

# INDEX

to

## FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

### 1976

Agreement, Wages	11	McMillan, D. H., Acting Chief Police Officer	49
Air Fares and Conditions of Carriage	50	McPhee, T., Electrical Mechanic	91
Allen, Miss M., re-appointment Nurse	107	Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists	36
Allen, Mrs. J., Clerk, Public Service	57	Miller, S., Member of Executive Council	89
Apprenticeship Board	49	Ministers for celebrating marriages	1
Bennett, N. K., Deputy Collector of Customs	1	Miranda, A., Carpenter	57
Berntsen, L., Resignation	107	Montagu, R. W., Teacher	143
Berntsen, V. L., Termination of Contract	57	Morrison, D. R., Acting Chief Secretary	49
Betts, R. K., Resignation	49	Morrison, Mrs. J. B., Clerk, Public Service	57
Betts, T. S., Resignation	21	Morrison, T., Police Constable	35
Board of Health	49	Murray, R. R., Completion of Contract	109
Board of Visiting Justices	1	Murray, R. R., Transfer to Police Constable	21
Bonner, D. W., Steward/Chauffeur, Government House	109	New Island Preservation Company	50, 134, 144
Bound, H. L., Member of Legislative Council	77	New Year Honours 1976	1
Bowles, W. E., Member of Executive Council	75	O'Reilly, F. P., Headmaster	57
Browning, R., Acting Deputy Chief Secretary	49		
Cadman, G. E., Completion of Contract	109	ORDERS —	
Cain, R., Peripatetic Teacher	107	8/75 Foreign Judgments (Reciprocal Enforcement)	Order 1976 5
Cantlie, Mrs. J. M., Completion of Contract	143	1/76 Merchant Shipping (Oil Pollution) Act 1971	(Commencement) Order 1976 36
Clarke, Mrs. C., Telephone Operator	57	2/76 Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) (Amendment)	Order 1976 92
Coates, Mrs. H., Assistant Teacher	133	3/76 Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth	Countries) (Amendment) Order 1976 108
Coates, J. R., Assistant Teacher	133	4/76 Post Office Order 1976	135
Colonial Air Navigation Orders	3, 4, 50, 58, 91		
COMMITTEES —		ORDINANCES, BILLS FOR —	
Cost of Living - findings of	35, 57, 107	Administration of Estates (Amend.) Ordinance 1976	80
Hospital Visiting	107	Appropriation (1976-77) Ordinance 1976	86
Public Library	141	Legislative Council (Amendment) Ordinance 1976	27
Coutts, C. Jr., Acting Senior Filtration Plant Operator	91	Livestock (Amendment) Ordinance 1976	81
Currency Note Officers	107	Pilotage Ordinance 1976	28, 48
Currency Note Security Fund	56	Post Office (Amendment) Ordinance 1976	110
Deed Poll - Change of Name	144	Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1976	116
Dobbins, Miss K. G., Clerk, Public Service	143	Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance 1976	111
Dogs Inspectors, Appointment of	2, 57, 91	Stanley Town Public Services (Amend.) Ord. 1976	111
Electors, Register of	38, 59	Supplementary Appropriation (1974-75) Ord. 1976	87
Etheridge, W. A., Acting Assistant Secretary	49		
Etheridge, W. A., Promotion to Senior Clerk, Post Office	49	ORDINANCES, COLONY —	
Farming Statistics	138	1/76 Appropriation (1976-77) Ordinance 1976	93
Farrow, J., Completion of Contract	133	2/76 Supplementary Appropriation (1974-75)	Ordinance 1976 95
Farrow, J., Deputy Collector of Customs	1	3/76 Administration of Estates (Amend.) Ord. 1976	97
Farrow, Mrs. S. H., Completion of Contract	133	4/76 Dogs (Amendment) Ordinance 1976	98
Felton, W. A., Retirement	1	5/76 Livestock (Amendment) Ordinance 1976	99
Ford, B. W., Second Lieutenant, F. I. Defence Force	57	6/76 Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ord. 1976	105
Foreign Compensation Claims	143		
Fowler, J. A. T., Headmaster, Darwin Boarding School	109	ORDINANCES, NON-DISALLOWANCE OF — COLONY —	
Fowler, Mrs. V. M., Assistant Teacher	109	2/74 Supplementary Appropriation (1973-74)	Ordinance 1975 141
Gaskins, P., Teacher-in-Charge	109	5/74 Appropriation (1974-75) Ordinance 1974	50
General Elections 1976 Notices 35, 37, 50, 52, 57, 58, 69, 70		3/75 Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ord. 1975	141
Goss, Lt. Col. R. V., Member of Executive Council	74	4/75 Non-Contributory Old Age Pensions	(Amendment) Ordinance 1975 141
Goss, W. H., Member of Executive Council	142	5/75 Stanley Rates (Amendment) Ordinance 1975	141
Griffiths, Mrs. J., Assistant Teacher	109	6/75 Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1975	141
Griffiths, R. O., Assistant Teacher	109		
Hadden, A. B., Member of Legislative Council	78	Peart, Mrs. R. L., Resignation	141
Hillman, Mrs. C. D., Completion of Contract	69	Peck, Miss F., Completion of Contract	69
Hillman, R. F., Completion of Contract	109	Peck, Miss F., Clerk, Public Service	109
H. M. the Queen, Birthday Greetings	69	Perry, T. G., Ag. Superintendent Public Works Dept.	49
Hospital Visiting Committee	107	Poole, R. J. H., Completion of Contract	49
Howatt, D. F., Clerk, Public Service	35	Pritchard, M. A., Uncertificated Teacher	141
		Probates	21, 51, 69, 107, 110, 143, 144
INSTRUMENTS —		PROCLAMATIONS —	
Extraordinary Member of Ex. Co., Slater, G. J. A.	73	1/76 Legislative Council, Sitting of	71
Extraordinary Member of Leg. Co., Slater, G. J. A.	76	2/76 Customs Ordinance	119
Member of Executive Council, Bowles, W. E.	75		
Member of Executive Council, Goss, Lt. Col. R. V.	74	Public Holidays	143
Member of Executive Council, Goss, W. H.	142	Public Library Committee	141
Member of Executive Council, Miller, S.	89	Publications for Sale	11
Member of Executive Council, Bound, H. L.	77	Register of Electors	38, 59
Member of Legislative Council, Hadden, A. B.	78	Registration of United Kingdom Trade Marks	14
Jennings, Mrs. M., Telephone Operator	57		
Jennings, Mrs. M., Clerk, Public Service	91	REGULATIONS —	
Jones, C., Assistant Filtration Plant Operator	91	1/76 Falkland Islands Oil Pollution (Compulsory	Insurance) Regulations 1976 53
Jones, D. R., Plumber	57	2/76 School (Amendment) Regulations 1976	79
Keenleyside, C., Resignation	109		
King, P. T., Acting Office Manager	1. 91	RESOLUTIONS —	
Kryszczak, Stanislaw, Application for Naturalisation	109	1/76 Customs (Amend. of Duties) Resolution 1976	90
Larson, Miss M., re-appointment, Telephone Operator	91	Royans, T. W., Superintendent, Public Works Dept.	49
Leech, O. J., Completion of Contract	107		
Legal Fees and Dues	50	RULES —	
Livermore, Mrs. R. L., Police Constable	35	4/75 Income Tax (Amendment) Rules 1975	7
Luxton, H. T., Acting Adjutant, F. I. Defence Force	91	1/76 Savings Bank (Amendment) Rules 1976	108
Luxton, H. T., Second Lieutenant, F. I. Defence Force	57	2/76 Telephone & Telegraph (Amend.) Rules 1976	145
Luxton, M., Acting Deputy Financial Secretary	133, 141		
MacIntyre, D. J., Completion of Contract	107	Ryan, D. A., Deputy Collector of Customs	69
Magistrates and Justices - revised list of	51	Savings Bank Interest	109, 141
McGill, L., Clerk, Public Service	21		

Short, A. P., Resignation	109
Short, Miss C., Clerk, Public Service	21
Slater, G. J. A., Deputy Governor	72
Slater, G. J. A., Extraordinary Member of Exec. Co.	73
Slater, G. J. A., Extraordinary Member of Leg. Co.	76
Smith, R. W., Plumber	49

# STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS —

S.I. 1972 No. 1102 The Extradition (Hijacking) (Amendment) Order 1972	133
S.I. 1973 No. 1756 The Extradition (Protection of Aircraft) Order 1973	133
S.I. 1974 No. 1107 The Extradition (Hijacking) (Amendment) Order 1974	133
S.I. 1974 No. 1108 The Extradition (Protection of Aircraft) (Amendment) Order 1974	133
S.I. 1975 No. 803 The Extradition (Hijacking) (Amendment) Order 1975	133
S.I. 1975 No. 804 The Extradition (Protection of Aircraft) (Amendment) Order 1975	133
S.I. 1975 No. 1837 The Copyright (International Conventions) (Amend. No. 2) Order 1975	22
S.I. 1975 No. 2167 The Merchant Shipping (Oil Pollution) (Falkland Islands) Order 1975	21
S.I. 1975 No. 2193 The Copyright International Conventions) (Amend. No. 3) Order 1975	24

S.I. 1976 No. 52 The Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) (Amendment) Order 1976	26
S.I. 1976 No. 769 The Extradition (Hijacking) (Amendment) Order 1976	133
S.I. 1976 No. 770 The Extradition (Protection of Aircraft) Order 1976	133
S.I. 1976 No. 1037 The Finland (Extradition) Order 1976	133

Stead, Miss E. A., Nursing Sister	143
Stewart, H. W. A., Retirement	91
Stewart, R., Resignation	133
Stocks, R. F., Completion of Contract	69
Summers, Miss S., Resignation	49
Teague, Miss B., Acting Matron	107
Telegrams, Transmission charges	109
Thom, Miss J., Completion of Contract	91
Trade Marks, Registration of	14
Turner, B., Completion of Contract	69
Visiting Justices, Board of	1
Wages Agreement	11
Woodward, Mrs. J. E., Completion of Contract	143
Woodward, J. G., Acting Headmaster, Darwin Boarding School	91
Woodward, J. G., Completion of Contract	143
Wreck, Grant of	21
Writ of Election	52



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

21 JANUARY 1976

No. 1

## Acting Appointment

Peter Thomas King, Acting Office Manager,  
Secretariat, 1.11.75 to 4.1.76.

## Retirement

Walter Arthur Felton, Inspector, Falkland  
Islands Police Force, 23.11.75.

## NOTICES

No. 1. 2nd January 1976.

### New Year Honours 1976

Her Majesty the Queen has been graciously  
pleased to approve the following appointments —

#### HIS EXCELLENCY

NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, ESQ., M.V.O.,  
to be a Companion of the Most Distinguished  
Order of St. Michael and St. George;

DOUGLAS ROY MORRISON, ESQ.,  
to be an Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the  
British Empire; and

VERNON THOMAS KING, ESQ.,  
to be a Member of the Most Excellent Order of  
the British Empire.

Ref. ROY/31/4.

No. 2. 16th January 1976.

### Marriage Ordinance (Cap. 43) Section 5

The following are registered as Ministers for  
celebrating marriages —

THE RIGHT REVEREND CYRIL JAMES TUCKER, C.B.E.,  
M.A. *Lord Bishop of the Falkland Islands.*

THE REVEREND CANON JACK GOULD. *Honorary  
Canon of Christ Church Cathedral.*

THE REVEREND CANON ERIC CHARLES WILCOCKSON,  
O.B.E. *Honorary Canon of Christ Church Cath-  
edral.*

THE REVEREND GERALD SMITH. *Chaplain, Christ  
Church Cathedral.*

THE RIGHT REV. MONSIGNOR DANIEL SPRAGGON,  
M.B.E. *Prefect Apostolic of the Falkland Islands  
and Dependencies.*

THE REVEREND FATHER PHILLIP BRUGGEMAN, *Priest,  
St. Mary's Church.*

Ref. INT/39/1.

No. 3. 21st January 1976.

### Prison Ordinance 1966

It is notified that the following have been  
appointed the Board of Visiting Justices for  
1976 —

MR. J. BOUND, E.D., J.P. *(Senior Member)*

MR. W. H. GOSS, J.P. *(Member)*

MRS. JESSIE BOOTH, J.P. *(Member)*

Ref. POL/19/1.

### Customs Ordinance (Cap. 16)

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section  
4 of the Customs Ordinance I hereby appoint Mr.  
Neville Kenneth Bennett to be a Deputy Collector  
of Customs for the purpose of entering "Lindblad  
Explorer" at New Island, Falkland Islands on the  
2nd January 1976.

L. J. HALLIDAY,  
*Collector of Customs.*

1st January 1976.

### Customs Ordinance (Cap. 16)

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section  
4 of the Customs Ordinance I hereby appoint Mr.  
John Farrow to be a Deputy Collector of Customs  
for the purpose of clearing "Lindblad Explorer"  
from New Island, Falkland Islands on the 21st  
January 1976.

L. J. HALLIDAY,  
*Collector of Customs.*

16th January 1976.

# Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) Order 1975

(Under Section 12A of the Dogs Ordinance) (Cap. 21)

The Governor hereby appoints the following persons to be Inspectors for the purposes of this Order—

C. Alazia	...	...	San Carlos
G. R. Alazia	...	...	Roy Cove
L. R. Anderson	...	...	Stanley
T. J. Anderson	...	...	Fitzroy
J. D. Barton, J.P.	...	...	Teal Inlet
J. A. Berntsen	...	...	Port San Carlos
A. S. Betts	...	...	Keppel Island
B. K. Betts	...	...	Pebble Island
R. K. Betts	...	...	Stanley
T. S. Betts	...	...	Stanley
H. J. Binnie	...	...	Fox Bay East / Dunnose Head
A. T. Blake	...	...	North Arm
L. G. Blake, J.P.	...	...	Hill Cove
T. Clifton	...	...	Sea Lion / Speedwell Islands
J. R. Cockwell	...	...	Fox Bay East / Dunnose Head
F. C. Cox	...	...	Stanley
D. Davidson	...	...	West Point Island
R. J. Davis	...	...	Salvador
K. E. Dunnett	...	...	Stanley
D. S. Evans	...	...	New Island
G. O. Evans	...	...	Pebble Island
A. T. Felton	...	...	Beaver Island
J. R. S. Felton	...	...	Fitzroy
R. J. Ferguson	...	...	Weddell Island
L. Grant	...	...	Port Louis
H. Ll. Greenshields	...	...	Douglas Station
E. M. Goss	...	...	North Arm
R. J. Goss	...	...	Bluff Cove Mountain
B. Hardcastle, J.P.	...	...	Darwin / Goose Green
L. J. Halliday	...	...	Stanley
R. L. Hansen	...	...	Hill Cove
B. Lee	...	...	Stanley
R. M. Lee	...	...	Darwin / Goose Green
S. S. Lee	...	...	Port Howard
D. Limburn	...	...	Fox Bay West
W. R. Luxton	...	...	Chartres
F. Marsh	...	...	Chartres
W. C. MacBeth	...	...	Sedge Island
R. McGill	...	...	Carcass Island
S. J. McKay	...	...	Stanley
W. R. McKay	...	...	Douglas Station
D. H. McMillan	...	...	Stanley
K. J. McPhee	...	...	Green Patch
A. C. Miller	...	...	Port San Carlos
S. Miller, J.P.	...	...	Stanley
S. R. Miller	...	...	Roy Cove
A. B. Monk, J.P.	...	...	San Carlos
R. Morrison	...	...	Stanley
S. Morrison	...	...	Walker Creek
W. D. Morrison	...	...	North Arm
R. B. Napier	...	...	West Point Island
T. J. Peck	...	...	Stanley
R. M. Pitaluga, O.B.E.	...	...	Salvador
A. R. Pole-Evans	...	...	Saunders Island
D. M. Pole-Evans, J.P.	...	...	Port Howard
C. H. Robertson, J.P.	...	...	Stanley
J. Robertson	...	...	Fox Bay West
P. C. Robertson	...	...	Port Stephens
G. C. Short	...	...	Port Stephens
P. W. Short	...	...	Fox Bay East / Dunnose Head
O. R. Smith	...	...	Johnson's Harbour
G. A. Stewart	...	...	Bluff Cove
J. A. Sornsen	...	...	Green Patch
R. Turner	...	...	Rincon Grande
H. L. Whitney	...	...	Darwin / Goose Green.



## Colonial Air Navigation (Amendment) Order 1968

( Article 1 (3) )

Pursuant to Article 1 (3) of the Colonial Air Navigation (Amendment) Order 1968, the first day of January 1977 is the date appointed on which Articles 2 (5) (a) (b) (d) (e) (f) (g) and (h) and 7 of the said Order shall come into operation.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

8th January 1976.

## Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972

( Article 16 (6) )

Pursuant to Article 16 (6) of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, I hereby require every pilot to be medically examined every six months by a person approved by me, to the standard required by the United Kingdom Civil Aviation Authority appropriate to the holder of a Commercial Pilots Licence (Aeroplanes).

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

8th January 1976.

## Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972

(Article 79)

Pursuant to Article 79 of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972 the aircraft of the Falkland Islands Government Air Service are hereby exempt from the provisions of Article 56 (1) of the Orders insofar as Section II, paragraph 5 (e) of the Twelfth Schedule shall not apply to the aircraft when engaged on flights for the purpose of the dropping of mail.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

8th January 1976.

## Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972

(Article 79)

Pursuant to Article 79 of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, the pilots of the Falkland Islands Government Air Service are hereby exempt from the provisions of the Orders specified in the following Schedule —

## SCHEDULE

- (i) Paragraph 2A of Part A of the Ninth Schedule insofar as they shall not be required to hold an Instrument rating when flying Beaver aircraft on flights for the purpose of Public transport; and
- (ii) Article 32 (2) insofar as they shall not apply to the dropping of mail from aircraft.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

8th January 1976.

## Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972

(Article 81)

Pursuant to Article 81 of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, Mr. Arthur Peake of the Posts and Telecommunications Department is hereby authorised for the purposes of any of the provisions of Article 6 (3) (c) of the Orders.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

8th January 1976.

## Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972

(Article 81)

Pursuant to Article 81 of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, Mr. Ian B. Bridges and Mr. Derek S. Bramley, both of the Civil Aviation Department, are hereby authorised for the purposes of any of the provisions of the Orders specified in the following Schedule —

## SCHEDULE

Article 6 (3) (c)

Article 7 (4) (c).

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

8th January 1976.

## Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972

(Article 79)

Pursuant to Article 79 of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, the Falkland Islands Government Air Service is hereby exempt from the provisions of the Orders specified in the following Schedule —

## SCHEDULE

- (i) Article 22(2), insofar as it relates to the testing of pilots by the operator and to the maintenance of records of such tests required by parts B. 1 (2) (5) and (6) and B. 2 of the Tenth Schedule; and
- (ii) Article 51 (2) and the Eleventh Schedule insofar as the only documents required to be carried on the aircraft shall be the Load Sheet, the Technical Log and the Operations Manual.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

8th January 1976.

## Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972

(Article 81)

Pursuant to Article 81 of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, persons in the Aviation Department for the time being holding the office of Superintendent of Civil Aviation and Pilot are hereby authorised for the purposes of any of the provisions of Part C paragraph 1 of the Ninth Schedule to the Orders.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

8th January 1976.

## Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972

(Article 81)

Pursuant to Article 81 of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, the person for the time being holding the office of Superintendent of Civil Aviation is hereby authorised for the purposes of any of the provisions of the Orders specified in the following Schedule —

## SCHEDULE

Article 8

Article 16.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

8th January 1976.

# Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972

( Article 59(1) )

Pursuant to Article 59(1) of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, the areas of water specified in column 2 of the Schedule adjacent to the places specified in column 1 of the Schedule are hereby notified as Government aerodromes available for take-off and landing by aircraft of the Falkland Islands Government Air Service.

## SCHEDULE

Column 1 PLACES	Column 2 AERODROME
Ajax Bay ... ..	Ajax Bay
Beaver Island ... ..	Fish Creek
Bluff Cove ... ..	Settlement Harbour
Cape Dolphin ... ..	North Pond
Carcass Island ... ..	Port Pattison
Chartres ... ..	Settlement Harbour
Darwin ... ..	Darwin Harbour
Douglas Station ... ..	Moro
Dunnose Head ... ..	Philomel Pass
Egg Harbour ... ..	Egg Harbour
Fitzroy ... ..	Settlement Harbour
Fox Bay ... ..	Settlement Harbour
Goose Green ... ..	Darwin Harbour
Green Patch ... ..	Port Louis Harbour
Hill Cove ... ..	Hill Cove Point
Johnson's Harbour ... ..	Chabot Creek
Keppel Island ... ..	Farm Bay
Lively Island ... ..	Shallow Harbour
Malo ... ..	Malo River
New Island ... ..	South Harbour
North Arm ... ..	Thetis Bay
Pebble Island ... ..	Settlement Harbour & Big Pond
Port Howard ... ..	Port Howard
Port Louis ... ..	Settlement Harbour
Port San Carlos ... ..	Settlement Harbour
Port Stephens ... ..	Settlement Harbour
Rincon Grande ... ..	Foam Creek
Roy Cove ... ..	Roy Cove Creek
Salvador ... ..	Settlement Harbour
San Carlos ... ..	Bonner's Bay
Saunders Island ... ..	Sealers Bay
Sea Lion Island ... ..	Campbell Pond
Sedge Island ... ..	Sedge Island
Speedwell Island ... ..	Half Way Cove
Stanley ... ..	Stanley Harbour
Teal Inlet ... ..	Teal Inlet
Volunteer Lagoon ... ..	Volunteer Lagoon
Walker Creek ... ..	Walker Creek
Weddell Island ... ..	Gull Harbour
West Point Island ... ..	West Point Harbour

8th January 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
Governor.

## FOREIGN JUDGMENTS (RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT) ORDINANCE 1959.

(No. 4 of 1959)

## Foreign Judgments (Reciprocal Enforcement) Order 1975

No. 8 of 1975.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

WHEREAS —

Preamble.

- (a) by section 3 of the Foreign Judgments (Reciprocal Enforcement) Ordinance 1959 it is provided that the Governor in Council, if he is satisfied that, in the event of the benefits conferred by the Ordinance being extended to judgments given in the superior courts of any foreign country, substantial reciprocity of treatment will be assured as respects the enforcement in that foreign country of judgments given in the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, may by order direct that the provisions of the Ordinance shall extend to that foreign country and that such courts of that foreign country as are specified in the order shall be deemed superior courts of that country for the purposes of the Ordinance; and
- (b) by section 9 of the Ordinance, it is provided that the Governor in Council may by order direct that the provisions of the Ordinance shall apply to any part of the Commonwealth and to judgments obtained in the superior courts of such part, as they apply to foreign countries and judgments obtained in the superior courts of foreign countries:

AND WHEREAS in exercise of the powers conferred by section 9, the Governor in Council has by the Foreign Judgments (Reciprocal Enforcement) (Application to the Commonwealth) Order 1975, directed that the provisions of the Ordinance shall apply to every part of the Commonwealth and to judgments obtained in the superior courts of any such part:

3 of 1975.

AND WHEREAS —

- (a) the Governor in Council is satisfied that, the benefits conferred by the Ordinance having been extended, or in the event of their being extended, to judgments given in the superior courts of each part of the Commonwealth specified in the First Schedule hereto, substantial reciprocity of treatment has been or will be assured as respects the enforcement in each such part of judgments given in the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies; and
- (b) the Governor in Council is satisfied that, the benefits conferred by the Ordinance having been extended, or in the event of their being extended, to judgments given in the superior courts of each of the foreign countries specified in the Second Schedule hereto, substantial reciprocity of treatment has been or will be assured as respects the enforcement in each such country of judgments given in the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

First Schedule.

Second Schedule.

1. This order may be cited as the Foreign Judgments (Reciprocal Enforcement) Order 1975.

Citation.

Extension of Ordinance to  
Commonwealth Countries.  
First Schedule.

Extension of Ordinance to  
foreign countries.

Second Schedule.

Superior Courts.

First Schedule.

Second Schedule.

2. The provisions of the Ordinance shall extend to each of the parts of the Commonwealth as are specified in the First Schedule.

3. The provisions of the Ordinance shall extend to judgments given in the superior courts of any of the countries specified in the Second Schedule.

4. For the purposes of the Ordinance, courts in each part of the Commonwealth specified in the First Schedule and in each country specified in the Second Schedule which have unlimited jurisdiction in civil and criminal matters shall be deemed to be superior courts.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE (Paras 2 & 4)

1. The following States and Territories of Australia —

Australian Capital Territory  
New South Wales  
Northern Territory  
Queensland  
Tasmania  
Victoria  
Western Australia.

2. New Zealand.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE (Paras 3 & 4)

1. Austria
2. Belgium
3. Federal Republic of Germany
4. France
5. Norway.

10th December 1975.

R. BROWNING,

*Clerk of the Executive Council.*

Ref. LEG/10/18.

INCOME TAX ORDINANCE  
(Chapter 32)

## Income Tax (Amendment) Rules 1975

No. 4 of 1975.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 89 of the Income Tax Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following rules —

1. These rules may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Rules 1975. Citation.

2. The Income Tax Rules are amended by deleting Form No. 2 and substituting the following — Amendment of Form 2.  
(Cap. 32, sub. leg.).

FORM 2.

No. of Assessment.....19.....

### CONFIDENTIAL

Income Tax Ordinance (Cap. 32)

## STATUTORY DECLARATION

I, .....  
of .....  
as the .....

do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that the statement or statements herein, or herein referred to and appended hereto, is a full, just and true return of the whole of..... income from every source, whatsoever, in respect of the year ended on the.....day of ..... 19....., estimated to the best of my knowledge and belief, according to the directions and Rules of the said Ordinance. I make this Declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and just in every particular, and I am well aware that if there is any statement in this declaration which is false in fact, which I know or believe to be false or do not believe to be true, I am liable to the penalties set out in Sections 85 and 85A.

.....  
(Signature of Taxpayer)

*N.B.* — In the case of a Firm, the General Declaration above must be made by the Precedent Partner for the time being, or in cases where none of the partners is resident in the Colony, by the Attorney, Manager, Agent, etc.

## PAGE 2 of Form 2.

If no income is declarable under any of the Heads below, the word "None" must be entered in the money column (3). In no case should any Head be left blank.

Column 1	Income in respect of the year 19.....	Amount Chargeable Column 3	
	Source of Income under each Head Column 2		
		£	
1	From income :  As a ..... (State name of Employer)  As a ..... (State name of trade or business)  As a partner in the firm of .....  As Agent for .....		
2	Any allowance in respect of any employment received in money .....		
3	Benefits in kind, at values prescribed by the Governor in Council : (a) The value of accommodation provided by an employer used rent free, or for which a token rent is paid by the occupier ... .. (b) The value of any board and/or lodging, provided by an employer, where the recipient maintains no other fixed place of abode in the Colony ... .. (c) The value of any light, power or fuel supplied by an employer ... ..		
4	Pensions received from .....		
5	Income of Wife (as per statement attached) ... ..		
6	Income accruing, derived or received from rents, royalties and other profits arising from property. Net Income as per statement attached hereto ... ..		
7	Income from investments, etc. (a) Bank deposits (other than the Falkland Islands Government Savings Bank) ..... (b) Stocks and Shares ... .. (c) Loans, etc. ... .. (d) Other interest ... ..		
8	From any other source/s not enumerated above, as per statement enclosed herewith ... ..  Total Taxable Income		
9	Income not accruing in, derived from, or received in the Colony, as per statement attached, for which I claim exemption under Section 5 ... ..		

A statement should always be enclosed with this Return showing how the net amount of income was arrived at.

A certified copy of the Profit & Loss Account and the Balance Sheet should be enclosed also.

**Under the provisions of the said Ordinance, I hereby claim the following deductions from the income declared on page 2**

£

1. Contributions to Pensions Funds (Section 17) (b)

Birthdate.....

2. In respect of premium paid to .....

..... Insurance Company / or  
to the Widows and Orphans' Pension Fund in the Colony of  
..... in the year ended  
..... 19....., for Insurance on my life / or on the life  
of my wife (Section 17) ... ..

3. Children under 16 years of age living at the commencement of the year of assessment as follows — (Section 16)

Name of Child.	Date of Birth.	Present Age.

4. Children living at the commencement of the year of assessment who are receiving full time education abroad wholly or partly at my expense —

Name of Child.	Date of Birth.	Present Age.

5. For my wife (Section 15) (1) ... ..

6. For female relative in charge of children (Section 15) (2) ... ..

7. Dependent relatives (Section 15) (3) ... ..

8. 1/5 of my earned income (Section 14) ... ..

9. Old Age Relief (Section 16A) ... ..

10. Personal deduction (Section 15) (4) ... ..

Total deductions claimed ... ..

**For Official Use**

### Net Chargeable Income

Total Taxable Income ... ..

Less Total Deductions Claimed ... ..

Net Chargeable Income for the year 19.....

**N.B.—** Those portions of the return not applicable to taxpayer's case should be struck out.

**DECLARATION** as to partners in a Firm and the division of the profits of such Firm between the respective partners therein (Section 35 of the Ordinance).

**PARTICULARS of the Share of each Partner in the Net Total Profits of the Firm as entered on page 2.**

N.B.—Interest on the capital of, and salaries of, Partners, must be included.

Names of the partners as at 1 (Beginning of year)	Address of each Partner	State in each case whether "General," "Special," "Acting," or "Salaried" Partner	Profits	
			Basis of distribution under the partnership	Amount of each Partner's share

£.....

(Total to agree with the total net profits of the Firm as returned on page 2).

**The Commissioner of Income Tax**  
**Stanley, Falkland Islands**

Made by the Governor in Council on the 10th day of December 1975.

R. BROWNING,

*Clerk of the Executive Council.*

Ref. INC/10/1.



# WAGES AGREEMENT

The following agreement has been reached between the Government, the Falkland Islands Company, Ltd., and the General Employees Union. The agreement shall be effective for a period of one year from the 1st January 1976 and shall apply to hourly paid employees in Stanley.

## 1. Basis of Wage Rates.

Wages shall be adjustable by negotiation except that any changes arising from fluctuations in the cost of living, except as provided below, shall be automatic and date from the first day of the month following the quarter to which a review relates.

In measuring the cost of living for the purpose of wage adjustments an average of the findings of the last four preceding quarters shall be used. If however in any quarter the Index should exceed the average figure for the last four quarters by six points then the excess points will be taken into immediate account for the cost of living award. The payment in respect of the excess points will be adjusted as necessary, in future quarterly reviews of the cost of living.

N.B. When calculating the advance payment in excess of the first six points,  $\frac{1}{2}$ p advance will be made in any case where the excess not already taken into account reaches one point.

### (a) CRAFTSMEN.

All Craftsmen shall be paid at the full basic rate and the following trades shall be recognised :—

Carpenters and Joiners	Masons
Blacksmiths	Plumbers
Painters	Electricians
Motor Mechanics	

The normal entry to a trade shall be by a full term of apprenticeship, but special arrangements shall be made for the absorption of men already practising trades without previously serving apprenticeships. These arrangements are laid down in the apprenticeship regulations.

### (b) HANDYMEN.

This term includes those employees doing skilled or semi-skilled work in one or more trades, but who have not served an apprenticeship nor have been recognised by the Apprenticeship Board.

### (c) SLAUGHTERMEN AND LORRY DRIVERS.

Slaughtermen shall be provided with suitable protective clothing and footwear.

All drivers of petrol, steam or diesel engines, whether stationary or mobile, shall be paid for all working hours of the day on which the employee drives, irrespective of the period during which he is actually driving.

## 2. Prevailing Rates.

Class				Hourly Rate.
1. Tradesmen	...	...	...	78p
2. Apprentices		1st year	...	51p
		2nd year	...	52½p
		3rd year	...	55p
		4th year	...	58p
		5th year	...	65p
3. Handyman	...	...	...	62½p to 70p according to ability.
4. Slaughtermen and tradesmen's mates	...	...	...	61½p
5. Lorry Drivers, including men tending stationary engines or boilers	...	...	...	62½p
6. Labourers		Age		Hourly Rate.
		14-15		44p
		15-16		47p
		16-17		51½p
		17-18		55½p
		18 and over		61p

The above hourly rates are minimum and employers may, if they so wish, offer higher rates, incentive bonuses, etc.

Cost of living awards, when authorised, should be paid in full to apprentices and young labourers.

CASUAL LABOUR. There is now no work which justifies a casual labour rate.

\* An apprenticeship should not commence before the 15th birthday.

### 3. Extra Payments.

#### (a) "DIRT" MONEY.

As a general guide, "Dirt" money should only be paid when the work in hand is substantially dirtier than the work which an employee is normally called upon to do. The normal rate is 4p per hour, but the precise rate for each job shall be agreed between Employer and Employees.

#### (b) HAZARDOUS WORK.

Employees working on isolated structures, such as masts, at heights over 20 feet from the ground or where the structure joins the main roof of a building, shall be paid from 4p to 7½p per hour according to the risk involved. This does not apply to work on properly erected scaffolding or on roofs where the work can be carried out from a position where the workman's feet are on a secured ladder.

#### (c) INCONVENIENCE PAY.

Employees required, by the employer, to carry their midday meal shall receive 15p per day. Employees required to sleep away from home in a recognised camp house or cook-house shall have their board and lodgings paid for by their employer.

#### (d) EXTRA SKILL OR RESPONSIBILITY.

(i) Any employee specifically detailed to supervise the work of three or more other employees shall receive 1½p per hour extra while taking this responsibility.

(ii) Any labourer employed on semi-skilled work which would normally fall to a Handyman (e.g. painting, fencing, concrete laying) shall receive pay as a Handyman (i.e. a minimum of 1½p per hour extra) while engaged on this work. The precise rate shall be fixed by the employer according to the nature of the work and the skill of the particular labourer so employed.

#### (e) PAINT SPRAYING.

Employees engaged on paint spraying shall be paid 2½p per hour extra and no other allowance.

### 4. Working Hours.

The normal working hours shall be 40 hours per week made up as follows -

Monday to Friday - 7.30 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. with Dinner break from noon till 1 p.m.

A refreshment break of fifteen minutes shall be allowed between 08.30 and 09.30 a.m., the precise time being laid down by the employer.

Other hours of work may be laid down by mutual agreement between employers and employees, provided that the total number of hours does not exceed 40 per week.

### 5. Overtime.

- (a) Overtime shall be paid for all hours worked outside normal working hours and overtime rates shall be as follows -

#### TIME AND A HALF.

- (i) Between the end of the normal day and midnight.
- (ii) From 6 a.m. to the start of the normal working day, provided that work did not start before 6 a.m.

#### DOUBLE TIME.

- (i) Between midnight and 6 a.m.
  - (ii) From 6 a.m. to the start of the normal working day, if work commenced before 6 a.m.
  - (iii) On Sundays and recognised Public Holidays.
  - (iv) For meal hours or parts thereof, if work continues through the normal working day without a full meal-hour break.
  - (v) Double time rates shall also be paid during normal working hours if, exceptionally, an employee starts work before midnight and continues without a break into normal working hours. Double time rates shall then continue to apply until there is an (unpaid) break from work exceeding four hours, after which the normal rates will again apply.
- (b) An unpaid meal hour shall be allowed at a reasonable time if overtime is expected to continue for more than two hours beyond normal finishing time, and a paid refreshment break of not more than fifteen minutes shall be allowed in each subsequent 4-hour period.
- (c) Overtime is voluntary and an employee shall not be dismissed if he objects to working outside normal working hours. However, certain jobs may require attendance at times outside the normal hours and in these cases employees shall be given the option of a 40-hour week by allowing time off during normal working hours, at a time to be agreed with the employer.

### 6. Public Holidays.

In addition to receiving double time for working on a public holiday employees shall be entitled to 8 hours holiday.

## 7. Holidays.

### (a) ANNUAL HOLIDAYS.

All employees shall be entitled to a paid holiday of 40 hours after the completion of the first six months of continuous service and thereafter at the rate of 8 hours for each month of continuous service. Paid holidays may be accumulated without limit and taken at a time to be mutually agreed upon.

### (b) PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.

These are days on which Government Offices are closed by notification in the Gazette and the following eight days shall be paid holidays for all employees :-

New Year's Day, Good Friday, The Queen's Birthday and Commonwealth Day, October Bank Holiday, Anniversary of Battle of Falkland Islands, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, and one other day to coincide with the Annual Stanley Sports Meeting.

- (c) Any allowance or special rates earned on both the working day preceding *and the working day following* the holiday shall be paid for the holiday.
- (d) When a dated holiday falls on a Saturday or a Sunday the next working day shall be the holiday.

## 8. Sick Pay.

- (a) Employees who have not completed three months' service with their employer shall not be entitled to sick pay.
- (b) If sickness lasts for more than two working days an employee shall be entitled to the following sick pay commencing on the first day of sickness on the production of a medical certificate -
  - (i) Employees who have completed three months' service with their employer -
    - Full pay for the first two weeks.
    - Half pay for the third and fourth weeks.
  - (ii) Employees who have completed three years' service with their employer -
    - Full pay for the first four weeks.
    - Half pay for the following nine weeks.
- (c) Full pay shall be paid for any Public Holiday which falls during the first four weeks of sickness, provided that the employee, when he has recovered, returns to work for the same employer.
- (d) An employer may demand a medical certificate before making any payment in respect of sick pay.
- (e) The Workmen's Compensation Ordinance shall apply in cases of sickness resulting from accidents at work. The Foreman and the Union Delegate must confirm in writing any accident at work.

## 9. Termination of Employment.

Except in the case of misdemeanour, when an employee may be summarily dismissed, the following notice of termination of employment shall be given -

- (i) Employees who have completed ten years' service with their employer -
  - One months notice.
- (ii) Employees who have completed five years' service with their employer -
  - Two weeks' notice.
- (iii) All other employees -
  - One week's notice.

If desired employers may pay wages in (i), (ii) or (iii), as appropriate, in lieu of giving notice.

## 10. General.

- (a) When a party of employees are required to carry meals to their work, one employee shall be allowed reasonable time to heat meals for the rest of the party.
- (b) Individual employers may lay down the times when employees shall appear for their wages, provided that the payment is completed within ten minutes of the end of the normal working day.
- (c) An official or delegation of a recognised union may, with the employer's consent, attend at a job or shop at any time to interview workmen, but no meeting shall take place in working hours without the express permission of the employer. If a dispute arises, the employer or his nominee shall interview, by appointment, any official representative of his employees.
- (d) All employers shall display for the benefit of their employees copies of Regulations and Rules pertaining to wages and conditions of service of workers.

# Registration of United Kingdom Trade Marks Ordinance (Cap. 59)

The following list of Trade Marks Registrations renewed in the Falkland Islands during the period 1st January 1974 to 31st December 1974, is published for general information. The Trade Marks Register may be inspected at the Office of the Registrar General, Stanley.

H. Bennett,  
Registrar General.

Registration No.	Renewal No.	Effective date of renewal	Proprietor	Description of Goods
4777	5771	25.1.74	British American Tobacco Company Limited	cigarettes for export from the United Kingdom to and sale in countries outside the United Kingdom.
4689	5772	24.3.74	Strads International Limited	skirts, costumes and dresses, all for women.
3644	5773	24.2.74	The Christian Science Board of Directors	printed religious publications.
3641	5774	11.2.74	Pepsico, Inc.	non-alcoholic drinks and preparations for making such drinks, all containing cola extract and included in Class 32.
4875	5776	9.2.74	The Timken Company	rock bits for power operated drilling machines.
1507 A	5778	8.3.74	Bass Charrington Limited	ale, stout and porters.
5356	5784	15.9.73	Societe D'etudes Scientifiques et Industrielles De L'Ile	pharmaceutical digestive preparations for use in the treatment of nausea and ulcers.
4738	5788	19.12.73	Skandinavisk Tobakskompagni A/S	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
4748	5793	27.9.73	The Coca Cola Company	non-alcoholic beverages and preparations for making such beverages.
4948	5794	31.12.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	cigarettes; and cigarette paper.
4959	5795	4.2.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4960	5796	4.2.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4953	5797	4.2.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4964	5798	4.2.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4952	5799	4.2.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4971	5800	7.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4970	5801	7.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	cigarettes and cigarette paper.
4965	5802	7.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; all these goods being made wholly or partially of tobacco emanating from Near East countries; and cigarette papers.
4947	5803	7.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4968	5804	7.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4969	5805	7.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken, G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos all made wholly or substantially of virginia tobacco; cigarette paper.

Registration No.	Renewal No.	Effective date of renewal	Proprietor	Description of Goods
5199	5807	14.4.74	N V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken ... ..	gramophone record containers of cardboard, of paper, or of flexible plastic film; albums for gramophone records.
4794	5809	18.5.74	American Brands, Inc. ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured; and cigarettes and cigars.
4746	5816	19.4.74	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured, for export from the United Kingdom to and sale in all countries of the world except the Channel Islands the Republic of Ireland, Fiji and Malta.
4827	5817	31.3.74	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited ... ..	cigarettes for export from the United Kingdom to and sale in all countries of the world except the Channel Islands the Republic of Ireland, Fiji and Malta.
4749	5818	16.3.74	St. Regis Tobacco Corporation Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
5004	5820	9.2.74	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited ... ..	tobacco whether manufactured or unmanufactured for export from the United Kingdom to and sale in all countries of the world except the Channel Islands the Republic of Ireland, Fiji and Malta.
4850	5821	9.2.74	Carreras Limited ... ..	tobacco; whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
4793	5826	5.10.74	American Brands, Inc. ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured; and cigarettes and cigars.
4776	5827	14.6.74	The Coca Cola Company ... ..	non-alcoholic beverages, all included in Class 32.
4821	5832	2.5.74	American-Cigarette Company (Overseas) Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
5000	5837	5.7.74	American Brands, Inc. ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured; cigarettes and cigars.
3823	5838	5.5.74	Carreras Limited ... ..	manufactured tobacco, tobacco pipes; cigars and cigarette holders, (not of precious metals or coated therewith), containers of non-precious metals for tobacco, cigars and cigarettes, tobacco pipe cleaners and tobacco pouches.
5006	5839	2.5.74	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured, for export from the United Kingdom to and sale in all countries of the world except the Channel Islands the Republic of Ireland, Fiji and Malta.
4973	5840	9.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken, G.m.b.H. ... ..	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4957	5841	9.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken, G.m.b.H. ... ..	tobacco; cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4949	5842	9.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken, G.m.b.H. ... ..	tobacco, cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4958	5843	9.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken, G.m.b.H. ... ..	tobacco, cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4967	5844	9.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken, G.m.b.H. ... ..	cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos.
4962	5845	9.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken, G.m.b.H. ... ..	tobacco, cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
4961	5846	9.3.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken, G.m.b.H. ... ..	tobacco, cigarettes; cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette paper.
5186	5855	9.7.74	Timex Corporation ... ..	clocks and watches and parts thereof.
4757	5856	7.1.74	Rembrandt Tobacco Corporation (Overseas) Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
4737	5858	18.4.74	Rembrandt Tobacco Corporation (Overseas) Limited ... ..	tobacco whether manufactured or unmanufactured, for export from the United Kingdom to and sale in all countries of the world except the Channel Islands the Republic of Ireland, Fiji and Malta.

Registra- tion No.	Renewal No.	Effective date of renewal	Proprietor	Description of Goods
4985	5861	19.9.74	Berec International Limited ... ..	electric batteries, electric cells, electric accumulators; radio receivers, television apparatus, radiogramophones; record players; all for export from the United Kingdom.
5475	5862	19.9.74	Berec International Limited ... ..	torches and cases therefor; electric lamps included in Class 11; electric lamp bulbs and gas lighters, all for export from the United Kingdom.
3755	5865	29.7.74	Ruberoid Limited ... ..	roofing felts and bituminous papers for roofing and the like purposes.
4886	5867	2.8.74	The Coca Cola Company ... ..	non-alcoholic beverages and preparations for making such beverages, all included in Class 32.
5500	5868	8.9.74	Ralph Martindale & Co. Ltd. ... ..	cutlery and edge tools.
3560	5871	17.8.74	Pye Limited ... ..	radio receiving sets; and units for supplying electric power to radio receiving sets from ordinary domestic electric power mains.
4931	5873	26.7.74	Imperial Typewriter Company Limited ... ..	adding machines incorporating means of typing results.
3235	5874	9.10.74	S. Simpson Limited ... ..	jackets.
2646	5895	21.10.74	The British Van Heusen Company Limited ... ..	shirts.
2851	5901	25.8.74	Ferdinand Mulhens ... ..	all goods included in Class 48. The heading of Class 48 is as follows—Perfumery (including toilet articles, preparations for the teeth and hair and perfumed soap).
4013	5903	6.10.74	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited ... ..	cigarettes, tobacco and cigars.
4873	5904	20.10.74	Carreras Limited ... ..	all goods included in Class 34, but not including filter tips for cigarettes, filters for use with tobacco pipes, or cigarette papers.
4005	5906	19.8.74	The Coca Cola Company ... ..	all goods included in Class 29 (Schedule IV) but not including edible oils or edible fats.
5002	5907	6.9.74	Carreras Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
5147	5908	10.10.74	Kristinus Kommanditgesellschaft ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
4910	5909	20.10.74	Rembrandt Tobacco Corporation ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured, for export from the United Kingdom to and sale in all countries of the world except the Channel Islands.
5033	5912	10.10.74	American-Cigarette Company (Overseas) Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
3475	5914	30.10.74	Showerings Limited ... ..	cider and perry.
4013	5903	6.10.74	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited ... ..	cigarettes, tobacco and cigars.
4885	5918	3.10.74	Litton Business Systems, Inc. ... ..	adding machines incorporating means of typing results.
4837	5922	8.11.74	American Cigarette Company (Overseas) Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
3721	5931	20.11.74	Imperial Chemical Industries Limited ... ..	paints, varnishes (other than insulating varnishes), enamels, (in the nature of paints), lacquers, distemper and painters' colours.
4874	5933	2.11.74	St. Regis Tobacco Corporation Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
4656	5943	15.4.74	Benson & Hedges (Overseas) Limited ... ..	cigarettes.
4930	5950	29.12.74	British-American Tobacco Company Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured, for export except to the Republic of Ireland, the United States of America, Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Philippine Islands.

# Registration of United Kingdom Trade Marks Ordinance (Cap. 59)

The following list of Trade Marks Registered in the Falkland Islands during the period 1st January 1974 to 31st December 1974 is published for general information. The Trade Marks Register may be inspected at the Office of the Registrar General, Stanley.

H. Bennett,  
Registrar General.

Registration No.	Date of Registration	Proprietor	Description of Goods
5760	16.1.74	Carreras Limited	cigarettes, tobacco and cigars.
5767	18.2.74	Shirasuna Denki Kabushiki Kaisha	radio and television receiving sets, audio amplifiers, sound recording and reproducing apparatus (including electric phonographs and electric phonographs with built-in radio receiving set, record players, high fidelity stereo sound reproducing apparatus, magnetic tape recorders and reproducing apparatus thereof), video tape recording and reproducing apparatus, camera for television, transceivers, telephone apparatus, interphones, speakers, stereo speaker system, microphones, pick-ups, phonomotors, measuring and testing instruments for wireless communication apparatus; parts for these products.
5768	18.2.74	Litton Business Systems, Inc.	electronic calculating machines incorporating a keyboard for producing visual characters in typewritten or in similar form. 'ROYAL'
5785	11.4.74	British-American Tobacco Company Limited	substances for smoking, all for use as substitutes for tobacco, none being for medical or curative purposes; tobacco whether manufactured or unmanufactured; all being in flake form or produced from flake tobacco.
5819	4.6.74	The Drambuie Liqueur Company Ltd	liqueurs.
5824	13.6.74	Van Heugten Western Hemisphere A.G.	carpets, mats included in Class 27, rugs (floor coverings) carpet tiles, matting and floor covering materials.
5825	13.6.74	The Carling Breweries Limited	beer, ale, lager, stout and porter. 'OLD HEIDBERG'
5836	2.7.74	Bacardi & Company Limited	wines, spirits, (beverages) and liqueurs.
5847	23.7.74	Ardath Tobacco Company Limited	cigarettes.
5848	23.7.74	The British Bata Shoe Company Ltd.	boots, shoes, slippers, sandals, plimsols, galoshes, boot and shoe socks, cork soles, rubber heels, stockings and socks (for wear).
5849	23.7.74	Macdonald Greenless Limited	whisky.
5850	23.7.74	Minolta Camera Kabushiki Kaisha	metal working machines; machine tools; machines and apparatus and instruments included in Class 7 for holding and handling materials and/or work pieces, printing machines, all sold complete; and parts and fittings included in Class 7 for all the aforesaid goods; but not including machine belting, spindle driving tapes or spindle driving bands or any goods of the same description as any of these excluded goods.
5851	23.7.74	Minolta Camera Kabushiki Kaisha	physical and chemical apparatus and instruments, all included in Class 9; optical photographic, cinematographic and educational apparatus and instruments; and parts and fittings included in Class 9 for all the aforesaid goods.

Registration No.	Date of Registration	Proprietor	Description of Goods
5852	23.7.74	Minolta Camera Kabushiki Kaisha ... ..	scientific, electrical and electronic apparatus and instruments, scientific utensils for chemicals, monitoring instruments and apparatus, punched card operated machines for office use, photocopying apparatus, coinfreed or counterfreed apparatus, all included in Class 9; accounting, adding and calculating machines, counting devices, machines for counting and sorting money, cash registers, computers and apparatus and instruments included in Class 9 for use therewith; measuring, and teaching apparatus and instruments; reproducing and recording apparatus and instruments, all for sound or video; pre-recorded discs, tape, wire, and film media, all carrying sound and/or video recordings; tape recorders, and cartridges for holding tapes for the reproduction and recording of sounds; and parts and fittings included in Class 9 for all the aforesaid goods; lenses, optical glass blanks, and prisms for optical purposes.
5853	23.7.74	Minolta Camera Kabushiki Kaisha ... ..	surgical and medical apparatus and instruments, and medical appliances for use in internal surgery; and parts and fittings included in Class 10 for all the aforesaid goods.
5854	23.7.74	Minolta Camera Kabushiki Kaisha ... ..	duplicating apparatus and copying machines, all for office use; typewriters, office requisites (other than furniture); printed matter, periodicals, publications and photographic prints.
5859	30.7.74	The Coca Cola Company ... ..	non-alcoholic beverages and preparations for making such beverages, all included in Class 32.
5872	12.8.74	Joseph E. Seagram & Sons Inc. ... ..	vodka.
5876	27.8.74	Liggett & Myers Incorporated ... ..	cigarettes.
5877	27.8.74	Amstel Brouwerij B.V. ... ..	beer, ale and porter.
5879	26.8.74	Marcel Louis Michel Antoine Bich ... ..	smokers' gas lighters and parts and fittings therefor included in Class 34 (Schedule IV).
5893	12.9.74	Kohler Co. ... ..	installations for generating electric current.
5894	12.9.74	Jose Lladro Dolz ... ..	porcelain figurines (statuettes).
5902	17.9.74	De Forende Bryggerier A/S ... ..	all goods included in Class 32. 'TUBORG'
5913	9.10.74	Heineken Brouwerijen B.V. ... ..	beer. 'HEINEKEN'
5937	26.11.74	Gallaher Limited ... ..	tobacco, manufactured or unmanufactured.
5939	3.12.74	Plant Protection Limited ... ..	insecticides, fungicides, herbicides and weedkilling preparations.
5949	19.12.74	Unilever Limited ... ..	all goods included in Class 3. The heading of Class 3 is as follows— Bleaching preparations and other substances for laundry use; cleaning, polishing, scouring and abrasive preparations; soaps, perfumery; essential oils; cosmetics, hair lotions; dentifrices. 'LIFEBUOY'





Reg. No. 5760

**BATFLAKE**

Reg. No. 5785



Reg. No. 5819

**heuga**

Reg. No. 5824



Reg. No. 5836

**Bata**

Reg. No. 5848

**OLD PARR**

Reg. No. 5849

**ROKKOR**

Reg. No. 5850

**ROKKOR**

Reg. No. 5851

**ROKKOR**

Reg. No. 5852

**ROKKOR**

Reg. No. 5853

**ROKKOR**

Reg. No. 5854

**MR. PIBB**

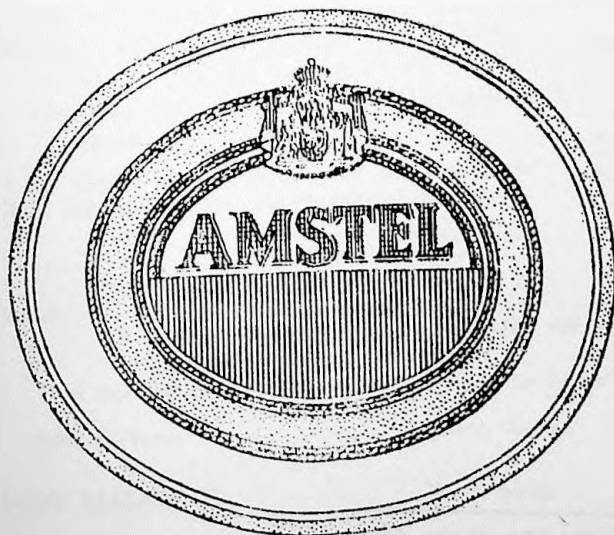
Reg. No. 5859

**NIKOLAI**

Reg. No. 5872

*Chesterfield*

Reg. No. 5876



Reg. No. 5877

**KOHLER**

Reg. No. 5893

**LLADRÓ**

Reg. No. 5894

**CONDOR**

Reg. No. 5937

**MILGO**

Reg. No. 5939

STAMP

NO. 100



henda

ROKOR

OLD PAIR

ROKOR

ROKOR

ROKOR

ROKOR



ROKOR

ROKOR

ROKOR



ROKOR



Printed at the Government Printing Office, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

PRICE: FORTY-SEVEN AND A HALF PENCE



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

17 FEBRUARY 1976

No. 2

## Appointments

Charlene Short, Clerk, Public Service, 2.6.75.

Len McGill, Clerk, Public Service, 7.1.76. On probation for two years.

## Transfer

Ronald Robert Murray from Uncertificated Teacher, Education Department to Police Constable, Falkland Islands Police Force, 12.1.76.

## Resignation

Terence Severine Betts, Police Constable, Falkland Islands Police Force, 28.1.76.

## NOTICES

No. 4. 30th January 1976.

Her Majesty the Queen in Council made the following Order on the 19th December 1975 —

S.I. 1975 No. 2167

THE MERCHANT SHIPPING (OIL POLLUTION)  
(FALKLAND ISLANDS) ORDER 1975

2. Copies of the Order may be seen at the Chief Secretary's Office during normal office hours.

Ref. CON/1/23.

## Probate

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 1)

In the matter of Florence Eveline Berntsen, deceased, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands, on the 17th December 1975.

WHEREAS Stephen John McKay, eldest son of the said deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
Registrar.

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
27th January 1976.  
SC & L/6/76.

No. 5

5th February 1976.

## GRANT OF WRECK

It is notified for general information that the following Grant of Wreck has been made —

Name of Vessel	To whom Granted	Date of Grant	Expiry Date	Terms
LADY ELIZABETH	Mr. J. Smith	29.1.76	28.1.81	Up to 10%

R. BROWNING,  
for Chief Secretary.

---

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

---

1975 No. 1837

COPYRIGHT

The Copyright (International Conventions)  
(Amendment No. 2) Order 1975

<i>Made</i>	12th November 1975
<i>Laid before Parliament</i>	19th November 1975
<i>Coming into Operation</i>	12th December 1975

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 12th day of November 1975

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority conferred upon Her by sections 31, 32 and 47 of the Copyright Act 1956 (a) and of all other powers enabling Her in that behalf, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows —

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment No. 2) Order 1975, and shall come into operation on 12th December 1975.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889 (b) shall apply to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2. The Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972 (c), as amended (d), shall be further amended as follows —

- (a) in Schedule 1 (which names the countries of the Berne Copyright Union) Bulgaria shall be indicated with an asterisk denoting that it is also a party to the Universal Copyright Convention; and
- (b) in Schedule 2 (which names the countries party to the Universal Copyright Convention but not members of the Berne Union) there shall be included a reference to Bangladesh and a related reference to 5th August 1975.

3. This Order shall extend to all the countries mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

*N. E. Leigh.*

---

(a) 1956 c. 74.

(b) 1889 c. 63.

(c) S.I. 1972/673 (1972 I, p. 2172).

(d) The amendments are not relevant to the subject matter of this Order.

## SCHEDULE

*Countries to which this Order extends*

Bermuda.  
Belize.  
British Virgin Islands.  
Cayman Islands.  
Falkland Islands and Dependencies.  
Gibraltar.  
Hong Kong.  
Isle of Man.  
Montserrat.  
Seychelles.  
St. Helena and its Dependencies.

---

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order)*

This Order further amends the Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972. It takes account of the accession of Bangladesh and Bulgaria to the Universal Copyright Convention.

The Order extends to dependent countries of the Commonwealth to which the 1972 Order extends.

---

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

---

1975 No. 2193

COPYRIGHT

The Copyright (International Conventions)  
(Amendment No. 3) Order 1975

<i>Made</i> - - - -	<i>19th December 1975</i>
<i>Laid before Parliament</i>	<i>2nd January 1976</i>
<i>Coming into Operation</i>	<i>24th January 1976</i>

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 19th day of December 1975.

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority conferred upon Her by sections 31, 32 and 47 of the Copyright Act 1956 (a) and of all other powers enabling Her in that behalf, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows —

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment No. 3) Order 1975, and shall come into operation on 24th January 1976.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889 (b) shall apply to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2. The Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972 (c) as amended (d), shall be further amended as follows —

In Schedule 1 (which names the countries of the Berne Copyright Union) there shall be included a reference to Upper Volta.

3. This Order shall extend to all the countries mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

*N. E. Leigh.*

---

(a) 1956 c. 74.

(b) 1889 c. 63.

(c) S.I. 1972/673 (1972 I, p. 2172).

(d) The amendments are not relevant to the subject matter of this Order.

## SCHEDULE

## COUNTRIES TO WHICH THIS ORDER EXTENDS

Bermuda.  
Belize.  
British Virgin Islands.  
Cayman Islands.  
Falkland Islands and Dependencies.  
Gibraltar.  
Hong Kong.  
Isle of Man.  
Montserrat.  
Seychelles.  
St. Helena and its Dependencies.

---

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order)*

This Order further amends the Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972. It takes account of the accession of Upper Volta to the Berne Copyright Convention.

The Order extends to dependent countries of the Commonwealth to which the 1972 Order extends

---

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

---

1976 No. 52

SOUTH ATLANTIC TERRITORIES

The Falkland Islands (Legislative Council)  
(Amendment) Order 1976

Made - - - -	19th January 1976
Laid before Parliament	26th January 1976
Coming into Operation	31st January 1976

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 19th day of January 1976.

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in Her by the British Settlements Acts 1887 and 1945 (a), and of all other powers enabling Her in that behalf, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows —

*Citation, construction and commencement*

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) (Amendment) Order 1976 and shall be construed as one with the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders 1948 to 1975 (b), which Orders are hereinafter referred to as "the principal Order".

(2) This Order and the principal Order may be cited together as the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders 1948 to 1976.

(3) This Order shall come into operation on 31st January 1976.

*Extension of life of existing Legislative Council*

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 26 (3) of the principal Order, the existing Legislative Council shall not stand dissolved on 31st January 1976, but, unless it is sooner dissolved, it shall stand dissolved on 28th February 1976.

N. E. Leigh.

---

EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order)*

This Order further amends the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders 1948 to 1975 so as to prolong the life of the existing Legislative Council (which has already been prolonged for about ten weeks) for a further four weeks, unless it is sooner dissolved.

---

(a) 1887 c. 54; 1945 c. 7.

(b) S.I. 1948/2573 (Rev. VII, p. 591; 1948 I, p. 1018), 1950/1184, 1951/1946, 1955/1650, 1964/1397, 1972/668, 1973/598, 1975/1706 (1950 I, p. 683; 1951 I, p. 682; 1955 I, p. 833; 1964 III, p. 3204; 1972 I, p. 2150; 1973 I, p. 1908; 1975 III, p. 5813).



A Bill for  
An Ordinance

To provide for the payment of allowances  
to Unofficial Members of the Legislative Council.

Title.

( 19 )

Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the  
Falkland Islands, as follows—

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council  
(Allowances) Ordinance 1976 and shall come into operation on the  
day of 1976.

Short title and commence-  
ment.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —  
“Council” means the Legislative Council of the Colony;  
“member” means an unofficial member of the Council.

Interpretation.

3. Members shall be paid, from moneys provided for the  
purpose by the Council, allowances in respect of their services as  
members at such rates as the Governor in Council may from time to  
time by order authorise.

Allowances of members.

4. If any question arises as to whether any member is or is  
not entitled to any payment under the provisions of this Ordinance  
or of any order made thereunder, the decision on such question of  
the President of the Council, or of any person entitled to preside over  
the Council, shall be final and shall not be questioned save in the  
Council.

Decisions of Presiding  
Officer.

OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill provides for the payment of allowances to unofficial members  
of the Legislative Council.

# PILOTAGE BILL

## ARRANGEMENT OF CLAUSES

Clause		Page
1.	Short title ... ..	1.
2.	Interpretation ... ..	1.
3.	Licensing of pilots ... ..	1.
4.	Examination of applicant for licence or renewal ... ..	1.
5.	Form of pilot's licence and production and return of pilot's licence to Chief Secretary	2.
6.	Licensing of pilots not to involve any liability ... ..	2.
7.	Suspension or revocation of a pilot's licence ... ..	2.
8.	Appeal by pilot against action of the Chief Secretary in suspending, etc. pilot's licence	2.
9.	Declaration as to draught of ship ... ..	3.
10.	Copies of pilotage provisions to be furnished to pilot ... ..	3.
11.	Overcarriage of pilots ... ..	3.
12.	Limitation of pilot's liability where bond is given ... ..	3.
13.	Obligation on licensed pilot to produce his licence to employer ...	3.
14.	Penalty on fraudulent use of licence ... ..	4.
15.	Penalty on ordinary boat displaying pilot flag ... ..	4.
16.	Penalty on pilot endangering ship, life or limb ... ..	4.
17.	Penalty on person obtaining charge of a ship by misrepresentation	4.
18.	Offences by pilots ... ..	4.
19.	Recovery of pilotage dues ... ..	5.
20.	Receiving or offering improper rates of pilotage ... ..	5.
21.	Pilotage rate for leading ship ... ..	5.
22.	Accidents to ships under pilotage to be reported ... ..	5.
23.	Pilotage not compulsory ... ..	5.
24.	Power of the Governor in Council to make rules ... ..	6.

A Bill for  
An Ordinance  
To provide for, regulate and control pilotage.

Title.

( 19 )

Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Pilotage Ordinance 1976, and shall come into operation on the       day of 1976.

Short title and commencement.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —  
“ship” means any sea-going ship but does not include a ship of war or a ship usually plying in the waters of the Colony;  
“pilot” means any person not belonging to a ship who has the conduct thereof.

Interpretation.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, the Chief Secretary may license pilots for the waters of the Colony.

Licensing of Pilots.

(2) Subject to the provisions of section 7, every pilot's licence shall remain in force until the 31st day of December next following the issue or renewal of the licence.

(3) Every licensed pilot shall furnish to the Chief Secretary an address within the Colony to which all communications may be sent and shall forthwith notify the Chief Secretary of any change of such address.

4. (1) Every person applying for a licence, and should the Chief Secretary deem it necessary, every person applying for the renewal of a licence shall, before such licence or renewal is granted, pass such examination as shall from time to time be prescribed by rules made under this Ordinance.

Examination of applicant for licence or renewal.

(2) The said examination shall be conducted by two persons appointed for such purpose by the Governor.

(3) All tests which may be required in such examination for sight or physical fitness shall be conducted by a government medical officer appointed by the Senior Medical Officer who shall report to the Chief Secretary whether in the opinion of such medical officer the sight and physical fitness of the applicant are such as to justify the grant to him of a pilot's licence.

Form of pilot's licence  
and production and return  
of pilot's licence to Chief  
Secretary.

1913 c.31 s.20.

5. (1) A pilot's licence shall be in the form provided for the time being by the rules made under this Ordinance.

(2) A licensed pilot shall produce his licence whenever so required by the Chief Secretary and in case his licence is revoked or suspended, shall forthwith deliver up his licence to the Chief Secretary.

(3) On the death of a licensed pilot, any person into whose hands his licence may come shall forthwith transmit it to the Chief Secretary.

(4) If any licensed pilot or other person fails to comply with the requirements of this section, he shall be liable in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £10.

Licensing of pilots not to  
involve any liability.

1913 c.31 s.19.

6. The grant or renewal of a licence to a pilot by the Chief Secretary under the powers given to him by this Ordinance does not impose any liability on the Chief Secretary or the Government for any loss occasioned by any act or default of the pilot.

Suspension or revocation  
of a pilot's licence.

1913 c.31 s.26.

7. The Chief Secretary may suspend or revoke any pilot's licence granted by him if it appears to him, after giving the holder thereof an opportunity of being heard, that he has been guilty of an offence under this Ordinance or of any breach of any rules made by the Governor in Council, or of any other misconduct affecting his capability as a pilot, or that he has failed in or neglected his duty as a pilot, or that he has become incompetent to act as a pilot; and a licence if so revoked, shall cease to have effect, and, if so suspended, shall cease to have effect for the period for which it is suspended.

Appeal by pilot against  
action of the Chief  
Secretary in suspending  
etc. pilot's licence.

1913 c.31 s.28.

8. (1) If a pilot is aggrieved by the suspension or revocation by the Chief Secretary of his licence, or by the refusal or failure of the Chief Secretary to renew his licence, or by the refusal or failure of the Chief Secretary who has obtained possession of his licence to return it to him, or by the imposition upon him by the Chief Secretary of a fine exceeding £2, he may appeal to the Magistrate's Court.

(2) For the purpose of hearing the appeal, the Magistrate's Court shall sit with an assessor of nautical and pilotage experience selected and summoned by the court.

(3) Objection may be taken to any person proposed to be summoned as an assessor, either personally or in respect of his qualification, and by either party to the appeal.

(4) The Magistrate's Court may confirm or reverse the suspension or revocation of the licence, or make such order in the case as may seem just, and such decision shall be final, unless special leave to appeal from the same to the Supreme Court on a question of law or a question of mixed law and fact if given by the Magistrate's Court, or by the Supreme Court, and in such case the decision of the Supreme Court shall be final.

(5) Rules with respect to the procedure under this section (including costs and the remuneration of assessors) may be made, by the Governor in Council.

9. (1) A licensed pilot may require the master of any ship which he is piloting to declare her draught of water, length and beam, and the master shall comply with any such request.

Declaration as to draught of ship.  
1913 c.31 s.31.

(2) If the master of a ship refuses to comply with any such request of a pilot, or makes or is privy to any other person making any false statement to the pilot in answer to the request, he shall be liable in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £50.

10. (1) The Chief Secretary shall cause every pilot licensed by him to be furnished with a copy of this Ordinance as amended for the time being, and with a copy of any rules made thereunder for the time being in force.

Copies of pilotage provisions to be furnished to pilots.  
1913 c.31 s.33.

(2) A licensed pilot shall produce any copy so furnished to him to the master of any ship or other person employing him when required to do so, and if he fails without reasonable cause to do so, he shall be liable in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £5.

11. (1) No master of a ship shall except under circumstances of unavoidable necessity, take a licensed pilot without his consent beyond the waters of the Colony, or beyond the point up to which he has been engaged to pilot the ship.

Overcarriage of pilots.  
1913 c.31 s.34.

(2) When a licensed pilot is taken beyond the waters of the Colony or beyond the point up to which he has been engaged to pilot the ship, either without his consent or under circumstances of unavoidable necessity, he shall be entitled, over and above his pilotage dues, to maintenance and to such sum per day as may be prescribed by rules and any sums so payable shall be due and recoverable in the same manner as pilotage dues.

(3) The sum so to be paid shall be computed from and inclusive of the day on which the ship passes beyond the waters of the Colony or the point up to which the pilot was engaged to pilot her, and up to and inclusive of either the day of his being returned in the said ship to the Colony or, if he is discharged from the ship at a distance from the Colony, such day as will allow him sufficient time to return to the Colony, and in the last mentioned case he shall be entitled to his reasonable travelling expenses.

12. (1) A licensed pilot, who has given a bond in conformity with rules made for the purpose under this Ordinance, shall not be liable for neglect or want of skill beyond the penalty of the bond and the amount payable to him on account of pilotage in respect of the voyage in which he was engaged when he became so liable.

Limitation of pilot's liability where bond is given.  
1913 c.31 s.35.

(2) Where any proceedings are taken against a pilot for neglect or want of skill in respect of which his liability is limited as provided by this section, and other claims are made or apprehended in respect of the same neglect or want of skill, the court in which the proceedings are taken may determine the amount of the pilot's liability, and, upon payment by the pilot of that amount into court, may distribute that amount rateably among the several claimants, and may stay any proceedings pending in any other court in relation to the same matter, and may proceed in such manner and subject to such rules as to making persons interested parties to the proceedings, and as to the exclusion of any claimants who do not come in within a certain time, and as to requiring security from the pilot, and as to payment of any costs as the court thinks just.

13. (1) Every licensed pilot when acting as such shall be provided with his licence, and shall, if requested, produce it to any person by whom he is employed, or to whom he offers his services as pilot.

Obligation on licensed pilot to produce his licence to employer.  
1913 c.31 s.36.

(2) If a licensed pilot refuses to produce his licence in accordance with this section, he shall be liable, in respect of each offence, to a fine not exceeding £10.

Penalty on fraudulent use of licence.

1913 c.31 s.37.

14. If any person not being a licensed pilot falsely represents himself to be a licensed pilot, either by means of using a licence which he is not entitled to use or by any other means, he shall be liable in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £20.

Penalty on ordinary boat displaying pilot flag.

1913 c.31 s.42.

15. A pilot flag, or a flag so nearly resembling a pilot flag as to be likely to deceive, shall not be displayed on any ship or boat not having a licensed pilot on board, and, if any such flag is displayed on any such ship or boat, the master of that vessel shall, unless in the case of the display of a flag likely to deceive he proves that he had no intention to deceive, be liable for each offence to a fine not exceeding £50.

Penalty on pilot endangering ship, life or limb.

1913 c.31 s.46.

16. If any pilot, when piloting a ship, by wilful breach of duty or by neglect of duty, or by reason of drunkenness —

- (a) does any act tending to the immediate loss, destruction or serious damage of the ship, or tending immediately to endanger the life or limb of any person on board the ship; or
- (b) refuses or omits to do any lawful act proper and requisite to be done by him for preserving the ship from loss, destruction, or serious damage, or for preserving any person belonging to or on board the ship from danger to life or limb;

that pilot shall in respect of each offence be liable to a fine not exceeding £100.

Penalty on person obtaining charge of a ship by misrepresentation.

1913 c.31 s.47.

17. If any person, by wilful misrepresentation of circumstances upon which the safety of a ship may depend, obtains, or endeavours to obtain, the charge of that ship, that person and every person procuring, abetting, or conniving at the commission of the offence shall, in addition to any liability for damages, be liable in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £100.

Offences by pilots.

1913 c.31 s.48.

18. (1) If a licensed pilot —

- (a) himself keeps, or is interested in keeping by any agent, servant, or other person, any premises licensed for the sale of intoxicating liquors, or sells or is interested in selling any intoxicating liquors or tobacco;
- (b) is in any way directly or indirectly concerned in any corrupt practices relating to ships, their tackle, furniture, cargoes, crews, or passengers, or to persons in distress at sea or by shipwreck, or to their moneys, goods, or chattels;
- (c) lends his licence;
- (d) acts as pilot whilst suspended;
- (e) acts as a pilot when in a state of intoxication;
- (f) employs, or causes to be employed, on board any ship which he is piloting any boat, anchor, cable, or other store, matter, or thing beyond what is necessary for the service of that ship, with intent to enhance the expenses of pilotage for his own gain or for the gain of any other person;
- (g) refuses or wilfully delays, when not prevented by illness or other reasonable cause, to pilot any ship within the limits for which he is licensed, upon the signal for a pilot being made by that ship, or upon being required to do so by the master, owner, agent, or consignee thereof, or by the Chief Secretary;

- (h) unnecessarily cuts or slips, or causes to be cut or slipped any cable belonging to any ship;
- (i) refuses, otherwise than on reasonable ground of danger to the ship, when requested by the master, to conduct the ship which he is piloting into any port or place within the limits for which he is licensed; or
- (j) quits the ship, which he is piloting, before the service for which he was engaged has been performed and without the consent of the master of the ship;

that pilot shall, in addition to any liability for damages, be liable in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £100.

(2) If any person procures, aids, abets, or connives at the commission of any offence under this section, he shall, in addition to any liability for damages, be liable to a fine not exceeding £100.

19. (1) The following persons shall be liable to pay pilotage dues for any ship for which the services of a licensed pilot are obtained, namely —

Recovery of pilotage dues.  
1913 c.31 s.49.

- (a) the owner or master;
- (b) as to pilotage inwards, such consignees or agents as have paid or made themselves liable to pay any other charge on account of the ship in the port of her arrival or discharge;
- (c) as to pilotage outwards, such consignees or agents as have paid or made themselves liable to pay any other charge on account of the ship in the port of her departure;

and those dues may be recovered in the same manner as fines or like amount under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, but that recovery shall not take place until a previous demand has been made in writing.

(2) Any consignee or agent (not being the owner or master of the ship) who is hereby made liable for the payment of pilotage dues in respect of any ship may, out of any moneys received by him on account of that ship or belonging to the owner thereof, retain the amount of all dues paid by him, together with any reasonable expenses he may have incurred by reason of the payment of the dues or his liability to pay the dues.

20. A licensed pilot shall not demand or receive, and a master shall not offer or pay to any licensed pilot, dues in respect of pilotage services at any other rates, whether greater or less, than the rates which may be demanded by law, and, if a pilot or master acts in contravention of this Ordinance, he shall be liable in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £10.

Receiving or offering improper rates of pilotage.  
1913 c.31 s.50.

21. If any boat or ship, having on board a licensed pilot, leads any ship which has not a licensed pilot on board when the last-mentioned ship cannot, from particular circumstances, be boarded, the pilot so leading the last-mentioned ship shall be entitled to the full pilotage rate for the distance run as if he had actually been on board and had charge of that ship.

Pilotage rate for leading ship.  
1913 c.31 s.51.

22. (1) A licensed pilot shall, when an accident occurs while a ship is being piloted by him, report the accident to the Chief Secretary, orally forthwith and in writing within twenty-four hours.

Accidents to ships under pilotage to be reported.

(2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding £100.

23. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to make the employment of any pilot within the waters of the Colony compulsory.

Pilotage not compulsory.

Power of the Governor in  
Council to make rules.  
1913 c.31 s.17.

24. The Governor in Council may make rules providing for all or any of the following matters —

- (a) determine the qualification in respect of age, physical fitness, time of service, local knowledge, skill, character, and otherwise to be required from persons applying to be licensed by the Chief Secretary as pilots, provide for the examination of such persons, and fix the term for which a licence is to be in force, and the conditions under which a licence may be renewed; and
- (b) fix the limit (if any) on the number of pilots to be licensed, and provide for the method in which and the conditions under which the list of pilots is to be filled up; and
- (c) provide generally for the good government of pilots licensed by the Chief Secretary, and in particular for ensuring their good conduct and constant attendance to and effectual performance of their duties, whether at sea or on shore; and
- (d) provide for the punishment of any breach of any rule made for the good government of licensed pilots by the infliction of fines not exceeding £20 (to be recoverable as fines are recoverable under the Merchant Shipping Acts), without prejudice to the powers under this Ordinance to revoke or suspend the licence in the case of any such breach of rules; and
- (e) fix the rates of payments to be made in respect of the services of a licensed pilot and provide for the collection of pilotage dues; and
- (f) provide, if and so far as it appears to the Governor in Council to be generally desired by the pilots, for bonds (the penalty of which shall not in any case exceed £100) being given by pilots for the purpose of the provisions of this Ordinance limiting pilots' liability; and
- (g) empowering the Chief Secretary to give directions to licensed pilots; and
- (h) provide for the better carrying out of this Ordinance.

---

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

It has been found to be expedient to enact local legislation to provide for and regulate the employment of pilots rather than rely upon the provisions of the Pilotage Act 1913 which has proved cumbersome to apply locally in that they go far beyond the requirements of the Colony.





# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

16 MARCH 1976

No. 3

**Appointments**

Mrs. Rose Louisa Livermore, Police Constable,  
Falkland Islands Police Force, 12.1.76.

Derek Frank Howatt, Clerk, Public Service,  
16.2.76.

Trevor Morrison, Police Constable, Falkland  
Islands Police Force, 1.3.76.

**NOTICES**

No. 6. 17th February 1976.

The findings of the Cost of Living Committee  
for the quarter ended 31st December 1975 are  
published for general information —

<i>Quarter ended</i>	<i>Percentage increase over 1971 prices</i>
31st December 1975	95.28%
2. The scale of wages for hourly paid workers remains unaltered.	
	Ref. INT/2/3.

No. 7.

4th March 1976.

**GENERAL ELECTION 1976**

It is notified that the following persons have been appointed Returning Officers for the Constituencies  
shown against their names

MR. H. BENNETT, J.P.	...	...	...	...	STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA
MR. A. B. HADDEN, B.E.M.	...	...	...	...	EAST FALKLAND ELECTORAL AREA
MR. C. MADDOCKS	...	...	...	...	WEST FALKLAND ELECTORAL AREA.

No. 8.

4th March 1976.

**GENERAL ELECTION 1976**

It is notified that the following persons have been appointed Registration Officers for the Constituencies  
shown against their names

MR. B. W. FORD	...	...	...	...	STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA
MR. A. B. HADDEN, B.E.M.	...	...	...	...	EAST FALKLAND ELECTORAL AREA
MRS. MARY JENNINGS	...	...	...	...	STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA
MRS. ROSE LIVERMORE	...	...	...	...	STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA
MR. H. T. LUXTON	...	...	...	...	STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA
MR. C. MADDOCKS	...	...	...	...	WEST FALKLAND ELECTORAL AREA
MR. V. R. STEEN	...	...	...	...	STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA.

No. 9. 8th March 1976.  
**Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance**  
 (Cap. 45) Section 4

The following have been registered to practise  
 in the Colony and Dependencies —

<i>Medical Practitioners</i>	<i>Qualifications</i>
COX, Frederick Campbell	M.B., ch.B., (Glasgow) M.R.C.P. (U.K.)
DUNNETT, Keith Edward	M.B., B.chir. (Cantab)
LEE, Bernard	M.B., ch.B., D.obst. R.C.O.G. (Liverpool)
<i>Midwives</i>	
COX, Catriona Margaret	R.G.N., S.C.M., H.V. cert.
FELTON, Elizabeth Agnes	S.E.N., S.C.M.
FORSTER, Dorothy Margaret	S.R.N., S.C.M.

TEAGUE, Barbara S.R.N., S.C.M.  
 WILSON, Dorothea May S.R.N., S.C.M., M.S.R.

*Dental Surgeon*

WATSON, Robert Muir L.D.S., R.C.S.

Ref. MED/7/3.

No. 10. 10th March 1976.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased  
 to appoint —

MR. W. C. HIRTLE

to be Chief Elections Officer in connection with the  
 General Election 1976.

MERCHANT SHIPPING (OIL POLLUTION) ACT 1971

Merchant Shipping (Oil Pollution) Act 1971 (Commencement)  
 Order 1976

No. 1 of 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

1971 c. 59  
 1975 No. 2167

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 21 (3) of the  
 Merchant Shipping (Oil Pollution) Act 1971 (subject to the exemp-  
 tions, modifications and adaptations as set out in Schedule I to the  
 Merchant Shipping (Oil Pollution) (Falkland Islands) Order 1975),  
 the Governor has made the following order —

*Citation.*

1. This Order may be cited as the Merchant Shipping (Oil  
 Pollution) Act 1971 (Commencement) Order 1976.

*Commencement.*

2. The Governor hereby appoints the 1st day of April 1976  
 as the day on which the provisions of the Merchant Shipping (Oil  
 Pollution) Act 1971 (subject to the exemptions, modifications and  
 adaptations as set out in Schedule I to the Merchant Shipping  
 (Oil Pollution) (Falkland Islands) Order 1975), shall come into force.

*By Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

5th March 1976.

Ref. CON/1/23.

No. 11.

15th March 1976.

## GENERAL ELECTION 1976

(Legislative Council Elections Ordinance Cap. 37)

In accordance with Section 9 (1) of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance a list of electors for each of the three electoral areas has been prepared and is appended for information.

2. Any person who claims to be qualified to be registered as an elector, but whose name has been omitted from the Electors' List for his electoral area, may, within 30 days after the date of this notice, apply to the Registration Officer of such area to have his name inserted. Likewise, any person may, within the same period, apply by way of objection to the Registration Officer of the area concerned, to have any name or names removed from the Electors' List for such area.

3. The Electors' Lists may be inspected in Stanley at the Secretariat and Post Office during normal office hours, and, in the Camp, at Fox Bay East and at the Store, Goose Green. Copies have been sent to all farm managers.

D. R. MORRISON,  
Acting Chief Secretary.

Ref. LEC/20/2.

## STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA

## REGISTER OF ELECTORS

1	Alazia, Albert Faulkner	59	Betts, Peter James
2	" Freda	60	" Ronald Keith
3	" James Andrew	61	" Terence Severine
4	" Joseph William *	62	Biggs, Alastair Gordon
5	" Maggie Ann	63	" Basil William
6	" Yvonne	64	" Bernard Layton
7	Aldridge, Emma Jane *	65	" Betty Josephine
8	" Stephen Charles *	66	" Clarence George
9	Allan, Clive	67	" Edith Joan
10	" Hector *	68	" Frederick James
11	" Irene Marina	69	" Hilda Evangeline *
12	" John Robert	70	" Irene Mary *
13	" Joyce Ena	71	" Jeannett Valerie
14	Anderson, Edward Bernard	72	" Kathleen Frances *
15	" Elizabeth Nellie	73	" Leslie Frederick
16	" Gertrude Maud *	74	" Madge Bridget Frances *
17	" Hector Christian	75	" Peter Julian Basil
18	" Helen	76	Binnie, Jean Sarah
19	" John *	77	" May *
20	" Kathleen Iris	78	" Terence William
21	" Ludvick Riley *	79	Blackley, Charles David
22	" Mildred Nessie	80	" Hilda
23	" Richard Louis	81	" Janet Agnes Mary *
24	Andreasen, Emily *	82	Blanchard, Margaret Eda
25	Ashfield, Bryan Glyn	83	" Reginald Alan
26	" Lynda Sally	84	Blizard, Lawrence Gordon
27	Ashley, Nora Phyllis *	85	Blyth, Agnes Ruth
28	Atkins, Hilda *	86	" Alfred John *
29	Barnes, Brian Ormonde	87	Bonner, Hazel Mary
30	" Ernest	88	" Violet *
31	" Frederick William *	89	Booth, Jessie *
32	" Mabel Annie *	90	" Joseph Bories
33	" Molly Stella	91	" Mary
34	" Sigrid Geraldine Wells	92	" Myriam Margaret
35	Barton, Dorothy Iowa *	93	" Stuart Alfred
36	Bennett, Harold *	94	Borland, Daniel
37	" Lena Grace Gertrude	95	Bound, Henry John Lennard *
38	" Neville Kenneth *	96	" Horace Leslie *
39	" Stanley *	97	" Joan
40	" Valerie Elizabeth	98	Bowles, Norma Evangeline
41	Berntsen, Delhi Ambrose	99	" William Edward
42	" Florence	100	Bragger, Edward Lawrence
43	" Judy Marie	101	Brown, Daniel *
44	" Kathleen Gladys	102	" Elizabeth Stewart
45	" Mary Clarissa Elizabeth *	103	Browning, Benjamin *
46	" Marjorie Florence	104	" Gladys Elizabeth *
47	" Patrick	105	" Margaret Lilian *
48	" Trevor John	106	" Rex *
49	" Valdamar Lars	107	" Richard William
50	" William Blyth	108	" Trevor Osneth
51	Betts, Alexander Jacob *	109	Bundes, Muriel Gladys
52	" Candice Ellen	110	" Robert John Christian *
53	" Frederick Charles *	111	Burns, Frederick John
54	" George Winston	112	" Iola Winnifred Mary
55	" Geraldine Fay	113	" Martha *
56	" Isabella	114	" Mary Anne
57	" Melody Christine	115	" William Peter Thomas
58	" Pamela	116	Buse, Franz John

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR

117	Buse, Ralph Martin Herman *	182	Coutts, Charles Lindsay
118	Bury, Ian	183	" Malvina Mary
119	Butcher, Michael George	184	" Olga
120	" Trudi	185	" William John
121	Butler, Elsie Maud	186	Cox, Catriona Margaret
122	" Frederick Lowther Edward	187	" Frederick Campbell *
	Olai	188	Craigie-Halkett, Ethel Jane
123	" George Joseph	189	Cronin, Daniel
124	" Joan May	190	" Mary Philomena
125	" Lawrence Jonathan	191	Davis, Joan Lucy Ann
126	" Orlanda Betty	192	" Lena Victoria *
127	Cadman, Irene	193	Dettleff, Hansen Christopher *
128	" Kenneth	194	Dobbyns, Jeannie Lilian Mary
129	Campbell, Ethel *	195	" Timothy John
130	" Ian Thomas *	196	Duncan, Alice Florence
131	" Nadine	197	" Doreen
132	" Ray *	198	" Joan Ellen
133	Cantlie, Ian Michael	199	" William
134	" Judith Mary	200	Dunn, Alan Keith
135	" Sheila Muriel *	201	" Janice
136	" William Joseph	202	Ernest-Jones, Carolyn Frances
137	Card, Enid	203	" Edward Graham
138	" Peter Alan	204	Etheridge, Alice Mary
139	Carey, Anthony Michael	205	" Georgina Bond *
140	" Gladys	206	" William Arthur
141	" Mary Ann Margaret	207	Farrow, John
142	" Michael Raymond	208	" Sheelagh Helen
143	" Terence James	209	Felton, Derek Roy *
144	Cartmell, Frederick James	210	" Elizabeth Agnes *
145	" Sarah Craig *	211	" Isabella Violet
146	" Sarah Matilda *	212	" Walter Arthur
147	Chater, Anthony Richard	213	Ferguson, Ethel Mary *
148	Chattell, Blodwin Jean	214	Fleuret, Kathleen Mary *
149	" Ewart Harry	215	" Theodore Clovis *
150	Cheek, Dorothy Mary Gladys	216	Ford, Arthur Henry
151	" Frederick John *	217	" Barry William
152	" Gerald Winston	218	" Colleen Mary
153	" Marie	219	" Dorothy Minnie
154	Clarke, Camilla Marie	220	" Elizabeth Harriet
155	" David James	221	" Frederick James
156	" Doreen	222	" Glenda
157	" Ian	223	" James Edward
158	" Jane Lucacia *	224	" Michael
159	" Martin James	225	" Violet Irene
160	" Ronald John	226	" William John
161	" Rudy Thomas	227	Forster, Dorothy Margaret
162	" Terence John	228	Fuhlendorff, Valdemar Ernest
163	Clausen, Lilian Rose Orissa	229	Fullerton, Mary Ellen
164	Clement, Wickham Howard *	230	Gaiger, Kenneth William
165	Clements, Raymond David	231	" Phyllis Ann
166	" Sarah Jones Black	232	Geraghty, Martin
167	Cletheroe, Albert Richard *	233	Gilding, Jacqueline
168	" Daphne Harriet *	234	" Peter Bernard
169	" Emily Ellen *	235	Gleadell, Ernest Charles Stanbury *
170	" Leslie John *	236	Gooch, Dudley Frederick
171	" Lily Catherine	237	Goodwin, Bert Samuel
172	" Stanley William *	238	" Colin Valentine
173	" William Harold	239	" Dorothy Idina
174	Clifton, Charles	240	" Ernest Gilbert *
175	" Jessie Emily Jane	241	" Hazel Rose
176	" Leonard	242	" Jacqueline Nancy
177	" Thora Janeene	243	" John Kenneth *
178	Corlett, Adrienne Arnot	244	" June Elizabeth
179	" James William	245	" Laurence Henry
180	Costello, Josephine	246	" Mary Agnes Alice
181	" Thomas Christopher		Crawford *

- |     |                                    |     |                              |
|-----|------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|
| 247 | Goodwin, Mary Ann *                | 312 | Jennings, Hamish Warren      |
| 248 | " William Andrew Nutt              | 313 | " Margaret Ellen             |
| 249 | Goss, Dorothy Ellen                | 314 | " Mary Ann Helen *           |
| 250 | " Grace Elizabeth *                | 315 | " Neil                       |
| 251 | " Margaret Rose                    | 316 | Johnson, Beatrice Ellen *    |
| 252 | " Peter                            | 317 | " Gladys Mabel               |
| 253 | " Richard Victor *                 | 318 | " Lily Ann                   |
| 254 | " William Henry *                  | 319 | " Patrick Thomas             |
| 255 | Halliday, Evelyn Edna              | 320 | " Stanley Howard *           |
| 256 | " Fanny Stanbury *                 | 321 | " Stephen Neil               |
| 257 | " Gerald                           | 322 | Jones, David Richard         |
| 258 | " John Henry *                     | 323 | " Doreen Evelyn Margaret     |
| 259 | " John James                       | 324 | " Theodora Emily             |
| 260 | " Joyce Isabella Patience          | 325 | " William John               |
| 261 | " Kenneth William                  | 326 | Keenleyside, Charles Desmond |
| 262 | " Leslie John *                    | 327 | " Charles Desmond Jr.        |
| 263 | " Mabel *                          | 328 | " Dorothy Maud               |
| 264 | " Margaret Mary                    | 329 | " Manfred Michael Ian        |
| 265 | " Raynor                           | 330 | Kenny, Erling                |
| 266 | " William John *                   | 331 | " Thelma Valdina *           |
| 267 | Hansen, Douglas John               | 332 | Kerr, James *                |
| 268 | " Louisa Hannah *                  | 333 | " Margaret Joyce             |
| 269 | Hardy, Elsie *                     | 334 | King, Desmond George Buckley |
| 270 | Harris, Jill Yolanda Miller        | 335 | " Gladys Evelyn              |
| 271 | " Leslie Sidney                    | 336 | " Nanette                    |
| 272 | " William Charles Henry            | 337 | " Vernon Thomas              |
|     | George *                           | 338 | Lang, Dorothy Mary Eleanor * |
| 273 | Harrison, George *                 | 339 | " Patrick Andrew             |
| 274 | " Jane Candice                     | 340 | Larsen, Ellen                |
| 275 | Harvey, James Claude               | 341 | " Margaret Anne              |
| 276 | Heathman, Albert Stanley Kenneth * | 342 | Lee, Alfred Francis *        |
| 277 | " Ewart Tony                       | 343 | " Alfred Leslie              |
| 278 | " Malcolm Keith                    | 344 | " Elsie Adelaide *           |
| 279 | " Violet *                         | 345 | " Leslie James               |
| 280 | Henricksen, Albert James           | 346 | " Malvina                    |
| 281 | " Winifred Mary Elizabeth          | 347 | " Patrick James              |
| 282 | Hewitt, David George               | 348 | Lehen, Maurice *             |
| 283 | " James *                          | 349 | Lellman, Francis Theodore *  |
| 284 | " Olga                             | 350 | Livermore, Rose Louisa *     |
| 285 | " Rachel Catherine Orissa          | 351 | Luxton, Constance *          |
| 286 | " Robert John David                | 352 | " Ernest Falkland *          |
| 287 | Hill, David Austen                 | 353 | " Henry Thomas               |
| 288 | " Helen Dorothy                    | 354 | " Keith William *            |
| 289 | Hills, Heather Margaret            | 355 | " Michael                    |
| 290 | " Mary Elizabeth *                 | 356 | " Sybil Grace *              |
| 291 | " Richard William                  | 357 | " Winifred Ellen             |
| 292 | " William Phorsen *                | 358 | Lyse, Ethel Malvina          |
| 293 | Hirtle, Caroline Ellen *           | 359 | " George Walter              |
| 294 | " Mary Ann *                       | 360 | " Reginald Sturdee           |
| 295 | " Robert Andrew Eric               | 361 | " Sydney Russell *           |
| 296 | " Robert Clarence *                | 362 | Malcolm, George              |
| 297 | " Sandra May Winifred              | 363 | " Velma                      |
| 298 | " Wallace Carlinden *              | 364 | Martin, George Alexander *   |
| 299 | Hoggarth, Agnes Christina          | 365 | " Roger                      |
| 300 | " William                          | 366 | May, Heather                 |
| 301 | Howatt, Derek Frank                | 367 | " James John                 |
| 302 | " Elizabeth Ann                    | 368 | " William Albert             |
| 303 | " Frank Derby                      | 369 | Meanwell, David Noel         |
| 304 | Jacobsen, James Sarin              | 370 | Middleton, Cyril             |
| 305 | Jaffray, Angus                     | 371 | " Ellen *                    |
| 306 | " Estell Anita                     | 372 | " James (2) *                |
| 307 | " John Summers                     | 373 | " James (3) *                |
| 308 | " Rebecca Dickson                  | 374 | " James Stewart *            |
| 309 | " William                          | 375 | " Joan Eliza                 |
| 310 | Jennings, Ada Catherine *          | 376 | " Leonard                    |
| 311 | " Dora Irene *                     | 377 | " Margaret Wilhelmina        |

378	Middleton, Marion Sarah Ellen	444	McPhee, Owen Horace
379	" Shirley	445	" Patrick
380	Miller, Betty Lois	446	" Terence Owen
381	" Sydney *	447	" Sheila Margaret
382	Milne, Henry Millar *	448	Neilson, Barry Marwood *
383	" Madeline Marie Irma	449	" Mabel *
384	Minto, Gladys Elizabeth	450	Newman, Adrian Henry Frederick
385	" Leonard	451	" Joyce Noreen
386	Miranda, Winifred Dorothy	452	" Rebecca Dickson
387	Monk, Arthur Joseph Philip *	453	" Wilfred Lawrence *
388	" Edna May	454	Pauloni, Robert Romeo
389	Morrison, Basil	455	Peake, Arthur
390	" Catherine Rose	456	Pearson, Ellen Elizabeth
391	" Clair Linda	457	" Isabella *
392	" Donald Ewan *	458	" Robert *
393	" Douglas Roy	459	Peart, Edward James Campbell*
394	" Fayam	460	" Robert Ernest *
395	" Gerald	461	Peck, Andrew Rodger *
396	" Jean Buik	462	" Burned Brian
397	" Marjorie Beatrice	463	" Edith *
398	" Mary Ann *	464	" Elsie Grace *
399	" Mary Ellen *	465	" Evelyn Elizabeth
400	" Norman	466	" James Watson Cranmer *
401	" Patrick	467	" Mary
402	" Roderick *	468	" Percy Philip *
403	" Trevor *	469	" Sarah Maria *
404	" William Roderick Halliday	470	" William George Edward *
405	Murray, Ronald Robert *	471	Pedersen, Mary Ann
406	Macaskill, John	472	Perkins, Vivienne Esther Mary
407	" Jeannette May	473	Perry, Annie Elizabeth *
408	MacDonald, Colin George	474	" Beatrice Annie Jane *
409	" Yvonne Helen	475	" Christopher *
410	MacKenzie, William	476	" Euphemia *
411	McAskill, Donald William *	477	" Hilda Blanche
412	" Jane Eliza *	478	" Robert Juan Carlos
413	" Susan Blanche *	479	" Stella Margeory *
414	McCallum, Bettina Kay	480	" Thomas George
415	" Ellen *	481	" William John *
416	" Jack	482	Pettersson, Eileen Heather
417	McGill, Doris Mary	483	" Tony
418	" Glenda	484	Phillips, Carol Joan
419	" Ian Peter	485	" Terence
420	" Keith William *	486	Pole-Evans, Amy Rose
421	McKay, Daisy	487	" Michael Anthony
422	" David	488	Poole, Charles Lawrence *
423	" Gerard	489	" Evelyn May
424	" Heather Valerie	490	" Isabella Jane *
425	" James John	491	" William John
426	" Jane Elizabeth	492	Porter, Kenneth William
427	" Laura Jessie	493	" Mary *
428	" Paulina Agatha	494	Reeve, Michael David
429	" Rex	495	Reid, Pamela Margaret
430	" Rosie Louisa Grace *	496	Reive, Eleanor Maud Ioné *
431	" Stephen John	497	" Ernest
432	McLeod, Archibald *	498	" Frederick John
433	" Ellen May *	499	" Leonard Lawrence *
434	" Margaret Anne	500	" Roma Endora Mary
435	" Murdoch Angus *	501	" Terence
436	" William	502	Ridley, Douglas Vincent John
437	McMillan, Donald Hugh *	503	Roberts, Laura May
438	" Frances Evelyn	504	" William Henry
439	" William *	505	Robertson, Charles Honeyman *
440	McPhee, Emily Mary Ellen	506	Robinson, John Andrew
441	" Gerald Ian	507	" Fiona Hill
442	" Grace Darling *	508	Robson, Edward Andrew *
443	" Marjorie May	509	" Elspeth Lucy *



510	Robson, Gladys Mary	576	Stacey, Lilian Clara *
511	" Louis Michael	577	Steen, Emma Jane
512	" Patricia Laura *	578	" Gail
513	" Robert Lionel *	579	" Vernon Robert
514	" Violet Malvina Emily *	580	Stephenson, James
515	Rowlands, Catherine Anne	581	" Joan Margaret
516	" Daisy Malvina	582	Stewart, David William
517	" Harold Theodore *	583	" Henry William Alfred
518	" John Richard	584	" Hulda Fraser
519	" Lucy *	585	" John
520	Rozee, Betty	586	" Keith Gordon
521	" Derek Robert Thomas	587	" Mary Ann *
522	Ryan, Bridget Rose	588	" Muriel Olive *
523	" David Anthony	589	" Phyllis Marjorie
524	Sarney, Harry *	590	" Robert
525	Saunders, Robert	591	" William Henry Keith
526	Seeley, Peter George	592	" Yvonne Malvina
527	" Shirley Eva	593	Strange, Annie
528	Shaw, Maureen Hazel	594	" Ian John
529	" Trevor Jervis	595	Summers, Aubrey Vernon *
530	Shedden, James Alexander	596	" Brian
531	Short, Agnes Jane	597	" Christina Maud
532	" Agnes Mary Ann *	598	" Dorothy Constance
533	" Arthur Richard	599	" Edith Catherine
534	" Charles William	600	" Elizabeth Margaret *
535	" Emily Christina	601	" Iris Blanche
536	" Florence Mary *	602	" Keith Medlicott
537	" Frederick George *	603	" Kenneth Claud
538	" George Henry *	604	" Lavina *
539	" John George Archibald *	605	" Nigel Clive
540	" Montana Tyrone	606	" Owen William
541	" Peter Robert	607	" Pamela Rosemary Cheek
542	" Philip Stanley	608	" Philip George
543	" Riley Ethro	609	" Tony
544	" Rose	610	" Veronica
545	" Rose Stella	611	" Victor Leonard
546	" Thomas Henry	612	Teague, Barbara
547	Skilling, Emily Louisa *	613	Thain, Gladys
548	" Thomas *	614	Thom, David Anderson
549	Slade, Harry Edward *	615	" Dorothy Irene
550	Smith, Derek	616	Thompson, William John
551	" Eric	617	Turner, Alva Ynonne
552	" George Douglas *	618	" Melvyn George
553	" Hannah Caroline	619	Villanueva, Maria Marta
554	" Helen Rose	620	Watkinson, Douglas Harold
555	" James Stanley	621	" Sarah Mary
556	" Jessie Maud *	622	Watson, Catherine Wilhelmina Jessie
557	" John	623	" Glenda Joyce
558	" Mary Ellen	624	" Hannah Maud
559	" Michael Edmund	625	" Louis James
560	" Robert William	626	" Neil
561	" Sydney Frederick	627	" Robert Muir
562	" Violet Catherine *	628	Watts, Ada Mabel
563	Sollis, Denis John *	629	" Patrick James
564	" Sarah Emma Maude	630	" Rita
565	Sornsen, Agnes Caroline *	631	" Veronica
566	" George Albert *	632	White, Diane Evelyn
567	" Isabella *	633	" Ian Michael
568	Spall, Christopher Richard	634	Whitney, Catherine Margaret Rebecca
569	Spencer, Elizabeth Agnes *	635	" Ellen Brenda
570	" William Ernest *	636	" Frederick Eddy
571	Spinks, Alexander	637	" Frederick William
572	" Malvina Ellen	638	" Patrick George
573	Spraggon, Daniel Martin *	639	" Susan Joan
574	Spruce, Helena Joan	640	Williams, Annie Margaret *
575	" Terence George	641	" Charlotte Agnes *



642	Williams, Eugene	645	Wilson, Dorothea Margaret
643	" John Dolan *	646	Winteringham, Timothy Peter
644	" Marlene Rose Elizabeth		Worsley

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR

## East Falkland Electoral Area

## REGISTER OF ELECTORS

1	Alazia, Charles	63	Davis, Aase
2	" Freda Evelyn	64	" Albert Henry
3	" Hazel	65	" Elsie Gladys Margaret *
4	" Henry John	66	" Reginald John
5	" Patrick Elery	67	" Violet
6	" Thora Lilian	68	" Wilhelmina Dorothy *
7	Anderson, Gloria	69	" William James
8	" Gordon	70	" William John *
9	" Nigel	71	" Yona
10	" Tony James	72	Daykin, Kathleen Ruth Elma *
11	" Jenny	73	Dearling, Leo Alexander
12	Ashworth, Glennis	74	Dickson, Caroline Christine Bird *
13	" Malcolm	75	" Doreen
14	Atkins, Eileen Malvina	76	" Gerald William
15	" Jack	77	" Iris
16	Baillie, Keith	78	" Ronald Edward
17	" Virginia Elizabeth Sarah	79	Edwards, David
18	Balfour, Edward McMahon	80	Faria, Mary Ann
19	Barton, Coral Inez	81	Felton, John Roy Stanley
20	" John David *	82	" Judith Orissa
21	Beattie, Betty	83	Ferguson, Finlay James
22	" Thomas George	84	Fielding, Heather
23	Berntsen, Ellen Rose	85	" Philip John
24	" Frederick George	86	Finlayson, Barry Donald
25	" Jeanette	87	" Charles John
26	" John Alexander	88	" Hugh
27	" Mary Anne Margaret	89	" Iris Dwenda Margaret
28	" Olaf Christian Alexander	90	" Iris Heather
29	" Raymond	91	" Phyllis
30	Berrido, Alexander	92	Ford, Charles David
31	" Philip *	93	" Fanny Davidson
32	Biggs, James Keith	94	" John
33	Billett, Leslie William	95	Gleadell, Anne *
34	Binnie, Linda Rose	96	Goodwin, Douglas Sturdee
35	" Ronald Eric	97	" Isobel Helena *
36	Blake, Anthony Thomas	98	" June Rose Elizabeth
37	" Lyndsay Rae	99	" Robin Christopher
38	Bonner, Doreen Milliam	100	" Sarah Maggie Rose
39	" Henry John	101	" Una
40	" Keith James	102	Goss, Eric Miller
41	" Roderick Richard	103	" Roderick Jacob
42	Brooks, Frank	104	" Shirley Ann
43	Browning, David Lennard	105	Gould, Arthur William
44	" Frances Agnes	106	Grant, Leonard John
45	" Kelvin	107	" Millie
46	Buse, Oscar Karl	108	Gray, David Edward
47	Cartmell, Andrew Nutt	109	" Patricia May
48	Clark, Derek	110	Greenshields, Harland Llewellyn
49	" Mary Ellen	111	" Janet Louisa
50	" Michael	112	Hadden, Alexander Burnett
51	Clasen, Agnes Christina	113	" Sheila Peggy
52	" Clarvis Edward	114	Halliday, Gerald
53	" Frederick James	115	Hardcastle, Brook *
54	" Mally	116	" Eileen Beryl
55	Clausen, Denzil	117	Harvey, Beatrice Louisa Catherine
56	" Henry	118	Hatch, Albert John
57	Cletheroe, Kenneth Stanley	119	Hillman, Carol Diane
58	Clifton, Doreen	120	" Roger Franklin
59	" Terence Charles	121	Hirtle, Leonard Lloyd
60	Cooke, Carol Anne	122	" Shirley
61	" James Richard	123	Humphreys, Dennis James
62	Coutts, Alexander *	124	Hutton, Elizabeth Isabella

125	Hutton, Philip	191	McPhee, June Iris
126	Jaffray, Alexander	192	" Kenneth John
127	" Brian	193	McRae, James Bartholomew
128	" Eileen	194	" Malvina Mary
129	" Elliott Jessie	195	" Robert George Hector
130	" Helen Rose	196	Newman, Dorothy Elizabeth *
131	" Ian	197	" Marlene
132	" John Willie	198	" Raymond Winston
133	" Phyllis	199	O'Shea, Desmond
134	" Robin George	200	Packer, Robert Neil
135	" Roderick Donald William John	201	Parrin, Norman George *
136	" Tony	202	Pauloni, Romolo Vittorio
137	" Velma Emily	203	Pemberton, James Arnold
138	Keane, Alva Rose Marie	204	" Margaret Rose
139	" Thomas James	205	Perry, Augustave Walter
140	Kiddle, Malvina Thelma	206	" Thora Virginia
141	" Robert	207	Phillips, Albert James
142	Knight, Nigel Arthur	208	" Charles William
143	" Shirley Louvain Patricia	209	" Linda
144	Larsen, Ronald Ivan	210	" Jesse
145	" Yvonne	211	" Jessie Catherine
146	Lee, Robin Myles	212	Pitaluga, Jene Ellen
147	" Susan Mary	213	" Robin Andreas Mackintosh *
148	Lowe, Adrian Stewart	214	Robson, Gerard Michael
149	May, Corinne Norma	215	" Raymond Nigel
150	" Raymond Bruce	216	Ross, Lachlan
151	Middleton, Dennis Michael	217	Seazell, Peter Geoffrey
152	" Sharon Elizabeth	218	Shepherd, David Samuel Dick
153	Miller, Alan Charles	219	" Elizabeth
154	" Carol	220	Sinclair, Celia Joyce
155	" James	221	" Simon Keith
156	Minnell, Benjamin James	222	Skears, Peter
157	" Hazel Eileen	223	Smith, David
158	Mitchell, Fay Ellen	224	" Edith Winifred *
159	" Gary John	225	" Francis Henry Hewitt
160	Monk, Adrian Bertrand *	226	" George Patterson
161	" Nora May	227	" Jenny Lorrane
162	Morrison, Elenor Olive	228	" Henry William
163	" Hyacinth Emily	229	" Norah
164	" John Murdo	230	" Osmond Raymond
165	" Michael John	231	Sornsen, James Winston
166	" Nanette	232	Stewart, George Alexander
167	" Ronald Terence	233	" Sylvia Rose
168	" Stewart	234	Summers, Gloria Jane
169	" Susan Margaret	235	" Michael Kenneth
170	" Trudi Lynette	236	" Stanley Frederick *
171	" Violet Sarah	237	" William Edward *
172	" William Dickson *	238	Tasker, Dennis George
173	McBain, Arthur	239	Thompson, George Henry
174	" Rhoda	240	Thorsen, Gloria Penelope
175	McCallum, James	241	Trise, Malcolm Roy
176	McKay, Clara Mary	242	Turner, Diana Jane
177	" Roderick John	243	" Ronald
178	" William Robert	244	Walker, Ian
179	McKee, John *	245	Wemyss, Peter James
180	McKenzie, Alice Maude	246	" Zena Jessie
181	" Charles Alexander Albert John	247	Whitney, Agnes Katherine
182	" James	248	" Dennis
183	McLeod, Albert John	249	" Henry Leslie
184	" Christine Marion Agnes	250	" Keith
185	" Donald Henry	251	" Lana Rose
186	" Sarah Rose	252	" Leona Ann
187	McMullen, June	253	Wilson, Margaret Jean
188	" Tony	254	" John
189	McNally, Gaye	255	Woodward, James Gregory
190	" Robert John	256	" Janet Elizabeth

## West Falkland Electoral Area

## REGISTER OF ELECTORS

1	Alazia, Dorothy Fay	60	Dunford, David Philip
2	" George Robert	61	Evans, Derek Stanley
3	Aldridge, Caroline Mary	62	" Gladys Alberta
4	" Kenneth John	63	" Griffith Owen
5	" Olive Elizabeth	64	" Margaret Ann
6	" Thomas George	65	" Olwen Carol
7	Amadio, Rita Ellen Ottile †	66	" Raymond
8	Anderson, Marina Rose	67	Fairley, John
9	" Ronald	68	Featherbe, Terence Randall
10	" Reginald Stanford	69	Felton, Anthony Terence
11	" Thomas †	70	" Violet Regina Margaret
12	Barnes, Deirdre	71	Ferguson, Robert John
13	" Marshall	72	" Thelma
14	" William Frederick John	73	Fielder, Lily
15	Berntsen, Arina Janice	74	Findlay, Carrie Madeline Helen
16	" Kathleen Edith Mary Lucy Crawford	75	" Gerald
17	" Kenneth Frederick	76	Fogerty, Richard Edwin John
18	" Sidney Lawrence	77	Giles, Gilbert
19	Bertrand, Catherine Gladys	78	Gleadell, Ian Keith
20	" Cecil William Wickham †	79	" Mavis Marie
21	Betts, Alan Sturdee †	80	Goodwin, Emily Rose
22	" Arthur John	81	" Kathleen Edith Margaret †
23	" Bernard Keith	82	" Marina
24	" Cyril Severine †	83	" Raymond Hayward
25	" Ellen Alma	84	" Rupert Valentine †
26	" Hyacinth Emily †	85	" William John Maurice
27	" Irene Marion	86	Halliday, Ann
28	Biggs, Michael Elfred	87	" Christina Jane †
29	Binnie, Albert Frederick	88	" Leslie John Arthur †
30	" Horace James	89	Hansen, Lionel Raymond
31	" Rose	90	" Rose Idina
32	Blackley, John David	91	Harradine, Christina Mary
33	" Maurice	92	" John Patrick
34	Blake, Lionel Geoffrey †	93	Harvey, Alfred Sydney
35	" Sally Gwynfa	94	" Jen
36	Bonner, Donald William	95	" Muriel
37	" Simon	96	" Valerie Ann
38	" Vera Joan	97	Hayward, Peter Dennis
39	Cadman, Graham Ewan	98	Hirtle, Doris Linda
40	Chandler, Ann Beatrice	99	" Fenton
41	" Edward	100	Hobman, John Malcolm
42	Cockwell, Grizelda Susan	101	" Marilu
43	" John Richard	102	Hurst, David William
44	Cofre, Dierdree Emma	103	" Una
45	" Elvio	104	Johnson, Violet Alberta †
46	Coutts, Frederick George	105	Jones, Albert Charles
47	Cunningham, William Johnston	106	Kiddle, Peter †
48	Cusworth, Alan David	107	" Robert Karl
49	" Alana Marie	108	Laffi, Kathleen Mary
50	Davidson, Donald	109	Landers, Stephen James
51	" Margaret Christine	110	Lang, May Malvina
52	Dickson, Edward Thomas Crawford	111	" William Frank
53	" Mildred Ellen	112	Lee, Carole
54	Donnelly, Daniel	113	" Elizabeth
55	" Joyce Elizabeth	114	" John Alfred
56	Duncan, Avis	115	" June Elliot
57	" David John	116	" Margaret Davidina Louisa †
58	" James Alexander	117	" Rodney William
59	" Peter Reed Howard †	118	" Sidney Simpson
		119	Linburn, Daniel Robert

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.

120	Limburn, Monica	169	Peck, Patrick William
121	Llanosa, George Alexander †	170	Plummer, Cecil Hicks John †
122	Luxton, Patricia Maureen	171	Pole-Evans, Anthony Reginald
123	„ William Robert	172	„ Douglas Markham †
124	Lyse, Ernest Lewis †	173	„ Jessie
125	MacBeth, Phyllis Elizabeth Grace	174	„ Orissa Mary Eleanor †
126	„ William Campbell	175	„ Shirley Helen
127	Maddocks, Charles	176	„ William Reginald
128	„ Iris May	177	„ Yvonne Mary
129	„ Robert Charles	178	Porter, Charles
130	Mapson, David John	179	„ George
131	Marsh, Frank	180	„ Jean Lavina
132	„ June	181	„ Joan
133	„ Roy Thomas	182	Reeves, Cheryl Rose
134	May, Brian Roy	183	„ Ronald James
135	„ Monica	184	Robertson, Ann
136	Miller, Carol	185	„ James Richard †
137	„ Florence Roberta †	186	„ Peter Charles
138	„ Simon Roy	187	„ Robin Evelyn Thelma
139	„ Stanley Frank †	188	Ross, Colin
140	Molkenbuhr, Betty Marie	189	„ Roy
141	„ Claudio Eugenio	190	„ William
142	Morrison, Eric George	191	Sackett, Albert John
143	„ Kenneth	192	„ Marjorie
144	„ Muriel Eliza Ivy †	193	Short, Christina Ethel
145	„ Lena	194	„ Donald Robert Gordon
146	„ Leslie Theodore Norman	195	„ Evelyn May Elizabeth
147	Murphy, Bessie	196	„ George Charles
148	„ Michael James †	197	„ Isobel Rose
149	„ Roy David	198	„ Joseph Leslie
150	McCallian, Sean	199	„ Patrick Warburton
151	McCorinick, Pauline Margaret Ruth	200	Small, Lee Oliver
152	„ Ronald	201	Smith, Adeline Jane †
153	McGill, Lorraine Iris	202	„ Alice Maud †
154	„ Robin Perry	203	„ Andrew Ludwig Clifford
155	McKay, Isabella Alice	204	„ Francis David †
156	„ Richard	205	„ Gerard Alexander
157	McLaren, Anthony James	206	„ Gwenifer May
158	„ Ellen	207	„ Heather
159	McLeod, David	208	„ Janice
160	McRae, David Michael	209	„ Keva Elizabeth
161	„ Richard Winston	210	„ Peter Lars
162	Napier, Lily	211	„ Robin Charles
163	„ Roderick Bertrand	212	Stewart, George Nathaniel
164	Newell, Joseph Orr	213	Triggs, Lorena Mary Amethyst
165	Newman, Frederick Clarence Walwin	214	„ Robert William
166	Nightingale, Margaret Kathleen	215	White, Betty
167	Peake, Fay Christine	216	„ John Wright †
168	Peck, Maureen Heather		

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.

PILOTAGE BILL - CLAUSE 12 (1)

*The following Form of Bond is published with reference to the Pilotage Bill which appears in the Falkland Islands Gazette dated 17th February 1976, Vol. LXXXV, No. 2, Page 28 —*

Form of Bond to be given by a Pilot

Know all men by these presents that we .....  
.....  
of ..... and .....  
..... of .....  
.....  
are held and firmly bound unto Our Sovereign Lady Queen Elizabeth II in the sum of .....  
.....  
of good and lawful money of Great Britain, to be paid unto Our said Sovereign Lady the Queen, Her Heirs and Successors; to which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves and every one of us jointly and severally for and in the whole, our heirs, executors and administrators and every one of them, firmly by these presents, sealed with our seals.

*Dated this ..... day of ..... 19.....*

Now the condition of this obligation is that if (in respect of the ships whereof he is pilot) all and every the requirements of the Pilotage Ordinance 1976, and all the regulations made thereunder shall be well and truly performed then this obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

*Signed, sealed and delivered by the above-bounden*

..... and .....  
*in the presence of*

- (1) .....
- (2) .....



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

19 APRIL 1976

No. 4

## Appointments

Raymond William Smith, Senior Plumber,  
Public Works Department, 16.3.76.

Thomas William Royans, Superintendent of  
Public Works, 22.3.76.

## Acting Appointments

Thomas George Perry, Acting Superintendent  
of Public Works, 16.2.76 - 21.3.76.

Inspector Donald Hugh McMillan, Acting  
Chief Police Officer, Falkland Islands Police Force,  
2.3.76.

Douglas Roy Morrison, Acting Chief Secretary,  
Secretariat, 10.3.76.

Rex Browning, Acting Deputy Chief Secretary,  
Secretariat, 10.3.76.

William Arthur Etheridge, Acting Assistant  
Secretary, Secretariat, 10.3.76.

## Promotion

William Arthur Etheridge, Senior Clerk, Posts  
and Telecommunications Department, 10.3.76.

## Completion of Contract

Robert John Henry Poole, Certificated Teacher,  
Education Department, 20.3.76.

## Resignations

Miss Sonia Summers, Clerk, Posts and Tele-  
communications Department, 7.3.76.

Ronald Keith Betts, Police Sergeant, Falkland  
Islands Police Force, 19.3.76.

## NOTICES

No. 12. 18th March 1976.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 17 of  
12th of June 1974 it is hereby notified that the  
Apprenticeship Board has been reconstituted as  
follows —

<i>Chairman</i>	...	Mr. R. D. Clements
<i>Ex-Officio</i>	...	Superintendent of Education
<i>Representatives of Employers</i>		Superintendent of Public Works Manager, Cable & Wireless Limited
<i>Representatives of Operatives</i>		General Secretary, General Employees' Union Mr. W. E. Bowles.

Ref. ESA/19/1.

No. 13. 30th March 1976.

## Public Health Ordinance (Cap. 54)

The following have been appointed members of  
the Board of Health for the year 1976 —

The Senior Medical Officer — *Chairman*  
The Medical Officers  
The Hon. W. E. Bowles  
The Hon. S. Miller, J.P.  
The Hon. L. G. Blake, J.P.  
Superintendent of Public Works  
Chief Police Officer.

Ref. MED/19/1.



No. 15. 7th April 1976.

**Air Fares and Conditions of Carriage**

Government Notice No. 33, Air Fares and Conditions of Carriage, of the 23rd July 1973, is amended in the following respect—

In Paragraph I Scheduled Passenger Flights, item (7), by adding at the end thereof—

"or persons paying Falkland Islands income tax."

Ref. AIR/2/1.

No. 16. 8th April 1976.

**Legal Fees and Dues - Administrative Rules**

These rules authorise the Registrar to charge for work done or assistance or advice given in respect of any business, for which no charge is prescribed by law, such sum as may be fair and reasonable, having regard to all the circumstances of the case and in particular to—

- (1) the complexity of the matter or the difficulty or novelty of the question raised;
- (2) the skill, labour, specialised knowledge and responsibility involved on the part of the Registrar;
- (3) the number and importance of the documents prepared or pursued without regard to length;
- (4) the circumstances in which the business or any part thereof is transacted;
- (5) the time expended by the Registrar;
- (6) where money or property is involved, its amount or value; and
- (7) the importance of the matter to the client;

Provided that the client may require the Registrar to obtain a certificate from the Financial Secretary certifying that the sum charged is fair and reasonable or, if it is not, what is a fair and reasonable sum, and the sum so certified shall be the sum payable.

Ref. LEG/31/3.

No. 17. 12th April 1976.

**General Election, 1976**

In accordance with section 21 (1) of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, His Excellency the Governor has approved the appointments of the following persons to be Presiding Officers and Deputy Presiding Officers in connection with the forthcoming General Election.

**WEST FALKLAND**

**Presiding Officers :** MR. V. T. KING, M.B.E.  
MR. P. G. SUMMERS  
MR. G. CADMAN

**Deputy Presiding Officers :** MR. M. LUXTON  
MR. B. W. FORD  
MR. D. W. HURST

**EAST FALKLAND**

**Presiding Officers :** MR. H. T. LUXTON  
MR. S. SMITH  
MR. A. M. CAREY

**Deputy Presiding Officers :** MR. P. KING  
MR. C. KEENLEYSIDE  
MR. W. ETHERIDGE  
MR. T. PETERSSON

**DARWIN**

**Presiding Officer :** MR. R. PACKER  
**Deputy Presiding Officers :** MRS. S. HADDEN  
MR. R. LEE

**STANLEY**

**Presiding Officer :** MR. O. H. MCPHEE  
**Deputy Presiding Officers :** MRS. M. JENNINGS  
MR. V. R. STEEN.

Ref. LEC/20/2.

No. 18. 13th April 1976.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs to the effect that Her Majesty will not be advised to exercise her power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Colony—

No.	Title	Ref.
5/74	Appropriation (1974/75) Ord., 1974	TRE/14/5.

**Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972**  
( Article 59 (1) )

Pursuant to Article 59(1) of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, the areas of water specified in column 2 of the Schedule adjacent to the places specified in column 1 of the Schedule are hereby notified as Government aerodromes available for take-off and landing by aircraft of the Falkland Islands Government Air Service.

**SCHEDULE**

Column 1 PLACES	Column 2 AERODROME
Albemarle	Albemarle Harbour
Barren Island	Barren Island House
Bleaker Island	Bleaker Settlement
George Island	George Island House.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
5th April 1976. Governor.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

In the matter of the  
NEW ISLAND PRESERVATION COMPANY LIMITED  
and

In the matter of the Companies Act 1948.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition for the winding up of the above-named company subject to the supervision of the Supreme Court was on the 19th day of March, presented to the said Court by Ian John Strange, of 10 Davis Street, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

And that the said petition will be heard before the court sitting at Stanley on a date to be published later; and any creditor or contributory of the said company desirous to support or oppose the making of an order on the said petition may appear at the time of hearing in person for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished by the undersigned to any creditor or contributory of the said company requiring such copy on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

I. J. STRANGE.

10 Davis Street,  
Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
26th March 1976.

NOTE. Any person who intends to appear must serve on or send by post to the above-named, notice in writing of his intention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the person, or, if a firm, the name and address of the firm, and must be signed by the person or firm, and must be served, or if posted, must be sent by post in sufficient time to reach the above-named not later than the day previous to the said date to be published later.



## In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 1)

In the matter of Edmund Andrews Ross, deceased, of Hill Cove, West Falkland, who died at Buenos Aires, on the 26th March 1975.

WHEREAS Colin Ross, brother of the said deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
Registrar.

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
7th April 1976.  
SC & L/10/76.

## In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 1)

In the matter of Peter Smith Thain, deceased, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands, on the 10th November 1975.

WHEREAS Henry Millar Milne, Attorney for the widow of the said deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
Registrar.

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
19th April 1976.  
SC & L/31/75.

No. 14.

31st March 1976.

The following revised list of Magistrates, Justices of the Peace, and Commissioners for Oaths at present resident in the Colony and Dependencies is published for general information —

## MAGISTRATES AND JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

C. H. Robertson, J.P.	...	...	27.11.36	...	...	Stanley
D. M. Pole-Evans, J.P.	...	...	25.4.46	...	...	Port Howard
H. Bennett, J.P., <i>Senior Magistrate</i>	...	...	22.7.46	...	...	Stanley
K. W. Luxton, J.P.	...	...	24.9.49	...	...	Stanley
J. Bound, E.D., J.P.	...	...	3.1.53	...	...	Stanley
W. H. Clement, J.P.	...	...	5.10.54	...	...	Stanley
S. Miller, J.P.	...	...	3.6.55	...	...	Stanley
Mrs. C. Luxton, J.P.	...	...	17.9.57	...	...	Stanley
R. L. Robson, J.P.	...	...	21.7.59	...	...	Stanley
A. B. Monk, J.P.	...	...	2.5.60	...	...	San Carlos
H. L. Bound, M.B.E., J.P.	...	...	11.7.63	...	...	Stanley
Mrs. J. Booth, J.P.	...	...	5.8.67	...	...	Stanley
W. H. Goss, J.P.	...	...	12.7.69	...	...	Stanley
L. G. Blake, J.P.	...	...	12.7.69	...	...	Hill Cove
J. D. Barton, J.P.	...	...	12.7.69	...	...	Teal Inlet
M. R. Pawley, <i>Magistrate</i>	...	...	18.12.73	...	...	South Georgia
B. Hardcastle, J.P.	...	...	30.10.74	...	...	Darwin
D. M. Burkitt, <i>Relief Magistrate</i>	...	...	23.2.76	...	...	South Georgia

## COMMISSIONERS FOR OATHS

J. R. Cockwell	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	Fox Bay East
G. O. Evans	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	Pebble Island
R. J. Ferguson	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	Weddell Island
W. R. Luxton	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	Chartres
A. C. Miller	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	Port San Carlos
S. R. Miller	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	Roy Cove
K. J. McPhee	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	Green Patch
R. B. Napier	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	West Point Island
R. M. Pitaluga, O.B.E.	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	Salvador
J. R. Robertson	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	Fox Bay West
O. R. Smith	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	Johnson's Harbour
L. Grant	...	...	23.3.71	...	...	Port Louis
A. Pole-Evans	...	...	23.3.71	...	...	Saunders Island
A. T. Blake	...	...	5.7.73	...	...	North Arm
P. C. Robertson	...	...	23.11.73	...	...	Port Stephens

Ref. LEG/10/21.

The Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance  
WRIT OF ELECTION

You are hereby directed to receive nominations for candidates for election to the Legislative Council at Stanley on Friday, 7th May 1976, between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

You are further directed that should more than two candidates be nominated you are to hold an election in accordance with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, on Friday, 21st May 1976, in the Ante-room to the Court and Council Chamber, Stanley, and to return this Writ duly endorsed in accordance with the said Ordinance.

Dated this 16th day of April 1976.

(LS)

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

The Returning Officer  
Stanley Electoral Area.

The Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance  
WRIT OF ELECTION

You are hereby directed to receive nominations for candidates for election to the Legislative Council at Darwin on Friday, 7th May 1976, between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

You are further directed that should more than one candidate be nominated you are to hold an election in accordance with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance at the places and on the dates which will be notified to you, and to return this Writ duly endorsed in accordance with the said Ordinance.

Dated this 16th day of April 1976.

(LS)

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

The Returning Officer  
East Falkland Electoral Area.

The Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance  
WRIT OF ELECTION

You are hereby directed to receive nominations for candidates for election to the Legislative Council at Fox Bay East on Friday, 7th May 1976, between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

You are further directed that should more than one candidate be nominated you are to hold an election in accordance with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance at the places and on the dates which will be notified to you, and to return this Writ duly endorsed in accordance with the said Ordinance.

Dated this 16th day of April 1976.

(LS)

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

The Returning Officer  
West Falkland Electoral Area.

MERCHANT SHIPPING (OIL POLLUTION) ACT 1971

# Falkland Islands Oil Pollution (Compulsory Insurance) Regulations 1976

No. 1 of 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 (1) and (4) and section 11 (3) of the Merchant Shipping (Oil Pollution) Act 1971, as applied to the Falkland Islands by the Merchant Shipping (Oil Pollution) (Falkland Islands) Order 1975, the Governor has made the following Regulations —

(1971 c. 59)  
(S. I. 1975/2169)

1. (1) These Regulations may be cited as the Falkland Islands, Oil Pollution (Compulsory Insurance) Regulations 1976 and shall come into operation on the 1st day of April 1976.

Citation, commencement  
and interpretation.

(2) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires —

“certificate” means a document showing that there is in force in respect of a ship to which section 10 (2) of the Act applies a contract of insurance or other security such as is mentioned in that subsection;

“Convention country” has the meaning assigned to it in section 19 (1) of the Act.

(3) The Interpretation Act 1889 with the necessary adaptations, shall apply, for the interpretation of these Regulations and otherwise in relation thereto as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

(1889 c. 63)

2. For the purposes of section 10 (1) of the Act (requirements as to compulsory insurance against liability for oil pollution) “persistent oil” means any of the following —

Definition of “persistent  
oil”.

(a) hydrocarbon mineral oils whether crude or distilled, including crude coal tar and the oily residue of tank cleaning operations necessitated by the carriage of any such oils, but excluding those oils which consist wholly of distillate fractions of which more than 50 per cent. by volume distil at 340° centigrade when tested by the “American Society for Testing and Materials Specification D86/67” in the case of oils derived from petroleum and at 350° centigrade in the case of oils derived from coal tar;

(b) residual oil, consisting of mineral hydrocarbons comprising the residues of the process of distilling and/or refining crude petroleum, and any mixture containing such residual oil;

(c) whale oil.

3. (1) Subject to paragraph (3) below, certificates for ships registered in any country which is not a Convention country shall be recognised for the purposes of section 10 (3) (c) of the Act (authorities by whom a certificate must be issued) if issued by or under the authority of the government of any of the following countries, namely —

Recognition of certificates.

Denmark  
France  
Netherlands  
Norway  
Spain  
Sweden  
United Kingdom.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3) below, a certificate for a ship registered in any of the following countries, namely —

Australia  
Austria  
Belgium  
Canada  
Finland  
Federal Republic of Germany  
Greece  
Iceland  
Republic of Ireland  
Italy  
Japan  
Luxembourg  
New Zealand  
Portugal  
Switzerland  
Turkey  
United States of America

shall be recognised for the purposes of the said section 10 (3) (c) if issued by or under the authority of the government of the country specified above in which that ship is registered.

(3) Where a ship such as is mentioned in paragraph (1) or (2) above is engaged on a Falkland Islands voyage, a certificate relating to that ship shall not, by virtue of either of those paragraphs, be recognised for the purposes of section 10 (3) (c) of the Act unless the certificate has, and is expressed to have, as the period of its validity a period ending not earlier than the completion of that Falkland Islands voyage.

For the purposes of this paragraph, "Falkland Islands voyage" means any voyage by a ship —

- (a) from a port in the Falkland Islands or its Dependencies or a terminal in the territorial sea of the Falkland Islands or its Dependencies to another such port or terminal; or
- (b) from a place outside the Falkland Islands or its Dependencies to a port in the Falkland Islands or its Dependencies or a terminal in the territorial sea of the Falkland Islands or its Dependencies; or
- (c) from a port in the Falkland Islands or its Dependencies or a terminal in the territorial sea of the Falkland Islands or its Dependencies to a place outside the Falkland Islands or its Dependencies

and the reference to the duration of such a voyage shall be taken as comprising the whole of any period during which the ship is engaged in that voyage, including any time during which, in connection with the voyage, it is in a port in the Falkland Islands or its Dependencies or at a terminal in the territorial sea of the Falkland Islands or its Dependencies.

Fee for certificates.

4. The fee to be paid on application for a certificate to be issued by the Governor under section 11 of the Act shall be £12.

Cancellation and delivery up of certificates.

5. (1) Where at any time while a certificate under section 11 of the Act is in force the person to whom the certificate has been issued ceases to be the owner of the ship to which the certificate relates, he shall forthwith deliver up the certificate to the Governor and in such a case the certificate shall be cancelled by the Governor.

(2) Where at any time while a certificate under the said section 11 is in force it is established in any legal proceedings that the contract of insurance or other security in respect of which the

certificate was issued is or may be treated as invalid, the certificate may be cancelled by the Governor and if so cancelled shall on demand forthwith be delivered up to him by the person to whom it was issued.

(3) Where at any time while a certificate under the said section 11 is in force circumstances arise in relation to the insurer or guarantor named in the certificate (or, where more than one is so named, to any of them) such that if the certificate were applied for at that time, the Governor would be entitled to refuse the application under subsection (2) of that section (power to refuse a certificate where there is a doubt whether an insurer will be able to meet his insurance obligations), the certificate may be cancelled by the Governor and if so cancelled shall on demand forthwith be delivered up to him by the person to whom it was issued.

*By Command,*

D. R. MORRISON,

*Acting Chief Secretary.*

30th March 1976.

---

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

These Regulations make provision with respect to certificates of insurance against liability for oil pollution damage caused by ships, as provided for by the Merchant Shipping (Oil Pollution) Act 1971 (which gives effect to the International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage signed in Brussels in 1969). "Persistent oil" is defined for the purposes of section 10 (1) of the Act (Regulation 2). The Regulations provide for the recognition of certificates for ships registered in non-Convention countries (that is, countries in respect of which that Convention is not in force) where such certificates are issued by certain other countries (Regulation 3). Provision is made for the fee (£12) payable on an application for a certificate issued by the Governor under section 11 of the Act (that is, for ships registered in the Falkland Islands - Regulation 4) and for the circumstances in which certificates issued by the Governor may be cancelled by him and their delivery up required (Regulation 5).

Ref. CON/1/23.

The Honourable,  
The Chief Secretary,  
Stanley.

Colonial Treasury,  
Stanley, Falkland Islands.  
1st April 1976.

Sir,

In accordance with the requirements of Section 12 (1) of the Currency Notes Ordinance I have the honour to make the following report on the state of the Currency Note Security Fund at 31st December 1975.

2. The face value of notes in circulation on 31st December 1975 was £181,700, made up as follows —

Series	Denomination	No.	Value
C	£5	29,553	147,765
C	£1	706	706
D	£1	1,468	1,468
E	£1	23,102	23,102
C	10/-	4,204	2,102
D	50p	13,114	6,557
			<hr/> £181,700 <hr/>

3. At 31st December 1975 the Fund stood at £194,439.75 of which £176,213.13 was represented by investments (market valuation on 30th June 1975 or cost price if purchased later). The balance of £18,226.62 was held by the Financial Secretary. The general reserve over the face value of notes in circulation was £12,739.75 (7% approximately).

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

H. T. ROWLANDS,  
*Financial Secretary.*



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

7 MAY 1976

No. 5

## Appointments

Mrs. Margaret Jennings, Telephone Operator, Posts and Tels. Department, 1.7.75.

Mrs. Jean Buik Morrison, Clerk, Public Service, 1.7.75.

Mrs. Joyce Allan, Clerk, Public Service, 11.8.75.

Mrs. Camilla Clarke, Telephone Operator, Posts and Tels. Department, 18.8.75.

Barry William Ford, Second Lieutenant, Falkland Islands Defence Force, 26.3.76.

Henry Thomas Luxton, Second Lieutenant, Falkland Islands Defence Force, 26.3.76.

Francis Paul O'Reilly, Headmaster, Education Department, 22.4.76.

David Richard Jones, Plumber, Public Works Department, 1.5.76.

## Re-appointment

Augusto Miranda, Carpenter, Public Works Department, 14.4.76.

## Termination of Contract

Valdamar Lars Berntsen, Steward/Chauffeur, Government House, 26.4.76.

## NOTICES

No. 19. 22nd April 1976.

The findings of the Cost of Living Committee for the quarter ended 31st March 1976 are published for general information —

Quarter ended	Percentage increase over 1971 prices
31st March 1976	99.71%

2. The scale of wages for hourly paid workers remains unaltered.

Ref. INT/2/3.

No. 20.

23rd April 1976.

## Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) Order 1975

(under Section 12A of the Dogs Ordinance)  
(Cap. 21)

The following names are deleted from the list of Inspectors appearing in Gazette Notice No. 47 dated 23rd December 1975 —

A. T. BLAKE	North Arm	(resigned)
D. LIMBURN	Fox Bay West	(emigrated)
S. R. MILLER	Roy Cove	(resigned)

Ref. AGR/7/16.

No. 21.

28th April 1976.

## General Election, 1976

It is notified that, in accordance with Section 22 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, His Excellency the Governor has appointed the following hours for polling —

In the Camp from 8.00 a.m. to 7.00 p.m.  
In Stanley from 9.00 a.m. to 7.00 p.m.

These times shall apply to all days on which polling takes place.

Ref. LEC/20/2.

No. 22.

5th May 1976.

## General Election, 1976

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 17 of 12th April and in accordance with Section 21 (1) of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, His Excellency the Governor has approved the appointment of the following Deputy Presiding Officer for the East Falkland Electoral Area —

MR. P. GILDING *vice* MR. C. KEENLEYSIDE

Ref. LEC/20/2.



No. 23.

7th May 1976.

**General Election, 1976**

In accordance with Section 19 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, it is hereby notified that the following Candidates have been nominated to fill the two elected seats for the Stanley Electoral Area —

**1. WILLIAM EDWARD BOWLES of Stanley***Proposed by* Angus Jaffray*Seconded by* Raynor Halliday

*Supported by* Hazel Mary Bonner  
Alice Mary Etheridge  
Dorothy Irene Thom  
Joan Margaret Stephenson  
Hamish Warren Jennings  
Clive Allan  
Agnes Jane Short

**2. DESMOND GEORGE BUCKLEY KING**

of Stanley

*Proposed by* Horace Leslie Bound*Seconded by* Richard Victor Goss

*Supported by* Hamish Warren Jennings  
Tony Pettersson  
Dorothy Iowa Barton  
Raymond David Clements  
Albert James Henricksen  
Murdoch Angus McLeod  
Marjorie May McPhee

**3. JOHN SMITH of Stanley***Proposed by* Frederick John Reive*Seconded by* Derek Roy Felton

*Supported by* Alva Ynonne Turner  
Joan Eliza Middleton  
James Andrew Alazia  
Arthur Henry Ford  
Louis James Watson  
James Edward Ford  
Glenda Joyce Watson

2. It is also notified that the following two Candidates have been nominated to fill the one elected seat for the East Falkland Electoral Area —

**1. BROOK HARDCASTLE of Darwin***Proposed by* Andrew Nutt Cartmell*Seconded by* Ian Jaffray

*Supported by* Dennis George Tasker  
Robert McLeod  
Eileen Jaffray  
Dennis Michael Middleton  
Sharon Elizabeth Middleton  
John Ford  
Finlay James Ferguson

**2. ADRIAN BERTRAND MONK of San Carlos***Proposed by* Carol Miller*Seconded by* Keith Baillie

*Supported by* Henry John Bonner  
Mary Ann Margaret Berntsen  
Henry John Alazia  
Keith Whitney  
Arthur McBain  
Tony McMullen  
Alexander Coutts

3. It is further notified that the following two Candidates have been nominated to fill the one elected seat for the West Falkland Electoral Area—

**1. LIONEL GEOFFREY BLAKE of Hill Cove***Proposed by* Lionel Raymond Hansen*Seconded by* Roy Thomas Marsh

*Supported by* Peter Reed Howard Duncan  
Rose Idina Hansen  
Valerie Ann Harvey  
Isabella Alice McKay  
Donald Robert Gordon Short  
Leslie Theodore Norman Morrison  
Lena Morrison

**2. ALAN DAVID CUSWORTH of Fox Bay West***Proposed by* John Alfred Lee*Seconded by* Daniel Robert Limburn

*Supported by* Eric George Morrison  
Gilbert Giles  
Joseph Orr Newell  
David Philip Dunford  
John David Blackley  
Andrew Ludwig Clifford Smith  
Elizabeth Lee

4. An Election will be held in Stanley on 21st May. An Election will be held on the East Falkland on 19th and 20th May. An Election will be held on the West Falkland from 16th to 18th May.

Ref. LEC/20/2

No. 24.

7th May 1976.

**General Election, 1976**

The following addition is made to the Register of Electors for the East Falkland Electoral Area which appears in this issue of the Falkland Islands Gazette.

Add 186A McLeod, Robert

Ref. LEC/20/2.

**Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972**

( Article 59 (1) )

Pursuant to Article 59 (1) of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, the area of water specified in column 2 of the Schedule adjacent to the place specified in column 1 of the Schedule is hereby notified as a Government aerodrome available for take-off and landing by aircraft of the Falkland Islands Government Air Service.

**SCHEDULE**

Column 1	Column 2
PLACE	AERODROME
Fitzroy	Kelp Lagoon

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
Governor.

19th April 1976.



## STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA

## REGISTER OF ELECTORS

1	Abbott, Jack *	59	Betts, Isabella *
2	Alazia, Albert Faulkner	60	" Melody Christine
3	" Freda	61	" Pamela
4	" Grace Elizabeth	62	" Peter James
5	" James Andrew	63	" Ronald Keith
6	" Joseph William *	64	" Terence Severine
7	" Maggie Ann	65	Biggs, Alastair Gordon
8	" William Charles	66	" Basil William
9	" Yvonne	67	" Bernard Layton
10	Aldridge, Emma Jane *	68	" Betty Josephine
11	" Stephen Charles *	69	" Clarence George
12	Allan, Clive	70	" Edith Joan
13	" Hector *	71	" Frederick James
14	" Irene Marina	72	" Hilda Evangeline *
15	" John Robert	73	" Irene Mary *
16	" Joyce Ena	74	" Jeannett Valerie
17	Anderson, Edward Bernard	75	" Kathleen Frances *
18	" Elizabeth Nellie	76	" Leslie Frederick
19	" Gertrude Maud *	77	" Madge Bridget Frances *
20	" Hector Christian	78	" Peter Julian Basil
21	" Helen	79	Binnie, Jean Sarah
22	" John *	80	" May *
23	" Kathleen Iris	81	" Terence William
24	" Ludvick Riley *	82	Blackley, Charles David
25	" Mildred Nessie	83	" Hilda
26	" Richard Louis	84	" Janet Agnes Mary *
27	Andreasen, Emily *	85	Blanchard, Margaret Eda
28	Ashfield, Bryan Glyn	86	" Reginald Alan
29	" Lynda Sally	87	Blizard, Lawrence Gordon
30	Ashley, Nora Phyllis *	88	Blyth, Agnes Ruth
31	Atkins, Hilda *	89	" Alfred John *
32	Barnes, Brian Ormonde	90	Bonner, Hazel Mary
33	" Ernest	91	" Violet *
34	" Frederick William *	92	Booth, Jessie *
35	" Mabel Annie *	93	" Joseph Boris
36	" Molly Stella	94	" Mary
37	" Sigrid Geraldine Wells	95	" Myriam Margaret
38	Barton, Dorothy Iowa *	96	" Stuart Alfred
39	Bennett, Harold *	97	Borland, Daniel
40	" Lena Grace Gertrude	98	Bound, Henry John Lennard *
41	" Neville Kenneth *	99	" Horace Leslie *
42	" Stanley *	100	" Joan
43	" Valerie Elizabeth	101	Bowles, Norma Evangeline
44	Berntsen, Delhi Ambrose	102	" William Edward
45	" Florence	103	Bragger, Edward Lawrence
46	" Judy Marie	104	Brown, Daniel *
47	" Kathleen Gladys	105	" Elizabeth Stewart
48	" Mary Clarissa Elizabeth *	106	Browning, Benjamin *
49	" Marjorie Florence	107	" Gladys Elizabeth *
50	" Patrick	108	" Margaret Lilian *
51	" Trevor John	109	" Rex *
52	" Valdamar Lars	110	" Richard William
53	" William Blyth	111	" Trevor Osneith
54	Betts, Alexander Jacob *	112	Bundes, Muriel Gladys
55	" Candice Ellen	113	" Robert John Christian *
56	" Frederick Charles *	114	Burns, Frederick John
57	" George Winston	115	" Iola Winnifred Mary
58	" Geraldine Fay	116	" Martha *

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR

117	Burns, Mary Anne	182	Coleman, Frederick Albert *
118	" William Peter Thomas	183	Corlett, Adrianne Arnot
119	Buse, Franz John	184	" James William
120	" Paullina Ovedia *	185	Costello, Josephine
121	" Ralph Martin Herman *	186	" Thomas Christopher
122	Bury, Ian	187	Coutts, Charles Lindsay
123	Butcher, Michael George	188	" Malvina Mary
124	" Trudi	189	" Olga
125	Butler, Elsie Maud	190	" William John
126	" Frederick Lowther Edward	191	Cox, Catriona Margaret
	Olai	192	" Frederick Campbell *
127	" George Joseph	193	Craigie-Halkett, Ethel Jane
128	" Joan May	194	Cronin, Daniel
129	" Lawrence Jonathan	195	" Mary Philomenr
130	" Orlanda Betty	196	Davis, Joan Lucy Ann
131	Cadman, Irene	197	" Lena Victoria *
132	" Kenneth	198	Dettleff, Hansen Christopher *
133	Campbell, Ethel *	199	Dobbyn's, Jeannie Lilian Mary
134	" Ian Thomas *	200	" Timothy John
135	" Nadine	201	Duncan, Alice Florence
136	" Ray *	202	" Doreen
137	Cantlie, Ian Michael	203	" Joan Ellen
138	" Judith Mary	204	" William
139	" Sheila Muriel *	205	Dunn, Alan Keith
140	" William Joseph	206	" Janice
141	Card, Enid	207	Ernest-Jones, Carolyn Frances
142	" Peter Alan	208	" Edward Graham
143	Carey, Anthony Michael	209	Etheridge, Alice Mary
144	" Gladys	210	" Georgina Bond *
145	" Mary Ann Margaret	211	" William Arthur
146	" Michael Raymond	212	Farrow, John
147	" Terence James	213	" Sheelagh Helen
148	Cartnell, Frederick James	214	Felton, Derek Roy *
149	" Sarah Craig *	215	" Elizabeth Agnes *
150	" Sarah Matilda *	216	" Isabella Violet
151	Chater, Anthony Richard	217	" Walter Arthur
152	Chattell, Blodwen Jean	218	Ferguson, Ethel Mary *
153	" Ewart Harry	219	Fleuret, Kathleen Mary *
154	Cheek, Dorothy Mary Gladys	220	" Theodore Clovis *
155	" Frederick John *	221	Ford, Arthur Henry
156	" Gerald Winston	222	" Barry William
157	" Marie	223	" Colleen Mary
158	Clarke, Camilla Marie	224	" Dorothy Minnie
159	" David James	225	" Elizabeth Harriet
160	" Doreen	226	" Frederick James
161	" Ian	227	" Glenda
162	" Jane Lucacia *	228	" James Edward
163	" Martin James	229	" Michael
164	" Ronald John	230	" Violet Irene
165	" Rudy Thomas	231	" William John
166	" Terence John	232	Forster, Dorothy Margaret
167	Clausen, Lilian Rose Orissa	233	Fuhlendorff, Valdemar Ernest
168	Clement, Wickham Howard *	234	Fullerton, Mary Ellen
169	Clements, Raymond David	235	Gaiger, Kenneth William
170	" Sarah Jones Black	236	" Phyllis Ann
171	Cletheroe, Albert Richard *	237	Geraghty, Martin
172	" Daphne Harriet *	238	Gilding, Jacqueline
173	" Emily Ellen *	239	" Peter Bernard
174	" Leslie John *	240	Gleadell, Ernest Charles Stanbury *
175	" Lily Catherine	241	Gooch, Dudley Frederick
176	" Stanley William *	242	Goodwin, Bert Samuel
177	" William Harold	243	" Colin Valentine
178	Clifton, Charles	244	" Dorothy Idina
179	" Jessie Emily Jane	245	" Ernest Gilbert *
180	" Leonard	246	" Hazel Rose
181	" Thora Janeene	247	" Jacqueline Nancy

- 248 Goodwin, John Kenneth \*  
 249 " June Elizabeth  
 250 " Laurence Henry  
 251 " Mary Agnes Alice Crawford \*  
 252 " Mary Ann \*  
 253 " William Andrew Nutt  
 254 Goss, Dorothy Ellen  
 255 " Grace Elizabeth \*  
 256 " Margaret Rose  
 257 " Peter  
 258 " Richard Victor \*  
 259 " William Henry \*  
 260 Halliday, Evelyn Edna  
 261 " Fanny Stanbury \*  
 262 " James Robert  
 263 " John Henry \*  
 264 " John James  
 265 " Joyce Isabella Patience  
 266 " Kenneth William  
 267 " Leslie John \*  
 268 " Mabel \*  
 269 " Margaret Mary  
 270 " Raynor  
 271 " William John \*  
 272 Hansen, Douglas John  
 273 " Louisa Hannah \*  
 274 Hardy, Elsie \*  
 275 Harris, Jill Yolanda Miller  
 276 " Leslie Sidney  
 277 " William Charles Henry George \*  
 278 Harrison, George \*  
 279 " Jane Candice  
 280 Harvey, James Claude  
 281 Heathman, Albert Stanley Kenneth \*  
 282 " Ewart Tony  
 283 " Malcolm Keith  
 284 " Violet \*  
 285 Henricksen, Albert James  
 286 " Winifred Mary Elizabeth  
 287 Hewitt, David George  
 288 " James \*  
 289 " Olga  
 290 " Rachel Catherine Orissa  
 291 " Robert John David  
 292 Hill, David Austen  
 293 " Helen Dorothy  
 294 Hills, Heather Margaret  
 295 " Mary Elizabeth \*  
 296 " Richard William  
 297 " William Phorsen \*  
 298 Hirtle, Caroline Ellen \*  
 299 " Mary Ann \*  
 300 " Robert Andrew Eric  
 301 " Robert Clarence \*  
 302 " Sandra May Winifred  
 303 " Wallace Carlinden \*  
 304 Hoggarth, Agnes Christina  
 305 " William  
 306 Howatt, Derek Frank  
 307 " Elizabeth Ann  
 308 " Frank Derby  
 309 Jacobsen, James Sarin  
 310 Jaffray, Angus  
 311 " Estell Anita  
 312 Jaffray, John Summers  
 313 " Rebecca Dickson  
 314 " William  
 315 Jennings, Ada Catherine \*  
 316 " Dora Irene \*  
 317 " Hamish Warren  
 318 " Margaret Ellen  
 319 " Mary Ann Helen \*  
 320 " Neil  
 321 Johnson, Beatrice Ellen \*  
 322 " Gladys Mabel  
 323 " Lily Ann  
 324 " Patrick Thomas  
 325 " Stanley Howard \*  
 326 " Stephen Neil  
 327 Jones, David Richard  
 328 " Doreen Evelyn Margaret  
 329 " Theodora Emily  
 330 " William John  
 331 Keenleyside, Charles Desmond  
 332 " Charles Desmond Jnr.  
 333 " Dorothy Maud  
 334 " Manfred Michael Ian  
 335 Kenny, Erling  
 336 " Thelma Valdina \*  
 337 Kerr, James \*  
 338 " Margaret Joyce  
 339 King, Desmond George Buckley  
 340 " Gladys Evelyn  
 341 " Nanette  
 342 " Vernon Thomas  
 343 Lang, Dorothy Mary Eleanor \*  
 344 " Patrick Andrew  
 345 Larsen, Ellen  
 346 " Margaret Anne  
 347 Lee, Alfred Francis \*  
 348 " Alfred Leslie  
 349 " Elsie Adelaide \*  
 350 " Leslie James  
 351 " Malvina  
 352 " Patrick James  
 353 Lehen, Maurice \*  
 354 Lellman, Francis Theodore \*  
 355 Livermore, Rose Louisa \*  
 356 Luxton, Constance \*  
 357 " Ernest Falkland \*  
 358 " Henry Thomas  
 359 " Keith William \*  
 360 " Michael  
 361 " Sybil Grace \*  
 362 " Winifred Ellen  
 363 Lyse, Ethel Malvina  
 364 " George Walter  
 365 " Reginald Sturdee  
 366 " Sydney Russell \*  
 367 Malcolm, George  
 368 " Velma  
 369 Martin, George Alexander \*  
 370 " Roger  
 371 May, Heather  
 372 " James John  
 373 " William Albert  
 374 Meanwell, David Noel  
 375 Middleton, Cyril  
 376 " Ellen \*  
 377 " James (2) \*

378	Middleton, James (3) *	444	McMillan, William *
379	" James Stewart *	445	McPhee, Emily Mary Ellen
380	" Joan Eliza	446	" Gerald Ian
381	" Leonard	447	" Grace Darling *
382	" Margaret Wilhelmina	448	" Marjorie May
383	" Marion Sarah Ellen	449	" Owen Horace
384	" Shirley	450	" Patrick
385	Miller, Betty Lois *	451	" Terence Owen
386	" Sydney *	452	" Sheila Margaret
387	Milne, Henry Millar *	453	Neilson, Barry Marwood
388	" Madeline Marie Irma	454	" Mabel *
389	Minto, Gladys Elizabeth	455	Newman, Adrian Henry Frederick
390	" Leonard	456	" Joyce Noreen
391	Miranda, Winifred Dorothy	457	" Rebecca Dickson
392	Monk, Arthur Joseph Philip *	458	" Wilfred Lawrence *
393	" Edna May	459	Pauloni, Robert Romeo
394	Morrison, Basil	460	Peake, Arthur
395	" Catherine Rose	461	Pearson, Ellen Elizabeth
396	" Clair Linda	462	" Isabella *
397	" Donald Ewan *	463	" Robert *
398	" Douglas Roy	464	Peart, Edward James Campbell *
399	" Fayen	465	" Robert Ernest *
400	" Gerald	466	Peck, Andrew Rodger *
401	" Jean Buik	467	" Burned Brian
402	" Marjorie Beatrice	468	" Edith *
403	" Mary Ann *	469	" Elsie Grace *
404	" Mary Ellen *	470	" Evelyn Elizabeth
405	" Norman	471	" James Watson Craumer *
406	" Patrick	472	" Mary
407	" Roderick *	473	" Percy Philip *
408	" Trevor *	474	" Sarah Maria *
409	" William Roderick Halliday	475	" William George Edward *
410	Murray, Ronald Robert *	476	Pedersen, Mary Ann
411	Macaskill, John	477	Perkins, Vivienne Esther Mary
412	" Jeannette May	478	Perry, Annie Elizabeth *
413	MacDonald, Colin George	479	" Beatrice Annie Jane *
414	" Yvonne Helen	480	" Christopher *
415	MacKenzie, William	481	" Euphemia *
416	McAskill, Donald William *	482	" Hilda Blanche
417	" Jane Eliza *	483	" Robert Juan Carlos
418	" Susan Blanche *	484	" Stella Margeory *
419	McCallum, Bettina Kay	485	" Thomas George
420	" Ellen *	486	" William John *
421	" Jack	487	Pettersson, Eileen Heather
422	McGill, Doris Mary	488	" Tony
423	" Glenda	489	Phillips, Carol Joan
424	" Ian Peter	490	" Terence
425	" Keith William *	491	Pole-Evans, Amy Rose
426	McKay, Daisy	492	" Michael Anthony
427	" David	493	Poole, Charles Lawrence *
428	" Gerard	494	" Evelyn May
429	" Heather Valerie	495	" Isabella Jane *
430	" James John	496	" William John
431	" Jane Elizabeth	497	Porter, Kenneth William
432	" Laura Jessie	498	" Mary *
433	" Paulina Agatha	499	Reeve, Michael David
434	" Rex	500	Reid, Pamela Margaret
435	" Rosie Louisa Grace *	501	Reive, Eleanor Maud Ioné *
436	" Stephen John	502	" Ernest
437	McLeod, Archibald *	503	" Frederick John
438	" Ellen May *	504	" Leonard Lawrence *
439	" Margaret Anne	505	" Roma Endora Mary
440	" Murdoch Angus *	506	" Terence
441	" William	507	Ridley, Douglas Vincent John
442	McMillan, Donald Hugh *	508	Roberts, Laura May
443	" Frances Evelyn	509	" William Henry

510	Robertson, Charles Honeyman *	576	Spinks, Alexander
511	Robinson, John Andrew	577	" Malvina Ellen
512	" Fiona Hill	578	Spraggon, Daniel Martin *
513	Robson, Edward Andrew *	579	Spruce, Helena Joan
514	" Elspeth Lucy *	580	" Terence George
515	" Gladys Mary	581	Stacey, Lilian Clara *
516	" Louis Michael	582	Steen, Emma Jane
517	" Patricia Laura *	583	" Gail
518	" Robert Lionel *	584	" Vernon Robert
519	" Violet Malvina Emily *	585	Stephenson, James
520	Rowlands, Catherine Anne	586	" Joan Margaret
521	" Daisy Malvina	587	Stewart, David William
522	" Harold Theodore *	588	" Henry William Alfred
523	" John Richard	589	" Hulda Fraser
524	" Lucy *	590	" John
525	Rozee, Betty	591	" Keith Gordon *
526	" Derek Robert Thomas	592	" Mary Ann *
527	Ryan, Bridget Rose	593	" Muriel Olive *
528	" David Anthony	594	" Phyllis Marjorie
529	Sarney, Harry *	595	" Robert
530	Saunders, Robert	596	" William Henry Keith
531	Seeley, Peter George	597	" Yvonne Malvina
532	" Shirley Eva	598	Strange, Annie
533	Shaw, Maureen Hazel	599	" Ian John
534	" Trevor Jervis	600	Summers, Aubrey Vernon *
535	Shedden, James Alexander	601	" Brian
536	Short, Agnes Jane	602	" Christina Maud
537	" Agnes Mary Ann *	603	" Dorothy Constance
538	" Arthur Richard	604	" Edith Catherine
539	" Charles William	605	" Elizabeth Margaret *
540	" Emily Christina	606	" Iris Blanche
541	" Florence Mary *	607	" Keith Medlicott
542	" Frederick George *	608	" Kenneth Claud
543	" George Henry *	609	" Lavina *
544	" John George Archibald *	610	" Nigel Clive
545	" Montana Tyrone	611	" Owen William
546	" Peter Robert	612	" Pamela Rosemary Cheek
547	" Philip Stanley	613	" Philip George
548	" Riley Ethro	614	" Tony
549	" Rose	615	" Veronica
550	" Rose Stella	616	" Victor Leonard
551	" Thomas Henry	617	Teague, Barbara
552	Skilling, Emily Louisa *	618	Thain, Gladys
553	" Thomas *	619	Thom, David Anderson
554	Slade, Harry Edward *	620	" Dorothy Irene
555	Smith, Derek	621	Thompson, William John
556	" Eric	622	Turner, Alva Ynonne
557	" George Douglas *	623	" Melvyn George
558	" Hannah Caroline	624	Villanueva, Maria Marta
559	" Ileen Rose	625	Watkinson, Douglas Harold
560	" James Stanley	626	" Sarah Mary
561	" Jessie Maud *	627	Watson, Catherine Wilhelmina Jessie
562	" John	628	" Glenda Joyce
563	" Mary Ellen	629	" Hannah Maud
564	" Michael Edmund	630	" Louis James
565	" Robert William	631	" Neil
566	" Sydney Frederick	632	" Robert Muir
567	" Violet Catherine *	633	Watts, Ada Mabel
568	Sollis, Denis John *	634	" Patrick James
569	" Sarah Emma Maude	635	" Rita
570	Sornsen, Agnes Caroline *	636	" Veronica
571	" George Albert *	637	White, Diane Evelyn
572	" Isabella *	638	" Ian Michael
573	Spall, Christopher Richard	639	Whitney, Catherine Margaret Rebecca
574	Spencer, Elizabeth Agnes *	640	" Ellen Brenda
575	" William Ernest *	641	" Frederick Eddy

642 Whitney, Frederick William  
643 " Patrick George  
644 " Susan Joan  
645 Williams, Annie Margaret \*  
646 " Charlotte Agnes \*  
647 " Eugene

648 Williams, John Dolan \*  
649 " Marlene Rose Elizabeth  
650 Wilson, Dorothea May  
651 Winteringham, Timothy Peter  
Worsley

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR

## East Falkland Electoral Area

## REGISTER OF ELECTORS

1	Alazia, Charlie	64	Davis, Albert Henry
2	" Freda Evelyn	65	" Elsie Gladys Margaret *
3	" Hazel	66	" Reginald John
4	" Henry John	67	" Violet
5	" Patrick Elery	68	" Wilhelmina Dorothy *
6	" Thora Lilian	69	" William James
7	Anderson, Gloria	70	" William John *
8	" Gordon	71	" Yona
9	" Nigel	72	Daykin, Kathleen Ruth Elma *
10	" Tony James	73	Dearling, Leo Alexander
11	" Jenny	74	Dickson, Caroline Christine Bird *
12	Ashworth, Glennis	75	" Doreen
13	" Malcolm	76	" Gerald William
14	Atkins, Eileen Malvina	77	" Iris
15	" Jack	78	" Ronald Edward
16	Baillie, Keith	79	Edwards, David
17	" Virginia Elizabeth Sarah	80	Faria, Mary Ann
18	Balfour, Edward McMahon	81	Felton, John Roy Stanley
19	Barton, Coral Inez	82	" Judith Orissa
20	" John David *	83	Ferguson, Finlay James
21	Beattie, Betty	84	Fielding, Heather
22	" Thomas George	85	" Philip John
23	Berntsen, Ellen Rose	86	Finlayson, Barry Donald
24	" Frederick George	87	" Charles John
25	" Jeanette	88	" Hugh
26	" John Alexander	89	" Iris Dwenda Margaret
27	" Mary Anne Margaret	90	" Iris Heather
28	" Olaf Christian Alexander	91	" Phyllis
29	" Raymond	92	Ford, Charles David
30	Berrido, Alexander	93	" Fanny Davidson
31	" Philip *	94	" John
32	Biggs, James Keith	95	Gleadell, Anne *
33	Billett, Leslie William	96	Goodwin, Douglas Sturdee
34	Binnie, Linda Rose	97	" Isobel Helena *
35	" Ronald Eric	98	" June Rose Elizabeth
36	Blake, Anthony Thomas	99	" Robin Christopher
37	" Lyndsay Rae	100	" Sarah Maggie Rose
38	Bonner, Doreen Milliam	101	" Una
39	" Henry John	102	Goss, Eric Miller
40	" Keith James	103	" Roderick Jacob
41	" Roderick Richard	104	" Shirley Ann
42	Brooks, Frank	105	Gould, Arthur William
43	Browning, David Lennard	106	Grant, Leonard John
44	" Frances Agnes	107	" Millie
45	" Kelvin	108	Gray, David Edward
46	Buse, Oscar Karl	109	" Patricia May
47	Cartmell, Andrew Nutt	110	Greenshields, Harland Llewellyn
48	Clark, Derek	111	" Janet Louisa
49	" Mary Ellen	112	Hadden, Alexander Burnett
50	Clarke, Michael John	113	" Sheila Peggy
51	Clasen, Agnes Christina	114	Halliday, Gerald
52	" Clavis Edward	115	Hardcastle, Brook *
53	" Frederick James	116	" Eileen Beryl
54	" Mally	117	Harvey, Beatrice Louisa Catherine
55	Clausen, Denzil	118	Hatch, Albert John
56	" Henry	119	Hillman, Carol Diane
57	Cletheroe, Kenneth Stanley	120	" Roger Franklin
58	Clifton, Doreen	121	Hirtle, Leonard Lloyd
59	" Terence Charles	122	" Shirley
60	Cooke, Carol Anne	123	Humphreys, Dennis James
61	" James Richard	124	Hutton, Elizabeth Isabella
62	Coutts, Alexander *	125	" Philip
63	Davis, Aase	126	Jaffray, Alexander

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.



127	Jaffray, Brian	193	McPhee, Kenneth John
128	" Eileen	194	McRae, James Bartholomew
129	" Elliott Jessie	195	" Malvina Mary
130	" Helen Rose	196	" Robert George Hector
131	" Ian	197	Newman, Dorothy Elizabeth *
132	" John Willie	198	" Marlene
133	" Phyllis	199	" Raymond Winston
134	" Robin George	200	O'Shea, Desmond
135	" Roderick Donald William John	201	Packer, Robert Neil
136	" Tony	202	Parrin, Norman George *
137	" Velma Emily	203	Pauloni, Romolo Vittorio
138	Keane, Alva Rose Marie	204	Pemberton, James Arnold
139	" Thomas James	205	" Margaret Rose
140	Kiddle, Malvina Thelma	206	Perry, Augustav Walter
141	" Robert	207	" Thora Virginia
142	Knight, Nigel Arthur	208	Phillips, Albert James
143	" Shirley Louvain Patricia	209	" Charles William
144	Larsen, Ronald Ivan	210	" Lynda
145	" Yvonne	211	" Jesse
146	Lee, Robin Myles	212	" Jessie Catherine *
147	" Susan Mary	213	Pitaluga, Jene Ellen
148	Lowe, Adrian Stewart	214	" Robin Andreas Mackintosh *
149	May, Corinne Norma	215	Robson, Gerard Michael
150	" Bruce Raymond	216	" Raymond Nigel
151	Middleton, Dennis Michael	217	Ross, Lachlan Neil
152	" Sharon Elizabeth	218	Seazell, Peter Geoffrey
153	Miller, Alan Charles	219	Shepherd, David Samuel Dick
154	" Carol	220	" Elizabeth
155	" James	221	Sinclair, Celia Joyce
156	Minnell, Benjamin James	222	" Simon Keith
157	" Hazel Eileen	223	Skears, Peter
158	Mitchell, Fay Ellen	224	Smith, David
159	" Gary John	225	" Edith Winifred *
160	Monk, Adrian Bertrand *	226	" Francis Henry Hewitt
161	" Nora May	227	" Frederick George Peter
162	Morrison, Elenor Olive	228	" George Patterson
163	" Hyacinth Emily	229	" Jenny Lorrane
164	" John Murdo	230	" Henry William
165	" Michael John	231	" Norah
166	" Nanette	232	" Osmond Raymond
167	" Ronald Terence	233	Sornsen, James Winston
168	" Stewart	234	Stewart, George Alexander
169	" Susan Margaret	235	" Sylvia Rose
170	" Trudi Lynette	236	Summers, Gloria Jane
171	" Violet Sarah	237	" Michael Kenneth
172	" William Dickson *	238	" Stanley Frederick *
173	MacIntyre, Dugald James	239	" Terence
174	McBain, Arthur	240	" William Edward *
175	" Rhoda	241	Tasker, Dennis George
176	McCallum, James	242	Thompson, George Henry
177	McKay, Clara Mary	243	Thorsen, Gloria Penelope
178	" Roderick John	244	Trise, Malcolm Roy
179	" William Robert	245	Turner, Diana Jane
180	McKee, John *	246	" Ronald
181	McKenzie, Alice Maude	247	Walker, Ian
182	" Charles Alexander Albert John	248	Wemyss, Peter James
183	" James	249	" Zena Jessie
184	McLeod, Albert John	250	Whitney, Agnes Katherine
185	" Christine Marion Agnes	251	" Dennis
186	" Donald Henry	252	" Henry Leslie
187	" Sarah Rose	253	" Keith
188	McMullen, June	254	" Lana Rose
189	" Tony	255	" Leona Ann
190	McNally, Gaye	256	Wilson, Margaret Jean
191	" Robert John	257	" John
192	McPhee, June Iris	258	Woodward, James Gregory
		259	" Janet Elizabeth



## West Falkland Electoral Area

## REGISTER OF ELECTORS

1	Alazia, Dorothy Fay	60	Dunford, David Philip
2	" George Robert	61	Evans, Derek Stanley
3	Aldridge, Caroline Mary	62	" Gladys Alberta
4	" Kenneth John	63	" Griffith Owen
5	" Olive Elizabeth	64	" Margaret Ann
6	" Thomas George	65	" Olwen Carol
7	Amadio, Rita Ellen Ottile †	66	" Raymond
8	Anderson, Marina Rose	67	Fairley, John
9	" Ronald	68	Featherbe, Terence Randall
10	" Reginald Stanford	69	Felton, Anthony Terence
11	" Thomas †	70	" Violet Regina Margaret
12	Barnes, Deirdre	71	Ferguson, Robert John
13	" Marshall	72	" Thelma
14	" William Frederick John	73	Fielder, Lily
15	Berntsen, Arina Janice	74	Findlay, Carrie Madeline Helen
16	" Kathleen Edith Mary Lucy Crawford	75	" Gerald
17	" Kenneth Frederick	76	Fogerty, Richard Edwin John
18	" Sidney Lawrence	77	Giles, Gilbert
19	Bertrand, Catherine Gladys	78	Gleadell, Ian Keith
20	" Cecil William Wickham †	79	" Mavis Marie
21	Betts, Alan Sturdee †	80	Goodwin, Emily Rose
22	" Arthur John	81	" Kathleen Edith Margaret †
23	" Bernard Keith	82	" Marina
24	" Cyril Severine †	83	" Raymond Hayward
25	" Ellen Alma	84	" Rupert Valentine †
26	" Hyacinth Emily †	85	" William John Maurice
27	" Irene Marion	86	Halliday, Ann
28	Biggs, Michael Elfred	87	" Christina Jane †
29	Binnie, Albert Frederick	88	" Leslie John Arthur †
30	" Horace James	89	Hansen, Lionel Raymond
31	" Rose	90	" Rose Idina
32	Blackley, John David	91	Harradine, Christina Mary
33	" Maurice	92	" John Patrick
34	Blake, Lionel Geoffrey †	93	Harvey, Alfred Sydney
35	" Sally Gwynfa	94	" Jen
36	Bonner, Donald William	95	" Muriel
37	" Simon	96	" Valerie Ann
38	" Vera Joan	97	Hayward, Peter Dennis
39	Cadman, Graham Ewan	98	Hirtle, Doris Linda
40	Chandler, Ann Beatrice	99	" Fenton
41	" Edward	100	Hobman, John Malcolm
42	Cockwell, Grizelda Susan	101	" Marilu
43	" John Richard	102	Hurst, David William
44	Cofre, Dierdree Emma	103	" Una
45	" Elvio	104	Johnson, Stanley Peter
46	Coutts, Frederick George	105	" Violet Alberta †
47	Cunningham, William Johnston	106	Jones, Albert Charles
48	Cusworth, Alan David	107	Kiddle, Peter †
49	" Alana Marie	108	" Robert Karl
50	Davidson, Donald	109	Laffi, Kathleen Mary
51	" Margaret Christine	110	Landers, Stephen James
52	Dickson, Edward Thomas Crawford	111	Lang, May Malvina
53	" Mildred Ellen	112	" William Frank
54	Donnelly, Daniel	113	Lee, Carole
55	" Joyce Elizabeth	114	" Elizabeth
56	Duncan, Avis	115	" John Alfred
57	" David John	116	" June Elliot
58	" James Alexander	117	" Margaret Davidina Louisa †
59	" Peter Reed Howard †	118	" Rodney William
		119	" Sidney Simpson

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.

120	Limburn, Daniel Robert	169	Peck, Maureen Heather
121	" Monica	170	" Patrick William
122	Llamosa, George Alexander †	171	Plummer, Cecil Hicks John †
123	Luxton, Patricia Maureen	172	Pole-Evans, Anthony Reginald
124	" William Robert	173	" Douglas Markham †
125	Lyse, Ernest Lewis †	174	" Jessie
126	MacBeth, Phyllis Elizabeth Grace	175	" Orissa Mary Eleanor †
127	" William Campbell	176	" Shirley Helen
128	Maddocks, Charles	177	" William Reginald
129	" Iris May	178	" Yvonne Mary
130	" Robert Charles	179	Porter, Charles
131	Mapson, David John	180	" George
132	Marsh, Frank	181	" Jean Lavina
133	" June	182	" Joan
134	" Roy Thomas	183	Reeves, Cheryl Rose
135	May, Brian Roy	184	" Ronald James
136	" Monica	185	Robertson, Ann
137	Miller, Carol	186	" James Richard
138	" Florence Roberta †	187	" Peter Charles
139	" Simon Roy	188	" Robin Evelyn Thelma
140	" Stanley Frank †	189	Ross, Colin
141	Molkenbuhr, Betty Marie	190	" Roy
142	" Claudio Eugenio	191	Sackett, Albert John
143	Morrison, Eric George	192	" Marjorie
144	" Kenneth	193	Short, Christina Ethel
145	" Muriel Eliza Ivy †	194	" Donald Robert Gordon
146	" Lena	195	" Evelyn May Elizabeth
147	" Leslie Theodore Norman	196	" George Charles
148	Murphy, Bessie	197	" Isobel Rose
149	" Michael James †	198	" Joseph Leslie
150	" Roy David	199	" Patrick Warburton
151	McCallion, Sean	200	Small, Lee Oliver
152	McCormick, Pauline Margaret Ruth	201	Smith, Adeline Jane †
153	" Ronald	202	" Alice Maud †
154	McGill, Lorraine Iris	203	" Andrew Ludwig Clifford
155	" Robin Perry	204	" Francis David †
156	McKay, Isabella Alice	205	" Gerard Alexander
157	" Richard	206	" Gwenifer May
158	McLaren, Anthony James	207	" Heather
159	" Ellen	208	" Janice
160	McLeod, David	209	" Keva Elizabeth
161	McRae, David Michael	210	" Peter Lars
162	" Richard Winston	211	" Robin Charles
163	Napier, Lily	212	Stewart, George Nathaniel
164	" Roderick Bertrand	213	Triggs, Lorena Mary Amethyst
165	Newell, Joseph Orr	214	" Robert William
166	Newman, Frederick Clarence Walwin	215	White, Betty
167	Nightingale, Margaret Kathleen	216	" John Wright †
168	Peake, Fay Christine		

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

1 JUNE 1976

No. 6

## Completion of Contracts

Richard Frederick Stocks, Assistant Superintendent, Public Works Department, 21.4.76.

Miss Frances Peck, Clerk, Posts and Telecommunications Department, 25.4.76.

Bernard Turner, Superintendent, Public Works Department, 12.5.76.

Mrs. Carol Diane Hillman, Certificated Teacher, Education Department, 22.5.76.

## NOTICES

No. 25. 12th May 1976.

The following telegrams exchanged between His Excellency the Governor and the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs are published for general information —

*From His Excellency the Governor to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs*

"I should be grateful if you would convey to Her Majesty the Queen the loyal and heartfelt greetings of her subjects in the Falkland Islands and Dependencies on the occasion of Her Majesty's birthday, and with humble duty I ask Her Majesty to accept our most respectful good wishes."

*From the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs to His Excellency the Governor*

"Your telegram has been laid before the Queen. I am commanded to convey Her Majesty's sincere thanks to you and to all who associated themselves with your message of loyal greetings on the occasion of Her Majesty's birthday."

Ref. INT/21/6.

No. 26.

17th May 1976.

## General Election, 1976

The following amendment is made to the Register of Electors for the East Falkland Electoral Area which appears in the 7th May 1976, issue of the Falkland Islands Gazette —

Delete 148 Lowe, Adrian Stewart

Ref. LEC/20/2.

## Customs Ordinance (Cap. 16)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Customs Ordinance I hereby appoint Mr. David Ryan to be a Deputy Collector of Customs during the period of my absence from the Colony on leave with effect from the 20th May 1976.

L. J. HALLIDAY,  
Collector of Customs.

## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS NOTICE UNDER THE TRUSTEE ACT 1925

In the matter of David Brown McKay, deceased, late of Stanley, Falkland Islands.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 27 of the Trustee Act 1925, that creditors and other persons having claims against the estate of the above named deceased shall give notice thereof in writing to the Official Administrator, Stanley, Falkland Islands, administrator of the estate of the said David Brown McKay not later than the 20th day of June 1976, after which time the Official Administrator intends to distribute the estate of the said David Brown McKay among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been then received by the said Official Administrator.

H. BENNETT,  
Stanley,  
25th May 1976.  
SC & L 22/75.

H. BENNETT,  
Official Administrator.

## NOTICE OF ELECTION RESULTS

### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

#### Election of Legislative Councillor for the Electoral Area of West Falkland

I, THE UNDERSIGNED, being the Returning Officer at the Election of one Legislative Councillor for the said Electoral Area DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that the Candidate at the Election whose name is entered in Column 3 of the Statement hereunder opposite to the Numbers entered in Column 2 has been duly elected Legislative Councillor.

Names of Candidates 1	Number of votes recorded 2	Names of Candidates elected 3
BLAKE, Lionel Geoffrey	97	BLAKE, Lionel Geoffrey
CUSWORTH, Alan David	70	

Dated this 20th day of May 1976.

C. MADDOCKS,  
*Returning Officer.*

#### Election of Legislative Councillor for the Electoral Area of the East Falkland

I, THE UNDERSIGNED, being the Returning Officer at the Election of one Legislative Councillor for the said Electoral Area DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that the Candidate at the Election whose name is entered in Column 3 of the Statement hereunder opposite to the Numbers entered in Column 2 has been duly elected Legislative Councillor.

Names of Candidates 1	Number of votes recorded 2	Names of Candidates elected 3
MONK, Adrian Bertrand	155	MONK, Adrian Bertrand
HARDCASTLE, Brook	41	

Dated this 20th day of May 1976.

A. B. HADDEN,  
*Returning Officer.*

#### Election of Legislative Councillors for the Electoral Area of Stanley

I, THE UNDERSIGNED, being the Returning Officer at the Election of two Legislative Councillors for the said Electoral Area DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that the Candidates at the Election whose names are entered in Column 3 of the Statement hereunder opposite to the Numbers entered in Column 2 have been duly elected Legislative Councillors.

Names of Candidates 1	Number of votes recorded 2	Names of Candidates elected 3
BOWLES, William Edward	328	BOWLES, William Edward
KING, Desmond George Buckley	145	
SMITH, John	343	SMITH, John

Dated this 21st day of May 1976.

H. BENNETT,  
*Returning Officer.*

# PROCLAMATION

No. 1 of 1976

Made under section 24 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council)  
Orders in Council, 1948 to 1976.

IN THE NAME of Her Majesty ELIZABETH II., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories Queen, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith.

N. A. I. FRENCH



*By His Excellency* NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH,  
ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of*  
*St. Michael and St. George, Member of the Royal Victorian*  
*Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the*  
*Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by subsection (1) of section 24 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders in Council, 1948 to 1976, it is provided that the sittings of the Council shall be held at such times and places as the Governor shall from time to time appoint by Proclamation:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, in exercise of the powers vested in me aforesaid, do by this Proclamation appoint Tuesday, the 15th day of June 1976 at 10.00 a.m. at the Court and Council Chambers, Stanley, to be the time and place for a sitting of the Legislative Council of the Colony.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 24th day of May in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-six.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

D. R. MORRISON,

*Acting Chief Secretary.*

Ref. LEC/35/1.

## APPOINTMENT OF GOVERNOR'S DEPUTY

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent 1908, provides that in the event of the death or incapacity of the Governor, or in the event of his absence from the Colony of the Falkland Islands otherwise than for the purpose of visiting the Dependencies, the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony shall be Governor for the time being of the Dependencies:

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor.

This Instrument shall come into operation whenever I may be unable to perform the duties of Governor and for whatever reason I may be unable to do so.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 7th day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventy-six.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Gordon James Augustus Slater, Esquire, to be an Extraordinary Member of the Executive Council.

N. A. I. FRENCH



*By His Excellency* NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 13th day of December 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet.

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 13th day of December 1948, it is declared that the Governor may, from time to time, appoint persons other than ex-officio Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint —

GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE,

to be an Extraordinary Member of my Executive Council.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 21st day of May, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-six.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

D. R. MORRISON,

*Acting Chief Secretary.*

EXC/19/1C.



Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Victor Goss, O.B.E., E.D., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

N. A. I. FRENCH

LS

*By His Excellency NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 13th day of December 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet.

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 13th day of December 1948, it is declared that the Governor may, from time to time, appoint persons other than ex-officio Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint—

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL RICHARD VICTOR GOSS, O.B.E., E.D.,

to be a Member of my Executive Council until the 31st day of December 1976.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 31st day of May in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-six.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,

*Chief Secretary.*

EXC/19/1C.



Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing William Edward Bowles, Esquire, to be a Member of the Executive Council.

N. A. I. FRENCH



*By His Excellency* NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 13th day of December 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet.

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 13th day of December 1948, it is declared that the Governor may, from time to time, appoint persons other than ex-officio Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint—

WILLIAM EDWARD BOWLES, ESQUIRE,

to be a Member of my Executive Council until the 14th day of June 1976.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 31st day of May in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-six.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,

*Chief Secretary.*

EXC/19/1C.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Gordon James Augustus Slater, Esquire, to be an Extraordinary Member of the Legislative Council.

*By His Excellency NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

LS

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
Governor.

To: GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, Esquire.

By virtue of the powers and authority in me vested by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, I do hereby appoint you, the said Gordon James Augustus Slater, Esquire, to be an Extraordinary Member of the Legislative Council under Clause 8 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders in Council, 1948-76.

Given at Stanley this 24th day of May 1976.

By Command,  
D. R. Morrison,  
Acting Chief Secretary.

Ref. LEC/9/IC.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Horace Leslie Bound, Esquire, M.B.E., J.P., to be a Member of the Legislative Council.

*By His Excellency NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

LS

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
Governor.

To: HORACE LESLIE BOUND, Esquire, M.B.E., J.P.

By virtue of the powers and authority in me vested by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, I do hereby appoint you, the said Horace Leslie Bound, Esquire, M.B.E., J.P., to be a Member of the Legislative Council, under Clause 6 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders in Council, 1948-76.

*Given at Stanley this 24th day of May 1976.*

By Command,  
D. R. Morrison,  
Acting Chief Secretary.

Ref. LEC/9/IC.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Alexander Burnett Hadden, Esquire, B.E.M., to be a Member of the Legislative Council.

*By His Excellency NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

LS

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
Governor.

To: ALEXANDER BURNETT HADDEN, Esquire, B.E.M.

By virtue of the powers and authority in me vested by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, I do hereby appoint you, the said Alexander Burnett Hadden, Esquire, B.E.M., to be a Member of the Legislative Council under Clause 6 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders in Council, 1948-76.

Given at Stanley this 24th day of May 1976.

By Command,

D. R. Morrison,

Acting Chief Secretary.

Rel LEC/9/1C.

EDUCATION ORDINANCE 1967  
(No. 14 of 1967)

Schools (Amendment) Regulations 1976

No. 2 of 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 16 of the Education Ordinance 1967, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations —

1. These regulations may be cited as the Schools (Amendment) Regulations 1976 and shall be deemed to have come into operation on the 1st day of January 1976.

Citation and commencement.

2. Regulation 16 of the Schools Regulations 1967 is revoked and replaced by the following —

Revocation and replacement of regulation 16.  
(6 of 1967)

"Rates of allowances.

16. (1) Rates of allowances shall be as follows —

(a) for children who are between their eleventh and eighteenth birthdays on the first day of the term in respect of which allowance is claimed and who are at boarding schools in the United Kingdom or other Commonwealth country, which have been approved by the Governor in Council —

First child ...	£600
Second child ...	£650
Third child and each subsequent child	£750;

(b) for children attending schools in South America which do not provide boarding facilities or for children attending boarding schools in South America, all of which have been approved by the Governor in Council —

First child ...	£300
Second child ...	£350
Third child and each subsequent child	£424;

(2) Rates of allowance for children who are between their eleventh and eighteenth birthdays on the first day of the term in respect of which the allowance is claimed and who are staying with guardians in the United Kingdom or other Commonwealth country or other location approved by the Governor in Council and attending day school —

Each child ...	£100 per annum :
----------------	------------------

Provided that this allowance shall not be payable when a child is staying with a parent."

Made by the Governor in Council this 14th day of April 1976.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.*

Ref. EDU/2/1.

## A Bill for An Ordinance

Title.

### To amend the Administration of Estates Ordinance.

Date of commencement.

( 19 )

Enacting clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the  
Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Administration of  
Estates (Amendment) Ordinance 1976.

Addition of new section  
18A.  
(Cap. 1)

2. The Administration of Estates Ordinance is amended by  
adding after section 18 the following new section —

\*Remuneration  
of Official  
Administrator.

18A. The  $7\frac{1}{2}$  per centum to be paid by the Official  
Administrator into the Treasury under subsection (2)  
of section 18 shall be applied in the manner following,  
that is to say —

(1) 5 per centum shall be paid by the Treasury to  
the Official Administrator on the complete adminis-  
tration of the estate as a remuneration for the services  
he is required to perform.

(2)  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per centum shall be to defray the incidental  
expenses of administering the estate."

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

The object of this Bill is to provide remuneration for the Official  
Administrator for the services he is required to perform under the Adminis-  
tration of Estates Ordinance.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE (Extraordinary) PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

11 JUNE 1976

No. 7

## A Bill for An Ordinance Further to amend the Livestock Ordinance.

( 19 )

Title.

Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Livestock (Amendment) Ordinance 1976, and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by notice in the Gazette.

Citation and commencement.

2. Section 2 of the Livestock Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is repealed and replaced by the following —

Repeal and replacement of section 2.

In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires —

Interpretation.

“Affected sheep” means any sheep affected with lice or ked or any parasitic disease or which within six months have been exposed to disease as aforesaid.

“Destroy” shall mean kill and either bury at a depth of not less than two feet under the ground or consume by fire or boil down.

“Dipping” means the subjection of sheep to effective tick and ked destroying preparation (in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations) by means of immersion or by such other means or in such manner as may be approved by the Governor in Council or, with reference to lice, scab, or itchmite in sheep, means the subjection of sheep to effective lice, scab, or itchmite destroying preparation by such means or in such manner as may be approved by the Governor in Council.

"Dressing" means applying to a sheep a scab destroying preparation.

"Farmer" means the owner of any sheep, and includes the manager, overseer or person in charge of any sheep.

"Infected sheep" means any sheep infected with scab or other infectious or contagious disease or which within six months have been exposed to disease as aforesaid.

"Infected land" means land on which there is affected or infected sheep.

"Imported" means brought from any place beyond the limits of the Colony.

"Inspector" means an inspector appointed under section 3 of this Ordinance.

"Notice" means a notice in writing delivered to the person affected thereby or left at or affixed to the usual or last known place of abode of such person.

"Owner" includes a lessee from the Crown and the agent or manager of any absentee owner or lessee, and, with reference to the ownership of sheep, includes the manager, overseer or person in charge of any sheep.

"Public place" includes any street, highway, thoroughfare, bridge, park, garden or pleasure ground, and any unenclosed land or other place to which the public or any part of the public have for the time being access.

"Sheep" means any ram, ewe, wether or lamb.

"Stray sheep" means any sheep, not being a travelling sheep, upon land not in occupation of the owner of the sheep.

"Station" means the land, enclosures and buildings (but not a dwelling-house) occupied, or used by or in the holding of any farmer.

"Travelling sheep" means sheep being driven over any road or land not in the occupation of the owner of the sheep.

#### Amendment of section 5.

### 3. Section 5 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

- (a) by the deletion of the word "the" in line 4 and the substitution therefor of the following —

"any";

- (b) by the insertion after the word "infection" in line 5 of the following —

"or by the possession of any affected or infected sheep".

#### Repeal and replacement of section 12.

### 4. Section 12 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

"Notice to dip infected sheep.

12. (1) If any inspector is satisfied that any sheep in a flock are infected sheep, he may give the owner notice thereof requiring him to dip, dress and treat that flock for the removal of scab or other infectious or contagious disease, as the case may be, forthwith to the satisfaction of the said inspector or any other inspector; but if the inspector is satisfied that the sheep in that flock are intended and fit for slaughter, he may postpone the giving of the notice to dip and treat for a period not exceeding fourteen days.

Penalty for neglect to dip and treat after notice.

(2) Every such owner who refuses, neglects, or fails to comply with the notice on or before the date specified therein commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds; and if immediately after the date of that



conviction the sheep are not dipped, dressed and treated to the satisfaction of the inspector the owner commits a further offence and is liable on summary conviction to a further fine not exceeding fifty pounds, and if immediately after the date of the second conviction the sheep are not dipped, dressed or treated to the satisfaction of the inspector he shall cause the sheep to be dipped, dressed and treated at the owner's expense and to this end may take all steps necessary.

(3) Where the inspector incurs any expense in causing any sheep to be dipped, dressed and treated as aforesaid, the amount of that expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Crown from the owner of the sheep.

(4) Any owner who fails to eradicate scab or other infectious or contagious disease from his flock after notice has been given to him under subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £100 or to imprisonment for six months."

5. Section 13 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "affected with lice" the following —  
"or ked".

Amendment of section 13.

6. Section 14 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

Repeal and replacement of section 14.

"Penalty for driving affected sheep.

14. Every person who, without the permission of an inspector by himself or his agent or servant —

- (a) drives or moves by conveyance, or
- (b) depastures or suffers to stray any affected sheep

across or upon any land or upon any public place or from any station under quarantine commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds and not less than one pound for every day during which the sheep are so driven, conveyed, depastured, or suffered to stray."

7. Section 15 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

Repeal and replacement of section 15.

"Penalty on owner of affected sheep found in any pounds etc.

15. (1) If any affected sheep are found in any yard or in any pound, or on any land or other place at which sheep are offered for sale, and the owner knows that they are so affected, he commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

(2) Where the owner of sheep is charged with an offence against sub-section (1) of this section, and it is proved that the sheep have been found in any yard or any pound or on any land or other place at which sheep are offered for sale and that the sheep are affected sheep, the owner of the sheep shall be presumed to have known that the sheep were affected sheep unless he shows to the satisfaction of the Court that he had no knowledge thereof and could not with reasonable care have obtained that knowledge.

(3) Any inspector, if he considers it necessary, may order the withdrawal from sale of any affected sheep until they have been dipped and treated for the

removal of lice or ked to the satisfaction of the inspector, and shall give notice to the aforesaid owner of the sheep to dip and treat them for the removal of lice and ked forthwith at such place as the inspector may direct:

Provided that if the inspector is satisfied that the sheep are intended for immediate slaughter he may withhold the notice.

(4) Every such owner who refuses, neglects or fails to comply with any such notice commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a further fine not exceeding forty pounds."

Amendment of section 16.

8. Section 16 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

(a) by the insertion after the word "become" in line 3 the following —

"affected or";

(b) by the insertion after the word "infected" the following —  
"sheep".

Repeal and replacement of section 17.

9. Section 17 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

"Order to dip and treat affected sheep.

17. If an inspector is satisfied that any sheep are affected sheep, he shall give the owner of such sheep an order in writing to dip and treat such sheep for the removal of lice or ked forthwith, and if the owner shall not, in the opinion of an inspector, have made or be making reasonable exertions to dip and treat such sheep for the removal of lice or ked, or if at the expiration of twelve months such sheep shall, in the opinion of an inspector, still be affected sheep, the owner thereof shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of not less than  $\frac{1}{2}$ p and not more than 2p for every such sheep put out the previous autumn and as then entered in the annual stock return."

Repeal and replacement of section 18.

10. Section 18 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

"Neglect to dip and treat affected sheep.

18. If after the expiration of twelve months from the date of a conviction under the preceding section such sheep shall, in the opinion of an inspector, still be affected sheep, the owner of such sheep shall upon conviction be liable to a further penalty of 2p for every sheep put out the previous autumn and as then entered in the annual stock return, and so on for every succeeding period of twelve months."

Repeal and replacement of section 22.

11. Section 22 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

"Order to dip suspected sheep.

22. An inspector may at any time order that any sheep he may suspect to be affected or infected sheep be dipped and in the case of infected sheep dressed, and require any owner to disinfect any premises, yard or articles used by affected or infected sheep."

Amendment of section 25.

12. Section 25 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

(a) by the insertion after the words "detain any" in line one the following —

"affected or"; and

(b) by the insertion after the words "their being" and "they are" in line 4 and 8 the following —

"affected or".

13. Section 26 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the insertion after the words "shall be declared", "were not", and "to be" in line 4, 8 and 9 respectively the following —  
"affected or".

Amendment of section 26.

14. Section 27 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "are not" the following —  
"affected or".

Amendment of section 27.

15. Section 28 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "cast any" the following —  
"affected or".

Amendment of section 28.

16. Section 29 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "abandon any" and "of any" in line 1 and 2 respectively the following —  
"affected or".

Amendment of section 29.

17. Section 30 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "that any" and "of such" in line 2 and 5 respectively the following —  
"affected or".

Amendment of section 30.

18. Section 38 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the word "rule" appearing therein and the substitution therefor of the word "regulation".

Amendment of section 38.

19. Section 44 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "owner of" the following —  
"affected or".

Amendment of section 44.

20. The principal Ordinance is amended by adding, after section 44, the following new section —

Addition of new section 45.

"Burden of proof.

45. When the owner or person in charge of any affected or infected sheep is charged with an offence against this Ordinance relative to the sheep being affected or infected sheep he shall be presumed to have known of the existence of the sheep being affected or infected sheep unless and until he shows to the satisfaction of the Court that he had no knowledge thereof and could not with reasonable diligence have obtained that knowledge."

21. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended —

Amendment of Schedule.

(a) in Form 1 by the insertion after the word "are" the following —

"affected or";

(b) in Form 2 by the insertion after the word "not" the following —

"affected or";

(c) in Form 3 by the insertion after the words "with any" and "were any" in line 6 and 7 respectively the following —

"affected or".

## OBJECTS AND REASONS

As a result of representation from the Falkland Islands Sheepowners Association Limited the Livestock Ordinance has been amended to ensure stricter control in the Colony for the eradication of ked.

## A Bill for An Ordinance

Title.

To provide for the service of the year 1976-1977.

Enacting clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1976-77) Ordinance 1976.

Appropriation of  
£2,249,697 for the service  
of the year 1976-77.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the period 1st July 1976 to 30th June 1977, a sum not exceeding Two million, two hundred and forty-nine thousand, six hundred and ninety-seven pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1976-77.

Schedule.

### SCHEDULE

Number	HEAD OF SERVICE	£
I.	The Governor ... ..	29,853
II.	Agriculture ... ..	4,151
III.	Aviation ... ..	85,878
IV.	Customs and Harbour ... ..	34,096
V.	Education ... ..	147,907
VI.	Medical ... ..	168,187
VII.	Meteorological ... ..	9,754
VIII.	Military ... ..	4,777
IX.	Miscellaneous ... ..	23,537
X.	Pensions and Gratuities ... ..	33,668
XI.	Police and Prisons ... ..	18,481
XII.	Posts and Telecommunications ... ..	98,613
XIII.	Public Works ... ..	136,146
XIV.	Public Works Recurrent ... ..	87,450
XV.	Public Works Special ... ..	32,445
XVI.	Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store ... ..	117,083
XVII.	Overseas Passages ... ..	66,500
XVIII.	Social Welfare ... ..	19,000
XIX.	Supreme Court and Legal ... ..	8,277
Total Ordinary Expenditure ... ..		1,125,803
Development A		
Expenditure to be met from Colony funds ... ..		34,805
Development B		
Expenditure to be met from U.K. Aid ... ..		1,089,089
Total Expenditure ... ..		£ 2,249,697

Ref. TRE/14/7.

## A Bill for An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year 1974-75 in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 5 of 1974. Title.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the period 1st July 1974 to 30th June 1975. Preamble.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows— Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1974-75) Ordinance 1976. Short title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services herein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service for the period 1st July 1974 to 30th June 1975, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that period, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sum mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance. Appropriation of excess expenditure for the period 1st July 1974 to 30th June 1975.

### SCHEDULE

Schedule.

Number	HEAD OF SERVICE	Amount
FALKLAND ISLANDS		£
I.	The Governor ... ..	4,062
III.	Aviation ... ..	20,896
IV.	Customs and Harbour ... ..	2,660
VII.	Meteorological ... ..	29
IX.	Miscellaneous ... ..	88,732
X.	Pensions and Gratuities ... ..	4,931
XI.	Police and Prisons ... ..	56
XVI.	Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store ...	8,112
XIX.	Supreme Court and Legal ... ..	800
		130,278
	Development B ... ..	529,444
		£ 659,722

### OBJECTS AND REASONS

The amounts appearing in the Schedule are those by which the amounts approved in the Appropriation Ordinance for 1974-75 were exceeded. This Bill seeks formal approval for the excess expenditure.

Ref. TRE/14/5.





# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE (Extraordinary) PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

25 JUNE 1976

No. 8

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Sydney Miller, Esq., J.P., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

N. A. I. FRENCH

LS

*By His Excellency NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 13th day of December 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet.

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 13th day of December 1948, it is declared that the Governor may, from time to time, appoint persons other than ex-officio Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint —

SYDNEY MILLER, ESQ., J.P.,

to be a Member of my Executive Council until the 31st day of December 1976.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 18th day of June in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-six.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,

*Chief Secretary.*

EXC/19/1C.

## CUSTOMS ORDINANCE

(Chapter 16)

## Resolution of the Legislative Council

No. 1 of 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

RESOLUTION made and passed by the Legislative Council under section 5 of the Customs Ordinance on the 25th day of June 1976.

Citation and commencement.

THIS RESOLUTION may be cited as the Customs (Amendment of Duties) Resolution 1976 and shall come into operation on the 25th day of June 1976.

Replacement of paragraph 2.

IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Customs Ordinance that the Customs Order be amended by deleting paragraph 2 and substituting the following —

“2. The following import duties of customs shall be payable —

Item	Article	Rate of Duty		
1.	Beer, ale, perry, porter, spruce, cider and stouts of all kinds	per gallon	...	33p.
2.	SPIRITS — Whisky, gin, rum, brandy, vodka and other spirituous liquors and liqueurs ...	per gallon	...	£12.00
3.	WINES — Still wines, sparkling wines and champagne ...	per gallon	...	78p.
4.	Vermouth, sherry and port ...	per gallon	...	90p.
5.	TOBACCO —			
	(a) Cigars ...	per lb.	...	£4.20
	(b) Cigarettes ...	per lb.	...	£2.88
	(c) Tobacco ...	per lb.	...	£2.40.”

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. CUS/10/1.





THE  
FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE  
Supplement No. 1

---

*1st JULY 1976*

---

Minutes of Meeting of Legislative Council  
held 15th - 25th June 1976

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

HELD IN STANLEY FROM 15th-25th JUNE 1976

The Council assembled at 2.30 p.m. on Tuesday 15th June 1976,  
His Excellency the Governor, Mr N A I French CMG MVO, presiding.

PRESENT:

The Honourable the Chief Secretary (Mr A J P Monk)  
The Honourable the Financial Secretary (Mr H T Rowlands)

PRAYERS

Prayers were said by Mr H Bennett JP, Registrar of the Supreme Court.

ADMINISTRATION OF OATHS

After taking the prescribed oaths, Mr W E Bowles, Mr J Smith and Mr H L Bound MBE JP duly took their seats as Members of Council.

The President then adjourned the meeting and directed that Council should resume when the Members Elect from Camp could be present - date and time to be announced.

Council re-assembled at 2.30 p.m. on Wednesday 16th June 1976,  
His Excellency the Governor, Mr N A I French CMG MVO presiding.

**PRESENT:**

The Honourable the CHIEF Secretary (Mr A J P Monk)  
The Honourable the Financial Secretary (Mr H T Rowlands)  
The Honourable W E Bowles (First Elected Member for Stanley)  
The Honourable J Smith (Second Elected Member for Stanley)  
The Honourable H L Bound MBE JP (Nominated Independent Member)

PRAYERS

Prayers were said by Mr H Bennett JP, Registrar of the Supreme Court.

ADMINISTRATION OF OATHS

After taking the prescribed oaths, Mr A B Monk JP, Mr A B Hadden BEM and Mr G J A Slater duly took their seats as Members of Council.

CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

The Minutes of the Meeting of Legislative Council held 10th-23rd June 1975, having been previously circulated, were confirmed.

ADDRESS BY THE PRESIDENT

Honourable Members, Ladies and Gentlemen,

My first, and agreeable words are to welcome alongside the experienced old hands on Council, the appearance of our new Honourable Members Smith, Bound and Hadden. Another new face in the House is Mr Slater, Deputy Governor Designate, who takes his seat as an Extraordinary, non-voting Member. I feel sure also that you would wish to join me in a tribute to members of the last Council who are no longer on this side of the Bar, and in particular the Honourable Sydney Miller, whose service to the Colony, not only on Executive and Legislative Councils but in many other spheres in both town and Camp, constitutes a truly remarkable record ranging over more than 40 years. Generous recognition of their hard work is also owed to Councillors, or rather former Councillors, Pitaluga and Luxton.

Unstinted thanks must go to Mr Hirtle's signal achievement as Chief Elections Officer in ensuring that the recent General Election was held almost without a hitch. His conduct of the whole operation was marked by a calm competence.

When the last Council adjourned sine die, its life finally ended on 28 February of this year, it was the general expectation that the Council now convened would be governed by the Constitutional amendments proposed by the Select Committee, which laboured so well and diligently, and submitted its Report, through me, to the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs. However, for reasons which should now be well known, it was with understandable disappointment that the recent General Election was in fact held under the existing Constitution.

Without rehearsing the reasons for the delay in implementation, I would urge that the postponement should not be regarded as a serious set-back to the majority wish for a more representative legislature. As has already been announced publicly, the delay was caused partly by the need to ensure that all the Constitutional amendments, which involve a great deal of complicated legal drafting and legislation in the United Kingdom, should be combined in a single "package". Again, I think it is well understood that, apart from the Report of the Select Committee, it is likely that the recommendations of Lord Shackleton's Economic Survey may well necessitate some further changes to our Constitution, and they are better taken together than in two, or possibly more, amending Ordinances.

All this said, I should like to stress that the implementation of the Select Committee's recommendations will not in practice entail anything particularly startling or revolutionary, in the best sense of that term. By far the most important changes are the reduction in the voting age from 21 to 18, with its healthy expansion of the electorate, and the replacement of the two independent members, who are at present nominated by the Governor, by elected representatives. However, I cannot emphasise too strongly that the members nominated

/by the

by the Governor are truly independent. I would NOT consider (and I believe this is true of my predecessors, at least those of recent years) ... I would NOT consider issuing directives, or otherwise bring pressure upon such independent members to vote, or conduct themselves in the transaction of the Colony's affairs in order to please me, or meet the wishes of Her Majesty's Government. I declare, therefore, with the utmost confidence, that the two independent members who sit here in Council today will, with wholehearted personal integrity, live up to the requirements of their role without fear of me, or favour by me or any other authority.

I will not attempt to predict exactly when the Constitutional amendments will be enacted here, since this must necessarily follow the passage of the appropriate measures by the British Government. But, since we know that the Report of the Select Committee has been approved by Her Majesty's Government, it would be reasonable to expect that another General Election will be held under the new Constitution during the next twelve months or so. Meanwhile the Council as at present constituted has plenty to keep it busy, including the all-important Budget. I hope, therefore, that you will go along with my view that we can most efficiently transact our business by putting Constitutional issues on one side, and addressing ourselves to the practical and pressing affairs on the agenda.

We are all keenly aware that overriding all else as we look towards the future is the Report of Lord Shackleton's Economic Survey, and, beyond that, the decisions of the British Government on the implementation of whatever may be the Report's recommendations. I cannot anticipate publication, but it is now general knowledge that the Report, after some delay, which reflects the complexity of the task and the immense effort and care which have gone into its preparation rather than any leisureliness, is in the hands of the printers and may, with some confidence, be expected to appear at the end of this month. Most thoughtful people will, I think, take the view that this Report, and the British Government's decisions on it, will almost certainly amount to a great watershed in the life of the Colony.

Before I leave the subject of the Shackleton Report and turn to review the events of the past year and the more conventional aspects of our economy and public affairs as we see them ahead, I have a duty to remind you firmly that the work of Lord Shackleton's Economic Survey was wholly independent of Her Majesty's Government and was in no way swayed by official policies. Clearly it is likely to have implications of the highest importance, both for the Colony's development programme and, bound up inextricably with this, for the workaday administration of Government. Because of this, the Budget Session of the Legislature, on which we are now embarked, will be beset by more than the usual quota of question marks until the contents of the Report are published and the British Government's response is made known.

/Consciousness

Consciousness of the impending appearance of the Shackleton Report makes the Financial Secretary's carefully calculated prophecies even more than usually hazardous. You will be hearing from him later when he speaks about the salient features of the economy and outlines his proposals for the Colony's housekeeping during the coming financial year. It would not be right, therefore, for me to encroach too far on his pastures, but a few generalisations and underscoring of major aspects may be helpful.

First, some good news. The surplus for the current financial year which will soon end is estimated at £281,000, or some £52,000 more than was expected. This is despite a revised expenditure estimate of £58,000 higher than the original figure. However, the increase is largely attributable to an inescapable commitment. This was the emergency requirement during the year, brought home to us all too dramatically by the disastrous Davis Street fire, to completely re-equip the Fire Brigade with modern and efficient gear. Other costly items included spare parts for the Beaver aircraft and the essential build-up of our reserves of aviation fuel.

Against this, revenue is expected to yield over £110,000 more than the original estimate, largely through a windfall from the surplus income of the Savings Bank.

What all this adds up to in simple terms is that the ordinary reserves of the Colony should exceed half a million pounds at the start of the new fiscal year on 1 July. Revenue from the record price obtained for the 1973/74 wool clip accounts for most of this substantial improvement. However, new revenue raising measures introduced during the past four years have also contributed to the healthier state of our reserves.

I wish I could report so cheerfully about the coming year, but I am sorry to tell you that a deficit of £83,000 is forecast. In round figures, total expenditure is estimated at £1,126,000 and revenue at £1,043,000.

A major item on the expenditure side provides for the operational costs of the Cape Pembroke airport. And one which looms large in the Development Sector is £36,800 for the new Radio Telephone network. The full implementation of the project will of course depend upon the results of the pilot scheme.

Having touched on the broad aspects of the economy and our purse-strings, this would seem to be the right point at which to tack on a few snippets which have a bearing on our trade and income.

Sheep and wool remain paramount of course, and the industry has weathered a far from easy year of depressed prices and labour shortages with its traditional resilience and talent for improvisation. Many visitors have commented with admiration on the versatility of the typical Camp worker. All town residents will, I think, wish to join with me in acclaiming the efforts, of labour and management

/alike



alike, in keeping our economy on a sound base.

At the end of the last financial year the Government Savings Bank had some 1,900 depositors with over £1,332,000 to their credit.

Tourism has been on a small scale but generally of a specialised and selective nature, attracting naturalists, photographers and artists from many countries. The "Lindblad Explorer's" high quality operation was particularly welcome.

Our stamp issues have preserved the universal high esteem in which they are held and about £45,000 is expected to accrue from the three recent commemorative issues of Heraldic Arms, New Coinage and Sheep Farming. The present definitive Flower issue is to be replaced later this year, or possibly early in 1977, by one depicting the whole fascinating range of ships, from the small sailers of 1842 up to RMS Darwin, which have carried the mails. We have high hopes that the designs will be a resounding success: the first proofs are superb.

Nor must we forget the harvest from our successful coinage issue. It brought in over £12,700 and there is more to come.

It is sometimes said, usually by those with little or no knowledge of the complexity and practicalities of the Colony's administration, that we have a swollen and cumbersome bureaucracy. Although it is clearly impossible to achieve a perfect and consistent equilibrium in the distribution of duties and responsibilities, I hold firmly to the view that, far from being inflated, the Secretariat, in particular, and most Government Departments labour under serious disadvantages of staff shortages and lack of continuity. It must not be forgotten that the Colony's services are relatively sophisticated for so small a community, and because the population is spread over a great expanse of land and sea much official business is thereby complicated and made costly in terms both of time and money. We are also having to face up now to paying the price for past neglect of maintenance of much essential plant, and timely replacement of equipment.

I turn now to a few highlights of Departmental activities.

Although the Police Force has been seriously depleted by resignations, illness, and overseas leave, the small strength, including the Colony's first Policewoman and the five Specials, have displayed a most heartening energy and dedication in performing their duties. I am happy to announce that two Police Officers, a Superintendent and a Sergeant, have been recruited from Scotland under Technical Assistance terms. After their arrival, soon we hope, it is intended that they should lead and instruct local members of the Force.

We always expect the best from the Air Service, and, once again, while it has put a lot of us down, it has certainly not let down anyone, or its own reputation which was enhanced by its remarkable

/performance

performance during Lord Shackleton's survey when, in January alone, 180 flying hours were logged and over 680 passengers carried. The smooth conduct of the General Election in May also owed much to the Service's prowess. The replacement of the present Beavers is receiving urgent attention.

For the first time in several years the Medical Department had its full quota of three doctors. However, difficulty persists in the recruitment of nurses and ancillary staff. Camp medical visits have more than doubled compared with the two previous years. The Colony's first Social Worker arrived and has already proved the worth of the appointment.

The school population remains stable at something over 300, and on the whole the staffing position is satisfactory, but a teacher shortage is likely this winter, particularly in the Camp and possibly also at Darwin.

The Ministry of Overseas Development Book Presentation Programme has made the establishment of a library/resources centre in Stanley a practical proposition. If achieved, this should also facilitate future curriculum development, and help education in the Camp.

Mr Stuart Booth retired after 25 years of sterling service to education in the Colony, and, happily, as you know, has decided to live here. But not, I am sure, to rest on his laurels.

Because of the perennial staff shortage and tight finance, the upkeep of buildings and the repair of the Stanley roads continue to be major headaches, as do the maintenance of the aged official transport and the water filtration plant.

The Grassland Trials Unit continues to make good progress in its investigations of vegetation and livestock with the long term object of improving our farming systems. Two large scale experiments are being carried out at Darwin and Salvador to measure the effects in the Falklands of a two-pasture system developed in the UK. Work also continues on the eradication of live-stock diseases, the improvement of grass and vegetation and investigation into the effects of geese on sheep pastures.

Government is now giving every possible encouragement to Falkland Islanders, and other career makers who are now well identified with the Colony through long residence, by training courses both here and overseas. For example, it is planned to train two local candidates as pilots for the Air Service, and another two as Aircraft Mechanics. A local recruit is being sought for legal training. One Islander is at present being instructed in Airport Control in Britain to prepare him for his future key appointment at the Cape Pembroke airport. An officer who attended a course in Britain recently will be appointed to act as Deputy Financial Secretary.

The Fire Brigade has been greatly improved, largely through devoted and competent leadership, and you do not need me to tell you how vital a service it is in a gale swept town like Stanley. The Brigade's

/re-equipment



re-equipment includes not only a large quantity of high quality hoses, but breathing apparatus and pumps.

The Defence Force has been re-equipped with modern hand weapons, and recently two senior NCOs were promoted to Second Lieutenants. The morale of the Force is markedly high and there has been a rewarding upsurge in recruitment. It is probably true to say that relations with the Royal Marines have never been better, and this also applies to the Marines' links with the people of the Islands as a whole.

That old friend, HMS "Endurance" was a most welcome visitor during the season, as was H.M.S "Chichester", who has just left us after a stay well filled with social and sporting activities.

One special project in which I have a close personal interest, and which I commend to the public for generous and full support, is the swimming pool. Funds for the building of the pool have been boosted by the splendid gift of £2,000 from the Great Britain Project in Bristol. We are also hopeful that a grant of £10,000 will be forthcoming from the European Community Development Fund. If all these hopes are fulfilled and further fund-raising projects which are envisaged are successful, it is realistic to suppose that a start will be made on the pool during the next 12 months.

We owe a special vote of thanks to Messrs Ashfield and Thompson of Rendell, Palmer and Tritton for volunteering their genial, and expert, honorary assistance in the task of preparing drawings and estimates of quantities for the project.

Government has enjoyed able and cordial support from the Falkland Islands Company, and altogether the relationship can fairly be described as friendly and mutually helpful.

I bestow a heartfelt accolade on the late Captain Thain of MV "Monsunen" for his remarkable display of cool, professional skill in replenishing our Avgas supplies when they had fallen to a dangerously low ebb.

Few duties have given me greater pleasure than the formal presentation of the insignia of CBE and MBE to the Deputy Chief Secretary, Mr Morrison, and the Head Government Printer, Mr King, respectively. These richly deserved awards were conferred upon them in the New Year Honours.

A significant, but possibly undervalued, development was the Colony's attainment of full membership of the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association. You will recall the successful visit paid by two members of the UK branch, Sir John Gilmour and Dr Colin Fhipps. But the Falklands' own emissary, in the person of the Honourable Mr Blake, most ably assisted (at their own expense) by a charming colleague, who also happened to be his wife, to the CPA conference in New Delhi last October, also performed a great diplomatic service, in the widest sense, for the Colony. It is envisaged that this success should be followed up by sending a representative to the next CPA conference in Mauritius towards the end of this year.

/I would

I would emphasise that these gatherings offer invaluable opportunities to put, and keep, the Falklands on the map, and generally to win friends and influence people. But they are not a joy-ride for any representative: a great deal of hard work is involved.

In the field of external affairs the past year has been an eventful, and at times almost too exciting, a chapter for the Colony. However, I should like to preface what I am about to say about them with a reminder that it is all too easy to forget that the British Government retains complete responsibility for the conduct of our external affairs and defence. Although we are justifiably proud that, as a Crown Colony, we are virtually self-governing in domestic matters, Her Majesty's Government carry an onerous burden in discharging its over-riding responsibility for our external affairs. This burden, I can say from personal experience, occupies a vastly disproportionate amount of Ministerial and official time in London, at the United Nations, and in other multinational bodies, precisely because, through no fault of ours, or H.M.G., the status of the Falklands has become an issue to be debated and contested on the international stage. It is vital that we should never lose sight of this crucial truth, because, to a remarkable degree, almost all our domestic problems of any substance are permeated by considerations which stem from, or relate to, the conduct of our external affairs. Thus inevitably our own scope for initiative or manoeuvre is often circumscribed because a clear cut distinction between "domestic" and "external" is impossible.

We have shared during the past 12 months the stress and anxieties created by such occurrences as the unauthorised overflights which began last November, the opposition to the Economic Survey led by Lord Shackleton, and the denial of transit facilities to the Team, the withdrawal of the British Ambassador from Buenos Aires, the totally unjustifiable armed attack on the Royal Research Ship "Shackleton", and the dismaying increase in air fares between here and Argentina. You will all have heard during the last few hours of the substantial reduction in the fare between here and Buenos Aires, but nevertheless the increase is still, as I said, a dismaying one. You have been assured by me personally, through numerous Government announcements, and by the broadcasting of Parliamentary Questions and discussions about Falklands matters in Westminster, that these crises and incidents have been pursued or countered vigorously by the British Government through all the appropriate channels, including our Embassy in Buenos Aires.

You will, I hope, have grasped from this that I do not underestimate in any way the worries which these alarms and adversities have created. But I think it would be wrong not to offset them by recalling some of the more encouraging features of our relations with the Argentine people, especially with those who live and work alongside us. For us in Stanley, and I include everyone engaged in the construction of the airfield, the day to day contacts, notably with LADE and successively the work forces engaged on the

/construction

construction of the YFF tank farm and the extension to the temporary airstrip, have demonstrated a high degree of mutual respect, tolerance and simple friendship. The STN ships have rendered a useful service in bringing in essential supplies, and relations with their personnel have been agreeably relaxed.

The Gas exhibition was successful in introducing propane gas and appliances to the Colony, but a more energetic follow-up is needed if this fuel is to compete seriously with peat.

I feel sure that we, for our part, would like to see such co-operation develop, particularly in the commercial sector, and we should not overlook the pleasing presence of the two lady Spanish teachers.

Against this highly compressed background, I would commend to you my own belief that in the foreseeable future the security and prosperity of this British Crown Colony will best be achieved by an evolving, harmonious and profitable relationship with our great neighbour on the South American continent. Ultimately success must spring from the hearts and minds of the human beings involved. But one of the keys to achieving this must lie in the efficient and imaginative conduct of British diplomacy and, as I remarked during my speech to Council a year ago, by its very nature much of what takes place in this sphere must be confidential or handled with great discretion. I would again urge you to be patient and place your trust in the integrity of the British Government and its will to implement, to the best of its ability, policies in the interests both of the people of these Islands and of its wider concerns in Latin America and indeed throughout much of the world. We can only hope and pray that the British Government's strivings for a stable, realistic understanding of the Colony's rights and aspirations will be matched by some comparable effort by Argentina to achieve a sound design for living with us as good friends and neighbours.

To finish, I should like to quote from my words of a year ago. I said then that the Colony required "Pride in the past, combined with flexibility, and imaginative and statesmanlike acceptance of the need for change".

Today I would add to this an urgent call for an end to the petty, outmoded divisions which still hamper our society. Never was the need greater for unity and a fresh breadth of vision.

- 8a -

The President then adjourned the meeting and directed that Council should resume when the Elected Member for West Falkland could be present - date and time to be announced.

Council re-assembled at 3.15 p.m. on Thursday 17 June 1976

PRESENT:

The Honourable the Chief Secretary (A J P Monk Esq)  
The Honourable the Financial Secretary (H T Rowlands Esq)  
The Honourable A B Monk JP (Elected Member for East Falkland)  
The Honourable W E Bowles (First Elected Member for Stanley)  
The Honourable John Smith (Second Elected Member for Stanley)  
The Honourable H L Bound MBE JP (Nominated Independent Member)  
The Honourable A B Hadden BEM (Nominated Independent Member)  
G J A Slater Esq (Deputy Governor Designate - Extraordinary Member)

ADMINISTRATION OF OATH

After taking the prescribed oaths, Mr L G Blake JP duly took his seat as a Member of Council.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

Honourable Members, Ladies and Gentlemen,

The Foreign and Commonwealth spokesman said at today's Press Conference that the Foreign and Commonwealth Secretary would receive a call this afternoon from Lord Shackleton, at which Lord Shackleton would present his Economic and Fiscal Report on the Falkland Islands. The spokesman added that Mr Crosland would first read the long and detailed Report carefully, and it would be published later. In reply to questions, the spokesman said that the Report had been commissioned by Her Majesty's Government at the request of the Executive Council of the Falkland Islands and it had been produced by a team of experts under the Chairmanship of Lord Shackleton. Though commissioned by Her Majesty's Government, the Report was that of Lord Shackleton and his team.

CHIEF SECRETARY

Following that most welcome announcement, Your Excellency, I had hoped at this point to be able to announce the election of the Executive Councillors by the Legislative Councillors. The inclement weather has unfortunately prevented this and, with your leave, I will announce this at the earliest convenient time.

The President

Thank you very much, Chief Secretary.

MOTION OF THANKS TO THE PRESIDENT  
ON HIS ADDRESS TO COUNCIL

The Honourable L G Blake JP

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: In rising to speak to this Motion, Your Excellency, I would also like to take the opportunity to thank the electorate of the West Falkland for their support in the past and their confidence in my representing them for the future. And I would also like to join you in thanking a former member of Council who for twelve years represented a constituency I now represent - I mean Mr Sidney Miller - and also thank him and commend his vision in the pioneer work of land improvement. And while looking at the last Council, you may remember, Sir, that this is not the first time that I have delayed the proceedings. The same thing happened last year, and this rather highlights the remoteness under some conditions of the West Falkland and the outer islands. Many Members of Council, and perhaps the public, will be tired of hearing myself and others complaining about the lack of a doctor at Fox Bay, but it is only when you have flying conditions as we have had the last few days and several times this winter that one realises just how dangerous and what a risk we are running with our present communications system. On the last two occasions when a doctor's advice has been required late in the day, it has been next morning before anyone has been able to raise Stanley, and I can't urge sufficiently that the overhaul of our communications system should be given all impetus.

/I turn



I turn now to your comments on the budget, which reminds me that in actual fact this is the first session since our last budget meeting. We have only four or five fairly ordinary Bills, and that is our sum total of legislation for one year which, to my mind, looks rather like stagnation. But I was sorry to hear, Sir, you in your speech yesterday referred to the budget as the housekeeping of the Colony. I feel it isn't going to encourage anyone to stand for election as housekeepers, and our function, I believe, is more than looking after the purse-strings.

I welcome very much your comments on the new Constitution, and I hope as you do that before the next main budget session we will be a fully-elected Council under an enlarged suffrage, and I look forward to that day.

I would also like to echo your comments about the swimming pool and perhaps include in your congratulations the two local committee members, Mr Harold Rowlands and Mr Ray Clements, who managed to keep this scheme alive somehow and who are now bringing it back, we hope, to reasonable health and perhaps progress.

I must also thank you, Sir, for your comments and kind remarks about my wife and myself with regard to the New Delhi Conference. I can't stress enough how much I agree with you that explaining to members of our Commonwealth and other foreign governments our problems ourselves will, I feel, give us more support within the world. Her Majesty's Government has done a splendid job in putting our case, but she is the Colonial power and she isn't always viewed with much favour by some ex-colonial territories, but the importance of maintaining this link with the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association and attending whenever possible their conferences I feel is most important.

I welcomed also, Sir, your strong comments about Argentina's behaviour towards us and the British Government. The Military Government in Buenos Aires should realise that we are British and we want to remain so. It is the intention of our Colony to progress, with the aid of Her Majesty's Government and the guidance, we hope, of the Shackleton Report. If Argentina wishes to co-operate and join us in our progress, we would welcome it. But we will not be put off indefinitely by obstructionism, and if they won't join us, then we will go it alone with Britain, and to achieve this, our first step is to achieve a greater degree - a very much greater degree - of unity within the Colony.

Sir, I beg to support the Motion.

The Honourable A B Monk JP

Your Excellency, Honourable Members; I am able to speak to the Motion, of course, because of the confidence the East Falkland people showed in me, and I thank them. I would like to associate myself with Your Excellency's views and compliments concerning Mr Sidney Miller. In speaking to this Motion I always find myself in somewhat of a dilemma. How, on the one hand, can one support a Motion of Thanks which implies acceptance of, and agreement with, what Your Excellency has said so eloquently and, on the other hand, criticise some of the statements.

/Regardless

Regardless of Your Excellency's opinions, I cannot agree that for the time being we forget about the Constitution. Sweeping things under the mat never cleaned the house. No thinking person can seriously accept that the delay in the implementation was due to the time needed to properly draft it; after all, we are told that Her Majesty's Government approved it; obviously they had a draft to approve. Similarly, I cannot accept that it was better delaying it until after the publication of the Shackleton Report. The Right Honourable Lord's brief in the first instance did not include consideration of the Constitution. However, bearing in mind the complexity and scope of the Right Honourable Lord's investigations, one would expect him to find that consideration of the Constitution was inevitable. The inescapable fact remains that a more democratic Council with an elected majority would have been a better body to consider the Shackleton Report's recommendations.

I accept Your Excellency's statement that nominated members will never be subject to pressure from the Administration designed to make them conform to Administration policy. Specially do I accept this in view of Your Excellency's choice. If we must have Nominated Members on Council, I cannot think of any two persons I would prefer to see than the Honourable A B Hadden and the Honourable H L Bound. From the one, I think we can expect valuable advice learned from his many years of association with all aspects of our rural life. We can expect, I think, from the other, the expertise that we have on occasions so sadly lacked in our deliberations with the Administration. Her Majesty's Government has seen fit to, as it were, award us with a Deputy Governor. It is rather difficult to tell a talented and likeable person sitting next to you that he is unnecessary. However, I would be dishonest if I said "Welcome to our undemocratic Council, Honourable British Government Nominated Member". We must hope the advice the Honourable Gordon Slater will give us will partially compensate for the disappointment in being given more officialdom instead of more democracy.

This leads me to the Administration, and Your Excellency's opinion that it is not top heavy. There is no statement made by Your Excellency with which I more profoundly disagree. If I may paraphrase a very famous English gentleman, never have so few been administered by so many and so expensively.

It is not my purpose to comment on the budget in detail until we debate that matter, but Your Excellency mentioned one or two figures: the taxation for the budget year 1975/76 derived from a year of record earnings by our industry and, as Your Excellency mentioned, we expect to have a surplus of somewhere around \$280,000 which includes what Your Excellency termed "a windfall" of \$140,000 coming from excess earnings of the Government Savings Bank. I cannot call it a windfall. It is a concealed tax on every depositor of the Government Savings Bank - a tax equal to approximately eight-tenths in the pound for every pound deposited. Why cannot the Government Savings Bank pay a going rate and tax it, which would be fair to all? I think it must be pointed out that if a private commercial bank were to set up here and pay a going rate of interest, the Government Savings Bank would be denuded of funds probably overnight. Without that piece of robbery, the surplus in the record year would only be about \$140,000.

Without a similar piece of robbery next year, our estimated deficit would probably be £200,000.

In view of all the expenditure that we're going to be asked to approve, can we see anywhere any awareness of the need to curtail the Administration costs? Is there any attempt to do it in the next financial year? Not a bit of it. When 1,800 men, women and children are expected to produce £400,000 in wages, salaries, just to pay the salaries and wages of Government employees, then it is surely time to evaluate our needs. I hope Lord Shackleton has done his homework well. None of what I have said is intended as a criticism of individuals in Government departments. There are very able and dedicated people there. It is a criticism of the system: lack of control, if I may put it that way.

Your Excellency mentioned the Fire Brigade in connection with unexpected expenditure. Why wasn't the equipment there before? Why, because we have a fire, should someone look around to see if we have enough hoses or pumps or something? Surely our Administration is big enough to have seen that the Fire Brigade had the equipment and that it was shipped out in the ordinary way.

Your Excellency mentioned heavy and outmoded divisions in our society. As an elected Member for the East Falkland, the East Falkland electorate will always have my first consideration. Their interests will be paramount, but I've always tried to evaluate the interests of the Falklands as a whole with their particular interests. It is quite inevitable that certain things in Stanley have a priority in people's minds which they don't have to people in Camp, and vice versa. But there is one important division which has not been touched on, and that's the division between the Administration and the people, which I think is a growing division. If you're a tax-payer - none of us like paying tax, I don't - if you're a tax-payer, and you see your money being wasted on various projects; spent on vast staffs, you come to think "well, why should I bother about Government. They just spend the money - there's no control over it." I think unless Government - the Administration - is very careful, in the future there's going to be a wider gap, a wider division, between the people, the ordinary people, and the Administration - and that would be disastrous.

Your Excellency quite rightly commended the election and FIGAS for their great efforts. But it shouldn't be necessary - all that effort by FIGAS. All we want, surely, is a simple postal voting system for our outlying areas, and FIGAS's job would be far simpler. The pilots flew in the most dreadful weather to perform their task - long hours, a lot of money, and a lot of people's time was taken up by something that could be done through the post.

I am sorry if I seem to be unduly critical, but I think it's quite essential that one places on record one's opinions on these matters.

I would like to support the Motion of Thanks to Your Excellency's Address.

The President

Thank you, Mr Monk. May I just, before going on to the next speech, without undue flippancy suggest that your use of the word 'robbery' was presumably placed within quotes? I hope so,

/otherwise



otherwise charges would lie against various Honourable Members, and I'd be bound to take action on that. Thank you.

The Honourable W E Bowles

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: I would like to express, on behalf of my constituents, a very warm welcome to our new Members at this table, including the Honourable Gordon Slater on my right. It is equally pleasing to see two familiar previous Members opposite me, who I'm sure need no introduction.

It is a pleasure for me to express my gratitude - and indeed, that of this Council - to Mr Sid Miller for his long experience, his frank and open approach, and his firm attitude displayed during my first term on this Council.

Our new changes to the Constitution, although taking some time to be finally approved, I am sure will be welcomed by the public. We all trust its introduction will not take as long as its approval.

It is noted with interest the healthy sum of £140,000 surplus income from the Savings Bank, and I urge this Government to take every action to further increase the interest of depositors. A "Pay as You Earn" scheme has been suggested. I fully support this, both for the benefit of employees and that of the Administration.

I was very heartened to hear the commencement of the swimming pool may be due well within twelve months. I hope so.

The recruitment of staff to our Civil Service from locally-based applicants is a major contribution to our internal affairs and future stability. It would be good advice to any of our young people who want a good career to seriously consider the posts offered to applicants in our Civil Service.

We shall be considering at length the details of all departments concerning expenditure and revenue. As our population decreases, for some reason or other our expenditure increases. We continue to welcome specialised personnel who are recruited on Technical Assistance terms to help us out with our future planning, and I would personally like to mention the many VSO personnel, whose help does not go unnoticed.

To conclude, Sir, I applaud your plea for trust in Her Majesty's Government, coupled with administrative energy in all fields; and let us all remember that we are all Islanders; let us work together, as a unit, for the future welfare and stability of our people.

Sir, I would like to support the Motion.

The President

Thank you, Mr Bowles.

The Honourable J Smith

Your Excellency, Honourable Members; In rising to support the Motion of Thanks to your most comprehensive and informative address, I would like also to express my appreciation of the many years of service by Mr Miller; and I would also like to put forward the following observations on matters which I consider are matters of importance to all.

/Firstly

Firstly, the decline of our population by persons leaving the Colony must be slowed down. It is more than alarming to realise that during the past six months 32 Falkland Islanders have left the Colony for good. As far as I've been able to find out, the principal reasons for many of them leaving have been the lack of opportunity, no chance to own land or a smallholding which they could have built up and developed with their families. Take a lad in the Camp, for instance: usually the highest he can hope to attain in life is a "Shepherd boss". There are fortunately opportunities for cadetships, but naturally these are limited. For the young people in Stanley at present the better or top jobs are limited too. I was therefore especially pleased to hear Your Excellency remark on better local opportunities for our young people. There are, too, the smaller things in life which contribute in some cases to the final decision for people to pack up and leave the Colony. Just two, for example, which I have heard: to pay a road tax for roads which are little better than cart tracks; the payment of fees for a rediffusion radio system on which reception is so unreliable that, if one can afford it, it's better to buy a wireless set. These are, as I have said, small items, but nevertheless niggling contributory factors. Some twelve months ago a committee was formed to investigate the reasons and causes which make people leave the Colony. I hope that during this session we will have the opportunity to hear of the findings and the information which has so far been gathered. I hope also that the Development Committee will report on their activities during the last year, so that we all have better knowledge of how the money allocated to the Colony by Her Majesty's Government has been spent.

It will too, I hope, be possible to learn of the proposed Development Programme for the coming year. Could we not use money from the Development Funds for the Stanley roads? In their present state, any work done on them would be a development. The problem will soon change from a repairs and maintenance programme of roads into a major rebuilding scheme if something is not done on a large scale in the very near future.

Mention of roads, of course, brings us to the labour situation. This is a most serious problem indeed, even more so in the Camp than in Stanley. It is imperative that we should seriously consider without delay importing labour to overcome the present difficulties. Without sufficient labour, how can we possibly hope to maintain and continue farming and essential works and to expand and develop the resources we have. The labour problem in this Colony is serious and of paramount importance. In the development field we are fortunate to have a number of highly specialised professional people from the Overseas Development Administration to advise and to assist us. But we must ensure that never again must we have a repetition of the circumstances by which one member from the Overseas Development Administration was informed of the termination of work in this Colony. Surely Government could have afforded him the common courtesy of being told personally by the Government of the fact that he was to be recalled, instead of sending him a letter which, I understand, was delivered in the first place to the wrong house. Incidents of this nature reflect badly and do little to create a good image of the Colony to other members of the Overseas Development Administration who might be asked to come here in the future.

I would like too to see the various committees within Government restructured. By this I mean that it would seem logical, for example, that the Education Committee should have as its members a representative of the parents and of the teaching staff. How a body of persons can operate and advise efficiently on a specialised subject without knowing the full details and particular views and techniques on that subject without professional people on that committee is quite beyond my comprehension.

The shortage of teachers must somehow be overcome. Without a full complement of teachers we will be unable to continue the necessary flow of tuition, especially to our senior pupils in the all-important matter of intensive study for the GCE examinations. A break in the continuity of teaching at that level would collapse the programme completely and impede our hopes and plans for school leavers to stay in the Colony in the better jobs.

I share Your Excellency's views in that when the new Constitution is introduced, there will be the opportunity for more of our younger citizens to take an active part. I hope too that postal and proxy voting will be allowed. At the recent election a number of people missed being able to vote by as little as twelve hours, they being the persons who departed the previous day on the aircraft. It would also, I feel, be expedient to declare the hospital a polling station, in exactly the same manner as the settlements, thus enabling patients to participate.

I was very pleased to hear Your Excellency make quite clear the position of our Nominated Members. This, I am sure, has dispelled many doubts.

Finally, Sir, it seems usual to mention sovereignty in this Motion of Thanks. My views on this subject are, I hope, well known, and I will not dwell upon them at great length, other than to say, as I have done in the past, that we must never go into, or agree with, anything which would commit the Colony in such a way as the YPF Agreement has done. Let us trade with Argentina on a strictly commercial basis as we would with any other country. But that is as far as we must allow ourselves to go. Since 1971 many of us have made very good friends in Argentina, but never must we enter into any economic or binding agreements which would ultimately lead us into reliance or dependence for our future needs. We are British and proud to be so. This Colony has no indigenous inhabitants or natives, nor was it formed, as were some of the Colonies, by convicts or deportees from the British prisons. The Falkland Islands were populated and developed by honest, God-fearing, hard-working pensioners from the British Army who, with their families, overcame great difficulties and hardships to create and found the heritage which we know and which we must all preserve. We must ensure, too, that the Governments and the peoples of both Great Britain and Argentina fully appreciate and understand with absolute clarity the desire and right of the people of the Falkland Islands to remain British.

Your Excellency, I wish to support the Motion of Thanks.

The President

Thank you, Mr Smith, and may I congratulate you on an excellent maiden speech.

The Honourable H L Bound, MBE JP

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: Anyone would think that with my long association with Council affairs this sort of thing would come naturally and I should feel perfectly at home but I'm afraid that this is not quite the case and, quite frankly, I'm scared stiff.

As a Nominated Member I suppose almost by tradition I am already labelled the 'Government Yes Man' but, as Your Excellency made it so clear yesterday, these days have fortunately long since passed and the Nominated Member is indeed able to express himself as freely as the Elected Member.

I was particularly interested to hear Your Excellency's reference to Government's policy of training young people to fill the more senior posts in our Administration. I can think of all sorts of fields in which this scheme can and should be applied. Our nursing and secretarial staff come immediately to mind, and of course there are many others which our young people should aim at filling and, not least of all, there should be the various Heads of Departments.

As one of our citizens very ably put it in the local 'Times' quite recently, it is easy to criticise, but criticism can be most dangerous and destructive when it is loosely applied. On the other hand, it can be equally helpful and it can be constructive when it offers a solution to a particular problem. Fortunately I haven't too many criticisms to make. In fact, perhaps I will be criticising the critics.

How often we hear our Public Service criticised, and of course Government and FIC seem to provide the whipping post for most critics. The Post Office comes under the hammer fairly frequently, but I wonder how many of us really know what goes on behind this busy counter and appreciate the hundred-and-one jobs that beset these officers. In the rush to get the mail drop out to Camp, is it not understandable that the odd letter designed for Speedwell may find itself in, say, the Weddell bag; and likewise in Stanley it could so easily happen that my letter could be in your letter box. But where else in the world can you expect to receive your mail within an hour or two of its arrival at the sorting centre? I know personally in Britain that one has frequently to wait four, even five days, for a letter to cross the city. Here I think we could be a little more appreciative of the good service while we still have one. In the same department we have the Telephone Exchange, and we regularly curse the operator when we don't get an immediate response to our calls. But if we could see the position here when the switchboard turns red with a dozen or more calls coming in at once, someone obviously has to wait, and we might think again and have a kinder thought for the girl who is really doing a job as best she can, and is probably as frustrated as we are.

Public Works is another department which has a thankless task and is regularly exposed to public criticism. But here again, if one considers the endless tasks that they are expected to perform with a minimum of labour and equipment, we might be less critical and turn our thoughts to something more constructive.

Then, of course, there is the poor old FIC which, if one listens to the daily gossip, doesn't seem to do anything right.

/But



But if we stop for a moment and ask ourselves seriously, where would we all be today without this remarkable company, we may be just a little bit more tolerant and grateful. The FIC provides all the commercial services required by a much larger community, most of which, of course, are profitable, but many must be of just a nuisance value. If the West Store runs out of tin-tacks or Aspros, wallpaper or perhaps even a favourite colour of ladies' bikini briefs, it is at once a national disaster and everyone goes round bemoaning the fact. I feel it should be recognised that this company is performing a very important service to our tiny community and contributing a lot to the welfare of our Colony as a whole.

Your Excellency, the point I am trying to get across is that we would all be much better employed in looking for something positive and rewarding rather than merely sitting back and listening to someone else's view of the shortcomings of others. If ever we needed to be united amongst ourselves, it is now.

And now, having said all the nice things I could think of, it would be wrong not to look at the other side of the coin, and as I shall only be in this seat for a comparatively short time, perhaps I could be excused if I make the best of my opportunity, and dwell rather long on a subject which must be uppermost in our thoughts.

No-one sitting round this table could possibly turn a blind eye to our foreign politics. But it does seem to me that a surprisingly large number of people do prefer to live like the proverbial ostrich and take the view that if we don't look too closely at an unpleasant thing, it may, just possibly, go away. Over the past few months our relations with Argentina have suffered several setbacks, and we now find ourselves in a position which I am sure was never envisaged in 1971 when the Communications Agreement was implemented.

We are now totally dependent on our neighbours for so many vital things that it would be virtually impossible to exist without. This, I suppose, could be tolerated if good friendly relations existed and could be maintained, but unfortunately feelings continue to blow hot and cold and nobody really knows what's going to happen next. Like most people in the Islands, I particularly deplore the fact that our movements in and out of our own country are controlled by a foreign power; and I doubt if one can find a parallel situation in any other country in the world. The cost of air travel to and from the mainland has increased alarmingly and on top of that we find ourselves with totally inadequate external shipping link, which is slowly strangling our commerce. And no-one seems to be really able to offer a solution. I need hardly say that the continued uncertainty in our future has already created a crippling effect in our development, as can be seen by the lack of confidence in capital investment. If we accept this situation we can only expect a failing economy. I believe it's time we forgot our petty grievances and sat down quietly and asked ourselves where does the solution lie. Obviously we have to pull our heads out of the sand, and face the problem squarely, which may not be particularly pleasant. I may have painted a bleak picture but perhaps it need not be so despondent if we, the people of these Islands, all resolved to do something about it. I know that what I am about to say, Your Excellency, runs completely counter to

/the political

the political picture drawn by you yesterday but, to my mind the only solution lies in meeting our adversaries in frank open discussion, with a firm will on both sides to accomplish something positive and lasting. It is quite useless and unproductive to approach the bargaining table if neither side is prepared to yield an inch. I believe, as a starting point, we should consider inviting a representative body from Argentina to come across to Stanley and discuss our problems with a truly representative body from the Islands. That is, let us study it from a human angle and see if this approach can offer at least a beginning to a long-term solution. The local team need not necessarily be drawn from members of Council; it should be composed of a true cross-section of the community and drawn largely from the indigenous section, for they are the people who truly count and have to live with the problem - that is we, the little people of the Islands. When I say indigenous I am not referring strictly to Islanders, for there are many valued members of our society who have lived and worked with us for many years and now have the same love and respect for the Islands as those of us who are locally-born. The main point is that such a group should be intelligent, clear-thinking people with the future welfare of these Islands and the people - and I stress, the people - at heart. Above all they must be prepared to listen to all sides of the argument and willing, if necessary, to concede a point if in doing so it could lead to a positive break-through which is likely to provide a palatable and lasting solution. Your Excellency, this may seem very unorthodox, if not ridiculous approach. But I feel if we do not face the reality and act quickly, we could easily wake up one morning to find ourselves in a far worse situation, one that has suddenly deteriorated beyond the point where discussion and common sense could prevail.

Your Excellency, I beg to support the Motion.

#### The President

Mr Bound, May I congratulate you on not exactly a maiden speech, because of course you are vastly informed by your many years as an official - a senior official - of this government; may I take this opportunity - perhaps I should have done it earlier - just to take you up on one small point: the question of air fares. I announced yesterday - it was sprung on me at quite short notice - that they had been sharply reduced and - we live in a world that's full of surprises - I've heard before coming here that the fares to Comodoro have again been reduced to £37 and the onward fare from Comodoro to Buenos Aires by very little, to £19, giving us, I think, one way at £56 or £57. The return ticket will now cost £112 to £114 as against the situation of 48 hours ago when I think the return fare was £220. An announcement will be made on the radio tonight, but I thought I would just mention that as it was so relevant. Thank you very much indeed.

#### The Honourable A E Hadden BEM

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: I feel somewhat like the lady in the bread queue who was told when she got to the counter, "I'm sorry, there are only a couple of crusts left". I've been listening with great interest to what everyone has said and find from my frantic note-taking of the last 24 hours or so that they appear to be almost superfluous. All that really needs to be said at the moment appears to have been said and I have got the two small crusts I think.

I was very pleased to hear your address yesterday. I agree with almost everything you said; I was very interested. Being an absolute greenhorn, if you like, I appreciate I am very conscious of my shortcomings: I know I have much to learn and feel that I really would be of more service right now if I just sat down quietly and listened. Maybe then I could say something another day. However, that wouldn't be quite fair, and I'll try to say just one or two things, on very small matters. But they are, nevertheless, to a lot of people, very important matters although they appear to be niggling little things.

I was pleased to hear you say in your Address, Sir, that we had recruited two police officers from Scotland; that really cheered me up. It is well known that the quality of Scottish policemen is second-to-none, and I'm sure we'll all be the better for their coming.

I deal quite a bit with things which are government matters in my little job in the Camp, and one of the things which I often find a nuisance is the payment of licences at various times of the year. It's been suggested often enough that all licences should be made payable in January, or perhaps any other month; January would be the best time because then it's sort of natural at that time of the year for everyone to come along and pay their bills. Gun licences, for example, are payable any time of the year, and it seems to me that the Police Force must employ a clerk who must sit down and keep thumbing through records and sending out reminders - sometimes two or three reminders. I am sure that all these things could be paid with little bother if they were all due at the same time.

And now I come to Camp roads. I think in the Development Plan some allowances were made for repairing or trying to make something of the Camp tracks - minor roads I think they're called - and to us living out in the Camp they are really the main highway. The last few days, if these had been passable, would have seen most of the Council Members here on time, had we had a road which we could drive along in the winter. Nobody in the Camp really expects to get a paved highway; we still drive in a civilised way, and providing we can get from A to B without having to carry something like several hundredweights of de-bogging equipment - which equipment anyway is probably the cause of us bogging in the first place. But if we could just get the culverts in the ditches, and some sort of bridge put over these nasty ditches, it would go a long way to helping people to be just a little more willing to live in the Camp. As I said earlier, too, we could also, maybe, in circumstances like this take quite a bit of pressure off the Air Service. Maybe if the roads became really good and people could go to and fro without much trouble, maybe we could do without one aeroplane and maybe instead get a doctor for the West; the money would be well spent, I'm sure. But anything that would help to reduce isolation is always worth thinking about.

I was asked - and there are some people who think because you are a Member of Council you know all the answers - I was asked in connection with the new airstrip, "How are we going to maintain this new airstrip - the permanent airfield - if it's only going to be used for local flights". It's going to cost a lot of money every year to supply staff and maintenance materials, and they couldn't - and I don't know either -

see how we're going to pay for this if nothing is coming in. But maybe there's a good answer to that somewhere else, Sir.

On the population decline, or drain, I think the population of this Colony isn't any more restless than that of any other country in the world. Young people want to get out and about and see what life is like in other parts of the world, and I don't think we should discourage them. If they want to get away, they have a right to, to see what it's like on the other side, and if they stay there for a wee while and find out that it's not all that it's been made out to be, there's a good chance that they'll turn round and come back if, of course, their pride will allow them to do so.

I've spoken to many kelpers who have gone away from the Colony and asked them why they left. Speaking generally, the answers were that they found the life here a bit quiet and dull, so they decided to go away and enjoy the good living, as portrayed to them by the many visitors to the Colony - because people come here and talk about what is their home. They talk about the bright lights, and the discos, the fast cars, the television and what-have-you, and that is great stuff for the young ones and they can't be blamed for wanting to go and see what it's like for themselves. And I've also met a lot of these people when I've been home, and I've asked them if they had the chance to return would they return, and they've said, most times, without thinking, yes, they would like to come back for several reasons, but mainly they would come back a bit sooner if they could afford to come back; and I've often thought that we should try and do something to encourage these people back. They've been away; they've seen that it's not all television sets and discos and what-have-you; that there are still slums and dirty back-streets, and there's not the freedom to go out for a walk of an evening because you don't know who's hiding behind the next tree. We don't have that problem in the Falklands anyway - there's never anyone behind the next tree. But they're never told these things before they go away. I'm sure they're not, or they just don't want to listen. They don't realise how difficult it is to get a decent job. With a million unemployed, that should be enough warning, but apparently it isn't.

I've also heard it said more than once, Sir, that not everybody wants to be an employee, but I don't know of anybody, thinking off-hand, who has gone from here and who isn't still an employee. But I don't think it's the principal reason for people leaving the Colony. I think we ought to try and get in touch with these people if we possibly can, and ask them in most cases merely to swallow their pride and say "Aye, I'll be coming back". The opportunities open to them at home in the UK are not a lot much more than they are here. As you said in your Address yesterday, Sir, sheep and wool are paramount, and I think we all agree that for the foreseeable future this will still be so. So the young people who left a wee while ago should be encouraged to return, to come back to the Camp, to come back to the jobs that they know. Maybe there aren't many opportunities, because the place is too small. We can't all be bosses; we can't all be owners. The people I've spoken to, going back to the Camp again; I've spoken to a few since this came up, and not many people seem to be interested in owning a piece of land themselves. I can't see really any great advantage in chopping it up and dishing it out: we have to lend them a whole lot of money to settle down in a place

/like that



like that, and by the time they've made something of it and repaid their debts they would have children who would want to go away and we're back to square one. I can't see that there would be a great taking for that sort of thing.

One more small thing, Sir, the last crust if you like. On the bank interest, I think it was in the Comben and Waller Report that they recommended phasing out the dependence on this handout - if you like - from the Savings Bank, and I'm inclined to agree that it's perhaps a devious form of taxation, as my friend said.

Your Excellency, these are the crumbs. I wish to support the Motion of Thanks.

#### The President

Thank you very much, Mr Hadden, for an excellent maiden speech and, if I may say so, you are perhaps rather too modest. You started off with two crusts; you have reverted to crumbs, and I think you took more than a few slices. I think, with a little more experience, we will have to watch that you don't take the whole loaf. Anyhow, I'm sure that we needn't fear that. Thank you very much indeed.

Just one point - it's been raised twice, I think. The Financial Secretary, later in the proceedings, not now, may well wish to comment on this question of interest on the Savings Bank because this has in fact been raised - and I think it is no longer a matter of confidentiality that Government has it in mind to apply a considerable increase to the rate of interest - but I'll leave that for the Financial Secretary to deal with later on in the proceedings.

#### The Honourable Financial Secretary

As an ex-officio Member I obviously cannot join in the criticism, nor do I want to. However, I have a few things to say, and I must put the record straight on a couple of points which have been raised. The first point, I would like to join in the message of thanks to Mr S Miller, whom I've had the pleasure of serving with for a very long time, and on saying that I'm going to miss him very much at SFC and in particular the frank and forthcoming arguments that he's put forward: I can hardly imagine a meeting without him. However, I can see that I am going to have some quite strong opposition.

One point that you mentioned yesterday that I have been associated with for a long time - the swimming pool. I'm pleased that it's come to the point where the building is almost ready to proceed and it's time now that we require a new impetus into this scheme, and as a start in this direction I've suggested that our new Deputy Governor, Mr Gordon Slater, should take the reins. I think it is appropriate that he should take over, because I know that he is a diver as well.

I was also pleased to note the mention of training within Government. I think this is particularly important. The Service, without some new ideas, will stagnate, and it is absolutely essential at this time that we should push training overseas. It will also make the Service much more interesting for new people coming in.

/Regarding

Regarding the criticism of the Savings Bank interest, I still consider it a windfall revenue: we do not get it every year. However, there is a proposal to increase the interest by quite a substantial amount, but we cannot proceed without the Secretary of State's approval. This has been put forward to him for some time, but I know that the Shackleton team have also investigated this and presumably the approval is awaiting the outcome of the Shackleton Report. I do not agree altogether with the Honourable A B Monk when he said that we should tax it; I think there is a certain fascination in having it free of tax. It must be about the only thing - or any form of income - in the Colony that is free of tax, and I think we should be very careful before we do tax it otherwise we may lose it altogether. I'm sure that the people, if they wanted to, could invest it abroad now - there's nothing stopping them - so we're not robbers; but if we tax it we may lose it.

I wish to support the Motion of Thanks.

The President

Thank you very much, Mr Financial Secretary.

The Honourable Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, I naturally and wholeheartedly associate myself with the tribute you so generously made to the retiring Members of Council and in particular to Mr Sidney Miller who, I am happy to know, will be at my door on many an occasion in the future. I shall welcome and look forward to his visits and the very stimulating and useful advice he has always given me. As my Honourable Friend the Financial Secretary has said, it is not usual for ex-officio Members to take issue with every point raised during this cross-country debate; we have heard this afternoon some quite new and quite stimulating views on old questions, and some suggestions that I think will give us considerable cause for thought. Additionally, several of my Honourable Friends have criticised the Administration and made proposals how it can be improved; how it is deficient in development. This of course is the purpose of this Council. I welcome this sort of criticism. As I have said many times before, it is the duty of every Councillor to fight dexterously with all the mental, philosophical and other armoury at his disposal. Usually out of these verbal clashes, of course, comes more light than heat - at least, this has been my experience. And it is very pleasing that I or anyone round this table can be criticised: Government can be criticised without any rancour, or any personal recrimination. I have noted the particular points made by the several Members, particularly those of criticism and particularly those relating to development. But I think it's fair to say that these are not new. If one looked back a year - two years or even three years - one would look around Stanley and find the water-reticulation plant, the roads, the tracks, the Air Service, the harbour works - practically anything you like to name - about to collapse round our ears, and one might well ask, Sir, why we have taken until now. And it was this very realisation, surely, that made this Council ask for the Shackleton Report; to give us a comprehensive and synoptic view; to tell us how to break into this

development spiral. This is not an uncommon or unusual situation, I think, for a small country to find itself in. It has relatively few resources, particularly in a small country with 1800 population, as we've been told this afternoon, and with a fiscal base so narrow that it can't even generate enough to service its recurrent charges, let alone provide for any development at all: not even enough to provide for its own recurrent charges, because if we were to cost the contribution by the British Government to the salaries of the Civil Service, it would work out at about £100,000.

With regard to the Civil Service, which we've been told is top-heavy, it's very difficult for me to say it isn't. I would like to invite any Councillor to participate with me in the Secretariat to see just how top-heavy it might be - and I mean this in the best of humour. In this connection I was particularly delighted to note the Honourable Mr Bound's support for the Public Service and in particular, of course, that the occasional slip in the mail might result in a bill addressed to me landing up at San Carlos.

There was also reference, I think, this time, Sir, to the paucity of the legislation that will be dealt with by this Council. I don't regard that as anything for criticism. As a matter of fact, there has been far greater criticism in the British Parliament in the last year that they've been bogged down with too much legislation; and if we were to err I would suggest it's better to err on the side of too little legislation rather than too much, and put the emphasis on quality rather than quantity. But anyway, in this connection I am happy to assure Honourable Councillors that the law is being looked at professionally by Mr Cooke, who left the Colony this afternoon - a most able and likeable man who has already done a stalwart service in assisting Mr Bennett, and I am sure between the two of them we will have the sort of laws that Councillors want.

And finally, Sir, it was most heartening of all to discern the unity of purpose of this Council in its wholehearted support of Her Majesty's Government in striving on our behalf. Perhaps it might not be out of place to enjoin on the British Parliament the same unity of purpose in dealing with our problems. Perhaps if, instead of squabbling over us, they were to adopt a bi-partisan approach, this may give comfort to us and security for the future.

I beg to support the Motion.

#### The President

Thank you very much, Mr Chief Secretary.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE CHIEF SECRETARY

Report on the Proposed Use of the FIC East Jetty for the Importation of Bulk Oil Products at Port Stanley, Falkland Islands.

Copies of Subsidiary Legislation made or approved by the Governor in Council since June 1975.

QUESTIONS FOR ORAL REPLY

THE CLERK

Question No 1 of 1976 by the Honourable A B Monk JP

MR MONK

Will the expatriate civil servants sent here under Technical Aid be allowed all the benefits that the British Government gives this type of appointee?

CHIEF SECRETARY

Sir, so far as the Colony's requirements can be made compatible with the needs of the officer recruited, Government will always endeavour to provide or obtain the maximum benefits for the officer to carry out his duties in the most effective way. In the final analysis control over the benefits that an officer receives rests with this Government which, of course, retains the ultimate power to accept or reject a nominee. This Government must also try and maintain a balance between the "benefits" that an expert receives and the benefits of a resident officer. My Honourable Friend has referred in this question to Technical Aid; I can only interpret this in its narrow meaning of appointments of a purely technical nature, such as those to the Grasslands Trials Unit, or in the broader sense of all those posts which qualify for financial assistance from Her Majesty's Government under OJAS or any other terms, which eventually will be provided entirely under Britain's Technical Assistance Programme. As regards those officers who have been recruited as strictly Technical Assistance Advisers, the Falkland Islands Government has been fortunate in having to meet only the costs of housing and transport, although these are sometimes not inconsiderable. The reason for this is that these officers are classified broadly as filling advisory posts. In the future, and for other types of appointment it is probable that this Government may be asked to pay a nominal offsetting contribution towards salary, but on balance there should be no significant overall increase in the Colony's burden for all officers provided from Britain.

MR MONK

I would like to thank the Honourable Member for his reply. I am completely bemused and I will pursue it in private.

/Mr Blake

MR BLAKE

Your Excellency, as a supplementary, we know that answers to questions are not included with the Order Paper, and I believe all questions are not included in the recorded proceedings....

(Here Mr Blake was informed that questions are included in the recorded proceedings)

So at a later date we will be able to study this long and carefully considered reply by the Chief Secretary?

CHIEF SECRETARY

I can certainly give that assurance. The question and the reply to all questions are recorded in the minutes; they are broadcast; and I would welcome the opportunity to discuss this matter further with any Councillor.

THE CLERK

No 2 of 1976 by the Honourable A B Monk JP

MR MONK

Is the Cape Pembroke airstrip going to be extended and, if necessary, strengthened to take larger aircraft?

CHIEF SECRETARY

Sir, I trust my Honourable Friend will be prepared to wait in this instance for an answer until we have received the Report of the Shackleton Survey. That Report, together with Her Majesty's/decisions on it, as we have /Government heard this afternoon, is expected shortly. My Honourable Friend will of course know that very many people in Government and outside put the case for a longer and stronger runway quite emphatically to the Shackleton team.

THE CLERK

No 3 of 1976 by the Honourable A B Monk JP

MR MONK

are we getting an oil jetty?

CHIEF SECRETARY

Sir, Government has every hope that an oil jetty or other suitable means of bringing bulk oils ashore will be provided in the reasonably near future. I apologise for having to refer again to the Shackleton Economic Survey but the question of financing any jetty, and the best means of bringing oil ashore generally, was one of the matters that the Team looked into most carefully. And I will ask that my Honourable Friend again would be prepared to await the publication of this Report and Her Majesty's Government's decisions on its recommendations. Obviously I am not entirely content to have repeatedly to refer my Honourable Friend to the Shackleton Report but the whole purpose of the Survey was for them to take a synoptic view of our economic needs and to set priorities amongst those requirements.

/MR MONK



MR MONK

I would like to thank the Honourable Member.

THE CLERK

No 4 of 1976 by the Honourable L G Blake JJ

MR BLAKE

How does the Administration envisage staffing the proposed examination for Hydatidosis mentioned in the Budget?

CHIEF SECRETARY

Sir, the money bid for in the Estimates for the hydatidosis study has not yet, of course, been voted by this Council, and a detailed explanation of the method by which the study will be carried out, including its staffing requirements, will be given by the Senior Medical Officer when we go into Select Committee. In the meantime I am advised that if the survey is restricted to a serological study only, it may require one additional assistant to be trained, in which case it would be necessary to recruit and train a local person. I am further advised that if the survey is related to a full chest X-ray survey, a further person would have to be recruited and trained in X-ray techniques. This appointment would be for at least six months. The requirements given above are based on the assumption that local X-ray equipment was used. If X-ray equipment has to be purchased from an outside source and imported, then it would be necessary for an additional trained technician to be recruited from overseas. I would like to be able to assure my Honourable Friend that this study will not interfere with normal routine work carried out by the Medical Department, and this is indeed the view of the Senior Medical Officer. I believe, however, that further investigation is essential before I could make such a categorical statement.

MR BLAKE

I thank the Chief Secretary for his reply.

THE PRESIDENT

May I just suggest, Mr Chief Secretary, perhaps you could clarify the word "serological". I take it it refers to blood tests of the entire population, as against X-rays. I thought this might be confusing.

CHIEF SECRETARY

And referendum of course, Sir, I would assume that a serological study would involve a mere taking of a blood sample and testing it either on a slide ....

THE CLERK

No 5 of 1976 by the Honourable L G Blake JP.

MR BLAKE

What steps are being taken to increase the Old Age Pensions?

/FINANCIAL  
SECRETARY

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

Government is examining the possibility of increasing Old Age Pensions and linking them to the index of retail prices. Government appreciates the urgency of this matter. My Honourable Friend will appreciate that before approving any increases it must, however, obtain expert professional advice and it proposes to seek this advice under Technical Assistance terms and at no cost to this Government, to advise this Government on a suitable mechanism to provide a regular review of benefits related to the index of retail prices and also on the cost to Government of providing these increases.

MR BLAKE

Can the Financial Secretary in that case confirm that he does not foresee any increase in the contributory Old Age Pension in the near future?

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

This is being treated as a matter of urgency and we will take steps to investigate the possibility of an increase just as soon as we possibly can.

MR BLAKE

Has he any provision in his estimates to allow for greater use of - I think the term, which I don't like very much in the estimates is "Charitable Relief" for the pensioners who will, I am sure, with the rapid rise in the cost of living be suffering straitened circumstances?

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

There is no provision for additional charitable relief other than the normal programme. If this becomes a matter of urgency it will be looked at.

MR BLAKE

I thank the Financial Secretary for his reply.

THE CLERK

No 6 of 1976 by the Honourable Mr Bowles.

MR BOWLES

If a shore-based fishing industry is not viable in these Islands, has the United Kingdom considered pelagic fishing in the South Atlantic?

CHIEF SECRETARY

I will read my Honourable Friend's question again: "If a shore-based fishing industry is not viable in these Islands, has the United Kingdom considered pelagic fishing in the South Atlantic?"

/In fact

In fact, I hope that the first part of that question will not materialise, and certainly Government at present has no definitive information which leads it to believe that a shore-based industry is not viable in these Islands. To that extent the second part of the question may be hypothetical. I would like to tell my Honourable Friend that for many years now, ad hoc surveys of the pelagic fishing potential of our waters have been carried out. The results so far have not been sufficiently promising to encourage private British fishing enterprises in our waters and fishing trials carried out by agencies both official and commercial of other nationalities have usually had a British expert attached to them, so that the industry is aware of what has been going on. I am sure my Honourable Friend is also aware of a recent reply, broadcast locally, to a question asked in the House of Commons on the 28th May, which indicated that the possibilities of developing a British fishery in the South Atlantic had been examined extensively in recent years and kept under continuous review, but all the evidence is that this area is unlikely to provide the domestic British industry with viable fishing opportunities. That was the reply given to the question in the House of Commons. I am sorry I am unable to enlighten my Honourable Friend on the reasons for this pessimistic statement. He may well share my surprise that it was made without reservations referring to the opinions and recommendations on this subject which will undoubtedly be found in the Shackleton Report; but he will appreciate that decisions by British enterprise to undertake ventures of this sort must, in the final analysis rest with them and ultimately not governed by decisions of this Government.

MR BOWLES

Can the Chief Secretary, preferably without referring to the Shackleton Report, give us an assurance that a fishing industry will still be considered extensively by Her Majesty's Government?

CHIEF SECRETARY

I regret, Sir, that it would be inappropriate and impossible for me to commit any other Government or any firm with which this Government had not liaised and negotiated an agreement. To that extent I feel that the utmost we can do is, as we have done in the past, to do everything we can to encourage investigations which might lead people who are, after all, risk-takers, to carry out further trials in our waters and then carry out a fishing industry. Beyond that I think it would be virtually impossible to go, and I think it is worth bearing in mind that as recently as a few weeks ago "The Economist" referred to two rather important facts in this connection: they made the point that the British fishing industry would be very reluctant to undertake fishing in the South Atlantic while there were political risks - and I think this is a valid point. They also made the point that the South Atlantic is so far from their home bases at the moment, and the area is so vast, even if they were based here or on the mainland, that, as we know, only the most modern fishing trawlers can operate in these waters. This, of course, has been aggravated by the

/energy



energy crisis which makes the old, out-of-date trawlers uneconomic and difficult to operate far from their home base.

MR BOWLES

I would like to thank the Chief Secretary for his reply.

MR BLAKE

Can the Chief Secretary give any assurance to Council that this Government has or will protest to the new Minister of Agriculture about this completely, I would say, unreferenced reply made in the House of Commons?

CHIEF SECRETARY

I would certainly consider that in conjunction with Your Excellency. That is the most suitable answer I can give to that, Sir.

THE PRESIDENT

May I just interrupt. I know how trying it is constantly to revert to the Shackleton Report but, as I am sure all Honourable Members are aware, a most important member of the Shackleton team was Mr Gordon Eddie, the fisheries expert, and I am quite certain that a major portion of the Report will be taken up with his findings and recommendations. And I may say that I have had several enquiries from commercial sources direct to Government House since the Shackleton survey and, in each case, I recommended that they buy a copy of the Report as soon as it appears and digest it thoroughly before, and I am quite certain, as the Chief Secretary has rightly pointed out, that they may find there less cause for pessimism than the reply to the Parliamentary question he has referred to would suggest.

THE CLERK

No 7 of 1976 by the Honourable W E Bowles.

MR BOWLES

Is the Administration convinced that the spread of hydatid disease is fully under control?

CHIEF SECRETARY

No Sir, certainly not. The Administration is not convinced that the spread of hydatid disease is fully under control. It is convinced, however, of the need to do everything possible to control it and, as my Honourable Friend will be aware, the Order made at the end of 1974 has already achieved some considerable improvement in this situation. The effectiveness of our present programme, including the education of all concerned in the registration, medication and inspection of dogs has been described by an international expert as remarkable. This is undoubtedly due to the very ready co-operation of all

/concerned

concerned, especially the farms. Government is never complacent about this problem, however, and the Hydatid Committee, the Medical Department, the GTU and Government generally, keep this matter under continuous review. It is hoped that shortly the Veterinary Officer will be able to start a dog inspection programme which will secure further improvement, but I cannot be definitive about that until the vet has been here a little longer and has looked into the economics and the practicality of it. Thank you.

MR BOWLES

Will the Chief Secretary not agree that we should - every one of us in this Colony - do all we can to help those people involved in the control of this disease to exterminate.

CHIEF SECRETARY

Certainly Sir, I don't think that anybody would quarrel with that. I am most grateful to my Honourable Friend for asking this question, as it does give me an opportunity, I think, to bring home the unanimous view of Government and the public generally that this terrible disease should be brought under control and eradicated as soon as possible and, as my Honourable Friend has implied, it can only be done with the fullest co-operation of all of those concerned, even to the extent, I would say, of regarding those who default as public enemies. How anybody can fail to take every precaution to prevent the spread of this disease is beyond comprehension. But Government is confident that the public will co-operate and that we should, within a foreseeable time, get rid of this disease.

MR BOWLES

I would like to thank the Chief Secretary for his reply.

THE CLERK

No 8 of 1976 by the Honourable W E Bowles

MR BOWLES

Sir, has Government a definite plan for the development and improvement of Stanley roads and camp tracks?

CHIEF SECRETARY

Sir, several times today I and Your Excellency have referred to the Shackleton survey and I am afraid that this is the sort of question that must obviously come under the same sort of umbrella. One hates to talk of umbrellas in this Chamber - particularly in so windy an island - but nevertheless my Honourable Friend - who is probably far better placed technically than I to assess the extent of any deterioration in our roads and tracks, and also estimate the cost of bringing them up to an acceptable standard - will, I am sure, appreciate that any

/development

development plan that was made now, or has been made in past years, may well be overtaken by the recommendations in the Shackleton Report. On a couple of points of detail, I would like to let my Honourable Friend know that the deterioration in the Stanley roads is, in the view of Government's expert, so far advanced and has been allowed to go on for so long that it is doubtful if any short-term plan would achieve anything worth while. In this connection he says that complete re-surfacing and sealing of the concrete will be necessary and that any scheme that failed to achieve this would be throwing good money away. It would be misleading for me, therefore, to indicate that there is any immediate or real hope of imminent improvement in the Stanley roads. Similarly, an enormous effort, involving quite large numbers of workers and utilising fairly heavy machinery, will be required if the tracks are to stand up for any reasonable length of time. It would also be very costly. In this general connection perhaps I can refer to some remarks I made earlier - generally that Government could concentrate all its available resources on Stanley roads and might achieve something; but, as we all know, there are numerous other services and utilities in a similarly dilapidated state which would suffer further as a result, and it is this problem of trying to set down our priorities that besets us. It is, as I have said before, the problem of breaking into this development spiral, which is not unique to this Colony - many countries, particularly those with small incomes and outdated capital infrastructures, are beset by this worrying problem - and it is for this very reason that we asked for the Shackleton team to lay down priorities. With any luck they may come up with an answer that will at least go part of the way to satisfy some of our requirements. I am sorry I cannot be less gloomy.

MR BOWLES

Sir, would the Chief Secretary agree that perhaps a "mini" repair job may be worth while on the roads as a temporary measure at this stage, or would he consider this not so?

CHIEF SECRETARY

It is very much a matter of priorities. As I have said, we can concentrate on some of the urgent attention to the pot-holes - these hideous pot-holes which we have got used to trying to avoid in Stanley - but at the moment I am satisfied that the Public Works Department is doing all it can with the available work-force they have, and that to do any more could only be at the expense of some other more urgent work. The Public Works Department, as we know, has things falling about its ears. There is urgent attention required to the filtration plant, the jetty, numerous things one could mention; so on balance I would rather refer to the expert opinion of the Superintendent of Public Works at present, and wait and see if the Shackleton survey can come up with anything better, and also with means of financing and perhaps providing the manpower as well.

/MR BOWLES

MR BOWLES

n

One further question, Sir. Would the Chief Secretary not agree that if we had to avoid some of our pot-holes we may well commit a street offence?

CHIEF SECRETARY

I suppose this is quite possible, Sir. I myself take every precaution to try and avoid the pot-holes and an offence, but I am sure it could result in the awful consequences that the Honourable Mr Bowles has referred to. However, I am sure that the Magistrate would take it fully into account in hearing the case.

MR BOWLES

I would like to thank the Chief Secretary for his replies - especially the last one.

THE CLERK

No 9 of 1976 by the Honourable John Smith

MR SMITH

Will Government examine the possibility of increasing the Old Age Pensions and the Children's Allowances, and to link them to a cost of living scale which will be increased when the cost-of-living bonuses are adjusted?

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

With regard to the question of the Old Age Pension scheme, I trust that the answer I gave earlier in reply to a question from the Honourable Elected Member for West Falkland will suffice. The question of Family Allowances - I am afraid I must jump on the band waggon and state that I expect it to be in the Shackleton Report. The Team did discuss the question of family allowances with me; they did take details; and I have every hope that it will be studied and that family allowances will be considered before the beginning of the new family allowance year which starts next January. I regret that I must add today to what must be known as the "pre-Shackleton Blues" I would think.

MR SMITH

I thank the Honourable Financial Secretary for his reply.

MR MONK

Why do we have to refer to the small things as increasing family allowances to Lord Shackleton?

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

As a matter of fact, it wasn't referred to Lord Shackleton's team by Government. The question was brought up by members of the public and referred to Lord Shackleton's team, and

/Lord

Lord Shackleton's team wish to take into account the question of family allowances in consideration of the full tax structure of the Colony, including personal allowances.

THE PRESIDENT

May I just add after that - I'm sure it's in line with what the Financial Secretary said - the social services, of course, the whole broad spectrum of the social services and the financing of them: I think the all-embracing picture was what the Shackleton team decided they must examine, in the light of representations made to them by the public, not by Government.

THE CLERK

No 10 of 1976 by the Honourable John Smith.

MR SMITH

What has been the amount of money from the Colony Development funds expended on the YPF installation, and when is it expected that the installation will become operational?

CHIEF SECRETARY

Thank you Sir. The sum of \$5,532 has been withdrawn from the Colony Development Fund to meet expenditure on the YPF installation. I am unfortunately unable to give a date when the installation will become operational, but it is not expected to come into operation until either a new jetty has been constructed to pipe the fuel ashore, or a guarantee is given that such a jetty will be built, and such guarantee accepted by the Argentine authorities.

MR SMITH

I thank the Honourable Chief Secretary for his reply, and I am staggered by the amount of money which has been spent on what one can describe at the moment as a "silver elephant".

THE CLERK

No 11 of 1976 by the Honourable J Smith.

MR SMITH

Does Government intend to draw up a contingency plan against the possible introduction of foot and mouth disease into the Colony and also to instal preventive measures at the air terminal and jetties as a safeguard against foot and mouth disease?

/CHIEF SECRETARY

CHIEF SECRETARY

Thank you Sir. As I am sure my Honourable Friend knows, for some years now Government has been alive to the possibility, if not the probability, of foot and mouth disease being brought into the Colony. Despite assurances we have had from some experts that this is unlikely, Government has always had reservations about this and does not share that view. It has already taken several steps to prevent the importation of the disease, notably by the banning of a list of suspect foodstuffs. It has also ordered disinfecting mats for eventual use at the airport and it has looked at the possibility of using them on tourist vessels - the "Lindblad Explorer" for instance uses one. It might be well worth while looking very much further into this question in collaboration with the Veterinary Officer, but as he has only just arrived it is a little early to give a definitive reply. Together with the Veterinary Officer, I and Mr Kerr will certainly look into this foot and mouth problem most closely in the very near future and, if anything further needs to be done I can assure my Honourable Friend that everything will be done that seems to be needed: but we are most certainly very much alive to the dangers and I doubt if there is anything we can do immediately.

MR SMITH

I thank the Honourable Chief Secretary for his reply.

MR MONK

If I may say so, this matter was raised by many others some while ago. Is it not a fact that Mr Bob Bostelmann, the most excellent vet we had here before, made detailed recommendations to Government with regard to precautions at the airstrip and the jetty?

CHIEF SECRETARY

It is a fact that Mr Bostelmann made some recommendations to Government about the possibility of foot and mouth disease and it is largely on that advice - which, in fact, was vicarious advice as I understand it, culled from the Veterinary Attache in Buenos Aires at the Embassy there - it is on that advice that we have largely acted. The major point in his recommendation was, of course, that we should control this specified list of foodstuffs, and this has been done, much to the annoyance of some of the traders, I might say, but we have had to do it. Whether this amounts to a contingency plan or not I don't know - or whether, in fact, the contingency plan would work or would be preferable, again I am not sure. I think contingency plans have got to be kept fluid. If we make a mould in the strict form that it is presented to us by the Vet, we do not really leave ourselves any room to manoeuvre in cases of changing circumstances. I think as far as I can gather Mr Bostelmann .....

MR MONK (interrupting)

Has there ever been any exemption made with regard to

/this



this list of foodstuffs which are not allowed to be imported - bacon, for instance?

CHIEF SECRETARY

Yes Sir, there has been. I think on two occasions there was an exemption made; one was when a consignment of bacon was shipped from Buenos Aires on a vessel, and I was told belatedly that it could not be unloaded, and we queried the consignment as quickly as possible by telegram with the Attache in Buenos Aires and we were told that this did not fall within the list of the specified foodstuffs, although it did imply a risk of carrying infection, but it was the type of bacon that is not a real danger. So that consignment was allowed in; subsequently one similar consignment was allowed in - an application for a third consignment was refused.

MR BOWLES

Can the Chief Secretary assure us that the seriousness of this disease is taken with the utmost care by this Government?

CHIEF SECRETARY

Certainly Sir. As I have said, the belief has been, I know, and I am sure that most farmers know, that one day foot and mouth disease will almost certainly enter the Colony. That is at least the way in which we should work, and if we take that stance, well, then. I think we will do everything we possibly can. To ban those foodstuffs which are very much sought after is going a long way, and if there is anything further which requires to be done, we shall certainly do it. For instance, we ensured that the equipment which came in to extend the runway had been thoroughly cleaned before it arrived. There will obviously still remain a few loopholes, but if we can plug them, we shall.

MR SMITH

Could Government, in the immediate future, publish notices of the prohibited foodstuffs in both English and Spanish on vessels which are shortly to tie alongside our East Jetty, thus letting passengers and crew on board know which foodstuffs are permitted and which are not into the Colony?

CHIEF SECRETARY

Yes, I think that is an excellent suggestion, Sir. In fact, I have already given a list to the Argentine Vice Commodore here, so that he is aware that any of the crew on the aircraft or any of the crew on the vessels should not bring the stuff in; and to the best of my knowledge he has abided by this instruction - but I think the suggestion is an excellent one.

/MR SMITH

MR SMITH

I would like to follow up, Sir, with one more supplementary question, and that is the matter of the disposal of waste food and garbage from the ships which are likely to remain alongside in Stanley for perhaps four or five days. Foot and mouth disease can be transmitted in the bone of animals and this is obviously the part which is going to be dumped. Can we ensure that any refuse is dumped at sea and not into our harbour?

CHIEF SECRETARY

I have made a note of that Sir, and will discuss it with the Veterinary Officer and the Customs Officer and Harbour Master to see what can be done in the way of preventing this. It's an important point.

MR SMITH

I thank the Chief Secretary for his reply.

QUESTIONS FOR WRITTEN REPLY

Question No 1/76 by the Honourable J Smith

"When does Government intend to resume work towards the completion of the storm drains and road surface repairs on Hebe Street?"

Answer by the Honourable Chief Secretary.

"The Government is anxious to improve the standard of all the roads in Stanley at the earliest opportunity and the urgency of this problem was presented emphatically to the Shackleton Economic Survey Team.

"Unfortunately, the constraint of manpower has so far obstructed any worthwhile progress on road works. Piece-meal repairs have been carried out occasionally but these are at best temporary measures for use only in the very worst locations.

"Government is advised that the danger of sub-soil and road movement in the lower regions of Hebe Street has been held, but that normal road repairs and construction of drains are required. No specific sum for this purpose has been allocated in next year's estimates for this particular work, although there is a sum of £1,500 entered for General Road Work. The Superintendent of Public Works has been directed to draw up priorities for use of this money and it is, therefore, probable that some attention will be given to Hebe Street. But I should emphasise that the Public Works Department have numerous works claiming priority and it would seem sensible to leave the ordering of these priorities in the capable hands of the Superintendent."



Question No 2/76 by the Honourable J Smith

"Will Government give details of the type of road and its construction which will link Cape Pembroke Airfield to Stanley"

Answer by the Honourable Chief Secretary

"Honourable Sir, the details of the road linking Cape Pembroke Airfield to Stanley are set out in the documents relating to the contract. Generally these provide for a surfaced pavement 11.5 ft wide with shoulders 1.5 metres wide on each side. The pavement will consist of surface dressing over six inches of crushed rock base on a sub base varying in thickness, depending on sub grade conditions. Side drains will be provided as necessary to accommodate the surface run off and to maintain local water table at a reduced level.

"A certain latitude is allowed to be exercised by the Consulting Engineers in collaboration with the Client and the Contractor. The specification and bills of quantities for the contract are, therefore, usually kept confidential between all concerned. It would, therefore, be inadvisable to give definitive answers and it might be prudent to restrict your reply to enquirers to the fact that it will be a paved road, approximately 11½ ft wide and will be approximately 4 miles in length.

"You may have access to the full specification as set out in the working documents at your convenience. They are held at my office."

Question No 3/76 by the Honourable J Smith

"How many airline companies has Government approached on the possibility of forming an external air link with the Colony."

Answer by the Honourable Chief Secretary

"Honourable Sir,

"Through Her Majesty's Government and Her Majesty's Embassies, the Falkland Islands Government has approached several countries on the Latin American mainland to enquire if their respective airlines would have any interest in operating between the mainland and the Falklands, it being understood that the normal criterion of economic feasibility would apply.

"I regret I am not able to be specific as to the exact number of airlines as the approach was made on a Government to Government basis. Governments in Latin America sometimes operate or participate in the operation of more than one airline.

"You should know that none of these approaches has resulted in any positive response and British Caledonian have intimated to the Foreign and Commonwealth Office that they do not contemplate a direct link with the Colony."

Question No 4/76 by the Honourable J Smith

"What interest has been shown during the last twelve months by companies in respect of oil exploration in the Colony and the surrounding waters?"

Answer by the Honourable Chief Secretary

"Honourable Sir,

"During the last twelve months, the following companies have expressed an interest in exploring for oil in the Colony or its surrounding waters.

- "1. Ashland Oil, Ontario, Canada.
2. Ranger Oil, U.K. Ltd., Glen House Stag Place  
London

"Both companies have been informed that their interests will be noted, together with those of companies who have previously made approaches, until such time as this Government is able to enact new measures to replace the outmoded present legislation and to formulate a licensing policy. All this must be done in consultation and agreement with Her Majesty's Government."

The President then adjourned the meeting and directed that Council should meet again at 10.00 a.m. on Friday 18 June 1976

Council re-assembled at 10.00 a.m. on Friday 18 June 1976

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

To open today's proceedings, I have one announcement to make, which is that the unofficial Members of Legislative Council have elected the following to be Members of Executive Council: the Honourable John Smith, and the Honourable L G Blake. Thank you.

MOTIONS

A Motion for the adoption of the Report of the Standing Finance Committee for the period June 1975 to February 1976 was put by the Honourable Financial Secretary. The Motion was seconded by the Honourable Chief Secretary and carried without debate.

Motion by the Honourable L G Blake JP

"This House asks the Administration to prepare the necessary legislation and put it before Council, needed to give Government statutory powers to control prices and incomes."

MR BLAKE

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, in rising to introduce this Motion I commend to all Councillors the state of our budget. We are undergoing as high a rate of inflation, I would think, in this Colony as they are in Britain, and it seems that we can do little about it. It is said in many quarters that we import our inflation but, to a certain extent, of course, we manufacture it. I realise that all traders should have and deserve a reasonable living, but I contend that if a trader - and I am not pointing my finger at any particular group or trader - if a trader imposes a high profit margin on stores which are included in our cost-of-living calculations, then we, as a Government, plus all employers, have to cover part of that profit margin in an excessive rise in cost of living. Our budget grows at a fantastic rate and since I first joined Council it has gone from something like £230,000 to clear of a million; and when I joined Council we weren't in the horse and buggy days, we had the air service, the medical department - we even had a doctor at Fox Bay - we had all the services we have today excepting those provided by our neighbour, yet it now costs us five times as much. I admit that we can't stop inflation just like that, but we should have and must have some means of control. I believe that basically our cost-of-living basket, if you like, does to a certain degree require revision, but that the profit margin on these items should be subject to a control measure that would be decided by the Government of the Colony, and to do this, of course, we need statutory powers. The administrative burden shouldn't be greatly increased; all importers are required to make a return to Government of the cost, including freight, of their imports, and it wouldn't be difficult for the cost-of-living committee - if they find an undue rise in any item over a quarter at review - to check that the profit margin is being maintained at a sensible level. If things went from bad to worse it would not be only prices we would have to control but if we reach really difficult financial circumstances, then it would not be fair for this Government to say to the Administration "You can't have this; you can't have that, we can't afford it". It would have to be a Colony-wide decision, and it would have to be overall, there would have to be control of everybody's stipend. I therefore commend to Council the idea - it would take time to produce, but I ask that it be

/studied

studied carefully by the Members, and I ask them to support the introduction - not the immediate use - the introduction of legislation to give us a tool that we may need in the future to control our inflation rate.

Sir, I beg to propose the Motion.

MR MONK

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: In rising to second the Motion I really don't know what I can usefully add to the excellent speech of the Honourable Elected Member for the West Falkland: he's virtually covered all the ground I was going to, and considerably more eloquently and, in fact, made such an extremely good case for the whole thing that there's not much for me to say. I'm not a recent convert to the idea - I've spoken about it publicly before, although I never got round to proposing a Motion. I am not blind to the complexities of the issue. So much of our inflation is imported, but I am quite convinced some isn't. I think a statutory Prices and Incomes Board would have to consider such aspects as the monopoly trading nature - the monopoly nature of our largest trading concern - which might have some bearing on this sort of thing. There is one point which I would like to make which I don't think the Honourable Member made, and that is that traders operating with a reasonable profit limit, trading fairly, in other words, would not have anything to fear from the establishment of such a Board, so that I cannot see why anybody that knows that his operations are fair to him and his public should object to such a Board being set up.

I beg to second the Motion.

MR BOWLES

Your Excellency, I've thought a great deal about this; although I have no personal objections to this, I feel we should be a little cautious about it. The control of prices and incomes by statutory legislation in these Islands, to my way of thinking, especially prior to the famous Shackleton Report, could well present problems in such a small community. But we don't have long to wait, and I feel there will be something in the Shackleton Report referring to this very item. I've always understood that incomes are regulated with the cost-of-living index, and price control to a certain extent is virtually a board of inquiry into private enterprise. I've no objection to this either, but is Government going to get anything out of it; is the taxpayer going to benefit by it; is the mini-department that will have to be set up to run it going to pay its way? At this stage I have reasons to doubt it and at this stage I would feel I should not support the Motion - not because I'm completely against it but through lack of detailed information and lack of the Economic Survey Team's findings. I think we should be cautious about it and not try to jump the gun.

Thank you.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

In rising to oppose the Motion, I would like to mention just a few points. I am particularly concerned with the control of Government expenditure, and the proposal made by the Honourable Mr Blake does have some merit; but at this stage I don't think we require legislation for the control of prices. If there is any case where there is profiteering, I think legislation exists now for a commission of enquiry to be set up at any time, under Chapter 12 of our Ordinances. I cannot foresee that the fact of introducing legislation and setting up a Board under that would really have much effect: I do believe

/that

would really have much effect. I do believe that the greatest percentage of increase in prices is imported from abroad. However, I think the course proposed by the Honourable Mr Bowles is a sensible one to take - to study it a little further before setting out any legislation for this matter. As far as I know, overseas in some countries they find that they do set up a Board and normally they have a businessman on it, a representative from the Union, and a number of experts; and it is presided over by an independent chairman. This will mean another Board for the Colony to set up. We have a lot of committees now, and many of the same people serve on these committees, taking up an awful lot of their time. Unless we are sure that it's going to be of some benefit I cannot see any point in introducing legislation at this stage.

#### CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I am very grateful to the Honourable Financial Secretary and to the Honourable Mr Bowles for some remarks which have put some ideas into my head about this matter, too. I am quite certain that I and my colleagues who have so far had second thoughts about this Motion, or the motives that have put it on to the Order Paper - the two things we are aiming to do are to contain our budget within reasonable balance and in the process restrain inflation and keep it from getting out of control, and no-one round this table, and certainly no-one in the Colony, would quarrel with that intention. I go along entirely with what the Honourable Financial Secretary has said, and the Honourable Mr Bowles too. I think the thing requires further study. It would also, as Mr Bowles has said, be premature in view of the advice we shall doubtless get from the Shackleton team, and I have no knowledge of what that advice may be. My own view is that a statutory Prices and Incomes Board not only requires a great wealth of statistics, not only would require additional staff to operate it, but is designed for perfect people in perfect situations, where everyone's exact income is known, and the exact amount each spends on each and every item is known. If we don't have this exact information we are liable to do more damage than good with a Prices and Incomes Board, and I think it is these problems of operating a mechanism of prices and incomes that has led to this sort of legislation coming to nought in almost every other country where it has been tried. I have said that we should do everything possible - certainly Government ought to do everything possible - to restrict inflation, and I have, I hope, a constructive element to contribute. I didn't wish to be entirely destructive or critical of this Motion, and I would suggest that at this stage it might well be worth while looking at something very similar to the United Kingdom's National Economic Development Council, the NEDC which is a non-statutory organisation; and all we would require here would be an occasional consultation between the major importers, representatives of the traders, and the retailers, and representatives of the consumers, and possibly, if it was required, someone from Government. I think this suggestion is worth while following up - at least as a preliminary to going into a statutory board, and I would commend this suggestion for further study and possible implementation. I don't think that my proposal can be incorporated as an amendment to the Motion as it now stands, and I am reluctantly, therefore, forced to propose that the Motion, as it stands, be rejected. Thank you.

/MR HADDEN



MR HADDEN

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I must admit that I've been listening to the implications of such a scheme. It seems to me that at the least it would be just too heavy for our Administration. I also agree in principle with most of what has been said; as far as I can figure out this is that we control prices, which obviously isn't going to please some section of the community, but little has been said about controlling incomes - unless it is the income of the supplier we are talking about. It is a tremendously complicated situation altogether, and I honestly cannot support it, Sir. Thank you.

MR BOUND

Your Excellency, perhaps as a trader I feel I should declare some sort of interest in this subject and although I would like to say quite a lot on it, basically the only comment I can make fairly, I think, is that the essential stores here - I don't really know if people are criticising prices too heavily - I am quite convinced that the essential stores, particularly foodstuffs, which I think hold a pretty power in our cost-of-living index - and, fortunately, is one of the things which I am not involved with - I really can't believe that any great profit is being made on such a competitive item. It sounds quite ridiculous to me that if a trader is trying to sell an item at 50p and making quite a profit on it, and if the small boy around the corner offers the same thing for 25p, well there is something wrong. I don't think he could do such a thing. So I think in fairness I should decline from voting on this Motion.

MR SMITH

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I would like to associate myself with the remarks of the Honourable Financial Secretary on this Motion. It has many commendable points to it and is worthy of further study, but as I presently see it the cost of administering the Government machine to drive it - or work it - would exceed the benefits which we might get from it at the present time. That's all I have to say.

MR BLAKE

Your Excellency, may I, in winding up, perhaps read the Motion. The opinion around this table, from the comments I have heard, is that the Motion is: "requires Government to set up a Prices and Incomes Board". I read the Motion: "this House asks the Administration to prepare the necessary legislation and to put it before Council needed to give Government statutory powers to control prices and incomes". I am not asking for the immediate setting up of a Prices and Incomes Board. What I am asking, and I ask again; I am asking Council Members to look perhaps on the gloomy side, but to have ready, should it be needed, the necessary legislation. I have heard many Councillors, several Councillors, say that this is worthy of further study. Perhaps my opinions of the Administration are a little bit unkind, but I think the surest way of getting a little bit of further study done on the subject is to get them to produce a law on the subject. The production of a law doesn't make it law, but it will ensure that the maximum amount of thought is given to this idea. It may be that in that study they will find alternatives. These will be put forward with the legislation. It has been said that Shackleton's Report will, we hope, have something to say on

/this subject

this subject. Fine. I don't object to any of this advice. But I do think that to sit back and wait until the eleventh hour until we do anything is being foolish. All I ask this Council to do is to prepare the necessary legislation - not to set up a vast Prices and Incomes Board if we don't require it, but if we do require it, we /when first of all have to do our homework to set up such a board, then we will lose at least 12, and probably 24 months in the preparation.

Your Excellency, I commend again the Motion to this Council.

THE PRESIDENT

Thank you, Mr Blake. Just to clarify one point - I think it is merely a matter of the wording - when you said "production of a law would not make it a law", I think what you intended was, "in the presence of legislation this would involve an examination or study of the whole question which, in itself, in legislating" - was that your concept? - "it would be enabling legislation which might or-might not-be implemented".

MR BLAKE

This is my whole point Sir. In the preparation of the legislation it will encourage us all to think - not just the Administration - and having prepared the legislation we will continue to think. The legislation - the powers granted under any legislation - don't have to be implemented, but the powers would be there.

THE PRESIDENT

Thank you for your clarification. Does any other Honourable Member wish to speak?

CHIEF SECRETARY

I am very grateful to the Honourable Mr Blake for the clarification of the Motion but I am sure he will realise that it does include the words "and put before Council" this legislation which he has proposed should be devised. If it is put before Council, and presumably it would be put before Council with an intention that it be adopted, but leaving that on one side there is, I still think, the question that if we have enabling legislation to do something which we are unable to do - which I sense is the consensus - this is to carry out work which leads to no purpose. I am not being negative about this; I think that my suggestion of informal consultation would achieve what the Honourable Mr Blake hopes to achieve, but without the necessity of going into legislation. And there is the point, too, if we do go into legislation, we would have to look at an enormous amount of implications. We have virtually to establish a model Prices and Incomes Board before we could see if the legislation worked and, if, in view of the general opinion it is really worth while doing this, I do commend my alternative. Thank you.

Mr Blake called for a division and the Motion was lost by 5 votes to 2 with one abstention.

/MOTION



MOTION by the Honourable A B Monk JP

"That this House considers as a matter of urgency that our broadcasting system should be administered and run by an autonomous body free of Government control and financed by a yearly grant from Government and licence fees, on similar lines to the BBC. This, so that the citizens of this Colony can have the opportunity to freely discuss matters of interest to them without intervention from the Administration."

MR MONK

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I worded my Motion at such length that I really haven't got a great deal more to say about it, but in proposing the Motion I would have thought the need must be patently obvious to anybody interested in democracy. Free speech is essential in a democratic community, and I think we should have the right to freely discuss any matters - any internal matters, certainly - which concern us. I think Members, for instance, should be able to go up there and comment on their reasons for decisions in Council; explain things to their constituents: people should be able to go up there and put their points of view; discussion groups should be able to go and thrash things out, without any fear of intervention from the Administration. I think only by broadcasting being in the hands of an autonomous body - controlled by an autonomous body - could this be achieved. The financing of it would virtually be as it is now; Government largely supports the broadcasting, a small amount comes from licences. It would mean that Government would give an annual grant in place of the present arrangement, and licence fees would accrue to the body as they presently accrue to Government.

I beg to propose the Motion.

MR BLAKE

Your Excellency, I rise to second this Motion and I think - like most people around this table basically - we are all against censorship. We are, as the Honourable Member has said, a free democracy: but no democracy can claim to be completely free when you have any degree of censorship. Even when - censorship is almost a harsh word - even when this filtering process is done for the best of motives and with kid gloves. There is one other point which I hope would commend the idea also to the Administration. One of our problems is that as it is a Government broadcasting station they feel that if any form of announcement goes out, it is the voice of Government. Freeing - making an independent broadcasting body - would mean that it would no longer be the voice of Government, and one would hope that the people who listen - outside the Colony would no longer complain that Government was saying rude things. Of course, if you listen behind doors and keyholes you may not hear everything you like, but at least it wouldn't have official backing.

Sir, I beg to second the Motion.

MR BOWLES

MR BOWLES

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I can see I am going to be christened "the cautious Councillor" if I don't watch what I'm doing. I didn't realise that the FIBS had a "G" in the middle of it. I know the abbreviation spells "Fibs" but I don't think it altogether lives up to this reputation either. But I've never heard it announced as the Falkland Islands Government Broadcasting Station, and I thought to a certain extent there was a relative amount of free speech to anyone who wants to go up there and present a programme. "Magazine": one can say what one likes to the interviewer as far as I am aware. "Visitors' Book" gives a fairly wide-ranging attitude. Special interviews and commentaries are not censored to my knowledge: even the Forums we had a few years ago, I don't remember anything being out out. I don't want to feel as though I am a Government "Yes-man" I am merely stating facts as I see them. The Newsletter is possibly the most to digest, but some of these have had some jolly good comments in them, too. I feel at times there is reason for Government intervention, in delicate matters which may - or the delicate nature of matters - which may be misconstrued by the outside world cause reason for censorship. But like Mr Blake, I don't like the word "censorship". I think in considering this Motion we've got to decide whether or not the present broadcasting system needs a little more freedom or it doesn't. I'm all for freedom of speech and democracy; as Mr Monk has said, I think this is right and I feel certain that in the future - I hope the not too distant future - we will again have some more comments on this very subject. At the present moment, Sir, I would like to abstain from this Motion - not because I am opposed to it but, once again, I feel cautiousness on this is still the right attitude.

MR SMITH

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I would like to support this Motion. If the BBC can run in an efficient manner, I see no reason why we can't adopt a similar manner. With so few people, so few listeners, so few staff involved, and I think it will give a new impetus to our broadcasting and re-vitalise it to some extent.

Thank you.

CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I agree entirely with the mover of this Motion that he has made it an all-embracing one and one has to look very carefully at each and every word in it. If I can perhaps take the first part of it: "that this House considers as a matter of urgency that our broadcasting system should be administered and run by an autonomous body free of Government control; and financed by a yearly grant from Government and licence fees, on similar lines to the BBC". Well, there are so many implicit questions there, that I can only deal with some of them; but if we do look at the comparison which I think the Honourable Mover of this Motion is attempting to make, we are trying to compare the Falkland Islands Broadcasting Station with the BBC. The BBC is, of course, a very large body; it employs 20,000 people and a little bit of esoteric information about its constitution might not be out of place. It has 12 Governors, appointed by the Government; it has numerous committees to advise the Governors on social effects: religious broadcasting, music, agriculture, school broadcasts, further education, programme for immigrants, science, engineering, charity appeals, and others. The Governors

/appoint

appoint a person known as the Director General. The Director General is Chairman of the BBC's Board of Management: the Board of Management includes directors, for instance, for finance, public affairs, and engineering; and the Corporation disposes of something in the region of £45 million per annum, without the revenue it obtains from the sale of its publications and its programmes. It is established by Royal Charter under licence issued to it by the Home Secretary, who is responsible to Parliament for its overall policy, and has the power of veto over it. It is "independent" in its day-to-day affairs, insofar as it operates on a daily basis within the overall supervision of the Director General. But I think it's worth bearing in mind that with that wealth of committees and wealth of staff you get a fair cross-section of opinion through it. With 20,000 staff and a very large number of check committees, it is very easy for the BBC to be independent - or is it actually independent? There have been allegations, I believe, that it has misreported events in the Falkland Islands. And certainly it came under considerable fire in its handling broadcasts in Africa; and there has been a most recent allegation, for instance, that they dealt in a slanting fashion with Concorde. I think our broadcasting service is probably as autonomous as the BBC - if that is the correct word to use. An autonomous body - if this is what the Mover really means - is a bureaucratic body responsible only to itself. At the moment, if there is any editing - and I wouldn't put it higher than that - of programmes, the editor is directly responsible to the Legislative Council, and he can be removed by the Legislative Council if he oversteps the mark. He is responsible to the body that represents the people of these Islands. What the Honourable Mover of this Motion, I think, would achieve if his Motion was adopted, is that he would put the control of broadcasting in the hands of an autonomous person, whose - perhaps private - hunch, or brilliant idea, or pet theory, would be put over the air. But my view is that even the most brilliant of ideas should be subservient to the collective wisdom of the Legislative Council, to whom the Broadcasting service, through the Government Head of Department and through myself, is now responsible, is far superior to putting the control of this vital organ into the hands of, as it has rightly been said, a body which would have to be specially set up for itself, with additional staff, additional expenditure, and lacking the expertise that - unless of course we import someone specially for this - lacking the expertise to achieve the balance that the BBC must produce under its Constitution. It is this balance, I think, that is so important, both the BBC and the Independent Broadcasting authorities for that matter, have written into their Constitution that in controversial issues they must produce a balanced programme. And that is all that Government is hoping to do in its exercise of this editing of programmes. The Newsletter perhaps is the most vulnerable thing. As it goes back to 1947, the newsletter has a great affection amongst the Islanders, and rightly so. It also has, of course, a connotation with Government

I take the Honourable Seconder's point that an independent body would liberalise the Newsletter and may not have the informata of Government, and it would then be seen to be anyone's point of view. But is this really what we want? Is anyone's point of view - does it really mean an individual journalist's point of view, without any balance being achieved? I think this is what we would end up with. We would get the odd pet theory, lacking proper timing, lacking consultation with Government on delicate issues - and let us not forget that the BBC is advised almost daily by the Government on what goes out, so that it is not unduly embarrassed. So, all in all, I think all we should achieve if we were to accept this Motion is to take control out of the hands of persons who are directly

/responsible

responsible to the people, through this Legislature, to a body which is responsible to itself only. That is the sort of bureaucracy that we have heard criticised so strongly yesterday. I ask you to leave things as they are; I can't think of any instance where this power has been abused. I am sure that the very fact that this Motion can be put down today is an indication that if it is ever in danger of abuse, a check can be put on that. I therefore, Sir, would like to propose that so far as the BBC is concerned, we would not achieve either any greater degree of freedom of expression or liberalisation of the system by going over to an autonomous body. As for intervention from the Administration - which is the second part of the Motion, I have already dealt with this in part, but what does this really amount to? Each and every Honourable Member around this table has complete freedom of expression in his election address, so what restraint really is exercised? There is nothing to prevent Councillors going on the air and making statements. What slight control might be exercised is to ensure that the interests of these people are not put in jeopardy by some irresponsible statement which any reporter can do if his remarks are not co-ordinated with Government policy; and I think in our circumstances this is particularly so, where we are a small community in a vulnerable situation. I can give an assurance, certainly, to the Mover and Seconder of this Motion, that any editing will never be done in the way that perhaps might be read from the Motion. There is nothing devious about it, no true censorship, no procclytization or use of the system for propaganda purposes. As I believe the Seconder said himself, it is slight and with a kid glove, and that, I think, is the way it should be left.

#### FINANCIAL SECRETARY

I would like to endorse what the Honourable the Chief Secretary has just said. I cannot see that there would be any great advantage in having it under an independent body and I think that the grant which has been referred to this morning would have a tendency to grow and perhaps even be refused by Standing Finance Committee Members in future; and we would probably go back to the same stage as we are now. There is sufficient freedom at present. I think it's only right that the Government has to have reserve powers and they would only be used in extreme cases.

I would like to oppose the Motion.

#### MR BOUND

I must admit that I wasn't really aware of any form of censorship on our media. I have heard it bandied at some time that this word has been used, but perhaps I've missed a few points along the line and couldn't understand what they were talking about. I'm afraid I'd like to associate myself with the Honourable Chief Secretary and also with my Honourable Friend on the right, Mr Bowles, who have made it clear, I think, that most people are able to express themselves if they have the will to go along to the Broadcasting Studio. There are several programmes there in which you can say, as far as I know, all that you like. I also was surprised to hear it said that Councillors themselves were unable to express their views and explain matters to their constituents. I didn't know that, either. I thought it was a standard arrangement that, if they wished to explain anything, I don't think there would ever be any problem in getting on the air. I think perhaps a useful point has been brought up in that if there is any form of withholding information that we believe should go out, then it's wise that we should all look at it and perhaps

ask even the Broadcasting Committee to look closely at their programmes and maybe suggest new ideas which would give Councillors and other people ample scope to talk on subjects which they would like to. I should hate to see our Broadcasting Studio develop into a gutter-press sort of media. Perhaps it wouldn't under new ideas - I don't know, but I think I must in all honesty oppose the motion.

MR HADDEN

Your Excellency, I thought when this Motion was put that it would be a fairly simple thing. Now I am absolutely stumped; so much has been said, may I say, about so little. It is very difficult to really know what else to say. I am against any form of censorship unless there is a tremendous need - an emergency need, call it. But I am like my Honourable Friend on my right here, who didn't know exactly what it was. I'm sure I didn't know it was all that complicated. Having listened to the Honourable Chief Secretary telling us about the operation of the BBC, and looking again at the Motion, which asks that it be run on similar lines to the BBC - Gosh! it makes me shudder. That is obviously all as far as I am concerned. I have a feeling that an autonomous body anyway could well become anti-local. Could it not become a monopoly, which is something else we have been trying to get rid of? Some Members have mentioned these things before - it could just happen. And provided there are no snags; providing people are free to approach the Broadcasting Committee secretary with a request that they would like to say something - provided it is never refused, I see no reason why the present system shouldn't be allowed to continue.

MR MONK

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: Quite evidently the Motion has been talked out. I think the word used in America for the sort of verbal red herrings which we have listened to from the Honourable Chief Secretary is "filibuster" - one can't possibly call it anything else. I would like to make one little point: in the ITV tape His Excellency said, "Executive Council requires the Chief Secretary to exercise a degree of control", - if that's not censorship, what is?

THE PRESIDENT

Thank you, Mr Monk. I think this is well understood. I am sorry the ITV tape has been quoted in this House because, as I think all concerned know, it was heavily edited. That isn't all I said and, if you listen to the tape again, I think you'd find that the phrase is "has a clear mandate from Executive Council to look at material". I then went on at some length which, of course, has all been edited out of the tape. To explain; this was normally in the interests of accuracy, to determine that on certain occasions (incidentally it applies only to the weekly Newsletter to my knowledge) to ensure that it is accurate, that nothing goes out (again it's in the context of the Newsletter) nothing goes out which, in the words of my speech to you - I pointed out that nearly all our domestic problems of any substance are permeated by considerations which stem from, or relate to, the conduct of our external affairs. In my nearly 18 months in the Colony I've known only two occasions - one fairly important, one minor - where I have advised or been consulted by the Chief Secretary. We have agreed that it was in the interests of Government - I may say "Her Majesty's Government - who has the ultimate responsibility. But I would take Mr Monk up very robustly on this point quoting from the ITV tapes. My recording -



which was completely spontaneous, ad hoc, it was not written. I had very little knowledge of what was going to be said to me - was heavily edited, selectively, and does not amount to censorship. I said - my precise words, the only phrase which was incorporated is "asked to look at material". Now may I be permitted to assure you that in my view, as I've seen it working over 18 months, that "looking at material" has done nothing but good, in the sense that, again and again, the Chief Secretary has said "the newsreaders are busy people - part-time, most of them, I think, have omitted items of interest which have been occurring in the Colony; instead they're going to read the following news extracts from the New Zealand Times on bee-keeping or what-have-you; why not let us get a good round-up of Colony affairs." And I think in this sense intervention has been wholly salutary. I myself went to take my leave of the Captain of Chichester last week; the Captain showed me very proudly 30 or 40 letters from children, which had been written to him by children who had visited the ship. When I saw the material for the weekly Newsletter - which, incidentally, is just shown to me for interest - I said, "No reference to Chichester's visit? What a shame! Here we've been visited by a great warship, it's been highly successful; why doesn't the Newsreader include an account of Chichester's visit; refer to the children's letters? As a result, the newsreader - I think the information must have been relayed, I certainly didn't do it - incorporated what I think was a very interesting and heartening item. But to return to my main point: in my experience, and I say this and I'm on record, I know of no case of what one could even begin to call censorship during my governorship. I can't speak for my predecessors' time naturally. I am well aware that many of you consider that the non-broadcasting of the tape of the Shackleton incident may have constituted censorship - it wasn't. I said the time to broadcast that tape was immediately; and with great respect to the broadcasting officials, it should have been broadcast on the following day, not when Her Majesty's Government, who have complete responsibility for external affairs, were engaged in very intricate and delicate negotiations to make sure that Shackleton could complete her programme - as she did finally - of research. That is the only occasion; and again, this wasn't censorship. It was merely to see that we didn't revive what by then was stale: and in any case, I'd hate to even take a guess at the number of tapes which were circulated in the Colony of this incident - it's been partially broadcast in the ITV programme. May I say, during the course of these proceedings, that I would plead with you not to quote from the ITV tape. I have a complete transcript of it from the Foreign and Commonwealth Office and if any of you would like a copy I can have them made - those of you who haven't heard the tape. It's been very heavily edited, and I think many of the spokesmen would agree with me - those who did speak to the interviewers - that much of this could be highly misleading and even damaging to the Colony. I personally took very little pleasure in the programme. I thought it was shot through with almost a patronising element: but my main point is please don't quote from it as authoritative, because of course it was not comprehensive.

Thank you. Just to clear up that point.

The Motion was not carried.

MOTION by the Honourable J Smith

"That Government brings into effect a landing tax to be paid by all persons entering the Colony and its Dependencies, other than permanent residents - that is to say, persons who normally reside in the Colony and have done so for not less than one year; and persons engaged to work for the British Antarctic Survey in the Dependencies. It is proposed that the tax should be £5 per person."

/MR SMITH

MR SMITH

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: There is very little that I can really say on this Motion because it's really self-explanatory. I should mention that a similar Motion was also put forward by the Honourable Member for West Falkland, and the main purpose - as I intend it - is that when we have our airfield, we have to support and maintain it. In other airfields in the world you have to pay a landing tax, and the time has come now when we should adopt that procedure. We also have tourists on vessels which go to South Georgia and the Antarctic. The passengers go ashore there quite freely, and I don't think a landing tax would be out of the question, and the sum of £5 I feel to be a reasonable figure. If a person can afford the fare to come to the Falklands or to go to the Antarctic or South Georgia, an extra £5 on the ticket or bill wouldn't come amiss. One can look at it in another way - that it's a small figure because we in the Colony have to pay £4 to get on our own aircraft before we go up in the air - that costs a bit extra. And that's really all that I have to say about the Motion Sir.

THE PRESIDENT

Thank you, Mr Smith. May I just mention - no doubt you had it in mind - that in fact I think the practice is possibly more widespread throughout the world to charge an embarkation tax - certainly in Europe, throughout the European Community countries. I just thought I'd mention that point to help subsequent discussion - it is embarkation or departure rather than on arrival in most countries. It doesn't mean that we shouldn't follow our own way, but I just thought I'd make the point that I think that practice is far commoner. Thank you.

MR SMITH

Thank you Sir. Then perhaps we could substitute "landing" for "embarkation" to follow other countries.

MR BLAKE

Your Excellency, in rising to speak to this Motion and support it wholeheartedly, as the proposer says, it's pretty self-explanatory. However, I would resist making it an embarkation tax because I don't think this is wholly what we have set out to do. We already have proposals in our estimates for an embarkation tax. This is to ensure, surely, that the visitors help to contribute to the general running of the Colony. Whether we make it a landing tax or a tourist tax I don't think really matters, providing we get down and start raising the funds. We floated this idea, I think, perhaps last year, and it would seem to me the simplest way of doing it. Visitors require an entry permit - presumably they have to have a tourist visa - and all we do is we charge them £5. It separates it from the airfield, and it could not then be construed as being contrary to our Communications Agreement or anything else: and I think beyond that we would also require a per capita fee to catch the day-trippers, or part-day trippers. Admittedly there are not as many of them now as there were, but even so we got the odd boat in here, and they come and they wander around and drink tea and pick flowers, and pick up any curios they can - some of them - but I think we should try to make it simple and therefore to charge them a fee on their tourist visa; and for boats you would levy a per capita rate on the passengers whether they come ashore or not, because we can't have someone at the end of

/the jetty



the jetty collecting 25 or 50p a head; we can require the Master to provide us with a passenger list and say, "Right, that will be £500, please".

I beg to support the Motion.

THE PRESIDENT

May I just point out that British passport holders do not require a visa and this would need looking into - it's a technical matter: It's quite possible that the Visa Abolition agreements to which the Falklands are a party by reason of the British Government having entered into mutual Visa Abolition Agreements - for instance, within the European Community - it's a technical point. I just mention it at this stage.

MR BLAKE

I'm sorry Sir. I understood that under the Immigration laws visitors do require some sort of entry permit - be it a tourist permit or work permit - but I understood they did require .....

THE PRESIDENT

Maybe a matter of definitions: simply a visa - in a strict sense, just a visa.

MR BOWLES

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I, too, would like to support this Motion; and I think landing tax as it is written is certainly still important because we do have a considerable amount of visitors by sea who would well assist us in our budget. The embarkation tax on the aircraft is fair enough, but a disembarkation one also could result in some handsome income. The airport - as Mr Smith has said - has got to pay for itself, or the jolly old tax-payer will get stung anyway. Although I understand it's been christened "the black ghost" I don't see why it can't come alive and do as well in the future; and every opportunity to raise cash to assist the maintenance of the airport - which we've discussed for a long time, and we know this is a problem that we have to get over, and this is one way in which the outside visitor can assist us. I don't think he will object to this; he pays it if he wants to go into any other country; I don't think he will object to paying it here.

I would like to support the Motion.

MR BOUND

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I would just like to say, on rising to support this Motion, that this echoes my views expressed in one or two committees during the past year. I think it is only right that we should impose a tax. It should, of course, be extended not only to aircraft, but particularly to tour vessels, and it shouldn't present any problem at all.

Your Excellency, I beg to support the Motion.

/MR HADDEN

MR HADDEN

Your Excellency, I, too, support the Motion. I think it is a very necessary one and I doubt if there would be any complications. I just wonder, Sir, whether born and bred Falkland Islanders returning from home for a holiday shouldn't be exempt - that is the only point.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

Generally I am in sympathy with this proposal, but I would like to mention that I think it is rather an unusual tax. I don't think there are many places in the world where it is imposed. I have visited quite a number of countries, - probably 50 or 60 countries - and I've only paid on one occasion, and that was to Lt Commander Dorien Smith on the island of Tresco in the Scilly Islands - it was 20p; but I'm sure that I would have visited all the other countries even if there had been a tax. I support the Motion but would like to consider it again after Lord Shackleton's report is received; because this is a point which the team leader, Mr Mould, looked into with great care when he was here and he'd want to make a recommendation on this. So subject to recommendations in the Shackleton report I support the proposal.

CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I think this is a most useful proposal and, of course, if it was instituted and we were to get the sort of tourism which one might call the "locust" type tourists, that we've had in the last two or three years, it would yield something in the region of £37,000 which I am sure would be most welcome to the Treasury. I think it is certainly worth proceeding with; I have some doubts about the implementation of it in the terms of the Motion as it is put forward: I think there might well be some other exemptions necessary that perhaps the Mover might agree to; I can only refer to one or two at the moment - for instance, labour imported for farms; civil servants who come out from UK. Another difficulty may arise, in fact, in adopting the Honourable Seconder's suggestion of tying it to an entry permit, because normally tourists, as such, - the ones who would yield the greatest revenue from this tax - would not, to the best of my knowledge, require an entry permit. I have in mind the people who would come here perhaps on the Lindblad Explorer and similar vessels; they are genuine tourists and they don't, normally, here or anywhere else, require an entry permit. And I think a method of collecting total tax from ships might be devised. Subject to those reservations I think it is certainly worth investigating. But I take the Honourable Financial Secretary's point, which I think is very valid; that we do know that Lord Shackleton looked very closely at this matter and it might be worth while considering this very sensible and important Motion together with the recommendations in the Shackleton Report. It may be, for instance, that the economists who studied this will say that this is a short-term gain which would offset a long-term tourism industry. This is what we really want - we want revenue from tourism as an industry. If this is to have a deterrent effect on tourism in its early days and stifle tourism before it really gets going, then I would find difficulty in accepting this. I'm not saying it will have adverse effects - it could. But subject to those reservations I think the Motion should be supported.

/THE PRESIDENT

THE PRESIDENT

Just one point to clarify, Mr Chief Secretary: your use of the phrase "locust type tourism". I think that's my own - possibly borrowed from me - but I think that by that we understand vessels like the Enrico C, the Regina Prima and so on, that would come in with hundreds of so-called tourists who, in fact, had of course come essentially to buy the good things in our stores. I think that was what we had in mind. As I see it, the only way of collecting tax from people like that would be on the bulk system aboard the ship: we certainly wouldn't have the manpower ashore to collect it. But that is what was meant by the word "locust". Thank you.

MR SMITH

Your Excellency, perhaps a few remarks on this. I welcome the Chief Secretary's recommendations or suggestions on possible exemptions; and also the Member for East Falkland on the exemption of native or Falkland Island born persons. I think it would be good to extend the exemption to their wives and families. An embarkation tax would present perhaps some difficulties rather than a landing tax, especially in the case of tourist vessels where a tourist would come ashore, and if he wished to go away he would have to pay the tax: we may find ourselves with a few more inhabitants - but other than that, Sir, I have no more to say.

THE PRESIDENT

Thank you very much indeed, Mr Smith.

The Motion was carried.

ORDERS OF THE DAY

BILLS

APPROPRIATION 1976/77 BILL 1976

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

Your Excellency, Honourable Members:

Before dealing with the 1976/77 Estimates I will refer to the revised estimates of revenue and expenditure for the current year 1975/76.

Ordinary expenditure is revised at £1,013,000; that is, £58,000 more than the original estimate. Fire fighting equipment, replacement parts and fuel for the Beaver aircraft were heavy expenditure items which had to be purchased during the current year and were unforeseen at the time of last year's budget. Other substantial increases in expenditure were on drugs for the medical department, and official telegrams.

On the revenue side the forecast for company tax proved over-optimistic and the drop in the revised estimate is largely due to the under-estimation of expenditure incurred by companies. The revenue forecast for import duties was also over-optimistic, and this appears to be partly due to lower demand for dutiable goods to be shipped out of

the Colony. In spite of these decreases in revenue, the revised estimate of revenue is very much higher than forecast; in fact, the revenue rose by £110,000 net. This is very largely due to higher income from investments, in particular the transfer of £140,000 surplus income from the Savings Bank.

The revised surplus for 1975/76 is £281,000, compared with £229,000; that is, £52,000 more than was forecast last June.

The Ordinary Reserves of the Colony at the 30th June 1975 stood at £285,000, and with the substantial surplus from 1975/76 they should reach £566,000 at the beginning of our new financial year, 1st July, 1976.

This build-up in the reserves is encouraging but, as forecast last year, the prospects for the coming year are not so rosy. A deficit of £83,000 is forecast and this would have been much higher had it not been possible to include another windfall of £90,000 from the Government Savings Bank which it is forecast will be the surplus investment income available in July.

Company tax is expected to be very much lower in the coming year due to the budget being based on the 1974/75 wool clip which in fact averaged in the region of 52p per kilo. Revenue from the issue of coins has been slow in coming in but we should receive £25,000 before the end of June and at this stage it appears that a further £25,000 should be received during the next financial year.

The estimated net proceeds from the sale of postage stamps for the forthcoming year should amount to £70,000. The bulk of this revenue is expected to come from the new definitive issue which is being referred to as the "mail vessels" issue. The revenue estimate also includes the "Silver Jubilee" issue and an issue to commemorate the opening of the Cape Pembroke Airport.

A substantial increase in revenue is shown under the item referred to as transfer from the Currency Note Income Account and this investment income is generated through the increase in the number of Falkland Islands notes in circulation.

Before referring to the budget proposals for the coming year, I feel it would be wrong not to forewarn you of the need to consider increasing Stanley rates principally because of the increase in cost of pumping and treating the Stanley water supply, and of other increasing costs, for example, the Fire Brigade maintenance and garbage disposal. However, Stanley rates are not fixed by the Legislative Council, but by the Standing Finance Committee of this Council which will not meet until after the Select Committee meeting. I therefore am prevented from giving details at this stage.

This budget is not a tough one, but some modest proposals are made to increase revenue with the main increases imposed on voluntary spending.

It is proposed to increase the rate of duty on beer from 11p to 33p per gallon, approximately 2½p per can.

The rate of duty on spirits it is proposed to increase from £9.60 to £12 per gallon, 40p more per bottle.

/It is

It is proposed to increase wine duty by 30 per cent and to impose a higher percentage increase on fortified wines such as port wine and sherry.

It is proposed to increase the duty on tobacco from £2.00 to £2.40 per pound.

It is proposed that the rate of duty on cigarettes be increased from £2.40 to £2.88 per pound, that is, by approximately 2p per packet of 20 cigarettes.

It is also proposed to increase the duty on cigars by 20 per cent from £3.50 to £4.20 per pound.

It is proposed to increase the annual Wireless Licence fee from £2 to £3.

It is proposed to increase Darwin Boarding School fees from £36 per annum to £42 per annum and consider introducing a concessionary rate for the second and subsequent children of the same family attending Darwin School.

It is proposed that the rental for telephones be increased from £12 to £15 per annum. Business telephone rates to be increased from £24 to £30.

It is proposed that local postage rate be increased from 2p to 3p per letter and to increase the charge of 2p per word levied on internal telegrams to 3p per word.

It is proposed to adjust the rental of Government quarters to yield approximately 10 per cent more revenue.

Under Aviation head of revenue a token sum has been included in 1976/77 Estimates to denote revenue from the proposal to introduce an embarkation tax at Cape Pembroke Airport. This tax would be payable by everybody, travelling from Cape Pembroke airport. Legislation is required for imposing such a tax and it is hoped that consideration will be given to this matter later in the year. It is considered that the embarkation tax will need to be fairly high to help to defray some of the recurrent costs of the airport. A suggestion has been made that it should be in the region of £5 per passenger.

It is estimated that these proposals will yield approximately £40,000.

On the expenditure side of the estimate I will refer to a number of the major proposals included and some of the more interesting items:

Under Government House Estimates provision is made for an apprentice gardener.

The Aviation estimates include four new posts for the internal air service: two trainee pilots and two apprentice mechanics.

Also under the Aviation head of expenditure provision is made to cover recurrent expenditure at the new airport for part of 1976/77 financial year. Three new posts have been inserted in the Estimates, namely: Airport Superintendent; Assistant Airport Superintendent and Air Traffic Controller; and Secretary.

Besides normal maintenance some items of special expenditure have been included such as office furniture and furnishings for the Airport building; runway sweeper and painting machine for the air strip.

/The total



The total expenditure contemplated for 1976/77 on the Cape Pembroke Airport is slightly in excess of £12,000. It should be noted that this expenditure relates to approximately nine months of the financial year, and during this period it is expected that maintenance costs will be low. It should further be noted that this expenditure relates very closely to the manner in which current operations from the temporary strip are conducted and should there be any expansion in the number of flights, expenditure will almost certainly grow.

The Education estimates include the upgrading of one of the certificated teacher posts to Teacher-in-charge, Junior School.

The Education estimates also provide for an additional clerk.

Under the medical section of the estimates £11,800 is included for the proposed campaign against Hydatid disease. The Senior Medical Officer has also proposed further expenditure of between £6,000 and £7,000 on replacing and updating some of the professional equipment at the hospital and some items for improving the comfort of the patients.

Under the Miscellaneous Head of expenditure £7,600 is included in respect of the local expenses relating to the Grasslands Trials Unit.

In the Public Works Department it is proposed to increase the establishment by one carpenter. The Public Works estimates also contain provision of approximately £10,000 for replacement tanks and improvements at the Water Filtration Plant. £1,340 is included for the conversion of selected staff quarters and the Grasslands Trials Unit office to gas-heating. Provision of £550 is also included for a new office for the Headmaster at the Senior School.

Provision of £1,000 is made for retaining walls for the Government oil-storage tanks and £7,000 for two replacement landrovers, one for the Falkland Islands Government Air Service and one for the Police. A token sum has been inserted for the consideration of erecting a block of toilets in the vicinity of the Public jetty. Just over £8,000 is included for a new Theatre complex at the KEM Hospital including an emergency generator.

Under the Secretariat and Treasury a token estimate has been inserted for consideration of the recruitment of a Development Planner with assistance from the Commonwealth Fund for Technical Co-operation. The sum of £11,000 is included to cover the fees of the Auditors during their forthcoming visit to the Colony in January next to audit the 1974/75 and 1975/76 accounts.

To make the Estimates realistic 20 per cent is included to cover inflation, and provision has been made for adjustment in cost-of-living allowances.

The Development Estimates included the following items of special interest: £37,000 for the new R/T network; £10,000 for Tourism loans; and last, but not least £12,000 for the Swimming Pool. At this stage I would like to mention that an application has already gone forward to the European Economic Community for financial assistance towards the Swimming Pool Project. In addition a further substantial sum for this project is on deposit in the Government Savings Bank.

Of the Development expenditure envisaged in 1976/77 £50,000 will be available in the form of soft loans from H M Government and the remaining £30,000 is to be borne by the Colony's Development Fund.

/It is

It is estimated that the balance of the Colony's Development Fund at 30th June 1977 will be slightly more than £50,000.

To sum all these figures up it is predicted that the total reserves of the Colony, ie both the Ordinary Reserves and the amount in the Colony's Development Fund, will be in the region of £530,000 at the end of June 1977.

These reserves cannot be regarded as other than minimal.

It is customary to make some prediction at Budget time regarding the future financial situation of a Territory. However, this year I am reluctant to attempt this with the knowledge that our economic future has been assessed by a high-powered and eminent team of economists and that their report should be available to Honourable Members and the public by about the end of this month.

In spite of what I have just said I am prepared to mention that I feel confident that we will manage financially providing we face up to our responsibility to prune expenditure and make regular adjustments to revenue.

Finally I consider it appropriate to thank members of the last Legislative Council for their support in sharing the unpopular but essential task of keeping expenditure under control and introducing unpalatable revenue proposals. Without the action taken by the last Council the new Council would have inherited a much weaker financial structure.

I beg to move the first reading of the Bill.

#### CHIEF SECRETARY

If I may say, Sir, I would like to congratulate the Honourable Financial Secretary on his usual lucid speech and on his lucid memorandum, and in the competent way in which he has discharged the most complex task in circumstances which yearly become more and more difficult.

I beg to second the Motion.

The Bill was then given its first reading and Honourable Members then spoke to the Motion for the second reading.

#### MR BLAKE

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I, too, would like to congratulate the Financial Secretary on the production of these estimates. The saying is that only a juggler can squeeze a quart into a pint pot, but I think our Financial Secretary has managed to do the reverse - he's managed to get a quart out of a pint pot - and for this I must congratulate him. However, I must also say that this is to me a most disappointing budget. I would remind the Financial Secretary of a reply he made to a question in the budget session of 1975, when he was asked about family allowances, and I quote "I reiterate the Government cannot give any assurance in this matter, but I confirm that the question of personal allowances is to be studied before the next tax year." That tax year began on the 1st of January 1976. There is no proposal in this budget or on the Order Paper for any revision of our taxation system. Today, if you

/you

/wish



wish to avoid paying tax you can do it in one of two ways: first you can be a boy of 16, married with one child, working in camp, when your income would just allow you not to pay tax; and secondly, you could get the post of Secretariat messenger and have one child. Only those two people are in a position not to pay tax. Of the Secretariat messenger's splendid salary, \$500 has been awarded to him since 1971 to cover the rise in his cost of living. I am extremely sad that as yet there are no proposals to readjust the distribution of taxation. I agree that we can't afford to reduce income tax overall, but I do believe that we have a moral duty to spread or re-adjust the burden by increasing the allowances for wife and children; by upgrading the bottom point and by taking a few fluid ounces extra off the ten-gallon hats. I earnestly urge the Financial Secretary to look closely at this matter.

Secondly I note that there is no suggestion yet for a little bit of streamlining that I've personally been after for a long time, of converting the payment for our medical system - which is a dual system where in some sections you pay, and some you don't - into a free system, raising the revenue from the OAP stamps: in other words, when you pay your OAP stamp, a proportion of the money paid for the stamp would go to cover medical benefits. This, I have always felt, has a particular advantage in that, of course, your old-age pensioners have their medicine free, and people who can afford it pay a little for it. Last year, at this time, myself and another Honourable Member in Council complained about the slow payment of tax: still no proposals to encourage people - not people in actual fact, companies in particular - to pay their tax more quickly. And also last year, as we've debated today, we suggested the introduction of a tourist tax. Today perhaps we've taken one more step forward. It is sad, I feel, that the only way we can make our budget approach balance point is by screwing the funds of the lowest paid.

I thank you, Sir.

#### MR MONK

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: The Honourable Member for the West Falkland has spoken extremely ably about a lot of things I'd like to speak about - taxation levels in particular - I've been asking for a reform of our taxation system for a good while, it bears so heavily on the lowest paid - quite apart from that I think the upper limits could well afford to pay a larger share. The question of company tax, which in this coming financial year - in the 1975 financial year - did not yield very much; I consider that the level of company taxation should be increased. I think that if small firms can equip their employees with expensive aeroplanes they can well afford to divert some of their surplus money to Government revenue. The Honourable Member for the West Falkland covered so many of the points that all I'm going to say about that is that I agree with almost everything he has said. However, to take some proposed revenue increases - tiny little increases in amounts of actual money raised, but very annoying for the people having to pay. There's one here which is only going to raise £230 - and we're talking of raising a million. Proposing to raise the Darwin Boarding School fees from £36 to £42. Why not decide whether Darwin Boarding School is going to be free or whether one is going to have a proper fee for it, and institute a means test, so that those who can afford it least get some of the benefit. Wireless licences - proposed to increase them from £2 to £3. It's just going to annoy people - it's going to raise very little. I consider the quality generally of the transmission is so poor that certainly camp residents shouldn't be asked to pay that. I will oppose the increases to wireless licences. I will oppose the increase to Darwin Boarding School. I will oppose the increase on wine.

/I will

I will oppose the extent of the increase on beer. Stanley telephone rental: look what it's going to yield. Is that going to make any difference to our budget of one million pounds? I will oppose the increase. Local telegrams - another annoying thing - I will oppose that increase. And I will oppose the local postage increase. I've already said that I think company tax should be increased.

The reason I oppose all these things is that the amount of money they raise is very small, but the amount of annoyance they cause to people is very large. I am quite certain with the increases on company taxation in normal years we can raise far more money; we can cause far less hardship and far less annoyance, except to a few industrial owners. The Chief Financial Secretary has told us that he is budgeting for a deficit of £82,000. Every year since I've been connected with Council we're told that allowance is made for everything. I hope it is in this case. The last financial year I think SFC voted something like £130,000 extra. A lot of it was bad budgeting - not allowing enough for cost-of-living increases. Some of it was inevitable, but the difference shouldn't be that large. I only hope that we're not going to be asked to vote a similar sort of sum this year on top of the estimate here. It would be a deficit, of course, of £200,000, and if we didn't "rob" the Government Savings Bank of £90,000 it would be a deficit of £300,000. We could make our reserves of £500,000 look rather slim. However, I must congratulate the Honourable Chief Financial Secretary on the precise way in which he has presented his report, and I must honestly confess that I wouldn't like to be in his shoes.

MR BOWLES

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: I, too, would like to support the other two Members in thanking the Financial Secretary for displaying such a fine speech on our budget, and how he's managed to have a total reserve of £530,000 in a year of inflation I don't understand. Nevertheless he forecasts this at the end of 1977. I, too, am a little puzzled at these little increases. I know they are annoying, but if you have no increases this year, and a bigger one in two years time, they are equally annoying - but I don't think there is any necessity for too many of these small increases, because it only makes people discontented. I think the two previous speakers have got some good points in the Company taxation.

I would join the other two colleagues in trying to prune expenditure, as the Financial Secretary has said, and adjust the revenue by some other means which we consider to be fair to the public. We are living still in a world of inflation and we will be despite the fact that Great Britain thinks hers is coming under control, and let's hope it will. The aftermath of that will still be with us for another 18 months - I would estimate that anyway - and we're still going to face another tough year. But for some reason all budgets seem to be disappointing on the date they're introduced and I look forward to our Select Committee meetings to look at the expenditure and the revenue in more detail.

Thank you.

MR SMITH

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: I would like to say what a great impression has been made upon me by the way in which the Honourable Financial Secretary has presented the incredibly detailed and complex structure on our financial matters. We are fortunate indeed to have our financial affairs in such capable hands. I am

/in agreement

in agreement with many of the things which the Honourable Member for West Falkland has put forward, and being a new Member to Council I don't feel qualified to speak at length at this stage, but I think that I should allow myself to be guided by the wisdom of some of the elder Members of Council.

Thank you.

MR BOUND

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I too would like to add my congratulations to the Honourable Financial Secretary for his presentation of the budget. The estimates are always a complex matter and I think if I spoke on all the subjects I have in mind we'd be here for a long time this morning. However, I would like to agree with the remarks made by the Honourable Member for the East Falkland about the niggling effect that small increases can have on such items as postage, telephones, and a hundred and one other small services. I know the argument against it is that if you don't increase now you'll have to double it next year, or sooner or later. But I really believe that there are many of these small services, if you like, should be an absolute death as a service in a community where we don't have too many luxuries.

What I would not agree with is - looking at the same Honourable Member - I would not put my neck out and say that I am going to oppose any item on these estimates. Obviously I shall oppose some and I shall agree with others - in Committee - but until one has heard all the arguments for and against these proposals I think it is wrong to say that you are going to shoot this one down - or the other one down - and I shall be content to listen to the views and considered opinions of those who have put these things up, perhaps to be shot down.

Thank you.

MR HADDEN

Your Excellency, as everyone knows the Chief Financial Secretary has to produce these estimates every year. It is up to us round this table and when we sit in Committee whether we accept or not what he has proposed. I am sure it's going to take some time for that. I congratulate the Chief Financial Secretary; he must have put in a lot of overtime on that job - I hope he'll be suitably recompensed. I agree also with John Smith that as time goes on the picture will probably emerge.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

First of all I would like to thank Honourable Members for the kind things they said - and I have a few comments on the other things. I find that presenting a budget and including all these small niggling little things is difficult, but is something which has got to be done or, as Mr Bound said quite rightly, that you do it in one big lump, which the public do not like. They do not accept a heavy increase all at one time. If you do it gradually it's more acceptable. This is understandable. Most of the small charges are simply adjustments to take account of inflation - perhaps a little more or less. Income tax personal allowances: the Honourable Elected Member for the West Falkland quite rightly referred to this. I did mention that - or gave an assurance that - it would be looked at. And it was looked

/at.

at, and referred to the Shackleton Team, because the Honourable Member for the East Falkland stated that the whole tax structure of the Colony was wrong - he was one of the prime movers for having the Shackleton survey here. It would be folly to move at this stage, before we consider that Report. The whole tax structure must be considered over-all - not small personal allowances taken out of it - and also what the Colony can afford. The medical fees were also referred to today. It is a fact that the Senior Medical Officer has put forward a very comprehensive proposal for a new system of collecting medical fees. This has also been referred to the Shackleton team, and quite rightly so; it is a major, important step.

With regard to the slow payment of companies tax I would like to say that a great deal of action has been taken in this matter. Not as far as legislation is concerned, for very little legislation is required in this connection. As a matter of fact, the Income Tax Officer of the Colony has worked hard in bringing companies to the point of payment, and also, our official representative in Britain has also attacked the UK companies, with success. A great deal of work has been done in this connection. With regard to making proposals for giving free services, such as a free boarding school, I don't think the tax-payer would ever agree to that - surely the people who have to be fed have got to pay for it no matter whether it is at home or at the school: the small increase takes account of the rising cost of food, etc. I don't think it's right to swing everything on to the tax-payer. I think the people who use the services should help to pay for this. As a matter of fact, it's rather strange that when government intends to increase revenue there is a great noise made; but I find that the whole thing is just a matter of sequence: for instance, if the freight rate goes up - if more freight charges go on a bottle of whisky - what does a person do? He buys it; he growls about it; he drinks it. In the case of Government, they growl about it, but I guess they'll all buy it - and drink it.

The Bill was then read a second time and, on the proposal of the Chief Secretary, seconded by the Financial Secretary, it was referred to a Select Committee of the House.

Council resumed at 12 noon on Friday 25th June 1976.

#### CHIEF SECRETARY

The Select Committee appointed by this Council has now sat and considered the Appropriation 1976/77 Bill together with the Estimates for 1976/77. Its report will be put to Council in a moment by the Financial Secretary. The task committed to the Committee was to examine the Bill and the Estimates and this it has done item by item but looking at the overall picture of the Colony's finances as well. It has agonised over many of the items; it has not achieved perhaps what it was set out to achieve - a balanced budget - but it has pruned where it found it necessary although it has also, in looking at the overall position of the Colony's fiscal position, met the Estimates realistically where this has needed to be done. In making this very brief introduction to the report which will be given by the Honourable Financial Secretary I should like to pay tribute to the extraordinary effort put into this report by the Honourable Financial Secretary and his staff. I should also like to pay tribute, Sir, to the onerous and responsible duties shouldered in this connection by Councillors who, at one and the same time, had to try and prune and regulate the Colony's finances, realising that by so doing they often become targets for criticism and often the most unpopular people in the Colony. But I am sure that I echo the feelings of all Councillors when I say that

/nobody

nobody round this table set out to achieve anything but the future good and prosperity of this Colony as far as he was able.

#### FINANCIAL SECRETARY

Your Excellency, before dealing with the adjustments to Revenue and Expenditure I wish to notify you of the Committee's recommendations regarding the proposed revenue increases:

1. That the proposal to increase the Customs Duties on beer, wine, spirits, cigarettes, cigars and tobacco be adopted.
2. That the proposed increase in Darwin Boarding School fees should not be implemented.
3. That the proposed increase in the annual wireless licence was not approved.
4. That the proposed increase in local postage was not approved.
5. That the proposed increase in local telegrams be implemented.
6. That the proposed increase in Government house rents be implemented.

In addition the Committee recommends that the following fees should be reviewed:

- a) Registration of Trade Marks and other registration fees;
- b) Port dues, pilotage and allied charges.

Also, before referring to the individual increases and decreases, I would like to mention that a new Head of Service under Expenditure has been introduced to cover all training expenses, in particular, overseas training; and some items included in the 1976/77 Estimates have been transferred from the Departmental Heads to the new item eg the trainee pilots and apprentice aircraft mechanics.

Another point of interest is the increase in provision for loans: to consider a policy of making loans available on reasonable terms to persons who have left the Colony after a substantial period of residence and who wish to return to take up employment here.

I now refer to the amendments made in Select Committee to the Estimates:

#### REVENUE ESTIMATES

##### HEAD IV FEES AND FINES -

- Item 1 Court Fees and Fines: increase from £700 to £1,000
- Item 2 Registration Fees: increase from £1,300 to £2,000
- Insert new item: No 11 Landing fees £1,000

##### HEAD V HARBOUR -

- Item 1 Harbour Dues and Wharfage: increase from £500 to £1,000

##### HEAD VII INTERNAL REVENUE

- Item 3 Sweepstakes: insert £10
- Item 7 Radio Licences: reduce from £3,000 to £2,000
- Item 9 Export of Wild Life: increase from £10 to £1,010

/HEAD VIII



HEAD VIII MISCELLANEOUS

- Item 1 Sale of Stores: increase from £4,000 to £5,000
- Item 4 Currency/Miscellaneous: increase from £1,000 to £5,000

HEAD IX MUNICIPAL SERVICES

- Item 3 Sale of Water: increase from £1,178 to £1,500
- Item 4 Hire of Public Buildings: increase from £850 to £1,200

HEAD X POSTS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS

- Item 11 Commission on Philatelic Sales: increase from £400 to £500

EXPENDITURE ESTIMATES

HEAD I THE GOVERNOR

- Reserve £3,000 under (b) Other Charges

HEAD II AGRICULTURE

- Item 2 Animal Disease Control: increase provision from £1,100 to £1,400
- Item 3 Labour: increase from £2,800 to £2,880
- Item 6 Livestock Inspectors: delete £100

HEAD III AVIATION

- Delete two trainee pilots £10
- Delete two apprentice mechanics £2,200
- Item 2 Petrol & Lubricants: increase from £19,500 to £30,500
- Item 12 Board & Lodging - Relief Pilot: increase from £100 to £588
- Insert new item 35 under Special Expenditure -  
Purchase of Radios £60

HEAD IV CUSTOMS & HARBOUR

- Item 11 Deck Stores: reduce from £650 to £250
- Item 17 Labour: reduce from £8,950 to £6,450
- Insert new item under Special Expenditure - Anchor chain £400

HEAD V EDUCATION

- Under (a) Personal Emoluments: delete Matron/Assistant Mistress £760  
and replace with new Item: r Two Houseparents £1,824  
Item xi; Cost of Living: increase from £29,361 to £30,751  
" vii Responsibility Allowance: decrease from £134 to £100
- Under (b) Other Charges -  
Item 12 Domestic Staff & School Cleaning: reduce from £7,210 to £6,106  
Item 17 Voluntary Service Overseas: reduce from £3,536 to £2,387

- Under (c) Special Expenditure  
Insert new item 25 Percussion Instruments £130  
Insert new Item 26 Washing Machine £300 reserved

HEAD VI MEDICAL

- Item 26 Voluntary Service Overseas: reduce from £3,500 to £2,000
- Item 29 Hydatidosis Campaign: £11,800 reserved
- Item 33 Oxygen Cylinders: reduce from £2,500 to £1,750
- Item 35 Mattresses £1,000: delete
- Item 36 Bed-pan Washer & Disinfector £250: delete

HEAD VIII MILITARY

Item 13 Defence Equipment: insert £650

HEAD IX MISCELLANEOUS

Item 16 Local Expenses relating to Technical Assistance  
£9,096: delete

HEAD X PENSIONS & GRATUITIES

Insert £500 under Item 3 Pension Contribution in respect of Seconded Officers.

HEAD XI POLICE & PRISONS

Item 3 Subsistence of Prisoners: reduce from £690 to £300  
Item 8 Radio Equipment: reserve £200

HEAD XII POSTS & TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Item 23 Driver Handyman: reserve £1,336

HEAD XIII PUBLIC WORKS

Under (a) Personal Emoluments:

Item xiv Senior Filtration Plant Operator: reduce from £1,440 to £1,248

Under the Electrical Section

Item 15 Casual Labour: increase from £50 to £1,600

HEAD XIV PUBLIC WORKS RECURRENT

Item 7 Upkeep and erection of Fences: reduce from £2,000 to £1,000

HEAD XV PUBLIC WORKS SPECIAL

Delete Item 5: Contribution for Teacher's accommodation at Fox Bay  
East £1,200

Delete Item 7: Gas Heating, Selected Staff Quarters £1,000

Delete Item 11: Retaining Walls Oil Storage Tanks £1,000

Delete Item 12: Diesel Landrover Police £4,000

Delete Item 13: Diesel Landrover FIGAS £3,000

Item 15 Public Toilets: reserve provision

Item 16 Heating Installation, Filtration Plant reserve £1,000

Item 18 Tiling of floor, Filtration Plant reserve £400

Item 20 Theatre Complex including emergency generator KEMH: reduce  
to £7,750 and reserve £4,000

HEAD XVI SECRETARIAT, TREASURY & CENTRAL STORE

Item 4 Telegrams & Telex: reduce from £15,600 to £10,600

Item 16 Tourist Bureau: reduce from £150 to £50

Item 18 Additional Clerical Staff, Secretariat: reduce from £4,644 to £3,000

HEAD XVII OVERSEAS PASSAGES

Item 1 Passages: reduce from £66,500 to £63,500

Insert Additional Head of Expenditure:

HEAD XX TRAINING £10,000

This provision to be reserved



## PART 2 DEVELOPMENT

### DEVELOPMENT REVENUE

Item 1 Transfer from Development Fund: increase from £29,805  
£41,901

### DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE

#### A. COLONY FUNDS

Item 1 Loans: increase from £5,000 to £8,000  
Item 4 Telecommunications: reserve £11,500  
Item 5 Swimming Pool: reserve £12,000  
Item 6 Local expenses relating to Technical Assistance:  
insert £9,096

#### B. UK AID

Item 7 Telecommunications: reserve £25,300

The net effect on the estimated deficit of these proposals is that it has been reduced from £82,842 to £60,158.

### THE PRESIDENT

Thank you very much, Mr Financial Secretary. As always a most clear and comprehensive account of the mighty labours that you officials and, above all, Councillors, have put in during the last whatever it was - it seems an eternity, but it was about a week, I suppose. I'm very grateful; it's very clear, and I think we can now move on. I declare the Council to be in Committee.

In the Committee stage, Clause I of the Bill was agreed and consideration of Clause 2 was deferred until after the Schedule had been considered.

The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed.

The Financial Secretary, seconded by the Chief Secretary, moved that the Schedule should stand part of the Bill, subject to the following amendments -

	Delete £	Insert £
II Agriculture	4,151	4,431
III Aviation	85,878	95,216
IV Customs & Harbour	34,096	31,596
V Education	147,907	148,504
VI Medical	168,187	164,687
VIII Military	4,777	5,427
IX Miscellaneous	23,537	14,441
X Pensions & Gratuities	33,668	34,168
XI Police & Prisons	18,481	18,091
XIII Public Works	136,146	137,504
XIV " " Recurrent	87,450	86,450
" " Special	32,445	21,550
XVI Secretariat, Treasury & Central Store	117,083	110,339

	Delete £	Insert £
XVII Overseas Passages	66,500	63,500
XX Training	-	10,000
TOTAL ORDINARY EXPENDITURE	1,125,803	1,111,401
DEVELOPMENT A Expenditure to be met from Colony Funds	34,805	46,901
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	2,249,697	2,247,391

It was agreed that the Schedule as amended should stand part of the Bill and that Clause 2 should also stand part of the Bill subject to the following amendments -

That the words and figures "£2,249,697" be deleted and the words and figures "£2,247,391" be substituted therefor.

Council resumed.

The Bill was read a third time and passed.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATION (1974/75) BILL 1976

##### CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, this Bill, the Supplementary Appropriation Bill 1974/75, is a necessary formality to legalise the expenditure incurred in excess of the amounts granted by the 1974/75 Appropriation Ordinance, Ordinance No 5 of 1974. All the amounts referred to in the Bill have been submitted to and considered in detail by the Standing Finance Committee and approved by that Committee. I beg to move the first reading of the Bill.

The Bill then passed through all its stages without debate or amendment.

#### ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES (AMENDMENT) BILL 1976

##### CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, it might be appropriate to refer to the procedure for taking Bills which, in normal circumstances elsewhere, might be that the explanation is given at the second reading; here it has been customary, and I see no objection to it in Standing Orders, for the explanation for a Bill to be given at the first reading, and that we therefore follow the procedure as has been used in this House for many years.

Turning to this particular Bill, Sir, it refers to the duties that the Registrar of the Supreme Court has to undertake. As we all know, the RSC undertakes several, if not numerous, a variety of duties, and amongst these is a fair amount of work in administering unrepresented estates in his official capacity as Official Administrator. This is a statutory office created by legislation to which the RSC is appointed by law. These estates are often not large, but nevertheless the administration of them, and this position, involve a considerable amount of work and time by the Legal Office which, I think we all agree, is already under considerable strain, not to the extent that it shows, but certainly to the extent that it is observed by those who see the work of this office. At one time, Sir, the Official Administrator was remunerated at the rate of 5 per cent of the gross amount of the unrepresented estate, but this practice lapsed some time ago, although  $7\frac{1}{2}$  per cent of the gross amount

/of the estate

of the estate is paid into general revenue to defray the cost of administering it, under Section 18 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance. Government believes that the Registrar should have this remuneration restored to him and should be remunerated in a modest way for this work, and accordingly has advised that he receive 5 per cent of the  $7\frac{1}{2}$  per cent collected under the law and that this 5 per cent be deducted from the  $7\frac{1}{2}$  per cent levied on the gross estate - there would therefore be no enhanced burden on the estate. Government has therefore, with the approval of the Executive Council, remitted this Bill to the Legislature. It may, in discussing this Bill, consider that the proposal doesn't go far enough, and that the 5 per cent charged by the Official Administrator should be added on top of the  $7\frac{1}{2}$  per cent, but the Bill does not make provision for this, although attention is drawn to it as a point to be debated, if need be, in discussion.

I beg to move the first reading of the Bill.

The Bill then passed through all its stages without debate or amendment.

#### DOGS (AMENDMENT) BILL 1975

##### CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency: this is a very simple Bill and the Objects and Reasons, I think, adequately state its purpose, which is to authorise the Postmaster to issue Dog Licences and collect the licence fees instead of the Superintendent of Police as formerly. This is necessary as part of a progressive programme to relieve the Police of duties not directly related to police work. Unfortunately it cannot be done administratively but must be done by an Ordinance.

I beg to move the Bill be read a first time.

The Bill was then given its first and second readings and at the Committee stage the Chief Secretary proposed an amendment, which was agreed, to change all references to 1975 in the Bill to 1976. The Bill then passed through its remaining stages and was adopted.

Council adjourned at 1.45 pm

When Council resumed at 2.30 pm the Honourable A B Hadden BEM was absent with the permission of the President, as he found it necessary to return to Darwin that afternoon.

#### PILOTAGE BILL 1976

##### CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency: this Bill, very briefly, has been found to be expedient to enact local legislation for the control of pilotage. At this first reading I wish to restrict my remarks to the bare Objects and Reasons. I contemplate there will be some debate on this and it would be unnecessary, I suggest, to repeat my words. I therefore beg to move that the Bill be read a first time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

/CHIEF SECRETARY

CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency: many years ago the Colony possessed legislation which regulated the licensing and placing of pilots on ships operating in the waters of the Colony. For some reason which I haven't been entirely successful in unearthing, these powers were allowed to lapse in 1950, at the time of the last revision of the laws. Since that time, although pilots have been put on vessels entering the waters of the Colony, the pilots themselves have not been licensed and it's been done ~~administra-~~tively without any legal backing; so that not only have the pilots themselves been in a vulnerable position, but also those who have hired them. It therefore seems sensible that we should have some legislation which would give us control, should we ever require it, to license pilots, both in the interests of the ports and in the interests of the vessels using these ports. The Bill we are now considering, I have no doubt, has some defects, and one I identify immediately is that it lacks any provision for a steersman to guide the official who has to try and pilot it through this Council. Honourable Members, and notably my Honourable nautical friend, have been kind enough to point out some of the shallows and wrecks that lie in the way of this Bill, but I am sure there are still a few just beneath the surface which they may not have pointed out. But if I can deal with those I know - it has been said that it's a Bill which operates almost entirely against the pilot in its penal sanctions, and that it's Victorian in this respect. I defer to experts on this; but we have done our best, I think, in trying to base it on what legislation is, to my knowledge, current in the UK, namely the United Kingdom Pilotage Act of 1913; and the penal sanctions which relate to the misoperation by a pilot, or the operation illegally of pilots are, I think, as much in the interests of the licensed pilot as they may act as a deterrent or a penal sanction against the pilot. In very much a similar way any professional person operates under a code of ethics - sometimes enshrined in the law, sometimes not - but however it's done the penal sanctions are just as much a protection for the properly licensed and properly operating pilot as they are against one who is acting illegally - and there are, of course, limits on the extent of a liability of a pilot written into the law expressly; pilots may limit their liability by the depositing of a bond so, although much can be made of this, to my mind it's really written in as a protection for those persons who are pilots.

The Bill has also been criticised on grounds that it might not be wide enough in scope. To this I would reply that it is largely an enabling Ordinance which does give in its last clause powers for subsidiary legislation to govern most of the aspects of pilotage, including the extent to which pilotage fees may be required of vessels - which I think is one of the important points raised with me privately. Obviously any Bill of this sort may have to be amended in the future as it operates and seems to be deficient, and I think it is nevertheless important that we get this on the Statute so that we can have some control over pilotage should we require. To give time for its provisions to become known, and for the Governor in Council to look at possible subsidiary legislation, I would propose that it be brought into effect - if it suits the convenience and meets the approval of this Council - on the first day of January 1977; that is giving it just over six months notice. This, I think, could cause no inconvenience to anyone.

I beg to move that the Bill be read a second time.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

I beg to second the Motion.

/THE PRESIDENT

THE PRESIDENT

May I congratulate the Chief Secretary on his courageous attempt to pilot this. The Motion is that the Bill be read a second time. Does any Member wish to speak to the Motion?

MR MONK

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: in following the Honourable Chief Secretary I always feel at somewhat of a disadvantage because he manages to put his points - though I don't necessarily consider them valid - so well. I am not opposed to the Bill in principle, but I'm going to propose that it be referred to Select Committee. I am not opposed to the Objects of the Bill as such, but I think it has quite a few inherent problems, as it were, built into it.

If one takes the licensing of pilots, which it is proposed, I think in Clause 3, should be done by persons appointed by His Excellency the Governor: on the face of it that would seem a very reasonable provision but, at the same time, there are probably two, three, or possibly four persons in the whole Colony who are capable (I don't say 'qualified' - they may not necessarily have a piece of paper) who are capable of piloting ships anywhere in the Falklands and, as these would be the very people you would have to have as licensed pilots, it is rather difficult to see where the people who are to license them are to come from as, obviously they are going to have to have at least comparable skills in the field to be able to tell when a man is proficient or not. I think that's one aspect which should be considered by Select Committee. If one comes to the actual examination of applicants for licences; again you have the problem of who's to do it. I might apply for a pilot's licence. It so happens that I have a piece of paper which is supposed to indicate that I've got a certain amount of skill in nautical matters, and it so happens that nobody else in the Colony has it. I don't see, therefore, that anybody in the Colony is qualified to deny me a pilot's licence. But this doesn't mean that I am any better than somebody who hasn't got a piece of paper: in fact, I know perfectly well there are several people in the Colony far more qualified than I am to act as pilots. Examination of pilots would seem to me to present something of a headache. It would be no use asking masters, captains of visiting warships, to sit on a Board to examine and license these intending pilots. A pilot is basically someone who has practical knowledge of the area concerned, and no captain of a visiting ship - warship or otherwise - has any practical knowledge of the area concerned. I'm not saying there isn't a solution which can be pointed out if this Bill is referred to Select Committee, but it doesn't immediately occur to me what the solution is.

The Honourable Chief Secretary has dealt with the very numerous clauses concerning offences by pilots - and there is no doubt these clauses are extremely numerous. They seem to include such things as if he drops the anchor and somebody doesn't agree with it and he loses the thing, he is liable to lose his bond: but who is going to decide whether or not he dropped it in an inadvised manner? the Captain of the ship? He's got a vested interest: the Colonial Secretary? With due respect, he knows nothing about it.

There is, of course, a contradiction in clause 23, I think, which states pilotage is not compulsory and then goes on to say that the employment of pilots is not compulsory. Well, of course, these are two very different things. Many countries in the world don't necessarily require you to have a pilot, but nearly every country in the world,

no matter where you go along their coastline, compels you to pay the pilotage. If you make the employment of pilots compulsory it means you have to have facilities to put them on ships; you have to determine where your entry ports are. In our case, quite obviously we could only undertake to put a pilot on a ship off Port Stanley, because we haven't got boating facilities anywhere else - Fox Bay, for instance, Government has no facilities for putting pilots on ships if they entered there. There is conflict anyway in the wording of this clause. I'm not opposed to the principle of the Bill, but I do suggest, Your Excellency, Honourable Members, that the Bill be referred to Select Committee for further consideration of the various matters.

THE PRESIDENT

Thank you very much Mr Monk.

MR BLAKE

Your Excellency, far be it from me to attempt to cross swords with the Honourable Member on this. I will wholly support him and suggest - or confirm - what he says that it would be to the advantage of the whole Bill and the Colony if this matter be considered by persons with intimate knowledge of the matter.

MR BOWLES

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I'm afraid I am puzzled at the difference between pilots and pilotage. I think we have to get these pilotage things correct, but if we want people with practical knowledge, and we have no-one who has this, it seems to me we'd need another expert. I hope there is a way round this, but at the moment I just can't foresee it and perhaps a Select Committee on the case might come up with an answer. At the moment I am still a bit puzzled.

MR SMITH

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I can say very little about this except that it's a very complex Bill altogether. It places a tremendous amount of responsibility on the pilot; as far as I can see it ties him up quite a lot, almost completely. I feel I should follow the Honourable Member for East Falkland in that it goes before a Select Committee.

At the Committee stage the Bill was referred to a Select Committee to sit while the Council is in recess and report back to the next meeting of Council. The Select Committee to consist of the Honourable A B Monk JP and the Honourable J Smith under the Chairmanship of the Honourable Chief Secretary, with the power to co-opt others with specialised knowledge as required.

LIVESTOCK (AMENDMENT) BILL 1976

CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, in similar fashion to the way in which we dealt with the previous Bill, perhaps not with the same result, I would propose that I speak to this at the second reading and therefore beg at this stage merely to move that the Bill be read the first time.

THE FINANCIAL SECRETARY seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

/CHIEF SECRETARY



CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, if I was in deep water before .....

I have been in deep water twice: once over the Passenger Boats Bill and again on the Pilotage Bill, and I must confess that technically the Bill that now confronts us - although in an entirely different area of activity - is nonetheless complex and one on which I must confess not complete ignorance, because I've done a lot of work on it, talked to a lot of people about it, and studied the matter as a layman at quite considerable length, but nevertheless it is the inexpert view. With that reservation, Your Excellency, I still feel that Council would wish to take this Bill very carefully because what it contains has been framed by the Specialist Committee for Ked Eradication established by the Falkland Islands Sheep Owners' Association, and I have no doubt that they know what they are talking about. The question is whether what they've recommended has been properly translated into legal language. On that score I am reassured because we have recently had the benefit of our legal adviser, and he has had direct liaison with not only the Chairman of this committee which made the proposals in the first instance, but also with the members of the GTU. So I think we have done as much as we possibly can to ensure that what the farmers want, they have got. Whether all will like it, of course, is another matter; but it does reflect the balanced view, and that is that we should strive as hard as we can to rid the Colony of ked, which, if we achieve it, will result in universal acceptance of Falkland Islands wool as of a higher quality perhaps than any other in the world so far as ked stain is concerned.

The important parts of the Bill, I think, are those contained in Clauses 4, 7, 9 and 10, particularly those relating to a cumulative penalty on a person who makes no effort to clear ked from his sheep after having been given notice in accordance with section 17 of the Ordinance, if it is approved, in accordance with Clause 9 of the Bill. If this is acceptable, it will mean that next March or April notice will be given to farmers who have affected sheep to clear their flocks of ked, and if they do not achieve this within a period of one year, then the penal sanctions of that section - Section 17 - will apply, which gives discretionary powers to a Court to impose fines of between  $\frac{1}{2}$ p and 2p per sheep on the entire station. If, in subsequent years this result is not achieved, then a further penalty of 2p for every sheep will be applied.

These are not recommendations which stem directly from the Administration; these are recommendations which stem from the farmers themselves, and they are therefore an indication of the seriousness with which they regard this question. There was a proposal over a year ago to institute this law this year, but it was deferred at the request of certain farmers because it was thought that insufficient notice might be given to enable them to achieve the complete eradication of ked, particularly in some areas which were difficult. Because of that, the law was deferred for a year, and we are still giving nine months notice or so. In addition, the Administration wrote to farmers several months ago advising them that Government intended to take powers to bring these recommendations into law at the first opportunity. There will, unfortunately Sir, be some amendments which I shall have to propose at the Committee stage of the Bill. They are rather extensive, in fact, but in effect all they do is tighten up the distinction which has caused trouble all through this legislation, in trying to make a clear definition of sheep which are infected by ked or similar diseases - and I'm on very tricky ground here - and those which are infected by other sorts of parasites or diseases. We have fortunately been able to consult Mr Whitley, the Veterinary Surgeon who has recently arrived and, although none of us are entirely happy with the outcome, the definitions which are now incorporated in Section 2 of the Ordinance,



Clause 2 of the Bill, and in Schedules 2 and 3, come as close as we can at the present time to a clear definition, which will enable the law to be effective. They can be added to from time to time in the light of the knowledge gained and, in addition to that, in discussion with our Legal Adviser, who has taken note of the need in future to make the distinction between the different type of infection - or affection - even clearer by separating the Ordinance into different parts, each of which would deal with a different type of infection.

I hope that this Bill can go through. It is the culmination of the work of a lot of dedicated people and even if it is imperfect I think it is worth getting it into our legislation in its revised form; if it doesn't work we can amend it again.

Sir, I beg to move that the Bill be read a second time.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

I beg to second the Motion

THE PRESIDENT

The Motion is that the Bill be read a second time. Does any Honourable Member wish to speak?

MR BLAKE

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, having listened to the Chief Secretary introduce the previous Bill, it would have given me great pleasure in speaking to the second reading of the Livestock Bill to have accused him of wool-gathering; however, this I cannot do. I still manage to include the phrase. I commend basically the principle of this Bill. No Ordinance in this Colony really works without public co-operation and this one is not going to be an exception; but it is our wish generally to improve our product and this seems a good way of doing it. I have but one thing to add to the introduction by the Chief Secretary - purely in the matter of clarification - and this is to point out that, although the Bill is likely to become - if passed - effective in 1977, the penal clauses of the Bill will not become effective until 1978 and therefore no-one really could complain about insufficient notice, about being caught unawares. They have two more seasons in which to bring about the clearance of either affected or infected diseases.

Sir, I beg to support the Motion.

MR MONK

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I will support the Motion also. The Honourable Member for West Falkland really hasn't left me much to say. I do honestly admit, in fact, that in detail I am rather confused about the Bill, because I made a conscientious effort to relate all these amendments to the original Livestock Ordinance, and I must admit that in the end I wasn't too certain what we could do with the sheep and what we couldn't. But I am quite sure that the Bill is for the benefit of the Colony. I know a legal definition has been put in here to explain the words "affected" and "infected", and I suppose it's probably sufficient. However, I do wonder whether one couldn't have problems if an affected sheep infects a clean sheep, or an infected sheep is affected by an affected sheep - but I suppose the legal people will see to it if the case arises.

I beg to support the Bill.

/MR BOWLES

MR BOWLES

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I would like to support this Bill. Any important legislation which will make improvements to our industry and as a net result give us better quality in our wool is surely on the right track. I would also emphasise that co-operation throughout the Islands is of vital importance, and I would like to support the Bill.

MR SMITH

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I know very little about keds, lice, and fleas or anything like that, but if the introduction of this Bill is to be for the betterment of our wool industry, then I most certainly would like to support it.

MR BOUND

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, looking across this table I feel sure that there would be one or two members here who would challenge my ability to speak on a Bill which is purely related to sheep farming; nevertheless there are one or two observations I would like to make. My first reaction to this Bill was that it was discriminating in that it sets out to penalise a few farms merely by accident - I suppose - of their geographical location. In other words, those farms who own land that extends into areas like the Wickham Heights, which one would suppose make it very difficult - if not impossible - to collect every sheep at dipping time. It also seems strange to me that, if it were possible to eradicate keds from these areas, any progressive farmer would not have done so many years ago, and it would not have been necessary for us to introduce legislation at this late stage. I would have thought it more to our credit if we set out to extend some help to the farms to eradicate ked rather than impose an ever-increasing fine on those who are unfortunate enough to be unable to cope. However, on looking at the argument of the Bill I see that it was brought about by the Sheep Owners' Association themselves, and that every farmer in the Colony had ample opportunity to contest it and little or no resistance has materialised. This being so I would not oppose the Bill; in fact I would support it. However, I do feel that maybe there is an element of discrimination but, of course, no law is final and there is always opportunity to amend it if it does not prove completely successful.

THE PRESIDENT

Thank you Mr Bound. May I congratulate you on very thoughtful observations.

CHIEF SECRETARY

I beg, please, to note the general consensus of support for this legislation. Your Excellency, I have taken note of the important points made by the Honourable Mr Monk and those by the Honourable Mr Bound, and will pass them on to the Legal Adviser so that when the law is revised, as I've said earlier, hopefully these points can be dealt with quite adequately. Thank you.

THE PRESIDENT

Council is now in Committee.

/CHIEF SECRETARY

CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, I beg to move that the Bill be amended in the manner that has already been set out in the paper circulated to Councillors, which, for the record, I will read out. They are rather lengthy, but I think it is necessary.

1. (i) In the definition of "Affected sheep" in clause 2 after "disease" in the first place where it occurs, the following -

"as specified in the Second Schedule".

- 
- (ii) In the definition of "Infected sheep" in clause 2 after "disease" in the first place where it occurs, the following -

"as specified in the Third Schedule".

- 
- 
2. In clause 4 Section 12 insert in subsection (1) and (4) after "contagious disease" the following -

"as set out in the Third Schedule".

- 
- 
- 
3. In clause 9 substitute for section 17 the following -

"Order to dip  
and treat  
affected sheep

17. If an inspector is satisfied that any sheep are affected sheep, he shall give the owner of such sheep an order in writing to dip and treat all sheep on that station forthwith for the removal of lice or ked or any of the specified diseases mentioned in the second schedule, and if the owner shall not, in the opinion of an inspector, have made or be making reasonable exertions to dip and treat all sheep on that station for the removal of lice or ked or any of the specified diseases mentioned in the second schedule or if at the expiration of twelve months any sheep shall, in the opinion of an inspector, still be affected sheep, the owner thereof shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of not less than  $\frac{1}{2}$ p and not more than 2p for every sheep on that station put out the previous autumn and as then entered in the annual stock return".

- 
- 
- 
- 
4. In clause 10 Section 18.

In line 1 after "expiration of " the following -

"12".

In line 3 substitute "any" for "such"; and

In line 10 after "period of" the following -

"12"

- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
5. After clause 10 insert new clause 10A as follows -

"10A. Section 19 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after "in Form 1 of the" and "in Form 2 of the" in line 6 and 12 respectively the following -

"First"

- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
6. After clause 11 insert new clause 11A as follows -

"11A. Section 23 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after "in Form 3 of the" the following -

"First"

7. After clause 18 insert new clause 18A as follows -

"18A. Section 40 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after "in Form 4 of the" the following -

"First"

8. After clause 20 insert new clause 20A as follows -

"20A. The principal Ordinance is amended by adding, after section 45, the following new section -

46. The Governor in Council may add to or delete from the various diseases set out in the second and third schedules."

9. In clause 21 substitute the following -

The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended -

(a) by the insertion before "schedule" the following -

"First"

(b) in Form 1 by the insertion after "are" the following -

"affected or"

(c) in Form 2 by the insertion after "not" the following -

"affected or"; and

(d) in Form 3 by the insertion after "with any" and "were any" in lines 6 and 7 respectively the following -

"affected or".

10. After clause 21 insert new clause 21A

"21A. The principal Ordinance is amended by inserting the following new Schedules -

"Second Schedule

Lice  
Ticks  
Fleas  
Keds

"Third Schedule

Mites"

THE FINANCIAL SECRETARY seconded the Motion which was carried.

Council then resumed and the Bill as amended was read a third time and passed.

OLD AGE PENSIONS (AMENDMENT) BILL 1976

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

Your Excellency, I will follow the new procedure adopted by the Honourable Chief Secretary at this meeting and introduce the Bill on the second reading.

I beg to move the first reading of the Bill.

MR BOUND seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY

Your Excellency, the OAP Ordinance was introduced in 1952. Next year it will celebrate its 25th anniversary. Since that date the Ordinance has been amended on many occasions and during those amendments a very important factor was left out. It excluded a pension for a widow of a pensioner who had not attained the age of 60 years. This has caused some distress in certain quarters of the community and very strong representations have been made to introduce provision to cover these unfortunate people. There was no intention of leaving them out; it was an inadvertent omission, of this I am quite certain. The position must now be rectified and in doing so members of Executive Council have made representations for legislation to go a little further and permit all widows - of pensioners and contributors - to receive a pension on attaining the age of 60 years. Should they be under the age of 60 years they will be required to contribute to the Scheme until they attain that age. But it is considered fair and just that they should receive a pension at the age of 60, rather than waiting until 65.

If this Bill is introduced, the position will be that a male contributor will receive a pension on reaching the age of 65; a female contributor will also receive a pension on reaching 65 years of age. The widow of a contributor, or the widow of a pensioner, will receive a pension on reaching 60 years of age. The Bill at first sight looks rather simple, but I would just like to examine each provision under Section 5 of the Ordinance we are now amending, to make certain it's fully understood.

Section 5(1)a covers a male contributor;

Section 5(1)b covers a female contributor;

Section 5(1)c covers the widow of a pensioner who at the time of the pensioner's death had attained the age of 60 years;

Section 5(1)d includes the widow of a pensioner who has not attained that age but provides for her on attaining the age of 60 years; and

Section 5(1)e covers the widow of a contributor who was between the age of 60 and 65 years at the time of his death - ie a fully paid-up contributor.

Section 5(1)f covers the widow of a contributor who is under the age of 60 at the date of death.

The amendments in Section 2 and 4 of this amending Bill are consequential amendments but necessary for its implementation.

I beg to move the second reading of the Bill.

MR BOUND

I beg to second the Motion

/MR BLAKE

MR BLAKE

I rise to give the principle of this Bill my wholehearted support. The OAP Ordinance has been something in which I have taken interest and I have spoken on on many occasions in this Council. However, as the second reading is basically the only time a member may speak to this Bill, I feel it is incumbent upon me to notify Council that it is my intention to introduce some amendments to the Bill. The scope of the amendments, I think, will probably be opposed by the Financial Secretary as he is bound to do, in that these amendments are not advised by the Government Actuary. The scope of these amendments will be opposed by him under No 9a of our Standing Rules and Orders which, Sir, if I may, I will quote: "Except with the recommendation or consent of the Governor signified thereto, the Council shall not proceed upon any Bill, Amendment, Motion or Petition which, in the opinion of the Governor or other Presiding Member, would dispose of, or charge, any public revenue or public funds of this Colony, or revoke or alter any disposition thereof or charge thereon, or impose, alter or repeal any rate, tax or duty."

I submit first, Sir, that the OAP Fund is not part of the privy purse. However, should your ruling be contrary and assuming I have the support of the majority of members of this Council, I beg to draw Your Excellency's attention to Rule 47 of our Standing Rules and Orders - I will quote:

"Any of these Standing Rules and Orders may be suspended with the consent of the President and the majority of Members present."

I therefore, Sir, at a later date will seek to place before Council amendments which unfortunately will be confined to participants in the contributory scheme of our OAPs, whereby pensions would be increased from £8, £5, and £5; to £9, £6, and £6 - in other words, a pound over-all increase. I anticipate a certain amount of opposition in that we are having - or it is suggested that we have - a revision of the funds, and I would, therefore, in my amendments include provision for increasing subscriptions both by subscriber and employer by 12p respectively. In this way the fund would remain undamaged. However, I feel, with the rapid rise in the cost of living that to delay an increase in the contributory pensions would be a mistake. Should my amendments be successful I would urge the Administration to produce at the earliest possible date legislation to allow a similar increase in the non-contributory pensions.

I beg, Sir, to support the Bill as a whole.

MR MONK

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I support the Honourable Member for the West Falkland in all he said and in his proposed amendment at some future time. I'm not going to attempt to go into the detail that he has. OAP, however, has always been something which I think we should have given a lot more thought to earlier. It's quite inadequate for people's needs now and the fund is in a very healthy position. I know we get gloomy opinions from actuaries that Government's revenue should make various large contributions; however, the fund continues to grow without us taking any notice of these things. It's quite evident that the fund itself pays all the pensions at the present level and still manages to grow, without the contribution paid into it. Now I know there are future contingencies - larger pensions; more people coming on it - but it's certainly high time that pensions were increased. I support the main provisions of the unamended Bill - would that be the right way to put it? - wholeheartedly. There have been one or two



cases of hardship in the past and I know personally cases of widows suffering hardship. I support this section of the Bill wholeheartedly.

I am also rather interested in equal rights for men and women. I don't see widowers mentioned anywhere. I suppose they are taken care of and I haven't noticed; I suppose they are adequately provided for anyway.

I beg to support the Bill.

MR BOWLES

Your Excellency, Honourable Members; I think every one of us at this table is acutely concerned with pensions for our senior citizens, and I think the Financial Secretary's adjustments are well worth while and equally I support the Member for West Falkland in his suggestions to increase the pensions. I know inflation continues and we've got to think perhaps 10, 20 years ahead of ourselves and not to forget that we, too, who are still paying a pension contribution will expect to receive a pension. I think this is possibly where the actuary gets us a bit muddled at times, not knowing how far ahead we can see. I'm not going to criticise the actuary but, at the same time, I think he should remember that our inflation seems to come later than other people's inflation, and we have to care for this.

I was very pleased to learn that the 25th - or Silver - Jubilee of the pensions will be celebrated next year, and even if they don't get a rise this year, I'm sure they're duty-bound to have one next year.

I would like to support the Motion.

MR SMITH

Your Excellency, Honourable Members: This Bill, I am sure many people agree, is long overdue, and I would like to support it as it stands so that it can be got under way without delay. But as for any increases, before setting Government machinery into action - which may take some time - I feel that we should await once again the recommendations of the Shackleton Report which, I am sure, will give suggestions for the re-structuring of our whole pensions and allowances scheme.

I wish to support the Motion Sir.

CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, Honourable Members; like all Honourable Members, I don't quarrel at all with the purport of the Bill. There are things, I think, however, I should draw attention to, that are contained in the law as it now stands, and that is that there is a statutory Board of Management which consists of the Financial Secretary and two other persons, whose advice perhaps should be sought. In addition there is the statutory obligation to consult with the Government Actuary or the Deputy Government Actuary at the end of every five years and receive a report - and the next quinquennial report is due in 1977. The Government Actuary's view - and I don't necessarily disagree with the opinions of at least one Honourable Member that Government actuaries tend to be extraordinarily conservative - their view is that if you increase pensions you cannot, of course, increase the contributions that the persons receiving these pensions have made in the past; and that those increased pensions can only come from the contributors who are going to contribute in the future - and it is an actuarial exercise to calculate this nicely so that the Equalisation Fund or Government does not have to bear the total cost beyond the means of the capacity of the

/Treasury

Treasury to bear. If you do that any pension fund would collapse.

I make these points purely to inject a note of good-housekeeping into this discussion; not to object to the principle of the Bill. If we can pay more, by all means let's do so. If we can't, we will have to be frank, I think, and say we can only pay so much.

#### FINANCIAL SECRETARY

I have a great deal of sympathy with other Councillors and I don't think there is anybody on the Legislative Council or in the Executive Council or in any official position who would argue on the fact of improving life for pensioners. But we also have a responsibility towards the contributors. Before proceeding any further with this I would suggest that we - or I - would propose that a Select Committee of the House be formed to sit immediately and report back in a short space of time, to make absolutely certain the commitments - I do not wish to hold it up if there is any opportunity of making some benefit for pensioners, but I think we should be careful to know exactly what we are doing, and the liabilities. Therefore I would propose that the matter be referred to a Select Committee to sit immediately.

Council then adjourned and resumed at 4.30 pm

Council agreed with the suggestion of the President that the Order Paper should be varied to enable Council to proceed with the Customs (Amendment of Duties) Resolution 1976.

#### FINANCIAL SECRETARY

Your Excellency, the general consensus of opinion expressed in the Select Committee on the review of the Estimates regarding the proposals included in the budget for increasing duties on liquor, tobacco and wines was that the proposals should be adopted. To implement these proposals I propose the following Resolution:

BE IT RESOLVED, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Customs Ordinance, that the Customs Order be amended by deleting paragraph 2 and substituting the following:

"2. The following import duties of customs shall be payable -

Item	Article	Rate of Duty	
1.	Beer, ale, perry, porter, spruce, cider and stouts of all kinds	per gallon	33p
2.	Spirits - Whisky, gin, rum, brandy, vodka and other spirituous liquors and liqueurs	per gallon	£12.00
3.	Wines - Still wines, sparkling wines and champagne	per gallon	78p
4.	Vernouth, sherry and port	per gallon	90p
5.	Tobacco -		
	(a) Cigars	per lb	£4.20
	(b) Cigarettes	per lb	£2.88
	(c) Tobacco	per lb	£2.40"

I also lay on the table the Certificate of Urgency.

The Motion was seconded by the CHIEF SECRETARY and carried.

/THE PRESIDENT

THE PRESIDENT

As agreed formally before the adjournment, I will now appoint a Select Committee of the whole House, with the withdrawal of the President and his replacement in the Chair by the Senior Official Member, to consider the Old Age Pensions Bill, with the Amendments as proposed by Mr Blake.

Council adjourned.

Council resumed at 5.15 pm

CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, the Select Committee appointed on the Motion of the Honourable the Financial Secretary to examine the Amendments proposed by Mr Blake has completed its deliberations and I have the honour to submit its report for adoption as follows:

1. We accept that the proposals made by the Honourable L G Blake should be taken at the Committee stage of the Bill.
2. We recommend the adoption and incorporation of these proposals into the Bill, which is the subject of the main question.
3. We recommend that the increased benefits should become effective on the 1st July 1976.
4. We recommend that the increased contributions should be introduced with effect from 1st January 1977.
5. We recognise that this will present considerable problems for the Treasury and Government Printer and accept that there will be inevitable delay in paying out the higher pensions. Every effort will be made to pay these as soon as possible but they are unlikely to be paid before September of this year. They should, however, be effective from 1st July 1976

A minority recommend that amendments of this nature, no matter how desirable, should be given more notice so that the Treasury and the Administration generally may study their implications fully, in the interests of contributors and pensioners.

The Council then went into Committee and the Bill was amended as follows at this stage:

Section 1. Amended by the deletion of the words "and shall come into operation on the 1st day of July 1976" and renumbered as subsection (1) of Section 1; and the addition of sub-section (2) as follows:

"2. The provisions of sections 2, 3, 6 and 7 of this Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of July 1976 and the provisions of sections 4 and 5 of this Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January 1977."

Section 4. Renumbered 6 and a new section 4 substituted as follows -

"4. Section 6 of the principal Ordinance is amended in sub-section (2) by -

- i. deleting in paragraph (a) "50p" and substituting "62p";
- ii. deleting in paragraph (b) "80p" and substituting "92p";
- iii. deleting in paragraph (c) "£1.30" and substituting "£1.54".

A new section, No 5, as follows -

"5. Section 6A of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (2) by deleting "£1.30" and substituting "£1.54"."

A new section, No 7, as follows -

"7. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended by deleting "£8.00", "£5.00", "£5.00", and "£5.00" and substituting "£9.00", "£6.00", "£6.00", and "£6.00" respectively."

Council then resumed and the Bill as amended was read a third time and passed.

#### MOTION

##### CHIEF SECRETARY

I beg to move that the Standing Committee on Education be reconstituted and that the membership consist of all elected Councillors except the Honourable L G Blake. I make this proposal after prior consultation with all Councillors.

The Motion was seconded by the FINANCIAL SECRETARY and carried.

#### MOTION FOR ADJOURNMENT

##### CHIEF SECRETARY

I now beg to move, Sir, that Council adjourn sine die.

##### FINANCIAL SECRETARY

I beg to second the Motion.

##### MR BLAKE

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, In supporting this Motion may I first, Sir, thank you for your patience in dealing with me during the passage of the last Bill, and the kindness which I received. Perhaps I'm labouring a point which I made in my reply to the Motion of Thanks to Your Excellency, but I would like again to refer to the theme I had then, which is unity within the Colony and within the Council. We must at all times, particularly in this Council, appear - and not only appear but in fact be - united; united in our wish to see this Colony prosper, and united in our approach to our major political problem with our neighbours. Any fragmentation of the Council at all would weaken us and make us appear small - both overseas and in this Colony.

Your Excellency, I beg to support the Motion.

##### MR MONK

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I think it's rather unfortunate I always come behind the Honourable L G Blake and we often want to speak about the same things. I would like to thank Your Excellency for your patience in dealing with us, as our inexperience on occasions with procedure must be a great trial. You did mention, Your Excellency, the matter of trying to avoid divisions in our society, as it were. Of course we're all going to have differences of opinion about all sorts

/of things

of things, but this does not necessarily mean we have to be divided. Certainly in the matter of our sovereignty I think the electorate has shown quite clearly that they want to remain British, since that point was one of the main planks of all elected Councillors here, and I think it is very regrettable if anybody who doesn't represent the majority of public opinion attempts to divide us in any way by diluting our attempts to remain British.

There are other divisions, of course. There are physical, geographical divisions in our society, but it doesn't follow that even though some of our priorities would appear to be different we should not form ourselves into West Falkland, East Falkland, Stanley cliques and battle between ourselves to try and obtain the most from Government - funds etc - to the detriment of some other part of the Colony. I think it is our duty to think of the overall effect of anything we do. There is another division, of course, which is regrettable but which is not always obvious, and that is the division between the Administration and the people as a whole. I think this often comes about because policy decisions taken by ExCo and executed by the Administration are not explained clearly enough to the general public - the need for them and so on - and I think a great deal more could be done in this field to keep people in the picture concerning everyday affairs so that they do not feel so outside of things. There is, unfortunately I think, a discernible division in the Administration itself sometimes. The Administration consists of older, more experienced people, who have had many years of experience and who have a lot of expertise in running Government departments: it also consists of a lot of bright young people with fresh ideas, who haven't always got that expertise; nor have they the ability to put their points of view over in the way that these older administration officials have been led to expect. Consequently, one can discern, in certain areas, a division between these younger people that are out here to try and run our services, bringing new thoughts into our departments - education, medical, you name it - and I think it behoves the older members of the Administration to sometimes bear those things in mind - that they haven't been trained by years of working in the Colonial Service or in the Commonwealth Office.

There is also, I think, occasionally an unfortunate division between expatriate people and Falkland Islands people born and bred - or those who are virtually adopted as Falkland Islanders because they have been here so long. These expatriate people in many cases come here to lend us their expertise, and it seems to me very unfortunate if the Executive Council or any other Administrative body seeks to lower their standards because the standards of local employees, local persons - whether they are working for Government or anybody else - might at that time not be what a very much larger country (which sends these people out) can afford. I think it would be much better if instead of trying to reduce the standards of these people, we tried instead to raise our own. Any division of any sort of nature I deplore.

I would like to second the Motion.

MR BOWLES

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, our younger officers in the Civil Service have, I think, been put to considerable test in our present constitution of our Police Force. I would like to commend these young chaps, Leon Berntsen and his boys down there, including our policewoman, who have lost their two senior officers overseas temporarily; and our two new constables have not yet arrived. They've had this responsibility virtually thrown at them for the last three or four months and, together with their 'specials' have dealt pretty well. There doesn't seem to have been any steep rise in crime noticeable to the public, and I think they should have a good pat on the back. It goes to show that some young people under strain are quite capable if they are given the chance.



I, too, would like to echo the two former speakers from the East and West Falklands in their plea for unity. We need it and we've got to keep it. British expertise has been coming here for a long time and we've learned to accept this with gratitude; and I think by encouraging the British in the Falklands, this will help us to keep the Falklands British.

Thank you Sir.

MR SMITH

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I would like to associate my thanks, too, with those of the Honourable Mr Bowles, in appreciation of our police force; and I wish now only to say that, having been, as it were, thrown in at the deep end, I will not at this stage go so far as to say that I can swim, but I am confident that I can now float, and I hope that in the future I'll be able to take a far more active part in our affairs during meetings. I would like to express my thanks to the older members of Council for their help, encouragement and support, and also their advice during this session.

MR BOUND

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I am afraid I haven't done my homework on this Motion for Adjournment. I must confess I rather hoped we'd still be here tomorrow. I must therefore confine my remarks to my appreciation to Your Excellency for inviting me to come back into the fray, as it were, and to say how much I have appreciated being associated with Government again after an absence of some three or four years. I hope that my views will not run too counter to the rest of our members. I do feel, like all other members here, that this is the time, if ever, that we should be unified and sort our problems out together rather than have a diverse effect.

CHIEF SECRETARY

Your Excellency, in winding up this Motion for the Adjournment I must, of course, immediately associate myself with the very generous sentiments that the Honourable Members have referred to in commenting on Your Excellency's conduct of our proceedings; and in particular for Your Excellency's outstanding address, which was received so well and which, I think, struck the correct note for our proceedings, which, even though this was a budget session, brought out the dominant element that we need and is so clearly shown in the debates in this Chamber during the past ten days or so. As I said in replying to Your Excellency's Address, there has been no holding back of punches, no holding back of views; there has been the experience of Members who have sat on Council for a long time combined with the invigorating and refreshing views of new members. It is true, I think, that our deliberations at this session have been somewhat inhibited by the fact that we are deliberating at the moment under the "mountain of Shackleton" and that to deliberate a budget with the mountain of paper that awaits us and has to be digested, which will go over the ground that we have traversed these past ten days or so, is exceedingly difficult; but I think Councillors in their labours have done an outstandingly worthwhile job, even if it does have to be looked at afresh later on.

The Senior Unofficial Member referred to the fact that Your Excellency called for, and achieved, unity of purpose, unity of effort; and I would like to echo these thoughts in my appreciation to Your Excellency, in adding my brief word to the Motion for the Adjournment and sincerely thanking Your Excellency and Councillors for the conduct and achievements of this session.

/THE PRESIDENT



THE PRESIDENT

Honourable Members, may I say what a privilege it is to preside over your proceedings, which I think were conducted with a wisdom and a dignity which would enhance many a much greater House - presiding over the affairs of much larger countries - and I think our proceedings were interesting and civilised in the best sense of the term. I've been delighted to hear in your speeches on this Motion the keynote of unity struck. I did think quite a lot about my address, about which you've been so complimentary, and I hope you've all received a personal copy. It came from the heart - I think this is well understood by all of you - I know you've laboured, as I've said earlier on, mightily; you've been here for long, long hours and despite what the Honourable Mr Bound said about tomorrow I know some of you at least will be glad to get away, so I won't detain you any longer. But again my very warm personal thanks and gratitude to you.

I will now declare the House to stand adjourned.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

1 JULY 1976

No. 9

## Appointments

Charles Jones, Assistant Filtration Plant Operator, Public Works Department, 21.6.76.

Mrs. Mary Jennings, Clerk, Public Service, 1.7.75.

## Re-appointment

Miss Margaret Larsen, Telephone Operator, Posts & Telecommunications Department, 12.5.76.

## Acting Appointments

Peter Thomas King, Acting Office Manager, Secretariat, 8.4.76 - 24.5.76.

James Gregory Woodward, Acting Headmaster, Darwin School, Education Department, 27.5.76.

Henry Thomas Luxton, Acting Adjutant, Falkland Islands Defence Force, 3.6.76.

Charles Coutts, Junior, Acting Senior Filtration Plant Operator, 1.7.76.

## Promotion

Terence Owen McPhee, Electrical Mechanic, Public Works Department, 1.6.76.

## Completion of Contract

Miss Jean Thom, Clerk, Public Service, 29.6.76.

## Retirement

Henry William Alfred Stewart, Mate, m.v. Forrest, Customs & Harbour Department, 30.6.76.

## NOTICES

No. 27. 24th May 1976.

### Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) Order 1975

(Under Section 12A of the Dogs Ordinance)  
(Cap. 21)

The following name is deleted from the list of

Inspectors appearing in Gazette Notice No. 47 dated 23rd December 1975 —

G. C. SHORT Port Stephens (*resigned*)

Ref. AGR/7/16.

No. 28.

24th May 1976.

### Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) Order 1975

(Under Section 12A of the Dogs Ordinance)  
(Cap. 21)

The Governor hereby appoints the following person to be an Inspector for the purposes of this Order —

S. L. BERNTSEN — Port Stephens

Ref. AGR/7/16.

## Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972

(Article 59(1))

Pursuant to Article 59(1) of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972, the area of water specified in column 2 of the Schedule adjacent to the place specified in column 1 of the Schedule is hereby notified as a Government aerodrome available for take-off and landing by aircraft of the Falkland Islands Government Air Service.

## SCHEDULE

Column 1 PLACE	Column 2 AERODROME
Swan Island	Swan Island

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

27th May 1976.

## DOGS ORDINANCE

(Chapter 21)

## Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) (Amendment) Order 1976.

No. 2 of 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by Section 12A of the Dogs Ordinance, the Governor has made the following Order —

1. This Order may be cited as the Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) (Amendment) Order 1976.
2. Paragraph 10 of the Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) Order 1975 is amended by inserting after "owner" the following —  
    ", or manager or person in charge,".

*By Command,*  
ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

9th June 1976

Ref. AGR/10/4.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 30th day of June 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 1



1976

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, C.M.G., M.V.O.

*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

To provide for the service of the year 1976-1977. Title.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows — Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1976-77) Ordinance 1976. Short title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the period 1st July 1976 to 30th June 1977, a sum not exceeding Two million, two hundred and forty-seven thousand, three hundred and ninety-one pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1976-77. Appropriation of  
£2,247,391 for the service  
of the year 1976-77.

## Schedule.

## SCHEDULE

Number	HEAD OF SERVICE	£
I.	The Governor ... ..	29,853
II.	Agriculture ... ..	4,431
III.	Aviation ... ..	95,216
IV.	Customs and Harbour ... ..	31,596
V.	Education ... ..	148,504
VI.	Medical ... ..	164,687
VII.	Meteorological ... ..	9,754
VIII.	Military ... ..	5,427
IX.	Miscellaneous ... ..	14,441
X.	Pensions and Gratuities ... ..	34,168
XI.	Police and Prisons ... ..	18,091
XII.	Posts and Telecommunications ... ..	98,613
XIII.	Public Works ... ..	137,504
XIV.	Public Works Recurrent ... ..	86,450
XV.	Public Works Special ... ..	21,550
XVI.	Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store ... ..	110,339
XVII.	Overseas Passages ... ..	63,500
XVIII.	Social Welfare ... ..	19,000
XIX.	Supreme Court and Legal ... ..	8,277
XX.	Training ... ..	10,000
Total Ordinary Expenditure ... ..		1,111,401
Development A		
Expenditure to be met from Colony funds ... ..		46,901
Development B		
Expenditure to be met from U.K. Aid ... ..		1,089,089
Total Expenditure ... ..		£ 2,247,391

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Ref. TRE/14/7.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 30th day of June 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 2



1976

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, C.M.G., M.V.O.

*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year 1974-75 in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 5 of 1974.

Title.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the period 1st July 1974 to 30th June 1975.

Preamble.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1974-75) Ordinance 1976.

Short title.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services herein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service for the period 1st July 1974 to 30th June 1975, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that period, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sum mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the period 1st July 1974 to 30th June 1975.



Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Number	HEAD OF SERVICE					Amount
FALKLAND ISLANDS						£
I.	The Governor	...	...	...	...	4,062
III.	Aviation	...	...	...	...	20,896
IV.	Customs and Harbour	...	...	...	...	2,660
VII.	Meteorological	...	...	...	...	29
IX.	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	88,732
X.	Pensions and Gratuities	...	...	...	...	4,931
XI.	Police and Prisons	...	...	...	...	56
XVI.	Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store	...	...	...	...	8,112
XIX.	Supreme Court and Legal	...	...	...	...	800
						130,278
Development B						529,444
						£ 659,722

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. TRE/14/5.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 25th day of June 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 3



1976

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, C.M.G., M.V.O.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

To amend the Administration of Estates  
Ordinance.

(1st July 1976)

Date of commencement.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Administration of Estates (Amendment) Ordinance 1976.

Short title.

2. The Administration of Estates Ordinance is amended by adding after section 18 the following new section —

Addition of new section 18A.  
(Cap. 1)

"Remuneration  
of Official  
Administrator.

18A. The 7½ per centum to be paid by the Official Administrator into the Treasury under subsection (2) of section 18 shall be applied in the manner following, that is to say —

(1) 5 per centum shall be paid by the Treasury to the Official Administrator on the complete administration of the estate as a remuneration for the services he is required to perform.

(2) 2½ per centum shall be to defray the incidental expenses of administering the estate."

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 25th day of June 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 4



1976

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
**Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.**  
NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, C.M.G., M.V.O.  
*Governor.*

**An Ordinance**  
**Further to amend the Dogs Ordinance.**

Title.

Date of commencement.

(25th June 1976)

Enacting clause.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title and commencement.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dogs (Amendment) Ordinance 1976 and shall come into operation on the 25th day of June 1976.

Amendment of section 4.  
(Cap. 21)

2. Section 4 of the Dogs Ordinance is amended by deleting "Superintendent of Police" wherever it occurs and substituting the following —

"Postmaster"

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. POL/4/2 & AGR/10/4.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 25th day of June 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 5



1976

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, C.M.G., M.V.O.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance Further to amend the Livestock Ordinance.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Livestock (Amendment) Ordinance 1976, and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by notice in the Gazette.

2. Section 2 of the Livestock Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is repealed and replaced by the following —

"2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires —

"Affected sheep" means any sheep affected with lice or ked or any parasitic disease as specified in the Second Schedule, or which within six months have been exposed to disease as aforesaid.

"Destroy" shall mean kill and either bury at a depth of not less than two feet under the ground or consume by fire or boil down.

"Dipping" means the subjection of sheep to effective tick and ked destroying preparation (in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations) by means of immersion or by such other means or in such manner as may be approved by the Governor in Council or, with reference to lice, scab, or itchmite in sheep, means the subjection of sheep to effective lice, scab, or itchmite destroying preparation by such means or in such manner as may be approved by the Governor in Council.

"Dressing" means applying to a sheep a scab destroying preparation.

Title.

Enacting clause.

Citation and commencement.

Repeal and replacement of section 2.

Interpretation.

"Farmer" means the owner of any sheep, and includes the manager, overseer or person in charge of any sheep.

"Infected sheep" means any sheep infected with scab or other infectious or contagious disease as specified in the Third Schedule, or which within six months have been exposed to disease as aforesaid.

"Infected land" means land on which there is affected or infected sheep.

"Imported" means brought from any place beyond the limits of the Colony.

"Inspector" means an inspector appointed under section 3 of this Ordinance.

"Notice" means a notice in writing delivered to the person affected thereby or left at or affixed to the usual or last known place of abode of such person.

"Owner" includes a lessee from the Crown and the agent or manager of any absentee owner or lessee, and, with reference to the ownership of sheep, includes the manager, overseer or person in charge of any sheep.

"Public place" includes any street, highway, thoroughfare, bridge, park, garden or pleasure ground, and any unenclosed land or other place to which the public or any part of the public have for the time being access.

"Sheep" means any ram, ewe, wether or lamb.

"Stray sheep" means any sheep, not being a travelling sheep, upon land not in occupation of the owner of the sheep.

"Station" means the land, enclosures and buildings (but not a dwelling-house) occupied, or used by or in the holding of any farmer.

"Travelling sheep" means sheep being driven over any road or land not in the occupation of the owner of the sheep."

#### Amendment of section 5.

#### 3. Section 5 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

- (a) by the deletion of the word "the" in line 4 and the substitution therefor of the following —

"any";

- (b) by the insertion after the word "infection" in line 5 of the following —

"or by the possession of any affected or infected sheep".

#### Repeal and replacement of section 12.

#### 4. Section 12 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

"Notice to dip infected sheep.

12. (1) If any inspector is satisfied that any sheep in a flock are infected sheep, he may give the owner notice thereof requiring him to dip, dress and treat that flock for the removal of scab or other infectious or contagious disease as set out in the Third Schedule, as the case may be, forthwith to the satisfaction of the said inspector or any other inspector; but if the inspector is satisfied that the sheep in that flock are intended and fit for slaughter, he may postpone the giving of the notice to dip and treat for a period not exceeding fourteen days.

Penalty for neglect to dip and treat after notice.

(2) Every such owner who refuses, neglects, or fails to comply with the notice on or before the date specified therein commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds; and if immediately after the date of that

conviction the sheep are not dipped, dressed and treated to the satisfaction of the inspector the owner commits a further offence and is liable on summary conviction to a further fine not exceeding fifty pounds, and if immediately after the date of the second conviction the sheep are not dipped, dressed or treated to the satisfaction of the inspector he shall cause the sheep to be dipped, dressed and treated at the owner's expense and to this end may take all steps necessary.

(3) Where the inspector incurs any expense in causing any sheep to be dipped, dressed and treated as aforesaid, the amount of that expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Crown from the owner of the sheep.

(4) Any owner who fails to eradicate scab or other infectious or contagious disease as set out in the Third Schedule, from his flock after notice has been given to him under subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £100 or to imprisonment for six months."

5. Section 13 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "affected with lice" the following —

Amendment of section 13.

"or ked".

6. Section 14 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

Repeal and replacement of section 14.

"Penalty for driving affected sheep.

14. Every person who, without the permission of an inspector by himself or his agent or servant —

(a) drives or moves by conveyance, or

(b) depastures or suffers to stray any affected sheep

across or upon any land or upon any public place or from any station under quarantine commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds and not less than one pound for every day during which the sheep are so driven, conveyed, depastured, or suffered to stray."

7. Section 15 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

Repeal and replacement of section 15.

"Penalty on owner of affected sheep found in any pound etc.

15. (1) If any affected sheep are found in any yard or in any pound, or on any land or other place at which sheep are offered for sale, and the owner knows that they are so affected, he commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

(2) Where the owner of sheep is charged with an offence against sub-section (1) of this section, and it is proved that the sheep have been found in any yard or any pound or on any land or other place at which sheep are offered for sale and that the sheep are affected sheep, the owner of the sheep shall be presumed to have known that the sheep were affected sheep unless he shows to the satisfaction of the Court that he had no knowledge thereof and could not with reasonable care have obtained that knowledge.

(3) Any inspector, if he considers it necessary, may order the withdrawal from sale of any affected sheep until they have been dipped and treated for the

removal of lice or ked to the satisfaction of the inspector, and shall give notice to the aforesaid owner of the sheep to dip and treat them for the removal of lice and ked forthwith at such place as the inspector may direct:

Provided that if the inspector is satisfied that the sheep are intended for immediate slaughter he may withhold the notice.

(4) Every such owner who refuses, neglects or fails to comply with any such notice commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a further fine not exceeding forty pounds."

Amendment of section 16.

8. Section 16 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

(a) by the insertion after the word "become" in line 3 the following —

"affected or";

(b) by the insertion after the word "infected" the following —  
"sheep".

Repeal and replacement of section 17.

9. Section 17 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

"Order to dip  
and treat  
affected sheep.

17. If an inspector is satisfied that any sheep are affected sheep, he shall give the owner of such sheep an order in writing to dip and treat all sheep on that station forthwith for the removal of lice or ked or any of the specified diseases mentioned in the Second Schedule, and if the owner shall not, in the opinion of an inspector, have made or be making reasonable exertions to dip and treat all sheep on that station for the removal of lice or ked or any of the specified diseases mentioned in the Second Schedule or if at the expiration of twelve months any sheep shall, in the opinion of an inspector, still be affected sheep, the owner thereof shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of not less than  $\frac{1}{2}p$  and not more than 2p for every sheep on that station put out the previous autumn and as then entered in the annual stock return."

Repeal and replacement of section 18.

10. Section 18 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

"Neglect to dip  
and treat  
affected sheep.

18. If after the expiration of twelve months from the date of a conviction under the preceding section any sheep shall, in the opinion of an inspector, still be affected sheep, the owner of such sheep shall upon conviction be liable to a further penalty of 2p for every sheep put out the previous autumn and as then entered in the annual stock return, and so on for every succeeding period of twelve months."

Amendment of section 19.

10A. Section 19 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after "in Form 1 of the" and "in Form 2 of the" in line 6 and 12 respectively the following —

"First".

Repeal and replacement of section 22.

11. Section 22 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

"Order to dip  
suspected  
sheep.

22. An inspector may at any time order that any sheep he may suspect to be affected or infected sheep be dipped and in the case of infected sheep dressed, and require any owner to disinfect any premises, yard or articles used by affected or infected sheep."



- 11A. Section 23 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after "in Form 3 of the" the following — Amendment of section 23.  
 "First".
12. Section 25 of the principal Ordinance is amended — Amendment of section 25.  
 (a) by the insertion after the words "detain any" in line 1 the following —  
 "affected or"; and  
 (b) by the insertion after the words "their being" and "they are" in line 4 and 8 the following —  
 "affected or".
13. Section 26 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the insertion after the words "shall be declared", "were not", and "to be" in line 4, 8 and 9 respectively the following — Amendment of section 26.  
 "affected or".
14. Section 27 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "are not" the following — Amendment of section 27.  
 "affected or".
15. Section 28 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "cast any" the following — Amendment of section 28.  
 "affected or".
16. Section 29 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "abandon any" and "of any" in line 1 and 2 respectively the following — Amendment of section 29.  
 "affected or".
17. Section 30 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "that any" and "of such" in line 2 and 5 respectively the following — Amendment of section 30.  
 "affected or".
18. Section 38 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the deletion of the word "rule" appearing therein and the substitution therefor of the word "regulation". Amendment of section 38.
- 18A. Section 40 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after "in Form 4 of the" the following — Amendment of section 40.  
 "First".
19. Section 44 of the principal Ordinance is amended by inserting after the words "owner of" the following — Amendment of section 44.  
 "affected or".
20. The principal Ordinance is amended by adding, after section 44, the following new section — Addition of new section 45.  
 "Burden of proof." 45. When the owner or person in charge of any affected or infected sheep is charged with an offence against this Ordinance relative to the sheep being affected or infected sheep he shall be presumed to have known of the existence of the sheep being affected or infected sheep unless and until he shows to the satisfaction of the Court that he had no knowledge thereof and could not with reasonable diligence have obtained that knowledge."
- 20A. The principal Ordinance is amended by adding, after section 45, the following new section — Addition of new section 46.  
 "Power to alter Schedules." 46. The Governor in Council may by Order add to or delete from the various diseases set out in the Second and Third Schedules."

## Amendment of Schedule.

21. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended —

- (a) by the insertion before "schedule" the following —  
"FIRST";
- (b) in Form 1 by the insertion after "are" the following —  
"affected or";
- (c) in Form 2 by the insertion after "not" the following —  
"affected or"; and
- (d) in Form 3 by the insertion after "with any" and "were any"  
in line 6 and 7 respectively the following —  
"affected or".

21A. The principal Ordinance is amended by inserting the following new Schedules —

"SECOND SCHEDULE

Lice  
Ticks  
Fleas  
Keds

THIRD SCHEDULE

Mites."

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. AGR/10/2.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 25th day of June 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 6



1976

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, C.M.G., M.V.O.

*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

### Further to amend the Old Age Pensions Ordinance 1952. Title.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows — Enacting clause.

1. (1) This Ordinance may be cited as the Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1976. Citation and commencement.

(2) The provisions of sections 2, 3, 6 and 7 of this Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of July 1976 and the provisions of sections 4 and 5 of this Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January 1977.

2. Section 2 of the Old Age Pensions Ordinance 1952 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended in the definition of "Female Contributor" by deleting "who is not the widow of a man who at the time of his death was a pensioner". Amendment of section 2.  
(3 of 1952)

3. Section 5 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following — Repeal and replacement  
of section 5.

"Statutory  
conditions  
for receipt  
of pension.

5. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, the statutory conditions for the receipt of an old age pension by any person are —

- (a) the person, having been a contributor, has satisfied the contribution conditions contained in sections 6 and 9 and has attained the age of 65 years;

- (b) the person, having been a female contributor, has satisfied the contribution conditions contained in sections 6, 6B and 9 and has attained the age of 65 years;
- (c) the widow of a pensioner who, at the time of the pensioner's death, had attained the age of 60 years;
- (d) the widow of a pensioner, on attaining the age of 60 years, provided she has satisfied the contribution conditions contained in sections 6, 6C and 9;
- (e) the widow of a contributor who had attained the age of 60 years at the time of her husband's death, he being a person who has satisfied the contribution conditions contained in sections 6 and 9 and who was between the age of 60 and 65 years at the time of his death;
- (f) the widow of a contributor on attaining the age of 60 years, provided she has satisfied the contribution conditions contained in sections 6, 6C and 9."

Amendment of section 6.

4. Section 6 of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (2) by —

- (i) deleting in paragraph (a) "50p" and substituting "62p";
- (ii) deleting in paragraph (b) "80p" and substituting "92p";
- (iii) deleting in paragraph (c) "£1.30" and substituting "£1.54".

Amendment of section 6A.

5. Section 6A of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (2) by deleting "£1.30" and substituting "£1.54".

Amendment of section 6C.

6. Section 6C of the principal Ordinance is amended by deleting "between the age of 50 and 60," and substituting "under the age of 60,".

Amendment of Schedule.

7. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended by deleting "£8.00", "£5.00", "£5.00", and "£5.00" and substituting "£9.00", "£6.00", "£6.00", and "£6.00" respectively.

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Acting Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. TRE/2/3.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

6 AUGUST 1976

No. 10

## Appointment

Richard Cain, Peripatetic Teacher, Education Department, 29.7.76.

## Re-appointment

Miss Marilyn Allen, Nurse, Medical Department 12.7.76.

## Acting Appointment

Miss Barbara Teague, Acting Matron, Medical Department, 29.7.76.

## Completion of Contract

Dougald James MacIntyre, Uncertificated Teacher, Education Department, 28.7.76.

Owen John Leech, Uncertificated Teacher, Education Department, 30.7.76.

## Resignation

Leon Berntsen, Police Constable, Falkland Islands Police Force, 31.7.76.

## NOTICES

No. 29. 23rd July 1976.

The findings of the Cost of Living Committee for the quarter ended 30th June 1976 are published for general information —

Quarter ended	Percentage increase over 1971 prices
30th June 1976	101.69 %

2. The scale of wages for hourly paid workers remains unaltered.

Ref. INT/2/3.

No. 30. 6th August 1976.

## Public Health Ordinance (Cap. 54)

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 46 of 1975 the following appointment has been made to the Hospital Visiting Committee for the year 1976 —

Mrs. Hermine Johnston

Vice

Mrs. Valerie Bennett (*resigned*)

Ref. MED/19/2.

## Currency Notes Rules

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 3 of the Currency Notes Rules, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve the appointment of the following persons to be Currency Officers —

Campbell, Ray  
Keenleyside, Nicholas Timothy Thomas  
Luxton, Michael  
Lyse, Miss Linda Margaret  
Summers, Phillip George

H. T. ROWLANDS,  
*Commissioner of Currency.*

28th July 1976.

## In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

### NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE (Cap. 1)

In the matter of Kitty Elliott Clifton, deceased, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands, on the 16th day of November 1975, intestate.

WHEREAS Charles Clifton and Violet Bonner, guardians of Darwin Lewis Clifton and Stephen Peter Clifton, infant sons of the above-named deceased, have applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioners will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
*Registrar.*

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
26th July 1976.  
SC & L/29/75.

## SAVINGS BANK ORDINANCE

(Chapter 61)

## Savings Bank (Amendment) Rules 1976

No. 1 of 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Savings Bank Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following rules —

Citation and commencement.

1. These rules may be cited as the Savings Bank (Amendment) Rules 1976 and shall come into operation on the 21st day of July 1976.

Amendment of Rule 8.  
Vol. II. p. 281.

2. Rule 8 of the Savings Bank Rules is amended by deleting "£10,000" and substituting the following —  
"£25,000".

Made by the Governor in Council on the 21st day of July 1976.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.*

Ref. TRE/10/2.

## FUGITIVE OFFENDERS ACT 1967

(1967 c. 68)

Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries)  
(Amendment) Order 1976

No. 3 of 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 2 (1) of the Fugitive Offenders Act 1967 (as modified and adapted by the Fugitive Offenders (Falkland Islands and Dependencies) Order 1968), the Governor, with the approval of the Secretary of State, has made the following order —

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as the Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) (Amendment) Order 1976.

Amendment of Schedule.  
(3 of 1968)

2. The Schedule to the Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) Order 1968 is amended —

(a) by inserting after "Ghana" the following —  
"Grenada"; and

(b) by inserting after "Uganda" the following —  
"Independent State of Western Samoa".

*By Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

28th July 1976.

Ref. LEG/10/22C.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

3 SEPTEMBER 1976

No. 11

## Appointments

Donald William Bonner, Steward/Chauffeur,  
Government House, 13.5.76.

Frances Peck, Clerk, Public Service, 2.8.76.

Peter Gaskins, Teacher-in-Charge, Infant and  
Junior School, Education Department, 5.8.76.

John Andrew Thomas Fowler, Headmaster,  
Education Department, 12.8.76.

Mrs. Veronica Mary Fowler, Assistant Teacher,  
Education Department, 12.8.76.

Mrs. Jane Griffiths, Assistant Teacher, Educa-  
tion Department, 2.9.76.

Richard Owen Griffiths, Assistant Teacher,  
Education Department, 2.9.76.

## Completion of Contracts

Ronald Robert Murray, Constable, Falkland  
Islands Police Force, 14.8.76.

Graham Ewan Cadman, Uncertificated Teacher,  
Education Department, 26.8.76.

Roger Franklin Hillman, Headmaster, Education  
Department, 30.8.76.

## Resignations

Charles Keenleyside, Cashier, Public Service,  
12.8.76.

Andrez Peter Short, Filtration Plant Operator,  
Public Works Department, 14.8.76.

## NOTICES

No. 31.

1st September 1976.

### Charges for the Transmission of Internal Telegrams

Notice is hereby given that the rate for the  
transmission of telegrams within the Colony will be  
3 pence per word with a minimum charge of 21  
pence, with effect from 1st October 1976.

Ref. P &amp; T/2/7c.

No. 32.

3rd September 1976.

Notice is hereby given that MR. STANISLAW  
KRYSZCZAK of Stanley is applying to the Home  
Secretary for naturalisation, and that any person  
who knows any reason why naturalisation should  
not be granted should send a written and signed  
statement of the facts to the Chief Secretary,  
Secretariat, Stanley.

Ref. LEG/10/19b.

### Savings Bank Interest

The public is advised that it is intended to  
increase interest on deposits in the Government  
Savings Bank from 3½ to 5 per centum per annum.

Section 9(1) of the Savings Bank Ordinance  
requires three months' notice to be given in the  
Gazette and it is intended that the proposed in-  
crease will be implemented as soon as possible  
after 30th September 1976.

30th June 1976.

Ref. TRE/2/13.



**In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands**  
**Notice under the Administration of Estates Ordinance**  
 (Cap. 1)

In the matter of George Charles Short, deceased, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands on the 29th July 1975.

WHEREAS Phillip Stanley Short, son of the said deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
*Registrar.*

Stanley,  
 Falkland Islands.  
 16th August 1976.  
 SC & L/20/75.

**In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands**  
**Notice under the Administration of Estates Ordinance**  
 (Cap. 1)

In the matter of Lester Louis James Alazia, deceased, of Stanley, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands on the 4th June 1975, intestate.

WHEREAS William Charles Alazia, father of the above-named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
*Registrar.*

Stanley,  
 Falkland Islands.  
 31st August 1976.  
 SC & L/28/75.

## A Bill for An Ordinance

### Further to amend the Post Office Ordinance.

Title.

Date of commencement.

( 19 )

Enacting clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Post Office (Amendment) Ordinance 1976.

Repeal and replacement of section 8.

2. Section 8 of the Post Office Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following new section —

"Payment for  
 carriage of  
 mail.

8. The Postmaster shall, on demand, pay to the master, owner or agent of any vessel, not being Government or under contract with the Government, such fee, for every mail bag, containing mail, safely carried and delivered, as may be fixed from time to time by the Governor in Council."

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

The object of this Bill is to simplify the method of varying the fee payable for the carriage of mail bags containing mail.

## A Bill for An Ordinance

Further to amend the Stanley Town Public  
Services Ordinance 1973. Title.

( 19 ) Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Enacting clause.  
Falkland Islands, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Public Short title.  
Services (Amendment) Ordinance 1976.

2. Section 25 of the Stanley Town Public Services Ordinance Amendment of section 25.  
1973 is amended by — (6 of 1973)

(a) renumbering it as subsection (1) thereof; and

(b) inserting the following new subsection —

“(2) Any person who fails to comply with any rule made  
under subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence.”.

### OBJECTS AND REASONS

The object of this Bill is to make provision for offences for failure to  
comply with any rule made under section 25 of the Stanley Town Public  
Services Ordinance 1973.

## A Bill for An Ordinance

To make provision for the preparation and Title.  
publication of a revised edition of the laws of the  
Colony.

( 19 ) Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Enacting clause.  
Falkland Islands, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Revised Edition of the Short title.  
Laws Ordinance 1976.

2. In this Ordinance — Definitions.

“Imperial Laws” means Imperial Statutes, Imperial Orders in  
Council, Royal Proclamations, Letters Patent and Royal  
Instructions and any legislation or instrument made there-  
under and includes any amendment made to such Imperial  
Laws by any Ordinance or subsidiary legislation;

“Laws” means Ordinances, subsidiary legislation and Imperial  
Laws;

“Revised Edition” means the revised edition of the laws of  
the Colony and the Dependencies to be prepared under the  
authority of this Ordinance;

"Subsidiary legislation" means the proclamations, rules, regulations, orders, by-laws, notifications, resolutions and other forms of subordinate legislation made or enacted under the authority of any Ordinance.

Appointment of  
Commissioner.

3. (1) FREDERICK GEORGE COOKE, Barrister-at-Law, is hereby appointed the Commissioner to prepare a revised edition of the written Laws of the Colony and the Dependencies.

(2) If the said Commissioner is unable for any cause fully to discharge his duties under this Ordinance, the Governor may appoint some other fit and proper person to be the Commissioner in his stead.

Matters to be included in  
the revised edition.

4. (1) The revised edition shall comprise —

- (a) all Ordinances in force in the Colony and Dependencies, except such as are omitted under the provisions of sections 6 and 7;
- (b) all subsidiary legislation in force in the Colony and Dependencies, except such as is omitted under the provisions of sections 6 and 7:

Provided that in lieu of republishing any subsidiary legislation, the Commissioner may, where he considers it convenient, set out the effect of the legislation in tabular or abbreviated form; and

- (c) such Imperial Laws in force in the Colony as the Commissioner may consider it desirable to republish or lists of and references to all or any such Imperial Laws.

(2) The revised edition shall contain also —

- (a) a list of all Ordinances contained in the last revised edition and a chronological list of all Ordinances subsequently enacted, with notes showing how the same have been dealt with;
- (b) a list of all Ordinances omitted from the revised edition under the provisions of section 6;
- (c) a table of contents; and
- (d) an alphabetical index.

Form of the revised  
edition.

5. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 8, each Ordinance shall form a separate chapter and chapters shall be numbered and arranged under such titles as the Commissioner may determine and below the number of each chapter there shall be set out the subject matter of the chapter and the date on which the principal Ordinance came into force.

(2) The number and year of the principal Ordinance and of any amending or incorporated law shall be set out in the margin at the commencement of each chapter and the Commissioner may also, so far as may be convenient, set out in the margin in respect of any section that has been amended, a reference to the amending enactment.

Omission of subsisting  
laws.

6. (1) It shall not be necessary for the Commissioner to include in the revised edition —

- (a) any current financial Appropriation Ordinance;
- (b) any law containing only special provision in relation to the pension of any person named therein; and
- (c) any law which he considers unnecessary to republish as not being of general or of current importance.

(2) Any Ordinance or subsidiary enactment omitted from the revised edition under the provisions of subsection (1) shall remain in full force until the same have expressly been repealed or revoked or shall have expired or become spent or had their effect.

7. The Commissioner may also, where he considers it convenient, omit from the revised edition —

Other matter that may be omitted.

- (a) laws or parts of laws which have been repealed or revoked expressly or by necessary implications, or which have expired or have become spent or have had their effect;
- (b) repealing or revoking enactments and tables and lists of repealed or revoked enactments whether contained in schedules or otherwise;
- (c) preambles and long titles to and recitals in law;
- (d) all introductory words of enactment;
- (e) enactments prescribing the date when, or the manner in which, any law or part of any law is to come into operation;
- (f) amending laws or parts thereof when the amendments effected thereby have been embodied by the Commissioner in the laws to which they relate;
- (g) transitional provisions; and
- (h) in any enactment, the interpretation of any expression which is defined in similar or identical terms with the definition of that expression contained in the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance.

8. (1) The Commissioner shall have power —

Miscellaneous powers of Commissioner.

- (a) to arrange the laws by chapters in such order and manner and in such groups as he may determine;
- (b) to consolidate into one law any two or more laws in *pari materia*, making such alterations as are thereby rendered necessary or expedient and offering such date thereto as may seem most convenient;
- (c) to divide any law into two or more laws and to make such amendments, including the supplying of titles or the alteration of existing titles, as are thereby rendered necessary;
- (d) to transfer any provision contained in any law from that law to any other law to which, in his opinion, it more properly belongs;
- (e) to alter the order of sections, subsections or paragraphs in or schedules to any law or to set out any section or paragraph of any law as a schedule to that law or to transfer it to an existing schedule or to set out any schedule or part of a schedule as a section or paragraph of the law;
- (f) to alter the form or arrangement of any section, subsection or paragraph of any law either by combining it in whole or in part with another section, subsection or paragraph or by dividing it into two or more subsections or paragraphs or by transposing words;
- (g) to transfer to subsidiary legislation any part of an Ordinance which may, in his opinion, more conveniently be included as subsidiary legislation under that, or any other Ordinance;
- (h) to divide any law into parts or other divisions and to give to each such part or division a suitable heading;

- (i) to make such adaptations of or amendments to any law as may be required by virtue of any statutory provision having taken into effect or as may appear to be necessary or proper as a consequence of Constitutional or other changes in the Colony or the Dependencies or any other country or in or to any international body or organisation;
- (j) to make such formal alterations as to names, localities, offices, titles and ranks and otherwise as may be necessary to bring any law into conformity with circumstances;
- (k) to simplify the phraseology of any law and to make such formal alterations to any law as are necessary or expedient for recurring uniformity of expression;
- (l) to correct grammatical or typographical errors in the existing laws, and for that purpose to make verbal additions or alterations not affecting the meaning of any law;
- (m) to correct cross-references;
- (n) to supply or alter marginal notes;
- (o) to supply or alter tables of contents;
- (p) to number or renumber the sections or paragraphs in any laws where in his opinion it is desirable to do so;
- (q) to frame and insert definitions of terms or expressions used in any Ordinance and to substitute other terms and expressions of a like nature for those used; and
- (r) generally, to do all things relating to form and method which, in his opinion, may be necessary for the perfecting of the revised edition.

(2) The Commissioner, in republishing any Imperial Laws, treaty or convention or any extract thereof, may republish the same as amended by any other instrument or as modified in its application to the Colony and the Dependencies.

Limitation of the  
Commissioner's powers.

9. The powers conferred on the Commissioner by this Ordinance shall not be taken to imply any power in him to make alteration or amendment in the matter or substance of any law or part thereof and not provided for in this Ordinance.

Amendment not authorised by sections 6, 7 and 8.

10. (1) If the Commissioner considers it desirable that in the preparation of the revised edition there should be omissions or amendments other than those authorised by sections 6, 7 and 8 or when the revision of any law requires its entire recasting, he may draft a bill or bills setting forth such alterations and amendments and authorising them to be made or for the re-enactment of any law so recast and and every such bill shall be submitted to the Executive and Legislative Councils in the ordinary way.

(2) Any such bill may have reference to more laws than one, although such laws may not be in *pari materia*.

Laws in force in the  
Dependencies to be  
indicated.

11. The revised edition shall contain a clear indication whether each law included therein is in force in the Dependencies.

Saving of existing subsidiary legislation.

12. All subsidiary legislation made under any law included in the revised edition, and in force at the date when the revised edition comes into force, shall continue in force until otherwise provided; and any reference in any such subsidiary legislation to the law under which it is made, or to any part thereof, or to any other enactment, shall where necessary and practicable, be construed as a reference to the corresponding provision in the revised edition.

Maps, charts and plans to  
be omitted from the  
revised edition.

13. (1) Where in any Ordinance reference is made to any map, chart or plan annexed to that Ordinance it shall be lawful for the Commissioner to omit from the revised edition that map, chart or plan.

(2) When the revised edition has been brought into force in pursuance of section 16, the Governor shall cause a duly authenticated copy of any map, chart or plan omitted by the Commissioner in pursuance of this section to be deposited in the office of the Registrar General and that deposited copy shall be open during the regular hours of opening of the said office to the inspection of any member of the public without fee, and any member of the public shall be entitled to receive an accurate copy of any such map, chart or plan upon the payment therefor of such fee as may be prescribed by the Governor. Any map, chart or plan so deposited shall have the force of law as if it were included in the revised edition.

14. Wherever in any enactment or in any document of whatever kind, any reference is made to any enactment affected by or under the operation of this Ordinance, the reference shall, where necessary and practicable, be construed as a reference to the corresponding enactment in the revised edition.

Construction of references to repealed or amended enactments.

15. Three copies of the revised edition shall be dated and signed by the Commissioner and by the Governor and shall be sealed with the Public Seal and deposited with the records of the Supreme Court.

Authentication of the revised edition.

16. (1) The Governor being authorised thereto by a resolution of the Legislative Council may by proclamation approve the revised edition and order that the revised edition shall come into operation.

Bringing of revised edition into force.

(2) Such proclamation shall specify —

- (a) the date as at which the revised edition represents the laws of the Colony; and
- (b) the date on which the revised edition is to come into operation.

17. From the date when the revised edition comes into operation, it shall, subject to the provisions of sections 6 and 9 be, and shall be taken by all courts and for all purposes to be, the authentic version of the written laws of the Colony as at the date referred to in section 16 (2) (a).

Effect of the revised edition.

18. (1) The revised edition shall be compiled in loose leaf form:

Method of compiling revised edition.

Provided that any Ordinance or the subsidiary legislation made thereunder may be bound separately or together in booklet form.

(2) Each Ordinance as prepared in accordance with the powers conferred by this Ordinance shall be contained in a separate numbered Chapter, which shall also contain the subsidiary legislation made under such Ordinance.

(3) Imperial Laws as prepared in accordance with the powers conferred by this Ordinance shall be contained in numbered appendices.

19. (1) Copies of the revised edition shall be distributed among such persons, officers, departments and institutions as the Governor may direct.

Distribution of copies of revised edition.

(2) There shall be offered to the public such number of copies at such prices as the Governor may direct.

20. The Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance 1943 is hereby repealed.

Repeal of Ordinance.  
(3 of 1943)

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

The object of this Bill is to facilitate the preparation and publication of the revised edition of the laws of the Colony.

# Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1976

## ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

### Section

1. Citation
  2. Interpretation
  3. Protection of sites of historic wrecks
  4. Prohibition on approaching dangerous wrecks
  5. Saving
  6. Penalties
- 

## A Bill for An Ordinance

### Title.

To secure the protection of wrecks in territorial waters and sites of such wrecks, from interference by unauthorised persons; and for connected purposes.

### Date of commencement.

( 19 )

### Enacting clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

### Citation.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1976.

### Interpretation.

1973 c. 33 s. 3(1).

2. In this Ordinance —

“Colonial waters” means any part of the sea within the seaward limits of the territorial waters of the Colony and includes any part of a river within the ebb and flow of ordinary spring tides;

“the sea” includes any estuary or arm of the sea; and reference to the sea bed includes any area submerged at high water of ordinary spring tides.

### Protection of sites of historic wrecks.

1973 c. 33 s. 1.

3. (1) If the Governor is satisfied with respect to any site in Colonial waters that —

- (a) it is, or may prove to be, the site of a vessel lying wrecked on or in the sea bed; and



- (b) on account of the historical, archaeological or artistic importance of the vessel, or of any objects contained or formerly contained in it which may be lying on the sea bed in or near the wreck, the site ought to be protected from unauthorised interference,

he may by order designate an area round the site as a restricted area.

(2) An order under this section shall identify the site where the vessel lies or formerly lay, or is supposed to lie or have lain, and —

- (a) the restricted area shall be all within such distance of the site (so identified) as is specified in the order, but excluding any area above high water mark of ordinary spring tides; and
- (b) the distance specified for the purposes of paragraph (a) above shall be whatever the Governor thinks appropriate to ensure protection for the wreck.

(3) Subject to section 5 below, a person commits an offence if, in a restricted area, he does any of the following things otherwise than under the authority of a licence granted by the Governor —

- (a) he tampers with, damages or removes any part of a vessel lying wrecked on or in the sea bed, or any object formerly contained in such a vessel; or
- (b) he carries out diving or salvage operations directed to the exploration of any wreck or to removing objects from it or from the sea bed, or uses equipment constructed or adapted for any purpose of diving or salvage operations; or
- (c) he deposits, so as to fall and lie abandoned on the sea bed, anything which, if it were to fall on the site of a wreck (whether it so falls or not), would wholly or partly obliterate the site, or obstruct access to it, or damage any part of the wreck;

and also commits an offence if he causes or permits any of these things to be done by others in a restricted area, otherwise than under the authority of such a licence.

(4) Before making an order under this section, the Governor shall consult with such persons as he considers appropriate having regard to the purposes of the order; but this consultation may be dispensed with if he is satisfied that the case is one in which an order should be made as a matter of immediate urgency.

(5) A licence granted by the Governor for the purposes of subsection (3) above shall be in writing and —

- (a) the Governor shall in respect of a restricted area grant licences only to persons who appear to him either —
  - (i) to be competent, and properly equipped, to carry out salvage operations in a manner appropriate to the historical, archaeological or artistic importance of any wreck which may be lying in the area, and of any objects contained or formerly contained in a wreck, or
  - (ii) to have any other legitimate reason for doing in the area that which can only be done under the authority of a licence;
- (b) a licence may be granted subject to conditions or restrictions, and may be varied or revoked by the Governor at any time after giving not less than one week's notice to the licensee; and

- (c) anything done contrary to any condition or restriction of a licence shall be treated for purposes of subsection (3) above as done otherwise than under the authority of the licence.

(6) Where a person is authorised, by a licence of the Governor granted under this section, to carry out diving or salvage operations, it is an offence for any other person to obstruct him, or cause or permit him to be obstructed, in doing anything which is authorised by the licence, subject however to section 5 below.

Prohibition on approach-  
ing dangerous wrecks.  
1973 c. 33 s. 2.

4. (1) If the Governor is satisfied with respect to a vessel lying wrecked in Colonial waters that —

- (a) because of anything contained in it, the vessel is in a condition which makes it a potential danger to life or property; and

- (b) on that account it ought to be protected from unauthorised interference,

he may by order designate an area round the vessel as a prohibited area.

(2) An order under this section shall identify the vessel and the place where it is lying and —

- (a) the prohibited area shall be all within such distance of the vessel as is specified by the order, excluding any area above high water mark of ordinary spring tides; and

- (b) the distance specified for the purposes of paragraph (a) above shall be whatever the Governor thinks appropriate to ensure that unauthorised persons are kept away from the vessel.

(3) Subject to section 5 below, a person commits an offence if, without authority in writing granted by the Governor, he enters a prohibited area, whether on the surface or under water.

Saving.  
1973 c. 33 s. 3(3).

5. Nothing is to be regarded as constituting an offence under this Ordinance where it is done by a person —

- (a) in the course of any action taken by him for the sole purpose of dealing with an emergency of any description; or
- (b) in exercising, or seeing to the exercise of functions conferred by or under an enactment on him; or
- (c) out of necessity due to stress of weather or navigational hazards.

Penalties.  
1973 c. 33 s. 3(4).

6. A person guilty of an offence under section 3 or section 4 above shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of not more than £400, or on conviction on indictment to a fine of not less than £400.

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

The object of this Bill is to protect wrecks from unauthorised interference on account of their historic, archaeological or artistic importance or their potentially dangerous condition.

# PROCLAMATION

No. 2 of 1976

Made under section 35 of the Customs Ordinance (Chapter 16)

IN THE NAME of Her Majesty ELIZABETH II., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories Queen, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith.

By His Excellency NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

WHEREAS it is provided by section 35 of the Customs Ordinance that it shall be lawful for the Governor from time to time by proclamation to prohibit the importation, carriage coastwise or exportation of any goods whatsoever, and any such proclamation may prohibit importation, carriage coastwise or exportation until the revocation thereof, or during such period as may be specified therein, and may absolutely prohibit importation, carriage coastwise or exportation, or may prohibit importation, carriage coastwise or exportation except in compliance with any conditions which may be specified in the proclamation, or importation from or exportation to any particular place named in the proclamation:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, do hereby PROCLAIM as follows —

1. Subject to paragraph 2 below, the importation and the exportation of the following things are hereby prohibited, namely —

- (a) live or dead animal of any of the kinds for the time being specified in the second column of Schedule 1 to this Proclamation;
- (b) a live or dead plant of any of the kinds for the time being specified in the second column of Schedule 2 to this Proclamation;
- (c) an article for the time being specified in Schedule 3 to this Proclamation.

2. Paragraph 1 above does not apply to the importation or exportation of anything therein referred to under and in accordance with the terms of a licence issued by the Governor.

## SCHEDULES

### SCHEDULE 1

Animals the Importation and Exportation of which are restricted

<i>Family</i>	<i>Kind</i>
	MAMMALIA
	<i>Marsupialia</i>
Macropodidae ... ..	Bettongia lesueur
	Bettongia penicillata
	Bettongia tropica
	Caloprymnus campestris
	Dendrolagus inustus
	Dendrolagus ursinus
	Lagorchestes hirsutus
	Lagostrophus fasciatus
	Macropus parma
	Onychogalea frenata
	Onychogalea lunata

<i>Family</i>						<i>Kind</i>
Phalangeridae	...	...	...	...	...	Wyulda squamicaudata
Burramyidae	...	...	...	...	...	Burramys parvus
Vombatidae	...	...	...	...	...	Lasiorhinus gillespiei
Peramelidae	...	...	...	...	...	Chaeropus ecaudatus Macrotis lagotis Macrotis leucura Perameles bougainville
Dasyuridae	...	...	...	...	...	Antechinomys laniger Myrmecobius fasciatus rufus Planigale subtilissima Planigale tenuirostris Sminthopsis longicaudata Sminthopsis psammophila
Thylacinidae	...	...	...	...	...	Thylacinus cynocephalus
<i>Insectivora</i>						
Erinaceidae	...	...	...	...	...	Erinaceus frontalis
<i>Primates</i>						
Lemuridae	...	...	...	...	...	Allocebus Cheirogaleus Hapalemur Lemur Lepilemur Mirocebus Phaner
Lorisidae	...	...	...	...	...	Loris tardigradus Nycticebus coucang
Indriidae	...	...	...	...	...	Avahi Indri Propithecus
Daubentoniidae	...	...	...	...	...	Daubentonia madagascariensis
Callithricidae	...	...	...	...	...	Callimico goeldii Leontopithecus (= Leontideus)
Cebidae	...	...	...	...	...	Allouatta palliata (villosa) Ateles geoffroyi frontatus Ateles geoffroyi panamensis Brachyteles arachnoides Cacajao Cebus capucinus Chiropotes albinasus Saimiri oerstedii
Cercopithecidae	...	...	...	...	...	Cercocebus galeritus galeritus Colobus badius gordonorum Colobus badius kirkii Colobus badius rufomitatus Colobus verus Macaca silenus Macaca sylvanus Nasalis larvatus Presbytis entellus Presbytis gei Presbytis johnii Presbytis pileatus Presbytis Pygathrix nemaeus Rhinopithecus roxellanae Simias concolor
Hylobatidae	...	...	...	...	...	Hylobates Symphalangus syndactylus
Pongidae	...	...	...	...	...	Gorilla gorilla Pan paniscus Pan troglodytes Pongo pygmaeus abelii Pongo pygmaeus pygmaeus

Family	Kind				
Dasypodidae	...	...	...	...	...
Myrmecophagidae	...	...	...	...	...
Bradypodidae	...	...	...	...	...
Manidae	...	...	...	...	...
Leporidae	...	...	...	...	...
Heteromyidae	...	...	...	...	...
Sciuridae	...	...	...	...	...
Castoridae	...	...	...	...	...
Cricetidae	...	...	...	...	...
Muridae	...	...	...	...	...
Chinchillidae	...	...	...	...	...
Platanistidae	...	...	...	...	...
Eschrichtidae	...	...	...	...	...
Balaenopteridae	...	...	...	...	...
Balaenidae	...	...	...	...	...
Canidae	...	...	...	...	...
Ursidae	...	...	...	...	...
Procyonidae	...	...	...	...	...
Mustelidae	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Edentata</i>					
Priodontes giganteus (= maximus)					
Myrmecophaga tridactyla					
Tamandua tetradactyla chapadensis					
Bradypus boliviensis					
<i>Pholidota</i>					
Manis crassicaudata					
Manis javanica					
Manis pentadactyla					
Manis temmincki					
<i>Lagomorpha</i>					
Caprolagus hispidus					
Nesolagus netscheri					
Romerolagus diazi					
<i>Rodentia</i>					
Dipodomys phillipsii phillipsii					
Cynomys mexicanus					
Lariscus hosei					
Ratufa					
Castor canadensis frondator					
Castor canadensis repentinus					
Castor canadensis mexicanus					
Castor fiber birulaia					
Ondatra zibethicus bernardi					
Leporillus conditor					
Notomys aquilo					
Pseudomys fieldi					
Pseudomys fumeus					
Pseudomys novaehollandiae					
Pseudomys occidentalis					
Pseudomys praeconis					
Pseudomys shortridgei					
Xeromys myoides					
Zyzomys pedunculatus					
Chinchilla brevicaudata boliviana					
<i>Cetacea</i>					
Platanista gangetica					
Eschrichtius robustus (= Eschrichtius gibbosus = Eschrichtius glaucus)					
Balaenoptera musculus					
Megaptera novaeangliae					
Balaena mysticetus					
Eubalaena spp.					
<i>Carnivora</i>					
Canis lupus crassodon					
Canis lupus irremotus					
Canis lupus monstrabilis					
Canis lupus pallipes					
Chrysocoyon brachyurus					
Cuon alpinus					
Vulpes velox hebes					
Helarctos malayanus					
Ursus americanus emmonsii					
Ursus arctos					
Ursus (Thalarctos) maritimus					
Ailurus fulgens					
Aonyx microdon					
Enhydra lutris nereis					
Lutra felina					

Family	Kind
	<i>Lutra longicaudis</i> (= <i>Lutra annectens</i> = <i>Lutra platensis</i> ) <i>Lutra provocax</i> <i>Martes americana atrata</i> <i>Mustela nigripes</i> <i>Pteronura brasiliensis</i>
Viverridae ... ..	<i>Cynogale bennetti</i> <i>Helogale derbianus</i> <i>Prionodon linsang</i> <i>Prionodon pardicolor</i>
Hyaenidae ... ..	<i>Hyaena brunnea</i>
Felidae ... ..	<i>Acinonyx jubatus</i> <i>Felis bengalensis bengalensis</i> <i>Felis</i> (= <i>caracal</i> ) <i>caracal</i> <i>Felis colocolo budini</i> <i>Felis colocolo crespoides</i> <i>Felis concolor pajeros</i> <i>Felis concolor azteca</i> <i>Felis concolor coryi</i> <i>Felis concolor costaricensis</i> <i>Felis concolor cougar</i> <i>Felis concolor mayensis</i> <i>Felis concolor missoulensis</i> <i>Felis jacobita</i> <i>Felis lynx isabellina</i> <i>Felis rufa escuinapae</i> (= <i>Lynx rufa escuinapae</i> ) <i>Felis marmorata</i> <i>Felis nigripes</i> <i>Felis pardalis</i> <i>Felis planiceps</i> <i>Felis serval</i> <i>Felis temminckii</i> <i>Felis tigrina</i> <i>Felis wiedii</i> <i>Felis yagouaroundi</i> <i>Neofelis nebulosa</i> <i>Panthera leo persica</i> <i>Panthera onca</i> <i>Panthera pardus</i> <i>Panthera tigris</i> <i>Panthera uncia</i>
Otariidae ... ..	<i>Pinnipedia</i> <i>Arctocephalus australis</i> <i>Arctocephalus galapagoensis</i> <i>Arctocephalus philippii</i> <i>Arctocephalus townsendi</i>
Phocidae ... ..	<i>Mirounga angustirostris</i> <i>Mirounga australis</i> <i>Mirounga leonina</i> <i>Monachus spp.</i>
Orycteropidae ... ..	<i>Tubulidentata</i> <i>Orycteropus afer</i>
Elephantidae ... ..	<i>Proboscidea</i> <i>Elephas maximus</i>
Dugongidae ... ..	<i>Sirenia</i> <i>Dugong dugon</i>
Trichechidae ... ..	<i>Trichechus inunguis</i> <i>Trichechus manatus</i> <i>Trichechus senegalensis</i>
Equidae ... ..	<i>Perissodactylia</i> <i>Equus hemionus</i> <i>Equus przewalskii</i> <i>Equus zebra zebra</i>
Tapiridae ... ..	<i>Tapirus bairdii</i> <i>Tapirus indicus</i> <i>Tapirus pinchaque</i> <i>Tapirus terrestris</i>

Family					Kind
Rhinocerotidae	...	...	...	...	Ceratotherium simum cottoni Diceros bicornis Didermocerus sumatrensis Rhinoceros sondaicus Rhinoceros unicornis
Suidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Artiodactyla</i> Babyrousa babyrussa Sus salvanius
Hippopotamidae	...	...	...	...	Choeropus liberiensis
Camelidae	...	...	...	...	Camelus bactrianus Vicugna vicugna
Cervidae	...	...	...	...	Axis calamianensis Axis kuhlii Axis porcinus annamiticus Blastoceros dichotomus Cervus duvauceli Cervus elaphus bactrianus Cervus elaphus hanglu Cervus eldi Hippocamelus antisensis Hippocamelus bisulcus Moschus moschiferus moschiferus Ozotoceros bezoarticus Pudu mephistophiles Pudu pudu
Antilocapridae	...	...	...	...	Antilocapra americana mexicana Antilocapra americana peninsularis Antilocapra americana sonoriensis
Bovidae	...	...	...	...	Addax nasomaculatus Bison bison athabasca Bos gaurus Bos mutus (= Bos grunniens) Bubalus depressicornis (= Anoa depressicornis) Bubalus mindorensis (= Anoa mindorensis) Bubalus quarlesi (= Anoa depressicornis quarlesi) Capra falconeri Capricornis sumatraensis Cephalophus monticola Damaliscus dorcas dorcas Hippotragus niger variani Kobus leche Nemorhaedus goral Oryx dammah (= Oryx tao) Oryx leucoryx Novibos (Bos) sauveli Ovis ammon Ovis canadensis Ovis orientalis ophion Ovis vignei Panthalops hodgsoni Rupicapra rupicapra ornata Saiga tatarica mongolica

## AMPHIBIA

					<i>Urodela</i>
Ambystomidae	...	...	...	...	Ambystoma dumerillii Ambystoma lermaensis Ambystoma mexicanum
Cryptobranchidae	...	...	...	...	Andrias (= Megalobatrachus) davidianus japonicus
					<i>Salientia</i>
Bufonidae	...	...	...	...	Bufo periglenes Bufo retiformis Bufo superciliaris Nectophrynoides
Atelopodidae	...	...	...	...	Atelopos varias zeteki



## Family

## Kind

## REPTILIA

						<i>Crocodylia</i>
Alligatoridae	...	...	...	...	...	Alligator mississippiensis Alligator sinensis Caiman crocodilus apaporiensis Caiman crocodilus crocodilus Caiman crocodilus fuscus (chiapasius) Caiman crocodilus yacre Caiman latirostris Melanosuchus niger Paleosuchus palpebrosus Paleosuchus trigonatus
Crocodylidae	...	...	...	...	...	Crocodylus acutus Crocodylus cataphractus Crocodylus intermedius Crocodylus johnsoni Crocodylus moreletii Crocodylus niloticus Crocodylus novaeguineae mindorensis Crocodylus novaeguineae novaeguineae Crocodylus palustris kimbula Crocodylus palustris palustris Crocodylus porosus Crocodylus rhombifer Crocodylus siamensis Osteolaemus tetraspis osborni Osteolaemus tetraspis tetraspis Tomistoma schlegelii
Gavialidae	...	...	...	...	...	Gavialis gangeticus
						<i>Testudinata</i>
Emydidae	...	...	...	...	...	Batagur baska Clemmys muhlenbergi Geoclemmys (=Damonina) hamiltonii Geoemyda (=Nicoria) tricarinata Kachuga tecta tecta Morenia ocellata Terrapene coahuila
Testudinidae	...	...	...	...	...	Chersine Geochelone (=Testudo) Gopherus Homopus Kinixys Malacochersus Pyxis Testudo
Cheloniidae	...	...	...	...	...	Caretta caretta Chelonia depressa Chelonia mydas Eretmochelys imbricata bissa Eretmochelys imbricata imbricata Lepidochelys kempi Lepidochelys olivacea
Dermochelidae	...	...	...	...	...	Dermochelys coriacea
Pelomedusidae	...	...	...	...	...	Podocnemis
Trionychidae	...	...	...	...	...	Lissemys punctata punctata Trionyx ater Trionyx gangeticus Trionyx hurum Trionyx nigricans
Chelidae	...	...	...	...	...	Pseudemys umbrina
						<i>Lacertilia</i>
Teiidae	...	...	...	...	...	Cnemidophorus hyperythrus
Iguanidae	...	...	...	...	...	Amblyrhynchus cristatus Conolophus pallidus Cololophus subseriatus Phrynosoma coronatum blainvillei

Family					Kind
Helodermatidae	...	...	...	...	Heloderma horridum Heloderma suspectum
Varanidae	...	...	...	...	Varanus
Boidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Serpentes</i> Constrictor constrictor Epicrates cenchris cenchris Epicrates inornatus inornatus Epicrates subflavus Eunectes notaeus Python
Colubridae	...	...	...	...	Cyclagras gigas Elachistodon westermanni Pseudoboa cloelia Thamnophis elegans hammondi
Sphenodontidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Rhynchocephalia</i> Sphenodon punctatus
PISCES					
Acipenseridae	...	...	...	...	<i>Acipenseriformes</i> Acipenser brevirostrum Acipenser fulvescens Acipenser oxyrhynchus Acipenser sturio
Osteoglossidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Osteoglossiformes</i> Arapaima gigas Scleropages formosus
Salmonidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Salmoniformes</i> Coregonus alpenae Salmo chrysogaster Stenodus leucichthys leucichthys
Catostomidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Cypriniformes</i> Chasmistes cujus
Cyprinidae	...	...	...	...	Plagopterus argentissimus Probarbus jullieni Ptychocheilus lucius
Cyprinodontidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Atheriniformes</i> Cynolebias constanciae Cynolebias marmoratus Cynolebias minimus Cynolebias opalescens Cynolebias splendens
Pocililidae	...	...	...	...	Xiphophorus couchianus
Coelacanthidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Coelacanthiformes</i> Latimeria chalumnae
Ceratodidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Ceratodiformes</i> Neoceratodus forsteri
Schilbeidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Siluriformes</i> Pangasianoden gigas
Percidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Perciformes</i> Stizostedion vitreum glaucum
AVES					
Spheniscidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Sphenisciformes</i> Spheniscus demersus
Rheidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Rheiformes</i> Pteroenemia pennata garleppi Pteroenemia pennata pennata Rhea americana albescens

Family					Kind
Tinamidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Tinamiformes</i>
					Rhynchotus rufescens maculicollis
					Rhynchotus rufescens pallescens
					Rhynchotus rufescens rufescens
					Tinamus solitarius
Podicipedidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Podicipediformes</i>
					Podilymbus gigas
Diomedeidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Procellariiformes</i>
					Diomedea albatrus
Sulidae ...	...	...	...	...	<i>Pelecaniformes</i>
					Sula abbotti
					Fregata andrewsi
					Pelecanus crispus
Fregatidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Ciconiiformes</i>
					Ciconia ciconia boyciana
Pelecanidae	...	...	...	...	Ciconis nigra
Ciconiidae	...	...	...	...	Geronticus calvus
					Nipponia nippon
Threskiornithidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>
					Phoenicoparrus andinus
Phoenicopteridae	...	...	...	...	Phoenicoparrus jamesi
					Phoenicopterus ruber chilensis
Anatidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Anseriformes</i>
					Anas aucklandica aucklandica
					Anas aucklandica chlorotis
					Anas aucklandica nesiotis
					Anas bernieri
					Anas diazi
					Anas laysanensis
					Anas oustaleti
					Anser albifrons gambelli
					Branta canadensis leucopareia
					Branta ruficollis
					Branta sandvicensis
					Cairina scutulata
					Coscoroba coscoroba
					Cygnus bewickii jankowskii
					Cygnus melancoryphus
					Dendrocygna arborea
					Rhodonessa caryophyllacea
					Sarkidiornis melanotos
					<i>Falconiformes</i>
					Gymnogyps californianus
					Vultur gryphus
					Aquila chrysaetos
					Gypaetus barbatus meridionalis
					Haliaetus albicilla groenlandicus
					Haliaetus heliaca adalberti
					Haliaetus leucocephalus leucocephalus
					Harpia harpyja
					Pithecophaga jefferyi
Carthartidae	...	...	...	...	Any genus of the family Falconidae
Accipitridae	...	...	...	...	<i>Galliformes</i>
					Macrocephalon maleo
Magapodiidae	...	...	...	...	Magapodius freycinet abbottii
					Megapodius freycinet nicobariensis
Cracidae	...	...	...	...	
					Crax blumenbachii
Tetraonidae	...	...	...	...	Mitu mitu mitu
					Oreophasis derbianus
					Pipile jacutinga
					Pipile pipile pipile
					Tympanuchus cupido attwateri
					Tympanuchus cupido pinnatus

Family	Kind
Phasianidae ... ..	Argusianus argus Catreus wallichii Colinus virginianus ridgwayi Crossoptilon crossoptilon Crossoptilon mantchuricum Cyrtonyx montezumae mearnsi Cyrtonyx montezumae merriami Cyrtonyx montezumae montezumae Francolinus ochropectus Francolinus swierstrai Gallus sonneratii Ithaginus cruentus Lophophorus impejanus Lophophorus lhuysii Lophophorus sclateri Lophura edwardsii Lophura imperialis Lophura swinhoii Polyplectron bicalcaratum Polyplectron emphanum Polyplectron germaini Polyplectron malacense Syrmaticus ellioti Syrmaticus humiae Syrmaticus mikado Tetraogallus caspius Tetraogallus tibetanus Tragopan blythii Tragopan caboti Tragopan melanocephalus
Gruidae ... ..	<i>Gruiformes</i> Balearica regulorum Grus americana Grus canadensis nesiotes Grus canadensis pratensis Grus canadensis pulla Grus japonensis Grus leucogeranus Grus monacha Grus nigricollis Grus vipio
Rallidae ... ..	Gallirallus australis hectori Tricholimnas sylvestris
Rhynochetidae ... ..	Rhynochetos jubatus
Otididae ... ..	Chlamydotis undulata Choriotis nigriceps Eupodotis bengalensis Otis Tarda
Scolopacidae ... ..	<i>Charadriiformes</i> Numenius borealis Numenius minutus Numenius tenuirostris Tringa guttifer
Laridae ... ..	Larus brunneicephalus Larus relictus
Columbidae ... ..	<i>Columbiformes</i> Caloenas nicobarica pelewensis Ducula mindorensis Gallicolumba luzonica Goura cristata Goura scheepmakeri Goura victoria
Psittacidae ... ..	<i>Psittaciformes</i> Amazona guildingii Amazona imperialis Amazona leucocephala

Family	Kind				
					Amazona petrei petrei Amazona rhodocorytha Amazona versicolor Amazona vinacea Amazona vittata Anodorhynchus glaucus Anodorhynchus leari Aratinga guaruba Coracopsis nigra barklyi Cyanopsitta spixii Cyanoramphus auriceps forbesi Cyanoramphus malberbi Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae Cyanoramphus unicolor Eunymphicus cornutus Geopsittacus occidentalis Neophema chrysogaster Neophema splendida Pionopsitta pileata Poicephalus robustus Probosciger aterrimus Prosopiea personata Psephotus chrysoterygius Psephotus pulcherrimus Psittacula krameri echo Psittacus erithacus princeps Pyrrhura cruentata Rhynchopsitta pachyrhyncha Strigops habroptilus Tanygnathus luzoniensis
Trochilidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Apodiformes</i> Ramphodon dohrnii
Musophagidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Cuculiformes</i> Gallirex porphyreolophus Turaco corythaix
Trogonidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Trogoniformes</i> Pharomachrus mocinno costaricensis Pharomachrus mocinno mocinno
Strigidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Strigiformes</i> Otus gurneyi Otus nudipes newtoni
Bucerotidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Coraciiformes</i> Aceros narcondami Buceros bicornis Buceros hydrocorax hydrocorax Buceros rhinoceros rhinoceros Rhinoplax vigil
Picidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Piciformes</i> Campephilus imperialis Dryocopus javensis richardsii Picus squamatus flavirostris
Cotingidae	...	...	...	...	<i>Passeriformes</i> Cotinga maculata Rupicola peruviana Rupicola rupicola Xipholena atro-purpurea
Pittidae	...	...	...	...	Pitta brachyura nympha Pitta kochi
Atrichornithidae	...	...	...	...	Atrichornis clamosa
Hirundinidae	...	...	...	...	Pseudochelidon sirintarae
Paradisaeidae	...	...	...	...	Any genus of the family Paradisaeidae
Muscicapidae	...	...	...	...	Amytornis goyderi Dasyornis brachypterus longirostris Dasyornis broadbenti littoralis Muscicapra ruecki

## Family

## Kind

						Picarthartes gymnocephalus
						Picathartes oreas
						Psophodes nigrogularis
Sturnidae	...	...	...	...	...	Leucopsar rothschildi
Meliphagidae	...	...	...	...	...	Meliphaga cassidix
Zosteropidae	...	...	...	...	...	Zosterops albogularis
Fringillidae	...	...	...	...	...	Spinus cucullatus
						Spinus yarrellii

## MOLLUSCA

## Naiadoida

Unionidae	...	...	...	...	...	Conradilla caelata
						Cyprogenia aberti
						Dromus dromas
						Epioblasma (=Dysnomia) florentina curtisi
						Epioblasma (=Dysnomia) florentina florentina
						Epioblasma (=Dysnomia) sampsoni
						Epioblasma (=Dysnomia) sulcata perobliqua
						Epioblasma (=Dysnomia) torulosa gubernaculum
						Epioblasma (=Dysnomia) torulosa rangiana
						Epioblasma (=Dysnomia) torulosa torulosa
						Epioblasma (=Dysnomia) turgidula
						Epioblasma (=Dysnomia) walkeri
						Fusconaia cuneolus
						Fusconaia edgariana
						Fusconaia subrotunda
						Lampsilis brevicula
						Lampsilis higginsii
						Lampsilis orbiculata orbiculata
						Lampsilis satura
						Lampsilis virescens
						Lexingtonia delabelloides
						Pleorobema clava
						Plethobasis cicatricosus
						Plethobasis cooperianus
						Pleurobema plenum
						Potamilus (=Proptera) capax
						Quadrula intermedia
						Quadrula sparsa
						Toxolasma (=Carunculina) cylindrella
						Unio (Melagonaias?) nickliniana
						Unio (Lampsilis?) tampicoensis
						tecomatensis
						Villosa (=Micromya) trabalis

## Stylommatophora

Camaenidae	...	...	...	...	...	Papustyla (=Papuina) pulcherrima
Paraphantidae	...	...	...	...	...	Paraphanta

## Prosobranchia

Hydrobiidae	...	...	...	...	...	Coahuilix hubbsi
						Cochliopina milleri
						Durangonella coahuilae
						Mexipyrus carranzae
						Mexipyrus churinceanus
						Mexipyrus escobedae
						Mexipyrus lugoi
						Mexipyrus mojarralis
						Mexipyrus multilineatus
						Mexithauma quadripaludium
						Nymphophilus minckleyi
						Paludiscala caramba

## INSECTA

## Lepidoptera

Papilionidae	...	...	...	...	...	Parnassius apollo apollo
--------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	--------------------------

## SCHEDULE 2

## Plants the Importation and Exportation of which are prohibited

Family						Kind
Apocynaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Pachypodium
Araceae	...	...	...	...	...	Alocasia sanderiana Alocasia Zebrina
Araliaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Panax quinquefolius
Araucariaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Araucaria araucana
Cactaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Any genus of the family Cactaceae (which is commonly found in the Americas) Rhipsalis
Caryocaraceae	...	...	...	...	...	Caryocar costaricense
Caryophyllaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Gymnocarpus przewalskii Melandrium mongolicum Silene mongolica Stellaria pulvinata
Compositae	...	...	...	...	...	Saussurea lappa
Cupressaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Fitzroya cupressoides Pilgerodendron uviferum
Cyatheaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Any genus of the family Cyatheaceae
Cycadaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Any genus of the family Cycadaceae
Dicksoniaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Any genus of the family Dicksoniaceae
Dioscoreaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Dioscorea deltoidea
Euphorbiaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Any species of the genus Euphorbia which is a succulent
Fagaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Quercus copeyensis
Gentianaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Prepusa hookeriana
Humiriaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Vantanea barbourii
Juglandaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Engelhardtia pterocarpa
Leguminosae	...	...	...	...	...	Ammopiptanthus mongolicum Cynometra hemitomophylla Platymiscium pleiostachyum Tachigalia versicolor Thermopsis mongolica
Liliaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Aloe
Melastomataceae	...	...	...	...	...	Lavoisiera itambana
Meliaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Guarea longipetiolata Swietenia humilis
Moraceae	...	...	...	...	...	Batocarpus costaricense
Orchidaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Any genus of the family Orchidaceae
Palmae	...	...	...	...	...	Arenga ipot Phoenix hanceana var philippinensis Zalacca clemensiana
Pinaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Abies guatemalensis Abies nebrodensis
Podocarpaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Podocarpus costalis Podocarpus parlatorei
Portulacaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Anacampseros
Primulaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Cyclamen
Proteaceae	...	...	...	...	...	Orothamnus zeyheri Protea odorata



Family	Kind
Rubiaceae ... ..	Balmea stormae
Saxifragaceae (Grossulariaceae) ... ..	Ribes sardoum
Solanaceae ... ..	Solanum sylvestris
Strangeriaceae ... ..	Any genus of the family Strangeriaceae
Sterculiaceae ... ..	Basiloxylon excelsum
Ulmaceae ... ..	Celtis aetnensis
Verbenaceae ... ..	Caryopteris mongolica
Welwitschiaceae ... ..	Any genus of the family Welwitschiaceae
Zamiaceae ... ..	Any genus of the family Zamiaceae
Zingiberaceae ... ..	Hedychium philippinense
Zygophyllaceae ... ..	Guaiacum sanctum

### SCHEDULE 3

#### Articles the Importation and Exportation of which are restricted

1. Any dead whale.
2. Whale meat (excluding guts, bladders, stomachs, blood and fat) and edible whale offals, whether fresh, chilled, frozen, salted, in brine, dried or smoked, but not if unfit for human consumption.
3. Whalebone, whether unworked or simply prepared but not if cut to shape and hair and waste of whalebone.
4. Whale fat and whale oil, other than sperm oil, whether or not refined.
5. Whalemeat extracts and whale meat juices.
6. Any bracelet made wholly or partly of the hair of any animal of the family Elephantidae.
7. Ivory derived from the tusks of any animal of any of the families Elephantidae, whether unworked or simply prepared but not if cut to shape, and powder and waste thereof.
8. The horn of any animal of the family Rhinocerotidae, whether unworked or simply prepared but not if cut to shape, and powder and waste thereof.
9. The teeth of any animal, whether unworked or simply prepared but not if cut to shape, and powder and waste thereof.
10. The stuffed head, and the skull together with the skin covering it, of any animal of any of the families Elephantidae and Rhinocerotidae.
11. Raw furskins and hides or skins, tanned or dressed with the hair on, of any of the following animals and any rug, coverlet, coat, jacket, cape, or stole derived from any such furskin, hide or skin, namely —

- (a) any animal of any of the following genera, namely —

Genetta  
Paradoxurus, and  
Viverra;

- (b) any animal of any of the following species, namely —

Acinonyx jubatus	Felis tigrina
Arctogalidia trivigata	Felis viverrina
Chrotogale owstoni	Felis wiedii
Crocota crocuta	Fossa fossa
Felis benegalensis	Hemigatus derbianus
Felis colocolo	Hyaena brunnea
Felis geoffroyi	Mungos mungo
Felis guigna	Panthera nebullosa
Felis jacobita	Panthera onca
Felis marmorata	Panthera pardus
Felis nigripes	Panthera tigris
Felis pardalis	Panthera uncia
Felis planiceps	Poiana richardsoni
Felis rubiginosa	Ursus (Thalarcos) maritimus
Felis serval	Vicugna vicugna, and
Felis sylvestris	Viverricula indica

12. The hair, whether or not carded or combed, of any animal of the species *Vicugna vicugna*.
13. Musk derived from any animal of the sub-species *Moschus moschiferus moschiferus*.
14. The raw hide or skin, whether fresh, salted, dried, pickled or limited and whether or not split, and the leather of any crocodile, lizard or snake.
15. The dried body of any animal of any of the families *Alligatoridae* and *Crocodylidae*.
16. The shell and scales, whether unworked or simply prepared but not if cut to shape, the waste of the shell and scales, and the claws, of any animal of the family *Cheloniidae*.
17. The preserved body of any animal of the sub-species *Atelopus varius zeteki*.
18. The whole shell of any animal of the species *Papustyla* (=Papuina) *pulcherima*, whether unworked or simply prepared but not if cut to shape.
19. The feathers, or the skin or any other part with the feathers on it, of any of the following animals, namely—
  - (a) any animal of the family *Paradisacidae*; and
  - (b) any animal of the species *Gallus sonneratii*.
20. Any fishing fly containing the plumage of any animal of the species *Gallus sonneratii*
21. The stem of any plant of the family *Cyatheaceae* and any article made wholly or partly of any such stem or stems.
22. Any collection of botanical or zoological items, or of both which contains any item referred to in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Schedule.

---

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this Twenty-second day of June, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-six.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

(LS)

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

4 OCTOBER 1976

No. 12

## Appointments

John Robinson Coates, Assistant Teacher, Education Department, 2.9.76.

Mrs. Hazel Coates, Assistant Teacher, Education Department, 2.9.76.

## Completion of Contracts

John Farrow, Certificated Teacher, Education Department, 23.9.76.

Mrs. Sheelagh Helen Farrow, Certificated Teacher, Education Department, 23.9.76.

## Acting Appointment

Michael Luxton, Acting Deputy Financial Secretary, 3.6.76.

## Resignation

Robert Stewart, Senior Filtration Plant Operator, 2.10.76.

## NOTICES

No. 33. 22nd September 1976.

Her Majesty the Queen in Council made the following Order on 2nd July 1976 —

S. I. 1976 No. 1037

### THE FINLAND (EXTRADITION) ORDER 1976

2. The Order came into operation on 12th August 1976 and applies to the Falkland Islands. Copies may be seen at the Chief Secretary's Office during normal office hours.

Ref. LEG/10/22.

No. 34.

27th September 1976.

## STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

It is notified for general information that the following Statutory Instruments made by Her Majesty the Queen in Council apply to the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies —

The Extradition (Hijacking) (Amendment) Order 1972	...	S. I. 1972 No. 1102
The Extradition (Hijacking) (Amendment) Order 1974	...	S. I. 1974 No. 1107
The Extradition (Hijacking) (Amendment) Order 1975	...	S. I. 1975 No. 803
The Extradition (Hijacking) (Amendment) Order 1976	...	S. I. 1976 No. 769
The Extradition (Protection of Aircraft) Order 1973	...	S. I. 1973 No. 1756
The Extradition (Protection of Aircraft) (Amendment) Order 1974	...	S. I. 1974 No. 1108
The Extradition (Protection of Aircraft) (Amendment) Order 1975	...	S. I. 1975 No. 804
The Extradition (Protection of Aircraft) (Amendment) Order 1976	...	S. I. 1976 No. 770

2. Copies may be seen at the Chief Secretary's Office during normal office hours.

Ref. LEG/10/22.

**In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands**  
**In the matter of the New Island Preservation**  
**Company Limited**  
**and**

**In the matter of the Companies Act 1948**

Notice is hereby given that a petition for the winding up of the above-named company subject to the supervision of the Supreme Court was on the 19th day of March 1976, presented to the said Court by Ian John Strange of 10 Davis Street, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

And that the said petition is directed to be heard before the court sitting at Stanley, on the 8th day of October 1976, and any creditor or contributory of the said company desirous to support or oppose the making of an order on the said

petition may appear at the time of hearing in person and a copy of the petition will be furnished by the undersigned to any creditor or contributory of the said company requiring such copy.

**I. J. STRANGE,**  
*Petitioner.*

10 Davis Street,  
Stanley.

28th September 1976.

NOTE— Any person who intends to appear on the hearing of the said petition must serve on or send by post to the above-named, notice in writing of his intention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the person, or, if a firm, the name and address of the firm, and must be signed by the person or firm, and must be served, or if posted, must be sent by post in sufficient time to reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of the 7th day of October 1976.

POST OFFICE ORDINANCE  
(Chapter 52)

Post Office Order 1976

No. 4 of 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4 of the Post Office Ordinance the Governor in Council has made the following Order — Cap. 52.

1. This Order may be cited as the Post Office Order 1976. Short title.
2. From and after the 1st day of October 1976 the following rules, rates of postage and fees shall be in force —

AIR MAIL

- (a) Aerogrammes will only be accepted when written on the authorised form. The rates shall be 8p (small size) and 9p (large size). If an enclosure is placed in the letter it will be forwarded by surface mail. Aerogrammes.
- (b) First Class postal matter shall be accepted at the rate of 11p per half ounce or part thereof. 1st Class.
- (c) Second Class postal matter shall be accepted at the rate of 6p per half ounce or part thereof. 2nd Class.
- (d) Postcards 7p. Postcards.
- (e) Small Packets 6p per half ounce or part thereof. Small Packets.

SURFACE MAIL

- (f) Postal Packets — the rates shall be — Letters, etc.
- (i) Inland

Not over	$\frac{1 \text{ oz}}{2\text{p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ oz}}{3\text{p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{4\text{p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{8\text{p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{16\text{p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{30\text{p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ lb}}{40\text{p}}$
----------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------

- (ii) To the United Kingdom or any part of the Commonwealth

Not over	$\frac{1 \text{ oz}}{4\text{p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ oz}}{8\text{p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{10\text{p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{20\text{p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{37\text{p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{64\text{p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ lb}}{\text{£1.04}}$
----------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-------------------------------------

- (iii) To all other parts of the world

Not over	$\frac{1 \text{ oz}}{8\text{p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ oz}}{15\text{p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{19\text{p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{39\text{p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{74\text{p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{\text{£1.28}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ lb}}{\text{£2.08}}$
----------	----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

- (g) Postcards — the rates shall be — Postcards.
- (i) Inland 1p;
- (ii) United Kingdom or any part of the Commonwealth 3p;
- (iii) To all other countries 6p.

- (h) Printed Papers — the rates shall be — Printed Papers.
- (i) Inland

Not over	$\frac{2 \text{ oz}}{2\text{p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{3\text{p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{4\text{p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{5\text{p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{7\text{p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ lb}}{9\text{p}}$
----------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------

for each additional 2 lb or part thereof 2p;

- (ii) To the United Kingdom or any part of the Commonwealth

Not over	<u>1 oz</u>	<u>2 oz</u>	<u>4 oz</u>	<u>8 oz</u>	<u>1 lb</u>	<u>2 lb</u>	<u>4 lb</u>
	2p	4p	5p	8p	15p	24p	34p

for each additional 2 lb or part thereof 17p;

- (iii) To all other countries

Not over	<u>1 oz</u>	<u>2 oz</u>	<u>4 oz</u>	<u>8 oz</u>	<u>1 lb</u>	<u>2 lb</u>	<u>4 lb</u>
	4p	7p	9p	16p	29p	48p	67p

for each additional 2 lb or part thereof 34p;

Literature for the blind — Free.

#### Small Packets.

- (i) Small Packets — the rates shall be —

To all parts of the world

Not over	<u>4 oz</u>	<u>8 oz</u>	<u>1 lb</u>	<u>2 lb</u>
	9p	16p	29p	48p

#### Parcel Post.

#### PARCEL POST

- (j) Parcel Post rates shall be —

- (i) Inland

Not over	<u>2 lb</u>	<u>4 lb</u>	<u>7 lb</u>	<u>11 lb</u>	<u>22 lb</u>
	15p	25p	30p	40p	75p

- (ii) To the United Kingdom (Surface — Direct)

Not over	<u>2 lb</u>	<u>7 lb</u>	<u>11 lb</u>	<u>22 lb</u>
	£2.45	£3.20	£4.00	£5.25

(Air Mail via South America)

Not over 1 lb £2.50

for each additional 1 lb or part thereof £1.50.

#### C. O. D.

#### CASH ON DELIVERY

- (k) There shall be a charge of 10p for each parcel delivered in the Colony. There shall also be a special fee calculated on the value of the Trade Charge at the rate of 4p for the first £ and 2p for each succeeding £ or part thereof. The maximum Trade Charge Money Order permitted is £40.

#### Insurance.

#### INSURANCE

- (l) The insurance service is restricted to items sent direct to the United Kingdom. The fees for such insurance shall be 10p for the first £14 of the declared value and 6p for every additional £14 or fraction thereof. The maximum insured value permitted is £100.

#### Registration.

#### REGISTRATION

- (m) The fees for registration shall be —

(i) Inland ... .. 8p

(ii) To all other parts of the world ... .. 16p

Advice of delivery of registered or insured articles,  
applied for at the time of posting ... .. 8p

Inquiry for a postal packet, and advice of delivery of  
registered articles applied for after posting ... .. 10p.

#### Compensation.

#### COMPENSATION

- (n) The maximum limit of compensation for the loss of a registered article is £5.50. Registration in the International Service does not give any title to compensation for the loss or damage of the contents of any registered letter or packet

as distinct from the loss of the entire packet. Under an exceptional arrangement, however, with the British Post Office, compensation may as an act of grace, be paid up to the maximum of £5.50 in cases where the contents of a registered letter or packet, posted to an address in the United Kingdom, are lost. Maximum compensation payable for the loss of a registered item in the Internal Service is £4.00.

#### MONEY ORDERS

Money Orders.

- (o) The rates of commission on Money Orders shall be 4p for each £ or part thereof with a minimum commission fee of 20p. The fee for an advice of payment shall be 5p. The maximum amount of any one order shall be £50.

#### POSTAL ORDERS

Postal Orders.

- (p) The rates of poundage on British Postal Orders shall be —

Denomination	Poundage
10p to £1 (inclusive) ...	8p
£2 to £10 (inclusive) ...	16p

The value of a Postal Order may be increased by affixing postage stamps not exceeding two in number and not exceeding a total of 4½p in value:

Provided that no payment shall be made by or on behalf of the Postmaster in respect of —

- (a) a stamp not affixed in the space provided for the purpose on the Postal Order; or
  - (b) a stamp which is not a stamp for the time being authorised or required to be used for the purpose of the Post Office; or
  - (c) a stamp which has been cut out of any postal packet, document, instrument, envelope or other cover, or which is perforated with initials or marks.
- (q) The postage rates on all mail to Argentina shall be the same as those specified for posting within the Colony.

Postage rates to Argentina.

3. The Post Office Order 1973 is hereby rescinded.

Rescission.

Made by the Governor in Council this 25th day of August 1976.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,

*Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.*

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

For guidance —

FIRST CLASS POSTAL MATTER includes sealed private or business letters or letters or packets up to a limit of 4 lb in weight.

SECOND CLASS POSTAL MATTER includes —

- (a) printed papers, etc., enclosed in covers open at the ends;
- (b) greeting cards in unsealed envelopes.

No written messages conveying any specific information or making any enquiry or request are admissible as second class postal matter.

Inland includes the Dependency of South Georgia and the British Antarctic Territory.

Ref. P & T/2/9c.



# FARMING STATISTICS FOR 1975-76

Prepared from information furnished in accordance with Section 40 of the Live Stock Ordinance, Cap. 40.

OWNER	NAME OF STATION	RAMS	EWES			WETHERS	HOGGETS	TOTAL	SHEEP SHORN
			BREEDING	CAST	MAIDEN				
EAST FALKLAND									
H. & R. Hills	Moody Valley *	36	786	112	106	1,232	732	3,004	2,956
San Carlos Sheep Farming Co., Ltd.	San Carlos	356	9,217	111	2,532	8,267	5,183	25,666	22,288
R. M. Pitaluga & Co., Ltd.	Gibraltar	171	5,346	191	1,534	6,179	3,670	17,091	14,984
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Darwin & Walker Creek	1,195	32,923	1,499	9,424	35,204	21,955	102,200	92,885
" " " "	Fitzroy	506	8,855	367	2,518	5,657	5,767	23,670	22,030
" " " "	Green Patch	177	*6,155	487	1,317	6,767	2,099	17,002	15,092
Smith Bros.	Berkeley Sound	180	5,777	108	1,309	4,398	2,949	14,721	12,735
Mrs. G. E. Browning & R. W. Browning	Mullet Creek	37	717	67	—	263	247	1,331	1,079
Mrs. S. R. Stewart	Bluff Cove	52	1,683	—	180	482	676	3,073	2,226
Port Louis Ltd.	Port Louis	154	4,228	284	879	3,497	2,234	11,276	9,972
Douglas Station, Ltd.	Douglas	214	5,804	213	1,323	5,986	2,791	16,331	14,175
Port San Carlos, Ltd.	Port San Carlos	344	10,768	1500	3,055	8,479	7,196	31,342	27,316
Teal Inlet, Ltd.	Evelyn	364	8,656	199	1,965	5,492	4,912	21,588	19,258
Estate H. J. Pitaluga	Rincon Grande	142	2,726	629	632	3,885	1,565	9,579	8,216
C. Bundes & R. Hills	Sparrow Cove	18	746	—	—	190	55	1,009	816
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	North Arm	806	21,706	2,171	6,225	20,992	13,672	65,572	58,849
R. J. & P. Goss	Bluff Cove	—	—	506	514	64	134	1,218	757
	Mountain	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		4,752	126,093	8,444	33,513	117,034	75,837	365,673	325,634

\* Includes Port Harriet Farm

\* 2,441 Dry

WEST FALKLAND									
J. L. Waldron, Ltd.	Port Howard	366	13,629	—	3,410	12,555	8,963	38,923	34,970
Holmsted Blake & Co., Ltd.	Hill Cove	381	11,730	891	3,416	12,706	6,980	36,104	32,229
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Port Stephens	249	11,418	—	3,077	11,451	4,530	30,725	28,751
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Fox Bay West	261	9,741	372	2,513	9,746	5,959	28,592	26,889
Packe Bros. & Co. Ltd.	Fox Bay East	342	9,513	50	2,843	9,266	5,961	27,975	25,518
Chartres Sheep Farming Company, Ltd.	Chartres	503	9,759	*200	2,526	8,298	5,818	27,104	25,330
Bertrand & Felton, Ltd.	Roy Cove	200	6,958	—	1,754	7,366	4,089	20,367	18,539
		2,302	72,748	1513	19,539	71,388	42,300	209,790	192,226

\* Dry

ISLANDS									
J. Hamilton, (Estates) Ltd.	Weddell Group	152	3,401	60	1,065	4,140	2,390	11,208	10,617
" " " "	Saunders	170	2,764	—	706	2,464	1,566	7,670	6,354
Dean Bros. Ltd.	Pebble & Keppel	246	6,182	612	2,190	6,428	3,893	19,551	18,103
R. McGill	Carcass	16	480	* 220	165	785	410	2,076	1,860
New Is. Preservation Ltd.	New	9	613	30	315	1,123	470	2,560	2,302
T. C. Clifton	Sea Lion	9	403	—	241	650	317	1,620	1,686
R. B. Napier	West Point	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	& Low	16	612	—	412	750	412	2,302	2,116
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Speedwell Group	89	2,653	2,493	1,173	4,180	2,216	12,804	11,045
W. MacBeth	Sedge	8	160	102	86	473	213	1,042	942
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Lively & Bleaker	102	2,380	379	814	2,755	1,848	8,278	7,624
Bertrand & Felton Ltd.	Hummock	1	23	—	22	39	15	100	86
A. S. Betts	Rock Harbour	—	—	68	30	32	15	145	129
	Enterprises	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		818	19,671	3,964	7,219	23,819	13,765	69,356	62,864

\* Dry

## SUMMARY 1971-76

EAST FALKLAND	4,752	126,093	8,444	33,513	117,034	75,837	365,673	325,634
WEST FALKLAND	2,302	72,748	1,513	19,539	71,388	42,300	209,790	192,226
ISLANDS	818	19,671	3,964	7,219	23,819	13,765	69,356	62,864
TOTALS 1975-1976	7,872	218,512	13,921	60,271	212,241	131,902	644,819	580,724
1974-1975	8,020	218,460	11,606	60,968	209,506	135,454	644,014	565,631
1973-1974	7,786	220,876	15,556	50,856	200,761	132,312	628,147	553,285
1972-1973	7,957	223,414	10,415	52,707	205,364	112,651	612,508	564,776
1971-1972	8,012	221,017	8,927	56,857	218,331	121,019	634,163	573,401

TOTAL WOOL CLIP IN 1000 LBS	LAMBS		SHEEP DISPOSED OF	HORSES	CATTLE	DOGS	POULTRY	SWINE	ACRES CULTIV- ATED	LABOUR	EAR MARK
	MARKED	DIPPED									
EAST FALKLAND											
21.8	840	732	339	3	37	—	—	—	—	5	Fork & Slit
190.8	5,510	5,183	1,700	151	482	32	202	1	20	15	Fore Bayonet
118.7	4,104	3,726	1,363	63	128	19	91	—	12	8	Fore Bayonet
803.3	25,096	21,955	11,839	363	1,616	99	—	7	160	45	Double Swallow
185.5	6,296	5,767	4,845	113	252	46	—	—	25	14	" "
128.3	2,340	2,099	1,242	73	258	34	146	—	—	11	" "
105.0	3,219	2,949	533	47	180	18	42	—	—	5	Triangle "
5.6	257	247	108	—	18	—	28	—	—	2	Back Bayonet
15.8	765	676	125	2	32	6	28	2	—	2	Fore Bayonet &
75.8	2,411	2,234	653	36	117	12	—	—	—	6	Fork [Back Slit
95.4	3,010	2,791	580	145	324	19	—	—	—	8	Fork
218.2	7,715	7,196	2,620	126	699	35	—	—	—	14	Slit
149.0	5,834	4,912	1,436	105	272	26	110	—	1,246	12	Back Square
68.1	1,865	1,565	604	78	73	10	113	13	—	3	Slit
9.7	400	55	338	6	39	—	—	—	—	2	Fore Bayonet
511.5	14,452	13,672	3,964	331	916	67	472	—	—	26	Double Swallow
5.3	143	134	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Half Half-penny
2,707.8	84,257	75,893	32,289	1,642	5,443	423	1,232	23	1,483	178	

## WEST FALKLAND

286.6	9,694	8,963	3,191	193	1080	57	—	—	778	20	Fork
266.0	7,860	6,980	2,880	109	426	61	—	1	25	22	Fore Bayonet
213.3	4,702	4,530	1,530	107	309	31	140	—	3,014	15	Double Swallow
223.6	6,255	5,959	2,943	98	186	30	—	—	10	13	Fore Bayonet
232.6	6,336	5,961	3,885	116	493	42	—	—	—	18	Fore Bit
225.1	6,804	5,991	2,830	142	333	57	262	—	167	14	Double Swallow
189.7	4,383	3,989	2,549	73	199	23	91	—	8,354	11	Front Square
1,636.9	46,034	42,373	19,808	838	3,026	301	493	1	12,348	113	

## ISLANDS

94.8	2,532	2,390	1,333	79	167	13	67	—	2	11	Fork
54.3	1,600	1,566	487	23	105	14	—	—	5	4	"
158.7	4,091	3,893	2,374	66	318	33	195	—	12	11	Back Bayonet
19.6	460	410	237	2	16	4	—	—	—	1	Fore Bayonet
23.1	493	480	289	2	29	4	36	—	—	2	Fork
17.2	330	317	364	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	Slit
20.1	412	—	275	7	26	9	62	—	—	1	Back Square
114.9	2,319	2,216	1,167	15	144	9	—	—	—	5	Double Swallow
8.5	213	213	92	—	11	2	24	—	—	1	Fore Bayonet
78.4	1,800	1,848	1,183	10	53	8	—	—	—	2	Double Swallow
1.2	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
2.0	15	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	Fore & Back Nip
592.8	14,280	13,348	7,801	207	872	96	384	—	19	39	

2,708	84,257	75,893	32,289	1,642	5,443	423	1,232	23	1,483	178	
1,637	46,034	42,373	19,808	838	3,026	301	493	1	12,348	113	
593	14,280	13,348	7,801	207	872	96	384	—	19	39	
4,938	144,571	131,614	59,898	2,687	9,341	820	2,109	24	13,850	330	
4,715	148,594	133,280	56,279	2,754	9,462	856	2,399	28	13,656	360	
4,389	147,391	129,703	48,483	2,874	9,128	845	2,752	42	12,261	382	
4,417	125,735	109,105	62,995	2,759	9,269	886	3,107	10	10,598	368	
4,369	135,611	114,379	51,441	3,094	10,063	921	2,201	31	10,823	378	

## SHEEP DISPOSED OF

	SOLD LOCALLY FOR BREEDING OR FURTHER USE	SLAUGHTERED				EXPORTED
		MUTTON (Stanley)	MUTTON (Farm)	SKINS	OTHER PURPOSES	
EAST FALKLAND	1,020	4,815	8,518	14,801	3,135	—
WEST FALKLAND	1	846	5,074	130,67	420	—
ISLANDS	2	1,527	1,599	2,201	2,472	—
TOTAL 1975-1976	1,023	7,188	15,191	30,069	6,027	—
1974-1975	4,947	8,282	13,801	28,692	557	—
1973-1974	6,991	8,381	12,684	18,983	926	518
1972-1973	4,359	6,848	13,309	12,319	1,202	24,958
1971-1972	2,132	8,535	14,050	24,558	2,166	—



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

1 NOVEMBER 1976

No. 13

**Appointment**

Michael Alexander Pritchard, Uncertificated Teacher, Education Department, 9.10.76.

**Acting Appointment**

Michael Luxton, Acting Deputy Financial Secretary, Treasury, 3.6.76 - 21.10.76.

**Resignation**

Mrs. Rose Louisa Peart, Police Woman, Falkland Islands Police Force, 5.10.76.

**NOTICES**

No. 35. 21st October 1976.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs to the effect that Her Majesty will not be advised to exercise her power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Colony —

No.	Title	Ref.
2/75	Supplementary Appropriation (1973-74) Ordinance 1975	TRE/14/4
3/75	Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1975	TRE/2/1
4/75	Non-Contributory Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1975	TRE/2/2
5/75	Stanley Rates (Amendment) Ord., 1975	TRE/2/20
6/75	Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1975	CUS/10/1

No. 36.

26th October 1976.

**Public Library Committee**

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 44 of the 10th December 1975 the composition of the Library Committee to control and manage the Public Library is —

Superintendent of Education	Chairman
Mrs. G. Johnston	Member
Mrs. G. Cheek	"
Mrs. M. Luxton	"
Mrs. F. O'Reilly	"
Mr. S. A. Booth	"

Ref. CSO/19/2.

**SAVINGS BANK ORDINANCE**  
(Chapter 61)

Notice given by the Governor in Council under section 9

The Governor in Council, with the prior approval of the Secretary of State, has ordered that with effect from the 1st day of July 1976 the rate of interest payable on deposits in the Government Savings Bank, whether such deposits are made before or after such date, shall be five per centum per annum on all deposits.

Dated this 11th day of October 1976.

# Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing William Henry Goss, Esq., J.P., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

N. A. I. FRENCH



*By His Excellency* NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 13th day of December 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet.

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 13th day of December 1948, it is declared that the Governor may, from time to time, appoint persons other than ex-officio Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, NEVILLE ARTHUR IRWIN FRENCH, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint —

WILLIAM HENRY GOSS, ESQ., J.P.

to be a Member of my Executive Council until the 31st day of December 1976.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 26th day of October in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-six.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,

*Chief Secretary.*

EXC/19/1C.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXV

1 DECEMBER 1976

No. 14

## Appointments

Miss Kathleen Gay Dobbys, Clerk, Public Service, 12.10.76.

Miss Elizabeth Anne Stead, Nursing Sister, Medical Department, 18.11.76.

Robin William Montagu, Teacher, Education Department, 25.11.76.

## Completion of Contracts

Mrs. Judith Mary Cantlie, née Smith, Certificated Teacher, Education Department, 30.10.76.

James Gregory Woodward, Certificated Teacher, Education Department, 27.11.76.

Janet Elizabeth Woodward, Certificated Teacher, Education Department, 27.11.76.

## NOTICES

No. 37. 23rd November 1976.  
The Foreign Compensation (Romania) Order 1976  
(S.I. 1976 No. 1154)

Attention is drawn to the above mentioned Order which enables the Foreign Compensation Commission to receive and determine claims in respect of bonds, loans or obligations issued or guaranteed before 17 September 1947 by the Romanian Government or by any other public authority in Romania which were beneficially owned by a United Kingdom national on 12 January 1976 and claims from persons who were United Kingdom nationals on 12 January 1976 in respect of certain debts and bank balances.

Persons who wish to apply for compensation should write for application forms to the Secretary, Foreign Compensation Commission, Alexandra House, Kingsway, London WC2B 6TT, and give brief particulars of their claims.

An application shall not be entertained unless it has reached the Foreign Compensation Commission on or before 1 August 1977.

Ref. FCO/11/8.

No. 38. 30th November 1976.

It is notified for general information with reference to Gazette Notice No. 43 and in view of the fact that the Stanley Sports Meeting has been postponed until February 1977, that Wednesday, 29th December 1976 has been deleted from the list of dates set aside as Public Holidays in Stanley during 1976.

Ref. INT/21/5.

## In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE (Cap. 1)

In the matter of Edward Andrew Robson, deceased, of Stanley, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands on the 30th day of August 1976, intestate.

WHEREAS Heather May, daughter of the above-named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
Registrar.

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
15th November 1976.  
SC & L/18/76.

**In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands**  
**NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE**  
**(Cap. 1)**

In the matter of Gerald Paul Hardy, deceased, of Masterton, New Zealand, who died at Masterton, New Zealand, on the 30th day of March 1976, intestate.

WHEREAS Doreen Mary Harrison, mother of the above-named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
*Registrar.*

Stanley,  
 Falkland Islands.  
 16th November 1976.  
 SC & L/12/76.

**In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands**  
**NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE**  
**(Cap. 1)**

In the matter of John Summers Jaffray, deceased, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands, on the 21st day of May 1976, intestate.

WHEREAS Leonard Middleton, son-in-law of the above-named deceased has applied for Letters of

Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
*Registrar.*

Stanley,  
 Falkland Islands.  
 18th November 1976.  
 SC & L/14/76.

**In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands**

**CHANGE OF NAME**

TAKE NOTICE that by a Deed Poll dated the 29th day of October 1976 and duly enrolled in the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands on the 24th day of November 1976, Gene Steven Reynolds, of 6 Portman Road, Mt. Wellington, Auckland, New Zealand, Physical Training Instructor a natural-born (Falkland Islands) British subject renounced and abandoned the first names and surname of Eugene Patrick Davis.

Dated this 24th day of November 1976.

H. BENNETT,  
*Registrar.*

**The Companies Act 1948**

**NOTICE OF WINDING-UP ORDER**

Name of Company: ...	...	New Island Preservation Company Limited
Address of Registered Office:	...	New Island, Falkland Islands
Court: ...	...	The Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands
Number of Matter: ...	...	S.C. Civ. C. 3/76
Date of Order: ...	...	21st October 1976
Date of Presentation of Petition:	...	19th March 1976

**APPOINTMENT OF LIQUIDATOR**

Name of Company: ...	...	New Island Preservation Company Limited
Address of Registered Office:	...	New Island, Falkland Islands
Nature of Business: ...	...	Farming and the Preservation of wildlife
Court: ...	...	The Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands
Number of Matter: ...	...	S.C. Civ. C. 3/76
Liquidator's Name and Address:	...	Harold Bennett, Legal Department, Stanley, Falkland Islands
Date of Appointment: ...	...	21st October 1976
By whom Appointed: ...	...	The Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.



POST OFFICE ORDINANCE  
(Chapter 52)

# Telephone and Telegraph (Amendment) Rules 1976

No. 2 of 1976.

N. A. I. FRENCH,  
*Governor.*

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Post Office Ordinance the Governor in Council has made the following rules —

1. These rules may be cited as the Telephone and Telegraph (Amendment) Rules 1976, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of January 1977. Citation and commencement.

2. Paragraph (1) of rule 5 of the Telephone and Telegraph Rules 1973 (hereinafter referred to as the principal rules) is amended as follows — Amendment of rule 5.  
(1 of 1973)

- (a) in sub-paragraph (a) by deleting “£12.00”, “£3.50” and substituting the following respectively —  
“£15.00” and “£4.50”;
- (b) in sub-paragraph (b) by deleting “£8.00” and substituting the following —  
“£10.00”;
- (c) in sub-paragraph (c) by deleting “£7.00” and substituting the following —  
“£8.75”;
- (d) in sub-paragraph (d) by deleting “£5.50” and substituting the following —  
“£7.00”.

3. Paragraph (1) of rule 8 of the principal rules is amended as follows — Amendment of rule 8.

- (a) in sub-paragraph (a) by deleting “£3.50” and substituting the following —  
“£4.50”;
- (b) in sub-paragraph (b) by deleting “£5.50” and substituting the following —  
“£7.00”.

4. Paragraph (3) of rule 8 of the principal rules is amended by deleting “£1.00” and substituting the following —  
“£1.25”.

5. Paragraph (1) of rule 18 of the principal rules is amended by deleting “£2.00” and substituting the following — Amendment of rule 18.  
“£2.50”.

Made by the Governor in Council this 10th day of November 1976.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Acting Clerk of the Executive Council.*

Ref. P & T/10/1.

## PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

*The following publications are available from the Chief Secretary's Office —*

Census Report 1972	...	...	...	...	...	...	40p
Consolidated Income Tax Ordinance	...	...	...	...	...	...	£2.25
Communications Agreement	...	...	...	...	...	...	14p
Crook Report on Hospital Administration	...	...	...	...	...	...	£1.50
Economic Survey of the Falkland Islands (Shackleton Report) (Two Volumes)							£8.00
Estimates 1975/76	...	...	...	...	...	...	£1.00
Estimates 1976/77	...	...	...	...	...	...	£1.00
Fisheries of the Falkland Islands by DR. L. STEWART, M.Sc., Ph.D.	...	...					£2.25
General Index of Legislation to 31/7/75	...	...	...	...	...	...	£2.50
Geology of the Falkland Islands by MARY E. GREENWAY, M.Sc.	...	...					£3.80
Medical and Sanitary Report 1973	...	...	...	...	...	...	20p
Medical and Sanitary Report 1974	...	...	...	...	...	...	20p
Report of The Select Committee on the Constitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	50p
Telecommunications Report by A. W. LeFevre	...	...	...	...	...	...	£1.00
Y.P.F. Fuel Agreement	...	...	...	...	...	...	14p

### *Maps of the Falkland Islands —*

Scale	1:50,000	29 sheets	1 — 13 and 16 — 29 @ 12½ pence each	}	£4.62 set
			14 and 15 @ 62 pence each		
„	1:2,500	Stanley West	...	...	13p each

# INDEX

to

## FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

### 1977

Additional Instructions	96	Livestock Ordinance - Registration of Ear Mark	236
Agreement, Wages	16	Luxton, M., Acting Deputy Financial Secretary	189, 235
Air Fares and Conditions of Carriage	189	Luxton, M., Promotion to Asst. Secretary (Finance)	189
Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977	35, 105, 235	Luxton, W. R., Member of Executive Council	245
Allan, Mrs. J., Resignation	1	Lyse, Miss L. M., Acting Senior Clerk, Treasury	189
Allan, Miss M. J., Resignation	93	Mackintosh, Dr. A., Medical Officer	235
Apprenticeship Board	35	Magistrates and Justices - revised list of	25
Birthday Honours	105	McAdam, J. H., Plant Inspector	2
Blizard, L. G., Clerk/Storekeeper, Medical Dept.	189	McGill, L., Acting Officer-in-Charge, Central Store	247
Board of Health	10, 190	McMillan, G., Clerk, Public Service	35
Board of Visiting Justices	10	Meanwell, D. N., Completion of Contract	9
Booth, Mrs. J., Private Secretary, Secretariat	203	Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists	21
Booth, Miss S., Clerk, Public Service	189	Ministers for celebrating marriages	10
Brown, Miss D. M., Nursing Sister	21	Monk, A. B., Temporary Member of Executive Council	93
Browning, R., Acting Deputy Chief Secretary	35, 203	Monk, A. J. P., Governor's Deputy	219
Burkitt, D. M., Completion of Tour	1	Morrison, B., Acting Superintendent Public Works	235
Carey, Mrs. G., Nurse	189	Morrison, D. R., Acting Chief Secretary	235
Carriage of Mail	190	Morrison, G., Assistant Filtration Plant Operator	247
Caswell, Miss A., Nursing Sister	21	Morrison, T., Resignation	23
Clarke, R. J., Acting Foreman, Public Works Dept.	93, 243	New Year Honours 1977	9
Clarke, T. J., Completion of Contract	23	Orchard, D. J., Magistrate, South Georgia	23
Clifton, D. L., Police Constable	23		
Collins, Mrs. B., Completion of Contract	93	ORDERS —	
Colonial Air Navigation Notice	10	1/77 Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) Order 1977	28
COMMITTEES —		2/77 Post Office (Amendment) Order 1977	228
Cost of Living - findings of	10, 35, 189, 235	3/77 Legislative Council (Elections) (Variation of Date) Order 1977	241
Hospital Visiting	21	4/77 Fugitive Offenders (United Kingdom Dependencies) (Amendment) Order 1977	253
Silver Jubilee	35	5/77 Protection of Wrecks (Designation) Order 1977	254
Court of Appeal	3	6/77 Customs (Stanley Airport) Order 1977	254
Coutts, C., Resignation	1		
Coutts, W. J., Technician, Posts and Telecommunications Dept.	243	ORDINANCES, BILLS FOR —	
Darwin Boarding School Fees	190	Appropriation (1977-78) Ordinance 1977	91
Davis, D. T., Inspector, Fire Brigade	21	Christ Church Trust (Amendment) Ordinance 1978	257
Departure of His Excellency the Governor	2, 190	Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977	42
Dobbyn, Miss T., Laboratory Technician, Medical Dept.	23	Family Allowances (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	242
Dogs Inspectors	36, 190	Government Employees Provident Fund (Repeal) Ordinance 1977	75
Duncan, W., Assistant Filtration Plant Operator	23	Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	44
Dunnitt, Dr. K. E., Acting Senior Medical Officer	21	Legislative Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977	43
Electors, List of	192, 208	Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	79
Emsley, D. S., Pilot	203	Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977	184
Etheridge, W. A., Promotion to Assistant Secretary	1	Non-Contributory Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	41
Evans, D., Deputy Collector of Customs	10, 21, 248	Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	40
Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977 - commencement	243	Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	38
Farming Statistics 1976-77	266	Protection of Wrecks (Amendment) Ordinance 1978	256
Forster, Miss D. M., Completion of Contract	9	Stanley Town Public Services (Amend.) Ord. 1977	255
Fowler, J. A. T., Registrar	93	Supplementary Appropriation (1975-76) Ord. 1977	92
Freedom of Stanley to Royal Marines	2		
Fullerton, Mrs. M., Housekeeper, Government House	203	ORDINANCES, COLONY —	
General Elections 1977	190, 191, 203, 204, 235, 236, 243	1/77 Appropriation (1977-78) Ordinance 1977	108
Goodwin, W. A. N., Promotion to Mate/Engineer m.v. "Forrest"	203	2/77 Supplementary Appropriation (1975-76) Ordinance 1977	110
Goss, Lt. Col. R. V., Member of Executive Council	6	3/77 Post Office (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	112
Goss, W. H., Member of Executive Council	7	4/77 Stanley Town Public Services (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	113
Her Majesty the Queen - Birthday Greetings	36	5/77 Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	114
Hansen, D. J., re-appointment Clerk, Public Service	23	6/77 Government Employees Provident Fund (Repeal) Ordinance 1977	116
Harris, L., Acting Power Station Supervisor	93, 243	7/77 Executive Council (Allowances) Ord. 1977	117
Harrison, Mrs. J., Completion of Contract	21	8/77 Legislative Council (Allowances) Ord. 1977	119
Health, Board of	10, 190	9/77 Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	121
Hirtle, W. C., Ag. Commissioner of Income Tax	189, 235	10/77 Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ord. 1977	122
His Excellency the Governor's return to Stanley	10, 24, 35, 93, 189, 235, 243	11/77 Non-Contributory Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	123
Hooper, R. G. T., Pilot	93	12/77 Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1977	124
Hospital Visiting Committee	21	13/77 Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance 1977	128
INSTRUMENTS —		14/77 Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance 1977	133
Governor's Deputy, Monk, A. J. P.	219	15/77 Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	163
Governor's Deputy, Slater, G. J. A.	5, 11, 12, 22, 26, 27, 37, 95, 107, 237, 248	16/77 Stanley Airport (Regulations) Ordinance 1977	176
Member of Executive Council, Goss, Lt. Col. R. V.	6	17/77 Income Tax (Amendment) (No. 2) Ord. 1977	179
Member of Executive Council, Goss, W. H.	7	18/77 Income Tax (Amendment) (No. 3) Ord. 1977	181
Member of Executive Council, Luxton, W. R.	245	19/77 Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977	187
Jaffray, D., Resignation	35	ORDINANCES, DEPENDENCIES —	
Jones, C., Resignation	203	DS1/77 Application of Colony Laws Ord. 1977	230
Keenleyside, C., Resignation	1	DS2/77 Appropriation (Dependencies) (1975-76) Ordinance 1977	231
Keenleyside, M. M. I., Carpenter	1	DS3/77 Appropriation (Dependencies) (1976-77) Ordinance 1977	251
Kersey, Mrs. D., Certificated Teacher	9	DS4/77 Appropriation (Dependencies) (1977-78) Ordinance 1977	252
Kersey, R. J., Certificated Teacher	9		
Lamin, T. E., Superintendent of Education	203		
Larsen, Miss M., Resignation	247		
Lee, L. J., Carpenter	35		
Legislative Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977 - commencement	244		
Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1977 - commencement	185		

## ORDINANCES, NON-DISALLOWANCE OF — COLONY —

1/76 Appropriation (1976-77) Ordinance 1976	36
2/77 Supplementary Appropriation (1975-76) Ordinance 1977	244
3/77 Post Office (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	244
4/77 Stanley Town Public Services (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	244
6/77 Government Employees Provident Fund (Repeal) Ordinance 1977	244
7/77 Executive Council (Allowances) Ord. 1977	244
8/77 Legislative Council (Allowances) Ord. 1977	244
9/77 Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	244
10/77 Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ord. 1977	244
11/77 Non-Contributory Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	244
12/77 Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1977	244
13/77 Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance 1977	244
14/77 Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance	244
15/77 Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	244
16/77 Stanley Airport (Regulations) Ordinance 1977	244
17/77 Income Tax (Amendment) (No. 2) Ord. 1977	244
18/77 Income Tax (Amendment) (No. 3) Ord. 1977	244
19/77 Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977	244

## ORDINANCES, NON-DISALLOWANCE OF — DEPENDENCIES —

DS1/75 Falkland Islands Dependencies Conservation Ordinance 1975	23
DS2/75 Application of Colony Laws Ord. 1975	23
DS3/75 Supplementary Appropriation (Dependencies) (1972-73) Ordinance 1975	23
DS4/75 Supplementary Appropriation (Dependencies) (1973-74) Ordinance 1975	23
DS1/77 Application of Colony Laws Ord. 1977	247
DS2/77 Appropriation (Dependencies) (1975-76) Ordinance 1977	247
Parker, J. R. W., Commission	4
Parliamentary Statement	13
Patents, Registration of	258
Pawley, M. R., Resumption of Duty	1
Peck, Mrs. S., Clerk, Public Service	243
Petroleum Products Ordinance 1973 - commencement	34, 77, 94
Probate	24, 94, 190, 236, 244, 247

## PROCLAMATIONS —

1/77 Legislative Council, sitting of	36
2/77 Legislative Council, sitting of	106
3/77 Legislative Council, dissolution of	186
4/77 Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) (Amend.) Order 1977 - commencement date	186
5/77 Place Names	249
6/77 Legislative Council, sitting of	246
Public Holidays 1977	9
Public Holidays 1978	247
Rabies (Importation of Dogs, etc) Notice	2
Reeve, M. D., Completion of Contract	35

## REGULATIONS —

1/77 Falkland Islands Air Navigation (Fees) Regulations 1977	220
2/77 Medical Fees (Amendment) Regulations 1977	225
3/77 Harbour (Amendment) Regulations 1977	227
4/77 Customs (Fees) (Amend.) Regulations 1977	227

## RESOLUTION —

Customs (Amendment of Duties) Resolution 1977	183
Roberts, R., Motor Mechanic	203
Robertson, Miss K. R. A., Clerk, Public Service	243
Robson, G., Uncertificated Teacher	203
Rowland, Mrs. C., Resignation	23

## RULES —

1/77 Income Tax (Annual Values) Rules 1977	239
2/77 Dogs (Amendment) Rules 1977	241
School Terms 1977	1
Seazell, P. G., Completion of Contract	1
Shaw, Mrs. M. H., re-appointed Certificated Teacher	21
Shaw, T. J., re-appointed Certificated Teacher	21
Short, Miss D. V., Clerk, Public Service	203
Silver Jubilee Medal 1977	94
Silver Jubilee - messages	105, 106
Silvey, R. N. K., Police Constable	21
Slater, G. J. A., Acting Governor	190
Slater, G. J. A., Governor's Deputy 5, 11, 12, 22, 26, 27, 36, 95, 107, 237, 248	235
Small, L. O., Police Constable	235

## STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS —

S.I. 1976 No. 1784 Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment No. 2) Order 1976	14
S.I. 1976 No. 2144 Fugitive Offenders The United States of America (Extradition) Order 1976	24
S.I. 1976 No. 2153 Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment No. 3) Order 1976	29
S.I. 1977 No. 47 Fugitive Offenders (Overseas Territories) Order 1977	31
S.I. 1977 No. 56 Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment) Order 1977	33
S.I. 1977 No. 423 Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) (Amendment) Order 1977	98
S.I. 1977 No. 830 Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment No. 2) Order 1977	232
S.I. 1977 No. 1256 Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment No. 3) Order 1977	233
Stephenson, Miss N., Clerk, Public Service	243
Stevens, R., Teacher	14
Summers, P. G., Acting Financial Secretary	189, 235
Summers, R. J., Electrician	189
Summers, Miss S., Clerk, Public Service	1
Summers, Miss S., Promotion to Sr. Clerk, Post Office	203
Summers, Miss U., Clerk, Public Service	21
Tourist Advisory Board	24
Trade Marks, Registration of	263
Trade Marks, Renewal of	259
United Kingdom Patents, Registration of	258
Visiting Justices Board	10
Wages Agreement	16
Writ of Election	203-207



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

3 JANUARY 1977

No. 1

## Appointments

Miss Sonia Summers, Clerk, Public Service, 23.8.76.

Manfred Michael Ian Keenleyside, Carpenter, Public Works Department, 9.12.76.

## Promotion

William Arthur Etheridge, Assistant Secretary/ Clerk of Councils, 12.11.76.

## Completion of Contract

Peter Geoffrey Seazell, Uncertificated Teacher, Education Department, 15.12.76.

## Resignations

Mrs. Joyce Allan, Clerk, Public Service, 15.12.76.

Charles Keenleyside, Cashier, Treasury Department, 17.12.76.

Charles Coutts, Filtration Plant Operator, Public Works Department, 2.1.77.

## Completion of Tour

David Michael Burkitt, Magistrate, South Georgia, 13.11.76.

## Resumption of Duty

Michael Raymond Pawley, Magistrate, South Georgia, 14.11.76.

## NOTICES

No. 39.

16th December 1976.

### School Terms 1977

*Stanley Schools and all recognised full-time schools in Camp*

1st Term — 14th February to 13th May  
2nd Term — 30th May to 2nd September  
3rd Term — 19th September to 16th December

### Darwin Boarding School

1st Term — 16th February to 13th May  
2nd Term — 6th June to 26th August  
3rd Term — 19th September to 16th December

### Recognised Camp Teachers

Tuition shall take place except during the following periods —

- (a) 17th December 1976 to 9th January 1977.
- (b) One week to coincide with the Annual Camp Sports Week or given station holidays in lieu of Sports Meeting.
- (c) 8th April - Good Friday.
- (d) One week to coincide with the traditional May Ball Week.
- (e) 22nd August to 28th August.
- (f) 8th December - Battle Day.

The school year shall end on Friday, 16th December 1977.

No. 40. 2nd December 1976.

Departure from the Colony of His Excellency the Governor

It is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency Neville Arthur Irwin French, Esq., C.M.G., M.V.O., Governor and Commander-in-Chief, left the Colony this day on leave of absence.

Ref. P/1302.

No. 41. 21st December 1976.

The Governor has been pleased to give directions for the publication of the following gracious message received from His Royal Highness The Prince Philip on the occasion of the Conferment of the Honorary Freedom of Stanley on the Royal Marines and also the Acting Governor's loyal telegram of gratitude therefor:

His Excellency Mr Neville French CMG MVO  
Government House  
Port Stanley Falkland Islands

Delighted to hear Royal Marines are to receive Freedom of City of Stanley. This gesture much appreciated by whole Corps. Best wishes for a happy occasion. Sorry I cannot return to Stanley for the ceremony.

Philip Captain General

To: Buckingham Palace for His Royal Highness  
The Prince Philip:

Sir,

I am most grateful for your gracious message on the occasion of the Conferment on the Royal Marines of the Freedom of the City of Stanley. This was received most warmly by Falkland Islanders and Royal Marines alike and contributed greatly to a very successful occasion. I have the honour to be, Sir, Your Royal Highness's most humble and obedient Servant

G J A Slater, Acting Governor

2. The Governor has been pleased further to give directions for the publication of the text of; the Scroll, including the Resolution of Executive Council; the telegrams from the Commander-in-Chief Fleet; and the Commandant-General, and the Acting Governor's replies thereto; and of the telegram from Colonel Sir Stuart Pringle Bt., RM for all Royal Marines.

#### *Resolution of the Executive Council*

At a meeting of the Executive Council on 21st July 1976 the Governor in Council resolved, on the Motion of Councillor John Smith, to confer upon

#### THE ROYAL MARINES

#### THE HONORARY FREEDOM OF STANLEY

in recognition of the close association which has existed between the Falkland Islands and the Royal Marines for more than two centuries, to record appreciation of the zeal and warmheartedness with which the members of the Corps have carried out their duties and contributed towards the general well-being of the community, and with a view to fostering further the traditional friendly attachment between the Royal Marines and the people of the Falkland Islands.

This Scroll is to certify that the Royal Marines have been duly admitted to the Honorary Freedom of Stanley in pursuance of the above resolution this 8th day of December 1976.

Signed R. V. GOSS

Lieutenant-Colonel, Officer Commanding  
Falkland Islands Defence Force.

Signed N. A. I. FRENCH

Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

From: Commander-in-Chief Fleet

To: His Excellency the Governor,  
Falkland Islands

I am honoured that a fleet unit should have conducted itself so well over the years as to merit the presentation of the Freedom of Port Stanley by Your Excellency.

It is particularly appropriate that the presentation should take place on Battle Day with its special memories to the Royal Navy and to the Falkland Islands.

May I wish Your Excellency and the people of Port Stanley and the Falkland Islands all good fortune on this historic occasion.

To: Commander-in-Chief Fleet

From: Acting Governor

Most grateful to you for your message on the occasion of the Conferment on the Royal Marines of the Freedom of the City of Stanley. We all enjoyed the very smart parade, which fell neatly between two southern summer snow showers.

*Personal from the Commandant General Royal  
Marines to His Excellency the Governor*

On behalf of the Royal Marines I wish to express our gratitude to you, the Executive Council and the people of the City of Stanley for the great honour which you are conferring on us today. We are most proud to receive the Freedom of the City of Stanley. Please convey our grateful and appreciative thanks to the Citizens and assure them that we shall always value their gesture to the Royal Marines.

Peter Whiteley Commandant General.

To: Commandant General Royal Marines

From: Acting Governor

Most grateful to you for your message on the occasion of the Conferment on the Royal Marines of the Freedom of the City of Stanley. We all enjoyed the very smart parade, which fell neatly between two southern summer snow showers.

To: H.M.S. Endurance

Naval Party 8901

From: Colonel Pringle for all Royal Marines

Congratulations on a well conducted, proud, parade. Brother marines around the Globe would have been proud of the freshness of your Laurels.

Ref. INT/21/7.

No. 43. 23rd December 1976.

#### Rabies (Importation of Dogs, Cats and Other Mammals) Order 1974

1. Under the Rabies (Importation of Dogs, Cats and Other Mammals) Order 1974, every dog and cat, and a wide range of other mammals, imported into Great Britain must be licensed prior to importation and must undergo detention and isolation in approved quarantine premises for 6 months (or such longer period as the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food or the Secretary of State for Scotland may direct) at the owner's expense. There are no exceptions allowed to this period of quarantine but quarantined animals may be re-exported at any time provided certain conditions are met. The requirements apply to all mammals brought to Great Britain from abroad, whether or not they originate from Great Britain and no matter how short their stay abroad has been.

#### 2. ARRANGEMENTS NECESSARY BEFORE AN ANIMAL IS SENT TO GREAT BRITAIN—

Before importing an animal into Great Britain you must obtain an import licence from either—

- i. the Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, Hook Rise South, Tolworth, Surbiton, Surrey KT6 7NF (telephone: 01-337 6611; telex: 22203) if the animal is to be quarantined in England or Wales; or

- ii. the Secretary, Department of Agriculture and Fisheries for Scotland, Chessers House, 500 Georgia Road, Edinburgh EH11 3AW (telephone 031-443 4020/9; telex: 72162) if the animal is to be quarantined in Scotland.

NOTE. *The Rabies (Importation of Dogs, Cats and other Mammals) Order 1974 gives powers to destroy animals landed without an import licence so it is important to ensure that the licensing requirements are met.*

3. Licence application forms and lists of approved quarantine premises/authorised carrying agents for dogs and cats may be obtained from MAFF or DAFS at the addresses above. There is hardly any quarantine accommodation for small pets such as hamsters, monkeys, guinea-pigs, rabbits (only European species of rabbits are allowed to be imported) etc and anybody con-

templating the import of this type of pet is strongly advised to seek advice from MAFF or DAFS as to the requirements and situation before making any import arrangements.

4. Further details about the taking of pets to Great Britain may be obtained from the Secretariat.

Ref. FCO/11/8.

#### Plant Disease Regulation Ordinance (Cap. 50)

(under section 3 of the Ordinance)

In exercise of the powers conferred by Regulation 3 of the Plant Importation Regulations, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint —

MR. JAMES HENRY MCADAM

to be a Plant Inspector.

No. 42.

23rd December 1976.

#### FALKLAND ISLANDS COURT OF APPEAL

The following re-appointments have been made under Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Court of Appeal Order 1965 —

OFFICE	NAME	APPOINTMENT EFFECTIVE FROM
President of the Court of Appeal	Sir Alastair Forbes, K.B.,	1st July 1976
Justice of Appeal, Falkland Islands Court of Appeal	Sir Hugh Hurley, Kt.,	1st July 1976
Justice of Appeal, Falkland Islands Court of Appeal	Sir Lionel Brett, Kt.,	1st July 1976

2. The re-appointments are for a period of two years.

Ref. JUD/10/1.



The following Commission passed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, appointing JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, is published for general information.

Elizabeth the Second  
by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom  
of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and  
of Her other Realms and Territories Queen,  
Head of the Commonwealth,  
Defender of the Faith,  
&c., &c., &c.

To Our Trusty and Well-beloved JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER,  
ESQUIRE, Officer of Our Most Excellent Order of the British Empire,

GREETING:

Appointment of  
J. R. W. Parker, Esq.  
OBE, to be Governor.

I. We do, by this Our Commission under Our Sign Manual and Signet, appoint you, the said James Roland Walter Parker, to be, with effect from the time of your disembarkation in Our said Colony, Our Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Our Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, during Our pleasure, with all the powers, rights, privileges and advantages to the said Office belonging or appertaining.

Officers and others to  
obey.

II. And we do hereby command all and singular Our Officers and loving subjects in Our said Colony and its Dependencies, and all others whom it may concern, to take due notice hereof, and to give their ready obedience accordingly.

Termination of this  
Commission.

III. And we do hereby direct that this Our Commission shall determine upon signification to that effect being given by Us through one of Our Principal Secretaries of State.

Given at Our Court of Saint James's, this 24th day of November, 1976, in the Twenty-fifth year of Our Reign.

BY HER MAJESTY'S COMMAND,  
(sgd.) A. CROSLAND.

COMMISSION appointing  
James Roland Walter Parker, Esquire, OBE,  
to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief,  
FALKLAND ISLANDS AND DEPENDENCIES.

## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 29th day of December 1976 for the purpose of visiting East Falkland:

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 29th day of December 1976 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 29th day of December in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-six.

J. R. W. PARKER.

*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Victor Goss, O.B.E., E.D., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

J. R. W. PARKER



*By His Excellency JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER,  
Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire,  
Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony  
of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 13th day of December 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet.

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 13th day of December 1948, it is declared that the Governor may, from time to time, appoint persons other than ex-officio Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint —

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL RICHARD VICTOR GOSS, O.B.E., E.D.

to be a Member of my Executive Council until the 31st day of December 1977.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 29th day of December in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-six.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,

*Chief Secretary.*

EXC/19/1C.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the  
Falkland Islands appointing William Henry Goss, Esq., J.P.,  
to be a Member of the Executive Council.

J. R. W. PARKER



*By His Excellency* JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER,  
*Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire,*  
*Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony*  
*of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 13th day of December 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet.

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 13th day of December 1948, it is declared that the Governor may, from time to time, appoint persons other than ex-officio Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint—

WILLIAM HENRY GOSS, ESQ., J.P.

to be a Member of my Executive Council until the 31st day of December 1977.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 29th day of December in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-six.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,

*Chief Secretary.*

EXC/19/1C.

all persons who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years

and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years

and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years

and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years

and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years

and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years

and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years  
and who are not of the age of 18 years



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

1 FEBRUARY 1977

No. 2

**Appointments**

Robert John Kersey, Certificated Teacher,  
Education Department, 20.1.77.

Denise Jane Kersey, Certificated Teacher,  
Education Department, 20.1.77.

**Completion of Contract**

David Noel Meanwell, Certificated Teacher,  
Education Department, 15.1.77.

Miss Dorothy Margaret Forster, Nursing Sister,  
Medical Department, 25.1.77.

**NOTICES**

No. 1. 1st January 1977.

**New Year Honours 1977**

Her Majesty the Queen has been graciously  
pleased to approve the following appointment —

HAROLD BENNETT, ESQUIRE

to be an Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the  
British Empire.

No. 2.

12th January 1977.

It is hereby notified that the following dates  
have been set aside as Public Holidays in Stanley  
in 1977 —

New Year's Day (in lieu of)	... Monday, 3rd January
Jubilee Sports Meeting	... Tuesday, 22nd February Wednesday, 23rd February Thursday, 24th February Friday, 25th February
Good Friday	... Friday, 8th April
Her Majesty the Queen's Birthday	... Thursday, 21st April
October Bank Holiday	... Monday, 3rd October
Anniversary of the Battle of the Falkland Islands	... Thursday, 8th December
Christmas Holidays	... Sunday, 25th December Monday, 26th December Tuesday, 27th December Wednesday, 28th December

Ref. INT/21/5.

No. 3. 13th January 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 29th December 1976, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on Sunday, 2nd January 1977.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 4. 14th January 1977.

**Prison Ordinance 1966**

It is notified that the following have been appointed the Board of Visiting Justices for 1977—

MR. J. BOUND, E.D., J.P., (*Senior Member*)

MRS. JESSIE BOOTH, J.P., (*Member*)

MR. W. H. GOSS, J.P., (*Member*)

Ref. POL/19/1.

No. 5. 17th January 1977.

**Marriage Ordinance (Cap. 43) Section 5**

The following are registered as Ministers for celebrating marriages—

THE RIGHT REVEREND CYRIL JAMES TUCKER, C.B.E.,  
M.A., *Lord Bishop of the Falkland Islands.*

THE REVEREND CANON JACK GOULD, *Honorary  
Canon of Christ Church Cathedral.*

THE REVEREND GERALD SMITH, *Chaplain, Christ  
Church Cathedral.*

THE RIGHT REV. MONSIGNOR DANIEL SPRAGGON,  
M.B.E., *Prefect Apostolic of the Falkland Islands  
and Dependencies.*

THE REVEREND FATHER PHILLIP BRUGGEMAN, *Priest,  
St. Mary's Church.*

Ref. INT/39/1.

No. 6. 18th January 1977.

The findings of the Cost of Living Committee for the quarter ended 31st December 1976 are published for general information—

Quarter ended	Percentage increase over 1971 prices
31st December 1976	128.17%

2. In accordance with the principle of the Wages Agreement for Stanley the average increase over the last four quarters is 112.19% and a further wage award of 2½p per hour is therefore payable with effect from 1st January 1977.

Ref. INT/2/3.

No. 7. 18th January 1977.

**Public Health Ordinance (Cap. 54)**

The following have been re-appointed members of the Board of Health for the Colony until 30th June 1977—

THE SENIOR MEDICAL OFFICER — *Chairman*

DR. K. E. DUNNETT

THE HON. L. G. BLAKE, J.P.

THE HON. W. E. BOWLES

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

CHIEF POLICE OFFICER.

Ref. MED/19/1.

No. 8. 24th January 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 4th January 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on Friday, 7th January 1977.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 9. 24th January 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 12th January 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on Friday 14th January 1977.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 10. 24th January 1977.

**The Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1976  
(Article 92)**

Pursuant to Article 92 of the Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1976, Mr. Norman M. Hall, of the Civil Aviation Department is hereby authorised for the purposes of any of the provisions of the Order specified in the following Schedule—

**SCHEDULE**

Article 9 (4) (d)

Article 11 (5) (e)

2. The Notice issued under Article 81 of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972 dated 8th January 1976, in so far as it relates to Mr. Derek S. Bramley, is cancelled.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

Ref. AIR/10/2.

No. 11. 24th January 1977.

**The Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1976  
(Article 66(1))**

Pursuant to Article 66(1) of the Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1976, the area of water specified in column 2 of the Schedule adjacent to the place specified in column 1 of the Schedule is hereby notified as a Government aerodrome available for take-off and landing by aircraft of the Falkland Islands Government Air Service.

**SCHEDULE**

Column 1 PLACE	Column 2 AERODROME
Brenton Loch	Brenton Loch

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

Ref. AIR/10/2.

**Customs Ordinance (Cap. 16)**

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4 of the Customs Ordinance I hereby appoint Mr. D. Evans to be a Deputy Collector of Customs for the purpose of clearing "Lindblad Explorer" from New Island, Falkland Islands on the 24th January 1977.

L. J. HALLIDAY,  
*Collector of Customs.*

21st January 1977.



## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 4th day of January 1977 for the purpose of visiting East Falkland:

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 4th day of January 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 4th day of January in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

J. R. W. PARKER.  
*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 12th day of January 1977 for the purpose of visiting West Falkland:

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 12th day of January 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 12th day of January in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

J. R. W. PARKER.

*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

**Statement made in the House of Commons by the Rt. Hon. Anthony Crosland, M.P., Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, on Wednesday afternoon, 2nd February, 1977.**

With permission, Mr Speaker, I will make a statement on the Falkland Islands and our relations with Argentina.

Since my Rt. Hon. Friend, now Prime Minister, made a statement on this subject on January 14 of last year, Lord Shackleton has presented his "Economic Survey of the Falkland Islands". The whole House will join me in warmly thanking him and his colleagues for this immensely thorough and wide-ranging report.

The survey paints a vivid picture of this small community of 1900 people, 7500 miles away, yet staunchly British and with rich potential in the seas around them. But currently they face an uncertain economic future. The economy, essentially a mono-culture based on wool, is stagnant: the resources do not exist to exploit the new potential in other fields: and emigration is increasing.

To remedy this situation, Lord Shackleton made a large number of recommendations, many of which will require further study and detailed consultation with the Islanders. Meanwhile H M G will proceed to implement those internal constitutional changes which have already been approved by the Falkland Islands Legislative Council.

The recommendations on development aid will fall to my Hon. Friend the Minister for Overseas Development to implement. But I can say now that the Government are ready to consider, after such pre-investment studies as may be required, agricultural diversification, mutton freezing, knitwear production, and improvements to education. We also propose to pay special and urgent attention to the Islands' internal communications, with particular reference to the availability and maintenance of an efficient local air service.

The Survey further recommended certain major capital projects, notably an enlargement of the airport and a pilot fishing project, which would bring the total recommended expenditure by the U K up to some pounds sterling 13-14 million. The Government, like Lord Shackleton and his colleagues, are in no doubt that the potential for development is there, and they will at the appropriate moment commission the essential preliminary studies to determine whether airport enlargement is likely to be practicable and cost effective.

But for the rest, we cannot at this time accept the more costly recommendations. The overseas aid budget, recently cut in the December public expenditure exercise, would not stand it. There are more urgent claims from much poorer communities. And the right political circumstances do not exist.

In Lord Shackleton's words, "In any major new developments of the Islands' economy, especially those relating to offshore resources, co-operation with Argentina — even participation — should, if possible, be secured". The Government agree. Such new developments require a framework of greater political and economic co-operation in the region as a whole. Without such a framework, the prospect of achieving a prosperous and durable future for the Islands is bleak.

The Government have therefore decided that the time has come to consider both with the Islanders and the Argentine Government whether a climate exists for discussing the broad issues which have a bearing on the future of the Falkland Islands and the possibilities of co-operation between Britain and Argentina in the region of the South West Atlantic.

I must make certain things absolutely clear. First, any such discussion, which would inevitably raise fundamental questions on the relationship between the Islands, Britain and Argentina, would take place under the sovereignty umbrella: that is, H M G would wholly reserve their position on the issue of sovereignty, which would in no way be prejudiced. Secondly, any changes which might be proposed must be acceptable to the Islanders, whose interests and well-being remain our prime concern. In consequence, there must be full consultation with the Islanders at every stage: nothing will be done behind their back.

To fulfil this pledge, I am sending my Rt. Hon. Friend the Minister of State to the Falkland Islands in mid February to hear from the Islanders at first hand how they view their future. He will also visit Buenos Aires. His object will be, in effect, to see whether terms of reference can be agreed for further more formal talks between the parties concerned.

Mr Speaker, my Rt. Hon. Friend the Prime Minister said this to the House last January. "Given good will on both sides, Britain and Argentina should be able to transform the area of dispute concerning the sovereignty over the Islands into a factor making for co-operation between the two countries which would be consonant with the wishes and interests of the Falkland Islanders". Today, as twelve months ago, the situation in the South West Atlantic is a source of potential confrontation of which there have been recent examples. It is co-operation not confrontation, both in the Islands and in the Dependencies, which we seek to achieve.

---

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

---

1976 No. 1784

COPYRIGHT

The Copyright (International Conventions)  
(Amendment No. 2) Order 1976

*Made* - - - - - 27th October 1976  
*Laid before Parliament* 4th November 1976  
*Coming into Operation* 25th November 1976

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 27th day of October 1976

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority conferred upon Her by sections 31, 32 and 47 of the Copyright Act 1956 (a) and of all other powers enabling Her in that behalf, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows —

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment No. 2) Order 1976, and shall come into operation on 25th November 1976.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889 (b) shall apply to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an act of Parliament.

2. The Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972 (c), as amended (d), shall be further amended as follows —

(a) in Schedule 1 (which names the countries of the Berne Copyright Union) there shall be included a reference to Libya;

(b) in Schedule 2 (which names the countries party to the Universal Copyright Convention but not Members of the Berne Union) there shall be included a reference to Colombia and a related reference to 18th June 1976;

(c) in Schedule 3 (countries in whose case copyright in sound recording includes the exclusive right of public performance and broadcasting) there shall be included a reference to Colombia;

(d) in Schedules 4 and 5 (countries whose broadcasting organisations have copyright protection in relation to their sound and television broadcasts) there shall be included references to Colombia and related references to 17th September 1976 in the list of dates in those two Schedules.

3. (1) This Order except for Article 2 (d) shall extend to all the countries mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

(2) Article 2 (d) shall extend to Gibraltar and Bermuda.

*N. E. Leigh.*

---

(a) 1956 c. 74.

(b) 1889 c. 63.

(c) S.I. 1972/673 (1972 I, p. 2172).

(d) The amendments are not relevant to the subject matter of this Order.

## SCHEDULE

## COUNTRIES TO WHICH THIS ORDER EXTENDS

Bermuda  
Belize  
British Virgin Islands  
Cayman Islands  
Falkland Islands and Dependencies  
Gibraltar  
Hong Kong  
Isle of Man  
Montserrat  
St. Helena and its Dependencies

---

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order)*

This Order further amends the Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972.

It takes account of —

- (a) the accession of the Libyan Arab Republic to the Berne Copyright Convention;
- (b) the accession of Colombia to the Universal Copyright Convention, and
- (c) the accession of Colombia to the International Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organisations.

The Order extends, so far as is appropriate, to dependent countries of the Commonwealth to which the 1972 Order extends.

# WAGES AGREEMENT

The following agreement has been reached between the Government, the Falkland Islands Company, Ltd., and the General Employees Union. The agreement shall be effective for a period of one year from the 1st January 1977 and shall apply to hourly paid employees in Stanley.

## 1. Basis of Wage Rates.

Wages shall be adjustable by negotiation except that any changes arising from fluctuations in the cost of living, except as provided below, shall be automatic and date from the first day of the month following the quarter to which a review relates.

In measuring the cost of living for the purpose of wage adjustments an average of the findings of the last four preceding quarters shall be used. If however in any quarter the Index should exceed the average figure for the last four quarters by six points then the excess points will be taken into immediate account for the cost of living award. The payment in respect of the excess points will be adjusted as necessary, in future quarterly reviews of the cost of living.

N.B. When calculating the advance payment in excess of the first six points,  $\frac{1}{2}$ p advance will be made in any case where the excess not already taken into account reaches one point.

### (a) CRAFTSMEN.

All Craftsmen shall be paid at the full basic rate and the following trades shall be recognised :—

Carpenters and Joiners	Masons
Blacksmiths	Plumbers
Painters	Electricians
Motor Mechanics	

The normal entry to a trade shall be by a full term of apprenticeship, but special arrangements shall be made for the absorption of men already practising trades without previously serving apprenticeships. These arrangements are laid down in the apprenticeship regulations.

### (b) HANDYMEN.

This term includes those employees doing skilled or semi-skilled work in one or more trades, but who have not served an apprenticeship nor have been recognised by the Apprenticeship Board.

### (c) SLAUGHTERMEN AND LORRY DRIVERS.

Slaughtermen shall be provided with suitable protective clothing and footwear.

All drivers of petrol, steam or diesel engines, whether stationary or mobile, shall be paid for all working hours of the day on which the employee drives, irrespective of the period during which he is actually driving.

## 2. Prevailing Rates.

Class	Hourly Rate.
1. Tradesmen	91½p
2. Apprentices	1st year 61p
	2nd year 62½p
	3rd year 65½p
	4th year 69p
	5th year 76½p
3. Handymen	74p to 82½p according to ability.
4. Slaughtermen and tradesmen's mates	73p
5. Lorry Drivers, including men tending stationary engines or boilers	74p
6. Labourers	Age
	14-15 53p
	15-16 56½p
	16-17 61½p
	17-18 66p
	18 and over 72p

The above hourly rates are minimum and employers may, if they so wish, offer higher rates, incentive bonuses, etc.

Cost of living awards, when authorised, should be paid in full to apprentices and young labourers.

CASUAL LABOUR. There is now no work which justifies a casual labour rate.

\* An apprenticeship should not commence before the 15th birthday.

### 3. Extra Payments.

#### (a) "DIRT" MONEY.

As a general guide, "Dirt" money should only be paid when the work in hand is substantially dirtier than the work which an employee is normally called upon to do. The normal rate is 4p per hour, but the precise rate for each job shall be agreed between Employer and Employees.

#### (b) HAZARDOUS WORK.

Employees working on isolated structures, such as masts, at heights over 20 feet from the ground or where the structure joins the main roof of a building, shall be paid from 4p to 7½p per hour according to the risk involved. This does not apply to work on properly erected scaffolding or on roofs where the work can be carried out from a position where the workman's feet are on a secured ladder.

#### (c) INCONVENIENCE PAY.

Employees required, by the employer, to carry their midday meal shall receive 15p per day. Employees required to sleep away from home in a recognised camp house or cook-house shall have their board and lodgings paid for by their employer.

#### (d) EXTRA SKILL OR RESPONSIBILITY.

(i) Any employee specifically detailed to supervise the work of three or more other employees shall receive 1½p per hour extra while taking this responsibility.

(ii) Any labourer employed on semi-skilled work which would normally fall to a Handyman (e.g. painting, fencing, concrete laying) shall receive pay as a Handyman (i.e. a minimum of 2p per hour extra) while engaged on this work. The precise rate shall be fixed by the employer according to the nature of the work and the skill of the particular labourer so employed.

#### (e) PAINT SPRAYING.

Employees engaged on paint spraying shall be paid 2½p per hour extra and no other allowance.

### 4. Working Hours.

The normal working hours shall be 40 hours per week made up as follows –

Monday to Friday – 7.30 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. with Dinner break from noon till 1 p.m.

A refreshment break of fifteen minutes shall be allowed between 08.30 and 09.30 a.m., the precise time being laid down by the employer.

Other hours of work may be laid down by mutual agreement between employers and employees, provided that the total number of hours does not exceed 40 per week.

### 5. Overtime.

#### (a) Overtime shall be paid for all hours worked outside normal working hours and overtime rates shall be as follows –

##### TIME AND A HALF.

- (i) Between the end of the normal day and midnight.
- (ii) From 6 a.m. to the start of the normal working day, provided that work did not start before 6 a.m.

##### DOUBLE TIME.

- (i) Between midnight and 6 a.m.
- (ii) From 6 a.m. to the start of the normal working day, if work commenced before 6 a.m.
- (iii) On Sundays and recognised Public Holidays.
- (iv) For meal hours or parts thereof, if work continues through the normal working day without a full meal-hour break.
- (v) Double time rates shall also be paid during normal working hours if, exceptionally, an employee starts work before midnight and continues without a break into normal working hours. Double time rates shall then continue to apply until there is an (unpaid) break from work exceeding four hours, after which the normal rates will again apply.

#### (b) An unpaid meal hour shall be allowed at a reasonable time if overtime is expected to continue for more than two hours beyond normal finishing time, and a paid refreshment break of not more than fifteen minutes shall be allowed in each subsequent 4-hour period.

#### (c) Overtime is voluntary and an employee shall not be dismissed if he objects to working outside normal working hours. However, certain jobs may require attendance at times outside the normal hours and in these cases employees shall be given the option of a 40-hour week by allowing time off during normal working hours, at a time to be agreed with the employer.



## 6. Public Holidays.

In addition to receiving double time for working on a public holiday employees shall be entitled to 8 hours holiday.

## 7. Holidays.

### (a) ANNUAL HOLIDAYS.

All employees shall be entitled to accumulate holidays at the rates and to the maximum hereinafter set out, namely —

<i>Earning rate per month of continuous service</i>	<i>Maximum accumulation</i>
1½ days	320 hours

In the event of an employee terminating his service prior to the completion of the first six months of service he shall forfeit any holiday entitlement not taken.

The maximum of 320 hours referred to above shall not apply to any excess over that amount accumulated as at 31st December 1976.

Paid holidays may be taken at a time to be mutually agreed upon.

### (b) PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.

These are days on which Government Offices are closed by notification in the Gazette and the following eight days shall be paid holidays for all employees:—

New Year's Day, Good Friday, The Queen's Birthday and Commonwealth Day, October Bank Holiday, Anniversary of Battle of Falkland Islands, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, and one other day to coincide with the Annual Stanley Sports Meeting.

- (c) Any allowance or special rates earned on both the working day preceding *and the working day following* the holiday shall be paid for the holiday.
- (d) When a dated holiday falls on a Saturday or a Sunday the next working day shall be the holiday.

## 8. Sick Pay.

- (a) Employees who have not completed three months' service with their employer shall not be entitled to sick pay.
- (b) If sickness lasts for more than two working days an employee shall be entitled to the following sick pay commencing on the first day of sickness on the production of a medical certificate —
  - (i) Employees who have completed three months' service with their employer —
    - Full pay for the first two weeks.
    - Half pay for the third and fourth weeks.
  - (ii) Employees who have completed three years' service with their employer —
    - Full pay for the first four weeks.
    - Half pay for the following nine weeks.
- (c) Full pay shall be paid for any Public Holiday which falls during the first four weeks of sickness, provided that the employee, when he has recovered, returns to work for the same employer.
- (d) An employer may demand a medical certificate before making any payment in respect of sick pay.
- (e) The Workmen's Compensation Ordinance shall apply in cases of sickness resulting from accidents at work. The Foreman and the Union Delegate must confirm in writing any accident at work.

## 9. Termination of Employment.

Except in the case of misdemeanour, when an employee may be summarily dismissed, the following notice of termination of employment shall be given —

- (i) Employees who have completed ten years' service with their employer —
  - One months notice.
- (ii) Employees who have completed five years' service with their employer —
  - Two weeks' notice.
- (iii) All other employees —
  - One week's notice.

If desired employers may pay wages in (i), (ii) or (iii), as appropriate, in lieu of giving notice.

N.B. In addition to the Public Holidays listed under 7 (b) above employees will be entitled to paid holidays for those days published as public holidays in 1977 for the Jubilee Celebrations.

**10. General.**

- (a) When a party of employees are required to carry meals to their work, one employee shall be allowed reasonable time to heat meals for the rest of the party.
- (b) Individual employers may lay down the times when employees shall appear for their wages, provided that the payment is completed within ten minutes of the end of the normal working day.
- (c) An official or delegation of a recognised union may, with the employer's consent, attend at a job or shop at any time to interview workmen, but no meeting shall take place in working hours without the express permission of the employer. If a dispute arises, the employer or his nominee shall interview, by appointment, any official representative of his employees.
- (d) All employers shall display for the benefit of their employees copies of Regulations and Rules pertaining to wages and conditions of service of workers.
- (e) All employers shall ensure that tractors are fitted with safety cabs.

Ref. TRE/2/9.





# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

1 MARCH 1977

No. 3

## Appointments

Miss Una Summers, Clerk, Public Service, 25.10.76.

Reginald Norman Kenneth Silvey, Police Constable, Police and Prisons Department, 15.2.77.

Miss Dinah May Brown, Nursing Sister, Medical Department, 25.2.77.

Miss Ann Caswell, Nursing Sister, Medical Department, 25.2.77.

## Re-appointments

Trevor Jervis Shaw, Certificated Teacher, Education Department, 10.2.77.

Mrs. Maureen Hazel Shaw, Certificated Teacher, Education Department, 10.2.77.

## Acting Appointment

Dr. Keith Edward Dunnett, M.B., B.Chir., Acting Senior Medical Officer, Medical Department, 10.2.77.

## Completion of Contract

Mrs. Jane Harrison, Laboratory Assistant, Medical Department, 11.2.77.

## NOTICES

No. 12. 4th February 1977.

Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance (Cap. 45) Section 4

The following have been registered to practise in the Colony and Dependencies —

Medical Practitioners	Qualifications
COX, Frederick Campbell	M.B., ch.B., (Glasgow) M.R.C.P. (U.K.)
DUNNETT, Keith Edward	M.B., B.Chir. (Cantab)
SUMMERS, Peter George Herbert	M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., F.R.C.S. (Ed) D.A.
Midwives	
BENNETT, Valerie Elizabeth	S.R.N., S.C.M.
COLLINS, Barbara	S.R.N., S.C.M.
COX, Catriona Margaret	R.G.N., S.C.M., H.V. cert.
FELTON, Elizabeth Agnes	S.E.N., S.C.M.
STEAD, Elizabeth Ann	S.R.N., S.C.M.
WILSON, Dorothea May	S.R.N., S.C.M., M.S.R.
Dental Surgeon	
WATSON, Robert Muir	L.D.S., R.C.S.

Ref. MED/7/3.

No. 13.

15th February 1977.

## Stanley Town Public Services Ordinance 1973

In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 8 of the Stanley Town Public Services Ordinance 1973 His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint MR. DENNIS T. DAVIS to be Inspector of the Fire Brigade.

Ref. STF/15.

No. 13A.

18th February 1977.

## Customs Ordinance (Cap. 16)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Customs Ordinance I hereby appoint Mr. D. Evans to be a Deputy Collector of Customs for the purpose of clearing "Lindblad Explorer" from New Island, Falkland Islands on the 22nd February 1977.

L. J. HALLIDAY,  
Collector of Customs.

Ref. CH/3.

No. 14.

24th February 1977.

## Public Health Ordinance (Cap. 54)

The following have been appointed to be the Hospital Visiting Committee for the year 1977 —

Mrs. Hulda Stewart (*Chairman*)  
Mrs. Hermine Johnston  
The Right Reverend  
Monsignor D. M. Spraggon, M.B.E.

Ref. MED/19/2.

No. 15.

28th February 1977.

## Currency Notes Rules

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 3 of the Currency Notes Rules, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve the appointment of Miss K. Dobbins to be a Currency Officer with effect from 14th February 1977.

Miss Dobbins replaces Mr. Nicholas Timothy Thomas Keenleyside who ceased to be a Currency Officer on termination of service in the Treasury on 31st October 1976.

H. T. ROWLANDS,  
Commissioner of Currency.

Ref. TRE/19/1.

## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 17th day of February 1977 for the purpose of visiting East and West Falkland;

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 17th day of February 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 17th day of February in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

J. R. W. PARKER.  
*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

11 APRIL 1977

No. 4

**Appointments**

Miss Teresa Dobbyns, Laboratory Technician, Medical Department, 9.11.76.

William Duncan, Assistant Filtration Plant Operator, Public Works Department, 13.12.76.

Darwin Lewis Clifton, Police Constable, Police and Prisons Department, 1.4.77.

**Re-appointment**

Douglas John Hansen, Clerk, Public Service, 22.11.76.

**Completion of Contract**

Terence John Clarke, Carpenter, Public Works Department, 13.3.77.

**Resignations**

Trevor Morrison, Police Constable, Police and Prisons Department, 9.12.76.

Mrs. Charlene Rowland née Short, Clerk, Public Service, 10.3.77.

**NOTICES**

No. 16. 8th March 1977.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs to the effect that Her Majesty will not be advised to exercise her power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Colony —

No.	Title	Ref.
2/76	Supplementary Appropriation (1974-75) Ordinance 1976	TRE/14/5.
3/76	Administration of Estates (Amendment) Ordinance 1976	LEG/10/6.
4/76	Dogs (Amendment) Ordinance 1976	POL/4/2 & AGR/10/4.
5/76	Livestock (Amendment) Ord. 1976	AGR/10/2.
6/76	Old Age Pensions (Amend.) Ord. 1976	TRE/2/3.

No. 17. 8th March 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 17th February 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on Saturday, 19th February 1977.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 18.

23rd March 1977.

**Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) Order 1975**  
(Under Section 12A of the Dogs Ordinance)  
(Cap. 21)

The Governor has appointed the following person to be an Inspector for the purposes of this Order —

MR. R. S. WHITLEY — STANLEY  
Ref. AGR/7/16.

No. 19.

24th March 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 17th March 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on Monday 21st March 1977.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 20.

24th March 1977.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs to the effect that Her Majesty will not be advised to exercise her power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Dependencies —

No.	Title	Ref.
DS 1/75	Falkland Islands Dependencies Conservation Ordinance 1975	FIS/10/1 III.
DS 2/75	Application of Colony Laws Ordinance 1975	LEG/10/37.
DS 3/75	Supplementary Appropriation (Dependencies) (1972-73) Ordinance 1975	SG/14/3.
DS 4/75	Supplementary Appropriation (Dependencies) (1973-74) Ordinance 1975	SG/14/3.

No. 21.

24th March 1977.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint —

DAVID JOHN ORCHARD

to be a Magistrate for the Falkland Islands Dependency of South Georgia, with effect from 7th February 1977.

Ref. SG/19/1.

No. 23. 31st March 1977.

Her Majesty the Queen in Council made the following Order on 15th December 1976 —

S. I. 1976 No. 2144

**FUGITIVE CRIMINAL**

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (EXTRADITION)  
ORDER 1976

2. Copies of the Order, which extends to the Falkland Islands and Dependencies, may be seen at the Chief Secretary's Office during normal office hours

Ref. LEG/10/48.

No. 24. 11th April 1977.

**Tourist Advisory Board**

The following have been appointed members of the Tourist Advisory Board for a two year period—

Mr. G. Cheek *Chairman*  
Mrs. J. Cheek  
Mrs. L. Halliday  
Mrs. S. Miller  
Mr. P. Short  
Mr. I. Strange.

Ref. DEV/7/2.

No. 25. 11th April 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 3rd April 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on Wednesday 6th April 1977.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

**LIVESTOCK (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE**  
(No. 5 of 1976)

**Livestock (Amendment) Ordinance 1976**  
(Commencement) Notice 1977

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Livestock (Amendment) Ordinance 1976, the Governor hereby appoints the 1st May 1977 as the day on which the said Ordinance shall come into operation.

*By Command,*  
ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

29th March 1977.

**In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands**

**NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE**  
(Cap. 1)

IN THE MATTER of Edward Victor Johnson, deceased, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands, on the 3rd December 1975, intestate.

WHEREAS Ada Annie Elizabeth Cartmell, eldest daughter of the above-named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
*Registrar.*

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
22nd March 1977.  
SC & L/23/76.

**In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands**

**NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE**  
(Cap. 1)

IN THE MATTER of George Douglas Smith, deceased, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands, on the 22nd July 1976, intestate.

WHEREAS William Edward Bowles, Attorney for the widow of the above-named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
*Registrar.*

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
30th March 1977.  
SC & L/13/76.



No. 22.

31st March 1977.

The following revised list of Magistrates, Justices of the Peace, and Commissioners for Oaths at present resident in the Colony and Dependencies is published for general information —

## MAGISTRATES AND JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

C. H. Robertson, J.P.	...	...	...	27.11.36	...	...	...	Stanley
H. Bennett, O.B.E., J.P. <i>Senior Magistrate</i>	...	...	...	22.7.46	...	...	...	Stanley
J. Bound, E.D., J.P.	...	...	...	3.1.53	...	...	...	Stanley
W. H. Clement, J.P.	...	...	...	5.10.54	...	...	...	Stanley
S. Miller, J.P.	...	...	...	3.6.55	...	...	...	Stanley
Mrs. C. Luxton, J.P.	...	...	...	17.9.57	...	...	...	Stanley
Hon. A. B. Monk, J.P.	...	...	...	2.5.60	...	...	...	San Carlos
Hon. H. L. Bound, M.B.E., J.P.	...	...	...	11.7.63	...	...	...	Stanley
Mrs. J. Booth, J.P.	...	...	...	5.8.67	...	...	...	Stanley
Hon. W. H. Goss, J.P.	...	...	...	12.7.69	...	...	...	Stanley
Hon. L. G. Blake, J.P.	...	...	...	12.7.69	...	...	...	Hill Cove
J. D. Barton, J.P.	...	...	...	12.7.69	...	...	...	Teal Inlet
M. R. Pawley, <i>Magistrate</i>	...	...	...	18.12.73	...	...	...	South Georgia
B. Hardcastle, J.P.	...	...	...	30.10.74	...	...	...	Darwin
D. J. Orchard, <i>Relief Magistrate</i>	...	...	...	7.2.77	...	...	...	South Georgia

## COMMISSIONERS FOR OATHS

J. R. Cockwell	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	Fox Bay East
G. O. Evans	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	Pebble Island
R. J. Ferguson	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	Weddell Island
W. R. Luxton	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	Chartres
A. C. Miller	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	Port San Carlos
S. R. Miller	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	Keppel Island
K. J. McPhee	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	Green Patch
R. B. Napier	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	West Point Island
R. M. Pitaluga, O.B.E.	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	Salvador
J. R. Robertson	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	Fox Bay West
O. R. Smith	...	...	...	8.2.71	...	...	...	Johnson's Harbour
L. Grant	...	...	...	23.3.71	...	...	...	Port Louis
A. Pole-Evans	...	...	...	23.3.71	...	...	...	Saunders Island
A. T. Blake	...	...	...	5.7.73	...	...	...	North Arm
P. C. Robertson	...	...	...	23.11.73	...	...	...	Port Stephens

Ref. LEC/19/5c.

## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 17th day of March 1977 for the purpose of visiting East Falkland:

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 17th day of March 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 17th day of March in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 3rd day of April 1977 for the purpose of visiting East and West Falkland:

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 3rd day of April 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 3rd day of April in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

FUGITIVE OFFENDERS ACT 1967  
(1967 c. 68)

## Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) Order 1977

No. 1 of 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER.  
*Governor.*

(S.I. 1968 No. 113).  
(S.I. 1968 No. 292).

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2(1) of the Fugitive Offenders Act 1967 (as modified and adapted by the Fugitive Offenders (Falkland Islands and Dependencies) Order 1968), and the Fugitive Offenders (Overseas Territories) Order 1968, the Governor, with the approval of the Secretary of State, has made the following order —

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as the Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) Order 1977.

Designated Commonwealth Countries.

2. The countries specified in the Schedule are hereby designated for the purposes of section 1 of the Fugitive Offenders Act 1967.

Cancellation of previous Orders.  
(3 of 1968, 9 of 1968,  
2 of 1971, 4 of 1971,  
13 of 1971 & 2 of 1974.)

3. The Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) Order 1968, the Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) (No. 2) Order 1968, the Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) Order 1971, the Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) (No. 3) Order 1971, the Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) (No. 4) Order 1971 and the Fugitive Offenders (Designated Commonwealth Countries) Order 1974 are cancelled.

### SCHEDULE

Australia, and the following territories, namely the territory of Norfolk Islands, Australian Antarctic territory, the territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands, the territory of Christmas Island, the territory of Heard and McDonald Islands and the territory of Ashmore and Cartier Islands which are treated as part of Australia.

The Commonwealth of the Bahamas.

The People's Republic of Bangladesh.

Barbados.

Botswana.

Canada.

The Cook Islands which are treated as a separate country at the request of the New Zealand Government.

The Republic of Cyprus.

Fiji.

The Gambia.

Ghana.

Grenada.

Guyana.

India.

Jamaica.

Kenya.

Lesotho.

Malawi.

Malaysia.

Malta.

Mauritius.

Nauru.

New Zealand and the territories of Niue and Tokelau Islands which are treated as part of New Zealand.

Nigeria.

Pakistan.

Independent State of Papua New Guinea.

The Republic of Seychelles.

Sierra Leone.

Singapore.

Sri Lanka.

Swaziland.

Tonga.

Trinidad and Tobago.

Uganda.

Independent State of Western Samoa.

Zambia.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

---

S T A T U T O R Y   I N S T R U M E N T S

---

1976 No. 2153

COPYRIGHT

The Copyright (International Conventions)  
(Amendment No. 3) Order 1976

Made - - - - -	15th December 1976
Laid before Parliament	23rd December 1976
Coming into Operation	14th January 1977

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th day of December 1976.

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority conferred upon Her by sections 31, 32 and 47 of the Copyright Act 1956 <sup>(a)</sup> and of all other powers enabling Her in that behalf, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows —

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment No. 3) Order 1976, and shall come into operation on 14th January 1977.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889 <sup>(b)</sup> shall apply to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2. The Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972 <sup>(c)</sup>, as amended <sup>(d)</sup>, shall be further amended as follows —

- (a) in Schedule 1 (which names the countries of the Berne Copyright Union) there shall be included a reference to the Bahamas;
- (b) in Schedule 3 (countries in whose case copyright in sound recordings includes the exclusive right of public performance and broadcasting) there shall be included a reference to Guatemala;
- (c) in Schedules 4 and 5 (countries whose broadcasting organisations have copyright protection in relation to their sound and television broadcasts) there shall be included references to Guatemala and related references to 14th January 1977 in the list of dates in those two Schedules.
- (d) in Schedule 6 (which names countries to which Parts I and II of the said Order extend) the name of the Bahama Islands, and the date indicated in relation to that country, shall be omitted.

3. (1) This Order except for Article 2 <sup>(c)</sup> shall extend to all the countries mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

(2) Article 2 <sup>(c)</sup> shall extend to Gibraltar and Bermuda.

N. E. LEIGH,  
*Clerk of the Privy Council.*

---

<sup>(a)</sup> 1956 c. 74.      <sup>(b)</sup> 1889 c. 63.      <sup>(c)</sup> S.I. 1972/673 (1972 I, p. 2172).  
<sup>(d)</sup> The amendments are not relevant to the subject matter of this Order.

## SCHEDULE

## COUNTRIES TO WHICH THIS ORDER EXTENDS

Bermuda.  
Belize.  
British Virgin Islands.  
Cayman Islands.  
Falkland Islands and Dependencies.  
Gibraltar.  
Hong Kong.  
Isle of Man.  
Montserrat.  
St. Helena and its Dependencies.

---

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order)*

This Order further amends the Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972. It takes account of the attainment of independence by the Bahamas and of their accession to the Berne Copyright Convention and Guatemala's accession to the International Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organisations.

The Order extends, so far as is appropriate, to dependent countries of the Commonwealth to which the 1972 Order extends.

---

S T A T U T O R Y   I N S T R U M E N T S

---

1977 No. 47

FUGITIVE CRIMINAL

The Fugitive Offenders (Overseas Territories) Order 1977

<i>Made</i> - - - - -	<i>17th January 1977</i>
<i>Laid before Parliament</i>	<i>25th January 1977</i>
<i>Coming into Operation</i>	<i>16th February 1977</i>

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 17th day of January 1977.

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred upon Her by sections 17 and 20 of the Fugitive Offenders Act 1967 (a), is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows —

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the Fugitive Offenders (Overseas Territories) Order 1977.

(2) This Order shall come into operation on 16th February 1977.

2. The Interpretation Act 1889 (b) shall apply, with the necessary adaptations, for the purpose of interpreting this Order and otherwise in relation thereto as it applies for the purpose of interpreting, and in relation to, Acts of Parliament.

3. The Schedule to the Fugitive Offenders (New Hebrides) Order 1968 (c) shall have effect as if references to the High Commissioner were references to the Resident Commissioner.

4. Section 19 of the Schedule to the Fugitive Offenders (New Hebrides) Order 1968 is amended —

- (a) in subsection (1), by deleting the definition of "High Commissioner";
- (b) by deleting subsection (4).

5. (1) Each of the Orders in Council specified in Part 1 of Schedule 1 hereto is amended in the manner set out in Part 2 of that Schedule.

(2) Each of the Orders in Council specified in Part 1 of Schedule 2 hereto is amended in the manner set out in Part 2 of that Schedule.

N. E. LEIGH,  
*Clerk of the Privy Council.*

---

(a) 1967 c. 68.      (b) 1889 c. 63.      (c) S.I. 1968/1091 (1968 II, p. 2974)



## SCHEDULE 1

Article 5 (1)

## PART 1

Title	Reference
The Fugitive Offenders (Bermuda) Order 1967	S.I. 1967/1905 (1967 III, p. 5215).
The Fugitive Offenders (British Honduras) Order 1967	S.I. 1967/1906 (1967 III, p. 5226).
The Fugitive Offenders (British Indian Ocean Territory) Order 1968	S.I. 1968/183 (1968 I, p. 499).
The Fugitive Offenders (British Solomon Islands Protectorate) Order 1967	S.I. 1967/1907 (1967 III, p. 5237).
The Fugitive Offenders (Cayman Islands) Order 1968	S.I. 1968/112 (1968 I, p. 306).
The Fugitive Offenders (Falkland Islands and Dependencies) Order 1968	S.I. 1968/113 (1968 I, p. 317).
The Fugitive Offenders (Gibraltar) Order 1967	S.I. 1967/1909 (1967 III, p. 5259).
The Fugitive Offenders (Hong Kong) Order 1967	S.I. 1967/1911 (1967 III, p. 5281).
The Fugitive Offenders (Montserrat) Order 1967	S.I. 1967/1913 (1967 III, p. 5303).
The Fugitive Offenders (St. Helena) Order 1968	S.I. 1968/184 (1968 I, p. 510).
The Fugitive Offenders (Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia) Order 1967	S.I. 1967/1916 (1967 III, p. 5336).
The Fugitive Offenders (Turks and Caicos Islands) Order 1968	S.I. 1968/185 (1968 I, p. 521).
The Fugitive Offenders (Virgin Islands) Order 1967	S.I. 1967/1915 (1967 III, p. 5325).

## PART 2

In subsection 19 (2) in the Schedule there shall be substituted for paragraph (c) the following paragraph—

“(c) in relation to the New Hebrides as references to the Resident Commissioner in the New Hebrides;”.

## SCHEDULE 2

Article 5 (2)

## PART 1

Title	Reference
The Fugitive Offenders (Gilbert Islands) Order 1975	S.I. 1975/1512 (1975 III, p. 5051).
The Fugitive Offenders (Pitcairn) Order 1968 as amended by	S.I. 1968/884 (1968 II, p. 2321).
The Fugitive Offenders (Pitcairn) (Amendment) Order 1973	S.I. 1973/761 (1973 I, p. 2421).
The Fugitive Offenders (Tuvalu) Order 1975	S.I. 1975/1508 (1975 III, p. 5030).

## PART 2

In subsection 19 (2) in the Schedule there shall be substituted for paragraph (b) the following paragraph—

“(b) in relation to the New Hebrides as references to the Resident Commissioner in the New Hebrides;”.

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order)*

This Order amends the Fugitive Offenders (New Hebrides) Order 1968 so as to transfer to the Resident Commissioner in the New Hebrides the functions of the High Commissioner for the Western Pacific under the Fugitive Offenders Act 1967 as extended to the New Hebrides. It also makes consequential amendments to those Orders extending the Act of 1967 to certain other overseas territories.

---

S T A T U T O R Y   I N S T R U M E N T S

---

1977 No. 56

COPYRIGHT

The Copyright (International Conventions)  
(Amendment) Order 1977

Made - - - - -	17th January 1977
Laid before Parliament	25th January 1977
Coming into Operation	23rd February 1977

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 17th day of January 1977.

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority conferred upon Her by sections 31, 32 and 47 of the Copyright Act 1956 (a) and of all other powers enabling Her in that behalf, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows —

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment) Order 1977, and shall come into operation on 23rd February 1977.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889 (b) shall apply to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2. The Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972 (c), as amended (d), shall be further amended by the inclusion in Schedule 1 (which names the countries of the Berne Copyright Union) of a reference to Surinam.

3. This Order shall extend to all the countries mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

N. E. LEIGH,  
*Clerk of the Privy Council.*

SCHEDULE

COUNTRIES TO WHICH THIS ORDER EXTENDS

Bermuda.	Gibraltar.
Belize.	Hong Kong.
British Virgin Islands.	Isle of Man.
Cayman Islands.	Montserrat.
Falkland Islands and Dependencies.	St. Helena and its Dependencies.

---

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Order)

This Order further amends the Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972. It takes account of the accession of the Republic of Surinam to the Berne Copyright Convention.

The Order extends to dependent countries of the Commonwealth to which the 1972 Order extends.

---

(a) 1956 c. 74.      (b) 1889 c. 63.      (c) S.I. 1972/673 (1972 I, p. 2172).  
(d) The amendments are not relevant to the subject matter of this Order.





# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

26 MAY 1977

No. 5

**Appointments**

Gavin McMillan, Clerk, Public Service, 3.3.77.

Leslie James Lee, Carpenter, Public Works Department, 21.4.77.

**Acting Appointment**

Rex Browning, Acting Deputy Chief Secretary, 5.5.77.

**Completion of Contract**

Michael David Reeve, Certificated Teacher, Education Department, 17.4.77.

**Resignation**

Donald Jaffray, Police Constable, Police and Prisons Department, 20.4.77.

**NOTICES**

No. 26. 18th April 1977.

The findings of the Cost of Living Committee for the quarter ended 31st March 1977, are published for general information —

<i>Quarter ended</i>	<i>Percentage increase over 1971 prices</i>
31st March 1977	137.91%

2. In accordance with the principle of the Wages Agreement for Stanley the average increase over the last four quarters is 121.74% and a further wage award of 2½ p per hour is therefore payable with effect from 1st April 1977.

Ref. INT/2/3.

No. 27. 19th April 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 13th April 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on Thursday, 14th April 1977.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 28.

22nd April 1977.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 17 of 12th June 1974 it is hereby notified that the Apprenticeship Board has been reconstituted as follows —

Chairman	... Mr. S. A. Booth
Ex-officio	... Superintendent of Education
Representatives of Employers	Superintendent of Works Manager, Cable & Wireless Ltd.
Representatives of Operatives	General Secretary, General Employees' Union Mr. W. E. Bowles

Ref. ESA/19/1.

No. 29.

27th April 1977.

**Silver Jubilee Celebrations Committee**

The following persons have been appointed members of a committee for the purpose of co-ordinating those celebrations of Her Majesty The Queen's Silver Jubilee, which are to take place in the Colony during 1977 —

The Honourable J. Smith	(Chairman)
Mr. E. F. Luxton	
Mrs. Velma Malcolm	
Mrs. Betty Miller	
The Reverend G. Smith	
Major J. N. Willoughby, R.M.	
vice Major R. A. Hooper, R.M.	

Ref. ROY/1/1.

No. 30.

28th April 1977.

**The Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977**

It is notified for general information that the above Order —

- (a) came into operation on 9th April 1977, for the purpose of Articles 60 (6), 88 and 91; and
- (b) shall come into operation on 9th June 1977, for all other purposes.

Ref. AIR/10/2.

No. 31. 27th April 1977.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs to the effect that Her Majesty will not be advised to exercise her power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Colony —

No.	Title	Ref.
1/76	Appropriation (1976/77) Ordinance 1976	TRE/14/9.
		Ref. LEG/10/42.

No. 32. 2nd May 1977.

The following telegrams exchanged between His Excellency the Governor and the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs are published for general information —

*From His Excellency the Governor to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs*

"I should be grateful if you would convey to Her

Majesty the Queen the loyal and heartfelt greetings of her subjects in the Falkland Islands and Dependencies on the occasion of Her Majesty's birthday, and with humble duty I ask Her Majesty to accept our most respectful good wishes."

*From the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs to His Excellency the Governor*

"Your telegram has been laid before the Queen. I am commanded to convey Her Majesty's sincere appreciation and thanks to you and to all who associated themselves with your message of loyal greetings on the occasion of Her Majesty's birthday."

Ref. INT/21/6.

No. 33. 11th May 1977.

**Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) Order 1975**

(Under section 12A of the Dogs Ordinance, Cap. 21)

The Governor has appointed the following person to be an Inspector for the purposes of this Order —

Mr. C. E. Molkenbuhr — Port Howard

Ref. AGR/7/16.

# PROCLAMATION

No. 1 of 1977

Made under section 24 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council)  
Orders in Council, 1948 to 1976.

IN THE NAME OF Her Majesty ELIZABETH II, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories Queen, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith.

J. R. W. PARKER

LS

*By His Excellency JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by subsection (1) of section 24 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders in Council, 1948 to 1976, it is provided that the sittings of the Council shall be held at such times and places as the Governor shall from time to time appoint by Proclamation:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, in exercise of the powers vested in me aforesaid, do by this Proclamation appoint Tuesday, the 14th day of June 1977 at 10.00 a.m. at the Court and Council Chambers, Stanley, to be the time and place for a sitting of the Legislative Council of the Colony.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 23rd day of May in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

Ref. LEC/35/1.

## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 13th day of April 1977 for the purpose of visiting West Falkland:

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 13th day of April 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal  
of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at  
Government House, Stanley, this 13th day  
of April in the year of Our Lord One  
thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

## A Bill for An Ordinance

Title. **Further to amend the Pensions Ordinance 1965.**

Enacting clause. **BE IT ENACTED** by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title. **1.** This Ordinance may be cited as the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977, and shall be deemed to have come into force on 1st January 1974, except that Section 2 (A) thereof shall be deemed to have come into force on 1st April 1972.

Amendment of section 2 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1965.

**2.** Section 2 (1) of the Pensions Ordinance 1965 is amended —

(A) by substituting a colon for the full stop at the end of the definition "Inducement Allowance" and adding the following — "Provided that in respect of the period from 1st April 1972 to 31st December 1973 it means the inducement allowance referred to in paragraph 5 of the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreements 1971 and 1972;";

(B) by substituting the following for the definition of "PENSIONABLE EMOLUMENTS" —

"PENSIONABLE EMOLUMENTS"

(a) in respect of public service of non-designated officers under the Government of the Colony include —

- (i) salary;
- (ii) personal allowances; and
- (iii) overseas allowance;

but do not include any other emoluments or allowances whatever;



- (b) in respect of public service of designated officers under the Government of the Colony include —
  - (i) equivalent United Kingdom salary; and
  - (ii) inducement element;
 but do not include any other emoluments or allowances whatever;
- (c) in respect of other public service means emoluments which count for pension in accordance with the law or regulations in force in such service";
- (c) by inserting in their proper alphabetical positions, the following new definitions —
  - "DESIGNATED OFFICER" means a pensionable officer designated as such in pursuance of the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreement 1961 or the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreements 1971 and 1972, or any agreement specified by the Governor with the consent of the Secretary of State for the purpose of this definition.
  - "EQUIVALENT UNITED KINGDOM SALARY" means the notional United Kingdom salary taken into account in calculating the salary supplement of a designated officer, as notified to the Government of the Colony by the Government of the United Kingdom.
  - "INDUCEMENT ELEMENT" means the inducement element taken into account in calculating the salary supplement of a designated officer as notified to the Government of the Colony by the Government of the United Kingdom.
  - "NON-DESIGNATED OFFICER" means a pensionable officer not designated in pursuance of the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreement 1961 or the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreements 1971 and 1972, or any agreement specified by the Governor with the consent of the Secretary of State for the purpose of the definition of "DESIGNATED OFFICER".
  - "SALARY SUPPLEMENT" means the supplement paid to a designated officer by administrative arrangements for the period from 1st January 1974 to 30th March 1976 and thereafter in pursuance of the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) (Continuance) Agreement 1971/1976."

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

To include inducement allowance payable under the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreements 1971 and 1972 as a pensionable emolument under the terms of the Pensions Ordinance, and changes arising from the inception of the system of United Kingdom Related Pensionable Emoluments with effect from 1st January 1974.

Ref. TRE/10/3.

## A Bill for An Ordinance

Title.

### Further to amend the Old Age Pensions Ordinance 1952.

Enacting clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the  
Falkland Islands, as follows—

Short title and commence-  
ment.

1. (1) This Ordinance may be cited as the Old Age Pensions  
(Amendment) Ordinance 1977.

(2) The provisions of Sections 2 and 3 of this Ordinance shall  
come into operation on the 4th day of July 1977 and the provisions of  
Section 4 of this Ordinance shall come into operation on the 27th  
day of June 1977.

Amendment of Section 6.

2. Section 6 of the Old Age Pensions Ordinance 1952 (herein-  
after referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended in subsection  
(2) by —

- (i) deleting in paragraph (a) "62p" and substituting "72p";
- (ii) deleting in paragraph (b) "92p" and substituting "£1.08";  
and
- (iii) deleting in paragraph (c) "£1.54" and substituting "£1.80".

Amendment of Section 6A.

3. Section 6A of the principal Ordinance is amended in sub-  
section (2) by deleting "£1.54" and substituting "£1.80".

Amendment of Schedule.

4. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended by  
deleting "£9.00", "£6.00", "£6.00" and "£6.00" and substituting  
"£10.50", "£7.00", "£7.00" and "£7.00" respectively.

---

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

To increase contributions —

- (a) by employed male and female contributors from 62p to 72p per week;
- (b) by employers of male and female employees from 92p to £1.08 per  
week; and
- (c) by self-employed male and female contributors from £1.54 to £1.80  
per week.

To increase pensions —

- (a) for married men from £9.00 to £10.50 per week; and
- (b) for unmarried persons from £6.00 to £7.00 per week.

Ref. TRE/2/1.

A Bill for  
An Ordinance  
Further to amend the Non-contributory  
Old Age Pensions Ordinance 1961.

Title.

(4th July 1977)

Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Non-contributory Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977 and shall come into operation on the 4th day of July 1977.

Short title and commencement.

2. Section 4 of the Non-contributory Old Age Pensions Ordinance 1961 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by —

Amendment of Section 4.

- (i) deleting in paragraph (b) "£500" and substituting "£650";
- (ii) deleting in paragraph (c) "£300" and substituting "£400"; and
- (iii) deleting in paragraph (d) "£300" and substituting "£400".

3. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended by deleting "£6.00", "£4.00" and "£4.00" and substituting the following respectively —

Amendment of Schedule.  
(7 of 1961)

"£8.50", "£6.00" and "£6.00".

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

The objects of this Bill are —

- (a) to increase the maximum statutory income for the receipt of a pension —
  - (i) married man from £500 to £650;
  - (ii) single person from £300 to £400; and
- (b) to increase pensions —
  - (i) for a married man from £6 to £8.50 per week;
  - (ii) for a single person from £4 to £6 per week.

Ref. TRE/2/2.

## A Bill for An Ordinance

Title.                    To provide for the payment of allowances to Unofficial Members of the Executive Council and to make provision for matters incidental thereto.

Date of commencement.                    (                    19                    )

Enacting clause.                    BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows—

Short title and commencement.                    1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977, and shall come into operation on the day of                    1977.

Interpretation.                    2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —  
“Council” means the Executive Council of the Colony;  
“member” means an unofficial member of the Council.

Allowances of members.                    3. Members shall be paid, from money provided by the Legislative Council, allowances in respect of their services as members at such rates as the Governor in Council may from time to time by order authorize.

Decision of Presiding Officer.                    4. If any question arises as to whether any member is or is not entitled to any payment under the provisions of this Ordinance or of any order made thereunder, the decision on such question of the President of the Council, or of any person entitled to preside over the Council, shall be final and shall not be questioned save in the Council.

Prohibition against double allowances.                    5. Not more than one allowance, whether under this Ordinance or under the Legislative Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977, shall be payable to any one member.

---

### OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill provides for the payment of allowances to unofficial members of the Executive Council in respect of their services as members.

Ref. EXC/10/1.

A Bill for  
An Ordinance

To provide for the payment of allowances  
to Unofficial Members of the Legislative Council,  
to empower the Governor in Council to make  
declarations that membership of certain bodies  
shall not be an office of emolument under the  
Crown and to make provision for matters inci-  
dental thereto.

Title.

( 19 )

Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the  
Falkland Islands, as follows—

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council  
(Allowances) Ordinance 1977, and shall come into operation on the  
day of 1977.

Short title and commence-  
ment.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —  
“Council” means the Legislative Council of the Colony;  
“member” means an unofficial member of the Council.

Interpretation.

3. Members shall be paid, from money provided for the  
purpose by the Council, allowances in respect of their services as  
members at such rates as the Governor in Council may from time to  
time by order authorize.

Allowances of members.

4. The Governor in Council may, by order in the Gazette,  
declare, either generally or in relation to any person named in such  
order, that membership of any council, commission, board, committee  
or other body named in such order shall not be an office of emolument  
under the Crown.

Declarations in respect of  
certain bodies.

5. If any question arises as to whether any member is or is  
not entitled to any payment under the provisions of this Ordinance  
or of any order made thereunder, the decision on such question of the  
President of the Council, or of any person entitled to preside over  
the Council, shall be final and shall not be questioned save in the  
Council.

Decision of Presiding  
Officer.

6. Not more than one allowance, whether under this Ordin-  
ance or the Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance, 1977, shall be  
payable to any one member.

Prohibition against double  
allowances.

OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill makes provision for the payment of allowances to unofficial  
members of the Legislative Council in respect of their services as members  
and empowers the Governor in Council to declare that membership of certain  
bodies shall not be regarded as an office of emolument under the Crown.

Ref. LEC/10/2.

A Bill for  
An Ordinance  
Further to amend the Income Tax  
Ordinance.

Title.

Date of commencement.

(1st January 1977)

Enacting clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the  
Falkland Islands, as follows—

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax  
(Amendment) Ordinance 1977.

Cap. 32.

(2) The amendment to the Income Tax Ordinance made by  
section 2 shall apply in relation to all assessments made in respect of  
the year of assessment commencing on the 1st day of January 1978  
and subsequent years of assessment.

Amendment of section 8.

2. Section 8 of the Income Tax Ordinance is amended —

- (a) in paragraph (m) by deleting the full stop and substituting a semi-colon; and
- (b) by inserting after paragraph (m) the following new paragraph —  

“(n) any allowance paid to any unofficial member of the Executive or Legislative Councils under the provisions of the Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977 or the Legislative Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977 in respect of services as a member of council.”.

---

OBJECTS AND REASONS

The object of this Bill is to exempt unofficial members of the Executive and Legislative Councils from the payment of income tax on any allowance payable to them in respect of their services as members of councils.

Ref. INC/10/5.

# Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance

## Arrangement of Clauses

### PART I

#### SHORT TITLE AND APPLICATION

Clause		Page
1.	Short title ... ..	1.
2.	Application ... ..	1.

### PART II

#### INTERPRETATION OF WORDS AND EXPRESSIONS

3.	Interpretation of words and expressions ... ..	2.
4.	Definitions of "Commonwealth" and "British Territory" ... ..	8.
5.	Grammatical variations and cognate expressions ... ..	9.
6.	References to Government property ... ..	9.
7.	Provisions for gender and number ... ..	9.
8.	Service by post ... ..	9.

### PART III

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO ORDINANCES

9.	Ordinance to be public Ordinance ... ..	9.
10.	Sections and schedules ... ..	9.
11.	Citation of Ordinance ... ..	9.
12.	Government Publications ... ..	10.
13.	Collective citation ... ..	10.
14.	Reference to Ordinance as amended ... ..	10.
15.	Citation of part of Ordinance ... ..	10.
16.	Construction of reference to Ordinance, section, etc. ... ..	10.
17.	Marginal notes ... ..	10.
18.	General principles of interpretation ... ..	11.
19.	Inspection of Ordinances ... ..	11.

### PART IV

#### COMMENCEMENT, DISALLOWANCE, AMENDMENT AND REPEAL

20.	Commencement of Ordinance ... ..	11.
21.	Disallowance ... ..	11.
22.	Ordinance and amending Ordinance to be read as one ... ..	11.
23.	Effect of repeal generally ... ..	11.
24.	Repealed Ordinance not revived ... ..	12.
25.	Repeal and substitution ... ..	12.
26.	Repeal of amended Ordinance to include amendments ... ..	12.
27.	Effect of expiry of Ordinance ... ..	12.

### PART V

#### SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

28.	General provision with regard to power to make subsidiary legislation	12.
29.	Fees and charges ... ..	13.
30.	Effect of subsidiary legislation ... ..	13.
31.	Construction of subsidiary legislation ... ..	13.
32.	Exercise of statutory powers between enactment and commencement of Ordinance	13.
33.	Acts done under subsidiary legislation deemed done under Ordinance	13.



Clause		Page
34.	Placing of rules, regulations and by-laws before Legislative Council	14.
35.	Approval of Legislative Council to subsidiary legislation ... ..	14.
36.	Effect of repeal on subsidiary legislation ... ..	14.
37.	Forms ... ..	14.

## PART VI

### POWERS

38.	Presumption of lawful exercise of power ... ..	14.
39.	Exercise of powers ... ..	15.
40.	Construction of enabling words ... ..	15.
41.	Power to issue licences, etc., discretionary ... ..	15.
42.	Power to appoint includes power to suspend, dismiss, re-appoint, etc.	15.
43.	Delegation by specified public officers ... ..	16.
44.	Effect of delegation of powers and duties ... ..	16.
45.	Exercise of powers in special cases ... ..	17.
46.	Power to make public instruments and perform acts ... ..	17.
47.	Power to relate back appointment ... ..	17.

## PART VII

### BOARDS AND COMMITTEES

48.	Power to appoint chairman ... ..	17.
49.	Power to appoint public officer to board, etc. ... ..	17.
50.	Appointment of alternates ... ..	17.
51.	Powers of board, etc., not affected by vacancy ... ..	18.
52.	Power of majority and exercise of powers ... ..	18.
53.	Seal ... ..	18.

## PART VIII

### PUBLIC OFFICERS AND PUBLIC CONTRACTS

54.	References to public officer ... ..	18.
55.	Power to transfer functions of public officers ... ..	18.
56.	Change of title of office ... ..	19.
57.	Appointment of officers by name or office ... ..	19.
58.	Filling vacancy ... ..	19.
59.	Power to appoint while holder on retirement leave ... ..	19.
60.	Contracts by public officer ... ..	20.
61.	Effect of past contracts by public officer ... ..	20.
62.	Omission of title after signature of public officer immaterial ... ..	20.

## PART IX

### CROWN, GOVERNOR AND GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL

63.	Signification of orders of Governor and Governor in Council	20.
64.	Delegation by Governor ... ..	20.
65.	Appeals and objections to Governor in Council ... ..	21.
66.	References to the Sovereign ... ..	21.
67.	Saving of rights of Crown ... ..	21.

## PART X

### TIME AND DISTANCE

68.	Time ... ..	21.
69.	References to "am" and "pm" ... ..	21.

Clause		Page
70.	Provision where no time prescribed ... ..	21.
71.	Computation of time ... ..	21.
72.	Power to extend time ... ..	22.
73.	Public Holidays ... ..	22.
74.	Distance ... ..	22.
75.	Warrants, etc., valid on public holiday ... ..	22.

## PART XI

### IMPERIAL ENACTMENTS

76.	Modifications ... ..	22.
77.	Citation of imperial enactments ... ..	22.
78.	Construction of references to imperial enactments ... ..	22.
79.	References to subsidiary legislation under Imperial Acts ... ..	22.
80.	Construction of imperial enactments ... ..	22.
81.	Copies of imperial enactments ... ..	23.

## PART XII

### FEES, PENALTIES, OFFENCES AND PROCEEDINGS

82.	Attempts to commit offences ... ..	23.
83.	Reference to an offence to include attempts, etc. ... ..	23.
84.	Acts constituting two or more offences ... ..	23.
85.	Liability of directors, etc. ... ..	23.
86.	Imposition of penalty not to bar civil action ... ..	23.
87.	Penalties prescribed to be deemed maximum penalties ... ..	24.
88.	Statement of penalty at end of section ... ..	24.
89.	Certain penalties may be cumulative ... ..	24.
90.	Trial of offences ... ..	24.
91.	Punishment of misdemeanour ... ..	24.
92.	Evidence of signature or fiat, etc. ... ..	24.
93.	Prosecution of offences ... ..	25.
94.	Amendment of penalty ... ..	25.
95.	Disposal of fines and penalties ... ..	25.
96.	Disposal of forfeits ... ..	25.
97.	Award of compensation ... ..	25.
98.	Reduction, etc., of fees and charges ... ..	25.
99.	Collection of fees ... ..	25.

## PART XIII

### MISCELLANEOUS

100.	Copies of Ordinances, etc., in Gazette ... ..	26.
101.	Rectification of errors ... ..	26.
102.	Performance of acts for which payments required ... ..	26.
103.	Declaration of Town ... ..	26.
104.	Division of Colony into Districts ... ..	27.
105.	Authority to print copies ... ..	27.
106.	Repeal of Interpretation and General Law Ordinance ... ..	27.

## A Bill for An Ordinance

Title.

To consolidate and amend the law relating to the construction, application and interpretation of laws, to make general provisions with regard thereto, to define terms and expressions used in laws and public documents, to make general provision with regard to public officers, public contracts and civil and criminal proceedings and for purposes and for matters incidental thereto or connected therewith.

Date of commencement.

( 19 )

Enacting clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

### PART I

#### SHORT TITLE AND APPLICATION

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance.

Application.

2. (1) Save where the contrary intention appears either from this Ordinance or from the context of any other Ordinance or instrument, the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to this Ordinance and to any other Ordinance in force, whether such other Ordinance came or comes into operation before or after the commencement of this Ordinance, and to any instrument made or issued under or by virtue of any such Ordinance.

(2) This Ordinance shall be binding on the Crown.

## PART II

## INTERPRETATION OF WORDS AND EXPRESSIONS

3. "act", when used with references to an offence or civil wrong, includes a series of acts, an illegal omission and a series of illegal omissions; Interpretation of words and expressions.
- "Act" and "Statute" mean an Act or Statute of Parliament;
- "adult" means a person who has attained the age of eighteen years;
- "aircraft" means any machine that can derive support in the atmosphere from the reactions of the air;
- "alien" means any person who is not a British subject, a British protected person or a citizen of the Republic of Ireland;
- "amend" means repeal, revoke, cancel, add to or vary and the doing of all or any of such things simultaneously or by the same Ordinance or instrument;
- "arrestable offence" means an offence for which the sentence is fixed by law or for which a person may under or by virtue of any law be sentenced to imprisonment for a term exceeding twelve months, and an attempt to commit any such offence;
- "Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the Falkland Islands;
- "British subject" means a person who is a British subject by virtue of any provision of the British Nationality Act 1948; (1948 c. 56)
- "Christian name" means any name prefixed or suffixed to a surname, whether received in Christian baptism or otherwise;
- "Clerk of Councils" means the Clerk to the Executive Council and the Legislative Council and any person appointed by the Governor to be Deputy Clerk of Councils;
- "coin" means gold, silver, bronze, cupro-nickel or other coin in use as legal currency in the Falkland Islands;
- "The Colony" means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and shall be deemed to include the territorial waters thereof;
- "Colonial waters" include territorial waters;
- "Chief Secretary" means the Chief Secretary of the Falkland Islands and the Deputy Chief Secretary;
- "commencement", when used with reference to any Ordinance, means the date on which the Ordinance came or comes into operation;
- "committed for trial", when used in relation to any person, means —
- (a) committed to prison with a view to his being tried before the Supreme Court; or
  - (b) admitted to bail upon recognizance to appear and stand his trial before the Supreme Court;
- "common law" means the common law of England;
- "consul" and "consular officer" mean any person, including the head of a consular post, recognized by the competent authority of the receiving state as entrusted in that capacity with the exercise of consular functions;

"contravene" in relation to any requirement or condition prescribed in any Ordinance or in any grant, permit, licence, lease or authority granted under or by virtue of any Ordinance includes a failure to comply with that requirement or condition;

"court" means any court of the Colony of competent jurisdiction;

"Crown Agents" means the persons or body for the time being acting as Crown Agents for Oversea Governments and Administrations;

"Crown lease" means any lease granted by the Crown, any instrument whereby the term of a Crown lease may have been extended or the provisions thereof varied and any agreement for a Crown lease;

"daily penalty" means a penalty for each day on which the offence is continued after conviction therefor;

"definition" means the interpretation given by an Ordinance to any word or expression;

"The Dependencies" mean the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, and shall be deemed to include the territorial waters thereof;

"document" means any publication and any matter written, expressed or described upon any substance by means of letters, characters, figures or marks, or by more than one of these means;

"Dues" means rates, taxes and duties;

"Estate" means any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon property;

"Executive Council" means the Executive Council of the Falkland Islands;

"export" means to take out or cause to be taken out of the Colony by air, land or water;

"Financial Secretary" means the Financial Secretary of the Falkland Islands and the Deputy Financial Secretary;

"financial year" means the period from the 1st day of July in any year to the 30th day of June in the immediately succeeding year, both days inclusive;

"folio" means seventy-two words;

"Gazette" means —

- (a) the Falkland Islands Government Gazette and any supplement thereto; and
- (b) any Special Gazette or Gazette Extraordinary;

"Gazetted" means published in the Gazette;

"Government" means the Government of the Falkland Islands;

"Government Notice" or "General Notice" means an announcement not of a legislative character made by or with the authority of the Governor in the Gazette;

"Government Printer" means the Government Printer of the Falkland Islands and any other printer authorized by or on behalf of the Governor to print the Gazette, any Ordinance or any other document of the Government;

"Governor" means —

- (a) the Governor of the Falkland Islands;
- (b) the Acting Governor;
- (c) to the extent to which a deputy to the Governor is authorized to perform on behalf of the Governor any functions of the Governor, the Deputy to the Governor; and
- (d) the officer for the time being administering the Government of the Colony;

"Governor in Council", "Governor in Executive Council" and "Governor with the advice of the Executive Council" mean the Governor acting after consultation with the Executive Council in accordance with Royal Instructions but not necessarily in such Council assembled nor necessarily in accordance with such advice;

"Harbour" means any port declared a harbour by the Governor in Council;

"health officer" means —

- (a) the Senior Medical Officer;
- (b) any person appointed as a health officer by the Governor; and
- (c) any person for the time being performing the duties of a health officer under any Ordinance;

"immovable property" means —

- (a) land, whether covered by water or not;
- (b) any estate, right, interest or easement in or over any land; and
- (c) things attached to land or permanently fastened to anything attached to land;

"imperial enactment" means —

- (a) any Act;
- (b) any Order in Council;
- (c) any Letters Patent or Royal Instructions; and
- (d) any rule, regulation, proclamation, order, notice, rule of court, by-law, or other instrument made under or by virtue of any Act, Order in Council, Letters Patent or Royal Instructions;

"import" means to bring or cause to be brought into the Colony by air, land or water;

"infant" and "minor" mean a person who has not attained the age of eighteen years;

"instrument" includes any publication in the Gazette having legal effect;

"judge" means the person nominated or any judge appointed by the Governor under section 8 of the Administration of Justice Ordinance; Cap. 3.

"justice" and "justice of the peace" mean a person appointed to be a justice of the peace for the Colony either by the Governor or by or under any Ordinance;

"land" means land and any messuages, houses, building or other constructions standing thereon;

"law" means any law for the time being in force in, having legislative effect in, extending to, or applicable in, the Colony;

Cap. 3.

"Legislative Council" means the Legislative Council of the Falkland Islands;

"Magistrate" means a person appointed by the Governor to be a Magistrate for the Colony;

"master", when used with reference to a vessel, means the person (except a pilot) having for the time being command or charge of the vessel;

Cap. 45.

"medical practitioner", "registered medical practitioner" and any words importing that a person is recognized by any Ordinance to be a medical practitioner in the Falkland Islands or a member of the medical profession in the Falkland Islands, mean a person duly registered as, or deemed to be registered as, a medical practitioner under the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance;

"month" means calendar month;

"movable property" means property of every description except immovable property;

"oath" and "affidavit" include, in the case of persons allowed or required by law to affirm instead of swearing, affirmation; and "swear" in the like case includes affirm;

"occupy" includes use, inhabit, be in possession of or enjoy the land or premises to which the word relates, otherwise than as a mere servant or for the mere purpose of the care, custody or charge thereof;

"occupier" means any person who uses, inhabits, possesses, or enjoys the premises in respect of which that word is used otherwise than as a servant or caretaker;

"offence" includes any crime, treason, felony or misdemeanour and any contravention or other breach of, or failure to comply with, any provision of any Ordinance, for which a penalty is provided;

"or", "other" and "otherwise" shall be construed disjunctively and not as implying similarity, unless the word "similar" or some other word of like meaning is added;

"Order in Council" means an order made by Her Majesty in Her Privy Council;

"Ordinance" and "enactment" mean —

(a) any Ordinance enacted by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council; and

(b) any subsidiary legislation made under any such Ordinance or proclamation;

"Owner" means a person receiving the rent of the property in respect of which that word is used either on his own account, or as trustee, agent, or manager, or who would receive the same if such property were let to a tenant;

"Parliament" and "Imperial Parliament" mean the Parliament of England, the Parliament of Great Britain and the Parliament of the United Kingdom;

"per cent", when used in relation to a rate of interest payable in any circumstances, means the rate of interest specified payable in respect of a year, unless it is expressly provided that it is payable in respect of any other period;



"person" includes any public body and any body of persons, corporate or unincorporate, and this definition shall apply notwithstanding that the word "person" occurs in a provision creating or relating to an offence or for the recovery of any fine or compensation;

"personal name" means the names other than a surname which a person most commonly adopts in conjunction with his surname or, in the case of a person having no surname, the names which he commonly adopts;

"pier" includes every quay, wharf or jetty of whatever description connected to and having direct access to the shore and used or intended to be used for the purposes of a pier, quay, wharf or jetty;

"police officer" and terms or expression referring to ranks in the Falkland Islands Police Force shall bear the meanings respectively assigned to them by the Police Ordinance;

"power" includes any privilege, authority and discretion;

"prescribed" and "provided", when used in or with reference to any Ordinance, mean prescribed or provided by that Ordinance or by subsidiary legislation made under that Ordinance;

"prison" means any place or building or portion of a building set apart for the purpose of a prison under any Ordinance relating to prisons;

"Privy Council" means the Lords and others for the time being of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council;

"Proclamation" means a proclamation of the Governor under the Public Seal;

"property" includes —

- (a) money, goods, choses in action and land; and
- (b) obligations, easements and every description of estate, interest and profit, present or future, vested or contingent, arising out of or incident to property as defined in paragraph (a) of this definition;

"public" includes any class of the public;

"publication" means —

- (a) all written and printed matter;
- (b) any record, tape, wire, perforated roll, cinematograph film or other contrivance by means of which any words or ideas may be mechanically, electronically or electrically produced, reproduced, represented or conveyed;
- (c) anything whether of a similar nature to the foregoing or not, containing any visible representation, or by its form, shape, or in any manner, capable of producing, reproducing, representing or conveying words or ideas; and
- (d) every copy and reproduction of any publication as defined in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this definition;

"public body" includes —

- (a) the Executive Council;
- (b) the Legislative Council;
- (c) any department of the Government; and
- (d) any undertaking by or of the Government;

“public holiday” and “general holiday” mean any day which is appointed to be a general holiday under the provision of section 73;

“public office” means any office or employment the holding or discharging of which by a person would constitute that person a public officer;

“public officer” and “public servant” mean any person holding an office of emolument under the Crown in right of the Government of the Falkland Islands, whether such office be permanent or temporary;

“public place” means —

- (a) any public street or pier, or any public garden; and
- (b) any theatre, place of public entertainment of any kind, or other place of general resort, admission to which is obtained by payment or to which the public have or are permitted to have access;

“public seal” means the public seal of the Falkland Islands;

“registered”, when used with reference to a document, means registered under the provisions of any law applicable to the registration of such document;

“Registrar” means the Registrar of the Supreme Court;

“repeal” includes rescind, revoke, cancel or replace;

“rules of court”, when used in relation to any court, means rules made by the authority having for the time being power to make rules and orders regulating the practice and procedure of such court;

“Secretary of State” means one of Her Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State for the time being;

“sell” includes exchange and barter;

“ship” includes every description of vessel used in navigation not exclusively propelled by oars;

“sign” includes, in the case of a person unable to write, the affixing or marking of a seal, mark or thumbprint;

“Stanley” means the area defined in the Stanley Rates Ordinance;

“standard time” means standard time as defined in section 68;

“statutory declaration”, if made —

- (a) in the Colony, means a declaration under the Statutory Declaration Act 1835;
- (b) in any part of the Commonwealth except the Colony, means a declaration made before a justice of the peace, notary public, or other person having authority therein under any legal provision for the time being in force in such part to take or receive a declaration;
- (c) in any other place, means a declaration before a British consul or person having authority under any Act for the time being in force to take or receive a declaration;

“street” and “road” mean —

- (a) any highway, street, road, bridge, thoroughfare, parade, square, court, alley, lane, bridle-way, footway, passage, tunnel; and

- (b) any open place, whether situate on land leased from the Crown or not, used or frequented by the public or to which the public have or are permitted to have access;

"Suburban land" or "suburbs" means (1) land outside Stanley bounded on the north by the Murrel River and Port William, on the south and east by Port Harriet and the sea and on the west by a line drawn from a point on the Murrel River commonly known as "Furze Bush" to the summit of Mount Harriet and thence along the eastern boundary of No. 1 section to the west of Port Harriet, and (2) land outside the limit or boundary of any place declared to be a town but not more than six miles from the centre of such town;

"subsidiary legislation" and "regulations" mean any proclamation, rule, regulation, order, resolution, notice, rule of court, by-law or other instrument made under or by virtue of any Ordinance and having legislative effect;

"summary conviction" means a summary conviction by a magistrate in accordance with the provisions of the Administration of Justice Ordinance;

Cap. 3.

"Supreme Court" means the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands;

"territorial waters" means such part of the sea adjacent to the coast of the Colony as is deemed by international law to constitute the territorial waters of the Falkland Islands;

"Town" means land within the limits of any place declared to be a Town under section 103 of this Ordinance;

"treaty" means a treaty, convention or agreement made with a foreign state, and any protocol or declaration attached thereto or independent thereof but referring thereto;

"triable summarily" means triable by a magistrate, in accordance with the provisions of the Administration of Justice Ordinance;

Cap. 3.

"United Kingdom" means the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

"vessel" means any ship or boat and any description of vessel used in navigation;

"waters of the Colony" and "Colonial waters" mean —

- (a) all waters, whether navigable or not, included in the Colony; and
- (b) territorial waters;

"will" includes any testamentary instrument;

"words" includes figures and symbols;

"writing" and "printing" include writing, printing, lithography, photography, typewriting and any other mode of representing words in a visible form;

"year" means a year according to the Gregorian calendar;

"years of age" and words of a like meaning, when used with reference to the age of any person, mean years of age according to the English reckoning of ages.

4. (1) "Commonwealth" means collectively —
  - (a) the United Kingdom;

Definitions of "Commonwealth" and "British" territory.

- (b) any British territory; and
- (c) any other state or territory which may be specified by the Governor in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3).

(2) "British territory" and "British possession" mean any state or territory which may be specified by the Governor in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3).

(3) The Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, order that any state or territory shall be a state or territory specified for the purposes of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) or of subsection (2).

Grammatical variations  
and cognate expressions.

5. Where any word or expression is defined in any Ordinance, such definition shall extend to the grammatical variations and cognate expressions of such word or expression.

References to Government  
property.

6. Where reference is made in any Ordinance to property and the expressions used in relation thereto imply that such property is owned by, or belongs to, the Government, or convey a similar meaning, such reference shall be deemed to refer to such of the property of the Crown of the description mentioned as has been appropriated to the use of the Government.

Provisions for gender  
and number.

7. (1) Words and expressions importing the masculine gender include the female.

(2) Words and expressions in the singular include the plural and words and expressions in the plural include the singular.

Service by post.

8. Where any Ordinance authorizes or requires any documents to be served or any notice to be given by post or by registered post, whether the expression "serve" or "give" or "send" or any other expression is used, the service or notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, pre-paying the postage thereon and dispatching it by post or by registered post, as the case may be, to the last known postal address of the person to be served or given notice, and, unless the contrary is proved, such service or notice shall be deemed to have been effected at the time at which the document or notice would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

### PART III

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO ORDINANCES

Ordinance to be public  
Ordinance.

9. Every Ordinance shall be a public Ordinance and shall be judicially noticed as such.

Sections and schedules.

10. (1) Every section of an Ordinance shall have effect as a substantive enactment without introductory words.

(2) Every schedule to or table in any Ordinance and any notes to such schedule or table shall be construed and have effect as part of such Ordinance.

Citation of Ordinance.

11. (1) Where any Ordinance is referred to, it shall be sufficient for all purposes to cite such Ordinance by —

- (a) the title, short title or citation thereof;
- (b) its number among the Ordinances of the year in which it was enacted; or
- (c) by any chapter number lawfully given to it under the authority of any Ordinance providing for the issue of a revised or other edition of the laws of the Falkland Islands.

(2) Any reference made to any Ordinance, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1), may be made according to the title, short title, citation, number or chapter number used in copies of Ordinances printed by the Government Printer.

12. The printing by the Government Printer of any duly enacted Ordinance, or of any official document countersigned by the Chief Secretary or by any person duly authorized by the Governor, shall be a sufficient publication and promulgation thereof.

Government publications.

13. (1) Where it is provided that any Ordinance may, as to the whole or any part thereof, be cited with any other Ordinance or with any group of Ordinances, all such Ordinances shall be read and construed together, and any such group shall be construed as including such first mentioned Ordinance.

Collective citation.

(2) Where it is provided that two or more Ordinances may together be cited by a collective short title or citation containing therein the years of the first and last of such Ordinances, such short title or citation shall be construed to include all the Ordinances covered by the same, or any of them.

14. (1) Where in any Ordinance a reference is made to another Ordinance, such reference shall be deemed to include a reference to such last mentioned Ordinance as the same may from time to time be amended.

Reference to Ordinance as amended.

(2) Where any Ordinance repeals and re-enacts, with or without modification, any provision of a former Ordinance, references in any other Ordinance to the provision so repealed shall be construed as references to the provision so re-enacted.

15. In any Ordinance a description or citation of a portion of an Ordinance shall be construed as including the word, section or other part mentioned or referred to as forming the beginning and as forming the end of the portion comprised in the description or citation.

Citation of part of Ordinance.

16. (1) Any reference in any Ordinance to "any Ordinance" or to "any enactment" shall be construed as a reference to any Ordinance for the time being in force.

Construction of reference to Ordinance, section, etc.

(2) Where in any Ordinance there is a reference to a section, Part, Chapter or schedule by number or letter only, and not in conjunction with the title or short title of any other Ordinance, such reference shall be construed as a reference to the section, Part, Chapter, or schedule of that number or letter contained in the Ordinance in which such reference occurs.

(3) Where in any section of any Ordinance there is a reference to a subsection, paragraph, sub-paragraph or other division by number or letter only, and not in conjunction with the number of any section of that or of any other Ordinance, such reference shall be construed as a reference to the subsection, paragraph, sub-paragraph or other division of that number or letter contained in the section in which such reference occurs.

(4) The provisions of subsections (2) and (3) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to subsidiary legislation.

(5) Any reference to an Ordinance in any Ordinance shall include a reference to any subsidiary legislation made under the Ordinance to which reference is made.

17. (1) Where any section, subsection or paragraph of any Ordinance is taken verbatim from, or is substantially similar to, a section, subsection or paragraph of any imperial enactment, there may be added to the marginal note of the section, subsection or paragraph of the Ordinance a reference, in abbreviated form, to such section, subsection or paragraph of the imperial enactment.

Marginal notes.

(2) A reference added under subsection (1) shall not have any legislative effect and shall not in any way vary, limit or extend the interpretation of any Ordinance.

(3) A marginal note to any provision of any Ordinance shall not have any legislative effect and shall not in any way vary, limit or extend the interpretation of any Ordinance.

General principles of interpretation.

18. An Ordinance shall be deemed to be remedial and shall receive such fair, large and liberal construction and interpretation as will best ensure the attainment of the object of the Ordinance according to its true intent, meaning and spirit.

Inspection of Ordinances.

19. A copy of any Ordinance shall be available for inspection during office hours at any place appointed by the Governor.

#### PART IV

##### COMMENCEMENT, DISALLOWANCE, AMENDMENT AND REPEAL

Commencement of Ordinance.

20. Every Ordinance shall —

- (a) be published in the Gazette; and
- (b) come into operation on the expiration of the day next preceding the day of such publication or, if it is provided in the Ordinance or in some other law that such Ordinance shall come into operation on some other day, then it shall come into operation on the expiration of the day next preceding such other day.

Disallowance.

21. (1) Where any Ordinance is disallowed by Her Majesty, such disallowance shall be notified by the Governor by notice in the Gazette; and from and after the date of publication of such notice the Ordinance shall cease to have effect.

(2) Where notice of disallowance of any Ordinance is notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1), the provisions of section 23 shall apply in respect of such disallowance as if the words "disallowance" and "disallowed" were substituted therein for the words "repeal" and "repealed" respectively.

(3) Any Ordinance repealed or amended by any Ordinance disallowed shall revive and continue in force in its original form with effect from the date of publication of the notice referred to in subsection (1).

Ordinance and amending Ordinance to be read as one.

22. Any Ordinance which amends any other Ordinance shall be read and construed as one with the amended Ordinance, and the amended Ordinance may, in the amending Ordinance, be referred to as the "principal Ordinance", "principal regulations" or as the case may be.

Effect of repeal generally.

23. Where an Ordinance repeals in whole or in part any other Ordinance, the repeal shall not —

- (a) revive anything not in force or existing at the time at which the repeal takes effect;
- (b) affect the previous operation of any Ordinance so repealed or anything duly done or suffered under any Ordinance so repealed;
- (c) affect any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any Ordinance so repealed;
- (d) affect any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any Ordinance so repealed; or
- (e) affect any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty,

forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid; and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced, and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed, as if the repealing Ordinance had not been passed.

24. Where any Ordinance repealing in whole or in part any former Ordinance is itself repealed, such last repeal shall not revive the Ordinance or provision previously repealed, unless provision is made to that effect.

Repealed Ordinance not revived.

25. Where any Ordinance repeals in whole or in part any other Ordinance and substitutes other provisions therefor, the repealed Ordinance shall remain in force until the substituted provisions come into operation.

Repeal and substitution.

26. Where any Ordinance which has been amended by any other Ordinance is repealed, such repeal shall include the repeal of all those provisions of such other Ordinance by which such first mentioned Ordinance was amended.

Repeal of amended Ordinance to include amendments.

27. Upon the expiry or lapse of any Ordinance, the provisions of section 23 shall apply as if such Ordinance had been repealed.

Effect of expiry of Ordinance.

## PART V

### SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

28. Where an Ordinance confers power on any authority to make subsidiary legislation, the following provisions shall have effect with reference to the making thereof —

General provision with regard to power to make subsidiary legislation.

- (a) when any subsidiary legislation purports to be made in exercise of a particular power or powers, it shall be deemed also to be made in exercise of all other powers thereunto enabling;
- (b) no subsidiary legislation shall be inconsistent with the provisions of any Ordinance;
- (c) subsidiary legislation may at any time be amended by the same authority and in the same manner by and in which it was made:

Provided that where such authority has been replaced wholly or in part by another authority, the power conferred hereby upon the original authority may be exercised by the replacing authority concerning all matters or things within its jurisdiction as if it were the original authority;

- (d) where any Ordinance confers power on any authority to make subsidiary legislation for any general purpose, and also for any special purpose incidental thereto, the enumeration of the special purposes shall not be deemed to derogate from the generality of the powers conferred with reference to the general purpose;
- (e) subsidiary legislation may provide that a contravention or breach thereof shall be punishable on summary conviction by such fine not exceeding two hundred pounds or by such term of imprisonment not exceeding six months as may be specified in the subsidiary legislation or by both such fine and imprisonment;
- (f) subsidiary legislation may amend any forms contained in the Ordinance under which such subsidiary legislation is made and may prescribe new forms for the purpose thereof and for the purposes of such subsidiary legislation; and



- (g) subsidiary legislation may provide for the imposition of fees and charges in respect of any matter with regard to which provision is made in such subsidiary legislation or in the Ordinance under which such subsidiary legislation is made.

**Fees and charges.**

29. (1) Where provision is made by any subsidiary legislation in respect of fees or other charges, such subsidiary legislation may provide for all or any of the following matters —

- (a) specific fees or charges;
- (b) maximum or minimum fees or charges;
- (c) maximum and minimum fees or charges;
- (d) the payment of fees or charges either generally or under specified conditions or in specified circumstances;
- (e) the exemption of any person or class of persons from the payment of fees or charges; and
- (f) the reduction, waiver or refund, in whole or in part, of any such fees or charges, either upon the happening of a certain event or in the discretion of a specified person.

(2) Where any reduction, waiver or refund, in whole or in part, of any fee or charge is provided for by any subsidiary legislation, such reduction, waiver or refund may be expressed to apply or be applicable either generally or specially —

- (a) in respect of certain matters or transactions or classes of matters or transactions;
- (b) in respect of certain documents or classes of documents;
- (c) in respect of the occurrence or the termination of any event;
- (d) in respect of certain persons or classes of persons; or
- (e) in respect of any combination of such matters, transactions, documents, events or persons,

and may be expressed to apply or be applicable subject to such conditions as may be specified in the subsidiary legislation or in the discretion of any person specified therein.

**Effect of subsidiary legislation.**

**Construction of subsidiary legislation.**

30. Subsidiary legislation shall be judicially noticed.

31. Where any Ordinance confers power to make any subsidiary legislation, expressions used in the subsidiary legislation shall have the same meaning as in the Ordinance conferring the power, and any reference in such subsidiary legislation to "the Ordinance" shall be construed as a reference to the Ordinance conferring the power to make such subsidiary legislation.

**Exercise of statutory powers between enactment and commencement of Ordinance.**

32. Where an Ordinance is not to come into operation on or before the expiration of the day next preceding the day of the publication thereof and confers power to make any appointment, to make any subsidiary legislation, to issue notices, to prescribe forms or to do any other thing for the purposes of the Ordinance, such power may be exercised at any time after the publication of the Ordinance in the Gazette:

Provided that any appointment, subsidiary legislation, instrument, notice, form or thing made, granted, issued, prescribed, given or done under such power shall not, unless the appointment, subsidiary legislation, instrument, notice, form or thing is necessary for bringing the Ordinance into operation, come into operation or have any effect until the Ordinance comes into operation.

**Acts done under subsidiary legislation deemed done under Ordinance.**

33. An act shall be deemed to be done under an Ordinance or by virtue of the powers conferred by an Ordinance or in pursuance or execution of the provisions of or under the authority of an Ordinance, if it is done under or by virtue of or in pursuance or execution

of or under the authority of subsidiary legislation made under any power contained in that Ordinance.

34. (1) All rules, regulations and by-laws shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council at the next sitting thereof after the publication in the Gazette of such rules, regulations or by-laws.

Placing of rules, regulations and by-laws before Legislative Council.

(2) Where rules, regulations or by-laws have been laid on the table of the Legislative Council, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1), the Legislative Council may, by resolution passed at the next sitting of the Legislative Council held after the sitting at which they were so laid, provide that any such rules, regulations or by-laws shall be amended in any manner whatsoever and if any such resolution is so passed, the said rules, regulations or by-laws shall, without prejudice to anything done thereunder, be deemed to be amended as from the date of publication in the Gazette of such resolution.

(3) Any resolution passed by the Legislative Council in accordance with subsection (2) shall be published in the Gazette not later than fourteen days after the passing thereof or within such further period as the Governor may allow in any particular case.

35. Where any Ordinance provides that subsidiary legislation shall be subject to the approval of the Legislative Council or of any other authority, or contains words to the like effect, then —

Approval of Legislative Council to subsidiary legislation.

- (a) the subsidiary legislation shall be submitted for the approval of the Legislative Council or other authority; and
- (b) the Legislative Council may by resolution or the other authority may by order amend the whole or any part of the subsidiary legislation.

36. (1) Where any Ordinance —

Effect of repeal on subsidiary legislation.

- (a) repeals any former Ordinance and substitutes other provisions therefor; or
- (b) repeals any former Ordinance and re-enacts such former Ordinance with or without modification,

any subsidiary legislation made under the former Ordinance and in force at the commencement of the repealing Ordinance shall, so far as it is not inconsistent with the repealing Ordinance, continue in force and have the like effect for all purposes as if made under the repealing Ordinance.

(2) Where any subsidiary legislation is continued in force by virtue of subsection (1), such subsidiary legislation may be from time to time amended as if it had been made under the repealing Ordinance.

37. Where any form is prescribed by or under any Ordinance, deviations therefrom, not affecting the substance of such form shall not invalidate it.

Forms.

## PART VI

### POWERS

38. Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to —

Presumption of lawful exercise of power.

- (a) make any subsidiary legislation;
- (b) make any instrument; or
- (c) exercise any power,

and the Ordinance conferring the power prescribes conditions, subject to the observance, performance or existence of which any such power may be exercised, such conditions shall be presumed to have been

duly fulfilled if in the subsidiary legislation or instrument exercising the power there is a statement that the subsidiary legislation or instrument is made, or the power exercised, in exercise of, or in pursuance of, the power conferred by such Ordinance, or a statement to the like effect.

**Exercise of powers.**

39. (1) Where any Ordinance confers any power or imposes any duty, then the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed from time to time as occasion requires.

(2) Where any Ordinance confers any power or imposes any duty on the holder of any public office as such, then the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed by the holder for the time being of that public office.

**Construction of enabling words.**

40. (1) Where any Ordinance confers upon any person power to do or enforce the doing of any act or thing, all such powers shall be deemed to be also conferred as are reasonably necessary to enable the person to do or enforce the doing of the act or thing.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), where any Ordinance confers power —

- (a) to provide for, prohibit, control or regulate any matter, such power shall include power to provide for the same by the licensing thereof and power to prohibit acts whereby the prohibition, control or regulation of such matter might be evaded;
- (b) to grant a licence, Crown lease, permit, authority, approval or exemption, such power shall include power to impose reasonable conditions subject to which such licence, Crown lease, permit, authority, approval or exemption may be granted;
- (c) to approve any person or thing, such power shall include power to withdraw approval thereof;
- (d) to give directions, such power shall include power to couch the same in the form of prohibitions.

(3) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), whenever in any Ordinance the expression “as the Governor may appoint” or “as the Governor may direct” or “as the Governor may specify” or “as the Governor may prescribe” or “as may be designated by the Governor”, or any similar expression referring to the Governor, appears and no power is expressly conferred upon the Governor to make the appointment, give the direction or specification, prescribe or make the designation, as the case may be, such power shall nevertheless be deemed to be conferred.

(4) Subsection (3) shall have effect in relation to the Governor in Council, a public officer, a public body or other person as it has effect in relation to the Governor.

**Power to issue licences, etc., discretionary.**

41. (1) Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to issue, grant, give or renew any licence, Crown lease, authority, approval or permit, the person so empowered shall have a discretion either to issue, grant, give or renew or to refuse to issue, grant, give or renew such licence, Crown lease, authority, approval or permit.

(2) Nothing in this section shall affect any right which may be conferred by any Ordinance upon any person to appeal against a refusal to issue, grant, give or renew any licence, Crown lease, authority, approval or permit.

**Power to appoint includes power to suspend, dismiss, re-appoint, etc.**

42. Where any Ordinance confers a power or imposes a duty upon any person to make any appointment or to constitute or establish any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, then the person having such power or duty shall also have the power —

- (a) to remove, suspend, dismiss or revoke the appointment of, and to re-appoint or reinstate, any person appointed in exercise of such power or duty;
- (b) to revoke the appointment, constitution or establishment of, or to dissolve, any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body appointed, constituted or established, in exercise of such power or duty, and to re-appoint, reconstitute or re-establish the same; and
- (c) to specify the period for which any person appointed in exercise of such power or duty shall hold such appointment:

Provided that where the power or duty of such person so to act is only exercisable upon the recommendation, or is subject to the approval or consent, of some other person, then such power shall only be exercisable upon such recommendation or subject to such approval or consent.

43. (1) Where any Ordinance confers powers or imposes duties upon a specified public officer, such officer may delegate any other public officer or the person for the time being holding any office designated by him to exercise such powers or perform such duties on his behalf and thereupon, or from the date specified by such specified public officer, the person delegated shall have and may exercise such powers and perform such duties.

Delegation by specified public officers.

(2) Nothing in subsection (1) shall authorize a specified public officer to delegate any person to making subsidiary legislation or to hear any appeal.

(3) Where any Ordinance confers any power or imposes any duty upon a specified public officer and such power is exercised or such duty is performed by any other public officer, the specified public officer shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to have delegated the latter public officer under subsection (1) to exercise the power or perform the duty.

(4) In this section "specified public officer" means the person for the time being holding any public office which has been specified, either generally or for the purposes of any particular Ordinance, under this section by the Governor by notice in the Gazette.

44. (1) Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to delegate the exercise on his behalf of any of the powers or the performance of any of the duties conferred or imposed upon him under any Ordinance —

Effect of delegation of powers and duties.

- (a) such delegation shall not preclude the person so delegating from exercising or performing at any time any of the powers or duties so delegated;
- (b) such delegation may be conditional, qualified or limited in such manner as the person so delegating may think fit;
- (c) where the delegation may be made only with the approval of some person, such delegation may be conditional, qualified or limited in such manner as the person whose approval is required may think fit;
- (d) the delegation may be to a named person or to the person for the time being holding any office designated by the person so delegating; and
- (e) any delegation may be amended by the person so delegating.

(2) The delegation of any power shall be deemed to include the delegation of any duty incidental thereto or connected therewith and the delegation of any duty shall be deemed to include the delegation of any power incidental thereto or connected therewith.

Exercise of powers in special cases.

45. Where any Ordinance confers any power or imposes any duty upon the holder of any public office and either —

- (a) that office has been abolished; or
- (b) no person has been appointed to discharge the functions of that office;

those powers and duties may be exercised or performed —

- (i) in the case of making subsidiary legislation, by the Governor; and
- (ii) in any other case, by the holder of such other public office as the Governor may by order direct.

Power to make public instruments and perform acts.

46. Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to make, issue or approve any proclamation, order, notice, declaration, instrument, notification, licence, permit, register or list, such power shall include power —

- (a) to amend or suspend such proclamation, order, notice, declaration, instrument, notification, licence, permit, register or list;
- (b) to substitute another proclamation, order, notice, declaration, instrument, notification, licence, permit, register or list for one already made, issued or approved;
- (c) to withdraw approval of any proclamation, order, notice, declaration, instrument, notification, licence, permit, register or list so approved; and
- (d) to declare the date of the coming into operation, and the period of operation, of any such proclamation, order, notice, declaration, instrument, notification, licence, permit, register or list.

Power to relate back appointment.

47. Any appointment made under the provisions of any Ordinance may be declared to have effect as from the date upon which the person appointed in fact began to exercise the powers and perform the duties of his appointment, not being a date earlier than the commencement of the Ordinance under which the appointment is made.

## PART VII

### BOARDS AND COMMITTEES

Power to appoint chairman.

48. Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to appoint any persons to be members of any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, the person so appointed may appoint a chairman, a deputy chairman, a vice-chairman and a secretary of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body.

Power to appoint public officer to board, etc.

49. Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to appoint any persons to be members of any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, the person so empowered may appoint any public officer, by his official designation, to be a member of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, and, on such appointment and until such appointment shall be revoked or otherwise determined, the person for the time being holding the public office in question shall be a member of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body.

Appointment of alternates.

50. Where any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body is established by or under any Ordinance, any person who is empowered by such Ordinance to appoint any or all of the members thereof may —

- (a) appoint one or more duly qualified persons to be alternate members of the same, and any one such alternate member

may attend any meeting of the same when a substantive member is temporarily unable to attend for any reason; and

- (b) appoint a duly qualified person to be a temporary member of the same in the place of any substantive member who is precluded by illness, absence from the Colony or any other cause from exercising his functions as such,

and when attending any meeting of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, such alternate or temporary member shall be deemed for all purposes to be a member of the same.

51. Where any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body is established by or under any Ordinance, the powers of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body shall not be affected by —

Powers of board, etc.,  
not affected by vacancy.

- (a) any vacancy in the membership thereof;
- (b) any defect in the appointment or qualification of a person purporting to be a member thereof; or
- (c) any minor irregularity in the convening of any meeting thereof.

52. (1) Where any Ordinance confers a power or imposes a duty upon a body or number of persons consisting of or being not less than three, such power may be exercised or duty performed in the name of that body or number of persons by a majority of those persons.

Power of majority and  
exercise of powers.

(2) Whenever such body or number of persons is assembled, the chairman or other member presiding shall have a casting as well as a deliberative vote, in all matters in which a decision is taken by vote by whatever name such vote may be called.

(3) The exercise of any power vested in such body or number of persons may be signified either by the chairman or other person presiding at the meeting or other deliberation at which such power was exercised or at which, as the case may be, authority to exercise it was conferred, or by any person from time to time authorized by such body or persons to signify the exercise of such power.

53. Where any Ordinance constitutes any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body to be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal, and any document requires to be sealed with such common seal, then such common seal shall be affixed by the chairman of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, or by any member thereof appointed by the chairman for that purpose, and shall be authenticated by the signature of the chairman or such member.

Seal.

## PART VIII

### PUBLIC OFFICERS AND PUBLIC CONTRACTS

54. In any Ordinance, instrument, warrant or process of any kind, any reference to a public officer, or to a person holding a public office by a term designating his office, shall include a reference to any person for the time being lawfully discharging the functions of that office, or of any part of such functions, and any person appointed to act in or perform the duties of such office, or any part of such duties, for the time being.

References to public  
officer.

55. (1) The Legislative Council may by resolution provide for the transfer to any public officer of any functions exercisable by virtue of any Ordinance by another public officer.

Power to transfer  
functions of public  
officers.

(2) A resolution under this section may contain such incidental, consequential and supplemental provisions as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of giving full effect to the resolution.

(3) A certificate issued by the Chief Secretary that any property vested in a public officer immediately before a resolution under this section takes effect has been transferred by virtue of the resolution to another public officer shall be conclusive evidence of the transfer.

(4) In this section —

“functions” includes powers and duties;

“public officer” includes any corporation created for the purpose of incorporating a person for the time being holding a public office.

**Change of title of office.**

56. The Chief Secretary may, by notice (which may be given retrospective effect) in the Gazette, declare a change in title of any public officer or public body, or of any person referred to in any Ordinance, and the notice may contain provisions substituting the new title in any Ordinance relating to the public officer, public body or person and in any instrument, contract or legal proceedings made or commenced before the date on which the notice takes effect.

**Appointment of officers by name or office.**

57. Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to appoint or name a person to have and exercise any powers or perform any duties, the person so empowered may either appoint a person by name or direct the person for the time being holding any office designated by him to have and exercise such powers or perform such duties; and thereupon, or from the date specified by the person so empowered, the person appointed by name or the person holding the office aforesaid shall have and may exercise such powers or perform such duties accordingly until such appointment be revoked or otherwise determined.

**Filling vacancy.**

58. (1) When any Ordinance confers a power or imposes a duty upon a public officer and such public officer is unable to exercise the powers or perform the duties of his office, owing to absence or inability to act from illness or any other cause, the Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, direct that such power shall be had and may be exercised and such duty shall be performed by a public officer named by, or by a public officer holding the office designated by, the Governor, subject to such conditions, exceptions and qualifications as the Governor may direct.

(2) Any direction by the Governor under subsection (1) may be given —

- (a) in anticipation of any absence or inability occurring; or
- (b) subsequently thereto and may relate back to the commencement of such absence or inability.

(3) Where any Ordinance confers powers or imposes duties upon a public officer and a new post is subsequently created in the same or another Government department, the Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, direct that the said powers and duties or any of them shall be exercised by any holder of the new post so created, either to the exclusion of or in addition to the first named public officer or otherwise.

**Power to appoint while holder on retirement leave.**

59. (1) Where the holder of any public office is on leave of absence pending the relinquishment by him of such office, another person may be appointed to the same public office.

(2) Where two or more persons are holding the same public office by reason of an appointment made in accordance with subsection (1), then, for the purposes of any Ordinance and in respect of



any power conferred or duty imposed upon the holder of such office, the person last appointed to the office shall be deemed to be the holder thereof.

60. In any contract or other document, signed, executed or made by the Governor or by any public officer on behalf of the Governor or the Government or of any Government department, it shall not be necessary to name the Governor or such public officer, but it shall be sufficient to name the office held by the Governor or such public officer, and the Governor or public officer shall be deemed to be a party thereto as if the Governor or such public officer were a corporation sole with perpetual succession for this purpose.

Contracts by public officer.

61. Any contract or other document signed, executed or made before the commencement of this Ordinance by the Governor or by any public officer on behalf of the Governor or the Government or of any Government department shall be enforceable as if the office of Governor or such public officer had, at the time of such execution or making, been a corporation sole with perpetual succession for this purpose.

Effect of past contracts by public officer.

62. The omission to add the title of the public office held by the Governor or any public officer signing or executing any contract or other document after the signature of such officer shall not exclude such contract or other document from the operation of sections 60 and 61.

Omission of title after signature of public officer immaterial.

## PART IX

### CROWN, GOVERNOR AND GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL

63. (1) Where any Ordinance confers a power or imposes a duty upon the Governor or the Governor in Council to make any subsidiary legislation or appointment, give any directions, issue any order, authorize any thing or matter to be done, grant any exemption, remit any fee or penalty, or exercise any other power or perform any other duty, the exercise of such power or the performance of such duty may be signified —

Signification of orders of Governor and Governor in Council.

- (a) in the case of the Governor, under the hand of the Chief Secretary;
- (b) in the case of the Governor in Council, under the hand of the Clerk of Councils.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), proclamations shall be made or issued only under the hand of the Governor himself.

64. (1) Where any Ordinance confers powers or imposes duties upon the Governor, he may delegate any person by name or the person holding any office designated by him to exercise such powers or perform such duties on his behalf and thereupon, or from the date specified by the Governor, the person so delegated shall have and may exercise such powers and perform such duties.

Delegation by Governor.

(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of any Letters Patent or Royal Instructions relating to the appointment of a deputy to the Governor, nothing in subsection (1) shall authorize the Governor to delegate any person to make subsidiary legislation, issue proclamations or to determine any appeal.

(3) Where any Ordinance confers powers or imposes duties upon the Governor and such power is exercised or such duty is performed by any public officer, the Governor shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to have delegated such public officer under subsection (1) to exercise the powers or perform the duty.

Appeals and objections to  
Governor in Council.

65. (1) Where any Ordinance confers upon any person a right of appeal or objection to the Governor in Council, such appeal or objection shall be governed by rules made in accordance with subsection (2).

(2) The Governor in Council may make rules governing the procedure to be followed in appeals or objections to the Governor in Council.

(3) The conferring by any Ordinance of a right of appeal or objection to the Governor in Council shall not prevent any person from applying to the Supreme Court for an order of mandamus, certiorari, prohibition, injunction or any other order, instead of appealing or making an objection to the Governor in Council, where an application for such an order would lie, but no proceedings by way of mandamus, certiorari, prohibition, injunction or other order shall be taken against the Governor in Council in respect of any such appeal or objection to the Governor in Council or any proceedings connected therewith.

(4) The Governor in Council, when considering any appeal or objection to him (whether by way of petition or otherwise, and whether such appeal or objection is made by virtue of any Ordinance or otherwise) shall act in an administrative or executive capacity and not in a judicial or quasi-judicial capacity and shall be entitled to consider and take into account any evidence, material, information or advice in his absolute discretion.

(5) The Governor in Council, when considering any appeal or objection to him (whether by way of petition or otherwise and whether such appeal or objection is made by virtue of any Ordinance or otherwise) against any decision of any person, public officer or public body, may confirm, vary or reverse such decision or substitute therefor such other decision or make such other order as the Governor in Council may think fit.

References to the  
Sovereign.

66. Any reference to the Sovereign or to the Crown shall be construed as a reference to the Sovereign for the time being.

Saving of rights of Crown.

67. No Ordinance shall in any manner whatsoever affect the right of or be binding on the Crown unless it is therein expressly provided or unless it appears by necessary implication that the Crown is bound thereby.

## PART X

### TIME AND DISTANCE

Time.

68. When any expression of time occurs the time referred to shall, unless it is otherwise expressly provided, be held to signify the standard time adopted for the Colony by order of the Governor.

References to "am" and  
"pm".

69. The expression "am" indicates the period between midnight and the following noon, and the expression "pm" indicates the time between noon and the following midnight. Where two such expressions occur conjunctively in relation to any specified hour or in conjunction with the word "sunset" or "sunrise", they shall be construed as relating to a consecutive period of time.

Provision where no time  
prescribed.

70. Where no time is prescribed or allowed within which any thing shall be done, such thing shall be done without unreasonable delay, and as often as due occasion arises.

Computation of time.

71. In computing time for the purposes of any Ordinance —

- (a) a period of days from the happening of any event or the doing of any act or thing shall be deemed to be exclusive of the day on which the event happens or the act or thing is done;

- (b) if the last day of the period is a public holiday the period shall include the next following day, not being a public holiday;
- (c) where any act or proceeding is directed or allowed to be done or taken on a certain day, then if that day is a public holiday, the act or proceeding shall be considered as done or taken in due time if it is done or taken on the next following day, not being a public holiday;
- (d) where an act or proceeding is directed or allowed to be done or taken within any time not exceeding six days, no public holiday shall be reckoned in the computation of that time.

72. Where in any Ordinance a time is prescribed for doing any act or taking any proceeding and power is given to a court, public body, public officer or other authority to extend such time, then the power may be exercised by the court, public body, public officer or other authority although the application for the same is not made until after the expiration of the time prescribed.

Power to extend time.

73. The Governor in Council may from time to time, by notice in the Gazette, appoint any day to be a public holiday.

Public holidays.

74. In the measurement of any distance for the purposes of any Ordinance, that distance shall be measured in a straight line on a horizontal plane.

Distance.

75. Any summons, notice, warrant or other process may be issued, served or executed and any arrest, search or seizure may be carried out or made on any day, whether a public holiday or not, and at any hour of the day or night.

Warrants, etc., valid on public holiday.

## PART XI

### IMPERIAL ENACTMENTS

76. An imperial enactment shall be judicially noticed as such and shall be read with such modifications as to names, localities, courts, officers, persons, moneys, penalties or otherwise as may be necessary to make the same applicable to the circumstances of the Colony.

Modifications.

77. An imperial enactment may be cited by a short title or citation, if any, or by reference to the regnal or calendar year in which it was passed or by the number assigned to any statutory instrument or statutory rule and order.

Citation of imperial enactments.

78. A reference in any law to an imperial enactment or to any provision, part or division thereof shall be construed as a reference to the same as the same may be from time to time amended and as a reference to any imperial enactment or to any provision, part or division of an imperial enactment, substituted therefor.

Construction of reference to imperial enactment.

79. A reference in any law to any imperial Act shall include a reference to any Order in Council, rule, regulation, proclamation, order, notice, rule of court, by-law or other instrument made under or by virtue thereof and having legislative effect.

References to subsidiary legislation under imperial Acts.

80. Any imperial enactment shall be construed in accordance with the terms thereof and of any interpretation statute applicable thereto and, to the extent to which no provision is made in the imperial enactment or in such statute for the interpretation thereof, in accordance with provisions of this Ordinance as if such imperial enactment were itself an Ordinance; and any reference in this Ordinance to an Ordinance shall, in the interpretation of an imperial enactment, include a reference to imperial enactments.

Construction of imperial enactments.

Copies of imperial enactments.

81. A copy of an imperial enactment shall, if it —

- (a) is published in the Gazette or purports to be printed by the Government Printer; or
- (b) is contained in any printed collection purporting to be published or printed by authority,

be deemed, until the contrary is proved, to be an authentic copy of the imperial enactment as at the date of such publication or printing.

## PART XII

### FEES, PENALTIES OFFENCES AND PROCEEDINGS

Attempts to commit offences.

82. (1) A provision in any Ordinance which creates or results in the creation of an offence shall be deemed to include a provision that an attempt to commit such an offence shall itself constitute an offence which may be dealt with and punished in like manner as if the offence had been committed.

(2) Where a person is charged with an offence, he may be convicted of having attempted to commit that offence although he was not charged with the attempt.

(3) Nothing in this section shall affect any law relating to attempts to commit offences at common law.

Reference to an offence to include attempts, etc.

83. (1) Where —

- (a) any Ordinance confers a power or imposes a duty which is to be exercised or performed consequent upon a conviction of an offence or in relation to a person who is detained in custody for an offence; or
- (b) a reference is otherwise made in any Ordinance to an offence,

then that power or duty or that reference shall be deemed to be also exercisable or performable consequent upon a conviction of, or include a reference to, as the case may be —

- (i) an attempt to commit that offence;
- (ii) aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring that offence; and
- (iii) a conspiracy to commit that offence.

(2) Subsection (1) shall apply to powers of imposing pecuniary penalties and of forfeiture, seizure and search, and to powers and discretions to cancel, suspend or refuse to issue any licence, permit or other authorization, but nothing in this section shall apply to any offence for which a sentence of death may be imposed, or be deemed to authorize the imposition of any sentence of imprisonment otherwise than in default of payment of any pecuniary penalty which may be imposed by virtue of this section.

Acts constituting two or more offences.

84. Where any act constitutes two or more offences, whether under the same Ordinance or otherwise, the offender shall be liable to be prosecuted and punished for any or all such offences but shall not be liable to be punished twice for the same offence.

Liability of directors, etc.

85. Where a person by whom an offence under any Ordinance has been committed is a company and it is proved that the offence was committed with the consent or connivance of a director or other officer concerned in the management of the company, or any person purporting to act as such director or officer, the director or other officer shall be guilty of the like offence.

Imposition of penalty not to bar civil action.

86. The imposition of a penalty or fine by or under any Ordinance shall not relieve any person from liability to answer in damages to a person injured.

87. Where in any Ordinance a penalty is prescribed for an offence under that Ordinance, such provision shall imply —

Penalties prescribed to be deemed maximum penalties.

- (a) that such offence shall be punishable upon conviction by a penalty not exceeding the penalty prescribed; and
- (b) if the amount of the fine is unspecified, that such offence shall, without prejudice to any law against excessive or unreasonable fines or assessments, be punishable by a fine of any amount.

88. Where in any Ordinance a penalty is set out at the foot of any section or part thereof the same shall mean that any contravention of that section or part shall be an offence under such Ordinance punishable upon conviction by a penalty not exceeding the penalty so set out.

Statement of penalty at end of section.

89. Where in any Ordinance more than one penalty is prescribed for an offence, the use of the word "and" shall mean that the penalties may be inflicted alternatively or cumulatively.

Certain penalties may be cumulative.

90. (1) Where any provision in any Ordinance creates, or results in the creation of, an offence, the offence shall be triable summarily only, unless —

Trial of offences.

- (a) the offence is declared to be treason, felony or misdemeanour;
- (b) the words "upon indictment" appear; or
- (c) the offence is declared to be a "misdemeanour triable summarily".

(2) Where any provision in any Ordinance creates, or results in the creation of, an offence and —

- (a) the offence is declared to be treason, felony or misdemeanour; or
- (b) subject to subsection (4), the words "upon indictment" appear,

the offence shall be triable only upon indictment.

(3) Where any provision in any Ordinance creates, or results in the creation of, an offence and the offence is declared to be a "misdemeanour triable summarily", the offence shall be triable either on indictment or summarily.

(4) Where any provision in any Ordinance creates, or results in the creation of, an offence and the offence is declared to be triable either summarily or upon indictment or to be punishable on summary conviction or on indictment, the offence shall be triable either on indictment or summarily.

(5) Nothing in this section shall affect the powers conferred upon a magistrate by the Administration of Justice Ordinance or by any other law to try an indictable offence summarily.

Cap. 3.

91. Where an offence is a misdemeanour by any law and no punishment is provided therefor, that offence shall be punishable by imprisonment for seven years and a fine of £2,000.

Punishment of misdemeanour.

92. Where the fiat, authorization, sanction, consent or authority of the Governor or any other public officer is necessary before any prosecution or action is commenced, or for any purpose whatsoever in connection with any proceeding, any document purporting to bear the fiat, authorization, sanction, consent or authority of the Governor, or such public officer, as the case may be, shall, until the contrary is proved, be received as evidence in any proceeding without proof being given that the signature to such fiat, authorization, sanction, consent or authority is that of the Governor or such public officer.

Evidence of signature or fiat, etc.

- Prosecution of offences.**      **93.** Where any Ordinance provides that no prosecution for an offence shall be commenced without the consent of some person other than the Attorney General, such a provision shall not derogate from the powers of the Attorney General in respect of the prosecution of that offence.
- Amendment of penalty.**      **94.** Where an act or omission constitutes an offence and the penalty for such offence is varied between the time of the commission of such offence and the conviction thereof, the offender shall be liable to the penalty prescribed at the time of the commission of the offence.
- Disposal of fines and penalties.**      **95.** Any fine or penalty imposed by or under the authority of any Ordinance shall be paid into the general revenue of the Colony:  
 Provided that the Governor may direct the payment to any aggrieved person, or to any person whose information or evidence has led to the conviction of the offender or to the recovery of the fine or penalty, of such proportion of the fine or penalty as he may think fit.
- Disposal of forfeits.**      **96.** (1) Where under any Ordinance any movable property is adjudged by any court or other authority to be forfeited, it shall be forfeited to the Crown, and the net proceeds thereof, if it is ordered by a competent authority to be sold, shall be paid into the general revenue of the Colony.  
 (2) Nothing in this section shall affect any provision in any Ordinance whereby any portion of any forfeit or of the proceeds of any forfeit is expressed to be recoverable by any person or may be granted by any authority to any person.
- Award of compensation.**      **97.** (1) The Legislative Council may by resolution award compensation, by way of either a single payment or periodical payments, from the general revenue of the Colony to any person injured in the execution of a moral or legal duty to assist in the prevention of or resistance to crime or any offence, or to the dependants of a person so injured who dies as a result of such injury.  
 (2) Any award made under this section may be made subject to such conditions as may be specified in such resolution and may at any time be varied or revoked by the Legislative Council by resolution.  
 (3) No award made under this section shall be assignable or transferable or liable to be attached, sequestered or levied upon for or in respect of any debt or claim whatsoever other than a debt due to the Government.
- Reduction, etc., of fees and charges.**      **98.** Any fee or charge made payable by or under any Ordinance to the Crown or the Government or to any public body or public officer, not being a fee or charge which is regulated by rules of court —  
 (a) may be reduced or varied by order of the Governor:  
     Provided that no variation thereof shall cause such fee or charge to exceed the original figure;  
 (b) may be remitted or refunded, in whole or in part, in any particular case and on any special ground by the Governor;  
 (c) subject as aforesaid shall be paid into or from the general revenue of the Colony.
- Collection of fees.**      **99.** (1) Where by any Ordinance the signature of the Governor or of any public officer is required to any certificate, authorization, consent, licence, permit or exemption, or any alteration, transfer or renewal thereof, addition thereto or endorsement thereon, or any copy of the same, and no fee for such signature is prescribed by law, there shall be payable for such signature such fee as the Governor may prescribe by notice in the Gazette.

(2) Where any Ordinance requires or authorizes the issue of any document by a public officer, such public officer may, subject to any directions of the Governor, issue a duplicate of such document, upon payment of such fee as may be prescribed by law or as the Governor may prescribe by notice in the Gazette if no fee is prescribed by law.

(3) Where any Ordinance requires or authorizes any alteration, transfer, or endorsement of or addition to any certificate, authorization, consent, licence, permit or exemption by a public officer, such fee shall be payable therefor as may be prescribed by law or as the Governor may prescribe by notice in the Gazette if no fee is prescribed by law.

(4) Where an extract of any document, book, record or instrument may be properly certified by a public officer as a true extract of such document, book, record or instrument, such fee shall be payable for the certifying of the extract by such officer as may be prescribed by law or as the Governor may prescribe by notice in the Gazette if no fee is prescribed by law.

### PART XIII

#### MISCELLANEOUS

100. (1) A copy of an Ordinance shall, if published in the Gazette or purporting to be printed by the Government Printer, be deemed to be an authentic copy of that Ordinance as at the date of such publication or printing.

Copies of Ordinances,  
etc., in Gazette.

(2) A copy of any other instrument shall, if published in the Gazette or purporting to be printed by the Government Printer, on its production be admitted as prima facie evidence thereof in all courts and for all purposes whatsoever without any further proof.

101. (1) The Attorney General may, by order published in the Gazette, rectify any clerical or printing error appearing in any Ordinance, not being an Ordinance contained in a booklet prepared under the authority of the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance.

Rectification of errors.

(2) Every order made under this section shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council without unreasonable delay, and, if a resolution is passed at the next sitting of the Legislative Council held after the sitting at which the order is so laid that the order be annulled, it shall thenceforth be void, but without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done thereunder, or to the making of a new order.

102. (1) Where any person, public officer, Government department or public body is required to do anything for which a fee is to be paid or a charge made under any Ordinance, such person, public officer, Government department or public body may decline to do that thing until the fee or charge is paid or, where the precise amount of the payment to be made cannot be ascertained until the thing is done, until there be paid such amount as may be estimated to be the correct amount by the person, public officer or the responsible officer of the Government department or public body required to do the thing.

Performance of acts for  
which payment is  
required.

(2) Where a thing has been done for which an estimated amount shall have been paid, such amount shall be adjusted to the correct amount either by means of a further payment or by a refund of the amount overpaid.

103. The Governor in Council may, with the approval of the Secretary of State, declare any place to be a town, and define the extent, limits, and boundaries of such town and of its suburbs, and vary or alter such extent, limits and boundaries:

Declaration of town.



Provided that no part of the boundaries of the town shall be more than two miles, nor the suburbs more than six miles from the centre of the town.

Division of Colony into districts.

**104.** The Governor in Council may, when it is considered convenient for the more efficient operation of any Ordinance or any other purpose, divide, subdivide and re-divide the Colony into districts, or alter the boundaries of any such districts.

Authority to print copies.

**105.** The Government Printer may, with the authority of the Governor, print copies of any Ordinance with all additions, omissions, substitutions and amendments effected by any amending Ordinances, and such copies shall be deemed to be authentic copies of the Ordinance as amended as at the date of such printing.

Cap. 33.

**106.** The Interpretation and General Law Ordinance is hereby repealed.

---

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

The title to the Bill is self-explanatory.

Ref. LEG/10/5.

A Bill for  
An Ordinance  
To repeal the Government Employees Provident  
Fund Ordinance.

Title.

( 19 )

Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Government Employees Provident Fund (Repeal) Ordinance 1977.

Short title.

2. The Government Employees Provident Fund Ordinance is repealed.

Repeal of Cap. 28.

3. Any depositor having money in the Non-Pensionable Employees Provident Fund, a fund established under section 4 of the Repealed Ordinance at the date of the repeal of the Ordinance shall receive the full amount standing to his credit on that date, and any surplus thereafter remaining in the Fund shall be transferred to the general revenues of the Colony.

Repayment to depositors and disposal of surplus.

4. Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired or incurred under the Ordinance hereby repealed and any legal proceedings or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced, as if this Ordinance had not been passed.

Effect of repeal.

OBJECTS AND REASONS

To repeal the Government Employees Provident Fund Ordinance, the objects of which have been provided for by subsequent legislation, and there remains only one contributor to the fund established under the Ordinance.

Ref. TRE/2/4.





# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE (Extraordinary)

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

---

---

Vol. LXXXVI

27 MAY 1977

No. 6

---

---

No. 35.

27th May 1977.

PETROLEUM PRODUCTS ORDINANCE 1973

(No. 20 of 1973)

Petroleum Products Ordinance 1973 (Commencement) Notice 1977.

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by Section 1 of the Petroleum Products Ordinance 1973, the Deputy Governor hereby appoints the 27th day of May 1977 as the day on which the said Ordinance shall come into operation.

*By Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

---

Printed at the Government Printing Office, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

PRICE: Two and a half pence.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE (Extraordinary)

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

1 JUNE 1977

No. 7

## A Bill for An Ordinance

Further to amend the Legislative Council  
(Elections) Ordinance 1948. Title.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Enacting clause.  
Falkland Islands, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council Short title and commence-  
(Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1977, and shall come into ment.  
operation on the            day of            1977.

2. Section 2 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance Amendment of section 2.  
(hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended —

- (a) by the deletion of the definition of "Order in Council";
- (b) by inserting after the definition of "Council" the following new definition —  
    " "Qualifying day" means the            day of            in  
        each year".

- (c) by the deletion of the definition of "Qualifying period" and the substitution of the following —

    " "Qualifying period" means —

- (i) in the case of a person born in the Colony twelve months' continuous residence preceding the qualifying day; or
- (ii) in the case of a person not born in the Colony three years' continuous residence preceding the qualifying day."

- (d) by the deletion of the definition "Electoral area" and;
- (e) by inserting after the definition of "Election Officer", the following —  
 " "Camp" means the whole area of the Colony outside the town of Stanley."

Repeal and replacement  
of section 3.

3. Section 3 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

"Electoral  
Areas and  
Electoral  
Divisions.

3. (1) For the purpose of elections to the Legislative Council the Colony shall be divided into —

- (a) four electoral areas, East Stanley and West Stanley, and East Falklands and West Falklands, and
- (b) two electoral divisions, Stanley and Camp.

(2) The boundaries of the electoral areas and the electoral divisions shall be as set out in the Second Schedule to the Ordinance.

(3) Elections for an electoral area shall be held on one day followed within a period of not more than three weeks by elections for the electoral divisions when required.

(4) A candidate for elections to an electoral area may be a candidate for election to a vacancy in an electoral division —

- (i) if he is unsuccessful in an election to an electoral area; and
- (ii) he is not barred from standing for election under subsection (5).

(5) Any candidate who fails to obtain one-tenth or more of the total number of votes polled for in an electoral area election shall be barred from standing for an electoral division election."

Addition of new section  
3A.

4. The principal Ordinance is amended by the addition after section 3, of the following new section —

"Representation  
of Electorates.

3A. Six members shall be elected to the Legislative Council in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance to represent the following electoral areas and electoral divisions —

(1) one member shall be elected for each of the electoral areas of East Stanley, West Stanley, East Falklands and West Falklands.

(2) One member shall be elected for each electoral division of Stanley and of Camp."

Amendment of section 4.

5. Section 4 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

- (a) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
 "or an electoral division"; and
- (b) by the insertion after the words "in the area" of the following —  
 "or in the division".

Amendment of section 5.

6. Section 5 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
 "or electoral division"



7. Section 6 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

Amendment of section 6.

- (a) in paragraph (a) by the deletion of "21" and the substitution of the following  
"18";
- (b) by the deletion of paragraph (c) and the substitution of the following new paragraph —  
" (c) has continuously resided in the Colony during the qualifying period and is normally resident in the electoral area or the electoral division on qualifying day.".
- (c) by the deletion of the first proviso and the substitution of the following —  
"Provided that a person who is normally resident in an electoral area or an electoral division shall be deemed to be resident therein on the qualifying day notwithstanding his absence overseas or otherwise on that day, if he intends to resume actual residence within six months from the date of his departure from the area or division.".
- (d) in the second proviso by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
"or electoral division".

8. Section 7 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

Repeal and replacement of section 7.

"Register of electors.

7. (1) It shall be the duty of every registration officer to prepare and publish once in each year, should the Governor so decide, a register of electors for his electoral area or electoral division and every such register shall —

- (a) be published in the Gazette not later than the day of in each year;
- (b) come into force immediately; and
- (c) remain in force until the register next compiled is published.

(2) The names of all voters on the register shall be classified alphabetically in accordance with the initial letter of the surname of each voter and a serial number allotted to each name.

(3) The register of electors for the time being in force as published in the Gazette shall be conclusive evidence as to the eligibility or otherwise of a person to vote in an electoral area or electoral division."

9. Section 8 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

Amendment of section 8.

- (a) by the insertion after the word "area" wherever it occurs, the following —  
"or division";
- (b) in subsection (1) by the insertion after the words "the register" of the following —  
"and a supplement to the register containing names of postal voters";
- (c) in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) by deleting "as soon as may be after receiving such notice as is mentioned in subsection (1) of section 7 of this Ordinance"; and
- (d) in subsection (2) by deleting "one month" and the substitution of the following —  
"ten days".

Addition of new section  
8A.

10. The principal Ordinance is amended by the addition after section 8 of the following new section —

"Postal voting

8A. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Ordinance every elector registered in any electoral area or electoral division who due to illness, incapacity of travelling to the voting area, intended absence at sea, or residing in any one of the remote areas mentioned in the Fifth Schedule or temporary absence from the Colony at the date of any election shall, if he so desires, complete Form F in the Third Schedule and be entered on the postal voters list which shall be prepared by the registration officer for his electoral area or electoral division.

(2) Every elector whose name is on the postal voters list for any electoral area or electoral division shall be entitled to vote by sending his ballot paper by post to the returning officer, but shall not, so long as his name is on that list, be entitled to vote in any other manner.

(3) (a) The registration officer shall each year, should the Governor so decide, prepare and add as a supplement to the register a separate list for each electoral area and each electoral division, of persons entitled to vote as postal voters;

(b) The names in the Postal Voters List shall be arranged in the same order as that in which those names appear in the register under subsection (2) of section 7;

(c) The registration officer shall keep a record of any address which may be furnished to him by or in respect of any person placed on the Postal Voters List as the address which is to be for the time being the address of the voter and, as soon as practicable, shall cause instructions to be sent to the voters as to the mode of voting under those provisions of this Ordinance.

(4) The returning officer shall, in the case of a contested election for any electoral area or any electoral division, as soon as practicable after the issue of the proclamation appointing the day on which the election is to be held, send a postal voters ballot paper in Form G in the Third Schedule to each elector whose name is on the postal voters list and who is entitled to vote at that election, to the address recorded by the registration officer, together with a declaration of identity in Form H in the Third Schedule and a certificate as contained in Form I in the Third Schedule, and if such ballot paper duly marked by the postal voter and accompanied by a declaration of identity and a certificate as contained in the Third Schedule, is received by the returning officer before the close of the poll it shall be counted by him and treated for all purposes in the same manner as a ballot paper placed in the ballot box in the ordinary way."

Repeal of section 9.

11. Section 9 of the principal Ordinance is repealed.

12. Subsection (1) of section 10 of the principal Ordinance is amended as follows — Amendment of section 10.

- (a) by the insertion after the word "area" wherever it occurs of the following —  
"or division";
- (b) by the deletion of "30" and the substitution of the following —  
"10";
- (c) by the deletion of the words "Form in the Schedule" where they first occur and the substitution of the following —  
"Form A in the First Schedule";
- (d) by the deletion of the words "Form in the Schedule" where they secondly appear and the substitution of the following  
"Form J in the Fourth Schedule";
- (e) by the deletion of the words "to the Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1959";
- (f) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
"or electoral division".

13. Section 11 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

Amendment of section 11.

- (a) by the deletion of the word "Magistrate" wherever it occurs and the substitution of the following —  
"Senior Magistrate";
- (b) in subsection (3) by the deletion of the words "ten days" and the substitution of the following —  
"seven days".

14. Section 12 of the principal Ordinance is repealed.

Repeal of section 12.

15. Section 13 of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (1) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —

Amendment of section 13.

"or electoral division".

16. Section 15 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

Amendment of section 15.

- (a) in subsection (1) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
"or electoral division"; and
- (b) in subsection (2) —
  - (i) in paragraph (e) by the deletion of the word "district" and the insertion after the word "electoral" of the following —  
"area or electoral division"; and
  - (ii) by the deletion of paragraph (j) and the substitution therefor of the following —  
"(j) has not ordinarily resided in the Colony for a period of not less than three years"; and
  - (iii) by the deletion of the full stop at the end of paragraph (k) and the substitution therefor of a colon and the word "or"; and
  - (iv) by the insertion after paragraph (k) of the following new paragraph —  
"(l) is not a British Subject and has not attained the age of twenty-one years".

- Amendment of section 16.**      **17.** Section 16 of the principal Ordinance is amended —
- (a) in subsection (1) as follows —
    - (i) by the insertion after the words “Form B in the” of the following —  
“First”; and
    - (ii) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”; and
    - (iii) by the addition after the words “Justice of the Peace” of the following —  
“or Commissioner for Oaths”;
  - (b) in subsection (2) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”; and
  - (c) in subsection (6) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”.
- Amendment of section 19.**      **18.** Section 19 of the principal Ordinance is amended in paragraph (a) of subsection (2) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”.
- Amendment of section 24.**      **19.** Section 24 of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (1) by inserting after the words “Form C in the” of the following —  
“First”.
- Amendment of section 26.**      **20.** Section 26 of the principal Ordinance is amended —
- (a) in subsection (1) by the deletion of the words brackets and comma “(or in the case of an election in the electoral area of Stanley, two candidates)”;
  - (b) in subsection (2) by substituting the word “any” for the word “each” where it appears.
- Amendment of section 29.**      **21.** Section 29 of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (1) by the insertion after the words “Form D in the” of the following —  
“First”;
- Amendment of section 32.**      **22.** Section 32 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the insertion —
- (a) after the words “ballot boxes” of the following —  
“and postal votes”;
  - (b) after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”.
- Amendment of section 36.**      **23.** Section 36 of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (1) by the deletion of the words “or in the case of an election in the Stanley electoral area the two candidates who have received the greatest number of votes”.
- Amendment of section 39.**      **24.** Section 39 of the principal Ordinance is amended —
- (a) in subsection (1) —
    - (i) by the deletion of the words “one-eighth” and the substitution therefor of the following —  
“one tenth”; and

- (ii) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
 "or electoral division"; and
- (b) in subsection (2) by the deletion of the words "one-eighth" and the substitution of the following —  
 "one-tenth".
25. Section 40 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the insertion after the words "electoral area" in subsection (1) of the following —  
 "or electoral division". Amendment of section 40.
26. Section 41 of the principal Ordinance is amended — Amendment of section 41.
- (a) in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" where they appear of the following—  
 "or electoral division"; and
- (b) in subsection (3) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
 "or electoral division".
27. The procedure set out in sections 7, 9 and 12 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance with the following amendments — Saving and transitional.
- (i) by adding in sections 7 and 12 after the words "electoral area" and "electoral areas" where they appear the words —  
 "or electoral division" and "or electoral divisions";  
 and
- (ii) by adding in section 9 after the word "area" where it appears the words —  
 "or division",
- repealed or replaced by this Ordinance shall apply for the compiling of the electoral register and the supplement to the register containing the names of postal voters for the first general election to be held after the coming into force of this Ordinance.
28. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following new Schedules. Repeal of Schedule and replacement of new Schedules.

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

The object of this Bill is to make provision for the election of six members to the Legislative Council; to divide the Colony into areas and divisions appropriate for such election and generally to make the necessary amendments to the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance following from the aforesaid action.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

FORM A.

(Section 10)

## FORM OF CLAIM

To the Registration Officer ..... \* ELECTORAL AREA  
 ..... \* ELECTORAL DIVISION

I claim to have my name included in the register of electors for the

\* ELECTORAL AREA of .....

\* ELECTORAL DIVISION of .....

Surname (*in block letters*) .....

Other names .....

Address .....

I certify that I am a British subject, that I have attained the age of 18 years and that I resided in the ..... Electoral Area/Electoral Division of ..... since ..... and that I am normally resident in the Electoral Area/Electoral Division.

Dated this ..... day of ..... 197.....

Applicant.

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM B.

(Section 16)

## NOMINATION FORM

Name of candidate (*in full*) .....

Address .....

Name of proposer (*in full*).....

Signature of proposer .....

Signed by the above named (*proposer*) .....

in my presence the ..... day of ..... 197.....

\* Justice of the Peace.

\* Commissioner for Oaths.

Name of seconder (*in full*) .....

Signature of seconder .....

Signed by the above named seconder .....

in my presence the ..... day of ..... 197.....

\* Justice of the Peace.

\* Commissioner for Oaths.

We the undersigned being electors do hereby support the foregoing nomination —

1. ....

2. ....

3. ....

4. ....

5. ....

6. ....

7. ....

Handed in at ..... a.m. on the ..... day of ..... 197.....

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

Returning Officer.

FORM C.

(Section 24)

BALLOT PAPER

No.....

FALKLAND ISLANDS  
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTIONS

FALKLAND ISLANDS  
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTIONS

- \* ELECTORAL AREA
- \* ELECTORAL DIVISION

BALLOT PAPER - COUNTERFOIL

BALLOT PAPER

ELECTOR'S SERIAL NUMBER

*Official Mark.*

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

REVERSE

No.....

(Corresponding with that on Counterfoil)

- \* ELECTORAL AREA of .....
- \* ELECTORAL DIVISION of .....

Date .....

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable

FORM D.

(Section 29)

DECLARATION

I, ..... of .....  
solemnly and sincerely declare that I am the same person whose name appears as

.....  
No. .... in the register of electors in force for the ..... \* Electoral  
Area / \* Electoral Division.

Declaration made in the presence of

*Signed* .....

PRESIDING OFFICER.

- \* Stanley.
- \* Camp.
- \* East Falklands.
- \* West Falklands.
- \* East Stanley.
- \* West Stanley.

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.



SECOND SCHEDULE

FORM E.

(Section 3)

1. The names and boundaries of each electoral division and each electoral area shall be as specified in the table hereto.
2. The boundary of the electoral divisions and electoral areas mentioned in the second and third columns of the table shall be taken to be those boundaries as constituted on the ..... day of ..... one thousand nine hundred and seventy..... provided that any misnomer or inaccurate description of any of those electoral divisions or electoral areas shall not in any way prevent or abridge the operation of this Ordinance with respect to the subject of the description, if it is so designated as to be commonly understood.

Name	Boundaries of divisions	Boundaries of areas
Stanley	that area as defined in the Stanley rates Ordinance 1973.	
Camp	the whole of Camp other than the area of Stanley as defined in the First Schedule to the Stanley Rates Ordinance 1973.	
West Falkland		that area known as West Falkland.
East Falkland		that area of East Falkland remaining after the excision of Stanley.
West Stanley		all that area West of the middle line of Villiers Street.
East Stanley		all that area East of the middle line of Villiers Street.

THIRD SCHEDULE

FORM F.

(Section 8A (1))

APPLICATION TO VOTE BY POST

I, *(surname)* (BLOCK LETTERS) .....  
*(other names)* (BLOCK LETTERS) .....  
am qualified to be registered as an elector for the \* electoral area / \* electoral division of .....  
I apply to be treated as a postal voter at the electoral area / electoral division of elections because I am likely to be unable to go to the polling station due to \* illness, \* incapacity of travelling to the voting area, \* intended absence at sea, \* temporary absence from the Colony or \* residing in a remote area. My address is *(address in full in block letters)* .....  
.....  
Signature..... Date .....

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM G.

(Section 8A (4))

POSTAL BALLOT PAPER

No.....

FALKLAND ISLANDS  
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTIONS

FALKLAND ISLANDS  
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTIONS

- \* ELECTORAL AREA
- \* ELECTORAL DIVISION

BALLOT PAPER - COUNTERFOIL

BALLOT PAPER

ELECTOR'S SERIAL NUMBER

Official Mark

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

REVERSE

No.....

(Corresponding with that on Counterfoil)

- \* ELECTORAL AREA of .....
- \* ELECTORAL DIVISION of .....

Date .....

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM H.

(Section 8A (4))

POSTAL VOTER'S DECLARATION

I, ..... of .....  
solemnly and sincerely declare that I am the same person whose name appears as

No. .... in the register of electors (postal voters list) in force for the \* Electoral Area  
of ..... / \* Electoral Division of .....

(Signed) .....

- \* ELECTORAL AREA of East Falklands  
West Falklands  
East Stanley  
West Stanley
- \* ELECTORAL DIVISION of Stanley  
Camp

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM I.

POSTAL VOTER'S CERTIFICATE

( Section 8A. (4) )

ELECTION IN THE ELECTORAL AREA OF.....  
ELECTORAL DIVISION OF.....

I certify that (name).....  
who is numbered ..... in the register of electors (postal voting list) for the electoral area  
of ..... or electoral division of .....  
named above, is likely to be unable to go in person to the polling station at the election on  
(date of poll) .....  
by reason on that date of —

- \* illness.
- \* incapacity of travelling to the voting area.
- \* absence at sea, or
- \* temporary absence from the Colony.
- \* residing in a remote area.

Date .....Signature .....

Doctor/ Justice of the Peace/ Minister of Religion/ Police Officer.

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM J.

(Section 10)

FOURTH SCHEDULE

FORM OF OBJECTION

(If this form is sent to the registration officer by post, postage must be prepaid)

To the registration officer for the electoral area/electoral division of .....

I hereby give you notice that I object to the entry of \* .....

as an elector ‡

The grounds of my objections are .....

I am entered in the electors lists as an elector for the above electoral area/ electoral division  
as follows x .....

Signed .....  
Address .....  
Date .....

\* Here insert extracts from printed electors lists, stating registration unit or name and address.  
‡ Delete if inapplicable.  
x Here insert extract from printed electors lists.

FIFTH SCHEDULE

SEDGE ISLAND

SEA LION ISLAND

(Section 8A)

# A Bill for An Ordinance To provide for the service of the year 1977-78.

Title.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1977-78) Ordinance 1977.

Short title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the period 1st July 1977 to 30th June 1978, a sum not exceeding Two million, two hundred and thirty thousand, eight hundred and forty-six pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1977-78.

Appropriation of  
£2,230,846 for the service  
of the year 1977-78.

## SCHEDULE

Schedule.

Number	HEAD OF SERVICE	£
I.	The Governor ... ..	33,196
II.	Agriculture ... ..	6,568
III.	Aviation ... ..	114,972
IV.	Customs and Harbour ... ..	33,953
V.	Education ... ..	153,171
VI.	Medical ... ..	184,084
VII.	Meteorological ... ..	10,928
VIII.	Military ... ..	5,192
IX.	Miscellaneous ... ..	17,672
X.	Pensions and Gratuities ... ..	43,283
XI.	Police and Prisons ... ..	25,312
XII.	Posts and Telecommunications ... ..	132,607
XIII.	Public Works ... ..	159,835
XIV.	Public Works Recurrent ... ..	119,820
XV.	Public Works Special ... ..	40,685
XVI.	Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store ... ..	153,436
XVII.	Overseas Passages ... ..	70,429
XVIII.	Social Welfare ... ..	27,046
XIX.	Supreme Court and Legal ... ..	15,117
XX.	Training ... ..	15,000
Total Ordinary Expenditure ... ..		1,362,306
Development A		
	Expenditure to be met from Colony funds ... ..	153,130
Development B		
	Expenditure to be met from U.K. Aid ... ..	515,410
Total Ordinary and Development Expenditure		2,030,846
XXI.	Transfer to Development Fund ... ..	200,000
Total Expenditure ... ..		£ 2,230,846

A Bill for  
An Ordinance

Title.

To legalise certain payments made in the year 1975-76 in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 1 of 1975.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the period 1st July 1975 to 30th June 1976.

Enacting clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1975-76) Ordinance 1977.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the period 1st July 1975 to 30th June 1976.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services herein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service for the period 1st July 1975 to 30th June 1976, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that period, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sum mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Number	HEAD OF SERVICE	Amount
	FALKLAND ISLANDS	£
I.	The Governor ... ..	4,167
III.	Aviation ... ..	29,687
VIII.	Military ... ..	3,178
IX.	Miscellaneous ... ..	14,070
X.	Pensions and Gratuities ... ..	4,780
XV.	Public Works Special ... ..	15,228
XVI.	Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store ...	22,027
XVII.	Overseas Passages ... ..	58
		£ 93,195

OBJECTS AND REASONS

The amounts appearing in the Schedule are those by which the amounts approved in the appropriation Ordinance for 1975/76 were exceeded. This Bill seeks formal approval for the excess expenditure.

Ref. TRE/14/6.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

10 JUNE 1977

No. 8

## Appointment

Russell George Thomas Hooper, Pilot, Civil Aviation Department, 26.5.77.

## Acting Appointments

Ronald John Clarke, Acting Foreman, Public Works Department, 5.5.77.

Leslie Harris, Acting Power Station Supervisor, Public Works Department, 12.5.77.

## Completion of Contract

Mrs. Barbara Collins (née Teague), Nursing Sister, Medical Department, 10.6.77.

## Resignation

Miss Marilyn Joyce Allan, Nurse, Medical Department, 20.5.77.

## NOTICES

No. 34. 26th May 1977.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint —

JOHN ANDREW THOMAS FOWLER  
of Darwin, East Falklands, to be a Registrar under section 4 of the Marriage Ordinance (Cap. 43) for the purpose of celebrating the marriage of Doreen Emily Jaffray with Lewis Ronald Morrison both of Goose Green, at Darwin.

Ref. LEG/19/14.

No. 36.

30th May 1977.

Whereas His Excellency the Governor has been notified that the Honourable L. G. Blake, J.P. Elected Member for West Falkland, proposes to be absent from the Colony with permission with effect from 19th May 1977, and in accordance with Section 5 of the Royal Instructions, His Excellency has informed the Legislative Council that it is desirable that they elect a person from among the Elected Members of the Legislative Council to be temporarily a member of the Executive Council, it is notified that unofficial members of the Legislative Council have elected the Honourable A. B. Monk, J.P., Elected Member for East Falkland, to be temporarily a member of Executive Council during the absence from the Colony of the Honourable L. G. Blake, J.P.

Ref. EXC/19/1C.

No. 37.

31st May 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 26th May 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on Monday, 30th May 1977.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 38. 27th May 1977.

**Petroleum Products Ordinance 1973**

It is hereby notified that the Governor has authorized with effect from the 27th day of May 1977 —

**YACIMIENTOS PETROLIFEROS FISCALES**

to supply, market, and keep on their premises East of Port Stanley, wholly or partly for sale, petroleum products.

Ref. FUE/13/6.

No. 39. 8th June 1977.

**Silver Jubilee Medal, 1977**

The Governor directs it to be notified, for general information, that the Queen's Medal to commemorate Her Majesty's Silver Jubilee has been awarded to the following persons —

His Excellency James Roland Walter Parker, O.B.E.,

*Governor and Commander-in-Chief*

Ludvick Riley Anderson

Stuart Alfred Booth

William John Jones

Charles Maddocks

Mrs. Betty Lois Miller

Mrs. Edith Winifred Smith

Captain Phillip George Summers, *Adjutant,*

*Falkland Islands Defence Force.*

Ref. ROY/1/1.

**Probate**

**In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands**

**NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE (Cap. 1)**

IN THE MATTER of Elizabeth Margaret Summers, deceased, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands, on the 26th April 1977, intestate.

WHEREAS Aubrey Vernon Summers, widower of the above-named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,

*Registrar.*

Stanley,

Falkland Islands.

7th June 1977

S C & L/6/77.



## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 27th day of May 1977 for the purpose of visiting East Falkland:

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 27th day of May 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 26th day of May in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

J. R. W. PARKER.

*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

## The Falkland Islands Additional Instructions 1977

31st March 1977

ELIZABETH R.

ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS to Our Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Our Colony of the Falkland Islands and the Dependencies thereof or other Officer for the time being discharging the functions of that office.

We do hereby direct and enjoin and declare Our will and pleasure as follows —

Citation, construction,  
publication and com-  
mencement.

1. (1) These Instructions may be cited as the Falkland Islands Additional Instructions 1977 and shall be construed as one with the Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet to Our Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Our said Colony and Dependencies dated the 13th December 1948, as amended by Additional Instructions dated 27th November 1951, 15th November 1955 (a), 10th September 1964 (b) and 10th April 1973 (c) (which Instructions, as so amended, are hereinafter called "the Instructions of 1948").

(2) These Instructions shall be published in the Gazette and shall take effect on a date to be notified by the Governor by Proclamation in the Gazette, being the date on which the Legislative Council firsts meets after the coming into force of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) (Amendment) Order 1977.

Amendment of Clause 3  
of Instructions of 1948.

2. For Clause 3 of the Instructions of 1948 there is substituted the following clause —

"3. (1) The Executive Council shall consist of —

- (a) two Ex-officio Members, namely the Chief Secretary and the Financial Secretary;
- (b) two Unofficial Members, who shall be appointed by the Governor by Instrument under the Public Seal (hereinafter called 'Appointed Members') from among persons who do not hold offices of emolument under the Crown in the Colony; and
- (c) two Elected Members, who shall be elected in accordance with the next following paragraph by the Elected Members of the Legislative Council from the Elected Members of that Council.

(2) At the first meeting of the Legislative Council after every General Election the Elected Members of the Legislative Council shall elect two of their number to be Members of the Executive Council, one for twelve months and the other for eighteen months. Subsequent elections shall be held before the expiry of each of those periods and of each period of one year thereafter, at which one Member of the Executive Council shall be elected, who may be the same Member or a different Member of the Legislative Council. And so on until there remain six months or less between the expiry of a period of election and the latest date for the dissolution of the Legislative Council."

Amendment of Clause 4  
of Instructions of 1948.

3. Clause 4 of the Instructions of 1948 is amended as follows —

- (a) by deleting the words "Nominated Independent and" in subparagraph (7) (e), and by substituting a semi-colon followed by the word "or" for the full-stop at the end of that sub-paragraph;

---

(a) S.I. 1955 II, p. 3187. (b) S.I. 1964 III, p. 5254. (c) S.I. 1973 I, p. 2636.

(b) by inserting the following sub-paragraph after sub-paragraph (7) (e) —

“(f) if at the expiry of the period for which he is elected to the Executive Council he is not re-elected to the Executive Council under clause 3 (2) of these Instructions.”.

4. Clause 5 of the Instructions of 1948 is amended by deleting the words “Nominated Independent and” in sub-paragraph (1) (b). Amendment of Clause 5  
of Instructions of 1948.

Given at Our Court at St. James's this 31st day of March, 1977,  
in the 26th year of Our Reign.

## STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1977 No. 423

## SOUTH ATLANTIC TERRITORIES

The Falkland Islands (Legislative Council)  
(Amendment) Order 1977

Made - - - 9th March 1977

*Laid before Parliament* 17th March 1977

*Coming into Operation* In accordance with Article 1 (3)

At the Court of Saint James, the 9th day of March 1977

Present,

### The Counsellors of State in Council

Whereas Her Majesty, in pursuance of the Regency Acts of 1937 to 1953, was pleased, by Letters Patent dated the 3rd day of February 1977, to delegate to the six Counsellors of State therein named or any two or more of them full power and authority during the period of Her Majesty's absence from the United Kingdom to summon and hold on Her Majesty's behalf Her Privy Council and to signify thereat Her Majesty's approval for anything for which Her Majesty's approval in Council is required:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother and Her Royal Highness the Princess Anne, being authorised thereto by the said Letters Patent, and in pursuance of the powers conferred by the British Settlements Acts 1887 and 1945 (a) and all other powers enabling Her Majesty, and by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council, do on Her Majesty's behalf order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows—

### *Citation, construction and commencement*

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) (Amendment) Order 1977 and shall be construed as one with the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders 1948 to 1975 (*b*), which Orders are hereinafter referred to as “the principal Order”.

(2) This Order and the principal Order may be cited together as the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders 1948 to 1977.

(3) This Order shall come into operation on a date to be notified by the Governor by Proclamation in the Gazette, which shall be a date not earlier than the day after the date of dissolution of the existing Legislative Council.

(a) 1887 c. 54; 1945 c. 7 (9 & 10 Geo. 6).

(b) S.I. 1948/2573, 1950/1184, 1951/1946, 1955/1650, 1964/1397, 1972/668, 1973/598, 1975/1706 (Rev. VII, p. 591: 1948 I, p. 1018; 1950 I, p. 683; 1951 I, p. 682; 1955 I, p. 833; 1964 III, p. 3204; 1972 I, p. 2150; 1973 I, p. 1908; 1975 III, p. 5813.

*Amendment of Part II of the principal Order*

2. For Part II of the principal Order there is substituted the following Part —

"PART II

*The Legislative Council*

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| Establishment of Legislative Council.     | 3. There shall be a Legislative Council in and for the Colony constituted in accordance with the provisions of this Order.   |
| Composition of Legislative Council.       | 4. The Legislative Council shall consist of —<br>(a) the Governor, as President;<br>(b) two Ex-officio Members;<br>(c) six Elected Members.  |
| Ex-officio Members.                       | 5. The Ex-officio Members of the Legislative Council shall be the Chief Secretary and the Financial Secretary.   |
| Elected Members.                          | 6. The Elected Members shall be persons qualified in accordance with the provisions of this Order and elected in the manner provided by any law for the time being in force in the Colony.   |
| Extraordinary Members.                    | 7. The Governor may summon any person to any meeting of the Council, notwithstanding that such person may not be a member of the Council when, in the opinion of the Governor, the business before the Council renders the presence of such a person desirable. Any person so summoned shall be entitled to take part in the proceedings of the Council relating to the business in respect of which he is summoned as if he were a Member of the Council, except that he shall not have the right to vote in the Council.   |
| Cessation of Elected Membership.          | 8. Every Elected Member shall cease to be a Member at the next dissolution of the Council after his election, or previously thereto if his seat shall become vacant under the provisions of this Order, but, if qualified, shall be eligible for re-election from time to time.  |
| Qualifications for Elected Membership.    | 9. Subject to the provisions of section 10 of this Order, any person who is a British subject of the age of twenty-one or upwards shall be qualified to be an Elected Member of the Council, and no other persons shall be qualified to be elected thereto or, having been so elected, shall sit or vote in the Council or in any Committee thereof.   |
| Disqualifications for Elected Membership. | 10. No person shall be qualified to be elected as an Elected Member or, having been so elected, shall sit or vote in the Council, who at the time of election—<br>(a) is, by virtue of his own act, under any acknowledgement of allegiance, obedience or adherence to a foreign Power or State; or<br>(b) is an undischarged bankrupt, having been declared a bankrupt under any law in force in any part of Her Majesty's dominions or in any territory under Her Majesty's protection or in any territory in which Her Majesty has from time to time jurisdiction; or |

- (c) has, in any part of Her Majesty's dominions or in any territory under Her Majesty's protection or in any territory in which Her Majesty has from time to time jurisdiction, been sentenced to death or to imprisonment (by whatever name called) for a term exceeding six months, and has not either suffered the punishment to which he was sentenced or such other punishment as may by competent authority have been substituted therefor or received a free pardon; or
- (d) has been declared to be of unsound mind under any law in force in the Colony; or
- (e) is a party to, or partner in a firm, or a director or manager of a company, which is a party to, any subsisting contract with the Government of the Colony for or on account of the public service and has not published within one month before the day of election in the Gazette and in a newspaper circulating in the electoral district for which he is a candidate a notice setting out the nature of such contract and of his interest, or of the interest of such firm or company, therein; or
- (f) holds any office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony; or
- (g) (i) is not qualified to be registered as an elector under the provisions of any law for the time being in force in the Colony or, being so qualified, is not so registered; or
  - (ii) is disqualified for election by any law for the time being in force in the Colony by reason of his holding, or acting in, any office the functions of which involve:
    - (a) any responsibility for, or in connection with, the conduct of any election; or
    - (b) any responsibility for the compilation or revision of any electoral register; or
  - (iii) has not ordinarily resided in the Colony for a period of not less than three years; or
- (h) is disqualified for membership of the Council by any law for the time being in force in the Colony relating to offences connected with the election of Elected Members.

Vacation of  
Seats.

11. (1) The seat of an Elected Member of the Council shall become vacant —

- (a) upon his death; or
- (b) if he shall be absent from two consecutive meetings of the Council without having obtained from the Governor, before the termination of either of such meetings, permission to be or to remain absent therefrom; or

- (c) if he shall do, concur in or adopt any act done with the intention that he shall become a subject or citizen of any foreign Power or State; or
- (d) if he shall, by writing under his hand directed to the Governor, resign his seat in the Council; or
- (e) if he shall be appointed to any office of emolument under the Crown; or
- (f) if he shall become disqualified from being registered as an elector under the provisions of any law of the Colony in that behalf, or, not being so disqualified, shall cease to be registered as such; or
- (g) if he shall otherwise cease to be qualified for election under the provisions of this Order.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Order, all questions which may arise as to the right of any person to be or remain an Elected Member shall be determined by the Supreme Court of the Colony in accordance with the provisions of any law for the time being in force in the Colony.

Temporary  
Members.

12. (1) Whenever there shall be a vacancy in the number of persons sitting as Ex-officio Members of the Council by reason of the fact that —

- (a) an Ex-officio Member is administering the Government of the Colony; or
- (b) the person holding the substantive appointment of Financial Secretary is lawfully discharging the functions of Chief Secretary; or
- (c) the person holding the substantive appointment of Chief Secretary or Financial Secretary is incapable by reason of illness of discharging the functions of his office; or
- (d) no person is holding the substantive appointment of Chief Secretary or Financial Secretary; or
- (e) an Ex-officio Member is absent from the Colony,

the Governor may by Instrument under the Public Seal appoint a person to be a temporary Ex-officio Member for the period of such vacancy.

(2) Any person appointed to be a temporary Ex-officio Member shall be a person holding office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony and, so long as his appointment shall subsist, the provisions of this Order shall, subject to the provisions of this section, apply to him as if he were an Ex-officio Member.

(3) The Governor shall forthwith report every temporary appointment made under this section to Her Majesty through a Secretary of State and such appointment may (without prejudice to anything done by virtue thereof) be revoked by the Governor by Instrument under the Public Seal.

(4) A temporary appointment made under this section shall cease to have effect on notification by the Governor, or on supercession of the appointment by



the definitive appointment of a person to fill the vacancy, or when the vacancy shall otherwise cease to exist.

Presiding in  
Legislative  
Council.

13. The Governor, if present, shall preside at meetings of the Council, and in his absence such Member as the Governor may from time to time appoint in writing, or in the absence of the Member so appointed or if no Member be so appointed, the Member present who stands first in order of precedence shall preside.

Precedence of  
Members.

14. (1) After the Governor, the Members of the Council shall take precedence among themselves as Her Majesty may specially assign, and in default thereof as follows —

Firstly, the Ex-officio Members in the order in which their offices are referred to in section 5 of this Order;

Secondly, the Elected Members, according to the length of time during which they have been continuously Members of the Council, Members elected at the same time taking precedence among themselves in such order as the Governor may direct.

(2) For the purposes of this section —

- (a) Members elected to the Council as first constituted under this Order shall be deemed to have been elected on the date on which the report of the return of the first successful candidate for election in the applicable General Election is made to the Governor; and
- (b) in ascertaining the period during which a person has continuously been a Member of the Council:
  - (i) no account shall be taken of any interval between the vacation by that person of his seat in the Council in consequence of the expiration of his tenure of office or a dissolution of the Council and the date of his re-election to fill a vacancy in the Council caused by that expiration of tenure or that dissolution; and
  - (ii) if any person having been, for any period immediately before the appointed day, a Member of the Legislative Council constituted by the Letters Patent of 1892, was elected as a Member by virtue of the first elections to the Council after the appointed day, he shall be deemed to have been a Member of the Council so constituted for that period; and no account shall be taken of any interval between the day preceding the appointed day and the date upon which he was first elected to the Council, or of any interval in his membership of the Legislative Council constituted by the Letters Patent of 1892 between the

expiration of his tenure of office and his election to fill the vacancy thereby caused.

Filling of vacancies.

15. Whenever the seat of an Elected Member becomes vacant, a fresh election shall be held to fill the vacancy in accordance with the provisions of this Order.”.

*Amendment of section 26 of the principal Order*

3. Section 26 of the principal Order is amended by deleting the words “and appointment” in subsection (2).

*Amendment of section 30 of the principal Order*

4. Section 30 of the principal Order is amended by deleting the words “or appointed” and “or appointment” wherever they appear in subsection (1) (a), and by substituting the words “Chief Secretary” for the words “Colonial Secretary” in subsection (2).

5. In the case of the first general election to be held after the coming into force of this Order, section 26 (2) of the principal Order (which requires an election to be held within three months of every dissolution) shall be read as if the words “four months” were substituted for the words “three months”.

N. E. LEIGH,

*Clerk of the Privy Council.*

---

EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order.)*

This Order provides for the abolition of the seats of the two Nominated Independent Members of the Legislative Council of the Falkland Islands and the increase from four to six in the numbers of seats of Elected Members.





# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

11 JULY 1977

No. 9

## Appointment

Richard James Stevens, Teacher, Education Department, 23.6.77.

## NOTICES

No. 40. 29th June 1977.

The following telegrams which were exchanged on the occasion of Her Majesty the Queen's Silver Jubilee are published for general information —

*From His Excellency the Governor to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs*

On the occasion of Her Majesty's Silver Jubilee, I should be grateful if you would convey to Her Majesty the Queen the loyal and heartfelt greetings of Her subjects in the Falkland Islands and Dependencies who, with humble duty, ask Her Majesty to accept their most respectful congratulations and felicitous good wishes.

PARKER - Governor.

*From Her Majesty the Queen to His Excellency the Governor*

I thank you and the people of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies most sincerely for your kind message on the occasion of my Silver Jubilee.

ELIZABETH R.

Ref. ROY/1/1.

No. 41.

8th July 1977.

The Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977 (Article 92)

Pursuant to Article 92 of the Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977, Mr. Stephen Hughes, of the Civil Aviation Department is hereby authorized for the purposes of any of the provisions of the Order specified in the following Schedule —

### SCHEDULE

Article 9 (4) (d)

Article 11 (5) (e)

2. The Notice issued under Article 81 of the Colonial Air Navigation Orders 1961 to 1972 dated 8th January 1976, insofar as it relates to Mr. Ian B. Bridges, is cancelled.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
Governor.

No. 42.

8th July 1977.

### Birthday Honours 1977

Her Majesty the Queen has been graciously pleased to approve the following appointments —

ARTHUR JOSEPH PHILIP MONK, ESQ.,

to be an Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire; and

DENNIS JOHN SOLLIS, ESQ., B.E.M.,

to be a Member of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire.

Ref. ROY/31/4.

11th July 1977.

No. 43.

## HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN'S SILVER JUBILEE

His Excellency the Governor directs the publication, for general information, of the following Address of Congratulation transmitted to the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs for submission to Her Majesty the Queen on the occasion of Her Majesty's Silver Jubilee:

"We, the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, and the Members of Executive and Legislative Councils of the Colony of the Falkland Islands humbly desire, on behalf of the whole population of the Colony, to convey to Your Majesty, on the happy occasion of Your Majesty's Silver Jubilee, an assurance of the respectful affection borne by everyone in this Colony to Your Majesty's Throne and Person, and they hope and pray that Your Majesty's reign may be prolonged to bring new strength to the great Commonwealth of which this Colony forms so small, but so loyal a part."

Ref. ROY/1/1.

---

# PROCLAMATION

---

No. 2 of 1977

---

Made under section 24 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council)  
Orders in Council, 1948 to 1976.

IN THE NAME OF Her Majesty ELIZABETH II, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories Queen, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith.

J. R. W. PARKER



*By His Excellency JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER,  
ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British  
Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the  
Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by subsection (1) of section 24 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders in Council, 1948 to 1976, it is provided that the sittings of the Council shall be held at such times and places as the Governor shall from time to time appoint by Proclamation:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, in exercise of the powers vested in me aforesaid, do by this Proclamation appoint Tuesday, the 19th day of July 1977 at 3.00 p.m. at the Court and Council Chambers, Stanley, to be the time and place for a sitting of the Legislative Council of the Colony.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 11th day of July in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

Ref. LEC/35/1.

## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 9th day of July for the purpose of visiting the Camp.

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 9th day of July 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 8th day of July in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 29th day of June 1977.  
 J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 1



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
 Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.  
 JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

# An Ordinance To provide for the service of the year 1977-78.

Title.

Enacting clause.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1977-78) Ordinance 1977.

Appropriation of  
 £2,235,405 for the service  
 of the year 1977-78.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the period 1st July 1977 to 30th June 1978, a sum not exceeding Two million, two hundred and thirty-five thousand, four hundred and five pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1977-78.



## SCHEDULE

Schedule.

Number	HEAD OF SERVICE	£
I.	The Governor ... ..	33,196
II.	Agriculture ... ..	6,568
III.	Aviation ... ..	112,372
IV.	Customs and Harbour ... ..	34,089
V.	Education ... ..	149,804
VI.	Medical ... ..	184,284
VII.	Meteorological ... ..	10,928
VIII.	Military ... ..	5,892
IX.	Miscellaneous ... ..	19,672
X.	Pensions and Gratuities ... ..	43,283
XI.	Police and Prisons ... ..	25,102
XII.	Posts and Telecommunications ... ..	133,252
XIII.	Public Works ... ..	160,085
XIV.	Public Works Recurrent ... ..	120,370
XV.	Public Works Special ... ..	42,860
XVI.	Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store ... ..	142,766
XVII.	Overseas Passages ... ..	70,429
XVIII.	Social Welfare ... ..	27,046
XIX.	Supreme Court and Legal ... ..	14,867
XX.	Training ... ..	15,000
Total Ordinary Expenditure ... ..		1,351,865
Development A		
Expenditure to be met from Colony funds ... ..		153,130
Development B		
Expenditure to be met from U.K. Aid ... ..		530,410
Total Ordinary and Development Expenditure		2,035,405
XXI.	Transfer to Development Fund ... ..	200,000
Total Expenditure ... ..		£ 2,235,405

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Ref. TRE/14/10.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 29th day of June 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 2



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.  
JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

Title.

To legalise certain payments made in the year 1975-76 in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 1 of 1975.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the period 1st July 1975 to 30th June 1976.

Enacting clause.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1975-76) Ordinance 1977.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the period 1st July 1975 to 30th June 1976.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services herein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service for the period 1st July 1975 to 30th June 1976, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that period, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sum mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

## SCHEDULE

Schedule.

Number	HEAD OF SERVICE					Amount
FALKLAND ISLANDS						£
I.	The Governor	...	...	...	...	4,167
III.	Aviation	...	...	...	...	29,687
VIII.	Military	...	...	...	...	3,178
IX.	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	14,070
X.	Pensions and Gratuities	...	...	...	...	4,780
XV.	Public Works Special	...	...	...	...	15,228
XVI.	Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store	...	...	...	...	22,027
XVII.	Overseas Passages	...	...	...	...	58
						£ 93,195

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. TRE/14/6.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 30th day of June 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 3



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

Title.

### Further to amend the Post Office Ordinance.

Date of commencement.

(11th July 1977)

Enacting clause.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Post Office (Amendment) Ordinance 1977.

Repeal and replacement of section 8.

2. Section 8 of the Post Office Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following new section —

"Payment for carriage of mail.

8. The Postmaster shall, on demand, pay to the master, owner or agent of any vessel, not being Government or under contract with the Government, such fee, for mail safely carried and delivered, as may be fixed from time to time by the Governor in Council."

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref P&T/10/3.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 30th day of June 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 4



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

Further to amend the Stanley Town  
Public Services Ordinance 1973. Title.

(11th July 1977)

Date of commencement.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Public Services (Amendment) Ordinance 1977.

Short title.

2. Section 25 of the Stanley Town Public Services Ordinance 1973 is amended by —

Amendment of section 25.  
(6 of 1973)

(a) renumbering it as subsection (1) thereof; and

(b) inserting the following new subsection —

“(2) Any person who fails to comply with any rule made under subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence.”.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. INT/10/3.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 30th day of June 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 5

1977



Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

Title.

Further to amend the Pensions Ordinance 1965.

Enacting clause.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title and commencement.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977, and shall be deemed to have come into force on 1st January 1974, except that Section 2 (A) thereof shall be deemed to have come into force on 1st April 1972.

Amendment of section 2 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1965.

2. Section 2 (1) of the Pensions Ordinance 1965 is amended —

(A) by substituting a colon for the full stop at the end of the definition "Inducement Allowance" and adding the following — "Provided that in respect of the period from 1st April 1972 to 31st December 1973 it means the inducement allowance referred to in paragraph 5 of the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreements 1971 and 1972;"

(B) by substituting the following for the definition of "PENSIONABLE EMOLUMENTS" —

"PENSIONABLE EMOLUMENTS"

(a) in respect of public service of non-designated officers under the Government of the Colony include —

- (i) salary;
- (ii) personal allowances; and
- (iii) overseas allowance;

but do not include any other emoluments or allowances whatever;

- (b) in respect of public service of designated officers under the Government of the Colony include —
  - (i) equivalent United Kingdom salary; and
  - (ii) inducement element;
 but do not include any other emoluments or allowances whatever;
- (c) in respect of other public service means emoluments which count for pension in accordance with the law or regulations in force in such service";
- (c) by inserting in their proper alphabetical positions, the following new definitions —

"DESIGNATED OFFICER" means a pensionable officer designated as such in pursuance of the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreement 1961 or the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreements 1971 and 1972, or any agreement specified by the Governor with the consent of the Secretary of State for the purpose of this definition.

"EQUIVALENT UNITED KINGDOM SALARY" means the notional United Kingdom salary taken into account in calculating the salary supplement of a designated officer, as notified to the Government of the Colony by the Government of the United Kingdom.

"INDUCEMENT ELEMENT" means the inducement element taken into account in calculating the salary supplement of a designated officer as notified to the Government of the Colony by the Government of the United Kingdom.

"NON-DESIGNATED OFFICER" means a pensionable officer not designated in pursuance of the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreement 1961 or the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) Agreements 1971 and 1972, or any agreement specified by the Governor with the consent of the Secretary of State for the purpose of the definition of "DESIGNATED OFFICER".

"SALARY SUPPLEMENT" means the supplement paid to a designated officer by administrative arrangements for the period from 1st January 1974 to 30th March 1976 and thereafter in pursuance of the Overseas Service (Falkland Islands) (Continuance) Agreement 1971/1976."

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. TRE/10/3.



Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 30th day of June 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 6



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

### An Ordinance

Title. To repeal the Government Employees Provident Fund Ordinance.

Date of commencement. (11th July 1977)

Enacting clause. ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title. 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Government Employees Provident Fund (Repeal) Ordinance 1977.

Repeal of Cap. 28. 2. The Government Employees Provident Fund Ordinance is repealed.

Repayment to depositors and disposal of surplus. 3. Any depositor having money in the Non-Pensionable Employees Provident Fund, a fund established under section 4 of the Repealed Ordinance at the date of the repeal of the Ordinance shall receive the full amount standing to his credit on that date, and any surplus thereafter remaining in the Fund shall be transferred to the general revenues of the Colony.

Effect of repeal. 4. Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired or incurred under the Ordinance hereby repealed and any legal proceedings or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced, as if this Ordinance had not been passed.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. TRE/2/4.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 29th day of June 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 7



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

To provide for the payment of allowances to Unofficial Members of the Executive Council and to make provision for matters incidental thereto.

Title.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977, and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by notice in the Gazette.

Short title and commencement.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —  
“Council” means the Executive Council of the Colony;  
“member” means an unofficial member of the Council.

Interpretation.

3. Members shall be paid, from money provided by the Legislative Council, allowances in respect of their services as members at such rates as the Governor in Council may from time to time by order authorize.

Allowances of members.

4. For all or any of the purposes of Clause 2 (4) of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order in Council 1948, members of the Council receiving allowances in respect of their Service as members of the Council shall not be considered to hold an office of emolument under the Crown.

Allowances not to be considered an emolument under the Crown.

Decision of Presiding  
Officer.

5. If any question arises as to whether any member is or is not entitled to any payment under the provisions of this Ordinance or of any order made thereunder, the decision on such question of the President of the Council, or of any person entitled to preside over the Council, shall be final and shall not be questioned save in the Council.

Prohibition against double  
allowances.

6. Not more than one allowance, whether under this Ordinance or under the Legislative Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977, shall be payable to any one member.

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. EXC/10/1.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 29th day of June 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 8



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

### An Ordinance

To provide for the payment of allowances to Unofficial Members of the Legislative Council, to empower the Governor in Council to make declarations that membership of certain bodies shall not be an office of emolument under the Crown and to make provision for matters incidental thereto.

Title.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977, and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by notice in the Gazette.

Short title and commencement.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —  
“Council” means the Legislative Council of the Colony;  
“member” means an unofficial member of the Council.

Interpretation.

3. Members shall be paid, from money provided for the purpose by the Council, allowances in respect of their services as members at such rates as the Governor in Council may from time to time by order authorize.

Allowances of members.

4. The Governor in Council may, by order in the Gazette, declare, either generally or in relation to any person named in such order, that membership of any council, commission, board, committee or other body named in such order shall not be an office of emolument under the Crown.

Declarations in respect of certain bodies.

Decision of Presiding  
Officer.

5. If any question arises as to whether any member is or is not entitled to any payment under the provisions of this Ordinance or of any order made thereunder, the decision on such question of the President of the Council, or of any person entitled to preside over the Council, shall be final and shall not be questioned save in the Council.

Prohibition against double  
allowances.

6. Not more than one allowance, whether under this Ordinance or the Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance, 1977, shall be payable to any one member.

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. LEC/10/2.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 29th day of June 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 9



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

# An Ordinance Further to amend the Income Tax Ordinance.

(1st January 1977)

Date of commencement.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. (1) This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1977.

Short title and commencement.

(2) The amendment to the Income Tax Ordinance made by section 2 shall apply in relation to all assessments made in respect of the year of assessment commencing on the 1st day of January 1978 and subsequent years of assessment.

Cap. 32.

2. Section 8 of the Income Tax Ordinance is amended —

Amendment of section 8.

(a) in paragraph (m) by deleting the full stop and substituting a semi-colon; and

(b) by inserting after paragraph (m) the following new paragraph —

“(n) any allowance paid to any unofficial member of the Executive or Legislative Councils under the provisions of the Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977 or the Legislative Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977 in respect of services as a member of council.”.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. INC/10/5.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 30th day of June 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 10



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

Title.

Further to amend the Old Age Pensions Ordinance 1952.

Enacting clause.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Ordinance may be cited as the Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977.

(2) The provisions of Sections 2 and 3 of this Ordinance shall come into operation on the 4th day of July 1977 and the provisions of Section 4 of this Ordinance shall come into operation on the 27th day of June 1977.

Amendment of section 6.

2. Section 6 of the Old Age Pensions Ordinance 1952 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended in subsection (2) by —

- (i) deleting in paragraph (a) "62p" and substituting "72p";
- (ii) deleting in paragraph (b) "92p" and substituting "£1.08"; and
- (iii) deleting in paragraph (c) "£1.54" and substituting "£1.80".

Amendment of section 6A.

3. Section 6A of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (2) by deleting "£1.54" and substituting "£1.80".

Amendment of Schedule.

4. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended by deleting "£9.00", "£6.00", "£6.00" and "£6.00" and substituting "£10.50", "£7.00", "£7.00" and "£7.00" respectively.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. TRE/2/1.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 30th day of June 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 11



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

# An Ordinance Further to amend the Non-contributory Old Age Pensions Ordinance 1961.

(4th July 1977)

Title.

Date of commencement.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Non-contributory Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977 and shall come into operation on the 4th day of July 1977.

Short title and commencement.

2. Section 4 of the Non-contributory Old Age Pensions Ordinance 1961 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by —

Amendment of section 4.

- (i) deleting in paragraph (b) "£500" and substituting "£650";
- (ii) deleting in paragraph (c) "£300" and substituting "£400"; and
- (iii) deleting in paragraph (d) "£300" and substituting "£400".

3. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is amended by deleting "£6.00", "£4.00" and "£4.00" and substituting the following respectively —

Amendment of Schedule.  
(7 of 1961)

"£8.50", "£6.00" and "£6.00".

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. TRE/2/2.



## Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1977

### ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

#### Section

1. Citation
  2. Interpretation
  3. Protection of sites of historic wrecks
  4. Prohibition on approaching dangerous wrecks
  5. Saving
  6. Penalties
-

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 7th day of July 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*



No. 12



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

### An Ordinance

To secure the protection of wrecks in territorial waters and sites of such wrecks, from interference by unauthorised persons; and for connected purposes.

Title.

(11th July 1977)

Date of commencement.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1977.

Citation.

2. In this Ordinance —

Interpretation.

1973 c. 33 s. 3(1).

"Colonial waters" means any part of the sea within the seaward limits of the territorial waters of the Colony and includes any part of a river within the ebb and flow of ordinary spring tides;

"the sea" includes any estuary or arm of the sea; and reference to the sea bed includes any area submerged at high water of ordinary spring tides.

3. (1) If the Governor is satisfied with respect to any site in Colonial waters that —

Protection of sites of historic wrecks.

1973 c. 33 s. 1.

(a) it is, or may prove to be, the site of a vessel lying wrecked on or in the sea bed; and

- (b) on account of the historical, archaeological or artistic importance of the vessel, or of any objects contained or formerly contained in it which may be lying on the sea bed in or near the wreck, the site ought to be protected from unauthorised interference,

he may by order designate an area round the site as a restricted area.

(2) An order under this section shall identify the site where the vessel lies or formerly lay, or is supposed to lie or have lain, and —

- (a) the restricted area shall be all within such distance of the site (so identified) as is specified in the order, but excluding any area above high water mark of ordinary spring tides; and
- (b) the distance specified for the purposes of paragraph (a) above shall be whatever the Governor thinks appropriate to ensure protection for the wreck.

(3) Subject to section 5 below, a person commits an offence if, in a restricted area, he does any of the following things otherwise than under the authority of a licence granted by the Governor —

- (a) he tampers with, damages or removes any part of a vessel lying wrecked on or in the sea bed, or any object formerly contained in such a vessel; or
- (b) he carries out diving or salvage operations directed to the exploration of any wreck or to removing objects from it or from the sea bed, or uses equipment constructed or adapted for any purpose of diving or salvage operations; or
- (c) he deposits, so as to fall and lie abandoned on the sea bed, anything which, if it were to fall on the site of a wreck (whether it so falls or not), would wholly or partly obliterate the site, or obstruct access to it, or damage any part of the wreck;

and also commits an offence if he causes or permits any of these things to be done by others in a restricted area, otherwise than under the authority of such a licence.

(4) Before making an order under this section, the Governor shall consult with such persons as he considers appropriate having regard to the purposes of the order; but this consultation may be dispensed with if he is satisfied that the case is one in which an order should be made as a matter of immediate urgency.

(5) A licence granted by the Governor for the purposes of subsection (3) above shall be in writing and —

- (a) the Governor shall in respect of a restricted area grant licences only to persons who appear to him either —
  - (i) to be competent, and properly equipped, to carry out salvage operations in a manner appropriate to the historical, archaeological or artistic importance of any wreck which may be lying in the area, and of any objects contained or formerly contained in a wreck, or
  - (ii) to have any other legitimate reason for doing in the area that which can only be done under the authority of a licence;
- (b) a licence may be granted subject to conditions or restrictions, and may be varied or revoked by the Governor at any time after giving not less than one week's notice to the licensee; and

- (c) anything done contrary to any condition or restriction of a licence shall be treated for purposes of subsection (3) above as done otherwise than under the authority of the licence.

(6) Where a person is authorised, by a licence of the Governor granted under this section, to carry out diving or salvage operations, it is an offence for any other person to obstruct him, or cause or permit him to be obstructed, in doing anything which is authorised by the licence, subject however to section 5 below.

4. (1) If the Governor is satisfied with respect to a vessel lying wrecked in Colonial waters that —

Prohibition on approaching dangerous wrecks.  
1973 c. 33 s. 2.

- (a) because of anything contained in it, the vessel is in a condition which makes it a potential danger to life or property; and
- (b) on that account it ought to be protected from unauthorised interference,

he may by order designate an area round the vessel as a prohibited area.

(2) An order under this section shall identify the vessel and the place where it is lying and —

- (a) the prohibited area shall be all within such distance of the vessel as is specified by the order, excluding any area above high water mark of ordinary spring tides; and
- (b) the distance specified for the purposes of paragraph (a) above shall be whatever the Governor thinks appropriate to ensure that unauthorised persons are kept away from the vessel.

(3) Subject to section 5 below, a person commits an offence if, without authority in writing granted by the Governor, he enters a prohibited area, whether on the surface or under water.

5. Nothing is to be regarded as constituting an offence under this Ordinance where it is done by a person —

Saving.  
1973 c. 33 s. 3(3).

- (a) in the course of any action taken by him for the sole purpose of dealing with an emergency of any description; or
- (b) in exercising, or seeing to the exercise of functions conferred by or under an enactment on him; or
- (c) out of necessity due to stress of weather or navigational hazards.

6. A person guilty of an offence under section 3 or section 4 above shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of not more than £400, or on conviction on indictment to a fine of not less than £400.

Penalties.  
1973 c. 33 s. 3(4).

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 7th day of July 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 13



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

Title.

To make provision for the preparation and publication of a revised edition of the laws of the Colony.

Date of commencement.

(11th July 1977)

Enacting clause.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance 1977.

Definitions.

2. In this Ordinance —

“Imperial Laws” means Imperial Statutes, Imperial Orders in Council, Royal Proclamations, Letters Patent and Royal Instructions and any legislation or instrument made thereunder and includes any amendment made to such Imperial Laws by any Ordinance or subsidiary legislation;

“Laws” means Ordinances, subsidiary legislation and Imperial Laws;

“Revised Edition” means the revised edition of the laws of the Colony and the Dependencies to be prepared under the authority of this Ordinance;

"Subsidiary legislation" means the proclamations, rules, regulations, orders, by-laws, notifications, resolutions and other forms of subordinate legislation made or enacted under the authority of any Ordinance.

3. (1) FREDERICK GEORGE COOKE, Barrister-at-Law, is hereby appointed the Commissioner to prepare a revised edition of the written Laws of the Colony and the Dependencies.

Appointment of  
Commissioner.

(2) If the said Commissioner is unable for any cause fully to discharge his duties under this Ordinance, the Governor may appoint some other fit and proper person to be the Commissioner in his stead.

4. (1) The revised edition shall comprise —

Matters to be included in  
the revised edition.

- (a) all Ordinances in force in the Colony and Dependencies, except such as are omitted under the provisions of sections 6 and 7;
- (b) all subsidiary legislation in force in the Colony and Dependencies, except such as is omitted under the provisions of sections 6 and 7:

Provided that in lieu of republishing any subsidiary legislation, the Commissioner may, where he considers it convenient, set out the effect of the legislation in tabular or abbreviated form; and

- (c) such Imperial Laws in force in the Colony as the Commissioner may consider it desirable to republish or lists of and references to all or any such Imperial Laws.

(2) The revised edition shall contain also —

- (a) a list of all Ordinances contained in the last revised edition and a chronological list of all Ordinances subsequently enacted, with notes showing how the same have been dealt with;
- (b) a list of all Ordinances omitted from the revised edition under the provisions of section 6;
- (c) a table of contents; and
- (d) an alphabetical index.

5. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 8, each Ordinance shall form a separate chapter and chapters shall be numbered and arranged under such titles as the Commissioner may determine and below the number of each chapter there shall be set out the subject matter of the chapter and the date on which the principal Ordinance came into force.

Form of the revised  
edition.

(2) The number and year of the principal Ordinance and of any amending or incorporated law shall be set out in the margin at the commencement of each chapter and the Commissioner may also, so far as may be convenient, set out in the margin in respect of any section that has been amended, a reference to the amending enactment.

6. (1) It shall not be necessary for the Commissioner to include in the revised edition —

Omission of subsisting  
laws.

- (a) any current financial Appropriation Ordinance;
- (b) any law containing only special provision in relation to the pension of any person named therein; and
- (c) any law which he considers unnecessary to republish as not being of general or of current importance.

(2) Any Ordinance or subsidiary enactment omitted from the revised edition under the provisions of subsection (1) shall remain in full force until the same have expressly been repealed or revoked or shall have expired or become spent or had their effect.

Other matter that may be omitted.

7. The Commissioner may also, where he considers it convenient, omit from the revised edition —

- (a) laws or parts of laws which have been repealed or revoked expressly or by necessary implications, or which have expired or have become spent or have had their effect;
- (b) repealing or revoking enactments and tables and lists of repealed or revoked enactments whether contained in schedules or otherwise;
- (c) preambles and long titles to and recitals in law;
- (d) all introductory words of enactment;
- (e) enactments prescribing the date when, or the manner in which, any law or part of any law is to come into operation;
- (f) amending laws or parts thereof when the amendments effected thereby have been embodied by the Commissioner in the laws to which they relate;
- (g) transitional provisions; and
- (h) in any enactment, the interpretation of any expression which is defined in similar or identical terms with the definition of that expression contained in the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance.

Miscellaneous powers of Commissioner.

8. (1) The Commissioner shall have power —

- (a) to arrange the laws by chapters in such order and manner and in such groups as he may determine;
- (b) to consolidate into one law any two or more laws in *pari materia*, making such alterations as are thereby rendered necessary or expedient and offering such date thereto as may seem most convenient;
- (c) to divide any law into two or more laws and to make such amendments, including the supplying of titles or the alteration of existing titles, as are thereby rendered necessary;
- (d) to transfer any provision contained in any law from that law to any other law to which, in his opinion, it more properly belongs;
- (e) to alter the order of sections, subsections or paragraphs in or schedules to any law or to set out any section or paragraph of any law as a schedule to that law or to transfer it to an existing schedule or to set out any schedule or part of a schedule as a section or paragraph of the law;
- (f) to alter the form or arrangement of any section, subsection or paragraph of any law either by combining it in whole or in part with another section, subsection or paragraph or by dividing it into two or more subsections or paragraphs or by transposing words;
- (g) to transfer to subsidiary legislation any part of an Ordinance which may, in his opinion, more conveniently be included as subsidiary legislation under that, or any other Ordinance;
- (h) to divide any law into parts or other divisions and to give to each such part or division a suitable heading;

- (i) to make such adaptations of or amendments to any law as may be required by virtue of any statutory provision having taken into effect or as may appear to be necessary or proper as a consequence of Constitutional or other changes in the Colony or the Dependencies or any other country or in or to any international body or organisation;
- (j) to make such formal alterations as to names, localities, offices, titles and ranks and otherwise as may be necessary to bring any law into conformity with circumstances;
- (k) to simplify the phraseology of any law and to make such formal alterations to any law as are necessary or expedient for recurring uniformity of expression;
- (l) to correct grammatical or typographical errors in the existing laws, and for that purpose to make verbal additions or alterations not affecting the meaning of any law;
- (m) to correct cross-references;
- (n) to supply or alter marginal notes;
- (o) to supply or alter tables of contents;
- (p) to number or renumber the sections or paragraphs in any laws where in his opinion it is desirable to do so;
- (q) to frame and insert definitions of terms or expressions used in any Ordinance and to substitute other terms and expressions of a like nature for those used; and
- (r) generally, to do all things relating to form and method which, in his opinion, may be necessary for the perfecting of the revised edition.

(2) The Commissioner, in republishing any Imperial Laws, treaty or convention or any extract thereof, may republish the same as amended by any other instrument or as modified in its application to the Colony and the Dependencies.

9. The powers conferred on the Commissioner by this Ordinance shall not be taken to imply any power in him to make alteration or amendment in the matter or substance of any law or part thereof and not provided for in this Ordinance.

Limitation of the Commissioner's powers.

10. (1) If the Commissioner considers it desirable that in the preparation of the revised edition there should be omissions or amendments other than those authorised by sections 6, 7 and 8 or when the revision of any law requires its entire recasting, he may draft a bill or bills setting forth such alterations and amendments and authorising them to be made or for the re-enactment of any law so recast and every such bill shall be submitted to the Executive and Legislative Councils in the ordinary way.

Amendment not authorised by sections 6, 7 and 8.

(2) Any such bill may have reference to more laws than one, although such laws may not be in *pari materia*.

11. The revised edition shall contain a clear indication whether each law included therein is in force in the Dependencies.

Laws in force in the Dependencies to be indicated.

12. All subsidiary legislation made under any law included in the revised edition, and in force at the date when the revised edition comes into force, shall continue in force until otherwise provided; and any reference in any such subsidiary legislation to the law under which it is made, or to any part thereof, or to any other enactment, shall where necessary and practicable, be construed as a reference to the corresponding provision in the revised edition.

Saving of existing subsidiary legislation.

13. (1) Where in any Ordinance reference is made to any map, chart or plan annexed to that Ordinance it shall be lawful for the Commissioner to omit from the revised edition that map, chart or plan.

Maps, charts and plans to be omitted from the revised edition.



(2) When the revised edition has been brought into force in pursuance of section 16, the Governor shall cause a duly authenticated copy of any map, chart or plan omitted by the Commissioner in pursuance of this section to be deposited in the office of the Registrar General and that deposited copy shall be open during the regular hours of opening of the said office to the inspection of any member of the public without fee, and any member of the public shall be entitled to receive an accurate copy of any such map, chart or plan upon the payment therefor of such fee as may be prescribed by the Governor. Any map, chart or plan so deposited shall have the force of law as if it were included in the revised edition.

Construction of references to repealed or amended enactments.

14. Wherever in any enactment or in any document of whatever kind, any reference is made to any enactment affected by or under the operation of this Ordinance, the reference shall, where necessary and practicable, be construed as a reference to the corresponding enactment in the revised edition.

Authentication of the revised edition.

15. Three copies of the revised edition shall be dated and signed by the Commissioner and by the Governor and shall be sealed with the Public Seal and deposited with the records of the Supreme Court.

Bringing of revised edition into force.

16. (1) The Governor being authorised thereto by a resolution of the Legislative Council may by proclamation approve the revised edition and order that the revised edition shall come into operation.

(2) Such proclamation shall specify —

- (a) the date as at which the revised edition represents the laws of the Colony; and
- (b) the date on which the revised edition is to come into operation.

Effect of the revised edition.

17. From the date when the revised edition comes into operation, it shall, subject to the provisions of sections 6 and 9 be, and shall be taken by all courts and for all purposes to be, the authentic version of the written laws of the Colony as at the date referred to in section 16 (2) (a).

Method of compiling revised edition.

18. (1) The revised edition shall be compiled in loose leaf form:

Provided that any Ordinance or the subsidiary legislation made thereunder may be bound separately or together in booklet form.

(2) Each Ordinance as prepared in accordance with the powers conferred by this Ordinance shall be contained in a separate numbered Chapter, which shall also contain the subsidiary legislation made under such Ordinance.

(3) Imperial Laws as prepared in accordance with the powers conferred by this Ordinance shall be contained in numbered appendices.

Distribution of copies of revised edition.

19. (1) Copies of the revised edition shall be distributed among such persons, officers, departments and institutions as the Governor may direct.

(2) There shall be offered to the public such number of copies at such prices as the Governor may direct.

Repeal of Ordinance.  
(3 of 1943)

20. The Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance 1943 is hereby repealed.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,

Ref. LEG/10/5.

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

# Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance

## Arrangement of Sections

### PART I

#### SHORT TITLE AND APPLICATION

##### Section

1. Short title
2. Application

### PART II

#### INTERPRETATION OF WORDS AND EXPRESSIONS

3. Interpretation of words and expressions
4. Definitions of "Commonwealth" and "British Territory"
5. Grammatical variations and cognate expressions
6. References to Government property
7. Provisions for gender and number
8. Service by post

### PART III

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO ORDINANCES

9. Ordinance to be public Ordinance
10. Sections and schedules
11. Citation of Ordinance
12. Government Publications
13. Collective citation
14. Reference to Ordinance as amended
15. Citation of part of Ordinance
16. Construction of reference to Ordinance, section, etc.
17. Marginal notes
18. General principles of interpretation
19. Inspection of Ordinances

### PART IV

#### COMMENCEMENT, DISALLOWANCE, AMENDMENT AND REPEAL

20. Commencement of Ordinance
21. Disallowance
22. Ordinance and amending Ordinance to be read as one
23. Effect of repeal generally
24. Repealed Ordinance not revived
25. Repeal and substitution
26. Repeal of amended Ordinance to include amendments
27. Effect of expiry of Ordinance

### PART V

#### SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

28. General provision with regard to power to make subsidiary legislation
29. Fees and charges
30. Effect of subsidiary legislation
31. Construction of subsidiary legislation
32. Exercise of statutory powers between enactment and  
commencement of Ordinance
33. Acts done under subsidiary legislation deemed done under Ordinance

## Section

- 34. Placing of rules, regulations and by-laws before Legislative Council
- 35. Approval of Legislative Council to subsidiary legislation
- 36. Effect of repeal on subsidiary legislation
- 37. Forms

## PART VI

## POWERS

- 38. Presumption of lawful exercise of power
- 39. Exercise of powers
- 40. Construction of enabling words
- 41. Power to issue licences, etc., discretionary
- 42. Power to appoint includes power to suspend, dismiss, re-appoint, etc.
- 43. Delegation by specified public officers
- 44. Effect of delegation of powers and duties
- 45. Exercise of powers in special cases
- 46. Power to make public instruments and perform acts
- 47. Power to relate back appointment

## PART VII

## BOARDS AND COMMITTEES

- 48. Power to appoint chairman
- 49. Power to appoint public officer to board, etc.
- 50. Appointment of alternates
- 51. Powers of board, etc., not affected by vacancy
- 52. Power of majority and exercise of powers
- 53. Seal

## PART VIII

## PUBLIC OFFICERS AND PUBLIC CONTRACTS

- 54. References to public officer
- 55. Power to transfer functions of public officers
- 56. Change of title of office
- 57. Appointment of officers by name or office
- 58. Filling vacancy
- 59. Power to appoint while holder on retirement leave
- 60. Contracts by public officer
- 61. Effect of past contracts by public officer
- 62. Omission of title after signature of public officer immaterial

## PART IX

## CROWN, GOVERNOR AND GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL

- 63. Signification of orders of Governor and Governor in Council
- 64. Delegation by Governor
- 65. Appeals and objections to Governor in Council
- 66. References to the Sovereign
- 67. Saving of rights of Crown

## PART X

## TIME AND DISTANCE

- 68. Time
- 69. References to "am" and "pm"

## Section

- 70. Provision where no time prescribed
- 71. Computation of time
- 72. Power to extend time
- 73. Public Holidays
- 74. Distance
- 75. Warrants, etc., valid on public holiday

## PART XI

## IMPERIAL ENACTMENTS

- 76. Modifications
- 77. Citation of imperial enactments
- 78. Construction of references to imperial enactments
- 79. References to subsidiary legislation under Imperial Acts
- 80. Construction of imperial enactments
- 81. Copies of imperial enactments

## PART XII

## FEES, PENALTIES, OFFENCES AND PROCEEDINGS

- 82. Attempts to commit offences
- 83. Reference to an offence to include attempts, etc.
- 84. Acts constituting two or more offences
- 85. Liability of directors, etc.
- 86. Imposition of penalty not to bar civil action
- 87. Penalties prescribed to be deemed maximum penalties
- 88. Statement of penalty at end of section
- 89. Certain penalties may be cumulative
- 90. Trial of offences
- 91. Punishment of misdemeanour
- 92. Evidence of signature or fiat, etc.
- 93. Prosecution of offences
- 94. Amendment of penalty
- 95. Disposal of fines and penalties
- 96. Disposal of forfeits
- 97. Award of compensation
- 98. Reduction, etc., of fees and charges
- 99. Collection of fees

## PART XIII

## MISCELLANEOUS

- 100. Copies of Ordinances, etc., in Gazette
- 101. Rectification of errors
- 102. Performance of acts for which payments required
- 103. Declaration of Town
- 104. Division of Colony into Districts
- 105. Authority to print copies
- 106. Repeal of Interpretation and General Law Ordinance

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 7th day of July 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 14



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

### An Ordinance

Title.

To consolidate and amend the law relating to the construction, application and interpretation of laws, to make general provisions with regard thereto, to define terms and expressions used in laws and public documents, to make general provision with regard to public officers, public contracts and civil and criminal proceedings and for purposes and for matters incidental thereto or connected therewith.

Date of commencement.

(11th July 1977)

Enacting clause.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

#### PART I

##### SHORT TITLE AND APPLICATION

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance.

Application.

2. (1) Save where the contrary intention appears either from this Ordinance or from the context of any other Ordinance or instrument, the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to this Ordinance and to any other Ordinance in force, whether such other Ordinance came or comes into operation before or after the commencement of this Ordinance, and to any instrument made or issued under or by virtue of any such Ordinance.

(2) This Ordinance shall be binding on the Crown.

## PART II

## INTERPRETATION OF WORDS AND EXPRESSIONS

3. "act", when used with references to an offence or civil wrong, includes a series of acts, an illegal omission and a series of illegal omissions; Interpretation of words and expressions.
- "Act" and "Statute" mean an Act or Statute of Parliament;
- "adult" means a person who has attained the age of eighteen years;
- "aircraft" means any machine that can derive support in the atmosphere from the reactions of the air;
- "alien" means any person who is not a British subject, a British protected person or a citizen of the Republic of Ireland;
- "amend" means repeal, revoke, cancel, add to or vary and the doing of all or any of such things simultaneously or by the same Ordinance or instrument;
- "arrestable offence" means an offence for which the sentence is fixed by law or for which a person may under or by virtue of any law be sentenced to imprisonment for a term exceeding twelve months, and an attempt to commit any such offence;
- "Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the Falkland Islands;
- "British subject" means a person who is a British subject by virtue of any provision of the British Nationality Act 1948; (1948 c. 56)
- "Christian name" means any name prefixed or suffixed to a surname, whether received in Christian baptism or otherwise;
- "Clerk of Councils" means the Clerk to the Executive Council and the Legislative Council and any person appointed by the Governor to be Deputy Clerk of Councils;
- "coin" means gold, silver, bronze, cupro-nickel or other coin in use as legal currency in the Falkland Islands;
- "The Colony" means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and shall be deemed to include the territorial waters thereof;
- "Colonial waters" include territorial waters;
- "Chief Secretary" means the Chief Secretary of the Falkland Islands and the Deputy Chief Secretary;
- "commencement", when used with reference to any Ordinance, means the date on which the Ordinance came or comes into operation;
- "committed for trial", when used in relation to any person, means —
- (a) committed to prison with a view to his being tried before the Supreme Court; or
  - (b) admitted to bail upon recognizance to appear and stand his trial before the Supreme Court;
- "common law" means the common law of England;
- "consul" and "consular officer" mean any person, including the head of a consular post, recognized by the competent authority of the receiving state as entrusted in that capacity with the exercise of consular functions;

"contravene" in relation to any requirement or condition prescribed in any Ordinance or in any grant, permit, licence, lease or authority granted under or by virtue of any Ordinance includes a failure to comply with that requirement or condition;

"court" means any court of the Colony of competent jurisdiction;

"Crown Agents" means the persons or body for the time being acting as Crown Agents for Oversea Governments and Administrations;

"Crown lease" means any lease granted by the Crown, any instrument whereby the term of a Crown lease may have been extended or the provisions thereof varied and any agreement for a Crown lease;

"daily penalty" means a penalty for each day on which the offence is continued after conviction therefor;

"definition" means the interpretation given by an Ordinance to any word or expression;

"The Dependencies" mean the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, and shall be deemed to include the territorial waters thereof;

"document" means any publication and any matter written, expressed or described upon any substance by means of letters, characters, figures or marks, or by more than one of these means;

"Dues" means rates, taxes and duties;

"Estate" means any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon property;

"Executive Council" means the Executive Council of the Falkland Islands;

"export" means to take out or cause to be taken out of the Colony by air, land or water;

"Financial Secretary" means the Financial Secretary of the Falkland Islands and the Deputy Financial Secretary;

"financial year" means the period from the 1st day of July in any year to the 30th day of June in the immediately succeeding year, both days inclusive;

"folio" means seventy-two words;

"Gazette" means —

(a) the Falkland Islands Government Gazette and any supplement thereto; and

(b) any Special Gazette or Gazette Extraordinary;

"Gazetted" means published in the Gazette;

"Government" means the Government of the Falkland Islands;

"Government Notice" or "General Notice" means an announcement not of a legislative character made by or with the authority of the Governor in the Gazette;

"Government Printer" means the Government Printer of the Falkland Islands and any other printer authorized by or on behalf of the Governor to print the Gazette, any Ordinance or any other document of the Government;

“Governor” means —

- (a) the Governor of the Falkland Islands;
- (b) the Acting Governor;
- (c) to the extent to which a deputy to the Governor is authorized to perform on behalf of the Governor any functions of the Governor, the Deputy to the Governor; and
- (d) the officer for the time being administering the Government of the Colony;

“Governor in Council”, “Governor in Executive Council” and “Governor with the advice of the Executive Council” mean the Governor acting after consultation with the Executive Council in accordance with Royal Instructions but not necessarily in such Council assembled nor necessarily in accordance with such advice;

“Harbour” means any port declared a harbour by the Governor in Council;

“health officer” means —

- (a) the Senior Medical Officer;
- (b) any person appointed as a health officer by the Governor; and
- (c) any person for the time being performing the duties of a health officer under any Ordinance;

“immovable property” means —

- (a) land, whether covered by water or not;
- (b) any estate, right, interest or easement in or over any land; and
- (c) things attached to land or permanently fastened to anything attached to land;

“imperial enactment” means —

- (a) any Act;
- (b) any Order in Council;
- (c) any Letters Patent or Royal Instructions; and
- (d) any rule, regulation, proclamation, order, notice, rule of court, by-law, or other instrument made under or by virtue of any Act, Order in Council, Letters Patent or Royal Instructions;

“import” means to bring or cause to be brought into the Colony by air, land or water;

“infant” and “minor” mean a person who has not attained the age of eighteen years;

“instrument” includes any publication in the Gazette having legal effect;

“judge” means the person nominated or any judge appointed by the Governor under section 8 of the Administration of Justice Ordinance; Cap. 3.

“justice” and “justice of the peace” mean a person appointed to be a justice of the peace for the Colony either by the Governor or by or under any Ordinance;

“land” means land and any messuages, houses, building or other constructions standing thereon;

“law” means any law for the time being in force in, having legislative effect in, extending to, or applicable in, the Colony;



Cap. 3.

"Legislative Council" means the Legislative Council of the Falkland Islands;

"Magistrate" means a person appointed by the Governor to be a Magistrate for the Colony;

"master", when used with reference to a vessel, means the person (except a pilot) having for the time being command or charge of the vessel;

Cap. 45.

"medical practitioner", "registered medical practitioner" and any words importing that a person is recognized by any Ordinance to be a medical practitioner in the Falkland Islands or a member of the medical profession in the Falkland Islands, mean a person duly registered as, or deemed to be registered as, a medical practitioner under the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance;

"month" means calendar month;

"movable property" means property of every description except immovable property;

"oath" and "affidavit" include, in the case of persons allowed or required by law to affirm instead of swearing, affirmation; and "swear" in the like case includes affirm;

"occupy" includes use, inhabit, be in possession of or enjoy the land or premises to which the word relates, otherwise than as a mere servant or for the mere purpose of the care, custody or charge thereof;

"occupier" means any person who uses, inhabits, possesses, or enjoys the premises in respect of which that word is used otherwise than as a servant or caretaker;

"offence" includes any crime, treason, felony or misdemeanour and any contravention or other breach of, or failure to comply with, any provision of any Ordinance, for which a penalty is provided;

"or", "other" and "otherwise" shall be construed disjunctively and not as implying similarity, unless the word "similar" or some other word of like meaning is added;

"Order in Council" means an order made by Her Majesty in Her Privy Council;

"Ordinance" and "enactment" mean —

(a) any Ordinance enacted by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council; and

(b) any subsidiary legislation made under any such Ordinance or proclamation;

"Owner" means a person receiving the rent of the property in respect of which that word is used either on his own account, or as trustee, agent, or manager, or who would receive the same if such property were let to a tenant;

"Parliament" and "Imperial Parliament" mean the Parliament of England, the Parliament of Great Britain and the Parliament of the United Kingdom;

"per cent", when used in relation to a rate of interest payable in any circumstances, means the rate of interest specified payable in respect of a year, unless it is expressly provided that it is payable in respect of any other period;

"person" includes any public body and any body of persons, corporate or unincorporate, and this definition shall apply notwithstanding that the word "person" occurs in a provision creating or relating to an offence or for the recovery of any fine or compensation;

"personal name" means the names other than a surname which a person most commonly adopts in conjunction with his surname or, in the case of a person having no surname, the names which he commonly adopts;

"pier" includes every quay, wharf or jetty of whatever description connected to and having direct access to the shore and used or intended to be used for the purposes of a pier, quay, wharf or jetty;

"police officer" and terms or expression referring to ranks in the Falkland Islands Police Force shall bear the meanings respectively assigned to them by the Police Ordinance;

"power" includes any privilege, authority and discretion;

"prescribed" and "provided", when used in or with reference to any Ordinance, mean prescribed or provided by that Ordinance or by subsidiary legislation made under that Ordinance;

"prison" means any place or building or portion of a building set apart for the purpose of a prison under any Ordinance relating to prisons;

"Privy Council" means the Lords and others for the time being of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council;

"Proclamation" means a proclamation of the Governor under the Public Seal;

"property" includes —

- (a) money, goods, choses in action and land; and
- (b) obligations, easements and every description of estate, interest and profit, present or future, vested or contingent, arising out of or incident to property as defined in paragraph (a) of this definition;

"public" includes any class of the public;

"publication" means —

- (a) all written and printed matter;
- (b) any record, tape, wire, perforated roll, cinematograph film or other contrivance by means of which any words or ideas may be mechanically, electronically or electrically produced, reproduced, represented or conveyed;
- (c) anything whether of a similar nature to the foregoing or not, containing any visible representation, or by its form, shape, or in any manner, capable of producing, reproducing, representing or conveying words or ideas; and
- (d) every copy and reproduction of any publication as defined in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this definition;

"public body" includes —

- (a) the Executive Council;
- (b) the Legislative Council;
- (c) any department of the Government; and
- (d) any undertaking by or of the Government;

"public holiday" and "general holiday" mean any day which is appointed to be a general holiday under the provision of section 73;

"public office" means any office or employment the holding or discharging of which by a person would constitute that person a public officer;

"public officer" and "public servant" mean any person holding an office of emolument under the Crown in right of the Government of the Falkland Islands, whether such office be permanent or temporary;

"public place" means —

- (a) any public street or pier, or any public garden; and
- (b) any theatre, place of public entertainment of any kind, or other place of general resort, admission to which is obtained by payment or to which the public have or are permitted to have access;

"public seal" means the public seal of the Falkland Islands;

"registered", when used with reference to a document, means registered under the provisions of any law applicable to the registration of such document;

"Registrar" means the Registrar of the Supreme Court;

"repeal" includes rescind, revoke, cancel or replace;

"rules of court", when used in relation to any court, means rules made by the authority having for the time being power to make rules and orders regulating the practice and procedure of such court;

"Secretary of State" means one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being;

"sell" includes exchange and barter;

"ship" includes every description of vessel used in navigation not exclusively propelled by oars;

"sign" includes, in the case of a person unable to write, the affixing or marking of a seal, mark or thumbprint;

"Stanley" means the area defined in the Stanley Rates Ordinance;

"standard time" means standard time as defined in section 68;

"statutory declaration", if made —

- (a) in the Colony, means a declaration under the Statutory Declaration Act 1835;
- (b) in any part of the Commonwealth except the Colony, means a declaration made before a justice of the peace, notary public, or other person having authority therein under any legal provision for the time being in force in such part to take or receive a declaration;
- (c) in any other place, means a declaration before a British consul or person having authority under any Act for the time being in force to take or receive a declaration;

"street" and "road" mean —

- (a) any highway, street, road, bridge, thoroughfare, parade, square, court, alley, lane, bridle-way, footway, passage, tunnel; and

- (b) any open place, whether situate on land leased from the Crown or not, used or frequented by the public or to which the public have or are permitted to have access;

"Suburban land" or "suburbs" means (1) land outside Stanley bounded on the north by the Murrel River and Port William, on the south and east by Port Harriet and the sea and on the west by a line drawn from a point on the Murrel River commonly known as "Furze Bush" to the summit of Mount Harriet and thence along the eastern boundary of No. 1 section to the west of Port Harriet, and (2) land outside the limit or boundary of any place declared to be a town but not more than six miles from the centre of such town;

"subsidiary legislation" and "regulations" mean any proclamation, rule, regulation, order, resolution, notice, rule of court, by-law or other instrument made under or by virtue of any Ordinance and having legislative effect;

"summary conviction" means a summary conviction by a magistrate in accordance with the provisions of the Administration of Justice Ordinance;

Cap. 3.

"Supreme Court" means the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands;

"territorial waters" means such part of the sea adjacent to the coast of the Colony as is deemed by international law to constitute the territorial waters of the Falkland Islands;

"Town" means land within the limits of any place declared to be a Town under section 103 of this Ordinance;

"treaty" means a treaty, convention or agreement made with a foreign state, and any protocol or declaration attached thereto or independent thereof but referring thereto;

"triable summarily" means triable by a magistrate, in accordance with the provisions of the Administration of Justice Ordinance;

Cap. 3.

"United Kingdom" means the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

"vessel" means any ship or boat and any description of vessel used in navigation;

"waters of the Colony" and "Colonial waters" mean —

- (a) all waters, whether navigable or not, included in the Colony; and
- (b) territorial waters;

"will" includes any testamentary instrument;

"words" includes figures and symbols;

"writing" and "printing" include writing, printing, lithography, photography, typewriting and any other mode of representing words in a visible form;

"year" means a year according to the Gregorian calendar;

"years of age" and words of a like meaning, when used with reference to the age of any person, mean years of age according to the English reckoning of ages.

4. (1) "Commonwealth" means collectively —
  - (a) the United Kingdom;

Definitions of "Commonwealth" and "British" territory.

- (b) any British territory; and
- (c) any other state or territory which may be specified by the Governor in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3).

(2) "British territory" and "British possession" mean any state or territory which may be specified by the Governor in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3).

(3) The Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, order that any state or territory shall be a state or territory specified for the purposes of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) or of subsection (2).

Grammatical variations  
and cognate expressions.

5. Where any word or expression is defined in any Ordinance, such definition shall extend to the grammatical variations and cognate expressions of such word or expression.

References to Government  
property.

6. Where reference is made in any Ordinance to property and the expressions used in relation thereto imply that such property is owned by, or belongs to, the Government, or convey a similar meaning, such reference shall be deemed to refer to such of the property of the Crown of the description mentioned as has been appropriated to the use of the Government.

Provisions for gender  
and number.

7. (1) Words and expressions importing the masculine gender include the female.

(2) Words and expressions in the singular include the plural and words and expressions in the plural include the singular.

Service by post.

8. Where any Ordinance authorizes or requires any documents to be served or any notice to be given by post or by registered post, whether the expression "serve" or "give" or "send" or any other expression is used, the service or notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, pre-paying the postage thereon and dispatching it by post or by registered post, as the case may be, to the last known postal address of the person to be served or given notice, and, unless the contrary is proved, such service or notice shall be deemed to have been effected at the time at which the document or notice would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

### PART III

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO ORDINANCES

Ordinance to be public  
Ordinance.

9. Every Ordinance shall be a public Ordinance and shall be judicially noticed as such.

Sections and schedules.

10. (1) Every section of an Ordinance shall have effect as a substantive enactment without introductory words.

(2) Every schedule to or table in any Ordinance and any notes to such schedule or table shall be construed and have effect as part of such Ordinance.

Citation of Ordinance.

11. (1) Where any Ordinance is referred to, it shall be sufficient for all purposes to cite such Ordinance by —

- (a) the title, short title or citation thereof;
- (b) its number among the Ordinances of the year in which it was enacted; or
- (c) by any chapter number lawfully given to it under the authority of any Ordinance providing for the issue of a revised or other edition of the laws of the Falkland Islands.

(2) Any reference made to any Ordinance, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1), may be made according to the title, short title, citation, number or chapter number used in copies of Ordinances printed by the Government Printer.

12. The printing by the Government Printer of any duly enacted Ordinance, or of any official document countersigned by the Chief Secretary or by any person duly authorized by the Governor, shall be a sufficient publication and promulgation thereof.

Government publications.

13. (1) Where it is provided that any Ordinance may, as to the whole or any part thereof, be cited with any other Ordinance or with any group of Ordinances, all such Ordinances shall be read and construed together, and any such group shall be construed as including such first mentioned Ordinance.

Collective citation.

(2) Where it is provided that two or more Ordinances may together be cited by a collective short title or citation containing therein the years of the first and last of such Ordinances, such short title or citation shall be construed to include all the Ordinances covered by the same, or any of them.

14. (1) Where in any Ordinance a reference is made to another Ordinance, such reference shall be deemed to include a reference to such last mentioned Ordinance as the same may from time to time be amended.

Reference to Ordinance as amended.

(2) Where any Ordinance repeals and re-enacts, with or without modification, any provision of a former Ordinance, references in any other Ordinance to the provision so repealed shall be construed as references to the provision so re-enacted.

15. In any Ordinance a description or citation of a portion of an Ordinance shall be construed as including the word, section or other part mentioned or referred to as forming the beginning and as forming the end of the portion comprised in the description or citation.

Citation of part of Ordinance.

16. (1) Any reference in any Ordinance to "any Ordinance" or to "any enactment" shall be construed as a reference to any Ordinance for the time being in force.

Construction of reference to Ordinance, section, etc.

(2) Where in any Ordinance there is a reference to a section, Part, Chapter or schedule by number or letter only, and not in conjunction with the title or short title of any other Ordinance, such reference shall be construed as a reference to the section, Part, Chapter, or schedule of that number or letter contained in the Ordinance in which such reference occurs.

(3) Where in any section of any Ordinance there is a reference to a subsection, paragraph, sub-paragraph or other division by number or letter only, and not in conjunction with the number of any section of that or of any other Ordinance, such reference shall be construed as a reference to the subsection, paragraph, sub-paragraph or other division of that number or letter contained in the section in which such reference occurs.

(4) The provisions of subsections (2) and (3) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to subsidiary legislation.

(5) Any reference to an Ordinance in any Ordinance shall include a reference to any subsidiary legislation made under the Ordinance to which reference is made.

17. (1) Where any section, subsection or paragraph of any Ordinance is taken verbatim from, or is substantially similar to, a section, subsection or paragraph of any imperial enactment, there may be added to the marginal note of the section, subsection or paragraph of the Ordinance a reference, in abbreviated form, to such section, subsection or paragraph of the imperial enactment.

Marginal notes.

(2) A reference added under subsection (1) shall not have any legislative effect and shall not in any way vary, limit or extend the interpretation of any Ordinance.

(3) A marginal note to any provision of any Ordinance shall not have any legislative effect and shall not in any way vary, limit or extend the interpretation of any Ordinance.

General principles of interpretation.

18. An Ordinance shall be deemed to be remedial and shall receive such fair, large and liberal construction and interpretation as will best ensure the attainment of the object of the Ordinance according to its true intent, meaning and spirit.

Inspection of Ordinances.

19. A copy of any Ordinance shall be available for inspection during office hours at any place appointed by the Governor.

#### PART IV

##### COMMENCEMENT, DISALLOWANCE, AMENDMENT AND REPEAL

Commencement of Ordinance.

20. Every Ordinance shall —

- (a) be published in the Gazette; and
- (b) come into operation on the expiration of the day next preceding the day of such publication or, if it is provided in the Ordinance or in some other law that such Ordinance shall come into operation on some other day, then it shall come into operation on the expiration of the day next preceding such other day.

Disallowance.

21. (1) Where any Ordinance is disallowed by Her Majesty, such disallowance shall be notified by the Governor by notice in the Gazette; and from and after the date of publication of such notice the Ordinance shall cease to have effect.

(2) Where notice of disallowance of any Ordinance is notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1), the provisions of section 23 shall apply in respect of such disallowance as if the words "disallowance" and "disallowed" were substituted therein for the words "repeal" and "repealed" respectively.

(3) Any Ordinance repealed or amended by any Ordinance disallowed shall revive and continue in force in its original form with effect from the date of publication of the notice referred to in subsection (1).

Ordinance and amending Ordinance to be read as one.

22. Any Ordinance which amends any other Ordinance shall be read and construed as one with the amended Ordinance, and the amended Ordinance may, in the amending Ordinance, be referred to as the "principal Ordinance", "principal regulations" or as the case may be.

Effect of repeal generally.

23. Where an Ordinance repeals in whole or in part any other Ordinance, the repeal shall not —

- (a) revive anything not in force or existing at the time at which the repeal takes effect;
- (b) affect the previous operation of any Ordinance so repealed or anything duly done or suffered under any Ordinance so repealed;
- (c) affect any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any Ordinance so repealed;
- (d) affect any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any Ordinance so repealed; or
- (e) affect any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty,

forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid; and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced, and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed, as if the repealing Ordinance had not been passed.

24. Where any Ordinance repealing in whole or in part any former Ordinance is itself repealed, such last repeal shall not revive the Ordinance or provision previously repealed, unless provision is made to that effect.

Repealed Ordinance not revived.

25. Where any Ordinance repeals in whole or in part any other Ordinance and substitutes other provisions therefor, the repealed Ordinance shall remain in force until the substituted provisions come into operation.

Repeal and substitution.

26. Where any Ordinance which has been amended by any other Ordinance is repealed, such repeal shall include the repeal of all those provisions of such other Ordinance by which such first mentioned Ordinance was amended.

Repeal of amended Ordinance to include amendments.

27. Upon the expiry or lapse of any Ordinance, the provisions of section 23 shall apply as if such Ordinance had been repealed.

Effect of expiry of Ordinance.

## PART V

### SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

28. Where an Ordinance confers power on any authority to make subsidiary legislation, the following provisions shall have effect with reference to the making thereof —

General provision with regard to power to make subsidiary legislation.

- (a) when any subsidiary legislation purports to be made in exercise of a particular power or powers, it shall be deemed also to be made in exercise of all other powers thereunto enabling;
- (b) no subsidiary legislation shall be inconsistent with the provisions of any Ordinance;
- (c) subsidiary legislation may at any time be amended by the same authority and in the same manner by and in which it was made:

Provided that where such authority has been replaced wholly or in part by another authority, the power conferred hereby upon the original authority may be exercised by the replacing authority concerning all matters or things within its jurisdiction as if it were the original authority;

- (d) where any Ordinance confers power on any authority to make subsidiary legislation for any general purpose, and also for any special purpose incidental thereto, the enumeration of the special purposes shall not be deemed to derogate from the generality of the powers conferred with reference to the general purpose;
- (e) subsidiary legislation may provide that a contravention or breach thereof shall be punishable on summary conviction by such fine not exceeding two hundred pounds or by such term of imprisonment not exceeding six months as may be specified in the subsidiary legislation or by both such fine and imprisonment;
- (f) subsidiary legislation may amend any forms contained in the Ordinance under which such subsidiary legislation is made and may prescribe new forms for the purpose thereof and for the purposes of such subsidiary legislation; and



- (g) subsidiary legislation may provide for the imposition of fees and charges in respect of any matter with regard to which provision is made in such subsidiary legislation or in the Ordinance under which such subsidiary legislation is made.

**Fees and charges.**

29. (1) Where provision is made by any subsidiary legislation in respect of fees or other charges, such subsidiary legislation may provide for all or any of the following matters —

- (a) specific fees or charges;
- (b) maximum or minimum fees or charges;
- (c) maximum and minimum fees or charges;
- (d) the payment of fees or charges either generally or under specified conditions or in specified circumstances;
- (e) the exemption of any person or class of persons from the payment of fees or charges; and
- (f) the reduction, waiver or refund, in whole or in part, of any such fees or charges, either upon the happening of a certain event or in the discretion of a specified person.

(2) Where any reduction, waiver or refund, in whole or in part, of any fee or charge is provided for by any subsidiary legislation, such reduction, waiver or refund may be expressed to apply or be applicable either generally or specially —

- (a) in respect of certain matters or transactions or classes of matters or transactions;
- (b) in respect of certain documents or classes of documents;
- (c) in respect of the occurrence or the termination of any event;
- (d) in respect of certain persons or classes of persons; or
- (e) in respect of any combination of such matters, transactions, documents, events or persons,

and may be expressed to apply or be applicable subject to such conditions as may be specified in the subsidiary legislation or in the discretion of any person specified therein.

**Effect of subsidiary legislation.**

30. Subsidiary legislation shall be judicially noticed.

**Construction of subsidiary legislation.**

31. Where any Ordinance confers power to make any subsidiary legislation, expressions used in the subsidiary legislation shall have the same meaning as in the Ordinance conferring the power, and any reference in such subsidiary legislation to "the Ordinance" shall be construed as a reference to the Ordinance conferring the power to make such subsidiary legislation.

**Exercise of statutory powers between enactment and commencement of Ordinance.**

32. Where an Ordinance is not to come into operation on or before the expiration of the day next preceding the day of the publication thereof and confers power to make any appointment, to make any subsidiary legislation, to issue notices, to prescribe forms or to do any other thing for the purposes of the Ordinance, such power may be exercised at any time after the publication of the Ordinance in the Gazette:

Provided that any appointment, subsidiary legislation, instrument, notice, form or thing made, granted, issued, prescribed, given or done under such power shall not, unless the appointment, subsidiary legislation, instrument, notice, form or thing is necessary for bringing the Ordinance into operation, come into operation or have any effect until the Ordinance comes into operation.

**Acts done under subsidiary legislation deemed done under Ordinance.**

33. An act shall be deemed to be done under an Ordinance or by virtue of the powers conferred by an Ordinance or in pursuance or execution of the provisions of or under the authority of an Ordinance, if it is done under or by virtue of or in pursuance or execution

of or under the authority of subsidiary legislation made under any power contained in that Ordinance.

34. (1) All rules, regulations and by-laws shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council at the next sitting thereof after the publication in the Gazette of such rules, regulations or by-laws.

Placing of rules, regulations and by-laws before Legislative Council.

(2) Where rules, regulations or by-laws have been laid on the table of the Legislative Council, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1), the Legislative Council may, by resolution passed at the next sitting of the Legislative Council held after the sitting at which they were so laid, provide that any such rules, regulations or by-laws shall be amended in any manner whatsoever and if any such resolution is so passed, the said rules, regulations or by-laws shall, without prejudice to anything done thereunder, be deemed to be amended as from the date of publication in the Gazette of such resolution.

(3) Any resolution passed by the Legislative Council in accordance with subsection (2) shall be published in the Gazette not later than fourteen days after the passing thereof or within such further period as the Governor may allow in any particular case.

35. Where any Ordinance provides that subsidiary legislation shall be subject to the approval of the Legislative Council or of any other authority, or contains words to the like effect, then —

Approval of Legislative Council to subsidiary legislation.

- (a) the subsidiary legislation shall be submitted for the approval of the Legislative Council or other authority; and
- (b) the Legislative Council may by resolution or the other authority may by order amend the whole or any part of the subsidiary legislation.

36. (1) Where any Ordinance —

- (a) repeals any former Ordinance and substitutes other provisions therefor; or
- (b) repeals any former Ordinance and re-enacts such former Ordinance with or without modification,

Effect of repeal on subsidiary legislation.

any subsidiary legislation made under the former Ordinance and in force at the commencement of the repealing Ordinance shall, so far as it is not inconsistent with the repealing Ordinance, continue in force and have the like effect for all purposes as if made under the repealing Ordinance.

(2) Where any subsidiary legislation is continued in force by virtue of subsection (1), such subsidiary legislation may be from time to time amended as if it had been made under the repealing Ordinance.

37. Where any form is prescribed by or under any Ordinance, deviations therefrom, not affecting the substance of such form shall not invalidate it.

Forms.

## PART VI

### POWERS

38. Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to —

- (a) make any subsidiary legislation;
- (b) make any instrument; or
- (c) exercise any power,

Presumption of lawful exercise of power.

and the Ordinance conferring the power prescribes conditions, subject to the observance, performance or existence of which any such power may be exercised, such conditions shall be presumed to have been

duly fulfilled if in the subsidiary legislation or instrument exercising the power there is a statement that the subsidiary legislation or instrument is made, or the power exercised, in exercise of, or in pursuance of, the power conferred by such Ordinance, or a statement to the like effect.

**Exercise of powers.**

39. (1) Where any Ordinance confers any power or imposes any duty, then the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed from time to time as occasion requires.

(2) Where any Ordinance confers any power or imposes any duty on the holder of any public office as such, then the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed by the holder for the time being of that public office.

**Construction of enabling words.**

40. (1) Where any Ordinance confers upon any person power to do or enforce the doing of any act or thing, all such powers shall be deemed to be also conferred as are reasonably necessary to enable the person to do or enforce the doing of the act or thing.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), where any Ordinance confers power —

- (a) to provide for, prohibit, control or regulate any matter, such power shall include power to provide for the same by the licensing thereof and power to prohibit acts whereby the prohibition, control or regulation of such matter might be evaded;
- (b) to grant a licence, Crown lease, permit, authority, approval or exemption, such power shall include power to impose reasonable conditions subject to which such licence, Crown lease, permit, authority, approval or exemption may be granted;
- (c) to approve any person or thing, such power shall include power to withdraw approval thereof;
- (d) to give directions, such power shall include power to couch the same in the form of prohibitions.

(3) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), whenever in any Ordinance the expression “as the Governor may appoint” or “as the Governor may direct” or “as the Governor may specify” or “as the Governor may prescribe” or “as may be designated by the Governor”, or any similar expression referring to the Governor, appears and no power is expressly conferred upon the Governor to make the appointment, give the direction or specification, prescribe or make the designation, as the case may be, such power shall nevertheless be deemed to be conferred.

(4) Subsection (3) shall have effect in relation to the Governor in Council, a public officer, a public body or other person as it has effect in relation to the Governor.

**Power to issue licences, etc., discretionary.**

41. (1) Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to issue, grant, give or renew any licence, Crown lease, authority, approval or permit, the person so empowered shall have a discretion either to issue, grant, give or renew or to refuse to issue, grant, give or renew such licence, Crown lease, authority, approval or permit.

(2) Nothing in this section shall affect any right which may be conferred by any Ordinance upon any person to appeal against a refusal to issue, grant, give or renew any licence, Crown lease, authority, approval or permit.

**Power to appoint includes power to suspend, dismiss, re-appoint, etc.**

42. Where any Ordinance confers a power or imposes a duty upon any person to make any appointment or to constitute or establish any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, then the person having such power or duty shall also have the power —

- (a) to remove, suspend, dismiss or revoke the appointment of, and to re-appoint or reinstate, any person appointed in exercise of such power or duty;
- (b) to revoke the appointment, constitution or establishment of, or to dissolve, any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body appointed, constituted or established, in exercise of such power or duty, and to re-appoint, reconstitute or re-establish the same; and
- (c) to specify the period for which any person appointed in exercise of such power or duty shall hold such appointment:

Provided that where the power or duty of such person so to act is only exercisable upon the recommendation, or is subject to the approval or consent, of some other person, then such power shall only be exercisable upon such recommendation or subject to such approval or consent.

43. (1) Where any Ordinance confers powers or imposes duties upon a specified public officer, such officer may delegate any other public officer or the person for the time being holding any office designated by him to exercise such powers or perform such duties on his behalf and thereupon, or from the date specified by such specified public officer, the person delegated shall have and may exercise such powers and perform such duties.

Delegation by specified public officers.

(2) Nothing in subsection (1) shall authorize a specified public officer to delegate any person to making subsidiary legislation or to hear any appeal.

(3) Where any Ordinance confers any power or imposes any duty upon a specified public officer and such power is exercised or such duty is performed by any other public officer, the specified public officer shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to have delegated the latter public officer under subsection (1) to exercise the power or perform the duty.

(4) In this section "specified public officer" means the person for the time being holding any public office which has been specified, either generally or for the purposes of any particular Ordinance, under this section by the Governor by notice in the Gazette.

44. (1) Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to delegate the exercise on his behalf of any of the powers or the performance of any of the duties conferred or imposed upon him under any Ordinance —

Effect of delegation of powers and duties.

- (a) such delegation shall not preclude the person so delegating from exercising or performing at any time any of the powers or duties so delegated;
- (b) such delegation may be conditional, qualified or limited in such manner as the person so delegating may think fit;
- (c) where the delegation may be made only with the approval of some person, such delegation may be conditional, qualified or limited in such manner as the person whose approval is required may think fit;
- (d) the delegation may be to a named person or to the person for the time being holding any office designated by the person so delegating; and
- (e) any delegation may be amended by the person so delegating.

(2) The delegation of any power shall be deemed to include the delegation of any duty incidental thereto or connected therewith and the delegation of any duty shall be deemed to include the delegation of any power incidental thereto or connected therewith.

Exercise of powers in special cases.

45. Where any Ordinance confers any power or imposes any duty upon the holder of any public office and either —

- (a) that office has been abolished; or
- (b) no person has been appointed to discharge the functions of that office;

those powers and duties may be exercised or performed —

- (i) in the case of making subsidiary legislation, by the Governor; and
- (ii) in any other case, by the holder of such other public office as the Governor may by order direct.

Power to make public instruments and perform acts.

46. Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to make, issue or approve any proclamation, order, notice, declaration, instrument, notification, licence, permit, register or list, such power shall include power —

- (a) to amend or suspend such proclamation, order, notice, declaration, instrument, notification, licence, permit, register or list;
- (b) to substitute another proclamation, order, notice, declaration, instrument, notification, licence, permit, register or list for one already made, issued or approved;
- (c) to withdraw approval of any proclamation, order, notice, declaration, instrument, notification, licence, permit, register or list so approved; and
- (d) to declare the date of the coming into operation, and the period of operation, of any such proclamation, order, notice, declaration, instrument, notification, licence, permit, register or list.

Power to relate back appointment.

47. Any appointment made under the provisions of any Ordinance may be declared to have effect as from the date upon which the person appointed in fact began to exercise the powers and perform the duties of his appointment, not being a date earlier than the commencement of the Ordinance under which the appointment is made.

## PART VII

### BOARDS AND COMMITTEES

Power to appoint chairman.

48. Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to appoint any persons to be members of any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, the person so appointed may appoint a chairman, a deputy chairman, a vice-chairman and a secretary of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body.

Power to appoint public officer to board, etc.

49. Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to appoint any persons to be members of any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, the person so empowered may appoint any public officer, by his official designation, to be a member of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, and, on such appointment and until such appointment shall be revoked or otherwise determined, the person for the time being holding the public office in question shall be a member of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body.

Appointment of alternates.

50. Where any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body is established by or under any Ordinance, any person who is empowered by such Ordinance to appoint any or all of the members thereof may —

- (a) appoint one or more duly qualified persons to be alternate members of the same, and any one such alternate member

may attend any meeting of the same when a substantive member is temporarily unable to attend for any reason; and

- (b) appoint a duly qualified person to be a temporary member of the same in the place of any substantive member who is precluded by illness, absence from the Colony or any other cause from exercising his functions as such,

and when attending any meeting of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, such alternate or temporary member shall be deemed for all purposes to be a member of the same.

51. Where any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body is established by or under any Ordinance, the powers of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body shall not be affected by —

Powers of board, etc.,  
not affected by vacancy.

- (a) any vacancy in the membership thereof;
- (b) any defect in the appointment or qualification of a person purporting to be a member thereof; or
- (c) any minor irregularity in the convening of any meeting thereof.

52. (1) Where any Ordinance confers a power or imposes a duty upon a body or number of persons consisting of or being not less than three, such power may be exercised or duty performed in the name of that body or number of persons by a majority of those persons.

Power of majority and  
exercise of powers.

(2) Whenever such body or number of persons is assembled, the chairman or other member presiding shall have a casting as well as a deliberative vote, in all matters in which a decision is taken by vote by whatever name such vote may be called.

(3) The exercise of any power vested in such body or number of persons may be signified either by the chairman or other person presiding at the meeting or other deliberation at which such power was exercised or at which, as the case may be, authority to exercise it was conferred, or by any person from time to time authorized by such body or persons to signify the exercise of such power.

53. Where any Ordinance constitutes any board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body to be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal, and any document requires to be sealed with such common seal, then such common seal shall be affixed by the chairman of such board, tribunal, commission, committee or similar body, or by any member thereof appointed by the chairman for that purpose, and shall be authenticated by the signature of the chairman or such member.

Seal.

## PART VIII

### PUBLIC OFFICERS AND PUBLIC CONTRACTS

54. In any Ordinance, instrument, warrant or process of any kind, any reference to a public officer, or to a person holding a public office by a term designating his office, shall include a reference to any person for the time being lawfully discharging the functions of that office, or of any part of such functions, and any person appointed to act in or perform the duties of such office, or any part of such duties, for the time being.

References to public  
officer.

55. (1) The Legislative Council may by resolution provide for the transfer to any public officer of any functions exercisable by virtue of any Ordinance by another public officer.

Power to transfer  
functions of public  
officers.

(2) A resolution under this section may contain such incidental, consequential and supplemental provisions as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of giving full effect to the resolution.

(3) A certificate issued by the Chief Secretary that any property vested in a public officer immediately before a resolution under this section takes effect has been transferred by virtue of the resolution to another public officer shall be conclusive evidence of the transfer.

(4) In this section —

“functions” includes powers and duties;

“public officer” includes any corporation created for the purpose of incorporating a person for the time being holding a public office.

Change of title of office.

56. The Chief Secretary may, by notice (which may be given retrospective effect) in the Gazette, declare a change in title of any public officer or public body, or of any person referred to in any Ordinance, and the notice may contain provisions substituting the new title in any Ordinance relating to the public officer, public body or person and in any instrument, contract or legal proceedings made or commenced before the date on which the notice takes effect.

Appointment of officers by name or office.

57. Where any Ordinance confers power upon any person to appoint or name a person to have and exercise any powers or perform any duties, the person so empowered may either appoint a person by name or direct the person for the time being holding any office designated by him to have and exercise such powers or perform such duties; and thereupon, or from the date specified by the person so empowered, the person appointed by name or the person holding the office aforesaid shall have and may exercise such powers or perform such duties accordingly until such appointment be revoked or otherwise determined.

Filling vacancy.

58. (1) When any Ordinance confers a power or imposes a duty upon a public officer and such public officer is unable to exercise the powers or perform the duties of his office, owing to absence or inability to act from illness or any other cause, the Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, direct that such power shall be had and may be exercised and such duty shall be performed by a public officer named by, or by a public officer holding the office designated by, the Governor, subject to such conditions, exceptions and qualifications as the Governor may direct.

(2) Any direction by the Governor under subsection (1) may be given —

(a) in anticipation of any absence or inability occurring; or

(b) subsequently thereto and may relate back to the commencement of such absence or inability.

(3) Where any Ordinance confers powers or imposes duties upon a public officer and a new post is subsequently created in the same or another Government department, the Governor may, by notice in the Gazette, direct that the said powers and duties or any of them shall be exercised by any holder of the new post so created, either to the exclusion of or in addition to the first named public officer or otherwise.

Power to appoint while holder on retirement leave.

59. (1) Where the holder of any public office is on leave of absence pending the relinquishment by him of such office, another person may be appointed to the same public office.

(2) Where two or more persons are holding the same public office by reason of an appointment made in accordance with subsection (1), then, for the purposes of any Ordinance and in respect of

any power conferred or duty imposed upon the holder of such office, the person last appointed to the office shall be deemed to be the holder thereof.

60. In any contract or other document, signed, executed or made by the Governor or by any public officer on behalf of the Governor or the Government or of any Government department, it shall not be necessary to name the Governor or such public officer, but it shall be sufficient to name the office held by the Governor or such public officer, and the Governor or public officer shall be deemed to be a party thereto as if the Governor or such public officer were a corporation sole with perpetual succession for this purpose.

Contracts by public officer.

61. Any contract or other document signed, executed or made before the commencement of this Ordinance by the Governor or by any public officer on behalf of the Governor or the Government or of any Government department shall be enforceable as if the office of Governor or such public officer had, at the time of such execution or making, been a corporation sole with perpetual succession for this purpose.

Effect of past contracts by public officer.

62. The omission to add the title of the public office held by the Governor or any public officer signing or executing any contract or other document after the signature of such officer shall not exclude such contract or other document from the operation of sections 60 and 61.

Omission of title after signature of public officer immaterial.

## PART IX

### CROWN, GOVERNOR AND GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL

63. (1) Where any Ordinance confers a power or imposes a duty upon the Governor or the Governor in Council to make any subsidiary legislation or appointment, give any directions, issue any order, authorize any thing or matter to be done, grant any exemption, remit any fee or penalty, or exercise any other power or perform any other duty, the exercise of such power or the performance of such duty may be signified —

Signification of orders of Governor and Governor in Council.

- (a) in the case of the Governor, under the hand of the Chief Secretary;
- (b) in the case of the Governor in Council, under the hand of the Clerk of Councils.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), proclamations shall be made or issued only under the hand of the Governor himself.

64. (1) Where any Ordinance confers powers or imposes duties upon the Governor, he may delegate any person by name or the person holding any office designated by him to exercise such powers or perform such duties on his behalf and thereupon, or from the date specified by the Governor, the person so delegated shall have and may exercise such powers and perform such duties.

Delegation by Governor.

(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of any Letters Patent or Royal Instructions relating to the appointment of a deputy to the Governor, nothing in subsection (1) shall authorize the Governor to delegate any person to make subsidiary legislation, issue proclamations or to determine any appeal.

(3) Where any Ordinance confers powers or imposes duties upon the Governor and such power is exercised or such duty is performed by any public officer, the Governor shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to have delegated such public officer under subsection (1) to exercise the powers or perform the duty.



Appeals and objections to  
Governor in Council.

65. (1) Where any Ordinance confers upon any person a right of appeal or objection to the Governor in Council, such appeal or objection shall be governed by rules made in accordance with subsection (2).

(2) The Governor in Council may make rules governing the procedure to be followed in appeals or objections to the Governor in Council.

(3) The conferring by any Ordinance of a right of appeal or objection to the Governor in Council shall not prevent any person from applying to the Supreme Court for an order of mandamus, certiorari, prohibition, injunction or any other order, instead of appealing or making an objection to the Governor in Council, where an application for such an order would lie, but no proceedings by way of mandamus, certiorari, prohibition, injunction or other order shall be taken against the Governor in Council in respect of any such appeal or objection to the Governor in Council or any proceedings connected therewith.

(4) The Governor in Council, when considering any appeal or objection to him (whether by way of petition or otherwise, and whether such appeal or objection is made by virtue of any Ordinance or otherwise) shall act in an administrative or executive capacity and not in a judicial or quasi-judicial capacity and shall be entitled to consider and take into account any evidence, material, information or advice in his absolute discretion.

(5) The Governor in Council, when considering any appeal or objection to him (whether by way of petition or otherwise and whether such appeal or objection is made by virtue of any Ordinance or otherwise) against any decision of any person, public officer or public body, may confirm, vary or reverse such decision or substitute therefor such other decision or make such other order as the Governor in Council may think fit.

References to the  
Sovereign.

66. Any reference to the Sovereign or to the Crown shall be construed as a reference to the Sovereign for the time being.

Saving of rights of Crown.

67. No Ordinance shall in any manner whatsoever affect the right of or be binding on the Crown unless it is therein expressly provided or unless it appears by necessary implication that the Crown is bound thereby.

## PART X

### TIME AND DISTANCE

Time.

68. When any expression of time occurs the time referred to shall, unless it is otherwise expressly provided, be held to signify the standard time adopted for the Colony by order of the Governor.

References to "am" and  
"pm".

69. The expression "am" indicates the period between midnight and the following noon, and the expression "pm" indicates the time between noon and the following midnight. Where two such expressions occur conjunctively in relation to any specified hour or in conjunction with the word "sunset" or "sunrise", they shall be construed as relating to a consecutive period of time.

Provision where no time  
prescribed.

70. Where no time is prescribed or allowed within which any thing shall be done, such thing shall be done without unreasonable delay, and as often as due occasion arises.

Computation of time.

71. In computing time for the purposes of any Ordinance —

- (a) a period of days from the happening of any event or the doing of any act or thing shall be deemed to be exclusive of the day on which the event happens or the act or thing is done;

- (b) if the last day of the period is a public holiday the period shall include the next following day, not being a public holiday;
- (c) where any act or proceeding is directed or allowed to be done or taken on a certain day, then if that day is a public holiday, the act or proceeding shall be considered as done or taken in due time if it is done or taken on the next following day, not being a public holiday;
- (d) where an act or proceeding is directed or allowed to be done or taken within any time not exceeding six days, no public holiday shall be reckoned in the computation of that time.

72. Where in any Ordinance a time is prescribed for doing any act or taking any proceeding and power is given to a court, public body, public officer or other authority to extend such time, then the power may be exercised by the court, public body, public officer or other authority although the application for the same is not made until after the expiration of the time prescribed.

Power to extend time.

73. The Governor in Council may from time to time, by notice in the Gazette, appoint any day to be a public holiday.

Public holidays.

74. In the measurement of any distance for the purposes of any Ordinance, that distance shall be measured in a straight line on a horizontal plane.

Distance.

75. Any summons, notice, warrant or other process may be issued, served or executed and any arrest, search or seizure may be carried out or made on any day, whether a public holiday or not, and at any hour of the day or night.

Warrants, etc., valid on public holiday.

## PART XI

### IMPERIAL ENACTMENTS

76. An imperial enactment shall be judicially noticed as such and shall be read with such modifications as to names, localities, courts, officers, persons, moneys, penalties or otherwise as may be necessary to make the same applicable to the circumstances of the Colony.

Modifications.

77. An imperial enactment may be cited by a short title or citation, if any, or by reference to the reign or calendar year in which it was passed or by the number assigned to any statutory instrument or statutory rule and order.

Citation of imperial enactments.

78. A reference in any law to an imperial enactment or to any provision, part or division thereof shall be construed as a reference to the same as the same may be from time to time amended and as a reference to any imperial enactment or to any provision, part or division of an imperial enactment, substituted therefor.

Construction of reference to imperial enactment.

79. A reference in any law to any imperial Act shall include a reference to any Order in Council, rule, regulation, proclamation, order, notice, rule of court, by-law or other instrument made under or by virtue thereof and having legislative effect.

References to subsidiary legislation under imperial Acts.

80. Any imperial enactment shall be construed in accordance with the terms thereof and of any interpretation statute applicable thereto and, to the extent to which no provision is made in the imperial enactment or in such statute for the interpretation thereof, in accordance with provisions of this Ordinance as if such imperial enactment were itself an Ordinance; and any reference in this Ordinance to an Ordinance shall, in the interpretation of an imperial enactment, include a reference to imperial enactments.

Construction of imperial enactments.

Copies of imperial enactments.

81. A copy of an imperial enactment shall, if it —

- (a) is published in the Gazette or purports to be printed by the Government Printer; or
- (b) is contained in any printed collection purporting to be published or printed by authority,

be deemed, until the contrary is proved, to be an authentic copy of the imperial enactment as at the date of such publication or printing.

## PART XII

### FEES, PENALTIES OFFENCES AND PROCEEDINGS

Attempts to commit offences.

82. (1) A provision in any Ordinance which creates or results in the creation of an offence shall be deemed to include a provision that an attempt to commit such an offence shall itself constitute an offence which may be dealt with and punished in like manner as if the offence had been committed.

(2) Where a person is charged with an offence, he may be convicted of having attempted to commit that offence although he was not charged with the attempt.

(3) Nothing in this section shall affect any law relating to attempts to commit offences at common law.

Reference to an offence to include attempts, etc.

83. (1) Where —

- (a) any Ordinance confers a power or imposes a duty which is to be exercised or performed consequent upon a conviction of an offence or in relation to a person who is detained in custody for an offence; or
- (b) a reference is otherwise made in any Ordinance to an offence,

then that power or duty or that reference shall be deemed to be also exercisable or performable consequent upon a conviction of, or include a reference to, as the case may be —

- (i) an attempt to commit that offence;
- (ii) aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring that offence; and
- (iii) a conspiracy to commit that offence.

(2) Subsection (1) shall apply to powers of imposing pecuniary penalties and of forfeiture, seizure and search, and to powers and discretions to cancel, suspend or refuse to issue any licence, permit or other authorization, but nothing in this section shall apply to any offence for which a sentence of death may be imposed, or be deemed to authorize the imposition of any sentence of imprisonment otherwise than in default of payment of any pecuniary penalty which may be imposed by virtue of this section.

Acts constituting two or more offences.

84. Where any act constitutes two or more offences, whether under the same Ordinance or otherwise, the offender shall be liable to be prosecuted and punished for any or all such offences but shall not be liable to be punished twice for the same offence.

Liability of directors, etc.

85. Where a person by whom an offence under any Ordinance has been committed is a company and it is proved that the offence was committed with the consent or connivance of a director or other officer concerned in the management of the company, or any person purporting to act as such director or officer, the director or other officer shall be guilty of the like offence.

Imposition of penalty not to bar civil action.

86. The imposition of a penalty or fine by or under any Ordinance shall not relieve any person from liability to answer in damages to a person injured.

87. Where in any Ordinance a penalty is prescribed for an offence under that Ordinance, such provision shall imply —

Penalties prescribed to be deemed maximum penalties.

- (a) that such offence shall be punishable upon conviction by a penalty not exceeding the penalty prescribed; and
- (b) if the amount of the fine is unspecified, that such offence shall, without prejudice to any law against excessive or unreasonable fines or assessments, be punishable by a fine of any amount.

88. Where in any Ordinance a penalty is set out at the foot of any section or part thereof the same shall mean that any contravention of that section or part shall be an offence under such Ordinance punishable upon conviction by a penalty not exceeding the penalty so set out.

Statement of penalty at end of section.

89. Where in any Ordinance more than one penalty is prescribed for an offence, the use of the word "and" shall mean that the penalties may be inflicted alternatively or cumulatively.

Certain penalties may be cumulative.

90. (1) Where any provision in any Ordinance creates, or results in the creation of, an offence, the offence shall be triable summarily only, unless —

Trial of offences.

- (a) the offence is declared to be treason, felony or misdemeanour;
- (b) the words "upon indictment" appear; or
- (c) the offence is declared to be a "misdemeanour triable summarily".

(2) Where any provision in any Ordinance creates, or results in the creation of, an offence and —

- (a) the offence is declared to be treason, felony or misdemeanour; or
- (b) subject to subsection (4), the words "upon indictment" appear,

the offence shall be triable only upon indictment.

(3) Where any provision in any Ordinance creates, or results in the creation of, an offence and the offence is declared to be a "misdemeanour triable summarily", the offence shall be triable either on indictment or summarily.

(4) Where any provision in any Ordinance creates, or results in the creation of, an offence and the offence is declared to be triable either summarily or upon indictment or to be punishable on summary conviction or on indictment, the offence shall be triable either on indictment or summarily.

(5) Nothing in this section shall affect the powers conferred upon a magistrate by the Administration of Justice Ordinance or by any other law to try an indictable offence summarily.

Cap. 3.

91. Where an offence is a misdemeanour by any law and no punishment is provided therefor, that offence shall be punishable by imprisonment for seven years or a fine of £2,000.

Punishment of misdemeanour.

92. Where the fiat, authorization, sanction, consent or authority of the Governor or any other public officer is necessary before any prosecution or action is commenced, or for any purpose whatsoever in connection with any proceeding, any document purporting to bear the fiat, authorization, sanction, consent or authority of the Governor, or such public officer, as the case may be, shall, until the contrary is proved, be received as evidence in any proceeding without proof being given that the signature to such fiat, authorization, sanction, consent or authority is that of the Governor or such public officer.

Evidence of signature or fiat, etc.

## Prosecution of offences.

93. Where any Ordinance provides that no prosecution for an offence shall be commenced without the consent of some person other than the Attorney General, such a provision shall not derogate from the powers of the Attorney General in respect of the prosecution of that offence.

## Amendment of penalty.

94. Where an act or omission constitutes an offence and the penalty for such offence is varied between the time of the commission of such offence and the conviction thereof, the offender shall be liable to the penalty prescribed at the time of the commission of the offence.

## Disposal of fines and penalties.

95. Any fine or penalty imposed by or under the authority of any Ordinance shall be paid into the general revenue of the Colony:

Provided that the Governor may direct the payment to any aggrieved person, or to any person whose information or evidence has led to the conviction of the offender or to the recovery of the fine or penalty, of such proportion of the fine or penalty as he may think fit.

## Disposal of forfeits.

96. (1) Where under any Ordinance any movable property is adjudged by any court or other authority to be forfeited, it shall be forfeited to the Crown, and the net proceeds thereof, if it is ordered by a competent authority to be sold, shall be paid into the general revenue of the Colony.

(2) Nothing in this section shall affect any provision in any Ordinance whereby any portion of any forfeit or of the proceeds of any forfeit is expressed to be recoverable by any person or may be granted by any authority to any person.

## Award of compensation.

97. (1) The Legislative Council may by resolution award compensation, by way of either a single payment or periodical payments, from the general revenue of the Colony to any person injured in the execution of a moral or legal duty to assist in the prevention of or resistance to crime or any offence, or to the dependants of a person so injured who dies as a result of such injury.

(2) Any award made under this section may be made subject to such conditions as may be specified in such resolution and may at any time be varied or revoked by the Legislative Council by resolution.

(3) No award made under this section shall be assignable or transferable or liable to be attached, sequestered or levied upon for or in respect of any debt or claim whatsoever other than a debt due to the Government.

## Reduction, etc., of fees and charges.

98. Any fee or charge made payable by or under any Ordinance to the Crown or the Government or to any public body or public officer, not being a fee or charge which is regulated by rules of court —

(a) may be reduced or varied by order of the Governor:

Provided that no variation thereof shall cause such fee or charge to exceed the original figure;

(b) may be remitted or refunded, in whole or in part, in any particular case and on any special ground by the Governor;

(c) subject as aforesaid shall be paid into or from the general revenue of the Colony.

## Collection of fees.

99. (1) Where by any Ordinance the signature of the Governor or of any public officer is required to any certificate, authorization, consent, licence, permit or exemption, or any alteration, transfer or renewal thereof, addition thereto or endorsement thereon, or any copy of the same, and no fee for such signature is prescribed by law, there shall be payable for such signature such fee as the Governor may prescribe by notice in the Gazette.

(2) Where any Ordinance requires or authorizes the issue of any document by a public officer, such public officer may, subject to any directions of the Governor, issue a duplicate of such document, upon payment of such fee as may be prescribed by law or as the Governor may prescribe by notice in the Gazette if no fee is prescribed by law.

(3) Where any Ordinance requires or authorizes any alteration, transfer, or endorsement of or addition to any certificate, authorization, consent, licence, permit or exemption by a public officer, such fee shall be payable therefor as may be prescribed by law or as the Governor may prescribe by notice in the Gazette if no fee is prescribed by law.

(4) Where an extract of any document, book, record or instrument may be properly certified by a public officer as a true extract of such document, book, record or instrument, such fee shall be payable for the certifying of the extract by such officer as may be prescribed by law or as the Governor may prescribe by notice in the Gazette if no fee is prescribed by law.

### PART XIII

#### MISCELLANEOUS

100. (1) A copy of an Ordinance shall, if published in the Gazette or purporting to be printed by the Government Printer, be deemed to be an authentic copy of that Ordinance as at the date of such publication or printing.

Copies of Ordinances, etc., in Gazette.

(2) A copy of any other instrument shall, if published in the Gazette or purporting to be printed by the Government Printer, on its production be admitted as prima facie evidence thereof in all courts and for all purposes whatsoever without any further proof.

101. (1) The Attorney General may, by order published in the Gazette, rectify any clerical or printing error appearing in any Ordinance, not being an Ordinance contained in a booklet prepared under the authority of the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance.

Rectification of errors.

(2) Every order made under this section shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council without unreasonable delay, and, if a resolution is passed at the next sitting of the Legislative Council held after the sitting at which the order is so laid that the order be annulled, it shall thenceforth be void, but without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done thereunder, or to the making of a new order.

102. (1) Where any person, public officer, Government department or public body is required to do anything for which a fee is to be paid or a charge made under any Ordinance, such person, public officer, Government department or public body may decline to do that thing until the fee or charge is paid or, where the precise amount of the payment to be made cannot be ascertained until the thing is done, until there be paid such amount as may be estimated to be the correct amount by the person, public officer or the responsible officer of the Government department or public body required to do the thing.

Performance of acts for which payment is required.

(2) Where a thing has been done for which an estimated amount shall have been paid, such amount shall be adjusted to the correct amount either by means of a further payment or by a refund of the amount overpaid.

103. The Governor in Council may, with the approval of the Secretary of State, declare any place to be a town, and define the extent, limits, and boundaries of such town and of its suburbs, and vary or alter such extent, limits and boundaries:

Declaration of town.

Provided that no part of the boundaries of the town shall be more than two miles, nor the suburbs more than six miles from the centre of the town.

Division of Colony into districts.

104. The Governor in Council may, when it is considered convenient for the more efficient operation of any Ordinance or any other purpose, divide, subdivide and re-divide the Colony into districts, or alter the boundaries of any such districts.

Authority to print copies.

105. The Government Printer may, with the authority of the Governor, print copies of any Ordinance with all additions, omissions, substitutions and amendments effected by any amending Ordinances, and such copies shall be deemed to be authentic copies of the Ordinance as amended as at the date of such printing.

Cap. 33.

106. The Interpretation and General Law Ordinance is hereby repealed.

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. LEG/10/5.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 7th day of July 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 15



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.

*Governor.*

### An Ordinance

Further to amend the Legislative Council  
(Elections) Ordinance 1948. Title.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows — Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1977, and shall come into operation on a date to be notified by His Excellency the Governor by publication in the official Gazette. Short title and commencement.

2. Section 2 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended — Amendment of section 2.

- (a) by the deletion of the definition of "Order in Council";
- (b) by inserting after the definition of "Council" the following new definition —

"Qualifying day" means the 15th day of July in each year".

- (c) by the deletion of the definition of "Qualifying period" and the substitution of the following —

"Qualifying period" means —

- (i) in the case of a person born in the Colony twelve months' continuous residence preceding the qualifying day; or
- (ii) in the case of a person not born in the Colony three years' continuous residence preceding the qualifying day."



- (d) by the deletion of the definition "Electoral area" and;
- (e) by inserting after the definition of "Election Officer", the following —  
 " "Camp" means the whole area of the Colony outside the town of Stanley."

Repeal and replacement  
of section 3.

3. Section 3 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

"Electoral  
Areas and  
Electoral  
Divisions.

3. (1) For the purpose of elections to the Legislative Council the Colony shall be divided into —

- (a) four electoral areas, East Stanley and West Stanley, and East Falklands and West Falklands, and
- (b) two electoral divisions, Stanley and Camp.

(2) The boundaries of the electoral areas and the electoral divisions shall be as set out in the Second Schedule to the Ordinance.

(3) Elections for an electoral area shall be held on one day followed within a period of not more than three weeks by elections for the electoral divisions when required.

(4) A candidate for elections to an electoral area may be a candidate for election to a vacancy in an electoral division —

- (i) if he is unsuccessful in an election to an electoral area; and
- (ii) he is not barred from standing for election under subsection (5).

(5) Any candidate who fails to obtain one-tenth or more of the total number of votes polled for in an electoral area election shall be barred from standing for an electoral division election."

Addition of new section  
3A.

4. The principal Ordinance is amended by the addition after section 3, of the following new section —

"Representation  
of Electorates.

3A. Six members shall be elected to the Legislative Council in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance to represent the following electoral areas and electoral divisions —

(1) one member shall be elected for each of the electoral areas of East Stanley, West Stanley, East Falklands and West Falklands.

(2) One member shall be elected for each electoral division of Stanley and of Camp."

Amendment of section 4.

5. Section 4 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

- (a) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
 "or an electoral division"; and
- (b) by the insertion after the words "in the area" of the following —  
 "or in the division".

Amendment of section 5.

6. Section 5 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
 "or electoral division"

7. Section 6 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

Amendment of section 6.

- (a) in paragraph (a) by the deletion of "21" and the substitution of the following —

"18";

- (b) by the deletion of paragraph (c) and the substitution of the following new paragraph —

"(c) has continuously resided in the Colony during the qualifying period and is normally resident in the electoral area or the electoral division on qualifying day."

- (c) by the deletion of the first proviso and the substitution of the following —

"Provided that a person who is normally resident in an electoral area or an electoral division shall be deemed to be resident therein on the qualifying day notwithstanding his absence overseas or otherwise on that day, if he intends to resume actual residence within six months from the date of his departure from the area or division."

- (d) in the second proviso by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —

"or electoral division".

- (e) by the insertion of a third proviso —

"Provided further that a person born in the Colony who is normally resident in an electoral area or an electoral division shall be deemed to be resident therein on the qualifying day notwithstanding his absence from his electoral area or electoral division for a period not exceeding six months during the qualifying period."

8. Section 7 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following —

Repeal and replacement of section 7.

"Register of electors.

7. (1) It shall be the duty of every registration officer to prepare and publish once in each year, should the Governor so decide, a register of electors for his electoral area or electoral division and every such register shall —

- (a) be published in the Gazette not later than the 15th day of September in each year;
- (b) come into force immediately; and
- (c) remain in force until the register next compiled is published.

(2) The names of all voters on the register shall be classified alphabetically in accordance with the initial letter of the surname of each voter and a serial number allotted to each name.

(3) The register of electors for the time being in force as published in the Gazette shall be conclusive evidence as to the eligibility or otherwise of a person to vote in an electoral area or electoral division."

9. Section 8 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

Amendment of section 8.

- (a) by the insertion after the word "area" wherever it occurs, the following —

"or division";

- (b) in subsection (1) by the insertion after the words "the register" of the following —

"and a supplement to the register containing names of postal voters";

- (c) in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) by deleting "as soon as may be after receiving such notice as is mentioned in subsection (1) of section 7 of this Ordinance"; and
- (d) in subsection (2) by deleting "one month" and the substitution of the following —  
"ten days".

Addition of new section  
8A.

10. The principal Ordinance is amended by the addition after section 8 of the following new section —

"Postal voting

8A. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Ordinance every elector registered in any electoral area or electoral division who due to illness, incapacity of travelling to the voting area, intended absence at sea, or residing in any one of the remote areas mentioned in the Fifth Schedule or temporary absence from the Colony at the date of any election shall, if he so desires, complete Form F in the Third Schedule and be entered on the postal voters list which shall be prepared by the registration officer for his electoral area or electoral division.

(2) Every elector whose name is on the postal voters list for any electoral area or electoral division shall be entitled to vote by sending his ballot paper by post to the returning officer, but shall not, so long as his name is on that list, be entitled to vote in any other manner.

(3) (a) The registration officer shall each year, should the Governor so decide, prepare and add as a supplement to the register a separate list for each electoral area and each electoral division, of persons entitled to vote as postal voters;

(b) The names in the Postal Voters List shall be arranged in the same order as that in which those names appear in the register under subsection (2) of section 7;

(c) The registration officer shall keep a record of any address which may be furnished to him by or in respect of any person placed on the Postal Voters List as the address which is to be for the time being the address of the voter and, as soon as practicable, shall cause instructions to be sent to the voters as to the mode of voting under those provisions of this Ordinance.

(4) The returning officer shall, in the case of a contested election for any electoral area or any electoral division, as soon as practicable after the issue of the proclamation appointing the day on which the election is to be held, send a postal voters ballot paper in Form G in the Third Schedule to each elector whose name is on the postal voters list and who is entitled to vote at that election, to the address recorded by the registration officer, together with a declaration of identity in Form H in the Third Schedule and a certificate as contained in Form I in the Third Schedule, and if such ballot paper duly marked by the postal voter and accompanied by a declaration of identity and a certificate as contained in the Third

Schedule, is received by the returning officer before the close of the poll it shall be counted by him and treated for all purposes in the same manner as a ballot paper placed in the ballot box in the ordinary way."

11. Section 9 of the principal Ordinance is repealed.

Repeal of section 9.

12. Subsection (1) of section 10 of the principal Ordinance is amended as follows —

Amendment of section 10.

- (a) by the insertion after the word "area" wherever it occurs of the following —  
"or division";
- (b) by the deletion of "30" and the substitution of the following —  
"10";
- (c) by the deletion of the words "Form in the Schedule" where they first occur and the substitution of the following —  
"Form A in the First Schedule";
- (d) by the deletion of the words "Form in the Schedule" where they secondly appear and the substitution of the following  
"Form J in the Fourth Schedule";
- (e) by the deletion of the words "to the Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1959";
- (f) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
"or electoral division".

13. Section 11 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

Amendment of section 11.

- (a) by the deletion of the word "Magistrate" wherever it occurs and the substitution of the following —  
"Senior Magistrate";
- (b) in subsection (3) by the deletion of the words "ten days" and the substitution of the following —  
"seven days".

14. Section 12 of the principal Ordinance is repealed.

Repeal of section 12.

15. Section 13 of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (1) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —

Amendment of section 13.

"or electoral division".

16. Section 15 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

Amendment of section 15.

- (a) in subsection (1) by the insertion after the words "electoral area" of the following —  
"or electoral division"; and
- (b) in subsection (2) —
  - (i) in paragraph (e) by the deletion of the word "district" and the insertion after the word "electoral" of the following —  
"area or electoral division"; and
  - (ii) by the deletion of paragraph (j) and the substitution therefor of the following —  
"(j) has not ordinarily resided in the Colony for a period of not less than three years"; and
  - (iii) by the deletion of the full stop at the end of paragraph (k) and the substitution therefor of a colon and the word "or"; and

(iv) by the insertion after paragraph (k) of the following new paragraph —

“(l) is not a British Subject and has not attained the age of twenty-one years”.

**Amendment of section 16.**

**17.** Section 16 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

- (a) in subsection (1) as follows —
  - (i) by the insertion after the words “Form B in the” of the following —  
“First”; and
  - (ii) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”; and
  - (iii) by the addition after the words “Justice of the Peace” of the following —  
“or Commissioner for Oaths”;
- (b) in subsection (2) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”; and
- (c) in subsection (6) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”.

**Amendment of section 19.**

**18.** Section 19 of the principal Ordinance is amended in paragraph (a) of subsection (2) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” of the following —

“or electoral division”.

**Amendment of section 24.**

**19.** Section 24 of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (1) by inserting after the words “Form C in the” of the following —

“First”.

**Amendment of section 26.**

**20.** Section 26 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

- (a) in subsection (1) by the deletion of the words brackets and comma “(or in the case of an election in the electoral area of Stanley, two candidates)”;
- (b) in subsection (2) by substituting the word “any” for the word “each” where it appears.

**Amendment of section 29.**

**21.** Section 29 of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (1) by the insertion after the words “Form D in the” of the following —

“First”;

**Amendment of section 32.**

**22.** Section 32 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the insertion —

- (a) after the words “ballot boxes” of the following —  
“and postal votes”;
- (b) after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”.

**Amendment of section 36.**

**23.** Section 36 of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (1) by the deletion of the words “or in the case of an election in the Stanley electoral area the two candidates who have received the greatest number of votes”.

**24. Section 39 of the principal Ordinance is amended —**

**Amendment of section 39.**

- (a) in subsection (1) —
  - (i) by the deletion of the words “one-eighth” and the substitution therefor of the following —  
“one tenth”; and
  - (ii) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”; and
- (b) in subsection (2) by the deletion of the words “one-eighth” and the substitution of the following —  
“one-tenth”.

**25. Section 40 of the principal Ordinance is amended by the insertion after the words “electoral area” in subsection (1) of the following —**

**Amendment of section 40.**

“or electoral division”.

**26. Section 41 of the principal Ordinance is amended —**

**Amendment of section 41.**

- (a) in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” where they appear of the following—  
“or electoral division”; and
- (b) in subsection (3) by the insertion after the words “electoral area” of the following —  
“or electoral division”.

**27. The procedure set out in sections 7, 9 and 12 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance with the following amendments —**

**Saving and transitional.**

- (i) by adding in sections 7 and 12 after the words “electoral area” and “electoral areas” where they appear the words —  
“or electoral division” and “or electoral divisions”;  
and
- (ii) by adding in section 9 after the word “area” where it appears the words —  
“or division”,

repealed or replaced by this Ordinance shall apply for the compiling of the electoral register and the supplement to the register containing the names of postal voters for the first general election to be held after the coming into force of this Ordinance.

**28. The Schedule to the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following new Schedules.**

**Repeal of Schedule and replacement by new Schedules.**

## FIRST SCHEDULE

FORM A.

(Section 10)

## FORM OF CLAIM

To the Registration Officer ..... \* ELECTORAL AREA  
 ..... \* ELECTORAL DIVISION

I claim to have my name included in the register of electors for the

\* ELECTORAL AREA of .....  
 \* ELECTORAL DIVISION of .....

Surname (*in block letters*) .....

Other names .....

Address .....

I certify that I am a British subject, that I have attained the age of 18 years and that I resided in the ..... Electoral Area/Electoral Division of ..... since ..... and that I am normally resident in the Electoral Area/Electoral Division.

Dated this ..... day of ..... 197.....

Applicant.

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM B.

(Section 16)

## NOMINATION FORM

Name of candidate (*in full*) .....

Address .....

Name of proposer (*in full*).....

Signature of proposer .....

Signed by the above named (*proposer*) .....

in my presence the ..... day of ..... 197.....

\* Justice of the Peace.

\* Commissioner for Oaths.

Name of seconder (*in full*) .....

Signature of seconder .....

Signed by the above named seconder .....

in my presence the ..... day of ..... 197.....

\* Justice of the Peace.

\* Commissioner for Oaths.

We the undersigned being electors do hereby support the foregoing nomination —

1. ....
2. ....
3. ....
4. ....
5. ....
6. ....
7. ....

Handed in at ..... a.m. on the ..... day of ..... 197.....

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

Returning Officer.

FORM C.

(Section 24)

BALLOT PAPER

No.....

FALKLAND ISLANDS  
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTIONS

FALKLAND ISLANDS  
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTIONS

- \* ELECTORAL AREA
- \* ELECTORAL DIVISION

BALLOT PAPER - COUNTERFOIL

BALLOT PAPER

ELECTOR'S SERIAL NUMBER

.....  
.....  
.....

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

*Official Mark.*

REVERSE

No.....

(Corresponding with that on Counterfoil)

- \* ELECTORAL AREA of .....
- \* ELECTORAL DIVISION of .....

Date .....

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable

FORM D.

(Section 29)

DECLARATION

I, ..... of .....  
solemnly and sincerely declare that I am the same person whose name appears as

.....  
No. .... in the register of electors in force for the ..... \* Electoral  
Area / \* Electoral Division.

Declaration made in the presence of

*Signed* .....

PRESIDING OFFICER.

- \* Stanley.
- \* Camp.
- \* East Falklands.
- \* West Falklands.
- \* East Stanley.
- \* West Stanley.

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.



## SECOND SCHEDULE

FORM E.

(Section 3)

1. The names and boundaries of each electoral division and each electoral area shall be as specified in the table hereto.

2. The boundary of the electoral divisions and electoral areas mentioned in the second and third columns of the table shall be taken to be those boundaries as constituted on the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred and seventy-seven provided that any misnomer or inaccurate description of any of those electoral divisions or electoral areas shall not in any way prevent or abridge the operation of this Ordinance with respect to the subject of the description, if it is so designated as to be commonly understood.

Name	Boundaries of divisions	Boundaries of areas
Stanley	that area as defined in the Stanley rates Ordinance 1973.	
Camp	the whole of Camp other than the area of Stanley as defined in the First Schedule to the Stanley Rates Ordinance 1973.	
West Falkland		that area known as West Falkland.
East Falkland		that area of East Falkland remaining after the excision of Stanley.
West Stanley		all that area West of the middle line of Dean Street.
East Stanley		all that area East of the middle line of Dean Street.

## THIRD SCHEDULE

FORM F.

(Section 8A (1))

## APPLICATION TO VOTE BY POST

I, (*surname*) (BLOCK LETTERS) .....

(*other names*) (BLOCK LETTERS) .....

am qualified to be registered as an elector for the \* electoral area / \* electoral division of .....

I apply to be treated as a postal voter at the electoral area / electoral division of elections because I am likely to be unable to go to the polling station due to \* illness, \* incapacity of travelling to the voting area, \* intended absence at sea, \* temporary absence from the Colony or \* residing in a remote area. My address is (*address in full in block letters*) .....

Signature.....

Date .....

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM G.

(Section 8A (4))

POSTAL BALLOT PAPER

No.....

FALKLAND ISLANDS  
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTIONS

FALKLAND ISLANDS  
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTIONS

- \* ELECTORAL AREA
- \* ELECTORAL DIVISION

BALLOT PAPER - COUNTERFOIL

BALLOT PAPER

ELECTOR'S SERIAL NUMBER

.....  
.....  
.....

Official Mark

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

REVERSE

No.....

(Corresponding with that on Counterfoil)

- \* ELECTORAL AREA of .....
- \* ELECTORAL DIVISION of .....

Date .....

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM H.

(Section 8A (4))

POSTAL VOTER'S DECLARATION

I, ..... of .....  
solemnly and sincerely declare that I am the same person whose name appears as

.....  
No. .... in the register of electors (postal voters list) in force for the \* Electoral Area  
of ..... / \* Electoral Division of .....

(Signed) .....

- \* ELECTORAL AREA of East Falklands  
West Falklands  
East Stanley  
West Stanley

- \* ELECTORAL DIVISION of Stanley  
Camp

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM I.

(Section 8A. (4) )

## POSTAL VOTER'S CERTIFICATE

ELECTION IN THE ELECTORAL AREA OF.....  
 ELECTORAL DIVISION OF.....

I certify that (name).....  
 who is numbered ..... in the register of electors (*postal voting list*) for the electoral area  
 of ..... or electoral division of .....  
 named above, is likely to be unable to go in person to the polling station at the election on  
 (*date of poll*) .....

by reason on that date of —

- \* illness.
- \* incapacity of travelling to the voting area.
- \* absence at sea, or
- \* temporary absence from the Colony.
- \* residing in a remote area.

Date .....

Signature .....

Doctor/ Justice of the Peace/ Minister of Religion/ Police Officer.

\* Delete whichever is inapplicable.

FORM J.

(Section 10)

FOURTH SCHEDULE  
 FORM OF OBJECTION

(If this form is sent to the registration officer by post, postage must be prepaid)

To the registration officer for the electoral area /electoral division of .....

I hereby give you notice that I object to the entry of \* .....

as an elector ‡

The grounds of my objections are .....

I am entered in the electors lists as an elector for the above electoral area / electoral division  
 as follows x .....

Signed .....

Address .....

Date .....

\* Here insert extracts from printed electors lists, stating registration unit or name and address.

‡ Delete if inapplicable.

x Here insert extract from printed electors lists.

(Section 8A)

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

Beaver Island, Carcass Island, Golding Island, Lively Island, New Island, Sea Lion Island, Sedge Island, Speedwell Island, West Point Island and any other island or place so designated by the Governor by notice in the Gazette.

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. LEC/10/1.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 7th day of July 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*



No. 16



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

### To control the use of the Stanley Airport.

Title.

Date of commencement.

(11th July 1977)

Enacting clause.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Airport (Regulations) Ordinance, 1977.

Interpretation.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —

“airport” means all that piece or parcel of land known as Stanley Airport together with the buildings and erections thereon within the boundaries delineated on the approved plan;

“approved plan” means the latest approved by the Governor under subsection (1) of section 3 incorporating any amendments thereto as approved;

“Superintendent” means the Superintendent of Stanley Airport.

Area of airport to be shown on a plan approved by the Governor.

3. (1) The Governor may approve a plan delineating the area and boundaries of the airport and may from time to time approve a new plan in substitution therefor and amendments to such plan or substituted plan.

(2) The Governor's approval of any plan or amendments thereto under subsection (1) shall be endorsed on the plan under the hand of the Chief Secretary.

(3) A copy of the approved plan shall be kept in the office of the Superintendent.

4. (1) The Governor in Council may, for the purpose of controlling the use of the airport, by regulation provide for — Regulations.

- (a) the preservation of order and property and the prevention of nuisance therein;
- (b) the control within the airport of aircraft on the ground;
- (c) the moving within the airport of aircraft on the ground;
- (d) the control therein or exclusion therefrom of persons, vehicles, animals and articles;
- (e) the moving within the airport of any vehicle, animal or article;
- (f) the restriction of access by the public thereto, and the days and times of admission thereto;
- (g) the control of the sale, advertisement or distribution of any goods, food or drink therein;
- (h) the designation by the Superintendent of car parks for the use of vehicles of any description or any particular type or class or for the use of persons of any particular class;
- (i) the fees payable for the use of car parks;
- (j) the control of the use of car parks;
- (k) the collection of airport revenues;
- (l) the control of unauthorized buildings being erected in the take-off flight path area;
- (m) the removal from the airport of vehicles which contravene any provision of this Ordinance, the sale of vehicles so removed, and the fees payable in respect of such removal or sale;
- (n) empowering the Superintendent, any person authorized by him in writing for the purposes of this Ordinance or any police officer to give such orders, either orally or in writing, or to do such acts as may be specified for carrying into effect any regulation.

(2) Regulations made under this section may provide that contravention of specified provisions of such regulations or of any order given under such regulations shall be an offence and may provide penalties for such offence not exceeding a fine of two hundred pounds.

5. In any prosecution for an offence contrary to any regulation made under section 4, a copy of the approved plan certified by the Superintendent to be a copy of such plan shall be conclusive proof of the area and boundaries of the airport. Any such copy purporting to be certified by the Superintendent shall be deemed, until the contrary is proved, to have been certified by him.

Proof of area and  
boundaries of airport.

6. (1) Where the driver of a vehicle is alleged to be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance —

Obligation to give information as to identification.

- (a) the driver of the vehicle shall on demand give to the Superintendent or any person authorized by him in writing for the purposes of this Ordinance or any police officer his correct name and address and any other information concerning the vehicle which it is in his power to give;

- (b) the owner of the vehicle shall, within fourteen days of being so required (such requirement having been made within fourteen days after the date of the alleged offence) give such information as may be required by the Superintendent or any person authorized in writing by him for the purposes of this Ordinance or any police officer as to the identity of the driver of the vehicle; and
- (c) any other person shall, within fourteen days of being so required (such requirement having been made within fourteen days after the date of the alleged offence) give such information as may be required by the Superintendent or any person authorized in writing by him for the purposes of this Ordinance or any police officer, being information which it is in his power to give and which may lead to the identification of the driver.

(2) Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of two hundred pounds:

Provided that in the case of any proceedings against the owner of a vehicle it shall be a sufficient defence if he proves to the satisfaction of the court or magistrate that he did not know and could not with reasonable diligence have ascertained the identity of the driver.

(3) A requirement under paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection (1) may be in writing and may be served on the owner of the vehicle or other person, as the case may be, by post.

Proof in summary proceedings of identity of driver of vehicle.

7. Where in any summary proceedings in respect of an offence under this Ordinance —

- (a) it is proved that a requirement under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 6 that information be given as to the identity of the driver of a particular vehicle on the particular occasion to which the proceedings relate has been served by post on the defendant; and
- (b) a document purporting to be signed by the defendant and stating that he was the driver of that vehicle on that occasion is produced to the court or magistrate,

the court or magistrate may, until the contrary is proved, accept that document as evidence that the defendant was the driver of that vehicle on that occasion.

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. AIR/10/5.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 8th day of July 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 17



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

### An Ordinance

Further to amend the Income Tax Ordinance. Title.

(1st January 1978)

Date of commencement.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977, and shall apply to assessments for the year of assessment commencing on the 1st day of January 1978 and to subsequent years of assessment.

Short title and commencement.

2. Section 21 of the Income Tax Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended in subsection (2) by deleting "40 per centum" and substituting the following —  
"45 per centum"

Amendment of section 21.

3. Section 11 of the principal Ordinance is repealed and replaced by the following new section —

Repeal and replacement of section 11.

"Depreciation

11. In ascertaining the chargeable income of any person engaged in a trade, business, profession or vocation, there shall be deducted or charged as the case may be any amounts authorized by the Sixth Schedule to be deducted or charged on account of depreciation or balancing charge."

4. The principal Ordinance is amended by adding after the Fifth Schedule the following new Schedule —

Addition of Sixth Schedule.

#### "SIXTH SCHEDULE Section 11.

##### DEPRECIATION

Interpretation.

1. In this Schedule —

"expenditure", in relation to the cost of a capital asset, means the amount spent upon the provision of that asset by the person claiming the depreciation deduction, reduced by the amount of any grant, subsidy or contribution towards that cost made by any other person or authority;



“written-down value”, in relation to a capital asset, means the amount of the expenditure upon that asset less the sum of any wear and tear and depreciation deductions made in respect of that asset for all earlier years or which could have been made if the asset had been employed continuously since the expenditure was incurred in the production of income.

Deduction.

2. Where a person referred to in section 11 employs during the year immediately preceding the year of assessment in the course of his trade, business, profession or vocation any of the capital assets specified in paragraph 3 of this Schedule, there shall be allowed, upon his making a claim thereto, a deduction on account of the depreciation of such assets (in this Schedule referred to as a “depreciation deduction”).

Assets  
qualifying.

3. The capital assets in respect of which a depreciation deduction may be claimed are buildings (excluding land), ships, and machinery and plant other than ships.

Amount of  
deduction.

4. The amount of a depreciation deduction shall be —

- (a) where the asset is machinery or plant other than a ship, twenty-five per cent,
- (b) where the asset is a ship or a building, ten per cent,

of the written-down value of the asset.

Balancing  
deduction.

5. Where during the year immediately preceding the year of assessment a capital asset in respect of which a wear and tear or a depreciation deduction has been made is sold, scrapped or destroyed and the amount of the sale proceeds or insurance recoveries is less than the written-down value, there shall be made a deduction equal to the amount of the deficiency.

Balancing  
charge.

6. Where during the year immediately preceding the year of assessment a capital asset in respect of which a wear and tear or a depreciation deduction has been made is sold or destroyed and the amount of the sale proceeds or insurance recoveries is more than the written-down value, the amount of the excess (or the total amount of all wear and tear and depreciation deductions made, if less) shall be additional income chargeable to tax for that year of assessment.

Buildings.

7. Where a building is bought or sold together with land the Commissioner shall make such apportionment of the total sum as is just for the purpose of arriving at the separate value of the building.”.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. INC/10/1.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 8th day of July 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 18



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

### An Ordinance

Further to amend the Income Tax Ordinance. Title.

(1st January 1978)

Date of commencement.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows — Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) (No. 3) Ordinance 1977, and shall apply to assessments for the year of assessment commencing on the 1st day of January 1978 and to the subsequent years of assessment. Short title and commencement.

2. Section 14 of the Income Tax Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended in subsection (1) by deleting "£500" and substituting the following — Amendment of section 14.

"£750"

3 Section 15 of the principal Ordinance is amended — Amendment of section 15.

(a) in subsection (1), by deleting "£180" and substituting the following —

"£300"

(b) in subsection (2), by deleting "£100" and substituting the following —

"£150"

- (c) in subsection (3) (a)
- (i) by deleting "£200" and substituting the following —  
"£350"
- (ii) by deleting "£100" and substituting the following —  
"£250"
- (d) in subsection (4), by deleting "£230" and substituting the following —  
"£350"
- (e) by inserting after subsection (4) the following new subsection —
- "Deduction in respect of wife's earned income. (5) If the total income of any individual includes any earned income of his wife there shall be a deduction of an additional one-fifth of the amount of that earned income provided that such deduction shall not in the case of any individual exceed £200."

## Amendment of section 16.

4. Section 16 of the principal Ordinance is amended —
- (a) in subsection (1), by deleting "£130" and substituting the following —  
"£250"
- (b) in paragraph (i) of the proviso to subsection (1), by deleting "£150" and substituting the following —  
"£280"

## Amendment of section 16A.

5. Section 16A of the principal Ordinance is amended by deleting "£600" wherever it occurs, and substituting the following —  
"£900"

## Amendment of section 21.

6. Section 21 of the principal Ordinance is amended in subsection (1) by deleting from "On every" to "45 per cent" and substituting the following —

"On every pound of —

the first	£500	of chargeable income	17½ per cent
the next	£500	" " "	22½ per cent
" "	£500	" " "	27½ per cent
" "	£1,000	" " "	35 per cent
" "	£1,000	" " "	40 per cent
" "	£1,000	" " "	45 per cent
the remainder of chargeable income			50 per cent."

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. INC/10/1.

## CUSTOMS ORDINANCE

(Chapter 16)

## Resolution of the Legislative Council.

No. 1 of 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

RESOLUTION made and passed by the Legislative Council under section 5 of the Customs Ordinance on the 21st day of June 1977.

THIS RESOLUTION may be cited as the Customs (Amendment of Duties) Resolution 1977 and shall come into operation on the 21st day of June 1977.

Citation and commencement.

IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Customs Ordinance that paragraph 2 of the Customs Order be amended by deleting "£12.00", "78p", "90p", "£4.20", "£2.88" and "£2.40" and substituting the following —

Amendment of paragraph 2.  
(Cap. 16 sub. leg.)

"£13.50", "90p", "£1.10", "£5.00", "£3.30" and "£2.80" respectively.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. CUS/10/1.

## A Bill for An Ordinance

Title.

### Further to amend the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance.

Enacting clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the  
Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title and commencement.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977 and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by notice in the Gazette.

Amendment of section 2.

2. Section 2 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended —

(a) by inserting after the definition of “member” the following new definition —

“ordinarily resided” has the same meaning assigned thereto by the Schedule to the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders in Council 1948 to 1977;

(b) by the deletion of the definition of “qualifying period” and the substitution of the following —

““qualifying period” means —

(i) in the case of a person born in the Colony, the preceding twelve months ending on qualifying day;

(ii) in the case of a person not born in the Colony, the preceding three years ending on qualifying day.”.

Amendment of section 6.

3. Section 6 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

(a) in paragraph (c) by deleting “continuously” and substituting the following —

“ordinarily”;

(b) by deleting the third proviso.

#### OBJECTS AND REASONS

To remedy an inadvertent misconstruction concerning the definition of “qualifying period” and the qualification of electors.

Ref. LEC/10/1.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE (Extraordinary)

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

---

---

Vol. LXXXVI

21 JULY 1977

No. 10

---

---

Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1977  
(No. 15 of 1977)

Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1977  
(Commencement) Notice 1977

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1977, the Governor hereby appoints the 21st day of July 1977 as the day on which the said Ordinance shall come into operation.

20th July 1977.

Ref. LEC/10/1.

*By Command,*  
ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

---

Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977  
(No. 19 of 1977)

Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977  
(Commencement) Notice 1977

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977, the Governor hereby appoints the 21st day of July 1977 as the day on which the said Ordinance shall come into operation.

20th July 1977.

Ref. LEC/10/1.

*By Command,*  
ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

# PROCLAMATION

No. 3 of 1977

IN THE NAME of Her Majesty ELIZABETH II., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories Queen, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith.

J. R. W. PARKER

*By His Excellency JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

LS

WHEREAS it is provided by subsection (1) of Section 26 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders in Council, 1948-1976, that the Governor may dissolve the Legislative Council at any time:

AND WHEREAS it is necessary to make arrangements for a General Election within three months from the date of dissolution.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, in pursuance of the powers vested in me by the said Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders in Council, 1948-1976, do hereby order and proclaim the dissolution of the Legislative Council, with effect from the 20th day of July 1977.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 19th day of July 1977.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

Ref. LEC/35/1.

# PROCLAMATION

No. 4 of 1977

BY HIS EXCELLENCY JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same.

WHEREAS it is provided by subsection (3) of section 1 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) (Amendment) Order 1977 that the said Order shall come into operation on a date to be notified by the Governor by Proclamation in the Gazette, which shall be a date not earlier than the day after the date of dissolution of the existing Legislative Council:

AND WHEREAS the existing Legislative Council was dissolved on the 20th day of July 1977:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, do hereby PROCLAIM that the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) (Amendment) Order 1977 shall come into operation on the 21st day of July 1977.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands this 20th day of July 1977.

LS

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Ref. LEG 10/32II.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 21st day of July 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 19



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

## An Ordinance

### Further to amend the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance. Title.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows — Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977 and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by notice in the Gazette. Short title and commencement.

2. Section 2 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended — Amendment of section 2.

- (a) by inserting after the definition of "member" the following new definition —

"ordinarily resided" has the same meaning assigned thereto by the Schedule to the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders in Council 1948 to 1977;

- (b) by the deletion of the definition of "qualifying period" and the substitution of the following —

"qualifying period" means —

- (i) in the case of a person born in the Colony, the preceding twelve months ending on qualifying day;
- (ii) in the case of a person not born in the Colony, the preceding three years ending on qualifying day."



Amendment of section 6.

3. Section 6 of the principal Ordinance is amended —

- (a) in paragraph (c) by deleting “continuously” and substituting the following —  
“ordinarily”;
- (b) by deleting the third proviso.

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. LEC/10/1.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

19 AUGUST 1977

No. 11

## Appointments

Mrs. Gladys Carey, Nurse, Medical Department, 1.6.76.

Lawrence Gordon Blizzard, Clerk/Storekeeper, Medical Department, 1.9.76.

Miss Sandra Booth, Clerk, Public Service 1.7.77.

Russell John Summers, Electrician, Electrical Section, Public Works Department, 1.7.77.

## Acting Appointments

Miss Linda Margaret Lyse, Acting Senior Clerk, Treasury Department, 21.7.77.

Phillip George Summers, Acting Financial Secretary, Treasury Department, 29.7.77.

Michael Luxton, Acting Deputy Financial Secretary, Treasury Department, 29.7.77.

Wallace Carlinden Hirtle, Acting Commissioner of Income Tax, Income Tax Office, 29.7.77.

## Promotion

Michael Luxton, Assistant Secretary (Finance), Treasury Department, 21.7.77. (On probation).

## NOTICES

No. 44. 12th July 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 8th July 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on Sunday, 10th July 1977.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 45. 12th July 1977.

The findings of the Cost of Living Committee for the quarter ended 30th June 1977, are published for general information —

Quarter ended	Percentage increase over 1971 prices
30th June 1977	144.28%

2. In accordance with the principle of the Wages Agreement for Stanley the average increase over the last four quarters is 132.39% and a further wage award of 1½p per hour is therefore payable with effect from 1st July 1977.

Ref. INT/2/3.

No. 46.

12th July 1977.

## Air Fares and Conditions of Carriage

The Air Fares and Conditions of Carriage (Gazette Notice No. 33 of 1973) as amended (Gazette Notices No. 28 of 1975 and No. 15 of 1976) is amended by deleting Section I Scheduled Passenger Flights and substituting the following new section —

### 1. SCHEDULED PASSENGER FLIGHTS

(1) Passenger fares for scheduled flights are calculated on the straight line distance between points of departure and destination. The fare consists of two elements forming a single whole —

- (a) a charge of 15 pence per mile plus
- (b) a flat rate (popularly known as the boarding charge) for passengers other than medical passengers, of —
  - (i) £6 for adults;
  - (ii) £3 for children between the age of 7 and school leaving age (but see Part III);
  - (iii) £1.50 for children from 1 to 7 years (but see Part III);
  - (iv) nil for children under 1 year; or
- (c) a flat rate for medical passengers of —
  - (i) £2 for adults (but see Part II);
  - (ii) £1.50 for children between the age of 7 and school leaving age (but see Part II);
  - (iii) 75 pence for children from 1 to 7 years (but see Part II);
  - (iv) nil for children under 1 year.

(2) Children over seven years of age are charged at the full fare (but see Part III);

(3) Children between one and seven years of age are charged half fare (but see Part III);

(4) Children under one year of age when accompanied by an adult travel free of charge.

(5) Ministers of Religion are carried free of charge provided —

- (a) the aircraft is going to the destination required by the Minister for reasons other than the Minister's journey;
- (b) there is a vacant seat in the aircraft.

(6) Every passenger may take with him free of charge personal baggage to a maximum weight of 30 lb. Baggage in excess of this weight will be carried only at the aircraft commander's discretion and shall be paid for at air freight rates. (Part VI. 1. Conditions of Carriage paragraph (5) refers).

(7) A rebate of 10 pence per mile will be given to persons normally resident in the Colony.

(8) 'Normally resident' means a person (together with his family) who normally resides in the Colony, or is in the Colony under a contract of service to an employer who has a place of business in the Colony, or has resided in the Colony for a continuous period of not less than one year since arriving in, or returning to the Colony or persons paying Falkland Islands income tax.

Ref. AIR/2/1.

No. 47. 13th July 1977.

#### Hydatid Eradication (Dogs) Order 1975

(Under section 12A of the Dogs Ordinance, Cap. 21)

The Governor has appointed the following persons to be Inspectors for the purposes of this Order —

Mr. F. J. Ferguson	—	Goose Green
Mr. T. McMullen	—	Egg Harbour
Mr. S. F. Smith	—	Speedwell Island
Mr. J. L. Short	—	Weddell Island.

Ref. AGR/7/16.

No. 48. 21st July 1977.

#### General Election 1977

It is notified that the following persons have been appointed Returning Officers for the Constituencies shown against their names —

Mr. C. Maddocks	West Falkland Electoral Area
Mr. J. Fowler	East Falkland Electoral Area
Mr. H. Bennett, O.B.E.	West Stanley Electoral Area
Mr. H. Luxton	East Stanley Electoral Area
Mr. C. Maddocks	Camp Division
Mr. H. Bennett, O.B.E.	Stanley Division.

No. 49. 21st July 1977.

#### General Election 1977

It is notified that the following persons have been appointed Registration Officers for the Constituencies shown against their names —

Mr. C. Maddocks	West Falkland
Mr. J. Fowler	East Falkland
Mr. S. Smith	West Stanley
Mrs. M. Jennings	East Stanley
Mr. V. Steen	Stanley
Mr. L. McGill	Stanley
Miss L. Lyse	Stanley
Mr. G. McMillan	Stanley.

No. 50. 22nd July 1977.

#### POST OFFICE ORDINANCE (Chapter 52)

##### Carriage of Mail

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 8 of the Post Office Ordinance, the Governor in Council has fixed the fee of 69p per bag for mail

safely carried and delivered by any vessel, not being a Government vessel or a vessel under contract with the Government.

Ref. P&T/10/3.

No. 51. 27th July 1977.

#### Public Health Ordinance (Cap. 54)

The following have been re-appointed members of the Board of Health for the Colony until 30th September 1977 —

The Senior Medical Officer — *Chairman*  
Dr. K. E. Dunnett  
The Hon. W. E. Bowles  
Superintendent of Public Works  
Chief Police Officer.

Ref. MED/19/1.

No. 52. 27th July 1977.

#### Darwin Boarding School Fees

It is hereby notified for general information that the annual charge for board and lodgings at Darwin Boarding School has been increased from £36 to £54 and that the charge for meals to non-boarders has been increased from 5p to 10p per child per meal.

The new rates take effect from the term commencing in September 1977.

Ref. EDU/9/3.

No. 53. 22nd July 1977.

#### Departure from the Colony of His Excellency the Governor

It is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency James Roland Walter Parker, Esquire, O.B.E., Governor and Commander-in-Chief, left the Colony this day on temporary leave of absence.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 54. 22nd July 1977.

#### Acting Governor

It is hereby notified for general information that Gordon James Augustus Slater, Esquire, has been appointed Acting Governor during the temporary leave of absence of His Excellency the Governor.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

#### In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

##### NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE (Cap. 1)

IN THE MATTER of Ian Thomas Campbell, deceased of Stanley, Falkland Islands, who died at Mare Harbour, Falkland Islands, on the 14th October 1976, intestate.

WHEREAS Nadine Campbell, widow of the above-named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
*Registrar.*

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
20th July 1977.  
Ref. SC & L/7/77.

## GENERAL ELECTION 1977

### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL (ELECTIONS) ORDINANCE

#### NOTICE

( Under Section 9 (1) )

As required by Section 9 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance a list of electors for each of the four electoral areas has been prepared and is published with this Notice.

2. Any person who claims to be qualified to be registered as an elector and whose name is omitted from the electors list for his electoral area or electoral division may within 10 days after the publication thereof apply to the registration officer of such area or division in the Form A in the First Schedule to this Ordinance to have his name inserted, and any person appearing from the electors lists to be himself entitled to be registered may within the same period apply by way of objection to the registration officer of the area or division concerned in the Form J in the Fourth Schedule to remove any name or names from the electors list for such area or division.

3. The electors lists may be inspected in Stanley at the Secretariat, the Post Office and the Library during normal hours, and in Camp at Fox Bay East and at the Store, Goose Green. Copies have also been sent to all farm managers.

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
Chief Secretary.

17th August 1977

### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL (ELECTIONS) ORDINANCE

#### INTERPRETATION AND GENERAL CLAUSES ORDINANCE

#### NOTICE

In exercise of my powers under section 43 (1) of the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance I designate STUART ALFRED BOOTH henceforth to exercise such powers and perform such duties on my behalf as are required of me by sections 9, 12 and 14 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance (Cap 37).

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
Chief Secretary.

19th August 1977

## EAST STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA

## LIST OF ELECTORS

1	Alazia, Joseph William *	59	Cantlie, Sheila Muriel *
2	" Patrick Ellery	60	" William Joseph
3	Aldridge, Emma Jane *	61	Cartmell, Ada Annie Elizabeth
4	Allan, Clive	62	Cheek, Dorothy Mary Gladys *
5	" Hector *	63	" Frederick John *
6	" Irene Marina	64	Clarke, Doreen
7	Anderson, Eddie	65	" Ronald John
8	" Edward Bernard *	66	Cletheroe, Albert Richard *
9	" Elizabeth Nellie	67	" Daphne Harriet *
10	" Gertrude Maud *	68	" Emily Ellen *
11	" Hector Christian	69	" Stanley William *
12	" Helen	70	Clifton, Charles *
13	" Mildred Nessie	71	" Darwin Lewis *
14	" Richard Louis	72	" Jessie Emily Jane
15	Ashley, Nora Phyllis *	73	Coleman, Frederick Albert *
16	Barnes, Brian Ormonde	74	Coutts, Charles Lindsay
17	" Ernest	75	" Olga
18	" Molly Stella	76	" William John
19	" Sigrid Geraldine Wells	77	Craigie-Halkett, Ethel Jane *
20	Berntsen, Delhi Ambrose	78	Etheridge, Alice Mary
21	" Florence	79	Felton, Derek Roy *
22	" Judy Marie	80	" Elizabeth Agnes *
23	" Kathleen Gladys *	81	" Isabella Violet
24	" Marjorie Florence	82	" Walter Arthur
25	" Trevor John	83	Fleuret, Kathleen Mary *
26	" William Blyth *	84	" Theodore Clovis *
27	Betts, Alexander Jacob	85	Ford, Dorothy Minnie *
28	" Frederick Charles *	86	" James Edward
29	" George Winston	87	" Michael
30	" Geraldine Fay	88	Gaiger, Phyllis Ann
31	" Isabella *	89	Goodwin, Colin Valentine
32	Biggs, Alastair Gordon	90	" June Elizabeth
33	" Edith Joan	91	" Laurence Henry
34	" Hilda Evangeline *	92	" Mary Ann *
35	" Irene Mary *	93	Goss, Dorothy Ellen
36	" Madge Bridget Frances *	94	" Elizabeth Rose *
37	Binnie, Jean Sarah	95	" Grace Elizabeth *
38	" May *	96	" Margaret Rose
39	" Terence William	97	" Peter
40	Blizard, Lawrence Gordon	98	" Richard Victor *
41	Bonner, Roderick Richard	99	" Simon Peter Miller
42	" Violet *	100	" William Henry *
43	Booth, Joseph Boris *	101	Halliday, Ann Miller Blyth
44	" Mary	102	" Fanny Stanbury *
45	" Myriam Margaret	103	" John Henry *
46	" Sandra Beatrice *	104	" John James *
47	Browning, James Samuel *	105	" Susan Elizabeth *
48	" Margaret Lilian *	106	Hansen, Douglas John
49	" Rex	107	Hardy, Douglas Morgan
50	" Richard William	108	Harris, Jill Yolanda Miller
51	Burns, Mary Anne *	109	" Leslie Sidney
52	" William Peter Thomas *	110	Harrison, George *
53	Buse, Paullina Ovedia *	111	Hewitt, David George
54	" Ralph Martin Herman *	112	" Olga
55	Butler, Lawrence Jonathan	113	" Rachel Catherine Orissa
56	" Orlanda Betty	114	" Robert John David
57	Campbell, Nadine	115	Hills, Mary Elizabeth *
58	Cantlie, Derek William *	116	Hirtle, Caroline Ellen *

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR

117	Hirtle, Robert Clarence *	183	McKay, Daisy
118	" Sandra May Winifred	184	" David
119	Jacobsen, James Sarin	185	" Laura Jessie
120	Jaffray, Angus	186	" Neil *
121	" Estell Anita	187	" Michael *
122	" Rebecca Dickson *	188	" Rosie Louisa Grace *
123	" William *	189	" Stephen John
124	Johnson, Howard William *	190	McLaren, Anthony James
125	Jones, Albert Charles	191	" Ellen Rose
126	" David Richard	192	McLeod, David
127	" Doreen Evelyn Margaret	193	" Margaret Anne
128	" Glynn Charles *	194	" William
129	" William John	195	McMillan, William *
130	Kenny, Erling	196	McPhee, Emily Mary Ellen
131	" Thelma Valdina *	197	" Grace Darling *
132	King, Gladys Evelyn	198	" Patrick
133	" Vernon Thomas	199	Neilson, Barry Marwood
134	Kirk, Althea Maria	200	Newman, Adrian Henry Frederick
135	Lang, Colin David	201	" Clive Alexander *
136	" James Patrick *	202	" Joyce Noreen
137	" May Malvina	203	" Rebecca Dickson
138	" William Frank	204	" Wilfred Lawrence *
139	Larsen, Ellen	205	Pauloni, Robert Romeo *
140	" Margaret	206	Peake, Arthur
141	" Margaret Anne	207	Peck, Burned Brian
142	Lellman, Francis Theodore *	208	" Beatrice Eua *
143	Lyse, Ethel Malvina	209	" Desmond Douglas Bernard *
144	" Linda Margaret *	210	" Edith *
145	" Reginald Sturdee	211	" Evelyn Elizabeth
146	Martin, George Alexander *	212	" Mary *
147	May, Heather	213	" Percy Philip *
148	" James John	214	" William George Edward *
149	" Roderick James *	215	Perry, Annie Elizabeth *
150	" William Albert	216	" Beatrice Annie Jane *
151	Middleton, Brian *	217	" Christopher *
152	" Cyril	218	" Euphemia *
153	" Ellen *	219	" Stella Margeory *
154	" James (3) *	220	" William John *
155	" Jane *	221	Phillips, Carol Joan
156	" Joan Eliza	222	" Terence
157	" Leonard	223	Pole-Evans, Amy Rose
158	" Margaret Wilhelmina	224	" Michael Anthony
159	" Shirley	225	Poole, Evelyn May
160	Miller, Betty Lois *	226	" Raymond John *
161	" Sydney *	227	" William John
162	Milne, Henry Millar	228	Porter, William Kenneth
163	" Madeline Marie Irma	229	" Mary *
164	Minto, Gladys Elizabeth	230	Reive, Frederick John
165	" Leonard	231	" Leonard Lawrence *
166	Morrison, Basil	232	Roberts, Laura May
167	" Catherine Rose	233	" Ronald William *
168	" Clair Linda	234	" William Henry
169	" Donald Ewan *	235	Robertson, Charles Honeyman *
170	" Fayon	236	Robson, Gladys Mary
171	" Marjorie Beatrice	237	" Louis Michael
172	" Mary Ellen *	238	" Patricia Laura *
173	" William Roderick Halliday	239	" Violet Malvina Emily *
174	" Patrick	240	Rowlands, Catherine Anne
175	Murphy, Michael James *	241	" Daisy Malvina
176	" Bessie	242	" Harold Theodore *
177	Macaskill, John	243	" John Richard
178	" Jeannette May	244	Ross, Robin Noel *
179	MacDonald, Yvonne Helen	245	Seeley, Shirley Eva
180	McAskill, Jane Eliza *	246	Short, Agnes Mary Ann *
181	McGill, Doris Mary	247	" Emily Christina
182	" Keith William *	248	" Florence Mary *

249	Short, Frederick George *	268	Stewart, Keith Gordon
250	" John George Archibald *	269	" Robert
251	" Montana Tyrone	270	" Yvonne Malvina
252	" Peter Robert	271	Summers, Aubrey Vernon *
253	" Riley Ethro	272	" Nigel Clive
254	" Rose	273	" Pamela Rosemary Cheek
255	Smith, Eric	274	" Russel John *
256	" Hannah Caroline *	275	" Sonia
257	" Ileen Rose	276	" Sylvia Jean *
258	" John *	277	" Tony
259	" Mary Ellen	278	Thom, David Anderson
260	" Paulette Rose	279	" Dorothy Irene
261	" Robert William	280	" Norma Ann *
262	Spall, Christopher Richard	281	Thompson, William John
263	Spencer, Elizabeth Agnes *	282	Watts, Veronica
264	" William Ernest *	283	Whitney, Catherine Margaret Rebecca
265	Stacey, Lilian Clara *	284	" Frederick Eddy
266	Steen, Emma Jane	285	" Frederick William
267	Stewart, David William	286	" Susan Joan

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR

## WEST STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA

## LIST OF ELECTORS

1001	Abbott, Jack *	1061	Butler, Frederick Lowther Edward Olai
1002	Alazia, Albert Faulkner	1062	" George Joseph
1003	" Colleen *	1063	" Joan May
1004	" Freda	1064	Campbell, Ethel *
1005	" Grace Elizabeth *	1065	" Ray *
1006	" James Andrew	1066	Card, Peter Alan
1007	" Maggie Ann	1067	Carey, Anthony Michael
1008	" William Charles	1068	" Gladys
1009	" Yvonne	1069	" Mary Ann Margaret
1010	Aldridge, Stephen Charles *	1070	" Terence James
1011	Anderson, John *	1071	Cartinell, Frederick James
1012	" Kathleen Iris	1072	" Sarah Matilda *
1013	" Ludvick Riley *	1073	Cheek, Gerald Winston
1014	Andreasen, Emily *	1074	" John Edward
1015	Barnes, Frederick William *	1075	" Janet Linda
1016	" Mabel Ann *	1076	" Marie
1017	Barton, Dorothy Iowa *	1077	Clarke, Camilla Marie
1018	Bennett, Harold *	1078	" Derek Simon *
1019	" Lena Grace Gertrude	1079	" Jane Lucacia *
1020	" Stanley *	1080	" Martin James
1021	Berntsen, Mary Clarissa Elizabeth *	1081	" Rudy Thomas
1022	" Marlene Rose	1082	Clausen, Lillian Rose Orissa
1023	Betts, Melody Christine	1083	Clement, Wickham Howard *
1024	" Terence Severine	1084	Cletheroe, Leslie John *
1025	Berrido, Philip *	1085	" Lily Catherine
1026	Biggs, Basil William	1086	" William Harold
1027	" Bernard Layton *	1087	Clifton, Leonard
1028	" Betty Josephine	1088	" Thora Janeene
1029	" Kathleen Frances *	1089	Coutts, Malvina Mary
1030	" Leslie Frederick	1090	Cox, Catriona Margaret
1031	" Peter Julian Basil	1091	" Frederick Campbell *
1032	Binnie, Malcolm George Stanley	1092	Davis, Lena Victoria *
1033	Blackley, Charles David	1093	Daykin, Kathleen Ruth Elmer *
1034	" Hilda	1094	Dettleff, Hansen Christopher *
1035	" Janet Agnes Mary *	1095	Dobbys, Jeannie Lillian Mary
1036	Blyth, Agnes Ruth	1096	" Teresa Ellen *
1037	" Alfred John *	1097	" Timothy John
1038	Bonner, Donald William	1098	Duncan, Alice Florence
1039	" Hazel Mary	1099	" Doreen
1040	" Paul Roderick	1100	" Joan Ellen
1041	" Vera Joan	1101	" William
1042	Booth, Jessie *	1102	Etheridge, Georgina Bond *
1043	" Stuart Alfred	1103	" William Arthur *
1044	Borland, Daniel	1104	Ferguson, Ethel Mary *
1045	Bound, Henry John Lennard *	1105	Ford, Arthur Henry
1046	" Horace Leslie *	1106	" Barry William
1047	" Joan	1107	" Colleen Mary
1048	Bowles, Norma Evangeline	1108	" Elizabeth Margaret
1049	" William Edward	1109	" Frederick James
1050	Braxton, Thomas Nathaniel John *	1110	" Glenda
1051	Browning, Trevor Osnett	1111	" Violet Irene
1052	Bundes, Muriel Gladys	1112	" William John
1053	" Robert John Christian *	1113	Fullerton, Mary Ellen
1054	Burns, Frederick John *	1114	Gilding, Jacqueline
1055	" Iola Winnifred Mary	1115	" Peter Bernard
1056	" Martha *	1116	Gleadell, Ernest Charles Stanbury *
1057	Buse, Franz John	1117	Gooch, Dudley Frederick
1058	Butcher, Michael George	1118	Goodwin, Dorothy Idina
1059	" Trudi	1119	" Jacqueline Nancy
1060	Butler, Elsie Mand		

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR



1120	Goodwin, John Kenneth *	1184	Livermore, Shelley *
1121	„ June Elizabeth Rose	1185	Luxton, Constance *
1122	„ Mary Agnes Alice Crawford *	1186	„ Ernest Falkland *
1123	„ Robin	1187	„ Henry Thomas
1124	„ William Andrew Nutt	1188	„ Michael
1125	Halliday, Evelyn Edna	1189	„ Nicola
1126	„ Joyce Isabella Patience	1190	„ Sybil Grace *
1127	„ Kenneth William	1191	„ Winifred Ellen
1128	„ Leslie John *	1192	Lyse, George Walter *
1129	„ Mabel *	1193	„ Sydney Russell *
1130	„ Margaret Mary	1194	Malcolm, Ailsa *
1131	„ Raynor	1195	„ George
1132	„ William John *	1196	„ Velma
1133	Hansen, Louisa Hannah *	1197	Marsh, Robin Frank
1134	Hardy, Elsie *	1198	Middleton, James (2) *
1135	„ Jean	1199	„ James Stewart *
1136	Harvey, James Claude	1200	„ Marion Sarah Ellen
1137	Heathman, Albert Stanley Kenneth *	1201	Miller, Florence Roberta *
1138	„ Ewart Tony	1202	„ Stanley Frank *
1139	„ Violet *	1203	Miranda, Winifred Dorothy
1140	Henricksen, Albert James	1204	Morrison, Douglas Roy *
1141	Hewitt, James *	1205	„ Elizabeth Margaret May *
1142	Hills, Heather Margaret	1206	„ Gerald
1143	„ Richard William	1207	„ Mary Ann *
1144	„ William Phorsen *	1208	„ Jean Buik
1145	Hirtle, Mary Ann *	1209	„ Roderick *
1146	„ Robert Andrew Eric	1210	McAskill, Susan Blanche *
1147	„ Wallace Carlinden *	1211	McCallum, Bettina Kay
1148	Hobman, Anilda Marilu	1212	„ Ellen *
1149	Howatt, Derek Frank	1213	„ Jack
1150	„ Enid	1214	McGill, Glenda
1151	Jaffray, Donald	1215	„ Ian Peter
1152	Jennings, Dora Irene *	1216	„ Len Stanford *
1153	„ Hamish Warren	1217	McKay, Gerard
1154	„ Margaret Ellen	1218	„ James John *
1155	„ Mary Ann Ellen	1219	„ Jane Elizabeth
1156	„ Neil	1220	„ Paulina Agatha
1157	Johnson, Beatrice Ellen *	1221	McLeod, Archibald *
1158	„ Gerard Thomas Spencer *	1222	„ Ellen May *
1159	„ Gladys Mabel	1223	„ Murdoch Angus *
1160	„ Patrick Thomas	1224	McMillan, Donald Hugh *
1161	„ Stanley Howard *	1225	„ Frances Evelyn
1162	„ Stanley Peter	1226	„ Gavin *
1163	Johnston, Gordon Macdonald	1227	McPhee, Marjorie May
1164	„ Hermine Muriel	1228	„ Owen Horace
1165	Keenleyside, Charles Desmond	1229	„ Terence Owen
1166	„ Dorothy Maud	1230	„ Sheila Margaret
1167	„ Manfred Michael Ian	1231	Neilson, Mabel *
1168	„ Nicholas Timothy Thomas *	1232	Newall, Joseph Orr
1169	Kerr, James	1233	„ Trudi Malvina
1170	„ Margaret Joyce	1234	Pearson, Isabella *
1171	King, Desmond George Buckley	1235	Peart, Edward James Campbell *
1172	„ Nanette	1236	„ Robert Ernest *
1173	Kiddle, Malvina Thelma	1237	„ Rose Louisa
1174	„ Peter *	1238	Peck, Elsie Grace *
1175	„ Robert	1239	„ James Watson Cranmer *
1176	Lee, Alfred Francis *	1240	„ Shirley
1177	„ Alfred Leslie	1241	„ Terence John *
1178	„ Elsie Adelaide *	1242	Perkins, Vivienne Esther Mary
1179	„ Leslie James	1243	Perry, Hilda Blanche
1180	„ Malvina	1244	„ Robert Juan Carlos
1181	„ Patrick James	1245	„ Thomas George
1182	„ Trudi Dale *	1246	Pettersson, Eileen Heather
1183	Lehen, Maurice *	1247	„ Tony
		1248	Poole, Charles Lawrence *
		1249	„ Isabella Jane *

1250	Reid, Pamela Margaret	1285	Stewart, Phyllis Marjorie
1251	Reive, Ernest	1286	Strange, Ian John
1252	„ Roma Endora Mary	1287	Summers, Brian
1253	„ Terence	1288	„ Christina Maud
1254	Rowlands, Lucy *	1289	„ Dorothy Constance
1255	Rozee, Betty	1290	„ Edith Catherine
1256	„ Derek Robert Thomas	1291	„ Gloria Jane
1257	„ Robert Keith *	1292	„ Iris Blanche
1258	Ryan, Bridget Rose	1293	„ Keith Medlicott
1259	„ David Anthony	1294	„ Kenneth Claud
1260	Shedden, James Alexander	1295	„ Lavina *
1261	Short, Agnes Jane	1296	„ Melvin Nigel
1262	„ Charles William	1297	„ Owen William
1263	„ Philip Stanley	1298	„ Philip George
1264	„ Rose Stella	1299	„ Veronica
1265	„ Thomas Henry	1300	„ Victor Leonard *
1266	Skilling, Thomas *	1301	Thain, Gladys
1267	Smith, James Stanley	1302	Turner, Alva Ynonne
1268	„ Jessie Maud *	1303	„ Melvyn George
1269	„ Michael Edmund	1304	Villanueva, Maria Marta
1270	„ Raymond William	1305	Wallace, Stuart Barrett
1271	„ Violet Catherine *	1306	Watson, Catherine Wilhelmina Jessie
1272	Sollis, Denis John *	1307	„ Glenda Joyce
1273	„ Sarah Emma Maude	1308	„ Louis James
1274	Sornsen, George Albert *	1309	„ Neil
1275	„ Isabella *	1310	Watts, Ada Mabel *
1276	Spraggon, Daniel Martin *	1311	„ Patrick James
1277	Spruce, Helena Joan	1312	Whitney, Ellen Brenda
1278	„ Terence George	1313	„ Patrick George
1279	Steen, Gail	1314	Williams, Charlotte Agnes *
1280	„ Vernon Robert	1315	„ Eugene
1281	Stephenson, James	1316	„ John Dolan *
1282	„ Joan Margaret	1317	„ Marlene Rose Elizabeth
1283	Stewart, Hulda Fraser	1318	Wilson, Dorothea May *
1284	„ John		

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR

## East Falkland Electoral Area

## LIST OF ELECTORS

1	Alazia, Charlie	64	Davis, Elsie Gladys Margaret †
2	" Freda Evelyn	65	" Joan Lucy Ann
3	" Hazel	66	" Reginald John
4	" Henry John	67	" Violet
5	" Thora Lilian †	68	" William James
6	Anderson, Gloria	69	" William John †
7	" Gordon	70	" Yona
8	" Jenny	71	Dearling, Leo Alexander
9	" Tony James	72	Dickson, Caroline Christine Bird †
10	Baillie, Keith	73	" Doreen
11	" Virginia Elizabeth Sarah	74	" Gerald William
12	Balfour, Edward McMahon	75	" Iris
13	Barton, Coral Inez	76	" Ronald Edward
14	" John David †	77	Edwards, David
15	Beattie, Betty	78	Fairlie, Ivan William
16	" Thomas George	79	Faria, Mary Ann
17	Bennett, Neville Kenneth	80	Ferguson, Finlay James
18	" Valerie Elizabeth	81	Finlayson, Barry Donald
19	Berntsen, Alexander John †	82	" Charles John
20	" Cecelia de Rosa	83	" Hugh
21	" Ellen Rose	84	" Iris Dwenda Margaret
22	" Frederick George	85	" Iris Heather
23	" Jeanette	86	" Peter †
24	" John Alexander	87	" Phyllis
25	" Lavina Maud †	88	Ford, Charles David
26	" Mary Anne Margaret	89	" Fanny Davidson
27	" Olaf Christian Alexander	90	" Hazel
28	" Raymond	91	" John
29	" Valdemar Lars	92	" Robert †
30	" William Alexander †	93	Gaiger, Kenneth William
31	Biggs, James Keith	94	Giles, Gilbert
32	Billett, Leslie William	95	Gleadell, Anne †
33	Binnie, Linda Rose	96	Goodwin, Douglas Sturdee
34	" Ronald Eric	97	" Michael Sturdee
35	Blake, Anthony Thomas	98	" Robert Christopher
36	" Lyndsay Rae	99	" Sarah Margaret Rose
37	Bonner, Doreen Milliam	100	" Una
38	" Henry John	101	Goss, Eric Miller
39	" Keith James	102	" Roderick Jacob
40	Brooks, Frank	103	" Shirley Ann
41	Browning, David Lennard	104	Grant, Leonard John
42	" Frances Agnes	105	" Mildred
43	" Kelvin	106	Greenshields, Harland Llewellyn
44	Carey, Michael Raymond	107	" Janet Louisa
45	" Trudi Ann	108	Hadden, Alexander Burnett
46	Cartmell, Andrew Nutt	109	" Sheila Peggy
47	Clark, Derek	110	Halliday, Gerald
48	" Mary Ellen	111	Hardcastle, Brook †
49	Clarke, Ian	112	" Eileen Beryl
50	" Jeanette	113	Hatch, Albert John
51	" Michael Jan	114	Hirtle, Leonard Lloyd
52	" Valerie Ann †	115	" Shirley
53	Clasen, Clarvis Edward	116	Humphreys, Dennis James
54	" Frederick James	117	Hutton, Elizabeth Isabella
55	" Mally	118	" Philip
56	Clausen, Denzil	119	Jaffray, Alexander
57	" Henry Edward	120	" Brian
58	Cletheroe, Kenneth Stanley	121	" Eileen
59	Clifton, Doreen	122	" Elliott Jessie
60	" Terence Charles	123	" Helen Rose
61	Coutts, Alexander †	124	" Ian
62	Davis, Aase	125	" John Willie
63	" Albert Henry	126	" Phyllis

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.

127	Jaffray, Robin George	192	McRae, James Bartholomew
128	" Tony	193	" Malvina Mary
129	" Velma Emily	194	" Robert George Hector
130	Keane, Alva Rose Marie	195	Newman, Dorothy Elizabeth †
131	" Thomas James	196	" Marlene
132	Knight, Nigel Arthur	197	" Raymond Winston
133	" Shirley Louvain Patricia	198	Nightingale, Richard
134	Larsen, Ronald Ivan	199	Packer, Robert Neil
135	" Yvonne	200	Parrin, Norman George †
136	May, Brian Roy	201	Pederson, Mary Ann
137	" Bruce Raymond	202	Perry, Augustav Walter
138	" Corenne Norma	203	" Thora Virginia
139	" Monica	204	Phillips, Albert James
140	Middleton, Dennis Michael	205	" Charles William
141	" Sharon Elizabeth	206	" David Dawson
142	Miller, Alan Charles	207	" Jesse †
143	" Betty	208	" Jessie Catherine †
144	" Carol	209	" Lynda
145	" James	210	Pitaluga, Jene Ellen
146	" Timothy John Durose	211	" Robin Andreas Mackintosh †
147	Minnell, Benjamin James	212	Reid, Colleen Rose
148	" Hazel Eileen	213	" Reynold Gus
149	Monk, Adrian Bertrand †	214	Robson, Raymond Nigel
150	" Nora May	215	Short, Andrez Peter †
151	Morrison, Doreen Emily †	216	Sinclair, Celia Joyce
152	" Hyacinth Emily	217	" Simon Keith
153	" John Murdo	218	Smith, David
154	" Lewis Ronald †	219	" Edith Mary †
155	" Michael John	220	" Edith Winifred †
156	" Nanette	221	" Frederick George Peter
157	" Norman	222	" George Patterson
158	" Ronald Terence	223	" Henry William
159	" Stewart	224	" Jenny Lorraine
160	" Susan Margaret	225	" Sidney Frederick
161	" Trevor	226	" Norah
162	" Trudi Lynette	227	" Osmond Raymond
163	" Violet Sarah	228	Sornsen, James Winston
164	MacDonald, Colin George	229	Spinks, Alexander
165	" Irene	230	" Malvina Ellen
166	McBain, Arthur	231	Stewart, George Alexander
167	" Rhoda	232	" Sylvia Rose
168	McCallum, Christopher John	233	Summers, Derek †
169	" James	234	" Michael Kenneth
170	McKay, Clara Mary	235	" Rowena †
171	" Frazer Roderick	236	" Sheila
172	" Heather Valerie	237	" Stanley Frederick †
173	" Rex	238	" Sybella Catherine
174	" Roderick John	239	" Terence
175	" William Robert	240	" William Edward †
176	McKee, John †	241	Tasker, Dennis George
177	McKenzie, Alice Maude	242	Thompson, George Henry
178	" Charles Alexander Albert John	243	Thorsen, Gloria Penelope
179	" James	244	Turner, Diana Jane
180	McLeod, Albert John	245	" Ronald
181	" Christine Marion Agnes	246	Vidal, Eileen Norah
182	" Donald Henry	247	Wemyss, Peter James
183	" Robert	248	" Zena Jessie
184	" Robert John	249	Whitney, Agnes Katherine
185	" Sarah Rose	250	" Dennis
186	McMullen, June	251	" Henry Leslie
187	" Tony	252	" Keith
188	McNally, Gaye	253	" Lana Rose
189	" Robert John	254	" Leona Ann
190	McPhee, Kenneth John	255	Wilson, John
191	" June Iris	256	" Margaret Jean

## West Falkland Electoral Area

## LIST OF ELECTORS

501	Alazia, Dorothy Fay	560	Dickson, Edward Thomas Crawford
502	" George Robert	561	" Harold Edward †
503	Aldridge, Caroline Mary	562	" Mildred Ellen
504	" Brian George †	563	Donnelly, Daniel
505	" Kenneth John	564	" Joyce Elizabeth
506	" Olive Elizabeth	565	Duncan, Avis Marion
507	" Thomas George	566	" David John †
508	Amadio, Rita Ellen Ottile †	567	" James Alexander
509	Anderson, Marina Rose	568	" Peter Reed Howard
510	" Margaret Catherine	569	Dunford, David Philip
511	" Nigel	570	Evans, Derek Stanley
512	" Reginald Stanford	571	" Gladys Alberta
513	" Ronald	572	" Griffith Owen
514	" Thomas †	573	" Margaret Ann
515	Barnes, Deirdre	574	" Olwyn Carol
516	" Marshall	575	" Raymond
517	" William Frederick John	576	Fairley, John
518	Berntsen, Arina Janice	577	Featherbe, Terence Randall
519	" Kathleen Edith Mary Lucy Crawford	578	Felton, Anthony Terence
520	" Kenneth Frederick	579	" John Roy Stanley
521	" Leon	580	" Judith Orissa
522	" Sidney Lawrence	581	" Violet Regina Margaret
523	Bertrand, Catherine Gladys	582	Ferguson, Robert John
524	" Cecil William Wickham †	583	" Thelma
525	Betts, Alan Sturdee †	584	Findlay, Gerald
526	" Arthur John	585	Fogerty, Brenda Diane Joanna †
527	" Bernard Keith	586	" Richard Edwin John
528	" Cyril Severine †	587	Forster, Gwyneth May
529	" Donald William	588	" James
530	" Ellen Alma †	589	Gleadell, Ian Keith
531	" Hyacinth Emily †	590	" Mavis Marie
532	" Irene Marion	591	Goodwin, Bert Samuel †
533	Biggs, Clarence George	592	" Emily Rose
534	" Michael Elfred	593	" Hazel Rose
535	Binnie, Albert Frederick	594	" Kathleen Edith Marguerite †
536	" Horace James †	595	" Marina
537	" Rose †	596	" Raymond Hayward
538	Blackley, Candy Joy	597	" Rupert Valentine †
539	" John David	598	" William John Maurice
540	" Maurice	599	Halliday, Christina Jane †
541	Blake, Lionel Geoffrey †	600	" John Arthur Leslie †
542	" Sally Gwynfa	601	Hansen, Ian †
543	Bonner, Simon	602	" Lionel Raymond
544	Chandler, Ann Beatrice	603	" Rose Idina
545	" Edward	604	" Terence Darwin
546	Chater, Anthony Richard	605	Harvey, Alfred Sydney
547	Clarke, David James	606	" Jen
548	" Fiona Alison	607	" Muriel Elizabeth Elsie
549	" Terence John	608	" Valerie Ann
550	Cockwell, Grizelda Susan	609	Hayward, Peter Dennis
551	" John Richard	610	Hirtle, Doris Linda
552	Cofre, Dierdree Emma	611	" Fenton
553	" Elvio	612	Hobman, John Malcolm
554	Collins, Alfred Arthur	613	Hurst, David William
555	Coutts, Frederick George	614	" Una
556	Cusworth, Alan David	615	Laffi, Kathleen Mary
557	" Alana Marie	616	Lee, Carole
558	Davidson, Donald	617	" Elizabeth
559	" Margaret Christine	618	" John Alfred

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.

619	Lee, June Elliot	665	Plummer, Cecil Hicks Joseph †
620	„ Rodney William	666	Pole-Evans, Anthony Reginald
621	„ Sidney Simpson	667	„ David Llewellyn †
622	Llamosa, George Alexander †	668	„ Jessie
623	Luxton, Patricia Maureen	669	„ Shirley Helen
624	„ William Robert	670	„ William Reginald
625	Lyse, Ernest Lewis †	671	Porter, Charles
626	MacBeth, Phyllis Elizabeth Grace	672	„ George
627	„ Raymond John	673	„ Jean Lavinia
628	„ William Campbell	674	„ Joan
629	Maddocks, Charles	675	Reeves, Cheryl Rose
630	„ Iris May	676	„ Ronald James
631	„ Robert Charles	677	Robertson, Ann
632	Marsh, Alastair Roy †	678	„ James Richard
633	„ Frank	679	„ Peter Charles
634	„ June Helen	680	„ Robin Evelyn Thelma
635	„ Roy Thomas	681	Robson, Gerard Michael
636	Miller, Carol	682	Ross, Lachlan
637	„ Simon Roy	683	„ Roy
638	Molkenbuhr, Betty Marie	684	„ William Henry
639	„ Claudio Eugenio	685	Sackett, Albert John
640	„ Gwynne Edwina †	686	„ Marjorie
641	Morrison, Charlene	687	Short, Christina Ethel
642	„ Eric George	688	„ Donald Robert Gordon
643	„ Kenneth	689	„ Evelyn May Elizabeth
644	„ Lena	690	„ George Charles
645	„ Leslie Theodore Norman	691	„ Isobel Rose
646	„ Muriel Eliza Ivy †	692	„ Joseph Leslie
647	Murphy, Ann Susan †	693	„ Patrick Warburton
648	„ Roy David	694	Small, Lee Oliver
649	McCormick, Pauline Margaret Ruth	695	Smith, Alice Maud †
650	„ Ronald	696	„ Francis David †
651	McGill, Gary †	697	„ Gerard Alexander
652	„ Lorraine Iris	698	„ Gwenifer May
653	„ Robin Perry	699	„ Heather
654	McKay, Isabella Alice	700	„ Janice
655	„ Richard	701	„ Keva Elizabeth
656	McRae, David Michael	702	„ Peter Lars
657	„ Gloria Linda †	703	„ Robin Charles
658	„ Richard Winston	704	Stewart, George Nathaniel
659	Napier, Lily	705	Strange, Anne
660	„ Roderick Bertrand	706	Summers, Dennis David †
661	Newman, Frederick Clarence Walwin	707	Watson, Hannah Maude
662	Peake, Fay Christina	708	White, Kathleen Elizabeth
663	Peck, Maureen Heather	709	„ John Wright †
664	„ Patrick William		

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.





# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

23 SEPTEMBER 1977

No. 12

## Appointments

Gerard Robson, Uncertificated Teacher, Education Department, 1.9.76.

Miss Darlene Valentina Short, Clerk, Public Service, 15.2.77.

Mrs. Mary Fullerton, Housekeeper, Government House, 1.7.77.

Mrs. Jessie Booth, Private Secretary, Secretariat, 1.7.77.

Thomas Edward Lamin, Superintendent of Education, 18.8.77.

Ronald Roberts, Motor Mechanic, Public Works Department, 1.9.77.

David Smith Emsley, Pilot, Aviation Department, 8.9.77.

## Acting Appointment

Rex Browning, Acting Deputy Chief Secretary, Secretariat, 5.5.77 - 8.9.77.

## Promotions

Miss Sonia Summers to Senior Clerk, Post Office, 1.7.77.

William Andrew Nutt Goodwin, Mate/Engineer, m.v. Forrest, Harbour Department, 1.7.77.

## Resignation

Charles Jones, Assistant Filtration Plant Operator, Public Works Department, 21.9.77.

## NOTICES

No. 55. 5th September 1977.

### Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance

### Appointment of Presiding Officers

The following persons are appointed Presiding Officers and Deputy Presiding Officers for the Legislative Council Elections 1977.

#### FOX BAY EAST AND WEST

*Presiding Officer* Mr. J. R. Cockwell

*Deputy Presiding Officers* Mr. C. Porter  
Mr. D. W. Hurst

#### GOOSE GREEN

*Presiding Officer* Mr. N. K. Bennett

*Deputy Presiding Officers* Mr. J. R. Coates  
Mr. R. J. Kersey

#### STANLEY EAST

*Presiding Officer* Mrs. M. Jennings

*Deputy Presiding Officers* Mr. T. Pettersson  
Miss T. Dobbins

#### STANLEY WEST

*Presiding Officer* Mr. W. Etheridge

*Deputy Presiding Officers* Mr. L. McGill  
Miss A. Malcolm

#### FLIGHTS TO CAMP

*Presiding Officers* Mr. V. T. King, M.B.E.  
Mr. O. McPhee  
Mr. M. Luxton  
Mr. S. Smith

*Deputy Presiding Officers* Mr. B. Ford  
Mr. D. Howatt  
Mr. G. McMillan  
Mr. P. Watts.

No. 56.

22nd September 1977.

### ELECTIONS 1977

### Polling Hours

In accordance with section 22 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance His Excellency the Acting Governor has approved the following hours of polling in the forthcoming election:

CAMP 9.0 a.m. to 7.0 p.m.

STANLEY 9.0 a.m. to 6.0 p.m.

Ref. LEC/20/3.



No. 57.

21st September 1977.

**General Elections 1977**

In accordance with section 19 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, I, STUART ALFRED BOOTH, do hereby certify that the following candidates have been duly nominated for the Electoral Areas shown —

**West Stanley Electoral Area****1. JOHN EDWARD CHEEK of West Stanley***Proposed by* Betty Josephine Biggs*Seconded by* Velma Malcolm

*Supported by* Owen Horace McPhee  
Jeannie Lilian Mary Dobbys  
Sarah Emma Maud Sollis  
Ernest Falkland Luxton  
Michael Luxton  
Paul Roderick Bonner  
Richard William Hills

**2. DAVID ANTHONY RYAN of West Stanley***Proposed by* Albert Faulkner Alazia*Seconded by* Rudy Thomas Clarke

*Supported by* Ernest Falkland Luxton  
Donald Jaffray  
Gerard Thomas Spencer Johnson  
Peter Kiddle  
Iris Blanche Summers  
Freda Alazia  
James Andrew Alazia

**3. STUART BARRETT WALLACE of West Stanley***Proposed by* Neil Watson*Seconded by* James Stanley Smith

*Supported by* Arthur Henry Ford  
Elizabeth Harriet Ford  
Louis James Watson  
Patrick James Lee  
Terence George Spruce  
Robert Ernest Peart  
Barry William Ford

**East Stanley Electoral Area**

No nominations were received for the East Stanley Electoral Area.

**East Falkland Electoral Area****1. ADRIAN BERTRAND MONK of San Carlos***Proposed by* Keith Baillie*Seconded by* Henry John Bonner

*Supported by* Michael John Morrison  
Ronald Edward Dickson  
John Wilson  
Mary Anne Margaret Berntsen  
Timothy John Durose Miller  
Alexander Burnett Hadden  
Simon Keith Sinclair

**West Falkland Electoral Area****1. LIONEL GEOFFREY BLAKE of Hill Cove***Proposed by* Grizelda Susan Cockwell*Seconded by* James Richard Robertson

*Supported by* John Richard Cockwell  
Robin Evelyn Thelma Robertson  
Rita Ellen Ottilie Amadio  
Dennis David Summers  
Cecil Hicks Joseph Plummer  
Bert Samuel Goodwin  
Horace James Binnie

**2. ALAN DAVID CUSWORTH of Fox Bay West***Proposed by* Patrick William Peck*Seconded by* Kathleen Mary Laffi

*Supported by* John Alfred Lee  
Eric George Morrison  
Jean Lavinia Porter  
Pauline Margaret Ruth McCormick  
Peter Dennis Hayward  
Donald Robert Gordon Short  
Peter Reed Howard Duncan

**3. DEREK STANLEY EVANS of New Island***Proposed by* Iris May Maddocks*Seconded by* Charles Porter

*Supported by* David William Hurst  
Kenneth John Aldridge  
Maurice Blackley  
Marjorie Sackett  
Albert John Sackett  
George Porter  
Joan Porter

S. A. BOOTH,  
*Elections Supervisor.*

**The Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance****WRIT OF ELECTION**

You are hereby directed to receive nominations for candidates to the Legislative Council at Stanley on Wednesday, 21st September, 1977, between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

You are further directed that should more than one candidate be nominated you are to hold an election in accordance with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance on Thursday, 6th October, 1977, in the Parish Hall, Stanley, and to return this Writ duly endorsed in accordance with the said Ordinance.

Dated this 25th day of August, 1977.



G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

The Returning Officer,  
East Stanley Electoral Area.  
Ref. LEC/20/3.

## The Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance

### WRIT OF ELECTION

You are hereby directed to receive nominations for candidates to the Legislative Council at Stanley on Wednesday 21st September, 1977, between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

You are further directed that should more than one candidate be nominated you are to hold an election in accordance with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance on Thursday, 6th October, 1977, in the Ante-room to the Court and Council Chamber, Stanley, and to return this Writ duly endorsed in accordance with the said Ordinance.

Dated this 25th day of August, 1977.

(LS)

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

The Returning Officer,  
West Stanley Electoral Area.  
Ref. LEC/20/3.

## The Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance

### WRIT OF ELECTION

You are hereby directed to receive nominations for candidates to the Legislative Council at Darwin on Wednesday, 21st September, 1977, between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

You are further directed that should more than one candidate be nominated you are to hold an election in accordance with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance at the place and on the dates which will be notified to you, and to return this Writ duly endorsed in accordance with the said Ordinance.

Dated this 25th day of August, 1977.

(LS)

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

The Returning Officer,  
East Falkland Electoral Area.  
Ref. LEC/20/3.

## The Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance

### WRIT OF ELECTION

You are hereby directed to receive nominations for candidates to the Legislative Council at Fox Bay East on Wednesday, 21st September, 1977, between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

You are further directed that should more than one candidate be nominated you are to hold an election in accordance with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance at the place and on the dates which will be notified to you, and to return this Writ duly endorsed in accordance with the said Ordinance.

Dated this 25th day of August, 1977.

(LS)

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

The Returning Officer,  
West Falkland Electoral Area.  
Ref. LEC/20/3.

Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance  
WRIT OF ELECTION FOR DIVISIONS

You are hereby directed to receive nominations for candidates for election to the Legislative Council at Stanley on Tuesday, 11th October, 1977, between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

You are further directed that should more than one candidate be nominated you are to hold an election in accordance with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance on Wednesday, 26th October, 1977, in the Ante-room to the Court and Council Chamber, Stanley, and to return this Writ duly endorsed in accordance with the said Ordinance.

Dated this 16th day of September, 1977.

(LS)

The Returning Officer,  
Stanley Division

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance  
WRIT OF ELECTION FOR DIVISIONS

You are hereby directed to receive nominations for candidates for election to the Legislative Council at Fox Bay East on Tuesday, 11th October, 1977, between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

You are further directed that should more than one candidate be nominated you are to hold an election in accordance with the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance at the place and on the dates which will be notified to you and to return this Writ duly endorsed in accordance with the said Ordinance.

Dated this 16th day of September, 1977.

(LS)

The Returning Officer,  
Camp Division.

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance  
Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance

NOTICE OF DELEGATION

WHEREAS I, CHARLES MADDOCKS, have been appointed Returning Officer for the Camp Electoral Division under section 5 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance; and

WHEREAS it is necessary to appoint a person to receive nominations under the said Ordinance for that part of the electoral division lying within East Falkland;

I HEREBY, in exercise of the powers conferred on me in accordance with the said section and section 43(1) of the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance, depute JOHN ANDREW THOMAS FOWLER to receive nominations for the said part of the division in accordance with the Writ of Election at a place and time to be notified to him in writing.

1st September 1977.

Ref. LEC/20/3.

C. MADDOCKS,  
*Returning Officer for  
Camp Electoral Division.*

Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance Cap. 37

WRIT OF ELECTION FOR CAMP ELECTORAL DIVISION

WHEREAS sub-section 1 of paragraph 13 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance provides that the Governor shall issue a Writ of Election for electoral areas or divisions;

AND WHEREAS I have appointed MR. CHARLES MADDOCKS to be Returning Officer for the said Electoral Division, and the said CHARLES MADDOCKS has deputed JOHN ANDREW THOMAS FOWLER to receive nominations for that part of the electoral division lying within East Falkland;

NOW THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid, I, GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, Acting Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, do HEREBY appoint the said JOHN ANDREW THOMAS FOWLER to receive nominations for the said part of the division at GOOSE GREEN on Tuesday, 11th October 1977, between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

AND I FURTHER DIRECT that any such nominations should be communicated by the Deputy Returning Officer to the said CHARLES MADDOCKS by the quickest available means.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND and the Public  
Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands  
at Government House, Stanley, this 15th  
day of September in the year of Our Lord  
One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-  
seven.

LS

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

## EAST STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA

## REGISTER OF ELECTORS

1	Alazia, Joseph William *	59	Cantlie, Sheila Muriel *
2	" Patrick Ellery	60	" William Joseph
3	Aldridge, Emma Jane *	61	Cartmell, Ada Annie Elizabeth
4	Allan, Clive	62	Check, Dorothy Mary Gladys *
5	" Hector *	63	" Frederick John *
6	" Irene Marina	64	Clarke, Doreen
7	Anderson, Eddie	65	" Ronald John
8	" Edward Bernard *	66	Cletheroe, Albert Richard *
9	" Elizabeth Nellie	67	" Daphne Harriet *
10	" Gertrude Maud *	68	" Emily Ellen *
11	" Hector Christian	69	" Stanley William *
12	" Helen	70	Clifton, Charles *
13	" Mildred Nessie	71	" Darwin Lewis *
14	" Richard Louis	72	" Jessie Emily Jane
15	Ashley, Nora Phyllis *	73	Coleman, Frederick Albert *
16	Barnes, Brian Ormonde	74	Coutts, Charles Lindsay
17	" Ernest	75	" Olga
18	" Molly Stella	76	" William John
19	" Sigrid Geraldine Wells	77	Craigie-Halkett, Ethel Jane *
20	Berntsen, Delhi Ambrose	78	Etheridge, Alice Mary
21	" Florence	79	Felton, Derek Roy *
22	" Judy Marie	80	" Elizabeth Agnes *
23	" Kathleen Gladys *	81	" Isabella Violet
24	" Marjorie Florence	82	" Walter Arthur
25	" Trevor John	83	Fleuret, Kathleen Mary *
26	" William Blyth *	84	" Theodore Clovis *
27	Betts, Alexander Jacob	85	Ford, Dorothy Minnie *
28	" Frederick Charles *	86	" James Edward
29	" George Winston	87	" Michael
30	" Geraldine Fay	88	Gaiger, Phyllis Ann
31	" Isabella *	89	Goodwin, Colin Valentine
32	Biggs, Alastair Gordon	90	" June Elizabeth
33	" Edith Joan	91	" Laurence Henry
34	" Hilda Evangeline *	92	" Mary Ann *
35	" Irene Mary *	93	Goss, Dorothy Ellen
36	" Madge Bridget Frances *	94	" Elizabeth Rose *
37	Binnie, Jean Sarah	95	" Grace Elizabeth *
38	" May *	96	" Margaret Rose
39	" Terence William	97	" Peter
40	Blizard, Lawrence Gordon	98	" Richard Victor *
41	Bonner, Roderick Richard	99	" Simon Peter Miller
42	" Violet *	100	" William Henry *
43	Booth, Joseph Bories *	101	Halliday, Ann Miller Blyth
44	" Mary	102	" Fanny Stanbury *
45	" Myriam Margaret	103	" John Henry *
46	" Sandra Beatrice *	104	" John James *
47	Browning, James Samuel *	105	" Susan Elizabeth *
48	" Margaret Lilian *	106	Hansen, Douglas John
49	" Rex	107	Hardy, Douglas Morgan
50	" Richard William	108	Harris, Jill Yolanda Miller
51	Burns, Mary Anne *	109	" Leslie Sidney
52	" William Peter Thomas *	110	Harrison, George *
53	Buse, Paullina Ovedia *	111	Hewitt, David George
54	" Ralph Martin Herman *	112	" Olga
55	Butler, Lawrence Jonathan	113	" Rachel Catherine Orissa
56	" Orlanda Betty	114	" Robert John David
57	Campbell, Nadine	115	Hills, Mary Elizabeth *
58	Cantlie, Derek William *	116	Hirtle, Caroline Ellen *

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR

- |     |                             |     |                                |
|-----|-----------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|
| 117 | Hirtle, Robert Clarence *   | 183 | McKay, Daisy                   |
| 118 | " Sandra May Winifred       | 184 | " David                        |
| 119 | Jacobsen, James Sarin       | 185 | " Laura Jessie                 |
| 120 | Jaffray, Angus              | 186 | " Neil *                       |
| 121 | " Estell Anita              | 187 | " Michael *                    |
| 122 | " Rebecca Dickson *         | 188 | " Rosie Louisa Grace *         |
| 123 | " William *                 | 189 | " Stephen John                 |
| 124 | Johnson, Howard William *   | 190 | McLaren, Anthony James         |
| 125 | Jones, Albert Charles       | 191 | " Ellen Rose                   |
| 126 | " David Richard             | 192 | McLeod, David                  |
| 127 | " Doreen Evelyn Margaret    | 193 | " Margaret Anne                |
| 128 | " Glynn Charles *           | 194 | " William                      |
| 129 | " William John              | 195 | McMillan, William *            |
| 130 | Kenny, Erling               | 196 | McPhee, Emily Mary Ellen       |
| 131 | " Thelma Valdina *          | 197 | " Grace Darling *              |
| 132 | King, Gladys Evelyn         | 198 | " Patrick                      |
| 133 | " Vernon Thomas             | 199 | Neilson, Barry Marwood         |
| 134 | Kirk, Althea Maria          | 200 | Newman, Adrian Henry Frederick |
| 135 | Lang, Colin David           | 201 | " Clive Alexander *            |
| 136 | " James Patrick *           | 202 | " Joyce Noreen                 |
| 137 | " May Malvina               | 203 | " Rebecca Dickson              |
| 138 | " William Frank             | 204 | " Wilfred Lawrence *           |
| 139 | Larsen, Ellen               | 205 | Pauloni, Robert Romeo *        |
| 140 | " Margaret                  | 206 | Peake, Arthur                  |
| 141 | " Margaret Anne             | 207 | Peck, Burned Brian             |
| 142 | Lellman, Francis Theodore * | 208 | " Beatrice Ena *               |
| 143 | Lyse, Ethel Malvina         | 209 | " Desmond Douglas Bernard *    |
| 144 | " Linda Margaret *          | 210 | " Edith *                      |
| 145 | " Reginald Sturdee          | 211 | " Evelyn Elizabeth             |
| 146 | Martin, George Alexander *  | 212 | " Mary *                       |
| 147 | May, Heather                | 213 | " Percy Philip *               |
| 148 | " James John                | 214 | " William George Edward *      |
| 149 | " Roderick James *          | 215 | Perry, Annie Elizabeth *       |
| 150 | " William Albert            | 216 | " Beatrice Annie Jane *        |
| 151 | Middleton, Brian *          | 217 | " Christopher *                |
| 152 | " Cyril                     | 218 | " Euphemia *                   |
| 153 | " Ellen *                   | 219 | " Stella Margeory *            |
| 154 | " James (3) *               | 220 | " William John *               |
| 155 | " Jane *                    | 221 | Phillips, Carol Joan           |
| 156 | " Joan Eliza                | 222 | " Terence                      |
| 157 | " Leonard                   | 223 | Pole-Evans, Amy Rose           |
| 158 | " Margaret Wilhelmina       | 224 | " Michael Anthony              |
| 159 | " Shirley                   | 225 | Poole, Evelyn May              |
| 160 | Miller, Betty Lois *        | 226 | " Raymond John *               |
| 161 | " Sydney *                  | 227 | " William John                 |
| 162 | Milne, Henry Millar         | 228 | Porter, William Kenneth        |
| 163 | " Madeline Marie Irma       | 229 | " Mary *                       |
| 164 | Minto, Gladys Elizabeth     | 230 | Reive, Frederick John          |
| 165 | " Leonard                   | 231 | " Leonard Lawrence *           |
| 166 | Morrison, Basil             | 232 | Roberts, Laura May             |
| 167 | " Catherine Rose            | 233 | " Ronald William *             |
| 168 | " Clair Linda               | 234 | " William Henry                |
| 169 | " Donald Ewan *             | 235 | Robertson, Charles Honeyman *  |
| 170 | " Fayon                     | 236 | Robson, Gladys Mary            |
| 171 | " Marjorie Beatrice         | 237 | " Louis Michael                |
| 172 | " Mary Ellen *              | 238 | " Patricia Laura *             |
| 173 | " William Roderick Halliday | 239 | " Violet Malvina Emily *       |
| 174 | " Patrick                   | 240 | Rowlands, Catherine Anne       |
| 175 | Murphy, Michael James *     | 241 | " Daisy Malvina                |
| 176 | " Bessie                    | 242 | " Harold Theodore *            |
| 177 | Macaskill, John             | 243 | " John Richard                 |
| 178 | " Jeannette May             | 244 | Ross, Robin Noel *             |
| 179 | MacDonald, Yvonne Helen     | 245 | Seeley, Shirley Eva            |
| 180 | McAskill, Jane Eliza *      | 246 | Short, Agnes Mary Ann *        |
| 181 | McGill, Doris Mary          | 247 | " Emily Christina              |
| 182 | " Keith William *           | 248 | " Florence Mary *              |

249	Short, Frederick George *	268	Stewart, Keith Gordon
250	" John George Archibald *	269	" Robert
251	" Montana Tyrone	270	" Yvonne Malvina
252	" Peter Robert	271	Summers, Aubrey Vernon *
253	" Riley Ethro	272	" Nigel Clive
254	" Rose	273	" Pamela Rosemary Cheek
255	Smith, Eric	274	" Russel John *
256	" Hannah Caroline *	275	" Sonia
257	" Ileen Rose	276	" Sylvia Jean *
258	" John *	277	" Tony
259	" Mary Ellen	278	Thom, David Anderson
260	" Paulette Rose	279	" Dorothy Irene
261	" Robert William	280	" Norma Ann *
262	Spall, Christopher Richard	281	Thompson, William John
263	Spencer, Elizabeth Agnes *	282	Watts, Veronica
264	" William Ernest *	283	Whitney, Catherine Margaret Rebecca
265	Stacey, Lilian Clara *	284	" Frederick Eddy
266	Steen, Emma Jane	285	" Frederick William
267	Stewart, David William	286	" Susan Joan

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR

## WEST STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA

## REGISTER OF ELECTORS

1001	Abbott, Jack *	1061	Butler, Frederick Lowther Edward Olai
1002	Alazia, Albert Faulkner	1062	" George Joseph
1003	" Colleen *	1063	" Joan May
1004	" Freda	1064	Campbell, Ethel *
1005	" Grace Elizabeth *	1065	" Ray *
1006	" James Andrew	1066	Card, Peter Alan
1007	" Maggie Ann	1067	Carey, Anthony Michael
1008	" William Charles	1068	" Gladys
1009	" Yvonne	1069	" Mary Ann Margaret
1010	Aldridge, Stephen Charles *	1070	" Terence James
1011	Anderson, John *	1071	Cartnell, Frederick James
1012	" Kathleen Iris	1072	" Sarah Matilda *
1013	" Ludvick Riley *	1073	Cheek, Gerald Winston
1014	Andreasen, Emily *	1074	" John Edward
1015	Barnes, Frederick William *	1075	" Janet Linda
1016	" Mabel Ann *	1076	" Marie
1017	Barton, Dorothy Iowa *	1077	Clarke, Camilla Marie
1018	Bennett, Harold *	1078	" Derek Simon *
1019	" Lena Grace Gertrude *	1079	" Jane Lucacia *
1020	" Stanley *	1080	" Martin James
1021	Berntsen, Mary Clarissa Elizabeth *	1081	" Rudy Thomas
1022	" Marlene Rose	1082	Clausen, Lilian Rose Orissa
1023	Betts, Melody Christine	1083	Clement, Wickham Howard *
1024	" Terence Severine	1084	Cletheroe, Leslie John *
1025	Berrido, Philip *	1085	" Lily Catherine
1026	Biggs, Basil William	1086	" William Harold
1027	" Bernard Layton *	1087	Clifton, Leonard
1028	" Betty Josephine	1088	" Thora Janeene
1029	" Kathleen Frances *	1089	Coutts, Malvina Mary
1030	" Leslie Frederick	1090	Cox, Catriona Margaret
1031	" Peter Julian Basil	1091	" Frederick Campbell *
1032	Binnie, Malcolm George Stanley	1092	Davis, Lena Victoria *
1033	Blackley, Charles David	1093	Daykin, Kathleen Ruth Elmer *
1034	" Hilda	1094	Dettleff, Hansen Christopher *
1035	" Janet Agnes Mary *	1095	Dobbyns, Jeannie Lilian Mary
1036	Blyth, Agnes Ruth	1096	" Teresa Ellen *
1037	" Alfred John *	1097	" Timothy John
1038	Bonner, Donald William	1098	Duncan, Alice Florence
1039	" Hazel Mary	1099	" Doreen
1040	" Paul Roderick	1100	" Joan Ellen
1041	" Vera Joan	1101	" William
1042	Booth, Jessie *	1102	Etheridge, Georgina Bond *
1043	" Stuart Alfred	1103	" William Arthur *
1044	Borland, Daniel	1104	Ferguson, Ethel Mary *
1045	Bound, Henry John Lennard *	1105	Ford, Arthur Henry
1046	" Horace Leslie *	1106	" Barry William
1047	" Joan	1107	" Colleen Mary
1048	Bowles, Norma Evangeline	1108	" Elizabeth Harriet
1049	" William Edward	1109	" Frederick James
1050	Braxton, Thomas Nathaniel John *	1110	" Glenda
1051	Browning, Trevor Osneth	1111	" Violet Irene
1052	Bundes, Muriel Gladys	1112	" William John
1053	" Robert John Christian *	1113	Fullerton, Mary Ellen
1054	Burns, Frederick John *	1114	Gilding, Jacqueline
1055	" Iola Winnifred Mary	1115	" Peter Bernard
1056	" Martha *	1116	Gleadell, Ernest Charles Stanbury *
1057	Buse, Franz John	1117	Gooch, Dudley Frederick
1058	Butcher, Michael George	1118	Goodwin, Dorothy Idina
1059	" Trudi	1119	" Jacqueline Nancy
1060	Butler, Elsie Maud		

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR



1120	Goodwin, John Kenneth *	1184	Livermore, Shelley *
1121	" June Elizabeth Rose	1185	Luxton, Constance *
1122	" Mary Agnes Alice Crawford *	1186	" Ernest Falkland *
1123	" Robin	1187	" Henry Thomas
1124	" William Andrew Nutt	1188	" Michael
1125	Halliday, Evelyn Edna	1189	" Nicola
1126	" Joyce Isabella Patience	1190	" Sybil Grace *
1127	" Kenneth William	1191	" Winifred Ellen
1128	" Leslie John *	1192	Lyse, George Walter *
1129	" Mabel *	1193	" Sydney Russell *
1130	" Margaret Mary	1194	Malcolm, Ailsa *
1131	" Raynor	1195	" George
1132	" William John *	1196	" Velma
1133	Hansen, Louisa Hannah *	1197	Marsh, Robin Frank
1134	Hardy, Elsie *	1198	Middleton, James (2) *
1135	" Jean	1199	" James Stewart *
1136	Harvey, James Claude	1200	" Marion Sarah Ellen
1137	Heathman, Albert Stanley Kenneth *	1201	Miller, Florence Roberta *
1138	" Ewart Tony	1202	" Stanley Frank *
1139	" Violet *	1203	Miranda, Winifred Dorothy
1140	Henricksen, Albert James	1204	Morrison, Douglas Roy *
1141	Hewitt, James *	1205	" Elizabeth Margaret May *
1142	Hills, Heather Margaret	1206	" Gerald
1143	" Richard William	1207	" Mary Ann *
1144	" William Phorsen *	1208	" Jean Buik
1145	Hirtle, Mary Ann *	1209	" Roderick *
1146	" Robert Andrew Eric	1210	McAskill, Susan Blanche *
1147	" Wallace Carlinden *	1211	McCallum, Bettina Kay
1148	Hobman, Anilda Marilu	1212	" Ellen *
1149	Howatt, Derek Frank	1213	" Jack
1150	" Enid	1214	McGill, Glenda
1151	Jaffray, Donald	1215	" Ian Peter
1152	Jennings, Dora Irene *	1216	" Len Stanford *
1153	" Hamish Warren	1217	McKay, Gerard
1154	" Margaret Ellen	1218	" James John *
1155	" Mary Ann Helen	1219	" Jane Elizabeth
1156	" Neil	1220	" Paulina Agatha
1157	Johnson, Beatrice Ellen *	1221	McLeod, Archibald *
1158	" Gerard Thomas Spencer *	1222	" Ellen May *
1159	" Gladys Mabel	1223	" Murdoch Angus *
1160	" Patrick Thomas	1224	McMillan, Donald Hugh *
1161	" Stanley Howard *	1225	" Frances Evelyn
1162	" Stanley Peter	1226	" Gavin *
1163	Johnston, Gordon Macdonald	1227	McPhee, Marjorie May
1164	" Hermine Muriel	1228	" Owen Horace
1165	Keenleyside, Charles Desmond	1229	" Terence Owen
1166	" Dorothy Maud	1230	" Sheila Margaret
1167	" Manfred Michael Ian	1231	Neilson, Mabel *
1168	" Nicholas Timothy Thomas *	1232	Newall, Joseph Orr
1169	Kerr, James	1233	" Trudi Malvina
1170	" Margaret Joyce	1234	Pearson, Isabella *
1171	King, Desmond George Buckley	1235	Peart, Edward James Campbell *
1172	" Nanette	1236	" Robert Ernest *
1173	Kiddle, Malvina Thelma	1237	" Rose Louisa *
1174	" Peter *	1238	Peck, Elsie Grace *
1175	" Robert	1239	" Frances *
1176	Lee, Alfred Francis *	1240	" James Watson Cranmer *
1177	" Alfred Leslie	1241	" Shirley
1178	" Elsie Adelaide *	1242	" Terence John *
1179	" Leslie James	1243	Perkins, Vivienne Esther Mary
1180	" Malvina	1244	Perry, Hilda Blanche
1181	" Patrick James	1245	" Robert Juan Carlos
1182	" Trudi Dale *	1246	" Thomas George
1183	Lehen, Maurice *	1247	Pettersson, Eileen Heather
		1248	" Tony
		1249	Poole, Charles Lawrence *

1250	Poole, Isabella Jane *	1286	Stewart, John
1251	Reid, Pamela Margaret	1287	" Phyllis Marjorie
1252	Reive, Ernest	1288	Strange, Ian John
1253	" Roma Endora Mary	1289	Summers, Brian
1254	" Terence	1290	" Christina Maud
1255	Rowlands, Lucy *	1291	" Dorothy Constance
1256	Rozee, Betty	1292	" Edith Catherine
1257	" Derek Robert Thomas	1293	" Gloria Jane
1258	" Robert Keith *	1294	" Iris Blanche
1259	Ryan, Bridget Rose	1295	" Keith Medlicott
1260	" David Anthony	1296	" Kenneth Claud
1261	Shedden, James Alexander	1297	" Lavina *
1262	Short, Agnes Jane	1298	" Melvin Nigel
1263	" Charles William	1299	" Owen William
1264	" Philip Stanley	1300	" Philip George
1265	" Rose Stella	1301	" Veronica
1266	" Thomas Henry	1302	" Victor Leonard *
1267	Skilling, Thomas *	1303	Thain, Gladys
1268	Smith, James Stanley	1304	Turner, Alva Ynonne
1269	" Jessie Maud *	1305	" Melvyn George
1270	" Michael Edmund	1306	Villanueva, Maria Marta
1271	" Raymond William	1307	Wallace, Stuart Barrett
1272	" Violet Catherine *	1308	Watson, Catherine Wilhelmina Jessie
1273	Sollis, Denis John *	1309	" Glenda Joyce
1274	" Sarah Emma Maude	1310	" Louis James
1275	Sornsen, Agnes Caroline *	1311	" Neil
1276	" George Albert *	1312	" Robert
1277	" Isabella *	1313	Watts, Ada Mabel *
1278	Spraggon, Daniel Martin *	1314	" Patrick James
1279	Spruce, Helena Joan	1315	Whitney, Ellen Brenda
1280	" Terence George	1316	" Patrick George
1281	Steen, Gail	1317	Williams, Charlotte Agnes *
1282	" Vernon Robert	1318	" Eugene
1283	Stephenson, James	1319	" John Dolan *
1284	" Joan Margaret	1320	" Marlene Rose Elizabeth
1285	Stewart, Hulda Fraser	1321	Wilson, Dorothea May *

\* NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR

## EAST FALKLAND ELECTORAL AREA

## REGISTER OF ELECTORS

1	Alazia, Charlie	64	Davis, Joan Lucy Ann
2	" Freda Evelyn	65	" Reginald John
3	" Hazel	66	" Violet
4	" Henry John	67	" William James
5	" Thora Lilian †	68	" William John †
6	Anderson, Gloria	69	" Yona
7	" Gordon	70	Dearling, Leo Alexander
8	" Jenny	71	Dickson, Caroline Christine Bird †
9	" Tony James	72	" Doreen
10	Baillie, Keith	73	" Gerald William
11	" Virginia Elizabeth Sarah	74	" Iris
12	Balfour, Edward McMahon	75	" Ronald Edward
13	Barton, Coral Inez	76	Edwards, David
14	" John David †	77	Fairlie, Ivan William
15	Beattie, Betty	78	Faria, Mary Ann
16	" Thomas George	79	Ferguson, Finlay James
17	Bennett, Neville Kenneth	80	Finlayson, Barry Donald
18	" Valerie Elizabeth	81	" Charles John
19	Berntsen, Alexander John †	82	" Hugh
20	" Ellen Rose	83	" Iris Dwenda Margaret
21	" Frederick George	84	" Iris Heather
22	" Jeanette	85	" Peter †
23	" John Alexander	86	" Phyllis
24	" Lavina Maud †	87	Ford, Charles David
25	" Mary Anne Margaret	88	" Fanny Davidson
26	" Olaf Christian Alexander	89	" Hazel
27	" Raymond	90	" John
28	" Valdemar Lars	91	" Robert †
29	" William Alexander †	92	Gaiger, Kenneth William
30	Biggs, James Keith	93	Giles, Gilbert
31	Billett, Leslie William	94	Gleadell, Anne †
32	Binnie, Linda Rose	95	Goodwin, Douglas Sturdee
33	" Ronald Eric	96	" Isobel Helena †
34	Blake, Anthony Thomas	97	" Michael Sturdee
35	" Lyndsay Rae	98	" Robert Christopher
36	Bonner, Doreen Milliam	99	" Sarah Margaret Rose
37	" Henry John	100	" Una
38	" Keith James	101	Goss, Eric Miller
39	Brooks, Frank	102	" Roderick Jacob
40	Browning, David Lennard	103	" Shirley Ann
41	" Frances Agnes	104	Grant, Leonard John
42	" Kelvin	105	" Mildred
43	Carey, Michael Raymond	106	Greenshields, Harland Llewellyn
44	" Trudi Ann	107	" Janet Louisa
45	Cartmell, Andrew Nutt	108	Hadden, Alexander Burnett
46	Clark, Derek	109	" Sheila Peggy
47	" Mary Ellen	110	Halliday, Gerald
48	Clarke, Ian	111	Hardcastle, Brook †
49	" Jeanette	112	" Eileen Beryl
50	" Michael Jan	113	Hatch, Albert John
51	" Valerie Ann †	114	Hirtle, Leonard Lloyd
52	Clasen, Clarvis Edward	115	" Shirley
53	" Frederick James	116	Humphreys, Dennis James
54	" Mally	117	Hutton, Elizabeth Isabella
55	Clausen, Denzil	118	" Philip
56	" Henry Edward	119	Jaffray, Alexander
57	Cletheroe, Kenneth Stanley	120	" Brian
58	Clifton, Doreen	121	" Eileen
59	" Terence Charles	122	" Elliott Jessie
60	Coutts, Alexander †	123	" Helen Rose
61	Davis, Aase	124	" Ian
62	" Albert Henry	125	" John Willie
63	" Elsie Gladys Margaret †	126	" Phyllis

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.

- |     |                                 |     |                             |
|-----|---------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| 127 | Jaffray, Robin George           | 192 | McPhee, June Iris           |
| 128 | " Tony                          | 193 | McRae, James Bartholomew    |
| 129 | " Velma Emily                   | 194 | " Malvina Mary              |
| 130 | Keane, Alva Rose Marie          | 195 | " Robert George Hector      |
| 131 | " Thomas James                  | 196 | Newman, Dorothy Elizabeth † |
| 132 | Kiddle, Robert Karl             | 197 | " Marlene                   |
| 133 | Knight, Nigel Arthur            | 198 | " Raymond Winston           |
| 134 | " Shirley Louvain Patricia      | 199 | Nightingale, Richard        |
| 135 | Larsen, Ronald Ivan             | 200 | Packer, Robert Neil         |
| 136 | " Yvonne                        | 201 | Parrin, Norman George †     |
| 137 | May, Brian Roy                  | 202 | Pederson, Mary Ann          |
| 138 | " Bruce Raymond                 | 203 | Perry, Augustav Walter      |
| 139 | " Corenne Norma                 | 204 | " Thora Virginia            |
| 140 | " Monica                        | 205 | Phillips, Albert James      |
| 141 | Middleton, Dennis Michael       | 206 | " Charles William           |
| 142 | " Sharon Elizabeth              | 207 | " David Dawson              |
| 143 | Miller, Alan Charles            | 208 | " Jesse †                   |
| 144 | " Betty                         | 209 | " Jessie Catherine †        |
| 145 | " Carol                         | 210 | " Lynda                     |
| 146 | " James                         | 211 | Pitaluga, Jene Ellen        |
| 147 | " Timothy John Durose           | 212 | " Robin Andreas Mackintosh  |
| 148 | Minnell, Benjamin James         | 213 | Reid, Colleen Rose          |
| 149 | " Hazel Eileen                  | 214 | " Reynold Gus               |
| 150 | Monk, Adrian Bertrand †         | 215 | Robson, Raymond Nigel       |
| 151 | " Nora May                      | 216 | Short, Andrez Peter †       |
| 152 | Morrison, Doreen Emily †        | 217 | Sinclair, Celia Joyce       |
| 153 | " Hyacinth Emily                | 218 | " Simon Keith               |
| 154 | " John Murdo                    | 219 | Smith, David                |
| 155 | " Lewis Ronald †                | 220 | " Edith Mary †              |
| 156 | " Michael John                  | 221 | " Edith Winifred †          |
| 157 | " Nanette                       | 222 | " Frederick George Peter    |
| 158 | " Norman                        | 223 | " George Patterson          |
| 159 | " Ronald Terence                | 224 | " Henry William             |
| 160 | " Stewart                       | 225 | " Jenny Lorraine            |
| 161 | " Susan Margaret                | 226 | " Sidney Frederick          |
| 162 | " Trevor                        | 227 | " Norah                     |
| 163 | " Trudi Lynette                 | 228 | " Osmond Raymond            |
| 164 | " Violet Sarah                  | 229 | Sornsen, James Winston      |
| 165 | MacDonald, Colin George         | 230 | Spinks, Alexander           |
| 166 | " Irene                         | 231 | " Malvina Ellen             |
| 167 | McBain, Arthur                  | 232 | Stewart, George Alexander   |
| 168 | " Rhoda                         | 233 | " Sylvia Rose               |
| 169 | McCallum, Christopher John      | 234 | Summers, Derek †            |
| 170 | " James                         | 235 | " Michael Kenneth           |
| 171 | McKay, Clara Mary               | 236 | " Rowena †                  |
| 172 | " Frazer Roderick               | 237 | " Sheila                    |
| 173 | " Heather Valerie               | 238 | " Stanley Frederick †       |
| 174 | " Rex                           | 239 | " Sybella Catherine         |
| 175 | " Roderick John                 | 240 | " Terence                   |
| 176 | " William Robert                | 241 | " William Edward †          |
| 177 | McKee, John †                   | 242 | Tasker, Dennis George       |
| 178 | McKenzie, Alice Maude           | 243 | Thompson, George Henry      |
| 179 | " Charles Alexander Albert John | 244 | Thorsen, Gloria Penelope    |
| 180 | " James                         | 245 | Turner, Diana Jane          |
| 181 | McLeod, Albert John             | 246 | " Ronald                    |
| 182 | " Christine Marion Agnes        | 247 | Vidal, Eileen Norah         |
| 183 | " Donald Henry                  | 248 | Wemyss, Peter James         |
| 184 | " Robert                        | 249 | " Zena Jessie               |
| 185 | " Robert John                   | 250 | Whitney, Agnes Katherine    |
| 186 | " Sarah Rose                    | 251 | " Dennis                    |
| 187 | McMullen, June                  | 252 | " Henry Leslie              |
| 188 | " Tony                          | 253 | " Keith                     |
| 189 | McNally, Gaye                   | 254 | " Lana Rose                 |
| 190 | " Robert John                   | 255 | " Leona Ann                 |
| 191 | McPhee, Kenneth John            | 256 | Wilson, John                |
|     |                                 | 257 | " Margaret Jean             |

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.

## WEST FALKLAND ELECTORAL AREA

## REGISTER OF ELECTORS

501	Alazia, Dorothy Fay	560	Dickson, Harold Edward †
502	" George Robert	561	" Mildred Ellen
503	Aldridge, Caroline Mary	562	Donnelly, Daniel
504	" Brian George †	563	" Joyce Elizabeth
505	" Kenneth John	564	Duncan, Avis Marion
506	" Olive Elizabeth	565	" David John †
507	" Thomas George	566	" James Alexander
508	Amadio, Rita Ellen Ottile †	567	" Peter Reed Howard
509	Anderson, Marina Rose	568	Dunford, David Philip
510	" Margaret Catherine	569	Evans, Derek Stanley
511	" Nigel	570	" Gladys Alberta
512	" Reginald Stanford	571	" Griffith Owen
513	" Ronald	572	" Margaret Ann
514	" Thomas †	573	" Olwyn Carol
515	Barnes, Deirdre	574	" Raymond
516	" Marshall	575	Fairley, John
517	" William Frederick John	576	Featherbe, Terence Randall
518	Berntsen, Arina Janice	577	Felton, Anthony Terence
519	" Kathleen Edith Mary Lucy Crawford	578	" John Roy Stanley
520	" Kenneth Frederick	579	" Judith Orissa
521	" Leon	580	" Violet Regina Margaret
522	" Sidney Lawrence	581	Ferguson, Robert John
523	Bertrand, Catherine Gladys	582	" Thelma
524	" Cecil William Wickham †	583	Findlay, Gerald
525	Betts, Alan Sturdee †	584	Fogerty, Brenda Diane Joanna †
526	" Arthur John	585	" Richard Edwin John
527	" Bernard Keith	586	Forster, Gwyneth May
528	" Cyril Severine †	587	" James
529	" Donald William	588	Gleadell, Ian Keith
530	" Ellen Alma †	589	" Mavis Marie
531	" Hyacinth Emily †	590	Goodwin, Bert Samuel †
532	" Irene Marion	591	" Emily Rose
533	Biggs, Clarence George	592	" Hazel Rose
534	" Michael Elfred	593	" Kathleen Edith Marguerite †
535	Binnie, Albert Frederick	594	" Marina
536	" Horace James †	595	" Raymond Hayward
537	" Rose Helen †	596	" Rupert Valentine †
538	Blackley, Candy Joy	597	" William John Maurice
539	" John David	598	Halliday, Christina Jane †
540	" Maurice	599	" John Arthur Leslie †
541	Blake, Lionel Geoffrey †	600	Hansen, Ian †
542	" Sally Gwynfa	601	" Lionel Raymond
543	Bonner, Simon	602	" Rose Idina
544	Chandler, Ann Beatrice	603	" Terence Darwin
545	" Edward	604	Harvey, Alfred Sydney
546	Chater, Anthony Richard	605	" Jen
547	Clarke, David James	606	" Muriel Elizabeth Elsie
548	" Fiona Alison	607	" Valerie Ann
549	" Terence John	608	Hayward, Peter Dennis
550	Cockwell, Grizelda Susan	609	Hirtle, Doris Linda
551	" John Richard	610	" Fenton
552	Cofre, Dierdree Emma	611	Hobman, John Malcolm
553	" Elvio	612	Hurst, David William
554	Coutts, Frederick George	613	" Una
555	Cusworth, Alan David	614	Laffi, Kathleen Mary
556	" Alana Marie	615	Lee, Carole
557	Davidson, Donald	616	" Elizabeth
558	" Margaret Christine	617	" John Alfred
559	Dickson, Edward Thomas Crawford	618	" June Elliot

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.

619	Lee, Rodney William	664	Plummer, Cecil Hicks Joseph †
620	„ Sidney Simpson	665	Pole-Evans, Anthony Reginald
621	Llamosa, George Alexander †	666	„ David Llewellyn †
622	Luxton, Patricia Maureen	667	„ Jessie
623	„ William Robert	668	„ Shirley Helen
624	Lyse, Ernest Lewis †	669	„ William Reginald
625	MacBeth, Phyllis Elizabeth Grace	670	Porter, Charles
626	„ Raymond John	671	„ George
627	„ William Campbell	672	„ Jean Lavinia
628	Maddocks, Charles	673	„ Joan
629	„ Iris May	674	Reeves, Cheryl Rose
630	„ Robert Charles	675	„ Ronald James
631	Marsh, Alastair Roy †	676	Robertson, Ann
632	„ Frank	677	„ James Richard
633	„ June Helen	678	„ Peter Charles
634	„ Roy Thomas	679	„ Robin Evelyn Thelma
635	Miller, Carol	680	Robson, Gerard Michael
636	„ Simon Roy	681	Ross, Lachlan
637	Molkenbuhr, Betty Marie	682	„ Roy
638	„ Claudio Eugenio	683	„ William Henry
639	„ Gwynne Edwina †	684	Sackett, Albert John
640	Morrison, Charlene	685	„ Marjorie
641	„ Eric George	686	Short, Christina Ethel
642	„ Kenneth	687	„ Donald Robert Gordon
643	„ Lena	688	„ Evelyn May Elizabeth
644	„ Leslie Theodore Norman	689	„ George Charles
645	„ Muriel Eliza Ivy †	690	„ Isobel Rose
646	Murphy, Ann Susan †	691	„ Joseph Leslie
647	„ Roy David	692	„ Patrick Warburton
648	McCormick, Pauline Margaret Ruth	693	Small, Lee Oliver
649	„ Ronald	694	Smith, Alice Maud †
650	McGill, Gary †	695	„ Francis David †
651	„ Lorraine Iris	696	„ Gerard Alexander
652	„ Robin Perry	697	„ Gwenifer May
653	McKay, Isabella Alice	698	„ Heather
654	„ Richard	699	„ Janice
655	McKae, David Michael	700	„ Keva Elizabeth
656	„ Gloria Linda †	701	„ Peter Lars
657	„ Richard Winston	702	„ Robin Charles
658	Napier, Lily	703	Stewart, George Nathaniel
659	„ Roderick Bertrand	704	Strange, Anne
660	Newman, Frederick Clarence Walwin	705	Summers, Dennis David †
661	Peake, Fay Christina	706	Watson, Hannah Maude
662	Peck, Maureen Heather	707	White, Kathleen Elizabeth
663	„ Patrick William	708	„ John Wright †

† NOT LIABLE TO SERVE AS A JUROR.

## EAST STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA

## POSTAL VOTERS LIST

41	Bonner, Roderick Richard	174	Morrison, Patrick
100	Goss, William Henry	199	Neilsen, Barry Marwood
135	Lang, Colin David	237	Robson, Louis Michael
151	Middleton, Brian	244	Ross, Robin Noel

## WEST STANLEY ELECTORAL AREA

## POSTAL VOTERS LIST

1015	Barnes, Frederick William	1238	Peck, Elsie Grace
1016	" Mabel Ann	1240	" James Watson Cranmer
1035	Blackley, Janet Agnes Mary	1249	Poole, Charles Lawrence
1056	Burns, Martha	1250	" Isabella Jane
1141	Hewitt, James	1267	Skilling, Thomas
1151	Jaffray, Donald	1273	Sollis, Denis John
1158	Johnson, Gerard Thomas Spencer	1277	Sornsen, Isabella
1171	King, Desmond George Buckley	1281	Steen, Gail
1172	" Nanette	1282	" Vernon Robert
1183	Lehen, Maurice	1297	Summers, Lavina
1199	Middleton, James Stewart	1312	Watson, Robert
1212	McCallum, Ellen		

## EAST FALKLAND ELECTORAL AREA

## POSTAL VOTERS LIST

57	Cletheroe, Kenneth Stanley	96	Goodwin, Isobel Helena
58	Clifton, Doreen	182	McLeod, Christine Marion Agnes
59	" Terence Charles	187	McMullen, June
64	Davis, Joan Lucy Ann	226	Smith, Sidney Frederick

## WEST FALKLAND ELECTORAL AREA

## POSTAL VOTERS LIST

523	Bertrand, Catherine Gladys	610	Hirtle, Fenton
524	" Cecil William Wickham	621	Llamosa, George Alexander
549	Clarke, Terence John	625	MacBeth, Phyllis Elizabeth Grace
557	Davidson, Donald	627	" William Campbell
558	" Margaret Christine	635	Miller, Carol
569	Evans, Derek Stanley	636	" Simon Roy
572	" Margaret Ann	651	McGill, Lorraine Iris
577	Felton, Anthony Terence	652	" Robin Perry
580	" Violet Regina Margaret	658	Napier, Lily
591	Goodwin, Emily Rose	659	" Roderick Bertrand
609	Hirtle, Doris Linda		

## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 25th day of September 1977 for the purpose of visiting the Camp.

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, Acting Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies do hereby appoint ARTHUR JOSEPH PHILIP MONK, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 25th day of September 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 23rd day of September in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*



AIR NAVIGATION (OVERSEAS TERRITORIES) ORDER 1977  
(S. I. 1977/422)

Falkland Islands Air Navigation (Fees) Regulations 1977

No. 1 of 1977.

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by Article 91 of the Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977, the Governor has made the following regulations —

Citation and commencement.

1. These regulations may be cited as the Falkland Islands Air Navigation (Fees) Regulations 1977 and shall come into operation on the 1st day of October 1977.

Interpretation.

2. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires "Order" means the Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977.

Fees.

3. The fees specified in the Schedule shall be payable for the purposes of the Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977.

SCHEDULE

Regulation 3.

FEEES

Certificate of Registration  
( Article 4(8) )

1. The fee to be paid for the issue of a certificate of registration of an aircraft pursuant to Article 4 (8) of the Order shall be in accordance with the following scale —

Where the maximum total weight —	£
(a) does not exceed 6,000 lb	1.50
(b) exceeds 6,000 lb but does not exceed 12,500 lb	6.00
(c) exceeds 12,500 lb but does not exceed 30,000 lb	12.50
(d) exceeds 30,000 lb but does not exceed 100,000 lb	30.00
(e) exceeds 100,000 lb	50.00

For the purposes of this paragraph "maximum total weight" means the maximum total weight authorized in the certificate of airworthiness in force in respect of the aircraft or, if no such certificate is in force, in the certificate of airworthiness last in force in respect of that aircraft. In any case "maximum total weight" means the maximum total weight authorized of the prototype or modification thereof to which the aircraft in the opinion of the Governor conforms.

Permit for an aircraft to fly without a Certificate of Airworthiness  
( Article 7(1) )

2. The fees to be paid in respect of an application for a permit to fly in pursuance of proviso (e) to Article 7 (1) of the Order shall be as follows —

For any investigations required by the Governor in connection with the application, a fee of an amount equivalent to the cost of making such investigations but not exceeding 50p per lb of the maximum total weight of the aircraft for any year, or part of a year, of the period required for carrying out the investigations.

For the permit, a fee of £1.

For the purpose of this paragraph "maximum total weight" means the maximum total weight specified in the application for the permit.

First Issue of Certificate of Airworthiness  
( Article 8(1) )

3. Where an application is made for the first issue of a certificate of airworthiness in respect of an aircraft there shall be paid for the investigations required by the Governor in pursuance of Article 8 (1) of the Order (not including the investigation of any aircraft engine) a fee of an amount equal to the

cost of making the investigations but not exceeding £1 per lb of the maximum total weight of the aircraft for any year, or part of the year, of the period required for carrying out the investigations:

Provided that —

- (1) in the case of an aircraft which in the opinion of the Governor conforms to a prototype aircraft or to a modification of a prototype aircraft, the fee to be paid shall be —
- |   | £    |
|---|------|
| (a) in the case of a glider of which the maximum total weight does not exceed 2,000 lb ... ..                 | 2.00 |
| (b) in the case of a glider of which the maximum total weight exceeds 2,000 lb ... ..                         | 5.00 |
| (c) in any other case, a fee in accordance with the following table —   |      |
| (i) when the maximum total weight does not exceed 2,000 lb in respect of each 1,000 lb or part thereof ... .. | 5.00 |
| (ii) when the maximum total weight exceeds 2,000 lb in respect of each 1,000 lb or part thereof ... ..        | 7.00 |
- (2) in the case of an aircraft which in the opinion of the Governor is a modification of a prototype aircraft the fee shall not be less than that which would have been payable if paragraph (1) of this proviso had applied.

For the purpose of this paragraph "maximum total weight" means the maximum total weight specified in the application for the certificate.

### Approval of Engine

( Article 8(1) )

4. The fees to be paid in respect of an application for the approval of an engine, whether in connection with an application for the issue or renewal of a certificate of airworthiness or for any other of the purposes of the Order (including any investigations required for the purpose) shall be in accordance with the following scale —

- |   |      |
|---|------|
| (a) When the power output of the engine as determined by the Governor —   | £    |
| (i) does not exceed 200 B.H.P. or 500 lb thrust ... ..  | 2.00 |
| (ii) exceeds 200 B.H.P. or 500 lb thrust but does not exceed 500 B.H.P. or 1,250 lb thrust ... ..   | 4.00 |
| (iii) exceeds 500 B.H.P. or 1,250 lb thrust but does not exceed 1,000 B.H.P. or 2,500 lb thrust ... ..  | 6.00 |
| (iv) exceeds 1,000 B.H.P. or 2,500 lb thrust but does not exceed 2,000 B.H.P. or 5,000 lb thrust ... ..   | 8.00 |
| (b) When the power output as so determined exceeds 2,000 B.H.P. or 5,000 lb thrust, in respect of the first 2,000 B.H.P. or 5,000 lb thrust ... | 8.00 |
| and in respect of each additional 100 B.H.P. or 250 lb thrust ...   | 0.50 |

### Second or Subsequent Issue or Renewal of Certificate of Airworthiness

( Article 8(1) and (6) )

5. When an application is made for the second or subsequent issue or the renewal of a certificate of airworthiness in pursuance of Article 8 (1) or (6) of the Order, the fee to be paid in respect thereof (including any investigations required in connection with the application) shall be £3 in the case of a glider where the maximum total weight authorized of the glider does not exceed 2,000 lb, and in any other case shall be in accordance with the following sub-paragraphs —

- |  | £    |
|--|------|
| (a) When the maximum total weight authorized for the aircraft does not exceed 2,000 lb, in respect of each 1,000 lb or part thereof ... ..                       | 5.00 |
| (b) When the maximum total weight authorized for the aircraft exceeds 2,000 lb, but does not exceed 5,000 lb, in respect of each 1,000 lb or part thereof ... .. | 7.00 |
| (c) When the maximum total weight authorized for the aircraft exceeds 5,000 lb, in respect of each 1,000 lb or part thereof ... ..                               | 9.00 |

### Validation of Certificate of Airworthiness

( Article 8(5) and (6) )

6. The fee to be paid in respect of an application for —

- (1) the first issue of a certificate of validation of a certificate of airworthiness in respect of any aircraft in pursuance of Article 8 (5) of the Order (including any investigation required in connection with the application) shall be the same as the fee which would be paid under paragraph 3 of this Schedule in respect of an application for the first issue of a certificate of airworthiness in respect of that aircraft, assuming it to be an aircraft which in the opinion of the Governor was a modification of a prototype aircraft;

- (2) the second or subsequent issue or the renewal of such certificate of validation in pursuance of Article 8 (5) and (6) of the Order shall be the same as the fee which would be paid under paragraph 5 of this Schedule in respect of the second or subsequent issue or the renewal of a certificate of airworthiness in respect of that aircraft.

### Approval of Persons

( Articles 8(8) and 11(5) (f) )

7. The fee to be paid by a person for the making of inspections of his organisation for the purposes of Articles 8 (8) and 11 (5) (f) of the Order shall be £50 per annum for each branch of the organisation which is separately inspected.

### Approval in respect of aircraft and equipment including modification, repair, etc (excluding engines and radio apparatus)

( Articles 8(7), 11(4) and 13(2) )

8. The fee to be paid in respect of an application for approval pursuant to any requirement of Articles 8 (7), 11 (4) or 13 (2) of the Order (other than for approval of an engine) shall be an amount equivalent to the cost of making the investigations which the Governor deems necessary for the purpose but not exceeding £1,000 for any year, or part of a year, of the period required for carrying out the investigations.

### Approval of type, etc., of Radio Apparatus

( Article 14(5) )

9. The fee to be paid in respect of an application for the approval by the Governor of radio apparatus or the manner of the installation thereof, or of any modification of the apparatus or the manner of its installation, for the purpose of Article 14(5) of the Order shall be an amount equivalent to the cost of making the investigation which the Governor deems necessary for the purpose but not exceeding £1,000 for any year, or part of a year, of the period required for carrying out the investigations.

### Licences for Aircraft Maintenance Engineers and Aircraft Radio Maintenance Engineers

(Article 12)

10. The fee to be paid in respect of a licence as an aircraft maintenance engineer or aircraft radio maintenance engineer in pursuance of Article 12 of the Order shall be as follows —

	£
In respect of an application for a licence	5.00
In respect of an application for the extension of a rating included in a licence	3.50
In respect of an application for the renewal of a licence —	
if the applicant is not required to pass an examination	2.50
if the applicant is required to pass an examination	5.00

Provided that the fees specified above shall cover only one examination in respect of the inclusion or extension of a rating in a licence and, if an additional examination is required in respect of such inclusion or extension, the fee to be paid for such additional examination shall be £3.50.

### Licences for Flight Crew (Article 19) and Ratings therein

( Article 20(1) (a) and 20(1) (d) )

11. (1) The following fees shall be paid on application for the grant or renewal of a licence to act as —

	£
(a) a professional pilot	5.00
(b) a flight navigator, or a flight engineer, or a flight radiotelegraphy operator (except when the applicant is the holder of a flight radiotelegraphy operator's temporary licence), or a private pilot	3.00
(c) a flight radiotelephony operator, whether the licence is general or restricted (except where the applicant is the holder of a licence to act as a pilot, flight navigator, flight engineer or flight radiotelegraphy operator) or a student pilot	2.00

- (2) The following fees shall be paid on application for the grant or renewal of any licence to act as a member of the flight crew of an aircraft or for the inclusion or renewal of a rating in such a licence, in respect of such of the following examinations as may be required —

	£
(a) For an official general examination on aircraft —	
(i) for the full examination	3.00
(ii) for a part of the examination	2.00
(b) For an official examination on the performance of aircraft	5.00

- |  |       |
|--|-------|
| (c) For an official technical examination on application for the inclusion of an aircraft rating for a single type of aircraft in a licence or for the extension of such a rating to include any additional type of aircraft — | £     |
| (i) if the maximum total weight authorized of the aircraft does not exceed 12,500 lb   | 6.00  |
| (ii) if the maximum total weight authorized of the aircraft exceeds 12,500 lb  | 9.00  |
| (d) For an official examination in radiotelephony which consists of not more than two parts —  |       |
| for each part of the examination, on each occasion when that part is taken   | 1.00  |
| (e) For an official examination on the Morse code  | 1.00  |
| (f) For any other official technical examination, which consists of not more than 11 parts —   |       |
| for each part of the examination on each occasion when that part is taken  | 2.00  |
| (g) For an official flying test on application for the inclusion in a pilot's licence of a flying instructor's rating or an assistant flying instructor's rating or for the renewal of such a rating                           | 5.00  |
| (h) For any other official flying test, by day or by night   | 10.00 |
- (3) For the purposes of this paragraph —
- “a licence to act as a professional pilot” means a licence of one of the following classes —
- Commercial Pilot's Licence (Aeroplanes)
  - Senior Commercial Pilot's Licence (Aeroplanes)
  - Airline Transport Pilot's Licence (Aeroplanes)
  - Commercial Pilot's Licence (Helicopters and Gyroplanes)
  - Airline Transport Pilot's Licence (Helicopters and Gyroplanes)
  - Commercial Pilot's Licence (Balloons)
  - Commercial Pilot's Licence (Airships)
  - Commercial Pilot's Licence (Glinters)
  - Commercial Pilot's Licence (Flying Machines)
  - Senior Commercial Pilot's Licence (Flying Machines)
  - Airline Transport Pilot's Licence (Flying Machines);
- “a licence to act as a private pilot” means a licence of one of the following classes —
- Private Pilot's Licence (Aeroplanes)
  - Private Pilot's Licence (Helicopters and Gyroplanes)
  - Private Pilot's Licence (Balloons and Airships)
  - Private Pilot's Licence (Flying Machines).

### Official Medical Examination

12. The fees to be paid for an official medical examination, when required, shall be as follows —
- |  |       |
|--|-------|
| (a) On application for the grant of any licence to act as a member of the flight crew of an aircraft (including a student pilot's licence) or as an air traffic controller or student air traffic controller   | £     |
| Provided that where the Governor is satisfied that the applicant has previously been medically examined in connection with an application for a licence for which there is required a standard of medical fitness not inferior to that required for the licence for which the application is made the fee shall be | 10.00 |
|  | 3.00  |
| (b) For any other purpose of the Order or any regulations made thereunder  | 3.00  |

### Aerodrome Licences

(Article 68)

13. Subject to the provisions of this paragraph the fees to be paid in respect of aerodrome licences shall be as follows —

	£
For an official inspection of an aerodrome not followed by the grant or renewal of a licence	7.50
For the grant of a licence for a period not exceeding three days, including the official inspection of the aerodrome	7.50
For the grant or renewal of a licence for a period exceeding three days, including official inspection of the aerodrome	The fee specified in the table at the foot of this paragraph
For the variation of a licence	
	5.00

Provided that where a licence is granted or renewed for a period which will expire within twelve months from the date on which the grant or renewal becomes operative and an application is made for the renewal of the licence, or for the grant of a further licence to the same person for the same aerodrome, for any subsequent period falling within those twelve months, then —

- (a) if the application is for the renewal of the licence without variation or for the grant of a further licence on the same terms as the previous licence, no fee shall be payable in respect of the renewal or grant; and
- (b) if the application is for the renewal of the licence with variations or for the grant of a further licence on terms different from those of the previous licence, the application shall be treated for the purpose of this paragraph as if it were an application for the variation of a licence.

Table					Fee payable £
The weight certified in the application for the grant or renewal of the licence as being the maximum total weight authorized of the heaviest aircraft which the applicant expects to use the aerodrome, while the licence is in force, for the purpose of the public transport of passengers or of instruction in flying —					
Not exceeding 6,500 lb ...	...	...	...	...	10.00
Exceeding 6,500 lb but not exceeding 15,000 lb	...	...	...	...	25.00
Exceeding 15,000 lb	...	...	...	...	50.00

### Validation of a Licence

(Articles 12(5) and 21)

14. Where an application is made for the issue of a certificate of validation of a licence under the Order the following fees shall be paid —

For an official medical examination (if required)	}	In each case the fees appropriate in the grant of a licence equivalent to that for which validation is sought.
For a technical examination (if required)		
For an official flying test (if required)		
For a certificate	...	1.50

### Copies of Documents

15. The fee to be paid for the issue by the Governor of a copy or replacement of a document issued under the Order or under regulations made thereunder shall be £1:

Provided that for a copy or replacement of a flight manual or performance schedule relating to a certificate of airworthiness the fee shall be an amount equal to the cost of preparing the copy or replacement as the case may be, but shall not exceed £8.

*By Command,*

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,

*Chief Secretary.*

Ref. AIR/10/2.

PUBLIC HEALTH ORDINANCE  
(Chapter 54)

## Medical Fees (Amendment) Regulations 1977

No. 2 of 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Public Health Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations —

1. These regulations may be cited as the Medical Fees (Amendment) Regulations 1977 and shall come into operation on the 1st day of August 1977. Citation and commencement.

2. Schedule A to the Medical Fees Regulations 1973 (hereinafter referred to as the principal regulations) is amended — Amendment of Schedule A.  
(5 of 1973)

(a) by deleting paragraph 1 and substituting the following —

"Attendance  
of medical  
officer.

1. (1) Attendance by a medical officer to a person normally resident in the Colony —

(a) for the first visit ... .. 50p;

(b) for each subsequent visit ... .. 30p;

Provided that such fees may be doubled in the case of a visit made between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m., if, in the opinion of the medical officer, the circumstances do not warrant a night call.

(2) Attendance by a medical officer to a person not normally resident in the Colony the charge shall be £5 per visit .";

(b) in paragraph 3 by deleting "22p" and "19p" and substituting the following respectively —

"30p" and "25p";

(c) in sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph 6 (1) by deleting "£50" and substituting the following —

"£100";

(d) in sub-paragraph (c) of paragraph 6 (1) by deleting "£1" and substituting the following —

"£5".

3. Schedule B to the principal regulations is amended —

(a) by deleting paragraph 1 and substituting the following —

"Out-patients  
fees.

1. (1) The following out-patient fees shall be charged in respect of persons normally resident in the Colony —

(a) for the first consultation ... .. 30p;

(b) for each subsequent consultation ... .. 25p;

Provided that special diagnostic, medical, surgical or laboratory services may be charged at a higher rate but not exceeding £9.50.

(2) In the case of a person not normally resident in the Colony the charge for each consultation shall be £5. Special services may be charged at a higher rate.";

(b) in sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph 2 by deleting "£1.50" and "£3.00" and substituting the following respectively —

"£2.00" and "£4.00";

Amendment of Schedule B.

- (c) by deleting sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 and substituting the following —

“(b) Persons who are not normally resident in the Colony in a private or general ward —  
£25 per day or part day.”;

- (d) by deleting sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph 3 and substituting the following —

“(b) Persons not normally resident in the Colony —  
(i) for delivery £150;  
(ii) Caesarian section £250.”;

- (e) by deleting sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 and substituting the following —

“X-ray examinations. 4. (1) The following charges shall be made in respect of X-ray examinations —

- (a) Persons normally resident in the Colony —  
(i) Skiagram — 30p to £1.30;  
(ii) Barium series and IVP — £3.95;  
(b) Persons not normally resident in the Colony  
(i) Skiagram — £5;  
(ii) Barium series and IVP — £30.”;

- (f) by deleting paragraph 5 and substituting the following —

“Surgical operations. 5. The following charges shall be made in respect of surgical operations —

- (a) Persons normally resident in the Colony —  
(i) Minor operations — £1.30 to £3.95;  
(ii) Major operations (which shall include abdominal operations) £6.55 to £19.70 inclusive of anaesthetic;  
(b) Persons not normally resident in the Colony  
(i) Minor operations — £10;  
(ii) Major operations (which shall include abdominal operations) £25 to £300 inclusive of anaesthetic.”;

- (g) by inserting after paragraph 5 the following new paragraph—

“Blood transfusion. 6. Blood transfusion — Persons not normally resident in the Colony £15 per unit of blood.”.

**Amendment of Schedule D.**

4. Schedule D to the principal regulations is amended by inserting after item 7 the following new item —

“8. The following charges shall be levied on persons not normally resident in the Colony —

- |                                  |              |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| (a) For each consultation ... .. | £5           |
| (b) X-ray ... ..                 | £5           |
| (c) Special dental treatment ... | £5 to £25    |
| (d) Dental appliances ... ..     | £5 to £25.”. |

**Amendment of Schedule F.**

5. Schedule F to the principal regulations is amended in paragraph 2 by deleting “£2.52”, “£5.04” and “£2.50” and substituting the following respectively —

“£3.24”, “£6.48” and “£3.25”.

Made by the Governor in Council this 20th day of July 1977.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of the Executive Council.*

Ref. MED/2/2.

## HARBOUR ORDINANCE

(Chapter 30)

## Harbour (Amendment) Regulations 1977

No. 3 of 1977.

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Harbour Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations —

1. These regulations may be cited as the Harbour (Amendment) Regulations 1977, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of October 1977. Citation and commencement.

2. Item 2 of Schedule III to the Harbour Regulations is amended in the third column by deleting "£20" and substituting the following — Amendment of Schedule III.

"£35".

Made by the Governor in Council this 6th day of September 1977.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of Councils.*

Ref. CUS/10/3.

## CUSTOMS ORDINANCE

(Chapter 16)

## Customs (Fees) (Amendment) Regulations 1977

No. 4 of 1977.

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 230 of the Customs Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following regulations —

1. These regulations may be cited as the Customs (Fees) (Amendment) Regulations 1977 and shall come into operation on the 1st day of October 1977. Citation and commencement.

2. The Customs (Fees) Regulations 1975 are amended by adding, after regulation 4, the following regulation — Addition of regulation 4A.

"Entering or clearing other than at declared port. 4A. Entering or clearing at any place other than a declared port, the fee shall be £100 plus the full cost of the return fare of the Customs Officer."

Made by the Governor in Council this 6th day of September 1977.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of Councils.*

Ref. CUS/10/1.



POST OFFICE ORDINANCE  
(Chapter 52)

## Post Office (Amendment) Order 1977

No. 2 of 1977

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Post Office Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following order —

Citation and commencement.

1. This order may be cited as the Post Office (Amendment) Order 1977 and shall come into operation on the 1st day of October 1977.

Amendment of paragraph 2.

2. Paragraph 2 of the Post Office Order 1976 is amended —

(a) by deleting sub-paragraphs (f) to (i) inclusive and substituting the following —

"Letters,  
etc.

(f) Postal Packets — the rates shall be —

(i) Inland —

Not over	$\frac{1 \text{ oz}}{3 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ oz}}{6 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{8 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{15 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{28 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{48 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ lb}}{78 \text{ p}}$
----------	------------------------------------	------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

(ii) To the United Kingdom or any part of the Commonwealth —

Not over	$\frac{1 \text{ oz}}{5 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ oz}}{9 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{12 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{24 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{46 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{80 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ lb}}{£1.30}$
----------	------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	------------------------------

(iii) To all other parts of the world —

Not over	$\frac{1 \text{ oz}}{10 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ oz}}{18 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{24 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{48 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{92 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{£1.60}$	$\frac{4 \text{ lb}}{£2.60}$
----------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------

Postcards.

(g) Postcards — the rates shall be —

(i) Inland 2p;

(ii) United Kingdom or any part of the Commonwealth 4p;

(iii) To all other countries 7p.

Printed  
Papers.

(h) Printed Papers — the rates shall be —

(i) Inland —

Not over	$\frac{2 \text{ oz}}{3 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{4 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{6 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{11 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{18 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ lb}}{26 \text{ p}}$
----------	------------------------------------	------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

for each additional 2 lb or part thereof 13p;

(ii) To the United Kingdom or any part of the Commonwealth —

Not over	$\frac{1 \text{ oz}}{3 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ oz}}{4 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{6 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{10 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{18 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{30 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ lb}}{42 \text{ p}}$
----------	------------------------------------	------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

for each additional 2 lb or part thereof 21p;

(iii) To all other countries —

Not over	$\frac{1 \text{ oz}}{5 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ oz}}{8 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{11 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{20 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{36 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{60 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{4 \text{ lb}}{84 \text{ p}}$
----------	------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

for each additional 2 lb or part thereof 42p;

Literature for the blind — Free.

Small  
Packets.

(i) Small Packets — the rates shall be —

To all parts of the world —

Not over	$\frac{4 \text{ oz}}{11 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{8 \text{ oz}}{20 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{1 \text{ lb}}{36 \text{ p}}$	$\frac{2 \text{ lb}}{60 \text{ p}}$
----------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

(b) in sub-paragraph (p) by deleting “8p” and “16p” and substituting the following respectively —

“15p” and “20p”.

Made by the Governor in Council this 6th day of September 1977.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of Councils.*

Ref. P&T/2/9C.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 8th day of September 1977.

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

No. DS1



1977

### Falkland Islands Dependencies

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

### An Ordinance

Title.

To apply certain Laws of the Colony to the Dependencies.

ENACTED for the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and the Dependencies thereof, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Application of Colony Laws Ordinance 1977.

Application of Colony Ordinances.

2. The Ordinances of the Colony specified in the first and second columns of the Schedule to this Ordinance are applied to the Dependencies, and shall be deemed to be in force in the Dependencies with effect from the date set out opposite their short titles in the third column of the Schedule to this Ordinance.

### SCHEDULE

No.	Short title	Effective date
6 of 1977	Government Employees Provident Fund (Repeal) Ordinance 1977	21st September 1977
12 of 1977	Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1977	21st September 1977
13 of 1977	Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance 1977	21st September 1977
14 of 1977	Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance	21st September 1977
17 of 1977	Income Tax (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977	1st January 1978
18 of 1977	Income Tax (Amendment) (No. 3) Ordinance 1977	1st January 1978

Promulgated by the Acting Governor on the 8th day of September 1977.

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

Ref. LEG/10/37.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 15th day of September 1977.

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

LS

No. DS2



1977

Falkland Islands Dependencies

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.  
GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

An Ordinance

To provide for the service between the first day of July 1975 and the thirtieth day of June 1976.

Title.

(1st July 1975)

Date of commencement.

ENACTED for the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and the Dependencies thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (Dependencies) (1975-76) Ordinance, 1977.

Short title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of Public Revenue and other funds of the Dependencies and applied to the service of the period ending the thirtieth day of June 1976 a sum not exceeding Nineteen thousand seven hundred and thirty-six pounds which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the period from the first day of July 1975 to the thirtieth day of June 1976.

Appropriation of £19,736 for service of the year ending 30th June 1976.

SCHEDULE

Schedule.

Head of Service				Amount
A.	Personal Emoluments	...	...	590
B.	Other Charges	...	...	19,146
Total Expenditure				£ 19,736

Promulgated by the Acting Governor on the 15th day of September 1977.

ARTHUR J. P. MONK,  
*Chief Secretary.*

---

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

---

1977 No. 830

## COPYRIGHT

**The Copyright (International Conventions)  
(Amendment No 2) Order 1977**

*Made - - - - 11th May 1977*  
*Laid before Parliament 19th May 1977*  
*Coming into Operation 9th June 1977*

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 11th day of May 1977

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority conferred upon Her by sections 31, 32 and 47 of the Copyright Act 1956 (a) and of all other powers enabling Her in that behalf, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows —

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment No. 2) Order 1977, and shall come into operation on 9th June 1977.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889 (b) shall apply to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2. The Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972 (c), as amended (d), shall be further amended as follows —

- (a) in Schedule 1 (which names the countries of the Berne Copyright Union) there shall be included a reference to the Arab Republic of Egypt;
- (b) in the said Schedule the Bahamas and Poland shall be indicated with an asterisk denoting that they are also party to the Universal Copyright Convention.

3. This Order shall extend to all the countries mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

N. E. LEIGH,

*Clerk of the Privy Council.*

---

(a) 1956 c. 74.      (b) 1889 c. 63.      (c) S.I. 1972/673 (1972 I, p. 2172).  
(d) The amendments are not relevant to the subject matter of this Order.

---

SCHEDULE

COUNTRIES TO WHICH THIS ORDER EXTENDS

Bermuda	Gibraltar
Belize	Hong Kong
British Virgin Islands	Isle of Man
Cayman Islands	Montserrat
Falkland Islands and Dependencies	St. Helena and its Dependencies.

---

EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order)*

This Order further amends the Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972. It takes account of the accession of the Arab Republic of Egypt to the Berne Copyright Convention and of the Bahamas and Poland to the Universal Copyright Convention.

The Order extends to dependent countries of the Commonwealth to which the 1972 Order extends.

---

S T A T U T O R Y   I N S T R U M E N T S

---

1977 No. 1256

**COPYRIGHT**

**The Copyright (International Conventions)  
(Amendment No. 3) Order 1977**

<i>Made</i>	- - - -	<i>26th July 1977</i>
<i>Laid before Parliament</i>		<i>3rd August 1977</i>
<i>Coming into Operation</i>		<i>24th August 1977</i>

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 26th day of July 1977

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority conferred upon Her by sections 31, 32 and 47 of the Copyright Act 1956 (a) and of all other powers enabling Her in that behalf, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows —

1. (1) This Order may be cited as the Copyright (International Conventions) (Amendment No. 3) Order 1977, and shall come into operation on 24th August 1977.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889 (b) shall apply to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2. The Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972 (c) as amended (d), shall be further amended as follows —

- (a) in Schedule 3 (countries in whose case copyright in sound recordings includes the exclusive right of public performance and broadcasting) there shall be included a reference to Uruguay;
- (b) in Schedules 4 and 5 (countries whose broadcasting organisations have copyright protection in relation to their sound and television broadcasts) there shall be included references to Uruguay and related references to 24th August 1977 in the list of dates in each of those two Schedules.

3. (1) This Order except for Article 2 (b) shall extend to all the countries mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

(2) Article 2 (b) shall extend to Gibraltar and Bermuda.

N. E. LEIGH,  
*Clerk of the Privy Council.*

---

(a) 1956 c. 74.    (b) 1889 c. 63.    (c) S.I. 1972/673 (1972 I, p. 2172.)  
(d) The amendments are not relevant to the subject matter of this Order.

## SCHEDULE

## COUNTRIES TO WHICH THIS ORDER EXTENDS

Bermuda	Gibraltar
Belize	Hong Kong
British Virgin Islands	Isle of Man
Cayman Islands	Montserrat
Falkland Islands and Dependencies	St. Helena and its Dependencies.

---

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order)*

This Order further amends the Copyright (International Conventions) Order 1972. It takes account of the accession of Uruguay to the International Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organisations.

The Order extends, so far as is appropriate, to dependent countries of the Commonwealth to which the 1972 Order extends.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

31 OCTOBER 1977

No. 13

## Appointments

Dr. Alison Ann Mackintosh, M.B., Ch.B. Medical Officer Medical Department, 22.9.77.

Lee Oliver Small, Police Constable, Police and Prisons Department, 18.10.77.

## Acting Appointments

Douglas Roy Morrison, Acting Chief Secretary, Secretariat, 6.10.77 - 12.10.77.

Philip George Summers, Acting Financial Secretary, Treasury Department, 29.7.77 - 13.10.77.

Michael Luxton, Acting Deputy Financial Secretary, Treasury Department, 29.7.77 - 13.10.77.

Wallace Carlinden Hirtle, Acting Commissioner of Income Tax, Income Tax Office, 29.7.77 - 13.10.77.

Basil Morrison, Acting Superintendent of Public Works, Public Works Department, 6.10.77.

## NOTICES

No. 58. 28th September 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 23rd September 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Acting Governor returned to Stanley on Sunday, 25th September 1977.

Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 59. 30th September 1977.

The Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977 (Article 92)

Pursuant to Article 92 of the Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977, Mr. John Edward Cheek and Mr. Michael Harris, both of Cable & Wireless Limited, are hereby authorized for the purposes of any of the provisions of the Order specified in the following Schedule —

## SCHEDULE (Article 9(4)(d))

2. This authority is in respect of radio and ancillary equipment fitted in private aircraft operated and registered in the Colony.

G. J. A. SLATER,  
Acting Governor.

No. 60.

21st October 1977.

The findings of the Cost of Living Committee for the quarter ended 30th September 1977 are published for general information —

Quarter ended	Percentage increase over 1971 prices
30th September 1977	149.72%

2. In accordance with the principle of the Wages Agreement for Stanley the average increase over the last four quarters is 140.02% and a further wage award of 1p per hour is therefore payable with effect from 1st October 1977.

Ref. INT/2/3.

No. 61.

21st October 1977.

## General Election 1977

In accordance with section 19 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, it is hereby notified that the following candidates have been nominated for the Stanley Division —

### 1. EDDIE ANDERSON of Stanley

Proposed by	Darwin Lewis Clifton
Seconded by	John Richard Rowlands
Supported by	Violet Bonner Heather May William Albert May Walter Arthur Felton Trudi Butcher Michael George Butcher Patrick Morrison

### 2. WILLIAM EDWARD BOWLES of Stanley

Proposed by	Barry Marwood Neilson
Seconded by	Roderick Richard Bonner
Supported by	Patrick Ellery Alazia Violet Malvina Emily Robson Dennis John Sollis Robert John Christian Bundes Kathleen Ruth Elmer Daykin Teresa Ellen Dobbys George Joseph Butler



## 3. JOHN EDWARD CHEEK of Stanley

*Proposed by* Velma Malcolm  
*Seconded by* Betty Josephine Biggs  
*Supported by* Stuart Barrett Wallace  
 Kathleen Gladys Berntsen  
 Derek Roy Felton  
 Betty Lois Miller  
 Michael Luxton  
 Owen Horace McPhee  
 Jack Abbott

## 4. DAVID ANTHONY RYAN of Stanley

*Proposed by* Albert Faulkner Alazia  
*Seconded by* Rudi Thomas Clarke  
*Supported by* Ernest Falkland Luxton  
 Iris Blanche Summers  
 Lawrence Jonathan Butler  
 Peter Kiddle  
 Freda Alazia  
 James Andrew Alazia  
 Frederick Eddy Whitney

It is also notified that the following candidates have been nominated for the Camp Division —

## 1. ALAN DAVID CUSWORTH of Fox Bay West

*Proposed by* Patrick William Peck  
*Seconded by* Charles Porter  
*Supported by* Anthony Richard Chater  
 Anne Strange  
 John Alfred Lee  
 Elizabeth Lee  
 Maureen Heather Peck  
 Kathleen Mary Laffi  
 David Philip Dunford

## 2. WILLIAM ROBERT LUXTON of Chartres

*Proposed by* Iris May Maddocks  
*Seconded by* Michael Elfred Biggs  
*Supported by* Grizelda Susan Cockwell  
 Maurice Blackley  
 Caroline Mary Aldridge  
 Joan Porter  
 Kenneth John Aldridge  
 Albert John Sackett

3. TIMOTHY JOHN DUROSE MILLER  
of Darwin

*Proposed by* Sharon Elizabeth Middleton  
*Seconded by* Andrew Nutt Cartmell  
*Supported by* Dennis Michael Middleton  
 Alexander Burnett Hadden  
 Thomas Anderson  
 Betty Marie Molkenbuhr  
 Claudio Eugenio Molkenbuhr  
 Kenneth John McPhee  
 Ronald James Reeves

Ref. SEC/20/3.

No. 62.

24th October 1977.

In accordance with the provisions of section 8 (2) of the Livestock Ordinance (Cap. 40) notice is hereby given that the Ear Mark known as "Fore Bit" has been approved and registered in the name of A. T. Felton, of Beaver Island.

Ref. AGR/10/2.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands  
 NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE  
 (Cap. 1)

IN THE MATTER of Francis Henry Hewitt Smith, deceased of Johnson's Harbour, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands on the 3rd July 1977, intestate.

WHEREAS Louis James Watson, brother-in-law of the above-named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
 Stanley,  
 Falkland Islands.  
 28th September 1977.  
 S.C. & L/10/77.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands  
 NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE  
 (Cap. 1)

IN THE MATTER of Alexander Berrido, deceased of Goose Green, Falkland Islands, who died at Goose Green on the 26th July 1977, intestate.

WHEREAS Shirley Eva Seeley, niece of the above-named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
 Stanley,  
 Falkland Islands.  
 10th October 1977.  
 S.C. & L/14/77.

## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 29th day of October 1977 for the purpose of visiting East and West Falkland.

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 29th day of October 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 28th day of October in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

# PROCLAMATION

No. 6 of 1977

IN THE NAME OF Her Majesty ELIZABETH II, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories Queen, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

WHEREAS it is provided by subsection (1) of section 24 of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders 1948 to 1977 that the sittings of the Legislative Council shall be held at such times and places as the Governor shall from time to time appoint by proclamation published in the Gazette:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, do hereby PROCLAIM that the next sitting of the Legislative Council of the Falkland Islands shall be held at 10.00 o'clock in the forenoon of Monday, the 21st day of November 1977, at the Court and Council Chambers in the town of Stanley in the Falkland Islands.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, Falkland Islands this 31st day of October in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and seventy-seven.

LS

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Ref. LEC/35/1.

INCOME TAX ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 32)

## Income Tax (Annual Values) Rules 1977

(under sections 5 (b) (ii) and 5 (c) of the Ordinance)

No. 1 of 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by sections 5 (b) (ii) and 5 (c) of the Income Tax Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following rules —

1. (1) These rules may be cited as the Income Tax (Annual Values) Rules 1977. Citation and commencement.

(2) The provisions of these Rules shall have effect with respect to tax chargeable for the year of assessment commencing on the 1st day of January 1978, and for all subsequent years of assessment.

2. For the purposes of prescribing the annual value of any allowance in respect of employment received otherwise than in money, the following shall be deemed to be chargeable income under section 5 (b) (ii) of the Income Tax Ordinance — Allowances.

- (a) the estimated value of any light, power or fuel supplied free of charge by an employer;
- (b) the value of any board, lodging or board and lodging where it is fully and continuously provided during any period of employment, and where the recipient maintains no other fixed place of abode in the Colony while so employed.

3. The following values are hereby prescribed for the purposes of sections 5 (b) (ii) and 5 (c) of the Income Tax Ordinance — Values.

- |  |        |                              |
|--|--------|------------------------------|
| (i) Farm manager's house outside Stanley   | ...    | £120                         |
| (ii) Married employee with outside house   | ...    | nil.                         |
| (iii) Employee with settlement house   | ... .. | £70                          |
| (iv) Single employee in outside house  | ... .. | nil.                         |
| (v) Single employee in cookhouse   | ... .. | £30                          |
| (vi) Ships' personnel  | ... .. | £180                         |
| (vii) Servants living in   | ... .. | £120                         |
| (viii) Staff, other than servants, living in institutional accommodation —   |        |                              |
| (a) Accommodation, including fuel, light or power  |        | £120                         |
| (b) Food per adult person  | ... .. | £135                         |
| (ix) Persons provided with free fuel in Stanley  | ...    | £54                          |
| (x) Persons provided with free light or power in Stanley   |        | £18                          |
| (xi) Employee provided with free board and lodging in Stanley other than those living in institutional accommodation — |        |                              |
| Single employee  | ... .. | £255                         |
| Married couples  | ... .. | £350                         |
| Married couples with children  | ... .. | £350 + £50<br>for each child |
| (xii) Persons provided with a house in Stanley —   |        |                              |

### CATEGORY (A)

A house in which any person can be expected to live —  
Furnished £3.75 per room per month.  
Unfurnished £3.00 per room per month.

## CATEGORY (B)

A house, equal in all respects to those in category (A) but which has permanent disadvantages, such as semi-detached properties with over-thin dividing walls —

Furnished £3.40 per room per month.

Unfurnished £2.60 per room per month.

## CATEGORY (C)

Other houses lacking privacy and which have to be decorated by the occupant —

Furnished £2.60 per room per month.

Unfurnished £2.00 per room per month.

Exclusion of bathroom.  
etc.

4. For the purposes of these Rules a room shall not include a garage, outbuilding, porch, bathroom, hall or passage, and no house shall be deemed to contain more than seven rooms.

Revocation.  
(3 of 1968)

5. The Income Tax (Annual Values) Rules 1968, are revoked.

Made by the Governor in Council on the 19th day of July 1977.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,

*Clerk of Councils.*

Ref. INC/10/5.

DOGS ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 21)

## Dogs (Amendment) Rules 1977

No. 2 of 1977.

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 13 of the Dogs Ordinance, the Governor in Council has made the following rules —

1. These rules may be cited as the Dogs (Amendment) Rules 1977 and shall come into operation on the 1st January 1978. Citation and commencement.

2. Rule 3 of the Dogs Rules is amended by the deletion of the words "one pound fifty pence" and the substitution therefor of the following — Amendment of Rule 3.  
(Vol. II. p. 181)  
"five pounds".

Made by the Governor in Council this 2nd day of September 1977.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of Councils.*

Ref. AGR/10/4.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL (ELECTIONS) ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 37)

## Legislative Council (Elections) (Variation of Date) Order 1977

No. 3 of 1977.

G. J. A. SLATER,  
*Acting Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 52 of the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, the Governor has made the following order —

1. This order may be cited as the Legislative Council (Elections) (Variation of Date) Order 1977.

2. In view of the unavoidable delay in completing the poll for the West Falkland Electoral Area, Nomination Day for the Camp Division is deferred from Tuesday, the 11th day of October 1977 to Thursday, the 13th day of October 1977.

*By Command,*

D. R. MORRISON,  
*Acting Chief Secretary.*

10th October 1977.

Ref. LEC/20/3.

# A Bill for An Ordinance

**Title.**

Further to amend the Family Allowances Ordinance 1960.

Date of commencement.

(1st January 1978)

**Enacting clause.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

**Short title and commencement.**

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Family Allowances (Amendment) Ordinance 1977 and shall come into operation on the 1st day of January 1978.

Amendment of section 3.  
9 of 1960.

2. Section 3 of the Family Allowances Ordinance 1960 is amended in subsection (2) by substituting —

- (i) for “fifty pence”,  
“one pound”; and
- (ii) for “one pound”,  
“two pounds”.

## OBJECTS AND REASONS

The amendments made by this Bill increase family allowances by one hundred per cent with effect from the 1st January 1978.

Ref. TRE/10/1.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

14 NOVEMBER 1977

No. 14

## Appointments

Mrs. Shirley Peck, Clerk, Public Service, 6.9.76.

Miss Kim Rita Anne Robertson, Clerk, Public Service, 2.3.77.

Miss Nancy Stephenson, Clerk, Public Service, 1.11.77.

William John Coutts, Technician, Posts and Telecommunications Department, 12.11.77.

## Acting Appointments

Ronald John Clarke, Acting Foreman, Public Works Department, 5.5.77 - 3.11.77.

Leslie Harris, Acting Power Station Supervisor, Public Works Department, 12.5.77 - 27.10.77.

## NOTICES

No. 63. 22nd October 1977.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 53 dated 22nd July 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to the Colony on Friday, 21st October 1977. Ref. GOV/19/1.

No. 64. 3rd November 1977.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated 28th October 1977, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor returned to Stanley on Monday, 31st October 1977. Ref. GOV/19/1.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL (ELECTIONS) ORDINANCE

(Chapter 37)

### NOTICE

(under section 4 of the Ordinance)

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to nominate WILLIAM HENRY GOSS, ESQUIRE, J.P., to be a member of the Legislative Council of the Colony, representing the electoral area of East Stanley.

*By Command,*

JOHN MASSINGHAM,  
*Chief Secretary.*

2nd November 1977.

Ref. LEC/19/1.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL (ALLOWANCES) ORDINANCE 1977

(No. 7 of 1977)

### Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977 (Commencement) Notice 1977

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977, the Governor hereby appoints the 21st September 1977 as the day on which the said Ordinance shall be deemed to have come into operation.

*By Command,*

JOHN MASSINGHAM,  
*Chief Secretary.*

11th November 1977.

Ref. EXC/10/1.



LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL (ALLOWANCES) ORDINANCE 1977  
(No. 8 of 1977)

Legislative Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977  
(Commencement) Notice 1977

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Legislative Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977, the Governor hereby appoints the 21st September 1977 as the day on which the said Ordinance shall be deemed to have come into operation.

By Command,  
JOHN MASSINGHAM,  
Chief Secretary.

11th November 1977.

Ref. LEC/10/2.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

IN THE MATTER of the Estate of Keith William Luxton, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all creditors and other persons having claims against the estate of the late Keith William Luxton of Stanley who died at Stanley on the 24th day of March 1977, are requested to send in writing particulars of their claims to me the undersigned, on or before the 14th day of November 1977, after which date I will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased.

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
14th October 1977.

W. R. LUXTON,  
Executor.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

IN THE MATTER of the Estate of Alexander Berrido, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all creditors and other persons having claims against the estate of the late Alexander Berrido of Goose Green who died at Goose Green on the 26th day of July 1977, are requested to send in writing particulars of their claims to me the undersigned on or before the 1st day of December 1977, after which date I will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased.

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
31st October 1977.

S. SEELEY,  
Administratrix.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 1)

IN THE MATTER of David Leonard Browning, deceased of Goose Green, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley, Falkland Islands, on the 30th September 1977.

WHEREAS Trevor Osneth Browning, son of the above-named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration (with the Will annexed) to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

Stanley,  
Falkland Islands.  
9th November 1977.  
SC & L/13/77.

H. BENNETT,  
Registrar.

No. 65.

3rd November 1977.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs to the effect that Her Majesty will not be advised to exercise her powers of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Colony —

2/77	Supplementary Appropriation (1975-76) Ordinance 1977	TRE/14/6
3/77	Post Office (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	P&T/10/3
4/77	Stanley Town Public Services (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	INT/10/3
6/77	Government Employees Provident Fund (Repeal) Ordinance 1977	TRE/2/4
7/77	Executive Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977	EXC/10/1
8/77	Legislative Council (Allowances) Ordinance 1977	LEC/10/2
9/77	Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	INC/10/5
10/77	Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	TRE/2/1
11/77	Non-contributory Old Age Pensions (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	TRE/2/2
12/77	Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1977	LEG/10/45
13/77	Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance 1977	LEG/10/5
14/77	Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance	LEG/10/5
15/77	Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) Ordinance 1977	LEC/10/1
16/77	Stanley Airport (Regulations) Ordinance 1977	AIR/10/5
17/77	Income Tax (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977	INC/10/5
18/77	Income Tax (Amendment) (No. 3) Ordinance 1977	INC/10/5
19/77	Legislative Council (Elections) (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977	LEC/10/1.

Ref. LEG/10/42.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of  
the Falkland Islands appointing William Robert Luxton,  
Esquire, to be a Member of the Executive Council.

J. R. W. PARKER,



*By His Excellency* JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER,  
ESQUIRE, *Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British  
Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the  
Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.*

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 13th day of December 1948, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet.

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 13th day of December 1948, it is declared that the Governor may, from time to time, appoint persons other than ex-officio Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint—

WILLIAM ROBERT LUXTON, ESQUIRE,

to be a Member of my Executive Council.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 1st day of November in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

JOHN MASSINGHAM,  
*Chief Secretary.*

EXC, 19/1C.

# PROCLAMATION

No. 5 of 1977

Made under section 2 of the Place-Names Ordinance 1956.

IN THE NAME of Her Majesty ELIZABETH II., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories Queen, Head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

WHEREAS it is provided by section 2 of the Place-Names Ordinance 1956 that the Governor may by Proclamation under his hand declare and publish a list of the names of various islands and lands constituting the Dependencies and of the coasts, peninsulas, capes, headlands, seas, straits, sounds, bays, inlets and other physical features thereof; and of the harbours and whaling stations therein, and may from time to time in like manner add to or alter such list;

AND WHEREAS it appears to the Governor expedient that the list of place-names declared and published under Proclamation No. 3 of 1975 should be added to and altered:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, do hereby DECLARE the place-names in the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, listed in the Gazetteer of the Falkland Islands Dependencies (South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands) published by Her Majesty's Stationery Office, London, and dated the 1st December 1976 to be accepted as place-names for official use.

Proclamations No. 1 of 1963, No. 3 of 1964, No. 1 of 1974 and No. 3 of 1975 are hereby cancelled.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 1st day of November in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.



J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Ref. SG/31/1.



# THE FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. LXXXVI

16 DECEMBER 1977

No. 15

## Appointment

Gerald Morrison, Assistant Filtration Plant Operator, Public Works Department, 6.7.77.

## Acting Appointment

Len McGill, Officer-in-Charge, Central Store, 14.11.77.

## Resignation

Miss Margaret Larsen, Telephone Operator, Posts & Telecommunications Department, 12.12.77.

## NOTICES

No. 66. 13th December 1977.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs to the effect that Her Majesty will not be advised to exercise her powers of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Dependencies of the Falkland Islands:

No.	Title	Ref.
DS 1/77	Application of Colony Laws Ordinance 1977	LEG/10/37.
DS 2/77	Appropriation (Dependencies) (1975-76) Ordinance 1977	SG/14/4.
		Ref. LEG/10/42.

No. 67. 13th December 1977.

It is hereby notified that the following dates have been set aside as Public Holidays in Stanley in 1978:

New Year's Day (in lieu of)	... Monday, 2nd January
Good Friday	... Friday, 24th March
Her Majesty the Queen's Birthday	... Friday, 21st April
October Bank Holiday	... Monday, 2nd October
Anniversary of the Battle of the Falkland Islands	... Friday, 8th December
Christmas Holidays	... Monday, 25th December Tuesday, 26th December Wednesday, 27th December.

Ref. INT/21/5.

## In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

IN THE MATTER of the Estate of Francis Henry Hewitt Smith, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all creditors and other persons having claims against the estate of the late Francis Henry Hewitt Smith of Johnson's Harbour who died at Stanley on the 3rd day of July 1977, are requested to send in writing particulars of their claims to me the undersigned, on or before the 19th day of December 1977, after which date I will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased.

L. J. WATSON,  
*Administrator.*

Stanley.

18th November 1977.

## In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands

NOTICE UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ORDINANCE (Cap. 1)

IN THE MATTER of Agnes Christina Clasen deceased of Goose Green, Falkland Islands, who died at Stanley on the 22nd March 1977, intestate.

WHEREAS Frederick James Clasen, widower of the above-named deceased has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the estate of the said deceased in the Colony.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to section 4 of the Administration of Estates Ordinance to all persons resident in the Colony who may have prior claim to such grant that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the publication hereof.

H. BENNETT,  
*Registrar.*

Stanley,

Falkland Islands.

1st December 1977.

SC & L/17/77.

## CUSTOMS ORDINANCE (Cap. 16)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Customs Ordinance I hereby appoint Mr. D. Evans to be a Deputy Collector of Customs for the purpose of clearing "Lindblad Explorer" from New Island, Falkland Islands on the 9th December 1977.

5th December 1977.

L. J. HALLIDAY,  
*Collector of Customs.*

## Appointment of Governor's Deputy and specification of powers and functions vested in the Governor which he may exercise and perform.

WHEREAS paragraph (1) of Article 8 of the Falkland Islands Letters Patent, 1948 to 1962, provides that whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from the Colony, or to be absent from the Colony for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may, by Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint any person in the Colony to be his Deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall be specified in such Instrument:

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Letters Patent, 1908, provides that the Officer for the time being Administering the Government of the Colony of the Falkland Islands shall be Governor for the time being of the Falkland Islands Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 16th day of December 1977.

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the powers aforesaid I, JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, ESQUIRE, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, do hereby appoint GORDON JAMES AUGUSTUS SLATER, ESQUIRE, to be Governor's Deputy in and for the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor (except while and in so far as provision to the contrary made by the Governor under Article 8 of the said Letters Patent is operative) and subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent, all such powers and functions as are vested in the Governor other than those vested by sections 6, 18 and 21A, sub-section (1) of section 24 and sub-section (1) of section 26, of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Orders, 1948 to 1973, by paragraph (1) of Article 10 and Articles 13, 15 and 16 of the said Letters Patent and by paragraph (b) of clause 3, sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (1) of clause 5 and clause 22 of the Royal Instructions to the Governor dated the 13th day of December 1948.

This Instrument shall come into operation on the 16th day of December 1977 and shall remain in force until my return to Stanley.

LS

GIVEN under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands at Government House, Stanley, this 15th day of December in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-seven.

J. R. W. PARKER.  
*Governor and Commander-in-Chief.*

## BY THE QUEEN A PROCLAMATION

DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS FOR,  
AND GIVING CURRENCY TO, SILVER AND CUPRO-NICKEL  
COINS IN HER MAJESTY'S COLONY OF THE FALKLAND  
ISLANDS.

*ELIZABETH R*

*RICHARD*

WHEREAS Her Majesty, in pursuance of the Regency Acts 1937 to 1953, was pleased, by Letters Patent dated the 10th day of October 1977, to delegate to the six Counsellors of State therein named or any two or more of them full power and authority during the period of Her Majesty's absence from the United Kingdom to summon and hold on Her Majesty's behalf Her Privy Council and to approve and sign on Her Majesty's behalf any Proclamation relating to the affairs of any of Her Majesty's Colonies and to do on Her Majesty's behalf anything required to be done in relation to any such Proclamation:

Now, therefore, We, Elizabeth the Queen Mother and Richard, Duke of Gloucester, being authorised thereto by the said Letters Patent, and in pursuance of the powers conferred by section 11 of the Coinage Act 1870, and all other powers enabling Her Majesty, and by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council, do on Her Majesty's behalf proclaim, direct and ordain as follows —

1. This Proclamation shall be published in the Official Gazette of the Falkland Islands and shall come into force there on the date of such publication.
2. New coins, being coins of standard weight of 28.28 grams, a standard diameter of 38.61 millimetres and of a circular shape, of the following denominations shall be made at Her Majesty's Mint —
  - (a) silver coins of the denomination of fifty pence;
  - (b) cupro-nickel coins of the denomination of fifty pence.
3. The designs for the said coins shall be as follows —
  - (a) The obverse shall have the impression of Her Majesty's Effigy with the inscription "QUEEN ELIZABETH THE SECOND 1952-1977".
  - (b) The reverse shall have the impression of the Coat of Arms of the Falkland Islands with additional embellishment in the form of a running cord or rope with the inscription "FALKLAND ISLANDS" at the top and at the bottom "FIFTY PENCE".
  - (c) Every silver and cupro-nickel coin shall have graining on the edge.
4. The said coins shall be current within Her Majesty's Colony of the Falkland Islands.

Given at the Court of Saint James, this 25th day of October  
in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and  
seventy-seven and in the twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's  
Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 28th day of November 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. 20



1977

Colony of the Falkland Islands

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

### An Ordinance

Title.

Further to amend the Family Allowances  
Ordinance 1960.

Date of commencement.

(1st January 1978)

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland  
Islands, as follows —

Short title and commence-  
ment.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Family Allowances  
(Amendment) Ordinance 1977 and shall come into operation on the  
1st day of January 1978.

Amendment of section 3.  
9 of 1960.

2. Section 3 of the Family Allowances Ordinance 1960 is  
amended in subsection (2) by substituting —

- (i) for "fifty pence",  
"one pound"; and
- (ii) for "one pound",  
"two pounds".

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me  
with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found  
by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

W. A. ETHERIDGE,  
*Clerk of Councils.*

Ref. TRE/10/1.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 24th day of November 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. DS 3



1977

Falkland Islands Dependencies

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
**Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.**  
JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

**An Ordinance**

To provide for the service between the  
first day of July 1976 and the thirtieth day  
of June 1977.

Title.

(1st July 1976)

Date of commencement.

ENACTED for the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and the Dependencies thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the  
Appropriation (Dependencies) (1976-77) Ordinance 1977.

Short title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of Public Revenue and other funds of the Dependencies and applied to the service of the period ending the thirtieth day of June 1977 a sum not exceeding thirty-nine thousand and thirty-four pounds which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the period from the first day of July 1976 to the thirtieth day of June 1977.

Appropriation of  
£39,034 for service of the  
year ending 30th June  
1977.

**SCHEDULE**

Schedule.

Head of Service					Amount
A.	Personal Emoluments	...	...	...	590
B.	Other Charges	...	...	...	38,444
Total Expenditure					£ 39,034

Promulgated by the Governor on the 24th day of November 1977.

JOHN MASSINGHAM,  
*Chief Secretary.*

Ref. SG/14/5.



Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 24th day of November 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

LS

No. DS 4



1977

Falkland Islands Dependencies

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

JAMES ROLAND WALTER PARKER, O.B.E.  
*Governor.*

An Ordinance

Title.

To provide for the service between the first day of July 1977 and the thirtieth day of June 1978.

Date of commencement.

(1st July 1977)

ENACTED for the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and the Dependencies thereof, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (Dependencies) (1977-78) Ordinance 1977.

Appropriation of £84,646 for service of the year ending 30th June 1978.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of Public Revenue and other funds of the Dependencies and applied to the service of the period ending the thirtieth day of June 1978 a sum not exceeding eighty-four thousand, six hundred and forty-six pounds which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the period from the first day of July 1977 to the thirtieth day of June 1978.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Head of Service					Amount
A.	Personal Emoluments	...	...	...	973
B.	Other Charges	...	...	...	23,673
C.	Special Expenditure	...	...	...	60,000
Total Expenditure					£ 84,646

Promulgated by the Governor on the 24th day of November 1977.

JOHN MASSINGHAM,  
*Chief Secretary.*

Ref. SG/14/6.

FUGITIVE OFFENDERS ACT 1967  
(1967 c. 68)

Fugitive Offenders (United Kingdom Dependencies) (Amendment)  
Order 1977.

No. 4 of 1977.

J. R. W. PARKER,  
*Governor.*

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 2 (2) (c) and (3) of the Fugitive Offenders Act 1967 and the Fugitive Offenders (Falkland Islands and Dependencies) Order 1968, the Governor with the approval of the Secretary of State, has made the following Order —

1967 c. 68.  
S.I. 113 of 1968.

1. This Order may be cited as the Fugitive Offenders (United Kingdom Dependencies) (Amendment) Order 1977.

2. For the proviso set out in Article 4 of the Fugitive Offenders (United Kingdom Dependencies) Order 1969 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Order") there shall be substituted the following — 2 of 1969.

"Provided that an offence of which a person is accused or has been convicted in the New Hebrides shall not be a relevant offence unless he is liable to be tried therefor or, as the case may be, has been convicted thereof, by the High Court of the New Hebrides or by the former High Court of the Western Pacific or by the Joint Court established for the New Hebrides."

3. For the words "British Solomon Islands Protectorate" in Article 3 of the principal Order and in the Schedule to that Order there shall be substituted the words "Solomon Islands".

4. The words "Brunei" and "The Government of Brunei" shall be omitted from the Schedule to the principal Order.

5. For the words "Her Majesty's High Commissioner for the Western Pacific or the Resident Commissioner for the New Hebrides acting with his authority" in the Schedule to the principal Order there shall be substituted the words "The Resident Commissioner in the New Hebrides".

*By Command,*

JOHN MASSINGHAM,  
*Chief Secretary.*

Ref LEG/10/22D.

## PROTECTION OF WRECKS ORDINANCE 1977

(No. 12 of 1977)

## Protection of Wrecks (Designation) Order 1977

No. 5 of 1977

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 3 (1) of the Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1977 the Governor has made the following order —

## Citation.

1. This order may be cited as the Protection of Wrecks (Designation) Order 1977.

## Designation of restricted area.

2. An area within 300 yards of the centre of the site of the vessel St. Mary lying wrecked at Kelp Lagoon, Fitzroy, Falkland Islands is hereby designated as a restricted area within the meaning of section 3 of the Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1977.

*By Command,*

JOHN MASSINGHAM,  
*Chief Secretary.*

1st December 1977

Ref. LEG/10/45

## AIR NAVIGATION (OVERSEAS TERRITORIES) ORDER 1977

## Customs (Stanley Airport) Order 1977

No. 6 of 1977

S.I. 1977  
No. 422

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by Article 76 of the Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977 the Governor has made the following order —

## Citation.

1. This order may be cited as the Customs (Stanley Airport) Order 1977

## Designation of customs airport.

2. Stanley Airport situated at Cape Pembroke Peninsular is hereby designated a customs airport within the meaning of Article 76 of the Air Navigation (Overseas Territories) Order 1977.

*By Command,*

JOHN MASSINGHAM,  
*Chief Secretary.*

1st December 1977

Ref. AIR/10/3 II

A Bill for  
An Ordinance

Further to amend the Stanley Town Public Title.  
Services Ordinance 1973.

( 19 ) Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Enacting clause.  
Falkland Islands, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Public Short title.  
Services (Amendment) Ordinance 1978.

2. Subsection (2) of section 25 of the Stanley Town Public Amendment of section 25.  
Services Ordinance 1973 is amended by inserting after “offence” the 6 of 1973.  
following —

“and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not  
exceeding £200”.

OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill provides for a penalty which may be imposed in respect of  
the contravention of any rules made under Part II of the Stanley Town Public  
Services Ordinance 1973.

Ref. INT/10/3.

A Bill for  
An Ordinance

Title.

To amend the Protection of Wrecks Ordinance  
1977.

Date of commencement.

( 19 )

Enacting clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the  
Falkland Islands, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Protection of Wrecks  
(Amendment) Ordinance 1978.

Amendment of section 6.  
12 of 1977.

2. Section 6 of the Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1977  
is amended by deleting "less than £400" and substituting the  
following —

"more than £1,000".

---

OBJECTS AND REASONS

The provisions of this Bill fix the maximum penalty to which a person  
guilty of an offence under the Protection of Wrecks Ordinance 1977 may be  
liable.

Ref. LEG/10/45.

A Bill for  
An Ordinance  
To amend the Christ Church Trust Ordinance.

Title.

( 19 )

Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Christ Church Trust (Amendment) Ordinance 1978.

Short title.

2. The preamble of the Christ Church Trust Ordinance (hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance) is amended by inserting after "1892," the following —

Amendment of preamble.

"revised and published as a New Constitution on the 22nd day of December 1974,".

3. Section 2 of the principal Ordinance is amended by deleting "clause 18, or hereafter to be assumed under clause 19, of the said Deed of Constitution and Consecration" and substituting the following —

Amendment of section 2.

"clause 5 of the said New Constitution".

---

OBJECTS AND REASONS

The amendments made by this Bill are consequential upon the revision of the Deed of Constitution and Consecration of Christ Church Cathedral.

Ref. INT/39/2.

## Registration of United Kingdom Patents Ordinance (Cap. 58)

It is hereby notified for general information that Letters Patent, particulars of which appear in the Schedule hereto have been registered in the Register of Patents on the dates shown.

H. Bennett,  
*Registrar General.*

### SCHEDULE

Registration No.	Date of Registration	Name of Applicant	Registered Address	No. of grant in United Kingdom	Nature of Invention
5143	17.7.70	Farbwerke Hoechst Aktiengesellschaft, vormals Meister Lucius & Bruning	6230 Frankfurt, (M)-Hoechst, Germany.	1,149,391	"Benzenesulphonyl-ureas and process for their manufacture"
5268	6.5.71	Eli Lilly and Company ... ..	740 South Alabama Street, Indianapolis, State of Indiana, U.S.A.	1,174,435	"7-Alpha-amino-3-methyl cephalosporin analogues, pharmaceutical compositions comprising the same and processes for preparing the same"
5474	22.8.72	E. I. Du Pont de Nemours & Company	Wilmington 98, State of Delaware, U.S.A.	1,181,023	"1-Carbamoyl-N-(substituted-carbamoyloxy) - Thioformimidates and their use as pesticides"
5761	16.1.74	Imperial Chemical Industries Limited	Imperial Chemical House, Millbank, London, SW1P 4QG	1,317,320	"Method and apparatus for seismic prospecting"
5968	28.1.75	Eli Lilly and Company ... ..	307 East McCarty Street, City of Indianapolis, State of Indiana, U.S.A.	1,283,811	"3-Mercaptothiazole or mercaptotetrazole cephalosporins and process for preparing the same"
6010	28.5.75	Eli Lilly and Company ... ..	307 East McCarty Street, City of Indianapolis, State of Indiana, U.S.A.	1,269,851	"Sweetened compositions"
6011	28.5.75	Eli Lilly and Company ... ..	307 East McCarty Street, City of Indianapolis, State of Indiana, U.S.A.	1,269,852	"6-Trifluoromethyl-tryptophane and process for producing the same"
6093	19.8.75	Imperial Chemical Industries Limited	Imperial Chemical House, Millbank, London, SW1P 4QG	1,376,513	"Marine seismic prospecting"
6274	26.7.76	Imperial Chemical Industries Limited	Imperial Chemical House, Millbank, London, SW1P 4QG	1,415,706	"Marine seismic prospecting"
6281	10.8.76	F. Hoffman-la Roche Aktiengesellschaft	124-184 Grenzacherstrasse, Basle, Switzerland	1,331,823	"A benzodiazepine derivative"
6355	7.4.77	Eli Lilly and Company ... ..	307 East McCarty Street, City of Indianapolis, State of Indiana, U.S.A.	1,345,676	"Antibiotic A"

## Registration of United Kingdom Trade Marks Ordinance (Cap. 59)

The following list of Trade Marks Registrations renewed in the Falkland Islands during the period 1st January 1975 to 31st December 1975, is published for general information. The Trade Marks Register may be inspected at the Office of the Registrar General, Stanley.

H. Bennett,  
Registrar General.

Registration No.	Renewal No.	Effective date of renewal	Proprietor	Description of Goods
5221	5964	9.1.75	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured, for export from the United Kingdom to and sale in all countries of the world except the Channel Islands, the Republic of Ireland, Fiji and Malta.
5005	5965	15.12.74	Distillers Corporation (S.A.) Limited	Spirits (beverages) and liqueurs.
5007	5967	28.12.74	The National Brewing Co.	Malt beverages included in Class 32.
5050	5969	30.1.75	The Rover Company, Limited	Land motor vehicles and parts thereof included in Class 12.
4955	5970	8.8.75	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco, cigarettes, cigars and cigarillos.
3107	5971	14.9.74	Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc.	grooved phonograph records, phonographs, phonograph turntables, phonograph pick-ups, loud speakers, amplifiers, record changers, tone arms and apparatus for reproducing sound, all these goods being sold complete.
3950	5972	10.3.75	Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc.	Gramophone records; record players, pick-ups, radio receiving apparatus, apparatus for amplifying sound, television receiving apparatus, aerials, loud speakers; and parts of all said goods included in Class 9.
5174	5975	24.11.74	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken G.m.b.H.	tobacco; cigarettes, cigars and cigarillos; and cigarette papers.
4836	5976	14.3.75	Castrol Limited	Industrial oils and greases (other than edible oils and fats and essential oils); and lubricants and fuels.
5307	5982	14.1.75	RCA Corporation	Apparatus and instruments, all for recording, storing, transmitting, relaying, receiving, reproducing, analysing, processing and/or selecting information, data, sound, music, pictures and/or signals, gauges; apparatus and instruments for testing, measuring, weighing, and indicating; laser apparatus; apparatus and instruments, all included in Class 9 for controlling machines or industrial processes, and for research and investigation; recording media and cartridges for storing recording tapes and wires; apparatus and instruments, all included in Class 9 for the navigation and/or control of land, water, air and/or space vehicles and of satellites or rockets in space or in aerospace; apparatus and instruments for use in radio, telegraph and telephone communication, and in television and signalling; apparatus and instruments, all included in Class 9 for scientific purposes and for use in laboratories; apparatus for teaching; parts included in Class 9 of all the aforesaid goods.
5306	5983	2.1.75	RCA Corporation	Machines for washing and/or drying laundry; machines for manufacturing television tubes; electric generators; electric motors (not for land vehicles); and parts included in Class 7 of all the aforesaid goods.



Registration No.	Renewal No.	Effective date of renewal	Proprietor	Description of Goods
5308	5984	2.1.75	RCA Corporation ... ..	installations and appliances included in Class 11 for heating, lighting, cooking, cooling, refrigerating, air conditioning, ventilating, drying and for sanitary purposes; and parts included in Class 11 of all the aforesaid goods.
4892	5985	31.12.74	Chesebrough-Pond's Inc. ... ..	chemical substances prepared for use in medicine and pharmacy.
3330	5986	26.3.75	Timex Corporation ... ..	all goods included in Class 14 but not including smokers' articles or any goods of the same description as smokers' articles.
3758	5992	17.4.75	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
5420	5993	28.3.75	P. J. Carroll & Co. Ltd. ... ..	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
2937	5994	28.2.75	Williams & Humbert Ltd. ... ..	sherry wine.
5206	5996	5.3.75	N. V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken ... ..	gramophone record containers of cardboard, of paper, or of flexible plastic film, albums for gramophone records.
4006	5997	29.1.75	The Coca-Cola Company ... ..	all goods included in Class 30, but not including cereals.
4007	5998	29.1.75	The Coca-Cola Company ... ..	preparations included in Class 32 for making beverages.
5001	5999	20.2.75	The Coca-Cola Company ... ..	non-alcoholic beverages and preparations for making beverages, all included in Class 32.
3772	6004	2.4.75	Imperial Chemical Industries ... ..	The heading of Class 22 is as follows— Ropes, string, nets, tents, awnings, tarpaulins, sails, sacks; padding and stuffing materials (hair, capoc, feathers, seaweed, etc.); raw fibrous textile materials.
3800	6007	15.6.75	William Grant & Sons Ltd. ... ..	blended Scotch Whisky (in bottles only) for export.
5204	6016	4.6.75	N. V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken ... ..	all goods included in Class 11. The heading of Class 11 is as follows— Installations for lighting, heating, steam generating, cooking, refrigerating, drying, ventilating, water supply and sanitary purposes.
5286	6017	1.7.75	N. V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken ... ..	industrial oils and greases (other than edible oils and fats and essential oils); lubricants; dust laying and absorbing compositions; none of the aforesaid goods being for vehicles.
3231	6018	12.7.75	S. Simpson, Ltd. ... ..	trousers.
1432	6023	28.6.75	Chesebrough-Pond's Inc. ... ..	ointments, cerates, and cold creams, all being medicated preparations, and petroleum jelly prepared for use in medicine and pharmacy; none being goods for manufacture and sale in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.
5250	6032	21.6.75	The Coca-Cola Company ... ..	non-alcoholic beverages and preparations for making such beverages; all included in Class 32.
3439	6033	9.7.75	Swift & Company ... ..	coffee, cocoa, sugar, rice, tapioca, sago, flour, food preparations for human use made from cereals; bread, biscuits (other than biscuits for animals), cakes, pastry, ices, honey, treacle; yeast, baking powder, salt (for food), mustard, pepper, vinegar, sauces, spices (other than poultry spice); and ice.
3438	6034	9.7.75	Swift & Company ... ..	all goods included in Class 29. The heading of Class 29 is as follows— Meat, fish, poultry and game, meat extracts; preserved, dried and cooked fruits and vegetables; jellies; jams; eggs, milk and other dairy products; edible oils and fats; preserves, pickles . . .

Registra- tion No.	Renewal No.	Effective date of renewal	Proprietor	Description of Goods
1445	6035	21.8.75	John Dewar & Sons Limited	whisky.
3169	6038	7.7.75	John Dewar & Sons Limited	scotch whisky.
1664	6041	30.7.75	Beecham Group Limited	saline being a medicinal preparation included in Class 3.
5285	6042	10.7.75	N. V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken ...	toys and playthings, all being mechanically, electrically or electronically operated; and parts and fittings included in Class 28 for all the aforesaid goods.
5374	6074	10.7.75	N. V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken ...	electrically operated horological and chronometric instruments and electrically operated clocks, all for incorporation into scientific, electrical and electronic apparatus; and parts and fittings included in Class 14 for the aforesaid instruments and clocks.
3771	6075	2.4.75	Carreras Limited	manufactured tobacco.
5234	6076	7.5.75	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured, for export from the United Kingdom to and sale in all countries of the world, except the Channel Islands, the Republic of Ireland, Fiji and Malta.
4289	6077	9.6.75	American-Cigarette Company (Overseas) Limited ...	all goods included in Class 34. The heading of Class 34 is as follows — tobacco, raw and manufactured; smokers' articles; matches.
5377	6083	10.7.75	N. V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken ...	scientific, electrical, nautical, surveying, electronic, control and welding apparatus and instruments, all included in Class 9; wireless, television, telecommunication, photographic, cinematographic, optical, weighing, measuring, signalling, checking (supervision), life saving and teaching apparatus and instruments; coin or counter-freed apparatus; talking machines; sound and image amplifying, recording and reproducing apparatus, instruments and media; gramophone records, tapes for reproducing and recording sound and images, carrying cases for gramophone records, racks adapted to hold gramophone records; fitted cases, cassettes and reels, all for the storage of recording tapes and for recording wires; spindle hole adaptors for gramophone records; films prepared for exhibition, cassettes or containers included in Class 9 for storage of films; microphones; photographic flash lamps; photographic dark room lamps; infra-red and ultra-violet apparatus and lamps, all included in Class 9; electronic tubes (not for lighting); semi-conducting devices included in Class 9; photo-electric cells; electrodes and holders therefor; protective shields, goggles and clothing for protection against accident or injury (not wholly or principally of rubber, synthetic rubber, balata, gutta percha or caoutchouc), all for use by welding operatives; wire and cables, all being electric; cases fitted or shaped for scientific, mechanical, electrical and electronic apparatus and instruments; computers, data processing apparatus, adding machines, accounting machines, counting machines, invoicing machines, apparatus for recording data on cards by means of perforations and telegraphic transmitting and receiving apparatus (all using perforated paper strips), and combinations of any of the aforesaid apparatus and instruments; cash registers; calculating machines; fire extinguishing apparatus; parts included in Class 9 of electrical, optical and mechanical signal transmission apparatus for use with accounting machines, calculating machines typewriters and with recording and counting registers; electrical registering apparatus; relays included in Class 9; time recording instruments, instruments for the automatic control of predetermined signals, automatically controlled devices for feeding paper into accounting machines, all being electrically operated; and parts and fittings included in Class 9 for all the aforesaid goods.

Registration No.	Renewal No.	Effective date of renewal	Proprietor	Description of Goods
5374	6084	10.7.75	N. V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken	(As registration No. 5377 - Renewal No. 6083).
5046	6099	12.11.75	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.
3233	6091	6.9.75	S. Simpson, Limited	complete articles of clothing, but not including trousers or suits or outer clothing.
2489	6092	18.10.75	Pye Limited	radio apparatus and parts thereof; gramophone pick-ups; microphones, amplifiers and loud-speakers, all for use in the electrical reproduction of sound; television apparatus and parts thereof; electrical oscillation generators; electric batteries and electric accumulators.
5222	6096	24.7.75	Rothmans of Pall Mall Limited	tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured for export from the United Kingdom, to and sale in all countries of the world except the Channel Islands, the Republic of Ireland, Fiji and Malta.
5046	6099	12.11.75	Tanqueray Gordon & Co. Limited	spirituous liquors (beverages).
3329	6106	18.10.75	Philip Morris Incorporated	cigarettes.
3430	6107	25.11.75	British-American Tobacco Company Limited	cigarettes.
5331	6108	21.10.75	Interbank Card Association	paper and paper articles, all included in Class 16; books and printed matter.
2861	6109	22.11.75	John Walker & Sons Limited	fermented liquors and spirits.
5240	6113	21.10.75	Interbank Card Association	paper and paper articles, all included in Class 16; books and printed matter.
5223	6119	12.12.75	Reemtsma Cigarettenfabriken, G.m.b.H.	tobacco, cigars, cigarettes and snuff.
1484	6120	3.10.75	The Borden Company	powdered milk.
5183	6121	18.12.75	Sperry Rand Corporation	steering and stabilising apparatus for aircraft and for water craft, and hydraulically operated stabilising apparatus for ships.
3869	6122	17.10.75	Unilever Limited	toilet soap (perfumed).

## Registration of United Kingdom Trade Marks Ordinance (Cap. 59)

The following list of Trade Marks Registered in the Falkland Islands during the period 1st January 1975 to 31st December 1975 is published for general information. The Trade Marks Register may be inspected at the Office of the Registrar General, Stanley.

H. Bennett,  
Registrar General.

Registration No.	Date of Registration	Proprietor	Description of Goods
5966	28.1.75	The Van Ryn Wine & Spirit Company Limited ... ..	South African liqueurs and brandy.
6002	9.4.75	Cussons (International) Limited ... ..	perfumes, non-medicated toilet preparations, cosmetic preparations, dentifrices, depilatory preparations, toilet articles (not included in other classes), sachets for use in waving hair, shampoos, soaps and essential oils.
6003	9.4.75	Cussons (International) Limited ... ..	deodorants for personal use, for export.
6015	5.6.75	White Horse Distillers Limited ... ..	Scotch Whisky.
6019	10.6.75	Nestles's Products Limited ... ..	dietetic foods and dietetic beverages; infants' and invalids' foods; none being for export to that part of the People's Republic of Southern Yemen formerly known as Aden, or to Bahrain.
6020	10.6.75	Chesebrough-Pond's Inc. ... ..	petroleum jelly used for the currying and stuffing of leather. 'VASELINE'
6021	10.6.75	Chesebrough-Pond's Inc. ... ..	toilet articles (not included in other classes) and preparations for the hair, none being goods for manufacture and sale in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man. 'VASELINE'
6022	10.6.75	Chesebrough-Pond's Inc. ... ..	lubricants. 'VASELINE'
6026	19.6.75	BASF Aktiengesellschaft ... ..	chemical products for industrial purposes; plastics in the form of chips, beads, granules, powder, dispersions and solutions, for industrial use; fertilisers. 'BASF'
6028	19.6.75	BASF Aktiengesellschaft ... ..	chemical products included in Class 1 for use in agriculture, horticulture and forestry; and chemical substances for use in making silage. 'BASF'
6028A	19.6.75	BASF Aktiengesellschaft ... ..	colouring matters (other than for laundry or toilet use) and dyestuffs (not for toilet purposes). 'BASF'
6029	19.6.75	BASF Aktiengesellschaft ... ..	herbicides and pesticides. 'BASF'
6030	19.6.75	BASF Aktiengesellschaft ... ..	magnetic recording tapes. 'BASF'
6031	19.6.75	BASF Aktiengesellschaft ... ..	electronic data processing apparatus and instruments; peripheral apparatus and instruments, all for process control in industrial processes; electronic storage and retrieval information apparatus for use with data processing systems; electronic sound and video recording and reproducing apparatus and instruments; magnetic heads; automatic controls for speed, tone and picture quality; pick-ups; microphones; loudspeakers and headphones; radio and television sets; audiovisual apparatus and instruments; picture

Registration No.	Date of Registration	Proprietor	Description of Goods
			and film production apparatus; programme testing devices and electronic instructional apparatus; teaching and instruction programmes recorded on film, magnetic tapes, discs and disc-packs; unrecorded and pre-recorded magnetic tapes, discs and disc-packs, all for sound recording and for use with motion pictures and motion picture stills, data processing apparatus, measured value recordings and control signals; cassettes containing magnetic tapes, discs and disc-packs, gramophone records and video-discs; cassettes for the storage of magnetic tapes, discs, disc-packs, audio and video-discs; reels for magnetic tapes; electric batteries and accumulators.
6086	6.8.75	Interlight ... ..	office requisites (other than furniture) and writing implements.
6095	9.9.75	Time Computer Inc. ... ..	watches and clocks; horological and chronometrical instruments and parts and fittings for all the aforesaid goods.
6114	21.10.75	The Gillette Company ... ..	writing instruments, inks included in Class 16; stationery.

VICEROY

Reg. No. 5966

LEATHER

Reg. No's 6002 & 6003



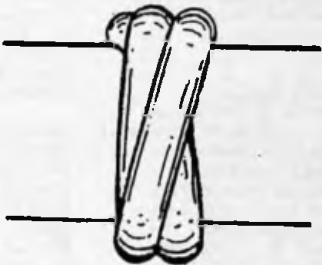
Reg. No. 6015



Reg. No. 6031

Nestlé

Reg. No. 6019



Reg. No. 6086

PULSARE

Reg. No. 6095



Reg. No. 6114

FARMING STATISTICS FOR 1976-77

Prepared from information furnished in accordance with Section 40 of the Live Stock Ordinance, Cap. 40.

OWNER	NAME OF STATION	RAMS	EWES			WETHERS	HOGGETS	TOTAL	SHEEP SHORN
			BREEDING	CAST	MAIDEN				
EAST FALKLAND									
H. & R. Hills	Moody Valley *	34	685	* 250	146	1,333	413	2,861	2,761
San Carlos Sheep Farming Co., Ltd.	San Carlos	373	8,230	1,158	2,543	8,808	5,413	26,525	23,297
R. M. Pitaluga & Co., Ltd.	Gibraltar	171	5,466	220	1,558	6,869	3,562	17,846	15,358
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Darwin & Walker Creek	1,281	33,629	344	10,414	36,051	19,846	101,565	93,412
" " " "	Fitzroy	309	8,938	987	2,400	5,289	5,843	23,766	21,260
" " " "	Green Patch	150	3,642	† 3,056	1,235	6,814	2,015	16,912	14,710
" " " "	Berkeley Sound	173	5,632	315	1,308	4,911	3,016	15,355	13,327
Smith Bros.									
Mrs. G. E. Browning	Mullet Creek	37	779	63	—	266	184	1,329	1,022
& R. W. Browning	Bluff Cove	52	1,808	—	340	616	664	3,480	2,616
Mrs. S. R. Stewart	Port Louis	204	4,175	220	937	3,634	1,992	11,162	9,676
Port Louis Ltd.	Douglas	252	5,881	† 460	1,190	5,712	2,732	16,227	13,915
Douglas Station, Ltd.	Port San Carlos	388	10,700	—	3,100	8,961	7,899	31,048	26,320
Port San Carlos, Ltd.	Evelyn	383	8,398	293	2,010	5,651	5,371	22,106	19,015
Teal Inlet, Ltd.	Rincon Grande	150	2,893	600	570	3,900	1,082	9,195	8,530
Estate H. J. Pitaluga	Sparrow Cove	16	356	—	—	124	410	906	859
C. Bundes & R. Hills	North Arm	934	21,660	5,386	5,445	18,751	13,038	65,214	60,818
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Bluff Cove								
R. J. & P. Goss	Mountain	1	—	1,082	115	43	70	1,311	821
		4,908	122,872	14,434	33,311	117,733	73,550	366,808	327,717

\* Includes Port Harriet Farm

\* 100 Dry † 2,701 Dry ‡ Dry

WEST FALKLAND									
J. L. Waldron, Ltd.	Port Howard	366	13,390	—	4,014	11,991	7,871	37,632	35,254
Holmested Blake & Co., Ltd.	Hill Cove	422	11,678	1,132	3,213	13,195	6,520	36,160	32,836
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Port Stephens	170	12,120	—	2,279	10,643	4,635	29,847	25,931
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Fox Bay West	373	9,988	468	2,892	10,526	6,014	30,261	26,609
Packe Bros. & Co. Ltd.	Fox Bay East	319	9,921	160	2,443	8,866	6,112	27,821	25,032
Chartres Sheep Farming Company, Ltd.	Chartres	470	8,745	595	2,710	8,867	5,518	26,905	25,589
Bertrand & Felton, Ltd.	Roy Cove	168	6,465	196	2,201	7,192	3,317	19,539	*
		2,288	72,307	2,551	19,752	71,280	39,987	208,165	171,251

\* Figure not available

ISLANDS									
J. Hamilton, (Estates) Ltd.	Weddell Group	176	3,731	195	947	3,172	2,116	10,337	9,953
" " " "	Saunders	113	2,578	—	608	2,620	1,361	7,280	6,439
Dean Bros. Ltd.	Pebble	199	5,369	600	1,520	2,828	2,988	13,504	17,779
R. McGill	Carcass	16	420	* 177	203	687	374	1,877	2,016
New Is. Preservation Ltd.	New	8	621	30	290	1,043	440	2,432	2,364
T. C. Clifton	Sea Lion	10	463	120	142	589	286	1,610	1,561
R. B. Napier	West Point	12	600	—	411	870	336	2,220	2,197
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Speedwell Group	94	2,827	1,521	1,024	4,240	2,201	11,907	11,271
W. MacBeth	Sedge	12	130	120	70	602	95	1,029	945
Falkland Islands Co., Ltd.	Lively & Bleaker	89	2,281	—	890	2,921	1,654	7,835	7,633
S. R. & C. Miller	Keppel	26	945	80	253	1,198	601	3,103	3,017
		755	19,965	2,843	6,358	20,770	12,452	63,143	65,175

\* Dry

SUMMARY 1972-77

EAST FALKLAND	...	...	...	...	4,908	122,872	14,434	33,311	117,733	73,550	366,808	327,717
WEST FALKLAND	...	...	...	...	2,288	72,307	2,551	19,752	71,280	39,987	208,165	171,251
ISLANDS	...	...	...	...	755	19,965	2,843	6,358	20,770	12,452	63,143	65,175
TOTALS	1976-1977	7,951	215,144	19,828	59,421	209,783	125,989	638,116	564,143			
	1975-1976	7,872	218,512	13,921	60,271	212,241	131,902	644,819	580,724			
	1974-1975	8,020	218,460	11,606	60,968	209,506	135,454	644,014	565,631			
	1973-1974	7,786	220,876	15,556	50,856	200,761	132,312	628,147	553,285			
	1972-1973	7,957	223,414	10,415	52,707	205,364	112,651	612,508	564,776			

TOTAL WOOL CLIP IN 1000 LBS	LAMBS		SHEEP DISPOSED OF	HORSES	CATTLE	DOGS	POULTRY	SWINE	ACRES CULTIV- ATED	LABOUR	EAR MARK
	MARKED	DIPPED									
EAST FALKLAND											
19.0	586	413	204	7	55	—	—	—	—	4	Fork & Slit
195.0	5,840	5,413	1,644	135	500	37	444	—	4	16	Fore Bayonet
119.3	3,836	3,606	1,443	50	105	18	84	—	6	11	Fore Bayonet
675.4	22,006	19,846	8,420	372	1,668	128	648	13	428	46	Double Swallow
162.2	6,406	5,843	4,115	99	237	33	125	—	—	13	" "
120.6	2,352	2,015	1,669	50	254	30	88	—	—	10	" "
92.4	3,318	3,016	375	50	198	19	70	—	—	5	Triangle "
5.4	268	240	132	—	19	1	23	—	—	2	Back Bayonet
18.0	687	664	186	3	29	7	49	—	—	2	Fore Bayonet &
81.0	2,159	1,992	578	37	104	18	—	—	—	6	Fork [Back Slit
98.4	3,059	2,732	756	138	303	29	17	—	—	7	Fork
245.6	8,134	7,661	2,775	122	700	29	189	—	—	14	Slit
144.3	6,001	5,371	1,460	105	296	28	90	—	622	13	Back Square
75.9	1,112	—	540	89	68	12	96	10	—	4	Slit
6.9	430	410	330	4	14	—	—	—	—	2	Fore Bayonet
432.2	14,219	13,038	3,286	307	914	75	459	—	—	27	Double Swallow
7.0	—	70	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Half Half-penny
2,498.6	80,413	72,330	27,913	1,568	5,464	464	2,382	23	1,060	182	

WEST FALKLAND											
273.6	8,336	7,871	4,131	187	1,018	53	—	—	366	20	Fork
272.1	7,299	6,520	2,663	94	355	54	—	—	—	19	Fore Bayonet
167.1	4,744	4,635	1,561	101	319	32	84	2	—	17	Double Swallow
200.9	6,214	5,882	1,686	96	159	24	118	—	—	16	Fore Bayonet
223.6	6,553	6,112	3,516	216	483	49	—	—	—	21	Fore Bit
202.5	6,412	5,648	2,360	126	397	42	262	—	—	16	Double Swallow
163.5	3,461	—	—	60	200	31	—	—	—	15	Front Square
1,503.3	43,019	36,668	15,917	880	2,931	285	464	2	366	124	

ISLANDS											
79.9	2,288	2,116	2,034	67	180	5	—	—	—	11	Fork
57.3	1,492	1,361	532	30	102	15	—	—	4	4	"
158.7	3,008	2,988	1,686	58	241	23	154	—	6	11	Back Bayonet
21.1	387	374	544	2	23	4	30	—	—	1	Fore Bayonet
27.4	447	440	257	2	36	4	35	—	—	1	Fork
17.9	303	287	230	5	9	3	12	—	—	—	Plain Ear
21.2	336	—	317	4	33	8	44	—	—	1	Back Square
109.4	2,326	2,201	2,138	—	—	11	—	—	—	1	Double Swallow
8.1	95	—	76	—	12	2	19	—	—	1	Fore Bayonet
69.1	1,832	1,654	1,184	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Double Swallow
*	601	—	100	5	80	6	30	—	3	1	Back Square
570.1	13,115	11,421	9,098	173	716	81	324	—	13	32	

\* Included in Pebble Island

2,499	80,413	72,330	27,913	1,568	5,464	464	2,382	23	1,060	182	
1,503	43,019	36,668	15,917	880	2,931	285	464	2	366	124	
570	13,115	11,421	9,098	173	716	81	324	—	13	32	
4,572	136,547	120,419	52,928	2,621	9,111	830	3,170	25	1,439	338	
4,938	144,571	131,614	59,498	2,687	9,341	820	2,109	24	13,850	330	
4,715	148,594	133,280	56,279	2,754	9,462	856	2,399	28	13,656	360	
4,389	147,391	129,703	48,483	2,874	9,128	845	2,752	42	12,261	382	
4,417	125,735	109,105	62,995	2,759	9,269	886	3,107	10	10,598	368	



## SHEEP DISPOSED OF

	SOLD LOCALLY FOR BREEDING OR FURTHER USE	SLAUGHTERED				EXPORTED
		MUTTON (Stanley)	MUTTON (Farm)	SKINS	OTHER PURPOSES	
EAST FALKLAND	4,053	5,195	7,270	10,651	744	—
WEST FALKLAND	30	781	4,345	10,361	400	—
ISLANDS	1,714	3,196	1,740	2,390	58	—
TOTAL 1976-1977	5,797	9,172	13,355	23,402	1,202	—
1975-1976	1,023	7,188	15,191	30,069	6,027	—
1974-1975	4,947	8,282	13,801	28,692	557	—
1973-1974	6,991	8,381	12,684	18,983	926	518
1972-1973	4,359	6,848	13,309	12,319	1,202	24,958



THE  
FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE  
Supplement No. 1

---

*1st JULY 1977*

---

Minutes of Meeting of Legislative Council  
held 14th - 22nd June 1977

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

HELD IN STANLEY FROM 14th-22nd JUNE 1977

The Council assembled at 10.00 a.m. on Tuesday 14th June 1977. His Excellency the Governor, Mr J R W Parker, OBE, presiding.

PRESENT:

The Honourable the Chief Secretary (Mr A J P Monk OBE)  
The Honourable the Financial Secretary (Mr H T Rowlands)  
The Honourable A B Monk JP (Elected Member for East Falkland)  
The Honourable W E Bowles (First Elected Member for Stanley)  
The Honourable John Smith (Second Elected Member for Stanley)  
The Honourable A B Hadden BEM (Nominated Independent Member)  
G J A Slater Esq (Deputy Governor Designate,  
Extraordinary Member)

ABSENT:

The Honourable L G Blake JP (Elected Member for West Falkland)  
The Honourable H L Bound MBE JP (Nominated Independent Member)

PRAYERS

Prayers were said by the Reverend Gerald Smith, Chaplain of Christ Church Cathedral.

CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

The Minutes of the Meeting of Legislative Council held 15th-25th June 1976, having been previously circulated, were confirmed.

## ADDRESS BY THE PRESIDENT

Before I commence my address this morning, Honourable Members will undoubtedly wish to pay tribute in a moment of silence to the memory of Mr Keith Luxton, who served with distinction as an honoured member of this Council, and of the Rt Hon Anthony Crosland, our former Secretary of State, who both sadly passed away this year.

-----

In welcoming Honourable Members to this Session of the Legislative Council may I first express my personal pleasure at having the privilege of presiding over your deliberations. This is a first occasion for me in more ways than one - not only as President of your Council, with the weight of all its historic traditions and customs behind it but, also, as President of any such Council in one of Her Majesty's overseas territories. I therefore approach my task today in all humility, and with not a little trepidation. There is a custom in the British Parliament that the Speaker of the House of Commons, as its President, should appear to be dragged unwillingly to the Chair on his first appointment. The reason is that, in days long gone by, he might literally have lost his head by too bold and presumptuous a discharge of his office. I cannot say I fear any such similar fate, although I am only too aware of the pitfalls that might trip my feet in ascending to this dais. So, Honourable Members, I would beg your indulgence in advance, and your kindly correction, should I be in error under your Rules and Standing Orders.

I am, of course, no stranger to any of you individually. We have met, some of us formally in the Executive Council, and all of us informally in Joint Council, several times, and over many, many hours, since my arrival in the Islands last December. I would like to say, now, how much I have valued your wise advice and counsel, as my guides and mentors, through my early and, as I think we have been only too aware, difficult months. I could not have begun to enter on my duties without your valuable help and support. For this I shall be forever grateful. In return I hope I may have been able to establish that I do not see my role as Governor to be that of a neutral figurehead, but that I sit among you as one deeply concerned in your affairs, with the added duty to represent your views to Her Majesty's Government in London.

I would also like to take this opportunity to thank everyone in the Islands for the warm welcome given to my wife and me when we have been able to travel about. We have now been to almost all settlements, even though some of our visits have had unfortunately to be rather brief. Everywhere we have met with great kindness and generous hospitality, and it has given us a wonderful opportunity to make many friends and enjoy their company. We shall continue our touring as often as we can, staying longer, if we may, where, so far, we have only been able to drop in for an hour or so.

So much for me personally. At our meeting today our numbers are diminished by the absence of Councillors Blake and Bound, both of whom are now in the United Kingdom where Councillor Blake is representing the Falklands at Her Majesty's Silver Jubilee Celebrations and at a seminar of the UK branch of the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association. We shall miss them in our debates, but I am sure these will be made lively enough by those of us who remain. In referring to the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association, during the India and Mauritius meetings of which Councillor Blake did such valuable service to the Falklands, I should mention that Councillor Adrian Monk and our Clerk, Mr Bill Etheridge, will be representing us at the September CPA Conference at Ottawa, as

/guests

guests of the Association and the Canadian branches. They will have a busy time of it, but I am sure we can wish them an enjoyable, as well as a fruitful journey.

At this point, I am sure Members will wish me to tender our congratulations to the Honourable Chief Secretary on his well-deserved award, along with that of Captain Sollis, in the Birthday Honours List. Her Majesty was graciously pleased to make Mr Arthur Monk an Officer, and Captain Sollis a Member of the Order of the British Empire.

This sitting of Council is the first which has been possible, for many reasons I regret to say, for nearly 12 months. As well as the examination of the Budget estimates of revenue and expenditure, there are a large number of other Bills to consider, to make our workload a heavy one. Some of the Bills you may possibly regard as requiring little more than formal acceptance. Others I expect will require considerable debate. So that we may not again allow our work to pile up I would hope that in future Council could sit at more frequent intervals during the year. There is however a difficulty here. The burden on the Secretariat, and particularly on the Clerk, in preparing for each meeting and compiling the record etc afterwards, is an extremely heavy one. As things are, one could not contemplate more than perhaps three sittings in a year. It may be we should look to see whether there can be some streamlining, not necessarily of our procedures, but of the paperwork which is involved. It may be thought that, for example, a full record of every word which is said in Council is not always necessary provided that the essence of members' opinions is recorded, particularly as the proceedings are broadcast. This is a matter which might perhaps be looked at when a new Council is elected later this year, unless members would wish to comment on it at this meeting.

I must now say something on the subject of elections. Members have before them a Bill to provide for a revised Elections Ordinance. The changes in the election arrangements which are proposed in the Bill substantially follow from the recommendations of the Select Committee on the Constitution, which, as Members will recall, reported in July 1975. The Committee's principal recommendation was to add two further constituency seats to the Legislative Council, to replace those of the nominated members, thus maintaining the non-official majority but on a fully elected basis. This, and the other proposed changes, have now been implemented in our constitution by Legislative Instruments laid before the Privy Council and approved by Her Majesty in March of this year. The delay which followed the Select Committee's report and the making of these Instruments was naturally the cause of some concern to Members and to the public generally. There were a number of reasons to account for it, but Members will recall that the Minister of State, during his visit here last February, recognised the need to rectify the position as quickly as possible by the making of the Instruments I have referred to.

Since then the process of drafting the necessary Elections Ordinance has been occupying a great deal of the time and energy of our small legal staff. It is a complicated piece of legislation; the more so since, in its initial operation, it has to cover a transition from the old arrangement for drawing up electoral registers to the new one. We are therefore allowed, by the Privy Council, a period of four months between Dissolution of this present Council and the election of a new body. I expect later this month, or early next, when the business arising from this Session has been taken care of, to be able to announce a Dissolution. Elections could then take place, no later I hope than October, on new electoral registers covering all voters who have attained the age of 18 years. We will then have a new Council, elected under the revised

Constitution. In future years the process of compiling a register will be much simplified and if it should prove necessary, we need not then have to put up with so long a period between dissolution and election. But no way has been found to get round it this year.

When the new Council is in being, there will be further opportunity for our Constitution to be looked at again to see whether changes to improve our Government need be made. We shall still have a division of responsibility between the Legislative Council and the Executive Council, with a rotating elected membership of the latter. It may be for consideration whether this distinction is entirely necessary. At the very least I would look forward to a greater involvement of all Councillors in our day-to-day affairs. One way in which this may be done is through the creation of more Standing and Advisory Committees, not to defer, but to promote action in the interests of the community. We have already a few of these. Pre-eminently there is of course the Standing Finance Committee and the Select Committee on the Estimates, on which all Members of this Council serve. They both have a very important part to play in the regulation of our financial affairs and I would hope to see emerging from them even more recommendations which might improve the management of our government. We also have the Education Advisory Committee, with a membership drawn from Council, from the teaching profession, and from interested members of the public. It has lately been agreed that there should also be a Medical Committee of similar composition. A Transport Committee is being set up, as well as an Aviation Advisory Committee to look into the future of our air service. There are similar executive and advisory Committees in regard to the hydatidosis campaign, public health, livestock control and immigration policy. We may soon have to consider the re-establishment of the Development Committee, and whether the fields of welfare, public housing and other social problems should not also be covered. By this I should like to see as wide an involvement as possible of public-spirited people throughout the Islands in our machinery for progress. In particular, with the voting age coming down to 18, I hope that young Islanders will be attracted to serve in this way. They have a bigger stake than any of us in the future of the Islands. We want to hear, we need to hear, what their views are. The Councils will, of course, still have to take the decisive lead in our affairs, working, not behind closed doors, but in the full process of an open democracy.

Before returning to internal matters I should now say a few words about those external concerns which have been much in our minds of late, and will undoubtedly continue to be so for some time to come. They are of immense importance to the future well-being of all the people of the Islands and must pre-occupy our thoughts even though we may engage our day-to-day attention on more immediate problems. At this point I would like to say how much I have admired, and respected, the calm and responsible way in which Islanders have responded to a situation which no one would willingly have wished to face, but which most realise must be faced nonetheless. Not only have I been impressed, living among you, but it is clear that so have many influential people, who are far away from the Islands, particularly those whose duty it is to safeguard our interests. The words of Ministers and other Members in the recent debates in Parliament clearly showed this, and I have no doubt at all that it has helped reinforce their determination to keep the interests and welfare of the Islanders in the forefront of their minds when developing their policies. Islanders have shown they are a sensible, pragmatic, and above all, loyal community, with deeply-felt needs and concerns, and an ability to express themselves with sober but realistic forthrightness.

/If I may

If I may quote from what Mr. Ted Rowlands said in the House on his return from his visit in February this year: "Before I went to the Islands I cared objectively. I had come to understand and appreciate the problems. I now understand how one leaves at least half one's heart in the Islands. I now have a subjective caring as well as an objective one". Those words indicate, I think, the impression made on the Minister by the dignified and positive attitude shown by Islanders (and their Councillors) during his many conversations here. I am entirely convinced that if we can continue to maintain a firm but steady and calm posture in the months ahead, not listening to rumour and speculation, but relying on our own cool judgment, we shall have the greatest influence on the conduct of the negotiations, the purpose of which Mr Rowlands fully explained during his visit, and which Her Majesty's Government will shortly embark upon with the Argentine Government.

We must remember that while they continue we shall have upon us the eyes of many throughout the world. They will want to see us stand up steadily and unitedly for ourselves, as Falkland Islanders, imbued with those very qualities which derive from our British heritage.

There have now been three major debates this year in the House of Commons, and the House of Lords, about the political and economic future of the Islands, with several other exchanges as a result of questions which have been put to Ministers. The texts of all these debates and discussions have been made available throughout the Islands by radio and in print. In them, and also in the agreed Communiqué which was issued at the end of Mr Rowlands' visit, we have been given the firmest of assurances, on every occasion, about the safeguards which will protect our position in the course of these vital negotiations.

I would like to add just one thing more on this subject. It is that the depth and extent of the discussions which Honourable Members had with Mr Rowlands, in Joint Council, may not be generally appreciated. In fact, Councillors will recall they spent at least eight long and arduous hours in plenary session, putting their point of view with great clarity and vigour of expression to the Minister, in an atmosphere of very considerable mutual respect and understanding, but leaving no doubt in the Minister's mind what Islanders' wishes and feelings were. I have sat in on, and taken part in, many not dissimilar discussions at other times and in other places around the world. I can think of no other occasion when the ground was so well covered, and every point so fully brought out, as was the case at these meetings. I would like to say to all Councillors that, in my humble opinion you served your people well. It will now be for the next Session of Council, with the mandate it will have received from the electorate, to consider whether such proposals as may emerge in the course of the negotiations can be, in the words of the Secretary of State, "acceptable to the Islanders". I am sure this will be done in the same spirit of reasoned objectivity and discernment which prevailed during the talks with Mr Rowlands.

It is now customary for me to pass on to matters affecting the departments, giving some indication of their present work and plans. There is a good deal I would like to say by way of commendation and encouragement about each department, but I think at this time it would be proper for me to concentrate on those areas which are currently of major public interest. Perhaps I might take the Medical Department first.

For various reasons, known to us all, the staff situation in the Department has for some time been rather difficult. We now look to be entering on to a better state of affairs. By the end of August of this year the Department should have a full complement of nursing and medical staff for the first time for a large number of years. We are glad to have Dr Cox back with us after overseas leave, part of which he devoted to valuable and wide-ranging discussions which will have a considerable bearing on the future planning of the Department's work. Dr Dunnett will be back after his leave in a few weeks' time and we are expecting Dr Alison Mackintosh to join the staff in August. We shall then have said farewell to Dr Peter Summers who has stood in admirably for his colleagues during their absences from the Colony and, while doing so, has made, I know, a considerable contribution to many aspects of the Department's work and planning.

By the acquisition of new diagnostic and therapeutic equipment during this present financial year, and with further proposed purchases during 1977/78, the medical services will be raised to the best modern standards available to a community the size of the Falklands. It is also hoped to increase the general standard of nursing care by recruiting, if Members agree the provision for this post in the estimates, a fourth trained sister, and by establishing local training and registration of junior nurses. This could lead towards a start on a Camp district nursing service which was one of the recommendations made in the Shackleton Report, to which I shall refer later.

Altogether the Department's planning should reduce the commitment to medical treatment overseas by the improvement of local diagnostic and surgical services and by the institution of a more active policy of preventive medicine. In this connection I should mention the hydatid screening survey which Dr Cox and his team will be carrying out, and which forms part of our attack on this troublesome disease, in which our Veterinary Officer is also playing a large part on the dog and livestock side. I am glad to be able to say that the efforts of the Hydatidosis Committee over many years, under the Chairmanship of Mr Sidney Miller, are now bearing fruit, and we now have a very good hope of getting this problem at least under control and, in the course of a few years, eradicated altogether.

I must, however, mention the problem of Camp medical visiting which I know, from my own discussions in the Camp and particularly in the West, bulks large in the public mind. Looking back over the records in the archives I see that the attempt to find a solution to the problem has been a pre-occupation of the Colony from the end of the last century, and perhaps even before that. I think that people in the Camp have a realistic and understanding assessment of the limitations that must constrain day-to-day medical attention in their areas. But no-one is under any illusion, and certainly not the doctors, that Camp medical visiting is at present performed in an ideal fashion. In my view the key to a reasonable solution lies in the air service.

I should therefore like to tackle this question next. As everyone knows, the Aviation Department has gone through a very sad period which has deeply affected us all. The tremendous loss of Captain Ian Campbell shook the entire Colony and, for a while, that dreadful accident looked as if it might cause FIGAS to cease its operations entirely. Severe restrictions had to be placed on the carrying capacity of the two replacement aircraft which were received, I am glad to say in very quick time, with financial help from the Ministry of Overseas Development. These restrictions have continued until now, but it is expected that the Civil Aviation Authority in London, as a result of an exhaustive examination of the problems involved, will shortly be able to lift the restrictions. In the meantime Captain

/Jim Kerr



Jim Kerr has carried on to maintain the best service he could, deferring his leave until we could secure new pilots. He has been helped in this by the forbearance of the general public.

Happily we now have Captain Russ Hooper, a highly experienced pilot who is already entering fully on his duties, and it is expected shortly to make a further recruitment. With these officers, and with Major Willoughby of the Marines as reserve emergency pilot, we look forward to the re-establishment of full flying in the Islands. We must, however, look prudently to the future. Because of the dedicated service of Captains Kerr and Campbell in providing an air-taxi type operation whatever the conditions, insufficient thought was, I think, given to what might happen were they no longer available, and what sort of operation and type of aircraft would best meet the needs of the Islands as we move into the future. As part of the survey which the Overseas Development Ministry is mounting to look into the whole of our internal communications problems, the air service will receive close attention. To prepare for the Survey's visit, an Aviation Advisory Committee has been set up under the Chairmanship of Mr. Robin Pitaluga, on which Mr. Bill Luxton and our other local aviation experts will serve. In this connection I would like to pay tribute to the very valuable assistance which our two private pilots gave to the community during the difficult months when FIGAS either could not fly at all or had to fly on a restricted basis. Both Mr. Pitaluga and Mr. Luxton willingly stepped into the breach whenever they could spare the time from their busy farms. I would also like to wish Chief Technician Ian Bridges the best of luck in the future when he shortly leaves the ground staff, one of whom, Mr. Vernon Steen, will also soon be going to the UK for a lengthy period of technical training. It is also hoped at last to make positive progress in the selection of local candidates for pilot training, to provide us, within the next two or three years, with a new generation of local pilots.

Still on the subject of aviation, we are now awaiting advice from the Consultants, the Crown Agents and the Civil Aviation Authority in the UK as to when operations can commence at the new airport at Cape Pembroke, and when LADE, whose personnel have continued to give us a regular and reliable service to the mainland, can land and take off from it. Government has not yet taken over the airfield complex and its present, most untidy, appearance indicates that much work has still to be done. This apart, there are still a number of problems to be resolved in connection with the subsidiary services, including the access road, and these are being taken up with the Ministry of Overseas Development.

At this point I would like to say that Mr. Bala Kanagasabai, on loan to us from the Commonwealth Fund for Technical CO-operation, has been a tower of strength in the resolution of many of our aviation problems. If he is a typical example, we should not overlook the Commonwealth Fund when seeking some of our future experts.

Our next field of particular interest is of course education. On purposeful advance in this area will rest much of our future development progress. We must raise the standard of educational attainment to the highest level possible in the Islands, not only to provide the widest field of decently educated young citizens but to draw from them suitable material for senior posts in government, commerce, and the technical professions. Ideally one would like to see overseas education confined to the acquisition of only the highest academic and technical skills. For a start, we must set the general standards up to GCE 'O' level even if, for a while, we cannot tackle the next 'A' level stage. The senior school has already begun on an 'O' level course which will carry more students to this stage than hitherto was possible. By the concentration of senior school education in Stanley for all children over the age of nine, and with the building of a new boarding hostel, the provision of funds for which is now being examined by the Ministry of Overseas Development, we

shall be in a better position to deploy our teachers to better advantage than we do now. This may in time mean some extension of the present senior school which, incidentally, now has a new library, the first 3,500 books for which were kindly donated by the British Council, a fine addition to the public library service devotedly run by Mr Stuart Booth. I shall be trying the British Council for more help in this direction, particularly to serve the Camp with an improved supply of books; they have in fact already offered us a further grant.

The Junior school, under its new headmaster, is also making most satisfactory progress. This still leaves us with the difficult question of primary and junior education in the Camp where the system of travelling teachers and settlement schools is not a happy one. The Education Committee are looking earnestly for solutions to this problem. It will be a task of high priority for the new Superintendent of Education, whose arrival we look forward to in August of this year. Up to now the position has been filled on a temporary basis by Mr Frank O'Reilly, headmaster of Stanley Senior School, and I should like to commend him for the most satisfactory way he has coped with both jobs.

Another of our problem areas, as I am sure the Superintendent of Public Works will agree, is his Department. Throughout the world, Public Works Departments are always the Aunt Sallys, as it were, of any administration, with their faults highlighted and their achievements unrecognised or just taken for granted. The problem lies always in the availability of money, for skilled staff, for labour, plant, transport and materials. I do not think that it can be contested that over the years the PWD has become short of resources, while the tasks loaded on to it have been increased. We can see the results of this very easily in the condition of the Stanley roads, and in the state and high costs of the town's water supply, without going into the rapidly approaching problem of sewage disposal. While being unable to do very much to alleviate these situations the Department is hard put to it to keep up with the repair and maintenance of government buildings and staff housing, a greater demand for which will inevitably arise as we bring in more experts to help with our development.

When Honourable Members go into Select Committee on the Estimates I hope you will be able to look sympathetically and constructively at the immediate problems of the Department. In the long term we will have to consider a major reorganisation of our infrastructure construction capacity, and I shall be referring to this later when talking about our development plans. In the meantime I would like to say that in spite of the difficulties they face, Mr Royans and his staff, as I have personally seen, maintain very high standards of skill and performance where they are able to deploy their resources. And in this connection I must also add a word about the efficient service given by the Power and Electrical section in their day-to-day operations and during emergencies, and by the volunteer Fire Brigade, whose equipment and training is being brought up to a high standard by Mr Bob Stewart and his staff, following the visit here by Mr Dennis Davis of the Cheshire Fire Brigade.

The Post Office staff and operators have continued, under Mr Henry Luxton, to handle mail, telegraph and telephone traffic in their usual exemplary fashion - and Cable and Wireless on external communications. Stamp issues are going well and over £50,000 in revenue is currently estimated to be received from this source; we must still, however, look for ways of increasing this revenue. A new definitive issue will shortly be made, based on designs by Councillor John Smith. They will be beautiful stamps which should greatly attract collectors. The department was pleased to welcome back Mr Bill Roberts after a two-year secondment to Cable and Wireless, and his experience will be

invaluable in the installation of the proposed new Camp communications system. Mr Patrick Watts is being relieved as much as possible from other duties to look after our broadcasting service; the recent introduction of his local news bulletins has, I believe, been widely welcomed, particularly in the Camp, from where, I am sure, Mr Watts would be only too glad to receive contributions. We are currently considering the whole question of the future of broadcasting in the Islands and a memorandum on this will be submitted in the near future. The aim will be to secure broadcasting as a separate public service, under the control of a public Board, with the Government supplying the facilities but not the direction; to inform without restriction, to entertain with enjoyment. I am also looking for a way in which we could join broadcasting with the appointment of a Camp Entertainments Officer, to jolly us all up in the long winters. Looking farther into the future, we might see if some form of television broadcasting is feasible.

The strength of the Police Force has recently been increased although the problem of recruitment still remains. The future training of recruits will, however, be greatly improved as a result of the Chief Police Officer's attendance last year at the National Police College at Bramshill in the UK, and by the forthcoming arrival of Sergeant Gargate from the UK who is expected to take up his duties in late August. While, in this law-abiding community, a large police force would hardly seem necessary, it is perhaps not generally appreciated that much of police work is concerned with welfare and other social problems. A well-trained force can have an important bearing on our community development, particularly if, as we hope, we are able to progress towards an economic expansion.

As Members will have appreciated from the Bills before you, excellently printed in our small and overworked Printing Office, our unique Legal Department, in the person of Mr Harold Bennett, with the advice of Mr Frederick Cooke, who is currently visiting Stanley, copes efficiently with our law administration. Mr Bennett was most meritoriously awarded an OBE in the New Year Honours List.

The Meteorological Department, as well as providing excellent forecasts for our general information and for the internal and external air services, is also supplying data on solar radiation, sea-water and atmospheric dust sampling, and climatology for international research centres.

The Falkland Islands Defence Force has continued to maintain a high standard of drill and training with their new weapons, integrating for operational purposes with the Royal Marine detachment, who had the honour to receive the Freedom of Stanley in December last.

Finally, in this round-up of departmental activities, the Collector of Customs, who also somehow finds time to discharge the duties of Harbournaster and Agricultural Officer, has reported that, during the period from December to February last, four visits by tourist ships were made to Port Stanley, bringing some 2,400 tourists.

Before I leave this part of my Address, and get on to our financial and development affairs, I must not overlook the private sector which, in the present balance of our economy, produces the wealth the public sector spends. And here I must mention the Falkland Islands Company which provides many of the internal and external commercial services which are essential to the smooth running of our trade, and is, in fact, the largest single producer of that trade. But I have particularly in mind the farming community in the Camp, on whom we almost entirely depend for our national

/livelihood.

livelihood. It is by the efforts of the farm-managers, the shepherds, the navvies, the handyman, supported by their wives, that we get the wool by which we pay our way. With them I must couple for commendation the officers and crews of our coastal vessels, and the jetty gang, who bring in the wool and load it for shipment.

Life in the Camp, although attractive to me as a townsman, can be hard if the weather is bad, lacking in amenities for entertainment and very isolated, particularly if one is on a remote island. Camp people have not had an easy time of it in the recent past, and I am especially conscious of the effect the disruption in our communications has had in the West. We must strive to ensure that all our working people, wherever they are, get the best service we can afford. We are all part of the one community, whether we are in the public or private sectors, in Stanley or in the Camp.

Now to our financial affairs, which the Treasury staff, under the Honourable Financial Secretary, have managed with their customary exactitude and dedication. The Honourable Financial Secretary will be outlining our present situation in detail, and laying before you the Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure for 1977/78, which you will then consider in Committee. During your deliberations I am sure you will wish to bear three considerations in mind. First we must progress; we can no longer stand still in our development or we shall find ourselves moving back in a world of rising costs and increasing sophistication of goods and services. Second, to progress must therefore mean expenditure, however carefully it is applied to achieve the maximum cost effectiveness. And third, our present financial situation, though on the face of it healthy, does not allow us any great leeway, and we shall have to sail even closer to the wind than we have done heretofore.

The deficit in the Budget for the 1976/77 financial year is now estimated to come out at around £20,000, an improvement on the original estimated deficit of £60,000. A surplus of £46,000 is forecast for the 77/78 year, with reserves around the £600,000 mark. Of these reserves it is proposed to transfer £200,000 to replenish the Colony's Development Fund which is now virtually exhausted. Apparently not too bad a situation if we had no more to do than just about pay our way at the current level of activity, and at current prices. But we have much more to do.

While Islanders generally enjoy a simple but reasonably comfortable standard of living, and there is none of the real poverty seen in the less fortunate and deprived areas of the world, we cannot be complacent about this. We will undoubtedly have to look at the structure of our wages and salaries to encourage the acquisition of skills, and their retention in the Islands; the alternative is to meet the need with an increased OSAS-supplemented staff which in itself would continue the anomalies of the present situation. Next, we shall soon have quite a large recurrent expenditure in maintaining the new airfield's services. We must, as our revenue proposals will try to do, raise the thresholds of income tax liability, particularly for the lower-paid family man. We must increase the plant, material and transport resources of the Public Works Department and provide the right sort of equipment for our Medical Services. We must keep the Air Service up-to-date.

We must, and I would like to emphasise this point very strongly, provide some increase in the presently heavily-burdened Secretariat if we are to cope with all the work that development entails. If we are to encourage our young people, both those who have left and those still here, to make a career in the Civil Service, we must be able to offer them worthwhile posts and a ladder of advancement; at the present and foreseeable levels of staffing we are in no danger of creating a self-perpetuating bureaucracy.

/Over and above

Over and above all this is the uncertainty of the wool price - fairly good at the moment, but, as we all know, not a stable factor. A daunting prospect? Not entirely, in my view. We have internal resources we have not yet fully tapped. Above all, I think we now have a determination to proceed with our development on our own, until those larger prospects held out in the Shackleton Report can be realised, which will not be for some years yet. To gear ourselves both for the long and the short term future we shall be urgently looking at our legislative and other machinery, to up-date it with regard to public land acquisition, to the retention of funds, to the marketing of wool, to banking, to taxation policy, to mineral rights, and to financial support for young farmers wishing to strike out on their own. We shall soon have the advice of the recently appointed Fiscal Adviser, Mr Pepper, who is now engaged on his preparatory work in London and will shortly visit the Islands. We have welcomed the appointment of a Hides and Skins Adviser, and have requested the services of an expert experienced in all aspects of wool marketing. We are seeking assistance in the institution of better savings and banking facilities, and consideration is being given to the institution of a Pay-As-You-Earn taxation system. Later in the year, we are promised a senior Economist from the ODM to assist us in the drawing up of a development plan for the next five years. We shall be watching with close interest the exploratory pre-investment studies into inshore crab fishing and processing being undertaken by the Falkland Islands Company and their Japanese partners, and also the private development of small-scale cottage and horticultural enterprises. In this connection the Minister of Overseas Development has offered to provide any advice the Government might require, particularly on a mutton-freezing project on which we shall of course have to consult the Sheepowners' Association.

On the projects side, the Grasslands Trials Unit, already doing valuable work in schemes for pasture and livestock improvement, which could lead to an increased wool yield, has been strengthened by additional staff, and two more should be with us later.

A team of experts is now being assembled by the ODM to make a thorough-going practical investigation of our internal transport and communications problems. This will cover the air service, inter-Island shipping, and the long mooted Stanley-Darwin all weather road, which I would like to see joined by a ferry link with a similar road in the West, forming the basis for a passable Camp track network; something which would transform the social and economic life of the Islands. We are awaiting the report of a Crown Agents' mechanical engineer, sent here by ODM last month to examine the condition and suitability of the plant on offer by the airport contractor. If, after negotiation, this could be purchased, it would at long last give the Public Works Department the equipment to tackle some of our major infrastructure tasks. In this connection I should mention that we are discussing with the British Antarctic Survey the possibility of shipping the remainder of the heavy equipment and material from South Georgia which the Falkland Islands Government bought at a very low price from a former whaling concern. Some of it came up last season, and the next shipment should allow us, for one thing, to build a facility to slip the Forrest, and even the Monsunen, for inspection and repair in Stanley, instead of sending the vessels to the mainland at considerable expense. We should also examine whether there is a need to strengthen and lengthen the public jetty, linking it to the facilities for storage space offered us by the acquisition of the nearby British Antarctic Survey premises.

Our industrial relations are good, thanks to the goodwill and moderation shown in their negotiations by the General Employees' Union, by the Sheepowners' Association and by other Stanley employers. We are not, I think, faced with the restrictions on the deployment of our manpower that so bedevil industrial life in other countries. But I am not sure we make the best use we can of the not overlarge, but highly adaptable, human resources that we have. Partly this may be due to the traditional structure of our farming industry, where costs are forcing

change. But as well as finance, one of the main constraints to our development is the shortage of certain middle-level technical skills. For this we must look to overseas recruitment until we can train up our young people. But we must ensure that we have the nucleus of a local labour force for a project construction team. They will initially be engaged in preparing the access road and opening up the quarry in preparation for the causeway and jetty-head to be built at the YPF plant. The construction of this will be a major job and may take at least 12 months. Until it is finished the YPF Agreement cannot be fully implemented. So far only petrol and kerosene are available at the new cheap prices and the supply of gas oil from this source must wait until it can be piped from tankers over the new jetty; it would not be economic, or even physically possible, to bring it in in drums. In the meantime, therefore, we must rely on gas oil supplies drawn from the Admiralty tanks and sold through the Falkland Islands Company.

A further project which we should tackle soon is the provision of more housing, both for the accommodation of expatriate experts and for Islanders in need. If expansion of economic activity is to happen we must have the housing to support it. We are expecting to acquire a number of houses under the airport contract along with the purchase of others made vacant by the departure of the contractors' personnel. But I would look forward to the establishment of a housing corporation which could determine our housing needs, erect new housing and make the necessary financial advances for their private purchase. It is hoped that ideas can be drawn together on this subject for the formulation of a policy as early as possible. It may not be realised that, as in most other urban communities around the world, housing in Stanley is beginning to become a small but already difficult social problem.

To the cost of all this development the Falkland Islands Government is, as I have said, only able to contemplate an immediate contribution of £200,000. We may be able to increase this in the light of our fiscal, economic and wool marketing experts' advice, but not perhaps until the next financial year. In the meantime, in the absence of any substantial private investment, we must rely on the success of our project applications to the Ministry of Overseas Development, and on a small grant for medical equipment from the European Development Fund. Our current ODM loan for various projects is almost entirely committed. The form of its replenishment will depend on the case we can make, supported by the advice given by visiting experts. I am certain that we shall get a sympathetic consideration of our requests. But organisations like the ODM cannot commit themselves in advance and these negotiations do take time. It is for us to put up the most realistic case we can for further aid and our arguments will be greatly helped if we show we ourselves are prepared to put as much as we can into our own development.

I realise I have not made much explicit reference to the Shackleton Report in what I have said so far. I can however assure you that the contents of that uniquely valuable document are very much in the minds of the Administration as essential background to the consideration of almost all our planning. Some of the financial recommendations of the Report have found their way into this year's Budget proposals; others will do so later when we have had the necessary technical advice. And if what I have said this morning on our development proposals is ticked off against a Shackleton check list - I keep one by me in my office - it will be seen they are in conformity with the internal self-help suggestions in the Report: the rest will be taken into account as soon as there is time and opportunity. But the Report's major recommendations on the external, off-shore developments, are not entirely within our competence to decide upon as the Islands' Government. They will come within the compass of the forthcoming negotiations with the Argentine Government, and economic co-operation in that sphere can, as the Report indicates, give us the opportunity to realise the maximum benefit from the exploitation of the resources available around us in our unique geographical position.

/If I may



If I may now turn to the Bills we will be considering after we have disposed of the Appropriation Bill, and the Elections Ordinance. There are measures for the increase of contributory and non-contributory old age pensions, for the payment of allowances to cover the expenses of Councillors, for the protection of wrecks, for the revision of the laws, amongst other matters.

Finally this is Jubilee Year and I am sure that this Council will wish to pass a Resolution congratulating Her Majesty on Her successful and happy reign for the past 25 years. Our own celebrations have been spread to take place throughout the year, starting with the Jubilee Sports last February. They will continue with an inter-denominational Thanksgiving Service on 31 July and I believe other events are planned, in addition, I might say, to a Silver Jubilee election in the Spring!

Honourable Members, in closing my Address this morning I wish to end on an optimistic note. I am conscious that we are in something of a trough at the moment, a trough in our expectations and in our capacity to move forward. I have outlined our problems at the length I have because I think it serves no purpose to gloss over them. But I am confident that we have the will, we have the energy, we have the adaptability to overcome these problems. We are, I am quite certain, at a point of take-off in our fortunes from which we can rise to a new level of life which will in no way destroy or impair the manifold pleasures of the old accustomed ways. To the young people, impatient for advancement, my advice would be to stay here, work hard at acquiring the needed skills, and see these Islands through to the happy future they can have: to be a haven of prosperity, good-will and good living in the stormy South Atlantic seas.

And in these we must steer by our own bright Island stars, avoiding the rocks of dissention and dispute which lie on every side, until we can furl our sails in a bountiful and safe anchorage.

The President then adjourned the meeting and directed that the Council should resume at 10.00 on Wednesday 15th June 1977.

Council re-assembled at 10.00 on Wednesday 15th June 1977.

The President

Before we begin this morning I would like to make a rather sad announcement: Councillor John Smith heard I think this morning that his father had passed away in the UK yesterday. He will be absent from our proceedings for part of the morning while he is telephoning his mother to see whether he should not fly home to UK either this week or next week. I think we would all wish to express our condolences to Councillor Smith on his sad bereavement.

NOTION OF THANKS TO THE PRESIDENT ON HIS  
ADDRESS TO COUNCIL

The Honourable A B Monk JP

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I find it a bit difficult being the first in the firing line as it were, after Your Excellency's most excellent and eloquent address. May I take the opportunity to welcome Your Excellency to this Chamber and to thank you for your address. I was very happy to hear Your Excellency say that you wish to be seen as fully identified with our problems - the first amongst equals, as it were, not just a Foreign and Commonwealth Office appointee. On the occasion of Her Majesty's Jubilee it is a great honour for me to be able to speak as an Elected Representative of this Legislative Council of one of Her Majesty's territories. As a British citizen also I would like to send Her Majesty my loyal greetings on the occasion of her Silver Jubilee as Queen. Long may the Elected representatives of the people of the Falklands be able to stand up in this Chamber and address the President of this Council as Her Majesty's representative. (I suppose it dates me a bit but I did attend a formal Jubilee celebration in 1935 as a midshipman on one of Her Majesty's destroyers). As everyone is aware I am sure, and to use the hackneyed commercial phrase, we've been busy fighting off our take-over bid for many years and I suppose we can say recently the pace of action has heightened a bit and we have been subjected to much commercial propaganda and other pressures; told to do this, do that, and told that if we only had not done this or had not done that everything would have been all right, and we would have been saved. It is at times very difficult to know who is speaking in our true interests. I hope you will hear later on, all of you, at this meeting, some information on what I have said with regard to commercial propaganda.

This Council is due to be shortly dissolved - sounds as though we are a collection of sugar cubes or something - a new and more democratic Council will then be elected under the new Constitution, we hope. That's a very good thing and it will give me personally very great pleasure to see democracy take a step forward here. There is still a long way to go before entrenched privileges are finally overcome; however the change should quicken with the advent of an all-elected Council. The fact of having an all-elected Council will of course place a great burden on the shoulders

/of the electorate,



of the electorate, since they and only they can choose the councillors. An all-elected Council implies that the Council has the full mandate of the people, therefore the people have got to think very carefully who they put in, especially at this time. I believe there is plenty of talent amongst Falkland Islanders to choose from; plenty of up and coming young men whose voices should be heard and who have many years to live out here. Even though the present Council is not fully democratic in that we have nominated members - most excellent people though they are - and as a result has been accused by press releases and various other means of almost every crime in the book, including giving the Falklands away, I believe this Council has taken a very responsible view and acted in the people's best interests. We have done nothing to change the sovereignty position or jeopardise it. We merely agreed that Mr Ted Rowlands should go to Argentina to see if there were not areas of cooperation; all without prejudice to our sovereignty position. It is necessary certainly for everybody to be wide awake at this time, to make quite certain our agreement with the British government and Mr Ted Rowlands is not exploited or changed in any way. We must all of us hold a watching brief in my view. A recent utterance by one of Her Majesty's ministers in another place has disturbed many people, and it disturbed me. I think we must make it quite clear to all concerned that while we stick by our agreement with Mr Ted Rowlands we are not as it were pawns in some international bargaining game. We do not intend to swap our birth-right for an Argentine mess of pottage. We are not prepared to compromise our basic sovereignty position for fat chunks of development aid.

Your Excellency covered wide areas in your address and paid high tribute to many people. I will not attempt to be so far-ranging since I lack Your Excellency's eloquence.

Your Excellency mentioned that more frequent meetings of Legislative Council should be held and mentioned the secretarial problem. In my view the transport of camp Members is a far more valid reason for not holding meetings too often. Of course if we eventually develop a road system that problem will be largely overcome. I have always thought in fact, insofar as the Secretariat is concerned, that there are too many bosses and not enough cooks in there. There seem to be too many people saying 'type this', 'do that' but not enough doing the typing or whatever. They know how to spend the money of course but that is the same as the Education Department, which is somewhere in the order of £150,000 I believe. In spite of all this expenditure it seems to be impossible to get copies of Bills to Councillors more than two or three days before a meeting. I know the rules lay down that two or three - two days I think - is the minimum period. However a lot of these Bills are very complicated; they concern our future. One Bill, to do with legal phraseology - called 'Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance' - has forty pages of close print. Since the Bill is presumably important to us - all of us - Councillors should in my view understand the general principle before they agree to it. Now they can be expected to do that - and there are plenty of other bills, fourteen of them I think, all laid on your plate as it were - two or three days before you have to discuss them;

/one Bill in fact I never

one Bill in fact I never even knew was coming up, I heard about it on the Government news service. (Actually it's a very nice Bill, I am all in favour because I have a vested interest since I only have to pay OAP for another 100 weeks and then I can sit back and wait I hope). Anyway, I think a real effort should be made to get copies of Bills to Councillors so that they can really give them some serious study.

Your Excellency mentioned numerous experts expected to arrive soon and give us further advice. No doubt a lot of this will be tremendously valuable; however we do run the risk in my view of getting so much advice from overseas experts on almost every conceivable subject and aspect of our lives that we neglect the opinions of Islanders here. All the advice from overseas experts is their own on how they think we should do things. Maybe sometimes people here have other ideas, and better ideas. We must not get so attuned to overseas voices that we fail to hear what Falkland Islanders want and how they want to do it.

I would like to say thank you, Your Excellency, for your address.

The Honourable W E Bowles

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. Sir, it is my privilege on behalf of my constituents, to welcome you to this Chamber. Your most excellent and frank address to this Council yesterday morning, with particular emphasis on development - our future development - is heartening and stimulating to us all. It is to this point that I particularly wish to draw Council's attention. I am not going to talk about our Departments: that will come later in the Budget session, when we go into Select Committee. Nor am I going to criticise those Departments.

Ted Rowlands told us when he was here that most of our development, or our urgent development, was on our doorstep and you so rightly stated in your address that if we want progress then it means expenditure. If we don't spend the money we won't progress; if we spend the money in the correct way then we must sort out our priorities and decide what part of development is going to come first, second, third, fourth and so on. There are many projects in the pipeline: some have been talked about, some have been started, some have been partially started, some have never even got off the ground. I would like to run through a few of these just to jog the memory of Councillors so that when the priority list is drawn up we can get it right.

We've been talking about jetties, we've been talking about roads and the repair of roads (some of this work of course is remedial); we've got some pegs driven in the ground for a school hostel; we've got an extensive road to build from Stanley to Darwin I hope in my lifetime anyway. These are a few of the things. There are other smaller jobs which have still to be done: the hangar slipway we have to think about very urgently in my view because we have got a £14,000 set of floats on each Beaver which has to be reasonably protected. I am sure that this has not gone unnoticed by the Administration.

/Naturally for development

Naturally for development we need manpower and we are fully aware that a lot of manpower has been released by the run-down by the contractor at the airport, and most of this labour I think will be used up when the priorities and the work are fully planned and organised. There are opportunities for those men who have acquired skills by working at the airport - various types of skills - which I think will be most useful for every part of our development and I think we should make full use of these.

One other point I want to make, regarding the remark made by Judith Hart in the House the day before yesterday. She has a very responsible job towards the Falklands and I hope she, too, like Ted Rowlands, will start to care - and I think she will - subjectively as well as objectively.

I would like to support the Motion of Thanks.

The Honourable A B Hadden BEM

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I should just like to also welcome you to this your first Legislative Council and to congratulate you on a very excellent maiden speech.

I am surprised that nothing has been said about the Shackleton Report - maybe I should not be surprised, it is quite a fearsome document - or the airport. I agree with almost everything that my Honourable Friend has just said so I need not repeat that but just a quick word on the Shackleton 'affair' if you like. This very excellent team which we did ask for, which we did get and which worked very hard for several months to produce a most excellent report, and I find it very odd that somewhere in the report they criticise us for having so many experts in the past who have produced excellent reports and that nobody has taken any notice of these reports, they have just gone by the board. Shackleton and his team have produced a report and we have almost done the same thing with that: we haven't really accepted it in the way it was intended to be accepted, and I say this because it was stressed time and time again that the first priority was to get the airport lengthened and strengthened. We hear from AIL and various other people that if we had this airport they would come and their money would be used in the Colony, we all know that, it's obvious. HMG will give us some money for hostels, for roads and for various other projects which are all very fine but if, as it seems, we are not going to get the people to use these services without getting the airport strengthened and lengthened, it would appear to be more money down the drain. Maybe, I don't know, we ought to suggest, say well, we can wait a couple of years for a road or a hostel or whatever, and put the money into the airport project, get it up to the standard that we would like and then say to these chappies, right, there's the airport, come with your plans and your money; and the rest could follow from that. This is more or less the thought. It seems to me rather odd that we asked for these people and are not accepting their report as we ought to have done.

You said in your speech yesterday, Sir, that we must progress, that we can no longer stand still in our development; it is I admit very difficult to know exactly how to do it but I do maintain that if we cannot get outside development which will eventually encourage investment by local people, we are going to be on a very sticky wicket. We need a lot of money

/to do a lot of jobs

to do a lot of jobs and I am not sure where all the money is coming from. In the course of the next few days we will probably have a very good idea; how much we can get, how much we can't get. There is only so much you can take from the people, only so much you can take, and from what you can take you have to decide how much you can spend and how much you can save for a rainy day, and then I suppose we must decide on our priorities. If we can't have A because B is more important, then we have to spend our money that way. There is time for all of this to be thrashed out later, Your Excellency, so that at the moment I really should not say much more, just say thank you for your speech, Sir.

The Honourable the Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, I would like to join in the Motion of Thanks. I am afraid my heavy duties will come later in the day when I have to present the Budget, but I would like to mention one thing, and that is the mention of the bosses and cooks in the Secretariat. I would like to say that certainly on the Treasury side the cooks work very hard, and as far as I know the bosses and cooks work very hard in the Secretariat. I think one thing that people do not appreciate is the increase in the volume of work, and it is one of those things which seems inevitable. The price of democracy in the Colony must be quite fantastic. However I agree with the Elected Member for East Falkland, it is important, but the price is very high. I join in the welcome to Your Excellency to the Falklands and support the Motion.

The Honourable the Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, it is not normal for the Official Members of this Council to indulge in any remarks at this stage, in any contentious remarks, and I don't intend to depart from that precedent.

I entirely identify with the remarks made by my Honourable Friend, particularly with regard to Her Majesty's Silver Jubilee and the shall we say coincidental drive that that seems to have revived in Britain and the drive that I know your presence here, Sir, has generated. A new impetus has I am sure been given to our whole purpose by the demands you have made on yourself. I know this only too well and I am sure everybody else does, and I would if I may, presume at this point Sir to identify with these remarks your very much, I think I can say, loved wife, who has made herself very much a friend amongst the people of the Colony and I am sure that a lot of the energy that you have been able to impart to us and give to your own life, your own work duties, is based on the great support you get from your lady wife.

You gave us yesterday, Sir, a formidable list of matters with which we shall be confronted and, like my Honourable Friends, I do not propose to go through that catalogue; it is long. I would like to say however that it does hold out I think much greater prospects than anything that this Colony has seen before. I think we are used to hearing speeches at budget time, forward-looking speeches, but they do have a looking-glass element in them of jam tomorrow, jam yesterday but never jam today. I think, Sir, you have given us some hope that we might get some jam this evening.

/I place very great emphasis

I place ~~very~~ great emphasis on the points made by the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland. They are well taken and it is a pity I think that we cannot do more to perhaps get more people at the middle level - not just the lower levels - of the Service, and I see perhaps some contradiction between the delays with which the work of Council is inevitably dealt; he did refer to the late arrival of some Bills, for which I hope he will accept my apologies. But it is a fact that the list of Bills this time is really formidable and without the cooks and the soup-makers I don't think we would have had the very excellent brew that at least I am sure we are going to hear about later on this morning from the Treasury kitchen.

The Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland also referred to the fact that this was by way of being a temporary or locum Council. I thoroughly agree with him that the Council has nevertheless discharged its duties in an exemplary fashion and not avoided its responsibilities. It has, like any good locum, dealt with the patients as would any locum, and I am quite certain that the patient will be passed on to the substantive Council in very good health.

There is one final point that I would like to refer to concerning the plethora of advice and reports that Government receives from time to time. It has always been a precept of mine that the most difficult part of a report is implementing it. I think I could write a report; I think we all could on almost anything. The difficult part - and I have made this point several times before - is trying to relate that report and the results that flow from it to the machinery of the government with which that report is concerned and which will have to implement it at a later date. This alone I think is a very cogent argument for a strengthening of the staff that have to deal with these matters; we are going to be embarked on a very large scale development programme; it is going to make increasing demands not only on my office but on other departments of Government and each of these departments needs strengthening but most of all, in my view, it is the coordinating role that needs to be reinforced and I am very conscious that strive as hard as we can, this coordinating role is not always discharged in the exemplary and smooth fashion that I would like to see, but which is essential if we are going to get departments working in the way they would like to work between themselves and the way they would like to conduct their own activities. I see no escape from this conclusion that there must be some strengthening of the Civil Service; and I think it is appropriate to mention also that I think the Civil Service should not be regarded as a separate part of the community. A civil servant is nothing more than a non civil servant working in a civil service office; in much the same way as a pedestrian is a motorist out of his car. Similarly, a person who works in the private sector tends at times to be separated out. I think this is wrong. I think it is far better to try and look at this that we are all in this, we all have to work together to ensure that the development that I am sure is possible in this Colony and for which you gave us so much hope yesterday can be brought to fruition. I should like to thank Your Excellency.

The President

Thank you Honourable Members for your kind words and I think also for the very useful points that were brought out in the course of your addresses. Thank you very much.

/Papers laid on the table

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE HON. CHIEF SECRETARY

Medical Report 1975

Copies of subsidiary Legislation made or approved by the Governor in Council since June 1976.

QUESTIONS FOR ORAL REPLY

The Clerk

Question No 1 of 1977 by the Honourable A B Monk JP

Mr A B Monk

When will our airfield be operational and used for LADE ?

Chief Secretary

Sir, Government hopes that the Stanley airfield will be acceptable for operation by the LADE airline during July this year but the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland will appreciate that the programme of acceptance is also dictated by the conditions in the Contract and the legal implications of bringing an airport into operation.

Mr A B Monk

Can the Honourable Chief Secretary tell me if the work is satisfactory or if there are other problems with regard to the acceptance ?

Chief Secretary

The project - which we refer to as the Airport Project - is in fact a contract let on our behalf by the Crown Agents and included in contractual documents which cover three quite thick volumes; it is therefore a complex question to answer, but to try and simplify it as much as possible and as I am able, the consultants - the consulting engineers, who are the equivalent of our Clerks of Works - have to indicate to the client that the work has been what is called substantially completed and when they are satisfied that this is so they will give Certificates of Substantial Completion. It is a debatable point and can even go to litigation at what stage these can be given. There have been some Certificates of Substantial Completion already issued to the contractor, which have attached to them schedules of work which is still outstanding and against which there is a construction date, so in a sense this becomes a contract within a contract. We are watching this very closely because it could create a situation where the maintenance period for these particular items is shortened.

It was frankly a surprise to me that Certificates of Substantial Completion could be given for parts of a contract, but the contract itself does enable this, so the short answer is that there are some works to be done, there are still some problems. His Excellency mentioned yesterday in his address that anyone who has a look at the airfield site would think there is quite an extraordinary amount of work yet to be done, but Government is purposed to make sure that it does not accept the airfield until it is satisfied that it is in a condition satisfactory to be taken over.

/I am sorry



I am sorry I cannot be more definitive about this but it is a highly complex matter on which we are seeking as much expert advice as we can and we will monitor the future work as closely as we have tried to monitor the past parts of the Contract.

Mr A B Monk

Can the Honourable Chief Secretary tell me if a Certificate has been given for the acceptance of the runway part of the project ?

Chief Secretary

A Certificate of Substantial Completion has been given for the runway part of the project.

Mr W E Bowles

Can the Chief Secretary give us an assurance, while we are on the airport construction, that the original access road known as Surf Bay Road will be returned to its original state or even better than it was before the contract started ?

Chief Secretary

No, Sir, I am unable to give this definitive answer sought by the Honourable Mr Bowles, but I have promised to look into this. I believe there is a possibility that we may be able to enforce this. I will look into the matter and report direct to the Honourable Member if this is suitable.

Mr W E Bowles

Thank you very much.

The Clerk

No 2 of 1977 by the Honourable A B Monk JP

Mr A B Monk

Is the Administration aware that some isolated communities are having to go many weeks without mail drops ? We are all aware of the problems which have beset FIGAS in recent months and no one can expect to see a service comparable to the past until manning problems etc are solved. However it does seem that the high priority once given to mail dropping no longer applies. Will the Administration give an assurance that in future mail drops especially to isolated communities will be given a high priority ?

Chief Secretary

Sir, to answer the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland, we are only too uncomfortably aware and with regret have to admit that some isolated communities must sometimes at least go a number of weeks without a mail drop. I am in fact most grateful to my Honourable Friend for coupling this question to an appreciation of the problems of the several departments concerned, but notably of course to the problems that have beset FIGAS during recent months.

As regards the reported decreasing regard for priority given to mail dropping, I hope I can reassure the Honourable Member - and through him his constituents, whose case he has pressed personally in my office and in this Chamber on several occasions most forcefully - I hope I can give the reassurance that

/this problem is never

this problem is never very far out of our thoughts in my office, in the air service and above all in the post office. I will most willingly give the assurance the Honourable Member seeks that mail drops will continue to receive a very high priority, and even now every opportunity is taken not only of air drops but deliveries by other means as well.

The Clerk

No 3 of 1977 by the Honourable A B Monk JP

Mr A B Monk

Will the Financial Secretary tell me the total area of Government land rented for farming purposes and for what total amount per annum?

Financial Secretary

Yes, Sir: approximately 20,000 acres; the rent £454.39.

The Clerk

No 4 of 1977 by the Honourable M E Bowles

Mr M E Bowles

Sir, will Government inform Council (a) if a candidate or candidates have been selected for pilot training, and (b) whether any training establishment in the UK has agreed to accept Falkland Islands candidates?

Chief Secretary

Yes, Sir. I am glad to inform the Honourable Mr Bowles that Government has selected four candidates who have progressed through all the tests that we can give them, educational and medical, and they have satisfied us. Their applications have now been sent on to the authorities in London, which in this case are the Ministry of Overseas Development and the British Council, who in conjunction with the Civil Aviation Authority will be the last authorities on this case, so we cannot be absolutely definite that each or any of them will come up to the criteria laid down.

As regards the other part of the Honourable Mr Bowles' question, yes, the Air Training School in Perth, Scotland, has agreed to train candidates submitted by us, provided they come up to the criteria that they lay down. The permission given so far therefore has been in particular cases and not of a general nature, but I am quite confident that if the candidates are acceptable to the British Council authorities and ODM we would have no problem in placing them at the Air Training School, Perth.

Mr A B Hadden

How long is the training expected to last?

Chief Secretary

I am not absolutely certain but training of a pilot from the day he first sets foot into a 'plane until he is allowed to take passengers is of the order of about two years - this includes his initial training, his advanced training, and then of course his localisation and conversion here. We make our own rules under the Air Navigation

/Order as regards



Order as regards the amount of hours in command that a pilot must have, but it is prudent on the advice of the Superintendent of Civil Aviation to ensure that a man has a fair number of hours under his belt before he actually flies passengers around.

The Clerk

No 5 of 1977 by the Honourable W E Bowles

Mr W E Bowles

Has the Administration seriously reconsidered the export of wildlife, on a strictly controlled basis, as a source of future income?

Chief Secretary

I suppose the short answer to the Honourable Mr Bowles to his question is that the Administration has not reconsidered the export of wildlife since the last decision was made, and the decision then was only of a temporary nature and never publicly expressed, to the best of my knowledge; but to go into it a bit more deeply, the question of exporting wildlife has come up to Government by various means on numerous occasions in recent years and certainly since I have been here it has been a chestnut that has been before Council on a number of occasions, and it has also been brought to our attention by conservationists and - dare I say it - anti-conservationists; but the embargo that I think the Honourable Member is referring to which was never made explicit was nevertheless a deliberate decision, or deliberate restriction, enjoined on us for conservation purposes and I think the origins of it were that it was brought to Government's attention at the time that much wildlife, not only here but throughout the world, went through the most cruel treatment during transportation such that the mortality rate was extraordinarily high, and I think no one round this table or in the Colony would be a party to cruelty to any form of wildlife, and I think this was the motivation behind the decision.

On the other hand it would be idle to deny the fact that there is a vociferous lobby throughout the world arguing for a complete embargo on the exportation of penguins and other types of wildlife. Government has to balance this against the prospects of earning substantial revenue which we have often been told is possible.

In short therefore, Government is alive to this problem and it realises that genuine fears are aroused if the export of penguins in particular is not controlled and particularly if these poor birds end up in the wrong place having been badly treated, badly handled and it gets to the notice of those organisations whose interests it is to protect animals.

Probably the eventual answer would be a complete re-examination of Government's legislation, which I can show to the Honourable Member if he so wished - and in fact the Honourable Mr Bowles may wish to initiate this re-examination. Our aim should in my view be that the exportation of wildlife is licenced in a manner such that it protects our wildlife, it prevents cruelty and it prevents the wildlife ending up at the wrong destination, particularly if that destination merely uses it for their own commercial ends.

/Mr W E Bowles

Mr W E Bowles

In thanking the Chief Secretary for his reply I too would agree with him wholeheartedly on the cruelty angle and everything else, but my words "strictly controlled basis" I thought would have covered this and standards could be set for the export of wildlife in a manner in which cruelty would be avoided at all costs, especially now with air transportation rather than five days on the DARWIN; but does he not agree that there is an income to be made from this which Government should not overlook if the cruelty aspect can be overcome?

Chief Secretary

Yes, I go along with that entirely and I think the answer is - and I apologise if I did not make it clear originally - that a substantial increase in the licencing fees and a tightening up of the licencing mechanism through a revision of our legislation - and this could be done either on Government initiative or indeed on the Honourable Councillor's initiative - but this I think is the ultimate way we should achieve the control we are after. We would utilise the fee and licencing structure as a filter to ensure that we get revenue and also weed out the propitious and irresponsible exporters. Possibly we could couple this too with some exploration of organisations which are responsible, in which case you could liaise profitably and usefully with the World Wildlife Fund and similar organisations which have a high reputation.

Council adjourned for a short period.

The President

Before we resume questions, Councillor John Smith, who had to be absent when the Motion on the address was taken, I understand would like to say a few words.

The Honourable J Smith

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. In rising to support the Motion of Thanks to your most wide-ranging and encouraging address I would first like to welcome Your Excellency to this House and make just some observations on some of the points which you raised.

The element of faith in the future which prevailed throughout your address did I am sure a great deal to reassure the people of this Colony. This is the twentieth century and we must wake up to the fact that it is and get with it. We have, as it were, for a long time been grinding along in low range and the time has come for us to change into a higher gear and to get on with things and progress.

Progress and development mean people and people mean houses; in any development housing, I feel, must have the highest priority. We already have without any large development going on a housing problem in Stanley. If our young, and indeed our older people, are to remain here, then they must have somewhere to live and it is unfortunate that some families should have to move from Stanley to the camp due to housing problems, and likewise why should

/families be destined

families be destined to stay forever in the camp because there are no houses for them in Stanley. I would like to see very much the establishment of a housing corporation and even a system of Government or council houses brought into being as quickly as possible so that we can face and keep pace with development.

Coupled with housing in the proposed development is the question of manpower and the question I ask is where is it all going to come from. We presently have I imagine only sufficient manpower to embark on one project at a time. If that is going to be the case then development is going to be rather a slow business.

The first sods have been cut on the site of the new school hostel and another at the site of the YPF oil jetty, but how are we going to manage both of these capital projects as well as maintaining Stanley, the new airport, and hopefully a start on the road to Darwin? The question of manpower is large but not insurmountable, but I feel it should be looked at urgently. It is pleasing to note that a great number of the labour - much of it semi-skilled - has been absorbed into our PWD from JCL but it would be embarrassing to find ourselves in the unhappy position of having the money, the machinery and not enough men. If we can, as I am sure we will, solve the problem of housing and manpower then we can tackle development and progress in earnest. The schemes which Your Excellency outlined are the most encouraging we have heard for years. We have the projects and even better we know that the money to support them is likely to be forthcoming. This is a start on which hopefully the foundations of a new future can be laid, the building of which will do much to strengthen our position socially, commercially, as well as a prosperous Colony.

I would like also, Sir, to comment briefly on just a few other points raised in your address.

The Government news bulletins are most welcome and were very much needed. Especially the Court news, which, unpleasant though it may be to those concerned, does much to dispel the rumour and often malicious gossip which often surrounds such cases. From what I've heard the service is so efficient that some members of Government learn details about their future before being informed officially. At least the news service is getting the news.

I must confess I was dismayed at the suggestion of increasing the staff at the Secretariat; I really do think that there are a large number of people there at present and any more might tend to clog the works rather than speed up the administration.

I wholeheartedly agree with the training of our young people within the Civil Service and I hope that we will be able to absorb them into our Civil Service and into the other branches of development. It is also very reassuring in the field of education to see that 'O' levels are again being taken in the senior school. This I am sure will do a great deal to keep parents with older children within the Colony, but we must make sure that we can use their talents and abilities within the Colony.

/PWD have been doing an

PWD have been doing an unenviable and very thankless job but it is hoped that with more men at least some of the strain may be taken off. I did notice the other day that the Government dumper truck was fully manned with a crew of five on its journey through the town.

Much has been said recently about our external affairs so I will not dwell long on that subject except to say, Sir, that I agree that we are in a difficult and delicate situation and we should by all means examine proposals on other people's ideas for our future and wellbeing, but I know I speak for a great many people in the Colony when I say that we shall not be forced, pushed or persuaded into any situation which is not acceptable to us. Your Excellency, I wish to support the Motion of Thanks.

The Clerk

No 6 of 1977 by the Honourable W E Bowles

Mr W E Bowles

When will a road repair programme commence in Stanley and what priorities are envisaged ?

Chief Secretary

I could attempt to answer the second part of the question first, what priorities are envisaged; I have no doubt depending on where we lived the priorities would be seen differently, but the Superintendent of Public Works' idea of priority, for which he has bid in the next financial year's Estimates, is a substantial improvement to Villiers Street; but Government hopes that we can enlarge on this and extend it and make this a really worthwhile - but it would be a costly and large - project. We are not going to do this in the way that the Public Works Department has been constrained in the past. In fact the PWD has carried out continuing maintenance work on several roads in Stanley during recent months: in the bottom of Dean Street there has been reasonably substantial filling in and renewal of that awful section; I know of many pitfalls higher up the hill and in many other roads but despite what I think is the general view the department has been continuing work on an occasional basis, on a maintenance basis only, for instance on Barrack Street, John Street, Davis Street, St Mary's Walk, Reservoir Road, Dean Street, Ross Road West, Brandon Road and Drury Street. Now this is work of a temporary maintenance nature and it often goes unseen (and it often gets washed away by the next heavy fall of rain) but this is what frankly Government has imposed on the department and if there is to be a meaningful road repair programme, which is the first part of the Honourable Member's question, then I think we as a government have got to remove the shackles from that department and provide them with the manpower and the funds and the machinery that all this entails. For too long I think we have kept this department on a very tight rein and given the best will in the world I don't see how that department can discharge its duties in the way that we would all like, that the public would like. It must be assisted with finance before it can undertake a worthwhile project.

/Hopefully some of the funds

Hopefully some of the funds for this will come from our own resources but hopefully, too, we will be able to join investigation of this matter to the investigation of the other transportation problems shortly to be investigated by the Internal Communications Study Team which we are expecting within the next few months.

Mr W E Bowles

I am sure my neighbours on Villiers Street will be delighted to know that they are first on the list. Will the Administration also consider Brandon Road, Snake Hill, Hackett's Hill, Callaghan Road, King Street and the completion of Hebe Street ?

Chief Secretary

Yes, Sir.

The Clerk

No 7 of 1977 by the Honourable J Smith

Mr J Smith

Sir, what measures are being taken by Government to prevent damage to gardens and property in Stanley caused by cattle roaming in from the Common ?

Chief Secretary

Sir, during recent months in an attempt to prevent incursion of cattle into town and damage to property and gardens, Government has undertaken, through the Agricultural Department, some repair of the fences and a continual check of the fences on the Common, and I am assured that those fences are now in an adequate state of repair, although a continuous watch will be kept.

Attention is also being given by the same department in conjunction with the Public Works Department to the cattle grids, but these present a special problem and I think I have heard as many views on a suitable design for a cattle grid as people I have asked advice from. It seems that our cattle are particularly intelligent and soon learn how to cross cattle grids, unless they are extremely hazardous.

In addition, particular and special attention was given to this problem some months ago by a special administrative committee which was set up, which included the Public Works Department, members of the GTU and the Agricultural Department, to see what could be done and it was largely as a result of their recommendations that these repairs of fences and cattle grids were carried out.

One recommendation we could not carry through because it would have involved the creation of a new department which frankly would have had my support but I do not think we would have commanded much support from the holders of the purse-strings.

Further, the Agricultural Department, the Public Works Department and the Police have all been involved in monitoring this situation and have done virtually as much as they can to prevent cattle straying into Stanley. Probably the only defect now remaining for attention by Government is the cattle grid near the Met Station, and the PWD intend to give this further attention very shortly.

/I suppose it is worth mentioning

I suppose it is worth mentioning also that we do know that at least in one case, and probably more, cattle have entered gardens because the gates of the gardens have been left open, and I suppose the simple solution there is for us all to ensure that our gates are kept shut wherever possible, and I think it is also worth drawing to attention to Honourable Members that while Government will do everything possible to prevent cattle straying into town, there is liability imposed on the dozen or so people who have grazing licences to graze cattle on the Common to restrain their cattle. I am advised that in fact if a person who has cattle on the Common allows that cattle to stray, he can be actionable by private litigation. I don't think anyone will want to go to that extent but there is a liability on those persons to ensure that their cattle do not stray and it may be that if we were to enforce more vigorously the covenants in the leases that these owners of cattle have, this might be one solution to the problem. We could for instance if a person is a continual offender, consider withholding the renewal of the lease. But these are drastic measures and I would hope that we would not have to resort to anything like that. I think once it is known that there is a liability on the owners of cattle to try and prevent this, together with the other measures that the government departments are taking, hopefully we should be able to contain even "Bovril". (The Agricultural Dept bull). As I say it is a very difficult problem but we are doing all we can and if we have the public support I am sure we can remedy this nuisance.

Mr J Smith

Thank you for your reply, Sir. May I ask one supplementary, and that is, is Government aware that there are two bulls frequently on our streets in Stanley after dark? - I could not phrase that in any other fashion, Sir; I'm sorry - one is regarded as being tame but if goaded or even in a playful mood it could inflict serious and even grievous damage to both persons and property, and this is also causing concern to our dairy people in Stanley in as much as it does take the control of calving somewhat out of their hands. I feel that Government should pay special attention to this aspect.

Chief Secretary

I did know that one had strayed in on one occasion and I think it is a serious point that the Honourable Mr Smith has made, and if we can continue to keep the fences repaired, if we get this cattle grid repaired at the Met Station, I think we can contain the situation. If there is anything else that government can do I am sure we will be only too glad - the PWD would be only too glad to assist, pressed as they are with other priorities; I am sure they find it as much of a nuisance to have to deal with this. I know the Superintendent is continually worried by persons complaining because they have had their property damaged; so if anyone can think of any way in which we can improve the situation I would welcome these suggestions.

/Mr A B Monk

Mr A B Monk

Years ago when I kept a horse in Stanley and it strayed it was locked in the pound and I was fined. Is there a pound now, a government pound, for straying animals?

Chief Secretary

To the best of my knowledge there is not a pound, although we do have an ordinance, known as the Trespass Ordinance, whereby animals to the best of my knowledge and ad referendum to that Ordinance can be impounded and the owner charged for the cost of impounding the animal.

Mr A B Monk

Do you not think that should be done, and we should have a government pound in Stanley?

Chief Secretary

I think it is certainly worth investigation and you would have to find a suitable area for it; I think that is a very well worthwhile suggestion; we should certainly take that up.

The Clerk

No 8 of 1977 by the Honourable J Smith

Mr J Smith

Will Government advise on the state of the swimming pool project and the state of the Fund?

Financial Secretary

Yes, Sir. Lack of funds has prevented progress on this project. You will recall that at last year's Budget Meeting of Council I advised of an application having been made to the European Development Fund for aid. Our application was unsuccessful. A substantial sum was also set aside last year in our development estimates, but owing to the need to purchase the Beaver aircraft all development funds from Colony sources were utilised on the purchase of these aircraft.

The plans and estimates for the project have been completed by Mr Brian Ashfield and Mr Philip Thompson free of charge. The balance of funds available at the end of June 1977 is expected to be in the region of £9,300. This includes £2,000 due from the Great Britain project. I was pleased the other day to receive a telephone call from Mr Pepper in which he referred to the swimming pool project, and it seems that the Ministry of Overseas Development are awaiting further information on this project and when Mr Pepper arrives in the Colony I will be taking the matter up with him.

Mr W E Bowles

Can the Administration give some indication of the date envisaged for commencement of work on the swimming pool?

/Financial Secretary



Financial Secretary

No, Sir. The commencement date cannot be given at this stage; we first of all must be sure that we have the money or the possibility of funds to complete the project before we start.

Mr A B Hadden

Has a sum been suggested for the total cost ?

Financial Secretary

Yes, Sir. The estimates prepared by Messrs. Ashfield and Thompson were in the region of £60,000.

The Clerk

No 9 of 1977 by the Hon J Smith

Mr J Smith

What progress has been made in respect of the Old Age Pensions and Children's Allowances following replies given to questions No 5 and No 9 at the 1976 meeting of the Legislative Council ?

Financial Secretary

Sir, the matter was referred to the British Government for advice on the Old Age Pensions scheme and in January Mr Colin Harris visited the Colony to advise on these matters. His report is awaited and the matters relating to the OAP scheme will be left in abeyance pending his report, with the exception of the proposals made at this meeting for increases in both non-contributory and contributory Old Age Pensions.

In addition it is proposed that we should increase the Family Allowances by one hundred per cent. These points will be raised later on in this meeting.

The Clerk

No 10 of 1977 by the Honourable A B Hadden BEM

Mr A B Hadden

Sir, when does Government expect the new R/T sets to be installed in all camp settlements?

Chief Secretary

Very briefly, Sir, we hope that this can be done as soon as possible. There are certain difficulties in the way: the first is that this is a project which is financed partly from Colony funds and partly from UK funds. As regards the Colony funds, we have deployed some of these already for acquiring four sets which were used in the pilot scheme, in conjunction with the very good and valuable work done by a special committee set up to look into these new sets. This committee recommended some months ago, and as soon as they recommended and made a firm proposal that we should go for a particular set a project submission for the UK portion of the money was made, and I have within the last month received a letter from ODM to the effect that they are now, to quote them, seeking advice on the proposal we have submitted.

/Therefore while



Therefore while we hope that this will get into operation as soon as possible, and I would like to be able to give a definite date when all settlements will be supplied with the new sets, I think it would be wrong and over-optimistic and misleading to state anything. But as soon as the project has the approval from the Ministry of Overseas Development we shall acquire all the sets and distribute them so that the technical officers of the Posts and Telecommunications Department can supply them to camp.

Perhaps if I had to guess, allowing for all these steps I would think - and I would hope not to have to be held to this - I would hope that within a period of eight to nine months we could have all settlements equipped with these new sets.

The Clerk

No 11 of 1977 by the Honourable A B Hadden BEM

Mr A B Hadden

Sir, would Government consider making the Old Age Pensions payable free of income tax ?

Financial Secretary

No, Sir. There is no sound reason for exempting CAFs from the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance.

The Clerk

No 12 of 1977 by the Honourable A B Hadden BEM

Mr A B Hadden

Sir, would Government please report progress on AIL's - that is Alginate Industries Limited - proposals to develop a kelp industry in the Colony ?

Chief Secretary

Yes, Sir. It is with some regret that my reply to this question is a very disappointing one, in that Government has recently been advised that AIL now wishes to surrender the exclusive covenants of its licence with effect from September this year so that all it would be left with would be a licence under the appropriate Ordinance which would give it no exclusive rights to our kelp resources but leave the door open for other companies. This might seem attractive in one way but what it virtually means is that AIL, who from September of this year would have had to pay £7,500 per annum and invest two million pounds during the next two years, have now withdrawn from this commitment. I think this is something to be regarded more in sorrow than in anger, particularly as this Government I think has given every possible encouragement to this company, and we have gone out of our way in several ways to encourage them, and we have had what amounts to a mere pittance by way of licence and retention fees.

The grounds the company state for this action is that they have doubts about the time scale of demand for alginates throughout the world, and they link it to the major question of world trade, which in turn they say depends upon such factors as the price of oil. On the other hand, the company states that the question of sovereignty and the likelihood of a satisfactory solution to it is perhaps

/now at a lower ebb

now at a lower ebb than it was. In this connection they refer to the Shackleton mission and to the optimistic assessment of the Islands' future. That report gave them considerable hopes which have now been dashed by - and I quote - government's ill-timed approach to the Argentine government combined with Parliamentary statements in which extracts of that report were quoted out of context. That seems to me to be a very strange remark when it is at this time that we need the support of the private sector in our endeavours to resolve the sovereignty issue, that we should be confronted with what one might almost call a wintering approach. If ever we needed support from the private sector it is now and there is no doubt that Shackleton can be quoted out of context, and if one quoted Shackleton back one I think could come to the conclusion that now is the time for companies to show the earnest of their intentions by positive and concrete investment in this Colony.

To sum up therefore, Sir, we find this offer of AIL's most disheartening and disappointing. For several years there have been hopes for the company to show a real earnest and we believe that any company could demonstrate its genuine desire to support the Colony by tangible investment at this time.

The Shackleton report, as my Honourable Friends will recall, laid stress on the need for economic cooperation with our neighbours in certain fields and I see no reason for using this as an excuse. We would much prefer to have purposeful development as a demonstration of faith in the Colony.

Government has however not abandoned hope that this company may reconsider their position and we propose therefore to emphasise that they can demonstrate their faith in our future more by speedy and effective investment and in fulfilment of their promises over many years rather than by an offer to withdraw. If we are unsuccessful in this approach I think it may be the general view that to continue with an offer to contribute £2,500, which was established in 1972 and is now worth very much less than that, is a derisory offer.

Mr A B Hadden

I thank the Chief Secretary for his reply. Are we to assume then that if the airstrip was lengthened and strengthened they would come and operate now? This seems to have been the major obstacle from the information we have had previously.

Chief Secretary

Unfortunately, no. Even if the airstrip was lengthened and strengthened to take the largest aircraft this would still not be sufficient guarantee to the company. At one time I believe this was the major constraint that they saw to their development but they have gone beyond that and coupled it to the political aspect.

/Mr A B Hadden

Mr A B Hadden

I thank the Chief Secretary. Has Government any information that AIL are considering kelp exploration in the Argentine?

Chief Secretary

Unfortunately, Sir, I have no information which could either confirm or rebutt that statement at this stage.

Mr A B Monk

Is it not a fact that AIL never applied to the British Government or ECGD for guarantees ?

Chief Secretary

To the best of my knowledge, Sir, that is the case. There was talk and even correspondence with Export Credit Guarantee Department and I believe an offer of assistance was held out, at least an offer to examine it. To the best of my knowledge no approach was made by the company to ECGD. There was a feasibility study which I believe was conducted at least partly with IEG funds by Humphreys and Glasgow which was the nearest they came to an approach, but that was not followed up either.

Mr A B Monk

Can the Chief Secretary confirm that in fact AIL have a very promising field of kelp in another area ?

Chief Secretary

Yes, Sir, as their Annual Report indicates, they have had feelers out in many areas of the world for many years now and some of those, such as Iceland, are collapsing which at one time looked to be very promising. Others which looked to be not quite so promising are now very much more successful. These are notably Tasmania, I believe, Chile and Norway. This is available in their Annual Report and they have indicated that they are at the moment able to sustain their operations from these sources without coming to what they themselves know as the largest kelp resources in the world, the Falkland Islands.

Mr J Smith

Sir, have any other companies expressed interest in obtaining a licence to deal with kelp resources in the Falkland Islands ?

Chief Secretary

Yes, there was an approach made some years ago by Kelco but they, I believe, have an association with AIL. We are now doing all we can and have been for some time to see if other companies throughout the world might have been interested. Those enquiries of course would have had to be conducted with reference to the exclusive licence that AIL possesses and we would have had to offer under the conditions of the licence held by AIL our first concession to them except in their present concessionary area. This throws a completely different light on the picture and we will have to press with vigour - even more vigour - to try and attract other companies.

/Mr W E Bowles

Mr W E Bowles

Is the Administration aware that certain kelp companies in the United States now inject the kelp in order to give it a three-fold production in one year, therefore making our kelp rather inaccessible or uneconomic ?

Chief Secretary

I learned very recently that this is so. In fact I think if one had to read between the lines of statements over recent years, it is perhaps the technical problems which have inhibited development here, technical problems which the company would have found more expensive to overcome than elsewhere.

Mr A B Hadden

I understand that if you later on this year or when the time comes can say 'this is it, we've finished with you' or have some sort of agreement which is negotiable again, when this comes along it may be a better idea to withdraw the licence altogether and look elsewhere.

Chief Secretary

It is a rather complicated licence in fact, they have an agreement with government whereby they would be granted the first access to kelp resources; they have a licence to a concessionary area, which is defined, and is the area mainly to the South and East of Stanley where the largest kelp resources exist. This is in several stages but the original licence would have imposed quite heavy penalties with effect from September this year and removed the exclusivity of the licence unless they showed a real earnest of their intentions by that date.

By an exchange of letters in 1973 this exclusivity was extended on the condition that they injected two million pounds of investment in active processing of the kelp during the period September 1977 to September 1979, after which the conditions again became renewable and the fees went up substantially and were also adjusted in relation to the wholesale price index.

So what has happened now is that they asked for the exclusivity to be extended and now they offer - you might say they are pre-empting their position - to surrender that exclusivity, and I think the Honourable Member's proposal at the end of his statement just now may be the end of the road but I would hope that we can convince AIL that they have a duty to us; we have honoured our past agreement and we would hope that they could honour theirs by some really positive investment in the Colony.

As I said in my original answer, if our approach in that regard is unsuccessful, it may well be that we regard their offer of £2,500 a year as derisory.

Mr A B Hadden

I understand that AIL are members of the 'Friends of the Falkland Islands'. Would Government consider such action to be the actions of a friend?

/Chief Secretary

Chief Secretary

I suppose to be strictly fair one would regard this as the actions of a strictly commercial kind. We would hope that their connection with us is not of a commercial nature only but it is of a friend, and we would look to friends at this time to show even at some cost to themselves the sincerity of their friendship by investing in the Colony, and I still hope that we can maintain this relationship and convince them that it is in their interests and our interests to continue with the original proposal and develop our alginates as quickly as possible.

Mr A B Monk

Does not the Administration think it is very odd that there should be a complete turn-round in Alginate Industries' point of view from that they expressed on the 14th of February, when they held out glowing prospects for untold millions of pounds in revenue, and a few months later they come up with something completely contrary ?

Chief Secretary

I find it most surprising and very difficult to understand. I suppose at the worst, the worst construction one could put on it is that it looks rather dissimulating, but I hope that we can convince them - as I have repeated already too many times - that it is not in their interests, that we do not accept their argument for withdrawal, we think they are wrong, we think there is every reason for them to go ahead.

QUESTIONS FOR WRITTEN REPLY

Question No 1/77 by the Honourable A B Monk JP

"Why has not the Administration implemented the Motion passed by this Council on Tuesday 15th June 1976 ? The Motion being:

'That Government brings into effect a landing tax to be paid by all persons entering the Colony and its Dependencies, other than permanent residents: that is to say persons who normally reside in the Colony and have done so for not less than one year, and persons engaged in work for the British Antarctic Survey in the Dependencies. It is proposed that the tax should be £5 per person'."

Reply by the Honourable Chief Secretary

"Sir, Government has in fact looked very closely at the matter referred to in the Honourable Member's Motion, both as regards persons arriving by sea and air.

As regards those arriving by sea, Government believes a tax or levy would be most appropriate in respect of vessels bringing wealthy tourists and from which Government and the Colony at present derive little income. For instance, Government has examined whether it would be appropriate for such vessels to pay a capitation fee related to the number of passengers or, alternatively, to the size of the vessel, or its carrying capacity. Care must however be taken to avoid too early an imposition of a tax which could inhibit tourism development, an industry which so far has had

/only a small beginning

"only a small beginning but which is regarded as a key one in Government's development plans. The matter has been noted for reference to the Fiscal Adviser, and information about the practice in similar circumstances in other territories is being sought.

As regards persons using Stanley Airport, Government has accepted that there should be an embarkation (not a landing) tax at the airport, applicable to all passengers, with certain small exceptions arising from our international obligations. This decision has been taken after careful examination of practice elsewhere and on advice from the Airport Superintendent. It is proposed that this tax should be set at a reasonable level, although by comparison with other airports it is considered to be rather high.

Government is conscious that it must try to offset recurrent expenditure on the airport by revenue from the same source, but believe it would be unwise to set a fee inordinately high by comparison with other airports, and deter tourists. Government would prefer to see what the effect and earnings of the proposed tax will be and if need be review the position later.

In addition to the embarkation tax, Government proposes, in time, to levy other fees (such as for car-parking, etc) at the airport, and has prepared legislation for this purpose."

Question No 2/77 by the Honourable W E Bowles

"Will Government explore the setting up of a road construction unit in conjunction with the internal communications system as laid out in the Shackleton Report ?"

Reply by the Honourable Chief Secretary

"Sir, as part of its new development proposals and planning the Falkland Islands Government is pressing urgently for acceptance of a number of projects. One to which we give a very high priority is the construction of a road between Stanley and Darwin. This echoes the very high priority given to it by Councillors at their joint meeting with the Minister of State in February.

Our planning, which involves Government in overcoming several constraints such as the purchase of equipment and plant, and the acquisition of additional buildings and technical expertise, is being pressed with vigour; it is now at a near-critical stage but Government is able to take a cautiously optimistic view of prospects that a really meaningful plan will emerge and will include investigation by an expert team on the construction of a road to Darwin.

/It will be appreciated

"It will be appreciated that the Shackleton recommendations were of a tentative nature. They have, however, been supported by this government so far as the recommendations for a road construction unit are concerned.

There are further studies yet to be made and ODM has promised to send out a team to conduct a thorough survey of the Colony's internal communications. The road to Darwin will be one of the main subjects for study."

Question No 3/77 by the Honourable J Smith

"Who is going to build the YPF jetty ?"

Reply by the Honourable Chief Secretary

"Sir, it has not yet been decided who is to build the jetty. This major undertaking, a stone-filled causeway with a 200 ft interlocking concrete block jetty head and berthing dolphins for a tanker, has been designed by the consultants, Bendel Palmer & Tritton, and will require considerable capacity, expertise and support in the construction field. A number of options are being actively considered by Her Majesty's Government, who will substantially finance the project.

To facilitate operations when a decision is reached in London, the Falkland Islands Government have been asked to arrange for Public Works Department to make an early start on a quarry access road east of the YPF depot in Stanley; this work is now in hand."

Question No 4/77 by the Honourable John Smith

"By what figure has the recent increase in air fares from Comodoro Rivadavia to Buenos Aires and return, increased the cost of Government passages, and is Government satisfied at the explanation given by the authorities concerned for the increase ?"

Reply by the Honourable Chief Secretary

"The return fare from Comodoro Rivadavia to Buenos Aires was increased on 16 May 1977 from £53.92 to £118.48.

Immediately this increase was known we made urgent enquiries and representations, and have now been advised that the increase resulted from an incorrect application of the regulations by the airlines arising from difficulties over international fares.

The position has now been rectified and the fare will return to the previous rate. By the date of issue of this reply the necessary steps should have been taken to effect this readjustment.

We enquired further whether those passengers who had already been required to pay the increased fare would be reimbursed and, although we have not yet been given an affirmative answer, we have been advised that those passengers concerned should apply for reimbursement through Vice Comodoro Carnelli. We will be following up this point.

On 1 June, the fare between Stanley and Comodoro Rivadavia rose by £5.24 to £31.18, but we are satisfied that this, one of a number of recent fluctuations in this fare, is in order."

/



Question No 5/77 by the Honourable J Smith

"Will Government give a breakdown of expenditure in order to show how the rate per pound is arrived at for Stanley Rates?"

Reply by the Honourable Financial Secretary

"Sir, the Standing Finance Committee of the Legislature is authorised to make and levy rates on the owner of any premises in Stanley which are liable to rates. Sections 5 and 30 of the Stanley Rates Ordinance 1973 are relevant.

This year Standing Finance Committee first considered the following net expenditure for calculating the rate:

Garbage disposal	£3,500
Upkeep of Stanley	1,000
Street lighting	4,000
Fire brigade	2,350
Water supply	<u>26,636</u>
	37,486
<u>Deduct:</u> Estimated revenue from the sale of water	<u>1,400</u>
	36,086
<u>Deduct:</u> 25% in respect of Government properties	<u>9,021</u>
TOTAL	<u>£27,065</u>

The calculation was made as follows:

$£27,065 \div £23,582$  (net annual value of rateable premises)

= £1.14 per £

However, the Committee considered that the rate of £1.14 should not be levied and restricted the increase in the rate this year to 25% of the rate imposed in 1976. The calculation being:  $125\% \times 79p = 98.75p$  rounded down to 98p.

The Honourable Member will no doubt be interested to learn that Standing Finance Committee has agreed to look into the question of the apparent high cost of the Stanley Water Supply in the hope that expenditure can be reduced."

Question No 6/77 by the Honourable A B Hadden BEM

"How much has the Grasslands Trials Unit cost the Falkland Islands Treasury since it started?"

Reply by the Honourable Chief Secretary

"Sir, the recorded expenditure out of local funds up to 15th June 1977 totals £5,947.90."



### MOTIONS

A Motion for the adoption of the Report of the Standing Finance Committee for the period March 1976 to May 1977 was put by the Honourable Financial Secretary.

#### Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. The Standing Finance Committee met on nine occasions during the past year and approved £403,864 in additional provision. £196 for the year 1974/75, £81,928 for the year 1975/76 and £321,740 for the year 1976/77. I should explain that during the present year of 1976/77 the large items of expenditure were on the Beaver aircraft and on the property acquired by this Government from the British Antarctic Survey. I beg to move that the Report of the Standing Finance Committee be adopted without debate.

The Honourable Chief Secretary seconded the Motion which was carried.

#### A Motion by the Honourable A B Monk JP

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I beg to move that this Council adopt the following resolution by acclaim:

We, the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and the Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, humbly desire on behalf of the whole population of the Colony to convey to Her Majesty on the happy occasion of Her Majesty's Silver Jubilee an assurance of the respectful affection borne by every one in this Colony to Your Majesty's throne and person and they hope and pray that Your Majesty's reign may be prolonged to bring new strength to the great Commonwealth of which this Colony forms so small but so loyal a part.

The Motion was seconded by the Honourable Mr W E Bowles and carried by acclamation.

The Council then adjourned for lunch and re-assembled at 2.00 p.m.

### ORDERS OF THE DAY

#### BILLS

#### APPROPRIATION 1977 / 78 BILL 1977

#### Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. It is customary both in this Colony and in other territories to review the finances relating to the current financial year, before dealing with the budget for the ensuing year. I will not depart from this tradition and briefly summarize the revised Estimates for 1976/77 before introducing the 1977/78 Revenue and Expenditure proposals.

/Additional revenue

Additional revenue of £134,000 is forecast, making a revised estimate of £1,185,000. Expenditure is revised at £1,206,000 which is almost £95,000 more than the original estimate. The deficit which was forecast at this time last year was £60,000. It is now considered that the deficit will be slightly in excess of £20,000 which is an improvement of almost £40,000.

The main increases in expenditure relate to the purchase of the British Antarctic Survey buildings and plant which were offered to Government at reasonable prices during the course of the year. Other large expenditure increases can be seen under the Public Works Department principally on the Water Supply, Repairs and Maintenance of Government Buildings and Installations, Motor Transport and Purchase of Furniture.

Under the Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store Head large increases appear for the purchase of stores, which is due to increases in prices of imports from Britain, and Income Tax Refunds. In this latter case there is matching revenue.

Higher investment and tax revenues are the main responsible factors for the increase in Revenue. The Ordinary Reserves of the Colony should be in the region of £600,000 at the end of June.

For the coming Financial Year, 1977/78, a surplus of £46,000 is forecast. Ordinary Revenue is estimated at £1,408,000 and Ordinary Expenditure at £1,362,000.

The estimate for Companies Tax is put at £400,000. This considerable increase is influenced by the prices obtained for the 1975/76 wool clip, which sold at an average of 91.5p per kilo, and by an increase in the rate of companies tax which I will refer to in a minute or two.

Consideration has been given to some of the recommendations in the Shackleton Report. Some are included in the revenue proposals contained in this Budget.

Under the Aviation Head of Revenue, it is proposed that the Air Service Boarding Fee, which at present stands at £4.50, should be increased to £6.00. The Air fares applicable to non-residents, it is suggested, should be increased to an economic level.

It is proposed that a £2.00 embarkation fee should be introduced on the opening of Stanley Airport.

It is proposed to increase import duties on tobacco from £2.40 to £2.80 per pound, which is about 3½p more on the popular 50g tin.

It is proposed that the duty on cigarettes should be increased from £2.88 to £3.30 per pound, which is approximately 2p more on a packet of 20. It is proposed that cigars be increased from £4.20 to £5.00 per pound.

The proposed increase in spirits is from £12.00 to £13.50 per gallon, that is 25p more on the bottle. It is proposed that the increase in duty on fortified wines should be increased from 90p to £1.10 per gallon, which is about 4p more on the bottle. Other wines it is proposed should be increased from 78p to 90p per gallon, which is 2p more on the regular size bottle.

/Under the revenue Head,

Under the Revenue Head, Fees and Fines, it is proposed that there should be some increases in the various medical fees, particularly those for non-residents, and it is proposed that non-residents should pay £5.00 for an out-patient consultation, which is at present charged at 22p. It is proposed to increase domiciliary visits from 30p to £10.00. For visits to ships outside Stanley and Port William it is proposed to charge £100.00 instead of the current fee of £50.00 and that the charge for each patient seen be increased from £1.00 to £5.00. Daily charges in the Hospital for non-residents it is proposed to increase from £10.00 to £25.00 per day.

For residents the following increases are proposed:

In-patient fees from £1.50 to £2.00 per day  
Out-patient fees from 22p and 19p for the first and subsequent consultations to 30p and 25p respectively.

It is proposed to increase Camp Medical Subscriptions from £2.52 to £3.24 per annum for a single person, and for married men the increase should be from £5.04 to £6.48 per annum.

The employers' contribution, which is at present £2.50 per 1,000 sheep depastured, should be increased to £3.25.

It is proposed that the Darwin Boarding School Fees should be increased from £12.00 to £15.00 per child per term, and the charge for meals for day children be increased from 5p to 7p each.

Under the Harbour Head of Revenue, a nominal sum has been inserted for the suggested fee to be levied on passenger ships, but at present this matter is still under consideration. Further information on this subject is being sought from other territories and advice from our newly appointed Fiscal Adviser, Mr Pepper.

Under Investment Income a decrease in interest is shown from the reserves, largely because of the substantial expenditure planned for the Colony's development programme. A transfer of £50,000 from the Government Savings Bank to the General Revenues of the Colony is also included under this Head.

Under Internal Revenue it is proposed that there should be a substantial reform both in Income and Companies Tax. Bills, which have already passed through the Executive Council, will be published shortly and it is hoped that they may be taken to the second reading at this meeting, the Bills then passing through their final stages at the first meeting of the new Council, which I assume will be held towards the end of 1977.

The main Income Tax proposals are:

That the Personal Allowance to which every taxpayer is entitled be increased from £230 to £350,

that the allowance for a wife be increased from £180 to £300, and

that the allowance for a child, in the Colony, be increased from £130 to £250 and that for a child at school overseas be increased from £150 to £280.

/It is proposed that

It is proposed that the earned income relief maximum, which currently stands at £500, be lifted to £750.

It is proposed that the allowance for a dependent relative should be increased from £130 to £250, and that old age relief, which at present operates when the income is below £600, be adjusted to operate in a case where the income is not in excess of £900 per annum.

In order to compensate for some of the loss of income because of the changes in allowances, it is necessary to increase the tax rates and it is proposed that rates suggested in the Shackleton Report be introduced. The proposed increases are as follows:

On the first £500 chargeable income	from 15% to 17½%
On the next £500	" 20% to 22½%
" " " £500	" 25% to 27½%
" " " £1000	" 30% to 35%
" " " £1000	" 35% to 40%
" " " £1000	" 40% to 45%

and on all chargeable income over the first £4,500 from 45% to 50%. It is also proposed to increase the annual values applicable to allowances in kind by approximately 50%. Finally, with regard to taxation, it is proposed to introduce an additional allowance for earned income relief in respect of a wife - this is known as WEIR: Wife's Earned Income Relief.

It is proposed that all these adjustments should take effect from the 1978 year of assessment, that is, all income earned in this year, 1977, will be subject to the new taxation proposals. With regard to Companies Tax, it is proposed that the rate be increased from 40% to 45%, and that Capital allowances be adjusted for simplification and to encourage investment. In this connection it is proposed that there should be only two rates for depreciation (both reducing) and no initial allowances - 10% in the case of ships and buildings and 25% for the rest. Using the rate of 10% an asset is written off in 22 years and using the 25% rate an asset would be written off in eight years.

It is proposed that radio licences, which currently stand at £2.00, should be increased to £4.00.

Under the Miscellaneous Head of Revenue, Members will see that £50,000 is forecast for the issue of coins. This estimate is in respect of a coin to be struck to commemorate the Silver Jubilee. Mr Pepper is at present in touch with the Royal Mint making the necessary arrangements for the release of the coin.

Following increases in costs, in particular the increase in the cost of oil, an adjustment is necessary to the electricity tariff and it is proposed that the tariff be increased from 4.34p to 4.76p per unit. Honourable Members will also note that under this Head an increase is shown under Stanley Rates and this is brought about by the need to keep pace with the rapidly rising costs of the Water Supply and Fire Brigade.

/Under the Posts and

Under the Posts and Telecommunications Head of Revenue, the estimate for the Sale of Stamps includes the new definitive issue and special issues - one to commemorate the Coronation, one for the opening of the new airfield and one for the commemoration of the Falkland Islands' accession to the Universal Postal Union. It is proposed that inland postage rates be increased from 2p to 3p. It is also proposed that the telephone rental, which is at present £15 for domestic subscribers and £30 for businesses, be increased to £18 and £36 respectively.

It is proposed that all rents should be increased in respect of Government quarters to take account of higher costs. Another consideration in this connection is the fact that the occupants will not be meeting current increases in the Stanley Rates. It is therefore proposed that unfurnished quarters should be increased in the region of 10% but that furnished quarters should bear a greater burden because of very high costs of furniture, and it is proposed that these quarters should be increased by at least 20%.

The 1977/78 Expenditure proposals include provision for an additional pilot and also under the Aviation Head of Expenditure charges for maintenance of the Stanley Airport. Two larger items which do not appear in the current Estimates are: a fee of £8,500 for Telecommunications Maintenance Contract, and a sum for two handymen for general duties at the Airport. The Stanley Airport fuel bill is estimated at £4,000. A few items of Special Expenditure are for consideration, for example a lawn-mower, £300, and £100 for anti-hijacking equipment.

Under Customs and Harbour it is proposed to employ a full-time Clerk. A change in the establishment of mv FORREST is proposed by promoting the Senior Engineer to a new post of Mate/Engineer and the employment of an additional assistant Engineer. The post of Mate is to be abolished.

Education Department: it is proposed that the Teacher-in-Charge at the Junior School should be upgraded to Headmaster. A few New Items of Special Expenditure for the Education Department are also provided for.

The Medical Department Estimates include a new post of one Nursing Sister. This proposal is made as it is considered that an additional Sister is required to cope with the general workload and for the introduction of a formal teaching system for Junior Nurses. This post may enable a rudimentary District Nursing system to be established.

It is also proposed to abolish the post of part-time typist and engage a full-time Clerk. It is proposed to employ an additional part-time maid.

A sum has been inserted for the payment of a small fee to any Nurse living at a camp settlement who may be prepared to undertake camp District Nursing. Special Expenditure of the Medical Department includes a re-vote of a sum for the Hydatidosis Campaign, teaching aids for Junior Nurses, £600 for a green-house, and provision for the use of standard and safe pharmaceutical containers.

/It is also proposed to

It is also proposed to replace the dental unit which is at the end of its useful life. Replacement mattresses, medical gas cylinders and a hospital dishwasher, and a number of other smaller items of equipment are also provided for.

Police Department: a proposal has been made by the Chief Police Officer for an increase in the establishment. Another item which is new to this year's Estimates is the provision for housing allowances for Police Constables.

In the Public Works Department it is proposed to employ one additional Filtration Plant Operator.

Under Public Works Recurrent, provision is included for a caretaker for Stanley Garbage Disposal Unit and two full-time Firemen, as well as an additional mechanic for the Public Works Department.

Items of Public Works Special Expenditure include £4,500 for the continuation of the modernisation programme at the King Edward Memorial Hospital, £6,000 for converting three Government houses to oil-fired central heating, three new replacement Land Rovers, a diesel mini-bus and a replacement mini-Clubman. There is also provision for retaining walls around the oil tanks.

Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store: A bid is made for an increase in staff to cope with the development of the Colony. It is proposed to recruit a Development Officer, an Executive Officer for the Secretariat and an Assistant Secretary of Finance. An additional Assistant Secretary and Clerk of Councils has also been inserted in the Estimates. This post was in fact agreed to during the course of the current year. Provision is also made for a few items of office furniture for the Secretariat, Treasury and Central Store.

Social Welfare: Provision is included for the Social Welfare Officer, which is purely a transfer of this post from the Medical Department Estimates. It is considered that this classification is more appropriate. There is provision made for a 100% increase in Family Allowances. It is proposed to increase non-contributory Old Age Pensions by £2.50 per week for married couples and £2.00 per week for single persons.

Supreme Court and Legal Department: A new post is to be created in the Legal Department: a Senior Magistrate in addition to the Registrar.

Training: £15,000 is set aside this year for the training programme. This includes provision for training pilots, aircraft engineers and trainees in other fields, but no firm proposals are made at the present moment.

Under a new Head, Transfer to Development Fund, expenditure of £200,000 is envisaged for an injection of funds into the Colony's Development Fund. The balance of the Development Fund was exhausted this year largely attributable to the decision taken last spring to replace the Beavers. The £200,000 transfer to the Development Fund will allow the Colony to continue financing Development projects for which overseas aid is unavailable, and also to meet the local element in a case where the Colony

is required to contribute part of the cost of a project for which UK Development Aid has been granted.

The following Development expenditure is included in the 1977/78 Estimates:

£25,000 for housing loans and for the repatriation scheme introduced last year;

£36,800 for new R/T sets;

Provision is made to purchase ten houses and to obtain plant for the establishment of a Development section of the Public Works Department;

£277,000 for a jetty for the unloading of fuel to the YPF tank farm;

£ 50,000 for the first stage of the proposed School Hostel;

£ 42,000 to provide for new X-ray equipment, a new ambulance and hospital theatre equipment;

£ 12,500 for the re-surfacing of a section of road within Stanley;

Approximately £14,000 to provide for the local expenses relating to Technical Cooperation. The large proportion of this vote relates to the Grasslands Trials Unit but includes local expenses in respect of other officers such as the Camp Education Adviser, the Archivist, Salaries Commissioner and Fiscal Adviser.

A token sum is inserted for the proposed road from Stanley to Darwin.

The total expenditure for Development projects for 1977/78 exceeds £668,000 of which it is forecast that £515,000 will come from overseas aid, leaving £153,000 to be financed from local funds.

It is anticipated that by the end of June 1978 the Ordinary Reserves of the Colony will amount to £440,000 and a balance of £50,000 will be left in the Colony's Development Fund.

Mention was made in Your Excellency's address of the appointment of a Fiscal Adviser, Mr Trevor Pepper, who is to arrive in the Colony shortly for a two-month stay. I therefore feel it would be prudent not to make any substantial comment at this stage on the financial position of the Colony but leave the economic assessment to the expert.

However I would be failing in my duty should I not briefly mention certain aspects of the Colony's finances.

While the reserves may be described as adequate, at the present moment, it is important to bear in mind that a considerable slice of the total revenue during 1977/78 is estimated to come from such sources as company taxation, the issue of coins and surplus Savings Bank income. This revenue cannot really be described as reliable revenue. I consider it important that the Colony should maintain a reasonable revenue reserve to meet temporary shortfalls. It is also important to ensure that when the price for wool is high and revenue is plentiful, recurrent expenditure is not unnecessarily allowed to surge up to a level which cannot be maintained. I fully appreciate the fact that we must

/face rising expenditure,



face rising expenditure. We are all aware that it is impossible to provide services at the same level of expenditure year after year.

It must also be borne in mind that it would be disastrous for the Colony if charges for services and other revenue rates expressed in monetary terms were to remain constant while inflation continues to rage throughout the world. The person who advocates no changes in the charges for services, must be educated to the fact that it is essential to keep these charges under review. I think we are all aware of the unpopularity of steep increases imposed infrequently. Regular frequent increases, I am led to believe, are much more acceptable.

There are a number of important factors relating to the revenue proposals to which I referred earlier and which call for special comment.

With regard to the proposal to increase medical fees, it is possible that a compulsory health insurance may be introduced during the course of the year. This scheme, which was conceived by the Senior Medical Officer and recommended by the Shackleton team, is to be studied further by Councils on receipt of the report by Mr Colin Harris, the expert from the U.K. Actuary's Department who visited the Colony in January and who is looking into the mechanics of implementing such a scheme.

The income tax proposals which I referred to are not insignificant; in particular they are especially favourable to the family man. The increase in the allowance for a child is approaching 100% and that for a wife over 60%. The papers which have been prepared by the Income Tax Officer and which I will now lay on the table illustrate substantial adjustments, in particular for the lower paid family man. You will appreciate the significance even further when I tell you that the estimated income tax revenue in the 1978 year of assessment on 1977 incomes would be in the region of £100,000 more should Council reject the proposals. It is considered that there is strong justification for proposing the increase in Customs duties, charges for services, etc., and reducing the direct taxation for the lower paid taxpayer.

In order that the public may have some idea of what the adjustments mean in simple terms: take for instance a married man with two children, who is receiving an annual earned income of £1,500. He would be required to pay, under the present system £74.55; under the proposed scheme he will be required to pay £5.77. A married man with three children with £1,800 earned income is at present required to pay tax of £96.40 but under the proposed system he will only pay £2.27.

One of the most important issues which Mr Pepper will be considering is an effective method of arresting the outflow of funds from the Colony and injecting those funds largely into productive investment in the Colony. It should be noted that the estimate of outflow of funds from company activity in the Falkland Islands, quoted in the Shackleton Report, in 1974 prices, was equivalent to over eleven million pounds, spread over the twenty-four year period 1951 to 1974.



Details are shown in the Shackleton Report at page 28.

In addition to making proposals for controlling the outflow of funds from the Colony, the Fiscal Adviser will be examining the commercial banking services in the Colony which now require expansion.

Honourable Members will note that the memorandum accompanying the Estimates is a little larger this year, and the intention of this is to provide you with as much detail and information as possible for your work in Select Committee. I trust you find it useful.

I beg to move that the Bill be read a first time.

The Honourable Chief Secretary seconded the Motion; the Bill was then read the first time and Honourable Members then spoke to the Motion for the second reading.

#### Chief Secretary

In rising to support the second reading of this Bill, Sir, I would like to congratulate the Financial Secretary on an incredible accomplishment: in these times of inflation to encompass within our resources and to demonstrate at the same time that we shall have the ability to carry out the purchases that we have been talking about earlier in this sitting is a remarkable achievement; not only have the calculations been a remarkable tour de force but the exposition has been most lucid, and I am sure a great help to us all.

I think there is very little left out of the Honourable Financial Secretary's statement that needs underlining except perhaps it is appropriate for me to say that I think it does demonstrate to us that self-help is going to be the thing that is going to pull us up by our own shoestraps, and also demonstrate to ourselves and HMG that we have a role to carry out. And I find personally the most interesting part of the Appropriation Bill that dealing with development, which shows a great degree of initiative and enterprise which I am sure those who wish to help us will find attractive. At the same time I think the proposals achieve what is generally known to be the wish of the people and certainly of this Council, that the burden of carrying out that development is shifted as much as possible on to those who can afford it. If one runs quickly down the list of additional expenditure one is struck I think by the fact that in these times of inflation the increase generally is a modest one; certainly not outstripping the inflation except in those special areas where it is necessary for a development purpose, and even on the ordinary expenditure estimates they are concomitant with the development estimates; they are intended to establish and create a base which will be able to carry this development load.

I have no doubt this will perhaps be one of the most contentious parts of the Bill but it has been very carefully looked at, very carefully discussed and I hope that this Council will agree that for too long we have creaked along with a machine that has been unable to implement the wealth of advice that we have heard spoken about earlier today because it has just not had the capacity, and I know from my experience here and from what the Auditors have told

/me that if we do not

me that if we do not extend the services that are available to implement our government machine, we will then have a bleak future. The welter of papers that are prepared for this session of Legislative Council alone I think demonstrates the burden on one section of the Civil Service, but there are other sections that are equally burdened and the increases where they do occur in percentage terms are not large and I think are fully justified. And lastly as we have heard they leave the door open for new and stimulating ideas from people such as the Government Actuary, the Fiscal Adviser, who doubtless will indicate to us even more ways by which we can pull ourselves up by our own shoestraps.

I beg to second the Motion.

Mr W D Bowles

I would like to congratulate the Financial Secretary on his excellent speech, and in times of inflation we cannot expect our fares and fees to stand still; he is quite right. Income Tax proposals I think will be received with enthusiasm. Not only do they give more relief to people in the more common brackets and offset their expenditure against the fees they are asked to pay, it makes all much easier. We will go into this in detail in Select Committee and there is no need to say too much about it now, but I don't think there is any need for despondency.

I would also like to mention the departmental heads who have submitted their estimates and I think this year they have done their job more religiously than they have ever done before, although naturally we will be looking at it and pruning it where we can - where it is necessary to prune it - but with development in mind if you prune too heavily you cannot expect results. What this Council has now to decide is where its priorities lie - and this is going to be a difficult decision - and how the money is going to be spent and where it is going to be spent. The speed of government business today I think is much greater than it was years ago and naturally causes more expenditure and increases the staff, and I would suggest that any member of the public who wants to know why there are such increases in staff, to look into this in more detail and get the views of the people who work in these departments. I know it is our job as Councillors to look into this for them and answer their questions as much as we can, but an awful lot of work goes on of which the general public are unaware. The preparation of these Bills and the papers we have today - I imagine Council alone causes government officers an awful lot of work, and without these papers, without this information, without these proposals and ideas, we can't work properly anyway.

I would like on behalf of everyone once again to congratulate the FS on his excellent address, and I look forward to the Select Committee stage.

/Mr A B Hadden

Mr A B Hadden

Your Excellency, I too would like to congratulate the Honourable the Financial Secretary because he must have taken a long time and spent a lot of overtime hours preparing this massive document. I have taken notes all the way through this thing which I am not going to deal with much at the moment because it is a waste of time - here, I mean- but I was very interested and I think the financial problems could possibly be solved, Sir, if we can produce an anti-hijacking device for £100 we could sell these to every airline in the world and we would not have to pay income tax again until I don't know when. This really is a cheering prospect, I must say.

I really only want to congratulate the Financial Secretary - quite an achievement to produce a document like this - and I am sure he is not expecting it to go without comment.

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I would like to congratulate the Honourable Financial Secretary for the very able way he has presented the Estimates, and he has quite overwhelmed me with figures. I really haven't anything to say at the moment. I was going to mention the anti-hijacking device myself, I thought perhaps that was overtime to a policeman for one hour a day or something, but perhaps we find it is something more sophisticated; we have to question him on that one when we get him in Committee.

I would like just to make a few general observations. To take taxation, companies' tax, he proposes to raise it to 45% which brings it fairly close, I think about 7% below the UK level, but also to increase the capital allowances of course, but I think probably the capital allowances are still very much larger in the UK and I just wonder whether in fact a company would not be paying more tax here at 45% even with the increased capital allowances than it would in the UK at 52% but with very much larger capital allowances. The reason I mention that is of course that I think we have to consider it because that would obviously encourage companies to try to avoid taxation here and pay it somewhere else, and obviously for a sheep farming company it is fairly easy to avoid taxation if you want to. I am not going to teach the Chief Financial Secretary how to do it, I am sure he knows it anyway.

With regard to personal taxation obviously it is a very welcome suggestion and it is something I have personally been advocating for quite a few years, that allowances should be raised because they were quite out of step with personal income. I still personally think that these sort of allowances should be linked to a Cost-of-Living index so that there is an automatic increase in them but this present suggestion is better than nothing but I do think they should be linked in some way to the Cost-of-Living index.

/I am very happy with regard

I am very happy with regard to air fares where it is proposed that non-residents should pay a realistic fare; as Honourable Members know, I have complained in the past, it is not much good having a tourist industry if we are subsidising every single flight made inside the Colony. There is only one reason we have tourists and that is to soak the beggars. We don't want to have them just for the colour of their eyes or anything.

I must say speaking as the East Falkland delegate I do object to the increase in telephone rental because we in camp also pay this telephone rental and at San Carlos for instance we have to pay two commercial telephone rentals and we have to also maintain 21 miles of telephone line at our own expense, and since we very often cannot get through to Stanley anyway, I really think it is a bit steep to increase it. I also do not agree with the increases in the internal postal rate to 3p because I don't think the internal postage service can by any stretch of the imagination be called a good one, and I really think that the general taxpayer should subsidise the internal postage rate. In fact, talking about increases in fees and radio licences and that sort of thing, all increases of that nature bear most heavily on the lower paid, and I think in a small country like this general revenue - in other words income tax - should bear the major cost of all these things because in that case the higher paid person is paying the greater share of the bill.

I am a little disappointed that we haven't already introduced a National Health Insurance stamp scheme for medical fees, and the whole system is so extraordinary and so appalling that I really do not see much point in increasing the camp medical fee because it is so infinitesimal that I am quite sure it does not pay the clerk's time to collect it even with the increase. Why we cannot have a National Health stamp scheme for the whole of the Falklands, do away with these wretched little medical fees, I cannot imagine.

I am also disappointed that we haven't got a PAYE scheme for tax. With earnings very much higher it is quite a problem for people to suddenly find two and three and four hundred pounds and very much larger sums sometimes in tax just like that whereas if they were paying under a PAYE system they would not suddenly find these very large sums of money and I think I did briefly mention at some other stage that I am disappointed there is not a scheme for taxing money going out of the Colony. So much time and energy has been put into this appalling 'Interpretation and General Clauses' Bill when a quarter of the energy could have produced a perfectly good scheme for taxing money going out of the Colony and we could be putting it into a development fund already.

However I must congratulate the Chief Financial Secretary on his exercise and thank God I did not have to do it myself.

/Financial Secretary

Financial Secretary

First of all I wish to thank Honourable Members for their kind remarks. There are a number of points which I think I should mention now. The point about company tax I think is quite important which the Honourable Member for East Falkland mentioned, and the only reason we are not taking the Bill through all its stages at this meeting is so everybody can see it well beforehand, give them plenty of time, the London companies plus the local companies, and they can obviously discuss it with their members, although I don't think that it is too severe; I think the proposal of a 5% increase is justified and that the allowances are all that we can afford at the moment.

As far as the personal tax goes I am also glad that the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland mentioned this because I think an annual review is justified. I don't see how we can introduce a system that would link it to the Cost-of-Living scheme but at least we could make an annual review, and this is done in most countries.

I think I'll avoid the issue of telephone rentals at the moment and deal with that in Select Committee.

Postage from 2p to 3p: we seem to have this one coming up every year and I think it must be far cheaper now to send a letter round in the Falklands than it was when it was introduced. The value of the pound has gone down so much. I think it is important that these fees should be regularly reviewed and I don't think that we want to be accused that there is stagnation in the financial sector of government. The people who use the services should also make a reasonable contribution towards them. I appreciate the remark that the services should be subsidised, I think that is fair enough, but the person who uses the service should also pay a fair share.

The medical insurance scheme: we are going as fast as we can and we hope it will come up for consideration shortly.

I did not mention the PAYE system, I should have done, because a PAYE tax system is also under scrutiny now and we hope we will be able to refer this to representatives of employers and employees. It does certainly put quite a strain on employers and as far as employees go there are certain aspects of the scheme which they will want to know more about, too. One of these facts is that to introduce it the person will be required to pay not only his tax bill for the one year but he would also have his deductions starting right away, unless the Colony went without taxation for one year. This matter will have to be looked at and I am sure that all employees will want to know about this point.

As far as the money leaving the Colony is concerned, all Councillors are now wide awake to this and I think we are in debt to the Honourable L G Blake who is not with us today for putting forward a definite scheme which Mr Pepper is now studying in Britain.

The Bill was then read a second time and, on the proposal of the Chief Secretary, seconded by the Financial Secretary, it was referred to a Select Committee of the whole House. Council then adjourned.

/Council resumed

Council resumed at 10.30 a.m. on Tuesday 21 June 1977.

The President

Welcome back, Councillors, to the session after your long labours over the Estimates which I gather have engaged Councillors over the weekend and late on Sunday evening.

We have two absentees this morning: Councillor J Smith has of course had to fly home to the UK because of his father's death. He sought my permission to go and was exercising his mind about leaving the Council at this time but on my advice felt that responsibility lay with his mother.

The Deputy Governor is also given permission to be absent this morning. As you know I have asked him to coordinate arrangements for public transportation at this rather difficult time, bad weather and a heavy backlog at the air service, and he is away doing that.

Chief Secretary

Sir, the Select Committee established by you last week to investigate the Appropriation Bill 1977/78 has considered the proposals by departments during the last four and a half days. My remarks are entirely preparatory to the meat of the report which will be given to Council by the Honourable the Financial Secretary. It might be thought that the labours of the Select Committee would be reduced because we were depleted to half our normal number; in fact I would think that this has probably doubled the effort we have had to put into it and the load that we have had, accordingly, to put on to the Financial Secretary and his excellent staff, who have served the Select Committee extraordinarily well.

Councillors have been most exercised to ensure that the energy and drive and new outlook that you referred to in your opening address has been carried through into the Estimates of annual expenditure for the ensuing year, and I am sure that they have achieved what is always a very difficult balancing exercise. I think it is quite true to say, Your Excellency, that the Select Committee this year found their task considerably lightened by the diligence and effort and accuracy that departments have attempted to put into their estimates. I am sure we are all agreed that the estimates this year were better prepared than for several years and I think it is worth recording this tribute to departments' efforts.

The achievements of the Select Committee were particularly directed to development and in this regard I am quite sure that their recommendations to this Council, which will now be considered, will be for the benefit of the entire Colony, particularly in the hope that the development plan that we are now preparing will be carried forward quickly and fruitfully.

I should now like to leave the real meat of this report, Sir, to the Honourable the Financial Secretary.

/

Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, prior to dealing with the amendments to the Revenue and Expenditure Estimates, I will notify you of the Committee's recommendations regarding the proposed Revenue increases:

It was agreed to adopt the proposed increase from £4.50 to £6.00 in the internal air service boarding fee. It was also agreed to increase the mileage charge for non-residents from 10p to 15p per mile;

It was accepted that the proposed embarkation tax for Stanley Airport should be £2.00 per person and that this should be implemented;

It was also agreed to pass a Resolution to adopt the proposed increases in Customs duties on tobacco, cigarettes, cigars, spirits and wines;

It was agreed to implement the proposed increases in the medical fees for residents and non-residents;

It was agreed that the proposed increase in the electricity tariff from 4.34p to 4.76p per unit should be implemented;

It was also agreed that the proposed increase in the internal postage rate from 2p to 3p be adopted;

The Committee did not agree to the proposed increase in radio licences; the Committee also rejected the proposed increase in telephone rentals;

The proposals to increase Government house rents were agreed but taking into account the very high cost of furniture it was agreed that furnished quarters should be increased by 25% rather than the proposed 20%;

It was agreed that Darwin Boarding School fees be increased from £12.00 to £18.00 per child per term and that meals for day children should be increased from 5p to 10p each;

The Committee recommended that a fee of £100.00 be levied for clearing ships at ports other than at the two recognised ports of Stanley and Fox Bay; this fee to be in addition to the charge levied for transporting the Customs Officer;

The Committee also noted the need to enact legislation to increase the Stanley Dog Licence fees to take account of the cost of the new anti-Hydatid drug "Droncit".

The following amendments have been made to the Estimates in Select Committee:

/Revenue Estimates



Revenue Estimates

Head VII - Internal Revenue

- Item 7 - Radio Licences, decrease from £3,200 to £2,000
- Item 8 - Kelp licence, decrease from £2,501 to £1
- Item 9 - Export of wild life, increase from £1,000 to £3,500
- Item 10- Other Licences, increase from £1,300 to £1,400

Head X - Posts and Telecommunications

- Item 6 - Local Telephone Services, decrease from £9,600 to £8,000

Expenditure Estimates

Head III - Aviation

Change the title of Superintendent of Civil Aviation to Director of Civil Aviation.

- Item 1.iv - amend to read Clerk Section 6 and/or 11
- Item 16 - amend to read Maintenance of Field and Fences and increase from £100 to £600
- Item 33 - Fence, delete £3,500
- Item 34 - Paints for Runway and Windsocks, transfer from Special Expenditure to Other Charges, £1,200
- Item 37 - Anti-Hijacking Equipment, increase from £100 to £500

Head IV - Customs and Harbour

- Item 15 - Insurance, increase from £1,482 to £1,618

Head V - Education

- Item 1.i - Superintendent, decrease from £2,640 to £2,400
- Item 1.ii- Three vice two Headmasters, change the provision to £6,192 and insert under the Salary section Two at £2,112 and One in Section 2
- Item 7 - Provisions, Darwin School, decrease from £7,920 to £7,000
- Item 13- Heat, Light and Power, decrease from £17,213 to £15,000
- Item 22- Upkeep of Public Library, increase from £1,350 to £1,500

/Head VI - Medical



Head VI - Medical

Item 29 - Teaching Aids, transfer £200 from Special Expenditure to Other Charges

New Item, No 40 - Special Expenditure, Humidifier, £200

Head VIII - Military

Item 1 - amend to read Allowances to Staff Officer, Adjutant, Armourer and Quartermaster and increase from £390 to £590

Item 11- Ammunition, increase from £1,000 to £1,500

Head IX - Miscellaneous

Item 4 - Travelling and Subsistence Allowances, decrease from £1,200 to £500

Item 9 - Provident Fund Contributions, £100 reserved

Item 17- Legislative Council Election Expenses, increase from £800 to £1,000

Item 19- Commonwealth Parliamentary Association Conferences, increase from £500 to £1,000

New Item, No 20 - Allowances to Councillors, £2,000

Head XI - Police and Prisons

Item 1.iv - amend the title to read five vice four Constables, Section 9

Item 3 - Subsistence of Prisoners, decrease from £730 to £350

New Item, No 10 - Radio Equipment, £170

Head XII - Posts and Telecommunications

Under (a) Personal Emoluments, Telecommunications,

delete Communications Officer, Section 3,	£3,572
Two Technicians, Section 5,	£2,538
Apprentice Technician,	£1,300

and insert

Communications Supervisor, Section 3,	£3,113
Broadcasting Officer, Section 5,	£1,269
Senior Technician, Section 5,	£1,269
One Technician, Section 7,	£ 936
Two Apprentice Technicians,	£3,003

Item 1.xix - Cost-of-Living Allowances, increase from £11,585 to £12,550

Item 18 - Purchase and maintenance equipment Broadcasting and R/T, decrease from £7,500 to £5,000

/Head XIII - Public Works

Head XIII - Public Works

New Item, No 1.xxvii - Power Station Shift Allowances, £250

Head XIV - Public Works Recurrent

- Item 4 - Purchase and repair of furniture, increase from £5,600 to £10,000, £4,400 reserved
- Item 6 - Motor Transport & Plant, increase from £12,000 to £12,150
- Item 17- Services Temporary Airfield, decrease from £950 to £450
- Item 19- Fire Brigade, Wages and Upkeep, decrease from £7,250 to £3,750

Head XV - Public Works Special

- Item 1 - Improvements KEM Hospital, increase from £4,500 to £8,000
- Item 6 - Theatre complex, including emergency generator KEM Hospital, delete £3,500
- Item 9 - Fire Brigade equipment, £500 reserved
- Item 11- Two tarpaulins, delete £150
- Item 13- Art easels Stanley Schools, delete £175
- Item 16- Diesel Mini Bus PWD, increase from £3,000 to £5,000
- Item 17- Landrover PWD, delete £4,000
- Item 18- Landrover FIGAS, delete £4,000
- Item 19- Landrover Police, delete £4,500
- New Item, No 14 - Three Replacement Landrovers, £12,500
- Item 22- Mini Clubman, increase from £1,200 to £1,700

Head XVI - Secretariat, Treasury & Central Store

- Item 1.ix - Executive Officer Secretariat Section 3, delete £1,536
- Item 1.xxi - Tourist Information Clerk Section 11, delete £664
- Item 1.xxii- Development Officer, decrease from £2,400 to £10
- New Item, No 1.ix - Private Secretary, Secretariat, Section 6, £1,320
- Item 4 - Telegrams and Telex, decrease from £15,000 to £10,000
- Item 18- Additional clerical staff, Secretariat, decrease from £3,500 to £1,100

/Head XIX -

Head XIX - Supreme Court and Legal

Item 7 - Honorarium & Expenses Supreme Court Judge,  
decrease from £2,500 to £2,250

Development Estimates

Part 2 - Development

Development Revenue - United Kingdom Aid

New Item, No 12 - New aircraft floats, £15,000

Development Expenditure - United Kingdom Aid

New Item, No 17 - New aircraft floats, £15,000

The net result of the changes to the Estimates made in Select Committee is that the surplus that was estimated at £45,835 is increased to £53,576.

At the Committee stage, Clause 1 of the Bill was agreed and consideration of Clause 2 was deferred until after the Schedule had been considered.

The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed.

The Financial Secretary, seconded by the Chief Secretary, moved that the Schedule should stand part of the Bill, subject to the following amendments -

	<u>Delete</u>	<u>Insert</u>
	£	£
III. Aviation	114,972	112,372
IV. Customs and Harbour	33,953	34,089
V. Education	153,171	149,804
VI. Medical	184,084	184,284
VIII. Military	5,192	5,892
IX. Miscellaneous	17,672	19,672
XI. Police and Prisons	25,312	25,102
XII. Posts and Telecommunications	132,607	133,252
XIII. Public Works	159,835	160,085
XIV. Public Works Recurrent	119,820	120,370
XV. Public Works Special	40,685	42,860
XVI. Secretariat, Treasury & Central Store	153,436	142,766
XIX. Supreme Court and Legal	15,117	14,867
Total Ordinary Expenditure	1,362,306	1,351,865
Development B		
Expenditure to be met from UK Aid	515,410	530,410
Total Ordinary and Development Expenditure	2,030,846	2,035,405
Total Expenditure	2,230,846	2,235,405

It was agreed that the Schedule as amended should stand part of the Bill and that Clause 2 should also stand part of the Bill subject to the following amendment -

That the words and figures "£2,230,846" be deleted and figures "£2,235,405" be substituted therefor.

Council resumed.

The Bill was read a third time and passed.

#### MOTION

To implement the decision of the Select Committee to increase the import duties on beer, spirits, wines and tobacco the Financial Secretary moved the following Resolution under a Certificate of Urgency:-

BE IT RESOLVED in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Customs Ordinance that paragraph 2 of the Customs Order be amended by deleting "£12.00", "78p", "90p", "£4.20", "£2.88", and "£2.40" and substitution of the following -

"£13.50", "90p", "£1.10", "£5.00", "£3.30" and "£2.80" respectively.

The Chief Secretary seconded the Motion which was carried with immediate effect.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATION (1975/76) BILL 1977

##### Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, this is a very formal Bill, it comes up every year, it's the additional amount of money that has been spent over and above the amount appropriated for the year. This year it is for the year 1975/76, that is the year ending 30 June 1976, the amount is £93,195. The majority of this expenditure was incurred on aviation spirit for the Beaver aircraft, quite a large sum for new fire brigade equipment, income tax refunds and unallocated stores. As far as the income tax refunds go we had sufficient revenue to cover the expenditure but it is necessary to cover the additional amount in an Appropriation Ordinance. I beg to move the first reading of the Bill.

The Bill then passed through all its stages without debate or amendment.

PILOTAGE BILL 1976

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, at the last sitting of this session of this Council in June 1976 a Pilotage Bill was put before Council but was referred to a Select Committee of which I was the Chairman, and the members were the Honourable A B Monk JP and the Honourable John Smith. We have considered this Bill at some length and report as follows:

Having considered the absence of available qualified persons in the Colony to operate pilotage as and when required and having come to the conclusion that these will not always be available, we recommend that the Bill be withdrawn because it would impose a burden and commitment on Government that it could not fulfill and mislead ships' masters into believing that facilities existed that were not always available.

Instead we believe the situation should remain as it is and that pilots should be provided administratively as and when required. Our report is unanimous.

Accordingly, Your Excellency, I beg to move that the Bill be withdrawn and we move to the next Order of the Day.

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I beg to support the Motion for the reasons already outlined by the Honourable the Chief Secretary. In principle I think the Bill is very good but it is no good having a sophisticated Ordinance to control pilotage and licence pilots if we haven't got the infrastructure, or whatever the right word is, to administer it. There are a lot of very complicated factors to be taken into consideration when you are providing a pilotage service and I do not think we can at this stage implement the Bill as it is. Therefore I support the Motion to withdraw the Bill.

There were no objections to the Motion and the Bill was withdrawn.

POST OFFICE (AMENDMENT) BILL 1976

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, this Bill, entitled the Post Office (Amendment) Bill 1976, is a simple piece of legislation the object of which is to simplify the method of varying the fee payable for the carriage of mail bags containing mail. I beg to move the first reading of the Bill.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

/Chief Secretary

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, Section 8 of the Post Office Ordinance, which is found in Chapter 52 of the Revised Laws of the Falkland Islands, 1950, provides for the Postmaster to pay the master of any ship for carrying local mails. This rate hitherto has been fixed by an Ordinance so that any variation of the rate must come before this Council to be effected. This is cumbersome and slow, unnecessarily so. The present rate, for instance, of 50p per bag is already overtaken and is inadequate and should be increased. Because of the rate of inflation current today it is likely that these rates will have to be increased more frequently in future and it would seem inappropriate to have to wait to come to this Council on each and every occasion that we want to revise this quite small administrative matter. The Bill proposes therefore to amend the Ordinance to authorise the Governor-in-Council to change the future rates from time to time as necessary and thus obviate the complicated procedure of proceeding to this Council.

The Bill has been considered by Executive Council and remitted to this Council. At the Committee stage, Your Excellency, I have one or two minor amendments to propose but at this point I beg merely to move the second reading of the Bill.

Honourable Members spoke to the Motion for the second reading as follows -

Mr A B Monk

When I first looked at this Bill I thought there was not much to say about it, that is obvious. And I do not oppose the Bill, but it always seems to me extraordinary that mail is charged at the rate of so much a bag. I know mail carried on ships around the islands is mostly parcel mail and they are generally reasonably sized bags but not always, at times they are very small bags. To make a standard rate per bag always seems to me an extraordinary way of charging; this sort of puts the carrier somewhat in the position of Sydney longshore men - many years ago when I was there there was a rule whereby in their little trolleys they were only allowed to have one bag of mail; it didn't matter whether it was a little one or a big one: one man had one bag of mail and that was it, and there was also a rule that lorries ashore were only allowed to carry twenty bags of mail and it didn't matter whether they were big ones or little ones.

It does seem to me that we should charge on a space basis or in some other manner or expect to pay rather on that sort of basis than so much a bag. However other than that I have no objection to the Bill.

Mr W E Bowles

I welcome this Bill, it is a bit of speeding up as it were and I would like to congratulate the soup-makers and the cooks for speeding up their recipes.

/Chief Secretary

Chief Secretary

I would like to take up the point made by the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland. I think he has got a very good point and I would propose therefore that at the Committee stage the Bill now before Council should be amended by deleting the words "every mail bag containing".

At the Committee stage the Bill was amended (a) in clause 1 by deleting "1976" and substituting therefor "1977"; and (b) in clause 2 by deleting the words "every mail bag containing". The Bill then proceeded through its remaining stages without further debate or amendment and was passed.

STANLEY TOWN PUBLIC SERVICES (AMENDMENT) BILL 1977

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, this Bill is again a simple Bill which seeks to remedy a defect in the original legislation providing for offences that are created under subsidiary legislation enacted under this Ordinance to be penalised. At the moment no penalty may attach to such offences. I beg to move that the Bill be read a first time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, the Stanley Town Public Services Bill is an enabling Ordinance to give Government power to regulate public services in Stanley. Being an enabling Ordinance this operation is normally conducted through subsidiary legislation. In fact there are no such regulations or rules or orders made under this Ordinance but it is Government's intention to preserve these powers for the future and I have no doubt that with the present problems that seem to be coming upon us as a result of our taking over the duties of the Stanley Town Council, we shall require subsidiary legislation in the not too distant future. Unfortunately the Ordinance does not provide that regulations or any subsidiary legislation made under this Ordinance may have penalties attached to them. The simple Bill now before Council proposes that any person who fails to comply with any rule made under the Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence and it is as simple as that. I beg to move the Bill be read a second time.

Honourable Members spoke to the Motion for the second reading as follows -

Mr A B Monk

This is one of the Bills which illustrates the complaint that we don't get the draft of the Bills submitted to us early enough. Quite frankly I have no doubt the Honourable the Chief Secretary's explanation was exceedingly lucid, but I haven't the faintest idea what he is talking about, simply because I did not have time to chase around and read the thing up and ask someone to explain it to me anyway. I think he is probably saying that if we are naughty boys and naughty girls we can be punished whereas we couldn't before; I suppose

/that is all right

that is all right so long as the punishment is in line with the offence and not too severe. I don't wish to oppose the Bill, in fact I will support it.

Chief Secretary

One very small point, Sir: I can only assume that the Bill which was published in 1976 in the Gazette could not have reached the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland, which must have meant some slip-up in the mail.

At the Committee stage the date of the Bill was changed from 1976 to 1977 and the Bill proceeded through its remaining stages without further debate or amendment and was passed.

PENSIONS (AMENDMENT) BILL 1977

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, this Bill is short but rather complex to explain. At the Motion for the second reading I will elaborate somewhat and I hope to clarify some of the complexities of the Bill. At the moment perhaps I may just state that it is intended by this Bill to include inducement allowances payable under the Overseas Services (Falkland Islands) Agreement 1971 and 1972 as pensionable emoluments under the terms of the Pensions Ordinance 1965 and changes arising from the inception of the system of U.K. Related Pensionable Emoluments with effect from 1st January 1974. This sounds like a lot of jargon and in a sense it is, but I hope at the Motion for the second reading I can clarify these points. I beg to move that the Bill be read a first time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, the Bill now before Council harks back to 1961 when this Government first entered into the Overseas Aid Agreement with Her Majesty's Government. This agreement was ratified and embodied in the Overseas Services Ordinance 1962. That Agreement referred to, and I quote, "inducement allowances", included for overseas officers which were pensionable, the portion of the pension related to those inducement allowances being reimbursed by Her Majesty's Government. The Agreement amongst other things stated, and I quote from section 8, "this Agreement shall terminate unless some special date is agreed between the Government of the Falkland Islands and the Government of the U.K. on the 31st day of March 1971" and, again I quote, "termination of this Agreement shall not affect the liability of the Government of the U.K. to make the reimbursements in respect of pensions."

/The history of the



The history of the Overseas Services Aid Agreement in this Colony is that the first Agreement in 1961 was superseded in fact by a simple exchange of letters between Her Majesty's Government and this Government with the approval of Executive Council. The second Agreement was due to expire on the 31st of March last year. Shortly before it was due to expire Government was concerned whether the OSAS arrangements were less burdensome on the Colony than were Technical Cooperation terms and a comparison was asked to be drawn up. To allow this to take place, the Agreement which was due to expire last March was extended by a further year, to the end of March this year. That comparison was carried out by the Honourable the Financial Secretary and it showed quite clearly that in almost every case - I think in every case in fact - the burden on this Colony for recruiting OSAS officers was less burdensome than TC ones, which I think was a surprise to us all.

The situation therefore, Your Excellency, is that we have overrun the period during which the Agreement was due to expire and not only have we overrun the Agreement but the pensions of the officers who are affected by this Pensions legislation - and there are very few: there are only seven, although only two are left in post - can now only be carried on without any regular basis. In order to regularise this position we now propose that the 1965 Pensions Ordinance should have the definitions in that Ordinance changed in the manner set out in the Bill before Council.

I would like to emphasise that there is no additional burden on this Colony as a result of this change or of extending the Agreement. The additional burden falls entirely on Her Majesty's Government and the pensions that will now be paid by HMG to the officers concerned will have the benefit of removing the disparities that existed between the Dependent Territories of Britain which still remain and which still recruit OSAS officers. The inducement allowance is something which is calculated by the Ministry of Overseas Development and is a portion of the supplementation and it is this part that attracts a pension, so that not all the supplementation is pensionable: only the inducement element.

So therefore perhaps to try and summarise and clarify the accounting arrangements, this Government - the Falkland Islands Government - pays the entire pension, which includes the pension related to the local salary element and the pension related to the inducement element. It is reimbursed for the pension payable for the inducement element.

Thus I think it is true to state that the legislation we have now before us stems from the original 1961/62 OSAS Agreement entered into by this Government with Her Majesty's Government. The new policy on pensionability applied by HMG is applied globally and is designed to prevent any anomalies and ensure that Her Majesty's Overseas Service Officers' pensionable emoluments are assessed on a comparable basis in all Dependent Territories.

Whereas previously there were disparities, this legislation will remove these. Finally I should like to emphasise, Your Excellency, that the law will only affect those few remaining Permanent and Pensionable officers and will not apply to contract officers, whose position remains unchanged. I beg to move the second reading of the Bill.

/The Bill then proceeded

The Bill then proceeded through its remaining stages without debate, or amendment, and was passed.

GOVERNMENT

EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND ( REPEAL ) BILL 1977

Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. The Government Employees Provident Fund is now down to one contributor and it is considered that maintaining the fund for one contributor is uneconomical and it cannot be justified any longer. We have discussed the matter with the contributor and he is satisfied as to the conditions regarding his medical treatment fees. All Provident Fund contributors have certain exemptions from fees and it has now come to a point where the Fund is to be closed. There are approximately £2,000 in the fund in addition to the amount due to the contributor and this money will be transferred to the General Revenue of the Colony.

During the Committee stage I will propose that the date of commencement of the Ordinance be the 30th of June 1977 and at the end of this month the Provident Fund will be closed.

The reason why the Provident Fund is reduced in number is due to the introduction of the Old Age Pension scheme and also the pensionability of civil servants. In 1954 civil servants in the Government service all became pensionable, other than those on contracts, and since that date the Pension Fund has been running down. I beg to move the first reading of the Bill.

The Chief Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time. The Motion for the second reading was passed without debate.

At the Committee stage the Financial Secretary's proposal that the date of commencement of the Ordinance should be 30th June 1977 was agreed and the Bill proceeded through its remaining stages without debate, or amendment, and was passed.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL (ALLOWANCES) BILL 1977

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, this Bill stems from the recommendations of the Select Committee on the Constitution and proposes to provide allowances for Councillors to Executive Council on similar lines to those to Legislative Council but to so operate the law that this does not count as an enrolment to debar a Councillor from holding office. I beg to move the Bill be read a first time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

/Chief Secretary

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, this Bill is related to other Bills before Council which follow on this as Orders 9 and 10 on the Order Paper.

As I said at the Motion for the first reading, it is proposed to give to the Governor-in-Council powers to award allowances to councillors which shall be tax-free - perhaps I should quickly say it is only to unofficial councillors that this allowance will be paid, and rightly so. They stem directly from the recommendations of the Select Committee which was appointed with the Secretary of State's approval in 1974 on a Resolution of this Council and to which, of course, we shall return later today or tomorrow in connection with the Elections Ordinance, which is the final step in bringing the new Constitution into force.

At the Committee stage of this particular Bill, Your Excellency, I propose, for the avoidance of doubt, to introduce an amendment similar to that which is incorporated in the Legislative Council Allowances Bill, to put beyond any doubt that the allowances will not be regarded as emoluments to debar a councillor from holding office on any council.

The Bills have been considered by Executive Council already and remitted and this Bill, like the other two, does not infringe the Royal Instructions or any of the Constitutional Instruments. It did require Your Excellency's consent in accordance with section 18 of the Legislative Council Order-in-Council and this you were gracious enough to give some time ago. I beg to move that the Bill be read a second time.

Honourable Members spoke to the Motion for the second reading as follows -

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. There is no date for this Bill but I understand it does not come into effect until the next Council is elected. I trust I am right in that respect and I think that's very right and proper.

I think there is one small defect in the Bill and that is that I do not consider councillors should get the allowance if they do not attend meetings. Now I realise that there are sometimes reasons for not attending meetings, as with regard to the Honourable John Smith, if he was an Executive Councillor, because of compassionate grounds, and obviously one would exclude that sort of thing, or for medical reasons, but I feel very strongly more particularly with regard to Elected Legislative Council members that if they cannot be bothered to be at the most important meeting of the year they should not get an allowance. I would propose an amendment to the Bill to cover this but unfortunately I haven't been able to work up a form of words. I think possibly the matter could be covered under Clause 3 where the Governor-in-Council determines the rate from time to time; well, I suppose he could determine a nil rate for someone who did not attend. I support the Bill with those reservations.

/Mr A B Hadden

Mr A B Kadden

I cannot agree more with what the Honourable Member for East Falkland has just said and that is really all except that I am sorry it has taken so long to be implemented.

Chief Secretary

I am indeed most grateful to my Honourable and respected friend, the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland, for drawing this to our attention; I think it is a very valid point, Your Excellency. I think his mention of an amendment may in fact be possible under the subsidiary legislation which of course is provided for under this Ordinance, and I am sure that you will not be unmindful of the very helpful advice that he has given. I did say at my Motion for the first reading that I did have some amendments to propose and I have been turning over in my mind whether they are most appropriate now or at the Committee stage. I think on balance perhaps they are best left to the Committee stage.

At the Committee stage the following amendment was agreed -

"That Clauses 4 and 5 be renumbered 5 and 6 respectively and that a new Clause 4 be inserted, to read 'For all or any of the purposes of Clause 2 (4) of the Falkland Islands (Legislative Council Order-in-Council 1948, members of the Council receiving allowances in respect of their services as members of the Council shall not be considered to hold an office of emolument under the Crown.'"

It was further agreed that the Ordinance should come into operation on a date to be appointed by the Governor by notice in the Gazette.

The Bill then proceeded through its remaining stages without further debate or amendment and was passed.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL (ALLOWANCES) BILL 1977

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, this Bill is very similar to the one that we have just enacted but provides allowances for members of the Legislative Council on the same basis. I beg to move that the Bill be read a first time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time. Honourable Members spoke to the Motion for the second reading as follows -

Mr A B Monk

The remarks I made about members being absent in the Executive Council Members Bill apply equally I think to this one, in fact even more so; I think the electorate is entitled to see their member present at all the important meetings - and in fact really at all meetings - so that I do not think the allowances should be paid if there is a reason for not attending

/which is not agreed

which is not agreed by His Excellency in Council (for reasons of compassion or perhaps on medical grounds). I think the purpose of the Bill of course as everybody probably knows is not to provide members with large, non-taxed incomes and all that - probably get on the band-waggon - but is to remove a possible problem which members who do not have a very large income have in meeting expenses. Unavoidably there are some expenses connected with being a Member of Council and it seemed to us that some very worthy people, members of the public who could stand for election, were being deterred because they didn't feel that they could meet this additional expense, and so perhaps allowing persons with more money to get in who they didn't really want to see anyway. With these reservations, Sir, I support the Bill.

Mr W E Bowles

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. In principle I support these Bills because the general public asked for it and I think rightly so they deserve it. Not only does it give further opportunity for a wider ranging selection of the public to stand for election, but it also enables people who are employed on lower incomes to represent their constituents without any undue loss of salary or wages. I think this is what the public wanted at the time of the new Constitution talks - at least in my particular section of the West Falkland - and I fully support the Bill.

Mr A B Hadden

It is very simple and everyone would agree, especially the Members of Council agreed to it already anyhow. But it is very simply to prevent members of the public who are public spirited enough to accept these positions as Councillors, prevent them from being out of pocket due to their travelling and living in Stanley when meetings are on. I can see that in the future there will be, with the mountain of legislation as it is, more meetings and most especially people will have to make allowances for time off, people from the Camp especially have to find somewhere to stay and even on mutton and spuds, you don't get free board and lodgings any more. It is just to prevent members from being out of pocket and obviously not to discourage the less wealthy from standing as Councillors.

Chief Secretary

Once again, Your Excellency, I am very grateful to my Honourable Friends for making it crystal clear as I did not do that the allowances will not be lavish ones and it was very carefully discussed how they should be paid so as to remove any disesteem that might attach to any payment to any Councillor, and I believe it is no secret that it is proposed that it should be a flat rate allowance, so that there will be no question of having to ask Councillors to account for it. I thoroughly agree with what my Honourable Friends have said that this is a step - indeed a stride - in the road to democracy and very much welcomed and very much needed. I beg to move the second reading of the Bill.

/The Bill then proceeded

The Bill then proceeded through its remaining stages without further debate, or amendment, and was passed.

INCOME TAX (AMENDMENT) BILL 1977

Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, this Bill is very simple and I think has been explained fairly well by the Chief Secretary, because it is purely to avoid Councillors being taxed on the allowances that are paid to them. It is considered inappropriate that a Councillor should have to declare the allowance that he gets - the very small allowance which he will get compared with the amount of work that he will have to do - and is certainly not likely to make any profit out of it. It is purely to cover the expenses and there is no doubt that he will need every pound of it.

It would be quite inappropriate for him to have to account to the Income Tax Office for it and so this Bill is purely to prevent that horrible Commissioner of Income Tax getting his fingers on the allowances. I beg to move the first reading of the Bill.

The Bill then proceeded through all its stages without debate or amendment and was passed.

OLD AGE PENSIONS (AMENDMENT) BILL 1977

Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, this is one of the more welcome duties of the Financial Secretary, when he can propose an increase in the Old Age Pensions. It is also a great pleasure to be able to introduce this legislation during the year of Her Majesty's Silver Jubilee, as also the Old Age Pension Fund celebrates its silver jubilee - it is 25 years in June since the fund was inaugurated.

At that time the pensions which were payable were: £1.50 per week for a married person, £1.00 for an unmarried person and 50p for a widow. The increases proposed today are from £9.00 to £10.50 per week for a married person and from £6.00 to £7.00 for a single person and a widow. The increases from 1952 to date are 600% for married, 600% for unmarried and 1300% for a widow. The contributions in those days were 25p per week and we are proposing now that contributions be increased to £1.80 per week, which is approximately 620% increase overall from 1952, in 25 years.

The increase in contributions proposed in this Bill is for an employed male and female contributor from 62p to 72p per week and for an employer of a male and female per week from 92p to £1.08, increasing the self-employed male and female contributions from £1.54 to £1.80 per week.

/The cost of these

The cost of these increases is expected to be in the region of £9,000. This will gradually increase over the years as the number of pensioners grows. The additional income at present is estimated to be £8,000.

The Old Age Pensions scheme is now undergoing a major review by Mr Colin Harris from the U K Government Actuary Department, who visited the Colony in January this year. We have yet to receive his report but I have been in discussion with him and I am under the impression that it will be quite a long and involved report and there will be quite some considerable changes recommended. We hope it will not be too long before we are able to bring more legislation to Council for consideration and review many of the sections in the Old Age Pensions Ordinance. I think there are many improvements which can be made and this increase can only be regarded as a minor, but well justified, increase and it is a recommendation of the Board of Management of the Old Age Pensions Fund that there should be some interim measure before his report is received, and so Mr Harris has recommended these contribution increases and pensions increases as an interim measure until his final report is received and studied. I beg to move the first reading of the Bill.

The Chief Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time. Honourable Members spoke to the Motion for the second reading as follows -

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I really welcome this Bill; I am not sure that I should speak or vote on the subject since I have a personal and vested interest in the matter - I only have to pay about another 95 or 96 weeks I think and then I have just to sit back for five years hoping I live to draw it. Personally I say more power to Mr Harris' elbow and I hope he manages to increase it without jeopardising the fund. I support the Bill.

Mr W E Bowles

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. Naturally I support this Bill because I have been involved with Old Age Pensions ever since I've been on Council, and I welcome the Financial Secretary's new proposals, and I think we should pay a tribute to the Board of Management, who I know do a good job with the Old Age Pensions. At this time it is only a modest increase but I would like to urge any candidates for our new Council to keep their weather eye on the Old Age Pension, because it is a very important part of the establishment of this community. I fully support the Motion.

Mr A B Hadden

Your Excellency, no one is going to say anything against paying the old folks a few more bob because most of it will be taken up in rates and rents and new mutton prices which they've got to pay. I think it's maybe a pity that the review has not been received, but maybe before the end of this Jubilee year, which is also the jubilee year of the Old Age Pensions scheme, old age pensioners will really remember the Jubilee. I trust it will go through with no objections.

/Chief Secretary



Chief Secretary

I should like to tell Your Excellency how wholeheartedly I support this Bill. It is particularly welcome as it proves Councillors to have been right where perhaps the professional advisers in the past may have been wrong. For many years Councillors have been telling us that the professional actuaries have got it wrong, got their sums wrong, have been a bit too conservative, and I think on this occasion we must concede that Councillors have been right, and let's hope that when the definitive review comes along they might be even more right and there might be even further benefits, but of course it would be imprudent to commit Government to those in the future. As everyone I am sure wholeheartedly and fully - I certainly - support the Bill.

Financial Secretary

I welcome the comments made by all Honourable Members here and it is good to know that it has unanimous approval, and I have taken note of the points made by various Councillors of the fact that we should take action immediately we receive Mr Harris' report. This will be done.

The Bill then proceeded through its remaining stages without further debate, or amendment, and was passed.

NON-CONTRIBUTORY OLD AGE PENSIONS (AMENDMENT) BILL 1977

Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, this is more welcome legislation. Honourable Members present today will recall the last meeting of Legislative Council, at which the Honourable L G Blaka made a recommendation to increase the contributory Old Age Pensions, which was eventually approved. He then went on to ask Government to consider some improvement in the non-contributory Old Age Pensions. It is unfortunate that we have been unable to bring forward this legislation as there have been no further meetings of Council; however the increase proposed today takes account of the £1 per week awarded to the contributory old age pensioners at that time and also takes account of the last bill which I introduced.

The proposal is that a married man's pension under the non-contributory Old Age Pension scheme should be increased from £6.00 to £8.50 and for a single person from £4.00 to £6.00 per week.

The Bill also increases the maximum statutory income under which a pensioner becomes eligible to receive a non-contributory old age pension. It increases the married man from £500 to £650 and a single person from £300 to £400.

At present a single person who has in excess of £300 and a married man who has in excess of £500 per annum is not entitled to a pension and it is generally agreed that these figures should be increased.

I beg to move that the Bill be read a first time.



The Honourable A B Monk seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time. Honourable Members spoke to the Motion for the second reading as follows -

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I welcome this Bill, as I have seconded it. I don't think it is entirely what I would like to see. The maximum statutory income has been increased for married men from £500 to £650 and single person from £300 to £400 but I think in fact that instead of having a rigid cut-off point it would be more equitable if over a certain point a certain proportion of the pension was foregone - I mean you do have a situation under this proposed Bill where a married man earning £651 would seem to forego the whole of his pension of 52 weeks by £8.50 (I was trying to work that out actually when I had to second the Bill but I didn't arrive at the sum; no doubt somebody else has - ) whatever the figure is; and it seems to me that's not very equitable. Possibly we could devise in the future, next Council could amend the thing to take care of that anomaly. Apart from that I support the Bill.

Mr A B Hadden

Again, no one is going to dispute the necessity for these increases. I just carried on the Honourable Adrian's calculation and I make it £442 so that all a married man need work is the amount which will bring him in the difference between 442 and 650 which is, to say the least, unfair.

We have a lot of pensioners in the Colony, and a lot of them work because they have worked all their lives; they just like working. Some of them need the money, some of them don't, we all know that, and some of them need it more than others, but they work because they like to work, and because they like to work they usually like to play and, well, a bob just doesn't go far in the Goose any more - or anywhere else for that matter.

I don't think we can expect a married couple over sixty-five to live on £650 a year, and a married couple of any age under that couldn't last for six months on the same sum, and although it is an improvement I should like to see it improved a lot more yet, because as time goes on, the number of people who will benefit will become less and less and I think if we possibly can we ought to try and give them a little more, especially maybe if we could tie to it, well if a man is fit at sixty-five, OK, we can give him so much and maybe we could tie it to an age payment or something, or if he gets sick, but I don't think we can really expect an active Falkland Islander pensioner to live on £650 a year, which is really what it amounts to. Nevertheless, I support the Bill as it stands.

Financial Secretary

I find the comments made by Honourable Members very interesting and have certainly taken note of them, but there is one important factor which we must face in the Falklands, and it is the fact that it is a small Colony and we have to be careful in introducing any legislation which becomes rather complex. To vary the rates of pension may take quite a large amount of administrative effort, I don't know. Certainly I will look at it and see whether we can introduce some

/amendment

amendment to the income limit; I think it is possible one of the best ways we can do this is to keep this income limit under review each year, but I would not like to commit myself here to say that we will start issuing graduated pensions. This may create quite a lot of additional work. However I will investigate the matter thoroughly and bring it before the next Legislative Council.

The Bill then proceeded through all its remaining stages without further debate, or amendment, and was passed.

#### PROTECTION OF WRECKS BILL 1976

##### Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, in brief this Bill proposes to protect wrecks from unauthorised interference on account of their historic, archaeological or artistic importance or their potentially dangerous condition. I believe it will command a fair amount of support and its genesis I believe was with one Councillor who unfortunately today is not with us. I beg to move that the Bill be read a first time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

##### Chief Secretary

The Protection of Wrecks Bill derives from some concern expressed during the last two years about the way in which some of our wrecks of quite considerable value and interest to the Colony might be plundered, or even taken away all together. There are numerous such wrecks in our waters and because of the increasing interest amongst collectors and people interested in exploiting these things for museums and even commercial purposes, Government feels it prudent that we should enact some legislation to give Your Excellency in Council powers to define such wrecks or the area of such wrecks and to protect them. This is what the attached Bill proposes to do and again in brief I think the operative section of the Bill is Clause 3, which empowers the Governor, if satisfied that a site in colonial waters is or may prove to be that of a wrecked vessel requiring protection on the grounds set out in the Bill, he may designate by Order the area around that wreck as a restricted area, and you may specify acts which if done in such an area otherwise than under the authority of a licence granted by you, will constitute an offence under the Ordinance.

The remainder of the Bill is merely embellishing these powers but is necessary to make the Bill effective. I beg to move that the Bill be read a second time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion, and Honourable Members spoke to the Motion as follows -

/Mr A B Monk

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I suppose the Bill is very worthy. Frankly I don't know much about wrecks; as a professional seafarer I was always trained to avoid that unfortunate situation, and luckily for me I have managed to do so.

I don't know whether my copy of the Ordinance is different from the Honourable the Chief Secretary's but my Clause 3 was certainly different to the one which was read out but looking through the thing I see that there are two threes; perhaps I have got things mixed up a bit.

Frankly I never have been able to get very interested in the subject of wrecks. A ship to me is simply a commercial carrier of cargoes or people on the sea, or maybe a warship. It is no different from a motorcar or a lorry, or an aeroplane. It carries things on the water whereas they carry things on land, and nobody gets quite so excited about a wrecked motorcar or a lorry or an aeroplane, and I just can't get interested in the subject of wrecks.

I would like to clarify this matter of Clause 3 which in my copy does not read the same as that which was read out by the Chief Secretary.

Subject to that I would support the Bill as one of no importance.

Mr A B Hadden

Your Excellency, I do support the Bill not because it is one of no importance: I think it is rather important. We have little or nothing in the way of historical monuments if you like - and they are of considerable commercial value; there is one lying near us at the moment which I cannot for the life of me think why anybody at all would want it but if they want that, they are going to want an awful lot more. It is really beyond me but there is a tremendous interest in this sort of thing and I think per mile of coastline we should have more of these things than anybody else and if we want to protect them because someone wants to see them or wants to pay us to come and see them, obviously we ought to look after them. I think there is - or was in recent years - an old Land Rover in the Falklands which used to attract a great deal of attention, it used to ride on wheels like an engine of a train I think (I haven't seen it myself but it is here somewhere, or was until recently). Anything of that sort we ought to look after because if we don't somebody will come and take these things away or break them to pieces and they then have no value to the Colony whatever, and if we can use them to attract one or two more people maybe to come and spend some money, maybe if they give us a good bid for it and we find that we can't get an awful lot from it over the years then maybe we can sell it at a good price, but I think in the meantime until we can do something else about them we ought to look after them. I support the Bill.

Mr W E Bowles

Your Excellency, I would like to mention the third reason to protect the wrecks rather than the two already mentioned with regard to tourist attractions and so on: there is their

/potentially dangerous

potentially dangerous condition. I think this is vitally important. If we are going to keep the wrecks here and use them and protect them I think we have to make them less potentially dangerous, especially if people are going to want to go along and look at them, and I think that in future the Administration should keep a weather eye on this point. I support the Motion.

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, if I can clear up the first point raised by the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland, Clause 3 of the Bill commences at the foot of page 1 of the Bill and extends completely on to page 2 and over on to page 3; it is very lengthy, it is sub-divided into sub-paragraphs but it does specify that you have discretionary powers to designate an area as a restricted area because it contains or is suspected to contain a wreck, and some of those sub-paragraphs provide for what may be done or may not be done and I think it may be this discretionary power that will deal with the point raised by the Honourable Elected Member for Stanley in that it is discretionary, you do not have to do it, but if there is a danger of a wreck becoming a hazard then it can be designated a restricted area - although that is not the prime purpose of the Bill and I think it is appropriate to inject at this stage that neither is it the purpose of the Bill to deal with the recovery of wrecks, which is dealt with under the United Kingdom Act of 1874, so that the claiming of wrecks, the receiving of wrecks, does not fall within the purview of this Bill.

Incidentally, I have by me a list of the Orders of the Day with which we are now dealing and it sets out the proposer and seconder on which we have agreed, and I have a list here which reading across reads: Wrecks: CS-FS. I think you can interpret that in any way you like...

I would just like to make the point that the powers here are discretionary with the Governor so that no area is to be designated but if there is a danger of us either losing revenue or losing value or losing something that is valuable or something may become a hazard, we can then use the law.

At the Committee stage the alteration of the date from 1976 to 1977 was agreed and the Bill proceeded through its remaining stages without further debate, or amendment, and was passed.

REVISED EDITION OF THE LAWS BILL 1976

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, the object of this Bill is to revise the Colony's laws, which were last revised and consolidated in 1950 under the Law Revision Act of 1943. The cost of the revision and consolidation will be borne by Her Majesty's Government. I beg to move the Bill be read a first time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, I would like to say that I think this Bill is self-explanatory, but I think that is courting disaster. I think the key point in the Bill, although I am sure I will not get universal approval on this, is that laws need bringing up to date; they need to be consolidated (it is twenty-seven years since they were last consolidated) and it will ultimately ease the burden on the judiciary, the legal officers and on every department, to have a set of laws which is comprehensive and up to date embodying all the amendments which have been made since 1950. It is proposed also that this consolidated edition should be in the form of a loose-leaf type binding so that amendments as they are made may be inserted with the greatest ease.

The basic powers that the Bill confers are that first it appoints and defines the powers of the Law Revision Commissioner, and as it has been said, his expenses will be borne entirely by Her Majesty's Government as part of Technical Co-operation aid to the Colony; secondly it defines the content, form and method of compilation of the revised edition; it provides also for the bringing into operation, distribution and effect of the revised edition, and finally it repeals the Revised Edition of the Laws Ordinance 1943.

There is a considerable amount of detail that I am sure Honourable Members may wish to go into; I would certainly go into a lot of detail which could amount to virtually reading out the entire Bill, but as I am sure it has been fully studied, I will leave the matter there at the moment and beg to move that the Bill be read a second time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and Honourable Members spoke to the Motion as follows -

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I know I really stick my neck out when I speak about matters such as this. When I first read the Bill it seemed to me that the Commissioner had such widespread and absolute powers to alter and interpret and shorten and lengthen and delete and what-have-you, repeal and revoke and all the rest of it, that I really thought then why an Ordinance at all, why not just have a Commissioner and he can carry on as he thinks fit. However I was immensely heartened to come to Clause 9, having waded from Clauses 1 to 8, which is entitled "Limitation of the Commissioner's powers": "Powers conferred on the Commissioner by this Ordinance shall not be taken to imply

/any power in him

any power in him to make alterations or amendments in the matter of substance of any law or part thereof and not provided for in this Ordinance". Well, I think probably that is really the most important clause, not because anyone would mistrust the ability and integrity of such an eminent authority as the Commissioner, but it would be quite invidious to give him total powers to make all the alterations that the previous clauses seem to indicate without those limitations.

Having found Clause 9 I am happy to support the Bill.

Mr W E Bowles

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I support this Bill wholeheartedly; it is a long time now since we have had a consolidation of the laws and it is high time that the book was more easy to read, I think that's the thing, because it has been full of amendments since 1950; and what better year could we do it in than the Queen's Jubilee Year.

I fully support the Motion.

Mr A B Hadden

Your Excellency, this is something I couldn't get on with at all, it utterly confused me so that my favourite paragraph is number 8 (k) which says the Commissioner has power to simplify the phraseology of any law and to make alterations as are necessary for expedience and for uniformity of expression. I think I would give it more than my formal support if it could really make the thing more readable. Otherwise I do not feel qualified to say if it is right or wrong; I was taken up by that little paragraph and I hope my remarks get through. I support the Bill.

Chief Secretary

I think the Honourable Members have put their finger on the key points in the Bill, Sir. If there is to be any substantive change in the law it must obviously come before this Council, which is the only legislative body for this Colony other than the Secretary of State. So that Clause 9 is a key one and certainly I am sure we all agree with the Honourable Mr Hadden that if our laws can be simplified so very much the better. There is not I think anything in here that militates against democratic principles or against our normal procedure for taking legislation. They must still go through the normal Councils and there is no power granted to the Commissioner which could supersede that of this or any other Council.

At the Committee stage the alteration of the date from 1976 to 1977 was agreed and the Bill proceeded through its remaining stages without further debate, or amendment, and was passed.

/Interpretation and General

INTERPRETATION AND GENERAL CLAUSES BILL

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency. This Bill, Sir, I think, read with the introductory Preamble is self-explanatory and I beg to move that the Bill be read a first time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

Chief Secretary

The Interpretation and General Clauses law which the Colony now possesses was enacted in 1949. It superseded - or largely superseded, because it didn't entirely repeal - an Ordinance enacted in 1900. Since then there have been many definitions, descriptions and interpretations which require closer and more definite clarification, as well as powers of delegation and specification of officers so that their duties may be performed by others in their absence provided they are properly appointed. These are some of the matters with which this Bill proposes to deal.

Part 2 of the Bill provides for a fairly large number of additional interpretations and definitions to cover most of those things which are not already included in ordinances and which are often referred to in the law but which, I think, as anyone who deals with the law must admit, in our present statute require further definition if they are to be made clear. This is not only so that the law can be enforced against any offender; it is also to be in the interests of the public so that the public may know what that law is.

Parts 3 and 4 are rather technical, covering provisions generally as to the bringing into force of ordinances, and Part 4 covers the commencement, disallowance, amendment and repeal of ordinances. Part 5 deals with matters that are not spelt out elsewhere in our Constitution with regard to the making of subsidiary legislation.

Part 6 deals generally with powers conferred under an ordinance and the exercise of those powers. Part 7 relates to the appointment of boards and committees.

Part 8 sets out in detail the position of the public service in relation to functions performed by them. In this connection it will be observed that by resolution this Council may transfer a function from one public servant to another. This part further deals with our position relevant to contracts entered into on behalf of the Government.

Part 9 deals with actions by the Governor; part 10 deals with further definitions, particularly those related to time and distance, which often are a source of confusion and worry in interpreting the law.

Part 11 deals with Imperial enactments generally and their application to the Colony. Part 12 deals with fees, penalties, offences and proceedings, and part 13 is a miscellaneous section.

/Like the previous Bill



Like the previous Bill it is a highly technical matter and it would be impossible without going into Select Committee to deal with each and every point that must be a concern of all Councillors. Government is however assured that every effort has been made to collect into one Ordinance a comprehensive list of definitions and matters with clarity and simplification in mind which should stand us in good stead for many years to come.

I beg to move that the Bill be read a second time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and Honourable Members spoke to the Motion as follows -

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. One of the remarks made by the Honourable the Chief Secretary was that the Bill sought - these were probably not his words but I think that is what he meant - sought to lay out things so that all who deal with the law, those who deal with the law, he said, would know how they stood. Well, we all deal with the law. Every one of us, every citizen deals with the law, we are all subject to the law and it seems to me that we are progressing from a stage when colonial administrations kept us in order by cat-o'-nine-tails and a little legislation and so forth, but at this stage when we are all so bound up and confused by a multitude of Ordinances and legislation and you name it, that we are equally under control, we don't know which way to turn, we don't know whether we are doing something legal or illegal, because the whole thing is so complicated. This particular Ordinance was sprung on us two days before (in my case) we came into this Legislative Council meeting and frankly I haven't the faintest idea whether it's a good Ordinance or a bad one. I know we have a really eminent gentleman as our Commissioner, and we aren't in any way suggesting that he has done a bad job. I am sure he has made an excellent job from the legal point of view but whether we need the thing I don't know.

If you take Clause 91, which reads "when an offence is a misdemeanour by any law and no punishment is provided therefor that offence shall be punishable by imprisonment for 7 years and a fine of £2,000..." Well, I looked up the definition of the word misdemeanour and it seems to me that the definition covers a lot of pretty minor offences, very minor offences indeed, and it seems to me that it is very likely that not all those offences have a prescribed penalty laid down somewhere in our thousands of pages of legal mumbo-jumbo, I'm sure they haven't. But it seems to me that if these minor offences are not laid down somewhere then under Clause 91 we can go to prison if the judge so requires for seven years and be fined £2,000. For a miserable little offence which somebody has not laid down a penalty for. I think probably if the thing was explained to people like me, and a little time was taken to explain it, then we would all agree that it was a good ordinance, that it probably does put things in the right sense so that the ordinary man would understand it. But I don't know that it does. I was elected on this Legislative Council and I don't think I would be doing my duty if I agreed to pass

/something as complicated



something as complicated as this without really understanding it and knowing the general meaning of it. Therefore I would like to suggest that it be referred to a Select Committee, which would make recommendations for the next Council to consider.

Mr A B Hadden

Your Excellency, I don't understand it either. I haven't the faintest idea and when the Honourable Adrian was talking about this the other day I sneaked away and was having a look at the big book as well, and I just got the impression that we have all manner of punishments laid down before we come to this one and just in case we miss somebody out and if we haven't got an answer for the chappie we put him inside for seven years, by which time the laws might be revised and then he might be put in again for another seven years, or he may be let out again. I don't know. I think in all fairness we have to accept the Bill since it has obviously been prepared by someone who knows all about these things and it was stated, I think by the Chief Secretary, that it was an attempt to clarify and simplify the interpretation of various words; it probably pertains to modern day slang words which have crept in since the laws were revised. I think this one and the previous one probably go together but it is truly beyond me and I don't mind admitting it. It is far too confusing. But I would be prepared to accept that it's been done by someone who obviously knows what he is doing and it is being done for our benefit, and so I would support the Bill.

Mr W E Bowles

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. This Bill has 106 clauses in it and of course we cannot memorise them all and digest them as fully as we would like. When I looked at the Bill I saw it was for the interpretation of the law, and this is what I think it is basically for. I would like to support the Bill because I think this is something we are going to find very useful as a detailed supplement, unless I have misunderstood it. I would not like to say that this is the law, I think this is a reference to the law but I would like this to be clarified. If this is the case I fully support the Bill.

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, I certainly did not expect this Bill to have an easy passage. I might have introduced a note of levity - unwanted levity perhaps - into the proceedings if I may with your permission read from the Legislative Council minutes of 1949, when the previous Interpretation and General Clauses law was enacted: "On the motion of the Honourable the Acting Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable W J Hutchinson, the Bill amending the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance 1900 was read a first time. On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a second time. The Honourable Mr A G Barton asked for further information on the powers of the Governor-in-Council and expressed himself as not being satisfied with definitions of the term as given in the Bill. He pointed out that the words to which he took exception did not appear in the previous Ordinance, No 3 of 1900. In reply the Acting Colonial Secretary stated that the definition was as drafted by His Majesty's legal advisers and referred to the relevant paragraph on page 23 of the Colonial Service by Sir Anthony Bertrand. The Bill was then committed and passed."

/Unfortunately

Unfortunately I don't have Sir Anthony Bertrand by me to assist me with this Bill, Sir, but to return to the very valid points made by the Councillors this afternoon: it is proper that this Bill should be looked at with some suspicion; it is proper that it should be questioned to see if it is exceeding the powers that already exist. With regard to the specific question relating to Clause 91 I am assured that this is the maximum and that the actual penalty imposed would be closely related to the seriousness of any Misdemeanour.

I regard this in very much the same way as the Honourable Mr Bowles, as a guide to the law, as much for the benefit of the Colony as for those who have to administer the day-to-day operation of the law, and I think it is important to remember that if it is defective - and I have no evidence to indicate that it is - it can always be amended by this Council. There is nothing definitive about any law; we can always amend it if we find that it is operating against the public interest. It is complex; it is very difficult. It is difficult I think for anybody to assimilate rapidly but if one looks upon it as an index to a book, which it probably is, it is an index to our laws, with definitions, it simplifies and explains, therefore I think it probably is as much in the interests of the public in whose interests the Councillors this afternoon have been rightly taking up the cudgels. I believe that we should have this Bill which we ought to regard as an essential part of our Constitution. It is perhaps the last rivet to nail into place with the constitutional instruments that we are about I hope to enact this afternoon.

On the proposal of the Chief Secretary, seconded by the Honourable W E Bowles, the President agreed to the appointment of a Select Committee of the whole House, under the Chairmanship of the Honourable A B Monk, to consider the Interpretation and General Clauses Bill in detail.

Council then adjourned while the Select Committee sat.

Council resumed at 10.30 a.m. on Wednesday 22nd June 1977.

The Chairman of the Select Committee set up to consider the Interpretation and General Clauses Bill reported as follows:

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. The Select Committee has examined the Bill. The Select Committee co-opted the services of Mr Frederick Cooke, Barrister-at-Law, to advise them in the matter. The Bill was examined clause by clause and the Committee have several small amendments to introduce at the Committee stage of the Bill.

At the Committee stage the Bill was amended as follows -

In clause 3 the spelling of the word "crown" was corrected under the definition of "Crown Agents".

Clause 77 was amended by the deletion of the word "regnal" and the substitution therefor of the word "reign".

/

Clause 91 was amended by the deletion of the word "and" and the substitution therefor of the word "or".

The Bill was then read a third time and, subject to the above amendments, was passed.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL (ELECTIONS) (AMENDMENT) BILL 1977

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, this Bill is the final stage in the introduction of the recommendations of the Select Committee established in 1974. Its main provision is for the election of six members to the Legislative Council, to divide the Colony into areas and divisions appropriate to such election, and generally, to make the necessary amendments to the Legislative Council Elections Ordinance 1948. I beg to move that the Bill be read a first time.

The Honourable A B Monk seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, I beg to move that the Bill be read a second time and that after it is seconded I speak again to introduce the Bill.

The Honourable A B Monk seconded the Motion and the Honourable the Chief Secretary then introduced the Bill -

Your Excellency, I am sure I shall have the indulgence of Council if I elaborate on this Bill at somewhat more length than is customary, if only because it is some time since the genesis of it emerged.

As Your Excellency and Councillors will recall, a Select Committee was established in early 1974 on a Motion of the Legislative Council, with the prior approval of the Secretary of State, to ascertain the views of the electorate on the subject of a change in the Constitution of the Colony and thereafter to make recommendations on the form such changes should take.

The progress of the Select Committee was fully explored during the last sitting of this Council and I think I can be forgiven if I do not rehearse that all over again. I think it is worth bearing in mind however that we perhaps should refresh our minds on some of the recommendations that the report contained.

It was presented to this Council on the 10th of June 1975 when the following Motion was passed:

"That the Report of the Select Committee on the Constitution which today was laid on the table be forwarded to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State with the recommendation that it be implemented as soon as possible."

/The sad story of the delay

The sad story of the delay has been fully explained elsewhere and I think is now generally known. It is I think agreed by all it is a pity that we had to wait so long, but at last we have reached the stage where we can bring the recommendations to fulfilment and those recommendations in the main were:

First, that the two elected members of the Executive Council elected at the start of each session of Legislative Council should hold office in the Executive Council for one year and eighteen months respectively and thereafter and again at every year seek re-election. In plain words this means we are adopting the normal procedure for rotating Councillors so that they have a more immediate discharge of their duties to the legislature and a closer link is established between the legislature and the executive.

Second, that the offices of the two nominated independent members of Council be abolished and the number of elected members be increased from four to six.

Third, that the Colony should be divided into two electoral divisions: 'Camp' and Stanley, and that each division should be divided into two electoral areas: East Falkland and West Falkland, and East Stanley and West Stanley. The two divisions and the four areas would each return one member to the Legislative Council. Area elections should be held first, followed later, but as soon as possible, by division elections.

Fourth, that the present qualifying period for electors of twelve months continuous residence in the Colony prior to qualifying day should be preserved for island born voters, but that for non-island born voters the period should be extended to three years; and further, that residents not born in the islands and who have been absent for a period of more than five years, should have to re-establish their qualification by a further three years' residence in the Colony.

Fifth, the Select Committee recommended that the age qualification for electors should be lowered from 21 to 18 years.

Sixth, that the proportion of votes needed to secure return of the deposit be reduced from one eighth to one tenth.

Seventh, that voters who are prevented by good reason from voting in person, and those in remote areas, should be allowed a postal vote.

Eighth - and the last of the main recommendations of the Select Committee - was that unofficial Councillors should be paid a reasonable remuneration, and we have already enacted legislation to that effect during this meeting.

The recommendation to rotate the election of two members of Legislative Council on the Executive Council will be implemented by the Royal Instruction which was signed by Her Majesty the Queen on the 31st of March 1977 and which will come into force when the next Legislative Council first meets.

/I think at this point

I think at this point it is worth dwelling for a moment on the complexity of the Legislative instruments that constitute the Constitution. We have Letters Patent, Royal Instructions and the Legislative Council Order-in-Council. The Letters Patent and the Royal Instructions are made by Her Majesty personally; the Legislative Council Orders-in-Council are made by the Privy Council, which advises Her Majesty. Before these are amended we are prevented from enacting any amending legislation of our own, and that is the reason why the Royal Instruction and the Legislative Council Order-in-Council have had to be amended before we could proceed to this amending Ordinance.

The other changes in the Constitutional instruments consequent upon the Select Committee's recommendations will be implemented by an additional Privy Council Order called the Falkland Islands Legislative Council (Amendment) Order 1977, which was made by the Privy Council on the 9th of March 1977 and which comes into force not earlier than a date following dissolution of this Council. This Order, in brief, provides for the abolition of nominated members, to increase the number of elected members from four to six and a transitional period for the forthcoming election to provide a period extending over four months for the new election to be held. I will come back to this point a little later on, but it will be seen that the way was cleared by the Royal Instruction and the Legislative Council Order-in-Council made this year for the major amendments - the abolition of nominated members and the extension from four to six elected members - to be proceeded with.

In the Bill there are still some amendments which I shall have to introduce at the Committee stage. I think it is worth explaining the reason for some of these, though, at this time.

A possible problem could for instance arise over the interpretation in the Bill of "continuous residence". This has been avoided by provisions in Clause 7 of the Bill which allow the Registration Officer to ignore occasional absences for a period of up to six months. At the same time we have incorporated into this Bill the recommendations in the Select Committee report and embodied also in the Royal Instructions and the Legislative Council Order-in-Council; we have taken advantage of the occasion to introduce some refinements which I think will lubricate the machinery of elections and make it simpler for future elections, but not unfortunately for the present one, to be carried out with less agony and over a shorter period.

These additional amendments I should add are in no way contentious and are not matters that would have been dealt with by a Select Committee. It is for instance proposed that in future the electoral register shall be compiled annually at the Governor's discretion. At present a register may not be compiled until the Council is dissolved and it is at that date, which also becomes the qualifying date for the election, that the electoral roll starts to be compiled; and it takes 87 days from that day until we can begin to take the poll. I think it must be generally agreed that this is an over-long period and it ought to be shortened if we can do it. So we have in this Bill taken this opportunity to provide that in future we shall be able to separate the qualifying day from the day of dissolution, and thus reach the situation where we can prepare a roll at any time at the Governor's discretion; I shall suggest a date when we come to the amendments, but it does mean that by this device we do not have to wait until we dissolve. We can do it in advance and then go straight to an election at very short notice.

/

We have also, I think with success, managed to contract the period between the mandatory stages of an election, such as for claims and appeals. These at present are 30 days each and I think this is over-long and I think we can shorten these to 10 days each.

The task of translating the recommendations of the Select Committee into legal language and then the legal language into the practical mechanics of preparing an electors' register and holding the election has proved to be by no means an easy task. It has in fact proved to be a most complex and intricate one, in particular the transitional provisions; knowing that we are changing a well-trying system and going into one that is unknown has proved immeasurably difficult. It has not been eased by the fact that it has not been possible to introduce the improvements in the electoral machinery that I have referred to for the forthcoming election.

I referred earlier to the fact that we still need some amendments to the Bill. Only two places are referred to in the Fifth Schedule of the Bill as remote areas, and I have no doubt that Councillors will wish to direct their attention to this Schedule to see what other places ought to be designated as such for the purposes of postal voting. These could of course be added at the Committee stage.

Similarly, in clause 2, under the definition of "qualifying day", the date has been left blank. We have looked at this closely and assuming that it is better to have elections during the summer and not in the winter, it would seem appropriate to insert as qualifying day for future elections the 15th of July which, if we work to a programme we have calculated would in future take 55 days to compile the roll would lead us in clause 8 to insert the date for publication of the electoral register of 15th September - in other words two clear months - so that we have given ourselves a little bit of leeway but of course the Council will still be in session during this time. In future this electoral roll will be compiled while the Council is still in session and it may be dissolved at any time by His Excellency, and that register will then be the substantive one for the ensuing year or longer period if His Excellency so directs.

Similarly, I think it is necessary, we will need to revise the division of Stanley. We had proposed in Form E that a suitable division of Stanley would be to use Villiers Street as a constituency boundary. In fact if we did this it would give a distribution of voters of 56.5% and 43.5%. If we select Dean Street we get a split of 46% and 54% and I would propose that in the Committee stage we accordingly allow an amendment to substitute Dean for Villiers whenever it occurs in Form E in the Second Schedule. Another amendment that we have to make is to insert a date of commencement in clause 1. As this is linked to the Legislative Council Order-in-Council, which Order-in-Council may not be brought into force until after dissolution, an appropriate date for this Bill may be, and I quote: "A date to be notified by His Excellency the Governor by publication in the official Gazette". We have looked closely at this but I see frankly no other way over this because we don't know when we are going to be dissolved - I am sure our President does, but we don't - and I think we may not and cannot anticipate his decision.

/There are certain procedural



There are certain procedural amendments, small drafting amendments, which I should now perhaps refer to. I shall now go through the amendments that I have referred to.

In clause 1, we insert the amendments I have just referred to.

In clause 2, I shall make an amendment that we insert the number "15th" and the word "July" against "qualifying day".

In clause 7, I believe we need a further proviso to subparagraph (c), which will read:

"Provided further that a person born in the Colony who is normally resident in an electoral area or an electoral division shall be deemed to be resident therein on the qualifying day notwithstanding his absence from his electoral area or electoral division for a period not exceeding six months during the qualifying period."

This is I think a sensible amendment to allow for persons who may be away on leave or sick but are nevertheless regarded as substantive residents of the Colony.

In clause 8 the amendment I have already referred to, we should insert I believe the number "15th" and the word "September".

In the Second Schedule, we shall substitute Dean for Villiers; and any other amendments that Councillors may wish to add to the Fifth Schedule with regard to remote areas for postal voting in accordance with Section 8 (a) of the Ordinance as it will be enacted.

Finally, Your Excellency, I apologise for going on at such length but as it is so long since we sat in Select Committee and made these recommendations I think perhaps I could be forgiven for this rather over-long exposition, and only hope that it has attempted to clear up and clarify some of the complexities of this very difficult bit of legislation. It does clear the way now for us to implement our new Constitution.

Mr A B Monk

After the Honourable the Chief Secretary's very complete talk on the Bill I do not propose to comment on the contents in any way but I would like to say that it gives me enormous pleasure to second this Bill, which marks a great step forward for democracy here and although I think we should probably need to from time to time amend it when we have experienced the operation as it were of Council, I think it is an enormous step forward in democracy here. Of course it has to be realised, I think, that an all-elected Council automatically places more of a burden on the electorate than they have had before. The sort of Council that they get is entirely dependent on the electorate selecting and voting for the right people and I think everyone must realise that fact; it is quite a heavy responsibility to undertake.

I have one or two small additions I would like to make particularly to the Fifth Schedule and also I am not sure whether I picked up the Chief Secretary right or not but I thought his amendment to clause (c) in Section 7 of the Ordinance was not perhaps worded as it ought to be, but perhaps that can be dealt with at the Committee stage. Anyway, in principle I support the Bill wholeheartedly.

Mr W E Bowles

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. It is a climax for us I think to accept this Bill. A lot of work has been done and we have had lots of public meetings. Unfortunately I was not present at the Stanley meetings but was privileged to go round the West Falklands and find their views and I think in general this Bill will be what we promised the public it should be and I fully support the Bill.

Mr A B Hadden

Your Excellency, it is not what I would have wanted myself but it is what the electorate wanted; it seems to be the general consensus of opinion everywhere, it's what everyone else wanted to do; but I think we could have achieved near enough the same result with a lot less effort and a lot less expense. It may be recalled by some that last year the emphasis all through the Council was on unity, and I really can't understand why we must still divide the camp up into pieces, and Stanley up into pieces, separate Stanley from the Camp, the East from the West, and so on. It just doesn't make sense to me. I am all in favour of an all elected council; I have never been against that at all, but I think all councillors should represent the Falkland Islands. After all, we're no bigger than a village, maybe a little more scattered, but we are representing at the most some six hundred people I would think, maybe a little more now, but I think at the very most I would accept three councillors representing the camp and three representing Stanley; but to break it up into little pieces, to confuse the electors - and I am sure it's going to confuse people who may wish to stand for election. They will be wondering whether they should stand for a division or stand for an area or how they would apply themselves best to the problem - and it is a problem. But really it's nice that we are going to have an all elected council, although if we stop to think there could be little snags in that too. For example...

Mr A B Monk

The Honourable Member would have to stand...

Mr A B Hadden

...but of course, and my Honourable Friend from the East Falkland thinks I'm saying what I'm saying because I was a nominated member, I know that as well and we talk about this quite often. We haven't come to blows yet...but no, it's not that at all; I have already said that I am in favour of this. I said so at the meetings at Goose Green, and I haven't found it necessary to change my views since, that I wanted six people to represent the Falkland Islands and to go into all this expense of two elections, the uncertainty that goes with it, that people won't know who they're going to vote for and when we add the expense of having a massive campaign of telling people what to do and when and how and why and all this sort of thing. We could have got an all elected council much more easily and certainly much more cheaply and I think we would have been a more united council had we been representing the Falklands and not just a part of the Falklands, because with the best will in the world, first loyalties are going

/to be to the few people



to be to the few people who elected them. I really have no great objection, I just wanted to put my views to the meeting and it does seem a wee bit complicated to me that it should be divided up. I don't like the idea of divisions of anything in a small place anyway, because after all whatever goes on in this small community affects each and every one of us and each and every one of us, I believe, should be applying our aims and our thoughts and our time to solve the problems which affect all of us and not be worrying about a little corner of this small place. Your Excellency, these are my views on this Bill.

#### Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, I trust you will forgive me being an Official of this Council but I think it would be wrong if I didn't mention it. I have certain reservations on the new Constitution, but it is mainly with the mechanics of the thing. There is nothing in it which cannot be changed with regard to these reservations, we can change it any time; the main point which I have reservations on is the point which the Honourable Mr Hadden has mentioned, that of splitting some of the areas up, particularly Stanley, dividing it into two sections which being such a small place I feel is completely unnecessary. However the people of Stanley have requested that this should be so and there is no harm in going ahead now and trying it; the same as the camps, probably the areas which have been selected -- probably we could have got the camp cut into three areas if need be -- I think that could have saved the need for two elections; however having made those points I think that it is a step forward, we are moving some way, let's go ahead and try it and if there is any improvement which we can make later on, well, we can find out by experience what is needed. But I would like to commend the Committee for the hard work they have put in, in particular the Chief Secretary and his staff, I know something of the work that has been put into it, and our two legal experts, I think it's quite fantastic the patience they've shown, and quite frankly, I think I'll stick to finance. I support the Motion.

#### Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, I certainly take the points made by the Honourable the Financial Secretary and the Honourable Mr Hadden. If we can have a simple mechanism - and unfortunately I am no mechanic - I am sure we should have. The main point I am sure about this Bill is that it does give us a greater degree of democracy, and this is what we should concentrate on. I think this supersedes and overrides the objections to the mechanics of the Bill, cumbersome as they may seem. I believe, too, that no matter how a councillor was elected, if he was elected for the Falkland Islands I have no doubt he would still get his ear bent on local problems just as much as if he was elected for a constituency. I don't think any councillor here, any councillor that I have known, has regarded himself except as a councillor for the Colony, with the interests of the Colony at heart. Naturally he puts forward the views expressed to him by his constituents but I am sure, and I say this without any doubt or misgivings at all, that no councillor in my knowledge has had anything but the Colony at the forefront of his mind whenever he has addressed this Council or in any of his duties.

/I was hoping that this

I was hoping that this problem of simplicity in the election might not be referred to but as it has it obviously is a worrying one and I think it is therefore worth a little time to try and explore what simpler arrangements might be possible.

I listened not so long ago to the 'box' and heard an exposition of a darts championship and frankly I felt that I would be placed in a very similar situation, or could be, because I was left, not being familiar with the procedure for darts matches, and not paying all that much attention to it, I was left in some doubt as to who was going to play who, and I am sure that the secretary who had to prepare that list will have sympathy with me in trying to explain an elections system.

The most simple way to elect a person - and I have had this put to me - is why cannot we just choose our man from a list presented to us. This is the simple way: you just choose your man. And I have heard it also said that if you have three people to be elected say for Stanley and there are five candidates, you can do it in two ways: each voter gets one vote and the candidates who receive more votes are elected; alternatively each voter can have three votes and all the votes are totted up and again, those who get the most votes are elected. Simple. Is it in fact as simple as that? If we look closely at this what emerges on the first system is, supposing candidate A gets 50% of the votes, candidate B gets say 25% and candidate C 10%. On my reckoning that is 85% of the votes. You have 50% of the electorate represented by one candidate and 35% represented by two candidates. You can have an even greater distortion.

If you do it by giving each voter three votes, what you have in effect is that each voter I think places his list of candidates in an order of priority, and I have no doubt that most of these voters will have one preferred candidate. Supposing it is A, and supposing 40% favour candidate A as their first choice, and supposing also that there is another strong candidate, B, who gets a very nearly similar amount of votes as to put him in first place. But it could be - and I don't think it is unlikely - that those who vote for A may not vote for B; in fact they may vote for C, D and E to keep B out; and those who vote for B may also vote for C, D and E to keep A out. This could happen. So I think what you can finish up with is that the persons who are the preferred voters don't get elected, but those do get elected who pick up what one might call the residual, or default, votes.

And I think it's rather like a horticultural show: if you go to a horticultural show you think well, you've got judges, they pick three roses, instantaneous. It's easy, nothing to it, why can't we do the same. But do they? I don't think they do. Do say, six judges, select rose A and say "this is the top rose, that will get first prize" and then those six withdraw and the four remaining elect rose B in second place, and then those judges retire and what is left elect the third rose? No. What they do is all vote for the first rose, then they all vote for the second rose and then they all vote for the third rose; so what looks like one election is in fact three. And I think this is the only way the owner

/of that rose can be

of that rose can be certain that his rose has been elected by all the judges; and similarly I think this is the only way a candidate can get in and know that he has got there because he has been chosen in preference to other candidates and has not got there by picking up default votes.

I think these are the major objections. There are ways to overcome these by a complicated system of referred vote which they use in France - naturally...- but I am not sure that it is the sort of thing that we want here; it would be a complicated mathematical exercise and frankly I think people had this in mind when they decided that they would much prefer to be presented with a list of candidates and select one candidate from that list. Cumbersome as it may seem I think we probably achieved what is in fact the only sensible and the only practicable way of giving the electorate, who are not all that frequently confronted with an election, and if they have to choose three candidates from five, say, or any other sort of mechanism, I think this could be equally difficult or even more so than two elections. At least by being confronted by two elections and having to choose one candidate at each I think their job is simplified. Some people are presented with difficulties when they are presented with a ballot paper with a multiplicity of names and they have to choose a number of them.

I again apologise for such elaborate explanations; it obviously was a matter of some concern, Your Excellency, and I hope I may be forgiven for going over my time.

At the Committee stage the Bill was amended as follows -

In clause 1 by the deletion of all after the word "on" and the substitution therefor of the words "a date to be notified by His Excellency the Governor by publication in the official Gazette".

In clause 2 (b) by specifying the 15th day of July as being "qualifying day".

In clause 7 by the insertion of a third proviso (e) as follows -

"Provided further that a person born in the Colony who is normally resident in an electoral area or an electoral division shall be deemed to be resident therein on the qualifying day notwithstanding his absence from his electoral area or electoral division for a period not exceeding six months during the qualifying period."

In clause 8 (a) by specifying the date of publication of the register of electors as being the 15th day of September in each year.

In the Second Schedule by specifying the date in clause 2 as being the 21st day of June 1977.

In the Second Schedule by the deletion of the words "Villiers" where they appear in two places and the substitution therefor of the word "Dean".

In the Fifth Schedule by the addition of the following -

"Beaver Island, Carcass Island, Golding Island, Lively Island, New Island, Speedwell Island, West Point Island and any other island or place so designated by the Governor by notice in the Gazette."

The Bill was then read a third time and, subject to the above amendments, was passed.

STANLEY AIRPORT (REGULATIONS) BILL 1977

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, this Bill has had to be prepared rather quickly at a late date and Your Excellency has signified that you would be prepared to admit it to the Order Paper under a Certificate of Urgency which I now table.

The purpose of the Bill is to provide enabling powers for regulations to be made to control a number of matters connected with the general use of the Stanley Airport. I beg to move that the Bill be read a first time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, it is normal practice in operating an airport to have regulations which control or give power to Government to control by regulation the operation and supervision of other activities which take place at an airport. The Bill now before Council has been prepared by the Legal Office in conjunction with the advice from the Airport Superintendent, and Government believes it should be passed into law as soon as possible to enable the Governor-in-Council to make regulations for the effective control and operation of Stanley Airport when it opens in the near future. The lack of any such regulations would make it difficult to control the operation of the airport and would not enable us to impose fees. The draft regulations have already been compiled and will be brought to Executive Council at the next convenient opportunity. The Bill was considered in draft by Executive Council and remitted to this Council.

The list of matters with which the regulations will deal are established by clause 4 of the Bill; it is a fairly comprehensive list but of course regulations will be made as they are required and will not necessarily cover every item listed in this Bill, which I repeat is an enabling Bill. I beg to move that the Bill be read a second time.

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and Honourable Members spoke to the Motion as follows -

Mr A B Monk

I am sure the general purpose of the Bill is excellent, to control these things, and I would in no way wish to oppose it but it rather horrifies me to see in clause 2 which is "Interpretation" that we then have a list of interpretations of various word meanings, and since we spent the best part of an hour discussing the Interpretation and General Clauses Bill, which was supposed as I understood it to obviate the necessity for interpretation clauses in Bills, we were supposed to be able to look it all up in one place, and one of the very first bills we are asked to consider after that exercise is one which has an interpretation clause and words which are not in the General Clauses and Interpretation Bill. It seems to me that if we go on like this we will have a General Clauses and Interpretation Bill - or whatever the thing is called - and we will still have to look into the other Bills to see what things mean. I must say I deplore the necessity for that.

/

Mr A B Madden

I support the Bill, Your Excellency. Obviously with an airport system such as we have any legislation necessary for the smooth running and preservation of such a site is absolutely necessary. I support the Bill.

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, it is quite proper for the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland to draw our attention to the need for additional definitions so soon after we have recently discussed the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance, but I think there is in fact a distinction between the definition in clause 2 of this Bill and the definitions in the Interpretation and General Clauses. The Interpretation and General Clauses law is intended to be of a general nature, whereas these definitions relate to particular specific matters; there is for instance "airport" and I think that has to be described. It refers to an approved plan which will be signed and I table it now; it is a plan which delineates the area of the airport. "The Superintendent" means the Superintendent of Stanley Airport. This I think is a shorthand way of avoiding every time in the subsequent clauses where these things, "airport", "approved plan" and "superintendent" are referred to, to have to spell it out on each and every occasion. I take the Honourable Member's point but these are related to this particular Ordinance only and not to the general law. If they could be incorporated in the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance so much the better but that is, as I have said, intended to be more of a general portmanteau nature.

At the Committee stage the Bill was amended as follows -

Clause 4 (1)(k) was altered to read "the collection of airport revenues;".

Clause 4 (1)(l) was altered to read "the control of unauthorised buildings being erected in the take-off flight path area;".

In clause 6 (1)(b) and (c) by the deletion of the word "requirements" and the substitution therefor of the word "requirement".

The Bill was then read a third time and, subject to the above amendments, was passed.

INCOME TAX (AMENDMENT) ( No. 2) BILL 1977

Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, Members of this Council recognised some time ago the need for an economic survey of the Colony and this was undertaken by Lord Shackleton and his team, and one of the matters which was referred to Lord Shackleton was the need for tax reform in the Colony. One of the recommendations which comes from the report is for an increase in company tax and in capital allowances. The company tax proposal is that the rate should be increased from 40% to 45% and that a new system of depreciation allowances be introduced. This system has been drawn up for us by our very able income tax agent and adviser in the UK, Mr John Comben, and with your permission, Sir, I would read out passages from the letter in which he introduces this new system of depreciation.

/He writes:

He writes: "I think it is agreed that you need a new system. Your present arrangements are virtually those which existed in the United Kingdom before 1945. I think you need to repeal section 10.1(c) and rescind the relevant rules. I enclose my own suggestions for a new section 11 and a depreciation schedule. The scheme provides for annual allowances of only two rates; no initial allowances, with balancing allowances and charges when the asset is disposed of." He writes: "Your first reaction will probably be that to have only two rates, 10% for buildings and ships and 25% for the rest, is unduly simple and generous. If you do we can substitute more classes with more and lower rates; this is certainly negotiable. Perhaps I may remind you that applying any rate on a written down value basis you never in strict theory write off the whole of the cost. But the time taken to write off nine tenths of the cost is 22 years for the rate of 10% and 8 years for the rate of 25%. The following are some of the considerations I have in mind in drawing up my scheme: rapid writing off encourages capital re-equipment. It does take the place of the present initial allowances and to some extent has the same effect as the ill-fated profits tax investment allowance. If you have provision for a balancing charge when the asset is disposed of the annual rate is not so important since you will recover at that stage any excess depreciation you have given."

He goes on to say: "One of the criticisms of this system of writing off historical cost is that although it writes off the last item of plant to be bought it does not enable a trader to build up a fund to replace it by another item which, owing to inflation, will inevitably cost more." "This protest", he says, "used to be common in Britain, but I have not heard it since higher rates of annual allowances were introduced". And then he makes a very important point: "Having only two rates makes things very simple; this is so obvious that it needs no stressing".

I should mention the section referring to balancing allowances and balancing charges. This is an adjustment when the machinery or plant ceases to belong to the person, the trader, whether on sale or in any other event. The adjustments are made to ensure that the allowances previously made are either augmented or reduced so that the total allowances finally made will correspond with the net cost of the machinery or plant to the trader.

To sum up, this Bill proposes an increase of 5% in the company tax rate and a new system of depreciation allowances for all businesses, both companies and other bodies. I beg to move the first reading of the Bill.

The Chief Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

/Financial Secretary



Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, before moving the second reading of the Bill I lay on the table the Certificate of Urgency. I beg to move that the Bill be read a second time.

The Chief Secretary seconded the Motion and Honourable Members spoke as follows -

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I welcome the Bill. I think it's long overdue, we should have raised the rate before and also I think the industry will welcome the very much simpler rates for depreciation. Our present allowance is a bit of a jumble - it was to me anyway whenever I tried to apply it - and anyway when you have done it all you don't get much out of it in the end, so I think it is very welcome. I support the Bill.

Mr W E Bowles

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I support this Bill too because this is one of the first Bills we have actually talked about in terms of simplification, because the rest have been so complicated this morning that I welcome the Bill for that reason alone, but I am sure that everybody will welcome this and it will encourage people to keep most of their profits here and will help us with our development.

Mr A E Hadden

Your Excellency, I am not very well versed in the matter of company taxation but from what I have heard in the last few minutes it sounds all right to me. I support the Bill.

The Bill then proceeded through its remaining stages without further debate, or amendment, and was passed.

INCOME TAX (AMENDMENT) (No. 3) BILL 1977

Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, the income tax proposals made in the budget speech have already been welcomed in the Colony. It was intended that this Bill should only be taken to the second reading but as Members of this Council have said for a very long time that we need reforms in personal taxation, it is only right to consider taking it through at this meeting, and I therefore lay on the table the Certificate of Urgency.

I have mentioned that Councillors have made strong representations for a revision of the personal allowances - in fact we have been inundated: besides Members of this Council, Members of the Executive Council, bodies like the General Employees' Union, the Civil Servants' Association; these requests are understandable. With erosion of money values which is now going on throughout the world, the real values of the allowances are constantly reduced and there is natural pressure for increasing the allowances. But the question of increases in allowances really depends on the calculation of the loss of revenue. Can the Government afford it, or, more precisely, will the Government be able to afford it in the coming year?

/After much consideration

After much consideration and a mass of tables and estimates prepared by the Income Tax Officer, a scheme has been devised which allows a considerable improvement in the present tax allowances. But it has been necessary to revise the rates of tax and the scales which are proposed in this Bill emanate from the Shackleton Report.

The scheme is particularly favourable to the lower paid family man. During the course of the Select Committee meeting on the Estimates the matter was discussed in detail and a further amendment was proposed: that we should increase the limit of the wife's earned income relief from £100, which I announced at the presentation of the Budget, to £200.

I will run through the proposals to increase the allowances:

The personal allowance, from £230 to £350 - this is the allowance which every taxpayer enjoys;

Allowance for wife, from £180 to £300;

Allowance for a child, from £130 to £250;

Allowance for a child at school overseas, £150 to £280;

Earned income relief maximum to be increased from £500 to £750;

The dependent relative allowance from £130 to £250;

Old Age relief, which currently applies when the income is below £600, will if the Bill passes apply when the income is below £900.

The deduction in respect of a female relative taking charge of children is increased from £100 to £150, and the Bill provides for a new deduction for wife's earned income relief, which is at the rate of one fifth of the wife's earned income with a maximum of £200.

The new tax scale is increased on the first £500 of chargeable income from 15% to 17½%; on the next £500 from 20% to 22½%; on the following £500 from 25% to 27½%; on the next £1,000 35%, on the following £1,000 40% and then another £1,000 at 45% and the remainder at 50%.

I must point out at this stage that it is proposed to review the value of benefits in kind and revise them upwards. This was last done in the late 1960s and this is a further recommendation of the Shackleton Report. However this is done in the Executive Council and then brought to this Legislative Council for approval. This will be done as soon as we possibly can. The proposal has already been considered in Executive Council informally and it has been suggested approximately a 50% increase in the value of benefits in kind, with the exception of the single person who lives in the cook-house, and it is intended that he should remain at the same. This has been recommended at this stage because it is thought that the family man already benefits greatly from this Bill.

/There is a small amendment



There is a small amendment which I will have to make at the Committee stage. This is due to an inadvertent omission of the personal allowance from the Bill. This wasn't intended but if I allow it to go through I am sure that Council will not be very popular.

On the proposal of the Financial Secretary, seconded by the Chief Secretary, the Bill was read a first time.

The Financial Secretary then moved the second reading and Honourable Members spoke to the Motion as follows -

Chief Secretary

I would like to congratulate the Treasury staff on an excellent job done under great pressure. This does, as the Honourable the Financial Secretary has said, Your Excellency, reflect the desire of this Council to do something, particularly for the income tax payer in the lower brackets, and we have looked, as we all know, at several tables - all compiled in the Treasury - before we finally found one that is we think ideal and meets all the requirements and I am sure it will be greatly welcomed throughout the Colony. I beg to support the Motion.

Mr A E Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I certainly support this Bill. We all have vested interests in the thing. It is unfortunate of course that the lower income groups will start paying tax at far too low a level but we do have a very real problem here. There is only a small number of taxpayers and there is not a very large spread as it were in the incomes. We don't have a large number of very highly paid people that could bear more the burden and I am quite certain that the Financial Secretary has really made a very good job of trying to balance these various things. I was a bit horrified to see nothing about personal allowances, I must say, and really thought the Financial Secretary was trying to pull a fast one on us, but however it was a printing error so I am quite happy to accept his statement that we are going to have an amendment and it will be inserted. I am very happy to support the Bill and I congratulate the Financial Secretary on it.

Mr W E Bowles

Your Excellency, on behalf of my constituents, especially the tax-paying constituents, I would like wholeheartedly to congratulate the Financial Secretary for his work and that of his staff in producing this Bill for us. I think this is one of the biggest steps forward that we have made for many years, one which will be welcomed - at least I've had no complaints yet, and I don't think I will get any. I think it is something that this outgoing Council will be remembered for. I would like to wholly support the Motion, Sir.

Mr A B Edden

Your Excellency, I have no complaints either and I would like to add my congratulations to the Financial Secretary and his staff for doing so much homework. We had a look at these figures the other day and they obviously weren't compiled in five minutes. I agree with the observations of the Honourable Mr Monk and I would like to support the Bill wholeheartedly.

/Financial Secretary

Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, I wish to thank Honourable Members for their kind remarks and I will certainly pass them on to the Income Tax Officer as well.

The point raised by the Elected Member for East Falkland I have taken; I accept the fact that some of the small incomes are still taxed. I think it is a very important point that he has made. This Bill is not necessarily the end of the road, we can make further adjustments from time to time and we are fortunate in having Mr Pepper, who will be arriving in the Colony shortly, and he may have some further improvement which we can add to our income tax law - for instance it may be possible to introduce a new section into our Old Age Pensions Ordinance, perhaps a small income relief. This may overcome some of the problems. However I will refer the matter to him and I thank the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland for raising it.

There is one point which I should make certain and so that it is absolutely clear exactly when this Ordinance comes into operation. In the Income Tax office we always talk in terms of the year of assessment; the year of assessment for which this will apply will be the 1st of January 1978, but the year of assessment 1978 really means incomes for 1977, so therefore the Ordinance will take effect from the commencement of the year of assessment 1st January 1978 but it will be on the 1977 incomes.

At the Committee stage the Bill was amended as follows -

In clause 3 by the renumbering of paragraph (d) as paragraph (e) and the insertion of a new paragraph (d) as follows -

"(d) in subsection (4) by deleting "£230" and substituting "£350"."

The Bill then proceeded through its remaining stages without further debate or amendment and was passed.

Chief Secretary

Before we move to the next item on the Order Paper, Your Excellency, it might be appropriate in view of the excellent work that the Education Committee has been doing in the past months and the need for continuity, to seek Your Excellency's permission for this Committee to continue in being in an advisory capacity until Legislative Council is next elected. I think it is absolutely essential that this continuity should be preserved and Government must be carried on. There is no provision unfortunately in our Standing Rules and Orders for a Standing Committee to continue during a recess; such rules apply only to the Select Committees but I think this could be done administratively.

The President

I fully agree that the Committee should carry on its work.

/Mr A B Monk

Mr A B Monk

On behalf of the Committee, Sir, I would like to thank the Chief Secretary and yourself for your kind words and I am sure we will be pleased to do all we can.

MOTION FOR ADJOURNMENT

Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, I beg to move that this House stands adjourned sine die.

The Motion was seconded by the Honourable the Financial Secretary and Honourable Members spoke to the Motion as follows -

Mr W E Bowles

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I wish to draw the attention of Councillors at this Motion of Adjournment to the future. First of all I would like too, on behalf of everyone in the Colony, to extend good wishes to the Honourable A B Monk, together with our able Secretary, Mr Bill Etheridge, to their forthcoming Commonwealth Parliamentary Association conference in Ottawa, in Canada. I am sure we all agree that they will do their best to impress on all Commonwealth representatives our case for their support.

I think we should not forget the services of our legal adviser, Mr Fred Cooke, whose work has been extremely valuable to us, both here and in the United Kingdom, and as he is leaving on Thursday may we wish him God-speed.

Referring to the new Constitution, unity and the future. The Bill we passed this morning is a step into the future. The divisions and the areas were proposed solely for elections. In no way were divisions envisaged after the election - we do not want them.

Ted Rowlands and his team have successfully negotiated in Buenos Aires and London, and in Stanley, that in future talks the Falkland Islands will be represented and perhaps an undesirable triangle may develop into a desirable circle.

In conclusion it must be unique for you too, Sir, as an incoming Governor, to have to face an outgoing Council, and I would like to extend my appreciation to all my colleagues both official, nominated and elected. Especially the officials who, at times, are battered - with work rather than in fact - by Councillors, and have always managed to weather the storm. Sir, I beg to support the Motion for Adjournment.

Mr A B Monk

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. In speaking to the Motion for Adjournment I don't want to say very much because I think I have probably said too much about other matters at various times. The meeting has been very long, too long really, because we have too few meetings; this is just one of my minor complaints. This Council had too few meetings. Of course there have been transport problems to put it mildly,

/and if future Councils have

and if future Councils have more meetings that might be one of the problems they will have to sort out. It is very difficult.

I think at last we are heading the right way, we are heading for democracy. It has been quite a hard and long battle to put these Constitution bills through but it was worth fighting for and in spite of my Honourable Friend's fears I think Falkland Islanders will know how to vote and who to vote for and if he or I are on the next Council at least we will have been both elected there.

I think we have seen a move forward in our taxation policy and as far as our 1977-78 estimates are concerned, there are two things in them, amongst a multitude of figures, that please me very much: a very much larger sum set aside for loans, £25,000. I think future Councils should seriously consider increasing this even above this figure to encourage people to take up loans and start farming and other businesses. The other thing that has pleased me is the transfer to Development funds of £200,000 from General Revenue, because that shows to the outside world that we are making some effort to find our own funds for development and not just spending our time asking for hand-outs from other people.

A lot more has got to be done, I think, in the fiscal field, we are of course going to get expert advice, and I hope it will lead to a tax on money flowing out of the Colony, and lead perhaps to some sort of Government development bonds which people can invest in instead of sending the money away, development bonds paying a rate of interest slightly below world rates. I think we want more sophisticated compulsory land purchase powers; there is an Ordinance I believe but it is relatively unsophisticated, it doesn't really cover the situation as we want it. I think we want this so that we can acquire areas suitable for development if it is in the Colony's interests.

I think above all though, at the moment, we want better communications, better radio and telephone links and of course better transport facilities. I am absolutely certain that if we are to develop, better transport is a must and I am convinced that only roads and a ferry link to the West will really open up the door to development. In the short term the air service is essential to all of us; in the long term I think roads are far more important if we are ever to have rural development, with the air service being mainly for a medical and mail service to isolated communities.

No matter which of the main problems confronting us one gives first priority to, they are formidable; I believe we can overcome them. I have sufficient faith in the people here to want to retire here when I get too old to work and since retiring means delegating authority to younger people, it means having faith in them, in my view. I believe if we are resolute, watchful and sensible we can overcome our political problem. There is an enormous amount of hard work ahead yet for everybody to ensure that the Colony prospers as a British country for the foreseeable future. Besides work it also calls for a common sense approach to trade and other links with our neighbours.

/I think this may well be

I think this may well be the last meeting of this Council, therefore I would like to thank the East Falkland electorate for making me their representative in the last election. I would also like to thank Government officials who often come in for much criticism and seldom for thanks. I would like to say that while I have not always agreed with administration policy and views I have had a tremendous amount of help and advice from individual Government officials. I would also like to thank the Honourable Elected Member for Stanley for his kind words and I would try to put our points of view with regard to sovereignty and in all other respects across to the Commonwealth delegates at the Commonwealth Parliamentary meeting in Ottawa.

I would like to support the Motion for Adjournment.

Mr A B Hadden

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I don't intend to say a lot because we are very shortly to be dissolved and I would not really try and influence the next Council, but I do want to emphasise unity. Honourable Members will no doubt remember the call for unity that thundered out of this Chamber just twelve months ago and that was fine, the call was taken up and we noticed that people listened and one heard that we should not show any signs of disunity in any respect whatever. The need for unity within this Council, the need for unity within the Administration, the need for unity within the Colony; we still need this unity. I believe we need it more today than we did twelve months ago. I believe also that we will need it more in the months that lie ahead. We demonstrated this unity during the visit of Ted Rowlands MP and we did it with such earnestness and dignity that the Minister took with him a very favourable and lasting impression of this Colony and the folk who live here. Such an expression of unity can do nothing but good for all of us. We as a Council are called upon to make decisions on matters which, if we are honest, we often don't know much about, but we accept with our acceptance of a seat in this Council that we have to apply ourselves to the problems and produce what we honestly believe to be the best answer. We are not specialists, nor do we have ready access to specialists. We cannot just pick up the telephone when we have a problem and say 'what do we do about this'. However we do have access to specialists, but unfortunately they are most of the time in London or elsewhere. So that even if we do apply, and we often do get from these very eminent people the answers to the questions, to the problems, it just takes a little bit longer. So for the future I would only ask that the population, the people who are interested in the Colony, show a little more patience and consideration for the work that goes on in Council. I understand that it is difficult for them to appreciate what goes on because it's never been tried by them, but a little more patience, a little more understanding, would go a long way to help the Councillors to get on with their job.

It remains for me, Sir, to thank you for your patience, for your guidance and all the other help you have been giving us during my one year in office, and my thanks also go to the Chief Secretary, the Financial Secretary and every other officer of Government who has without batting an eyelid, if you like, always been so helpful; they have never considered it any trouble to advise me and I am sure the rest of Council Members. I would add my good wishes to the Honourable Adrian and Bill for their trip to Canada. I am sure we haven't got to worry about the Falkland Islands flag flying over Ottawa and I am sure the repercussions will find their way back here before too long.

/Your Excellency,

Your Excellency, I would like to support the Motion. I might maybe some day find a little niche in history, maybe when the third or fourth generation will be looking through the history books of the Falkland Islands they will say, "who was that fellow Hadden? I see he was the last person ever to be nominated to the Legislative Council of the Falkland Islands", and someone will say, "well, I can remember my great great grandad saying 'that will be the fellow we never could understand'". Thank you very much.

#### Financial Secretary

Your Excellency, first of all I would like to associate myself with the good wishes expressed by the Honourable Elected Member for Stanley for the visit to Ottawa of the Honourable Mr A B Monk and Mr Bill Etheridge. I wish them every success and I am sure that we will be well represented there. I also wish to thank Honourable Members for what they have said and also I would like to thank Honourable Members for the patience that they have shown towards the Financial bureaucrat! I must say that I not only thank the Members sitting here today, but I thank the Honourable L G Blake, the Honourable John Smith and the Honourable H L Bound in their absence. I trust that we'll see some of them back at this table again, even though they may make it a bit more difficult for me! Thank you, Sir. I support the Motion.

#### Chief Secretary

Your Excellency, I have already spoken too much today and I don't wish to draw the proceedings out over-long, but I cannot let the opportunity pass to thank my Honourable Friends for their very kind words and for their expressions of support for the Administration. Neither can I forget that they have said that a lot of the facility with which our work has been conducted is due entirely to your efforts, Your Excellency. And they have also said that we have reached a milestone, or a turning point, and I am quite sure that this is so. They have played a most important part in giving a new drive and impetus to the programme for the Colony which I am sure will be an example to the Council when it convenes after the next election.

I find it in a sense a very sad occasion that perhaps I shall be saying good-bye to some Councillors who may not return, or who may not want to return - I would not like to conjecture about that - but I have at all times found my association with Councillors a most agreeable and most helpful one; without their cooperation, their guidance and their criticism, I don't think the work of this Council could have been achieved in the way that it has been. It is comforting to know that there are many stimulating new ideas still to emerge from Councillors, and we have heard some of these referred to just now by the Honourable Elected Member for East Falkland, and I would like to reassure him that these are very much on Government's mind and some even on the stocks.

I would also like, Sir, to perhaps draw an analogy that as in any anthology, often the gems are by the 'anons' and I would like to thank the anons of this Colony, the ones who patiently and with great understanding, even fortitude, sustained the trials and tribulations that we have had to endure during recent months. Without their uncomplaining



support Government could not have functioned in this very difficult period in the way it has done, so to the 'anons' I am sure on behalf of myself and all my colleagues I would like to say thank you.

But most of all, Sir, I am sure that if there is any benefit - and I am sure there is some derived by the work of this Council, particularly during this sitting - it is mainly attributable to the excellent work of Councillors but most of all to your own wise guidance, Sir.

#### The President

Thank you, Honourable Members. Before I adjourn the House I would just like to say a few words.

In my opening address I said that I would be an apprentice President; well, every now and again the apprentice has dropped his tools; I don't think I've hurt anybody's toes particularly but there have been one or two slips from up here on the table, readily corrected I am glad to say by my Honourable Friend the Chief Secretary. But I have learned a great deal from sitting here through this sitting; I am almost getting to the point of moving Bills in my sleep, I think I have almost got the words off pat, and I can only promise that at the next session of Council I will hope to have passed out of the apprentice stage and become a junior tradesman. I think for me it has been a very valuable experience indeed, my first Council meeting; I certainly learned a great deal both about the work of Council and I have learned a great deal I think more about our island affairs.

We got through a very heavy workload efficiently, expeditiously and yet thoroughly. I regarded it as mainly clearing the decks for the future. We have removed, passed into legislation, a number of bills which had to be passed, are necessary, and now we can get on to the more forward looking programme that we all want to see. And of course this sitting is also most important because of its budget content, and I think we have produced a good budget, a socially conscious budget and a forward looking budget, which has made the most of our very slender resources and I think points a way to the future and for this, as Honourable Members have already said, we are indebted to the Honourable the Financial Secretary who has seemed to work unceasingly for the past several weeks; the light has been on in his office almost, it seems, night and day, I have even seen him going home at one o'clock in the morning - when I should have myself been tucked up in bed, but I was coming back from a party.

We have had a good budget and we are now looking to the future; we have had some good debates, many wise things have been said, many helpful things have been said. I would just like to perhaps comment on one or two of them.

It was mentioned earlier that we get a plethora of experts and advisers and reports. Well, we do. I think if all the reports were laid end to end or on top of each other they would probably reach the height of this building. There does seem to be a tendency whenever we come up against a problem we send for an expert. And it was said that there is a lot of expert knowledge in the Islands. I thoroughly agree. There is; a great deal of it. I am always coming up against it. There is enough knowledge here in the Islands not to do away with the external expert, but to support, to build up the information the external expert

/needs; not an expert,

needs; not an expert, a technician I think we really ought to call these people. But there is a great deal of knowledge in the Islands; I was very impressed with it. But we've got to get it out; we've got to encourage it, and that was why I suggested we should expand our committee system, not just to have more committees to whom we can pass our problems and so we can forget them, but committees or bodies of people, islanders, who would be involved in finding the solution to our problems.

One special external expert I well remember some years ago, a very senior civil servant in another territory, a developing country, quite an expert himself, but he said: "We are sick and tired of people coming here to tell us what our problems are"; he said: "We know what our problems are", and, he said, "coming here to tell us what the solutions are; we know what the solutions are. What we want is somebody to come and give us the technical help and get down with us to doing what needs to be done." Now there I think is the way we should look upon visiting experts here. We shall have to have survey teams, feasibility studies, pre-investment studies, call them what you will, while we are dependent on overseas sources for much of our development finance. It is just one of those things that go with getting money from other people. But we can do a great deal ourselves.

And on our legislation programme, admittedly we had Bills which seemed not to be particularly relevant to our immediate needs but I think in debate it has been shown that they are useful. But in future we do want legislation, this has been suggested during this sitting, on a number of matters which are directly related to our progress and I have already asked the Legal Adviser to prepare skeleton and draft Bills on a number of matters, on the retention of funds, on land control, on other financial and taxation affairs, and we already have drafted Bills that we should be looking at with the advice of Councillors in Executive Council and against any technical advice we get, such as from the Fiscal Adviser and others. But this is something that in the interregnum as it were we must press on with.

Now I would like to pay a few tributes. I paid in my opening address tribute to the help I had already received from Councillors both in Legislative Council and Executive Council; this has been reinforced during this session: my thanks are even greater. I particularly would like to thank - of course not that I don't expect to see them again - the Nominated Members, whose places will disappear under our New Constitution. And I think Councillor Hadden can be assured he has found a niche in history. He certainly found a very strong niche in my respect for him and I would hope that some time in the future, I don't want to have any influence at all on what might happen later in the year, but I would hope that some time in the future we might see him again in our Council affairs in a sufficiently respectable role, sufficient enough to satisfy the Honourable Member for East Falklands of his proper credentials; but I don't think even then it could improve his ability to offer sound and effective advice. I am also glad that Councillors Monk and Bowles will still be with me through the interregnum, if one may call it that, on my Executive Council, and I shall continue to value their advice.

/I have already mentioned



I have already mentioned the Financial Secretary and the good work he and his staff put on the Budget; also the great help the Chief Secretary has been to me both in preparing for this session and very quietly from down there guiding me through it, and has kept my paper going splendidly. At the end of the day I looked at it and wondered just where I was in it but we have managed between us to keep it straight; and also I would like to thank our legal counsellors, the Registrar of the Supreme Court, Mr Bennett, and the Legal Adviser, Mr Cooke, who between them have produced these excellent drafts of Bills which we've been working upon. And I think I might also add a word of thanks to our radio experts at the far end of the room who have been recording our voices, I won't exactly say for posterity, but at least for an evening audience. And I would add my good wishes to Councillor Monk and to our Clerk, Bill Etheridge, to wish them God-speed on their journey to Canada.

And in conclusion I would like to say that I too have the greatest optimism for the future. We are short of most things in the Islands except problems, we've got plenty of problems, but we're short of pretty well everything else, but problems can be overcome if there is a will to overcome them, and I am quite sure that at this point in time we not only have the will but the capacity to move forward into a different, more prosperous era.

Thank you again, Honourable Councillors. I adjourn the House sine die.



THE  
FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE  
Supplement No. 2

---

19th AUGUST 1977

---

Minutes of Meeting of Legislative Council  
held 19th July 1977

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

HELD ON TUESDAY 19TH JULY 1977

The Council assembled at 3.00 p.m. on Tuesday 19th July 1977, His Excellency the Governor, Mr. J. R. W. Parker, O.B.E., presiding.

PRESENT

The Honourable the Chief Secretary (Mr. A. J. P. Monk, O.B.E.)  
The Honourable the Financial Secretary (Mr. H. T. Rowlands)  
The Honourable A. B. Monk, J.P. (Elected Member for East Falkland)  
The Honourable W. W. Bowles (First Elected Member for Stanley)  
The Honourable John Smith (Second Elected Member for Stanley)  
The Honourable A. B. Hadden, B.E.H. (Nominated Independent Member)

ABSENT

The Honourable L. G. Blake, J.P. (Elected Member for West Falkland)  
The Honourable H. L. Bound, M.B.E., J.P. (Nominated Independent Member)

PRAYERS

Prayers were said by the Reverend Gerald Smith, Chaplain of Christ Church Cathedral.

The President

"I welcome Honourable Members to this sitting of the Legislative Council. I must say it probably is a little surprising that after the rather marathon sitting we had a few weeks ago we should need to come together again. The purpose is to take a Bill which is of very considerable interest to everybody, rectifying an error which crept into one of the Ordinances which we passed at our last sitting."

ORDERS OF THE DAY

BILLS

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL (ELECTIONS) (AMENDMENT) (NO. 2) BILL 1977

Chief Secretary

"Your Excellency, the Legislative Council Elections (Amendment) (No. 2) Ordinance 1977 proposes to remedy an inadvertent misconstruction concerning the definition of "qualifying period" and the qualification of electors. I beg to move that the Bill be read a first time."

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and the Bill was read a first time.

Chief Secretary

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, it is perhaps unfortunate that we have had to return to Council, although it is much better to do this to make sure that we have got the proposals of the Select Committee absolutely right together with the wishes of the electorate, which was the charge put upon the Select Committee.

We attempted at great length in preparing the Bill taken by this Council only a month or so ago, to put those recommendations clearly into a law but, as I pointed out at the time and as I think Honourable Members all appreciated, it was a complex task and we were in many respects breaking new ground, not only in enlarging the elected element of the Council, but in a new type of procedure; and it is the procedure which has bedevilled us. The particular matter which this Bill now hopes to remedy concerns the qualifying period throughout which a person must be resident in the Colony if he is to qualify as an elector. The former Ordinance merely referred to "resided" or "residence" and therefore left a fair amount of discretion to the Registration Officer or those who had to hear appeals from him.

When drafting the previous Bill and incorporating into it the recommendations of the Select Committee to provide the different terms of qualification for electors born in the Colony and those not born in the Colony, the section was re-phrased so that it read that persons must be "continuously" resident in the Colony throughout the qualifying period, and accordingly the qualifying period was amended so that the twelve months' duration should remain for persons born in the Colony but was extended to three years for those not born in the Colony, and the residence duration for a candidate was changed from twelve months to three years.

The word "continuously" as I have said was used in the draft to clarify the word "residence" whereas formerly only the word "resided" had been used. The unfortunate consequence of this is that a fair number of persons, perhaps even a large number of persons, who previously would have been eligible to vote in the election, would now be disqualified from registration as electors because they had been or were temporarily absent. Even occasional absences, even sickness requiring an absence overseas, even a duty tour or leave, could have disqualified the person if that word "continuously" had been left in. This was never intended and consequently a proviso was inserted before the Bill reached Council on the last occasion, which hoped to remedy that restriction.

But it was discovered at short notice before the Bill was introduced in Council that the proviso was insufficient and Honourable Members will recall that a further proviso was tabled during the course of the Bill, which attempted to remedy the omission or oversight in the previous proviso. In fact, on close examination, it has emerged that this last proviso did not cover the point and in fact it could have only been covered by a series of provisos one succeeding another to accommodate every possible contingency.

And it emerged that the real culprit in this was the use of the word "continuously" which is unequivocal and means that a person must have been in the Colony throughout the qualifying period and as I said this was never intended. It was intended, and always has been, that occasional absences should be allowed for. Therefore if the word "continuously" was left in the legislation it would have the unintended and undesirable consequence of disenfranchising a considerable number of people. This is clearly unacceptable and a simple solution is to remove the word "continuously" and substitute for it the word "ordinarily".

"Ordinarily" and its cognate expressions in connection with "residence" or "resident" or "resided" has a clear meaning and definition in law and in our particular context it has the merit too that it is the terminology used in the Legislative Council Order in Council and is clearly defined in the schedules to that Order in Council.

So that what we now propose is a Bill which will remove the word "continuously" wherever it occurs with reference to "resided" and substitute for it the word "ordinarily". This means in fact that in Section 2 we replace the definition of "qualifying period" by the new definition set out in the Bill, and in Section 6 (c) we delete the word "continuously" and substitute for it the word "ordinarily".

To sum up, Your Excellency, the Bill proposes to remedy a defect, an inadvertent defect, which would have disenfranchised a considerable number of persons who ought not to have been disenfranchised. It was never intended that people should have to reside continuously without any absences at all during the qualifying period, it was meant to be interpreted in a just, generous and sensible way, but using the word "continuously" did not allow any flexibility at all and the Bill remedies this defect, I trust. I beg to move that the Bill be read a second time."

The Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and Honourable Members spoke as follows:

Mr. A. B. Monk

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, the Honourable the Chief Secretary of course has put the whole thing so completely, that there is really little for me to say. Obviously I support the Bill because under the previous wording of "continuously" I was one of those persons who was going to be disenfranchised, so I can't be expected to like that. But also of course I support the Bill because we do want to get the Elections Ordinance correct and we don't want anybody to be disenfranchised because of incorrect wording. I beg to support the Motion."

The Bill passed through all its remaining stages without further debate, or amendment, and was passed.

Chief Secretary

"I beg to move that this House stands adjourned sine die."

The Honourable Financial Secretary seconded the Motion and Honourable Members spoke as follows:

Mr. A. B. Monk

"Your Excellency, I don't want to take up Honourable Members' time, but in speaking to this Motion I would like to say it has given me enormous pleasure to have served on a Council at a time when major constitutional advances have been made. With an all elected Council people have now an opportunity to elect a council that will mirror their thinking. This I think places an enormous responsibility on the shoulders of the electorate. No longer will the people be able to blame the officials or somebody else for frustrating the wishes of the elected representatives. The elected representatives will be in the majority.

I would also like to say that it has given me great pleasure to have been on a Council serving with the other Honourable Members who I think I can say have been not only good friends but good advisers and also with the official members, who have given me an enormous amount of help and advice, although I have not always agreed with it they have been extraordinarily helpful. I would also like to point out that though official members, they have in my opinion, always worked sincerely for the benefit of the Colony.

Finally I would like to say that it has given me great pleasure to have worked on a Council with Your Excellency as President. I think you have given us a lot of very good guidance and advice and I would like to wish you a pleasant holiday when you go away. I support the Motion."

Mr. J. Smith

"Your Excellency, I will be brief, but I too would like to say how much I have enjoyed serving on this Council and would like to express my best wishes for a good holiday for you and your wife this coming week; and I also think this might be an appropriate time for me to say that during my recent visit to London I had a meeting with the Falkland Islands Committee and a very long and useful discussion with the Members and the Chairman and I feel that in the future there will be a very much better and clearer understanding between the Falkland Islands Committee and the Falkland Islands Government. Many things were clarified at that meeting and I am confident now that we both understand a lot more about each other. People in the UK are very much aware of our particular problems and both within the Falkland Islands Committee and outside we do seem to have a very large number of friends who are willing and able to help us when and where necessary. Thank you Sir, I wish to support the Motion."

Mr. A. B. Hadden

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I haven't got much to say either, for it's not long since we were standing here saying all these things, but I reiterate my thanks to everyone as this might be my last chance. And I am sure that everyone will welcome the Bill that we have just passed, this amendment which really only emphasises and legalises what was really intended by the Select Committee and the original Bill. I am pleased that the mistake was noticed and action taken to remedy it in good time. Everything is now in order for the elections, we should really be getting on with it and the sooner we have a new Council the better (not that there is anything wrong with this one!) but since that is the way of things, the sooner the better.

For my part I would really like to see the next Council composed entirely of indigenous 'kelpers' because I think the next few years are going to be very very important and very serious years for all of us, particularly the people who represent us and it is important that we are represented by people who live here and have the most to gain or the most to lose.

I would just like to wish you a good holiday, Sir, and hope the summer is not over before you get home. Thank you very much."

### The President

"Thank you Honourable Members for your good wishes for a holiday. I hope I may in the course of the next few weeks use a few days of the time I shall spend in the UK to get a holiday, but as things look at the moment with the programme I am building up for myself I think it will be more work and not a great deal of play. However I hope I will enjoy some of the summer and see some of the cricket.

I shall take away with me a good many thoughts and ideas which I shall want to discuss when I get to London, things that have been building up in my mind since I have been here, and ideas which have been put to me by Honourable Members during our various sessions. I cannot promise to come back with a briefcase loaded with proposals and agreements, but I hope to come back at least with some feeling that the journey was worthwhile and we are moving along a progressive path.

Tomorrow I shall dissolve this Council, which will be in a sense for me a rather sad thing to do. I very much enjoyed sitting with you Honourable Members in our Council. The Honourable Member for East Falkland has sometimes referred to the word "dissolution" as implying that Councillors were just cubes of sugar. I might perhaps say that my new secretary when she first came here, who had not come across the word before, typed it from my dictation as "desolation" - and in a sense it is: it is a waste of Councillors; I think it has been an excellent Council. But I look forward to the next one whatever its composition, which will be elected by about the third week of October. The election period will have started I've no doubt before I get back but I wish everybody who takes part, both candidates and voters, well in their choice and of course they will have to consider deeply the problems which lie ahead of us in both voting and putting forward their candidatures.

At our last sitting I did thank everybody for all they have done to help me since I have been here and while, as I said, I look forward to the new Council, my thanks are very deep indeed to you Honourable Members of the present Council, who steered me through a very difficult time for me, and I think a difficult time for all of us, but I hope that we have now reached a situation where we can look ahead with calmness and while I am away I hope that the progress of the Islands will go on in this even tenor till I come back. Thank you all Honourable Members.

I now declare this House adjourned sine die."



THE  
FALKLAND ISLANDS GAZETTE  
Supplement No. 3

---

16th DECEMBER 1977

---

Minutes of Meeting of Legislative Council  
held 21st & 22nd November 1977



RECORD OF THE MEETING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

HELD ON MONDAY/TUESDAY 21st/22nd NOVEMBER 1977

The Council assembled at 10.00 a.m. on Monday 21st November 1977, His Excellency the Governor, Mr J R W Parker, OBE, presiding.

PRESENT:

The Honourable the Chief Secretary (Mr J D Massingham)  
The Honourable the Financial Secretary (Mr H T Rowlands)  
The Honourable A B Monk JP (Elected Member for East Falkland)  
The Honourable W E Bowles (Elected Member for Stanley Division)  
The Honourable W H Goss JP (Elected Member for Stanley East)  
The Honourable S B Wallace (Elected Member for Stanley West)  
The Honourable D S Evans (Elected Member for West Falkland)  
The Honourable T J D Miller (Elected Member for Camp Division)

Clerk : Mr W A Etheridge

PRAYERS

Prayers were said by the Reverend Gerald Smith, Chaplain of Christ Church Cathedral.

ADMINISTRATION OF OATHS

After taking the prescribed oaths, Mr J D Massingham, Mr A B Monk, JP, Mr W E Bowles, Mr W H Goss, JP, Mr S B Wallace, Mr D S Evans and Mr T J D Miller took their seats as Members of Council.

ADDRESS BY THE PRESIDENT

In welcoming Councillors to this first meeting of the Legislative Council in the new session, I must add a particular word of welcome to those members who are taking part in our deliberations for the first time. To the Honourable the Chief Secretary, who has so recently arrived in the Colony, and to those who are now joining Council as a result of the recent elections. And here I would like to say a brief word of commendation for the way in which their election campaigns were conducted by all candidates - without personal rancour and with proper concentration on the real issues as they were seen to be.

I was not myself here for most of the time, and I understand that both the weather, and the complications in our newly tried-out voting procedures, made it a very difficult election to organise. All the more credit therefore to the Elections Supervisor, Mr Stuart Booth, and his team of officials, for the remarkably smooth and efficient way it was carried out. We now have some leisure to consider, in the light of this experience, whether or not it need be that our constitutional and legislative arrangements should be revised to make it a simpler business next time. Always provided, of course, that the true and clear voice of the people must be heard, and an undeniably democratic Council result, as it has on this occasion.

Before moving on, I would like to take this opportunity to pay a tribute to our former Chief Secretary, Mr Arthur Monk, at whose departure I was not, unfortunately, able to be present. During his term of office here, Arthur Monk served the Colony, my predecessor, and myself with commendable conscientiousness and devotion to duty. I am sure that all members of Council will wish him well in the future.

His successor, who is now sitting below me, needs, I think, little introduction as since his recent arrival he has energetically acquainted himself with a wide circle of people. But I have no doubt he will, quite rightly, seek the indulgence of members in his conduct of our business at this, his first, LEGCO session. I am equally sure that members will readily grant it. I well remember the kindness with which Council forgave my own sins of omission and commission during my early months, and I had longer to play myself in than Mr Massingham has had. His

particular case does not quite create a new record. There was, I believe, an earlier occasion when a new Colonial Secretary was plunged into Legislative Council within a week of his arrival! But I should imagine that Mr Haddingham is feeling he has quite enough on his own mind today to waste too much sympathy on that poor chap.

To the newly elected members of Council, and I think this applies to us all, may I say that, elaborate and formal though our procedures may seem to be, they are in tune with the importance of the function we have to perform - to provide for the good government of these Islands by legislative process. We may only be a small Colony, but the matters we have to deal with are as important, if not on occasion more so, than those dealt with in larger communities. Some formality, and propriety of debate, must therefore be respected if we are not to err in what we do. And it is pertinent to remember that, in our peculiar situation, our words go out beyond this Chamber, beyond even these Islands, to a wider audience outside.

Honourable Members, you will no doubt shortly indicate to me your chosen Members to represent you on my Executive Council. I think this would be a good opportunity for me to clarify how I see the division of powers and responsibilities between these two Councils. They are in fact, in my view, complementary and not separate. The purpose of the Executive Council is to deal with the day-to-day management of our affairs, subject to the legislation passed, and views expressed, in ordinances and motions in Legislative Council. The legislative safeguarding of the public good lies here in this Council; the Executive Council carries this a stage further in general administration.

In the Legislative Council also resides the power of control of the Colony's purse. The Standing Finance Committee and the Select Committee on the Estimates, both of which are composed of the full membership of this Chamber, meet almost as regularly as the Executive Council, and have an enormously important role to play in approving, in detail, the supply of funds to keep the Colony running. While the purpose of the SFC may seem at times to be rather narrow, and while it does not, in itself, decide on matters of policy which are the prerogative of the Executive Council, I nevertheless look to the Committee to put forward, as often as they wish, recommendations which EXCO will consider for

the better conduct of our affairs. I liken the whole system to that of a railway, with the train driven by the Executive Council, on lines laid down by LEGCO, with the SFC in the guards van, occasionally applying the brakes and locking out for signals of danger. Drivers, track-layers and guards, all have a complementary part to play in ensuring that the passengers safely reach their destination.

I do not intend, in my address today, to make a wide ranging and comprehensive survey of all our domestic affairs such as I gave, according to custom, at the July Budget Meeting. But I should highlight a few matters to show where we are going. When I went on leave, after the July Meeting, I took with me a whole bag-full of questions and problems. After nearly three exhausting months of it in London, I feel I have come back with a whole bag-full more. But that, I fear, is the way of it when the stage we are now at, in our new development upsurge, is reached. It is hard to see the wood for the trees. Or rather, like someone in the early stages of building a house, to see what one is going to do with all the muddle of timber, bricks, nails and paint, that are starting to arrive on the site.

One thing I should stress. Although, at times, my discussions at the Ministry of Overseas Development did not quite match up to my impatience for quick decisions, one must understand the Ministry's problems as well. Like all Government Departments, they have to account strictly for their monies, and rules of procedure have to be followed. This apart, there is certainly no unwillingness to move as quickly ahead as possible in helping us move ahead. But if we want their help - and our own resources are too limited for us not to want it - we must take things at the pace their procedures demand. We can spurt ahead in some directions, and this we will do whenever we can.

It is worth my saying that I had a long - in Ministerial terms - over an hour - highly useful discussion with Mrs Judith Hart, the Minister for Overseas Development. She now has a good understanding of our problems, and is sympathetic to them. This will help enormously in the future, and I am grateful to the Minister for her interest. The recent exchanges she had in Parliament, when she was subjected to a rather severe examination on some aspects of our aid requirements, must be seen in that

light. I am sure it will not have adversely affected her personal concern for us, which she demonstrated in our conversation.

We now have with us Mr Jeremy Peat, an CDE economist, who is here to evaluate solutions to our transportation problems. He has joined another member of the infrastructure team, Mr Jameson, a civil engineer from the Forestry Commission, who is looking specifically at cheap, quick and simple methods of building our much needed all-weather tracks. I am glad to say that his first impressions are very encouraging and, unlike many expert advisers, he is keen not just to produce a report, but to get on with the job while he is here. I shall be discussing this in Council, and I hope we can give him the go ahead. Alongside these two we also have Captain Woodward of the Royal Engineers who is to look practically at our plant maintenance and related problems, particularly the plant we hope to acquire from Johnston Construction Ltd. And early in the new year we are promised an expert management adviser whose task it will be to help reorganise the Public Works Department, so that we have the capacity to get on with the many construction jobs that lie ahead of us.

The Committee I set up under Mr Robin Pitaluga to look into the future of the Air Service has produced a very valuable interim report, which is concise in its findings that we now need to move into a new aircraft type to supplement our ageing but beloved Beavers. I will be submitting this report to EXCC, and the evaluation of its main proposals will form part of Mr Peat's assignment. As to the current operations of FIGAS, I am glad to say they are now much improved, with our three pilots in service, and flying under better weather conditions than were experienced during the winter when Captain Russ Hooper had to carry on manfully alone, except for the valuable assistance given by Major Willoughby. Captain Busley has taken to the job - I will not say quite like a duck to the water - but certainly as the very able pilot he is. And Captain Jim Kerr has now returned refreshed from his leave, after his exhausting single-handed operation throughout the earlier part of this year, and has resumed the direction of the Air Service. It is clear however that even with three able pilots, two Beavers alone cannot at all times now meet the demands placed on the Service.

Mr Ritchie, who is a very experienced man indeed - I knew him when he was in the Ministry of Finance in Fiji, and we are lucky to have his services - has quickly got down to an examination of our salaries structure in his role of Salaries Commissioner. I am sure we shall all look forward to his report, which he hopes to complete in a few weeks. It will then be laid before EXCO.

Another report EXCO will be asked to consider is that of Mr Pepper, who carried out a survey of our fiscal affairs during the winter. This is a lengthy, and most comprehensive document, which contains many suggestions we shall be seeking ways to implement so as to increase our financial and revenue resources.

Following on Mr Pepper's visit, and partly at his suggestion, we had Dr Barlow from the Tropical Products Institute, who looked into the possibility of simple, inexpensive methods of curing hides and skins. I must confess to a little initial uncertainty about this idea when it was first mooted, but we decided to welcome it, and I am glad we did so. Dr Barlow also turned out to be an expert who was not content just to produce a report, but to get down to really showing us how it could be done. I believe he generated a great deal of enthusiasm for his methods while he was here, which we must endeavour to maintain.

I am glad to learn that Home Industries is taking up the retail end of small-scale skins production. Home Industries, which I understand is shortly to form into a cooperative, is deserving of as much support as the enterprise can be given. I am glad to learn that, on the initiative of the Falkland Islands Company, a working relationship has been established with a woollen mill in North Wales which will lead to knitwear made from Falklands wool coming on to the market, through Home Industries, and hopefully to its eventual production in the Islands. As regards another of the Falkland Islands Company's initiatives, the experiments recently conducted by Mr Duran into the drying of fish meal, I understand, show enough promise for the Company to consider making a substantial investment to start commercial production.

On another drying process, that of kelp for fertilisers and animal feeding supplements, the Tropical Products Institute, which I mentioned earlier, has arranged to receive regular samples from the Grasslands Trials Unit for chemical and organic

analysis, to see what benefits could be obtained. We may seem a long way from the Tropics, but the Tropical Products Institute, in spite of its name, has a wide-ranging expertise in all forms of agricultural production which can be drawn upon by countries seeking to diversify their development.

The Grasslands Trials Unit itself is now back into full-swing, with two new members, Mr Maitland, the Field Officer, and Dr Summers, the Goose Officer, following Mr Campbell Kerr's return from leave. Although from what I heard of his activities, there was not a lot of leave in it for him either - this seems to be a feature of UK leave for all of us; there is so much to do while one is able to tramp up and down the corridors of power, spare time for a holiday quickly gets taken up. The Honourable Financial Secretary himself got through quite a lot of business while he was in London, as I saw at the time, particularly in successfully concluding the negotiations with the World Wildlife Fund for a place for us on the Fund's important and lucrative, coin issue scheme.

We also had a quick visit, arranged while I was in London, by the ODM's architectural adviser, Mr Riley, who specifically looked into the construction of a school hostel in Stanley which we would like to see started as soon as possible. There may be a little delay in getting permanent buildings erected, but I am hopeful that we shall, in the meantime, be able to make suitable temporary arrangements. I have asked Mr Lamin, our newly arrived Superintendent of Education who has also got down to his duties with commendable energy, to plan, if possible, for an August 1978 date for the concentration of senior school education at Stanley. If this can be achieved, we will have made a good start into a new era for the education of our children, although much, I admit, still has to be done about primary education in the Camp.

I must also add a word of welcome to our third Doctor, to reinforce our excellent medical services team. I refer to Dr. Alison Mackintosh, who will be well known to many of you already. We travelled down in the John Biscoe, from Montevideo, with her husband who is to take up a two year assignment with BAS in the Antarctic. This young couple of doctors seem to be basing the early years of their marriage on the principle that absence makes the heart grow fonder - they recently, I believe,



undertook separate assignments in Greenland. I am sure we must be grateful for it, as it has allowed us the services of a first-class lady doctor for the next couple of years.

There is one other matter which cropped up during my leave, to which I might perhaps refer, although I did mention it during the broadcast interview I had with Mr Patrick Watts in the evening of my return. It concerns the future of the Falkland Islands Company. As soon as I arrived home I learnt of the bid that the Laird Group Ltd. had made for Charringtons, the parent holding company of the Falkland Islands Company. I was in immediate and constant touch with Mr John Dowling, the Chief Executive of Charringtons, over this bid, which seemed to have serious implications for the future running of the Company. As a result of a meeting I had with Lord Shackleton I approached Kleinwort Benson, a large firm of city merchant bankers, to ask if they would advise in the matter on behalf of the Islands Councils. The Deputy Chairman of the Bank, Mr Caldecott, kindly undertook to do this on a courtesy basis, and we were able to make our concern known to the Office of Fair Trading which supervises such takeover bids. In the end Lairds withdrew their bid, and, as you will probably know, an agreed merger took place between the Coalite and Chemical Company of Bolsover and Charringtons. I remained closely in touch with Mr Dowling, who has now joined the Board of Coalite, up until the time of my departure from London and we have agreed to maintain correspondence on any developments that may ensue. The Falkland Islands Company is now part of a larger industrial organisation - which incidentally, does not otherwise have any interest in wool production - but hopefully it will now be left to manage its operations, which are so essential to the Islands affairs, in much the same way as hitherto. I am particularly interested in the Company's recently indicated intention to make land available for small-scale



farming, and I am sure that any practicable proposal to this end will receive close attention in Council.

While on the subject of the Falkland Islands Company I would like to thank the local management for its cooperation in helping us over the recent fuel shortage problems, which arose as a result of the teething troubles encountered in the initial stages of the partial implementation of the TPF Agreement. We expect, as a result of the representations we have made, to have now got this matter on to an even keel, and our future fuel supplies will be assured.

Next, although it is now some little time since they returned, may I welcome back Councillor Adrian Monk and our Clerk, Mr Bill Etheridge, from their attendance, with Mrs Monk, at the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association Conference in Canada. I understand they had an exhausting but exhilarating programme to undergo, during which Councillor Monk spoke up for the Islands' case and made many valuable contacts. If their modesty forbids them from saying so, I am sure we can all be certain they did an excellent job in this important forum, which would follow on the good work Mr Tim Blake did at previous conferences in other parts of the world.

Honourable Councillors, we are now shortly to see a resumption of the talks between Her Majesty's Government and the Argentine Government, at Ministerial level, within the framework of the negotiations which both countries agreed to hold consequent upon the then Secretary of State's statement in Parliament in February of this year, and subsequent to Mr Ted Rowlands' visit to the Islands later that month. I think I need hardly now repeat, in full terms, the Ministerial assurances we have received, and which have been reiterated many times, and which can be summed up in the guarantee that during these negotiations there will be close and continual consultation with the Islands Councils and their people, and that any changes which might be proposed must be acceptable to the Islanders. I am sure you will wish to bear this in mind in the course of our deliberations in this Chamber, and as we carefully consider the most prudent position we should adopt, at this time.

Honourable Members, the administration's legislative business at this meeting is confined to the presentation of only one bill - the amendment to the Family Allowances Ordinance. But we have a number of questions and motions on the Order Paper, and I propose we should now adjourn, to continue our sitting after luncheon, when Members may undoubtedly wish to speak to my Address.

The Council adjourned at 10.45 a.m. and resumed at 14.06 p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The President

"The elected members of this Council have elected the Hon T J D Miller and the Hon W E Bowles to be members of the Executive Council for periods of eighteen and twelve months respectively in accordance with Royal Instructions."

MOTION OF THANKS TO HIS EXCELLENCY ON HIS ADDRESS  
TO COUNCIL

The Hon A B Monk JP

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I would like to thank Your Excellency for your Address this morning. I am personally pleased and honoured to be an elected member of this Council - this Legislative Council represents an advance for democracy in this country and any advance in democracy means more responsibilities for the elected members. We've seen that some people have almost inferred that government of this Colony should be carried on from London. I consider that this Council and Executive Council, Your Excellency, is the government of this Colony. We've got to discharge our responsibilities; government rests here, not with commercially sponsored individuals overseas. I regard the opinions of anybody that is prepared to reside and work in this Colony as more important than the opinions of a Falkland Islander who considers the country is not good enough for him to live and work in. Your Excellency referred to possible reforms of Council which may be necessary in the light of the recent election, and I think that is quite true; the recent election was a very frustrating and difficult affair indeed and did point out some deficiencies. However, whatever reforms we introduce we must retain the essentially democratic nature of this Council, as Your Excellency pointed out.

I am unable to agree entirely with the analogy Your Excellency drew to the functions of Exco and Legco. May I refer to it perhaps as the railway analogy. Executive Council has, historically, made policy, but it need not be the sole policy-making body. Indeed it should not be, in my view. One of the reasons Executive Council has made policy in the past has, in my view, been that they have had the full availability of expert assistance from the Administration and even from the Foreign and Commonwealth Office in drafting Bills and so forth. It also must be remembered, I think, that 95% of Bills and legislation, as it were, emanating from Executive Council, are, in fact, emanating from the Administration and merely passed on from Executive Council. There is no reason whatsoever why Legislative Council can't make policy. There is no reason why private members cannot sponsor their own Bills, Resolutions and Motions. The only limiting factor in the past has been the difficulty that Councillors had in getting the necessary expertise in drafting these things and researching the information, and very often, if the legislation has not met

/with the approval of the

with the approval of the Administration it has, as I very well know, been very difficult to extract this expertise from the Administration; but Legislative Council should not consider itself as merely a pair of railway lines supporting the engine of Executive Council, deciding whether it's going to move forwards, backwards or not at all.

I suppose the most important thing on our horizon, obviously, is sovereignty, but I don't think we should allow ourselves to become so obsessed by the sovereignty problem that we ignore the other problems - the internal problems - as long as we stand fast on our view that we wish to remain British and encourage Members of Parliament in the British House of Commons and others overseas who support us in that view, I think we are doing our duty. But we must not become so obsessed by the problem that we lose interest in any form of improvement here.

Internally we have problems with communications, education, and medical services and we wish to develop. And with regard to communications I suppose it's fair to say that FIGAS is a definite must socially. Without FIGAS we cannot exist as a community and we've probably got to make some improvement in FIGAS. With the ever-growing cost of operating Beavers and the difficulty of getting spares and all the rest of it; and it would seem that our excellent FIGAS Committee recommend that we should buy an Islander aircraft. We've ample funds for doing this and I think we should get down to it and do just that. Roads would obviously be of enormous social benefit to those areas they service and I think it's been shown in the past that roads do tend to promote economic development. They do not necessarily mean that you'll get economic development, but without roads you almost certainly won't.

The Falkland Islands Government Air Service can only provide very limited development, in such things as a specialised tourist industry and so forth. With regard to roads I think we have probably got to make some fairly hard decisions. Once we determine - and if we determine we are going to have a road system then we've got to say to ourselves, 'We must acquire a strip of land along the route of the road before we build it', We must acquire the land at the unimproved prices, because along the route of the road is where future development will almost certainly take place; and it is in the interests of the citizens of this Colony that they should have the land where this development is to take place. We of course have, as it were, a committee of experts here, Mr Peat, Mr Jameson and Capt Woodward, reviewing all our communications, transport situation, and it would be invidious to come down and say we should do this and that until they have made their report. But with regard to sea communications versus roads and the air communications for small isolated island communities, I think it's been shown everywhere in the world that sea transport is notoriously inflexible and slow.

One of our services we have to give serious attention to is education; and the previous Council has strongly recommended that we should concentrate secondary education in Stanley, and indeed I thought we'd even approved a plan of a school hostel in Stanley and the site for it and I thought that in fact even

/some work had taken place

some work had taken place - on the drains or something - up there. But it seems that the hostel is not approved or even started, and it's difficult for me to understand why this should be. I looked at what I thought was a very full plan of the thing and approved it along with other members. We must make headway here and if necessary we must spend our own money in starting this. We have our own money and we must spend it in order to get this thing off the ground; I am quite convinced. One of the problems with education in the Camp especially has been the shortage of staff, and since there's twenty or twenty-five thousand unemployed teachers in the United Kingdom, so I'm told, it's very difficult for me to understand why we can't get three or four here out of all that large number of teachers - there must be some that wish to come here. One of the reasons seems to be that teachers here only have to give a very short period of notice if they do not wish to renew their contract - something like three months - and I am told it takes nine months to recruit a replacement, so you automatically get a six months gap. Well, I think that whole situation needs looking into.

Also with regard to education, the overseas grants system is in my opinion an iniquitous situation, system, which is only benefitting those people with the means to take advantage of it - and I personally have been one of them. It does not necessarily benefit the child who could use the benefit of a higher education; it simply allows the parent with some money to send a child overseas. And I think we must alter the whole system and concentrate on providing full secondary education here and only after that - with the children that show the ability - provide overseas academic or technical education.

With regard to the medical service, I personally think we are extraordinarily lucky to have such a good medical service, and I really must commend the Medical Department for the quite obvious - in my view - quite obvious improvements that have been made in the last few years.

We have had a visit by Mr Pepper who, I understand, was going to produce a report telling us how we could overhaul our fiscal arrangements; how we can, I hope, get our hands on some of the money that is leaving the Colony and so build up our own development fund. It's very important that we should in my view invest some of our own money in development instead of asking ODM to put money up. I'm sure if we could put up our bit there would be greater keenness. I await Mr Pepper's report with interest. I think we must, with regard to development, mention the FIC's Green Patch proposition. I think we must seriously evaluate, seriously consider and seriously study this proposition. Maybe it's not what we want; maybe it's of no use. Maybe it's the very thing. But the fact that there is a proposition put up for providing opportunities to individuals must call for very serious study.

I would also like to talk if I may about services to isolated areas. Now I know there has been a lot of criticism in the past of services that are provided for isolated areas, and it has been perfectly valid. There is no question but that

/in some isolated areas

in some isolated areas we do not provide very good services. But I think at the same time we have to say to ourselves, 'How much can we afford to spend on services to very isolated areas? Should people in isolated areas be costing tax payers six times as much as people, say, in Stanley or Goose Green?' I think we've got to honestly say that we cannot provide a full service to some of these areas. Therefore we cannot expect them to pay full tax, or even in one or two cases, any tax at all. I don't think, in spite of the look of horror upon the Honourable Financial Secretary's face, that the financial loss in the one or two cases would be terribly serious, but it is really wrong in my view to expect these people to pay full taxes when they are getting very little for it.

I suppose one of the most important things for keeping this Colony going is keeping the people here. And if possible, increasing the population. And I think we'll only keep the people here if we can provide security. Obviously the sovereignty issue is one of the things which makes people insecure but I think if we view this sovereignty issue as something we've got to stand steadfast and firm on and keep our opinions before the British government, we must not become too obsessed by it. I think there are other things that make people here sometimes feel insecure.

We have no national pension scheme. I must commend the Falkland Islands Company for their private pension scheme and in fact for their publishing - giving firm conditions of service to their employees - laid out I believe in something called a 'little Blue Book'. I must admit that no FIC employee has ever allowed me to look at the little Blue Book but I am told that it is a very worthwhile document. A pension in old age and security are very important, but private pension schemes can be a bit restrictive. If you are an employee in a big private firm with a pension scheme after you have done your ten or twelve years and you begin qualifying for a pension you are, as it were, hooked. Also, private pension schemes are very difficult for the small employer to operate, for obvious reasons. I think we should have a national one, paid for in the same way as we pay for old age. Another, talking about security again - and we must have security - is full employment (which we have, very luckily - probably the only country in the world) but we must provide opportunities for our really enterprising people. I suppose you can say that contentment and security come from no external interference with your way of living, internal democracy, opportunities for employment and good social conditions.

I think I've probably spoken too long. I was told the other day - I don't know whether it was the Financial Secretary or the Chief Secretary who told me, but some Administration member anyway - that something like 14,000 sheets of paper were going to be used to print the minutes of the Budget meeting. I only hope that I haven't used up too many sheets and I can see the new members are very impatient because they have important messages to give us; and I must say I do welcome very much the new members. I suppose that you can say one of the faults of democracy is all the verbiage and talk that goes on - it gets very boring at times - but I think probably you will agree that that is better than police truncheons and the guns of dictator states.

I would like to thank Your Excellency."

/The Hon W E Bowles



The Hon W E Bowles

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I can assure our new Councillors that I will not take up as much paper in the minutes as the previous speaker has done. I welcome the new members, including our new Chief Secretary, to the now fully democratic Council. I'm delighted to be here and to publicly thank those people who voted for me and to put up with me for another session.

I know it might seem that Executive Council merely passes on a load of Bills from Government House, but I can assure my Honourable friends that they don't and they very often haggle a lot longer than Legislative Council members do about it at times, whether they be on Legislative Council or not. And it's not quite as easy as it may appear.

The new development upsurge I welcome. With the help of the Ministry of Overseas Development I think perhaps we may have got to the foundation stones stage and I hope, unlike our swimming pool, it gets a little further than that, Sir. I'm grateful to learn, too, that Mrs Hart is viewing our problems with sympathy and, we all hope, helpfulness. The advice of experts on transportation is of vital importance. We've relied on aircraft and small coastal vessels for many years and we are a country with the highest vehicle percentage per head in the world I believe, and I think it's high time we had some more roads to drive them on. And with the road to Darwin, I agree with my Honourable friend that it is of vital importance and it is going to open the place up and I think give people something to look forward to which has been long awaited. To go back to FIGAS, I shall be only too pleased to welcome the report of the Committee because we have to have our air service for the outlying areas - the West Falkland in particular - medical purposes and many other facilities we know they perform so well. I am not so sure in my own mind that a totally land-based service is the answer, because we are surrounded by water, we've got creeks running in all over the place, and if an aircraft has to make any emergency landing for any reason at all, I still wonder if float 'planes are not, at least the immediate answer, if not the long term one. I know that runways, maintenance costs and so on will play a big part in land-based aircraft, and I look forward to sizing up the two types of aircraft and perhaps the answer to this problem is the use of one to complement the other.

The Pepper Report: I think we can all look forward to that. I'm sure with his guidance we'll be able to sort out a lot of our problems for the future.

You mentioned in your speech, Sir, the hostel building which at the first stage we thought may well be temporary. I'm afraid I view this with a little suspicion because temporary buildings have a habit of becoming permanent. And I feel in the long term it is better to do the permanent building because, whatever your initial cost is, it's always cheaper today than it is likely to be tomorrow. If we do build a temporary building

/first, when we do get

first, when we do get round to the permanent one it will probably escalate by such a wide margin that we may not, by then, be able to afford it. I think we should look at this question far more closely and then decide whether we go for a temporary one and/or a permanent one, or whether we just go for a permanent complex and have one job and not two.

You did say, too, in your speech Sir, that fuel supplies should be getting back on an even keel, and with the rationing now suspended I appreciate this and hope that our future fuel supplies will be assured. You did not say so, and I do not blame you, for how long! I only hope that we can keep a watchful eye on this and make certain that the fuel supplies can be ordered well in advance and that YPF can keep a watchful eye on local consumption so that orders for the supply of fuel can be placed well in advance and avoid further fuel rationing - especially when it comes in the middle of the peat-carting or the shearing season. I just make that as a point of observation.

I would also like to thank my Honourable friend and his wife, the Hon Mr Monk, and also Mr Bill Etheridge, for their visit to Canada and I look forward to hearing the report on the visit to the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association meetings there. And I also endorse what he said that it is security we need in this place, and the sooner we have security here the sooner people will stop leaving the Islands. I think this is what we basically want: security, opportunity and something we can get off the ground and so I welcome your Address this morning and would like to support the Motion of Thanks."

The Hon W H Goss JP

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I don't think Mr Monk has left much for the rest of us to say, and I don't intend saying very much.

I would like to speak briefly on the all-weather tracks. Let us hope this won't just end at Goose Green, as has been mentioned, but that it goes on to some suitable port in the Sound and that we have a ferry across the Sound. This would be a very expensive proposition if people are going to expect to be able to come down in a Land Rover and hop on and go across to the other side. She would have to be a dual-purpose vessel, something that would do the ferrying across the Sound and do other work around the Islands. The ideal type of vessel in my opinion would be a landing craft; she would do any bulk sheep-lifting - we have talked of the export of sheep and meat for years - I doubt if it will ever materialise, but she would be ideal when you get a ship of any size to come here to pick up sheep and transport them from shore to ship. There are plenty that would come here, but ships that are going to carry large numbers of sheep in many cases are not insured to lay aground and in many cases would be very reluctant to do so. And with all our short jetties you can't expect them to go alongside under such circumstances.

/Development:



Development: we hear a lot talked about but nothing has ever materialised. We've got meat by the hundreds of tons which we throw away every year and half the world is starving. The development of the processing of meat and fish I think could be combined to give us another export. We cannot have development without exports; just development within the Islands is nothing, unless we develop farming. That's the only way we can develop. The fact that we can't get reasonable fertiliser, and I don't see how farms can be developed much beyond what they are. They might be able to improve on pasture rotation but this would not be to any great extent. At the moment - not quite so much at the moment but in the past - the tendency has been to exploit; to take everything out and put nothing in. I think that must be halted.

Education: I think the standard of education in the Colony is deplorable, and has been for some years. But it is encouraging to think that there are now moves afoot. It has been said that if we improve the standard of education the people will only go away. That's rubbish. There are people in our midst now who have come here and settled, and been here for many years and others who show signs of staying here and settling, and who are educated people. This doesn't hold water in my opinion.

I beg to support the Motion of Thanks."

The Hon S B Wallace

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. In rising to support this Motion of Thanks I would like to thank the people of West Stanley for the privilege of representing them here today.

In your Address, Sir, you likened our present situation to that of the initial stages of constructing a house. As with any house it is essential that we too build to last. Even more important, that we do not end up with a building which has lowered the tone of the neighbourhood with the result that the people it was intended for have gone elsewhere. All our plans for the future are threatened by the continuing decline of our population. If we do not halt this exodus, very soon we shall not have enough people to call a viable community, far less build for the future.

But I recognise that there are other causes for people deciding to emigrate. One factor that I think greatly contributes to the final decision and is not sufficiently appreciated, is the knowledge that our social services are now virtually controlled by Argentina. For many folk a most unsettling aspect of the situation is not just the fact that those services are controlled by that country - for after all few people would deny that the weekly air service has been of great benefit to our community; what people find more unsettling is that our government, in the past, has appeared to allow LADE and YPF to operate in whatever fashion they please. The most recent example of this was of course the fuel crisis when, with no warning, we were informed that there was no more petrol and very little kerosene. But before that the price  
/of fuel fluctuated

of fuel fluctuated as many as three times in a month despite previous assurance that it would be adjusted monthly. My point is, Sir, that it can hardly give people confidence to see their government stand by helpless in that sort of situation. Everything else apart, it does not seem unreasonable to ask that any company supplying such a vital service do so with some degree at least of competence and efficiency.

You remarked in your Address this morning, Sir, that we were shortly to receive the report prepared by the Fiscal Adviser. I hope that this report will include proposals for stemming the flood of potential revenue out of the Colony. One of the more aggravating aspects of the situation is that while we must tighten our belts, absentee shareholders live on the fat of our land.

I was pleased to hear that we are to receive advice on the reorganisation of the Public Works Department. The majority of Government departments are the target of criticism at some time or another, deservedly or not, but the PWD seem to receive more than most; and since this department will play an ever-increasing role in our development it is essential that it is operated efficiently and that its resources be fully utilised. Mention of the Public Works Department brings me to one or two problems here in Stanley which, though relatively unimportant, are nonetheless the cause of considerable inconvenience and dissatisfaction.

The first is what are jokingly called 'the Stanley roads'... I appreciate that the necessary permanent repairs will be costly, but I don't understand the thinking behind throwing lumps of cement into the craters; the results on past showing seem to be of very short-term benefit. Cement is not cheap. Is it beyond our capability to lay a few yards of tarmac?

The other matter is the condition of the Stanley boundary fence and cattle grids. Again I expect it is a matter of cost and priority. But it is certainly wrong to attempt to penalise owners of animals which, in the absence of any fence, stray into town. It is, after all, difficult to instruct a cow on the finer points of common grazing rights.

In your Address to Council this morning, Sir, you mentioned the delegation sent from here to the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association conference, and the excellent address given by the Hon Adrian Monk on that occasion. We should continue to make and take opportunities to promote a better awareness of our situation both within the international community and also in the United Kingdom. In this respect we should not forget the work of our friends in London. Some of us doubt the motives behind their efforts, but no one can doubt the support we now have is due almost solely to their work. It is unfortunately true that the word 'Colony' is not very well received in many quarters and it must therefore be for us who live here to demonstrate that we are proud of our heritage and wish to remain as we are: a British Crown Colony.

/This brings me to the

This brings me to the resumption of the talks between Her Majesty's Government and the government of Argentina. I believe my views on these talks and indeed on the sovereignty position are well known so I will not dwell on them here, except to reiterate my view that representatives from this Council should be present as observers at any future talks. We have, as you said in your Address, Sir, been given assurances that we will be kept fully informed, and I have no doubt that this will be so; but I believe that with Councillors present at these talks we should be able to make more accurate appraisal of any proposals that Council here may be called upon to consider.

Finally, Sir, it is my opinion that, though we should certainly explore possible avenues of co-operation with our neighbour, we cannot allow any further erosion of our sovereignty if we are to maintain the confidence of the people of the Falkland Islands.

Your Excellency, I wish to support the Motion."

The Hon D S Evans

Your Excellency, Honourable Members. In speaking to the Motion of Thanks I would first of all like to say how much we appreciate the effort you put in on our behalf in England, on what was supposed to have been a holiday. I would like to congratulate you on the amount you achieved. I was particularly interested to hear of your long talk with Mrs Judith Hart and the sympathetic attention our troubles received. I think that news more than offsets the worrying remarks that Mrs Hart made on a previous occasion.

I did know that I would be near the end of the list of people speaking, and I knew that many of the points would be covered, so I haven't really attempted to cover the same points.

The sovereignty issue will be well covered in this meeting of Legislative Council and I don't really propose to go into any details now. Since becoming a member of Legislative Council I am naturally much better informed on the situation as a whole. I must say now that in some cases my beliefs have had to be modified; in other cases they have been strengthened. This is bound to happen and in no way means that I feel less strongly about our situation. For instance I can now see that the hold-up of the hostel and the roads is nothing more than the slowness of bureaucratic processes. Councillors have done their very best to ensure that all the important issues that concern us are brought up and discussed openly in this meeting of Legislative Council.

We are also determined that whatever happens we'll try and take positive decisions, and not shirk our responsibilities or leave to others decisions that are truly ours.

/I must admit that I came

I must admit that I came to these meetings wondering if I was wasting my time, wondering if anything was going to be achieved and wondering if I was going to be swallowed up in the bureaucratic machine. What I have found is immensely encouraging. I've found in the Administration a great desire to break clear of the old choking paperwork and get on with something positive, the willingness to take calculated risks to get things moving. I've found a Council who want to work together, taking their responsibilities very seriously, and above all, who want to keep things open so that the people of these Islands know how and why decisions have been taken.

This Colony has been in a state of stagnation for a long time now. It is absolutely vital that we begin to move forward. It is even more vital that we move forward together, as one unit, people and government. This can only be done with trust and a willingness on both sides to count the good that has been achieved and not automatically look for the bad. We must help ourselves: it's no good sitting back expecting that Britain will do it all for us, and blaming her for being slow about it. There's no sense of pride in that; there's no sense of achievement. Only by helping ourselves can we gain a belief in ourselves. The next few years are vital: if this Administration is willing to take chances and get things moving, then this is one Councillor who is willing to back them all the way. I'd rather do something - even at the risk of making an unholy mess of it - than do nothing. We have the guidelines along which we should move: they've been well discussed this afternoon - the hostel, improved communications, an attempt to keep more money within the Islands; an attempt to begin expansion. What we can do on our own will be limited, but a community working together - there's virtually nothing that a determination to make a go of it can't achieve and often produces near miracles, while all the money in the world can do nothing if it's matched with apathy. I'm absolutely convinced the key to our future lies fundamentally in the attitude of the people of this Colony. We've got to stop bemoaning our fate; we've got to get down to doing something about it ourselves; I think at this time we have the Council and the Administration that can get things going. If we don't move now we never will. I hope that the people of these Islands will help us and encourage us, and forgive the inevitable bunglings and mistakes and judge us on the progress we achieve rather than the mistakes we make.

I wonder how many people in town and in the Administration have really examined the truth in the statement that without Camp Stanley could not exist. Some will automatically reject that statement; others won't have thought about it. Yet it is true. Falkland Islands Company and government employ most of the people in town. Without wool there would be no reason for the FIC to exist, and without the revenue from wool Government could not function. Therefore even if it's for the most selfish reasons it is in the interests of everyone in town to make sure that people stay in Camp. I wonder how many people in town have given any thought to what it must be like living in Camp right now. It's certainly no good adopting the attitude that if they don't like it and find it a bit tough they should get out. This Colony and you can't afford that.

/We're one community,

We're one community, not two separate communities. It is hard to describe how catastrophic the effect of the curtailed air service has been in Camp. Island people have virtually been made prisoners on their own islands. Mail at times has been a complete rarity. I know that time after time I wondered why I hadn't had a reply to a letter and on thinking about it remembered that the letter hadn't even got away.

Take Sea Lion Island for example. Some will say 'they should not be there', or shouldn't be paying any tax. But it's my belief that if we pull back off any of our land we are making a fatal mistake. Sea Lion Island went well over two months without mail, and I think it was a lot more than that, actually. It was only after telegrams and a request for a reduction in tax that any real effort was made to try and improve things. I doubt whether they had more than two mails in six months. What do you feel like in town if the Fokker misses just one overseas mail? This is typical of what happens in Camp. The services are there, but almost grudgingly. Is this the way to encourage people to stay in Camp?

Take the medical situation. I realise I'm on dangerous ground mentioning doctors if the past is anything to go by. I wonder if the doctors have bothered to think about the fact that by choosing to take Councillors' remarks personally they are depriving Camp of a chance to right possible wrongs. I don't advocate the return of a doctor to the West; but I would say that more trips like the one that Dr Cox has just completed are needed. A quick in-and-out visit of a couple of hours is not sufficient. It would be a help if more overnight stays could be arranged. It has a very bad psychological effect to be told - as we were during the crisis - that no doctor could be spared to come out to Camp because there had to be two doctors in Stanley. That makes one feel a very second-hand citizen.

Education in Camp is very poor. In the last year or two it's been appalling, with anything up to three or four months without a teacher. It's extremely disturbing to hear that the beats have been spread out even more. I haven't confirmed this, but this is the rumour that's going round. There is very little excuse that I can see for the fact that taped programmes are not now available in Camp settlements. Every possible thing that can improve standards to help the Camp teachers should be done. The taped programme was a good idea: that idea seems to have bogged down, in Stanley. At the age of eight we have had to send our children to Darwin School; it's very young. We accept this but it isn't easy, especially when we hear so many stories about the conditions at Darwin School. I intend making it my business to find out just what the conditions are really like. Children have rights as human beings as well as grown-ups. There must be no neglect of Darwin School because we'll be getting a new hostel. We are all very well aware of how long that kind of project can take to achieve. I'm already getting an insight into the attitude that was adopted with regard to Darwin School. As you may remember, in my election speech

/I said I would get something

I said I would get something done about the Darwin R/T. We've only one opportunity a week to talk to our children. Can't you see how frustrating it is to know that your child is talking to you on the R/T but he or she can't hear you and you can't talk to them. It isn't in the least bit funny and it's been going on for a long time now. I wrote to Darwin to find out more facts and I wrote to the appropriate government department. From Darwin I found they had borrowed a battery and a battery charger from a caretaker, because no one had seen fit to fulfil their requests for a battery charger for the school. From the government department I received a letter saying they had compared the signal strength with that of other stations and it was all right, and words to the effect that before long there would be a new R/T system anyway. Next time I'm exploding with frustration because I can't hear my son I'll remember those choice remarks with real affection.

This particular government department doesn't know me very well. Darwin school R/T is not right, and it is going to be fixed, one way or another. I don't sit here just to berate any government department: rather to show the general attitude. It is this kind of thing that does no good to the relations between Camp and town. We've got to work together as one community.

I went to a recent meeting of the local branch of the Falkland Islands Committee here and the most encouraging thing I saw was that one of the younger members of our community was elected to the committee. To me this is extremely important. There are the usual complaints about bored kids but few attempts to give them the encouragement to take an active part in the community. This has got to be done.

I would very much like to see the schools take an active part in this, if necessary within the curriculum. We have an older section of our community; I would love to see the younger people keeping an eye on the older ones: someone to talk to, someone to get a bucket of peat in, do some messages - it could spread to a bit of help in the garden, fixing things, helping out when an injustice is done, painting. Just company for the old people, and a little bit of help. Can't anyone see that these are the basic skills that we wish to teach our children anyway. They would be an active part of the community and give them a sense of responsibility that will stand them and our community in good stead. The idea of this is sound but can only be got off the ground if it has enthusiastic leadership. Again a half-hearted effort would fail. It's time we all stopped thinking only of ourselves and looked outward to see how we could help others.

I'd just like to add a little bit more to my speech - I didn't intend putting it in until I heard the speech of the Hon member for East Falklands. And I hope the Honourable member's attempt at washing his hands of government's responsibility for outlying areas is not universally shared by other Legco members. Are our outlying areas to do without mail? Are they to provide their own emergency service? I think the Hon member must be responsible for the 3p communications stamp. I've talked enough - not more boring speeches, as my young son would say. In conclusion I would just like to say that what I've found and

/heard since arriving in town



heard since arriving in town gives me personally hope that we can move forward out of the doldrums we're in now.

Your Excellency, I beg to support the Motion."

The Hon T J D Miller

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members. In replying to your Address of this morning I also would like to thank you for the amount of work that you put in on your recent trip to England on our behalf on what was supposed to have been a holiday. I welcome in particular what you said about development and the Ministry of Overseas Development. Perhaps at long last the message is getting through. I certainly hope so, because develop we must in order to survive and advance, and we have very little time left. I am also in full agreement with what you said about the Falkland Islands Company, now a small part of a large industrial organisation which is, no doubt, very happy to have Company profits but this does not necessarily help the Islands. The time may well come when this government may have to consider action to safeguard the interests of the Islands.

Regarding YPF and the recent fuel shortage, I do not consider that a shortage of some drums in a State company of a country with a population of 25 million can be described as teething troubles. To me it was just plain bad management on behalf of YPF. Also I deplore the silence from the previous administration here when that company altered the fuel prices on dates other than those previously specified, and, at one time, charged more than exchange rates suggested. We now know only too well just who controls fuel supplies and prices in these Islands. I recently lived in Argentina for a time, and it was my experience there that fuel shortages were a not too infrequent occurrence. Unless this government takes a firm line with YPF we will, in all probability, have a fuel shortage again sometime in the future although next time it might not be petrol - it could be gas oil - and I don't like to think what that would mean, not only to Stanley but also for the Camp and the industry on which the Colony relies for its livelihood.

Your Excellency, I welcome the forthcoming talks between Her Majesty's Government and the Argentine Government. We and the people of the Islands will approach them calmly and coolly, knowing full well our rights, and I fully support the views of the Hon Mr Stuart Wallace on this. Concerning development, we cannot continue as we are. The black cloud of the sovereignty issue has caused and is causing a feeling of insecurity in us all. This cloud must be removed once and for all. We cannot progress by sweeping the issue under the carpet or sovereignty umbrella, twenty-five year freeze or other deal. These will all inevitably affect our nationality and thus our security. Time is running out and the people of the Islands are losing confidence in the future, and no amount of talking will regain their confidence or that of overseas investors. We need action.

/There is in most of us

There is in most of us an earthy streak, a love, almost unconscious, of owning a piece of land, though regrettably too few who actually own land here take any practical steps to improve what they own. And large areas of these Islands are crying out for that improvement. Where opportunity to develop a piece of land or a small business is not forthcoming it is also from the best and most enterprising of our people that emigration begins. We must hold out to the enterprising business builder a reward which matches the risks of building up a firm or a farm. Government can stimulate and, if required, subsidise agricultural industry and fishing. Government can help to iron out the irregularities that make life in these Islands different and certainly not easy. But we need in the main leadership people of our own blood and tradition, reared amongst us, but with intelligence, drive and vision. During the 1939-45 war, one of Winston Churchill's calls to Roosevelt was "Give us the tools, and we will finish the job". This government must seek ways to give the willing and active Falkland Islander the chance of development in the form of low-interest loans and some farms are already making or planning to make land available. Such action will help develop these Islands as they should be developed, and the potential is here both on land and in the sea.

It is however of great importance if government, in part fulfilment of Lord Shackleton's advice, really does intend to appoint a Development Officer, as it should, then great thought must be given to this officer's selection. He must know and understand the Islanders who are looking for economic help in development whatever its form. Let us help people by all means but let us help them to help themselves. We in this Colony will not get anywhere unless we do it ourselves. No amount of overseas aid will help us unless we are prepared to work as well. Men and women of the best type look for opportunities requiring courage, vision and sacrifice and such people as these are not rare within these Islands. We must kindle the spark of incentive in our economy, because without that jobs cannot and will not be created.

Your Excellency, I welcome the arrival here of the Ministry of Overseas Development team to examine our internal transport problems as these problems are not only vital in our everyday lives but are crucial to development. We must improve things for Camp and the further you get from Stanley the worse the problem.

Moving now to a matter which has been concerning me for some time - that of our industry and the prices received for the wool produced. Traditionally on the open market Falkland wool has always received a slight premium over other wools of its type due to its special qualities. For the last few years our wool has not been sold at an open auction but generally by telephone between two firms. We were told then that this was in our interests. I wonder if it is still in our interests. Whenever a third buyer appears from time to time prices have risen noticeably. At the most recent sale this third buyer did not operate and prices realised for quality Falkland wool were the same, I repeat, the same, as for such British wools as Red Kempy and light grey Welsh, and for cast Swaledale.  
/Now woolmen will know



Now woolmen will know that there is little comparison between those classes of wool and hogget and shearling Falkland wool. At the same time wool comparable to those classes from the Falklands realised prices some 20% higher than did ours. I am wondering, therefore, whether we are receiving a true and fair price for our wool, our only product and one on which not only private farms rely but also the product on which this government relies for the major part of its income.

Being the last member to rise to speak to the Motion of Thanks most of the things have been said and I'm in complete agreement, particularly with what was said by the Honourable Member for East Falkland and the Honourable Member for West Falkland. On more localised issues, I am pleased that there has recently been an extensive visit to Camp by a Medical Officer. I sincerely hope that this can be repeated in the not too distant future. These sort of visits help a lot in easing the Camp medical problems.

Your Excellency, we look forward with great optimism to hearing a report on the recent trials with VHF radio communications in the Camp. So far, unofficial reports are very promising. I trust that if this should be the best answer for future Camp radio communications, then we will move as quickly as possible to get the system operational. FIGAS is now thankfully returning to a near normal scale of operations, but I think that we are all agreed that alternative aircraft are needed. Not only to cope with the present demands but for future increases as we develop.

I am delighted to hear of the proposal to start centralising secondary education in the near future. It will indeed be as soon as we can do it as a higher standard of education is a very important matter for us all and particularly for families in the Camp.

Finally Your Excellency, may I make an appeal for unity. We are in a difficult period and will undoubtedly face a troubled time in the next few months. We can, and will, safely overcome our problems if we are all working together. I appeal for unity between Stanley and the Camp, for a better working relationship between the government and the Falkland Islands Committee; but above all, I appeal for unity between the people.

Your Excellency, I beg to support the Motion."

#### The Hon The Financial Secretary

"Your Excellency, even if it was appropriate for an official to criticise, I don't think there is anything left to criticise! However I will look for something outside the Islands in a few moments to criticise. The first thing I would like to associate myself with is the tribute you paid to the Hon Mr A B Monk and Mr Etheridge - their representation of the Falkland Islands at the talks in Canada. I should also like to welcome the new members to this Council, including my colleague, the new Chief Secretary. And I would also like to welcome back some of the old sparring partners!

One thing which you referred to was my visit abroad, and I must say that I enjoyed it a great deal; even the work was very enjoyable.

However there was one very small matter which relates to the Falkland Islands which I was not very pleased with, and that was the exhibit at the Commonwealth Institute in London. I was absolutely appalled when I visited the Institute. I thought it did not represent the Islands at all. I think that we here should guide the Commonwealth Institute and put forward a much better exhibit. I don't think we can put all the blame on them. I think there's probably been a lack of direction and assistance from us all here. If nothing better can be thought up I would suggest a model farm in miniature be assembled at the Institute building, because the very small and unrepresentative display there is terrible. I also noticed the Antarctic Territory was not much better and I advised the members of the British Antarctic Survey of this.

I've nothing further to add. I beg to support the Motion."

The Hon The Chief Secretary

"Your Excellency. Sir, in rising to support this Motion I may have to call for some slight credit on the indulgencies that you so generously asked for on my behalf earlier today. And particularly because I understand that it is a Parliamentary convention for a new member not to be controversial, but I notice that the Honourable Mover of this Motion indicated some misgivings about your analogy of the railway. And I myself was certainly worried, at first hearing, to your drawing attention to the muddle in the builder's yard. However if there is a muddle in the builder's yard, one of the things that I've learned in the very short time that I've been here is that there are some excellent people to help sort it out, and I'd like to place that on the record, because I've heard today, and have heard in informal meetings of my colleagues, of the tremendous range of tasks which face the official sector of our community. I would have been worried if I had not met and seen the quality of the work that goes on in all the departments. I think it's important to say that because we are a small community and I think the Falklands is well served in that sector. I have no misgivings about the support that I shall receive, and thereby the whole community, from all the departments, and in particular my own. I think I'm allowed on this occasion, Sir, to make points on clarification. I think it is important, since there was a misgiving expressed about the school hostel. It is not the intention to go for a temporary solution. On the contrary, in order to speed up the move, the possibility is being examined of some temporary solution which would accelerate the move while the permanent building was under construction and I think that it is this matter, which is still only being considered as a matter of feasibility, which demonstrates the mood we are attempting to inject of purposeful movement forward, cutting

/corners, not at the expense

corners, not at the expense of efficiency but to inculcate some of that spirit which my colleagues have mentioned about seeing things happen.

I was pleased to hear one of my colleagues mention, Sir, that we must not be frightened of making mistakes. Inevitably some may be made, but if their dimension is small and they are made for the right reasons then I don't think we have to fear the comments of the community, if we can show that things are moving forward.

Having said that, Sir, I am delighted also to support this Motion."

#### The President

"Well, thank you, Honourable Members. I think excellent speeches and some very valuable points were made, one of which I shall take. I must be careful with my analogies.

Now might we move on to other business before we take a natural break - in about a quarter of an hour."

#### PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE BY THE HON THE CHIEF SECRETARY

Copies of subsidiary legislation made or approved by the Governor-in-Council since June 1977.

#### QUESTIONS FOR ORAL REPLY

##### Clerk

"Question No 13 of 1977 by the Hon W E Bowles"

"Can the Chief Secretary indicate when the pot-holes in Brandon Road and the surface of lower Hebe Street will be repaired to a publicly acceptable condition?"

##### Chief Secretary

"I regret that I am not yet able to give a precise date when work will be starting on making good the road surface in the two places to which the Hon Member has made reference. However I am pleased to be able to say that experiments are beginning this week using the tar spreader and spot-mix machine by a small group of the Public Works Department staff who have experience in using tar. These experimental trials will, it is hoped, prove a new method which is both more effective and cheaper than the previous use of cement. The PWD are confident of this and it will tackle the Hebe Street problem first and then surface a whole section of Brandon Road, work which will in itself help to test the suitability of the unfamiliar equipment and the method used."

Clerk

"Question No 14 of 1977 by the Hon W E Bowles"

"Will the Financial Secretary disclose the total cost to date of the oil jetty project?"

Financial Secretary

"Sir, the amount charged for this development project which is being financed by a grant from the British Government, up to the end of October, amounted to £8,274."

Mr A B Monk

"Will the Financial Secretary please tell us who is going to build the jetty, and why?"

Financial Secretary

"Could I ask this to wait please; there is a question on this later in the meeting?"

Chief Secretary

"May I, Sir, rise on a point of clarification and inform him that a written question has been tabled on these precise points, in the name of the Hon Stuart Wallace, and for the benefit of people who may not have read the answer it is expected that action on site construction will start next September."

Clerk

"Question No 15 of 1977 by the Hon W E Bowles"

"What is the maximum time limit before Stanley Airport is expected to earn some revenue?"

Chief Secretary

"With your permission, Sir, I would like to answer this question, together with Question No 18 in the name of the Hon Stuart Wallace. We have always been thinking, Sir, in minimum rather than maximum terms, and I am not unhopeful that the first revenues from Stanley Airport may be received this week.

The delay arose in opening the airport from the need to ensure that the LADE services to and from the new airport would be fully covered by the sovereignty umbrella in the same way as those from the temporary airfield. This was of course a matter between Her Majesty's Government in Britain and the Argentine Government. We have been continually pressing for an early decision. I am pleased to be able to say today, Sir, that HMG have now had the Argentine Government's confirmation that the 1972 Exchange of Notes also covers the LADE services to and from Stanley Airport. Accordingly we are informing LADE and private flyers that the airport is now open for their use."

/Mr T J D Miller

Mr T J D Miller

"May I ask the Hon The Chief Secretary, will there be an official opening ceremony involving British officials and British aircraft?"

Chief Secretary

"There will be an official opening of the Airport, Sir, but for obvious reasons it is preferable to have this following an adequate proving period. We have already asked the authorities in London to let us know what VIPs might be available to open it, but I can't give the Member an assurance of a British aircraft."

Mr W E Bowles

"Can the Hon The Chief Secretary indicate what amount of revenue is expected on the first week?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, this is difficult because I am proposing to lay before the first meeting of Executive Council Regulations governing the revenue factors and this is beyond my powers to predict at this stage, until I have had Executive Council's opinions."

Clerk

"Question No 16 of 1977 by the Hon S B Wallace":

"Would the Administration explain what action it has taken to ensure that there is no repetition of the recent events leading to drastic fuel rationing being imposed?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, the Administration is compiling a detailed record of the demand for, and the usage of, all types of fuel oils so that it is better able, in consultations with YPF, to represent any case for increasing both supplies and the reserve stocks."

Mr T J D Miller

"Sir, may I ask the Hon The Chief Secretary once this appraisal has been made, will the Administration ask YPF to maintain minimum fuel stocks in line with other international agreements?"

Chief Secretary

"I readily give the assurance that the Administration will take the point that the Councillor and my Honourable colleague has made."

/Question No 17 of 1977

Clerk

"Question No 17 of 1977 by the Hon S B Wallace":

"What aliens, if any, have enquired about or been granted, a licence to hold land in the Colony in the last twelve months?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, Government has received no applications from aliens in the last twelve months for a licence to hold land, nor have any such licences been granted."

Clerk

"Question No 18 of 1977 by the Hon S B Wallace":

"What is causing the delay in bringing the permanent airstrip into operation?"

This Question was answered in conjunction with No 15 of 1977.

Clerk

"Question No 19 of 1977 by the Hon T J D Miller":

"It is apparent that FIGAS can no longer cope with a steadily increasing work load using only two Beaver aircraft on floats. The 'Islander' would appear to be suited to our needs to relieve the strain on a purely float 'plane service.

What action is the Administration taking in this field and are they still considering alternatives to the 'Islander'?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, the 'Islander' and all alternatives are still under consideration. The Aviation Advisory Committee to look into the future of FIGAS, the establishment of which you announced at the last meeting of this Council, has just submitted an interim report which is to be laid before the new Executive Council at its first meeting. Meanwhile, as you've heard, Mr Jeremy Peat, of the Economic Planning Staff of the Ministry of Overseas Development, who arrived in Stanley on 17 November, is to prepare an integrated study of the Islands' internal transport system. It will be part of his brief to indicate how best resources may be deployed in maintaining communications which will meet the social, economic, commercial and developmental needs of the community. The Administration has been doing everything possible to help with these investigations and it would naturally be premature for them to anticipate the policy decisions of government."

Clerk

"Question No 20 of 1977 by the Hon T J D Miller":

"What action is the Administration taking to prevent the possible entry of foot and mouth disease into the Colony from South America?"

Chief Secretary

Sir, an official committee was appointed in September to investigate and implement ways of reducing the risk of introducing foot and mouth disease, from every possible source, not just from South America. On 12 October a Special Warrant was approved to enable the committee to implement its decisions.

The measures so far taken include: first, the provision of small printed forms for distribution on LADE aircraft requiring passengers to declare to the Customs Officer all foodstuffs, livestock, plants and seeds, and also to inform him if they have been on a farm or in contact with farm animals during the last three months.

The second measure is that visiting vessels are now being asked to store their food-waste in plastic bags for burning at the government incinerator, instructions for the construction of which have just been given. A third measure is that supplies of these plastic bags have been ordered so that these can be given to ships whenever necessary and the Public Works Department are constructing a special trailer for the transportation of this waste to the incinerator.

A fourth measure is that disinfectant mats and metal trays to form foot-baths have been purchased to be placed at the gangways of any visiting ships which arrive without these things. And finally the controls on the importation of a wide and extended range of animal products, which have previously been incorporated in a number of different Proclamations, have been consolidated within one Proclamation which has been prepared for His Excellency the Governor's signature."

Mr T J D Miller

"Sir, may I ask The Hon The Chief Secretary, in view of the risk that rats have been known to be carriers of foot and mouth disease, what action will the Administration take to ensure that rats from visiting ships do not come ashore?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, I am pleased to be able to tell you that almost one of the first things which happened on my arrival here was a note from the Medical Officer pointing out the problem of rats on ships. I am assured that the Medical Department inspect ships very thoroughly and certainly, on two of the last three occasions, the ships have been virtually free of rats. We have a lively interest in this problem: the Medical Department and the Harbourmaster's Department are very aware now of the measures which we expect ships to take and also that I have made representations to the Argentine authorities about this problem."



Clerk

"Question No 21 of 1977 by the Hon T J D Miller":

"What action is Government taking to implement the recommendation that a boarding hostel be built in Stanley for Camp children in order to centralise secondary education?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, the proposed establishment of a permanent boarding establishment in Stanley was the subject of a visit by Mr Riley, an Architectural Adviser from the Ministry of Overseas Development, last September. His report was brought by hand to us last Thursday and is now receiving urgent attention. Meanwhile the Superintendent of Education is actively exploring the feasibility of building a temporary hostel with prefabricated buildings which were surplus to the requirements of Johnston Construction Limited."

Clerk

"Question No 22 of 1977 by the Hon D S Evans":

"Could Government explain why, when the beat system of Camp teaching is already inadequate and stretched to the limit, they appear to be reducing the number of teachers on the beats thus aggravating the situation further?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, the current reduction of Camp teachers is only temporary and is due largely to the return of the VSOs to Britain in August. Although indents for new teachers were sent forward some time ago, replacements will not be interviewed in Britain before December and cannot therefore be expected to arrive here before February or March. Our new Superintendent of Education is devising a system designed to avoid repetition of such gaps in the Education Department."

Clerk

"Question No 23 of 1977 by the Hon D S Evans":

"Could Government explain why, when an officer was appointed especially for the position and is now into his second tour, there is still no visible sign of the system of taped programmes for Camp children being implemented?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, the cassette teaching system is now under way and the first basic teaching tapes are already in use in Camp. This project was originally frustrated by the long delays in the supply of the necessary equipment, and current plans aim at accelerating production and introduction of teaching tapes. All settlement schools now have players or audio units and transformers and teachers on beats are being supplied with players and transformers, as the material becomes available for the age groups concerned."

/Mr D S Evans



Mr D S Evans

"Sir, could you give any indication of when these things will be made available to beat teachers?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, as I understand the problem, this is a sequential development from a basic age group developing as and when the material is produced and, of course, not all settlements will have such material if they do not have children of the age group for which material has already been prepared."

Clerk

"Question No 24 of 1977 by the Hon D S Evans":

"Could Government give assurances that now that we have a full complement of pilots every effort will be made to go back to a regular system of mail dropping so that irrespective of whether there is UK mail or not, all stations, including outlying islands such as Sedge and Sea Lion, can look forward to mail at least once every two weeks and preferably weekly?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, I'm pleased to renew an assurance which has, I understand, been given to successive Councils, that every effort will be made to ensure that all inbound letter mail is delivered to the Camp within three flying days of its receipt in Stanley, a target which the Air Service has generally managed to achieve in the past and intends to maintain in the future. Close liaison is maintained between the Air Service and the Post Office, with particular interest in the smaller isolated settlements to ensure prompt delivery."

Mr D S Evans

"Sir, it's difficult because I have to ask another question. I would like to say a lot but it would be statement rather than question. I think I haven't the experience to do this well so I'll just thank the Honourable Member for this reply."

Chief Secretary

"May I say something, Sir, to encourage the Honourable Member to talk both with FIGAS and the Head of the Post Office to determine what his precise problems are, and I'm sure they'll be very ready to help him solve them."

Clerk

"Question No 25 of 1977 by the Hon W H Goss JP":

"What measures are envisaged to control the drift of sand on the North side of Cape Pembroke Airfield, and at the temporary airstrip when it is lifted?"

/Chief Secretary

Chief Secretary

"Sir, it is expected that the drift of sand will lessen considerably once the grassing which is already in progress at the new airport is completed and the new grass takes root. It is also envisaged that the area of the old airport will be grassed when the runway plates are lifted. It's been tentatively agreed already with the LADÉ authorities that the runway plates will not be removed before the spring of 1978 to enable government to take steps to prepare grassing of this area in the 1978 spring season. Government are also taking steps to prevent cattle grazing in the Cape Pembroke peninsula for the next two years in order to enable the sand grasses destroyed in the area by heavy machinery during the process of constructing the new airport to grow again. This safeguard ought to restore the landscape to its original condition and thus put an end to sand drift."

Mr W E Bowles

"One supplementary on that one. Can the Chief Secretary give us any indication how long it will take before the sand drift is in fact stopped?"

Chief Secretary

"I'm not prepared to offer any promises or even predictions on that, Sir. I have no knowledge of grass or the problem. But it's something we can look into and try and satisfy my Hon Colleague on what the expectation is."

Clerk

"Question No 26 of 1977 by the Hon W H Goss JP":

"Has anyone been reimbursed on the increase in air fares from Comodoro Rivadavia to Buenos Aires, and if not, how much money is involved?"

Chief Secretary

"I believe, Sir, that the Hon Member is referring to the increase charged in the return fare between Comodoro and Buenos Aires from £53.92 to £118.48, in May and June of the early part of this year. We are well aware of the claims for refund made on behalf of passengers here by the Falkland Islands Company, and there may have been others made individually. Her Majesty's Embassy in Buenos Aires were informed about the increase in May and were passed details of individual claims for reimbursement when these were made available to us, in August. The Embassy took the matter up promptly with the Argentine authorities with the result that in June the fare was returned to its earlier level. Reimbursement has not yet been made and this question is still being pursued energetically with the Argentine authorities by the Embassy. I have also made personal and informal representations to the Argentine authorities here and asked if they can do anything to hasten the resolution of this matter."

/Clerk

Clerk

"Question No 27 of 1977 by the Hon W H Goss JP":

"What plant and machinery does Government intend to purchase from Johnston Construction Limited and when?"

Chief Secretary

"Sir, we are hoping to acquire a range of different items of plant and machinery to be used in certain capital works projects planned. The items include such things as a grader, mechanical shovel, water pumps, rock drills and vehicles. I have deliberately used the word 'acquire' rather than 'buy' as it had been expected that these items might be transferred to government as part of the final settlement of the construction of the new airfield. Negotiations on that are still continuing in London and may, we understand, have run into some difficulties. The urgency of our having access to at least some of the equipment is well appreciated. Mr Jameson, the Roads Engineer on loan from the Forestry Commission, is already here and would like to start making use of certain items. The Hon Member may also be interested to know that Captain Woodward of the Royal Engineers arrived last Thursday to advise on the long-term problems of maintaining and operating heavy plant."

Mr A B Monk

"Your Excellency, could the Honourable The Chief Secretary please tell me if Captain Woodward or some suitable authority will be surveying this machinery as to its condition before we pay?"

Chief Secretary

"That, Sir, is an integral part of Captain Woodward's job here."

QUESTIONS FOR WRITTEN REPLY

Question No 7 of 1977 by the Hon S B Wallace

"What is the current situation regarding the recommended extension to the permanent airstrip?"

Reply by the Hon the Chief Secretary

Sir, in recommending a 900 metre extension of the runway at a cost of £3 - 4 million, the Shackleton Report last year conceded that "This is likely to be somewhat greater than the present value of additional income that might be generated by the extension, via additional economic activity."

This year three different Ministers, speaking in the House of Commons, have put forward HMG's views on the subject:

/On 2 February,

On 2 February, the late Mr Anthony Crosland, then Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, said: "The Government, like Lord Shackleton and his colleagues, are in no doubt that the potential for development is there, and they will at the appropriate moment commission the essential preliminary studies to determine whether airport enlargement is likely to be practicable and cost effective."

On 30 March, Mr Ted Rowlands said: "The extension of the runway, costing more than £5 million on current estimates, is a serious and important project, but it seems to us that on present evidence it would be hard to justify it. It could bear very heavily on the current revenue problems of the Islands. We have not closed the door to the project, but we need more convincing that it is viable."

On 13 July, answering another question in the Commons, Mr John Tomlinson said: "It is the Government's view that any extension of the airport would need to be based on a study of likely traffic and the cost effectiveness of a larger airport. This study could be undertaken only when we know what the major economic developments are likely to be."

The Falkland Islands Government are therefore waiting to hear further from HMG.

Question No 8 of 1977 by the Hon S B Wallace

"What explanation has been offered by YPF for the recent rapid fluctuation in the price of fuel?"

Reply by the Hon the Chief Secretary:

Sir, variations in prices of YPF products have been due to two factors - increases in prices in Argentina, and variations in the pound/peso exchange rate.

Due to a failure in communications on YPF's part, implementation of these price adjustments was delayed with the result that several adjustments took place in a short time. Our Embassy in Buenos Aires have taken the matter up with the Argentine authorities with a view to stabilising the situation.

Question No 9 of 1977 by the Hon S B Wallace

"When will full implementation of the YPF Agreement begin?"

Question No 10 of 1977 by the Hon S B Wallace

"When is it planned to begin work on the fuel jetty, and what labour is to be used?"

Reply by the Hon the Chief Secretary:

Sir, with permission I shall reply to questions Nos 9 and 10 together.

/It is expected

It is expected that actual on-site construction of the proposed YPF jetty will begin next September, although some preparatory work will commence earlier. Responsibility for the provision of this jetty falls to Her Majesty's Government and, after considering a number of alternatives, the Ministry of Overseas Development in London have decided in favour of an Argentine Air Force Maintenance team under Vice Comodoro Remorino, who is known to many Falkland Islanders from his work on the temporary airstrip. In reaching their decision the ODM are understood to have been strongly influenced by the lower price (£282,700) and shorter construction period (200 days - i.e. completion around April 1979) quoted by Vice Comodoro Remorino, in contrast to any other possibility. The Ministry also had in mind the likelihood that all available Island manpower would then be absorbed by other essential projects.

When the jetty is completed, the way will be open to full implementation of the YPF Agreement, which will mean that the Colony's most used fuel, gas-oil, will also go on sale in Stanley at mainland prices.

Question No 11 of 1977 by the Hon T J D Miller

"What reasons have LADE given for the forthcoming alteration of flights from Thursday to Monday?  
Is the Government aware that this will necessitate many camp residents intending to fly out having to come into Stanley some four days beforehand instead of two days as at present?"

Reply by the Hon the Chief Secretary

Sir, according to the local LADE office the change in the local flight schedule had to be made in order to take into account seasonal changes in the flight schedules both of other national carriers within Argentina and of international airlines so that connections with those airlines could be satisfactorily assured.

Government is well aware of the difficulties that the proposed change will create for travellers from Camp and representations have accordingly been made to LADE.

Question No 12 of 1977 by the Hon T J D Miller

"Will the Government give camp patients who are brought into Stanley for medical treatment priority with the Air Service to return home once cleared from the Hospital?"

Reply by the Hon the Chief Secretary

Sir, the Air Service staff will continue to try to give priority to all patients returning home to Camp after their discharge from hospital. In practice, however, patients frequently request postponement of their return. Then, in common with all other travellers, it is impracticable for them to retain their priority status.

Question No 13 of 1977 by the Hon T J D Miller

"What plans have Government for repairing and improving the camp road system?"

Reply by the Hon the Chief Secretary

Sir, the Government has taken a major step towards the construction of a camp roads system, which hardly exists in any recognisable form at present.

Recognising that the social, economic, and agricultural development of the Islands is dependent upon an efficient integrated internal transport system; and realising too that to achieve this would be beyond our own resources, Government approached the Ministry of Overseas Development for assistance and advice.

An integrated Internal Transport Study began on 10 November with the arrival in Stanley of Mr Jameson, a Civil Engineer on loan from the Forestry Commission in Britain, with specialist experience in the construction and maintenance of all-weather tracks in rugged conditions.

Mr Jameson is looking initially at the possibility of constructing an all-weather track from Stanley to Darwin and from Stanley to Estancia, but he will also be advising on possible techniques of inexpensive construction of tracks throughout the two main islands, the likely costs of their efficient maintenance as well as evaluating their role within a flexible communications network.

The task of preparing the overall study, the emphasis of which should be to devise a practicable system, will fall to Mr Jeremy Peat of the Economic Planning Staff of the Ministry of Overseas Development, who was expected to arrive in Stanley on 17 November.

In the light of this study an application for the necessary funds will be made to the Ministry of Overseas Development.

Question No 14 of 1977 by the Hon D S Evans

"What progress has been made in investigating the possibility of having a national lottery?"

Reply by the Hon the Financial Secretary

Sir, Government asked the Ministry of Overseas Development early this year for expert advice on the fiscal structure of the Colony including, inter alia, the possibility of introducing a state lottery in the Falkland Islands.

The Fiscal Adviser, Mr Pepper, undertook this assignment on his recent visit to the Colony and has now given a clear exposition of the problems which may be encountered in introducing a state lottery.

/The outcome of the examination

The outcome of the examination is not encouraging and it can be said that the Government would itself be taking a gamble in introducing a state lottery.

The report by Mr Pepper will be considered in Executive Council shortly when a policy decision on the introduction of a state lottery will be taken.

Question No 15 of 1977 by the Hon D S Evans

"Could Government say whether they have any contingency plans in the event of the 'Monsumen' being found no longer economically viable and withdrawn from service before any replacement is obtained?"

Reply by the Hon the Chief Secretary

No, Sir. The Government have had no intimation that such contingency plans are necessary. It is true that the 'Monsumen' has incurred growing losses over the past two years, mainly owing to heavy increases in dry-docking charges. But it is understood that only a small loss is envisaged in the year ending 30 September 1978, and we have no reason to suppose that a shipping service so essential to the well-being of our wool industry is likely to be withdrawn.

Question No 16 of 1977 by the Hon W H Goss JP

"Territorial Waters"

"What are the limits of our Territorial Waters and if we have such limits, has it been internationally accepted?"

Reply by the Hon the Chief Secretary

Sir, Great Britain, like most nations, claims territorial waters to an extent of one marine league (three miles) measured from low-water mark. This claim is generally accepted internationally, but certain nations (Norway for one) claim that the marine league should be measured not from low-water mark but from arbitrary base lines joining points on the coast.

The British Government in support of its claim enacted section 7 of the Territorial Waters Jurisdiction Act 1878 which provides that:-

"The territorial waters of Her Majesty's dominions", in reference to the sea, means such part of the sea adjacent to the coast of the United Kingdom, or the coast of some other part of Her Majesty's dominions as is deemed by international law to be within the territorial sovereignty of Her Majesty; and for the purpose of any offence declared by this Act to be

/within the jurisdiction

within the jurisdiction of the Admiralty, any part of the open sea within one marine league of the coast measured from low-water mark shall be deemed to be open sea within the territorial waters of Her Majesty's dominions."

The Act of 1878 applies to any Colony.

Question No 17 of 1977 by the Hon W H Goss JP

"Rome Talks"

"Is it envisaged to send a Falkland Islands representative to any further talks that may take place, and if so would he be sent as observer only?"

Reply by the Hon the Chief Secretary

Sir, these are matters for Councillors to decide in the light of all the factors involved and having regard to the repeated assurances of Her Majesty's Ministers.

MOTION by the Hon the Chief Secretary

"That, in accordance with Standing Rules and Orders, section 40A, the following Committees of this Council be constituted:

Education Committee consisting of all Elected Members under the Chairmanship of the Hon D S Evans.

Development Committee consisting of the Hon A B Monk, the Hon W H Goss JP and the Hon D S Evans under the Chairmanship of the Chief Secretary.

In each case the Chairman and two members shall constitute a quorum."

Chief Secretary

"I rise to propose the adoption of this Motion, conscious that my colleagues have been giving careful thought and attention to the priorities that face them, and I think that these proposals are indicative of two of the principal problems to which this Council will wish to address itself. As you will observe, Sir, the Education Committee will consist of all the Elected Members and the Development Committee, on a rather more selective basis, under my own Chairmanship - but I think and expect on a temporary basis. I think there is nothing that I need add to this because the importance of this proposal is self-evident and I have nothing more to say, Sir, than to propose the adoption of this Motion."

The Motion was seconded by the Hon the Financial Secretary and adopted without debate.

/MOTION by the Hon the Fin Secretary



MOTION by the Hon the Financial Secretary

"That the Income Tax (Annual Values) Rules 1977 made by the Governor-in-Council on 19th July, 1977 in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 5. (b)(ii) and 5.(c) of the Income Tax Ordinance be confirmed, in accordance with the second proviso of section 5 of the Ordinance."

Financial Secretary

"Your Excellency, the proscribed values for the Income Tax assessment of benefits in kind are now hopelessly out of date. The last revision was made in 1968. The inflation in the past decade has made many of the values completely unrealistic. A review of annual values of benefits in kind was considered necessary at the time of the last Budget session and was in fact taken into account when the estimates of income tax revenue were compiled for the purpose of considering the income tax Bills passed by the Legislative Council at that meeting.

The Income Tax Ordinance requires the Rules to be made by the Governor-in-Council, and although the Rules were in fact made on the 19th day of July it has not been possible to refer them to the Legislative Council for confirmation until today. The majority of the values have been increased by approximately fifty per cent. Although the revised values are still not considered to be realistic, it is considered prudent not to go any further at this stage, largely because of the steep percentage increase. The matter will, however, be kept under review. It is generally felt that the right course is to make minor adjustments frequently rather than large infrequent adjustments.

I beg to move that the Motion be adopted."

The Motion was seconded by the Hon the Chief Secretary and Hon Members spoke to the Motion as follows -

Mr A B Monk

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I do reluctantly support the Motion. I've got to make one little point. The Honourable the Financial Secretary said that the rates were hopelessly out of date, because they were set some time ago. Well, I don't know, but after all the houses are getting more and more out of date too. I think my house is absolutely out of date and perhaps I should get a reduction! Another point, I always feel about this: especially in the Camp you have no option whatsoever - you've got to live in whatever house is allocated to you for the particular duty, whether an outside shepherd or a shepherd in a settlement, and that's the shepherd's house. That's it; you live in it; you can't say 'No, I don't like that house, I would like to go in a smaller one, it'll be cheaper for me'. It's just one of the facts of life. And so does the manager, of course.

/You can't decide to live

You can't decide to live in Stanley and manage from there. So that I always think that the condition of this tax is a little unfair, but I suppose we have to accept it. Harold's got to balance his Budget somehow!

The Motion was then adopted without further debate.

MOTION by the Hon the Financial Secretary

"That it be resolved that the Report of the Standing Finance Committee for the period 22nd June 1977 to 19th July 1977 be adopted."

Financial Secretary

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, during the period ending 19th July 1977 the Standing Finance Committee met on 22nd June and 19th July and approved expenditure of £28,411 for 1976-77 and £3,520 for 1977-78 financial year. As the Report does not deal with expenditure proposed but not approved by the Committee, I beg to move that the Report of the Standing Finance Committee be adopted without debate."

The Chief Secretary seconded the Motion, which was then adopted without debate.

MOTION by the Hon D S Evans

"That this House wishes it to be conveyed to Her Majesty's Government that the people of the Falkland Islands have shown overwhelmingly that they wish to remain British and therefore calls upon Her Majesty's Government to honour the pledge that has been made by successive British Governments to respect the wishes of the Falkland Islands' people and declare unambiguously that as the people of the Falkland Islands wish to remain British they will be allowed to do so."

Mr D S Evans

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I think this Motion is self-explanatory. I don't think it should ever have been necessary in the first place. The British Government indicated that if we wished to remain British they would let us do so, and I think we've on many occasions shown overwhelmingly that we do wish to remain British. But there's been no reply to that, no confirmation that we can remain British. That's the purpose of this Motion. To just ask them to confirm that they will allow us to remain British. It's very necessary that we know this, and that we're told this for our own peace of mind, because it's the key to expansion. It's just a clear question, asking them to let us remain British as we've shown very clearly that we wish to remain so. And I think I needn't say any more."

Mr W E Bowles

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I wish to support this Motion, not because I doubt the British Government's sincerity in any way, but we need security and we need a statement from the British Government that we will always remain British. It might be a difficult one for the British Government to make, inasmuch as they accept that the wishes of the people will always be respected. If the wishes change - or the people do, of course - then they've got room to move. I don't think this type of attitude now is what the people really require. And, as I said in my election speech, that Great Britain is well aware of our wishes but yet we're living in a state of uncertainty. I would like to support this Motion and I'm pretty certain that the British Government is not just going to throw it out of the window, they are going to consider it very carefully and I would like to urge Honourable Members to give this their full support. Thank you, Sir."

Mr W H Goss

"Your Excellency, I beg to support the Motion. There has been a considerable change in the wording of this pledge from time to time and a reassurance would do a lot of good; for the peace of mind of people. Sometimes it's 'the wishes of the people', 'the interests of the people'; the Islanders - the Falkland Islanders - we see a change from time to time, to suit the occasion - for that's all it is. Thank you."

Mr T J D Miller

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, in rising to support this Motion I feel that what the people of these Islands want from Her Majesty's Government is a clear statement that our wishes, not our interests, will be respected and upheld. At one time we were told that our wishes would be upheld, but recently this word has disappeared, and been replaced by the word 'interests'. The word 'interests' of the Islands is open to wide interpretation. What we, the Islanders, feel is in our best interests, is not necessarily what somebody else thinks is in our best interests. We know that the British Government has our thoughts - they know how we feel - but they haven't been able to express our wishes clearly and in a language that a layman can understand. We have had speeches from Ministers in Parliament supporting our case but they have put it in such a way that we are left thinking afterwards 'what did they really say'. They didn't really say anything. They certainly didn't say what we wanted them to say. What we want is a clear, forthright statement from the British Government that the Falkland Islands are British and will remain British, unless the people of those Islands decide otherwise. And it is highly unlikely that that is going to happen. What we want Britain, too, to do, is not just talk about our sovereignty but openly assert the British sovereignty of these Islands. Your Excellency, I beg to support the Motion."

/Mr S B Wallace

Mr S B Wallace

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, my Honourable Friend on my right expressed my views exactly. What we require now is reassurance. The word 'interests' has crept in recently, and it must be our wishes that will be respected. Sir, I beg to support the Motion."

Mr A B Monk

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I wish to strongly support the Motion."

Financial Secretary

"Your Excellency, I have no reason to believe that the British Government will not respect the wishes of the people, but I also go along and support the private Motion."

The Motion was adopted.

MOTION by the Honourable T J D Miller

"That this House deplores the lack of visible movement by the British Government towards implementing the major recommendations of the Shackleton Report which is now eighteen months old."

Mr T J D Miller

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, in introducing this Motion I wish to make it clear that the Shackleton recommendations to which I am particularly referring are those of the airport extension and proposals for a fishing industry. Our fish resources are a fact, not just a theory like oil. It is a fact that this area of the South Atlantic has a tremendous fishing potential in a world that is increasingly becoming short of protein. The Russians, the Japanese, the Koreans, the Polish, the Germans: they are not fishing around these waters for the fun of it, they are here because it is worth while for them to be here. What is Britain doing about it? Virtually nothing, except to tell us that nothing can be done without the approval of the Argentine dictatorship. We must not be deterred from initiating and developing such ventures as coastal and off-shore fishing and similar activities merely because this would be against the appeasement policy of the British Government towards Argentina. Britain should remember the fate of its appeasement policy towards Adolf Hitler and Mussolini in 1939, or 1938. Neither Alginat Industries nor any other major investor can be expected to appear here until the British Government openly asserts her sovereignty over these Islands, instead of just talking about it.

One of the ways - not the only way - in which Britain could show herself is by extending the airstrip so that as we develop larger aircraft will be able to come here, as they will need to. The present airstrip at Cape Pembroke cannot even take a medium-haul jet from Buenos Aires or other South

/American city

American city should the need arise. I am not talking in terms of an airport to receive direct flights from London - it would be very nice if they could come here but until we develop more it's just not on financially. What we do need, however, as pointed out by the Shackleton Report, is an airport capable of receiving medium-haul jets and partially loaded long-haul aircraft from South America in the first instance. Undoubtedly this will cost us more to run initially, but this cost would with time be offset by the inflow of investment in other industries using our two known resources: alginates and fish, for a start. British fishing concerns are at long last showing an interest here and are looking to the British Government to provide active support. This Britain must do before it is too late. In 1950 an Order-in-Council defined the boundary of our continental shelf as being the 200m isobath, that is 100 fathoms. Therefore, as I see it, we have no problem in that field for an in-shore industry. We have the raw material in abundance. Regarding the prospects for deep sea fishing, these are in some way tied up with international limits still to be settled. And the matter of policing the 200 mile limit must also be considered, but this is not insurmountable if you think of an aircraft. The fact is, though, that other countries are already starting to exploit these waters and Britain has no valid excuse for not doing so. Argentina, I understand, has claimed a 200-mile limit which, naturally, to their idea, includes us as part of their zone. I regret the fact that Britain has not, to my knowledge, lodged a counter-claim to protect our rights. We cannot continue as we are. The British Government must face up to the issue and the decision must be made. And once made, backed up by action and not just words and more experts. Thank you."

Mr S B Wallace

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, the most relevant word in the Motion of the Honourable Mr T J Miller is 'major' - implementing the major recommendations of the Shackleton Report. The Shackleton Report made many recommendations, many of which we see are bearing fruit now. The airport extension was the most important, and there has been no move on that. It is important that we remember that the airport extension will not allow us to receive Concorde, simply short-haul jets from Buenos Aires or other South American cities. If we are to see any progress with tourism or alginates, we need at least to be able to have an economically loaded short-haul jet to land here. Nine hundred metres - another argument against the runway - has been the extra cost of maintaining it; I don't see how an extra 900 metres will be so relatively costly. The Honourable Tim Miller put his case fairly concisely and there's not much more I can say, but I would like to stress that the major recommendation was the airfield extension and so far there are not, I believe, sufficient reasons for the British Government to not go ahead with that. Sir, I beg to support the Motion."

/Mr A B Monk

Mr A B Monk

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I do support the Motion. I'm not certain in my own mind, and never have been, that the airport extension is of such major significance. It certainly had nothing to do with deterring Alginat Industries. We all know perfectly well why they didn't come. They found more profitable areas elsewhere. And it certainly would not deter an oil company. Building airstrips to oil companies is like spending pocket money. If an oil company wants to operate, they'll build an airstrip; they'll build a five-mile airstrip if they want it, and they might not even use the one at Cape Pembroke if they find it more convenient to go somewhere else. I don't believe it's got anything to do with deterring off-shore fishing whatsoever. I'm not certain even that off-shore fishing would to us make much difference. Pelagic whaling and pelagic fishing and that sort of thing is a self-contained business and, even supposing we had the right of an EEZ (Exclusiva Economic Zone) around our shores, very little would rub off on us except a very small licensing fee. But to imagine that we could ever police a one hundred fathom limit, or an EEZ of two hundred miles is like tilting at windmills. The Australian Government told us clearly - delegates from Australia when in Canada we were talking about this sort of thing - that they were totally unable to police their own two hundred mile limit. The New Zealand delegate told us the same thing. The Malayan delegate told us the same thing, that they were unable to control these areas - totally unable to. The British Government has before now announced that they haven't got the suitable ships to police their own area. How anyone expects they are going to police an area 8,000 miles from home, I don't know: I think one's got to be realistic about this. It's no use saying "This is our area, everyone else keep out", if you can't see that they keep out. If we declared an area for the British Government and everybody else fished in it, presumably British fishermen would get their share if they came down in sufficient numbers, but that's all; we couldn't deter the others, unless we have some form of joint agreement with our neighbour. Like it or not, if we want to exploit off-shore fishing and oil, we have to have some sort of participation agreement with our neighbour and it doesn't matter how you argue around it. I think - as I said, I support this Motion - but I don't attach quite the importance to the airport extension mentioned by previous speakers, nor to the fact that off-shore fishing hasn't come here yet. And I think the British Government has done quite a lot to implement the Shackleton Report. Probably a bit too slowly, but I think lately the tempo has stepped up, and I think, Sir, we have quite a lot to thank you yourself for your energetic approach to them in these matters. With those reservations I support the Motion."

Mr J E Goss

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, regarding the lengthening of the airstrip in my own mind I am quite confident that the British Government will just do that if somebody comes along and says "I'm going to spend 'x' million pounds when you do it". They have to say they'll use the field if it's

/put there. I am quite

put there. I am quite certain that the Government will do that. I don't entirely agree with the Honourable Mr Monk that we have to have participation with Argentina on fish. Oil, yes, but I don't see that we have to have it on fish. And as for pelagic fishing, nothing, as he says, will rub off on us. Thank you, Sir."

Mr W E Bowles

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I support the Motion and I would like to thank Lord Shackleton for his work on his Report. It seems that the two major recommendations appear to be the airstrip and fishing. I am not too sure from memory that these were the two major ones, but they are the ones we have been talking about today. But I am pretty certain, if my memory serves me right, that the British Government did say they would consider extending the airstrip if it could be justified. That justification - I don't think we can expect in eighteen months, or five years even - we've got to get our development off the ground before we can expect the British Government to consider extending the airstrip. But they will do it. I am convinced they will do it. I can remember at one stage when some of my constituents in 1970-71 said we'd never even get a temporary airstrip, let alone a permanent one; and now we've got two airstrips. So I'm now worrying at all about the extension. If it's necessary we'll get it, and we'll welcome it if it gives us another outlet to the rest of the world with less restrictions and less dependence on other countries.

I'm sorry, Sir, I'm no authority on fishing. I've only gone fishing up the Murrel river and I'm not very good at that - but there is a small in-shore fishing thing on the cards, and let's have a look at it. Let's see how it goes. Let's try it out; let's see its potential, and then we can snowball the thing after that if there's big money in it for us. I would agree that deep-sea fishing is not going to bring a large income for us, unless one day we are going to own the whole fleet and sell the produce to somebody else, but I can't see that happening for a day or two! I think the recommendations from the Shackleton Report are now just starting to materialise. I am pretty convinced that they are starting to move and certainly with the present team we have I can foresee some visible movement on the Shackleton Report, and having worked very closely with Lord Shackleton on his visit here I am delighted with this and I support the Motion."

Mr D S Evans

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I deliberately stood up last because I am not sure of anything on this, I am quite happy to admit. The airport extension - it could be necessary, but I think we will have to wait until it is necessary. I think we've got enough on our hands with projects we're trying to implement now. It's going to extend all the facilities we have to do just these few things at home and, obviously if the need is there I'm pretty sure the airport will be extended. On fishing I don't think we have any chance of joining the pelagic fleets - it will

/have to be in-shore fishing.



have to be in-shore fishing. And there are attempts to get that going. It is moving: it's not being neglected altogether. And Alginates - I wasn't sure that they are interested in coming back. I was under the impression that if the sovereignty issue is settled, and things start to develop here, then Alginates will come back. But I think we'll have to wait until that happens. I think we've got to be a little clearer on the sovereignty before there'll be any hope of development in that way at all. I'm quite content that things are moving, possibly not on all the major recommendations, but things are moving and it's a good sign. And I think things may start to escalate if it starts to go right. And I just hope it does go right. I am quite happy to support the Motion."

#### Financial Secretary

"Your Excellency, I welcome the Motion put forward by Mr Miller because it gives an opportunity to discuss the matter though I'm afraid I do not support it, for the following reasons. For instance, as far as I know, there has been no rejection by Her Majesty's Government of any of the recommendations so far. It's purely a matter of timing and capacity. The British Government have mentioned on occasions that there should be a feasibility study before consideration of spending a large sum on the airport. And certainly as Financial Secretary of this Colony I would welcome that because I know what the cost - or some of the cost - of the maintenance of the present airport is, and also of the road, and also of the communications equipment. You may require greater capacity for much of the equipment there. Also this Council as far as I know have put forward to Her Majesty's Government a number of different priorities, but what I would like to see coming from this Council is a list of priorities stating exactly what we should go for. I would support that. I think we haven't done enough ground work - we have no development plan at present. The Shackleton Report gave us the basis for forming one but since that time there are very different views on the list of priorities. I think we should get our priorities right and then move forward. I noticed in your Address this morning you welcomed the Falkland Islands Company's initiative in establishing a fishing industry and we expect this cost may have to come from the private sector. However, I think we should give what we can to encourage it and Her Majesty's Government is looking into the question of fishing in the deep-sea areas of the South Atlantic, but first there have to be consultations with Argentina. I believe this. I go along completely with the Honourable Adrian Monk's view that it would be impossible for us to go alone - or even the British Government. It is a matter of international discussions and these are already in hand. We have had the talks in Rome which we were promised by the Minister Mr Edward Rowlands, and we have also noted that there is to be a follow-up meeting at Ministers' level. I think the British Government has done a lot so far, and although we would like to see the pace speeded up, as it is put, I don't think I can support the Motion."

/Chief Secretary



Chief Secretary

"Sir, I welcome the attempt by the Honourable the Financial Secretary to put this question into perspective. I'm not here as an apologist for the British Government - I represent the Falkland Islands Government and share fully the impatience of everybody to get things moving. I think we do have to remember perhaps what the Shackleton Report said about the airfield, and if I may just read a quotation from it: Lord Shackleton's comment was that the extension of the runway at a cost of 3 to 4 million pounds (the prices at the time of the report) is likely to be somewhat greater than the present value of additional income that might be generated by the extension by additional economic activity. This was faint but damning praise and is the point which British Ministers picked up. Most recently Mr Ted Rowlands on the 30th of March said the extension of the runway, costing more than 5 million pounds on current estimates, is a serious and important project but it seems to us on present evidence it would be hard to justify it. It could bear very heavily on the present revenue problem in the Islands. We have not closed the door on the project but we need more convincing that it is viable. Well, that's also a hedging statement, but I think the British Government still stands on the late Secretary of State's remark in the House of Commons in February, when he said that at the appropriate moment the essential preliminary studies will be made to determine whether it is likely to be practicable and cost-effective. I don't think that the British Government are likely to renege on that.

I think it is also significant that the attempts by the British Government through the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Fisheries have shown that the British private enterprise has been less than firm in its view of moving into this area to fish. I don't think it right to blame the British Government for whatever reasons for the indifference of the British fishing industry. It is very hard in a democratic society to stimulate private interests into doing something they don't want to do. Nevertheless, the point behind this Motion is one we all share.

We need to implement, and I think it is instructive that the Shackleton Report contained ninety-one recommendations and in January of this year the Ministry of Overseas Development, to mention one part of the British Government, had moved in some way, though perhaps not far enough, on twenty-three of them. They had either initiated action or commented on a way forward. It is difficult for us, sitting here, to understand sometimes the problems at the other end, but nevertheless it doesn't detract from the fact that we must aim to pick out those things that we can, and recognisably, get moving at once. I share the reservations expressed by the Honourable the Financial Secretary. Thank you."

/Mr T J D Miller

Mr T J D Miller

"Your Excellency, some Honourable Members have, I think, misinterpreted me. I was talking about the major recommendations of the Shackleton Report, not the recommendations of the Shackleton Report. I welcome the fact that a number of recommendations have been moved on, both here and in Britain, but there hasn't been an awful lot of movement on the major recommendations - the principal recommendations in the Report. Also, regarding the airport extension, Alginat Industries did say that they would in fact be prepared to invest here if the airport was extended. Surely that was evidence enough for the British Government to start their preliminary studies. Regarding deep-sea fishing, the point of deep-sea fishing allied to a coastal fishing industry is not so much the revenue that would come in directly from a deep-sea fishing industry but from the fact that hopefully, and I'm sure that subsidiary industries would spring up associated to it and also it would bring more people here thus leading to more population. Thank you."

The President

"....there is a difficulty. Several Councillors have got up to speak on the Motion and have in fact questioned it, and then in the end said 'I support the Motion'.

The Motion is in rather strong terms which will, as it goes from this House deplore the lack of visible movement by the British Government towards implementing the major recommendations of the Shackleton Report, when I think the speeches this afternoon qualified in many ways the intents of the Motion. As I say I do feel in some difficulty. Does the House accept the Motion in its entirety? Do all Members accept it as it stands?"

Mr A B Monk

"Your Excellency, I criticise the Motion as it is and therefore I don't support it in its present wording."

Mr D S Evans

"I don't think I would like it to go forward as an outright condemnation of what's happened. I think things are moving, perhaps not as fast as we would like, but I'm quite hopeful."

The President

"As it stands I don't think it has the Agreement of the House, am I right?"

The President directed that the Motion lie on the Table and the Council adjourned at 16.52.

/The Council resumed

The Council resumed at 10.13 a.m. on Tuesday 22nd November 1977.

The President

"Good morning. May I go back to the business as we left it last night. We had a Motion before us and I said at the time there seemed to be indications of support for the Motion but not for its wording. And I felt that there was in fact an expression of opinion struggling to come out, so rather than talk the Motion out or to ask the Mover to withdraw it I let it lie on the Table, with the hope that we might, perhaps, possibly come to an agreed Motion. I have been informed this morning that Councillor Miller would like to replace his Motion with a further Motion and, while these circumstances are exceptional, I am perfectly agreeable to it because I would like a view expressed by this Council on the matter that Councillor Miller so ably put forward yesterday, and on which other Members spoke during the debate..."

Mr T J D Miller

"Your Excellency, if there is no objection I wish to withdraw the Motion as it was worded in its original form and I wish to propose the following Motion:

"That this House strongly urges the British Government to take every possible step to assist with the urgent implementation of the recommendations made in the Shackleton Report."

Thank you, Sir."

The revised Motion was seconded by the Hon S B Wallace and adopted without further debate or amendment.

MOTION by the Honourable S B Wallace

"That this House requests that representatives from this House are included as observers in any delegation sent by Her Majesty's Government to the forthcoming negotiations with the Government of Argentina."

Mr S B Wallace

"In introducing this Motion I would like to draw the Honourable Members' attention to the statement made by Her Majesty's Government to the effect that if we desired we shall have representatives included in any delegation sent by Her Majesty's Government to the forthcoming talks. It seems apparent that if they have made provision for us they recognise and accept that it is probable that we shall want to be represented there. It is however clearly up to us to make the request. It is always tempting to take the easy way out and do nothing, and that way some people may think there is less risk involved. But I believe that

/the people who elected us

the people who elected us expect more than to see us sit here in ignorance and wait for someone, however trusted, to inform us about proceedings that can very much affect our community. I would like to emphasise that my Motion requests that we have observers present. These observers would not have authority to participate in any way, simply to be there and enable this Council to hear of the proceedings from some of our own people and to fulfil the obligations we have to the people we represent. Sir, I beg to propose the Motion."

Mr T J D Miller

"In rising to second the Motion I would like to say that not only should it be the wish of elected representatives of this House to be present at negotiations with Argentina, but also it is our duty to the Islands and to our supporters in Parliament to do so. Had it not been for our support in Parliament and outside in 1968, I feel that it is unlikely that we should be assembled here today. Our presence is what the people of these Islands want, it is what they voted us on to Council for. It is indeed a very important decision for us to take, but when we stood as candidates for election to this House we knew and accepted that decisions must be made. We knew that decisions had to be made and we know what the public wanted. They still want the same. I have talked with people who have been present at previous negotiations. They have assured me that the process is not as complicated as one might expect. And we have absolutely nothing to lose by being present. We have a lot to lose and would, I feel, be avoiding our responsibilities as Councillors if we did not go. The eyes not only of the Islands are on us at this time: the eyes of the free world are upon us, and I feel that unless we show that we care about our future and our Island home, then we cannot expect anyone to support our case and in the very near future we are going to need all the support we can get. I beg to second the Motion."

Mr D S Evans

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, this is a real problem which has given me a lot of heartache and I have spent a lot of time thinking about it. I have made my mind up about this one and it is my opinion that we should not go. I should like to explain the background, really why this Motion is up. I am trying to represent the people of the West as far as possible. Obviously I have my own ideas, and talking to the people of the West they do very much want to have an observer at the talks; and although I never have been happy about it I believe that this kind of thing should be brought up in Council and should be discussed, openly, so that people can see why we are for it or against it and see the difficulties, too, in trying to come to a decision. I also put in a Motion which is more open-ended than this one just to make sure that this was discussed in Council. In fact we decided to take the Motion that was more specific, because we felt that we must make decisions, where possible and not just leave things vague - but we are inexperienced; we don't, to a great extent, know what we are doing.

/Since coming into town,

Since coming into town and talking and finding out more facts, I can now see that although things are moving slowly things are moving. The British Government is not just ignoring things as I thought and just waiting for the Argentines to participate and we won't get anything until they do participate. That isn't true; I can see that things are moving ahead and we are making progress. I can see now that the extension to the airstrip is not as simple as I thought it was; I suppose we are paying a lot of money on the upkeep of this one and in effect it is a white elephant. But we can manage the upkeep of this one, then if we get a bigger airstrip and we don't get the expected expansion, then we've got something on our hands that's going to be considerably more expensive than this one. And then we might find that we have to draw on our reserve funds used for better things. Things that will help our development. So I'm quite happy to see the airstrip stay as it is and if expansion comes then we move on the airstrip. This is the British Government's point all along the line and I'm beginning to understand what they're talking about now. I think I agree with that. I think the money can be better spent on things that can help us immediately: things like the hostel and internal expansion. So I can see the point on that. I don't think that they're deliberately stalling us on that.

I can see that if we've got fishing here, if we want to go beyond these shores, and the Argentines wish to cause trouble, it would be impossible to manage. They could cause all kinds of obstructions if they so wished. I can see that the oil couldn't possibly - if there's going to be oil taken from round these shores between us and Argentina - it's got to be a joint operation. So there have got to be talks. I think that these talks must go ahead. I think if we reject these talks altogether we've got to put ourselves in an intolerable position. All right, we might manage; maybe we could go back to a boat and forget about the air service, but if we just went back to the 'Darwin' era, then there's no hope of expansion. And I think we've got to expand. If we stay as we are, we just start to go downhill, so we've got to have some expansion, so we've got to consider ourselves and all these other things. We can't afford to alienate the Argentinians altogether. I think these talks are important. I think we have got to trust the British Government. Otherwise nothing will go forward.

I believe if we send an observer it is a good thing in that it shows people we are interested and we want to see what is going on; it has a bad effect in that it shows people that we don't trust the British Government. It's got another bad effect. It shows people - it shows us, it shows everybody - we've got no say in the matter. If we sit there as an observer whatever goes on we can do nothing about it. I feel that we are in a stronger position here. Anything that comes out of the talks has to come back here, has to be discussed here; there are assurances that it has to have our approval before anything will be done. And then, if it does have our approval

/it has to go before

it has to go before Parliament, so we have got safeguards. If there is going to be any double dealing, it will be done whether we are there or not. So I think we must indicate our trust in the British Government and wait and see what comes out of the talks."

Mr W E Bowles

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I appreciate Councillor Wallace's courage in putting this Motion forward, and I am pleased we can stand up here and talk about it today. I know everybody is concerned about this. But let us go back to the beginning. The United Nations asked Great Britain and Argentina to settle their differences about the Falkland Islands. They did not ask the Falkland Islands to assist or resist. We have many assurances from the British Government and the delegations that nothing will be done behind our backs. If there are any substantive policies or ideas coming out of any of these talks, they will be referred back to the Islands' Councils - and I mean Joint Councils - where they can be discussed and any decisions taken on our own territory. To confirm my faith in the British Government, I would like to draw Council's attention to the role of the Foreign and Commonwealth Office regarding our position. This Department is responsible for the discharge of British responsibility in the dependent territories mainly for defence and external affairs. We are also, Sir, in close contact with the Diplomatic Service. And I would like to quote from 'Britain 1977', the Jubilee edition: "The Diplomatic Service is also responsible for administering British aid, presenting British ideas, policies and objectives to people of overseas countries" - and this is the most important part - : "and protecting British interests abroad." I'm sure, Sir, that this includes the Falkland Islands. When we are formally invited to take part in talks and both sides are agreeable, then that is the time, in my mind, to take part in these talks. Sir, with all the faith I have in the British Delegation, and in Great Britain herself, my conscience is that of many of my constituents and does not permit me to support the Motion. Thank you."

Mr W H Goss

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members. I do not support the Motion. If we send an observer, I think he would virtually bring back nothing: his lips would be sealed. You had the Rome talks. Does anybody here know what transpired at the Rome talks? Does anybody in Britain? Does anybody in Argentina? At least if they do, I've never heard of it. Anybody who was sent, that's all he would be: an observer. And they're not going to let people into the House where the Conference is taking place who are going to bring out the information at this stage. It's all behind locked doors. They're talking; well, let them go on talking.

/We've got nothing to talk about.

We've got nothing to talk about. The dispute is between Britain and Argentina, not us. They're arguing it out, and I have faith in Britain. I object to the Motion."

Mr A B Monk

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I am completely confused as to what some previous speakers really do mean. Take the Honourable Member for the West Falklands. He says the people of West Falkland consider that somebody should be sent. Well, he represents them - I can only imagine that he is representing New Island, not the West Falkland. I consider we should send an observer. I do not agree with the Member for East Stanley who said that an observer would know nothing and could tell us nothing, and that they'd be behind locked doors and they would be standing outside like messenger boys. I've been to these talks twice, and in fact you were in the very room where the talks were and you heard every word, and on each occasion we reported to Joint Councils exactly what transpired, so it's nonsense to say he wouldn't know what was taking place. The only reason we don't know what was taking place is because no beggar was there. That's why. If we'd had an observer at Rome we would have known everything that took place. Maybe the talks were unimportant, but we certainly shan't know what really takes place in New York or Santiago or wherever the devil they're held if we don't send an observer. The Honourable Member for Stanley seems to think that everything should be left to the Foreign and Commonwealth Office, that all decisions should be taken by them and that it's entirely their responsibility. I don't know what all the pressure groups and anguish that's been taking place over the last few years are doing, then. They have been simply wasting their time, if FCO could have done the job perfectly well. It's perfectly obvious that we wouldn't be British subjects now if it had all been left to the FCO. I think Members are ducking their responsibility, if they don't send observers, and I deplore that attitude. I strongly support the Motion."

Financial Secretary

"Your Excellency, I notice that some are for and some are against sending people, and I thought it may be of use if I put forward my views on this matter. In fact, I am inclined to think that at this stage of the meetings there is little to gain by sending an observer to the talks. We haven't an agenda, we don't know what is being talked about as yet, and I think that before we send an observer we would want to know exactly what was being talked about and also that this Council gives some direction. The dispute is between the British Government and the Argentine Government. We have no dispute. All we want is self-determination. Therefore I feel that before any person is sent we should have more details. If there is, as I heard in a certain place, some tacit agreement at this stage I don't think that I would like to see a Falkland Islander included in a delegation who gave that tacit agreement. Therefore my view is that we should not send a representative to the talks at the moment."

/The President



The President

"Before I ask Councillor Wallace to respond to the debate, may I say a few words. There is clearly no united opinion on this, and I think on so important a matter it is essential that what goes out from this Council should reflect the united voice of the Councillors. It is an important matter; it could affect our future to a great extent. I don't want to guide Councillors to what my opinion on the matter is, but I think I would like to suggest that perhaps Councillors go into private session - to suspend Standing Rules and discuss this matter further - to see whether it's not possible to get an agreed Motion."

The Council went into a Select Committee of the whole House at 10.35 a.m. and when the Council resumed at 12.28 p.m. the Honourable S B Wallace spoke as follows:

"Sir, the essential purpose of my original Motion was to allow people to air their views on this issue which is of crucial importance to our community. I think that this has been done and in Committee we considered this issue of vital importance with correct regard to the sensibilities of our situation. Some Members of Council expressed a desire that we should not be represented; that this would be dangerous and might lead to a hardening of attitudes which might not be in the interests of our community. We have therefore agreed on the deletion in my original Motion of all the words after "That" and the insertion of the following:

"this Council is concerned about participation in any Anglo-Argentine talks about the future of the Islands and wishes to be consulted about the nature and timing of representation at substantive talks, on which the Islanders have already had assurances."

Sir, I would like to propose this amendment."

The Motion for the amendment was seconded by the Honourable T J D Miller and passed without debate.

FAMILY ALLOWANCES (AMENDMENT) BILL 1977

Financial Secretary

"Your Excellency, this Bill seeks to increase Family Allowances by one hundred percent with effect from the 1st of January 1978. Family Allowances are paid to a family with more than one child and are provided wholly out of general taxation. The present monthly allowances are paid at the rate of 50p each for the first two children and £1 per child thereafter. The proposed monthly rates are £1 each for the first two children and £2 for subsequent children.

/Select Committee



Select Committee on the 1977/78 Estimates agreed to make provision for the revised allowances in the Budget Meeting to take effect from the 1st of January. The annual estimated cost is £2,400. I beg to move the first reading of the Bill."

Mr A B Monk

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, in rising to second the Motion I would like to point out that I have frequently in the past requested that this allowance be increased. I don't think it's been increased since 1960 - the 100% increase that is proposed now represents about 15% of the increase that should have been made in order to keep the value of the original 50p. In other words people drawing this allowance, even with the 100% increase, which my Honourable friend speaks of so proudly, are considerably worse off than they were in 1960. However, it is a small improvement. I only hope that my Honourable Financial friend will see his way to making a real improvement in bringing at least the value of the payment up to that which it was originally. The cost of the increase is somewhere about half the cost of the Police Land Rover, half the cost of one Land Rover to all the people that are eligible to draw this money. However it is an improvement and I support the Motion."

The Bill was read a first time and on the Motion for the second reading Honourable Members spoke to the Motion as follows:

Mr W E Bowles

"Your Excellency, I naturally support this Bill and, like my Honourable friend in East Falkland, know full well that it is a bit out of proportion perhaps to 1960 but I think we should reconsider this again at Budget time in 1978, and do a full scale analysis of the situation. In the meantime, Sir, I support the Bill."

Mr T J D Miller

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I too welcome this Bill and also agree with the views expressed that although it goes some way, it doesn't go far enough. And I feel that in the Budget next year not only the Family Allowances but all the social security payments should be revised and we should consider bringing them into line with the present day value of money. Sir, I beg to support the Bill."

Financial Secretary

"Your Excellency, I should like to assure Members of Council that I have taken note of their wish for another early review of the Family Allowances. I always like to make the point that we did consider earlier in the year the question of the allowances for families in connection with Income Tax.

/We did make some quite

We did make some quite large improvement there. But, however, I have taken note of this and we certainly will consider it further at the next Budget."

The Bill then passed through its remaining stages without amendment, or further debate, and was passed.

#### MOTION FOR THE ADJOURNMENT

##### Chief Secretary

"Your Excellency, I beg to move that this House stands adjourned sine die."

##### Financial Secretary

"I beg to second the Motion."

##### The President

"The Motion is that this House stands adjourned sine die. Does any Honourable Member wish to speak?"

##### Mr D S Evans

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, I didn't know you could speak now, so this is off the cuff. Very much so. I would just like to say that it's been a very interesting meeting for all of us and we have tried to look at matters sensibly and take sensible decisions, decisions that haven't been easy at all. Views change; obviously my views have changed quite a lot since coming in, now that more facts have become available. But we were chosen by the people of our areas who must have thought we had some common sense and this is what we tried to use. I look forward to the next meeting, which I hope is as interesting as this one."

##### Mr A B Monk

"Your Excellency, Honourable Members, in supporting the Motion for the Adjournment I would like to say that I think that this short Council meeting has been quite one of the most interesting that I have attended and I think all the credit must go to the latest, as it were, Members of Council, who I think have provided some extraordinarily useful facts and discussions on many subjects. Also if I may briefly say so, I would like to say that I will submit today a report on my visit with Mr Etheridge to the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association Conference, and copies will be distributed, and I would like to express my sincere thanks for being sent there. And in winding up, Sir, I would like to say that I think we are fortunate that you worked so hard during your holiday and seem to have stirred things up to our benefit! I wish to support the Motion."

/Mr S B Wallace

Mr S B Wallace

"Sir, I also haven't anything prepared for this Motion for the Adjournment, but I would like to support the remarks of the Honourable Derek Evans. In this meeting we have dealt very much with issues which are the most in people's minds and we have tried to deal with them and make decisions which are in the best interests of the people we represent. I also would like to say that I have a much better awareness than I did three days ago of the complexities that beset our Administration. In this meeting we owe a lot of gratitude for the advice of the older Members of Council. I beg to support the Motion."

Chief Secretary

"Your Excellency, in rising perhaps to make a concluding speech in this meeting, I must admit that I approached it with some trepidation as an entirely new experience. I think that it's marked - we are not here to congratulate ourselves but some formidable decisions and problems were presented to Council. As a newcomer, I think the thing that struck me most was the spirit of tolerance and understanding of other people's points of view every Member showed. It's not important to present unanimity simply for its own sake, but that we reach unanimity without any rancour and with a complete regard for the differing points of views we presented, whether we represented the different parts of the Islands or, in the case of my colleague on my left and myself, the Administration. This I think augurs well for the future of this Council. If we can continue like that I think that the people who elected the Council need have no fears, the problems will be properly, sensibly and tolerantly considered. Perhaps I may conclude, Sir, by thanking you for your own guidance and help in making sure that those of us who were uncertain in what we were doing didn't feel too nervous about the way we did it."

The President

"Well, thank you Honourable Councillors. I think this has been a most useful and interesting meeting. We've had very good debates and there's no need to say they were on major matters of very considerable concern to us all. May I convey my own thanks to the new Councillors - and congratulations - for adapting so quickly to our procedures. I understand there was on the part of some Councillors a certain nervousness at coming into this Chamber. All I can say is that it was not apparent to me sitting up here. There have been some excellent debates, which followed the rules of procedure, the rules of debate, in every sentence. I think we can now all look forward to some very constructive debates in the future, and affairs will be conducted on the right lines even if they are not railway lines!

/There is one thing

There is one thing I would like to mention which has been mentioned to me before, and that is our seating. It's not entirely satisfactory sitting way up here. If Members would like to think about how we can better arrange the table to facilitate the debates and arrange the papers, I think we should be only too grateful to get these ideas put forward. If everyone is happy with the way we sit then we'll remain as we are. But it's possible that we can get a better arrangement of the room in future.

Once again, thank you, Gentlemen, and the House stands adjourned sine die."

■.