

C. S.

LEGAL
(Miscellaneous)
NAVAL & MILITARY
(Miscellaneous)
MISCELLANEOUS
(General)

19 44.

No. 35/44.

Secretary of State.

SUBJECT.

19 44.

10th January.

Previous Paper.

REMISSION OF DEATH DUTIES IN THE CASE OF
PERSONS KILLED AS A RESULT OF WAR ACTIVITIES.

MINUTES.

Circular despatch from S. of S. of 10. 1. 44.

(2).

L.A.
Our "Principal Ord." is S. 22 of the Probate
Ord. (Vol. p 241). I believe our duties
approximate to those of the U.K. up to an
Estate of £5000, above which the U.K. rate
leaves some remains @ 4%. It would seem, therefore,
that we should fall into this, but no doubt
we can do it more simply than Kenya?

L.B.
24.3.44

(3).

H.C.S.,

I think we should certainly have this and agree
that, for the amount it is likely to be used, the
Kenya enactment would be very heavy-weather.

I do not think a "probate" ordinance is a
suitable enactment to amend under Section 1. (2) (d)
of the Emergency Powers (Defence) Act, 1939 and suggest
a short Bill adding a proviso to Sec. 22 of No. 9 of
1901 -

PROVIDED that the Governor (or Governor in
Council ?) may, if he thinks fit, remit the whole or
any part of the duty leviable.

The Governor would then, presumably, remit in
similar cases to those in the Kenya Ordinance which is
compiled from certain sections of the United Kingdom
Acts.

Subsequent Paper.

RB
L.A.
28.3.44.

L.A.
4/4

(4).

While I think the Kenya Ordinance is too cumbersome for us, I hesitate about the wording suggested in (3). The intention is, of course, limited but this Ord. will remain permanently on the Statute Book & it gives a complete freedom of action for the future which is probably not desirable.

2. could we say?

1. "Provided that the Governor-in-Council may, if he thinks fit remit the whole or any part of the duty leviable on the estate of any person whose death, in his opinion, was directly attributable to active participation in warfare against the King's enemies.

2. The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply only in respect of deaths occurring on or after the third day of September 1939."

1/15

5-4-44

5.

-H. E. P.

1. "Provided that the Governor-in-Council may, if he thinks fit, remit the whole or any part of the duty leviable on the estate of any person who dies from wounds inflicted, accident occurring, or disease contracted within three years before death, while on active service which, in the opinion of the Governor-in-Council, is of a warlike nature or involves the same risks as active service, and was, when the wounds were inflicted, the accident occurred or the disease was contracted, subject to any naval, military or air force law."

23-5-44.

A.B.
L.A.

6.

Your Excellency,

If I read the Legal Adviser's suggestion correctly it is suggested that we should achieve our object by adding the following proviso to Section 22 of Ordinance No. 9 in 1901.

1. "Provided that the Governor-in-Council may, if he thinks fit, remit the whole or any part of the duty leviable on the estate of any person who dies from wounds inflicted, accident occurring, or disease contracted within three years before death, while on active service which, in the opinion of the Governor-in-Council, is of a warlike nature or involves the same risks as active service, and was, when the wounds were inflicted, the accident occurred or the disease was contracted, subject to any naval, military or air force law."

2. The provisions of this proviso shall apply only in respect of deaths occurring on or after the 3rd September, 1939."

~~2. The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply only in respect of deaths occurring on or after the 3rd September, 1939."~~

date/

2. It might be as well to add S(1)(b) of the Kenya Ordinance to cover civilians. e.g. 7.9. girls working in munitions.
3. H. K. agrees with this method of dealing with the matter & will ask the L.A. to prepare a Bill.

NB
29/5/44

Legal Adviser, (4)

I discussed this with His Excellency this morning and he agrees with the wording suggested in 6 with the addition of Section 3 (1) (b) of the Kenya Ordinance down to the word "war". We think it might also be desirable to insert in this new sub-section between "received" & "within" the words "or disease contracted". You will no doubt agree that this sub-section is necessary in order to deal with civilians.

2. His Excellency would be grateful for a draft Bill accordingly.

NB
2. 6. 44

H. K. S.

Draft Bill submitted.

6-6-44.

CB
2. 6. 44.

Recd
7. 6. 44 (10)

Non. Sm. O.

Non. B. Austin, Cuthis. RB. 7-6-44.

H. Col. the Hon. J. A. Goodgate. RB. 7. 6. 44.

Hon. J. E. Gibbs. RB. 7/6/44.

Circulated. pl. The Bill will be considered at the next meeting of Ex. Council.

Ch. G.
C. J. C.
6/6/44.

(11)

Extract from Minutes of a meeting of the Executive Council held on the 26th of June, 1944.

"Council advised that the Bill should be proceeded with. His Excellency concurred and directed accordingly."

H. B. Aldridge

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Despatch, No. 36 from S. of S. of 21. 9. 44. 12.
(13).

G.E.

So far as I can see we should amend the Bill
by omitting the words in brackets, but need
have no other change.

✓ K.B.
5.12.44

(14).

A.E.S.

P.P. note this in my leg. Co. notes for amendment
in the Committee stage.

K.B.
6.12.44

Despatch, No. 92 to S. of S. of 28. 12. 44. 15.
" " 25 from " " 28. 5. 45. 16.
Gazette Notice, No. 26 of 17. 7. 45. 17.

CIRCULAR

Downing Street,

10th January, 1944.

✓
Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that I have had under consideration the question of the remission of death duties in the case of persons killed as a result of war activities, and that my attention has been drawn to the fact that while, in certain Colonial Dependencies legislation for this purpose has been introduced, considerable variations exist as regards the nature and extent of the provision made. Furthermore, in some Dependencies having estate duty enactments no legislation on the subject of remission in respect of deaths from war causes yet exists.

2. I enclose, therefore, a copy of a note on the legislation existing in the United Kingdom and would suggest that it is desirable that existing Colonial legislation should be adapted, or new legislation introduced as the case may be, so as to make similar provision for remission of death duties in respect of deaths from war causes as exists in the United Kingdom.

3. It may be observed that legislation on the lines of the United Kingdom legislation would:-

- (a) be comprehensive, i.e. cover all cases of death through war causes of land, sea and air service personnel, and civilians;
- (b) provide for the remission or repayment of the whole duty up to a defined limit, and for a proportion of the excess over the limit;
- (c) adopt the provisions of the Finance Act, 1918, Section 44, and of the Finance Act, 1941, Section 46, extending remission to cases of property passing to widowers, brothers and sisters and their descendants; and
- (d) provide for property passing more than once, and for the apportionment of benefits between the persons who would have paid the death duties.

4. I accordingly recommend the adoption in the case of the territory under your administration of legislation based on the above principles and would suggest that the accompanying Kenya Ordinance, (XXVII of 1941), will be of service as a guide. I shall be glad to learn in due course whether you propose to take action in the sense suggested.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient, humble servant,

OLIVER STANLEY

The Officer Administering
the Government of

G 7992

COPY.

Note on remission of death duties on death due to war.Finance Act, 1894 (57 & 58 Geo.V.C.30) Section 8(1).

"The existing law and practice relating to any of the duties now leviable on or with reference to death shall, subject to the provisions of the Act and so far as the same are applicable, apply..... for the exemption of the property of common seamen marines or soldiers who are slain or die in the service of Her Majesty..."

Finance Act, 1900 (63 Geo.V. C.7).

+ 3 years
Finance
Act, 1919
2 amended
by 1919

3 800
1914

4 see 1914
and 1918

5 see 1914

14(1) Where any person dies from wounds inflicted, accident occurring, or disease contracted, within twelve months before death, while on active service against an enemy² whether on sea or land, and was, when the wounds were inflicted, the accident occurred, or the disease was contracted, either subject to the Naval Discipline Act or subject to military law, whether as an officer, non-commissioned officer, or soldier, under Part V of the Army Act, the Treasury may, if they think fit, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State or of the Admiralty as the case requires, remit, or in the case of duty already paid repay, up to an amount not exceeding one hundred and fifty pounds³ in any one case, the whole or any part of the death duties (within the meaning of subsection three of section thirteen of the Finance Act, 1894), leviable in respect of property passing upon the death of the deceased to his widow or lineal descendants⁴ if the total value for the purpose of estate duty of the property so passing does not exceed five thousand pounds.⁵

(2) This section shall take effect in the case of any person dying since the eleventh day of October one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Death Duties (Killed in War) Act, 1914. (4 & 5 Geo.V. C.76).

1(1) Section fourteen of the Finance Act, 1900 (which relates to the remission of death duties in case of persons killed in war), shall have effect as respects the present war as if it applied to property passing to lineal ancestors as well as to property passing to the widow or lineal descendants, and as if the amount of the duty to be remitted or repaid under that section were, instead of the amount therein mentioned, the following amounts:-

(a) Where the value for the purpose of estate duty of the property passing to the widow, lineal descendants, or lineal ancestors does not exceed five thousand pounds, the whole of the death duties leviable in respect of that property; and

(b) Where the said value exceeds five thousand pounds -

(1) in respect of the first five thousand pounds, the whole of the death duties; and

(11) so much of the duties leviable in respect of the remainder as exceeds the sum which, if accumulated at compound interest at the rate of three per centum per annum from the date of death with half-yearly rests would, at the

G 7993

expiration

(16)

expiration of the period of the normal expectation of life of a person of the age of the deceased at the time of death (calculated in accordance with the Tables of Mortality of Government Life Annuities, 1912), amount to the whole of the duties so leviable.

(2) The benefits of the relief given by this section as respects the first five thousand pounds shall be apportioned rateably among the several persons who would otherwise bear the duties remitted or repaid according to the amounts which they would so bear and without regard to their respective rights of priority.

(3) Saving for s.15 of Finance Act, 1914:-

Finance Act, 1918 (8 and 9 Geo.V. C.15) section 44.

References in the Act of 1914 to lineal ancestors to include references to brothers and sisters and their descendants.

Finance Act, 1919 (9 and 10 Geo. V. C.22) section 31. Section 14 of Act of 1900 and Amendments to have effect as if "three years" were substituted for "twelve months", and the words underlined included wounds, accident or disease in the course of operations arising directly out of the war, but after its termination.

Finance Act, 1921 (11 & 12 Geo.V. C.32). Section 43.

Extension to deaths arising out of disorders in Ireland.

Finance Act 1924 (14 & 15 Geo.V. C.21) Section 38 (1) The relief under the Act of 1900 as amended by the above in respect of the death duties payable on property passing on the death of certain persons killed in the late war to be given in respect of death of any person to whom the section applies from wounds, accidents or disease, etc. on active service against an enemy or on service which is of a warlike nature or which in the opinion of the Treasury otherwise involves the same risks as active service.

The section applies to members of H.M.'s forces who are subject to the Naval Discipline Act or to military law under Part V of the Army Act or to the Air Force Act.

Finance Act, 1940. Section 64. The Act of 1924 to have effect in relation to masters and members of the crews of ships and fishing boats, and pilots, dying from causes arising during the present emergency out of the operations of war. Treasury Act on recommendation of Minister of Shipping.

Finance Act, 1941. Section 46. Commissioners of Inland Revenue to give relief as under the Act of 1924 if they are satisfied that death is one of a person from injuries received during the period of the present emergency and within twelve months of his death being injuries caused by operations of war.

Reference in previous enactments to a widow to include a reference to a surviving husband.

The section does not apply to deaths from causes mentioned in the Act of 1924 or the Act of 1940 to persons to whom those sections apply.

NOTE. The Acts of 1914, 1940 and 1941 contain special provision for record (and subsequent) deaths to which the Acts apply.

G 7954

FILE

ORDINANCE NO. XXVII of 1941

An Ordinance to Amend the Estate Duty
(Consolidation) Ordinance, 1926

ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of Kenya,
with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council
thereof, as follows:-

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Estate Duty (Consolidation)(Amendment) Ordinance, 1941, and shall be read as one with the Estate Duty (Consolidation) Ordinance, 1926, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance. Short title.
No.13 of 1926.
2. In this Ordinance any reference to a widow shall, in the case of a married woman whose husband survives her, be deemed to include a reference to the surviving husband. Interpretation.
3. (1)(a) Where any person dies from wounds inflicted, accident occurring, or disease contracted, within three years before death, while on active service against an enemy, whether on sea, land or air, or on service which, in the opinion of the Governor in Council, is of a warlike nature or involves the same risks as active service, and was, when the wounds were inflicted, the accident occurred or the disease was contracted, subject to any naval, military or air force law; or Remission of estate duty in case of persons killed in war.
(b) where any person, other than a person referred to in paragraph (a) of this sub-section, dies from injuries received within three years of his death and which were, in the opinion of the Governor in Council, caused by the operations of war,
the Governor may, if he thinks fit, remit, or in the case of estate duty already paid, repay, in any one case, the whole or any part of the estate duty leviable under the Principal Ordinance in respect of property passing upon the death of the deceased to his widow or lineal descendants or lineal ancestors, or to his brothers or sisters or the descendant of such brothers or sisters, not exceeding the following amounts:-
 - (i) where the value for the purpose of such estate duty of the property passing to the widow, lineal descendants, lineal ancestors, brothers or sisters, or the descendants of such brothers or sisters does not exceed seven thousand five hundred pounds, the whole of such estate duty in respect of that property, and
 - (ii) where the said value exceeds seven thousand five hundred pounds--
 - (a) in respect of the first seven thousand five hundred pounds the whole of estate duty; and
 - (b) in respect of the remainder an amount not exceeding one-half of the estate duty leviable under the Principal Ordinance in respect of such remainder.

2.

No. XXVII

Estate Duty

1931.

(2) The benefits of the relief given by this section as respects the first seven thousand five hundred pounds shall be apportioned rateably among the several persons who would otherwise bear such estate duty remitted or repaid according to the amounts which they would so bear and without regard to their respective rights of priority.

Remission of
estate duty in
case of property
passing more
than once owing
to deaths
caused by
the war.

4. (1) Where the Governor is satisfied that estate duty leviable under the Principal Ordinance has become payable on any property passing on the death of any person to which section 3 of this Ordinance applies and that subsequently such estate duty has again become payable on the same property or any part thereof passing on the death of some other person to which section 3 of this Ordinance applies, the whole of such estate duty payable on such subsequent death in respect of the property so passing shall be remitted, or in case such estate duty has been paid, repaid, and the property shall not be aggregated with any other property passing on such subsequent death for the purpose of determining the rate of such estate duty.

(2) This section shall apply whether or not on any such death any property passes to the widow, lineal descendants, lineal ancestors, brothers or sisters, or the descendants of such brothers or sisters, of the deceased.

Application

5. The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply only in respect of deaths occurring on or after the third day of September, 1939.

Passed in the Legislative Council the eleventh day of December in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and forty-one.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which passed the Legislative Council and is presented for authentication and assent as a true and correct copy of the said Bill.

R. P. ARMITAGE

Acting Clerk to the Legislative Council.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

2. There shall be added to Section 22 of the Principal Addition to Section 22, Ordinance the following proviso.

(a) any person who dies from wounds inflicted, accident occurring, or disease contracted, within three years before death, while on active service (which, in the opinion of the Governor-in-Council, is of a warlike nature or involves the same risks as active service,) and was, when the wounds were inflicted, the accident occurred or the disease was contracted, subject to any naval, military or air force law, or

(b) any person who dies from injuries received, or disease contracted, within three years of his death, and which were, in the opinion of the Governor-in-Council, caused by the operations of war.

Passed by the Legislative Council this _____ day of _____, 1944.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this day of , 1944.

Colonial Secretary.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:-

2. For the purpose of facilitating the revised edition of laws, the amendments specified in the fourth column of the Schedule to this Ordinance, being amendments designed to shorten or simplify phraseology or being amendments of a minor nature, shall be made in the enactments specified in the first, second and third columns of that Schedule.

Number and year of Ordinance.	Short Title.	Section.	Amendments.
4 of 1894.	The Lunacy Ordinance, 1894.	Section 20.	In the interpretation of "Medical Practitioner" for the words "Medical Act, 1858, the Acts amending the same and the Medical Act, 1885, of the Imperial Parliament", there shall be substituted the words "Medical Practitioners, Midwives, and Dentists Ordinance, 1914".
4 of 1901.	The Administration of Justice Ordinance, 1901.	Section 22. Section 24.	For the word "fifty" there shall be substituted the words "one hundred". For the words "Every other case, whether civil or criminal, shall be tried by a jury of seven men" there shall be substituted the words "Every other criminal case shall be tried by a jury of seven men and every civil case, if tried by a jury, shall be tried by a jury of seven men".
5 of 1902.	The Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance, 1902.	Section 49.	The words "motor car" and "motor cycle" in subsections (n), (o) and (p) shall be deleted.
9 of 1908.	The Dependencies Ordinance, 1908.	Section 1.	The words after "shall" in the fourth line shall be deleted and the following words substituted - "be deemed to include and to have included all islands and territories whatsoever between the 20th degree of West longitude and the 50th degree of West longitude which are situated south of the 50th parallel of South latitude; and all islands and territories whatsoever between the 50th degree of West longitude and the 80th degree of West longitude which are situated south of the 58th parallel of South latitude".
4 of 1914.	The Stanley Cemetery Ordinance, 1914.	Section 2. Section 7.	After the words "Burial Board," at the end of the definition of "Burial Board" the full stop shall be omitted and the following words added - "and includes the Trustees of the Stanley Cemetery as a Body Corporate". The words "The Sexton of Christ Church Cathedral shall act as Clerk to the Board when required, and perform such other duties as the Board may consider necessary" shall be deleted.

Colonial Secretary.

(12)

FALKLAND ISLANDS

Colonial Office,
Downing Street,

NO. 36

21st September, 1944.



Sir,

✓
I have the honour to refer to my circular despatch of the 10th January 1944 with reference to the remission of death duties in the case of persons killed as the result of war and to enclose a copy of some comments on my circular despatch of the 10th of January which have been received from the Board of Inland Revenue. You will no doubt give your consideration to these points in connection with any legislation which has been or may be introduced concerning this matter as a result of the circular despatch.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,
humble servant,

(Sd) CLARA MARSH

GOVERNOR

SIR ALLAN CARDINALL, K.B.E., C.M.G.,
etc., etc., etc.

(12a)

EXTRACT FROM BOARD OF INLAND REVENUE'S
LETTER SENT TO THE TREASURY, DATED
12th AUGUST, 1944.

"In 3(a) of the despatch it is stated that legislation on the lines of the United Kingdom legislation would cover all cases of death through "war causes". This is not quite correct, as regards either the United Kingdom or the Kenya legislation: it states the relief too narrowly in the case of the Forces and too widely in the case of civilians. We regard all members of the Forces as on active service in time of war, and consequently their estates are entitled to the relief, whatever the cause of death - e.g. if they are killed in an accident when not on duty. But a civilian's estate is entitled to the relief only when death is due to injuries caused by "the operations of war": this expression is a good deal narrower than "war causes", and we interpret it to mean operations of the Armed Forces of the enemy, or operations of any of H.M. Forces or of the Allied Forces while in action against the enemy or while acting in the course of their duty upon any warning of the imminence of an attack by the enemy. Relief is not due, for instance, where a civilian is run over during the blackout or killed in an accident to a Royal Air Force aeroplane which is on a practice flight.

The rubric to Section 4 of the Kenya Ordinance is "Remission of Estate Duty in case of property passing more than once owing to deaths caused by the war;" but the section itself does not limit the relief to cases where the deaths occurred in the present war. The corresponding United Kingdom legislation (Section 64(2) of the Finance Act 1940) applies only where both deaths occurred "during the present emergency". Further, Section 64(2) gives exemption on the second death only if the property passed to the second deceased on the first death. Section 4 of the Kenya Ordinance would appear to afford exemption even where the second deceased had purchased some property from the executors of the first deceased".

Colonial Regulation, No. 153.

REPORT ON THE PROBATE AND UNREPRESENTED ESTATES
(AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 1944.

This Ordinance has been enacted at the suggestion of the Secretary of State conveyed in correspondence ending with his despatch, No. 36 of the 21st of September, 1944, and is a simplification, suited to local circumstances, of Kenya Ordinance, No. XXVII of 1941.

(Sgd.) A. W. CARDINALL

GOVERNOR.

4 December, 1944.



FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Ordinance No. 11 of 1944.

I ASSENT,

(Sgd.) A. W. CARDINALL
Governor.

23rd December, 1944.

An Ordinance

To amend the Probate and Unrepresented Estates Ordinance, 1901.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Probate and Unrepresented Estates (Amendment) Ordinance, 1944, and shall be read and construed with the Probate and Unrepresented Estates Ordinance, 1901, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Short title.

2. There shall be added to Section 22 of the Principal Ordinance the following proviso.

Addition to Section 22.

Provided that the Governor-in-Council may, if he thinks fit, remit the whole or any part of the duty leviable on the estate of—

- (a) any person who dies from wounds inflicted, accident occurring, or disease contracted, within three years before death, while on active service and was, when the wounds were inflicted, the accident occurred or the disease was contracted, subject to any naval, military or air force law, or
- (b) any person who dies from injuries received, or disease contracted, within three years of his death, and which were, in the opinion of the Governor-in-Council, caused by the operations of war.

This proviso shall only apply in respect of deaths occurring on or after the 3rd day of September, 1939.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 20th day of December, 1944.

Sgd. L. W. Aldridge
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to by the Governor and given under the Public Seal of the Colony this 23rd day of December, 1944.

K. G. BRADLEY
Colonial Secretary.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
STANLEY,

28th December, 1944.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

No. 22.

Sir,

Red 12.

With reference to the correspondence terminating with your despatch, No. 36 of 21st September, 1944, I have the honour to transmit, for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure, two authenticated and ten printed copies of Ordinance, No. 11 of 1944, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Probate and Unrepresented Estates Ordinance, 1901".

2. A Legal Report on this Ordinance is also enclosed.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,
humble servant,

(Sgd.) A. W. CARDINALL

ENCLOSURE, NO. I.
ENCLOSURE, NO. II.
ENCLOSURE, NO. III.

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE
O. F. G. STANLEY, P.C., M.P.,
SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

25



16
Dorling Street,

28th May, 1945.

Red 15

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your
letter No. 92 of the 28th December, 1944, and to
inform you that the power of disqualification will not be
exercised in respect of the mentioned candidate.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,
public servant,

(Sd/-) Oliver Stanley.

The officers administering the Government.

No.

Year.

Part File.

11

1944

Probate and Unrepresented Estates (Amendment)

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Stanley, Falkland Islands,

17th July, 1943.

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified, for general information, that intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance, No. 1 of 1943, entitled "An Ordinance Relating to the Licensing and Control of Dogs." L.F. No. 163/43.

Ordinance, No. 4 of 1944, entitled "An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the law relating to the sale of intoxicating liquor." L.F. No. 164/43.

Ordinance, No. 5 of 1944, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the care and management of the Public Library and Museum in the Town of Stanley." L.F. No. 173/43.

Ordinance, No. 6 of 1944, entitled "An Ordinance to enable the Governor in Council to make regulations with regard to the importation of plants with a view to the prevention of the introduction and spread of pests and diseases affecting vegetation and for purposes connected therewith." L.F. No. 174/43.

Ordinance, No. 7 of 1944, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Live Stock Ordinance, 1901." L.F. No. 184/43.

Ordinance, No. 8 of 1944, entitled "An Ordinance to make better provision for cinematograph exhibitions." L.F. No. 19/44.

Ordinance, No. 9 of 1944, entitled "An Ordinance to consolidate and extend the law relating to tobacco." L.F. No. 20/44.

Ordinance, No. 10 of 1944, entitled "An Ordinance to facilitate the preparation of a Revised Edition of the Laws." L.F. No. 85/44.

Ordinance, No. 11 of 1944, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Probate and Unrepresented Estates Ordinance, 1901." L.F. No. 36/44.

Ordinance, No. 12 of 1944, entitled "An Ordinance to legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-three in excess of the expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance, No. 11 of 1942." L.F. No. 73/44.

By Command,

K. G. 1840657

Colonial Secretary.