of His Majesty's Armed Forces (other than a resident in the Colony) for consumption off licensed premises, or to any person well knowing or having good reason to believe that such liquor is required for consumption off licensed premises by such members of His Majesty's Armed Forces shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to the penalties set out in Section 79 of the Licensing Ordinance, 1944, and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 20th day of February, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 164/43.

Defence Force Ordinance 1920.

Regulations as to war time service qualifying for grant of Efficiency Decoration.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In pursuance of Royal Warrant and with the gracious approval of His Majesty the King signified through the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations.

1. An Officer of the Defence Force who was called out for service under Proclamation No. 6 of 1939 shall be allowed to count his embodied commissioned service twofold as qualifying service towards the award of the Efficiency Decoration.
2. A Warrant Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or man who was serving in the Defence Force on 2nd September, 1939 and called out for service under Proclamation No. 6 of 1939 and subsequently granted a commission in the Defence Force shall count his embodied service in the ranks as full but not double qualifying service for the award of the Efficiency Decoration.
3. In these Regulations "embodied service" shall mean service from the date of calling up to actual date of disembodiment of the individual concerned.
4. These Regulations shall be read and construed with the Regulations relating to the award of the Efficiency Decoration 1935 as if they formed part thereof.

Stanley,
18th February, 1948.

M.P. 189/42.

Defence Force Ordinance 1920.

Regulations as to war time service qualifying for grant of Efficiency Medal.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In pursuance of Royal Warrant and with the gracious approval of His Majesty the King signified through the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations.

1. Warrant Officers, non-commissioned Officers and men of the Defence Force who were called out for service under Proclamation No. 6 of 1939 shall be allowed to count their embodied service twofold as qualifying service towards the award of the Efficiency Medal and clasps thereto.

2. Warrant Officers, non-commissioned Officers and men of the Defence Force who served not less than two months in each calendar year in the ranks with any of His Majesty's forces during the World War 1939-45 shall be allowed to count as the equivalent of two annual "trainings" but not more than two "trainings" (including equivalent service) shall be counted in any one year for the purpose of these Regulations.

3. Warrant Officers, non-commissioned Officers and men of the Defence Force who were discharged from His Majesty's forces during the World War 1939-45 because of wounds or illness contracted on service and subsequently during the period of embodiment referred to in Regulation 1 above voluntarily re-enlisted in the Defence Force shall be allowed to count their embodied service twofold as qualifying service as aforesaid.

4. Officers, Warrant Officers, non-commissioned Officers and men of the Defence Force who served as officers on the active list of any of His Majesty's armed forces shall subject to the Regulations relating to the award of the Efficiency Medal 1935 be eligible for the award of the Efficiency Medal and Clasps and to be allowed to count their service as officers as qualifying service for the Medal and clasps except that officers who before 2nd September 1939 had qualified for the award of the Efficiency Decoration shall not be eligible for the Medal and Clasps unless they are qualified under the Regulations relating to the award of the Efficiency Medal 1935.

5. Any person who under Regulation 4 above receives an Efficiency Medal or Clasp and is or subsequently becomes entitled to an Efficiency Decoration shall not be permitted to wear such Medal and Clasp with the Efficiency Decoration except under the conditions laid down in Regulation 5 I of the Regulations relating to the award of the Efficiency Decoration 1935.

6. In these Regulations "embodied service" shall mean service from the date of calling up to actual date of disembodiment of the individual concerned.

7. These Regulations shall be read and construed with the Regulations relating to the award of the Efficiency Medal 1935 as if they formed part thereof.

Stanley,

18th February, 1948.

M.P. 189/42.

Currency Note Security Fund.

Colonial Treasury,

Stanley, Falkland Islands.

15th June, 1947.

The Honourable

The Colonial Secretary.

Sir,

In conformity with the provisions of the Falkland Islands Currency Notes Ordinance, 1930, I have the honour to submit a statement of transactions during the period 1st January to 31st December, 1946, inclusive.

2. The year commenced with a currency note circulation amounting to £54,296 : 10 and ended with the sum of £49,000. The following notes were in circulation on the 31st December, 1946 :-

Denomination.	Notes in circulation 1/1/46.	Value. £	Issues and Replacements.	Value. £	Cancelled and for withdrawal from circulation.	Value. £	Notes in circulation 31/12/46.	Value. £
£5 Series "A"	2		—		—		2	
" " "B"	12		—		—		12	
" " "C"	2,408		—		214		2,195	
		12,110 : 0 : 0				1,070 : 0 : 0		11,040
£1 Series "A"	57		—		—		57	
" " "B"	128		—		—		120	
" " "C"	38,323		—		2,633		35,690	
		38,508 : 0 : 0				2,641 : 0 : 0		35,867
10/- Series "C"	7,327		—		3,171		4,156	
		3,663 : 10 : 0				1,585 : 10 : 0		2,078
5/- Series "A"	31		—		—		31	
" " "B"	29		—		—		29	
		15 : 0 : 0						15
Total	...	54,296 : 10 : 0				5,296 : 10 : 0		49,000

3. The value of currency notes lodged with the Commissioner during the year by persons desiring to receive sterling in London was £26,808 : 3 : 11, yielding a commission of £265 : 3 : 2.

4. The total dividends earned by investments amounted to £1,456 : 10 : 9, which was credited direct to Revenue.

5. On the 31st December, 1946, the sum of £796 : 4 : 9 was credited to the Fund in respect of appreciation of investments held on behalf of the Fund at that date.

6. On the same date the sum of £1,640 : 7 : 9 was credited to Falkland Islands Revenue, being the surplus available after providing 110% of the Note Issue.

7. Statements of Receipts and Payments and of the Investments held at the end of the period under review are appended.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

E. F. LELLMAN,

Assistant Treasurer.

Note Security Fund.

STATEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS 1st JANUARY TO 31st DECEMBER, 1946.

RECEIPTS.		PAYMENTS.	
1946.		1946.	
To		By	
Balance 1st January	£60,854 : 16 : 3	Sterling payments by Crown Agents, London	£26,341 : 17 : 2
1% Commission received on transfers to London	265 : 3 : 2	Dividends to F. Is. Revenue	1,456 : 10 : 9
1% Commission received on transfers, Colony	8 : 6 : 9	Repayment of Remittance and Commission	1,515 : 0 : 0
Currency lodged for sterling payment in London	26,808 : 3 : 11	Sterling Payments made in Colony	877 : 15 : 2
Currency lodged with Crown Agents for payment, Colony	877 : 15 : 2	Decrease of Note Issue	5,296 : 10 : 0
Dividends received during year	1,456 : 10 : 9	Transferred to F. Is. Revenue after providing 110% of Note Issue	1,640 : 7 : 9
Telegrams	3 : 9 : 7	Balance	53,995 : 0 : 0
Settlement of claim for destroyed notes	52 : 10 : 6		
Appreciation of Investments	796 : 4 : 9		
	<u>£91,123 : 0 : 10</u>		<u>£91,123 : 0 : 10</u>

Balance :-

Market value of Investments	...	£52,648 : 1 : 10
Remittances in transit	...	95 : 0 : 0
Liquid balance	...	1,251 : 18 : 2
		<u>£53,995 : 0 : 0</u>

Note Security Fund.

INVESTMENTS 31st DECEMBER, 1946.

NAME OF STOCK.		%	FACE VALUE OF STOCK.			COST OF STOCK.			MARKET VALUE OF INVESTMENTS, 31st DECEMBER, 1946.			
			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Price.	£	s.	d.
Queensland	1922/47	3	900	0	0	842	17	7	100	900	0	0
Nigeria	1955	3	2781	2	11	1925	13	3	106	2948	0	3
Fed. Malay States	1960/70	3	2925	11	4	2603	15	1	108	3159	12	2
Jamaica	1956/61	3	2020	4	0	2000	0	0	105	2121	4	2
Nigeria	1947/57	5	600	0	0	594	0	0	102	612	0	0
"	1963	4	1842	16	7	1617	1	4	123	2266	13	6
Kenya	1950	4½	2021	5	3	1945	6	6	108	2182	19	3
Nigeria	1950/60	5	3000	0	0	3282	10	0	110	3300	0	0
New Zealand	1949	5	2518	13	0	2510	7	9	109	2745	6	7
War Loan	1955/59	3	1021	13	10	1019	8	4	108½	1108	10	8
Tasmania	1940/50	4	1444	4	8	1476	5	6	101	1458	13	6
National War Bonds	1952/54	2½	3101	12	9	3184	19	10	104½	3245	1	9
Joint Colonial Fund			24177	4	4	23002	5	2		26048	1	10
			26600	0	0					26600	0	0
			50777	4	4	23002	5	2		52648	1	10

Market value of Investments	...	52648	1	10
Book value	...	51851	17	1
Depreciation	...	£ 796	4	9



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVII.

APRIL 1, 1948.

No. 4.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Barnes, B.	Harbour	Deckhand	1.4.48.	—
Conner, G. C.	Public Works	Plumber, (Development Programme)	29.2.48.	On Agreement for 3 years.
Earle, D.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Clerk, Grade V.	1.4.48.	—
Jenkins, A. H.	Police & Prisons	Chief Constable	29.2.48.	—
„ Mrs. A. H.	„ „ „	Gaol Matron	29.2.48.	—
Jones, H.	Public Works	Plasterer, (Development Programme)	29.2.48.	On Agreement for 3 years.
Smith, Miss V.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Clerk, Grade V.	1.4.48.	—
Tasker, J.	Public Works	Carpenter, (Development Programme)	29.2.48.	On Agreement for 3 years.
Whiddon, Miss E.	Education	Senior Assistant Mistress	29.2.48.	—

LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Howatt, Mrs. F.	Education	Late Asst. Teacher	120 days plus period of voyage	16.3.48.	—
Turner, J.	Medical	Dental Mechanic	180 days plus period of voyage.	16.3.48.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Allan, R. J.	Clerk, Electrical & Telegraphs Dept.	22.3.48.	Resigned
Goodwin, Miss O.	Travelling Teacher	1.3.48.	„

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 23. 10th March, 1948.

Under the provisions of Ordinance No. 3 of 1943, His Excellency has been pleased to appoint
THE HONOURABLE R. W. S. WINTER, ESQ., J.P.,
to be Commissioner for the Revision of the Laws.
M.P. 0681.

No. 24. 9th March, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint
DR. TERENCE JAMES GILMORE, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.,
to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony, with
effect from the 1st of March, 1948.
M.P. 0457.

No. 25. 10th March, 1948.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 1st of March, 1948, His Excellency the Governor returned from tour on the 9th of March, 1948.

M.P. P/363/II.

No. 26. 16th March, 1948.

MR. A. H. HILLS,

Water Bailiff, Public Works Department, retired from the Public Service on health grounds with effect from the 13th of March, 1948.

M.P. P/129.

No. 27. 17th March, 1948.

POLICE SERGEANT JAMES NORRIS,

acted as Chief Constable from the 24th of August, 1947, to the 28th of February, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/115.

No. 28. 19th March, 1948.

Government clocks will be put back one hour at midnight, Saturday/Sunday, the 27th/28th of March, 1948, reverting to local mean time.

MP. 0064.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Denis Creamer, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Arthur Grenfell Barton, Attorney for the Executors of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

11th March, 1948.

L. 13/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Hannah Lee, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Edgar William Enestrom, executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

24th March, 1948.

L. 15/48.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

The Licensing Ordinance, 1944.

Regulations made by the Governor under Section 80.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 6 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Licensing Ordinance, 1944, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations:

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Licensing Regulations, 1948.

2. Any licensed person who shall sell intoxicating liquor to any member of His Majesty's Armed Forces or to any member of the crew, other than a resident in the Colony, of any vessel entering Stanley Harbour for consumption off licensed premises, or to any person well knowing or having good reason to believe that such liquor is required for consumption off licensed premises by such members of His Majesty's Armed Forces, or by the crew of any vessel entering Stanley Harbour shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to the penalties set out in Section 79 of the Licensing Ordinance, 1944, and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

3. The Licensing Regulations 1948 made on the 20th day of February, 1948, are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 18th day of March, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 164/43.

Vital Statistics for the year ended 31st December, 1947

COLONY

Births

	Male	Female	Total
Stanley	9	21	30
East Falkland	1	1	2
West Falkland	2	1	3
Total ...	12	23	35

BIRTHS 1946 — 37

Deaths

	Male	Female	Total
Stanley	13	14	27
East Falkland	1	—	1
West Falkland	2	1	3
Total ...	16	15	31

Maternal Mortality —

Infantile „ —

Still Births 3

DEATHS 1946 — 30

Marriages

	Anglican	Roman Catholic	Non-conformist	Registrar	Total
Stanley	6	—	4	12	22
East Falkland	—	—	—	—	—
West Falkland	—	—	—	—	—
Total ...	6	—	4	12	22

MARRIAGES 1946 — 23

Arrivals

1947	males 128	females 71	Total 199
1946	„ 120	„ 81	„ 201

Departures

1947	males 107	females 57	Total 164
1946	„ 121	„ 86	„ 207

Population

Estimated population of the Falkland Islands 1st January 1947 - 2234

Estimated population 31st December 1947 - 2273, increase 39, as shown below -

Estimated population	Males	Females	Total
31st December 1946	1222	1012	2234
Add births 1947	12	23	35
	1234	1035	2269
Add arrivals 1947	128	71	199
	1362	1106	2468
Deduct deaths 1947	16	15	31
	1346	1091	2437
Deduct departures 1947	107	57	164
Totals	1239	1034	2273

Birth rate per 1,000	15.33
Illegitimate births, actual	2
„ „ per 1000 births	57.14
Death rate per 1,000	13.57
Population per sq. mile	0.52

DEPENDENCIES

Marriages Nil	Births Nil	Deaths 3
Estimated resident population at South Georgia 360.		
„ „ „ „	other Dependencies 33.	

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar General.

Stanley, Falkland Islands,
22nd March, 1948.



The Falkland Islands Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVII.

MAY 1, 1948.

No. 5.

No. 1.

Proclamation

1948.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by Section 1 of the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 it is enacted that the said Ordinances shall come into force on a day to be specified by the Governor by Proclamation in the Gazette :

NOW THEREFORE I do order and proclaim and it is hereby ordered and proclaimed that the Customs Ordinance 1943 and the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 shall come into force on the 1st day of May, 1948, of which Judicial notice shall be taken.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 22nd day of April, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-eight.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

ARTICLES			RATE OF DUTY
20.	Jewellery, imitation, and wearing ornaments of every description	<i>ad valorem</i>	50%
21.	Matches, for every gross of boxes not exceeding 10,000 matches	as stated per gross boxes not exceeding 10,000 matches	10/-
	Matches for every gross of boxes exceeding 10,000 matches per 10,000 matches and so on in proportion.		
	PROVIDED that the tariff of import duties on matches manufactured in and consigned from any part of the British Empire shall be at ONE HALF of the General Tariff.		
22.	Medicines, including all patent medicines, preparations, including liniments, ointments, salves, and 'cures' of all types	<i>ad valorem</i>	50%
23.	Perfumery, all types	" "	33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
24.	Photographic apparatus and materials including films ...	" "	15%
25.	Pipes, smoking, and parts	" "	20%
26.	Piece goods of silk, artificial silk or of synthetic fibre and including those of rayon, 'Nylon' types and plastics ...	" "	20%
27.	Plate and plated ware	" "	15%
28.	Spirits, wines, malted liquors :		
	(a) On Spirits, not exceeding the strength of 20 per cent under proof, and in proportion for any greater strength than 20 per cent under proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits as ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer.	per gallon	52/-
	(b) On British wines and all other unenumerated and unexempted beverages not liable to spirit duty.		
	In cask	per gallon	4/6
	In bottle	per dozen litres	13/3
	" "	" " quarts	9/9
	" "	" " pints	5/-
	On other wines.		
	In cask	per gallon	6/6
	In bottle	per dozen litres	19/6
	" "	" " quarts	14/3
	" "	" " pints	7/3
	(c) On malt liquor, mum, spruce, cider, perry,		
	In cask	per gallon	1/-
	In bottle	per doz. reputed qts.	2/-
	" "	" " " pts.	1/-
29.	Tobacco : Products of the British Empire. Manufactured from tobacco which is the produce of the British Empire.		
	(a) Cigars	per pound	19/3
	(b) Cigarettes	" "	9/6
	(c) Cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff	" "	7/6
	(d) On all other unexempted tobacco	" "	5/7
	On other tobaccos.		
	(a) Cigars	" "	20/-
	(b) Cigarettes	" "	10/-
	(c) Cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff	" "	8/-
	(d) On all other unexempted tobaccos	" "	6/-
30.	Toilet soap, shaving soaps and creams	<i>ad valorem</i>	10%
31.	Vehicles, bicycles, etc.,		
	(a) Motor cars, trucks and omnibuses, together with parts and accessories	" "	10%
	(b) Motor cycles, sidecars, and their component parts and accessories	" "	10%
	(c) Other motor vehicles and parts	" "	10%
	(d) Bicycles, tricycles together with their component parts and accessories	" "	10%

Export duties.

3. From and after the date of publication of this Order the following export duties shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto :—

On Wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof, one shilling.

On Whale Oil and Seal Oil :

Up to and including the 30th September, 1948, five shillings per barrel of 40 gallons.

On and after the 1st October, 1948, the duty shall be assessed on the average market price per ton for the season of first grade oil and shall be at the rate of 6d. per barrel of 40 gallons for each £5 or part of £5 of such average market price.

This duty will be levied on all whale oil produced within the Colony or its territorial waters or within any of the Dependencies or their territorial waters.

On all Whale and Seal products other than oil, sixpence per one hundred lb. weight or part thereof.

On Tallow, whether prepared from sheep or cattle, two and a half per centum of the average United Kingdom/Continent market value at the time of shipment.

In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the market price of any substance named in this Order the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final.

Import Duty exemptions.

4. The following articles shall be exempt from import duties imposed by the Customs Ordinance 1943 or any amendment thereof and by this Order :

All articles imported or taken out of bond for the use of the Governor or in recognised messes, camps and canteens by His Majesty's Navy or by overseas units of His Majesty's Army or Air Force, and all articles imported for exportation or for shipment as stores by His Majesty's Navy.

Military, Air and Naval Departments and messes purchasing any articles whatsoever duty paid for consumption within their own camps, messes or canteens shall be entitled to have the duty refunded out of the Public Treasury on the certificate of the Officer in command of any Military, Air or Naval Department, or of any of His Majesty's Ships of war.

All dutiable goods imported or taken out of bond for use on board merchant vessels outside the territorial waters of the Colony and its Dependencies subject to such conditions and limitations as to quantities as the Collector of Customs shall prescribe.

Consuls de Carrière in this Colony of any foreign countries in which is accorded or in which hereafter may be accorded to British Consular Officers the privilege of exemption from Customs Duties in respect of official goods imported into such foreign countries by His Majesty's Government for the use of His Majesty's Consulates shall have a like privilege granted to them of exemption from any duties that may be levied in this Colony on goods which may be imported by their respective governments as *bona fide* official supplies for the use of such Consuls.

Bona fide passengers' baggage including domestic furniture wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet requisites, and any portable articles imported in a passengers' baggage, or on his person which might reasonably be expected to accompany him for his own regular and private use, and in which may be included alcoholic liquors and perfumery not exceeding one pint each, cigars not exceeding fifty in number, cigarettes not exceeding one hundred in number, or tobacco not exceeding half-pound in weight.

Bona fide passengers' baggage shall not include any dutiable articles other than of the amounts specified in the preceding paragraph.

Agricultural machinery.

Alarm Clocks.

Any article whatsoever imported for use of the Government, Town Council, or the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey.

Church Plate.

Commercial Samples.

Cups, medals and other trophies, imported for presentation:—

- (a) As prizes at public examinations, exhibitions, shows, or for competitions of skill or sport open to the public or members of recognised clubs.
- (b) For bravery, good conduct, humanity, for excellence in art, industry, invention, manufacture, learning, science or for honourable or meritorious services.

This exemption shall not apply or extend to the importation or stocking of the articles mentioned for purposes of trade.

Cutlery.

Ethyl alcoholic imported with the approval of the Senior Medical Officer.

Films sponsored by the Central Office of Information or British Council.

Fortified limejuice not exceeding 15% proof spirit.

Jewellery used as a setting for and incorporating Falkland Islands stones.

Medical preparations and drugs included in the British Pharmacopocia and the British Pharmaceutical Codex and other medicinal preparations, drugs and disinfectants the label of which contains an adequate indication of the ingredients.

Naptha or methylic alcohol in its crude state and not fit for use as a potable spirit or for admixture with a potable spirit.

Plated souvenir ware bearing the Falkland Islands Crest.

Poppies, artificial, imported for sale in aid of the Earl Haig Fund.

Rifles and equipment for the use of the Defence Force Rifle Association and the Defence Force Miniature Rifle Club.

Tobacco forming an ingredient in sheep-wash, or hop-powder manufactured in bond in the United Kingdom.

Wedding rings, where the Collector is satisfied that they have been imported as such.

Wines imported for sacramental purposes on proof to the Collector that they shall be used as such.

5. This Order shall apply to the Dependencies.

Application.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 22nd day of April, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0465.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council
under the Post Office Ordinance 1898.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 4 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 3 of the Post Office Ordinance 1898 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that :

Short title.

1. This Order may be cited as the Post Office Order 1948.

Rates of postage
amendment.

2. From and after the date of publication of this Order the rate of postage to be charged on postal packets sent from any place within the Colony and its Dependencies to the United Kingdom or to any part of the British Commonwealth shall be two and a half pennies per ounce or part of an ounce.

Air Letter Rate :
Amendment.

3. The fee, including postage rate, for an Air Letter to the United Kingdom or to any part of the British Commonwealth shall be 6d.

Rescissions.

4. The words "sent from the Colony to the United Kingdom and other parts of the British Empire and Egypt, 1d. per ounce or part of an ounce" contained in paragraph 2 of the Post Office (Rates of Postage and Fees) Order 1940, and paragraph 2 of the Post Office (Air Letter Fees) (Amendment) Order 1945, are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 22nd day of April, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0666.

NOTICE.

Under Section 32 of the Customs Ordinance 1943.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 32 of the Customs Ordinance 1943 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to declare and hereby declares that the following goods imported under Section 30 of the Customs Ordinance 1943 shall be subject to the duty hereinafter specified :

Films, cinematograph

...

The full duty.

By Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

The Customs Ordinance 1943.

Regulations made under the Customs Ordinance 1943.

No. 7 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers in him vested by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, His Excellency the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations :—

1. These Regulations may be cited as The Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948. Short title.
2. In these Regulations "Oil" includes oil from whales, whalebone, Sperm oil, Spermaceti, seals and any oil product from whales or seals. Definition.
3. (1) Any person exporting oil, whale or seal products or wool, shall within six calendar months from the date of the clearance of the exporting vessel, deliver to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, a Certificate in the appropriate form prescribed in the Schedule hereto and shall make and sign a declaration to the truth of the said Certificate. Certificate of Landing to be delivered to the Collector.
- (2) The said Certificate may be delivered by a duly authorized agent for and on behalf of the exporter; and the Collector, may, when it shall not be reasonably possible in his opinion for the exporter to deliver the Certificate within the period above prescribed, grant an extension of the period within which the Certificate shall be delivered. Collector may grant extension of the period required for delivery of Certificate.
4. The Certificate shall, in the case of oil, state the quantity of oil in barrels of 40 gallons as well as in the measure used at the port of discharge, and in the case of wool, the station mark on the bales and the number of bales landed, with the gross weight, tare and net weight in pounds, and the total weight of wool in pounds landed, and in the case of Whale or Seal products, the exporter's mark, the number and weight of bags and the total gross weight, tare and net weight of whale or seal products landed. Particulars required to be shewn on Certificate.
5. A separate certificate will be required in respect of oil, whale or seal products or wool landed at each port of landing or discharge outside the Colony. No certificate in respect of a consignment of wool shall cover wool from more than one station. Separate Certificates required in certain cases.
6. Any person not complying with any of the foregoing requirements shall commit an offence against the Customs Ordinance, 1943. Penalty.
7. The Customs (Export) Regulations 1923 are hereby rescinded. Repeal.
8. These Regulations shall apply to the Dependencies. Dependencies.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of April, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

The Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

FORM A.

Wool. Certificate of Landing.

Schedule A of the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

To be delivered to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, Falkland Islands, within six calendar months from the date of clearance of the exporting vessel.

Exporting Vessel..... Master's Name.....

Port and Date of Shipment..... Port and Date of Discharge.....

Sheep Station from which wool is consigned.....

Name and Address of Consignee.....

QUANTITY OF WOOL DISCHARGED.

<i>Station Mark on Bales</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Number of Bales</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Gross Weight in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Tare in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Net Weight of wool in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....

Total weight of wool in lbs. landed.....

I solemnly declare that the foregoing particulars are to the best of my knowledge and belief true and accurate, and that I have fully described and set forth all the wool liable to export duty on export from the Colony of the Falkland Islands, and shipped on board the S.S. "....." at..... on the..... day of.....19....., and declared to by me as the Exporter, under the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

(Sgd.).....

Date.....19..... Exporter or Agent.

CERTIFICATE No.....

I certify that the above is a correct statement of all the wool entered and cleared as entered at this port, from the above mentioned vessel, and bearing the station mark shown hereon.

(Sgd.).....
Authorised Officer.

In case of a Port outside the United Kingdom.

I certify that the above is the signature of the.....
Customs Officer at the Port of.....

(Sgd.).....
British Consular Officer.

The Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

FORM B.

Whale Oil or Seal Oil. Certificate of Landing.

(Schedule B of the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations 1948.)

To be delivered to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, Falkland Islands, within six calendar months from the date of clearance of the exporting vessel.

Exporting Vessel..... *Master's Name*.....

Port and Date of Shipment..... *Port and Dates of Discharge*.....

Name and Address of Consignee.....

State whether or not all the oil shipped is covered by this certificate. If any part of the shipment has been landed elsewhere mention must be made of the other ports and dates of discharge

QUANTITY OF OIL DISCHARGED.

<i>Number of barrels</i>	<i>Quantity in measure in use at port of Discharge*</i>	<i>Quantity in English gallons.</i>
..... <i>containing</i>
<i>Number of drums</i>		
..... <i>containing</i>
<i>Bulk oil discharged from ship's tanks</i>
<i>Total quantity discharged (in English Gallons)</i>		

*NOTE—The only measure recognized by law for the payment of duty is the barrel of 40 gallons. The Customs Department however accept the following rates for conversion into gallons, viz: 9.25 lbs. or 4.546 litres or 4.196 kilogrammes = 1 gallon.

I solemnly declare that the foregoing particulars are to the best of my knowledge and belief true and accurate, and that (with the exception of the oil landed at.....†) I have fully described and set forth all the whale and seal oil liable to export duty on export from the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies, and shipped on board the S.S. "....." at.....on the.....day of.....19....., and declared to by me as the Exporter, under the Oil, etc., Regulations 1948.

(Sgd).....
Exporter or Agent.

Date.....19.....

† To be omitted if cargo discharged at one port only.

CERTIFICATE No.....

I certify that the above is a correct statement of all the oil entered and cleared as entered at this port, from the above mentioned vessel.

(Sgd).....
Authorised Officer.

In case of a Port outside the United Kingdom.

*I certify that the above is the signature of the.....
Customs Officer at the Port of.....*

(Sgd).....
British Consular Officer.

The Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

FORM C.

Whale or Seal Products. Certificate of Landing.

Schedule C of the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

To be delivered to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, Falkland Islands, within six calendar months from the date of clearance of the exporting vessel.

Exporting Vessel..... *Master's Name*.....

Port and Date of Shipment..... *Port and Date of Discharge*.....

Name and Address of Consignee.....

QUANTITY OF WHALE OR SEAL PRODUCTS DISCHARGED.

<i>Station Mark on bags</i>	...	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Number of bags</i>	...	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Gross Weight in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Tare in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Net Weight of products in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	...	.....

Total weight of products in lbs. landed.....

I solemnly declare that the foregoing particulars are to the best of my knowledge and belief true and accurate, and that I have fully described and set forth all the Whale or Seal Products liable to export duty on export from the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies, and shipped on board the S.S. "....." at..... on the..... day of.....19....., and declared to by me as the Exporter, under the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

(Sgd.).....

Date.....19..... *Exporter or Agent.*

CERTIFICATE No.....

I certify that the above is a correct statement of all the products landed or discharged at this port, from the above mentioned vessel, and bearing the station mark shown hereon.

(Sgd.).....
Authorised Officer.

In case of a Port outside the United Kingdom.

I certify that the above is the signature of the.....
Customs Officer at the Port of.....

(Sgd.).....
British Consular Officer.

Regulations made under the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946.

No. 8 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946, His Excellency the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations :

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Customs Regulations 1948 and shall apply to the Dependencies. Short title.

2. The hours of duty of Customs Officers shall be :

INDOOR.

Weekdays 9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. (the period 12.30 p.m. – 2.0 p.m.
2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. being allowed for meals).

Saturdays 9.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

OUTDOOR.

Weekdays 7.30 a.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Saturdays 7.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Subject to such intervals for meals as may be approved by the Collector of Customs or Deputy Collector of Customs.

3. Any person requiring the services of a Customs Officer otherwise than within the hours specified in the above Regulations (the approval of the Collector of Customs having been first obtained) shall pay fees at the following rates in respect of each officer so required : Fees payable for
services outside hours
of duty.

(a) On weekdays (not being Office Holidays)

- (i) Between the hour of 6.00 a.m. and the hour appointed for the commencement of duty and after the appointed hours of duty to 8.00 p.m. Two SHILLINGS AND THREE PENCE for every hour or part of an hour.
- (ii) Between the hours of 8.00 p.m. and 6.00 a.m. THREE SHILLINGS AND SIX-PENCE for every hour or part of an hour.

Provided that unless the service be continuous with the end or beginning of the hours of routine duty the minimum charge shall be for two hours.

On Sundays, Christmas Day, and Office Holidays

- (iii) Between 6.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m. SEVEN SHILLINGS AND SIX PENCE for the first two hours or part of two hours, and Two SHILLINGS AND SIX PENCE for every hour or part of an hour thereafter.
- (iv) Between 8.00 p.m. and 6.00 a.m. TEN SHILLINGS AND SIX PENCE for the first two hours or part of two hours, and THREE SHILLINGS AND SIX PENCE for every hour or part of an hour thereafter.

When the services of an officer extend from one period of time into the other the longer time served in either shall govern the amount of the fee to be paid in respect of the Officer's overtime for the first two hours or part of two hours.

(b) COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS. When the personal services of

the Collector of Customs are required by any person out of the hours appointed for Indoor Duties, double the above rates will be charged.

- (c) For the single act of entering or clearing or of entering and at the same time clearing a vessel provided that the Officer's services be not otherwise required and charged for under section (a) above.

On Weekdays 10/6d.

On Sundays, Christmas Day, and
Office Holidays ... 15/-.

Whale catchers etc.

4. In the case of a Whale Catcher or Whale Catchers being entered or cleared together with, and at the same time as, a Whale Factory or Steamer belonging to the same Company, the inclusive fee for each Factory or Steamer and Catchers shall be full rate and a half.

Payment to Customs Officers.

5. Fees paid under these Regulations may be paid by the Treasurer to the officer in respect of whose services the fees were originally paid into the Treasury.

Rescission of Customs Rules 1916 and Customs (Amendment) Rules 1919.

6. The Customs Rules 1916 and the Customs (Amendment) Rules 1919 are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 22nd day of April, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0465.

A Bill for An Ordinance To amend the Tobacco Ordinance 1944.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tobacco (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Tobacco Ordinance 1944 hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Licence fee amendments.

2. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the words "three pounds" for the words "two pounds" in the fourth line thereof.

3. Section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the words "one pound and ten shillings" for the words "one pound" in the fourth line thereof.

Operation.

4. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949.

A Bill for An Ordinance To amend the Income Tax Ordinance 1939.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance 1939, hereinafter referred to as "the Principal Ordinance". Short title.

2. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed and the following section substituted in lieu thereof :— Rates.

"21. (1) The tax upon the chargeable income of every person other than a company shall be charged at the following rates :—

On the first £100 of such income	...	Nil.
In respect of the excess over £100		
for every pound of the first £100	...	1/6
" " " " " next £250	...	2/-
" " " " " £250	...	2/6
" " " " " £250	...	3/-
" " " above £950	...	3/6

(2) The Tax upon the chargeable income of a company shall be charged at the rate of three shillings and sixpence on every pound of the chargeable income thereof."

3. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of "seventy-five" for "fifty" in the last line thereof and by the addition of the following subsections. Deduction in respect of wife and dependants.

"15. (2) Where a widower or widow proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that he or she had during the year of assessment a female relative of his or of his deceased wife or of her or of her deceased husband resident with him or her for the purpose of taking charge of his or her children there shall be a deduction not exceeding fifty pounds in respect of that female relative or other female person :

Provided that :

- (a) no deduction shall be allowed under this section unless the claimant proves that no other person is entitled to a deduction in respect of the female relative under the provisions of this Ordinance or if any other person is entitled that he has relinquished his claim thereto; and
- (b) no deduction shall be allowed under this section where the female relative is a married woman living with her husband and the husband has claimed the allowance under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) (a) Where a claimant proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that he maintains at his own expense any person being a relative of his or of his wife who is incapacitated by old age or infirmity from maintaining himself, or his or his wife's widowed mother, whether incapacitated or not whose total income from all sources does not exceed fifty pounds a year he shall be entitled to a deduction not exceeding twenty-

five pounds a year in respect of each person whom he so maintains and a like deduction shall be made in the case of a claimant who by reason of old age or infirmity is compelled to depend upon the services of a daughter resident with and maintained by him or her.

(b) Where two or more persons jointly maintain any such person as aforesaid the deduction to be made under this subsection shall be apportioned between them in proportion to the amount or value of their respective contributions towards the maintenance of that person.

(c) This subsection shall apply to a claimant being a female person as it applies to a claimant being a male person with the substitution of "husband" for "wife".

Deduction in respect
of children.

4. Section 16 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition at the end of the first clause, of the following proviso :

"Provided that where a child is being educated abroad either wholly or partly at the expense of the claimant the Commissioner may allow a deduction not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five pounds in respect of each such child."

Repeal.

5. The Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1940 is hereby repealed.

Operation.

6. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To repeal the Tariff Ordinance 1943 the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tariff (Repeal) Ordinance 1948.

Repeal
No. 2 of 1943.
No. 5 of 1946.
No. 3 of 1947.

2. The Tariff Ordinance 1943, the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947 are hereby repealed.

A Bill for An Ordinance To amend the Licensing Ordinance 1944.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Licensing Ordinance 1944, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance. Short title.

2. Section 5, subsection (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of "Club licence" after "wholesale licence". Club Licence.

3. The following section shall be inserted after section 9 in the Principal Ordinance.

"9A. (1) A Club licence shall authorise the licensee to sell liquor to members of a club and to the guests of such members only on the premises of the club but the holder of such licence shall not be restricted to the hours specified for the sale of intoxicating liquors in Section 42 hereof.

(2) A club shall mean a society of persons associated together for social intercourse or for the promotion of politics, sports, art, science or literature or similar purpose and shall be subject to such regulations as the Governor in Council may from time to time decide.

(3) Any person operating or controlling a club or taking an active interest therein or being a member, official or servant thereof who shall sell or cause to be sold any liquor on any premises occupied by a club, whether temporarily or permanently, without first obtaining a Club Licence shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance."

4. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended as follows : Fees.

"for a publicans retail licence for six months	£15 : 0 : 0.
for a wholesale licence for twelve months	£30 : 0 : 0.
for a club licence for twelve months	£10 : 0 : 0."

but in all other respects the said section shall remain as promulgated.

5. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949. Operation.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVII.

MAY 1, 1948.

No. 6.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Harries, R.	Secretariat & Treasury	Messenger	1.4.48.	On probation for 6 months.
Kenny, Miss H.	Education	Camp Teacher	7.2.48.	On probation for one year.

PROMOTIONS.

			<i>Date</i>
Enestrom, E. W.	Acting Postmaster, Grade II.	to Postmaster, Grade I.	1.1.48.
Biggs, B. N.	Acting Collector of Customs, Grade II.	to Collector of Customs, Grade I.	1.1.48.
King, V. T.	Assistant Printer, Grade IV.	to Assistant Printer, Grade III.	1.1.48.

LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Bennett, H.	Judicial	Clerk, Grade III.	180 days plus period of voyage	28.4.48.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Goss, R. V.	Special Constable (Temporary)	29.4.48.	Departmental reorganization.
Hooley, Miss D.	Nurse Probationer	31.3.48.	Resigned.
Newing, Miss O.	Travelling Teacher	30.4.48.	"
Watson, T. D.	Travelling Teacher	31.3.48.	"

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 29. 2nd April, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance, No. 4 of 1947, entitled "An Ordinance to legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-six in excess of the expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 2 of 1945.

Ordinance, No. 3 of 1947, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1943".

Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, entitled "An Ordinance to constitute a Town Council for Stanley, to provide for the conduct of Elections and to regulate the general powers of the Council".

M.Ps. 0558, D/G/47/II., 0039/II.

No. 30. 8th April, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

WILLIAM JOHN GRIERSON, ESQ.,

to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony, with effect from the 5th of April, 1948.

M.P. 0457.

No. 31. 17th April, 1948.

The title of the post "Assistant to Engineer" Harbour Department has been altered to "Mechanic" Harbour Department with effect from the 1st of January, 1948.

M.P. P/286.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Thomas Dunraven Hardy, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Ernest Vine Dixon, executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of

Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

16th April, 1948.

L. 18/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Helen Curran, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Robert Henry Hannaford, executor appointed by the beneficiaries of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

28th April, 1948.

L. 19/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Ernest Pedersen, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Mary Ann Pedersen, sister-in-law of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

16th April, 1948.

L. 20/48.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

Report on Education in the Colony for the year 1946.

PART I.

Preface.

1. The population of the Falkland Islands is almost entirely British, and of European descent. It totals less than 2,300, and has been decreasing slowly in recent years. About half of the people live in the one town of Stanley, the rest being scattered either in small settlements or in isolated shepherds' houses over an area about the size of Yorkshire. The whole country outside Stanley is called the "Camp".

2. On account of the small population, the wide area over which it is scattered, and the poor communications, the provision of a good education for all children is a difficult problem, not yet solved. Education is compulsory between the ages of five and fourteen, but it is not possible to enforce this in the Camp.

3. The Educational facilities fall into four groups:

- (a) Schools in Stanley.
- (b) Small schools in a few of the Camp settlements.
- (c) Tuition by itinerant teachers in the rest of the Camp.
- (d) Further education.

Stanley.

4. A Government School is maintained from Public Funds. The curriculum and time-table of this school, catering for children between the ages of 5 and 14, are much the same as in a similar all-age school in England; a full-time Continuation Class offers a two-year course beyond Standard 6. A scheme of boarding allowances, to assist Camp parents to send their children to Stanley for schooling, has been in operation for many years.

Settlement Schools.

5. Wherever possible, full-time or part-time schools are maintained in Camp settlements; the establishment and closure of these schools depend at present partly on the number of children in the settlement (there are few settlements with as many as six children), and partly on the availability of teachers. During 1946 the Government supported small full-time schools at Teal Inlet and Salvador, and part-time schools at San Carlos and Fox Bay; there was also a full-time school at Chartres for the first few months of the year, and an almost full-time school at Roy Cove during the latter part of the year. The organisation of these schools varied according to local circumstances, but in all cases, besides providing financial support, the Government supervised the work done in them. The Falkland Islands Company also maintains two part-time schools, one at Darwin and the other at North Arm, for the children of its employees; up till the present these schools have not been assisted or inspected by the Government.

Tuition in the rest of the Camp.

6. The Government provides a number of itinerant teachers on the East and West Falklands. These teachers travel from house to house, mainly on horseback but sometimes by boat, and teach the children in their homes; they usually stay a fortnight or a month at each house. The houses are often isolated, and the teacher usually has to travel for several hours before reaching the next place where there are children to be taught. Each teacher has a "beat" which he or she normally covers at least four times a year. At the conclusion of his stay at each place, the teacher sends in a report to the Supervisor of Camp Education, giving a detailed account of work done, progress made by the children, and so on.

7. The work of the Camp teachers is supplemented by daily educational broadcasts from Stanley.

8. In addition to the Camp teachers, the Government employs a full-time Supervisor of Camp Education who travels round the Camp, supervising and organizing the work of the Government travelling teachers and of the settlement schools supported by the Government. The Superintendent of Education also makes periodic tours of inspection in the Camp.

9. The Falkland Islands Company also maintains a few travelling teachers (four during 1946) for work on its extensive farms on the East Falklands. As with the Company's schools at Darwin and North Arm, the work of these teachers has not so far been subject to Government inspection, nor has any financial assistance been given by the Government.

Further Education.

10. Further Education is provided by a system of scholarships to the British School in Montevideo, and also, to a limited extent, by winter evening classes in Stanley.

PART II.

Administration and Staffing.

11. The authorised establishment of the Education Department at the beginning of 1946 was as follows:

Superintendent of Education & Headmaster, Govt. School	} Qualified teachers from overseas.
One Assistant Master	
Three Assistant Mistresses (one for infants, two for seniors)	
One Temporary Assistant Mistress	
One Assistant Master	
Five Assistant Teachers	} Recruited and trained locally.
Two Temporary Teachers	
Four Pupil Teachers	
Supervisor of Camp Education	Uncertificated, with experience in United Kingdom.
Teacher for Educational Broadcasts	Qualified teacher, recruited in United Kingdom.
Eight Camp Teachers	Recruited and trained locally.
One Clerk.	
One School Caretaker.	

12. In addition to the above (par. 11), provision was made for assistance in the Camp from teachers (four at the beginning of the year) who, while not regular members of the staff of the Education Department, helped with the teaching in varying degrees; in Stanley part-time teachers gave assistance with gardening and evening classes.

13. Of the authorised establishment, some teachers were overseas during the greater part of the year, while others could not be obtained; so although the provision for staff appears quite good, in reality shortages and changes of staff proved a severe handicap to the work of the Department throughout 1946.

14. Of five qualified assistant masters or mistresses from overseas provided for on the staff of the Government School, there were at the beginning of 1946 only three (an assistant mistress in the Infant Department and an assistant mistress and a temporary assistant mistress in the senior school) actually at work in the Colony; and of these the temporary assistant mistress resigned at the end of January on account of ill-health. Another assistant mistress for the senior school arrived in May (Miss H. Page Gray, selected in England in July 1945 to take the place of one of the two qualified assistant masters who were provided for in 1945, but who could not be obtained). The efforts that were continued during 1946 to obtain a qualified assistant master from the United Kingdom or elsewhere met with no success, so that throughout 1946 the school still remained without a qualified assistant master.

15. Of the five locally-recruited assistant teachers on the staff of the Government School, two were on leave in the United Kingdom for the greater part of the year.

16. Four pupil teachers were employed in the Government School in 1946. Two of these had already worked as pupil teachers in 1945; the other two were appointed early in 1946. The two who had already had one year's training now took a much larger share in the actual teaching; between them they took over most of the work of one class. The work of the two new pupil teachers was planned on lines broadly similar to those followed for the new pupil teachers in 1945 (see pars. 17-19 of the Report for 1945). As in 1945, the shortage of qualified teachers in the Government School limited what could be done in the way of training the pupil teachers.

17. One of the pupil teachers spent the last few months of the year as teacher in the settlement school at Roy Cove. Her going there was part of the inception of a general plan to encourage Stanley teachers to serve for a time in the Camp, the plan having the double object of improving the staffing position in the Camp and giving Stanley teachers a better understanding of the life and needs of the Islands as a whole.

18. In the Camp there were a number of changes in staff during the year. At the beginning of the year there were six travelling teachers in the Government service (provision had been made for eight); in the course of the year one of the travelling teachers went overseas on leave, three resigned, and three new ones were appointed (the pupil teacher who went out from Stanley to Roy Cove is not included among these). At the beginning of the year there were also four full-time or part-time teachers who, while not on the regular permanent staff of the Education Department, helped with the teaching in their own settlements; in the course of the year one of these stopped work, but three new teachers started work on similar lines in three other settlements. By the end of the year, therefore, the number of teachers at work in the sections of the Camp provided for by the Government had increased by two; the staffing position was still however by no means entirely satisfactory; in particular, the quality of some of the teachers left much to be desired. For further details, see pars. 39, 42, 44, 54.

19. The Supervisor of Camp Education was on leave from the beginning of the year until August.

20. Changes occurred also in the non-teaching staff of the Department and added to the administrative difficulties of the year.

School Attendance.

21. <i>Government School, Stanley :</i>	Boys	Girls	Total.
Number on roll 31st December 1946	109	123	232
Average number on roll during 1946	103	107	210
Average attendance during 1946	99	102	201
Percentage of average attendance			96
<i>School at San Carlos :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	2	5	7
<i>School at Teal Inlet :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	7	4	11
<i>School at Salvador :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	3	—	3
<i>School at Fox Bay :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	2	2	4
<i>F. I. Co's School, Darwin :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	5	7	12
<i>F. I. Co's School, North Arm :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	2	4	6
<i>Government Travelling Teachers :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	33	25	58
<i>F. I. Co's Travelling Teachers :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	18	22	40
Total number under tuition during 1946	175	176	351

22. The above figures do not include a few Camp children who were being taught privately by their parents, with or without help from the Education Department. The five children attending the school at Chartres during the early part of the year and the eight attending the school at Roy Cove during the latter part of the year are included in the figures given for Government travelling teachers, as they were included in travelling teachers' beats for the greater part of the year.

Finance.

23. The expenditure under Head XII. Education of the annual estimates of expenditure was £7,159 : 7 : 1, as compared with £6,523 : 6 : 7 in 1945. The revenue collected in 1946 amounted to £181 : 12 : 0, as against £174 : 8 : 4 in 1945.

EXPENDITURE	£	s.	d.	REVENUE	£	s.	d.
1. Personal Emoluments	4,811	4	11	1. School Fees	149	5	3
2. Other Charges	2,348	2	2	2. Sale of School Materials	32	6	9
	£7,159	7	1		£181	12	0

Government School, Stanley.

24. The year in the Government School was again a difficult and unsettled one. An outbreak of mumps occurred in April and lasted for several months, affecting not only nearly all the children (a number of whom had more than one attack), but also some of the teachers. The school began to settle down better towards the end of the year, after the arrival of Miss Gray and the return from leave of Mr. Draycott (Supervisor of Camp Education) and Mrs. Draycott (Assistant Teacher). Unfortunately a further interruption to the work of the school was caused when, in order to avert a threatened outbreak of measles, it was considered advisable to close the school for the summer holidays three weeks earlier than usual.

25. The Infant Department continued to meet in its temporary accommodation in the former St. Mary's School. Some improvements were made to the paths and playground, but the premises remain in a number of respects far from satisfactory. End-of-term parties were organised as in the preceding year, great credit being due to Miss Downs and the staff of the Infants' Department for all they did to make the parties so successful. For the first half of the year, in order to ease staffing difficulties in the junior school, the Standard 1 children continued to be taught in the Infants' Department by the teacher who had taught them the previous year.

26. The work in the junior and senior classes was carried on in most respects on lines similar to those followed during the past few years. Shortages of materials due to conditions in the United Kingdom still caused some difficulty. A good gramophone and some good records (including the Columbia History of Music series) were acquired locally and will form the basis of a collection useful for musical appreciation. The classes in woodwork and domestic science were continued as in 1945 — the domestic science classes still being held in temporary premises in the Church Hall, as the former domestic science rooms in Church House were still occupied by Royal Naval personnel. The former classes in agricultural science for the senior boys had to be allowed to lapse for the time being, on account of staff shortages in both the Education Department and the Agricultural Department; their place was partly taken by a series of gardening talks given by the Government House gardener. As the public gymnasium was still in use for other purposes, the physical training classes continued to be held, by kind

permission of the Falkland Islands Defence Force, in the Defence Force Drill Hall. For outdoor games, the girls played hockey and netball; the boys played mainly association football, but also some rugby and hockey, with a few games of rounders on occasions when the playing fields could not be used for other games.

An innovation introduced during the year, as an experiment, was a weekly "Hobbies Period" for the seniors; the idea of this period was to offer the seniors some choice in activities that had both recreational and educational value, and might provide or strengthen interests that would be of value to them in their leisure time now and in later years. For this period the ordinary class divisions were abandoned, and the children chose the activity they wished to pursue. The choice offered to them depended partly on what were known to be their interests, and partly on the particular abilities of the teachers who would be directing the groups: the groups finally organized were Folk Dancing, Music and Plays, Woodwork, and "Indoor Activities" (a miscellaneous group including such things as painting, knitting, and educational games).

27. Towards the end of the year a House system was introduced into the junior and senior schools, with the aims of improving the corporate life of the school, giving the children further opportunities for bearing responsibility, and bringing healthy competition into some aspects of the school life where, partly from the nature of the place, the lack of competition was particularly felt. Some of the children had previously expressed a desire to have a House system introduced, and the scheme was discussed thoroughly with them before being brought into operation. Although it was realized that with regard to games some difficulty would be caused by the smallness of the numbers of children in each House in each section of the school, it was decided, for the sake of better competition, to have four Houses. These were named after the Dependencies of the Falkland Islands - Georgia, Graham, Orkney, and Shetland Houses. The system was linked with the system of prefects developed in 1945, the Prefects being the House Captains. In each class there were also four Class Captains, each responsible for the affairs of his House in that class. Marks in the inter-House competition were awarded (or deducted) for classwork, games, smartness and general conduct. It was hoped to obtain badges and a House Cup and Shield in 1947.

28. In November the children produced a concert. This was intended in the first place as part of the internal life of the school, and was produced on two Friday afternoons in the Church Hall, adjacent to the school; later however, in response to numerous requests, a public performance (considerably abridged) was given in the Gymnasium. The items, based as much as possible on the ordinary work being done in the school, included plays, songs, recitations, and various types of physical training. Every class, from the youngest infant class upwards, contributed items.

29. When H.M.C.S. "Uganda" visited Stanley in March, the school-children spent a very interesting and enjoyable afternoon on board, as guests of the Ship's Company. For many of the children this was their first visit to a warship.

30. On Sunday, November 10th, a large group of children from the school attended the Remembrance Day Ceremony at the Cross of Sacrifice. One of the prefects placed a wreath on behalf of the school.

31. The children took part with keen interest in the ceremonies connected with the change of Governor during the year. They lined the jetty to bid farewell to the retiring Governor, Sir Allan Cardinall, K.B.E., C.M.G., and again to greet the new Governor, Mr. G. M. Clifford, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D. The senior classes, and many of the younger children as well, attended the swearing-in ceremonies for the Acting Governor, Mr. A. B. Mathews, O.B.E., and later for the new Governor. At this latter ceremony, as a token of the welcome extended to His Excellency and Mrs. Clifford by the school-children, a child from one of the infant classes presented Mrs. Clifford with a bouquet.

32. During the year His Excellency Sir Allan Cardinall paid two visits to the school. - his usual one on St. George's Day, and another to bid good-bye to the children shortly before his departure for the United Kingdom. On this second occasion he was accompanied by the Colonial Secretary, Mr. A. B. Mathews, who also made two other visits in the course of the year, - an informal one soon after his arrival, and a more formal one, as Acting Governor, on Trafalgar Day.

33. All the school-children were examined medically and dentally in the middle of the year. A second medical and dental examination was started towards the end of the year, but was interrupted by the early closure of the school.

34. In co-operation with the Medical and Agricultural Departments, a scheme was started for providing free milk at school for children who were considered by the Senior Medical Officer to need extra milk. From October onwards, in order to encourage the drinking of milk and to support the dairymen in maintaining a high level of production, a certain amount of surplus milk was sold at the school at half-price. Apart from any direct physical benefit these schemes may have conferred, they seem to have been useful in drawing attention to the nutritional value of milk.

35. On account of the early closure of the school at the end of the year, the usual Open Day and Display of Work, planned for the third week in December, had to be abandoned.

36. At first it was planned to hold over the Prize-Giving too until the school re-opened in 1947; but when the threat of measles passed before Christmas, it was decided to hold an informal ceremony to present such prizes as could be awarded while the teachers and children were dispersed for holidays. His Excellency the Governor presented the prizes.

37. The Old Pupils' Association carried on its activities on the same lines as in previous years, providing its members with a varied programme of talks, cinema shows, dances and whist drives throughout the winter months.

The Camp.

38. Pending a decision on the reorganization scheme submitted by Mr. T. D. Evans in 1943, the Education Department carried on in the Camp with the policy followed in 1945, of keeping the travelling teachers' beats as small as possible and developing settlement schools wherever the number of children justified it and a teacher was available. Apart from the difficulty of concentrating the children in convenient centres, the greatest obstacle to the success of this policy was the difficulty of obtaining enough good teachers.

39. On the West Falklands, at the beginning of 1947, there were 53 children to be taught, in 16 different places. Five travelling teachers were working on the West at the beginning of the year, and a sixth was appointed in February to fill a vacancy caused by a resignation in November 1945. Of the five teachers at work at the beginning of the year, one was stationed permanently on Saunders Island teaching the seven children in the settlement; another was teaching in the full-time school at Chartres and paying occasional visits to one child in a shepherd's house not far away.

During the year the situation outlined above changed considerably. As in 1945, there were many posts vacant on the farms; in consequence of this, men moved frequently from one job to another; and the resulting fluctuations in child population, as families moved from one place to another, were a continual source of difficulty in the provision of educational facilities. The difficulties caused by these movements of population were accentuated by the many changes in the teaching staff that occurred during the year (see par. 18).

At the end of the year, there were 49 children under tuition on the West Falklands, in 15 different places. In place of the five travelling teachers at work at the beginning of the year, there were four travelling teachers (including the Roy Cove teacher - see par. 43), one full-time settlement teacher (spending her time evenly between the two settlements at Port Howard), and two part-time settlement teachers (see pars. 40 and 41); one more travelling teacher was still needed.

40. The number of children attending the school at Chartres dropped to five at the beginning of the year. In March the teacher resigned to get married; and when efforts to replace her were unsuccessful, Chartres was included with Roy Cove and Hill Cove in a travelling teacher's beat. Later in the year the work at Chartres was taken over by a part-time teacher.

41. A part-time school was established at Fox Bay East in January, meeting at first for two hours a day, and later for three hours a day. The teacher was Mrs. E. Smith, the wife of the wireless operator, and a former teacher in the Government School in Stanley. The school met in her house; Mrs. Smith went to considerable trouble to make the school a success, and some very good work was done there. The number of children attending increased from 3 in January to 6 (including one boarder) by the end of the year.

42. Early in the year, as there were 8 children in the settlement at Hill Cove, an attempt was made to obtain an extra teacher to start a full-time school there; it was however not possible to get the extra teacher, so Hill Cove had to remain as part of a travelling teacher's beat (later the number of children dwindled to 4).

43. Towards the middle of the year, with 8 children in the settlement at Roy Cove, arrangements were made to establish a settlement school there. Although a permanent school building could not be provided then, a Nissen hut sent out by the Government and erected by the men on the station made a comfortable temporary schoolroom. As already mentioned (par. 17), the teacher was one of the pupil-teachers from the Government School in Stanley. By the time the school opened in September one of the eight children from the settlement had gone to live at a shepherd's house a short distance away. Efforts to arrange for him to board in the settlement from Monday to Friday were unsuccessful, so it was arranged that the teacher should visit him once a week (spending every Saturday morning and every second Friday with him). When in the settlement, the teacher lived in the home of the manager and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. Miller. In this and all other arrangements necessary for the establishment and running of the school, the generous help given by Mr. and Mrs. Miller was invaluable.

44. On the East Falkland, at the beginning of 1946, there were 35 children under tuition in the part of the Island where educational services were provided by the Government. Of these children 22 were taught by settlement teachers at San Carlos, Teal Inlet and Salvador (see pars. 45-47), one was taught privately by her mother (with the help of materials supplied by the Education Department), and the remaining 12, living in 6 different places, were taught by a travelling teacher. The travelling teacher's beat was very awkward, as three of the places were on one side of the island and three on the other side, and transport difficulties made it necessary for the teacher to spend several months on one side of the island and then several months on the other. For the first half of the year, a part-time teacher at Port San Carlos, where there were 3 children, helped a little during the travelling teacher's absence. Efforts to obtain another travelling teacher had been begun in 1945, but it was not until September 1946 that the extra teacher was finally obtained. From this time until the end of the year, the number of teachers at work on the East Falkland was satisfactory.

45. The part-time school at San Carlos was carried on throughout 1946 on the same lines as in 1945, under the capable management of Mrs. J. Bonner, the wife of the manager of San Carlos Station. The school met for two hours daily, the children doing homework in addition. Five children attended regularly - three from the settlement and two who walked in daily from the Head of the Bay (a walk of about an hour). Two other smaller children at the Head of the Bay worked under Mrs. Bonner's direction, sending their work in each week and receiving periodical visits from her; one of them came in to the school sometimes in good weather. Two more children living in the settlement started school towards the end of the year. At the end of the year one of the San Carlos children won a Government scholarship to Montevideo, this being the second year in succession that one of Mrs. Bonner's pupils had achieved this distinction.

46. Good work was again done at the school conducted at Teal Inlet by the resident teacher-storekeeper. Except for a few weeks when the teacher was ill, the children received full-time schooling

throughout the school year. The school provided for all the children on Teal Inlet Station; eight children living in the settlement attended all the time, and three others living in outside houses came in as boarders for periods of several weeks at a time, with spells at home (doing homework) in between. The regular Teal Inlet teacher-storekeeper, Mr. O. McPhee, was overseas for four months in the middle of the year, as a member of the contingent representing the Falkland Islands Defence Force at the Victory Parade in London; during his absence his work at Teal Inlet was carried on by a temporary teacher-storekeeper.

47. The school at Salvador was carried on as in 1945, the children being taught for four hours a day, and the teacher receiving an allowance proportionate to the number of children taught. At the beginning of the year four children, all living in the settlement, were in attendance; this number however soon dropped to three.

48. The daily wireless broadcasts, designed to supplement the work of the teachers in the Camp, were continued during 1946 on broadly the same lines as in 1945. At the opening session of the year, His Excellency the Governor spoke to the children. The year began well: interest among the children was high, and as a result of improvements made at the transmitting station in 1945, reception was much better than it had been when the scheme was first started. Unfortunately, as the year wore on, deteriorating reception and other factors caused some decline in the number of children listening regularly. An investigation towards the end of the year revealed that the transmitting aerial had been damaged, and when this was put right, reception improved again. The shortage of suitable wireless receivers, and difficulties over charging accumulators and replacing damaged parts, remained a serious handicap, greatly limiting the number of listeners. Cyclo-styled notes for many of the lessons were sent to the teachers and children. Some of the teachers made excellent use of the wireless lessons; others could have made much more use of them than they did.

49. During the year five portable projectors for film-strips were obtained by the Information Officer (the Rev. W. F. McWhan) from the Ministry of Information in England and sent out to the Camp in the care of the Camp teachers. Films were provided from the Education Department stock, which was augmented during the year by gifts from the Information Officer. The projectors should be a valuable asset in the Camp in the winter months: although the winter was nearly over when the projectors first reached the Camp, some much-appreciated performances (for both old and young) were given in 1946. In this and other matters the Information Officer has given much generous help.

50. On the return of the Supervisor of Camp Education from leave he made a tour on the West Falklands first (his last tour in 1945 having been on the East); then a little before Christmas he began a tour on the East.

51. The Superintendent of Education made a tour on the West Falklands in January and February and a visit to Johnson's Harbour on the East Falkland in November.

52. The boarding allowances granted by the Government for Camp children coming in to school in Stanley were continued during 1946 at the rate of £2 a month. The total number of Camp children who received assistance under this scheme during 1946 was 33, as against 27 in 1945; 24 out of the 33 (as compared with 22 in 1945) attended the school in Stanley for periods of more than six months. The above figures include three children whose parents were in South Georgia, where there are no educational facilities. The rest of the children came (as usual) mainly from the East Falklands.

53. The scheme of boarding allowances instituted in 1945 to encourage children from outside houses to attend settlement schools as boarders was continued during 1946. In the parts of the Camp where the Government is responsible for providing education, four children attended settlement schools under this scheme - three at Teal Inlet (see par. 46), and one at Fox Bay (from August to December). When first introduced, the scheme was confined to Government-controlled schools; but during 1946 it was extended, subject to Government approval in each case, to children attending the Falkland Islands Company's schools; allowances were granted for one child who attended the school in Darwin for between three and four months, and for another who began attending the school at North Arm shortly before the end of the year.

54. Some mention has already been made of one of the greatest difficulties of Camp education at the present time, namely that of building up a teaching staff adequate in both numbers and quality. Frequently no answers have been received to advertisements for Camp teachers. At the beginning of the year, in spite of most strenuous efforts to obtain teachers, the number of teachers employed was two less than the number desired; by the end of the year it had been possible only to reduce the deficiency from two to one. One result of the shortage has been that the qualifications of many of the teachers employed fall short of what is desired.

55. All the new travelling teachers appointed during the year (but not all the new settlement teachers) were given some training in Stanley before they started their work in the Camp; the amount of training that they could be given was however limited by the urgent need to have them at work in the Camp and by the difficulty of freeing qualified teachers to give them the training required. The travelling teachers already serving in the Camp (except those who left the service or left the Colony early in the year) were also given short refresher courses when they came in to Stanley for their annual holiday. It was planned to have some of the less-qualified teachers in for long periods of further education and training, but the staff in the Camp was not strong enough numerically to do this in 1946.

56. At the end of 1945, a scheme of Bursaries was introduced, to give Camp children who wished to become Camp teachers an extra year's schooling in Stanley (see par. 56 in the 1945 Report). The first two of these Bursaries were to have been awarded in 1946. The scheme, however, evoked little response. No applications were received when they were invited at the beginning of the year. About the middle of the year a candidate applied, and was given a two months' trial; but she did not show sufficient promise during the two months to justify the continuance of the assistance to her. One of the main reasons for the poor response to the scheme seems to have been the reluctance of parents to send their children away from home.

57. Raising the standard of education to a thoroughly satisfactory level throughout the Camp is naturally a process that will take some time. The improvement made in English and arithmetic in the three years between 1943 and 1946 is indicated in the table below, where the children under tuition at 31st December 1943 and 31st December 1946 are classified according to their ability in these two subjects; most of the children who were under tuition during the full period have risen three classes (and some more than three classes) in the three years. Alongside the improvement in English and arithmetic there has also been an increase between 1943 and 1946 in the work done in other subjects. Progress has not been equally good in all parts of the Camp, and further improvement is still needed.

SCHOLARS IN CAMP, BY CLASSES AND AGES, AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 1943 AND 31ST DECEMBER 1946.

Class.	Year.	Ages.												Totals.	Average Ages.	
		15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	Under 5		Years.	Months.
Cont. Class.	1943	-	-	-										-	-	-
	1946	1	-	2										3	14	2
Std. 6	1943		1	2	-									3	13	6
	1946		-	2	1									3	13	2
Std. 5	1943		2	2	1	-	1							6	13	1
	1946		-	3	1	1	1							6	12	2
Std. 4	1943		-	4	2	-	1							7	12	10
	1946		2	1	4	2	1							10	11	8
Std. 3	1943		1	1	2	2	1	1	-					8	11	11
	1946		1	1	3	3	2	1	2					13	11	2
Std. 2	1943			-	2	1	4	5	-	1				13	10	3
	1946			1	1	-	3	2	2	-				9	10	5
Std. 1	1943		1	4	1	3	1	3	4	-	-			17	11	0
	1946		-	-	1	-	1	2	5	-	1			10	9	2
Infants	1943			1	-	2	3	2	5	7	6	4	2	32	7	10
	1946			-	-	1	1	3	5	1	13	10	1	35	7	0

Government Scholarships to Montevideo.

58. Under the Government Scholarship scheme, six pupils from the Falkland Islands again attended the British School in Montevideo.

59. Towards the end of 1945 difficulties had arisen over the board of the children in Montevideo. For 1946, Mrs. N. Leslie (the wife of the British Vice-Consul, and the children's guardian in Montevideo) went to considerable trouble to make fresh arrangements for the children's board; she finally arranged for the three boys to live in a boarding-house with some other boys attending the British School, while the girls boarded in private homes. The pupils were very comfortable in their new lodgings.

60. On the whole, the pupils did very satisfactory work at school during the year. Frequent absence caused by illness again hampered progress in some cases, however; especially in their first year. The children seem to have some difficulty in adjusting themselves to the different climate. The children joined fully in the athletic and general life of the school; one of the girls was elected by her fellow-pupils as a prefect; several of the children gained honourable places in the school sports teams or in the annual athletic sports contest (one of the Falkland Islands boys broke the school record in the throwing-the-cricket-ball event). All six pupils took part with enthusiasm in various out-of-school activities, such as the Girl Guides and Boy Scouts. All these varied activities, and the new experiences gained in Montevideo, have a noticeable effect in broadening the children's outlook and increasing their self-confidence. The great care and attention given to the pupils in Montevideo by the Board of Governors, Mrs. Leslie, the teaching staff, and the people with whom the children live contribute much towards the success of the scheme, and are warmly appreciated.

61. During the year the children were visited in Montevideo by the new Colonial Secretary, Mr. A. B. Mathews, by the retiring Governor, Sir Allan Cardinall, and by the new Governor, Mr. G. M. Clifford.

62. In December, the two third-year pupils sat and passed the Cambridge School Certificate Examination, one obtaining a Grade I pass and the other a Grade II pass.

63. In November an examination in English, Mathematics, General Intelligence and General Knowledge was held for all candidates for the two scholarships for 1947. Stanley was the main examination centre, but four candidates sat the examination in the Camp - one at San Carlos, one at Port Howard and two on Pebble Island. Accepting the recommendations of the Scholarship Selection Committee (which had considered each candidate's school record, general ability and character as well as the examination results), His Excellency the Governor awarded the two scholarships this year to two girls, one from Stanley and one from San Carlos. One of the girls declined the scholarship and no further award was made.

64. As in 1945, three Falkland Prizes were awarded in connection with the scholarship examination.

65. The first two pupils to go to Montevideo under the scholarship scheme completed their three years there in 1945, and took up posts in Stanley early in 1946, one as a clerk in the Treasury and the other as a pupil teacher in the Government School.

Evening Classes.

66. A series of evening classes was again arranged for the winter months. A shorthand class which had first been formed in 1945 and had carried on through the summer of 1945-6 continued to meet throughout the winter. After several delays, new classes in needlework, mathematics, and "English and general subjects" were formed in the first week of June: a Spanish class began to meet in the following week: and in answer to numerous requests, a class on internal combustion engines was started in July. The classes met in the Government School.

67. The special arrangements agreed upon in 1945 for encouraging the attendance of Government employees under 18 years of age were continued, equivalent time off from work being allowed, and boys and girls entering the Civil Service in salaried posts or as apprentices being required to attend such classes as were considered desirable.

68. This year fees were charged for the classes, at the following rates:—

- (a) For young persons (under 20 years of age) a single enrolment fee of 2/6, to cover attendance at classes in as many subjects as the student wished.
- (b) For adults (20 years of age or more) a fee of 2/6 for a course in a single subject, and 4/- for courses in two or more subjects.

Young Government employees who were directed to attend particular classes were excused from paying fees for those classes. Pupils of the Government School were also granted exemption. Exercise books were supplied free of charge.

69. Attendances at the classes remained fairly steady throughout the session and only one class, the shorthand class, had an average attendance of less than ten students (an average attendance of ten is quite good for so small a place). The most popular classes were needlework and Spanish; on account of the large numbers attending, the needlework class had to be divided into two classes and, finally, further admissions had to be refused.

70. The class on internal combustion engines finished at the end of August, and most of the rest stopped work at the end of September (the usual finishing time): two carried on into the beginning of October. At the end of the session the needlework students staged an attractive display of their work.

H. L. BAKER.

Superintendent of Education.

28th July, 1947.

T A B L E S 1 — 14.

The following are omitted as in previous years: Nos. 1, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13 and 14.

T A B L E 2.

PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED OR AIDED FROM COLONIAL REVENUES AND LOCAL PUBLIC FUNDS.

		Population (according to the latest accessible estimate)	Total number of pupils enrolled in maintained & aided institutions.	Percentage.
European	Male	1225	150	12
	Female	1012	143	14
		2237	293	13

The figures above are averages for the year 1946.

TABLE 3.

SCHOLARS BY SCHOOL YEARS AND AGES ON 31ST DECEMBER 1946 IN INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED OR AIDED FROM COLONIAL REVENUES OR LOCAL PUBLIC FUNDS, AND IN UNAIDED BUT INSPECTED INSTITUTIONS.

Primary Schools																		
Age	Year of School Course																	
	Cont. Class		Std. 6		Std. 5		Std. 4		Std. 3		Std. 2		Std. 1		Infants		Totals	
	m.	f.	m.	f.	m.	f.	m.	f.	m.	f.	m.	f.	m.	f.	m.	f.	m.	f.
16	1	—					1	—									2	—
15	3	3	2	3													5	6
14	3	5	2	3	3	2	2	5	1	1							11	16
13	—	3	5	1	5	7	3	2	1	2	1	1					14	16
12			3	1	2	4	3	7	5	5	1	1	1	—			15	18
11					—	1	4	5	5	8	1	1	—	1	—	1	10	17
10					—	1	—	1	8	6	7	3	4	3	1	—	20	14
9									—	2	4	8	6	4	2	4	12	18
8									1	1	2	3	7	4	6	9	16	17
7													—	1	16	12	16	13
6													—	1	17	7	17	8
5															19	16	19	16
4															2	3	2	3
	7	11	12	8	10	15	13	20	20	25	16	17	18	14	63	52	159	162
	18		20		25		33		45		33		32		115		321	

The above figures include the children taught in the Government School in Stanley and also those taught in the Camp by Government Travelling Teachers or in Government-assisted schools. The children are listed according to the classes they were in during the school year ending in December, 1946. (promotions are made mainly at the beginning of February). Children taught in the Camp are grouped into classes according to their proficiency in their school work (particularly English and arithmetic). without regard to their age.

TABLE 4.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT OF GROSS EXPENDITURE FROM COLONIAL REVENUES AND LOCAL PUBLIC FUNDS ON EDUCATION FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR.

*NOTE—All expenditure is from Colonial Revenue.

TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION.

Primary Schools :

Personal emoluments	£4811 : 4 : 11
Extra teaching assistance	53 : 5 : 0
Training Camp teachers	8 : 4 : 6
Superannuation contributions	95 : 14 : 8

£4968 : 9 : 1

TOTAL INDIRECT EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION.

Scholarships	£1011 : 0 : 0
Boarding Allowances for Camp children	570 : 6 : 4
Rent and cleaning of buildings	212 : 16 : 6
School materials	228 : 8 : 10
Miscellaneous	168 : 6 : 4
	2190 : 18 : 0
	7159 : 7 : 1

TABLE 8.

GROSS EXPENDITURE ON INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED BY GOVERNMENT AND GROSS AND NET COST PER PUPIL.

SCHOOL EDUCATION GENERAL: Primary Schools

Personal Emoluments (Staff)	£4811 : 4 : 11
Other Charges	2348 : 2 : 2
Total	<u>7159 : 7 : 1</u>
Gross annual cost per enrolled pupil to Colonial Revenue	24 : 8 : 8
Total Receipts :	
Fees	£149 : 5 : 3
Sale of School Materials	32 : 6 : 9
	<u>181 : 12 : 0</u>
Net annual cost per enrolled pupil	<u>23 : 16 : 4</u>

TABLE 11.

STATEMENT OF FEE RATES, RULES GOVERNING EXEMPTION FROM FEES, AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

The following fees are charged at the Government School :

	s. d.
Each pupil in the Continuation Class	1 0 a week
Each pupil below the C.C. and above Std. 1	6 „ „
Each pupil below Std. 2	3 „ „

provided that the total fees payable in respect of the children of any one family shall not exceed the rate of one shilling weekly.

Exceptions are made for fatherless children and in a small number of other cases where there is proved inability to pay.

No fees are charged in the Camp.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVII.

JUNE 1, 1948.

No. 7.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Skillington, H.	Education	Assistant Master	12.5.48.	—
Wieling, J. F.	"	Inspector of Camp Schools	12.5.48.	—
Dentry, R. H.	Public Works	Carpenter (Development Programme)	12.5.48.	—
Field, P. J.	" "	Carpenter (Development Programme)	12.5.48.	—
Holland, G. E.	" "	Bricklayer (Development Programme)	12.5.48.	—
McAtasney, Miss M.	Secretariat & Treasury	Temporary Clerk	1.6.48.	—
" " "	Govt. House	Acting Private Secretary (Temporary)	1.6.48.	—

TEMPORARY APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Rutter, A.	Judicial	Clerk	23.4.48.	—

TRANSFER.

Jennings, C. W.	Foreman Mechanic Agricultural Dept.	to	Donkeyman M. V. "John Biscoe"	23.4.48.
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LEAVE.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Fleuret, Major A. I., M.B.E., E.D., J.P.	South Georgia	Administrative Officer	145 days plus period of voyage	26.4.48.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Barnes, B.	Harbour	Deckhand	1.4.48.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 32. 4th May, 1948.

To commemorate the Silver Wedding Anniversary of Their Majesties the King and Queen, a special issue of two postage stamps throughout the Empire has been approved.

The stamps will correspond to the local letter rate and the highest value in the current series.

Accordingly, the stamps for the Colony will be the 2½d and £1 denominations, and for the Dependencies the 2½d and 1/- denominations.

It is not expected that the stamps will be available for sale locally for some months. They will remain on sale for three months.

M.P. 0646.

No. 33. 6th May, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

THE HONOURABLE

MR. RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, J.P.

and

THE HONOURABLE

MR. ARTHUR GRENFELL BARTON, J.P.

to be provisionally Members of the Legislative Council, with effect from the 6th of May, 1948.

M.P. 0456.

No. 34. 15th May, 1948.

The following messages have been exchanged between His Excellency the Governor and the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies:—

From His Excellency the Governor to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

"I beg that you will convey to Their Majesties with my humble duty the sincere felicitations of the Government and people of the Falkland Islands on the occasion of Their Majesties Silver Wedding with the continuing assurance of our loyalty and affection."

From the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to His Excellency the Governor.

"I have laid your telegram before the King who desires me to convey to you and the Government and people of the Falkland Islands an expression of his warm thanks for the message of loyalty and congratulations on the occasion of Their Majesties Silver Wedding."

M.P. 0694.

No. 35. 22nd May, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:—

Ordinance, No. 2 of 1947, entitled "An Ordinance to Amend the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentist Ordinance, 1914".

M.P. 521/26.

No. 36. 31st May, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

WILLIAM JOHN GRIERSON, ESQ., J.P.

to act as Officer-in-Charge, South Georgia, with effect from the 26th of April, 1948.

M.P. P/1.

No. 37. 31st May, 1948.

A Ceremonial Parade will be held at 10.30 a.m. on Thursday the 10th of June, 1948, on the occasion of the official celebration of His Majesty's Birthday.

The Parade, which will be inspected by His Excellency the Governor, will form up in the Defence Force Drill Hall, and will comprise a detachment of the Falkland Islands Defence Force and the Boys' Brigade.

Members of the public wishing to attend the ceremony should be in the Hall by 10.20.

M.P. 0191.

L.M.P. 4/46.

13th May, 1947.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

JOHN F. BONNER, ESQ., J.P.

is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of marrying John Murdo Morrison, bachelor, and Hyacinth Emily McKay, spinster, at San Carlos, East Falkland.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

William Henry Hannaford, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Robert Henry Hannaford, father of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

20th May, 1948.

L. 21/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Phyllis Sunderland Stewart, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Mary Elizabeth Hills, sister of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

22nd May, 1948.

L. 22/48.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others ;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 21st day of May, 1948, for the purpose of visiting certain places on the East and West Falkland Islands ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 20th day of May, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance 1943, as amended by the
Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 5 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that :—

Short title.

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Order (No. 2) 1948.

Import Duties.

2. From and after the date of this Order the following import duties of customs shall be payable :—

On Spirits, not exceeding the strength-of proof, as ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer, and in proportion for any greater strength than strength of proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits, per gallon	£1. 6. 0.
On Wine in cask, per gallon	5. 0.
On Wine in bottle, per doz. litres	15. 0.
On Wine in bottle, per doz. reputed quarts	11. 0.
On Wine in bottle, per doz. reputed pints	5. 6.
On British Wines and all other unenumerated and unexempted beverages not liable to spirit duty,	
In cask, per gallon	3. 0.
In bottle, per doz. litres	8. 9.
In bottle, per doz. reputed quarts	6. 6.
In bottle, per doz. reputed pints	3. 3.
On Malt liquor, mum, spruce, cider and perry	
In cask, per gallon	1. 0.
In bottle, per doz. reputed quarts	2. 0.
In bottle, per doz. reputed pints	1. 0.
On Cigars, per pound	8. 0.
On Cigarettes, cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff, per pound	5. 0.
On all other unexempted tobacco, per pound	4. 0.

Provided that the tariff of import duties on cigars and on cigarettes, cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff shall be at nine tenths of the aforesaid tariff where such cigars, cigarettes, cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff are manufactured in any part of the British Empire from tobacco which is the produce of any part of the British Empire.

On Matches, for every gross of boxes, not exceeding 10,000 matches	10. 0.
For every gross of boxes exceeding 10,000 matches, per 10,000 matches, and so in proportion	10. 0.

Provided that the tariff of import duties on matches manufactured in and consigned from any part of the British Empire shall be at one half of the aforesaid tariff.

Exemptions.

3. The following articles shall be exempted from the payment of duty :—

Perfumed Spirits and Cologne Water, fortified lime-juice

not exceeding 15% proof spirit, lemonade, ginger ale, ginger beer, soda water, potash and all other mineral waters including material for manufacturing the same; provided that such material shall not exceed 99% of proof spirit content.

Naphtha or methylic alcohol in its crude state and not fit for use as a potable spirit for admixture with a potable spirit.

Ethyl alcohol imported with the approval of the Senior Medical Officer.

Tobacco forming an ingredient in sheep wash, or hop powder manufactured in bond in the United Kingdom.

All articles imported or taken out of bond for the use in recognised messes, camps and canteens by His Majesty's Navy or by overseas units of His Majesty's Army or Air Force, and all articles imported for exportation or for shipment by His Majesty's Navy.

Military, Air and Naval Departments and messes purchasing any article whatsoever duty paid for consumption within their own camps, messes or canteens shall be entitled to have the duty refunded out of the public Treasury on the certificate of the Officer in command of any Military, Air or Naval Department, or of any of His Majesty's Ships of War.

The Consulates in this Colony of any foreign countries in which is accorded or in which hereafter may be accorded to British Consular Officers the privilege of exemption from Customs Duties in respect of official goods imported into such foreign countries by His Majesty's Government for the use of His Majesty's Consulates shall have a like privilege granted to them of exemption from any duties that may be levied in this Colony on goods which may be imported by their respective governments as *bona fide* official supplies for the use of such Consulates.

4. From and after the date of this Order the following Export Duties, export duties of customs shall be payable:—

On wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof ... One shilling.

1. On Whale Oil and Seal Oil:

On every barrel of forty (40) gallons—

If the average U.K./Continent market price for the season of first grade oil

does not exceed £20 per ton ... — one shilling and sixpence.

exceeds £20 but does not exceed £25 per ton — two shillings.

“ £25 “ “ “ “ £30 “ “ — two shillings and sixpence.

“ £30 “ “ “ “ £35 “ “ — three shillings.

“ £35 “ “ “ “ £40 “ “ — three shillings and sixpence.

“ £40 “ “ “ “ £45 “ “ — four shillings.

“ £45 “ “ “ “ £50 “ “ — four shillings and sixpence.

“ £50 “ “ “ “ “ “ — five shillings.

2. On whale, or seal, meat-meal and guano and other substances prepared from whales or seals — sixpence per one hundred lb. weight, or part thereof.

3. On Tallow, whether prepared from sheep or cattle — Two and a half per centum of the average U.K./Continent market value at the time of shipment.

5. This Order shall apply to the Dependencies.

Application.

Made by the Governor in the Executive Council on the 12th day of May, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

ARTICLES		RATE OF DUTY.
1. Aerated & mineral waters	<i>ad valorem</i>	20%
2. Apparel manufactured of silk, artificial silk or of synthetic fibre and including those of rayon, 'Nylon' types and plastics	" "	20%
3. Bags, travelling: trunks, valises and despatch bags	" "	15%
4. Binoculars & telescopes, parts & accessories	" "	20%
5. Cards, playing, not exceeding 60 cards per pack	per pack not exceeding 60 cards	9d.
6. Cigarette holders, cigarette cases, and parts	<i>ad valorem</i>	20%
7. Cigarette lighters, parts and accessories including flints and wicks	" "	20%
8. Cigarette Papers	" "	20%
9. Clocks (other than Alarm clocks), watches and component parts and accessories	" "	10%
10. Cosmetics and their containers, including lipsticks, nail varnishes and the like, hair oils and tonics together with appliances for the application thereof	" "	33½%
11. Firearms and component parts including airguns and components	" "	10%
12. Flowers, artificial	<i>ad valorem</i>	50%
13. Fountain pens and propelling pencils all types, including refills and component parts	" "	20%
14. Furs, fur coats or other garments manufactured partly or wholly from fur	" "	20%
15. Jewellery, other than wedding rings	" "	50%
16. Jewellery, imitation, and wearing ornaments of every description	" "	50%
17. Matches, for every gross of boxes not exceeding 10,000 matches	as stated per gross boxes not exceeding 10,000 matches	10/-
Matches for every gross of boxes exceeding 10,000 matches per 10,000 matches and so on in proportion.		
PROVIDED that the tariff of import duties on matches manufactured in and consigned from any part of the British Empire shall be at ONE HALF of the General Tariff.		
18. Medicines, including all patent medicines, preparations, including liniments, ointments, salves, and 'cures' of all types	<i>ad valorem</i>	50%
19. Perfumery, all types	" "	33½%
20. Photographic apparatus and materials including films	" "	15%
21. Pipes, smoking, and parts	" "	20%

ARTICLES		RATE OF DUTY
22. Piece goods of silk, artificial silk or of synthetic fibre and including those of rayon, 'Nylon' types and plastics ...	<i>ad valorem</i>	20%
23. Plate and plated ware ...	" "	15%
24. Spirits, wines, malted liquors :		
(a) On Spirits, not exceeding the strength of 20 per cent under proof, and in proportion for any greater strength than 20 per cent under proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits as ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer.	per gallon	52/-
(b) On British wines and all other unenumerated and unexempted beverages not liable to spirit duty.		
In cask ...	per gallon	4/6
In bottle ...	per dozen litres	13/3
" " ...	" " quarts	9/9
" " ...	" " pints	5/-
On other wines.		
In cask ...	per gallon	6/6
In bottle ...	per dozen litres	19/6
" " ...	" " quarts	14/3
" " ...	" " pints	7/3
(c) On malt liquor, mum, spruce, cider, perry,		
In cask ...	per gallon	1/-
In bottle ...	per doz. reputed qts.	2/-
" " ...	" " " pts.	1/-
25. Tobacco : Products of the British Empire. Manufactured from tobacco which is the produce of the British Empire.		
(a) Cigars ...	per pound	19/3
(b) Cigarettes ...	" "	9/6
(c) Cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff ...	" "	7/6
(d) On all other unexempted tobacco ...	" "	5/7
On other tobaccos.		
(a) Cigars ...	" "	20/-
(b) Cigarettes ...	" "	10/-
(c) Cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff ...	" "	8/-
(d) On all other unexempted tobaccos ...	" "	6/-
26. Toilet soap ...	<i>ad valorem</i>	10%
27. Vehicles, bicycles, etc.,		
(a) Motor cars, trucks and omnibuses, together with parts and accessories ...	" "	10%
(b) Motor cycles, sidecars, and their component parts and accessories ...	" "	10%

3. From and after the date of publication of this Order the following export duties shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto :—

Export duties.

On Wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof, one shilling.

On Whale Oil and Seal Oil :

Up to and including the 30th September, 1948, five shillings per barrel of 40 gallons.

On and after the 1st October, 1948, the duty shall be assessed on the average market price per ton for the season of first grade oil and shall be at the rate of 6d. per barrel of 40 gallons for each £5 or part of £5 of such average market price.

This duty will be levied on all whale oil produced within the Colony or its territorial waters or within any of the Dependencies or their territorial waters.

On all Whale and Seal products other than oil, sixpence per one hundred lb. weight or part thereof.

On Tallow, whether prepared from sheep or cattle, two and a half per centum of the average United Kingdom/Continent market value at the time of shipment.

In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the market price of any substance named in this Order the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final.

Import Duty
exemptions.

4. The following articles shall be exempt from import duties imposed by the Customs Ordinance 1943 or any amendment thereof and by this Order :

All articles imported or taken out of bond for the use of the Governor or in recognised messes, camps and canteens by His Majesty's Navy or by overseas units of His Majesty's Army or Air Force, and all articles imported for exportation or for shipment as stores by His Majesty's Navy.

Military, Air and Naval Departments and messes purchasing any articles whatsoever duty paid for consumption within their own camps, messes or canteens shall be entitled to have the duty refunded out of the Public Treasury on the certificate of the Officer in command of any Military, Air or Naval Department, or of any of His Majesty's Ships of war.

All dutiable goods imported or taken out of bond for use on board merchant vessels outside the territorial waters of the Colony and its Dependencies subject to such conditions and limitations as to quantities as the Collector of Customs shall prescribe.

Consuls de Carrière in this Colony of any foreign countries in which is accorded or in which hereafter may be accorded to British Consular Officers the privilege of exemption from Customs Duties in respect of official goods imported into such foreign countries by His Majesty's Government for the use of His Majesty's Consulates shall have a like privilege granted to them of exemption from any duties that may be levied in this Colony on goods which may be imported by their respective governments as *bona fide* official supplies for the use of such Consuls.

Bona fide passengers' baggage including domestic furniture wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet requisites, and any portable articles imported in a passengers' baggage, or on his person which might reasonably be expected to accompany him for his own regular and private use, and in which may be included alcoholic liquors and perfumery not exceeding one pint each, cigars not exceeding fifty in number, cigarettes not exceeding one hundred in number, or tobacco not exceeding half-pound in weight.

Bona fide passengers' baggage shall not include any dutiable articles other than of the amounts specified in the preceding paragraph.

Agricultural machinery and vehicles.

Alarm Clocks.

Any article whatsoever imported for use of the Government, Town Council, or the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey.

Church Plate.

Commercial Samples.

Cups, medals and other trophies, imported for presentation:—

- (a) As prizes at public examinations, exhibitions, shows, or for competitions of skill or sport open to the public or members of recognised clubs.
- (b) For bravery, good conduct, humanity, for excellence in art, industry, invention, manufacture, learning, science or for honourable or meritorious services.

This exemption shall not apply or extend to the importation or stocking of the articles mentioned for purposes of trade.

Cutlery.

Ethyl alcoholic imported with the approval of the Senior Medical Officer.

Fortified limejuice not exceeding 15% proof spirit.

Jewellery used as a setting for and incorporating Falkland Islands stones.

Medical preparations and drugs included in the British Pharmacopoeia and the British Pharmaceutical Codex and other medicinal preparations, drugs and disinfectants the label of which contains an adequate indication of the ingredients.

Naptha or methylic alcohol in its crude state and not fit for use as a potable spirit or for admixture with a potable spirit.

Plated souvenir ware bearing the Falkland Islands Crest.

Poppies, artificial, imported for sale in aid of the Earl Haig Fund.

Rifles and equipment for the use of the Defence Force Rifle Association and the Defence Force Miniature Rifle Club.

Tobacco forming an ingredient in sheep-wash, or hop-powder manufactured in bond in the United Kingdom.

Wedding rings, where the Collector is satisfied that they have been imported as such.

Wines imported for sacramental purposes on proof to the Collector that they shall be used as such.

5. The Customs Order 1948 is hereby revoked.

Revocation.

6. This Order shall apply to the Dependencies.

Application.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 19th day of May, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0465.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 14th day of May, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 1



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the payment of Duty on Receipts.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stamp Duty Ordinance, 1948.

Interpretation.

2. In this Ordinance :

“Receipt” means any note, memorandum, or writing whereby any money amounting to two pounds or upwards, or any bill of exchange or promissory note for money amounting to two pounds or upwards, is acknowledged or expressed to have been received or deposited or paid, or whereby any debt or demand, or any part of a debt or demand, of the amount of two pounds or upwards, is acknowledged to have been settled, satisfied, or discharged, or which signifies or imports any such acknowledgment and whether the same is or is not signed with the name of any person.

Duty.

3. A duty of twopence shall be paid on each receipt. Such duty shall be denoted by an adhesive stamp or stamps being affixed to the receipt and cancelled by the person by whom the receipt is given before he delivers it out of his hands.

Penalties

4. If any person —

- (1) Gives a receipt not duly stamped; or
- (2) Refuses to give a receipt duly stamped; or
- (3) Upon a payment to the amount of two pounds or upwards gives a receipt for a sum not amounting to two pounds, or separates or divides the amount paid with intent to evade the duty;

he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

5. The following shall be exempt from the operation of this Ordinance — Exemptions.

- (a) Receipts given by the Government of the Colony or an officer thereof acting within the scope of and in the course of his duties.
- (b) Receipts given for or on account of any salary pay or wages or for or on account of any like payment made for the benefit of any person in respect of his employment or for or on account of any pension or superannuation allowance.
- (c) Receipts given in respect of any sums payable under the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 14th day of May, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 2



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To repeal the Tariff Ordinance 1943 the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tariff (Repeal) Ordinance 1948. Short title.

Repeal
No. 2 of 1943.
No. 5 of 1946.
No. 3 of 1947.

2. The Tariff Ordinance 1943, the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947 are hereby repealed.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 14th day of May, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]



No. 3

1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance To amend the Licensing Ordinance 1944.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Licensing Ordinance 1944, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Club Licence.

2. Section 5, subsection (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of "Club licence" after "wholesale licence".

3. The following section shall be inserted after section 9 in the Principal Ordinance.

"9A. (1) A Club licence shall authorise the licensee to sell liquor to members of a club and to the guests of such members only on the premises of the club but the holder of such licence shall not be restricted to the hours specified for the sale of intoxicating liquors in Section 42 hereof.

(2) A club shall mean a society of persons associated together for social intercourse or for the promotion of politics, sports, art, science or literature or similar purpose and shall be subject to such regulations as the Governor in Council may from time to time decide.

(3) Any person operating or controlling a club or taking an active interest therein or being a member, official or servant thereof who shall sell or cause to be sold any liquor on any premises occupied by a club, whether temporarily or permanently, without first obtaining a Club Licence shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance."

4. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended as follows: Fees.

"for a publicans retail licence for six months £15 : 0 : 0.
for a wholesale licence for twelve months £30 : 0 : 0.
for a club licence for twelve months £10 : 0 : 0."

but in all other respects the said section shall remain as promulgated.

5. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949. Operation.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 14th day of May, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 4



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tobacco Ordinance 1944.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tobacco (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Tobacco Ordinance 1944 hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance. Short title.

Licence fee amend-
ments.

2. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the words "three pounds" for the words "two pounds" in the fourth line thereof.

3. Section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the words "one pound and ten shillings" for the words "one pound" in the fourth line thereof.

Operation.

4. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVII.

JULY 1, 1948.

No. 8.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Luxton, Miss J.	Education	Pupil Teacher	25.5.48.	On probation for one year.
Newman, Miss F.	"	Travelling Teacher	1.6.48.	" "
Spencer, Miss I.	Medical	Nurse Probationer	1.6.48.	—
Oliver, J. P.	Agricultural	Agricultural Officer	29.6.48.	—
Cunnington, K. A.	Secretariat & Treasury	Information Officer	29.6.48.	—
Jennings, Miss Y.	Medical	Nurse Probationer	1.7.48.	—

LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Bosworthick, Miss E.	Education	Assistant Mistress	4½ months	6.6.48.	On completion of contract.
Wallace, Mrs. I.	"	Teacher	120 days	6.6.48.	—

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Biggs, G.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Messenger	15.6.48.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Sedgwick, Miss H.	Govt. House	Acting Private Secretary	31.5.48.	Resigned.
" " "	Secretariat & Treasury	Temporary Clerk	31.5.48.	"

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 38. 5th June, 1948.

As foreshadowed in his Address to the Legislative Council on the 12th of May, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following Committee to examine the Estimates of Expenditure and to make recommendations as to possible economies :-

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary,
Chairman.

The Honourable Dr. F. J. Sladen, M.R.C.S.,
L.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H., Senior Medical Officer.

The Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., J.P.,

The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton, J.P.

Mr. A. L. Hardy, B.E.M., J.P.

Mr. E. F. Lellman - Assistant Treasurer.

Mr. B. N. Biggs - Collector of Customs.

M.P. 0011/A.

No. 39. 7th June, 1948.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 21st of May, 1948, His Excellency the Governor returned from tour on the 5th of June, 1948.

M.P. P/363/II.

No. 40. 10th June, 1948.

KING'S BIRTHDAY.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to appoint

THE HONOURABLE

DR. JAMES ERIC HAMILTON, D.Sc., F.L.S.

F.Z.S., F.R.G.S., J.P.

to be a Companion of the Imperial Service Order.

M.P. 0107/C.

No. 41. 19th June, 1948.

His Excellency has been pleased to approve the award of the Efficiency Decoration to

CAPTAIN

LAWRENCE WALTER ALDRIDGE, M.B.E., J.P.
(Falkland Islands Defence Force).

M.P. P/17/II.

No. 42. 28th June, 1948.

It is hereby notified that the following policy in regard to the grant of leave to Government Officials will be adopted in future :-

- (i) there will be a limit of six months to the period of leave normally granted at any one time
- (ii) the balance will be carried forward to be enjoyed on a future occasion
- (iii) officers will normally be required to take such balance of leave during their service (i.e. prior to final retirement).

M.P. 0721.

RESOLUTION

Customs Order (No. 3) 1948.

Whereas in accordance with Section 5B of the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 Customs Order (No. 3) 1948 was submitted to the Legislative Council on the 11th June 1948.

And Whereas the Legislative Council amended the said Order.

It Was Resolved by the Legislative Council that Customs Order (No.3) 1948 as amended, be confirmed with effect from the 11th June 1948, as follows :—

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

No. 6 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Order (No. 3) Short title. 1948.
2. From and after the date of publication of this Order the Import Duties. following import duties of customs shall be payable :—

ARTICLES		RATE OF DUTY.
1. Matches, for every gross of boxes not exceeding 10,000 matches	as stated per gross boxes not exceeding 10,000 matches	10/-
Matches for every gross of boxes exceeding 10,000 matches per 10,000 matches and so on in proportion.		
PROVIDED that the tariff of import duties on matches manufactured in and consigned from any part of the British Empire shall be at ONE HALF of the General Tariff.		
2. Spirits, wines, malted liquors :		
(a) On rum, not exceeding the strength of 20 per cent under proof, and in proportion for any greater strength than 20 per cent under proof	per gallon	36/-
(b) On all other Spirits, not exceeding the strength of 20 per cent under proof, and in proportion for any greater strength than 20 per cent under proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits as ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer.	" "	52/-
(c) On British wines and all other unenumerated and unexempted beverages not liable to spirit duty.		
In cask	per gallon	4/6
In bottle	per dozen litres	13/3
" "	" " quarts	9/9
" "	" " pints	5/-

ARTICLES						RATE OF DUTY
On other wines.						
	In cask	...	...	...	per gallon	6/6
	In bottle	...	...	...	per dozen litres	19/6
	" "	...	...	...	" " quarts	14/3
	" "	...	...	...	" " pints	7/3
(d) On malt liquor, mum, spruce, cider, perry,						
	In cask	...	...	...	per gallon	1/-
	In bottle	...	...	...	per doz. reputed qts.	2/-
	" "	...	...	...	" " " pts.	1/-
3. Tobacco : Products of the British Empire. Manufactured from tobacco which is the produce of the British Empire.						
(a)	Cigars	...	...	...	per pound	19/3
(b)	Cigarettes	...	...	...	" "	9/6
(c)	Cut and manufactured tobacco, snuff, and all other unexempted tobacco	...	...	...	" "	5/7
On other tobaccos.						
(a)	Cigars	...	...	...	" "	20/-
(b)	Cigarettes	...	...	...	" "	10/-
(c)	Cut and manufactured tobacco, snuff, and all other unexempted tobacco.	...	...	...	" "	6/-

Export duties.

3. From and after the 1st day of January 1948 the following export duties shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto :—

On Wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof, one shilling and threepence.

On Whale Oil and Seal Oil :

Up to and including the 30th September, 1948, five shillings per barrel of 40 gallons.

On and after the 1st October, 1948, the duty shall be assessed on the average market price per ton for the season of first grade oil and shall be at the rate of 6d. per barrel of 40 gallons for each £5 or part of £5 of such average market price.

This duty will be levied on all whale oil produced within the Colony or its territorial waters or within any of the Dependencies or their territorial waters.

On all Whale and Seal products other than oil, sixpence per one hundred lb. weight or part thereof.

On Tallow, whether prepared from sheep or cattle, two and a half per centum of the average United Kingdom/Continent market value at the time of shipment.

In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the market price of any substance named in this Order the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final.

Import Duty exemptions.

4. The following articles shall be exempt from import duties imposed by the Customs Ordinance 1943 or any amendment thereof and by this Order :

All articles imported or taken out of bond for the use of the Governor or in recognised messes, camps and canteens by His Majesty's Navy or by overseas units of His Majesty's Army or Air Force, and all articles imported for exportation or for shipment as stores by His Majesty's Navy.

Military, Air and Naval Departments and messes purchasing any articles whatsoever duty paid for consumption within their own camps, messes or canteens shall be entitled to have the duty refunded out of the Public Treasury on the certificate of the Officer in command of any Military, Air or Naval Department, or of any of His Majesty's Ships of war.

All dutiable goods imported or taken out of bond for use on board merchant vessels outside the territorial waters of the Colony and its Dependencies subject to such conditions and limitations as to quantities as the Collector of Customs shall prescribe.

Consuls de Carrière in this Colony of any foreign countries in which is accorded or in which hereafter may be accorded to British Consular Officers the privilege of exemption from Customs Duties in respect of official goods imported into such foreign countries by His Majesty's Government for the use of His Majesty's Consulates shall have a like privilege granted to them of exemption from any duties that may be levied in this Colony on goods which may be imported by their respective governments as *bona fide* official supplies for the use of such Consuls.

Any article whatsoever imported for use of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey.

Ethyl alcohol imported with the approval of the Senior Medical Officer.

Perfumed Spirits and Cologne Water, fortified lime-juice not exceeding 15% proof spirit, and all mineral waters including material for manufacturing the same; provided that such material shall not exceed 99% of proof spirit content.

Naptha or methylic alcohol in its crude state and not fit for use as a potable spirit or for admixture with a potable spirit.

Tobacco forming an ingredient in sheep-wash, or hop-powder manufactured in bond in the United Kingdom.

Wines imported for sacramental purposes on proof to the Collector that they shall be used as such.

5. The Customs Order 1948 is hereby revoked with effect from 12th May, 1948. Revocation.

6. This Order shall apply to the Dependencies. Application.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 19th day of May, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Confirmed at a meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 11th of June, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 12th day of June, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 5



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Income Tax Ordinance 1939.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance 1939, hereinafter referred to as "the Principal Ordinance".

Rates.

2. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed and the following section substituted in lieu thereof :—

"21. (1) The tax upon the chargeable income of every person other than a company shall be charged at the following rates :—

On the first £100 of such income	...	Nil.
In respect of the excess over £100		
for every pound of the first £100	...	1/6
" " " " " next £250	...	2/-
" " " " " £250	...	2/6
" " " " " £250	...	3/-
" " " " " above £950	...	3/6

(2) The Tax upon the chargeable income of a company shall be charged at the rate of three shillings and sixpence on every pound of the chargeable income thereof."

Deduction in
respect of wife
and dependants.

3. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of "eighty" for "fifty" in the last line thereof and by the addition of the following subsections:

"15. (2) Where a widower or widow proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that he or she had during the year of assessment a female relative of his or of his deceased wife or of her or of her deceased husband resident with him or her for the purpose of taking charge of his or her children there shall be a deduction not exceeding fifty pounds in respect of that female relative or other female person :

Provided that :

- (a) no deduction shall be allowed under this section unless the claimant proves that no other person is entitled to a deduction in respect of the female relative under the provisions of this Ordinance or if any other person is entitled that he has relinquished his claim thereto; and
- (b) no deduction shall be allowed under this section where the female relative is a married woman living with her husband and the husband has claimed the allowance under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) (a) Where a claimant proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that he maintains at his own expense any person being a relative of his or of his wife who is incapacitated by old age or infirmity from maintaining himself, or his or his wife's widowed mother, whether incapacitated or not whose total income from all sources does not exceed fifty pounds a year he shall be entitled to a deduction not exceeding twenty-five pounds a year in respect of each person whom he so maintains and a like deduction shall be made in the case of a claimant who by reason of old age or infirmity is compelled to depend upon the services of a daughter resident with and maintained by him or her.

(b) Where two or more persons jointly maintain any such person as aforesaid the deduction to be made under this subsection shall be apportioned between them in proportion to the amount or value of their respective contributions towards the maintenance of that person.

(c) This subsection shall apply to a claimant being a female person as it applies to a claimant being a male person with the substitution of "husband" for "wife". "

4. Section 16 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition at the end of the first clause, of the following proviso :

Deduction in respect of children.

"Provided that where a child is receiving full time instruction at any university, college or school abroad, either wholly or partly at the expense of the claimant, the Commissioner may allow a deduction not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five pounds in respect of each such child during such period of instruction."

5. The Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1940 is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

6. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949.

Operation.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

**METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS taken at CUMBERLAND BAY, SOUTH GEORGIA,
during the year 1947.**

MONTH.	AIR PRESSURE. Mms.					AIR TEMPERATURES. °C.					PSYCHROMETER.		RAINFALL.			WEATHER.						
	MEAN.	HIGHEST & LOWEST.				MEAN.	MAX. AND MIN.				VAPOUR PRESSURE.	RELATIVE HUMIDITY.	TOTAL.	GREATEST FALL.	DATE.	DAYS OF SUNSHINE.	DAYS OF RAIN.	DRIZZLE RAIN.	DAYS OF SNOW.	DAYS OF SNOW & SLEET.	DAYS OF FOG.	DAYS OF FROST.
		HIGHEST.	DATE.	LOWEST.	DATE.		MAX.	DATE.	MIN.	DATE.												
January ...	742.8	756.0	20th	715.4	8th	4.0	13.2	30th	- 1.9	3rd	4.5	75.0	3.87"	1.00"	7th	19	8	4	14	2	24	9
February ...	743.6	761.5	16th	728.1	13th	5.1	23.7	17th	- 0.4	27th	4.6	70.0	1.77"	0.75"	5th	19	8	6	9	1	15	4
March ...	749.1	763.3	15th	727.1	21st	4.3	14.0	2nd	- 1.7	9th	4.6	75.0	2.97"	0.63"	19th	18	12	7	5	2	17	5
April ...	746.5	762.4	28th	727.8	13th	3.8	12.0	27th	- 2.7	15th	4.2	70.0	9.29"	2.76"	2nd	18	19	4	10	4	13	8
May ...	743.0	760.7	20th	718.8	10th	-0.2	10.3	3rd	-10.2	19th	3.5	75.0	9.62"	2.35"	9th	16	8	2	21	5	24	25
June ...	747.0	762.1	19th	731.4	8th	-1.7	8.4	13th	- 9.5	12th	3.3	79.0	7.23"	1.26"	26th	11	2	0	23	8	21	24
July ...	751.5	770.2	19th	734.3	7th	-1.4	11.4	15th	-10.2	31st	3.4	79.0	10.61"	3.70"	7th	19	5	0	12	3	13	24
August ...	751.0	763.3	8th	736.5	24th	-1.9	12.4	27th	-10.2	1st	3.2	81.0	2.56"	0.80"	29th	21	4	2	13	4	18	28
September	748.2	762.9	14th	733.1	1st	2.3	12.4	7th	- 6.3	14th	3.9	73.0	4.79"	1.17"	23rd	20	7	2	20	5	20	17
October ...	749.6	763.2	26th	727.3	5th	2.8	15.6	15th	- 4.3	2nd	4.3	77.0	2.79"	1.08"	17th	16	5	1	14	2	16	11
November	743.5	756.6	11th	727.4	21st	5.4	21.0	17th	- 1.7	5th	4.6	68.0	1.92"	0.54"	26th	23	11	1	6	5	14	2
December ...	740.2	757.2	24th	722.7	9th	4.2	15.4	25th	- 1.4	18th	4.3	71.0	3.09"	0.83"	21st	23	10	2	13	4	19	3
Year.	746.3					2.2 C/G.					4.0	74.0	60.51"			223	99	30	160	45	214	160

A Bill for
An Ordinance
To amend and consolidate the law as
to Firearms.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as “The Firearms Ordinance 1948”. Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance Definitions.

“Certificate” means a certificate issued by the Chief Constable that the holder thereof is permitted to have in his possession the firearms specified therein.

“Chief Constable” means the Chief Constable or officer acting in that behalf at Stanley.

“Firearms” means any lethal barrelled weapon of any description (other than a smooth bore gun with a barrel not less than 20 inches in length and an air gun) from which any shot bullet or other missile can be discharged and includes any prohibited weapon whether it is such a lethal weapon or not, any component part of such lethal or prohibited weapon and any accessory to any such weapon designed or adapted to diminish the noise or flash caused by firing the weapon.

“Firearms dealer” means a person who by way of trade or business manufactures sells transfers repairs tests or proves firearms.

“Gun” means a firearm of any description and includes an air gun air rifle or air pistol.

“Imitation firearm” means anything which has the appearance of being a firearm whether or not it is capable of discharging any shot bullet or other missile.

“Licence” means a licence issued by the Chief Constable authorising the holder to carry a gun.

“Prohibited ammunition” means any ammunition containing or designed or adapted to contain any noxious liquid gas or other thing.

“Prohibited weapon” means (a) any firearm which is so designed or adapted that if pressure is applied to the trigger, missiles continue to be discharged until pressure is removed from the trigger or the magazine containing the missiles is empty or (b) any weapon of whatever description designed or adapted for the discharge of any noxious liquid gas or other thing.

“Public place” means any street, road, footway or open and public place in Stanley to which the public have or are permitted to have access.

“Registered” in relation to a firearms dealer means registered with the Chief Constable.

PART I.

REGISTRATION.

Penalty for purchasing or possessing firearms or ammunition without a Certificate.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance no person shall purchase, acquire, or have in his possession any firearm to which this part of the Ordinance applies without holding a Certificate in force at the time or otherwise than as authorised by such certificate.

(2) Every holder of any firearm shall obtain a certificate not later than the 31st day of December 1948.

(3) Any person who purchases or is in possession of any firearm without a certificate after the 31st day of December 1948 or fails to comply with the conditions of such certificate shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Grant renewal variation or revocation of Certificate.

4. (1) An application for the grant of a certificate shall be made on the form issued for that purpose by the Chief Constable and shall state such particulars as may be required.

(2) A certificate shall be granted by the Chief Constable if he is satisfied that the applicant has good reason for having in his possession the firearm in respect of which the application is made and can be permitted to have the same without danger to the public peace or safety :

Provided that a certificate shall not be granted to a person whom the Chief Constable has reason to believe to be of intemperate habits or unsound mind or to be for any reason unfitted to be entrusted with any firearm.

(3) A certificate shall specify the conditions (if any) subject to which it is held the nature and number of the firearms to which it relates.

(4) An applicant shall pay the sum of five shillings upon the grant of a certificate irrespective of the number of firearms to which it relates.

(5) A certificate shall unless previously revoked or cancelled continue in force for three years from the date when it was granted or last renewed and shall be renewable for a further period of three years and from time to time and the foregoing provisions shall apply to the renewal as they apply to the grant of a certificate.

(6) The Chief Constable may at any time by notice in writing vary the conditions subject to which the certificate is held and may by notice require the holder to deliver up the certificate to him within 21 days of the date of the notice for the purpose of amending the conditions therein specified.

(7) The Chief Constable may revoke a certificate if

- (a) he is satisfied that the holder is of intemperate habits or unsound mind or is otherwise unfitted to be entrusted with a firearm; or
- (b) the holder fails to comply with a notice under sub-section (6) of this section requiring him to deliver up the certificate.

(8) Any person aggrieved by a refusal of the Chief Constable to grant him a certificate or renew a certificate or by the revocation of a certificate may appeal to the Magistrate.

(9) The Chief Constable shall, when he revokes a certificate, by notice in writing require the holder to surrender the certificate and if the holder fails to do so within 21 days of the date

of the notice he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

(10) Any person who makes a statement which he knows to be false for the purpose of procuring whether for himself or any other person the grant of a certificate shall be liable for each offence on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 or both such imprisonment and fine.

5. The following persons shall be exempt from the requirements of Section 3 of this Ordinance Exemptions.

- (1) a registered firearms dealer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business
- (2) an auctioneer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business.
- (3) a person who has been granted a permit by the Chief Constable to have in his possession a slaughtering instrument
- (4) a person carrying a firearm belonging to another person holding a certificate may without himself holding a certificate have in his possession that firearm under instructions from and for the use of that other person for sporting purposes only
- (5) a member of his Majesty's forces or a member of the police force in respect of any firearm entrusted to such member in the course of his official duties.
- (6) a member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force in respect of any firearm certified by the Commanding Officer thereof as being used by such member for the sole purpose of target shooting.

6. (1) Any constable or customs officer may demand the production of a certificate from a person whom he believes to be in possession of a firearm. Production of Certificate.

(2) If any person upon whom a demand is so made fails to produce the certificate or to permit the constable or customs officer to read the certificate or to show that he is exempt from holding a certificate under Section 5 of this Ordinance, the constable or customs officer may seize and detain the firearm and may require that person to declare to him immediately his name and address.

(3) Any person who refuses so to declare his name and address or fails to give his true name and address shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 and the constable or customs officer may apprehend without warrant any person who refuses so to declare his name or address or of intending to abscond.

7. (1) No person shall by way of trade or business

- (a) manufacture sell transfer repair test or prove; or
- (b) expose for sale or transfer or have in his possession for sale, transfer, repair, test, or prove any firearms unless he is registered as a firearms dealer.

Penalty for manufacturing etc. firearms without being registered.

Provided that it shall be lawful for an auctioneer to have in his possession for sale by auction and to sell by auction such firearm if he has obtained from the Chief Constable a permit for that purpose.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section or makes any statement which he knows to be false for the purpose of procuring whether for himself or some other person the grant of a permit shall for each offence be liable on summary

Registration of
firearms dealers.

conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

8. (1) The Chief Constable shall keep a register of firearms dealers and shall enter therein such particulars as may be required by him of any person applying for registration :

Provided that the Chief Constable may refuse to register an applicant if he is satisfied that the applicant cannot be permitted to carry on business as a firearms dealer without danger to the public peace or safety.

(2) An annual fee of £1 shall be paid by each registered firearms dealer.

(3) The Chief Constable may after giving reasonable notice to any person whose name is on the register if satisfied that that person

(a) is no longer carrying on business as a firearms dealer; or

(b) cannot be permitted to continue to carry on business as a firearms dealer without danger to the public peace or safety

cause the name of that person to be removed from the register.

(4) Any person aggrieved by a refusal by the Chief Constable to register him as a firearms dealer or by the removal of his name from the register may appeal to the Magistrate.

(5) Any person who for the purpose of procuring the registration of himself or any other person as a firearms dealer makes any statement which he knows to be false he shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Register of trans-
actions in firearms.

9. (1) A registered firearms dealer shall provide and keep a register of transactions and shall within 24 hours of each transaction enter such particulars relative thereto as may be required by any regulation made under this Ordinance or by the Chief Constable.

(2) A registered firearms dealer shall allow the Chief Constable at all reasonable times to inspect all stock in hand and the register required to be kept as aforesaid.

(3) Any person who fails to comply with any provisions of this section or knowingly makes any false entry in the said register shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Offence by registered
firearms dealer.

10. When a registered firearms dealer is convicted of an offence against this Ordinance or an offence against the Customs Ordinance relating to the import or export of firearms the Court may order that his name be removed from the register and that any stock in hand in the business shall be disposed of by sale or otherwise in accordance with such directions as may be contained in the order.

Provided that any person aggrieved by such an order may appeal to the Supreme Court and the Court may suspend the order pending the appeal.

PART II.

LICENCES.

Gun licences.

11. Any person who shall carry a gun otherwise than in a dwelling house or outbuilding yard and enclosed ground adjoining the house without having in force a licence shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

12. (1) A licence shall be granted by the Chief Constable Grant of licence etc..

Provided that a licence shall not be granted to a person whom the Chief Constable has reason to believe to be a person of intemperate habits or unsound mind or to be for any reason unfitted to be entrusted with a gun.

(2) A licence shall remain in force for one year expiring on the 31st day of December in each year and a fee of five shillings shall be paid in respect of each year or part of a year during which a licence is held.

(3) The Chief Constable may for any good and sufficient reason revoke any licence if he considers that the grant of it would constitute a danger to public peace or safety.

(4) Any person aggrieved by a refusal of the Chief Constable to grant him a licence or by the revocation of a licence may appeal to the Magistrate.

(5) On conviction for an offence involving the use of a gun under the Wild Animals and Birds Protection Ordinance 1913 or any amendment thereof the Court may revoke the licence.

13. The following persons shall be exempt from the requirements of Section 11 of this Ordinance. Exemptions.

(1) a registered firearms dealer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business.

(2) a member of His Majesty's forces or a member of the police force in respect of any gun entrusted to such member in the course of his official duties.

(3) a member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force in respect of any gun certified by the Commanding Officer thereof as being used by such member for the sole purpose of target shooting.

14. Any constable or customs officer may require any person using or carrying a gun to produce a licence or to show that he is exempt under Section 13 of this Ordinance and if a person not so exempt shall not produce a licence or permit the constable or officer to read such licence or fail on demand to declare immediately his true name and address he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of £10. Production of licence.

PART III.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS AS TO FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.

15. Any person who shall manufacture, sell, transfer, procure, or otherwise have in his possession any prohibited firearm or ammunition without the written permission of the Governor the Admiralty the Army Council or the Air Council or who shall fail to comply with any condition imposed in respect thereof shall be liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or on summary conviction to imprisonment to a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 or both such imprisonment and fine. Prohibited firearms and ammunition.

16. (1) No person under the age of 17 years shall purchase or hire any firearm and no person shall sell or let on hire any firearm to any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be under the age of 17 years. Restriction on sale or purchase of firearms by young persons.

(2) No person under the age of 14 years shall accept as a gift or borrow or have in his possession any firearm and no person shall give or lend or part with the possession of any such firearm to any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be under the age of 14 years.

(3) Any person contravening any provision of this section shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Prohibition on sale etc., to drunk or insane persons.

17. Any person who sells or transfers any firearm or ammunition to, or repairs proves or tests any firearm or ammunition for, any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be drunk or of unsound mind shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or for a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Penalty for possessing firearms with intent to injure.

18. Any person who has in his possession any firearms or ammunition with intent by means thereof to endanger life or cause serious injury to property or to enable any other person by means thereof to endanger life or cause serious injury to property shall whether or not any injury to person or property has been caused be guilty of felony and on conviction on indictment be liable to penal servitude for a term not exceeding 14 years.

Penalty for use and possession of firearms or imitation firearms in certain cases.

19. Any person who makes or attempts to make any use whatever of a firearm or imitation firearm with intent to resist or prevent the lawful apprehension or detention of himself or any other person shall on conviction on indictment be liable to penal servitude for a term not exceeding 14 years.

Provisions as to shooting guns and converting imitation firearms into firearms.

20. Any person other than a registered firearms dealer who shall shorten the barrel of a smooth bore gun to a length of less than 20 inches or shall convert into a firearm any thing which though having the appearance of being a firearm is so constructed as to be incapable of discharging any missile through the barrel thereof shall for each offence be liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to a fine not exceeding £100 or both such fine and imprisonment or on summary conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £50 or both such fine and imprisonment.

Discharging firearms.

21. Any person who discharges any gun in a public place other than a shot gun or air gun on Stanley Common, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

PART IV.

GENERAL.

Forfeiture of firearms and cancellation of certificate.

22. (1) When a person is convicted of any offence against Part I of this Ordinance the Court may make such order as to the forfeiture and disposal of the firearm or ammunition as it may think fit and may cancel the certificate held by the person convicted.

(2) Whenever the Court shall cancel a certificate under this section the Chief Constable shall by notice in writing require the holder to surrender it and should the holder fail to do so within 21 days from the date of such notice he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

Search for and disposal of firearms or ammunition.

23. (1) A Justice of the Peace may if satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence against this Ordinance has been, is being or is about to be committed grant a search warrant authorising any constable named therein

- (a) to enter at any time any premises or place named in the warrant, if necessary by force, and to search the premises or place and every person found therein; and

- (b) to seize and detain any firearms or ammunition which he may find on the premises or place or on any such person in respect of which he has reasonable grounds for suspecting that an offence under this Ordinance has been or is being or is about to be committed; and
- (c) if the premises are those of a registered firearms dealer to examine any books relating to the business.

(2) The constable may arrest without warrant any person found on the premises whom he has reason to believe to be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance.

(3) The court may order any firearm or ammunition seized and detained by a constable under this Ordinance to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of.

24. Summary proceedings for an offence under this Ordinance shall not be instituted more than six months after commission of the offence.

Summary proceedings.

25. (1) The Governor may by proclamation prohibit

- (a) the exportation of firearms or ammunition to any country or place therein
- (b) coastwise traffic in firearms and ammunition.

Power of Governor as to Proclamations and Regulations.

(2) Any person who contravenes the terms of any Proclamation shall be liable on summary conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 for each firearm or parcel of ammunition in respect of which the offence is committed or both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the effective administration of this Ordinance.

26. This Ordinance shall come into force on the date of publication and shall apply to the Dependencies of the Colony.

Application.

27. The Firearms Ordinance 1930 and Section 49 (e) of the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902 are hereby repealed.

Repeals.
No. 5 of 1930,
No. 5 of 1932,
(Section 49 (e))



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVII.

AUGUST 3, 1948.

No. 9.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Barnes, B.	Harbour	Deckhand, Grade III. (Technical)	1.7.48.	—
Livermore, A. E.	Public Works	General Foreman (Development Programme)	19.7.48.	—
Slessor, R. S., M.B., Ch.B.	Medical	Senior Medical Officer	19.7.48.	Assumed charge of Medical Dept. 1.8.48.

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Osborne, D.	Meteorological	Cadet	1.2.48.	—
Rowlands, H.	Secretariat & Treasury	Clerk, Grade V.	1.2.48.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 43. 9th July, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 50 of the 1st of August, 1947, His Excellency has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the Labour Advisory Board with effect from today's date :—

Mr. W. H. Sedgwick (*vice* Mr. G. Brechin)
Mr. M. J. Luxton (*vice* Mr. W. P. Hills).

M.P. 97/41.

No. 44. 10th July, 1948.

Under the provisions of Section 2 of the Registration Ordinance, No. 12 of 1853, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

MR. WILLIAM BLEAKER MYLES,

W/T Operator, Fox Bay, to be District Registrar

for the West Falklands with effect from the 24th of May, 1948.

M.P. P/13.

No. 45. 23rd July, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following to be members of a Committee to report upon cost of living in the Falkland Islands :—

Dr. J. E. Hamilton, I.S.O., D.Sc., F.L.S.,
F.Z.S., F.R.G.S., J.P. *Chairman.*

Mr. S. C. Aldridge

Mrs. F. Barnes

Mrs. E. Biggs

Mr. C. Clifton

Mr. S. C. Luxton

The Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., J.P.

M.P. 0743.

REGISTRAR.*Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 11.*

Mr. William B. Myles, Deputy Registrar, Fox Bay, is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of celebrating the marriage of Anthony Terence Felton and Winifred Dorothy Jones at Fox Bay.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar General.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

George Stewart Duncan, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Cathrina Alice Christ, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

7th July, 1948.

L. 25/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Celina Margaret Anna Halliday, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas John Arthur Leslie Halliday, son of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters

of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

8th July, 1948.

L. 26/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Ferguson, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Ethel Mary Ferguson, wife of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

27th July, 1948.

L. 24/48.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

No. 7 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 3 of the Government Employees Provident Fund Ordinance 1938, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council. His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered :

That after the date of this Order no person shall be permitted to become a depositor in the Government Employees Provident Fund under the provision of the Order made by the Governor in Council at a meeting held on the 18th day of April, 1939.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 3rd day of July, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0146.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others ;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 7th day of July, 1948, for the purpose of visiting the United Kingdom ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 6th day of July, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Workmen's Compensation Regulations, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 9 of 1948.

His Excellency the Governor in exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 33 of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations.

Short title.

1. These Regulations shall be cited as "The Workmen's Compensation Regulations 1948".

Definitions.

2. Unless the context otherwise admits —

(a) "the Ordinance" means the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937 ;

(b) "form" means a form in these Regulations.

PART I.

PROCEDURE.

Applications.

3. Any application made under Section 22 of the Ordinance shall unless the Commissioner otherwise directs, be made on forms A, B or C as the case may be, signed by the applicant and filed with the Registrar.

The Registrar shall forthwith inform the Commissioner of any such application.

Examination of applicant.

4. The Commissioner may examine an applicant on oath and shall record any such examination in the manner provided in Section 25 of the Ordinance.

Summary dismissal of application.

5. The Commissioner shall consider the application and the record of the substance of any examination of the applicant, and may summarily dismiss the application, if, for reasons to be recorded, he is of opinion that there are not sufficient grounds for proceeding thereon, and the Registrar shall forthwith notify the applicant or the legal practitioner or other person acting on behalf of the applicant of such summary dismissal of the application.

Preliminary inquiry into application.

6. If the application is not dismissed under Regulation 5, the Commissioner may direct the Registrar to call upon the applicant to produce to the Registrar evidence in support of the application before calling upon any other party, and, if upon considering such evidence, the Commissioner is of opinion that there is no case for the relief claimed he may dismiss the application with a brief statement of his reasons for so doing.

Notice to opposite party.

7. If the Commissioner does not dismiss the application under Regulation 5 or Regulation 6, the Registrar shall cause to be served on the party from whom the applicant claims relief (hereinafter referred to as the respondent) a copy of the application, and may, if he thinks fit, call upon the respondent to file a written statement dealing with the claims within such time as the Registrar may fix.

Statement of respondent.

8. The respondent may, and if so required by the Registrar, shall, within such time as the Registrar may fix, file a written statement dealing with the claims raised in the application, and any such written statement shall form part of the record.

9. Where the respondent claims that if compensation is recovered against him he will be entitled under Section 12 subsection (2) of the Ordinance to be indemnified by a person not being a party to the case (hereinafter referred to as the third party), he shall, within ten days after being served with the copy of the application, file a notice of such claim with the Registrar, and the Registrar shall thereupon cause a copy of the notice of such claim in Form D to be served on the third party, and may, if he thinks fit, call upon him to file a written statement dealing with the claim raised in the application within such time as the Registrar may direct.

Indemnity under Section 12 (2) of the Ordinance.

10. If the respondent or the third party fails to file a statement dealing with the claim within the time directed by the Registrar or by the Commissioner on an application to enlarge the time he shall be taken to admit the claim.

Failure of respondent or third party to file statement.

11. If the respondent or the third party admits the claim, he may at any time before the first hearing -

Claim admitted.

(a) Where the application is made by an injured workman -

(i) file with the Registrar a notice that he submits to an order for the payment of a half-monthly sum, to be specified in such notice; or

(ii) file with the Registrar a notice that he submits to an order for the payment of a lump sum, to be specified in the notice, and pay such sum into Court.

(b) Where the application is made on behalf of the dependants of a deceased workman, or for the settlement of the sum payable in respect of medical attendance and the burial of a deceased workman who leaves no dependants, file with the Registrar that he admits liability, and pay into Court such sum of money as he considers sufficient to cover his liability in the circumstances of the case.

12. Where it is necessary to proceed to a hearing, the Registrar shall fix a date and place for disposing of the application and of the claim for indemnity, if any, and cause notice thereof to be served on the different parties in Form E calling upon them to attend and to produce any evidence which they may wish to tender.

Hearing.

13. If at the hearing or any adjournment thereof the applicant does not appear the Commissioner shall dismiss the application unless he is satisfied there is reasonable cause for such non-appearance when he may adjourn the hearing on such terms as to costs or otherwise as he may deem just.

Non-appearance of applicant.

14. If at the hearing or any adjournment thereof the respondent or third party does not appear the Commissioner may proceed to hear the case in his absence unless he is satisfied there is reasonable cause for such non-appearance when he may adjourn the hearing on such terms as to costs or otherwise as he may deem just.

Non-appearance of respondent or third party.

15. (1) The Commissioner may at any time enter the place where the workman was injured, or where the workman ordinarily performed his work, for the purpose of making a local inspection, provided that the Commissioner shall not enter any premises of any industrial establishment except during the ordinary working hours of that establishment, save with the permission of the employer or of some person directly responsible to him for the management of the establishment.

Local inspection.

(2) The Commissioner shall give the parties or their representatives notice of his intention to conduct a local inspection,

unless in his opinion the urgency of the case renders the giving of such notice impracticable.

(3) Such notice may be given orally or in writing, and, in the case of an employer, may be given to any person upon whom notice of a claim can be served under Section 10 of the Ordinance, or to the representative of any such person.

(4) Any party or the representative of any party, may accompany the Commissioner at a local inspection.

Connected cases.

16. Where two or more cases pending before the Commissioner arise out of the same accident, and any issue involved is common to two or more such cases, such cases may, so far as the evidence bearing on such issue is concerned, be taken together.

Witnesses.

17. The Registrar shall upon application by any party issue summons for the appearance of witnesses on payment of the prescribed fees and expenses unless the Commissioner considers the appearance of such witnesses unnecessary.

Record of findings and orders.

18. (1) The Commissioner shall :

- (a) record concisely his findings and his reasons for such findings,
- (b) at the time of making his order pronounce his decision and thereafter no addition or alteration shall be made to the order other than the correction of a clerical or arithmetical mistake arising from an accidental slip or omission.

(2) Orders shall be in one of the forms in Form F with any necessary variations.

Filing and service of documents.

19. (1) Any document to be filed under these Regulations may be so filed by delivering it at the office of the Registrar.

(2) There shall be filed with the original document as many copies of the document as there are persons on whom copies of the documents are to be served, and in addition a copy for the use of the Commissioner.

(3) Any document to be served under the Ordinance or these Regulations upon any person shall be served –

- (a) upon the Crown, by service upon the Head of the Government Department in which the applicant was employed at the time of the accident, or by leaving it at the office of such Head of Department;
- (b) upon an individual, by service upon him personally or by leaving it with a responsible person at his last known place of abode or business;
- (c) upon a corporate body by service on the Secretary or by leaving it with a responsible person at the Registered office of such corporate body;
- (d) upon a Club by service on the Secretary or any member of the Managing Committee;
- (e) upon the master of a ship or a person belonging to a ship, by service on such master or person or by leaving the document for such master or person on board the ship with the person being or appearing to be in command or charge of the ship, or where no such person can be found, by fixing a copy of the document to the mast of the ship.

(4) All service shall be effected –

- (a) in Stanley and its immediate vicinity by a member of the Police Force.

- (b) out of Stanley and its immediate vicinity by a person appointed by the Registrar who shall make a return of the service within two days in the case of service in Stanley and within fourteen days in the case of service out of Stanley in Form G, sworn before a Justice of the Peace.

20. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Ordinance or these Regulations, the Rules of the Magistrate's Court as to enforcing the attendance of witnesses, compelling the production of documents and material objects, administering oaths, taking evidence, amending any defect or error in any proceeding, enlarging the time appointed for taking any proceeding or doing any act, and the representation of persons under disability shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to proceedings before the Commissioner.

Application of Magistrate's Court Rules.

21. The provisions of this part of these Regulations shall, as far as may be, apply in any proceedings relating to the apportionment of compensation among dependants of a deceased workman.

Apportionment of compensation.

PART II.

EMPLOYER.

22. Any employer to whom notice of an accident has been given may at any time, notwithstanding the fact that no claim for compensation has been instituted in respect of such accident file with the Registrar a memorandum, supported by an affidavit made by himself or by any person having knowledge of the facts stated in the memorandum, embodying the circumstances or cause of the accident and such memorandum shall be recorded by the Registrar.

Right to file memorandum.

PART III.

MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

23. A workman who is required by Section 11 subsection (1) of the Ordinance to submit himself for medical examination shall be bound to do so in accordance with the Regulations contained in this Part and not otherwise.

Submission to be in accordance with Regulations.

24. When such workman is present on the employer's premises, and the employer offers to have him examined free of charge by a qualified medical practitioner who is so present, the workman shall submit himself for examination forthwith.

Examination on employer's premises.

25. In cases to which Regulation 24 does not apply, the employer may :-

Examination in other cases.

- (a) send the medical practitioner to the place where the workman is residing for the time being, in which case the workman shall submit himself for medical examination on being requested to do so by the medical practitioner; or
- (b) send to the workman an offer in writing to have him examined free of charge by a qualified medical practitioner, in which case the workman shall submit himself for medical examination at the employer's premises, or at such other place in the vicinity as is specified in such offer, and at such time as is so specified ;

Provided that :-

- (i) the time so specified shall not, save with the express consent of the workman, be between the hours of 7 p.m. and 8 a.m.; and

- (ii) in cases where the workman's condition renders it impossible or inadvisable that he should leave the place where he is residing for the time being, he shall not be required to submit himself for medical examination save at such place of residence.

Restriction on number of examinations.

26. A workman who is in receipt of a half monthly payment shall not be required to submit himself for medical examination elsewhere than at the place where he is residing for the time being more than twice in the first month following the accident or more than once in any subsequent month.

After suspension of right to compensation.

27. If a workman whose right to compensation has been suspended under Section 11 subsection (2) or (3) of the Ordinance subsequently offers himself for medical examination, his examination shall take place on the employer's premises or at such other place in the vicinity as may be fixed by the employer.

PART IV.

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.

Form.

28. A memorandum of agreement sent to the Commissioner under Section 28 (1) of the Ordinance shall unless the Commissioner otherwise directs be in duplicate and conform with forms H, J, and K as the circumstances may require.

Where Commissioner proposes to record memorandum.

29. The Commissioner shall unless he considers that there are no grounds for refusing to record a memorandum of agreement direct the Registrar to fix a day for recording the same, and the Registrar shall accordingly issue a notice in writing in Form L to the parties concerned that in default of objections the Commissioner proposes to record the memorandum on the day so fixed, provided that the notice may be communicated orally to any parties who are present at the time when notice in writing would otherwise issue.

(2) On the date so fixed the Commissioner shall direct the Registrar to record the memorandum unless, after hearing any of the parties who appear and desire to be heard, he considers that it ought not to be recorded, provided that the issue of a notice under subsection (1) of this Regulation shall not be deemed to prevent the Commissioner from refusing to record the memorandum on the date so fixed, even if no objection be made by any party concerned.

(3) If on such date the Commissioner decides that the memorandum ought not to be recorded, he shall inform the parties present of his decision and of the reasons therefor, and if any party desiring the memorandum to be recorded is not present, the Registrar shall send information to that party in Form M.

Where Commissioner considers he should refuse to record.

30. (1) Where the Commissioner considers there are grounds for refusing to record a memorandum of agreement the Registrar shall fix a date for hearing the party or parties desiring the memorandum to be recorded, and the Registrar shall inform such party or parties and, if the Commissioner thinks fit, any other party concerned, of the date so fixed and of the grounds on which the Commissioner considers that the memorandum should not be recorded.

(2) If the parties to be informed are not present, a written notice shall be sent to them in Form N or Form O, as the case may be, and the date fixed in such notice shall be not less than seven days after the date of the issue of the same.

(3) If on the date fixed under subsection (1) of this Regulation the party or parties desiring the memorandum to be recorded show adequate cause for recording the same, the Commissioner may, if information has already been given to all the parties concerned, direct the Registrar to record the agreement. If informa-

tion has not been given to all such parties, he shall proceed in accordance with Regulation 29.

(4) If, on the date so fixed, the Commissioner refuses to record the memorandum, the Registrar shall send notice in Form M to any party who did not receive information under subsection (1) of this Regulation.

31. (1) If in any case the Commissioner refuses to record a memorandum of agreement, he shall briefly record his reasons for such refusal. On refusal to record.

(2) If the Commissioner refuses to record a memorandum of agreement, he shall not make any order directing the payment of any sum or amount over and above the sum specified in the agreement, unless opportunity has been given to the party liable to pay such sum to show cause why it should not be paid.

(3) Where the agreement is for the redemption of half-monthly payments by the payment of a lump sum, and the Commissioner considers that the memorandum of agreement should not be recorded by reason of the inadequacy of the amount of such sum as fixed in the agreement, he shall record his estimate of the probable duration of the disablement of the workman.

32. In recording a memorandum of agreement, the Registrar shall enter the same in a register in Form P and shall endorse a copy of the memorandum to be retained by him as follows :- Registration.

"This memorandum of agreement bearing Serial No. _____ of 19 _____ in the register of agreements has been recorded this day of _____ 19 _____.

(Signature)

Registrar."

PART V.

DEPOSIT OF COMPENSATION.

33. An employer depositing compensation under Section 8 subsection (1) of the Ordinance shall furnish therewith a statement in Form Q, and shall be given a receipt in Form R. Under Section 8 (1) of the Ordinance.

(2) If, in the statement above referred to, the employer indicates that he desires to be made a party to the distribution proceedings, the Commissioner shall, before allotting the sum deposited as compensation, afford to the employer an opportunity of establishing that the person or persons to whom he proposes to allot such sum is or are not dependants of the deceased workman.

(3) The statement of disbursements to be furnished on application by the employer under Section 8 subsection (5) of the Ordinance shall be in Form S.

34. The Registrar shall cause to be displayed in a prominent position outside his office an accurate list of the deposits received by him under Section 8 subsection (1) of the Ordinance of the depositors, and of the workmen in respect of whose death the deposits have been made. Publication of lists of deposits.

35. (1) Where a dependant of a deceased workman claims that compensation is payable in respect of the death of the workman, and no compensation has been deposited in accordance with Section 8 sub-section (1) of the Ordinance in respect thereof, the dependant may apply to the Commissioner for the issue of an order requiring the employer to deposit compensation in accordance with the said subsection, provided that no such application shall be entertained unless the applicant certifies therein that he has requested the Where no compensation deposited.

employer to deposit compensation and that the employer has refused or omitted to do so.

(2) The Commissioner shall dispose of such application in accordance with the provisions of Part I of these Regulations provided that :—

- (a) the Commissioner may, at any time, cause notice to be given in such manner as he thinks fit to all or any of the dependants of the deceased workman who have not joined in the application, requiring them, if they desire to join therein, to appear before him on a date specified in this behalf;
- (b) any dependant to whom such notice has been given and who fails to appear and to join in the application on the date specified in a notice shall not be permitted thereafter to claim that the employer is liable to deposit compensation, unless he satisfies the Commissioner that he was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the cause was called on for hearing.

(3) If, after completing the inquiry into the application, the Commissioner issues an order requiring the employer to deposit compensation in accordance with Section 8 subsection (1) of the Ordinance, nothing in subsection (2) of this Regulation shall be deemed to prohibit the allotment of any part of the sum deposited as compensation to a dependant of the deceased workman who failed to join in the application.

Deposit under Section 8 (2) and (3) of the Ordinance.

36. An employer depositing compensation in accordance with Section 8 subsections (2) or (3) of the Ordinance shall furnish therewith a statement in Form T and shall be given the receipt in Form U.

Investment.

37. Money deposited under Section 8 of the Ordinance may be invested in the name of the Registrar in the Government Savings Bank.

PART VI.

REVIEW OF HALF YEARLY PAYMENTS AND COMMUTATION THEREOF.

Application for review without medical certificate.

38. Application in Form V for review of a half-monthly payment under Section 6 of the Ordinance may be made without being accompanied by medical certificate :—

- (a) by the employer, on the ground that since the right to compensation was determined the workman's wages have increased;
- (b) by the workman, on the ground that since the right to compensation was determined his wages have diminished;
- (c) by the workman, on the ground that the employer, having commenced to pay compensation, has ceased to pay the same, notwithstanding the fact that there has been no change in the workman's condition such as to warrant such cessation;
- (d) by the workman, on the ground that he has ceased, since the right to compensation was determined, to be a minor;
- (e) either by the employer or by the workman on the ground that the determination of the rate of compensation was obtained by fraud or undue influence or other improper means.

39. If, on examining an application for review by an employer in which the reduction or discontinuance of half-monthly payments is sought, it appears to the Commissioner that there is reasonable ground for believing that the employer has a right to such reduction or discontinuance, he may at any time issue an order withholding the half-monthly payments in whole or in part pending his decision on the application.

Procedure on application for review.

40. Where application is made to the Commissioner under Section 7 of the Ordinance for the redemption of a right to receive half-monthly payments by the payment of a lump sum, the Commissioner shall form an estimate of the probable duration of the disablement, and shall award a sum equivalent to the total of the half-monthly payments which would be payable for the period during which he estimates that the disablement will continue, less one half per cent. of that total for each month comprised in that period, provided that fractions of a shilling included in the sum so computed shall be disregarded, provided also that when the Commissioner is unable to form an approximate estimate of the probable duration of the disablement he may from time to time postpone a decision on the application for a period not exceeding two months at any one time.

Procedure on application for commutation.

PART VII.

REGISTRAR.

41. The Registrar shall endorse the date of filing or issuance on all proceedings and notices filed with or issued by him.

Proceedings.

42. In recording an order of the Commissioner under Section 21 of the Ordinance, directing the payment of compensation for the variation of the amount or rate of compensation previously ordered or settled by agreement, the Registrar shall enter such order in a register in the Form W, and shall endorse on a copy of the order to be retained by him as follows:—

Registration of orders.

“This order bearing Serial No. of 19 in the register of orders has been recorded in such register this day of , 19 .

(Signature)

Registrar.”

43. The Registrar shall enter all proceedings hereafter to be commenced in a Cause Book, the form of which shall be prescribed by the Commissioner; any entry made therein shall be examined with the original document the day after such entry is made, and such entry shall be evidence of the document having been filed.

Cause Book.

44. The Registrar shall keep the registers prescribed by Regulations 33 and 42 and shall make the appropriate entries therein in accordance with the requirements of the said Regulations.

Registers.

45. The Registrar shall keep proper indexes of the titles of all applications filed with or delivered to him so that the same may be conveniently referred to when required; and such indexes shall at all times during office hours be accessible to the public on payment of the prescribed fee.

Indexes.

46. The Registrar shall, on a request in writing giving sufficient particulars and on payment of the prescribed fee, cause a search to be made in the Cause Books or Registers under his custody, and issue a certificate of the result of the search.

Searches.

47. Any person may on payment of the prescribed fee inspect the file of documents or proceedings in any matter.

Inspection of files.

PART VIII.

COSTS.

Costs.

48. (1) Any costs incidental to any proceedings before the Commissioner directed to be paid by one party to another shall, in default of agreement between the parties as to the amount of such costs, be taxed by the Commissioner according to the scale of costs applicable to actions in the Magistrate's Court; and the statutory provisions and rules for the time being in force as to the allowance and taxation of costs in such actions, shall with the necessary modifications, apply accordingly.

(2) When proceedings are taken for which no provision is made by these Regulations, reasonable costs may be allowed in respect of such proceedings, not exceeding those which may under the scales of costs be allowed in respect of proceedings of a like nature.

(3) The Commissioner, in dealing with the question of costs may take into consideration any offer of compensation proved to have been made on behalf of the employer.

Exemptions.

49. If the Commissioner is satisfied that the applicant is unable, by reason of poverty, to pay the prescribed fees, he may remit any or all of such fees. If the case is decided in favour of the applicant the prescribed fees which, had they not been remitted, would have been due to be paid may be added to the costs of the case and recovered in such manner as the Commissioner in his order regarding costs may direct.

PART IX.

FEES.

Fees.

50. The following fees shall be paid respectively on each application, search or inspection made under the Ordinance or these Regulations :

- | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|----------------|
| I. Applications for compensation – | | | |
| (a) Where compensation is claimed in the form of recurring payments | ... | ... | 5/- |
| (b) Where compensation is claimed in the form of a lump sum 2/6 where the sum does not exceed £50, plus 2/6 for each additional sum of £50, or fraction thereof (maximum 10/-). | | | |
| II. Application for commutation – | | | |
| (a) By agreement between the parties | ... | ... | 2/6 |
| (b) In all other cases | ... | ... | 5/- |
| III. Applications for the deposit of compensation – | | | |
| (a) Under Section 8 (1) of the Ordinance | ... | ... | Nil. |
| (b) In all other cases, in respect of each person to whom compensation is payable | ... | ... | 2/6 |
| IV. Applications for distributing by dependants, for each dependant | ... | ... | 2/6 up to 15/- |
| V. Applications for review – | | | |
| (a) Where the review claimed is the continuance, increase, decrease or ending of half-monthly payments | ... | ... | 2/6 |
| (b) Where the half-monthly payments are sought to be converted into a lump sum | ... | ... | 5/- |
| (c) In all other cases | ... | ... | 5/- |

VI.	Applications for the registration of agreement –	
	(a) Where the application or the memorandum of agreement is signed by both parties ...	Nil.
	(b) In all other cases ...	5/-
VII.	Applications to summon witnesses –	
	For every witness ...	1/-
VIII.	Applications for indemnification ...	10/-
IX.	Applications for the recovery of compensation –	
	(a) Under an order already made by the Commissioner ...	2/6
	(b) In all other cases –	
	The same fee as is payable on a similar application for compensation.	
X.	All applications not otherwise provided for ...	2/6
XI.	For service of any notice or process ...	2/6
XII.	For search in indexes of titles of application filed	2/6
XIII.	For search in Cause Books or Registers and issuing certificate of result of search under the hand of the Registrar ...	2/6
XIV.	For inspecting file of documents or proceedings	2/6.

PART X.

FORMS.

51. Where the forms in the schedule to these Regulations are not applicable, forms of the like character, with such variations as the circumstances may require, may be used in proceedings under the Ordinance.

PART XI.

COMMENCEMENT.

52. These Regulations shall come into force on the day of publication of which judicial notice shall be taken.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a Meeting held on the 11th day of May, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0038.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

(See Regulation 3)

APPLICATION FOR COMPENSATION BY WORKMAN.

To the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation,

residing at
, applicant

versus

residing at
, respondent

It is hereby submitted that -

(1) the applicant, a workman employed by a contractor with the respondent on the day of 19 , received personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment.

The cause of the injury was (here insert briefly in ordinary language the cause of the injury).

(2) the applicant sustained the following injuries, namely :-

(3) the monthly wages of the applicant amount to £ the applicant is
over the age of 18 years.
under

- *(4) (a) Notice of the accident was served on the day of
(b) Notice was served as soon as practicable.
(c) Notice of the accident was not served (in due time) by reason of

- *(5) the applicant is accordingly entitled to receive -
(a) half-monthly payments of £ from the day of
19 , to
(b) a lump sum payment of £

(6) the applicant has taken the following steps to secure a settlement by agreement, namely but it has proved impossible to settle the question in dispute because

* You are therefore requested to determine the following questions in dispute, namely :-

- (a) whether the applicant is a workman within the meaning of the Ordinance;
(b) whether the accident arose out of or in the course of the applicant's employment;
(c) whether the amount of compensation claimed is due, or any part of that amount;
(d) whether the respondent is liable to pay such compensation as is due;
(e) &c., (as required)

Dated this day of 19 .

Applicant.

To
of

I do hereby require you to file with me the undersigned Registrar a written statement dealing with the claim against you in the above application within _____ days after service thereof on you.

And further take notice that if you fail to forward the statement in writing an order may be made against you in default.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 19 _____

Registrar.

" Strike out the clauses which are not applicable.

FORM B.

(See Regulation 3)

APPLICATION FOR COMPENSATION BY DEPENDANTS.

To the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation,

residing at
, applicant

versus

residing at
, respondent.

It is hereby submitted that -

(1) _____ a workman employed by (a contractor with) the respondent on the _____ day of _____ 19 _____ received personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment resulting in his death on the _____ day of _____ 19 _____. The cause of the injury was (here insert briefly in ordinary language the cause of the injury).

(2) The applicant(s) $\frac{\text{is a}}{\text{are}}$ dependant(s) of the deceased workman, being his

(3) The monthly wages of the deceased amount to £

The deceased was $\frac{\text{over}}{\text{under}}$ the age of 18 years at the time of his death.

*(4) (a) Notice of the accident was served on the _____ day of _____
(b) Notice was served as soon as practicable.
(c) Notice of the accident was not served (in due time) by reason of

(5) The deceased before his death received as compensation the total sum of £

(6) The applicant(s) $\frac{\text{is}}{\text{are}}$ accordingly entitled to receive a lump sum payment of £

(7) The applicant(s) $\frac{\text{has}}{\text{have}}$ requested the respondent to deposit compensation and the

latter has $\frac{\text{refused}}{\text{omitted}}$ to do so.

- (2) The applicant is desirous that the right to receive half-monthly payments should be redeemed.
- (3)
 - (a) The respondent is unwilling to agree to the redemption of the right to receive half-monthly payments.
 - (b) The parties have been unable to agree regarding the sum for which the right to receive half-monthly payments should be redeemed.

You are therefore requested to make an order –

- (a) directing that the right to receive half-monthly payments should be redeemed.
- (b) fixing a sum for the redemption of the right to receive half-monthly payments.

Date _____

Applicant.

FORM D.

(See Regulation 9)

NOTICE.

Whereas a claim for compensation has been made to the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation by _____ applicant, against _____ and the said _____ has claimed that you are liable under Section 12 (2) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937, to indemnify him against any compensation which he may be liable to pay in respect of the aforesaid claim, you are hereby informed that you may appear before the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation at _____ o'clock on the _____ day of _____ 19 _____ at _____ and contest the claim for compensation made by the said applicant or the claim for indemnity made by the respondent. In default of your appearance you will be deemed to admit the validity of any award made against the respondent and your liability to indemnify the respondent for any compensation recovered from him.

Dated _____ 19____

Registrar.

of To

I do hereby require you to file with me the undersigned Commissioner a written statement dealing with the claim against you in the above application within _____ days after service thereof on you.

And further take notice that if you fail to forward the statement in writing an order may be made against you in default.

Dated this day of 19

Commissioner.

FORM E.

(See Regulation 12)

NOTICE TO APPLICANT OF DAY UPON WHICH HEARING WILL
BE PROCEEDED WITH.

THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ORDINANCE, 1937.

residing at
, applicant

versus

residing at
, respondent.

Take notice that the Commissioner will proceed with the hearing of the application in
this matter at _____ on _____ the _____ day of _____
at the hour of _____ o'clock in the _____ noon.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 19 _____

*Registrar.*NOTICE TO RESPONDENT OF DAY UPON WHICH HEARING WILL
BE PROCEEDED WITH.

THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ORDINANCE, 1937.

residing at
, applicant

versus

residing at
, respondent.

Take notice that the Commissioner will proceed with the hearing of the application in
the matter at _____ on _____ the _____ day of _____
at the hour of _____ o'clock in the _____ noon, and that if you do not attend at the time and
place abovementioned such order will be made and proceedings taken as the Commissioner
may think just and expedient.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 19 _____

To
of*Registrar.*

FORM F.
(See Regulation 18)

ORDER.

(NOTE.— These forms are intended for use in ordinary cases only)

(1) In case of application for half-monthly payment of compensation.

Having duly considered the matters submitted to me, I do hereby order as follows :—

*(Here insert any introductory recitals of findings on which
the order is made which the Commissioner may think fit)*

1. I order that the respondent C.D. do pay to the applicant A.B. the half-monthly sum of _____ as compensation for personal injuries caused to the said A.B. on the _____ day of _____ by injury arising out of and in the course of his employment as a workman employed by the said respondent, such half-monthly payment to commence as from the _____ day of _____, and to continue during the total or partial incapacity of the said A.B. for work, or until the same shall be ended, diminished, increased or redeemed in accordance with the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937.

2. And I order that the said C.D. do forthwith pay to the said A.B. the sum of £ _____ being the amount of such half-monthly payments calculated from the _____ day of _____ until the _____ day of _____ and do thereafter pay _____ the said sum of _____ to the said A.B. on the _____ and _____ days of each month.

3. And I order that the said C.D. do pay to the applicant his costs of or incidental to the proceedings, such costs, in default of agreement between the parties as to the amount thereof, to be taxed under the scale of costs applicable to actions in the Magistrate's Court, and to be paid by the said C.D. within 14 days of the date of the certificate of the result of such taxation.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 19 _____.

Commissioner.

(ii) In case of application by Dependants.

Having duly considered the matters submitted to me, I do hereby order as follows :—

*(Here insert any introductory recitals of findings on which
the order is made which the Commissioner may think fit)*

1. I order that the respondent C.D. do pay the sum of £ _____ to the dependants of A.B., late of _____ deceased, as compensation for the injury resulting to such dependants from the death of the said A.B. which took place on the _____ day of _____ from injury caused to the said A.B. on the _____ day of _____ by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment as a workman employed by the said respondent.

2. And I declare that the persons hereinafter named are entitled to share in such compensation as dependants of the said A.B., that is to say J.B. the widow of the said A.B. and (name the other persons).

3. (Add if so found) And I declare that G.H. the _____ of the said A.B. is not entitled to share in such compensation as a dependant of the said A.B.

4. And I order that the said sum of £ _____ be apportioned between the said J.B. and in the proportions following, that is to say :—

I apportion the sum of £ _____ to and for the benefit of the said J.B. and the sum of £ _____ to and for the benefit of the said _____

5. And I order that the said C.D. do pay the said sum of £ _____ within 14 days from the date of this order.

6. And I order that the said J.B. and the said _____ or any of them, be at liberty to apply to me from time to time for any further or other order as to the application of any of the said sums which may be ordered to be invested and the interest accruing thereon.

7. And I order that the said C.D. do pay to the applicants their costs of and incident to these proceedings, etc.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 19 _____

Commissioner.

(iii) In case of application by person to whom expenses of medical attendance or burial are due.

Having duly considered the matters submitted to me, I do hereby order as follows :—

(Here insert any introductory recitals of findings on which the order is made which the Commissioner may think fit)

1. I order that the respondent C.D. do pay the sum of £ _____ for or towards the expenses of medical attendance on and the burial of A.B., late of _____ deceased, who died on the day of _____ from injury caused on the day of _____ by accident arising out of and in the course of the employment of the said A.B. as a workman employed by the said C.D.

2. And I declare that the persons hereinafter named are entitled to share in such compensation, that is to say :—

The applicant E.F. in respect of charges amounting to £ _____ due to (or payable by) him for medical attendance on the said A.B., and the applicant G.H. in respect of charges amounting to £ _____ due to him for the burial of the said A.B.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 19 _____

Commissioner.

(NOTE.— The above forms will serve as guides for framing orders in other cases).

FORM H.

(See Regulation 28)

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.

It is hereby submitted that on the _____ day of _____, 19____, personal injury was caused to _____, residing at _____ by accident arising out of and in the course of employment in _____. The said injury has resulted in temporary disablement to the said workman whereby it is estimated that he will be prevented from earning more than _____ of his previous _____ any wages for a period of months. The said workman has been in receipt of half-monthly payments which have continued from the _____ day of _____ amounting to £ _____ in all. The said workman's monthly wages are estimated at £ _____. The workman is over the age of 18 years will reach the age of 18 years on _____.

It is further submitted that _____ the employer of the said workman has agreed to pay, and the said workman has agreed to accept the sum of £ _____ in full settlement of all and every claim under the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, in respect of all disablement of a temporary nature arising out of the said accident whether now or hereafter to become manifest. It is therefor requested that this memorandum be duly recorded.

It is further submitted that the employer has paid and/or agreed to pay the sum of £ _____ as costs.

Dated _____

Signature of employer _____

Witness _____

Signature of workman _____

Witness _____

[NOTE.— An application to register an agreement can be presented under the signature of one party, provided that the other party has agreed to the terms. But both signatures should be appended, (whenever possible).]

Receipt (to be filled in when the money has actually been paid).

In accordance with the above agreement, I have this day received the sum of £ _____

Workman.

Dated _____

19____

The money has been paid and this receipt signed in my presence.

Witness.

FORM J.
(See Regulation 28)

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.

It is hereby submitted that on the _____ day of _____ 19____, personal injury was caused to _____, residing at _____ by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment in _____. The said injury has resulted in permanent disablement to the said workman of the following nature, namely :—

The said workman's monthly wages are estimated at £ _____

The workman is over the age of 18 years.
will reach the age of 18 years on _____

The said workman has, prior to the date of this agreement, received the following payments' namely —

It is further submitted that _____, the employer of the said workman, has agreed to pay, and the said workman has agreed to accept the sum of £ _____ in full settlement of all and every claim under the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance in respect of the disablement stated above and all disablement now manifest. It is therefore requested that this memorandum be duly recorded.

It is further submitted that the employer has paid and/or agreed to pay the sum of £ _____ as costs.

Dated _____

Signature of employer _____

Witness _____

Signature of workman _____

Witness _____

[NOTE.— An application to register an agreement can be presented under the signature of one party, provided that the other party has agreed to the terms. But both signatures should be appended, (whenever possible).]

Receipt (to be filled in when the money has actually been paid).

In accordance with the above agreement, I have this day received the sum of £ _____

Workman.

Dated _____ 19____

The money has been paid and this receipt signed in my presence.

Witness.

FORM K.

(See Regulation 28)

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.

It is hereby submitted that on the _____ day of _____ 19____, personal injury was caused to _____, residing at _____ by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment in _____. The said injury has resulted in temporary disablement to the said workman, who is at present in receipt of wages amounting to £_____ per month. The said workman's monthly wages prior to the accident are estimated at £_____ no wages. The workman is subject to a legal disability by reason of _____.

It is further submitted that the employer of the workman has agreed to pay and _____ on behalf of the said workman has agreed to accept half-monthly payments at the rate of _____ for the period of the said temporary disablement. This agreement is subject to the condition that the amount of the half-monthly payments may be varied in accordance with the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance on account of an alteration in the earnings of the said workman during disablement. It is further stipulated that all rights of commutation under Section 7 of the said Ordinance are unaffected by this agreement. It is therefore requested that this memorandum be duly recorded.

It is further submitted that the employer has paid and/or agreed to pay the sum of £_____ as costs.

Dated _____

Signature of employer _____

Witness _____

Signature of workman _____

Witness _____

[NOTE.— An application to register an agreement can be presented under the signature of one party, provided that the other party has agreed to the terms. But both signatures should be appended, (whenever possible).]

Receipt (to be filled in when the money has actually been paid).

In accordance with the above agreement, I have this day received the sum of £_____

Workman.

Dated _____

19____

The money has been paid and the receipt signed in my presence.

Witness.

FORM L.

(See Regulation 29)

Whereas an agreement to pay compensation is said to have been reached between
and . And whereas
had
have applied to the Commissioner for registration of the agree-
ment under Section 28 of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance Notice is hereby given
that the said agreement will be taken into consideration by the Commissioner at o'clock
on the day of , 19 at and that any objections
to the registration of the said agreement should be made on the date and at the place afore-
said. In the absence of valid objections, it is the Commissioner's intention to proceed to the
registration of the agreement.

Dated

19

Registrar.

FORM M.

(See Regulations 29 and 30)

Take notice that registration of the agreement to pay compensation
said to have been reached between you and the
, 19 , has been refused by the Commissioner for Workmen's Compen-
sation for the following reasons, namely :-

Dated

19

Registrar.

FORM N.

(See Regulation 30)

Whereas an agreement to pay compensation is said to have been reached between
and . And whereas
has
have applied to the Commissioner for registration of the agree-
ment under Section 28 of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937, and whereas it
appears to the Commissioner that the said agreement ought not to be registered for the
following reasons, namely :-

An opportunity will be afforded to you of showing cause at o'clock on the day
of , 19 , at why the said agreement should
be registered. If no adequate cause is shown on that date, registration of the agreement
will be refused.

Registrar.

Dated

19

FORM O.

(See Regulation 30)

Whereas an agreement to pay compensation is said to have been reached between _____ and _____. And whereas _____ ^{has} ~~have~~ applied to the Commissioner for registration of the agreement under Section 28 of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937. And whereas it appears to the Commissioner that the said agreement ought to be registered for the following reasons namely :-

An opportunity will be afforded to the said _____ of showing cause at _____ o'clock on the _____ day of _____, 19____ why the said agreement should be registered. Any representation which you have to make with regard to the said agreement should be made on that date. If adequate cause is then shown, the agreement may be registered.

Registrar.

Dated 19 .

FORM P.

(See Regulation 32)

REGISTER OF AGREEMENTS FOR THE YEAR 19

[illegible]

FORM Q.

(See Regulation 33)

DEPOSIT OF COMPENSATION FOR FATAL ACCIDENT.

(Section 8 (1) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

Compensation amounting to £ is hereby presented for deposit in respect
 of injuries resulting in the death of residing at
 which occurred on , 19 His monthly wages were estimated at
 He was $\frac{\text{over}}{\text{under}}$ the age of 18 years at the time of his death.

The said workman had, prior to the date of his death, received the following
 payments, namely :-

amounting in all to

Dated , 19 *Employer.*

(*To be added if desired*) I desire to be made a party to the proceedings for distribution
 of the aforesaid compensation.

Employer.

FORM R.

(See Regulation 33)

RECEIPT FOR COMPENSATION.

(Deposited under Section 8 (1) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

Book No.	Receipt No.	Register No.
Depositor		
Deceased workman		
Date of deposit	19	
Sum deposited £		

Registrar.

FORM S.
(See Regulation 33)

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS.

(Section 8 (5) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

Serial No.

Depositor

Amount deposited £

Date	£ s. d.		
	Funeral expenses paid		
	Compensation paid to the following dependants.		
	Name	Relationship	
	Total		

Dated , 19

Registrar.

FORM T.
(See Regulation 36)

DEPOSIT OF COMPENSATION FOR NON-FATAL ACCIDENTS.

(Section 8 (2) and (3) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

Compensation amounting to £ is hereby presented for deposit in respect of
permanent injuries sustained by residing at which
temporary
 occurred on 19

Dated 19

Employer.

FORM U.

(See Regulation 36)

RECEIPT FOR COMPENSATION.

(Deposit under Section 8 (2) or (3) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

Book No.	Receipt No.	Register No.
Depositor		
In favour of		
Date of Deposit	19 .	
Sum deposited £		

Registrar.

FORM V.

(Under Regulation 38)

APPLICATION FOR REVIEW OF HALF-MONTHLY PAYMENT.

To the Registrar,

residing at
, applicant

versus

residing at
, respondent.

Application is hereby made for the review (termination, diminution, increase, or redemption as the case may be) of the half-monthly payment payable to the said
in respect of personal injury caused to him by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment.

Particulars are hereto appended.

PARTICULARS.

1. Name and address of injured workman.
2. Name and place of business of employer by whom compensation is payable.
3. Date and nature of accident.
4. Amount of half-monthly payment and date from which it commenced.
5. Relief sought by applicant, (whether termination, diminution, increase, or redemption).
6. Grounds of application.

Dated this day of , 19 .

(Signed)

Applicant.

FORM W.
(See Regulation 42)

REGISTER OF ORDER FOR THE YEAR 19

Serial No.	Date of Order.	Date of registration.	Employer.	Workman.	Initials of Registrar.	Reference to orders rectifying the register.	Address of person against whom order made.	Amount and particulars.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVII.

SEPTEMBER 1, 1948.

No. 10.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Livermore, A. E.	Public Works	General Foreman	19.7.48.	The notice, published in the Gazette for 3.8.48, under New Appointments, is hereby cancelled.

LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Baker, H. L.	Education.	Superintendent of Education.	336 days plus period of voyage.	21.8.48.	Leave to commence on arrival in U.K.
Sladen, Dr. F. J.	Medical.	Senior Medical Officer.	175 days plus period of voyage.	21.8.48.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 46.

3rd August, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint:—

THE HON. MR. KEITH WILLIAM LUXTON, J.P.,

to be provisionally a Member of the Legislative Council, with effect from the 11th of May, 1948.
M.P. 0456.

No. 47.

5th August, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 81 of the 31st of December, 1947, the following Practitioner has been added to the List of Medical Practitioners registered to practice in the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

KENDALL, JOHN WILSON M.R.C.S., (Eng.) 1926.
L.R.C.P., (Lon.) „

M.P. 21/28.

No. 48. 25th August, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment :—

H. SKILLINGTON, ESQUIRE.

to be Officer-in-Charge, Education Department, with effect from the 22nd of August, 1948.

No. 49. 25th August, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 2 of the 1st of January, 1948, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint :—

DR. R. S. SLESSOR, M.B. Ch. B.,

vice

DR. F. J. SLADEN, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H.

to be a Member of the Stanley Town Council with effect from the 22nd of August, 1948.

M.P. 0039/C.

No. 50.

1st September, 1948.

It is hereby notified that Government clocks will be advanced one hour at midnight, Saturday/Sunday, the 2nd/3rd October, 1948.

M.P. 0064.

REGISTRAR.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

Arthur Grenfell Barton, Esq., J.P., is hereby appointed to be a Registrar to celebrate the marriage of David William Harold Stewart and Lily Anne McCallum.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para 2.

Mr. Andrew Milne, Deputy Registrar, Darwin, is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for celebrating marriages at Darwin.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar General.

The Government of the Falkland Islands regrets that owing to the increased cost of materials the subscription to the Falkland Islands Gazette will be raised from 10/- to 15/- per annum as from the 1st of January, 1949.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Stanley,

1st September, 1948.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 12TH MAY, 1948.

1. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, after taking the prescribed Oaths, assumed his seat at the Council.

2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 26th of November, 1947, were confirmed.

3. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address :—

Honourable Members of Council,

You will be asked this morning to assent to legislation which has been framed to give effect to your decision at the last Budget session to raise additional revenue. That decision is reflected in the printed Estimates for the year and the measures to give effect to it will be explained in detail during the course of the debate; I will confine myself therefore to a few general observations.

The measures include an Order under the Customs Ordinance designed to increase the duty on wines and spirits — not, you will note, on beer which still remains at a penny a bottle — to increase, though to a lesser degree, the duty on tobacco and cigarettes and to place an *ad valorem* duty on a range of items which cannot be classified as "necessities" and the duty on which ranges from 10% to 50%. Some of these rates will be subject to modification where good cause is shown for it is no purpose of the Administration to add to the cost of living though you will understand that that term can only include necessities. For purposes of comparison, a bottle of whiskey will in future cost 18/- against 31/6 or more (that is supposing one is fortunate enough to be able to get a bottle) in the United Kingdom and a Pound or more in most other Colonies. Cigarettes will, in future, cost about 3/- for 50 as against 3/6 or more for 20 in the United Kingdom and proportionately high rates elsewhere.

The Customs Ordinance is expected to produce, in a full year, additional revenue of approximately £6,000 which is a little less than £3 per annum per head of the adult population, a little less than five shillings a month or barely twopence a day. A substantial part of this increase will derive from the sale of spirits of which it is estimated that some 4,500 gallons are consumed annually. It may be appropriate to refer at this point to the Medical and Sanitary Report for 1945 in which the Senior Medical Officer speaks of the excessive quantity of spirits drunk in the Colony and their prejudicial effect on health, concluding with the reasonable comment that were less consumed more money would be available to spend on other things.

A second principal revenue measure raises the upper limit of income tax for the higher income group to 3/6 in the £1 on a fraction only of such incomes, while affording further relief to the married

man in the lower income groups and to the widower with children, or those having dependent relatives. Company Tax is also increased by one shilling.

On the subject of Income Tax I would remark that it was paid last year by only 212 individuals in the Colony and that the new rates are substantially lower than those obtaining today in any Colony of which I have knowledge.

Taxation the world over has ever been an unpopular institution and it was not to be supposed that the measures to which the Government has been compelled would be received with any enthusiasm: they have been met, as I anticipated with considerable dissatisfaction and with the request by a section of the community for my removal from office.

Let me say at once that no such action – no personal attack from whatever quarter, or whatever its nature – will deflect me by so much as one hair's breadth from what I conceive to be my duty as head of this Administration subject, of course, to the advice and consent of my Executive Council. But do not, I beg you, read into my use of that constitutional term any attempt on my part to shift the responsibility for these measures from my shoulders to theirs. I accept it in full.

I was confronted on my arrival here, as Honourable members are aware, with an anticipated deficit of £27,000 in respect of the year 1946 and of no less than £35,000 for 1947 – reduced, in the result, to £21,000 and £15,000 respectively but, as I pointed out to you, this was not a position which could be permitted to continue. There were two alternatives open to me – to continue the shifts and devices of previous Budgets and play for time, or to face the issue squarely; I decided, as any honest man of business would, to do the latter and I make no apology for the decision. Other considerations apart, it will be clear to you that a succession of annual deficits must eat into the Colony's reserves, thereby reducing its revenue from investments and so adding to its dilemma.

The Secretary of State was of course informed of this situation and he shared my misgivings and approved the steps which I have proposed to remedy this dangerous position. It will be as well if, at this stage, I quote to you from a directive issued by him to my predecessor and all other Colonial Governors in July 1946: it is very relevant.

" . . . the objective should be to secure increases in rates of income tax as a permanent feature of the fiscal system."

" . . . It is indeed, as has already been indicated in previous communications, an implied condition of assistance from His Majesty's Government (he is referring here to the Colonial Development and Welfare Fund) that a contribution to development programmes will be made from local revenue. Moreover, in practically all Colonies the standard of social services falls far short of what is desirable. The provision of adequate social services must clearly depend upon a substantial and permanent increase in Government revenue."

" . . . today, bearing in mind the shortage of goods available for purchase, it may be wise to make considerable use of indirect tax on luxuries, semi-luxuries and even for the time being on articles of wider consumption in the same way as indirect tax in the form of purchase tax is being retained in the United Kingdom. In Colonies taxes of that kind naturally take the form of customs duties."

I think it possible that the present reaction to the introduction of an *ad valorem* tariff is, to some extent, one of sentiment – the fact that the Colony has not hitherto been burdened with such legislation, albeit the general rule elsewhere. I understand and I sympathise with that point of view but must observe that sentiment and economics make uneasy bedfellows.

It is true that nothing of the sort may have appeared necessary before, more particularly during the War by which the Colony was, as my Falkland Island friends have been the first to volunteer, little affected but the fact remains that a Colony which depends for a substantial part of its requirements, whether in supplies or personnel, on overseas markets where prices and wages have soared was bound to be affected in due course. Apart from the first cost of materials – and particularly of building materials – which have increased enormously, freight and passages alone represent a most formidable item.

I will turn now to some of the criticisms which have been levelled at the Government.

The first of these is as to the high cost of administration for a Colony of this size and here I am disposed to agree with the critics: indeed, for that very reason I appointed a Committee last year to examine this phenomenon and to make recommendations as to possible economies. That Committee, Honourable Members, sat for some weeks and was unable to suggest any to me, or rather only one which I subsequently abandoned on representations from the public. Certain economies have in fact been proposed subsequently but they are of a long-term order and will be offset initially by overdue improvements in the conditions of locally recruited Government employees, of all categories. For the rest, if any Member of Council or any member of the public can suggest to me any direction in which worthwhile economies can be secured, such suggestions will be most gratefully received and most carefully considered. I am very willing to appoint a further committee, including one or more non-officials, to re-examine the problem for every pound that can be saved is as much of a help to the Government as it is to the public. I must, however, remind you that size alone does not determine the costs of administration and that we have problems here which many larger Colonies are spared; to mention only three, there is our appalling lack of communications which not only adds greatly to expense but complicates still further most of our other problems: there is the absence of any system of social security, which has compelled the Government to give paid employment to men who are really incapable of doing useful work; there is, too, the generally poor standard of education – in no way the fault of the people – which has compelled the Government to recruit overseas for posts which it should be possible to fill at home. Had more money been devoted in the past to improvement of the educational system and the provision of training facilities we should be a great deal more self-sufficient to-day.

The second criticism is to the effect that wages, fixed only in February of last year, have already been overtaken by the cost of living but there is no concrete evidence to support that view and I recall that when, recently, on a report from the Hon. Mr. A. G. Barton, I suggested subsidising the importation

of potatoes that suggestion was very firmly rejected by the West Falklands. It should, perhaps, be noted that the Savings Bank deposits which in 1938 stood at £200,000 amount to-day to no less than £467,000 in the names of over 1800 depositors which is a most gratifying increase and the trend is still upwards. Nor is it possible to ignore the fact that consignments of goods to local stores are sold out, often, within a few days of receipt and with little regard to price so that here, as elsewhere in this unsettled world, we have the familiar signs of "too much money chasing too few goods": in other words, and on however small a scale, we have inflation. This is not to say that I dismiss the contention to which I have referred and it is my intention to have this question examined far more closely than was the case in 1946. I might mention here that as a result of representations to the Secretary of State, the Board of Trade has been persuaded to arrange for the supply of utility clothing for the Colony which is of excellent quality and reasonable price.

These considerations apart, I have long been conscious that the married man with two or more children might be feeling the pinch and need some measure of assistance which until the Budgetary outlook could be improved it was quite impossible to afford; but I shall present to Council at the next Budget session - that is, in October - proposals for a non-contributory scheme of childrens' allowances which these new revenue measures will permit me to finance. That is to say that the Government will pay a weekly allowance in respect of all children except the first from birth to school-leaving age without exacting any contribution from the parent; in the case of a parent unfortunate enough to be on poor relief, the allowance will be paid also in respect of the first child. This should go some way towards easing the difficulties of the family man.

I have been a good deal exercised, also, at the lack of any true provision for old age and you may remember my reference to this during my first address to this House. A Provident Fund scheme which permits a subscriber to withdraw, and if he will to squander, his savings whenever he changes his employment or which upon change of employment denies to him the opportunity of continued participation, is no real security against the day when he is too old to work. I am in correspondence with an actuary to ascertain whether it would be feasible to introduce a contributory scheme for all employed persons in the Colony: I refer here, of course, to Falkland Islanders.

I turn now to consideration of other possible sources of additional revenue. First, there is the question of an increased contribution from the Dependencies in regard to which I addressed the Secretary of State more than a year ago; this question is bound up with the Research and Discovery legislation, involves to some extent H.M. Treasury and is still under consideration. I can make no forecast as to the outcome of these representations but am reasonably confident that it will not be to our disadvantage.

Secondly, there is the possibility - and I took care to warn Honourable Members that it was nothing more - of a resumption of whaling activities in the Colony. As to this I note that anxiety is expressed in the Weekly News on the effect of the proposed export duties on whale and seal products. These duties are on a sliding scale in accordance with the market value of oil, which stands today at £90 per ton. Pelagic whaling, that is whaling from factory ships on the high seas is, as you may know, controlled by international agreement which limits the total catch to 16,000 Blue Whale units and with the number of ships now engaged there is not a great deal of room left for further profitable participation in that field. Shore stations, on the other hand, are, for the present at least, unaffected by such limitation and so long as the world shortage of fats persists the venture will continue to be worthwhile; as the price of oil drops so will the duty which, as revised, is a fraction under 3% - in face of the very substantial profits which are being made this is no great matter to the industry but it means a great deal to us.

A new stamp issue was also suggested to me from one source and had, in fact, already been contemplated but it is a device which does not bear too frequent repetition. It will be considered when the Colony's new arms are approved.

But the measures which the critics of Government have chiefly in mind point to a further cess on the wool industry, either by way of increased export duty or of a separate tax on the income of the "absentee" shareholder. Now I do not suppose that the farmer, who is traditionally hard to please, will in fact find much cause to complain about his profits during recent years; throughout the War he enjoyed a stable market thanks to the Ministry of Supply and prices have risen encouragingly since the wool control came to an end. It could perhaps be argued that the industry might contribute more generously to revenue but there is another side to the picture to which I invite attention. From 1939 onwards there has been a serious shortage of labour in the Camp and a virtual cessation in the flow of essential maintenance supplies: farm properties have in consequence been subject to progressive deterioration which can only be made good now at very inflated costs. Further, I have recently sponsored a proposal for the setting up of a Freezer in the Colony and if this is to be a success the farms will need to plough back a substantial part of their profits into improvements, fencing, drainage and the like. Sheepfarming is the Colony's only industry and it is a short-sighted policy indeed that would embarrass future development to meet present need. The farms will, of course, be making their additional contribution in the form of increased Company Tax, while as to the "absentee" shareholder let it not be forgotten that he is subject, also, to United Kingdom income tax which makes anything that is paid here look relatively insignificant.

Behind all this lies one fundamental economic factor and that is that one half of the community - Stanley, including 330 Government and F. I. Co. employees, drawing between them some £60,000 a year - lives on the productivity of the other half, the Camp. This is a truism but needs, nevertheless, to be continuously born in mind: the wellbeing of the one rests, indissolubly, on the prosperity of the other.

In conclusion let me refer to the vexed question of representation. I can well understand, having been in precisely the same position for most of my life, that people do not appreciate being taxed when they have little or no say in the disposal of the proceeds but it necessarily takes some time to remedy a state of affairs which has persisted for so many years. It is, I can assure you, no pleasure to me to preside at the head of an Administration on which the voice of the people is not properly heard and I give it as my conviction that a Governor can be saddled with no greater handicap and no more thankless task. But may I remind Honourable Members, and the public, that my first action immediately after

my arrival here was to appoint two non-officials to my Executive Council, by which all legislation is considered in the first instance; my next to provide Stanley with what it should have had years and years ago, a Town Council of its own, while proposals to give effect to the third step, an enlarged legislature with popular representation, have long since been submitted to the Colonial Office where the necessary instruments are being prepared. I venture to suggest to you that this is not bad going in something under eighteen months and when I consider also the wide field of future planning which has been covered in this same period I see no reason why this Administration should hang its head. The new constitution will hold the balance fairly as between Stanley and the Camp and I can only hope that the elections in the latter will excite more interest and enthusiasm than was the case in Stanley last year. Let me hasten to add that I have no doubt whatever that the Town Council, now that it has come into being, will develop into a most useful institution. I have as little doubt that the new Legislative Assembly will prove equally useful; it will certainly take a deal of the weight off my shoulders and I look forward to that day as eagerly as any of you.

4. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following Paper:—

Auditor's Annual Report on the accounts of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1946.

5. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution:

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1947, for the period 1st October to 31st December.

"BE IT RESOLVED—

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of FORTY-SEVEN THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED AND FIVE POUNDS NINE SHILLINGS AND FIVEPENCE (£47,405 : 9 : 5) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying "Schedule".

The Resolution was adopted.

6. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution:

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ending the 31st of December, 1948, for the period 1st January to 31st March.

"BE IT RESOLVED—

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of ONE THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND FORTY-FIVE POUNDS TWELVE SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE (£1,645 : 12 : 6) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying Schedule".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the motion and the Resolution was adopted.

7. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the adoption of the following Resolution:

"WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5A of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, that the Governor in Executive Council may by Order increase any import or export duty of customs or may impose new import or export duties of customs.

"AND WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5B of the same Ordinance that every Order issued by the Governor in Council under Section 5A shall after four days and within twenty-one days from the date of its first publication be submitted to the Legislature, and the Legislature may by resolution confirm, amend or revoke such Order, and upon publication of the resolution of the Legislature in the Gazette the resolution shall have effect and the Order shall then expire.

"NOW THEREFORE this Council resolves that the Customs Order, 1948, made by His Excellency the Governor in Council on the 22nd of April, 1948 under the Customs Ordinance, 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, shall be confirmed".

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton moved and the Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts seconded an adjournment in order that the Resolution might receive further consideration and that a Member for the West Falkland might be present on the Council.

His Excellency agreed that consideration of the Resolution be postponed accordingly.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary thereupon moved that the Customs Order 1948 be revoked and upon the motion being seconded by the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter the said Order was revoked.

8. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To provide for the payment of Duty on Receipts".

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 5 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

9. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded by the Honourable the Colonial

Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939" was read a *first* time.

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton moved and the Honourable Mr. V. A. H. Biggs seconded that consideration of this Bill be postponed in order that a Member for the West Falklands might be present on the Council.

His Excellency agreed that consideration of the Bill be postponed accordingly.

10. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To repeal the Tariff Ordinance 1943, the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947".

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

11. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Licensing Ordinance 1944" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 5 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

12. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To amend the Tobacco Ordinance 1944".

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 4 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

The Council adjourned.

RESUMED MEETING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL - 11TH JUNE, 1948.

The Council resumed.

13. The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton, J.P., after taking the prescribed Oaths, assumed his seat at the Council.

14. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the adoption of the following Resolution.

"WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5A of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, that the Governor in Executive Council may by Order increase any import or export duty of customs or may impose new import or export duties of customs.

"AND WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5B of the same Ordinance that every Order issued by the Governor in Council under Section 5A shall after four days and within twenty-one days from the date of its first publication be submitted to the Legislature, and the Legislature may by resolution confirm, amend or revoke such Order, and upon publication of the resolution of the Legislature in the Gazette the resolution shall have effect and the Order shall then expire.

"NOW, THEREFORE, this Council resolves that the Customs Order (No. 3) 1948, made by His Excellency the Governor in Council on the 19th of May, 1948, under the Customs Ordinance, 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, shall be confirmed."

The Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts opposed the introduction of *ad valorem* duties and moved an amendment that they be cancelled and be substituted by an increase in the wool export tax from 1/- to 1/3 for every 25 pounds or part thereof.

The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton seconded the motion adding that the Sheep Farming Industry would accept such increase in the wool tax for this year only.

On the amendment being put to Council by His Excellency it was carried unanimously.

The Council then amended the Order in Council accordingly and the Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the adoption of the Resolution as amended.

The Resolution was adopted.

15. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5A of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, that the Governor in Executive Council may by Order increase any import or export duty of customs or may impose new import or export duties of customs.

"AND WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5B of the same Ordinance that every Order issued by the Governor in Council under Section 5A shall after four days and within twenty-one days from the date of its first publication be submitted to the Legislature, and the Legislature may by resolution confirm, amend or revoke such Order, and upon publication of the resolution of the Legislature in the Gazette the resolution shall have effect and the Order shall then expire.

"NOW THEREFORE, this Council resolves that the Customs Order (No. 2) 1948, made by His Excellency the Governor in Council on the 12th of May, 1948, under the Customs Ordinance, 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, shall be confirmed."

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, seconded the motion and the Resolution was adopted with effect from the 12th of May to the 10th of June, 1948 and thereafter revoked.

16. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Income Tax Ordinance 1939" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time.

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton in opposing the motion stated that he was expressing the views of the Sheep Owners Association, the largest employers of labour in the Colony.

He reviewed, at length, the imposition of income tax, the economic condition of the Colony over the past 35 years, the Government's expanding commitments, the social security measures envisaged by His Excellency the Governor and invited attention to the possibilities in the event of a fall in the price of wool.

In seconding the amendment the Honourable Mr. V. A. H. Biggs stressed the point that there should be no further taxation without representation.

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter replied.

His Excellency summed up and the Bill was committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. Clause 3 was agreed to with the following amendment :

By the substitution of the word "eighty" for the words "seventy-five" in the second line.

Clause 4 was agreed to with the following amendment :

By the deletion of the Proviso and the substitution therefore of the following Proviso :

"Provided that where a child is receiving full-time instruction at any university, college or school abroad, either wholly or partly at the expense of the claimant the Commissioner may allow a deduction not exceeding £125 in respect of each such child during such period of instruction".

Clauses 5 and 6 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then a *third* time and passed by a division of 5 ayes to 4 noes.

The Council adjourned *sine die*.

**A Bill for
An Ordinance
To amend the Workmen's Compensation
Ordinance, 1937.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Workmen's Compensation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1948.

Amendment to Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937.
Section 4.

2. The Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937 shall be amended by the substitution of the words "forty-eight" for the words "forty-two" in lines 1 and 2 of Section 4. (1) (b) (i) thereof.

Commencement.

3. This Ordinance shall be read and construed as one with the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937 and shall come into force on the day of publication.

**A Bill for
An Ordinance
To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Income Tax (Amendment No. 2) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance 1939 (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance").

Amendment to
Principal Ordinance
Section 6.

2. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following proviso :

"Provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance the chargeable income of any persons engaged on seasonal work in the whaling or sealing industries in the Colony and Dependencies shall be the actual earnings of any person not being ordinarily resident in the Colony from such employment in any one whaling or sealing season, notwithstanding that the period of employment may extend into two calendar years".

Section 21.

3. Section 21 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following proviso :

"Provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance, the tax upon the chargeable income of any persons engaged on seasonal work in the whaling or sealing industries in the Colony and Dependencies shall be at the following rates :

On the first £100 of such income	Nil
4% of every £ of the next £100	
5% " " " " " "	£200
6% " " " " " "	£200
7% " " " " " "	£200
10% " " " " " "	£200
12½% " " " above ...	£1,000

4. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following subsections :

“(3) (a) The tax chargeable upon the income of any person engaged on seasonal work shall be payable by the employers who may deduct the amount from earnings of any such persons. The employer, or in the case of a Company the manager or principle officer of the Company, shall at the end of each season render to the Commissioner an account of the earnings of each employee and of the amount of the tax payable in respect of such earnings.

(b) Any person who fails or neglects to render an account due under this subsection shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

“(4) (a) The account books of the employers shall be at all reasonable times open for inspection by the Commissioner or his duly appointed representative or agent.

(b) Any person who hinders or obstructs the Commissioner or his duly appointed representative or agent in the inspection of any such account books shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance”.

5. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of November, 1948. Commencement.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To regulate and control prospecting and mining for radio-active minerals and the export thereof and for purposes connected therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Radio-active Minerals Ordinance, 1948. Short title.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —

“Colony” means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its territorial waters and includes the Dependencies of the Falkland Islands and their territorial waters;

“licence” means a licence issued under the provisions of Section 3 of this Ordinance;

“mine”, with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, includes all operations for the intentional winning or obtaining of any radio-active mineral;

“permit”, means a permit issued under the provisions of Section 6 of this Ordinance;

“prospect”, with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, means to search for any radio-active mineral and includes such working as is reasonably necessary to enable the prospector to test the radio-active mineral-bearing qualities of the area concerned.

“radio-active mineral” means any substance specified in the Schedule to this Ordinance.

Prospecting and
mining restricted.

3. Notwithstanding anything in the Mining Ordinance, 1918 as amended by the Mining (Amendment) Ordinance, 1919, or any other enactment, no person shall within the Colony prospect for or mine, or attempt to prospect or mine, any radio-active mineral except under and in accordance with a licence granted by the Governor.

Holder of licence to
report his operations.

4. Every holder of a licence shall within the first week of every month furnish the Colonial Secretary with a true report in writing of the prospecting and mining operations conducted by him in the immediately preceding month with respect to radio-active minerals.

5. The holder of any prospecting licence or mining lease under the Mining Ordinance 1918 or the lessee of such mining lease shall immediately notify the Colonial Secretary of the discovery of any radio-active minerals and shall not remove them from the mining land without the consent of the Governor.

Export restricted.

6. Notwithstanding anything in the Customs Ordinance or any other enactment, no person shall export, or attempt to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral except under and in accordance with a permit granted by the Governor in that behalf.

Grant of licence or
permit discretionary.

7. The grant of a licence or a permit shall be in the absolute discretion of the Governor who shall be under no obligation to assign any reason for refusing the grant thereof.

Form of licence and
permit.

8. Every licence and permit shall be in such form and for such period and be subject to the payment of such a fee as the Governor may determine, and shall contain such terms and conditions as he may think fit to impose.

Compulsory vesting
in Governor of right
to work minerals.

9. (1) Where it appears to the Governor that any radio-active minerals are present in or on any land, he may by order provide for compulsory vesting in him the exclusive right, so long as the order remains in force, to work those minerals and any other minerals which it appears to him to be necessary to work with these minerals, and may also provide, by that order or a subsequent order, for compulsorily vesting in him any other ancillary rights which appear to him to be necessary for the purpose of working the minerals aforesaid including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions) –

- (a) rights to withdraw support;
- (b) rights necessary for the purpose of access to or conveyance of the minerals aforesaid or the ventilation or drainage of the workings;
- (c) rights to use and occupy the surface of any land for the purpose of erecting any necessary buildings and installing any necessary plant in connection with the working of the minerals aforesaid;
- (d) rights to use and occupy for the purposes of working the minerals aforesaid any land forming part of or used in connection with an existing mine or quarry, and to use or acquire any plant used in connection with any such mine or quarry; and
- (e) rights to obtain a supply of water for purposes connected with the working of the minerals aforesaid, or to dispose of water or other liquid matter obtained in consequence of working such minerals.

(2) Any order made under this section shall provide for the payment of compensation in such cases and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the order or determined thereunder, in respect of loss suffered as the result of the acquisition or exercise

of rights under the order, but no account shall be taken, in calculating the compensation payable as aforesaid, of the value of any minerals present in or on land affected by the order, being minerals specified in the order as those from which, in the opinion of the Governor, any radio-active minerals can be obtained.

(3) Any order made under this section shall be published in the Gazette and shall be served –

- (i) where the land affected is the subject of a mining lease, or an exclusive prospecting licence, granted under the Mining Ordinance, 1918, on the lessee, or the holder of such licence; or
- (ii) in all other cases, upon the owner, lessee or occupier of any land affected by the order.

(4) No order made under this section shall have effect until it has been laid before the Executive Council and has been brought into operation in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(5) No order made under this section shall be laid before the Executive Council until the requirements of sub-section (3) have been complied with and until the period of at least one month has elapsed from the date upon which it is published in the Gazette.

(6) An order made under this section and confirmed by the Executive Council shall have full force and effect with or without amendment, as the case may be, as from the date of publication in the Gazette of the resolution of the Executive Council confirming the same.

(7) If any petition against the order is received by the Governor, he shall refer such petition to a Select Committee of the Executive Council for a report thereon and no resolution shall be taken on the order by the Executive Council until the report of the Select Committee has been laid on the table.

(8) If any petition raises separate and conflicting claims in respect of any interest or title in the lands affected, the Executive Council may, by the resolution in respect of the order, direct that such claims be determined by arbitration as provided in the Public Lands Ordinance 1902 or any amendment thereof.

10. (1) The Governor may compulsorily acquire –

Acquisition of minerals and plant.

- (a) any minerals, being minerals from which in the opinion of the Governor any radio-active minerals can be obtained, other than minerals in a natural state or contained in a deposit of waste material obtained from any underground or surface working;
- (b) any plant designed or adapted for the production or use of atomic energy or research into matters connected therewith,

and in the case of any plant which is affixed to land, the Governor may sever it from the land, and shall in that case make good any damage caused by the severance.

(2) If the Governor and the person affected by the acquisition of any article under this section are unable to agree as to the compensation to be paid in respect of such acquisition or if any doubt arises as to the ownership of any such article, the matter shall be settled by arbitration as provided in the Public Lands Ordinance 1902 or any amendment thereof.

11. (1) Every person who –

Offences.

- (a) prospects for or mines, or attempts to prospect for or mine, any radio-active mineral within the Colony without a licence; or

- (b) being the holder of a licence, prospects for or mines, or attempts to prospect for or mine, any radio-active mineral within the Colony otherwise than in accordance with any term or condition of his licence; or
- (c) being the holder of a licence, fails to comply with the requirements of section 4 of this Ordinance; or
- (d) exports, or attempts to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral without a permit; or
- (e) being the holder of a permit, exports, or attempts to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral otherwise than in accordance with any term or condition of his permit; or
- (f) obtains, or attempts to obtain, a licence or permit by means of any false statement or representation; or
- (g) being the holder of a prospecting licence or mining lease granted under the Mining Ordinance 1918 or the lessee of a mining lease granted under the said Ordinance, fails to comply with the provisions of Section 5 of this Ordinance.

shall, upon summary conviction, be imprisoned for six months or to a fine of five hundred pounds or to both such imprisonment and fine.

(2) The Court before which a person is convicted of an offence under subsection (1) of this section shall forfeit to His Majesty of any radio-active mineral or mining apparatus derived from, or employed in, the commission of, any act in respect of which such person was convicted.

Powers of examination, arrest &c.

12. (1) Any police officer not below the rank of sergeant, and any other officer or class of officers authorised in writing by the Governor in that behalf, may, for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Ordinance, without warrant or other legal process –

- (a) enter and search any place where he has reasonable grounds for suspecting that an offence under this Ordinance has been, or is about to be, committed;
- (b) search any person whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting to have committed, or to be about to commit, an offence under this Ordinance;
- (c) arrest any person whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting to have committed, or to be about to commit, an offence under this Ordinance;
- (d) seize any radio-active mineral or prospecting or mining apparatus connected therewith which he has reasonable grounds to suspect to be, or to be about to be, derived from, or employed in, the commission of any offence under this Ordinance.

(2) Where any person is arrested, or any radio-active mineral or prospecting or mining apparatus is seized, under the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, such person, mineral and apparatus shall, as soon as practicable, be brought before the nearest Magistrate.

(3) Every person who obstructs, or attempts to obstruct, whether actively or passively, any officer in the execution, or purported execution, of his duties under this section, shall be liable upon summary conviction, to imprisonment for six months or to a fine of one hundred pounds or to both such imprisonment and fine.

Power of Governor to vary Schedule.

13. The Governor may from time to time by Order alter, vary or in any manner amend the Schedule to this Ordinance.

14. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to absolve any person from compliance with the provisions and requirements of the Mining Ordinance 1918 as amended by the Mining (Amendment) Ordinance 1919 and the Customs Ordinances or any regulations made thereunder. Saving.

15. The Governor in Council may make such regulations under this Ordinance as he may deem to be necessary or expedient. Regulations.

SCHEDULE.

- (1) Minerals of the pitchblende group, including pitchblende, uraninite, ulrichite, broggerite, cleveite, and related mineral species.
- (2) Tobernite and autunite.
- (3) Secondary uranium minerals other than tobernite and autunite, including rutherfordine, uranite uranophane, gummite, thorgummite, uranocircite, kasolite, becquerelite, and other silicates, hydrates, carbonates, phosphates or arsenates of uranium.
- (4) Carnotite and tyuyamunite.
- (5) Uranium-bearing niobate-titanate-tantalate ores, including euxenite, polycrase, blomstrandine, priorite, samarskite, fergusonite, betafite, plumboniobite, and related mineral species containing over one per cent uranium oxide.
- (6) Monazite, thorite, thorianite and radio-active zircon.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To make provision as to the immunities privileges and capacities of the United Nations, to confer immunities and privileges on the staff of the United Nations and representatives of member governments and in respect of the premises and documents of the United Nations and as to the extent to which representatives of foreign Powers and staffs of such representatives are entitled to diplomatic immunities.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the United Nations Privileges Ordinance 1948. Short title.

2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits : Definitions.
 “United Nations” means the governing body or any Committee of the General Assembly or any council or other organ of the United Nations.

3. The Governor in Council may order :

- (a) that the United Nations shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, have the immunities and privileges set out in Part I of the First Schedule to this Ordinance and shall also have the legal capacities of a body corporate
- (b) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part II of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred on such officers of the United Nations, being the holders of such high office in the United Nations as may be specified in the Order and upon such persons employed on missions on behalf of the United Nations as may be so specified, and upon any person who is a representative of a member government or the General Assembly or any council or other organ of the United Nations
- (c) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part III of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred upon such other classes of officers and servants as may be specified
- (d) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part IV of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred to the staffs of representatives of member governments and to the families of officers of the United Nations
- (e) that the immunities, privileges and facilities set out in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred on the judges and registrars of the International Court of Justice and on suitors to that Court and their agents, counsel and advocates.

4. The Governor in Council may decline to accord immunities or privileges to, or withdraw immunities or privileges from, nationals or representatives of any Power on the ground that that Power is failing to accord corresponding immunities or privileges to British nationals or representatives.

5. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

FIRST SCHEDULE

PART I.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

1. Immunity from suit and legal process.
2. The like inviolability of official archives and premises occupied as offices as is accorded in respect of the official archives and premises of the envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
3. The like exemption or relief from rates and taxes, other than taxes on the importation of goods, as is accorded to a foreign Sovereign Power in the United Kingdom.
4. Exemptions from taxes on the importation of goods directly imported by the United Nations for its official use in the Colony or for exportation, or on the importation of any publications of the United Nations directly imported by it, such exemption to be subject to compliance with such conditions as the Governor in Council may prescribe.
5. Exemption from prohibitions and restrictions on importation or exportation in the case of goods directly imported or exported by the United Nations for its official use and in the case of any publications of the United Nations directly imported or exported by it.
6. The right to avail itself, for telegraphic communications sent by it and containing only matter intended for publication by the press or for broadcasting, of any reduced rates applicable for the corresponding service in the case of press telegrams.

PART II.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF HIGH OFFICERS, PERSONS OR MISSIONS AND
GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES.

1. The like immunity from suit and legal process as is accorded to the envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
2. The like inviolability of residence as is accorded to such an envoy.
3. The like exemption or relief from taxes as is accorded such an envoy.

PART III.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF OTHER OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

1. Immunity from suit and legal process in respect of things done or omitted to be done in the course of performance of duties.
2. Exemption from income tax in respect of emoluments received as an officer or servant of the United Nations.

PART IV.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF AND OF HIGH OFFICERS FAMILY.

Where any person is entitled to such immunities and privileges as are mentioned in Part II of this Schedule

- (a) as the representative of a member Government, his official staff accompanying him as such representative shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the retinue of an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty is entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy

- (b) as an officer of the United Nations, that person's wife or husband and children under the age of twenty one shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the wife or husband and children of an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty are entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

1. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Court, the Judges and Registrar of the International Court of Justice (including any officer of the Court acting as Registrar) shall when engaged on the business of the Court and during any journey to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such business, enjoy the like immunity from suit and legal process, the like inviolability of residence and also unless they are British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the United Kingdom the like exemption or relief from taxes as is accorded to an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.

2. The Judges and Registrar of the International Court of Justice shall enjoy exemption from income tax in respect of all emoluments received by them as Judges or Registrar.

3. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the government whom they represent before the Court, the agents, counsel and advocates of parties before the Court shall enjoy :-

- (a) When engaged on their missions before the Court and during their journeys to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such missions, immunity from personal arrest or detention and from seizure of their personal baggage and inviolability for all papers and documents
- (b) Immunity from legal process of every kind in respect of words spoken or written and all acts done by them in this capacity
- (c) When engaged on their missions before the Court and during their journeys to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such mission, the like exemption or relief from taxes is accorded to an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty, save that the relief allowed shall not include relief from customs or excise duties or purchase tax except in respect of goods imported as part of their personal baggage. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the United Kingdom.

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Ordinance is to confer diplomatic immunities and privileges on the staff and representatives of member governments of the United Nations in accordance with a resolution of the General Assembly of the United Nations and an enactment of Parliament.

M.P. 85/46.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVII.

OCTOBER 1, 1948.

No. 11.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Bennett, S.	Public Works	Carpenter, Grade II. (Technical)	1.7.48.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 51. 11th September, 1948.
MR. J. B. BROWNING
acted as Officer-in-Charge, Agricultural Department, from the 1st of January, 1947 to the 26th of June, 1948, both dates inclusive.
M.P. P/320.

No. 52. 15th September, 1948.
Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :—

Ordinance No. 1 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the payment of Duty on Receipts".
M.P. 0280.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Tobacco Ordinance, 1944".
M.P. 20/44.

No. 53. 21st September, 1948.
With reference to Gazette Notice No. 8 of the 30th of January, 1947 it is hereby notified that with effect from the 4th of October, 1948, until further notice Government Offices will be open during the following hours :—

Monday to Friday	9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Saturdays	9 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

M.P. 142/38

No. 54. 24th September, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment in the Falkland Islands Defence Force under Section (7) (i) of the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920 :—

D. W. WILLIS, ESQ.,
to be Captain with effect from the 20th of September, 1948.

M.P. 0206.

No. 55. 28th September, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance No. 5 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939."

M.P. 0747.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.
Harold Joseph Aldridge, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Lawrence Walter Aldridge, brother of the above named deceased, has applied for

Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

21st September, 1948.

L. 30/48.

No. 2.

Proclamation

1948.

To cancel Import Licences issued by the Competent Authority and Collector of Customs prior to the 1st of January, 1948, for goods emanating from South America.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS it is deemed expedient to cancel certain Import Licences issued by the Competent Authority and the Collector of Customs prior to the 1st of January, 1948, for goods emanating from South America.

Now in virtue of the powers in me vested by Section 2 of the Exports and Imports (Emergency Powers) Ordinance, 1939, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby proclaim and order and it is hereby proclaimed and ordered that all Import Licences issued by the Competent Authority or Collector of Customs prior to the 1st of January, 1948, for goods emanating from South America, are hereby cancelled.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 24th day of September, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-eight.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0504/11.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

No. 8 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 42 of the Licensing Ordinance 1944 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered :

1. All premises in which intoxicating liquors are sold by retail, except as hereinafter mentioned, shall be open for the following hours only:

On weekdays, from 11 a.m. until 1 p.m. and from 5.30 a.m. until 10 p.m.

On Sunday, Christmas Day, and Good Friday, from 12 noon until 2 p.m.

2. The licensed premises known as the "Mon-Star Hotel" shall be open on Sunday from 12 noon until 2.30 p.m. and from 4.30 p.m. until 10 p.m. but in all other respects shall comply with the hours specified in the first paragraph of this Order.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 27th day of September, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 164/43.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

No. 9 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that :-

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Order (No. 4) Short title.
1948.

2. From and after the 1st day of January, 1949, the following export duties on wool shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto

"On wool

when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip does not exceed 10d.	.25d. per lb.
--	---------------

when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 10d. but does not exceed 20d.	.5d. per lb.
---	--------------

when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 20d. but does not exceed 30d.	.75d. per lb.
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when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 30d. but does not exceed 40d.	1d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 40d. but does not exceed 50d.	...	...	1.5d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 50d. but does not exceed 60d.	...	...	2d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 60d.			2.5d. per lb.

Export duties on
Tallow, Hides and
Skins.

3. From and after the date of publication of this Order the following export duties shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto :-

"On Tallow, Hides and Skins, two and a half per centum of the selling price of such goods".

Rescission.

4. The words "on wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof, one shilling and three pence" and "on Tallow whether prepared from sheep or cattle, two and a half per centum of the average U.K./Continental market value at the time of shipment" in Clause 3 of Customs Order (No. 3) 1948 are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in the Executive Council on the 1st day of October, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0465.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To provide for the Repeal of the Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance 1924, and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 1936.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Repeal) Ordinance, 1948. | Short title. |
| 2. The Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance 1924 and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance 1936 are hereby repealed. | Repeal of Ordinances No. 6 of 1924 and 1 of 1936. |

A Bill for An Ordinance

To provide for an Ordinance to control Lotteries.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Lotteries Ordinance, 1948. | Short title. |
| 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits : | Definitions. |
| “lottery” means a distribution of prizes by lot or chance and shall include betting by totalisator. | |
| “promoter” means any person or number of persons associated together for the purpose of operating a lottery. | |
| “money” includes a cheque, bank note, postal order or money order. | |
| “ticket” means any document evidencing the claim of a person to participate in the chances of a lottery. | |
| “totalisator” means the contrivance for betting known as the totalisator or pari-mutuel, or any other machine or instrument of betting of a like nature, whether mechanically operated or not. | |
| 3. From and after the date of publication of this Ordinance no lottery shall be operated in the Colony except as hereinafter provided. | Every lottery to conform with requirements of Ordinance. |

Application for
licence to operate a
lottery.

4. Any person who proposes to operate a lottery shall before taking any steps in respect thereof apply in writing to the Treasurer for a licence so to do and shall in such application state

- (a) the full names and addresses of all promoters
- (b) the number and cash value of all prizes it is proposed to award
- (c) the number of tickets to be issued
- (d) the name of the printer who will print the tickets
- (e) the purchase price of each ticket
- (f) the date, time and place of the intended draw for the prize or prizes

Issue and revocation
of licence.

5. The Treasurer may issue a licence for the purpose of this Ordinance subject to such conditions as may be imposed and at any time may revoke any licence for any reason he may consider just and sufficient.

Payment of 10% of
net amount of monies
collected.

6. (1) It shall be a condition of the grant of a licence that the promoters shall on the day preceding the draw produce to the Treasurer a true balance sheet shewing all monies received and paid for printing and stationery (no other deductions shall be permissible) in connection with the lottery and such evidence as he may require in verification thereof and shall thereupon pay the Treasurer ten per centum of the net amount of the monies available for distribution.

(2) No draw for the lottery shall take place until the requirements of sub-section (1) of this section have been complied with.

(3) The amount so paid to the Treasurer shall be paid into the General Revenues of the Colony.

(4) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a lottery operated in aid of any charitable purpose approved by the Governor.

(5) The Governor may reduce the percentage provided for in sub-section (1) of this section in such cases as he may think fit.

Publication of results
of lotteries.

7. The result of the draw of every lottery shall be published on the day following the draw by broadcast and by exhibiting a list of all prizewinners on the public notice board in Stanley.

Offences.

8. Any person who :

- (a) shall operate or attempt to operate a lottery without obtaining a licence as herein provided, or
- (b) shall not comply with or observe any condition of a licence granted to operate a lottery, or
- (c) shall not comply with the requirements of sections 6 and 7 hereof, or
- (d) shall sell any ticket to any person apparently under the age of seventeen years, whether acting on his own behalf or on behalf of another person, or
- (e) shall buy or accept the transfer of a ticket in a lottery which has not been licenced under this Ordinance

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 for each offence and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction for an offence under the same section to a fine not exceeding £100 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Provided that it shall be a defence for a person charged only by reason of his being a promoter of the lottery or being a director or officer of a body corporate operating the lottery to prove that the offence was committed without his knowledge.

9. Any Justice of the Peace, if satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground to suspect that any premises are being used for the purpose of the commission of an offence against this Ordinance may grant a warrant under his hand authorising any constable at any time or times within one month from the date thereof to enter, if necessary by force, the said premises and every part thereof and to search for and seize and remove any documents money or valuable thing found therein which he has reasonable ground to suppose are on those premises for any purpose constituting an infringement of this Ordinance.

Power to issue Search Warrant.

10. The common law of England so far as it is applicable to the Colony by virtue of section 31 of the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance 1900 or any amendment thereof shall not apply to any lottery licensed under this Ordinance.

Common law of England not to apply.

11. The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the administration of this Ordinance.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To authorise the levy of a General Rate and a Water Rate in Stanley.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Rates Ordinance 1948. Short title.
2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits : Interpretation.
 - "Council" means the Town Council of Stanley.
 - "Stanley" means the area contained in the three Wards described in the First Schedule to the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.
 - "Premises" means any lands tenements hereditaments or property in Stanley which are or may become liable to a rate in respect of which the valuation list is conclusive.
 - "Court" means the Supreme Court.
 - "Rate" means a rate the proceeds of which are applicable to purposes of a public nature in Stanley and which is leviable on the basis of an assessment in respect of the annual value of premises in Stanley.
 - "Domestic purposes" mean ordinary and reasonable purposes of domestic life and shall include the use of water for fixed baths, water closets, urinals, hot water, heating, washing cars and carriages and for the watering of gardens forming part of the amenities of the house.

PART I.

GENERAL RATE.

Liability for general rate.

3. (1) A rate shall be made and levied by the Council on the owners (except as hereinafter mentioned) of all premises and shall be assessed on the net annual value of all such premises including those let to a tenant by the Government.

Provided that an owner shall be liable to be rated although the premises are unoccupied at the time of the assessment of the rate.

Recovery of rates from tenants.

Provided also that where rates due are in arrear the Council may serve upon any person paying rent in respect of the premises so rated or any part thereof a notice stating the amount of such arrears of rate and regarding all future payments of rent (whether the same have already accrued due or not) by the person paying the rent to be made direct to the Council until such arrears shall have been duly paid and such notice shall operate to transfer to the Council the right to recover receive and give a discharge for such rent.

(2) Where premises are let by the Government the rate shall be recovered from the tenant exclusively.

Part payment.

4. If any owner assessed or liable to any such rate ceases to be owner of the premises in respect whereof he is so assessed or liable, before the end of the period for which the rate was made, and before it is fully paid off, he shall be liable to pay only such part of the rate as may be in proportion to the time during which he continues to be such owner. In every such case any person becoming owner or occupier of the premises during part of the said period shall pay such part of the rate as may be in proportion to the time during which he continues to be such owner, and it shall be recovered from him in the same manner as if he had been originally assessed or liable.

Exemptions.

5. The following premises and the owners and occupiers thereof are exempt from rateability.

- (a) The property of the Crown (except where let to a tenant).
- (b) Property occupied by the Crown for the purposes of government of the Colony (including property occupied by the Falkland Islands Defence Force).
- (c) Every church chapel or similar building used and maintained exclusively for the public celebration of divine service and not having part of any premises used for human habitation.

Provided, that no such church, chapel or like building so used and maintained as aforesaid shall be deemed or taken to be part of premises used for human habitation by reason only that it communicates therewith.

Rate may be prospective or retrospective.

6. A rate may be made and levied either prospectively in order to raise money for the payment of expenses to be incurred within one year thereafter, or retrospectively in order to raise money for the payment of expenses incurred within one year previously, and at such rate of assessment as the Council shall think fit and as is authorised by this Ordinance, from which rate of assessment there shall be no appeal.

Assessment.

7. A rate shall be made at a certain and equal rate assessed upon the net annual value of all premises liable to be assessed and rated, that is to say, at the rate of one or more shillings or fractions of a shilling for every pound of the net annual value.

Rate must be in a certain form. Schedule.

8. A rate shall contain every particular required under the Form set out in the Schedule hereto, so far as such particulars can be ascertained, and shall be signed by the Chairman of the Council

or the person acting as such at the time of making such rate at the foot thereof, and unless the same be so signed it shall be of no force or effect.

9. A rate shall be due on the 1st day of January in each year and shall be paid in advance. When rate due.

10. Any person who shall remove from any premises in respect of which he may be rated and assessed and leave any rate unpaid, or who shall remove any of his goods from any premises in order to avoid a distress thereon, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding £10. Penalty on persons leaving rates in arrear.

11. The Council may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof. When rates may be remitted.

12. (1) The Council shall permit every rated inhabitant of Stanley, and every other person authorized in writing by the Governor, to inspect at all reasonable hours every rate made by them, and every account required to be kept by them, paying one shilling for each rate or account inspected, and the Council shall on demand give a copy of or extract from any rate or account to any such inhabitant or other person paying three pence for every hundred words or fraction thereof, and further, the Council shall be liable to a penalty of £10 for every refusal, to be recovered, together with full costs of suit by the party aggrieved in a court of Summary Jurisdiction. Rates may be inspected. Penalty for denial of inspection.

(2) All moneys received by the Council for any inspection, copy of or extract from any rate or account, shall be credited to the rates.

13. The Council shall within 7 days after the making of a rate give notice thereof by publishing the notice in any newspaper circulating in Stanley and by causing the notice to be affixed to the doors of the Cathedral, Chapel of St. Mary and Tabernacle in Stanley and by local broadcast and the rate shall not be valid unless notice is duly given. Publication of rate.

14. (1) Information on the following matters shall be included in the demand note on which the rate is levied Demand notes.

- (a) such description as is reasonably necessary for identification of the premises in respect of which the demand note is issued,
- (b) the net annual value,
- (c) the amount in the pound at which the rate is charged,
- (d) the period in respect of which the rate is made,
- (e) particulars as to any discount admissible for prompt payment.

(2) A demand note may include a demand for any water or other rate, rent or charge payable to the Council.

(3) A demand note shall be sufficiently authenticated if signed by the Treasurer of the Council.

15. The Council may by resolution direct that an allowance by way of discount not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum shall be made on the whole amount due in respect of any rate due from any person who pays the net amount due before such date as the Council may prescribe. Discount.

Provided that such allowance shall be made at the same rate to all persons entitled thereto.

16. The Council shall as soon as practicable after promulgation of this Ordinance appoint an Assessment Committee consisting of five members two of whom shall not be members of the Council and shall appoint any person to fill any casual vacancy caused by Assessment Committee.

death resignation disqualification or otherwise subject to the appointment of any member not being a member of the Council being first approved by the Governor.

Functions of Assessment Committee.

17. The Assessment Committee shall

(1) maintain a book concerning particulars of all premises in Stanley, and shall make such alterations therein as may be required from time to time and from the particulars therein contained prepare a draft valuation list.

(2) on the 1st day of November in every year and not otherwise except by order of the Court devise and forward to the Council the draft valuation list

(3) hold meetings to consider any objection under section 18 hereof made to the draft valuation list and may make such alterations insertions and corrections in the list whether for the purpose of meeting an objection or for any other reason they think proper.

Publication of draft valuation list and objections.

18. The Council shall forthwith on receipt of the draft valuation list as provided in section 17 (2) cause a notice to be published in the manner prescribed for publication of a rate in section 13 that the draft valuation list may be inspected at the office of Treasurer of the Council during the usual office hours and that any person aggrieved by any assessment therein or omission therefrom may lodge an objection within 21 days from such notice.

Valuation conclusive subject to appeal.

19. After the expiration of 21 days from the notice provided for in section 18 should there be no objection to the draft valuation list or notification by the Assessment Committee to the Council of its decision on all such objections the draft valuation list shall subject to any appeal provided for in section 22 and to any amendment as may be ordered by the Court, be conclusive evidence of the net annual value of all premises therein mentioned for all purposes of rating and assessment.

Power of Council to amend rate.

20. (1) The Council may at any time make such amendments in a rate (being either the current or the last preceding rate) as appears to them necessary in order to make the rate conform with the provisions of this Ordinance or any amendment thereof and in particular may

- (a) correct any clerical or arithmetical error in the rate
- (b) correct any erroneous insertions or omissions or any misdescriptions
- (c) make such additions to or correction in the rate as appear to be necessary by reason of
 - (i) any newly erected premises or any premises which were unoccupied at the time of making the rate coming into operation; or
 - (ii) any premises previously rated on a single premise becoming liable to be rated in parts.

Provided that not less than seven days before making any such amendment the effect of which is to alter the amount appearing in the rate as chargeable in respect of any premises the Council shall send notice of the proposed amendment to the owner of the premises and to the occupier if he is liable to pay the rate and shall consider any objection which may be made by him or them.

(2) Every amendment under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of the preceding subsection shall have effect as if it were contained in the rate as originally made.

Powers of Assessment Committee: entry and returns.

21. (1) Any member of the Assessment Committee may at all reasonable hours of the day having given one clear days notice in writing enter any premises for the purpose of discharging his duties

and remain therein so long as may be necessary for that purpose and any person preventing or hindering such member from entering or remaining as aforesaid shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a daily penalty of £5.

(2) The Assessment Committee may at any time require the owner of any premises to make a return containing such particulars as may reasonably be required for the purpose of carrying out this Ordinance within 21 days after the service of the notice calling upon him so to do and any person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with such notice shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 and to a further penalty not exceeding £2 for each day during which the default continues after conviction and any person who makes or causes to be made a return which is false in any material particular shall be liable on summary conviction in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £50.

22. Any person aggrieved by

Appeals.

- (a) any assessment or rate
- (b) any order or requirement of the Council or Assessment Committee under this Ordinance
- (c) any conviction or order of a Court of Summary Jurisdiction registered or made under this Ordinance
- (d) the refusal of a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to convict or make an order under this Ordinance may within one month after such grievance shall have arisen appeal to the Court in manner provided by the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902 or any amendment or re-enactment thereof.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorise an appeal against the rate or assessment hereby authorised unless the same shall be unequal.

23. (1) The Colonial Secretary may within one month from the date of the valuation list appeal to the Court against any assessment in or omission from the said list.

Appeals by Colonial Secretary.

(2) The Colonial Secretary may appeal against the making, registering or omitting to make any order by the Council in prejudice, abridgment or derogation from the rights or privileges of His Majesty or the duties powers or authorities vested in the Governor within one month of such making neglect or omission.

(3) The Colonial Secretary shall not be required to enter into a recognisance to prosecute an appeal.

24. The Court may cause the order of the Court in an appeal to be recorded on the valuation list and the decision upon any appeal shall be conclusive and binding on all parties thereto.

Order of Court.

25. Where there is no provision for the service of notice of appeal or statement of the grounds of appeal the Court may direct upon whom and the manner in which service shall be made.

Service of notice.

26. (1) Any person liable to pay a rate who fails to pay the same when due, or quits or is about to quit any premises without payment of a rate then due may be summoned to appear before a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to shew cause why such rate should not be paid.

Summary proceedings for recovery of rate.

If the defaulter fails to appear or shew sufficient cause for non payment such Court may make an order for the payment of the same and may by warrant cause the same to be levied by distress on the goods or chattels of the defaulter.

(2) The costs of the recovery of arrears of any rate may be added to such arrears.

Charge on premises.

27. (1) Where any rate shall remain unpaid the Council may apply to a Court of Summary Jurisdiction for an order that the amount of rate remaining unpaid together with the costs caused by attempting to collect the same shall be a first charge on the premises and such Court is hereby empowered to make such order.

(2) An order made under this section shall be registered with the Registrar General at Stanley before it shall become effective.

PART II.

WATER RATE.

Liability for water rate.

Domestic purposes.

28. (1) A water rate shall be made and levied by the Council on the owners of all premises in respect of all water supplied for domestic purposes and shall be assessed on the net annual value of all such premises including those let to a tenant by the Government.

(2) Where premises are let by the Government the water rate shall be recovered from the tenant exclusively.

Non-domestic charges.

(3) Where water is supplied or used for non-domestic purposes the following fixed rates shall respectively be charged

	£	s.	d.
Butchers shop	1	10	0
Chicken farm		10	0
Dairy	1	10	0
Garage	1	10	0
Mineral water plant ...	5	0	0
Photographic business ...		10	0
Slaughterhouse	2	10	0
Stable		10	0

Provided that the Council may from time to time by resolution require a fixed charge in respect of any other premises or class of premises to which water is supplied for a non-domestic purpose or vary or cancel any fixed charge in respect of water so supplied subject to public notice being given of such resolution as provided in section 13.

Supply by meter.

29. (1) The Council may by resolution, public notice of which shall be given as hereinbefore provided, require water to be supplied by measure to any ship or premises or class of premises and may recover any money payable in respect thereof in the same manner as water rates.

Council may sell or let meters.

(2) When water is supplied by measure the Council shall sell or let for hire at such economical rent as it shall decide, at the option of the consumer, a meter or other instrument for measuring the quantity of water supplied and consumed and the purchase price or rent shall be recoverable in the same manner as water rates.

Power of entry.

(3) When water is supplied by measure officers of the Council may between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. enter any premises so supplied in order to inspect any meter or any other instrument or apparatus for measuring water or for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of water supplied or consumed and for the purpose of removing any water or other apparatus the property of the Council and any person hindering any such officer from entering for any of such purposes shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 for each offence.

Exemptions recovery of rates etc.

30. The provisions of Part I of this Ordinance relating to exemptions, assessment, when rate is due, penalty for leaving premises when rate is in arrear, demand notes and recovery of arrears of rate including changing premises shall be applicable to the water rate as if the same had been expressly made in respect thereof.

31. The Council may in addition to any other remedy for the recovery of water rate in arrear herein contained stop the flow of water into the premises in respect of which such rate is payable by cutting the pipe to such premises or by such other means as it may think fit and may recover the cost of such cutting off and of any re-connection in addition to the arrears of water rate.

Power to cut off supply.

Provided that the Council shall before serving notice of intention to cut off require the occupier to pay water rate in arrear in accordance with the second proviso to section 3 and the provisions thereof shall be applicable to the water rate as if the same had been expressly made in respect thereof.

PART III.

GENERAL.

32. No Justice of the Peace shall be incapable of acting in cases arising under this Ordinance by reason of his being a member of the Council or a ratepayer or being liable to contribute to or be benefited by any rate or fund out of which any expenses incurred by the Council under this Ordinance are to be defrayed.

Capacity of Justices.

33. Notices, orders and other documents required or authorized to be served under this Ordinance may be served by delivering them or a true copy thereof to some person on the premises, or if there is no person on the premises who can be served by fixing them on some conspicuous part of the premises.

Notices.

34. All expenses and compensation incurred or payable by the Council in the execution of this Ordinance and not otherwise provided for out of capital raised for that purpose, shall be charged on and defrayed out of the rate.

Defrayment of expenses.

35. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall prejudice, abridge or derogate from, or be deemed, taken or construed to prejudice, abridge or derogate from, the duties, powers or authorities which now are or at any time hereafter may be lawfully imposed upon or vested in or which heretofore have been exercised by the Governor for the preservation of the peace, safety and good government of the Colony.

Powers of Governor.

36. The Stanley Rating Ordinance 1928 is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

37. This Ordinance shall come into force on the day of publication in respect of the preparation of the draft valuation list by the Assessment Committee under section 17 and all powers in connection therewith and in all other respects on the 1st day of January, 1949.

Commencement.

SCHEDULE.

FORM OF GENERAL RATE.

An assessment made for a general rate, made this day of
in the year one thousand nine hundred and after the rate of in the

Number in Premises Valuation.	Arrears due.	Name of owner.	Description of property rated.	Net annual value.	Amount of rate at

Witness our Common Seal, and the hand of our Chairman, this day of 19

Chairman of the Council.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-seven in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 6 of 1946.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1947.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1947) Ordinance, 1948.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the year 1947.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One Thousand nine hundred and forty-seven, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	Pensions	251	0	5
IV.	Treasury & Customs	6607	2	9
VII.	Electrical & Telegraphs	460	5	5
X.	Police & Prisons	10	11	7
XI.	Medical	739	6	9
XIV.	Naturalist	49	11	7
XVII.	Miscellaneous	2062	8	0
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	8975	14	11
XX.	Public Works Extraordinary	4466	6	0
XXII.	Land Sales	113	18	7
	£	23736	6	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
I.	Dependencies	£ 33778	17	1

A Bill for
An Ordinance

To provide for the service of the year
1949.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows — Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1949) Ordinance, 1948. Short Title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st December, 1949, a sum not exceeding Two hundred and fifty-five thousand, Two hundred and sixty-five pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1949. Appropriation of £255,265 for service of year 1948.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	The Governor	3580	0	0
II.	Agriculture	4340	0	0
III.	Audit	1042	0	0
IV.	Communications	6304	0	0
V.	Customs	842	0	0
VI.	Ecclesiastical	—	—	—
VII.	Education	11402	0	0
VIII.	Electric Light, Telegraphs and Telephones	11583	0	0
IX.	Land Sales	211	0	0
X.	Medical	10682	0	0
XI.	Meteorological	651	0	0
XII.	Military	568	0	0
XIII.	Miscellaneous	13735	0	0
XIV.	Naturalist	600	0	0
XV.	Pensions	5000	0	0
XVI.	Police and Prisons	2065	0	0
XVII.	Post Office	8502	0	0
XVIII.	Public Works Department	3874	0	0
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	9620	0	0
XX.	Secretariat & Treasury	8043	0	0
XXI.	Supreme Court	309	0	0
Total Expenditure chargeable to Revenue		£ 102953	0	0
XXII.	Colonial Development & Welfare	23795	0	0
XXIII.	Extraordinary Expenditure	24950	0	0
Total Expenditure		£ 151698	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
South Georgia		23414	0	0
Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey		77058	0	0
Discovery Committee		3095	0	0
Total		£ 255265	0	0



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVII.

NOVEMBER 1, 1948.

No. 12.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Peck, D.	Post Office	Office Boy & Messenger	9.9.48.	On probation for 3 months.

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Harries, R.	Secretariat	Office Boy & Messenger	1.4.48.

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Kenny, Miss H.	Education	Travelling Teacher	31.10.48. Resigned.
Dentry, R. H.	Public Works	Carpenter (Development Programme)	31.10.48. Appointment terminated.

LEAVE.

<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Gray, Miss H. P.	Education	Asst. Mistress	4½ months	2.10.48. Leave to commence from date of departure.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 56.

7th October, 1948.

MAJOR A. I. FLEURET, M.B.E., J.P.,
Administrative Officer, South Georgia, was absent on vacation leave from 26th of April, 1948, to the 3rd of October, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/19.

No. 57.

7th October, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 36 of the 31st of May, 1948,

W. J. GRIERSON, ESQ., J.P.,
acted as Officer-in-Charge, South Georgia, from the 26th of April, 1948, to the 3rd of October, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/1.

No. 58. 15th October, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 81 of the 31st of December, 1947, the following Practitioners have been added to the List of Medical Practitioners, registered to practise in the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

Saltman, Kenneth	M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.)	1947.
Brand, Erling	M.D. (Oslo)	1933.

M.P. 21/28.

No. 59. 21st October, 1948.

MISS EVELYN BOSWORTHICK,
was on leave from the 6th of June, 1948, to the 21st of October, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/326.

No. 60. 21st October, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment :-

E. F. BUNTING, ESQ., B. Eng. (Hons.),
Executive Engineer, to be Registrar of Shipping.
M.P. 0421.

No. 61. 27th October, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised

to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance No. 2 of 1948 entitled "An Ordinance to repeal the Tariff Ordinance 1943 the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil, &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947.

M.P. 159/43.

No. 62. 31st November, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 81 of the 31st of December, 1947, the following Practitioner has been added to the List of Medical Practitioners registered to practise in the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

Johansen, Paul Ingaed, M.D. (Oslo) 1940.

M.P. 21/28.

No. 63. 31st October, 1948.

TOWN COUNCIL NOTICE.

REGISTER OF ELECTORS.

The Register of Electors has been compiled and may be inspected at the Town Council Office between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 1.00 p.m. and 3.00 p.m. and 5.00 p.m. from Monday to Friday.

M.P. 0039/C.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 20TH OCTOBER, 1948.

1. The Honourable Dr. R. S. Slessor, M.B., Ch.B., Senior Medical Officer, after taking the prescribed Oaths, assumed his seat at the Council.

2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 12th of May, and 11th of June, 1948, were confirmed.

3. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address :—

Honourable Members of Council.

It has been the custom at the Budget session of Council to lay on the table a record of the administrative and departmental activities of the year. I am unable to do so today since I have not had the heart to place any further burden on the shoulders of our greatly harassed Government Printer who has been hard put to it to get the Estimates out in time. It is appropriate that I should invite your attention both to his indefatigability and to the unvarying excellence of the work which flows from his somewhat primitive machines. In default of the usual report I will give you now a brief precis of the year's achievements.

For myself, you will recall that during the summer I made three voyages in His Majesty's ships "Snipe" and "Nigeria" to the Antarctic and to South Georgia; at the latter I was pleased to note the good relations subsisting between our administrative staff and the whaling communities. In June/July I made a round trip of the Camp by the "Fitzroy" returning overland from San Carlos; this trip, apart from the somewhat peculiar circumstances which attended it, was very good value since it gave me an opportunity for long and frank discussions with Farm Managers and for visiting several settlements on the West Falkland which I had not previously seen. I have now visited all the sheep stations except Weddell; most of them twice and some three times. My future tours will, whenever possible, be made either on horseback or in the "Philomel" in order to give me longer time and so the occasion to see more of the workers and their families.

In July I flew to London where I was able to spend five weeks "between boats" and from my own point of view this was a most useful visit; it will prove, I hope, to have been no less useful to the Colony. My discussions covered a very wide range of subjects and these resulted in a great saving of time. Turning now to the Departments :

AUDIT. Accounts have been audited up to and including 1947 and the value of this temporary appointment — one of those which has been criticised — has been amply proven; without guidance it is very easy to fall into error and once errors start to accumulate, which is their habit, they may lead to all kinds of trouble. We can now rest comfortably in the knowledge that past errors have been detected and amended and that proper accounting procedure has been introduced into every Department. This Administration cannot of course afford to carry an Auditor as a permanent commitment and I am arranging, therefore, for Mr. Gleadell who has shown some aptitude for this work, to proceed next year to the Central Audit Office for a period of instruction and thence for six months to another Colony to widen his experience. Thus, we should be able to carry on after Mr. Bumphrey's attachment comes to an end with nothing more than an occasional visit from an official of the Colonial Audit Service.

AGRICULTURE. After an interregnum of nearly two years we have received a successor to Dr. Gibbs and the substitution of the title Agricultural Officer for the former title of Director of Agriculture is in keeping with certain changes in the scope and responsibilities of the Department which I have long had in mind. A brief memorandum will be issued shortly defining these changes. Mr. Oliver is a Dalesman, is himself a practical farmer and the Managers will, I am confident, find in him an experienced and helpful colleague always ready to assist them in any way that he can. As a first step in the reorganisation of the Department I have decided to discontinue milk and vegetable production, neither of which have I ever been able to regard as a legitimate function of the Government; more especially in an agricultural community such as this. These changes which are in accord with the recommendations of the Economy Committee are reflected in the Estimates which will show a still further reduction in 1950. Of particular interest during the year has been an experiment conducted by Mr. Beaty of Port Stephens in the use of cobalt and copper sulphate administered as a drench; the results judged by his report are certainly impressive. I am happy to be able to congratulate the farmers on a highly successful wool season and both them and the Labour Federation on the conclusion of this year's shearing agreement.

CUSTOMS. I have appointed Mr. Noel Biggs, a local officer, to the substantive office of Collector of Customs and Competent Authority and, as in the case of Mr. Gleadell, am arranging for him to receive further training in England. The only noteworthy increases in Customs duties during the year have been, on the Imports side, a stepping-up of the cess on Spirits and Tobaccos and, on the Exports side, the introduction of a sliding scale tax on whale and seal oil. As to the former, I would remind the House that the wind has been tempered to the shorn lamb in the Camp to the extent that the duty on Rum is 16/- per gallon less than on other forms of hard liquor and that the duty on tobacco as used for rolling cigarettes is only 6/- per lb. As to the latter — whale and seal oil — the market, as we all know, is liable to considerable fluctuations over the years and a sliding-scale tax is much the fairest method of assessment, securing to the Administration a legitimate interest when prices rule high and protecting the producer when they fall. The tax represents approximately 3% on the gross. Rationing has been

maintained throughout the year on only three items - tea, sugar and clothing while sales of butter have been controlled during periods of shortage. As the result of enquiries whilst I was in London it seems that we shall be able to satisfy the greater part of our small needs from United Kingdom sources of supply; this has already been reflected in the matter of clothing and textiles and, more recently, in the shipment of selected seed oats for the farms. The Government will accordingly place a ban on imports from hard currency areas unless it can be shown either that the article required is unobtainable from the United Kingdom or other sterling source or, if obtainable, can only be imported at higher cost. Much of our supplies from Latin America has been expensive and of inferior quality so that the arrangements contemplated should exercise a favourable influence on the cost of living.

EDUCATION. School attendance, as in 1947, has been a good deal interrupted by illness but the physical condition of the Stanley children as revealed by recent examination is satisfactory; an undue preponderance of enlarged, and in some cases infected, tonsils has been noted as also far too many bad teeth but both these conditions are remediable. There has been a number of staff changes; Mr. Baker has gone on leave after serving for over eight years, continuously, while Mr. Rice, Miss Downs and Miss Bosworthick have left on completion of contract and Miss Page Gray has had, unfortunately, to be invalided. Mr. Skillington has been appointed as Assistant Master and will administer the Department pending the arrival of Mr. Honeyman and Mr. Weilding relieves Mr. Draycott as Inspector of Camp Schools. My new educational proposals, as endorsed by a local committee and submitted to the Secretary of State last year, have been examined, approved and welcomed by the Advisory Committee on Education in the Colonies; these proposals aim at affording improved educational facilities for the Camp and at giving a more realistic bias to instruction in the post-elementary grades. Teacher training is of the first importance and grants totalling £12,000 to provide for this have been authorised from the Colonial Development and Welfare Fund. Finally, I propose as from 1st January to abolish all fees in respect of elementary education.

ELECTRICAL & TELEGRAPHS. The Admiralty decision to withdraw the Naval detachment confronted the Government with the necessity of building a new wireless station at short notice; that this was done and the station operating without a hitch by the 16th April reflects very great credit on the Superintendent, the Executive Engineer and the staff of these two Departments. Traffic handled averages 1,300 inward and 1,200 outward messages every month compared with some 400 and 500 respectively before the war.

HARBOUR DEPARTMENT. The "Philomel" which arrived in February has now got over her teething troubles - she needed considerable overhaul after the long voyage from England - and is highly spoken of by all who have travelled in her. With the arrival of her new ground tackle she will go into regular commission and will, as earlier predicted, become a valuable asset not only to the Medical Department but in improving the Colony's communications. The saving on diversion of the Company's ships represents in itself a considerable item. In the interest of safe navigation provision has been made for the erection of coastal lights at MacBride Head, Fox Bay and Cape Dolphin and I hope that it may be possible to utilise the "John Biscoe" at the end of the summer for some necessary hydrographic corrections around our coasts. If possible, I will also make the "Penelope" available for inter-island service during the winter.

LAW OFFICER. The Legal Secretary, whose appointment has also been criticised, has drafted 12 ordinances and 4 sets of regulations and revised 16 ordinances and 11 sets of regulations since his arrival at the end of last year; he has, in addition, taken over the duties of Magistrate in Stanley and the Government has been able to avail itself of his advice on a wide variety of subjects. It has been suggested to me that the work of drafting and revising could be carried out for us in the United Kingdom but I must observe at once that such a course would be wholly impracticable and lead to endless delay; moreover, since it would have to be done professionally I have little doubt that it would prove to be a good deal more costly in the long run. Honourable Members are doubtless aware that with the passing into law of the Crown Proceedings Act, the Crown can be sued in tort and they will agree with me not only that our laws should be brought up to date - the bound volume takes us no further than 1915 - but that new legislation must be unexceptionable in form. Legal drafting cannot be done by amateurs.

MEDICAL. Dr. Sladen left the Colony in August on completion of his secondment from the Gold Coast and has been succeeded in the post of Senior Medical Officer by Dr. Slessor who is no stranger to us; I take this opportunity of welcoming him to the Council. Dr. Arthur has also left the Colony and his successor is expected shortly. A grant has been authorised from the Colonial Development and Welfare Fund for the employment of a District Nurse for three years and attempts are still being made to fill this appointment. A grant of £35,000 has also been authorised for the modernisation, enlargement and re-equipment of the King Edward Memorial Hospital; this project has been the subject of criticism in certain quarters as being out of keeping with the Colony's needs. For that matter, so is the whole medical organisation; where else would one find a complement of 4 Doctors, a Dentist, a Matron, 2 Sisters and 6 Nurses to look after a population of 2,600? This is imposed upon us by poor communications and the scattered nature of our population and it is all the more necessary that we should be able to get the best service from our imported staff. The present building, completed in 1915, has served its purpose but it is ill-designed and makes no provision for tuberculous patients, bed-ridden incurables and other, similar cases who cannot be cared for properly at home; of these we must always have a number to look after. There is no doubt that the modifications and extension, when completed, will add greatly to the comfort and convenience of patients and staff alike and that they will meet all foreseeable requirements for the future. The plans include provision for a new X-Ray plant and for a properly equipped Dental Surgery. If any member of the House or of the public is interested, the plans can be seen by arrangement at the P.W.D. offices.

NATURALIST. The abandonment of the Fishery scheme brings with it, as from the end of this year, the discontinuance of the post of Government Naturalist which is in direct compliance with the recommendations of the Economy Committee. I cannot pass over this event without expressing to Council the Government's appreciation of the many and diverse tasks which Dr. Hamilton has carried out so

conscientiously during his long association with the Colony and I wish him, on your behalf, long years in which to enjoy his retirement. Arrangements have been made for continuing the trout-breeding and distribution experiment which he initiated and which future generations of Islanders may live to bless him for.

POLICE. Mr. Jenkins, a professional police officer, has been appointed to the vacant post of Chief Constable and I look forward to an improvement in the efficiency of the Force under his guidance. It is, however, necessary to remind the public that no police force can operate effectively unless with the support of public opinion. There have been too many cases of breaking and entry and of petty pilfering and in no case have the perpetrators been discovered; if this continues the property of none of us will be safe. I well remember, as a boy, being told of the Falkland Islands that it was one of the few places in the world where a man could leave his house with the door open and return to find everything just as he left it; that was a fine reputation to enjoy and we should guard it more jealously.

POST OFFICE. I have appointed Mr. Enestrom, another local official, to the substantive office of Colonial Postmaster. An increase in the ordinary letter rate to the United Kingdom, and other countries within the Empire, from 1d. to 2½d. has been offset by a decrease in Air Mail Letter Form rates from 9d. to 6d., Empire-wide, while ordinary Air Mail letter rate has also been reduced by more than 50%. There has been a substantial increase in the use of Air Mail. The General Post Office has recently doubled the credits allowed to the Colony in respect of parcel post from the United Kingdom. We have a number of new postage stamps coming out in the near future which should be of some help to revenue; these are 'Their Majesties' Silver Wedding commemorative issue in denominations of 2½d. and £1 and domestic issues in denominations of 2d., 2½d. and 6d. The Colony's new Coat of Arms has been approved and will appear on a future issue.

PUBLIC WORKS. Mr. Bunting has succeeded Col. Woodgate as Executive Engineer and, I am glad to find, lacks nothing of his predecessor's energy and enthusiasm or of that officer's genius for improvisation. The Department has had an extremely busy year with the new Wireless Station, alterations to the Secretariat and one Government quarter completed; substantial progress with the new Town Hall, work on sewerage and water supply and various other undertakings. With a very full programme of public works confronting the Department, it has been necessary to import a few artisans from the United Kingdom and we shall be compelled to augment these by a few more if the more urgent items in the programme are to be completed to schedule. This has created a certain amount of heart-burning among locally trained artisans who are paid at a lower rate for similar tasks: that view is understandable but the fact remains that where there are insufficient locally trained men to complete the programme we must look elsewhere; looking elsewhere, we must pay the market rate whether the particular market be the United Kingdom or Latin America. Enquiries in the latter, where there is a high level of inflation, show that recruitment from such a source would lead to even greater disparity. The alternative is suitably qualified Displaced Persons who could quite certainly be obtained at local rates but the Labour Federation has, I understand, set its face against such a source of supply. It must be remembered, too, that artisan pay here is geared to all other rates of pay and one could not vary the one without creating a similar demand from the other. Nor must it be forgotten that the imported artisan is at a manifest disadvantage in that he has not his home here; he may have dependent relatives or other obligations to meet in the United Kingdom and his pound will certainly not go as far as the local worker's. The only partial relief from this difficulty that I can foresee – and it is only a partial relief – is reliance to such extent as may be possible on contract: provided always that the Executive Engineer, who bears the ultimate responsibility, is satisfied that the contract can be efficiently and economically discharged. The fact remains, however, that the Colony's labour strength is inadequate to the demands which it has to face during the period of development; we shall, of course, be in a better position when the apprentices whom imported artisans are required to train have completed their indentures.

SECRETARIAT & TREASURY. I have promoted Mr. Lellman, a locally appointed official to the substantive post of Assistant Treasurer. Both Secretariat and Treasury have had a very full year and although much of their work "blushes unseen" the Government as I know better than anybody has been well served; the extension to their offices to which I referred earlier will, I hope, make working conditions easier for them. I must at this point refer to our Colonial Secretary, Mr. Mathews, whose period of secondment from Sierra Leone is drawing to a close, and express to him my appreciation of the services which he has rendered to the Administration and to this House; I wish him, on your behalf, all good fortune in the future wherever it may lie.

This, Honourable Members, brings me to the end of my review of Government activities but you will recall that in my last address I spoke of the new conditions of service which were being devised for all grades of Government employees, whether clerical or technical; these have now been finally decided upon and submitted for the Secretary of State's approval. My intention here has been to provide a stable career and better prospects than now obtain. The Civil Servants have been consulted at all stages and I have sponsored their formation of a Civil Servants' Association for such purposes. Where accepted – and subject of course to Colonial Office approval – the new conditions will have retrospective effect from the 1st January of this year.

A word now about the Town Council. It has, so to speak, only just emerged from the chrysalis stage and has this year merely been trying out its wings; however, an enabling Bill will be submitted to you at the next meeting conferring a wide range of powers upon it such as are associated with local government elsewhere. It is true that the Council lacks the material resources in the form of works organisations which such bodies customarily maintain but these may grow in time and meanwhile there is no better way – no way as good – of ensuring that the views and wishes of the people of Stanley are brought to bear on the administration of the Town and, given the support of the ratepayers, I have no doubt that the Council will play an increasingly important part in the life of the Colony.

The Falkland Islands' Dependencies Survey had a very successful season in 1947/48 and accomplished two summer sledging journeys of outstanding merit; Falkland Islanders have played a

notable part in this enterprise. The Dependencies' vessel "John Biscoe" sailed from Southampton Waters on the 15th of this month with Commander Kirkwood, D.S.C., R.N. in command, 3 Naval executive officers, a hydrographic officer R.N., ex Naval engine room staff and a Falkland Islands crew. She underwent an extensive refit in Thornycroft's Yard and should now be a ship we can all be proud of. As from this year the administration, planning and general responsibility to the Secretary of State for the activities of the Survey have been placed on the shoulders of the Governor and the Dependencies become an integrated administrative unit under his personal direction. I have appointed Major Pierce Butler as Secretary to F.I.D.S.; he will fly back each year after the Biscoe has returned to England, undertake on my behalf the thousand and one things which have to be seen to and disposed of there at the end of each season's work, and fly out again in time to meet the ship on her arrival in these waters.

I took occasion during my visit to London to go through our provisional Development Programme with the officials concerned and it has been modified in various directions as a result. I have now re-drawn it and have attempted a more realistic time-table; the programme will be considered in Council at an early opportunity and will be made available, of course, to the public. In it I have endeavoured to spread the potential benefits as evenly as possible between the Colony, Stanley and the Camp. A feature of immediate interest to Stanley is the new electric power installation on which both Town Hall, Hospital and so much else depends. We have been fortunate in striking a very favourable bargain over the acquisition of the Blackstone generators and the work will thus be carried out with the maximum possible economy; it must also be carried out as quickly as the labour situation permits, not only for the reason I have already given but because the present installation is held together by little more than hope and ingenuity and a breakdown would leave us in serious difficulties. For the Camp, the object of principal interest is, of course, the Freezer in which we have been successful in interesting the Colonial Development Corporation who are sending out a representative this season to investigate and report. I understand that the economics of the scheme have been criticised by some in Stanley but in this as in other matters I prefer to be guided by the experts and Honourable Members may take it from me that the Directors and Executives of the Corporation are very hard-headed gentlemen indeed and any project they elect to support must satisfy them as to its merits. As I have suggested before the Freezer is not a short-term investment and if, as I hope, it materialises we can rest assured that it will be of great benefit to the industry and to the Colony which has for too long had all its eggs in one basket.

As to commercial development we are now assured of a resumption of sealing and I have granted a concession to Mr. Tilbury. Whaling, so far as the Colony is concerned, is still "in the air" but I have granted a lease to United Whalers Ltd. in the Dependencies and they contemplate setting up a shore station next summer, that is to say in 1949/50. While our own Fishery scheme has, as I said earlier, been abandoned I have had an application from a South African firm to whom I have granted a licence; they have expressed their intention of sending a scientific party in the near future to explore possibilities. I took the opportunity, while in London, to have a further talk with Mr. Merton of the British American Kelp Company and while there is no immediate likelihood of a resumption of activity our weed is still of interest to them and we must be ready to support the venture if it is revived.

With rumours in the air of the possible sale of the "Lafonia" the problem of our communications comes very much to the fore again and it will interest the House to know that while in London I had discussions with Colonial Office officials and executives of the British South American Airways regarding the possibility of a fortnightly service with Montevideo; so far as could be seen there were no insurmountable operational difficulties the principal hazard being, as ever, the financial one. I can say no more now than that the possibilities are still being examined; I am sure that you will all join your prayers with mine for a favourable outcome.

I should here add a word about our projected internal air service. At a meeting with the Sheep Owners' Association on the day that I left for England there was an unanimous request that I should take immediate steps to implement this. Accordingly I purchased two Auster 'planes through R.A.F. Disposals; one an ambulance model, the other a passenger model. There has been criticism because I purchased two but you will appreciate that this saves converting accommodation on occasions when the plane is required for different purposes and, again, if one breaks down we have the other to fall back upon. Moreover at the price I paid for them - £200 apiece - we could afford this. Now I am told that there is criticism about the price - that at this figure they cannot be airworthy. The critics must understand that aircraft, even second-hand aircraft, cannot be flown without a certificate of air-worthiness; both 'planes were flown from the air-field where they were lying to the manufacturers at Loughborough where they have been overhauled and Honourable Members can rest assured that they will be air-worthy in every respect.

As forecast in my last address to Council, non-contributory children's allowances will be introduced as from the 1st January. To simplify matters, payment will be made, monthly, through the Post Office to the mother or female guardian at the rate of £1 for two children with a further 10/- for each additional child up to school-leaving age; this scheme will, I hope, afford considerable assistance to the family man. In the case of those unfortunate enough to be on public assistance, the allowance will be payable in respect of the first child also. I am continuing, meanwhile, to explore the possibility of providing on a contributory basis for old age, but with so small a community this is no easy problem and one to which I can promise no early solution.

The Cost of Living Committee has been actively engaged during my absence and I have just received two reports from it to which I will give my immediate attention - they reveal a considerable divergence of views. The cost of living will be affected in some degree by the greater freedom of access to United Kingdom sources of supply, to which I referred earlier, while the grant of children's allowances and the abolition of school fees will also make their contribution.

The Budget which will be presented to you by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary & Treasurer presents a more cheerful picture than its predecessor and this despite the additional burdens in the form of Children's Allowances and the new conditions for Government employees for which I have made pro-

vision in anticipation of the Secretary of State's approval. On the Revenue side, the item of major importance is an increase of £5,000 p.a. in the contribution from the Dependencies which comes as the result of prolonged representations concluded during my recent visit to England. This is a substantial increase and represents in my view a proper recognition of the services performed by the Central Government on Dependencies account. The only other item of interest is the proposed substitution of a sliding-scale tax on the export of wool for the present fixed rate; it seeks nothing more than a reasonable contribution when prices are high and protects the farmer if they fall. I discussed this proposal with farm managers during my last tour of the Camp and do not recall one serious criticism; the comment of most of them was that it was fair and reasonable. The tax represents in fact only 2½% and by no stretch of the imagination can it be regarded as onerous. Should the price fall below 10d. per lb. there will be no tax at all. Export duties are a commonplace of the fiscal systems of most producer Colonies. On the expenditure side of the Budget there is a substantial reduction in the Agricultural vote while provision for the Naturalist's Department disappears apart from leave earned by Dr. Hamilton.

I turn now Honourable Members to the first purpose of my visit to London the drafting of a new Constitution for the Colony which has been, as such must ever be, the subject of long and meticulous consideration. The proposals, as finally approved by the Secretary of State for submission to His Majesty, differ in only three respects from the suggestions which I offered to members of the Public Relations Committee last year and which I have discussed tentatively with other of my unofficial advisers from time to time. Briefly, it is proposed that the new Legislative Assembly shall comprise 3 ex-officio members, namely the Colonial Secretary & Treasurer, the Senior Medical Officer and the Agricultural Officer; 4 popularly elected members, one each for the East and West Falkland and two for Stanley; 3 Nominated official members and 2 Nominated unofficial members. There will be then, just as there is today, an equality of official and unofficial votes but with four of the latter representing directly the voice of the people. Now for the differences. The first concerns the unofficial members; it is, I think, generally known that my intention was that the members for Stanley should be automatically the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Town Council and there were two reasons for this – it would save having double elections and would ensure that the views of the people of Stanley were reflected by those most closely concerned with the day-to-day affairs of the community. The suggestion – and I well knew this when I made it – was an unorthodox one for it was at once pointed out to me that the reasons which may influence an individual to vote in a municipal election are probably quite different from those which persuade him to vote for a candidate for the Legislature and that, not seldom, the interests of Stanley might conflict with the interests of the Colony. The Secretary of State, nevertheless, accepted my proposal until its implications were worked out in drafting when his Legal Advisers discovered a number of potential anomalies and complications: rather than prolong consideration any further or confront the Colony with some unsuspected difficulty or embarrassment, I decided to accept the normal alternative of a single election for the Colony as a whole. The second point concerns the President; in the first draft it was proposed to leave things as they are now – that is with the President having both an original and a casting vote but I have decided to abandon the former which means in effect that the Governor will normally exercise no active influence in debate, his position becoming essentially that of an arbiter. I have done this because I wish to ensure for future proceedings the utmost possible degree of reality. Finally, there will be one reserved subject and that, for reasons which I indicated earlier, the affairs of the Dependencies the responsibility for which now vests in the person of the Governor. I hope that the House and the Public will see in this reform a very substantial advance, for it is nothing less, and that both electors and elected will strive to make a real success of it. I will here remind you that the ultimate objective is a Legislative Council with an unofficial majority which, as you will perceive, can be readily secured when the time is ripe by the removal of one official vote; how soon that day will come depends necessarily upon the use which is made of the new Constitution. It is in the hands of both the electors and the elected. To the former I would say "Take this matter seriously and ensure that you get as your spokesmen those only in whom you have full confidence; having chosen them, make your wishes and criticisms known through them – they are your mouthpieces and they cannot discharge their duty to you effectively unless you give them your full support." And to the latter, the elected, I would say "Do all in your power to make this House a real forum of public opinion, responsibly expressed; let criticism be constructive and your only aim the public weal." Thus, and thus only, can we build surely for the future. A special, and final session of the present Council will be summoned in December to consider a Bill providing for the conduct of elections; these latter should take place in February to enable the inaugural meeting of the new Legislature to be held in March.

I would like at this point to direct the attention of Honourable Members to the international situation. Let us first look westwards. You will either have heard over the Broadcast or have read in the Weekly News the despatch addressed to me by the Secretary of State on the subject of the Bogota Conference and you will share my amazement at the unparalleled effrontery of the resolution there made that a Council should be set up, on which Great Britain and the Empire is not represented, to enquire into and report upon conditions in old-established British Colonies with a view to their eventual removal from the British Crown to which they are united in allegiance. I will not ask you to give formal endorsement to my views – it is wholly unnecessary; but it is well that the matter should be ventilated for there has recently come to my notice an allegation that it is being said openly here "Would we not be better off under the Argentines?" I take the opportunity, therefore, of nailing this monstrous, if not indeed, seditious piece of self-slander to the table of this House for I know well that nowhere within the Empire is there any more loyal community than this (*Applause*). If – I repeat if – such things have been said, they have been said by a few irresponsible and misguided fools and we may leave it at that.

I will turn now to the European scene from which not even the most purblind optimist can derive one crumb of comfort. Those of you who listen regularly to the news and who read your papers will have marked, with anxiety, the growing intransigence of Soviet Russia; will have marked the infinite, unwearying patience and forbearance of Great Britain, the United States and France in their efforts to reach agreement with their partner who has consistently sabotaged every such attempt and whose vocabulary appears to contain no other word but 'NO.' Who seeks through her agents to undermine the faith and corrupt the manhood of her late allies; and to what end, I ask you? There are those who will tell you that Russia does not want war; neither did Nazi Germany if she could attain her ends without it. One hopes always that the common sense of the common people will prevail but history has shown us again.

and yet again, that on such occasions the voice of common sense is stifled and the temper of the people is whipped up by false appeals to serve the bidding of the evil few. Others say that Russia is not ready for war but who can tell if she be ready or not when none can say what is happening behind the curtain she has drawn across her frontiers and those of her satellites?

I would not have you read into these words anything more than I have said; I do not mean to suggest that war is inevitable, much less that it is imminent but we would do well to consider that these years in which we live may be but another breathing space and I put it to you that if ever there was a time when we here should close our ranks, forget about past grievances – real or imagined – and work together to set the affairs of these Islands on a firm and enduring basis, that time is now. We may not get another chance. Let us see to it, too, that our Defence Force is built up to the maximum possible strength and that it is maintained at the highest possible standard of efficiency.

You will permit me, Honourable Members, to conclude as I began on a personal note. Since I came here in November just on two years ago – indeed since the previous September when I was first informed of my appointment – I have had but one thought in my mind, the progress of this Colony; the welfare and wellbeing of its people. To that end I have devoted, and shall continue to devote, my entire energies quite undeterred either by the recent petition for my recall or the personal attack which has followed upon its rejection. To those responsible for the latter I will do no more than quote the words of a great and wise Englishman – Oliver Cromwell to the citizens of Eglintoun; this is what he said "For God's sake, Gentlemen, have you never considered for one moment that you might possibly be wrong?"

4. The following questions were asked by the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton and answered by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary:—

- (i) Whether some indication could be given as to what would be the position of the Dependencies when the Colony attains self-government, that is, would the control of the Dependencies and their industrial resources, whaling revenue, etc., be vested in the Government in Stanley or in the Home Government.

This question must be considered as hypothetical since "self-government" as understood is not a practical possibility for a community of 2,600 seats.

- (ii) Whether the Government would clearly define its policy as to the smallholdings scheme.

This Administration has not hitherto considered any scheme for small holdings but will always be ready to examine any proposals that may be put forward.

- (iii) What steps are being taken to settle the question of increased basic rates of pay of workmen and whether the Government will now make a statement as to the cost of living in the Colony.

The Government awaits the final report and recommendations of the Cost of Living Committee before it can make any statement as regards cost of living in the Colony or give consideration to the question of increased basic pay. Meanwhile, two materially conflicting interim reports have been received from the Committee and receiving attention.

5. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following Papers:—

- (i) Copies of all Regulations, Proclamations, Orders and Bye-laws made or approved by the Governor in Executive Council since the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 26th of November, 1947.
- (ii) Copies of despatches received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, intimating the non-disallowance by His Majesty of Ordinances Nos. 6 of 1946, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of 1947, and 1, 3, 4 and 5 of 1948.
- (iii) Annual Abstract Account – Statement shewing the total Receipts and Expenditure of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year 1947.
- (iv) Annual Account of the 'Discovery' Investigations for the year 1947.
- (v) Estimate of the 'Discovery' Investigations expenditure for the year 1948.
- (vi) Report of the Director of Colonial Audit on the accounts of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies for the years ended the 31st of December, 1945 and 1946 respectively.
- (vii) Report by Auditor on the accounts of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies for the year 1947.

6. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the adoption of the following Resolution:

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ending the 31st of December, 1948, for the period 1st April to 30th June.

"BE IT RESOLVED –

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of ONE THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SEVEN POUNDS EIGHT SHILLINGS AND NINE-PENCE (£1,337 : 8 : 9) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying "Schedule".

The Resolution was adopted.

7. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution:

"WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5A of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, that the Governor in Executive Council may by Order increase any import or export duty of customs or may impose new import or export duties of customs.

"AND WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5B of the same Ordinance that every Order issued by the Governor in Council under Section 5A shall after four days and within twenty-one days from the date of its first publication be submitted to the Legislature, and the Legislature may by resolution confirm, amend or revoke such Order, and upon publication of the resolution of the Legislature in the Gazette the resolution shall have effect and the Order shall then expire.

"NOW, THEREFORE this Council resolves that the Customs Order, (No. 4) 1948, made by His Excellency the Governor in Council on the 1st of October, 1948, under the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, shall be confirmed with the amendment to the effect that when the selling price per lb. of the wool clip did not exceed 10d. there should be no export tax."

The Resolution as amended accordingly was seconded by the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter.

The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton said that the Resolution introduced additional taxation without elected representation and proposed its postponement for further consideration especially by representatives of the industry affected.

On the Resolution being put to Council it was carried by a division of 5 ayes to 3 no s.

8. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To provide for the Repeal of the Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance, 1924, and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 1936".

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

9. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, the Bill "To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 5 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

10. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To provide for an Ordinance to control Lotteries".

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 11 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed by a division of 5 ayes to 3 noes.

11. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To authorise the levy of a General Rate and a Water Rate in Stanley" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 7 were agreed to.

On motion made consideration of Clause 8 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. Clauses 9 to 37 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 8 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

12. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To amend and consolidate the law as to Firearms".

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 27 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

13. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, the Bill "To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-seven in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 6 of 1946" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clause 1 was agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause, Preamble and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

14. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To provide for the service of the year 1949".

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, after an introductory speech, moved, and the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the *second* reading of the Bill.

The Bill was then committed.

With the permission of His Excellency the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton and the Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton addressed the Council.

His Excellency addressed the Council.

Clause 1 was agreed to.

On motion made consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule.

The Schedule was considered in conjunction with the Estimates for 1949 and agreed to.

Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

15. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

16. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To regulate and control prospecting and mining for radio-active minerals and the export thereof and for purposes connected therewith".

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 12 were agreed to.

On motion made consideration of Clause 13 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule.

Clauses 14 and 15 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 13 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

17. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary the Bill "To make provision as to the immunities privileges and capacities of the United Nations, to confer immunities and privileges on the staff of the United Nations and representatives of member governments and in respect of the premises and documents of the United Nations and as to the extent to which representatives of foreign Powers and staff of such representatives are entitled to diplomatic immunities" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to.

On motion made consideration of Clause 3 was postponed until after consideration of the First and Second Schedules. The First and Second Schedules were agreed to. Clause 3 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

The Council adjourned *sine die*

RESOLUTION

Customs Order (No. 4) 1948.

Whereas in accordance with Section 5B of the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 Customs Order (No. 4) 1948 was submitted to the Legislative Council on the 20th of October, 1948.

And Whereas the Legislative Council amended the said Order.

It Was Resolved by the Legislative Council that Customs Order (No.4) 1948 as amended, be confirmed with effect from the 20th of October 1948, as follows :—

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 9 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Order (No. 4) Short title.
1948.

2. From and after the 1st day of January, 1949, the following export duties on wool shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto

“On wool

when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip does not exceed 10d.	Nil.
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when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 10d. but does not exceed 20d.	.5d. per lb.
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when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 20d. but does not exceed 30d.	.75d. per lb.
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when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 30d. but does not exceed 40d.	1d. per lb.
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when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 40d. but does not exceed 50d.	1.5d. per lb.
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when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 50d. but does not exceed 60d.	2d. per lb.
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when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 60d.	2.5d. per lb.
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Export duties on
Tallow, Hides and
Skins.

3. From and after the date of publication of this Order the following export duties shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto :—

“On Tallow, Hides and Skins, two and a half per centum of the selling price of such goods”.

Rescission.

4. The words “on wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof, one shilling and three pence” and “on Tallow whether prepared from sheep or cattle, two and a half per centum of the average U.K./Continental market value at the time of shipment” in Clause 3 of Customs Order (No. 3) 1948 are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in the Executive Council on the 1st day of October, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0465.

Customs Ordinance 1943.

Regulations made under the Customs Ordinance 1943.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 10 of 1948.

In pursuance of the powers in him vested by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, His Excellency the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations :—

Short title.

1. These Regulations may be cited as The Oil, etc., (Export) (Amendment) Regulations 1948 and shall be read as one with The Oil etc. (Export) Regulations 1948 (hereinafter referred to as “the Regulations”).

Amendments

Sections 3 (1) 4 and 5.

2. Regulations 3 (1) 4 and 5 of the Regulations shall be amended by the insertion of the words “tallow, hides and skins” after the word “products” where ever it shall appear in the Regulations.

3. Regulation 4 of the Regulations shall be amended by the substitution of the word “containers” for the word “bags” in line 7.

4. The following Regulations shall be inserted after Regulation 5 of the Regulations :

“5A. (1) Any person exporting wool, tallow, hides, skins, or any other product of any kind whatsoever upon which an export duty is assessed on the selling price, shall within six calendar months from the date of clearance of the exporting vessel (or any extension of such period as the Collector of Customs shall agree) deliver to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, a certificate of sale in the Form E in the schedule hereto and shall make and sign a declaration as to the truth of the said certificate. No certificate shall cover produce from more than one station.

Forms.

5. The forms set out in the Schedule shall be forms D and E in the Schedule to the Regulations.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 19th day of October, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0378.

The Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

FORM D.

Tallow, Hides & Skins. Certificate of Landing.

Schedule D of the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

To be delivered to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, Falkland Islands, within six calendar months from the date of clearance of the exporting vessel.

Exporting Vessel..... *Master's Name*.....

Port and Date of Shipment..... *Port and Date of Discharge*.....

Name and Address of Consignee.....

QUANTITY DISCHARGED.

<i>Station Mark on containers</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Number of containers</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Gross Weight in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Tare in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Net Weight of products in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....

Total weight of products in lbs. landed.....

I solemnly declare that the foregoing particulars are to the best of my knowledge and belief true and accurate, and that I have fully described and set forth all the Tallow, Hides & Skins liable to export duty on export from the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies, and shipped on board the S.S. "....." at..... on the..... day of.....19....., and declared to by me as the Exporter, under the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

(Sgd.).....

Date.....19..... *Exporter or Agent.*

CERTIFICATE No.....

I certify that the above is a correct statement of all the products landed or discharged at this port, from the above mentioned vessel, and bearing the station mark shown hereon.

(Sgd.).....
Authorised Officer.

In case of a Port outside the United Kingdom.

I certify that the above is the signature of the.....
Customs Officer at the Port of.....

(Sgd.).....
British Consular Officer.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 6



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Repeal of the Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance 1924, and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 1936.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Repeal) Ordinance, 1948. Short title.

2. The Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance 1924 and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance 1936 are hereby repealed. Repeal of Ordinances No. 6 of 1924 and 1 of 1936.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 7



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

**An Ordinance
To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Income Tax (Amendment No. 2) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance 1939 (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance").

Amendment to
Principal Ordinance
Section 6.

2. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following proviso :

"Provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance the chargeable income of any persons engaged on seasonal work in the whaling or sealing industries in the Colony and Dependencies shall be the actual earnings of any person not being ordinarily resident in the Colony from such employment in any one whaling or sealing season, notwithstanding that the period of employment may extend into two calendar years".

Section 21.

3. Section 21 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following proviso :

"Provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance, the tax upon the chargeable income of any persons engaged on seasonal work in the whaling or

sealing industries in the Colony and Dependencies shall be at the following rates :

On the first £100 of such income	Nil
4% of every £ of the next £100	
5% " " " " " "	£200
6% " " " " " "	£200
7% " " " " " "	£200
10% " " " " " "	£200
12½% " " " above ...	£1,000

4. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following subsections :

"(3) (a) The tax chargeable upon the income of any person engaged on seasonal work shall be payable by the employers who may deduct the amount from earnings of any such persons. The employer, or in the case of a Company the manager or principle officer of the Company, shall at the end of each season render to the Commissioner an account of the earnings of each employee and of the amount of the tax payable in respect of such earnings.

(b) Any person who fails or neglects to render an account due under this subsection shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

"(4) (a) The account books of the employers shall be at all reasonable times open for inspection by the Commissioner or his duly appointed representative or agent.

(b) Any person who hinders or obstructs the Commissioner or his duly appointed representative or agent in the inspection of any such account books shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance".

5. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of November, 1948. Commencement.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 8



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

**An Ordinance
To provide for an Ordinance to control
Lotteries.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Lotteries Ordinance, 1948.

Definitions.

2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits :
- “lottery” means a distribution of prizes by lot or chance and shall include betting by totalisator.
 - “promoter” means any person or number of persons associated together for the purpose of operating a lottery.
 - “money” includes a cheque, bank note, postal order or money order.
 - “ticket” means any document evidencing the claim of a person to participate in the chances of a lottery.
 - “totalisator” means the contrivance for betting known as the totalisator or pari-mutuel, or any other machine or instrument of betting of a like nature, whether mechanically operated or not.

Every lottery to conform with requirements of Ordinance.

3. From and after the date of publication of this Ordinance no lottery shall be operated in the Colony except as hereinafter provided.

4. Any person who proposes to operate a lottery shall before taking any steps in respect thereof apply in writing to the Treasurer for a licence so to do and shall in such application state

Application for licence to operate a lottery.

- (a) the full names and addresses of all promoters
- (b) the number and cash value of all prizes it is proposed to award
- (c) the number of tickets to be issued
- (d) the name of the printer who will print the tickets
- (e) the purchase price of each ticket
- (f) the date, time and place of the intended draw for the prize or prizes

5. The Treasurer may issue a licence for the purpose of this Ordinance subject to such conditions as may be imposed and at any time may revoke any licence for any reason he may consider just and sufficient.

Issue and revocation of licence.

6. (1) It shall be a condition of the grant of a licence that the promoters shall on the day preceding the draw produce to the Treasurer a true balance sheet shewing all monies received and paid for printing and stationery (no other deductions shall be permissible) in connection with the lottery and such evidence as he may require in verification thereof and shall thereupon pay the Treasurer ten per centum of the net amount of the monies available for distribution.

Payment of 10% of net amount of monies collected.

(2) No draw for the lottery shall take place until the requirements of sub-section (1) of this section have been complied with.

(3) The amount so paid to the Treasurer shall be paid into the General Revenues of the Colony.

(4) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a lottery operated in aid of any charitable purpose approved by the Governor.

(5) The Governor may reduce the percentage provided for in sub-section (1) of this section in such cases as he may think fit.

7. The result of the draw of every lottery shall be published on the day following the draw by broadcast and by exhibiting a list of all prizewinners on the public notice board in Stanley.

Publication of results of lotteries.

8. Any person who :

Offences.

- (a) shall operate or attempt to operate a lottery without obtaining a licence as herein provided, or
- (b) shall not comply with or observe any condition of a licence granted to operate a lottery, or
- (c) shall not comply with the requirements of sections 6 and 7 hereof, or
- (d) shall sell any ticket to any person apparently under the age of seventeen years, whether acting on his own behalf or on behalf of another person, or
- (e) shall buy or accept the transfer of a ticket in a lottery which has not been licenced under this Ordinance

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 for each offence and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction for an offence under the same section to a fine not exceeding £100 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Provided that it shall be a defence for a person charged only by reason of his being a promoter of the lottery or being a director or officer of a body corporate operating the lottery to prove that the offence was committed without his knowledge.

Power to issue Search
Warrant.

9. Any Justice of the Peace, if satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground to suspect that any premises are being used for the purpose of the commission of an offence against this Ordinance may grant a warrant under his hand authorising any constable at any time or times within one month from the date thereof to enter, if necessary by force, the said premises and every part thereof and to search for and seize and remove any documents money or valuable thing found therein which he has reasonable ground to suppose are on those premises for any purpose constituting an infringement of this Ordinance.

Common law of
England not to apply.

10. The common law of England so far as it is applicable to the Colony by virtue of section 31 of the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance 1900 or any amendment thereof shall not apply to any lottery licensed under this Ordinance.

11. The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the administration of this Ordinance.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 9



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

**To authorise the levy of a General
Rate and a Water Rate in Stanley.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Rates Ordinance 1948. Short title.
2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits : Interpretation.
 - "Council" means the Town Council of Stanley.
 - "Stanley" means the area contained in the three Wards described in the First Schedule to the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.
 - "Premises" means any lands tenements hereditaments or property in Stanley which are or may become liable to a rate in respect of which the valuation list is conclusive.
 - "Court" means the Supreme Court.
 - "Rate" means a rate the proceeds of which are applicable to purposes of a public nature in Stanley and which is leviable on the basis of an assessment in respect of the annual value of premises in Stanley.
 - "Domestic purposes" mean ordinary and reasonable purposes of domestic life and shall include the use of water for fixed baths, water closets, urinals, hot water, heating, washing cars and carriages and for the watering of gardens forming part of the amenities of the house.

PART I.

GENERAL RATE.

Liability for general rate.

3. (1) A rate shall be made and levied by the Council on the owners (except as hereinafter mentioned) of all premises and shall be assessed on the net annual value of all such premises including those let to a tenant by the Government.

Provided that an owner shall be liable to be rated although the premises are unoccupied at the time of the assessment of the rate.

Recovery of rates from tenants.

Provided also that where rates due are in arrear the Council may serve upon any person paying rent in respect of the premises so rated or any part thereof a notice stating the amount of such arrears of rate and regarding all future payments of rent (whether the same have already accrued due or not) by the person paying the rent to be made direct to the Council until such arrears shall have been duly paid and such notice shall operate to transfer to the Council the right to recover receive and give a discharge for such rent.

(2) Where premises are let by the Government the rate shall be recovered from the tenant exclusively.

Part payment.

4. If any owner assessed or liable to any such rate ceases to be owner of the premises in respect whereof he is so assessed or liable, before the end of the period for which the rate was made, and before it is fully paid off, he shall be liable to pay only such part of the rate as may be in proportion to the time during which he continues to be such owner. In every such case any person becoming owner or occupier of the premises during part of the said period shall pay such part of the rate as may be in proportion to the time during which he continues to be such owner, and it shall be recovered from him in the same manner as if he had been originally assessed or liable.

Exemptions.

5. The following premises and the owners and occupiers thereof are exempt from rateability.

- (a) The property of the Crown (except where let to a tenant).
- (b) Property occupied by the Crown for the purposes of government of the Colony (including property occupied by the Falkland Islands Defence Force).
- (c) Every church chapel or similar building used and maintained exclusively for the public celebration of divine service and not having part of any premises used for human habitation.

Provided, that no such church, chapel or like building so used and maintained as aforesaid shall be deemed or taken to be part of premises used for human habitation by reason only that it communicates therewith.

Rate may be prospective or retrospective.

6. A rate may be made and levied either prospectively in order to raise money for the payment of expenses to be incurred within one year thereafter, or retrospectively in order to raise money for the payment of expenses incurred within one year previously, and at such rate of assessment as the Council shall think fit and as is authorised by this Ordinance, from which rate of assessment there shall be no appeal.

Assessment.

7. A rate shall be made at a certain and equal rate assessed upon the net annual value of all premises liable to be assessed and rated, that is to say, at the rate of one or more shillings or fractions of a shilling for every pound of the net annual value.

Rate must be in a certain form. Schedule.

8. A rate shall contain every particular required under the Form set out in the Schedule hereto, so far as such particulars can be ascertained, and shall be signed by the Chairman of the Council

or the person acting as such at the time of making such rate at the foot thereof, and unless the same be so signed it shall be of no force or effect.

9. A rate shall be due on the 1st day of January in each year and shall be paid in advance. When rate due.

10. Any person who shall remove from any premises in respect of which he may be rated and assessed and leave any rate unpaid, or who shall remove any of his goods from any premises in order to avoid a distress thereon, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding £10. Penalty on persons leaving rates in arrear.

11. The Council may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof. When rates may be remitted.

12. (1) The Council shall permit every rated inhabitant of Stanley, and every other person authorized in writing by the Governor, to inspect at all reasonable hours every rate made by them, and every account required to be kept by them, paying one shilling for each rate or account inspected, and the Council shall on demand give a copy of or extract from any rate or account to any such inhabitant or other person paying three pence for every hundred words or fraction thereof, and further, the Council shall be liable to a penalty of £10 for every refusal, to be recovered, together with full costs of suit by the party aggrieved in a court of Summary Jurisdiction. Rates may be inspected.

(2) All moneys received by the Council for any inspection, copy of or extract from any rate or account, shall be credited to the rates. Penalty for denial of inspection.

13. The Council shall within 7 days after the making of a rate give notice thereof by publishing the notice in any newspaper circulating in Stanley and by causing the notice to be affixed to the doors of the Cathedral, Chapel of St. Mary and Tabernacle in Stanley and by local broadcast and the rate shall not be valid unless notice is duly given. Publication of rate.

14. (1) Information on the following matters shall be included in the demand note on which the rate is levied Demand notes.

(a) such description as is reasonably necessary for identification of the premises in respect of which the demand note is issued,

(b) the net annual value,

(c) the amount in the pound at which the rate is charged,

(d) the period in respect of which the rate is made,

(e) particulars as to any discount admissible for prompt payment.

(2) A demand note may include a demand for any water or other rate, rent or charge payable to the Council.

(3) A demand note shall be sufficiently authenticated if signed by the Town Clerk.

15. The Council may by resolution direct that an allowance by way of discount not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum shall be made on the whole amount due in respect of any rate due from any person who pays the net amount due before such date as the Council may prescribe. Discount.

Provided that such allowance shall be made at the same rate to all persons entitled thereto.

16. The Council shall as soon as practicable after promulgation of this Ordinance appoint an Assessment Committee consisting of five members two of whom shall not be members of the Council and shall appoint any person to fill any casual vacancy caused by Assessment Committee.

death resignation disqualification or otherwise subject to the appointment of any member not being a member of the Council being first approved by the Governor.

Functions of Assessment Committee.

17. The Assessment Committee shall

(1) maintain a book concerning particulars of all premises in Stanley, and shall make such alterations therein as may be required from time to time and from the particulars therein contained prepare a draft valuation list.

(2) on the 1st day of November in every year and not otherwise except by order of the Court devise and forward to the Council the draft valuation list

(3) hold meetings to consider any objection under section 18 hereof made to the draft valuation list and may make such alterations insertions and corrections in the list whether for the purpose of meeting an objection or for any other reason they think proper.

Publication of draft valuation list and objections.

18. The Council shall forthwith on receipt of the draft valuation list as provided in section 17 (2) cause a notice to be published in the manner prescribed for publication of a rate in section 13 that the draft valuation list may be inspected at the office of Treasurer of the Council during the usual office hours and that any person aggrieved by any assessment therein or omission therefrom may lodge an objection within 21 days from such notice.

Valuation conclusive subject to appeal.

19. After the expiration of 21 days from the notice provided for in section 18 should there be no objection to the draft valuation list or notification by the Assessment Committee to the Council of its decision on all such objections the draft valuation list shall subject to any appeal provided for in section 22 and to any amendment as may be ordered by the Court, be conclusive evidence of the net annual value of all premises therein mentioned for all purposes of rating and assessment.

Power of Council to amend rate.

20. (1) The Council may at any time make such amendments in a rate (being either the current or the last preceding rate) as appears to them necessary in order to make the rate conform with the provisions of this Ordinance or any amendment thereof and in particular may

- (a) correct any clerical or arithmetical error in the rate
- (b) correct any erroneous insertions or omissions or any misdescriptions
- (c) make such additions to or correction in the rate as appear to be necessary by reason of
 - (i) any newly erected premises or any premises which were unoccupied at the time of making the rate coming into operation; or
 - (ii) any premises previously rated on a single premise becoming liable to be rated in parts.

Provided that not less than seven days before making any such amendment the effect of which is to alter the amount appearing in the rate as chargeable in respect of any premises the Council shall send notice of the proposed amendment to the owner of the premises and to the occupier if he is liable to pay the rate and shall consider any objection which may be made by him or them.

(2) Every amendment under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of the preceding subsection shall have effect as if it were contained in the rate as originally made.

Powers of Assessment Committee: entry and returns.

21. (1) Any member of the Assessment Committee may at all reasonable hours of the day having given one clear days notice in writing enter any premises for the purpose of discharging his duties

and remain therein so long as may be necessary for that purpose and any person preventing or hindering such member from entering or remaining as aforesaid shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a daily penalty of £5.

(2) The Assessment Committee may at any time require the owner of any premises to make a return containing such particulars as may reasonably be required for the purpose of carrying out this Ordinance within 21 days after the service of the notice calling upon him so to do and any person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with such notice shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 and to a further penalty not exceeding £2 for each day during which the default continues after conviction and any person who makes or causes to be made a return which is false in any material particular shall be liable on summary conviction in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £50.

22. Any person aggrieved by

Appeals.

- (a) any assessment or rate
- (b) any order or requirement of the Council or Assessment Committee under this Ordinance
- (c) any conviction or order of a Court of Summary Jurisdiction registered or made under this Ordinance
- (d) the refusal of a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to convict or make an order under this Ordinance may within one month after such grievance shall have arisen appeal to the Court in manner provided by the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902 or any amendment or re-enactment thereof.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorise an appeal against the rate or assessment hereby authorised unless the same shall be unequal.

23. (1) The Colonial Secretary may within one month from the date of the valuation list appeal to the Court against any assessment in or omission from the said list.

Appeals by Colonial Secretary.

(2) The Colonial Secretary may appeal against the making, registering or omitting to make any order by the Council in prejudice, abridgment or derogation from the rights or privileges of His Majesty or the duties powers or authorities vested in the Governor within one month of such making neglect or omission.

(3) The Colonial Secretary shall not be required to enter into a recognisance to prosecute an appeal.

24. The Court may cause the order of the Court in an appeal to be recorded on the valuation list and the decision upon any appeal shall be conclusive and binding on all parties thereto.

Order of Court.

25. Where there is no provision for the service of notice of appeal or statement of the grounds of appeal the Court may direct upon whom and the manner in which service shall be made.

Service of notice.

26. (1) Any person liable to pay a rate who fails to pay the same when due, or quits or is about to quit any premises without payment of a rate then due may be summoned to appear before a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to shew cause why such rate should not be paid.

Summary proceedings for recovery of rate.

If the defaulter fails to appear or shew sufficient cause for non payment such Court may make an order for the payment of the same and may by warrant cause the same to be levied by distress on the goods or chattels of the defaulter.

(2) The costs of the recovery of arrears of any rate may be added to such arrears.

Charge on premises.

27. (1) Where any rate shall remain unpaid the Council may apply to a Court of Summary Jurisdiction for an order that the amount of rate remaining unpaid together with the costs caused by attempting to collect the same shall be a first charge on the premises and such Court is hereby empowered to make such order.

(2) An order made under this section shall be registered with the Registrar General at Stanley before it shall become effective.

PART II.

WATER RATE.

Liability for water rate.

Domestic purposes.

28. (1) A water rate shall be made and levied by the Council on the owners of all premises in respect of all water supplied for domestic purposes and shall be assessed on the net annual value of all such premises including those let to a tenant by the Government.

(2) Where premises are let by the Government the water rate shall be recovered from the tenant exclusively.

Non-domestic charges.

(3) Where water is supplied or used for non-domestic purposes the following fixed rates shall respectively be charged

	£	s.	d.
Butchers shop	1	10	0
Chicken farm		10	0
Dairy	1	10	0
Garage	1	10	0
Mineral water plant	5	0	0
Photographic business		10	0
Slaughterhouse	2	10	0
Stable		10	0

Provided that the Council may from time to time by resolution require a fixed charge in respect of any other premises or class of premises to which water is supplied for a non-domestic purpose or vary or cancel any fixed charge in respect of water so supplied subject to public notice being given of such resolution as provided in section 13.

Supply by meter.

29. (1) The Council may by resolution, public notice of which shall be given as hereinbefore provided, require water to be supplied by measure to any ship or premises or class of premises and may recover any money payable in respect thereof in the same manner as water rates.

Council may sell or let meters.

(2) When water is supplied by measure the Council shall sell or let for hire at such economical rent as it shall decide, at the option of the consumer, a meter or other instrument for measuring the quantity of water supplied and consumed and the purchase price or rent shall be recoverable in the same manner as water rates.

Power of entry.

(3) When water is supplied by measure officers of the Council may between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. enter any premises so supplied in order to inspect any meter or any other instrument or apparatus for measuring water or for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of water supplied or consumed and for the purpose of removing any water or other apparatus the property of the Council and any person hindering any such officer from entering for any of such purposes shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 for each offence.

Exemptions recovery of rates etc.

30. The provisions of Part I of this Ordinance relating to exemptions, assessment, when rate is due, penalty for leaving premises when rate is in arrear, demand notes and recovery of arrears of rate including changing premises shall be applicable to the water rate as if the same had been expressly made in respect thereof.

31. The Council may in addition to any other remedy for the recovery of water rate in arrear herein contained stop the flow of water into the premises in respect of which such rate is payable by cutting the pipe to such premises or by such other means as it may think fit and may recover the cost of such cutting off and of any re-connection in addition to the arrears of water rate.

Power to cut off supply.

Provided that the Council shall before serving notice of intention to cut off require the occupier to pay water rate in arrear in accordance with the second proviso to section 3 and the provisions thereof shall be applicable to the water rate as if the same had been expressly made in respect thereof.

PART III.

GENERAL.

32. No Justice of the Peace shall be incapable of acting in cases arising under this Ordinance by reason of his being a member of the Council or a ratepayer or being liable to contribute to or be benefited by any rate or fund out of which any expenses incurred by the Council under this Ordinance are to be defrayed.

Capacity of Justices.

33. Notices, orders and other documents required or authorized to be served under this Ordinance may be served by delivering them or a true copy thereof to some person on the premises, or if there is no person on the premises who can be served by fixing them on some conspicuous part of the premises.

Notices.

34. All expenses and compensation incurred or payable by the Council in the execution of this Ordinance and not otherwise provided for out of capital raised for that purpose, shall be charged on and defrayed out of the rate.

Defrayment of expenses.

35. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall prejudice, abridge or derogate from, or be deemed, taken or construed to prejudice, abridge or derogate from, the duties, powers or authorities which now are or at any time hereafter may be lawfully imposed upon or vested in or which heretofore have been exercised by the Governor for the preservation of the peace, safety and good government of the Colony.

Powers of Governor.

36. The Stanley Rating Ordinance 1928 is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

37. This Ordinance shall come into force on the day of publication in respect of the preparation of the draft valuation list by the Assessment Committee under section 17 and all powers in connection therewith and in all other respects on the 1st day of January, 1949.

Commencement.

SCHEDULE.

FORM OF GENERAL RATE.

An assessment made for a general rate, made this day of
in the year one thousand nine hundred and after the rate of in the

Number in Premises Valuation.	Arrears due.	Name of owner.	Description of property rated.	Net annual value.	Amount of rate at

Witness our Common Seal, and the hand of our Chairman, this day of 19

Chairman of the Council.

—

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me
with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found
by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 10



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

R+R O. 11/65

P. 228 1965 Gazette

An Ordinance

To amend and consolidate the law as
to Firearms.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Firearms Ordinance 1948". Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance Definitions.

"Certificate" means a certificate issued by the Chief Constable that the holder thereof is permitted to have in his possession the firearms specified therein.

"Chief Constable" means the Chief Constable or officer acting in that behalf at Stanley.

"Firearms" means any lethal barrelled weapon of any description (other than a smooth bore gun with a barrel not less than 20 inches in length and an air gun) from which any shot bullet or other missile can be discharged and includes any prohibited weapon whether it is such a lethal weapon or not, any component part of such lethal or prohibited weapon and any accessory to any such weapon designed or adapted to diminish the noise or flash caused by firing the weapon.

"Firearms dealer" means a person who by way of trade or business manufactures sells transfers repairs tests or proves firearms.

"Gun" means a firearm of any description and includes an air gun air rifle or air pistol.

"Imitation firearm" means anything which has the appearance of being a firearm whether or not it is capable of discharging any shot bullet or other missile.

"Licence" means a licence issued by the Chief Constable authorising the holder to carry a gun.

"Prohibited ammunition" means any ammunition containing or designed or adapted to contain any noxious liquid gas or other thing.

"Prohibited weapon" means (a) any firearm which is so designed or adapted that if pressure is applied to the trigger, missiles continue to be discharged until pressure is removed from the trigger or the magazine containing the missiles is empty or (b) any weapon of whatever description designed or adapted for the discharge of any noxious liquid gas or other thing.

"Public place" means any street, road, footway or open and public place in Stanley to which the public have or are permitted to have access.

"Registered" in relation to a firearms dealer means registered with the Chief Constable.

PART 1.

REGISTRATION.

Penalty for purchasing or possessing firearms or ammunition without a Certificate.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance no person shall purchase, acquire, or have in his possession any firearm to which this part of the Ordinance applies without holding a Certificate in force at the time or otherwise than as authorised by such certificate.

(2) Every holder of any firearm shall obtain a certificate not later than the 31st day of December 1948.

(3) Any person who purchases or is in possession of any firearm without a certificate after the 31st day of December 1948 or fails to comply with the conditions of such certificate shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Grant renewal variation or revocation of Certificate.

4. (1) An application for the grant of a certificate shall be made on the form issued for that purpose by the Chief Constable and shall state such particulars as may be required.

(2) A certificate shall be granted by the Chief Constable if he is satisfied that the applicant has good reason for having in his possession the firearm in respect of which the application is made and can be permitted to have the same without danger to the public peace or safety :

Provided that a certificate shall not be granted to a person whom the Chief Constable has reason to believe to be of intemperate habits or unsound mind or to be for any reason unfitted to be entrusted with any firearm.

(3) A certificate shall specify the conditions (if any) subject to which it is held the nature and number of the firearms to which it relates.

(4) An applicant shall pay the sum of five shillings upon the grant of a certificate irrespective of the number of firearms to which it relates.

(5) A certificate shall unless previously revoked or cancelled continue in force for three years from the date when it was granted or last renewed and shall be renewable for a further

period of three years and from time to time and the foregoing provisions shall apply to the renewal as they apply to the grant of a certificate.

(6) The Chief Constable may at any time by notice in writing vary the conditions subject to which the certificate is held and may by notice require the holder to deliver up the certificate to him within 21 days of the date of the notice for the purpose of amending the conditions therein specified.

(7) The Chief Constable may revoke a certificate if

- (a) he is satisfied that the holder is of intemperate habits or unsound mind or is otherwise unfitted to be entrusted with a firearm; or
- (b) the holder fails to comply with a notice under sub-section (6) of this section requiring him to deliver up the certificate.

(8) Any person aggrieved by a refusal of the Chief Constable to grant him a certificate or renew a certificate or by the revocation of a certificate may appeal to the Magistrate.

(9) The Chief Constable shall, when he revokes a certificate, by notice in writing require the holder to surrender the certificate and if the holder fails to do so within 21 days of the date of the notice he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

(10) Any person who makes a statement which he knows to be false for the purpose of procuring whether for himself or any other person the grant of a certificate shall be liable for each offence on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 or both such imprisonment and fine.

5. The following persons shall be exempt from the requirements of Section 3 of this Ordinance

Exemptions.

- (1) a registered firearms dealer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business
- (2) an auctioneer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business.
- (3) a person who has been granted a permit by the Chief Constable to have in his possession a slaughtering instrument
- (4) a person carrying a firearm belonging to another person holding a certificate may without himself holding a certificate have in his possession that firearm under instructions from and for the use of that other person for sporting purposes only
- (5) a member of his Majesty's forces or a member of the police force in respect of any firearm entrusted to such member in the course of his official duties.
- (6) a member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force in respect of any firearm certified by the Commanding Officer thereof as being used by such member for the sole purpose of target shooting.

6. (1) Any constable or customs officer may demand the production of a certificate from a person whom he believes to be in possession of a firearm.

Production of Certificate.

(2) If any person upon whom a demand is so made fails to produce the certificate or to permit the constable or customs officer to read the certificate or to show that he is exempt from

holding a certificate under Section 5 of this Ordinance, the constable or customs officer may seize and detain the firearm and may require that person to declare to him immediately his name and address.

(3) Any person who refuses so to declare his name and address or fails to give his true name and address shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 and the constable or customs officer may apprehend without warrant any person who refuses so to declare his name or address or of intending to abscond.

Penalty for
manufacturing etc.
firearms without
being registered.

7. (1) No person shall by way of trade or business

- (a) manufacture sell transfer repair test or prove; or
- (b) expose for sale or transfer or have in his possession for sale, transfer, repair, test, or prove any firearms unless he is registered as a firearms dealer.

Provided that it shall be lawful for an auctioneer to have in his possession for sale by auction and to sell by auction such firearm if he has obtained from the Chief Constable a permit for that purpose.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section or makes any statement which he knows to be false for the purpose of procuring whether for himself or some other person the grant of a permit shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Registration of
firearms dealers.

8. (1) The Chief Constable shall keep a register of firearms dealers and shall enter therein such particulars as may be required by him of any person applying for registration :

Provided that the Chief Constable may refuse to register an applicant if he is satisfied that the applicant cannot be permitted to carry on business as a firearms dealer without danger to the public peace or safety.

(2) An annual fee of £1 shall be paid by each registered firearms dealer.

(3) The Chief Constable may after giving reasonable notice to any person whose name is on the register if satisfied that that person

- (a) is no longer carrying on business as a firearms dealer; or
- (b) cannot be permitted to continue to carry on business as a firearms dealer without danger to the public peace or safety

cause the name of that person to be removed from the register.

(4) Any person aggrieved by a refusal by the Chief Constable to register him as a firearms dealer or by the removal of his name from the register may appeal to the Magistrate.

(5) Any person who for the purpose of procuring the registration of himself or any other person as a firearms dealer makes any statement which he knows to be false he shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Register of trans-
actions in firearms.

9. (1) A registered firearms dealer shall provide and keep a register of transactions and shall within 24 hours of each transaction enter such particulars relative thereto as may be required by any regulation made under this Ordinance or by the Chief Constable.

(2) A registered firearms dealer shall allow the Chief

Constable at all reasonable times to inspect all stock in hand and the register required to be kept as aforesaid.

(3) Any person who fails to comply with any provisions of this section or knowingly makes any false entry in the said register shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

10. When a registered firearms dealer is convicted of an offence against this Ordinance or an offence against the Customs Ordinance relating to the import or export of firearms the Court may order that his name be removed from the register and that any stock in hand in the business shall be disposed of by sale or otherwise in accordance with such directions as may be contained in the order.

Offence by registered
firearms dealer.

Provided that any person aggrieved by such an order may appeal to the Supreme Court and the Court may suspend the order pending the appeal.

PART II.

LICENCES.

11. Any person who shall carry a gun otherwise than in a dwelling house or outbuilding yard and enclosed ground adjoining the house without having in force a licence shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

Gun licences.

12. (1) A licence shall be granted by the Chief Constable

Grant of licence etc..

Provided that a licence shall not be granted to a person whom the Chief Constable has reason to believe to be a person of intemperate habits or unsound mind or to be for any reason unfitted to be entrusted with a gun.

(2) A licence shall remain in force for one year expiring on the 31st day of December in each year and a fee of five shillings shall be paid in respect of each year or part of a year during which a licence is held.

(3) The Chief Constable may for any good and sufficient reason revoke any licence if he considers that the grant of it would constitute a danger to public peace or safety.

(4) Any person aggrieved by a refusal of the Chief Constable to grant him a licence or by the revocation of a licence may appeal to the Magistrate.

(5) On conviction for an offence involving the use of a gun under the Wild Animals and Birds Protection Ordinance 1913 or any amendment thereof the Court may revoke the licence.

13. The following persons shall be exempt from the requirements of Section 11 of this Ordinance.

Exemptions.

(1) a registered firearms dealer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business.

(2) a member of His Majesty's forces or a member of the police force in respect of any gun entrusted to such member in the course of his official duties.

(3) a member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force in respect of any gun certified by the Commanding Officer thereof as being used by such member for the sole purpose of target shooting.

14. Any constable or customs officer may require any person using or carrying a gun to produce a licence or to show that he is exempt under Section 13 of this Ordinance and if a person not so

Production of licence.

exempt shall not produce a licence or permit the constable or officer to read such licence or fail on demand to declare immediately his true name and address he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of £10.

PART III.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS AS TO FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.

Prohibited firearms
and ammunition.

15. Any person who shall manufacture, sell, transfer, procure, or otherwise have in his possession any prohibited firearm or ammunition without the written permission of the Governor the Admiralty the Army Council or the Air Council or who shall fail to comply with any condition imposed in respect thereof shall be liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or on summary conviction to imprisonment to a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 or both such imprisonment and fine.

Restriction on sale or
purchase of firearms
by young persons.

16. (1) No person under the age of 17 years shall purchase or hire any firearm and no person shall sell or let on hire any firearm to any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be under the age of 17 years.

(2) No person under the age of 14 years shall accept as a gift or borrow or have in his possession any firearm and no person shall give or lend or part with the possession of any such firearm to any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be under the age of 14 years.

(3) Any person contravening any provision of this section shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Prohibition on sale
etc., to drunk or
insane persons.

17. Any person who sells or transfers any firearm or ammunition to, or repairs proves or tests any firearm or ammunition for, any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be drunk or of unsound mind shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or for a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Penalty for possessing
firearms with intent
to injure.

18. Any person who has in his possession any firearms or ammunition with intent by means thereof to endanger life or cause serious injury to property or to enable any other person by means thereof to endanger life or cause serious injury to property shall whether or not any injury to person or property has been caused be guilty of felony and on conviction on indictment be liable to penal servitude for a term not exceeding 14 years.

Penalty for use and
possession of firearms
or imitation firearms
in certain cases.

19. Any person who makes or attempts to make any use whatever of a firearm or imitation firearm with intent to resist or prevent the lawful apprehension or detention of himself or any other person shall on conviction on indictment be liable to penal servitude for a term not exceeding 14 years.

Provisions as to
shortening guns and
converting imitation
firearms into firearms.

20. Any person other than a registered firearms dealer who shall shorten the barrel of a smooth bore gun to a length of less than 20 inches or shall convert into a firearm any thing which though having the appearance of being a firearm is so constructed as to be incapable of discharging any missile through the barrel thereof shall for each offence be liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to a fine not exceeding £100 or both such fine and imprisonment or on summary conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £50 or both such fine and imprisonment.

Discharging firearms.

21. Any person who discharges any gun in a public place other than a shot gun or air gun on Stanley Common, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

PART IV.

GENERAL.

22. (1) When a person is convicted of any offence against Part I of this Ordinance the Court may make such order as to the forfeiture and disposal of the firearm or ammunition as it may think fit and may cancel the certificate held by the person convicted.

Forfeiture of firearms and cancellation of certificate.

(2) Whenever the Court shall cancel a certificate under this section the Chief Constable shall by notice in writing require the holder to surrender it and should the holder fail to do so within 21 days from the date of such notice he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

23. (1) A Justice of the Peace may if satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence against this Ordinance has been, is being or is about to be committed grant a search warrant authorising any constable named therein

Search for and disposal of firearms or ammunition.

- (a) to enter at any time any premises or place named in the warrant, if necessary by force, and to search the premises or place and every person found therein; and
- (b) to seize and detain any firearms or ammunition which he may find on the premises or place or on any such person in respect of which he has reasonable grounds for suspecting that an offence under this Ordinance has been, is being or is about to be committed; and
- (c) if the premises are those of a registered firearms dealer to examine any books relating to the business.

(2) The constable may arrest without warrant any person found on the premises whom he has reason to believe to be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance.

(3) The court may order any firearm or ammunition seized and detained by a constable under this Ordinance to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of.

24. Summary proceedings for an offence under this Ordinance shall not be instituted more than six months after commission of the offence.

Summary proceedings.

25. (1) The Governor may by proclamation prohibit

- (a) the exportation of firearms or ammunition to any country or place therein
- (b) coastwise traffic in firearms and ammunition.

Power of Governor as to Proclamations and Regulations.

(2) Any person who contravenes the terms of any Proclamation shall be liable on summary conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 for each firearm or parcel of ammunition in respect of which the offence is committed or both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the effective administration of this Ordinance.

26. This Ordinance shall come into force on the date of publication and shall apply to the Dependencies of the Colony.

Application.

27. The Firearms Ordinance 1930 and Section 49 (e) of the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902 are hereby repealed.

Repeals.
No. 5 of 1930,
No. 5 of 1902.
(Section 49 (e))

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 11



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-seven in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 6 of 1946.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1947.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1947) Ordinance, 1948.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the year 1947.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One Thousand nine hundred and forty-seven, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
	FALKLAND ISLANDS.			
I.	Pensions	251	0	5
IV.	Treasury & Customs	6607	2	9
VII.	Electrical & Telegraphs	460	5	5
X.	Police & Prisons	10	11	7
XI.	Medical	739	6	9
XIV.	Naturalist	49	11	7
XVII.	Miscellaneous	2062	8	0
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	8975	14	11
XX.	Public Works Extraordinary	4466	6	0
XXII.	Land Sales	113	18	7
		£ 23736	6	0
	DEPENDENCIES.			
I.	Dependencies	£ 33778	17	1

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 12



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance
To provide for the service of the year
1949.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1949) Ordinance, 1948.

**Appropriation of
£255,265 for service
of year 1948.**

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st December, 1949, a sum not exceeding Two hundred and fifty-five thousand, Two hundred and sixty-five pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1949.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
	FALKLAND ISLANDS.			
I.	The Governor	3580	0	0
II.	Agriculture	4340	0	0
III.	Audit	1042	0	0
IV.	Communications	6304	0	0
V.	Customs	842	0	0
VI.	Ecclesiastical	—	—	—
VII.	Education	11402	0	0
VIII.	Electric Light, Telegraphs and Telephones	11583	0	0
IX.	Land Sales	211	0	0
X.	Medical	10682	0	0
XI.	Meteorological	651	0	0
XII.	Military	568	0	0
XIII.	Miscellaneous	13735	0	0
XIV.	Naturalist	600	0	0
XV.	Pensions	5000	0	0
XVI.	Police and Prisons	2065	0	0
XVII.	Post Office	8502	0	0
XVIII.	Public Works Department	3874	0	0
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	9620	0	0
XX.	Secretariat & Treasury	8043	0	0
XXI.	Supreme Court	309	0	0
	Total Expenditure chargeable to Revenue	£102953	0	0
XXII.	Colonial Development & Welfare	23795	0	0
XXIII.	Extraordinary Expenditure	24950	0	0
	Total Expenditure	£151698	0	0
	DEPENDENCIES.			
	South Georgia	23414	0	0
	Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey	77058	0	0
	Discovery Committee	3095	0	0
	Total	£255265	0	0

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 13



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

**An Ordinance
To amend the Workmen's Compensation
Ordinance, 1937.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Workmen's Compensation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1948.

Amendment to Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937.
Section 4.

2. The Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937 shall be amended by the substitution of the words "forty-eight" for the words "forty-two" in lines 1 and 2 of Section 4. (1) (b) (i) thereof

Commencement.

3. This Ordinance shall be read and construed as one with the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937 and shall come into force on the day of publication.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of
October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 14



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To regulate and control prospecting and
mining for radio-active minerals and the
export thereof and for purposes connected
therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the
Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Radio-active Minerals Short title
Ordinance, 1948.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —

“Colony” means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and
its territorial waters and includes the Dependencies of
the Falkland Islands and their territorial waters;

“licence” means a licence issued under the provisions of
Section 3 of this Ordinance;

“mine”, with its grammatical variations and cognate
expressions, includes all operations for the intentional
winning or obtaining of any radio-active mineral;

“permit”, means a permit issued under the provisions of
Section 6 of this Ordinance;

“prospect”, with its grammatical variations and cognate
expressions, means to search for any radio-active
mineral and includes such working as is reasonably
necessary to enable the prospector to test the radio-
active mineral-bearing qualities of the area concerned.

“radio-active mineral” means any substance specified in
the Schedule to this Ordinance.

Prospecting and
mining restricted.

3. Notwithstanding anything in the Mining Ordinance, 1918 as amended by the Mining (Amendment) Ordinance, 1919, or any other enactment, no person shall within the Colony prospect for or mine, or attempt to prospect or mine, any radio-active mineral except under and in accordance with a licence granted by the Governor.

Holder of licence to
report his operations.

4. Every holder of a licence shall within the first week of every month furnish the Colonial Secretary with a true report in writing of the prospecting and mining operations conducted by him in the immediately preceding month with respect to radio-active minerals.

5. The holder of any prospecting licence or mining lease under the Mining Ordinance 1918 or the lessee of such mining lease shall immediately notify the Colonial Secretary of the discovery of any radio-active minerals and shall not remove them from the mining land without the consent of the Governor.

Export restricted.

6. Notwithstanding anything in the Customs Ordinance or any other enactment, no person shall export, or attempt to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral except under and in accordance with a permit granted by the Governor in that behalf.

Grant of licence or
permit discretionary.

7. The grant of a licence or a permit shall be in the absolute discretion of the Governor who shall be under no obligation to assign any reason for refusing the grant thereof.

Form of licence and
permit.

8. Every licence and permit shall be in such form and for such period and be subject to the payment of such a fee as the Governor may determine, and shall contain such terms and conditions as he may think fit to impose.

Compulsory vesting
in Governor of right
to work minerals.

9. (1) Where it appears to the Governor that any radio-active minerals are present in or on any land, he may by order provide for compulsory vesting in him the exclusive right, so long as the order remains in force, to work those minerals and any other minerals which it appears to him to be necessary to work with these minerals, and may also provide, by that order or a subsequent order, for compulsorily vesting in him any other ancillary rights which appear to him to be necessary for the purpose of working the minerals aforesaid including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions) –

- (a) rights to withdraw support;
- (b) rights necessary for the purpose of access to or conveyance of the minerals aforesaid or the ventilation or drainage of the workings;
- (c) rights to use and occupy the surface of any land for the purpose of erecting any necessary buildings and installing any necessary plant in connection with the working of the minerals aforesaid;
- (d) rights to use and occupy for the purposes of working the minerals aforesaid any land forming part of or used in connection with an existing mine or quarry, and to use or acquire any plant used in connection with any such mine or quarry; and
- (e) rights to obtain a supply of water for purposes connected with the working of the minerals aforesaid, or to dispose of water or other liquid matter obtained in consequence of working such minerals.

(2) Any order made under this section shall provide for the payment of compensation in such cases and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the order or determined thereunder, in respect of loss suffered as the result of the acquisition or exercise

of rights under the order, but no account shall be taken, in calculating the compensation payable as aforesaid, of the value of any minerals present in or on land affected by the order, being minerals specified in the order as those from which, in the opinion of the Governor, any radio-active minerals can be obtained.

(3) Any order made under this section shall be published in the Gazette and shall be served –

- (i) where the land affected is the subject of a mining lease, or an exclusive prospecting licence, granted under the Mining Ordinance, 1918, on the lessee, or the holder of such licence; or
- (ii) in all other cases, upon the owner, lessee or occupier of any land affected by the order.

(4) No order made under this section shall have effect until it has been laid before the Executive Council and has been brought into operation in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(5) No order made under this section shall be laid before the Executive Council until the requirements of sub-section (3) have been complied with and until the period of at least one month has elapsed from the date upon which it is published in the Gazette.

(6) An order made under this section and confirmed by the Executive Council shall have full force and effect with or without amendment, as the case may be, as from the date of publication in the Gazette of the resolution of the Executive Council confirming the same.

(7) If any petition against the order is received by the Governor, he shall refer such petition to a Select Committee of the Executive Council for a report thereon and no resolution shall be taken on the order by the Executive Council until the report of the Select Committee has been laid on the table.

(8) If any petition raises separate and conflicting claims in respect of any interest or title in the lands affected, the Executive Council may, by the resolution in respect of the order, direct that such claims be determined by arbitration as provided in the Public Lands Ordinance 1902 or any amendment thereof.

10. (1) The Governor may compulsorily acquire –

Acquisition of
minerals and plant.

- (a) any minerals, being minerals from which in the opinion of the Governor any radio-active minerals can be obtained, other than minerals in a natural state or contained in a deposit of waste material obtained from any underground or surface working;
- (b) any plant designed or adapted for the production or use of atomic energy or research into matters connected therewith,

and in the case of any plant which is affixed to land, the Governor may sever it from the land, and shall in that case make good any damage caused by the severance.

(2) If the Governor and the person affected by the acquisition of any article under this section are unable to agree as to the compensation to be paid in respect of such acquisition or if any doubt arises as to the ownership of any such article, the matter shall be settled by arbitration as provided in the Public Lands Ordinance 1902 or any amendment thereof.

11. (1) Every person who –

Offences.

- (a) prospects for or mines, or attempts to prospect for or mine, any radio-active mineral within the Colony without a licence; or

- (b) being the holder of a licence, prospects for or mines, or attempts to prospect for or mine, any radio-active mineral within the Colony otherwise than in accordance with any term or condition of his licence; or
- (c) being the holder of a licence, fails to comply with the requirements of section 4 of this Ordinance; or
- (d) exports, or attempts to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral without a permit; or
- (e) being the holder of a permit, exports, or attempts to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral otherwise than in accordance with any term or condition of his permit; or
- (f) obtains, or attempts to obtain, a licence or permit by means of any false statement or representation; or
- (g) being the holder of a prospecting licence or mining lease granted under the Mining Ordinance 1918 or the lessee of a mining lease granted under the said Ordinance, fails to comply with the provisions of Section 5 of this Ordinance;

shall, upon summary conviction, be liable to imprisonment for twelve months or to a fine of five hundred pounds or to both such imprisonment and fine.

(2) The Court before which any person is convicted of an offence under subsection (1) of this section shall order the forfeiture to His Majesty of any radio-active mineral or prospecting or mining apparatus derived from, or employed in the commission of, any act in respect of which such person was convicted.

Powers of examination, arrest &c.

12. (1) Any police officer not below the rank of sergeant, and any other officer or class of officers authorised in writing by the Governor in that behalf, may, for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Ordinance, without warrant or other legal process –

- (a) enter and search any place where he has reasonable grounds for suspecting that an offence under this Ordinance has been, or is about to be, committed;
- (b) search any person whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting to have committed, or to be about to commit, an offence under this Ordinance;
- (c) arrest any person whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting to have committed, or to be about to commit, an offence under this Ordinance.
- (d) seize any radio-active mineral or prospecting or mining apparatus connected therewith which he has reasonable grounds to suspect to be, or to be about to be, derived from, or employed in, the commission of any offence under this Ordinance.

(2) Where any person is arrested, or any radio-active mineral or prospecting or mining apparatus is seized, under the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, such person, mineral and apparatus shall, as soon as practicable, be brought before the nearest Magistrate.

(3) Every person who obstructs, or attempts to obstruct, whether actively or passively, any officer in the execution, or purported execution, of his duties under this section, shall be liable upon summary conviction, to imprisonment for six months or to a fine of one hundred pounds or to both such imprisonment and fine.

Power of Governor to vary Schedule.

13. The Governor may from time to time by Order alter, vary or in any manner amend the Schedule to this Ordinance.

14. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to absolve any person from compliance with the provisions and requirements of the Mining Ordinance 1918 as amended by the Mining (Amendment) Ordinance 1919 and the Customs Ordinances or any regulations made thereunder. Saving.

15. The Governor in Council may make such regulations under this Ordinance as he may deem to be necessary or expedient. Regulations.

SCHEDULE.

- (1) Minerals of the pitchblende group, including pitchblende, uraninite, ulrichite, broggerite, cleveite, and related mineral species.
 - (2) Tobernite and autunite.
 - (3) Secondary uranium minerals other than tobernite and autunite, including rutherfordine, uranite, uranophane, gummite, thorgummite, uranocircite, kasolite, becquerelite, and other silicates, hydrates, carbonates, phosphates or arsenates of uranium.
 - (4) Carnotite and tyuyamunite.
 - (5) Uranium-bearing niobate-titanate-tantalate ores, including euxenite, polycrase, blomstrandine, priorite, samarskite, fergusonite, betafite, plumboniobite, and related mineral species containing over one per cent uranium oxide.
 - (6) Monazite, thorite, thorianite and radio-active zircon.
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This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 15



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,

Governor.

An Ordinance

To make provision as to the immunities privileges and capacities of the United Nations, to confer immunities and privileges on the staff of the United Nations and representatives of member governments and in respect of the premises and documents of the United Nations and as to the extent to which representatives of foreign Powers and staffs of such representatives are entitled to diplomatic immunities.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the United Nations Privileges Ordinance 1948.

Definitions.

2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits :

“United Nations” means the governing body or any Committee of the General Assembly or any council or other organ of the United Nations.

3. The Governor in Council may order :

- (a) that the United Nations shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, have the immunities and privileges set out in Part I of the First Schedule to this Ordinance and shall also have the legal capacities of a body corporate
- (b) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part II of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred on such officers of the United Nations, being the holders of such high office in the United Nations as may be specified in the Order and upon such persons employed on missions on behalf of the United Nations as may be so specified, and upon any person who is a representative of a member government or the General Assembly or any council or other organ of the United Nations
- (c) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part III of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred upon such other classes of officers and servants as may be specified
- (d) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part IV of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred to the staffs of representatives of member governments and to the families of officers of the United Nations
- (e) that the immunities, privileges and facilities set out in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred on the judges and registrars of the International Court of Justice and on suitors to that Court and their agents, counsel and advocates.

4. The Governor in Council may decline to accord immunities or privileges to, or withdraw immunities or privileges from, nationals or representatives of any Power on the ground that that Power is failing to accord corresponding immunities or privileges to British nationals or representatives.

5. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

FIRST SCHEDULE

PART I.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

1. Immunity from suit and legal process.
2. The like inviolability of official archives and premises occupied as offices as is accorded in respect of the official archives and premises of the envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
3. The like exemption or relief from rates and taxes, other than taxes on the importation of goods, as is accorded to a foreign Sovereign Power in the United Kingdom.
4. Exemptions from taxes on the importation of goods directly imported by the United Nations for its official use in the Colony or for exportation, or on the importation of any publications of the United Nations directly imported by it, such exemption to be subject to compliance with such conditions as the Governor in Council may prescribe.
5. Exemption from prohibitions and restrictions on importation or exportation in the case of goods directly imported or exported by the United Nations for its official use and in the case of any publications of the United Nations directly imported or exported by it.
6. The right to avail itself, for telegraphic communications sent by it and containing only matter intended for publication by the press or for broadcasting, of any reduced rates applicable for the corresponding service in the case of press telegrams.

PART II.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF HIGH OFFICERS, PERSONS OR MISSIONS AND GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES.

1. The like immunity from suit and legal process as is accorded to the envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
2. The like inviolability of residence as is accorded to such an envoy.
3. The like exemption or relief from taxes as is accorded such an envoy.

PART III.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF OTHER OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

1. Immunity from suit and legal process in respect of things done or omitted to be done in the course of performance of duties.
2. Exemption from income tax in respect of emoluments received as an officer or servant of the United Nations.

PART IV.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF AND OF HIGH OFFICERS FAMILY.

Where any person is entitled to such immunities and privileges as are mentioned in Part II of this Schedule

- (a) as the representative of a member Government, his official staff accompanying him as such representative shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the retinue of an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty is entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy

- (b) as an officer of the United Nations, that person's wife or husband and children under the age of twenty one shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the wife or husband and children of an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty are entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

1. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Court, the Judges and Registrar of the International Court of Justice (including any officer of the Court acting as Registrar) shall when engaged on the business of the Court and during any journey to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such business, enjoy the like immunity from suit and legal process, the like inviolability of residence and also unless they are British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the United Kingdom the like exemption or relief from taxes as is accorded to an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.

2. The Judges and Registrar of the International Court of Justice shall enjoy exemption from income tax in respect of all emoluments received by them as Judges or Registrar.

3. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the government whom they represent before the Court, the agents, counsel and advocates of parties before the Court shall enjoy :—

- (a) When engaged on their missions before the Court and during their journeys to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such missions, immunity from personal arrest or detention and from seizure of their personal baggage and inviolability for all papers and documents
- (b) Immunity from legal process of every kind in respect of words spoken or written and all acts done by them in this capacity
- (c) When engaged on their missions before the Court and during their journeys to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such mission, the like exemption or relief from taxes is accorded to an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty, save that the relief allowed shall not include relief from customs or excise duties or purchase tax except in respect of goods imported as part of their personal baggage. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the United Kingdom.

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Ordinance is to confer diplomatic immunities and privileges on the staff and representatives of member governments of the United Nations in accordance with a resolution of the General Assembly of the United Nations and an enactment of Parliament.

M.P. 85/46.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVII.

DECEMBER 1, 1948.

No. 13.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Butler, Major K. S. P.		Secretary to F.I.D.S.	1.6.48.	—
		Personal A.D.C. to Governor	12.11.48.	—
Spencer, V. H.	Public Works	Pilot (Aviation)	19.11.48.	—

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Peck, D.	Post Office.	Office Boy & Messenger	9.9.48.

SECONDMENT.

		<i>Date</i>
Dixon, E. V.	Clerk, Grade II., P.W.D. to Master, m.v. "Philomel", Harbour Dept.	1.10.48.

TRANSFER.

Whitney, J. R.	Clerk, Grade V., Agricultural Dept. to Clerk, Grade V., Audit Dept.	1.12.48.
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TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Biggs, Miss M.	Agricultural	Temporary Clerk	14.11.48. Resigned.
Binnie, W. N.	"	Dairyman	1.12.48. Closing of Govt. Dairy.
Goodwin, T. J.	"	"	1.12.48. " " " "

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 64.

8th November, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance No. 3 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Licensing Ordinance, 1944."

M.P. 164/43.

No. 65.

17th November, 1948.

The following telegram was sent by His Excellency the Governor to the Secretary of State for the Colonies on the occasion of the birth of the Heir Presumptive to the Throne :-

"With my humble duty I beg to offer on behalf of the people of the Falkland Islands and their Dependencies our heartfelt congratulations to Her Royal Highness the Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh on the birth of their son which has been the occasion of public rejoicing in this territory."

M.P. 0903.

No. 66.

22nd November, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 65 of the 17th of November, 1948, the following reply has been received by His Excellency the Governor from the Secretary of State for the Colonies :

"Their Royal Highnesses the Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh desire me to convey to you and the people of the Falkland Islands an expression of their deep appreciation of the message of congratulations contained in your telegram No. 461."

M.P. 0903.

No. 66A.

1st December, 1948.

It is with deep regret that His Excellency the Governor announces the death of the following members of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey :—

Oliver Burd (Meteorologist) on 8th November.

Michael Green (Geologist) on 8th November.

Eric Platt (Geologist) on 10th November.

M.Ps. 0863 & 0866.

REGISTRAR.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

Mr. T. Beaty, J.P., Port Stephens, is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of celebrating the marriage of Donald Harvey and Beatrice Louisa Katherine Butler at Port Stephens.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar General.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Caroline Rosalie McDaid, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Arthur Pearson, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

26th November, 1948.

L. 35/48.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To amend the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Defence Force (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Defence Force Ordinance 1920.

Repeals Sections 12 and 13.

2. Sections 12 and 13 of the Defence Force Ordinance 1920 are hereby repealed and the following is substituted for Section 13 thereof :

"13 (1) Any member who has been returned with efficiency for at least twelve years and has attained the age of forty one years

(a) may at any time thereafter apply in writing to the Commanding Officer to be posted to the Retired List

(b) may at any time thereafter for any reason for which the Commanding Officer may deem fit, subject to the approval of the Governor, be posted to the Retired List and his name shall thereupon be removed from the Active List.

(2) Any member who

- (a) has been returned with efficiency for at least five years and has been certified by a medical officer to be debarred from further service with the Force by reason of physical disability, not being the result of his own misconduct, or
- (b) while on service with the Force, suffers a disability, not being the result of his own misconduct, and has been certified by a medical officer to be debarred from further service with the Force shall be posted to the Retired List and his name removed from the Active List."

(3) Every member on the Retired List may wear uniform and the badges of the substantive rank held by him at the time he was posted to the Retired List, with the approval of the Commanding Officer, at any military function or on any occasion when uniform is permitted to be worn. He shall wear the letters "R.L." below the badge of the Force worn on the shoulder straps.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To provide for the Nomination and Election of Members to the Legislative Council.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948. Short title.
2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits : Definitions.
 - "Member" means a member of the Legislative Council.
 - "Register" means a register of electors compiled in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance.
 - "Council" means the Legislative Council.
 - "Order-in-Council" means The Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order-in-Council, 1948.
 - "Qualifying period" means
 - (a) in respect of the first register, twelve months ending on the 31st day of December 1948, and
 - (b) in respect of any subsequent register, twelve months ending on the 31st day of October in any year or twelve months ending on the last day of the month preceding dissolution of the Council.
 - "Elector" means any person whose name is on the register.

"Corrupt practice" means treating, bribery, undue influence and personation committed by or with the consent of a candidate or by a person acting under the authority of a candidate.

"Election officer" includes every returning officer, presiding officer, clerk or other person having any duty to perform pursuant to this Ordinance.

"Electoral area" means an electoral area as constituted by the Order-in-Council.

Representation of
Electoral areas.

3. Four members shall be elected to the Legislative Council in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance to represent the following electoral areas :

(1) Two members shall be elected for the area of Stanley as defined in the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.

(2) One member for the remaining part of that area known as the East Falklands.

(3) One member for that area known as the West Falklands.

Governor to nominate
on failure to elect.

4. In the event of no member or an insufficient number of members being elected for an electoral area the Governor shall nominate an elector in the area in which no member or an insufficient number of members has been elected to be a member.

PART II.

REGISTRATION AND QUALIFICATION OF ELECTORS.

Claims for registration
as electors.

5. (1) The Colonial Secretary shall forthwith on the promulgation of this Ordinance and on the 1st day of November in each fourth year thereafter or when the Governor in Council shall so decide publish a notice in the Gazette and by such other means as the Governor shall decide requiring all persons who are desirous of having their names entered on the register for the electoral area in which they reside to forward their claims within 28 days from the date of publication of the notice to the registration officer appointed for such electoral area.

(2) A claim under sub-section (1) of this section shall be in the Form A in the Schedule hereto and shall not be admitted unless it is signed by the claimant.

Qualification of
electors.

6. Any person who

(a) is a British subject who has attained the age of 21 years, and

(b) is not subject to any legal incapacity, and

(c) has resided in the electoral area during the qualifying period

shall be qualified to be registered as an elector.

Provided that temporary absence from an electoral area for a period not exceeding four months shall not disqualify a person from being registered.

Provided also that no person shall be entitled to be registered in more than one electoral area at the same time.

Appointment of
Registration Officers.

7. The Governor shall appoint one or more registration officers and a returning officer for each electoral area.

Preparation of
registers.

8. (1) The registration officer shall upon the expiration of the period of 28 days provided for in Section 5 (1) prepare a register for the electoral area in respect of which he is appointed.

(2) The names of all voters on the register shall be classified alphabetically in accordance with the initial letter of the surname of each voter and a serial number shall be allotted to each name.

9. The registration officer shall immediately on completion forward the register to the Colonial Secretary who shall cause it to be published in the Gazette, together with a notice as to the place and times when the register may be inspected.

Inspection of register.

10. (1) Any person who is qualified to be registered as an elector and whose name is omitted from the register for his electoral district may apply in writing in the Form A in the Schedule to the registration officer thereof within 14 days from the date of publication of the register in the Gazette to have his name so inserted.

Claims on omission
from the register.
Form A.

(2) The registration officer shall upon receipt of such application forthwith enquire into such application and if necessary hear the applicant within seven days of the receipt of the application and decide thereon.

(3) The registration officer shall forthwith forward a list of names together with serial numbers to be inserted in the register to the Colonial Secretary who shall cause them to be published in the Gazette.

11. (1) An applicant who resides within 20 miles of Stanley and who is dissatisfied with the decision of a registration officer may within seven days from the date thereof appeal to the Magistrate, Stanley, in writing stating the grounds thereof.

Appeal from decision
of registration officer.

(2) An applicant who resides more than 20 miles from Stanley and who is dissatisfied with the decision of a registration officer may within seven days from the date thereof appeal to not less than two Justices (of whom the registration officer shall not be one) sitting in a court of summary jurisdiction stating the grounds thereof.

(3) The Magistrate or Justices shall hear the applicant and determine the appeal within ten days from the date of receipt thereof.

(4) On determination of all appeals the Magistrate or Justices shall forthwith forward to the Colonial Secretary and to the registration officer concerned a statement of the names and serial numbers he has or they have decided shall be inserted in the register and the Colonial Secretary shall cause such statement to be published in the Gazette.

12. The register for the time being in force as published in the Gazette shall be conclusive evidence as to the eligibility or otherwise of a person to vote in an electoral area for the election of a member.

Register conclusive.

PART III.

ELECTIONS.

13. (1) The Governor shall for the purpose of every general election of members and of the election of members to fill vacancies caused by death resignation or otherwise, issue writs of election under the Public Seal directed to the returning officers of the respective electoral areas for which members are to be returned.

Writs of election.

(2) A writ of election shall specify

- (a) the day and place at which the returning officer is to receive the nomination of any duly qualified candidate
- (b) the day or days and the place or places at which a poll shall be taken
- (c) the day on which the writ shall be returnable to the Governor.

(3) The returning officer shall upon receipt of a writ of election proceed to hold the election thereby directed and in manner hereinafter provided.

Notice of election.

14. The Colonial Secretary shall, on the Governor issuing a writ of election cause a copy thereof to be published in the Gazette next following the date thereof and notices thereof to be published in such manner as he shall deem expedient.

Disqualification for candidates.

15. (1) Any person who is registered as an elector in the electoral area for which he is nominated as a candidate except as hereinafter provided shall be qualified to be elected as a member.

(2) No person shall be qualified to be elected as a member who at the time of election :

- (a) is by virtue of his own act under any acknowledgment of allegiance, obedience or adherence to a foreign Power or State; or
- (b) is an undischarged bankrupt under any law in force in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection or in any territory in which His Majesty has from time to time jurisdiction; or
- (c) has in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection or in any territory in which His Majesty has from time to time jurisdiction been sentenced to death or to imprisonment for a term exceeding six months and has not either suffered the punishment to which he was sentenced or such other punishment as may by competent authority have been substituted therefor or receive a free pardon; or
- (d) has been declared to be of unsound mind under any law in force in the Colony; or
- (e) is a party or a partner in a firm or a director or manager of a company which is a party to any subsisting contract with the Government of the Colony for or on account of the public service and has not published within one month before the day of election in the Gazette and in a newspaper circulating in the electoral district for which he is a candidate a notice setting out the nature of such contract and of his interest or of the interest of such firm or company therein; or
- (f) holds any office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony; or
- (g) is not qualified to be registered as an elector under the provisions of this Ordinance, or being so qualified, is not so registered; or
- (h) is disqualified for election under this Ordinance by reason of his holding or acting in any office the functions of which involve any responsibility for the compilation of the electoral register, or for, or in connection with the conduct of the election; or
- (i) has not ordinarily resided in the Colony for a period of not less than 12 months; or
- (k) is disqualified under this Ordinance for offences connected with the election of members or for election under the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.

Nomination of candidates.
Form B.

16. (1) A candidate shall be nominated in writing in the Form B in the Schedule by a proposer and seconder who shall be electors in the electoral area for which the candidate seeks election and whose signatures shall be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace.

(2) The nomination paper shall also be signed by seven other electors in the electoral area in which the candidate seeks election whose signatures shall be witnessed.

(3) Every nomination paper accompanied by a deposit of Twenty-five Pounds shall be delivered to the returning officer by the candidate or his proposer or seconder between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 noon on the day and at the place appointed for the nomination of the candidates.

(4) Nomination papers which are not subscribed to and attested as required by sub-sections (1) and (2) of this section or in respect of which a deposit has not been made as required under sub-section (3) of this section or are delivered after the hour of 12 noon shall be rejected and the nomination deemed void.

(5) No person other than the candidate and his proposer, seconder and one other person selected by the candidate shall except for the purpose of assisting the returning officer be permitted to attend the proceedings during the time appointed for nomination.

(6) The returning officer shall permit the candidates, their proposers, seconders and the persons selected by the candidates as aforesaid to examine the nomination papers of candidates which have been received for the electoral area concerned.

(7) Any objection to a nomination paper shall be made within one hour of the same being delivered to the returning officer whose decision thereon if disallowing the objection shall be final and if allowing the objection shall be subject to reversal on a petition questioning the election or return.

17. A candidate may before 12 noon on the nomination day, but not afterwards, withdraw from his candidature by giving notice to that effect, signed by him, to the returning officer.

Withdrawal of candidate.

18. Where no more candidates than the members required for election under section 3 hereof are nominated as hereinbefore provided the returning officer shall declare such candidate or candidates to be elected and shall forthwith endorse such election on the writ of election and return the writ to the Governor who shall cause a notification of such election to be published in the Gazette.

Where candidates unopposed.

19. (1) When more candidates than the members required for election under section 3 hereof are nominated the returning officer shall declare the date of the poll in accordance with the writ of election and shall forthwith report to the Governor the names of the candidates as described in their respective nomination papers.

Where candidates are opposed.

(2) The Colonial Secretary shall cause a notice to be published in the Gazette and in such other manner as he may deem expedient specifying

(a) the electoral area for which a poll will be taken

(b) the day or days and the place or places on and at which a poll shall be taken

(c) the names of the candidates as described in their respective nomination papers and the names of their proposers, seconders and supporters.

20. If a duly nominated candidate dies before the poll has commenced the returning officer shall upon being satisfied as to the death countermand notice of the poll and report the same to the Governor who shall thereupon issue a fresh writ of election.

Death of candidate before poll is taken.

Provided that no further nomination shall be required in respect of a candidate who had been duly nominated at the time of the countermand of the poll.

Officers at polling station.

21. (1) The Governor shall appoint a presiding officer to preside at each polling station and may appoint a deputy presiding officer or clerk to preside in the unavoidable absence of, or to assist, the presiding officer.

(2) The presiding officer shall keep order at his station, shall regulate the number of electors to be admitted and shall exclude all other persons except the candidate, the agents of candidates and police officers on duty.

Hours of poll.

22. The poll shall open at 9 a.m. and shall close at 5 p.m. on the same day unless the Governor by notice in the Gazette appoints any other hour.

Ballot boxes.

23. (1) Every ballot box shall be so constructed that the ballot papers can be inserted therein but cannot be withdrawn therefrom unless the box be unlocked.

(2) The presiding officer shall immediately before commencement of the poll, show the empty unlocked ballot box to such persons as may be present at the polling station so that they may see that it is empty and shall then lock the box and place his seal upon it in such manner as to prevent it being opened without breaking the seal and shall keep it locked and sealed. He shall place it for the receipt of ballot papers so that it is always in his view.

Ballot papers.
Form C.

24. (1) Ballot papers shall be in the Form C in the Schedule hereto, shall be capable of being folded and shall

(a) contain a list of candidates as described in their respective nomination papers with a square adjacent to each name in which the elector can record his vote

(b) have a number printed on the back thereof and a corresponding number printed on the counterfoil attached to the ballot paper.

Deliverance of ballot paper to elector.

25. (1) Immediately before a ballot paper is delivered to an elector it shall be marked on both sides with an official mark.

(2) The serial number in the register shall be marked on the counterfoil and a mark made in the register against the name of the elector denoting that he has received a ballot paper.

Manner of voting.

26. (1) The elector shall take the ballot paper to the place specially provided for voting and there mark the paper by placing the mark X and no other mark, writing or signature opposite the name of the candidate (or in the case of an election in the electoral area of Stanley, two candidates) whom he selects.

(2) An elector shall not be entitled to give more than one vote in respect of each candidate.

(3) The elector shall fold the ballot paper so as to conceal his vote and shall place it so folded into the ballot box.

(4) He shall vote without undue delay and leave the polling station as soon as he has inserted his ballot paper into the ballot box.

Spoilt ballot papers.

27. An elector who has inadvertently dealt with his ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be used as a ballot paper may, on satisfying the presiding officer as to his inadvertence and delivering the ballot paper to him, obtain another ballot paper. The presiding officer shall cancel the ballot paper so spoilt and return it in a separate packet.

Inability to mark ballot paper.

28. If any elector is unable for any good and valid reason to mark his ballot paper the presiding officer shall

(a) mark the ballot paper as the elector directs and insert the paper in the ballot box.

- (b) write in the register opposite the name of such elector a statement that the ballot paper was marked by him at the request of the elector and the reason therefor.

29. (1) If a person representing himself to be an elector named in the register applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such elector the applicant shall after making the declaration provided in Form D in the Schedule, be entitled to mark a ballot paper (hereinafter called "a tendered ballot paper") in the same manner as any other elector.

Application for ballot paper in name of person who has already voted.
Form D.

(2) A tendered ballot paper shall be different in colour from other ballot papers and shall be delivered to the presiding officer who shall endorse it with the name and serial number of the elector and return it in a separate packet.

30. No person other than the returning officer, presiding officer or clerk shall communicate with an elector at a polling station. The presiding officer may order any other persons so communicating to leave the polling station forthwith.

No communication with elector at polling station.

31. The presiding officer shall as soon as practicable after the close of the poll deliver to the returning officer the ballot box locked and sealed, the marked copy of the register and counterfoils of ballot papers, and the unused, spoilt and tendered ballot papers, together with a list of tendered ballot papers.

Delivery of ballot boxes etc., to returning officer.

32. The returning officer shall cause the votes to be counted as soon as practicable after he has received all ballot boxes relating to his electoral area and shall give notice thereof to each candidate and his agent who shall be entitled to be present at such counting.

Counting votes.

33. (1) The returning officer shall not count any ballot paper which does not have an official mark on both sides or on which votes are given for more than the number of candidates required for election or on which anything except the number is written or marked by which the vote can be identified.

Rejection of ballot papers.

(2) The returning officer shall endorse every ballot paper which he may reject as invalid with the word "rejected".

34. The decision of the returning officer on any question arising in respect of any ballot paper shall be final.

Decision of returning officer final.

35. The returning officer shall not open the sealed packet of tendered ballot papers but shall forward the same to the Colonial Secretary.

Tendered ballot papers.

36. (1) The returning officer shall immediately upon completion of the counting of the votes declare the candidate who has received the greatest number of votes or in the case of an election in the Stanley electoral area the two candidates who have received the greatest number of votes, to be elected.

Declaration of poll.

Provided that a candidate or his agent may apply to have one recount as of right and as many recounts as the returning officer may deem reasonable before the returning officer makes the declaration.

(2) The returning officer shall endorse the name of the successful candidate or candidates on the writ of election and forthwith return the writ to the Governor.

37. When there is an equality of votes the returning officer shall endorse the writ of election accordingly and forthwith return the writ to the Governor who will inform the Council at the first meeting thereof after the election and the council shall before proceeding with any other business elect one of such candidates to serve on the Council.

Equality of votes.

Disposal of ballot papers.

38. (1) The returning officer shall after he has declared the result of the poll seal up all ballot papers and all other documents relating to the election and forward them to the Colonial Secretary in such manner as the Governor may direct.

(2) The Colonial Secretary shall retain all papers and documents so forwarded to him for a period of six months and then unless otherwise directed by the Governor, cause them to be destroyed.

Refund or forfeiture of deposit.

39. (1) A candidate who has obtained one eighth or more of the total number of the votes polled for the electoral area for which he was a candidate for election shall be entitled, upon his obtaining a certificate to that effect from the returning officer, to a refund of the deposit made under the provisions of sub-section 3 of section 16.

(2) The deposit of a candidate who has failed to obtain one eighth of the total number of votes as aforesaid shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Presentation of election petition.

40. (1) An election petition complaining of an undue return or undue election of a member for an electoral area may be presented to the Judge in Chambers by one or more of the following persons :

- (a) some person who voted or had the right to vote at the election to which the petition relates, or
- (b) some person claiming to have had a right to be returned or elected at such election, or
- (c) some person alleging himself to have been a candidate at such election.

(2) An election petition shall

- (a) be signed by all the petitioners, and
- (b) be presented within 14 days after the date of the return made by the returning officer to the Governor of the member to the election of whom the petition relates unless it challenges the election on an allegation of corrupt or illegal practices and specifically a payment of money or some other act to have been made or done since the date of such return by the member, or on his account, or with his privity it shall be presented within 21 days of such payment or other act.

(3) At the time of presentation of an election petition, or within 3 days thereof, the petitioners shall deposit the sum of £50 with the Registrar of the Supreme Court or give security for such sum by recognisance to be entered into before the said Registrar for the payment of all costs charges and expenses that may become payable by the petitioners to anyone summoned as a witness on his behalf or to the respondent.

(4) The rules made under the Administration of Justice Ordinance shall as to practice and procedure apply to the hearing of an election petition.

PART IV.

OFFENCES.

Offences in connection with registration and elections.

41. (1) Any person who

- (a) registers himself in an electoral area when he is registered in another electoral area, or
- (b) forges or fraudulently defaces or destroys any nomination paper, or delivers a nomination paper to a returning officer knowing the same to be wholly or partly forged, or

- (c) votes, or induces or procures any person to vote knowing that he or such other person is prohibited from voting at such election, or
- (d) before or during an election knowingly publishes a false statement of the withdrawal of a candidate at such election for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of another candidate, or
- (e) forges or counterfeits or fraudulently defaces or destroys any ballot paper or the official mark on any ballot paper, or
- (f) without due authority supplies a ballot paper to any person, or
- (g) not being authorised so to do under the provisions of this Ordinance makes any mark on any ballot paper issued to any person other than himself, or
- (h) fraudulently takes any ballot paper out of a polling station, or
- (i) without due authority destroys, takes, opens or otherwise interferes with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purpose of the election,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

(2) Any attempt to commit any of the offences specified in subsection (1) of this section shall be punishable in the same manner in which the offence itself is punishable.

(3) In any prosecution for an offence in relation to ballot boxes, nomination and ballot papers and other things in use at an election the property in such ballot boxes, nomination and ballot papers and things shall be deemed to be in the returning officer for the electoral area of such election.

42. (1) Every election officer and agent in attendance at a polling station shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting in such station, and shall not communicate, except for some purpose authorised by law, before the poll is closed, to any person any information as to the name or number on the register of electors of any elector who has or has not applied for a ballot paper or voted at that station or as to the official mark; and no person whosoever shall interfere with or attempt to interfere with an elector when marking his vote, or otherwise attempt to obtain in the polling station information as to the candidate for whom any elector in such station is about to vote or has voted, or communicate at any time to any person any information obtained in a polling station as to the candidate for whom any elector in such station is about to vote or has voted, or as to the number on the back of the ballot paper given to any elector at such station.

Duty of secrecy.

(2) Every election officer and agent in attendance at the counting of the votes shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting, and shall not attempt to ascertain at such counting the number on the back of any ballot paper, or communicate any information obtained at such counting as to the candidate for whom any vote is given in any particular ballot paper.

(3) No person shall, directly or indirectly, induce any elector to display his ballot paper after he has marked it so as to make known to any person the name of the candidate for or against whom he has so marked his vote.

(4) Every person who acts in contravention of any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months.

43. (1) Any person who

Personation.

- (a) applies for a ballot paper in the name of any other

person whether that name be of a person living dead or fictitious, or

- (b) having voted once at any election, applies at the same election for a ballot paper in his own name shall be guilty of personation.

(2) Any person aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the offence of personation shall be punishable in the manner in which the offence itself is punishable.

Offences by election officers.

44. Every election officer who

- (a) makes in any record, return, or other document which he is required to keep or make under this Ordinance, any entry which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, to be false, or does not believe to be true, or
- (b) permits any person whom he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, not to be a blind person, or an incapacitated person, or an illiterate person, to vote in the manner, provided for blind persons, or, incapacitated persons, or illiterate persons, as the case may be, or
- (c) refuses to permit any person whom he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, to be a blind person, or an incapacitated person, or an illiterate person to vote in the manner provided for blind persons, or incapacitated persons, or illiterate persons, as the case may be, or
- (d) wilfully prevents any person from voting at the polling station at which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, such person is entitled to vote, or
- (e) wilfully rejects or refuses to count any ballot paper which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, is validly cast for any candidate in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, or
- (f) wilfully counts any ballot paper as being cast for any candidate, which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, was not validly cast for such candidate,

shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years.

Bribery and treating.

45. (1) Every person who

- (a) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf gives, lends, or agrees to give or lend, or offers, promises, or promises to procure or to endeavour to procure, any money or valuable consideration to or for any elector, or to or for any person on behalf of any elector, or to or for any other person, in order to induce any elector to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act as aforesaid on account of such elector having voted or refrained from voting at any election,
- (b) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, gives or procures, or agrees to give or procure, or offers, promises, or promises to procure or to endeavour to procure any office, place, or employment, to or for any elector, or to or for any person on behalf of any elector, or to or for any other person, in order to induce such elector to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act as aforesaid on account of any elector having voted or refrained from voting at any election,
- (c) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other

person on his behalf, makes any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement as aforesaid to or for any person, in order to induce such person to procure, or endeavour to procure, the return of any person as an elected member or the vote of any elector at any election,

- (d) upon or in consequence of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement, procures or engages, promises or endeavours to procure, the return of any person as an elected member, or the vote of any elector at any election,
- (e) advances or pays, or causes to be paid, any money to or to the use of any other person, with the intent that such money, or any part thereof, shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who knowingly pays, or causes to be paid, any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any election,
- (f) before or during any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person in his behalf, receives, agrees, or contracts for any money, gift, loan, or valuable consideration, office, place, or employment, for himself or for any person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting, at any election,
- (g) after any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receives any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or refrain from voting, at any election,

shall be guilty of bribery.

- (2) (a) Every person who corruptly by himself or by any other person, either before, during, or after an election, directly or indirectly gives or provides, or pays wholly or in part the expenses of giving or providing, any food, drink, entertainment, or provision to or for any person for the purpose of corruptly influencing that person, or any other person, to vote or refrain from voting at such election, or on account of such person or any other person having voted or refrained from voting at such election, and
- (b) every elector who corruptly accepts or takes any such food, drink, entertainment, or provision

shall be guilty of treating.

46. Every person who directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, makes use of, or threatens to make use of, any force, violence, or restraint, or inflicts, or threatens to inflict, by himself or by any other person, any injury, damage, harm, or loss, upon or against any person, in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting, or on account of such person having voted or refrained from voting, at any election or who by abduction, duress or any fraudulent contrivance, impedes or prevents the free exercise of the franchise of any elector, or thereby compels, induces, or prevails upon, any elector, either to give or refrain from giving his vote at any election, shall be guilty of undue influence.

Undue influence.

47. Any person convicted of an offence under sections 43, 44, 45 and 46 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £200 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment and shall during a period of seven years from the date

Penalties for corrupt practices.

of his conviction be incapable of being registered as an elector, or of voting at an election of a member, or of being elected a member, or if elected before his conviction of retaining his seat as such member.

PART V.

GENERAL.

Corrupt practices
invalidate election.

48. No election of a member shall be valid if any corrupt practice is committed in connection therewith by the candidate elected.

Electors not bound to
disclose for whom he
voted.

49. No elector shall in any legal proceedings be required to state for whom he has voted.

Election expenses.

50. All expenses properly incurred by a registration officer or a returning officer at an election under this Ordinance shall be defrayed from the general revenue of the Colony.

Governor in Council
may make Regula-
tions.

51. (1) The Governor in Council may make regulations :

- (a) prescribing fees to be paid in connection with anything done under this Ordinance,
- (b) prescribing the period during which every employer shall permit his employees to be absent from work for the purpose of registering their votes,
- (c) as to the appointment and duties of election agents and sub agents and the penalties for illegal practices,
- (d) as to expenses which may be incurred by a candidate and the penalties for illegal practices,
- (e) carrying into effect the provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) Such regulations shall be laid on the table of the Council.

Powers to vary dates.

52. The Governor may by order published in the Gazette vary all or any dates mentioned in this Ordinance or any writ of election or order issued thereunder and may substitute other dates in lieu thereof.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

FORM OF CLAIM.

To the Registration Officer,

* Electoral Area.

I claim to have my name included in the register of electors for the *
Electoral Area.

Surname (in capitals)

Other names

Address

I certify that I am a British subject, that I have attained the age of 21 years and that
I have resided in the Electoral Area for the twelve months ending the 31st
October, 19 .

.....
Applicant.

FORM B.

NOMINATION FORM.

Nomination Paper for

* Electoral area.

1. Name of candidate (in full)
2. Address
3. Name of proposer (in full)
4. Name of seconder (in full)
5. Names of supporters (in full)

Signed by the above named (proposer)
in my presence the

day of

19

Justice of the Peace.

Signed by the above named (seconder)
in my presence the

day of

19

Justice of the Peace.

Signed by the above named (supporters)
in my presence the

day of

19

Handed in at a.m. on the

day of

19

Returning Officer.

FORM C.

BALLOT PAPER.

No.....

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Legislative Council Elections.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Legislative Council Elections.

* Electoral area..

BALLOT PAPER - COUNTERFOIL.

BALLOT PAPER.

Elector's Serial Number.

1.

2.

3.

Official Mark.

REVERSE.

No..... (corresponding with that on counterfoil.)

BALLOT PAPER.

Electoral area of*

Date

FORM D.

DECLARATION.

I, _____ of _____ solemnly and sincerely
 declare that I am the same person whose name appears as

No. _____ in the register of elections in force for the*

Electoral area.

Declaration made in the presence of

(Signed)

Presiding Officer.

*Stanley.

East Falkland.

West Falkland.

A Bill for
An Ordinance
To amend the Stanley Town Council
Ordinance.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Council (Amendment) Ordinance and shall be read and construed as one with the Stanley Town Council Ordinance (hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance). Short title.

2. (1) The words "is on the first day of December of the year immediately preceding the year in which the elections lists are" in section 6 (b) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "is resident in Stanley on the 31st day of August in the year in which the register of electors is" shall be substituted therefor. Amendments
Section 6.

(2) The following clauses shall be added after section 6 (b) of the Principal Ordinance

"(c) he is a British subject and

(d) he is not subject to any legal incapacity".

(3) The words "in Stanley" shall be substituted for the words "without municipal limits" in line 2 of the first proviso to Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance.

3. (1) The following subsections shall be added after section 8 (2) of the Principal Ordinance: Section 8.

"8. (3) In the case of a contested election the Chairman of the Council shall on or before the fifth day before the day of election give notice of the poll specifying (a) the day and hours Notice of poll.

fixed for the poll (b) the number of councillors to be elected (c) the full name, place of residence and description of each candidate remaining validly nominated, (d) the names of the two electors of the ward who signed the nomination paper of each candidate (e) the situation of the polling station.

Death of candidate.

(4) If, after the latest time for delivery of notification as required by section 12 and before the commencement of the poll a candidate who remained validly nominated dies, the Returning Officer shall countermand the poll in respect of the ward for which the deceased candidate was nominated and fix a day not less than 28 days nor more than 42 days after the date of death of the said candidate on which an election shall be held for in respect of the said ward."

(2) The words "at the first meeting of the Council after the vacancy has arisen" after the word "gazette" in the last line of section 8 (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 9.

4. The words "shall perform the duties of returning officer and" after the word "officer" in line 1 of section 9 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "Registration" substituted for "returning" in the marginal note of that section.

Section 11.

5. The following subsection shall be added after section 11 (2) of the Principal Ordinance :

Declaration of
vacancy.

"(3) Where the elected councillor (1) ceases to reside in Stanley, or (2) becomes disqualified therefor under section 11 or by reason of a breach of the provisions of Part III of this Ordinance or (3) ceased to hold office by reason of failure to attend meetings the Council may forthwith declare his office to be vacant and signify the vacancy by notice signed by the Secretary to the Council affixed to the Council offices.

In such case the provisions of section 8 (2) shall apply."

Section 13.

6. The figures "£10" shall be substituted for the figures "£25" in section 13 (1) of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 15.

7. The word "Returning" shall be substituted for the word "Registration" in line 1 of section 15 of the Principal Ordinance and in the marginal note to that section.

Section 18.

8. The word "Returning" shall be substituted for the word "Registration" in line 3 of section 18 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 21.

9. The words "Town Clerk" shall be substituted for the words "Secretary of the Council" in line 6 of section 21 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 23.

10. (1) The following definition shall be substituted for the definition of "presiding officer" given in section 23 (1) of the Principal Ordinance

"Presiding Officer" means the officer appointed by the Returning Officer to preside at a polling station".

(2) The following definition shall be inserted after the definition of "Register" given in section 23 (1) of the Principal Ordinance

"Returning Officer" means the officer appointed by the Town Council, subject to the approval of the Governor, to conduct an election."

Section 26.

11. (1) The word "Returning" shall be substituted for the word "presiding" in line 1 of section 26 (1) of the Principal Ordinance.

(2) The words "in each ward and each polling place"

after the word "station" in line 1 of section 26 (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "which" substituted in lieu thereof.

12. The following marginal note shall be added to section 36 of the Principal Ordinance – Section 36.

"Mistake in use of ballot paper not to invalidate election".

13. The words "person presiding at the polling place" after the word "the" in line 2 of section 37 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "presiding officer" substituted therefor. Section 37.

14. The words "Returning Officer" shall be substituted for the words "presiding officer" wherever they appear throughout sections 38, 39, 40 and 41 of the Principal Ordinance. Sections 38, 39, 40 & 41.

15. The words "Supreme Court" in section 60 subsections (1) and (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "Magistrate" substituted in lieu thereof. Section 60.

16. The words "at the next succeeding meeting" shall be added after the word "Chairman" in the last line of section 70 of the Principal Ordinance. Section 70.

17. The proviso to section 72 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted in lieu thereof : Section 72.

"Provided that no action shall except as provided in section 74, be taken on any recommendation of any committee until it shall have been confirmed by the Council."

18. The words "every question as to which the voices are equal shall be deemed to be passed in the negative" after the word "that" in line 3 of section 73 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "where the voting is equal the motion shall be deemed not passed" shall be substituted therefor. Section 73.

19. The words "Town Clerk" shall be substituted for the word "Secretary" in sections 76 and 128 of the Principal Ordinance. Sections 76 & 128.

20. The words "Town Clerk" shall be substituted for the words "Secretary to the Council" in line 4 of section 77 of the Principal Ordinance. Section 77.

21. The words "motor vehicles" shall be inserted after the word "possess" in line 1 of section 79 of the Principal Ordinance. Section 79.

22. Section 82 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following shall be substituted : Section 82.

"82. (1) Any councillor who has any pecuniary interest, direct or indirect, in any contract or proposed contract or other matter at any meeting of the Council or any committee he shall at the commencement of the consideration thereof immediately declare his interest and he shall be excluded from the meeting during such consideration.

(2) For this purpose a councillor shall be treated as having an indirect pecuniary interest if :

- (a) he or his nominee is a member of any company or other body with which the contract is made or proposed to be made, or which has a direct pecuniary interest in the matter under consideration, or
- (b) he is a partner, or in the employment of a person with whom the contract is made or proposed to be made or who has a direct pecuniary interest in the other matter under discussion, or

- (c) he or she is the husband or wife of and living with such interested person with knowledge of the interest of such person.

Provided that this section shall not apply to an interest in a contract as a ratepayer, inhabitant or ordinary consumer of electricity or water or to an interest in any matter relating to the terms on which the right to participate in any service is offered to the public."

The marginal note to this section shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor :

"Councillor to declare interest in contract with the Council."

Section 83.

23. Section 83 shall be deleted and the following section substituted therefor :

"83. If any councillor shall fail to declare his pecuniary interest in any contract, proposed contract or any other matter as provided in section 82 (1) he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 and such contract or other matter shall be cancelled forthwith unless the Council, with the consent of the Governor, otherwise decides, and no person shall have any claim for damages in respect of such breach or cancellation."

The marginal note to this section shall be deleted and the following substituted :

"Penalty for failure to declare interest in contract."

Section 84.

24. Section 84 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted in lieu thereof :

"84. The Council shall have powers to make by-laws but no by-law shall take effect unless it is confirmed by the Governor within six weeks of the date thereof. Every by-law shall be under the Common Seal of the Council and hand of the Chairman, and shall when confirmed be published in the Gazette."

Section 89.

25. Section 89 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted in lieu thereof :

"89. Copies of all by-laws shall be available for inspection without payment at the offices of the Council during the normal office hours. Copies shall on application be furnished to any person on payment of such sum as the Council may determine."

Section 94.

26. Section 94 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor :

"94. The Council may with the approval of the Governor appoint a Town Clerk at such remuneration as the Governor may determine."

Section 102.

27. The word "complete" shall be substituted for the word "perfect" in line 3 of section 102 (1) of the Principal Ordinance.

Second Schedule
paragraph 9.

28. The word "Magistrate" shall be substituted for the words "Clerk of the Court" in line 2 of sub-paragraph (2) and in line 3 of sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 9 of the Second Schedule to the Principal Ordinance.

Third Schedule.

29. The following clause shall be substituted for clause (b) of the Third Schedule to the Principal Ordinance -

"I have been resident in Stanley during the past twelve months".

A Bill for .

An Ordinance

To provide for the exercise of powers of local government by the Stanley Town Council.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Council (Powers) Ordinance, 1948. Short title.

2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits : Definitions.

“Council” means the Stanley Town Council as constituted under the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.

“Brigade” means the Stanley Fire Brigade.

1 “Fire appliances” means engines for extinguishing fires, fire escapes, fire hydrants, pumps, pipes, water buckets and other implements for use in case of fire, or any of them.

“Firemen” means members of the Stanley Fire Brigade.

“Cemetery” means the Stanley Cemetery and any additions thereto and all buildings used in connection therewith.

“Fittings” means pipes, meters, valves, ferrules, cisterns, baths, cocks, soil-pans, water-closets and other appliances of any kind used or intended to be used in connection with the supply and use of water.

"Mains" means mains carrying water from the reservoir and water supply tanks for use in Stanley.

"Electrical fittings" means lamps, bulbs, standards, mains cables, pipes, lines and other appliances of any kind used or intended to be used in connection with the supply and use of electricity.

"Executive Engineer" means the officer-in-charge of the Public Works Department of the Government.

PART I.

FIRE BRIGADE.

Council to control and maintain the Brigade.

3. All fire appliances in Stanley shall vest in the Council which shall

(1) maintain such appliances and any replacements thereof or additions thereto in a good and serviceable condition,

(2) purchase such appliances as and when the same are required,

(3) purchase, maintain, or hire, motor vehicles and horses for drawing fire appliances,

(4) build, provide, or lease, buildings or premises for keeping motor-vehicles, horses and fire appliances.

(5) control and maintain an efficient Brigade,

(6) appoint and may pay men to act as firemen,

(7) give to firemen and other persons reward for exertion in the case of fire and compensation for loss suffered by them in so doing.

Fire Brigade Committee.

4. The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters in connection with the Brigade.

Appointment of Officers.

5. The Council shall appoint a Superintendent and such other officers as it may deem necessary.

Charge to Shipowners for use of Brigade.

6. The owner of or agent for any ship in respect of which the services of the Brigade have been required shall pay to the Council the actual expenses incurred by the Brigade on the occasion and a reasonable sum for the use of fire appliances and attendance of firemen. In the event of dispute between the Council and such owner or agent as to the sum to be paid the amount shall be finally settled by two Justices sitting in a Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

Contribution by Insurance Companies.

7. All fire insurance companies carrying on business in Stanley shall contribute an annual payment equal to one eighth per centum of the capital insured towards the maintenance of the Brigade.

Measures to prevent spread of fire.

8. Any Police Constable acting under the orders of his superior officer and any fireman and any officer of the Council may enter and if necessary break into any building being or reasonably supposed to be on fire, or any building or land adjoining or near thereto, without the consent of the owner or occupier thereof, and may do all acts and things they may deem necessary for extinguishing fire in any such building or for protecting the same or rescuing any person or property therein from fire.

Governor may appoint Inspector.

9. The Governor may at any time appoint an Inspector who shall have full power to test the Brigade as to its efficiency and to inspect and test all fire appliances. The Inspector so appointed shall submit a report thereon to the Governor and the Council shall forthwith take such steps to remedy all such inefficiency and defects as the Governor shall require.

10. Any person who :

Offences.

(1) assaults, resists, impedes or obstructs a fireman in the discharge of his duty,

(2) wilfully damages any fire appliances,

(3) gives or causes to be given any false alarm of fire to the Brigade.

(4) contravenes any by-law (other than a by-law relating to the storage or sale of petrol),

shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months and in addition shall pay the cost of any damage occasioned by such offence,

(5) contravenes any by-law or condition of any licence granted thereunder relating to the storage or sale of petrol shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

PART II.

CEMETERY.

11. The Cemetery shall vest in the Council which shall be responsible for the maintenance and control thereof and be subject to any liabilities in respect thereof.

Vesting of Cemetery.

12. The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters connected with the Cemetery.

Cemetery Committee.

13. The Council shall not build or permit to be built any dwelling house other than the Caretaker's house within 100 feet of the outer walk or boundary of the Cemetery.

Prohibition of dwelling houses near Cemetery.

14. The Council may permit a chapel to be built in the Cemetery for the performance of the burial service.

Chapel.

15. The Council shall permit part of the Cemetery to be consecrated and shall maintain part of the Cemetery exclusively for the burial of Roman Catholics.

Consecrated ground.

16. The Council may :

Exclusive rights of burial.

(1) define such parts of the Cemetery as it shall deem fit for the purpose of granting exclusive rights of burial therein,

(2) grant or sell the exclusive right of one or more burials in any such parts either in perpetuity or for a limited time,

(3) grant or sell the right of placing a monument, gravestone or enclosure in any such part or a tablet or other inscription on the walls of any Chapel or other building in the Cemetery.

17. (1) The grant of exclusive right of burial or right of placing a monument, gravestone, enclosure, tablet or other inscription as provided in Section 16 shall be in the Form A in the Schedule hereto.

Grant of exclusive right of burial.

(2) Every assignment of an exclusive right of burial shall be in the Form B in the Schedule hereto and shall when executed within the Colony be registered with the Council within two months of execution or when executed outside the Colony be registered with the Council within six months of the date of execution otherwise it shall be void and of no effect.

Assignment.

(3) No body shall be buried in any place in respect of which an exclusive right of burial has been granted without the consent of the grantee thereof.

Burial place to be kept exclusively for grantee.

Grant does not give the right of burial of certain persons in consecrated ground.

(4) No grant of the exclusive right of burial shall give the right to bury within the consecrated part of the Cemetery the body of any person not entitled to be buried in consecrated ground according to the rights and usage of the Church of England or to place any monument gravestone tablet or other inscription respecting any such body within the consecrated part of the Cemetery.

Plan and Register.

18. (1) The Council shall keep and maintain a plan of the Cemetery on a scale sufficiently large to show the site of every place reserved for exclusive right of burial and the numbers thereof and shall enter in a Register to be kept exclusively for that purpose the names and descriptions of the persons to whom exclusive right of burial has been granted.

(2) The Council shall be entitled to demand the sum of 2/6 for the registration of the assignment of the exclusive right of burial in such register.

Power to remove monuments etc. improperly erected.

19. The Council may take down and remove any gravestone, monument, tablet or other inscription and any enclosure placed within the Cemetery without its authority.

Penalty for damaging Cemetery.

20. Any person who shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall or fence belonging to the Cemetery or destroy or injure any plant therein or who shall disfigure any wall thereof or put up any bill therein, or on any wall thereof or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tablet, inscription, or gravestone or other enclosure within the Cemetery or do any wilful damage therein shall commit an offence and shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 in addition to the cost of replacement or repair of the damage caused by him.

Penalty for committing nuisance in the Cemetery.

21. Any person who shall play at any game or sport or discharge firearms, save at a military funeral in the Cemetery or shall wilfully and unlawfully disturb any persons assembled in the Cemetery for the purpose of burying any body therein or who shall commit any nuisance within the Cemetery shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

PART III.

WATER SUPPLY.

Water mains vested in Council: Council to maintain.

22. Mains and public fittings in Stanley shall vest in the Council and the Council shall maintain such mains and public fittings in good and serviceable condition and shall supply, lay, fix and efficiently maintain such further mains and public fittings as from time to time may be required.

Appointment of Water Committee.

23. The Council shall appoint a Water Committee to supervise all matters relating to the supply of water in Stanley.

Powers of Council.

24. The Council may by its officials, workmen or agents :

(1) at all reasonable hours enter in and upon any land and premises in Stanley for the purpose of inspecting and repairing any fittings,

(2) after 21 days' notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any land in Stanley enter upon such land for the purpose of laying mains in or upon such land.

(3) The Council may at any time cut off the supply of water to private property in Stanley

(a) whenever any nuisance liable to pollute the water supply or cause damage to the water works exists on that property or in any fittings therein or thereon until such nuisance has been remedied to the satisfaction of the Council, or

- (b) whenever any fittings are out of repair or have not been approved by the Council or are liable to pollute the water supply and the necessary repairs or alterations have not been effected to the satisfaction of the Council within the period prescribed in the written notice by the Council to the owner or occupier of such property, or
- (c) whenever the available supply is insufficient by reason of drought or any other unavoidable circumstance, or
- (d) whenever it shall be necessary to repair, clean, or alter the water works or any fittings, or
- (e) whenever water is used for a purpose other than the purpose for which it is supplied, or
- (f) in the case of the continued breach or violation of any requirement of this part of this Ordinance or of any by-law in respect thereof.

25. (1) Any owner of private property in Stanley who is desirous of laying or installing fittings shall apply to the Council for approval thereof and shall lodge with the Council such plans, specifications and other information as it may require. New connections.

(2) The laying or installation of fittings on private property shall be at the expense of the owner thereof.

(3) The Council shall convey water to the boundary of private property in Stanley and shall connect the fittings of the owner thereof with the water mains provided that no fittings shall be connected or installed until the same have been approved by the Council.

(4) Any person who shall in Stanley connect or instal or cause to be connected or installed any fittings without the approval of the Council first obtained shall commit an offence.

26. The Council shall give notice to the owner of private property on which any defective fittings are situate requiring such owner to repair such defective fittings to the satisfaction of the Council and in case of non-compliance with such notice the Council may execute such repairs and charge the said owner with the cost thereof and in addition an amount equal to twenty per centum of such cost. Repair of defective fittings.

27. The Council may perform any work on behalf of a private person in connection with the laying, installation, maintenance, replacement or repair of any fittings in Stanley and shall receive in payment from such person the actual cost of such work and in addition an amount not exceeding ten per centum of such actual cost. Council may perform work on behalf of private persons.

28. No person shall take water from the public fountains for any other than a domestic purpose. Public fountains.

29. Any person who shall in Stanley :

Offences.

(1) put or allow or cause to be put in any main or fitting any cock, valve or other contrivance for drawing water therefrom, or

(2) wilfully damage or cause or allow to be damaged any main or public fitting, or

(3) open, close, or in any way interfere with or cause or allow to be opened or closed or in any way to be interfered with any main or public fitting, or

(4) alter or change or cause or allow to be altered or changed any public fitting with the intent to obtain more water thereby, or

(5) commit a breach or violation of the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance or any by-law relating thereto shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment: Provided that no person shall be convicted for any of the foregoing offences if he proves that the action taken by him was necessitated by fire.

Payment by Council
for water.

30. The Council shall pay to the Government annually such sum as the Government shall deem necessary for the maintenance and operation of the Water Works.

PART IV.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Responsibility of
Council in public
health matters.

31. The Council shall be responsible in Stanley for

(1) the maintenance of measures to prevent the spread of any contagious and infectious diseases including the cleansing and disinfecting of houses and buildings,

(2) the removal of house refuse and the cleansing of earth closets, privies, ashpits and cesspools,

(3) the cleansing of watercourses, ditches, drains, roads, streets and lanes and the removal of noxious matter therefrom,

(4) the abatement or removal of nuisances,

(5) the construction of new buildings and reconstruction of other buildings and the sanitary conveniences to be used in connection therewith and the materials to be used,

(6) the removal or demolition of buildings or structures the erection of which has not been approved by the Council and of buildings or structures in such a condition as to constitute a danger to persons living in them or to passengers,

(7) the inspection, drainage, accommodation and cleansing of common lodging houses.

Sewers vesting in and
maintenance by
Council.

32. The sewers in Stanley shall vest in the Council which shall maintain the same in an efficient condition and lay and efficiently maintain any other sewers which may from time to time be required.

Public Health
Committee.

33. The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters relating to public health.

Street lighting.

34. (1) All electrical fittings used in connection with the supply of electricity for the lighting of streets in Stanley shall vest in the Council.

(2) The Council shall

(a) maintain all such electrical fittings and any replacements thereof and additions thereto in a good and serviceable condition and shall supply, lay, and fix and efficiently maintain all electrical fittings as may from time to time be required for the lighting of streets in Stanley,

(b) have power subject to the approval of the Executive Engineer to open roads for the purpose of laying and repairing electrical fittings and shall be responsible for re-instating any road so opened at its own cost and the satisfaction of the Executive Engineer,

(c) pay the Government the charges for all electric current used for the lighting of streets in Stanley.

35. The Council shall be responsible for the efficient maintenance and control of the swimming-pool (when constructed) and public bath houses and shall have power to make such charges for the use thereof as it may decide.

Public Baths and swimming-pool.

PART V.

TOWN HALL, PUBLIC LIBRARY AND MUSEUM.

36. (1) All books, papers, manuscripts and documents now forming the Public Library and all objects, trophies and specimens now forming the Public Museum shall vest in the Council which shall efficiently maintain and control a Public Library and Museum.

Council to maintain Town Hall Public Library and Museum.

(2) The Council shall purchase and be empowered to receive gifts of papers, documents, objects, trophies and specimens as may from time to time be required or offered.

(3) The Council may make such charges for admission to the Public Museum and for the use or hire of books, papers and documents, in the Public Library and the imposition of fines in connection therewith as it may decide.

(4) The Council shall be responsible for the efficient maintenance and control of the Town Hall (when constructed).

(5) The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters concerning the Town Hall, Public Library and Museum.

PART VI.

GENERAL.

37. The Council shall exercise all such rights and powers as may from time to time be delegated to it by the Governor in Council.

Delegation of powers by Governor in Council.

38. The Stanley Fire Brigade Ordinance 1898, The Stanley Cemetery Ordinance 1914, The Stanley Cemetery Incorporation Ordinance 1914, The Stanley Fire Brigade (Amendment) Ordinance 1928, The Petroleum Spirit Ordinance 1938, The Library and Museum Ordinance 1944 are hereby repealed.

Repeals No. 3 of 1898, No. 4 of 1914, No. 7 of 1914, No. 3 of 1928, No. 10 of 1938, No. 5 of 1944.

39. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 1949.

Commencement.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

By virtue of the Stanley Town Council (Powers) Ordinance, 1948, the Stanley Town Council in consideration of the sum of £ now paid by
of (the receipt whereof is hereby acknow-
ledged) hereby GRANTS unto the said (the
exclusive right of burial in the Stanley Cemetery) (the right of placing a monument, grave-
stone, enclosure, tablet or other inscription in the Stanley Cemetery).

To HOLD the same unto the said
in perpetuity (for years).

Given under the Seal of the Stanley Town Council this day of
19 .

Chairman.

Town Clerk.

FORM B.

I, _____, of _____,
In consideration of the sum of £ _____ now paid to me by _____
(the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged), as Executor Administrator of the estate of _____
of _____ deceased hereby assign
unto (the said) _____ of _____ (the exclusive
right of burial in the plot of land numbered _____) (the right of placing a monument,
gravestone, enclosure, tablet or other inscription in the Stanley Cemetery) granted to (one)
(to _____) by a grant dated the _____
day of _____ 19 _____ and all my estate right title and
interest therein.

To HOLD the same unto the said _____ (in perpetuity)
(for _____ years) subject to the conditions now existing in respect of the said Grant.

In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this day of

19 .

Witness to the signature
of the said

Justice of the Peace.

**A Bill for
An Ordinance
To provide for the Regulation and
Control of Road Traffic.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Road Traffic Ordinance 1948. Short title.

2. In the Ordinance and in any regulations made hereunder unless the context otherwise admits : Definitions.

“Cart” or “carriage” means any vehicle drawn by a horse.

“Chief Constable” means the senior police officer for the time being at Stanley.

“Commercial vehicle” means a motor vehicle which is constructed or adapted for use for the conveyance of goods or burden of any description.

“Invalid Carriage” means a mechanically propelled vehicle the weight of which unladen does not exceed 5 cwt. and which is especially designed and constructed and not merely adapted for the use of a person suffering from some physical defect or disability and is used solely by such person.

“Motor Vehicle” means any vehicle propelled by any form of mechanical power and intended or adapted for use on roads.

“Registered” means registered with the Chief Constable.

"Road" includes any street, thoroughfare, highway, lane, court, alley, passage, or open place used or frequented by the public, or to which the public have or are permitted to have access in Stanley or within a radius of four miles of the boundary thereof.

"Trailer" means any vehicle having no independent motive power drawn by a motor vehicle but not including a side car attached to a motor cycle.

"Driver's Licence" means a Licence issued by the Chief Constable enabling the holder to drive a motor vehicle.

Registration.

3. (1) Every motor vehicle in the Colony (except that owned or used by the Governor) not already registered shall be registered within 14 days of the date of commencement of the Ordinance.

(2) Every motor vehicle (except that owned or used by the Governor) brought into the Colony after the commencement of this Ordinance shall be registered within seven days of it being so brought in.

(3) Any person, being the owner of a motor vehicle referred to in subsections (1) and (2) hereof who shall not comply with the provisions thereof shall commit an offence and shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £5.

(4) Every motor vehicle and trailer shall, when on a road, carry prescribed identification marks in such positions as may be prescribed. No other figures and no design or ornamentation shall be placed near to any identification mark in such a manner as to be liable to render it more difficult to read or distinguish such identification mark when the vehicle is in motion.

(5) Any person who shall drive a motor vehicle without its identification mark so fixed or if it is so fixed it is in any way obscured or rendered or allowed to become not easily distinguishable shall commit an offence.

Provided that a person shall not be convicted of an offence under this subsection should he satisfy the Court he has taken all steps practicable to prevent the identification mark being obscured or rendered not easily distinguishable.

(6) Any person to whom any motor vehicle is sold or disposed of shall apply for registration of such motor vehicle within seven days of such sale or disposition. Any person failing to do so shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

(7) Any person who forges or fraudulently alters or uses or fraudulently lends or allows to be used by any other person any identification mark shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Motor Vehicle and Trailer Licences.

4. (1) On and after the 1st day of January, 1949, there shall be charged, levied and paid in respect of motor vehicles and trailers used on roads, duties at the rates shewn in the Schedule hereto.

(2) The duties charged under this section shall be paid annually upon licences to be taken out by the person keeping the vehicle: Provided that a licence may be taken out for periods of less than a year, but not less than three months, on payment of a proportionate part of the appropriate duty.

(3) No duty shall be payable under this section in respect of motor vehicles owned by the Government or the Stanley Town Council.

(4) Any person who, for the purpose of obtaining the grant of a motor vehicle or trailer licence to himself or any other person, knowingly makes any false statement shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

(5) Any person who shall drive, and the owner of any motor vehicle who shall permit any person to drive on a road any motor vehicle, or who shall draw or permit a trailer to be drawn by any motor vehicle, in respect of which a licence under this section shall not be in force, shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £50.

5. (1) Any person, not being the holder of a driver's licence in force, who shall drive a motor vehicle on a road and any person who causes or permits any person who is not the holder of a driver's licence in force to drive a motor vehicle on a road shall be guilty of an offence. Driver's licences.

(2) Any person who being the holder of a driver's licence in respect of one class of motor vehicle shall drive a motor vehicle of another class on a road shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) A driver's licence shall not be granted until the applicant has passed a test as to his fitness and ability to drive a motor vehicle, and shall not be granted to :

- (a) a person under the age of 16 years in respect of a motor cycle or a person under the age of 18 years in respect of any other class of motor vehicle, or
- (b) a person suffering from such disease or physical disability as would be likely to cause the driving by him of a motor vehicle to be a source of danger to the public.

(4) For the purpose of enabling an applicant for the grant of a driver's licence to learn to drive a motor vehicle with a view to passing a test under this section the Chief Constable may on payment of a fee of 5/- grant him a provisional licence to be in force for three months subject to the conditions prescribed in Regulation 4 (4) of the Road Traffic Regulations, 1948. Any person having a provisional licence who fails to comply with any of such conditions shall be guilty of an offence.

(5) Where there is reason to believe that the holder of a driver's licence is suffering from a disease or physical disability likely to cause the driving by him of a motor vehicle to be a source of danger to the public the Chief Constable may revoke the licence.

(6) Any person aggrieved by the refusal to grant, or the revocation of a driver's licence under this section may appeal to the Magistrate who may make such order as he thinks fit.

(7) Any person who for the purpose of obtaining the grant of a driver's licence to himself or any other person knowingly makes any false statement shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

(8) Any Court before which a person is convicted of an offence in connection with the driving of a motor vehicle :

- (a) may order him to be disqualified for holding or obtaining a driver's licence for such period as the Court thinks fit;
- (b) shall on a conviction for an offence against sections 6 (1) or 8 hereof (unless the Court for special reasons thinks fit to order otherwise and without prejudice to the power of the Court to order a longer period of disqualification) order him to be disqualified for holding or obtaining a licence for a period of twelve months from the date of conviction.

(9) The Court may order that the particulars of any conviction and of any disqualification to which a convicted person has become subject shall be endorsed on the driver's licence held by the offender.

(10) Any person in respect of whom the Court has ordered his driver's licence to be endorsed who shall fail to produce

such licence to the Court within seven days of the date of conviction shall be guilty of an offence.

(11) If any person who is disqualified for holding a licence applies for and obtains a licence while so disqualified or being a person whose licence has been endorsed applies for and obtains a licence without giving particulars of the endorsement shall be guilty of an offence and any licence so obtained shall be of no effect.

(12) Any person driving a motor vehicle on a road who shall fail to produce his driver's licence when so required by a police constable shall be guilty of an offence provided that if he shall within three days after being so required to produce his licence produce the same to the Chief Constable he shall not be convicted of an offence under this sub-section.

(13) When an order has been made in respect of a person under subsection (9) of this section requiring the endorsement of a driver's licence held by him he shall be entitled subject to the payment of the fee of five shillings and subject to the surrender of his licence to have issued to him a new licence free from endorsement if he has during a continuous period of three years or upwards since the order was made had no such order made against him. Provided that in reckoning the said continuous period of three years any period during which the person was by virtue of the order disqualified for holding or obtaining a licence shall be excluded.

Third Party
Insurance.

6. (1) Any person who shall drive or cause or permit any other person to drive a motor vehicle on a road unless there is in force in relation to the user of the vehicle by that person or that other person as the case may be a policy of insurance in respect of third party risks shall be guilty of an offence and shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment to a term not exceeding three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) Any person driving a motor vehicle on a road who shall fail to produce his certificate of insurance when so required by a police constable shall be guilty of an offence provided that if he shall within three days after being so required to produce his certificate produce the same to the Chief Constable he shall not be convicted of an offence under this subsection.

Safety precautions.

7. Any person who shall drive a motor vehicle on a road unless it is fitted with lights, warning instrument, safety glass, wind-screen wipers, a reflecting mirror, a silencer, tyres and adequate brakes as prescribed by the Regulations hereunder shall commit an offence.

Dangerous driving.

8. Any person who :

(1) drives a motor vehicle on a road recklessly, or at a speed or in a manner which is dangerous to the public, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, including the nature, condition, and use of the road, and the amount of traffic which is actually at the time, or which might reasonably be expected to be on the road, or

(2) when driving or attempting to drive, or when in charge of a motor vehicle on a road is under the influence of drink or a drug to such an extent as to be incapable of having proper control of the vehicle shall be liable

(a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding four months, and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction either to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to such imprisonment as aforesaid or to both such fine and imprisonment;

(b) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine, or to both such fine and imprisonment;

(3) drives a motor vehicle in Stanley at a speed greater than twenty miles per hour shall commit an offence, Excessive speed.

(4) drives a motor vehicle on a road without due care and attention or without reasonable consideration for other persons using the road shall commit an offence, or Careless driving.

(5) contravenes any of the regulations relating to the use of motor vehicles made hereunder shall commit an offence,

(6) drives a motor vehicle on the pavement or footway of a road or without lawful authority on a public jetty shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable in the case of a first conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £10. Provided that a person shall not be convicted of an offence under this sub-section if he satisfies the court that the motor vehicle was driven for the purpose of saving life or extinguishing fire or any like emergency. Driving on footway or public jetty.

9. (1) Any person who takes and drives away any motor vehicle without having either the consent of the owner thereof or other lawful authority shall be liable (a) on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £50; (b) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to a fine not exceeding £100 or both such fine and imprisonment. Provided that if the Court is satisfied that the accused acted in the belief that he had lawful authority, or in the reasonable belief that the owner would in the circumstances of the case have given his consent if he had been asked therefor, the accused shall not be liable to be convicted of the offence. Taking vehicle without owner's consent.

(2) Any police constable may arrest without warrant any person reasonably suspected by him of having committed or attempting to commit an offence under this section.

10. Any person who without lawful authority or reasonable cause gets on to a motor vehicle standing on a road or tampers with the brake or any part of the mechanism of the vehicle shall be guilty of an offence. Tampering with vehicles.

11. Any person in charge of a motor vehicle or trailer who causes or permits the vehicle or trailer to remain at rest on a road in such a position or in such condition or in such circumstances as to be likely to cause danger to other persons using the road shall be guilty of an offence. Leaving vehicles in dangerous positions.

12. Any driver of a motor cycle (other than one with a side car attached) who shall : Restriction on number of passengers on motor cycle.

(a) carry more than one passenger, or

(b) carry such passenger otherwise than sitting astride the cycle and on a proper seat securely fixed to the cycle behind the driver's seat shall commit an offence and be liable in the case of the first conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

13. Any person in charge of a pedal cycle on a road who shall : Pedal Cycles.

(a) fail to keep to the left or near side of the road when he meets traffic proceeding in the opposite direction or fail to keep to the right or offside of the road when he passes traffic proceeding in the same direction, or

(b) fails to have attached thereto an instrument capable of giving audible and sufficient warning of approach of the bicycle, or

(c) during the period between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise who shall fail to have

attached thereto (1) a lamp showing to the front a white light visible for a reasonable distance and (2) an unobscured and efficient red light or red reflector shewing to the rear: Provided the subsection shall not apply to a bicycle being wheeled by a person on foot as near as possible to the left or near side of the carriage way, or

- (d) ride on the pavement or footway of a road or on a public jetty

shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

Carts or carriages.

14. Any person in charge of a cart or carriage on a road who shall :

- (a) fail to keep such vehicle to the left or near side of the road when he meets traffic proceeding in the opposite direction or shall fail to keep such vehicle to the right or offside of the road when he passes traffic proceeding in the same direction, or
- (b) during the period between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise who shall fail to have attached thereto (1) a lamp on the offside of the vehicle showing to the front a white light visible for a reasonable distance and (2) an unobscured and efficient red reflector or red light attached to the offside of the vehicle and shewing to the rear, or

(c) drive such vehicle on a pavement or footway of a road shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

Animals.

15. Any person in charge of an animal on a road who shall :

- (a) fail to keep the animal as close as possible to the edge of the carriage way, or
- (b) without reasonable cause lead, or ride, the animal on a pavement or footway of a road,

shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

Closing of roads.

16. (1) The Executive Engineer may, if in his opinion any road or part of a road is unfit for traffic or any class of traffic, by order under his hand close such road or part thereof to all or any traffic as he shall specify for any period not exceeding one month.

(2) The Executive Engineer shall cause (a) copies of such order to be affixed to the public notice board in Stanley and at both ends of the road or part thereof so closed as aforesaid (b) a copy to be inserted in any newspaper circulating in the Colony and (c) notice thereof to be broadcast.

(3) Any person contravening any terms of such order shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

Penalties.

17. Any person guilty of an offence under this Ordinance or any Regulation thereunder for which a penalty is not prescribed shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

Regulations.

18. The Governor in Council may make regulations for the more effective administration of this Ordinance.

Repeals No. 4 of 1931,
No. 2 of 1936.

19. The Summary Jurisdiction (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931, and the Motor Car Ordinance, 1936, are hereby repealed.

SCHEDULE.

ANNUAL LICENCE DUTIES FOR MOTOR VEHICLES AND TRAILERS.

PART I. — PRIVATE VEHICLES.

	£	s.	d.
1. Motor cycle	1	0	0.
2. Motor cycle with sidecar	1	10	0.
3. Motor car under 9 h.p.	2	0	0.
4. " " 9 h.p. and over but under 12 h.p.	2	10	0.
5. " " 12 " " " " 16 "	3	0	0.
6. " " 16 " " " " 20 "	3	10	0.
7. " " 20 " " " " 25 "	4	0	0.
8. " " over 25 h.p.	5	0	0.

PART II. — COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

1. Vehicles with load area 28 sq. ft. or under	2	0	0.
2. " " " " over 28 sq. ft. but not exceeding 38 sq. ft.	3	0	0.
3. " " " " " 38 " " " " " 48 " "	4	0	0.
4. " " " " " 48 " " " " " 56 " "	5	0	0.
5. " " " " " 56 " " " " " 66 " "	6	0	0.
6. " " " " " 66 " " " " " "	7	0	0.

PART III. — TRAILERS.

1. Two wheeled trailers	1	0	0.
2. Four " "	3	0	0.